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The Abbotsford Post

With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

Vol. XXVI., No. 13. Abbotsford, B. C., Friday, July 27, 1923. $1.00 Per Annum.

THE PIONEER STORE
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A complete stock of Ladies Fall Sweaters at $1.49.
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MACCABEES' GARDEN PARTY IS DELIGHTFUL AFFAIR

Under the auspices of the Abbotsford Review, W. B. A. of the Maccabees a very successful garden fete was held at the home of the Misses Trethewey on Friday evening last.

Ten tables were arranged on the spacious grounds, which were prettily decorated for the fete. Selections were well given by the Abbotsford brass band, and between the numbers on the programme dancing was enjoyed on the verandah, Wood's orchestra supplying the music.

Those taking part in the programme included: Piano solo, Lloyd Vannetta; solo, Mrs. Whitchelo; recitation, Miss May Stady; piano solo, Miss Irene King; fairy dance, Muriel Hilton; comic song, Master Walter McInnes.

Candy and flower booths were erected on the lawn and fortunes were told from tea cups and cards.

One of the best numbers on the programme was the dancing by little Muriel Hilton, who showed much grace and talent and promises to give a good account of her ability in future years.

Part of the proceeds of the evening will be given to the True Blue Orphanage fund.

Members of the Abbotsford Review, W.B.A., of the Maccabees take this opportunity of sincerely thanking all those who contributed to or assisted with their garden fete held last Friday evening at the Misses Trethewey's home. Our thanks is extended to each one.

TWILIGHT ORGAN RECITAL HAS FINE NUMBERS

A twilight organ recital was given in St. Mathews Church on Monday evening by Mr. George F. Pratt assisted by Mr. A. Thornthwaite as vocalist.

The programme, which was very creditably given and well received, included the following numbers:

"An Evening Reverie" .... Challinor
"Retrospection" ..... Ashford
"Litany," vocal ..... Schubert
"Largo" ..... Handel
"Meditation" ..... Winn
"The Lost Chord," vocal ... Sullivan
"Intermezzo Sifonico" ..... Mascagni
"Diapason Movement" ..... Russell
"O Rest in the Lord," vocal ..... Mendelssohn
"Heimwah" ..... Jungman
"Ase's Death" ..... Greig

ARE ANXIOUS TO GET BACK AGAIN

The departure of a considerable number of Canadians to California and other U. S. points, which has been occasioning a certain degree of anxiety here, is discounted in a marked degree by a report handed out by J.H. McVety, of the provincial employment board, to the effect that his office is receiving many applications from Washington, Oregon and California points for information regarding employment in the harvest fields of the prairie. These inquiries come largely from Canadians who have gone south and are now desiring of returning, and, according to Mr. McVety, it is an indication that Canadian losses of population will be quickly remedied by returns during the summer and fall.—World.

Mrs. W. J. Gray is sick with tonsilitis.

PREMIER'S SPEECH TO PRESIDENT HARDING

On behalf of the province of British Columbia the following address was read and presented to President Harding on Thursday morning by the premier, the Hon. John Oliver:

Warren Gamaliel Harding, President of the United States of America.

Mr. President: It is particularly pleasing to the people of British Columbia that the first official visit of a president of the United States to Canada should be made to one of their cities. For that reason there is an additional emphasis in the welcome we tender you on behalf of the citizens of this province. Our one regret is that your stay should be so brief as to preclude you from seeing more of its beauties and potentialities, but that regret is tempered by the hope that at some time in the near future it may again be our privilege to welcome you.

In her earlier history British Columbia was thown into close intimacy with her neighboring states by the mountain walls which shut off both from landward communication with the east, and whilst those rocky barriers have now been pierced by railroads and highways, the sympathy engendered in the time of common isolation still survives and grows stronger with the passing years.

With us the boundaries are not drawn, as in older continents, by the natural divisions of waters and mountains, or the human barriers of race, language and creed.

The peace portal on our borderline at Blaine, erected chiefly by the efforts of one of your citizens, with its motto, "May these gates never be closed" is symbolic of our relationship.

The maps of both countries are scored with railways and roads that cross and recross our boundaries, so that thousands may not only enjoy the scenic beauties that either country has to offer but each may learn something from the other. With the gates always open and the highways clear the continent becomes a school in which the lesson of tolerance is learned, old prejudices are dissolved, and the brotherhood of our peoples realized in the discovery of many common interests and hopes.

And so it is with peculiar pleasure that we greet you, sir, as the chief executive and repesentative of our great neighbor to the south. We trust that your visit, brief as it is, may prove instructive and pleasant, and result in the furtherance of that mutual good will, that readiness for amicable adjustment and common rejoicing that has signalized our history in these later years, so that, though divided for purposes of government, we may be one in all that makes for the real greatness of the English speaking people on this continent.

J. D. MACLEAN,
Provincial Secretary.
JOHN OLIVER,
Prime Minister.

Vancouver, British Columbia.
July 26, 1923.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Harrop and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hayes motored to Bellingham and Blaine on Sunday.

Mr. R. H. Eby visited Vancouver at the week-end.

PRESIDENT GIVEN ROYAL WELCOME IN VANCOUVER

Warren G. Harding, president of the United States, was formally welcomed to Canada on Thursday amid the roar of artillery and the cheering of enthusiastic thousands, including residents of Vancouver and visitors from all over Canada and the United States.

Escorted by H.M.C.S. Patrician and a unit of the Jericho Beach air station, the U.S.S. Henderson steamed slowly through the Narrows into Vancouver harbour about 9 o'clock Thursday morning.

The vessel which carried President and Mrs. Hardnig and party was greeted with a naval salute of 21 guns, which was answered by the Henderson.

Before the official landing was made, Col. Ernest J. Chambers, gentleman usher of the Black Rod, boarded the vessel to confer on final details with Mr. George B. Christian, the President's secretary. Mr. James M. Haley of the White House staff also went on board to pay his official respects to the President. Major Stuart Armor, D.S.O., accompanied them.

Promptly at 11 o'clock, President Harding stepped ashore, and as he did so the guns of the 68th Battery of the 15th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, commenced firing a 21-gun salute, which was taken up by H.M.S. Curlew's guns.

The President, accompanied by Mrs. Harding and his entire suite, walked along the wharf to the south end of Shed 2. Here he was greeted by a military guard of honor, commanded by Major Stuart Armor, D.S.O.

