Official Gazette

W. J. WALKER & CO.
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Daily The Truth

W. J. WALKER & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS AND CITY AUDITORS 1888-7-8-9
TELEPHONE CALL 55. NEW WESTMINSTER.

NUMBER 195 NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 23, 1890. FIVE CENTS.

S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO
Real Estate Brokers,
INSURANCE & FINANCIAL AGENTS
Conveyancers, Notaries, Etc.,
COLONIAL BLOCK, - NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Offer for sale choice business and residence property in the City and suburbs. Some fine pieces of acreage just outside the City limits. Building lots and acreage in Sapperton and Brownsville. Farming lands, improved and unimproved, in all parts of the District.

LOTS IN BLAINE, B.C.

Loans Negotiated. --o-- Collections Made.

C. E. WOODS, Land Surveyor A. C. GAMBLE, Notary Public

Woods, Turner & Gamble,
LAND SURVEYORS,
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, FINANCIAL AG'TS
AND COVEYANCERS.

Land Surveying in all its branches accurately and promptly carried out. City and Suburban Lands for sale. We can show a complete list of desirable localities. Farming lands. Improved and unimproved, throughout the district. Mining and other stock bought and sold. Money to loan on first mortgage.

Agents for the following Insurance Companies: Western of Toronto, Aetna, City of London, Hartford, New York Life, and Travellers. OFFICE—Bank of British Columbia Block, Columbia street, New Westminster. Telephone Call No. "R." Postoffice Drawer "W."

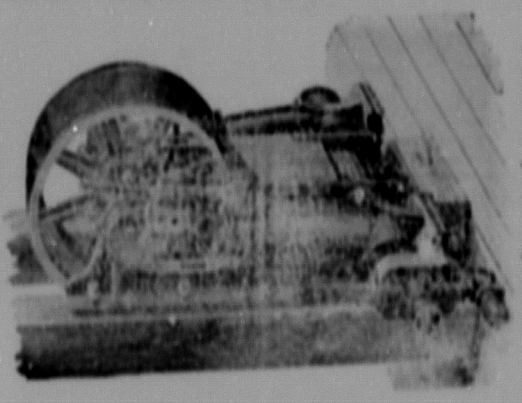
To Smokers
IF YOU WANT TO ENJOY A GOOD CIGAR JUST FOR THE
BRITISH LION,
MAINLAND,
HENRY LEE.
They are not only made of the Choicest Tobacco, but they are of HOME MANU FACTURE, and claim to patronized by all good citizens.
WM. TIETJEN, Manufacturer HASTINGS STREET, COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER.

D. S. CURTIS & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Next Colonial Hotel DRUGGISTS New Westminster

T. OVENS, General Machinist & Blacksmith
Douglas Street, above Columbia, New Westminster.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
Buggies, Carriages, and Wagons Manufactured.
Dealer in all Kinds of Machinery.
Agricultural Machinery Repaired

Saw Mill Machinery



SUPPLIES BELTING, SAWS, ETC.

Agents for—McLaren Belt Leather Co., Royal City Mills, Rossette Sawmill, Moodyville Sawmill, Victoria Lumber Co.
W. P. Squires, G. Wilson St.

STRICKLAND & COMPANY

H. T. READ & Co.
Leading Hardware and Paint Merchants of New Westminster.
Contractors and others erecting houses should call on us and examine our extensive stock of Builders Hardware, which is excelled by no other house in the Province.
We Carry the Largest Assortment of Locks in the City.
To Those Requiring Paints and Oils we beg to call attention to our extensive variety.
Superior Coach Colors, in all shades. Tube Colors, of every Description. Floor Paints, ready for use.
We have much pleasure in announcing that we have been appointed Sole Agents in this City for the sale of the Celebrated Alpaugh's Magnetic Iron Paint, the highest grade Fire Proof Paint in the world. Guaranteed 50 per cent. pure oxide.
MASONIC and ODDFELLOW'S BLOCK, NEW WESTMINSTER.

THE LEADING
DRUGGISTS!
Patent Medicines
DRUGS
PERFUMES
Toilet Articles, etc.
Macpherson & Thomson
TELEPHONE 57.
NIGHT BELL ATTENDANCE. 194-1m

Attention I. O. O. F.

ALL MEMBERS of New Westminster Lodge No. 1, are requested to assemble at the Lodge Room on

Sunday, April 27th, at 2.30 P. M.

