The Abbotsford Post

With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

VOL. IX., No. 10. ABBOTSFORD, B, C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1914 8 $1.00 PER YEAR

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Provincial Library.

Fresh, Clean

Groceries

That's what you pay for and that's what you get by dealing with us. We will always make it a point to secure the best the market can supply us in

Groceries, Fruits, Canned Goods, Vegetables and General Merchandise

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Prompt and careful delivery service to all parts of town.

We are ALSO Agents for Purity Flour; We also handle Five Roses, Royal Standard and B. and K. Flours

B. B. SMITH

The Pioneer Store

RESIDENTS OF PEARDONVILLE ASSIST THE BELGIAN FUND

The residents of Peardonville in their effort to show their appreciation of the heroic Belgian and to assist the Belgian fund, last Friday enjoyed a dance given by the South Dunach Hall Association, which was a success financially and socially.

Mr. Baines, the prime factor in the movement and Mrs. Llewellyn devoted a great part of the preceding week in selling tickets which were artistically designed by Mr. Harry Llewellyn our Peardonville architect.

The receipts realized from the sale of tickets were forty-five dollars but at supper, after the reading of a letter from Mr. J. M. Whitehead, Belgian Consul, in Vancouver, a collection was taken up to which all readily responded and the full receipts of the evening totalled fifty-one dollars and eighty cents.

Abbotsford, Aberdeen, Mt. Lehman and the Boundary line were well represented at the entertainment.

Dancing was the order of the evening, but songs from Mr. Wooler, Mr. Skipworth and Mrs. Taylor were listened to by the audience and appreciated.

A vote of thanks was tendered to those who furnished the music and assisted in other ways, and the receipts of the evening were given to Mr. Skipworth, secretary and treasurer of the South Dunach Hall Association, who has forwarded the amount to Mr. J. M. Whitehead, Belgian Consul in Vancouver.

(Columbia pleases copy.)

Jas. Ross & Co.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, LADIES AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES, CORSETS, NOTIONS, FANCY HANDKERCHIEFS, NECKWEAR BLOUSES, BOYS' CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHINGS, ETC., ETC.

A Store of Quality, Moderate Prices, Courteous Treatment and a Square Deal to All.

Magnificent Assortment of Christmas Novelties and Toys

SPECIAL NOTICE

Ladies' and Children's Millinery to clear Regardless of Cost. Big Reduction in Ladies,' Boys' and Girls Sweaters, Children's Muffs, Stoles, and Outer Garments.

The young ladies of Abbotsford will give an invitation dance in the Alexandria hall on New Year's Eve.

Mrs. J. Gugin of Port Hammond is visiting at Mrs. J. F. Boyd's.

There will be a Can Party in the Gazley Block on Friday December 11 Admission a can of fruit, vegetables or any canned material suitable for home use.

The Ladies' Aid of the W. C. T. U. True Blues and W. A. will hold a can Party in the Gazley Block on Friday December 11. The admission being a can of gods suitable for local relief fund, Come when you can. Bring what you can and stay as long as long as you can. Slight refreshment will be served.

TheWoman's Auxiliary of St. Mathews church will present "The Spinsters Return" in Alexandria Hall on Thursday evening December 17, 1914 Tickets may be secured from any member of the W. A. Adults 25 cents Children 15 cents.

Mrs. A. J. Anderson has just returned home after spending a very enjoyable vacation with friends in Bellingham.

Mr. J. M. Spencer, one of the proprietors at th well known local store Broks old stand, has been on a visit in Vancouver during the past week.

The very many friends of Mr. A. E. Salt, of the Canadian Customs Service here regretted to hear of his sudden illness, of appendicitis, but were glad to hear that he had successfully passed a very serious operation, which he underwent at the Sumas Hospital.

Mrs. D. A Chalmers of Vancouver will address the Young People's Guild on Sunday afternoon 6th inst on "Experiences on the Island of Skye, of Scotland."

The Fraser Valley Ministerial Associoation will meet on Tuesday 8th instant at Mount Lehman.

Next Sunday 6th is Quarterly Communion service in the Presbyterian Church at the morning gathering, and "The Bible" will be the subjeect at the evening service.
Huntingdon

The sale of work by the ladies of St. Paul's church on Wednesday of this week was well attended and quite successful.

Rev. Mr. Hayward of Sumas assisted Mr. Campbell last Sunday at the regular service.

The children of the Sunday School of St. Paul's are preparing for their Christmas Tree entertainment to be given on Tuesday evening 22nd.

Remember the date, December 9th of the concert arranged by Misses Steede, the musical event of the season.

Abbotsford's Kork Kolored Komics Minstrels, niggers, call them what you will, are rehearsing for a big entertainment which they propose to stage on December 30th, the first Wednesday after Christmas. All Abbotsford people should bear the date in mind as the talented minstrels will put into expression the words of the poet who wrote "And there were sounds of revelry by night."

Several friends of Mrs. Henry Smith enjoyed the hospitality extended at her residence on Tuesday evening when whist was the pleasure of the evening. After some exciting and interesting play Mrs. King captured the first prize, a tie, the booby, a bag of candy going to Mrs. Eby.

Saturday, December 12, in the Alexandria Hall, is the date, place and time of the high class musical and dramatic recital to be given by noted old country artists who are to visit Abbotsford for the first time Uniqueness, originality and refinement are the features of the entertainment the artistes give. The artistes are, Mr. B. C. Hillman, of the London and Provincial ballad concerts, a raconteur and master of burlesque, parody and mimicry, and who will give the latest topical sketch "The Tipperary Mania" Mr. E. V. Young, late of Sir George Alexander's London Company whose Monologues will include "The Fallen Star" Miss Geraldine Rhys, formerly of Seymour Hicks repertoire company; and Miss Ida Morris. L. R. A. M. solo pianist and accomapnist. The recital will commence at 8 p. m. Tickets 50 cents and 25 cents are obtainable at the local drug store.