As the President approached the south end of the pier, the guard stood at "present arms" while the buglers sounded the Royal salute, and the colors were dipped in honor of the distinguished visitor.

After inspecting the guard and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, President Harding was conducted to the south end of the shed, where civiv and provincial dignitaries waited to do him honor. Here official addresses of welcome were read to the President by Mayor Charles E. Tisdall for the city of Vancouver, Premier Oliver for the province of British Columbia, and Hon. Dr. J. H. King from the Dominion of Canada.

After the President's speech in the Park, President Harding return- to the Hotel Vancouver and the civic luncheon in the hotel ballroom.

The President and male members of the party visited the Shaughnessy Golf Links after lunch.

A state dinner was tendered the President in the evening and following that a public reception was tendered the party, during which time the ground floor of the Hotel Vancouver was packed to capacity with spectators. Following the reception, the party was escorted to their vessel again, and amid the roar of cheers, the Henderson moved slowly into the stream and out of the harbor.

EXPORT CROP OF STRAWBERRIES IS 135 CARS

The strawberry crop has now been completely cleaned up, a total of 135 cars having been shipped. These include 43 cars shipped from Vancouver Island and Channel Island points. On the mainland the Berry Growers' Association report having shipped 62 cars, the balance of 30 cars having been handled by the Pacific Berry Growers.

In 1922, only 19 cars were shipped from the island, but shipments to the canneries and jam factories were considerably heavier. Shipments from the mainland were also very much heavier this year than last, but as far as can be learned the canneries at the coast have absorbed an even larger amount of the crop than they did in 1922. This will also be true of raspberries, loganberries and blackberries, large quantities of these being taken by the canneries and dehydrating plants, owing to the slack demand on the prairies.

Mr. Johnson was a visitor to Vancouver on Thursday.

HON. DR. KING PRESENTS ADDRESS TO PRESIDENT

Following is the extent of the engrossed address read and presented to President Harding Thursday morning on behalf of the goverment and the people of Canada by Hon. J. H. King, M.D., F.A.C.S., M.P., Minister of Public Works for the Dominion of Canada, acting for the Rt. Hon W.L. Mackenzie King, C.M.G., LL.D., M.P., Prime Minister of Canada:

To the President of the United States:

Mr. President,—It is with sentiments of the profoundest gratitude and pleasure that I, on behalf of the goverment and the people of Canada, extend to you, on the occasion of your visit to the Dominion of Canada a very warm welcome and most cordial greetings.

For more than a century the peoples of the great neighboring republic of the United States and Canada have enjoyed a period of undisturbed harmony and concord, unique and unprecented in the history of nations.

Your visit, marking as it does the first with which our country has been honored by a President of the United States during his term of office, comes with particular appropriateness at this time as affording us an opporunity of demonstrating to the American people through their illustrious President, our desire that these happy relations shall continue.

We regret that circumstances will not permit you to make a more extended stay in Canada and are confident that the people of British Columbia will, by the earnestness and cordiality of their welcome to you, dispose you to return to Canada in the not too far distant future, and thus gratify the hopes of many in other provinces of the Dominion who, on the present occasion, must be merely content to associate themselves in spirit with the citizens of Vancouver in welcoming you to our country.

W. L. MACKENZIE KING,
Prime Minister of Canada.

Vancouver, July 26, 1923.

Huntingdon

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Dobby of La Chute, Quebec, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Fraser.

Among the guests at the home of Mrs. Davis on Friday evening were Mrs. Kidd, Mr. and Mrs. Eastman, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Williams, and Mr. and Mrs. P. Pettipiece of Vancouver. The party motored into Abbotsford and attended the W. B. A. garden festival.

At the residence of Mrs. M. Murphy on Wednesday a very pleasant surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Thompson of Vye, on the occasion of their departure for Vancouver where they will reside. The evening was arranged by members of the Parent Teachers' Association and the Huntingdon Women's Institute jointly, and a very jolly time was enjoyed.

During the evening Mrs. Owens presented Mrs. Thompson with a handpainted butter cooler, and a bon-bon dish; Mr. Owens making a very suitable address in which he referred to the fine relationship which had existed between Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and those with whom they came in contact in the district, and expressed the sincere regrets of friends at their removal.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson left on Thursday for Vancouver.

The Misses May, Ruby and Anna Fish of Cultis Lake are the guests of Miss C. Cummings this week.

Mr. A. Heath put through several sales this week having sold the balance of the Crosswell estate at Mt. Lehman, in two five-acre lots, one to Mrs. Gradin and the other to Mrs. Young of Vancouver Island who will go there to reside.

Mr. Sparrow is doing a rushing business buying and selling chickens, having made a number of shipments this week. He has birdies there that will crow.

The News came out this week on Thursday; any items taken from last week's Post will thus be two days younger.

Month End Specials

All Straw Hats at Half Price.

Bathing Suits Half Price.

Girls' Gingham Dresses to clear at $1.50

Ladies' Canvas Shoes all odd lines to clear at ridiculously low prices

Men's Tweed Suits, 1 only, size 37, dark tweed 3 button sack style, to clear at $19.95

2 only, size 38, to clear at $25.00

GROCERY SPECIAL—

Tomato Catsup, a bottle ..... 19¢
Large size Pork and Beans ..... 25¢

Fresh Vegetables, Carrots, Peas, Beets, Tomatoes

F. J. R. Whitchelo
Limited
ABBOTSFORD'S "STORE OF QUALITY"

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

Published Every Friday

J. A. BATES, Editor and Proprietor

FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1923

General McRae, returns today, according to press reports, from a political tour of the upper country. Mr. Bowser is again at the coast after a speech making trip to various parts of the province. Premier Oliver has visited many places in the province within the last few months, and is now officially in Victoria. But the funny part of it all is that Premier Oliver is the only one of the three who announces that he has a real good job, and that he intends to keep it as long as he can. Neither of the other two appear anxious to hold their present position any longer than they can help. They are of the same opinion as Premier Oliver that John O. has the best job of the three and announce the fact that should an election take place at an early date John O. would not feel so proud of the position he would hold, thereafter. Both Bowser and McRae feel that way about John O.'s job. But Premier Oliver says he can, if he likes, hold his job for another three years in spite of Bowser and McRae.