To attend the Anniversary services in the Methodist Church.

Visiting brethren in good standing are cordially invited.

F. H. MEYER, Secretary, pro tem.

194-6t

NOTICE

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HARDWARE merchants of New Westminster, agree to close our respective places of business at two o'clock sharp on Saturday afternoons on and after Saturday, May 3rd, 1890, and to remain closed until Monday morning.

H. T. READ & Co.
H. M. CUNNINGHAM & Co.
T. J. TRAPP & Co.
CARPELL & ANDERSON,
E. S. SCOULLAR & Co.

193-10t

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DONALD CHISHOLM DECEASED. Creditors are requested to send their claims with proper proof thereof, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith to Miss Annie Chisholm of New Westminster, executrix of the will of the deceased.

ARMSTRONG, PEMBERTON & GAYNOR, Solicitors for Executrix.

Dated 19th April, 1890. 189-10t

DAIRY FOR SALE.

A FIRST-RATE, WELL-ESTABLISHED Dairy for sale on easy terms; close to City. A splendid opening for an energetic man. Apply to W. R. KING & CO., House and Estate Agents. New Westminster. 191-tf

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of LONDON
Capital, - - £1,000,000 Stg.
Rates as low as any other reliable company doing business in British Columbia.
W. J. ARMSTRONG, Agent for New Westminster.

ASK YOUR FRIEND ABOUT ABBOTSFORD.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited up to 8 p.m. on THURSDAY, 1st MAY, for the erection of a Cottage at Lion Gardens for Mr. W. E. Lewis. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

G. W. GRANT, Architect.

WESTMINSTER, April 22, 1890. 193-3

Tenders for Moody Square

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE City Hall, New Westminster, up to 8 p.m. on Monday, April 28th, 1890, for the clearing and grading of Moody Square.

Tenders to be addressed to the "Chairman of the Park Commission," and endorsed "Tenders for Clearing and Grading Moody Square."

No tender will be entertained unless accompanied by a deposit equal to five per cent of amount of tender, which shall be forfeited if party tendering refuses or neglects to enter into a contract when called upon to do so. In the event of a tender not being accepted the deposit will be returned.

Plans and specifications may be seen in the City Engineer's office, City Hall.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

M. SINCLAIR, Chairman Park Committee.

New Westminster, April 12, 1890. 187-tf

MYSTERIOUS PARNELL

AND STANLEY HAVE CONSIDERABLE ATTENTION SHOWN THEM.

Stanley Feted by His Admirers at Brussels—Parnell Mystifies His Adherents, for Which he is Rated—Senator McInnes Calls Mr. Moylan Names in the Senate Chamber.

LONDON, April 22.—In presenting his land scheme, which he offers as a substitute for the complicated measure introduced by Balfour, Parnell has succeeded in mystifying his friends as well as his opponents. While they will naturally support a measure framed by their leader the Nationalist members feel they are entitled to a full explanation of the scheme which many of them unhesitatingly admit they don't understand. In some respects they are free to say the plan appears to offer but few benefits.

The Government is in receipt of information from the British consul at Jerusalem reporting the capture by Arab brigands in Petra of Mr. Hill, a prominent solicitor of Liverpool, with his wife and their attendants. The report states that Mr. and Mrs. Hill, who have been journeying through the Holy Land for some time past, were seized by a band of Arabs while they were viewing ruins of an old city of Petra and carried to a common rendezvous of a number of predatory bandits, pending negotiations for their release, upon payment of a heavy ransom. The prisoners at once communicated with the consul, who paid the sum demanded by the brigands, and the hostages were set at liberty after some weeks of captivity. They were offered no indignities during their confinement.

A Shower of Honors.

BRUSSELS, April 22.—Stanley was entertained at a garden party given in his honor on the grounds of the palace at Laeken this evening. Fifteen hundred guests were present, including many notabilities. A complimentary fete in honor of Stanley was given on the house this afternoon by the Society of Engineers. The king and royal family were present. The king delivered a speech, and spoke in enthusiastic terms of Stanley.

Imperial Parliament.

