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The Abbotsford Post

With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

VOL. XVI., No. 5. ABBOTSFORD, B. C. FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1918 8 $1.00 PER YEAR

LIME SALT
By the barrel By the ton
COAL FEED
By the ton By the ton
ALWAYS ON HAND
We also buy egs End Poultry
Abbotsford Feed Store

MATSQUI COUNCIL

EXHIBITION WILL BE HELD IN THE FALL

An exhibition will be held this year in the Agricultural hall at Gifford and although no date has been set yet it will be some time during September. At the meeting of the Matsqui council on Saturday a request was received from the association for a grant and it was decided that $100 should be given. There was no exhibition held in Matsqui last year, the association cancelling it on account of war and financial conditions.

Philip Jackman, secretary of the Matsqui Farmer's Institute, wrote making application for the use of the municipal hall and grounds on July 1 for the annual picnic and dance held by the Institute. The request was granted and the council made a grant of $15 towards the celebration. It was decided by the council, subject to equal assistance from the school board, to underbrush and remove the windfalls on the hall grounds and burn the rubbish.

Mosquito Districts

A report was received from the provincial executive council stating that sanction had been given by the Lieut.-Governor to t he extraordinary traffic bylaw submitted by t he council. A letter from Premier Oliver's private secretary stated that he had received the letter from Matspui requesting definition of the boundaries of the mosquito districts. Owing to the premier's absence in the east the letter had been referred to the Hon. E. D. Barrow, who replied that, having regard to the fact that there is no legislation on the statute book dealing with mosquito control, it therefore appeared to him that he had no power to take any action along the lines suggested in the council's letter.

R. F. Hayward, general manager of the Western Canada Power Co., wrote that at the request of the municipality the company would move the transformers at Clayburn on account of the moving of the municipal gravel plant..

The tender from Edward Nascou, Aldergrove, offering to purchase 80 acres in section 5, township 13, for the taxes against the property amounting ao about $400 was accepted. The council confirmed the reeve's action in awarding the contract for painting the municipal hall to Nels Olund for the sum of $135. The contract on the Mount Lehman road was awarded to Charles E. Gephart for the sum of $275.

Councillors Appointed.

Councillor Melander and Councillor Aish were appointed to attend the session of the board of railway commissioners, to be held in Vancouver on June 6, in connection with two matters. One is the request for a milk stand to be erected on the C. N. R. at the Rotluff road, east of the Matsqui station; and the other is with reference to the cross road crossing on the Great Northern railway.

A protest, owing to danger to the children attending the Dunach school close by, was received from the school board against the council leasing the municipal hall grounds for pasturing horses. If horses were pastured the board would ask the council to fence in the school grounds. The council stated that only one horse was being pastured at present and in any event horses would be kept off while the school was in session.

W. A. James, Vancouver, wrote complaining against cattle breaking into fields which he was endeavoring to conserve for hay, and he wanted to know if there was a pound bylaw in effect. The council will inform him that the bylaw does not affect his property. The following school accounts were passed: Teachers' salaries $1260; janitors' salaries $87 and other accounts $146.

EXTRA RUN ON FERRY

Arrangements have been made for the months of June, July and August to give an extra run on the Mission-Matsqui ferry.

The ferry will make the usual runs and at 6.50 p. m. will leave the Mission side, returning leaving Matsqui side at 7:00 p.m.

This extra run is for week days only. The Sunday service will not be changed.

HUNTINGDON NOTES.

Mr. T. Fraser York, sr., having received honorable discharge from the home forces, has returned to attend to his home interests.

On making his third attempt to join up. Mr. Oliver Blatchford is ordered back to "keep on farming" unless called for.

The waters out over the prairie are rising again for the third and last time, it is expected.

Mr. Ledingham, returned missionary frow India, on furlough, gave a lecture at St. Paul's, Huntingdon, on his work among the Hindus.

Mr. G. Blair, of New Westminster, was out on the prairie recently visiting his tenants on the old York estate, and caring for other interests out there. Mr. Blair is pleased with the prospects both for a good season and a good dyke.

Mr. J. Langs of Rosedale spent Sunday in Mission City.

DRESSMAKING and SEWING of any kind. Apply to Mrs. Stewart, Weatherhead Cottage, corner of Washington and Stave Lake Road, Mission City, B. C.

CANADA REGISTRATION BOARD

Card for Males

1. Name in full (surname last)? Address (permanent)?
2. Age? Date of birth? County of birth?
3. Race? Speak English (E) or French (F)?
4. British subject? By birth? By Naturalization? If naturalized, which year? What place?
5. If not a British subject, to what country do you owe allegiance?
6. Single (S) Married (M) Widow (W), or Divorced (D)?
7. How many children under 16 years?
8. Physical disabilities, if any?
9. If registered under Military Service Act what is your serial number?
10. (a) Present occupation (if any)?
(b) What is your regular occupation?
(c) What other work can you do well?
Length of service in (a) (b) (c).
11. If an employee, state employer's name
Address. Nature of business.
12. Do your circumstances permit wou to serve in the present national crisis, by changing your present occupation to some other for which you are qualified, if the conditions offered be satisfactory?
(a) Where you can return home daily? (b) Away from home?
13. (a) Were you brought up on a farm? Until what age? (b) Have you worked on farm? How long?
(c) Are you retired farmer? (d) Can you handle horses? Drive tractors? Use farm machinery?
(e) Are you willing to do farm work? Where? During what periods?

I affirm that I have verified the above answers and that they are true.
Signature of Registrant.