The announcement of Premier Oliver, if it be his real opinion, would indicate there will be no election very soon, but not long ago he was very undecided in the matter. One would say that John O. has had a change of heart. What has caused him to be so fond of is job?

Somebody ought to invent a barometer so that politicians could tell just what way the voter would jump in the event of an election. But, as Sir John used to say life had two uncertainties—an election and a horserace. It may be that John O., the old political war-horse that he is, has decided that it will be best to put off the evil day—election day—as long as possible. He finds it hard to believe, as the slow oak said, and he wants three years to do it in.

It is estimated that about 500,000 will see President Harding in Vancouver today. This means that thousands of people from across the line will visit B. C. What a grand opportunity it would be for them to see the Fraser Valley in all its beauty and glory, but as these people are used to paved roads, few of them will take in the sights on the north and south side of the river, as probably most of them have enough ups and downs in life without the repetition on the roads on the north or south side of the river. But nevertheless it is a grand opportunity to advertise the Fraser Valley—if we were prepared for it.

SAYS PREMIER HATES SMELL OF B. C. GASOLINE

Speaking at the ceremony held last Saturday in connection with the opening of the Banff-Windermere highway, John Oliver, premier of British Columbia, is reported as saying:

Dr. King, formerly minister of public works had come to him with a map of the province, pointing out all road connections necessary to be made. All of these, he said, were now completed with one notable exception, the missing link of the trans-provincial. The Premier said he had been pestered by motorists to make some announcement as to this, so he would do so. If the motorists of the province (whom the Premier estimated to number 100,000) would consent to a three cent tax on gasoline, his government would build the road."

"The great trans-provincial highway across British Columbia, linking up the Pacific Highway down the Coast and giving the means for thousands of motorists to holiday here, can be readily completed if motorists would have a gasoline tax brought into effect here.

"This was made clear at the Parliament Buildings upon the return of Premier Oliver from the interior where he took part in the opening of the new Banff-Windermere Highway.

"Harvey M. Toy, chairman of the California State Highway Commission, who was at the ceremony at Kootenay Landing advised me that they had one million motor cars in their state, and that they collected from a tax of two cents a gallon on gasoline nine million dollars a year," the Premier said.

"'I think we have in British Columbia about 100,000 motorists, and if they would say to us that they were willing to carry a two or three cent a gallon gasoline tax, we would then be prepared to commence the building of the road.'"

"The Premier said that on his visit to the interior he was beseiged by people urging that the missing link be constructed. He explained to them that it was largely a matter of finance."

The same premier, who now decribes the legitimate demands of the motorists of B. C. as "pestering," a short time ago dismissed the subject, when pressed for an answer, by saying that he did not know what the minister of public works intended to do in the matter.

In discussing the financial phase of the question why does he not tell us what became of the money that was voted nearly two years ago for this project and also what proportion of the license fees collected from the 100,000 motorists of B. C. (which represents a tidy sum) is spent on our roads and how much in the sink hole at Victoria?

Expert that he is on railway matters, we are forced to the conclusion that he hates the smell of gasoline.—Princeton Star.

THE HAPPY DAYS

"Those were the happy days."

Frequently we hear the foregoing expression from the mouth of the man who now rides in his $2500 touring car instead of a $150 buggy, as of yore. He speaks of the days, perhaps when mother broke her back over the old-fashioned washtub; wen father accomplished his morning ablution at the pump trough; when father accomplished his morned the dread diphtheria and he had to ride four or five miles to get the doctor who had never heard of antitoxin. Possibly he referred to the time when it required days, even weeks, to inform loved ones of the invasion of the angel of death; when journeys were made on horseback or a bouncing stage. Days when the young swain, after toiling weary hours with the hoe six days a week, took his best girl riding on Sunday and enjoyed it—sure they enjoyed themselves—they were rugged and they were happy.

But today, the mother is none the less happy in the possession of a power washer and an electric iron father has had installed, a modern hot-water system, and at night, instead of straining the eyes in the dim light of a tallow candle, we read the news of yesterday of thousands of miles away, by the bright rays of an electric light.

When little sister or brother is taken ill, we call the doctor on the telephone and he jumps into his auto and in a moment he is at the bedside ready to administer the serum, which, in the great majority of cases effects the cure and saves a life. Today we telegraph our loved ones in emergency and in an hour or two even though the width of a continent lies between, they have heard our news—good or bad. They rush to us on cushioned seats on fast flying steam or electric trains. The happy country boy flies over the well-paved roads with his sweetheart, whose father now operates modern agricultural implements.

Friends, these are the happy days.

"OLIVER'S "STATESMANSHIP"

W. J. Bowser created an unusual degree of enthusiasm in the speaking tour made last week through the southern portions of Yale and Kootenay. The Conservative leader is not willing to concede to Premier Oliver the credit for initiating the campaign for better freight rates back to 1910, when acting on behalf of the Conservative administration of Sir Richard McBride, the question of better freight rates was initiated at Ottawa by W. A. Macdonald, K. C., now Mr. Justice Macdonald of the supreme court bench. That the fight for better rates was not continued by the Conservative administration was due solely to conditions brought about by the war.—Prince George Citizen.

BEEMEN IN BAD MOOD

The commercial honey producers of the province have entered a vigorous protest against the action of the provincial department of agriculture in its handling of the foul brood situation. Beemen point out that the department has made an absolute failure of every method adopted for disease control and demand that modern methods, such as are used in the other provinces and the States, be used. They also ask that the inspectors be trained men.

Bee inspection has cost the taxpayer as high as $10,000 a year and the honey producers place the loss to the industry, through the action of Mr. Barrow's department in wholesale burning of apiaries, at around $50,000 a year.—Kitsilano Times.

A CRITICAL TIME

The next few weeks will be a critical time for Western Canada. One of the greatest crops in the history of the Dominion is ripening and farmers and merchants over three provinces at least are holding their breath for fear some accident may mar the fair outlook. Canada has often counted her cereal chickens before they were hatched and has seen her hopes dashed by hail or drought or drying winds or rain in harvest time. These are possible dangers, this year, of course, but there is no likelihood that, even if the worst comes, they can destroy more than a small portion of the crop. Every day safely passed adds to the probability of a bumper harvest.