The advent of Christmas is noticed at the local postoffice where parcels and postal notes are being delivered as messages of good will to distant friends. Dame Rumor has it that some friends of the Post are to send a Christmas gift to the paper in the form of dollar subscriptions.

HUNTINGDON ITEMS

American friends in Sumas gave an enjoyable concert at the Grand Theatre a few days ago in aid of the oppressed Belgians. Several Huntingdon people signified their appreciation and supported the worthy cause by their attendance in large numbers. The entertainment provided by local talent was of high merit throughout.

A considerable improvement has been effected by the laying of the sidewalk from C. street to Mr. J. S. Murphy's place.

Many people of Huntingdon, including Mr. Charles Brown, are beginning to think that the law must be peculiarly funny, following the recent order which compelled the local pool room to close its doors temporarily, although the usual license fee had been duly paid.

MT. LEHMAN NOTES

A patriotic basket social and dance was held in the Orange Hall on Friday evening, November 20. The school children sang the very popular song, "It's a Long, Long Way to Tipperary," and everybody joined in the chorus. They were encored and sang the later addition of it. Very suitable tableaus were rendered by Miss J. Bell, Mrs. R. E. Chowen, Mr. R. E. Chowen, Miss K. Lehman, Mr. J. Walker, Mr. J. Hay, Mr. N. MacLean, Mr. Harold Nicholson and Miss Hannah. Mr. Sam Larmen gave a very good recitation and Miss M. Reid played an instrumental piece. The children then sang, "The Mermaid" The Misses Gillis sang "Where the River Shannon Flows." The baskets were sold, after which everybody enjoyed a good supper. The evening was ended by a good dance. The amount of $55 was acknowledged, clear of expenses.

One of the most important events of the season around Mt. Lehman was a bear hunt. The animal had been marauding Mr. A. Schroder's orchard for some time past and one day the boys turned out and killed the beast. It was hauled home and skinned and the bachelors of the vicinity are well supplied with bear meat for the season.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church are giving a pork and beans supper on Friday, November 27 in the Orange Hall. A good program is expected and it is hoped that a good crowd will turn out.

Rev. Dr. Pringle, of Vancouver, is expected here next Sunday to preach in the evening and on Monday night he is to give a lecture on "His Work in the Klondike."

Miss A. Gillis is spending a few days in Sperling visiting her relatives there.

Mrs. John Ross, of East Burnaby spent a week in Mount Lehman visiting her friends.

Mrs. Fraser Nicholson is back from Kamloops and intends spending the winter here.

Miss Jessie Milne, who is attending Normal school in Vancouver, was paying a visit to her friends in Mt. Lehman.

Mr. D. Nicholson was spending a week at his parents and spent most of the time shoting.

MR. LUCAS COMING TO ABBOTSFORD TO SPEAK

This paper has been asked to announce the fact that Mr. Lucas, M. L. A., will speak in Abbotsford on Monday evening, December 7th on the subject of "Agricultural Credit and Co-operation."

It is hoped that the good news will spread far and wide as it is wished to give Mr. Lucas a very remarkably good reception in Abbotsford. He is to talk on a subject very dear to all of us, especially the man on the soil, and the man on the soil we all want to see prosper. Mr. Lucas is very enthusiastic on his subject, and is making rounds of the various places to tell the people what his ideas are and to get the co-operation of the farming community of the province in order to back him up in his appeal for legislation along the lines dear to him and to every farmer who has sat and listened to him for an hour. Come and bring another farmer or two. Tell everybody you see.

He is shortly to speak at Mission City on the same subject.

THE CLOSING OF POOL HALLS

Quite a flutter has been caused in local pool hall circles during the past week as Mr. Charles Brown, of Huntingdon and Mr. Stein of Abbotsford have received orders from the police to keep their pool rooms shut up or pay a fifty dollar license for three weeks.

It appears, according to Mr. Brown, that the halls, with some twenty-nine others throughout the province, have been ordered closed by the Attorney-General, Mr. W. J. Bowser, M. L. A. to close as the licenses under which they were being run were not transferable. The proprietors thus have had temporarily their means of livelihood stopped as the pool room men only have the choice of two courses to take, either to buy a license, for $50, for the remaining weeks of the year or to have their dors remain barred. It would appear that the ruling which has caused the annoying situation was made recently when now runing the local pool rooms applied for license renewals. It decrees that if a license is taken out by a person who wishes to conduct a pool room business, and that business changes hands during the year, the new owner must take out a fresh license, at $50, for the remainder of the year, despite the fact that the original licouse covered the twelve months.

The pool room men, after loking into the regulations under the act, contend that act does not rule that a license is not transferable. Strong representations have been made to Attorney-General Bowser, the local members and others interested in the laws enactment and enforcement.

Unless word is received allowing the parties to continue business under the license taken out when they bought the business, the pool-room will remain closed.

One of the pool rooms at Mission City has been closed.

THE ABBOTSFORD POST.

Published Every Friday by The Post Publishing Company
A weekly Journal devoted to the interests of Abbotsford and district
Advertising rates made known on application

Our Shibboleth—Neither for nor agin' the Government

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4th, 1914

There is much truth spoken in a few of the articles of "Back to the Land" now appearing in a morning paper in Vancouver. The following is a fine sample. "His initial outlay is small, but he insists on robbing the people at every opportunity."

Of course the middleman is in a great many ways the direct enemy of both the producer and the consumer. The producer in all confidence sends his produce to the middleman in order to sell as there is no other central selling agency. He takes the lucky aspect of matters. He plants the seed in faith, and it grows. He is used to nature's plans; but he forgets that although nature may be honest, man may not be—generally not if he has a chance to do a fruitgrower.

There should be some method of disposing of the enormous products of the Fraser Valley farmer without it going into the hands of such a man as the middleman?