Card for Females

1. Name in full (surname last)?
2. Age
3. Address (permanent)?
4. Nationality? Can you speak English? French?
5. British subject? by birth? naturalization? marriage?
7. How many children or wards under 16? Will these children be corded by another registrant?
8. Do your health and home ties permit you, if required, to give full-time paid work?

Registrants answering "NO" here need not answer any of the following questions: if answering "YES" or, if in doubt, should fill up rest of card. All must sign affirmation.)

9. Do your circumstances permit you to live away from home?
10. What is your present main occupation?
(a) If in business as employer, state number of employees.
(b) If an employee, state name, business and address of employer.
(c) If full-time voluntary worker, state name of Society served.
11. State particulars of each, if you have
(a) Trade or profession?
(b) Degree, diploma or certificate?
(c) Special training?
12. State length of experience, if any in: (years) (a) General farming (b) Truck farming (c) Fruit farming (d) Poultry farming (e) Dairy farming.
13. Can you
(a) Drive a tractor?
(b) Drive a motor car?
(c) Drive a horse?
(d) Harness a horse?
(e) Do plain cooking?
14. Indicate here any qualification or practical experience which you possess not already recorded.
15. Considering your health, training and experience, and the national needs, in what capacity do you think you could serve best?
16. Do your circumstances permit you to give regular full-time service with remuneration?

I affirm that I have verified the above answers and that they are true.
Signature of Registrant.

Then on the back [illegible] the Deputy Registrar's Report is [illegible]

The following is the printed matter on it:

I certify that the registrant appears to understand the answers to which he (she) has subscribed; that I have witnessed her (his) signature and that all of her (his) answers are true according to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, except as follows:

Also that the registrant alleges the following reasons for her (his) delay in registering.

Signature of Deputy Registrar

PERSONALS

The Misses Steede returned home last Thursday from Port Alberni where they have been most of the time since the New Year. Miss Alice has resumed her teaching again.

Mr. Chas. Bell was a visitor to Vancouver last week and Mr. Joe Heath looked after his intrests here until he returned.

Mrs. Alex. Johnson and Mrs. H. Homewood, of Vancouver, were visitors to Abbotsford last week. Mrs. Johnson was the guest of Mrs. Dan Smith while Mrs. Homewood visited with her sister, Mrs. John McCallum.

Miss Urquhart and Miss Graham spent last week end and the King's birthday in Vancouver.

Mr. Furlott has purchased a large automobile and intends running a jitney to White Rock every Sunday during the summer.

Mr. T. Williams sold his big white "bug" auto to the Vancouver fire department. It is surely some engine

Mrs. Clarence McCallum and little daughter went home from the hospital last Friday.

Mr. Colin Fraser wrote home saying there is some difference between farming on the prairie and in British Columbia. Sit on a plough and go one and a half miles long. Some ploughing.

Mrs. Gazley and Mrs. McKinnon are both very sick this week.

The Ladies Aid was held at the home of Mrs. Parton on Wednesday Quite a number were present and considerable business transacted. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Hannah Fraser in two weeks fro mlast Wednesday.

Mr. Dave Nelson has gone to reside in Vancouver, having sold his ranch.

Mr. and Mrsr. Fred Currie are rejoicing over a son that arrived on Sunday morning.

Mr. Wagstaff, machinest in the Clayburn brickya rds has bought out the garage in Abbotsford from Dr. F. A. Swift.

Mr. Ferris is back on his duties again, after being kicked on the knee by a horse two or three weeks ago.

Mrs. Great and her three little children left on Weduesday evening by C. P. R. for the east. She intends visiting her sister a month at Kerrobert, Sask. and spend the remainder of the summer with her parents at Elk Horne, Manitoba.

The W. C. T. U. are going to hold a lawn social on the afternoon of Tuesday, June 18th, to hear the reports of the delegates who are going to Victoria next week. Mrs. Rev. Robertson, Mrs. Tapp and Mrs. Parton are appointed as delegates. The social will be held on Mrs. J. F. Boyd's lawn.

Communion services will be held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning.

Mr. Donald McKenzie went to Vancouver last week to report.

Reports are that the mosquitoes are very bad out at the camps already.

Mr. and Mrs. McMenemy were unfortunate enough on Sunday morning to have three geese, 12 goslings a hen and a chick killed by dogs.

The Fraser Valley Presbyterian Ministerial Association will meet at the manse, Abbotsford on Wednesday afternoon next the 12th inst. The Rev. and Mrs. Campbell of East Collingwood will be present. On Thursday afternoon the 13th Mrs. Campbell is to address the Women's Institute at Huntingdon.

Pte. Stewart McPhee is home for a few holidays.

FROM THE FRONT

(From Fraser Valley Record.)

In a recent communication to a resident of Mission City the following comments appeared:

The civilian population of England are certainly hard pressed but not so bad as some may think. They are only allowed 1-4 lb of butter or lard for each person a week ,sugar, tea each 1-4 lb., of butter or lard for each person a week, 1-4 lb and 2 ounces of cheese. They get 1-2 lb of bacon which costs 2s 6p (54¢) a pound and 1-2 lb of resh meat a week. So you see they have nothing to spare. I had to go to the food controller and get a meat, tea, sugar and butter ration card for the five days I was there.