Manitoba is looking for a crop equal to that of last year. Saskatchewan believes hers will be better, while Alberta expects to exceed the phenomenal yield of 1915 and is talking of 175,000,000 bushels of wheat from her fields alone. Even discounted a little, these expectations, if realized, will mean a prairie yield of 400,000,000 bushels. Sir Henry Thornton's estimate is 500,000,000 but as there are only some 20,000000, acres under wheat, that is, by many, considered too high.

Alberta and the western half of Saskatchewan form the zone which Vancouver hopes to serve as a wheat outlet. This area will produce almost half the prairie crop and Vancouver's share will be so great that, if poured into the port, it would bury the waterfront fathoms deep in golden grain. Vancouver handled less than 200,000,000 bushels of wheat of the 1922 crop and is proud of her record. She modestly hopes to handle 50,000,000 bushels this year. The quantity offering is so enormous that the need of speeding up facilities is apparent, if the city is to become the real port for the most westerly wheat fields.

A great crop means prosperity to Vancouver in more ways than one. Every bushel that comes this way leaves, it is estimated, about seven cents for ships' repairs, fittings, lumber, labor and ships' stores. Every extra dollar paid for grain, too, means so much added to the buying capacity of the prairie farmer, and the farmer's prosperity has always been reflected, more or less, to the Coast. Besides all this, there is the advertising. Nothing succeeds like success. The news of a bumper crop in Canada will do more for immigration than many pamphlets and much exhortation by agents, and Vancouver, as a great and growing port can not fail to benefit from a new tide of settlers.

MAILED RECEIPTS SUBJECT TO TAX

OTTAWA, July 17.—The customs and excise department announce that, effective August 1, letters and post cards acknowledging payments of $10 and upward are subject to the stamp tax on receipts. The department has established regulations by which business firms are enabled to have receipts stamped by means of a die.

Pride generally empties the life of everything of which one may rightly be proud.

DARKENING HOUSE ONE METHOD TO STOP TOE PICKING

To prevent toe picking during the first three or four days, Mr. C. Good, provincial poultry instructor for the Lower Mainland, recommends that the southern windows be either thinly coated with lime water to which a little blue has been added, or covered with blinds when the sun is shining in on them. Until the first meal, the brooder house should be darkened.

CANADA'S GREAT WILDERNESS PARK

Jasper National Park is rapidly coming into its own as one of the foremost tourists of the Canadian Rockies. Although it was set aside in 1907 and is the largest of the great playgrounds administered by the Government of Canada, the lack of adequate accommodation for visitors until last year, has prevented its use on the part of the public in proportion to its importance. Since its reservation the National Parks' authorities have steadily carried on development work in the construction of roads and rails. Two years ago the Canadian National Railways erected the first hotel—Jasper Park Lodge, which was the scene of the recent convention of British Columbia newspapermen. The hotel is on the shores of beautiful Lac Beauvert. This is a bungalow camp composed of a central building surrounded by a group of rustic chalets which serve as sleeping quarters. The immense popularity of this accommodation last year resulted in extensions for this season which will provide for 250 guests and plans are being made for similiar chalets in Tonquin valley and at Maligne lake.

Jasper park, with its great area of 4,400 square miles, is situated in northern Alberta on the main line of the Canadian National Railways, about 200 miles west of Edmonton. The official headquarters of the park is situated in Jasper, the quaint little mountain town on the shores of the Athabaska river. The Parks' authorities have designed a town plan for Jasper in order that its future growth may be kept in harmony with the beautiful environment, and this plan will form the basis of all future developments.

A golf course is being laid out east of Lac Beauvert and adjacent to the Lodge by the Canadian National Parks Branch. The Mount Edith Cavell highway, which takes its name from the great peak, 11,033 feet high, named in memory of the gallant British nurse, has been completed to within miles of its terminus. Striking and beautiful panoramas are afforded by vantage points scattered all along this new highway. An important new trail has been opened up from what is known as Sunwapta cabin on the Suwapta branch of the Athabaska river over Poboktan pass and down to Brazeau lake. This stretch links up a series of trails covering a distance of over 300 miles, constituting probably the longest trail in any of the national parks.

The plans for the present season include the building of a new road along the Athabaska, from Jasper to a point two miles east of the Snaring river. The project when completed will offer a delightful scenic drive from Jasper affording wonderful views of the wide Athabaska vallef and the noble peaks on each side.

THE NEXT ISSUE

of the

GREATER VANCOUVER & LOWER MAINLAND TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

Closes July 31st, 1923.

If you are contemplating taking new service, or making any changes in or additions to your present service, you should send notification, in writing, not later than the above date, in order that you may take advantage of the new directory listings.

The Telephone directory offers an attractive and effective medium for advertising purposes. Advertisers should bear the above date in mind so that insertion may be sure in the directory.

British Columbia Telephone Company

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When you order printing you buy something more than paper and ink.

The best advertising talk in the world looks vulgar and commonplace if printed without distinction.

STYLE in printing is an art. You cannot buy it just anywhere.

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The cost of printing depends upon something more than the profit which the printer puts upon it.

Much depends upon his plant, his organization his technical ability and experience.

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CLOVERDALE PLANS ROAD IMPROVEMENTS

The first paving project in which Surrey wilil have financial interest will probably be the hard surfacing of the Scott road between the Fraser River and the McLellan road, a distance of over eight miles. This road is the boundary line between Surrey and Delta municipalities and together they, with government assistance, will share the cost of construction.

Figures laid before the Surrey Council at the meeting on Saturday by E. H. Verner, government engineer, show the various costs of the different qualities of roadwork.

Councillor King, in whose ward most of the work will be done, suggested that solid concrete be used between the Fraser River bridge and Snake Hill across the flats and bitulithic and macadam on the highland.

Mr. King urged the council to take steps to have the work started by placing the matter before the ratepayers in the form of a plebiscite. The cost of upkeep on the road in five years had been between $20, economical to hard-surface the road is a rough gravel one. The councillor thought it would be more economical t hard-surface the road than pay out so much for maintenance.

The reeve thought the matter of such importance and the undertaking so big that the figures should be laid over for further consideration.

TORONTO LETTERGRAM

Toronto, July 19th.