When the products go from the farm to the house of the consumer direct then we may expect a different deal. Then will be the time to cry good and loud, "Back to the Land" There is a living there for all who wish to till the soil.

The price of living will surely soon take another jump, judging from the trend of affairs at the present time. Flour is going down; so is sugar. So the jump will be down instead of up Many will welcome it, and it will do more to stimulate business than any thing that we know of at the present time unless it be the sending of the Kultus Kaiser to St. Helena, with a Sir Hurson Lowe as governor of the island.

We publish an article from the Canadian Courier that undoubtedly will meet with the approval of the resident of Canada, unless he be a hard party man.

It seems unreasonable that Canada should become divided as to the right naval policy that our country should adopt for the future. After the present session there will in all probability be an election and in the true Canadian course of events of the political arena, the naval policy will be prominent among the issues before the people. Can we Canadians afford to disagree about a naval policy at the present time?

Had there been a compromise between the two political parties parties previous to the last discussion on the naval policy when Ottawa and some of the members were the laughing stock of the country, especially after the senate threw out the bill, there would not have been the opportunity for the German Emperor to point his finger at us and say some of the now annoying things he is said to have said about the loyalty of Canada to the Mother country.

The buy at home question is one that applies to all people who do business in British Columbia. It does not apply to the man only who buys his groceries and dry goods in the town in which he lives.

It does apply to the merchant who gets his printing done in the east or in Japan.

It applies to the man who receives his salary from the taxes of the community.

It applies to the man who purchases goods from foreign establishments in preference to a local or Canadian.

It applies to all who can purchase locally but who purchase away far from home.

Making Socks

A lady sends the following extract from the Daily Graphic with the request that it be reproduced. It is scarcely as definite as might be wished but the extract is published in the hope that the hint concerning the darning will be taken up by many knitters.

"A very large number of ladies are anxious to do something with their own hands for the comfort of our troops. Why not instead of laborious knitting garments of impossible shape and dimensions, purchase what are technically known as military half hose and darn them on the inside of toes and heels and other 'vulnerable' places? Socks thus treated would surely wear longer; and Tommy, who has no time for darning his footwear himself, would not have to throw them away nearly so soon."—Leonard Spiller.

The next ship to be completed is to be called "Canada" in honor of what Canada is doing for the Empire at the present time.

POULTRY IS PLENTIFUL

Brisk trading in all lines featured the weekly market on Friday morning last. There was a good attendance and the different vendors were kept busy supplying the wants of the customers, old and new: until well on to the noon hour. Poultry remained firm at the prices quoted last week and there was an abundance of fowl displayed. Especially was this true of the live bird section, where probably the briskest trade of the day took pace.

Chinamen offered chickens all the way from $5 to $7 a dozen, according to the weight of the birds. For single birds they asked 70 cents. In the dressed poultry stalls, prices hovered around 25 cents per pound.

Flowers were much in evidence and carnations sold rapidly by the dozen at 25 cents. Ferns and chrysantemums sold briskly.

Ranch eggs remained firm at from 60 to 65 cents with the wholesale price hovering between 50 and 55. Honey sold at from 20 to 25 cents a pound, either extracted or in the comb.

Fresh skate at 8 cents a pound featured the fish stalls. Cohoes were the only salmon offered, as the sockeye and springs are over. Meat prices showed no change from last week and it sold readily at prevailing prices. Apples sold from 65 cents to 90 cents per box and by the sack $1.00 was asked. Outside in the horse and cattle rings a number of horses were put up but only in isolated instances was the price asked for by the owners obtained and in some cases no bids were offered despite the fact that a number of the animals put up were fair samples of horseflesh.

The following prices were quoted:

Wholesale Poultry

Poultry, live weight	15c to 16c
Chickens, broilers, per lb	14 to 15c
Ducks, live weight	18c to 19c

Retail Poultry

Spring chickens dressed	25c
Hens, dressed, per lb	23c
Pigeons, each	25c to 35c
Ducks, dressed per lb	20c
Squabs, each	35c to 40c

Vegetables

Potatoes, per sack	90c to $1.00
Potatoes, per ton	$16 to $18
Carrots, per sack	75c
Cabbages, per scak	75c
Turnips, per sack	25c
Asparagus, two bunches for	15c
String beans, per lb	2½ to 5c
Parsnips per sack	75c
Parsley, per bunch	5c
Celery, per bunch	5c
Cucumbers, each	5c
Cauliflower, per head	10c to 15c
Radishes, two bunches for	5c
Tomatoes, per lb	2c
Green Tomatoes, per lb	3c
Cabbages, per head	5c to 15c
Turnips, per bunch, 3 for	5c
Pumpkins, each	10c to 15c
Citrons, each	10c
Squash, each	15c

Eggs and Butter

Eggs, retail	60c to 65c
Eggs, wholesale	50c to 55c
Butter, retail per lb	40 to 45c
Butter, wholesale, per lb	35c
Pure Cream Cheese, per lb	50c
Cottage Cheese, per lb	10c
Devonshire Cream, per pint	45c
Honey, per lb	25c

Wholesale Meat

Pork, per lb	10c to 10½c
Pork, salt, per lb	13c
Pigs, small, each	$2 to $4
Mutton, per lb	12c
Leg of Mutton, per lb	22c
Veal medium, per lb	15c to 16c
Veal, large, per lb	12c to 15c

Retail Meats

Beef, best rib roasts	22c
Beef, loin,	28c to 30c
Beef, short loin	30c
Beef, sirloin	27c
Boiling Beefs	12½c to 15c
Beef, pot roast	18c
Pork	20c to 25c
Pork Chops	18c
Mutton	18c to 20c
Leg of Mutton	25c
Sugar cured corned pork	15c to 20c
Home made pork sausage	15c to 20c
Salted pigs' heads ped lb	8c
Pickled pigs shanks per lb	10c
Sugar cured hogs' heads, lb	8c
Sugar cured corn beef, per lb	15c
Picnic hams per lb	14c
Pure Lard	15c to 16c
Sugar cured bacon	22c
Sugar cured boneless ham	25c
Spring lamb, forequarter, each	$1.50
Spring lamb, hind quarter each	$2.50