Speaking of the voyage over the same writer says:

It was just after entering the danger zone when two shots were fired by one of the transports. The destroyers were on the job in about 2 seconds and fired at the sub, but she ducked, so the destroyer dropped a depth charge. It is a very high explosive which loks something like an 8-gallon barrel and explodes on concussion. There was a terrible explosion and it seemed as if an acre of water shot up about 100 feet high and the Germans had one sub less. The boat was about 200 yards off so everything was plainly seen. Another one was shot at about 1-2 an hour later but she got away. The destroyers are funny little boats,that look like a conglomeration of guns and wireless apparatus, but quick. They just shoot along. There were 12 transports and a cruiser along and they were met by 5 destroyers at the danger zone.

RAILWAY IS APPROVED

A bylaw giving permission to the Miami Corporation Wilmington, U. S. A. and Vancouver, to construct crossings, level and overhead, across certain roads of Maple Ridge, passed the first, second and third readings at the municipal council meeting on Saturday last after several adjustments. The Miami Corporation propose to construct a logging railway from a point on the Fraser river, near Kanaka creek, across the municipal border on its northern Lillooet limits to Lease W. where they have 10,000 acres approximately of what Mr. N. S. Lougheed described as one of the finest timber tracts in B. C. The purpose of the railway is the transportation of logs and timber to the Fraser but it will provide labor and markets to the settlers. The proposition comes before the railway commissioners at its meeting in Vancouver this week. The plebiscite of the people will be taken on June 18. Meantime the consent of the council strengthens the application before the railway commission.

COURT OF REVISION

The Sumas Court of Revision of the 1918 assessment roll was held in the municipal hall Saturday last. There were no appeals from the municipality but several property-owners of the Huntingdon townsite protested against the municipal assessment where it differed from that of the provincial assessor. The municipality taxes the townsite for school purposes and the ratepayers contended that the tax should be on the provincial assessment. They were succesful in their contention.

Y. M. C. A. Campaign at Agassiz

The campaign for the military Y. M. C. A. was carried on on Tuesday Wednesday and Thursday of last week. The canvassers have more than doubled the objective of $250 set for them. The returns have been completed in cash and show a total of $624.75, which includes the grant from the council and the Victory Loan Commission. The success of the campaign is to be largely credited to the leadership of Capt. J. J. Logan.

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

Published Every Friday

J. A. Bates, Editor and Proprietor

FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1918

A great day to be remembered throughout the Dominion of Canada will be the 22nd of June next, when the man and woman power of the dominion will be registered. This is practically what the people have asked for. The former registration did not appear to be satisfactory but the present method will give information about every person between the age of 16 and 60 and some information about the younger members of the family as well. It will be the duty of everyone to register that day at some point, of which they will have due notice of some kind.

The questions which have to have written answers to appear elsewhere in this paper and it would be well for all to look them over and decide how they are to be answered correctly.

Hon. Mr. Barrow in reply to the Matsqui council states that there is no legislation on the statute books of the province dividing the districts into mosquito areas and cannot therefore assist the farmers.

If this legislation was promised it seems strange that our premier did overlook it.

Down in Surrey there is a principal who will have occupation, (useful) during the summer holidays. The trustees called for tenders for looking after the grounds during the summer holidays. His tender was the lowest.

All schol teachers should have useful occupations for the summer holidays but should not put their service too low—$70 for two months.

The Stone-hearted editor of the little weekly effusion at Port Coquitlam became quite congenial last week and this is what he said: "Mission City is noted for two things—rhubarb and the Fraser Valley Record." Thanks old chap, its 'fine growing weather.'

An exchange whose editor owns a dog says he paid the city for the necessary jewelry during the past week. Our sporting editor says that $2 dogs are luxuries these hard times and shoud be kept—even by an editor.

The up-country papers are all saying that the defeated candidate in the recent Chilliwack election is a druggist and will have to take his own medicine.

Abraham Lincoln often used the expression, "you will find the heaviest sticks under the best apple trees." Mr. Lincoln was a practical philosopher and knew more about humanity than any man in his time. For some years past there has been a certain element in British Columbia who have blamed everything of a derogatory character upon Hon. W. J. Bowser and characterized all that was low and mean as "Bowserism." Facts prove substantially the charges made for or against a public man, and history is a record that cannot be denied. Mr. Bowser has been in public life for a good many years in British Columbia and during that time has always been a man who enjoyed hard work and was willing to accept any responsibility. As a member of the McBride government, holding the portfolio of attorney-general he did more than any man ever did in that office to improve the laws of the province and raise the morals of communities to a higher plane. In the performance of his duty as the leading law officer of the government, he played no favorites and thereby he gained the enmity of some people in his own party as well as many in the apposition.

As premier for a short time he brought down more constructive legislation than any former premier in this province in the same period and much of the prosperity of British Columbia today rests on that legislation.

His personal record is above reproach, and although he has little time for pleasure while in public life, those with whom he has associated have always found him genial, companiable and upright. The truth of the matter is, that as leader of the opposition, he is the greatest obstacle that the present government has. His familiarity with the procedure of parliament, his knowledge of proper legislation and his absolute honesty of purpose have made him a man to fear by those who would cater more to power than to legislation that would benefit the people. Thus it is that we find the organs of the government continually and everlastingly abusing and endeavoring to belittle Mr. Bowser. Nothing would suit Premier Oliver better than to be rid of that gentleman, and the premier's following in the house are devoutly wishing that he might turn his attention to federal politics so that they would be rid of him in the province. But Mr. Bowser has one object in view. As member of the government, he labored early and late for the benefit of the people of this province, so much so in fact, that he suffered in health on account of the work performed. As leader of the opposition, he is still desirous of doing what he can to protect the people and to direct as far as possible in his capacity beneficial legislation. The last session, when the full record is known, will be a tribute to Mr. Bowser and his labor in behalf of the people, and notwithstanding the scurrilous attacks of portions of the press and some of the people, Mr. Bowser today is being recognized as one of the ablest men of the province as well as one who would use his ability for the advancement of the best interests of British Columbia.—Standard-Sentinel.