Todays wholesale prices—

Gooseberries, 11s, $1.25 to	$1.50
Cherries, sweet, 6s, $1.00 to	1.50
Sour, 6s, 30¢ to	.40
Sour, 11s, 65¢ to	.75
Raspberries, qt., 28¢ to	.32
Blueberries, 11s, $2.50 to	3.00
Tomatoes, 11s	4.00
Peas, 11s, 50¢ to	.65¢
Beans, 11s,	.50
Potatoes, new Ont., bu.	2.25

Constipation'sRemedy
must come from nature. Celery King is a mixture of medicinal herbs and roots that rids the system of impurities in a gentle, natural way. An old and well tried remedy—30c and 60c packages.

A Salesman's Cough
irritates his customers—and makes him inefficient and miserable. Shiloh is the ideal remedy—it is not a bulky cough mixture but a special formula proven successful for many years. A few drops brings immediate relief. 30c, 60c and $1.20. All druggists.
SHILOH FOR COUGHS

MT. LEHMAN

Mr. and Mrs. S. Hicks have returned to their home after several months' stay at their son's farm.

Mr. McInrot of Vancouver spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs Hugh McDonald.

Mr. Acorn spent some days with old friends here. Mr. Acorn had his wrist broken while cranking his car and will be unable to work for several weeks.

Mrs. Nicholson is visiting in New Westminster, the guest of her daughters, Mrs. F. Baldwin and Mrs J. Reid.

Miss Edith McCallum who was visiting her cousin, Mrs. Jas. Simpson, has returned to her home in Ladner.

An interested visitor in the district was Mr. Welland of the department of agriculture, Victoria.

The sympathy of their many friends is being extended to Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm D. Morrison of Denison at this time owing to the death of the latter's nephew, Mr. W. E Brewster of Vancouver. Mr. Brewster was spending part of his vacation with relatives in Manitoba and was so seriously injured in an auto accident that he died a few hours afterwards. Mrs. Morrison expected him to visit her during the latter part of his holiday.

A delightful time was spent in the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Taylor on July 13 when the young people of Mt. Lehman and Dennison tendered their daughter, Miss Kitty Taylor, a surprise party. The evening was spent in games, music and dancing and proved most enjoyable to all.

Mrs. Raynor has her sister, Mrs. Asaph of St. John, Wash., visiting her at present.

Fully Endorse Apiaries Act

The Honey Producers' Association are to a man behind the B. C. Apiaries Act, commend the action of the department of agriculture and the department's inspectors, Mr. A. W. Finlay and Mr. J. W. Sheppard, for the prompt manner in which they have handled the outbreak of American foul brood in the Fraser Valley, and earnestly request the department to continue in this endeavor to give proper protection to the bee-keeping industry which, they assert, is making rapid progress in the province, by a still more rigid inspection and enforcement of the Apiaries Act. This, in short, is the resolution that was approved at the demonstration meeting held at the apiary of Mr. W. H. Turnbull, Sullivan station, on Saturday afternoon, when there was not only a representative gathering of members of the honey producers' society but four members of the agricultural committee of the legislature, namely, A. D. Paterson, J. A. Catherwood, John McRae and Rev. Thomas Menzies, attended not only to observe the up-to-date bee-keeping methods on this farm, but to consult with the members of the protection of the industry. In addition there was present Mr. Wilfred Smith, in whose hives foul brood was located by the inspectors, the destruction of several of whose hives has created not a little stir among home with him.

the bee-keeping fraternity. Then to add spice to the proceedings, Mr. Lynn Brown of the Kitsilano Times, member of the rival bee-keepers' association, was on hand to denounce the act as "pernicious, unfair, vicious and contrary to all the principles of the British common law." His impassioned speech against the act did not, however, change one vote from endorcing it, but increased the sentiment of approval and evoked a spirited protest from Mr. A. Kerr, whose bees had suffered from infection from Mr. Smith's foul brood hives, and from a Whatcom County lady, Mrs. Ronolfson, who declared that B. C. methods and legislation regarding the protection of bee-keeping was five years ahead of what they had in Washington state.

Mr. J. W. Winson, president of the association, quoted Prof. Slocum of Whatcom County producers as making a similiar statement at Sumas recently, after an inspection of Canadian bee-keeping methods, and this advance was attributed to the fact that B. C. had enlisted the services of scientific men in the regulation of bee-keeping.

Rev. Mr. Menzies, after acknowledging the interest he had in the demonstrations carried out that day, declared that if there were any improvements needed in the act, he would be glad to hear of them, and he would look more carefully into the operation. It had been based on the Ontario act, and the endeavor has been to evolve one for B. C. in the best interests of the bee-keepers. As in the case of smallpox, the foul brood disease must be dealt with drastically.

Mr. J. A. Catherwood asserted that the bee-keepers could depend on the legislature to make every effort to eradicate foul brood. He was out to get pointers.

All the Dominions are anxious to have the British farmer as a settler. The problem is: is there enough of him to go around?—Stratford Herald.

THE CO-OPERATOR'S CREED

The following is taken from the creed drawn up by Paul V. Maris, Director Extension Service, Oregon Agricultural College:

1. I believe firmly that modern conditions demand a better system of marketing farm products and that this can be brought about only by intelligent co-operation among producers.

2. I understand that marketing embraces part or all of the following functions, depending somewhat upon the nature of the commodity:

1, assembling; 2, grading and standardizing; 3, packing 4, processing; 5, transporting; 6, storing; 7, financing; 8, distributing.

And I believe in co-operation for the purpose of performing these functions efficiently. Economical and orderly marketing is the object sought rather than speculation and price control.

3. I know that fundamental changes must come slowly and that they will be fraught with grave difficulties.

4. I expect co-operative enterprises to be opposed by agencies with which they come in competition. I know that this opposition will assume the form of bait prices that will be held up to tempt me and cause me to become dissatisfied, but understanding the motives back of these, I will remain constantly steadfact and loyal.

5. I know it will require time to get a co-operative business properly organized and running smoothly and that if I am unwilling to overlook some mistakes and bear with my organization unavoidable adversity, I had better conserve my time and means by refusing to be part of a co-operative enterprise.

6. I know that trust and confidence are the keystones of co-operation. Hence I will participate in the selection of men to direct the affairs of my association in whom I have confidence, and I will at least grant them a fair and considerate hearing before condemning their actions.

7. I realize that many of the benefits of co-operation are intangible and immeasurable, and that they will accrue alike to members and non-members. Non-members will frequently receive better prices than members, but these facts will not shake my confidence, nor cause me to withdraw my support of co-operation.