Flowers

Carnations, 2 dozen	25c
Flowering plants, 2 for	25c

Fruit

Apples, per box	65 to 90c
Apples, per sack	$1
Early Apples, per box	80c to $1.25
Pears, per box	60c to 75c
Cranberries, per lb	5c

Fish

Red Spring Salmon, per lb	15c
White Spring Salmon, each	35c
Sockeye salmon, each	35c
Cohoes, each	25c
Fresh herring, 3 lbs for	25c
Sturgeon, per lb	15c
Shad, per lb	15c
Crabs, extra large	2 for 25c
Soles, per lb	10c
Cod, per lb	12½c
Halibut, per lb	12½c
Flounders, per lb	8c
Skate, per lb	8c

MADE IN GERMANY HELPED THE GERMANS

Renewed Interest in the Cry—Commandments Distributed by the Chamber of Commerce

Many Canadians in the past have been inclined to scoff at the "Made-in-Canada" appeals which have been launched by Canadian manufcturers and have expressed doubt as to their effectiveness in achieving the object desired. No doubt when Germans commenced their persistent advocacy of the "Made-in-Germany" idea they, too, had to contend with those who belittled their efforts. With characteristic tenacity, however, they stuck to their guns, with the result that "Made-in-Germany" has become one of the most powerful commercial appeals in the world. Most Germans know the ten commercial commandments, which appear below, almost as well as the dcealogue handed down by Moses.

1. In all expenses keep in mind the interests of your own compatriots.

2. Never forget that when you buy foreign articles your own country is poorer.

3. Your money should profit no one but the Germans.

4. Never profane German factories by using foreign machinery.

5. Never allow foreign eatables to be served at your table.

6. Write on German paper with a German pen, and use German blotting paper.

7. Use German flour, eat German fruit, and drink German beverages. They alone give your body the true German energy.

8. If you do not like German malt coffee, drink coffee from the German colonies.

9. Use German clothes for your dress and German hats for your head.

10. Let no foreign flattery distract you from these precepts, and be firmly convinced that whatever others may say, German products are the only ones worthy of the citizens of the German Fatherland.

Note—How would it sound if we put "Made-in-Canada" instead of that of "Made-in-Germany" in each case. Read it that way just for the effect.

MORE VERSES TO TIPPERARY

Back to Tipperary started Paddy on the run,
But when half way he heard them say the fighting had begun.
He wrote to Molly saying, "Dear, although I love you so,
"My country's callin' darlin'; as I'm Irish, I must go."

Now Paddy's in the trenches, fightin' like a lion bold,
And Irish Molly's waitin' with a heart as true as gold.
But when the Kaiser's down and out, and Belgium's free again,
He'll start for Tipperary town singing this refrain.

A. T. Browne, Ottawa, Ont.

Now Paddy, holding Molly of all on earth most dear,
Was off to hand a jolt to Mike Maloney in the ear;
Trooos were mustering everywhere, he found the deal was square,
Then he wrote his sweetheart, saying I must do my share.

So he's side by side with Tommy Atkins, Scot and Jack Canuck,
Russian, Jap and Ghurka, piling Germans in a ruck;
Belgium will build up again, secure from every foe,
And Paddy will be back to greet his Irish Molly O.

Mayor Bott, Redcliffe, Alta.

THE TALE OF A DOLLAR

A citizen went down to spend
Some of his hard earned dough,
And in a merry jest, and just
To show his printing skill,
He printed his initials on
A brand new dollar bill.
He spent that dollar that same day.
Down in a grocery store;
He thought 'twas gone forever then
And he'd see it no more.
But long before the year rolled by
One day he went to fill
A neighbor's order and received
That same one dollar bill.
Once more he spent that dollar bill
In his own neighborhood,
Where it would do himself and friends
The most amount of good.
Four times in two years it came back
As some bad pennies will,
And each time he'd go out and spend
That marked one dollar bill.
Had he been wise that dollar might
Be in town today;
But just two years ago
He sent it far away.
The people who received it then,
I know have got it still,
For 'twas a mail order house
He sent his dollar bill.
No more will that marked dollar bill
Come into this citizen's town,
And never more will it help to pay
The taxes he planks down.
He put it where it never can
Its work in life fulfill;
He brought about the living death
Of that one dollar bill.

E. O. Brundage
Painter and Decorator

If you want any artistic work in Painting, Paperhanging and Decorating give us a call.