LONDON, April 22.—In the Commons this morning George C. Bartley, member for North Islington, moved appointment of committee to inquire into the labor question. In the course of the ensuing discussion Bradlaugh fiercely attacked R. Cunninghame Graham, member for Northwest Lanarkshire, charging him with inciting strife among working classes, with the result of reducing them to the verge of starvation. The condition of English labor, Mr. Bradlaugh contended, was favorable beyond comparison with any other European workmen. Mr. Graham denounced Bradlaugh's statements as unfounded but declared that he would incite violence on the part of working classes when their condition should become sufficiently improved and powerful to promise their success. Subsequently Bartley withdrew his motion. Under cloture the Government's motion, amending the motion of Mr. O'Connor by blocking further legislation on the liquor question for the entire session, was carried by 139 to 19.

Strikers Satisfied.

INVERNESS, April 22.—The carpenters' strike was settled to the satisfaction of everybody concerned at the conference this afternoon between committees of strikers and bosses. The contractors conceded the eight-hour day and made an agreement to hold good for a year to pay competent carpenters and joiners 30 cents an hour. Original demand for strikers was 35 cents an hour, although they had only been getting 30 and 25 cents. About 500 men will resume work tomorrow.

Stanley Dines and Dances.

BRUSSELS, April 22.—United States Minister Terrel will tomorrow give a dinner to Stanley and party. The Congo committee will give a ball in honor of Stanley and he will also be entertained at luncheon by the Anti-Slavery Society. Dr. Burke maintains that Emin Pasha has a cataract in each eye.

Grain Prospects.

LONDON, April 22.—The *Mark Lane Express* in its weekly review of British grain trade says: Easterly winds have dried the land and the outlook in Kent and Essex is better than that at Easter, elsewhere rain is needed. Barley and oats were strong. The tone of English wheat is improved and there was a fair demand at an advance of 6d, and foreign wheat improved in request and is higher. Prospect of smaller shipments caused a firmer holding. A rise of rupees and rouble is expected to diminish the Indian and Russian shipments. New Zealand reports an average yield and India the reverse. Inquiry for corn freshened.

Epsom Races.

LONDON, April 22.—At the Epsom spring meeting today the race for the Metropolitan Handicap Stakes was won by the three year-old brown colt, Parting Lone, owned by the Duke of Beaufort, Armada 2d, and Galway 3d.

O'Shea Retracts.

LONDON, April 22.—It is stated that the case of Captain O'Shea against his wife and Mr. Parnell will not be brought to trial but will be settled out of court. The basis of settlement is not yet shown but it is understood to involve an unconditional retraction of charges made by the Captain against his wife and Parnell.

Workingmen Parade.

MONTREAL, April 22.—A mass meeting of workingmen has been called by the Knights of Labor for Saturday evening to encourage the eight-hour movement. Great interest is taken by the labor organizations as to the progress of the movement in the States. Canadian workingmen have undertaken to contribute largely to the support of the workmen of the United States during their coming struggle, which will commence on May 1st for an eight-hour day, and as soon as they have succeeded the Canadian carpenters will then care in the strike.

Their Grog Will be Stopped.

OTTAWA, April 22.—Private advices received from Washington state that Secretary Blaine has at the request of the Secretary of the Interior forwarded to Congress a message asking that legislation be enacted to prevent the sale of liquor to Canadian Indians when they cross the border into the United States. This action has been taken at the instance of the Dominion Government.

Victoria News.

VICTORIA, April 22.—The Mainland delegation has made arrangements to wait on the Government at 10 o'clock tomorrow. A resolution of want of confidence in the Government was introduced by Mayor Grant this afternoon. The debate continued all evening and is in progress at 11:30 p. m.

At 12 o'clock the motion of want of confidence was put to a vote and lost by 17 to 4; yeas, Grant, Ladner, Orr, Semlin. Beaven and Cunningham absent.

Invited to Arbitrate.

CHICAGO, April 22.—The arbitration committee for a new Boss Carpenters' Association met the conference committee of striking carpenters this afternoon. A thorough canvass of the situation showed that all parties are agreed that the carpenters' strike can be amicably brought to a termination when the membership of the Bosses' Association is so far increased that they can hold the balance of power. To this end the committee of arbitration invites other associations of carpenters, bosses and builders to unite with them in a settlement of the questions.

Perils of the Deep.

HALIFAX, April 22.—It is feared the schooner Forland which left New York over a month ago for St. Johns, Newfoundland, has been lost. The was commanded by Captain Kelly, of Digby, N. S., and his son Ernest was aboard.

NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

Senator McInnes Gets Worthy—The Penitentiary Matter—The Keeper Discussed—Prof. Macoun Coming to B.C.

OTTAWA, April 22.—The principal topic talked about today is the episode in the Senate yesterday.

There was a lively discussion in the Senate this afternoon over Inspector Moylan's alleged attack on Senator McInnes' connection with the British Columbia Penitentiary. Senator McInnes called Moylan a Judas Iscariot, a blackguard and a labitorly impudent Pharisee. He said grave abuses existed in the penitentiary. Hon. Mr. Abbott claimed that Mr. Moylan had no right to refer to Senator McInnes at all, and the Government should promptly repress insolence to members of parliament by their employees. He will move that he be summoned to the bar of the House to answer for his conduct.

Blake will move that the Provincial Acts liable of disallowance be first submitted to the judicial tribunal for authoritative opinion.

Hon. Mr. Colby has introduced a bill to enable harbor commissioners to prevent the deposit of ballast and rubbish where not wanted in harbors.

The Keefer-Glover divorce case passed the Commons tonight. The Walker case was thrown out.

On the subject of trade treaties, the Premier said today, no doubt if Canada wanted to make treaties with the West Indies or colonies, the Imperial Government would not stand in the way.

Prof. Macoun leaves for British Columbia in a few days.

Col. Prior and Messrs. Mara and Barnard left for home last Friday.

The telegram announcing earthquake shocks at Queen Charlotte Islands shows that there must have been a series of severe earthquakes in the North Pacific, subsequent or otherwise. Earthquakes are certainly decreasing in violence, owing to the earth's recession from the sun, and in time they will cease altogether, or at all events until the earth is supplied with more satellites.

One Too Many.

TORONTO, April 22.—A carpenter named William Raymond drank two large cups full of Irish whiskey Saturday night to convince sceptics of his ability to do so without harm. After drinking the second cup full he fell back, gasped, and tried to vomit but failed and died almost instantly.

The Duke of Connaught has called from Tokio, Japan, accepting invitation of Toronto to spend a day there.

From Chilliwack.

The steamer Delaware arrived yesterday afternoon from Chilliwack and way landings, with 60 passengers and freight for the following firms: S. Maxsden, W. W. Dickinson, Mason, James Wise, J. D. Rae, VanVolkenburgh, A. G. Malcolm, W. B. Austin, E. S. Scoullar, John Woodward, W. & G. Wallbridge, J. Rousseau, Greyell.

The Cranbrook.

The new steamer Cranbrook, built by Sproat & Gray for Mr. A. Ewen, of this city, went for a trip around Race Rocks and Esquimalt harbor on Monday afternoon, with the makers, employees, and several invited guests on board. Capt. A. Hunter was in charge and the little craft ran splendidly, making about eleven knots per hour. She will be brought over to the Fraser in the course of a few days.

General Middleton explains that he authorized the confiscation of a lot of furs belonging to the rebels, and that he thought he was not exceeding his powers in allowing his staff to take some "as souvenirs of the campaign" and in taking some himself. He also bought a lot of furs and received some as presents, so that with the souvenirs, purchases and presents he had enough skins to open a shop. Finding that he had more than enough for by which to remember the campaign, Sir Fred disposed of them to a loyal Ottawa furrier, and made presents of others to his friends. The question now arises, how will this matter be regarded by the military authorities in England? Ever since the Chinese war looting has been strictly prohibited in the British army. There is just a chance that the affair may be regarded with great disfavor in England—especially if Sir Fred forget to send some of the skunk skins to the war office.—*Ex.*

FLOOD AND FAMINE

THREATEN THE CITIZENS OF LOUISIANA.

Strikes are Being Settled While Others are in Progress in Many Cities of the United States—The Richard Rush Preparing for a Long Cruise in Behring Sea—Samoans do not Want the Chinese.

NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—The *Times-Democrat* Bayou Sara special says: Suffering in Pointe Coupee is terrible. It is reported people are resorting to trees for safety. Skiff loads of people are passing through the streets seeking safety on the hills make a sad and gloomy procession of men, women and babies. The situation here is frightful, not a house in town is above flood.