8. I will read all official communications sent to members and attend meetings for the consideration of the business of my organization. I will vote on all measures submitted to members by ballot. I will offer constructive criticism freely and demand the highest possible degree of efficiency and service.

9. I will realize that destructive criticism is no value and that it imposes unnecessary expense upon the organization. I will refrain, therefore, from using it.

STOCK JUDGING COMPETITION

Several years ago the Vancouver Exhibition Association inaugurated a competition for Stock Judging among the boys and girls of the province. For a number of years this competition was confined to a number of boys who were the guests of the Association during Fair week. These boys were selected one from each district in the Province. Several years ago this system was changed on the recommendation of the head of the Animal Husbandry Department of the University of British Columbia, who suggested that regular competitive classes be inaugurated. Following this suggestion the Exhibition Association offered prizes in five classes in Live Stock judging, and one in Poultry judging. These competitions excited a wonderful degree of interest among the boys and girls of the whole Province, particularly the class offering a prize for a team of three boys and girls representing any one Agricultural District. There are also classes for teams of four students from any University or Agricultural College and three classes for individuals.

POSSIBILITIES OF RASPBERRY

Raspberies are here—or coming. Red raspberries. That seems to be what everybody means when we say raspberries. If we mean black raspberries, why we say black raspberor black caps. Here are some of the good ways of preparing raspberries:

Jellied Raspberries—Rub raspberries through a sieve, sweeten heavily and let stand until the sugar is dissolved. Add a package of soaked and dissolved gelatine to a quart of the fruit, mould, chill, and serve with whipped cream.

Rice and Raspberry Pudding—Fill a baking dish nearly full of raspberries, sweeten to taste and cover with rice boiled in milk and sweetened. Bake until rice is brown and serve hot in same dish.

Raspberry Blanc-Mange—Thicken two cups of cream whipped stiff. Turn into a mould, cover, and bury in salt and ice for four hours.

Raspberry Charlotte — Arrange small sponge cakes in a serving dish, spread with crushed sweetened raspberries, cover with whipped cream and serve. The stiffly beaten whites of six eggs mixed with enough sugar to make a good meringue may be used instead of cream.

Raspberry Shortcake—Sift a quart of flour with four even teaspoons of baking powder and a pinch of salt. Work into it a cup of fat and add enough milk to make a soft dough. Shape into two flat caes, put together with butter between and bake. Pull apart and fill the cover with crushed and sweetened raspber-

Conjugal Repartee

Women who marry smart men are rarely happy.—Memphis Commercial Appeal. There, wifey, you have only yourself to blame.—Arkansas Gazette.

GOOD MONEY IN GOOD FARMING

"Let's Get to Work and Pay Off the Mortgage"

NINE years ago Canada's national debt was about one-third of a billion. It is more than two and one-third billions today.

Our debts have greatly increased—our revenues must also go up. The farmer has to bear his share of the increased burden. That means he must increase his revenue.

Complaint has been heard that farmers under present conditions in Canada cannot make farming pay. And yet many thousands of Canadian farmers do make it pay.

How Is It Done?

Patient and industrious "carry on" will do wonders, but something more is needed. Too often "patient industry" is coupled with "dull persistance" in poorly thought out methods.

Farmers today more than ever, must plan ahead, as well as "plug along"; indeed they have no option, if they wish to succeed.

Co-ordination of head and hand will mean real success. Farming in Canada has paid and pays now on many farms. It can be made to pay on almost every farm. Canadian agriculture has passed through low profit-making eras successfully in the past and can do so again.

Crop Returns Should be Increased

On the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa some crop costs and crop profits in 1922 as contrasted with all-Ontario average crop costs and crop profits are given below. The all-Ontario figures are in brackets:

	Cost per acre	*Profit per acre*
Hay	$21.13 ($13.50)	$11.21 ($5.09)
Corn for Forage	$47.50 ($33.75)	$10.38 ($2.86)
Oats	$26.47 ($19.32)	$ 7.33 (.04)

Similar results can be shown from the Dominion Experimental Farms in every province.

Experimental Farm crops are sometimes claimed to be produced at too great cost. Thousands of experiments, however, show that increased cropping costs wisely applied up to a reasonable point always increase crop profits. This is true on the Experimental Farm—and on any and every farm.

With the increased cost of production, the higher standards of living now prevailing cannot be maintained by poor farm management, "boarder" milkers, scrub beeves, poor quality hogs or non-profitable hens.

That even under present conditions profits may be made is testified by many skilful, observant and non-plunging farmers, who believe more in the policy of "slow but sure" and "pay as you go" rather than speed, with excessive borrowing and the often consequent disaster.

The results on our Experimental Farms also bear testimony to the value of thorough, skilful work.

The Farmer Must Manufacture

But crops alone are not enough. The farmer must change his crops into less bulky and more high-priced products—milk, pork, beef, mutton, poultry, etc.

With fair yielding cows dairying shows good profits in Canada. The average cow has increased her yield 25% in the last ten years. She can quite readily go up another 25% and more, and there's where the profit lies. Better feeding, better selection and better breeding will do the job—feed, weed, breed.

To do better feeding means better pastures and more generous supplies of palatable roughage. Short rotations including clover and ensilage crops (corn, sunflower, pea and oat, etc.) will provide feed in abundance for both summer and winter. The experiments and investigations which the Dominion Department of Agriculture have carried on prove that farming scientifically and systematically undertaken will pay profits. The records and particulars of such work in every province are available to the Canadian farmer.

Are you growing grain, or producing seed or interested in fruit? We can give you information that will help you. Do you breed live stock? Are you keeping dairy cattle? Are you interested in poultry or bees? Ask us for information. We have some that will help you.

We have published and have for free distribution 390 different reports, bulletins and circulars dealing with matters of interest to you. Ask for what you want, or for a list of our publications.

We shall have something more to say later. Meantime write the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, about your problems.

Have Faith in Canada

Authorized for publication by the
Dominion Department of Agriculture
W. R. MOTHERWELL, Minister. Dr. J. H. GRISDALE, Deputy Minister.

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FOR THE HOT WEATHER

Always on hand Fresh Supplies of:

COOKED HAM, CORNED BEEF LUNCHEON LOAF, BOLOGNA SAUSAGE, LIVER SAUSAGE.

Choicest Meats delivered without fail in good condition.