Practical work at practical prices

Gladys Ave. - - - Abbotsford

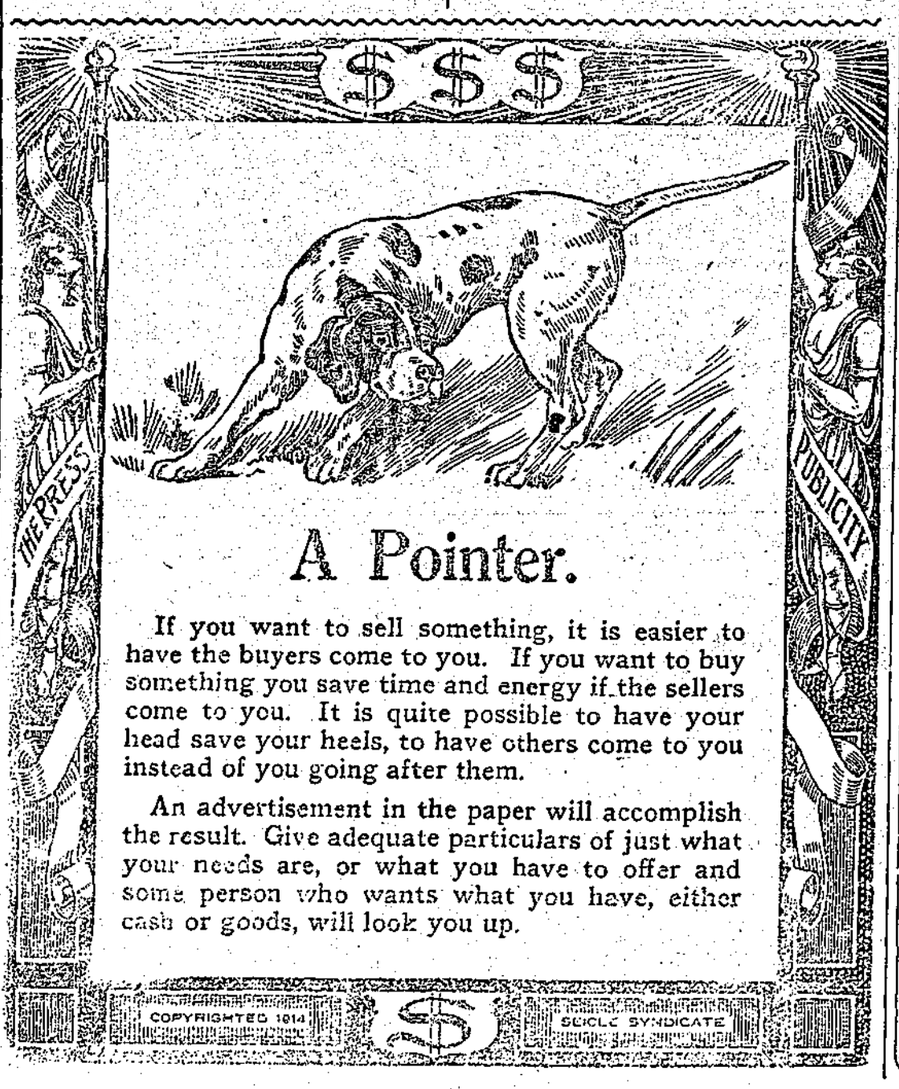
J. H. JONES
Funeral Director

Furnisher of Funeral Supplies
Phone Connection. Mission City

Absence makes the heart grow fonder, we're told, but a good portrait of the absent one will keep the recollection much more vivid—and comfort many a lonely hour of separation.

We make a specialty of portraiture and our studio is exceptionally equipped for fine portrait work.

The Royal Studio



A Pointer.

If you want to sell something, it is easier to have the buyers come to you. If you want to buy something you save time and energy if the sellers come to you. It is quite possible to have your head save your heels, to have others come to you instead of you going after them.

An advertisement in the paper will accomplish the result. Give adequate particulars of just what your needs are, or what you have to offer and some person who wants what you have, either cash or goods, will look you up.

Stock Insurance

Insure your horses and cattle in case of accident or death

Nice White Plymouth Rock Cockerals for breeding purposes. Good stock and at right prices.

A. McCallum
Abbotsford

MATSQUI-SUMAS BOARD OF TRADE

President, Chas. Hill-Tout Secretary, S. A. Morley
of Abbotsford, B. C.

Meeting Held First Monday of Each Month

Write the secretary regarding manufacturing sites with unexcelled shipping facilities and cheap power or information regarding the farm and fruit lands of the district, and industries already established.

THAT LOOK OF SATISFACTION

is in the face of every man fresh from his morning plunge. But whether the plunge is a delight, or an unpleasant task to hurry through, depends on your bathroom. We can put in all the new improvements and fixtures, in your bathroom at most reasonable prices.

WM. ROBERTS
Plumbing Shop
Old Creamery Bldg Abbotsford

Rubbers

We have just received and placed on our shelves a full assortment of Men's Women's and Children's Rubbers.
Prices from 50c to $1.05.

Geo. C. Clark
Abbotsford

ABBOTSFORD HOTEL

ABBOTSFORD, B. C

Strictly first-class in every respect. The bar is stocked with the best of wines, liquor and cigars,

RATES, $1.50 TO $2.00 PER DAY

A. J. HENDERSON & SONS PROPRIETORS

A. M. KING
BUTCHER

Pork, Mutton, Beef, Veal, Pork Sausages, Wieners and Balogna always on hand. Fish every Thursday

WHY THE EMPINRE IS AT WAR

Reply of Servia to Austria (July 25).

* * *The Royal Government cannot be held responsible for manisfestations of a private character, such as articles in the press and the peaceable work of societies—manifestations which take place in nearly all countries in the ordinary course of events and which as a general rule escape official control.

For these reasons the Royal Government have bee n pained and surprised at the statements according to which members of the Kingdom of Servia are supposed to have participated in the preparations for the crime committed at Serajevo; the Royal Government expected to be invited to collaborate in an investigation of all that concerns thsi crime, and they are ready, in order to prove the entire correctness of their attitude, to take measures against any persons concerning whom representations were made to them. Falling in, therefore, with idea of the Imperial and Royal Government they are prepared to hand over for trial any Servian subject, without regard to his situation or rank, of whose complicity in the crime of Serajevo proofs are forthcoming, and more especially they undertake to cause to be published on the first page of the Official Journal and the Official Bulletin of the army the declaration suggested by Austria-Hungary.

1. To introduce at the first regular convocation of the Skuptchina a provision into the press law providing for the most severe punishment of incitement to hatred or contempt of the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy, and for taking action against any publication the general tendency of which is directed against the territorial integrity of Austro-Hungary. The Government engage at the approaching revision of the Constitution to cause an amendment to be introduced into article 22 of the Constitution of such a nature that such publication may be confiscated, a proceeding at present impossible under the categorical terms of article 22 of the Constitution.