CONTROL OF SWARMING

One of the greatest problems in beekeeping today is the control of swarming. It is natural for a strong colony of bees to swarm in early summer when honey is coming in, but the breaking up of the colony cuts down the honey yield; while watching for and hiving swarms takes a great deal of the beekeeper's time, and the swarm may escape notice and fly away.

The methods of controlling swarming that have been tested at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa fall under three heads:

1. General measures. Partly shading the apiary; providing a large entrance with deep space between the combs and the floor; giving plenty of room in the brood chamber and supers; and young queens. These measures, while valuable, have been found insufficient in themselves to prevent the bees from raising queens in preparation for swarming.

2. Manipulations to prevent more than one swarm. The queen's wings are clipped, preferably during fruit-bloom, and when a prime swarm issues and is still in the air, the queen is picked up from the ground and placed in a cage, and the hive is removed to a new stand. A new hive containing the caged queen is then placed on the old stand to receive the returning swarm, the queen being liberated later. The field bees join the swarm, leaving the parent hive so much weakened that it is not likely to swarm again. To make certain of this, however, the parent hive may be merely turned around and not removed to the distant stand until five days later. This method of swarm control necessitates immediate attention when the swarm issues, but, as the manipulations are simple, they can often be carried out by the home folks should the beekeeper be away.

3. Manipulations to prevent the bees swarming altogether. At the time of writing, none of the manipulations that have been tried has succeeded except the cutting out of all queen cells every seven or eight days and this failed during a heavy honey flow from clover at Ottawa in 1916 when the bees raised queens from worker larae, and swarms issued before the queen-cells were capped over it has, however, been found possible to prevent swarming in out-apiaries, forty miles north of Ottawa, by this means, although it entailed weekly visits from the middle of May until the middle of August, and much time was spent in examining each colony.

Experiments in the control of swarming are being continued, especially along the following lines, which seem the most promising:

(a). Testing the systems of raising brood to the super. Many of these will delay swarming under some conditions.

(b). Finding means by which the brood chamber may be easily examined without lifting off the supers. A hive in which the brood combs are in a rack that can be drawn out sideways is being tried.

(c). Endeavoring to breed a strain that will not swarm, of which the preliminary step is to find out if the non-swarming character shown by some queens is inherited. A queen showing this character was found to retain it the following year.

FUNERAL OF MRS J. A. LEE

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mildred Lee, widow of ex-Mayor John A. Lee, was held on Monday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. K. J. McIntyre at the family residence. There was a considerable attendance of old timers, including many prominent citizens.

THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

It is needless to ask haw far Lenine has caught the glint of German gold. The evidence in his case is not merely to be waived aside. But the real treason was committed with open eyes by the whole Maximalist conclave, when, after going to Brest-Litovsk with boastings and arrogance unparallelled announcing that by a masterly mobilization of oral cavities they were going to coerce Hindenburg into a "democratic peace", at the first flashings of the Prussian sword they bent themselves in the most sudden and humiliating downfall of any great nation since Belshazzar's night in Babylon. The cause of democracy has been betrayed throughout the entire world; and by a new Judas kiss the free nations are sent into a new Gethsemane of desperate war, all because a gang of propagandists first robbed a great people of its power and manhood and then left it stripped and fettered before the despoiler. Beside this feat of the Bolshevists the wildest measures of Marat and Robespierre seem those of prudent men.

The Bolshevists have betrayed Russia. Unless, of course, the American sword restores the balance, unless our nation goes down into the Valley of the Shadow of a vast national sacrifice they have betrayed the freedom of the world. No more case of sheer cringing cowardice, all circumtsances considered, more complete and vilier capitulation of the unwashed despots of the New Russia is to be found in all history.

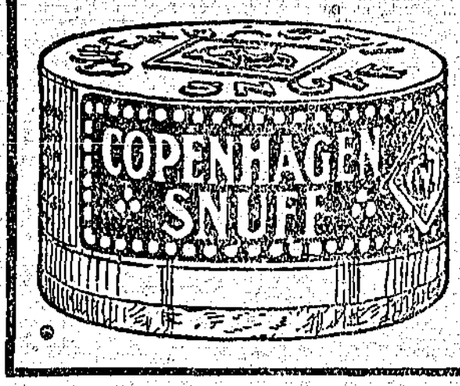
10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Billousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get relief with Cascarets. They immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. A 10-cent box from your druggist will keep your liver and bowels clean; stomach sweet and head clear for months. They work while you sleep.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

THE ACME OF USEFULNESS

With the greater activity throughout the province, consequent on war time needs, the telephone has been a great adjunct to the speedy termination of business. It supplements personal effort to the last degree, in fact its usefulness almost speaks for itself. That it is such a great utility, facilitating endeavor along every line, is due to the co-operative human element behind the scenes which makes the valuable inanimate equipment intensely useful.

The aim is to make the telephone of the greatest use and convenience to every user.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE Co. Limited

ARREST EVERY ALIEN

Hoquiam, May 27.—Federal department of justice agents in this district today arrested Otto Michaelis, a German enemy alien, in connection with the fire which destroyed the Northwestern Lumber Company's plant here last Wednesday. He is being held incommunicado in the Aberdeen county jail for investigation.