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We Now Handle Poultry and Eggs

TRY SOME OF OUR
Wheat Screenings for Cattle and Fattening Mash for Poultry.

Abbotsford Feed Store

J. J. SPARROW

Essendene Avenue *ABBOTSFORD, B. C.*

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Lane of Kilgard are receiving congratulations over the arrival of a little son born in the M.-S.-A. Hospital on Wednesday, July 25th.

Mr. and Mrs. McDaniels returned home from the Prairies on Wednesday.

Rev. A.-H. Priest and Mrs.-Priest are enjoying a holiday in Vancouver. While away Mr. Priest will conduct the services in Se. Marks Church, Vancouver.

Mr. and Mr. Ritchie of New Westminster, accompanied by Mr. Joe Olsen and Mr. Johnson of Vancouver were guests at the home of Mrs. Olsen this week.

Mrs. Rudge, Mrs. Stapledon, Miss Rudge and Mr. R. Rudge motored to Bellingham on Saturday.

Members of Abbotsford Pearl Rebecca Lodge visited the Sumas Lodge on Wednesday evening, and were delightfully entertained by the ladies.

Mr. A. McCallum and the Misses Anna and Helen McCallum motored to Mission City on Sunday and visited the home of Mr. C. McCallum.

Mrs. H. Fraser visited her daughter, Mrs. Steffin of Chilliwack, during the week.

The baseball game played at Sumas on Sunday between the Japs of Vancouver and the Sumas team resulted in a victory for the Vancouver boys, with a score of 5-2.

Mrs. Herfhery of Cedar Rapids Iowa, who has been visiting at the homes of Mrs. H. Fraser, of Abbotsford and Mrs. Steffin of Chilliwack returned to her home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore motored to Boundary Bay on Wednesday and went on to Vancouver to attend the reception to President Harding on Thursday.

Mrs. Stapledon of Victoria is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F.-W. Rudge.

Mrs. A. E. Ryall has returned from visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. McCallum of Mission City.

Mr. and Ms. F. Olding spent Sunday at Cottonwood Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Wedd of Gifford were recent visitors at Cultus Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitchelo and Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Shortreed motored to Vancouver on Wednesday evening and attended the reception to President Harding held in Vancouver on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Miss Elsie and Miss Mary McPhee spent the week-end camping at Vedder River.

Mrs. Manning of Nelson is visting friends in Abbotsford.

Mr. Stanley Bang of Vancouver is renewing old acquaintances in town.

Miss E. Trethewey was a visitor to Vancouver on Tuesday.

Miss Dorothy Lee spent the week-end with friends in Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. F.J.R. Whitchelo accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Williams of Vancouver motored to Bellingham on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Shore and Mrs. C. Weir spent Sunday at Birch Bay and Cottonwood Beach.

Mrs. J. B. Benton and son, Jack, of Seattle were the guests this week of Mrs. A. Gurrie.

Mrs. Singley of Langley Prairie was the guest this week of her sister, Mrs. Hyatt.

Miss Anna Culbert, stenographer at the local B. C. office is ill in the New Westminster isolation hospital with scarlet fever.

Mr. Dave Campbell of Vancouver is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Smith.

Mr. J. Brydges was home over the week-end from New Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Dobby of La Chute, Quebec, visited at the home of Mrs. H. Fraser on Tuesday.

Mrs. Insley of Langley Prairie was a week-end visitor in Abbotsford.

Rev. Mr. Congden, formerly of Sumas, Wash., will conduct the morning and evening services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday, July 29th, also the regular service in Huntingdon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Smith, accompanied by Mr. A. Taylor, motored into Vancouver on Friday.

Among the Abbotsford residents who visited the beach at White Rock on Sunday last were: Mr. and Mrs. E. Webster; Mr. and Mrs. Sumner and Mrs. Tuck; Mr. and Mrs. Blinch; Mr. A. Eyres; Miss Elsie Darlinson and Master Sydney Swift.

Miss Grace Kennedy of Sumas Prairie is spending a holiday in Vancouver, and while in town will be the guest of Miss Grace Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Knoll and daughter, Violet, spent Sunday at Birch Bay.

ORANGE LODGE ENDS SESSIONS

WINNIPEG, July 23.—Demanding the immediate recall of the British envoy to the Vatican, the eighteenth triennal convention of the Imperial Grand Orange Council of the World, at its closing session Saturday, endorsed the resolution forwarded to it by McLeod Lodge, of Gowan, Scotland, the council believing it embodied the universal and emphatic opinion of Orangeism. The Imperial grand president was instructed to forward the resolution to the proper authorities.

Following is the text of the resolution "That this great meeting, representative of all the grand lodges of the British Empire, demand His Majesty's government to withdraw immediately the British envoy to the Vaican, in view of the fact that diplomatic relations with the Pope are an infringement of the constitution and a grave menace to the welfare of the British Empire."

London, England, was chosen as the venue for the 1926 sessions of the council, a cordial invitation having been extended by the Imperial Grand Lodge of England.

The whole slate of officers was elected by acclamation, Sir James H. Stronge of Ireland being re-elected Imperial grand master and Frederick Dane of Toronto, formerly imperial grand vice-president, succeeding Rev. David Ness of Glasgow, Scotland, as imperial grand president.

Other officers of the council are—Past imperial grand presidents, Robert Burns of Toronto, Col. R. H. Wallace, C. B., Downpatrick, Ireland; Judge J. H. Scott, Perth, Ont. First imperial vice-presideint, William Coote, M. P., of Belfast, Ireland. Second imperial vice-president T. R. Lavery, M. P., Newtonards, Ireland. Imperial grand chaplain, Rev. F. C. Ward-Whate, Lunenburg, N. S.

Imperial deputy grand chaplain—Rev. T. W. Williams-Fisher, D. D., of Birmingham, England. Imperial grand secretary, John Easton of Winnipeg, re-elected. Imperial grand treasurer, James Rive of Glascow, Scotland; J. J. Tulk of Vancouver, B. C.; Benjamin Alexander of London, England. Imperial grand lecturers, Robert Dawson of Regina, Sask. Imperial grand director of ceremonies, Col. Tom Duff of Toronto. Imperial deputy grand secretary, Loftus H. Reid of Toronto, re-elected.

David Catt of London, grand master of the Grand Orange Lodge of England, was made an honorary vice-president and was cheered heartily by the delegates.