2. The Government possess no proof, nor does the note of the Imperial and Royal Government furnish them with any, that the Narodna Odbrana and and other similar societies have committed up to the present any criminal act of this nature through the proceedings of any of their members. Nevertheless, the Royal Government will accept the demand of the Imperial and Royal Government, and will dissolve the Narodna Odbrana Society and every other society which may be directing its efforts against Austria-Hungary.

3. The Royal Servian Government undertake to remove without delay from their public educational establishments in Servia all that serves or could serve to foment propaganda against Austria-Hungary, whenever the Imperial and Royal Government furnish them with facts and proofs of this propaganda.

4. The Royal Government also agree to remove from military service all such persons as the judicial inquiry may have proved to be guilty of acts directed against the integrity of the territory of the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy and they expect the Imperial and Royal Government to communicate to them at a later date the names and the acts of these officers and officials for the purposes of the proceedings which are to be taken against them.

5. The Royal Government must confess that they do not clearly grasp the meaning or the scope of the demand made by the Imperial and Royal Government that Servia shall undertake to accept the collaboration of the organs of the Imperial and Royal Government upon their territory, but they declare that they will admit such collaboration as agrees with the principal of international law, with criminal procedure, and with good neighborly relations.

6. It goes without saying that the Royal Government consider it their duty to open an inquiry against all such persons as are, or eventually may be, implicated in the plot of June 28th, and who happen to be within the territory of the kingdom. As regards the participation in this inqury of Austro-Hungaran agents or authorities appointed for this purpose by the Imperial and Royal Government, the Royal Government cannot accept such an arrangement, as it would be a violation of the Constitution and of the law of criminal procedure; nevertheless, in concrete cases communications as to the results of the question might be given to the Austro-Hungarian agents.

7. The Royal Government proceeded, on the very evening of the delivery of the note, to arrest Commandant Voislav Tankossitch. As regards Milan Ziganovitch, who is a subject of Austro-Hungarian Monarchy, and who up to June 28 was employed (on probation) by the directorate of railways, it has not yet been possible to arrest him

The Austro-Hungarian Government are requested to be so good as to supply as soon as possible, in the customary form, the presumptive evidence of guilt, as well as the eventual proofs of guilt which have been collected up to the present, at the inquiry of Serajevo for the purposes of the latter inquiry.

8. The Servian Government will reinforce and extend the measures which have been taken for preventing the illicit traffic of arms and explosives across the frontier. It goes without saying that they will immediately order an inquiry and will severely punish the frontier officials on the Schabatz-Loznitza line who have failed in their duty and allowed the authors of the crime of Serajevo to pass.

9. The Royal Government will gladly give explanations of the remarks made by their officials, whether in Servia or abroad, in interviews after the crime, and which according to the statement of the Imperial and Royal Government were hostile toward the Monarchy as soon as the Imperial and Royal Government have communicated to them the passages in question in these remarks, and as soon as they have shown the remarks were actually made by the said officials, although the Royal Government will itself take steps to collect evidence and proofs.

10. The Royal Government will inform the Imperial and Royal Government of the execution of the measures comprised under the above heads, in so far as this has not already been done by the present note, as soon as each measure has been ordered and carried out.

If the Imperial and Royal Government are not satisfied with this reply, the Servian Government considering that it is not to the common interest to precipitate the solution of this question, are ready, as always, to accept a pacific understanding, either by referring this question to the dcision of the International Tribunal of The Hague, or to the Great Powers which took part in the drawing up of the declaration made by the Servian Government on March 31, 1909.

Note of Austria on Servia's Reply July 26.

The object of the Servian note is to create the false impression that the Servian Government is prepared in great measure to comply with our demands.

As a matter of fact, Servia's note is filled with a spirit of dishonesty, which clearly lets it be seen that the Servian Government is not seriously determined to put culpable tolerance it hitherto has extended to intrigues against the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy.

The Servian note contains such far-reaching reservations and limitations not only regarding the general principles of our action, but also in regard to the individual claims we have put forward, that the concessions actually made by Servia become insignificant.

In particular our demand for the participation of the Austro-Hungarian authorities in the conspiracy on Servian territory has been rejected, while our request that measures be taken against that section of the Servian press hostile to the Austro-Hungary has been declined, and our wish that the Servian Government take the necessary measures to prevent the dissolved Austro-phobe associations continuing their activity under another name and under another form has not even been considered.

Since the claims to the Austro-Hungarian note of July 23, regard being had to the attitude hitherto adopted by Servia, represent the minimum of what is necessary for the establishment of permanent peace with the Southeastern Monarchy, the Servian answer must be regarded as unsatisfactory.

Austria's Declaration of War Against Servia July 28

The Royal Government of Servia not having replied in a satisfactory manner to the note remitted to it by the Austro-Hungarian Minister in Belgrade on July 23, 1914, the Imperial and Royal Government finds itself compelled to proceed to safeguard its rights and interests and to have recourse for this purpose to force of arms.

Austria-Hungary considers itself, therefore, from this moment in a state of war with Servia.

Note of the British Foreign Office on Belgian Neutrality, August 4.

To the British Ambassador at Berlin:

We hear that Germany has addressed a note to the Belgian Minister for Foreign Affairs stating that the German Government will be compelled to carry out, if necessary, by force of arms, the measures considered indispensable. We are also informed that Belgian territory has been violated at Gemmenich.

In these circumstances, and in view of the fact that Germany declined to give the same assurance respecting Belgium as France gave last week in reply to our request made simultaneously at Berlin and Paris, we must repeat that request, and ask that a satisfactory reply to it and to our telegram of this morning be received here by 12 o'clock to-night. If not, you are instructed to ask for your passports, and to say that His Majesty's Government feel bound to take all steps in their power to uphold the neutrality of Belgium and the observance of a treaty to which Germany is as much a party as ouselves.