Canada's Registration

Its Purpose and Application

CANADA faces the gravest crisis in her history. Four years of war have taken from the Dominion a heavy toll in talent and labor, yet despite the shortage of man power, our Allies still depend on Canada to maintain her own fighting forces at full strength and to increase her exports of food and war materials, so vital to them, and to the successful prosecution of the war.

Every ounce by which Canada can increase her food production and every ounce Canada can save in her food consumption is needed for export to the Allies.

Should the war continue for another year, food cards and a rationing system may have to be instituted. It is the duty of Canada to be prepared for whatever situation circumstances may force upon her.

It is quite probable that before the war is won our Government may have to place restrictions upon the occupations in which men and women may engage. In such an event the Government wishes to be in a position to render all possible assistance in keeping our population usefully and profitably employed.

Registration Day, June 22nd

These conditions point to the necessity of Canada knowing the exact capabilities of her men and women at home.

All persons residing in Canada, male or female, British or alien of 16 years and over, will be required to register on June 22nd and truthfully answer the questions set forth upon the registration card.

It is not the Government's intention to conscript labour in any form, but to assist in directing it wisely, so that every available unit of human energy may be utilized to the best advantage.

The information procured through registration will be used—as an aid to the Military Authorities in procuring the men necessary to maintain "Canada's First Line of Defence"—to mobilize all units of available labor in the Dominion and direct them from less essential to more essential occupations—to establish and intelligently administer a system of food rationing should that become necessary.

21 Issued by authority of **Canada Registration Board**

WAR ROADS WILL BE A PERMANENT ASSET FOR FRANCE

"When the history of this war has been written" says I. G. Young, of I. G. Young Inc., "it will be more fully realized what a vital part good roads have played in the great struggle. At the start motor trucks leaped to the front as the modern pacemaker of exible transportation, and ever-increasing war needs have demanded new roads and better roads as most necessary for the proper backing up of fighting forces.

"Motor trucks by the thousands will contribute an enormous advantage to United States road engineers engaged in new construction back of our lines. It is estimated that 1200 miles of highways will be built in 1918 by American road engineers in the rear of the firing line in France. To the special road building battallons is delegated the important task of keeping lines of communication constantly open, and Mack trucks working in conjunction with modern American road machinery will help to build new strategic lines and keep communicating roads in constant repair. The Mack fleet will be composed of several thousand dump trucks, hot road oilers, pressure sprinklers for making water-bound macadam, gasoline tank trucks, printing press trucks for printing blue prints, instructions, plans, reports, etc., machine shop trucks, blacksmith and tool repairing trucks.

"Although France is parctiularly endowed with good roads, it is often necessary for military reasons to construct many new lines. An estimate places the present mileage of French roads at one mile of road for each one and one-half square miles of ground surface. The tremendous task of keeping these roads in perfect condition and building new ones at the same time, can well be imagined when it is realized that so far as wear and tear are concerned war traffic is ten times as great as that on Fifth avenue, New York.

"Most of the roads of France are built of water-bound macadam. The peculiar nature of the French soil, which is of limestone formation, lends itself readily to compaction under the road roller and makes a very good road building material, although it requires constant mainenance. The British, however, introduced the tarred surface road, and an increasing mileage of that type is found back of the British lines. One of the principal objections to the water-bound macadam road near the front is the dust which rises from it in dry weather under heavy war traffic, and for this reason United States engineers, in planning road construction and maintenance near the American front, will probably utilize large quantities of tar coating which is freely obtainable in France.

"Of course the pressing object of American road construction is to provide for the immediate needs of our forces, but the work carries with it both utilitarian and historic value. When Caesar's legions poured through Gaul and into Great Britain and returned to Rome again, they left in their wake military roads so carefully constructed that many sections remain today as permanent monuments of their presence. American system and modern methods likewise promise to contribute many enduring benefits to France. Our road building battalions are going about their work scientifically and with an object fully as far-reaching as the work of Caesar. All is not destruction that comes out of war, and many American built highways will remain to become of immeasurable value to France in conducting her commercial and social intercourse."

RASPBERRY LEAF CURL

In the interests of market gardeners and small fruit cultivators, this note on Raspberry Leaf Curl has been prepared at the Field Laboratory in Southern Ontario at St. Catharines, in is issued by the Central Experimental Farm Ottawa.

This disease has been known for some time both under the above name, as well as under the name of Raspberry Yellows. Since the curling of the leaves is the most outstanding feature in connection with the disease, it is preferable to use the term Raspberry Leaf Curl.

The disease affects the leaves and shoots and is often confined to single bush or part of a bush, some of the shoots being perfectly normal and others with the leaves affected. The affected shoots, instead of producing normal large, broad leaves, bear leaves which are conspicuously small and badly curled downwards. In the early stages this symptom is not so pronounced, and while a small amount of curling may occur then, the disease is more noticeable on account of the yellowing whichtakes place during the summer because of the unhealthy state of the foliage. Since yellowing of the leaves may be due to a number of other causes, such as wet feet, poor soil, drought, etc., it is best to determine the disease mainly by the Leaf Curl symptoms.

In the advanced stages, the canes bear no fruit. When first attacked they flower almost normally, but the fruit is small and dry and shrivels up before ripening so that little or no fruit is ever produced from an infected bush. Of the three varieties which are commonly grown in the Niagara district, Cuthbert, Marlborough and Herbert, the Herbert seems to be freest from the disease. The other two varieties are quite susceptible, but one rarely sees signs of Leaf Curl in the Herbert.