At the final session of the grand lodge of the Ladies' Orange Benevolent Association, the election of officers, begun Friday afternoon, was completed as follows:

Grand lecturer, Mrs. Hattie Edgar of Calgary, re-elected; deputy grand lecturer, Miss Jennie Mills of Smith's Falls, Ont.; deputy grand secretary, Mrs. Lewis of Regina; deputy grand treasurer, Mrs. Roberts of Montreal; director of ceremonies, Mrs. J. McQuade of Winnipeg; grand auditors, R. Bell of Toronto, and J. Pearson of Toronto; representatives from the L. O. B. A. to the Grand Lodge of British America, W. Banfield of Toronto and R. Bell of Toronto.

The association decided to allocate $800 of its funds to each of the provinces in Canada for organization purposes, Ontario West giving its share to the other provices which are in need.

3 Berry Plants Being Erected

The B. C. Berry Growers' Association are now erecting two evaporating plants, one at Hatzic and the other at Chilliwack, and a juice plant at Clayburn to increase the marketing possibilities of the small fruits. The price of loganberries has fallen flat and to handle them at all it has become necessary to put them into some form in which they may be marketed at a later date when the fresh berry season is over. For this season the evaporating and juice plants are being installed.

The Hatzic plant will have a capacity of three tons of fresh berries per day. The fruit is placed on trays in a room heated to a temperature of about 125 degrees Fahrenheit until well dried. The heat is supplied by a series of steam pipes arranged in such a way as to maintain an even The dries product is then put up in half pound and pound cartons ready for the market. When the housewife wishes to use them, they are soaked over night in water, during which time they swell up and assume much the same appearance as the fresh berry. Later in the season the dehydrating plants will dry prunes.

The juice plant at Clayburn will have a capacitiy of five tons of berries per day and will turn out about 200 gallons of loganberry juice per day.

It is unfortunate that the evaporatiing and juice plants were not in operatio earlier in the season. About 15 per cent. of the berries this year have had to be destroyed on account of mould.

As heat quickly kills the mould, the damage fruit could have been saved by putting it in the evaporator as soon as the growth was detected. The damage fruit could also have been salvaged by putting it through the presses at the juice plant. As this mould is somewhat unusual, none of the companies handling small fruits expected to have to do any salvaging, with the result that they were unprepared and the affected fruit haa to be destroyed with considerable loss.

It is planned to extend the market in Europe for jam stocks. Meantime, in order to make the best of conditions obtaining here and on the Canadian prairies, raspberries and loganberries are to be dehydrated at two plants owned and operated by the union—Chilliwack and Hatzic. The Chilliwack plant is due to start dehydrating on Monday, and Hatzic will also be operating on the new priciple, so far as B. C. is concerned, within a few days.

INDIAN CRAFTSMANSHIP ON EXHIBITION

The Vancouver Exhibition Directors realizing the expert Craftsmanship of the Indians of this Province have arranged a complete section of various classes for their special work. These classes are open to Indians living in the Province of British Columbia, and judging by the intense interest shown by these people at past exhibitions, coupled with a promise given in 1922 that they would be fully represented at the 1923 Fair a great exhibit is anticipated. Thirty-five classes have been listed for their special benefit in this year's Premium List. The list of prizes cover exhibits of canoes, houses, totem poles, snow shoes, baskets, stone carving, needlework, bead work and numerous other items.

Life is a daily opportunity to express our highest and best.

- Fruit Jars -

EASY SEAL in Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons.
MASON in Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons.
JELLY GLASSES.
Caps, Lids, Economy Tops.
Rubber Rings.
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TRY US ONCE
We deliver the goods

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STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES
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WEATHER CONDITIONS AND CROP GROWTH

In al parts of the Dominion weather conditions have been favorable to the growth of the crops. Those districts in Western Canada which have for some years suffered from lack of rain in June have had, up to the present time, an abundance of moisture, with the result that at the end of June the crops generally looked healhy and vigorous. Given normal wether during July, a crop above the average is probable. The heavy rains in districts subject to insect pests have minimized the danger of loss from this cause. The preliminary official estimates show that the area sown to wheat in Canada is 22,153,100 acres, slightly less than in 1922, but comparing favourably with the annual average for the five-year period 1917 to 1921, which was 18,546,863 acres. In the three prairie provinces the wheat acreage this year is 20,99g,700, or 227,748 acres less than in 1922. In Manitoba and Saskatchewan there is a slight decrease but in the province of Alberta an increase is reported. Reports of other field crops are also decidedly reassuring. The growth of hay and clover is luxuriaint, and the condition of the pastures is now excellent. In Ontario and Quebec and in a few districts in the West the pastures were backward until rain fell late in June.

Business conditions have not changed materially during the past month. There is, however, increased confidence as the result of the continued good outlook for the crops. While the greater part of our exports are derived from the farm, there is every reason to anticipate that the products of our forests and mines will, during the balance of this year, constitute a larger proportion than hitherto of the merchandise marketed abroad. During May the paper mills produced 110,115 tons of newsprint, or 10,000 tons more than in May of last year, the daily production for that month being 4,084 tons. Exports of newsprint for May amounted to 98,901 tons, bringing the total for the five months of the current year up to 457,913 tons, as compared with 370,861 tons in 1922, and 277,571 tons in 1920.

An indication of the growth in the output of the mines of Ontario is given by the value of metalliferous products for the first three months of the current year, which was $9,241,853, as compared with $7,227,372 in 1922. This increase is largely due to the increased output of nickel in the Sudbury area. Ontario's gold output for the first quarter of the current year was slightly below that of 1922, owing entirely to a shortage of electric power. The winter snow-fall was light in the gold-mining areas, and this, together with a late spring, greatly reduced the volume of water available for power purposes. Electrical devlopment work is, however, in progress, which will ensure a steady supply of additional power, and some of the mines are already adding materially to their working staff with a view to taking full advantage of this as soon as available.—Canadian Bank of Commerce Monthly Letter.

SAWMILL IS DESTROYED BY FIRE SUNDAY MORNING

The lower mill of the P. Bain Sawmills at Hatzic Prairie was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday morning last.

Mr. Bain, who is a large lumber operator, has three sawmills in this district, and a small tie mill, also a shingle mill. The mill burnt has been in operation about two years and had about six months' more cut to finish.

The cause of the fire is unknown.