BRITAIN'S EFFORT FOR PEACE

Foreseeing all this, Sir Edward Grey, whose efforts during the recent Balkan wars had won for for him the title of Peacemaker of Europe, was early in the field with proposals for averting war, and the British Government" persisted to the very last moment of the last hour in that great and beneficent but unhappily frustrated purpose" (Mr. Asquith).

Already on July 20th, having received an inkling of what was on foot, Sir Edward Grey spoke to the German ambassador of the importance, if the peace of Europe was to be preserved, of Austria "Keeping her demand within reasonable limits." The suggestion was not adopted. The German Foreign Secretary "considered it inadvisable that the Austro-Hungarian Government should be approached by the German Government on the matter" (July 22). The Austrian ultimatum, which the same Minister "admitted that the Servian Government could not swallow," was despatched on the following day.

On July 23, having heard from the Austrian Ambassador an outline of what the Austrian note contained, Sir Edward Grey pressed upon him, as also upon the German Government, the desirability of persuading the Austrian Government to extend its time-limit. The Russian Government took the same line. The German Ambassador was instructed to "pass on" Sir Edward Grey's suggestion, but the German Foreign Secretary said that "there would be delay and difficulty in getting time-limit extended," adding, "quite freely, that the Austro-Hungarian Government wished to give the Servians a lesson and meant to take military action."

On July 24, having received the text of the Austrian ultimatum, and foreseeing that if Austria attacked Servia Russia would mobilize, Sir Edward Grey proposed that "Germany, France, Italy, and Great Britain, who had not direct interests in Servia, should act together for the sake of peace, simultaneously in Vienna and St. Petersburg," "in the event of the relations between Austria and Russia becoming threatening." "It would be very desirable," he said to the German Ambassador, "to get Austria not to precipitate military action and so gain more time. But none of us could influence Austria in this direction unless Germany would propose and participate in such action at Vienna." France was favorable to this plan. So was Italy. Russia was "quite ready to stand aside and leave the question in the hands of England, France, Germany and Italy." Having thus received assurances that, if only Germany agreed his plan might be efficacious, Sir Edward Grey on July 26 formally in-

(Continued on Page Four)

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We Are Introducing
American Silk
American Cashmere
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HOSIERY

They have stod the test. Give real foot comfort. No seams to rip. Never become loose or baggy. The shape is knit in—not pressed in.

GUARANTEED for fineness style, superiority of material and workmanship. Absoluteiyl stainless. Will wear 6 months without holes, or new ones free

OUR SPECIAL OFFER
to evryone sending us $1.00 in currency or postal note, to cover advertising and shipping charges, we will send post-paid with written guarantee, backed by a five million dollar company, either

3 pairs of our 75c. value American Silk Hosiery,
or 4 pairs of our 50c value American Cashmere Hosiery,
or 4 pairs of our 50c value. American Cotton-Lisle Hosiery
or 6 pairs of Children's Hosiery
Give the color, size, and whether Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired.

DON'T DELAY—Offfer expires when a dealer in your locality is selected.

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DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.

B.C. HILLIAM
British Columbia's Foremost Entestainer, and
Concert Company
Alexandria Hall
Sat. Dec. 12th
1914
at 8 p. m.

Registered at the Alexadria Hotel during the past week were Dr. W. H. Mackay of Chilliwack, N. W. McPherson, Fred Reising, Seattle, S. L. Blake, Vancouver, and H. Eaton.

As a result of the attractive sale of work and tea held by the Ladies Aid of St. Paul's Church on Wednesday the funds of the church will be augmented and the work of the church helped accordingly. The collection of useful and fancy articles, the handiwork of the members of the Aid and their supporters was plainly indicative of considerable activity in the sewing line. The enjoyment of the sale was enhanced by the great sociability of all present.

Misses Ruth and Alex. Murphy and Mr. Malcolm were week end visitors to Chilliwack.

Miss L. B. Turnbull, of Nanaimo, is visiting her sister the Huntingdon postmistress and will remain here over Christmastide.

Dr. Draney returned this week after several days vacation at Vancouver and New Westminster.

Mr. A. S. McCall, who has been enjoying a visit with friends at Seattle returned home this week.

With the approach of Christmas, Principal Miss B. Gillespie and Miss B. Elderkin, of the local school are taking active steps to ensure a pleasant time for the children. On Friday December 18, the school will dismiss for the Christmastide vacation closing exercises will be held and an interesting entertainment will be provided for the happiness of both the scholars and the proud parents.

SUNDAY COLUMN

We have three places of public worship, all open to the general public. The Roman Catholic church on the eastern side has occasional services as announced from time to time for the convenience of the adherents of that church. The Anglican church on the south side has morning and evening worship with Sunday School in the afternoon. Rev. Mr. Yates is in charge. On the west side is the Presbyterian church with Rev. J. L. Campbell as pastor, and services are also in the forenoon and evening with Sunday School and Bible class before the morning worship. A teacher training class meets at 3 p. m. and is in charge of Mrs. Campbell.

Man is said to be "incurably religious" and in all parts of the world is a worshipper of some Deity.

The religions of the world are divided into two great divisions, Christian and Non-Christian, and all have a common basis or source in the nature of the man. A study of the various religions of mankind forms a wide field of research and is known as Comparative Religion.

The great religions have a literature, have books, but the smaller have none. It is relatively easy to study and compare the Book religions but very difficult to be certain that the beliefs of the tribes who have no books are. These can be ascertained only by living among them and learning their ideas and customs. The missionaries from Christian lands have visited all parts of the world and brought to light places and people that were entirely unknown before, for instance Livingstone in Central Africa. Religions are judged by their effects on those who embrace and profess them. Christianity is judged superior to all other religions because of its effects on the individuals, the families, and nations who call themselves Christian and live out its teachings. Heathen tribes have been constantly at war with each other and many were cannibals. This was the natural outcome of their religions and political ideas. The Christian nations now at war are acting contrary to the teachings of their founder, who is properly called the Prince of Peace. His Kingdom is righteousness, and peace, and joy. Unrighteousness is the cause of war and not till righteousness prevails can permanent peace be secured in a human life, community or nation.