So far as is known the disease is is not considered as due to any parasite organism. It apparently belongs to that type of trouble which has been called physiological disease and could therefore be put into the same class with peach yellows and little peach, and the mosaic diseases of tomatoes, tobacco, potatoes and so forth. No records are available as to how the disease is brought into the field in the first place nor how it is transmitted from one plant to another. It undoubtedly does spread once it becomes established in a plantation and many fine plantations are known to have been greatly injured by the presence of a large number of Leaf Curl plants. If the disease corresponds closely with the mosaic or yellow disease, one would suspect that it is carried either by insects or pruning operations.

Although too little is known about Leaf Curl to advise a sure means of control, one should always remove the affected plants as soon as they show signs of disease. They are of no use in any case and are likely to spread the disease to other parts of the plantation. In taking out Leaf Curl plants, one should be careful to get the whole of root system, otherwise the parts that are left will start to grow and produce new shoots which will also show Leaf Curl originates from nursery cuttings and some care should be taken when setting out a new plantation, to avoid this disease.

MILITARY WEDDING

At Vernon, B. C., by the Rev Mr. Main, of Vernon Presbyterian church on May 22, 1918, Miss M. H. Bailey, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bailey of Vancouver, B.C. to Private E. Isley, 30th B. C. Horse, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Isley ,of Huntingdonshire, Eng. The bride was dressed in white crepe de chine and was attended by Mrs. Darder ,who was dressed in cream crepe de chine with all over lace. The groom was supported by Mr. Jack Horn. The young couple will reside at Vernon for some time.

MOTHER GOOSE FESTIVAL AT CHAUTAUQUA

Fifth Night to Be Joyous One for "Kiddies."

Mother Goose is on her way to Chautauqua. She is coming on the fifth night to delight the hearts of all the "kiddies" as well as all the older folks with young hearts. With her help

MOTHER GOOSE

the children will act out a very pretty and fanciful pageant, the Mother Goose Festival.

Mother Goose is not only the pageant director, but also the Junior Supervisor who will spend the entire week with you directing the children's games. These young women are known in each town as Story Ladies. They are all experienced playground workers and have had special training for the Chautauqua season at the Columbia College of Expression in Chicago.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try it! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a small bottle of Danderine.

If you care for heavy hair that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast. Surely get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store and just try it.

TOO MUCH FAT ON THE BRAIN

"Our delay in getting into this conflict has given us the proud and proper privilege of financing the entire war from now out at quadruple expense in money and lives ,that might have been had we had the courage of our convictions. But we did not have convictions. That was the trouble. We had a sort of subconscious going on which was the evolution of three natural normal cheers that we give ourselves occasionally." Job E. Hedges, in an address delivered in September last before the American Bar Association in the Middle States.

A Memphis paper goes on to comment: Mr. Hedges truly says that we do not have any convictions. Lack of convictions is one of the weaknesses of the American people.

Typewriters stenographers, adding machines, telephones, case law and printed cooking recipes have brought about a condition which makes us lazy in using mental processes that will enable us to reach a conclusion. We are content to stop short of a conviction. We are willing to stand upon a first impulse or a prejudice. We accept a wave of enthusasm as a fixed principle and use it as a platform and are willing to stand upon it without investigating its soundness.

We expect a genius to invent a machine that will do our thinking for us after we have stated the problem.

At the outset of the war, winning it at the expense of blood did not appeal to us. We were waiting for an invention by Mr. Edison or by young Mr. Hammond that would enable Mr. Wilson to sit in his office in Washington and blow the whole German army and the kaiser out of the trenches and into hell.

And not yet will we sit down and soberly think of the cost of winning this war. We don't like to think on unpleasant things.

All of our picture shows have nice endings, and the circulation of the weekly short story papers grows because at the close of the story the boy is always a millionaire and the girl marries the man of her choice.

The capitalists, the managers and the laborers are taking half to an hour every day to discuss the prospect of peace following the speech of Mr. Wilson.

We have not a conviction yet that if we don't win this war we are going to be enslaved, humiliated and ridculed.

Too much money too much ease, too much rest, too much milk and water literature, too much molly coddle preaching, too much mollycoddle teaching have all but broken down that stern fiber in our makeup which characterized the men and women of both sides in the struggle fifty years ago. No, we have no convictions. There is yet too much fat in our brain cells to permit hard, keen thinking.

POTATO CULTIVATION

Be wise in time, and if you are cultivating potatoes send to the Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for Bulletin No. 90. This bulletin, which is a popular edition of a more ambitious work, prepared by the Dominion Horticulturist is calculated to prove an invaluable aid to the potato grower, whether amateur or proffessional, whether cultivating field or vacant lots. It tells how to prepare the soil, how to fertilize, how to select good seed, how to plant, how to tend the plant, how to prevent the ravages of insect pest and fungus disease,how to spray how to dig, and how to store. A list of the varities best suited to diffferent districts in every province is also given.

CALLS OUT MEN OF 19 ON THE FIRST

A proclamation calling out men of 19 years of age has been issued and is published in this issue. It requires that on or before June 1 every man to whom this proclamation applies shall report in writing to the registrar under the Military Service Act, who, in the case of British Columbia, is Mr. R. S. Lennie, Vancouver. The proclamation applies to all men not in the list of exemptions to the Military Service Act, who have attained the age of 19 years and were born on or since October 13, 1897.

The government pile driver and crew arrived in Mission City on Wednesday night and will be engaged for a few days making some necessary repairs to the ferry wharf.

J. H. JONES

Funeral Director

AGENT FOR HEADSTONES

Phone Connection. Mission City

CANADA

MILITARY SERVICE ACT, 1917

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, by the effect of the regulations of the Governor General of Canada in Council of the 20th of April, 1918, and the Proclamation of 4th May, 1918, recently published, every male British subject resident in Canada, born on or since the 13th of October, 1897, who has attained or shall attain the age of 19 years and who is unmarried or a widower without children must, (unless he is within one of the classes of persons mentioned in the schedule of Exceptions to the Military Service Act) report as hereinafter directed on or before the 1st day of June, 1918, or within ten days after his 19th birthday, whichever date shall be the latter.

Such report must be in writing and must give his name in full, the date of his birth and his place of residence and also his usual post office address.

The report must be addressed to the Registrar or Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act of the Registration District in which he resides (see below) and shall be sent by registered post, for which no Canada postage is required.

Young men so reporting will not be placed on active service till further notice. They must, however, notify the appropriate Registrar or Deputy Registrar of any change of residence or address.

On receipt of the report an identification card will be forwarded by the Registrar which will protect the bearer from arrest.

Punctual compliance with these requirements is of great importance to those affected. Failure to report within the time limited will expose the delinquent to severe penalties and will in addition render him liable to immediate apprehension for Military Service.

ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH, this 15th day of May, 1918.

NOTE: The men required to report should address their reports as follows:

ONTARIO—To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, London, if they reside in the County of Essex, Kent, Lambton, Elgin, Middlesex, Oxford, Waterloo, Wellington, Perth, Huron, or Bruce.

To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Toronto, if they reside in the County of Lincoln, Welland, Haldimand, Norfolk, Brant, Wentworth, Halton, Peel, York, Ontario, Grey, Dufferin, Simcoe, or in the Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Algoma and Nipissing north of the Mattawa and French rivers (including the Townships of Ferris and Bonfield.)

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Kingston, if they reside in the County of Durham, Northumberland, Victoria, Peterborough, Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox, Addington, Frontenac, Haliburton, Carleton, Dundas, Glengarry, Renfrew, Russell, Stormont, Grenville, Lanark, Leeds, Prescott, or the District of Nipissing south of Mattawa river (exclusive of the Townships of Ferris and Bonfield.)

To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Winnipeg, if they reside in the Districts of Kenora, Rainy River, or Thunder Bay.

QUEBEC—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Montreal, if they reside in the County of Jacques Cartier, Hochelaga, Laval, Vaudreuil, Soulanges, Napierville, Beauharnois, Chateauguay, Huntington, Laprairie, Argenteuil, Terrebonne, Two Mountains, Montcalm, L'Assomption, Joliette, Berthier, Maskinongé, St. Maurice, Three Rivers, St. Johns, Iberville, Missisquoi, Brome, Shefford, Rouville, Chambly, Verchères, St. Hyacinthe, Bagot, Drummond, Richelieu, Yamaska, Nicolet, Arthabaska, Sherbrooke, and Stanstead.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Quebec, if they reside in the County of Wolfe, Richmond, Compton, Beauce, Bellechasse, Bonaventure, Dorchester, Gaspé, Kamouraska, Lévis, L'Islet, Champlain, Charlevoix, Chicoutimi, Montmorency, Quebec, Portneuf, Saguenay, Lotbinière, Montmagny, Matane, Mégantic, Rimouski and Témiscouata.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Hull, if they reside in the County of Timiskaming, Pontiac, Ottawa and Labelle.

NOVA SCOTIA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Halifax, if they reside in the Province of Nova Scotia.

NEW BRUNSWICK—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, St. John, if they reside in the Province of New Brunswick.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Charlottetown, if they reside in the Province of Prince Edward Island.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Vancouver, if they reside in the Province of British Columbia.

SASKATCHEWAN—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Regina, if they reside in the Province of Saskatchewan.

ALBERTA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Calgary, if they reside in the Province of Alberta.

MANITOBA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Winnipeg, if they reside in the Province of Manitoba.

YUKON—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Dawson, if they reside in the Yukon Territory.

BANKING HOURS HAVE CHANGED and now are from 9:30 a. m. to 2:30 p. m. except Saturday. On Saturdays from 9:30 a. m. to 12 noon.
All banks are the same.

TO PROVIDE NEW FURNACE

In the interests of the Chilliwack hospital and for the purpose of installing a new furnace in that institution, a house-to-house canvass is being made by some interested Sardis residents throughout that locality.

DISMISSED WITH COSTS

In the suit for damages and expenses brought against W. R. McDonald by A. J. McNaughton before Judge Howe last week, the case was dismissed with costs to the plaintiff Mr. McNaughton.

GRANTED $1000 TO C. P. F.

At the meeting on Saturday last the Maple Ridge council granted the magnificent sum of $1000 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund instead of $500 as last year. The council was of opinion that a grant from them affected the generous and mean, the patriot and the indifferent all alike. Rev. Mr. Findlay, Presbyterian minister, who eloquently appealed for the grant, explained that the only private subscribers in the municipality were Abernethy and Lougheed, who this year donated $100 a month.

VOTED AGAINST INCREASE

By a vote of three to two the Maple Ridge council turned down a motion to increase the pay of municipal laborers from $3 to $3.50. The men asked an advance of 25 cents a few months ago and got it. Reeve Ansell mentioned during the discussion that the municipality could be run, in his opinion, 20 per cent cheaper by contract work, instead of day labor. The estimates have been passed and the tax rate fixed some time ago.