Mr. Charles W. Gordon (Ralph Connor) writing in the Manitoba Free Press says: There is no place for pessimism on the part of any Britisher in this war. The outcome is assured—we shall win and win completely. But those cheery optimists who foresee a speedy end of this strife, and who picture a joyous jaunt for the Allies, can hardly be regarded lunatics, for harmless they are not The sooner Canada realizes that this war is a stern, serious business and that it will grow in desperation as the long weary months drag their terrible length through winter and perhaps through summer andthrough winter again, the better it will be. Let us make no mistake. For forty years Germany has planned for a world conquest and upon this issue has staked her all—her very existence. Victory for the Allies means the dethronement of the Kaiser and the destruction of the war party of Germany. He and they will be wiped out of existence and they know it if they fail in this gigantic struggle Let Canada wake before it is too late, and get ready quick.

To Former Patrons of Huntingdon Mercantile Company, and others.

I wish to notify the Public that I have bought out the Stock carried by The Huntingdon MercantiCompany, and now have a complete Line of Groceries in Stock.

See my Fine Window Display of Japanese Chinaware. Makes a most acceptable Christmas Gift.

Hoping to have a continuance of your patronage, I remain.

Yours truly,
E. COBLEY

Dated November 25th, 1914.

WHY WE ARE AT WAR

(Continued from Page Three)

vited the governments of France, Germany and Italy to instruct their several ambassadors to confer with him "for the purpose of discovering an issue which would prevent complications." The invitation was accepted by France and Italy. The German Foreign Secretary "could not fall in with the suggestion, desirous though he was to co-operate for the maintenance of peace" (July 27)

Sir Edward Grey thereupon saw the German Ambassador (July 27) and promised "as long as Germany would work to keep peace I would keep closely in touch. I repeated that after the Servian reply it was at Vienna that some moderation must be urged." On the following day (July 28) Austria-Hungary declared war on Servia.

As the German Government was understood to have accepted in principle the idea of mediation by the four Powers between Austria and Russia, it was proposed, "that the German Secretary of State should suggest the lines on which this principle should be applied." The German Government made no suggestion of the kind.

Sir Edward Grey's scheme had temporarily been in abeyance, as the Russian Government had affered to discuss matters with the Austrian Government direct. This offer was declined by Austria (July 28).

Sir Edwrd Grey next appealed to the German Chancellor. "If he can induce Austria to satisfy Russia and to abstain from going so far as to come into collision with her, we shall join in deep gratitude to his Excellency for having saved the peace of Europe" (July 29). The Italian Government had simultaneously appealed to Germany in a like sense.

On that same day the German Government made certain proposals to Great Britain to which we shall come presently and which the Prime Minister afterwards characterized as "infamous." But so persistent was the British Government in pursuit of peace that Sir Edward Grey in declaring the proposals used language of great restraint (July 30), and accompanied his refusal by yet another "most earnest" appeal to the German Chancellor: "The one way of maintaining the good relations between England and Germay is that the god relations between England England and Germany should continue to work together to preserve the peace of Europe; if we succeed in this object, the mutual relations of Germany and England will, I believe, be ipso facto improved and strengthened. For that object his Majesty's Government will work in that way with all sincerity and good will. And I will say this: If the peace of Europe can be preserved, and the present crisis safely passed, my own endeavor will be to promote some arrangement to which Germany could be a party, by which she could be assured that no aggressive or hostile policy would be pursued against her or her allies by France, Russia, and ourselves jointly or separately."

(To be continued next issue)

LIQUOR ACT, 1910

(Section 42.)

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel license to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Abbotsford Hotel, situate in Abbotsford, B. C. in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated this 16th day of October, 1914.

A. J. HENDERSON,
Applicant.

HUNTINGDON UNION SUNDAY SCHOOL

The Huntingdon Union Sunday School meets every Sunday in the new School House at 2.30 p.m.

All are cordially invited.

A. E. SKINNER, Sec.-Treas.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

The Union Sunday School and Adult Bible Class meet at 2:15 p.m.
Public Worship at 3:15.
A hearty invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings.

J. L. Campbell, pastor.

CHARLEY'S POOL ROOM
Huntingdon
Fast Tables Perfect Cues
The Place to Meet Your Friends
FIRST CLASS BARBER SERVICE
Laundry Agency in Connection

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P. O. Box 44 Abbotsford, B. C.

Having had many years expcrience in framing timbers and Carpenter Work of every description, I ask the liberty to figure on any work you may have, either by day or contract. Drop a postal card to the above address and I will call and give full particulars free. At present would accept Hay or Potatoes in trade for work.

Alexandria Cafe
HUNTINGDON
Opposite B. C. E. R. Depot
Now Open Under New Management
Proprietress
MRS. JULIA CORBIN
Cafe open 6 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Please give us a call
High class Meal—Quick Service.

A CONCERT By the pupils of the Misses Steede, assisted by an Abbotsford Orchestra
—Will be given in the—
Alexandria Hall, Abbotsford
Wednesday, Dec. 9th at 8 p. m.
Action Songs, Instrumental Pieces and Toy Symphony.
The May Day Butterfly Dance will be given.
Proceeds in Aid of Belgian Funds.
Admission 35c, Children 15c

Dr. H.R. Draney
DENTIST
Dental Parlors next to Alexandria Hotel
Huntingdon, - B. C.

Christmas Fruits and Candy

Fresh Cluster Raisins, Grapes, Black Figs, Fancy Dates and Persimmons. Candies, Creams and Nuts. Also Christmas Novelties. Splendid Fruits for Pies. Orders taken for Christmas Cakes. "Shop Early."

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Farmers' and Travelers trade solicited.
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