Technical Schools Closing

The annual closing exhibition of the Manual Training and Domestic Science schools took place on Friday evening last.

The closing was well attended by interested parents, and we think that were a vote taken of the parents attending the closing exercises they would gladly support these institutions.

The boys' work in oak was especially noteworthy and a library table was a credit to the pupils and teacher.

Miss Coughlan's class of girls served and prepared tea in a very systematic manner.

In the absence of the trustees the Rev. Mr. McDiarmid and Mr. J. A. Catherwood made excellent speeches.

Your Ad. in This Paper

Will Find the Right People

BECAUSE THE RIGHT PEOPLE ARE LOOKING FOR YOUR AD.

If you COULD (although, OF COURSE, you can't) stop every man you meet on the streets asd ask: "Do you want to buy a pair of shoes?" (Or any other kind of goods) You might find half a dozen who would say "Yes." Perhaps not one of these, however, would want to buy the article you want to sell.

If your advertisement, however, were to be printed in these columns this week, it would "stop" EVERY MAN IN TOWN WHO WANTS TO BUY SHOES, OR CLOTHES, OR ANY OTHER ARTICLE—and it wouldn't "stop" anyone who didn't want to buy. That's the beauty of the advertising way of finding a buyer. The ad. finds the buyer through the simple process of being easily and readily found BY the buyer. And if, among the prospective buyers of goods, there is one to whom your goods would be a bargain, and your ad. is a convincing one, you'll sell what you want to sell.

(THIS SPACE FOR SALE)

They All Agree

That there are no GROCERIES, GENERAL FRUIT and ICE CREAM like that sold by

ALBERT LEE, Grocer and Baker

See me now about that Insurance

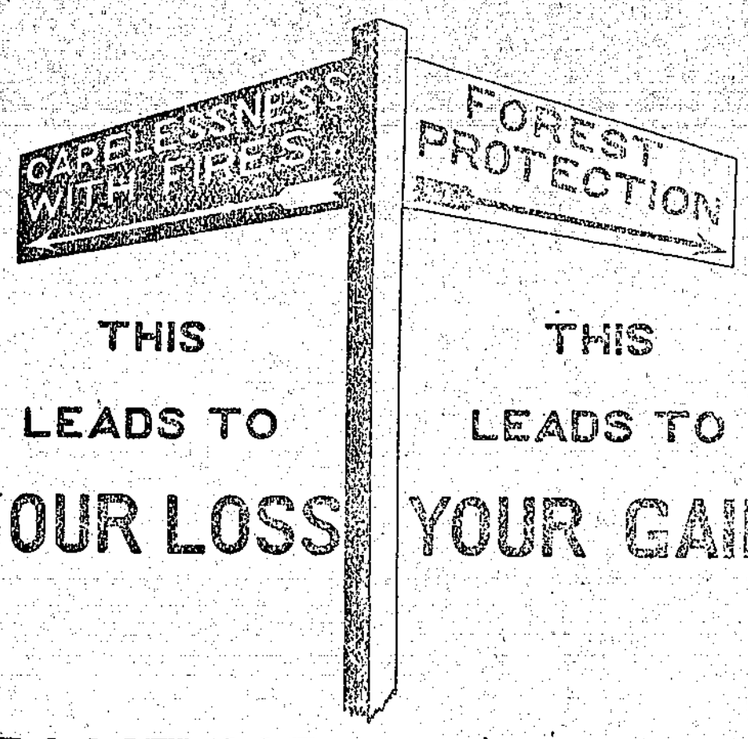
FIRE :-: LIFE
Etc., Etc.

I have a large and splendid supply of Raspberry Canes for sale at low prices. Finest quality.

A. McCallum
Abbotsford

WHICH ROAD ?

YOU MUST CHOOSE ONE



TAKE NO CHANCES WITH FIRES PUT THEM OUT

Alexandria Hotel

Farmers' and Travelers trade solicited.
Newly Furnished
Thoroughly Modern

M. MURPHY, PROPRIETOR
HUNTINGDON, B. C.

HAPPY HATZIC ITEMS

Mr. H. Hickling who has been looking after seeding operations on his farm at Alix, Alta., returned on Tuesday.

Mr. Wm. McDonald and family spent Monday at the coast.

Miss Mabel McTaggart of Vancouver is home for a few holidays.

Pte. Marley Shook was a passenger to Vancouver on Tuesday.

Miss Auley, who has been a guest at Killarney Fruit Farm, is in Vancouver for a few days.

The Hatzic Union Sunday School held a successful picnic at the Hungerford grounds on the King's birthday. A most enjoyable time was spent.

Mrs. Hickling is slowly convalescing.

Mr. J. A. Catherwood is a very busy man these days arranging for the general registration on the 22nd.

A number of Japanese came from the coast on Sunday to spend the day fishing. We hope they had good luck

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. George Batt, on May 27th, 1918, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, a son.

EDDIE COLLINS.

COLLINS of the Chicago White Sox

ABBOTSFORD DISTRICT BOARD OF TRADE

President, Hope Alanson Secretary, N. Hill
of Abbotsford, B. C.

Meeting Held First Monday of Each Month

Write the secretary regarding manufacturing sites with unexcelled shipping facilities and cheap power or information regarding the farm and fruit lands of the district, and industries already established.

BUTTER WRAPPERS

Now is the time to get your supply of Butter Wrappers for summer months.

Get them at BATES' PRINTING OFFICE.