Shoulder to Shoulder.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The American Federation of Labor has issued an address to all workers and sympathizers with the progress of America requesting all, except carpenters and joiners, to refrain from taking action to secure concessions until the first great struggle has been won. Their contributions will be needed in order to secure the success of the carpenters and joiners, which has been selected to make the first demand for the enforcement of the eight-hour day on May 1st. If all trades strike it will mean defeat for all, or, at least, only temporary advantage. Contributions from all are solicited, and if the fund raised is not needed for the carpenters it will be devoted to aiding the next trade which is selected to demand a concession. Sympathizers who are not actually wage-workers are also invited to contribute. It was hoped the ample notice given and apparent justice of the demand and peaceful method of presentation would have caused concessions to be peacefully yielded, but the hostile attitude of boss builders at Chicago and Indianapolis is an evidence that employers intend to make a stubborn resistance. In view of this workingmen must stand all the closer together and concentrate their efforts as above recommended. Contributions should be sent to Christopher Evan, secretary of the federation, 2 Clinton Place, New York. The address is signed by Samuel Gompers, president; William Martin, first vice-president; P. J. McGuire, second vice-president, and Henry Elbirck, treasurer.

Sued for Sugar.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22.—In the United States Circuit Court today a suit was brought for A. Paskoph & Co., of London and Hamburg, against Harrison, Frazier & Co., of this city, to recover refunds of $65,000 for losses said to have been suffered by non-compliance with a contract for the purchase of 25,000 tons of sugar. The sugar was to have been shipped from the Philippine Islands by the Empress of India, but the vessel encountered collision and other troubles, and put in at the Bermudas and discharged about 700 tons of sugar to lighten her. The remainder of the sugar was to have been shipped by the steamer Trinidad. This proposition was not accepted by the purchasers, but agreements were made by which the sugar brought on the Empress of India was sold for $138,300, and that brought on the Trinidad to Harrison, Frazier & Co. for $63,619. The loss was said to be $63,098, which was sued for today.

California Dots.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—According to advice from the Samoan Islands, there is quite an anti-Chinese agitation in progress there. During the reign of Tamasese the Mongolians entered the islands to the number of about 300. Under Malietoa they were not allowed there. Those who are there now have, under the new regime, been ordered to leave Apia by first of May. Malietoa has moreover ordered all Hawaiians to leave at the same time, it being stated that subjects of Kalakaua will introduce leprosy.

DUNSMUIR, Cal., April 22.—A heavy land and rock slide at Upper Soda Springs occurred last night. Large rocks and trees continue to come down the mountains. It is dangerous to work, and two men have been struck and hurt by falling rocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—The revenue cutter Richard Rush is receiving repairs preparatory to a long cruise in Behrings Sea. Capt. W. C. Coulson, formerly of Savannah, has been appointed her commander and will arrive in this city to take charge of her in a few days. Acting Commander Lieut. Tuttle stated today that the Rush would leave for a cruise in Behrings Sea about the middle of the month. "Latitudes where we cruise," he said, "are comparatively well rid of illegal sealers and whisky smugglers. In former trips we have kept a close lookout of suspicious vessels and have, moreover, gone on shore at various points along the south coast and closely scrutinized stores and buildings on the southeast coast of Alaska and is becoming a rendezvous for the smugglers. They have a comparatively safe berth in that locality, because there is no revenue cutter there. I think that a United States steamer should be stationed somewhere along the southeast coast, the whole country would then be fairly well protected and illegal traffic in seals and liquors would soon be knocked in the head."

At a meeting of the California Athletic Club this evening the board of directors was authorized to offer a purse of $10,000 for a finish contest between John L. Sullivan and Peter Jackson.

The Redistribution Deputation.

The deputation to Victoria to lead a forlorn hope against the Government in regard to having the so-called redistribution bill amended, left here yesterday by the 1:10 train. It consisted of Mayor J. C. Brown, Mr. W. B. Townsend, Aldermen Johnson, Stoley, and Sinclair, J. McNab, G. E. Corbould, T. J. Trapp, W. A. Duncan, John Reid, J. Bere, I. F. Eckstein, D. McGregor, D. S. Curtis, and J. Peach. At Vancouver the deputation was joined by many more. At Victoria Messrs. Ackerman and J. B. Kennedy, K. of P. delegates, will join them.

Trouble Will be Averted.

PITTSBURG, April 22.—Today a committee of employees called on Superintendent Turner, of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway. They represented the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen also, and left a petition for the consideration of the Pennsylvania Company officials. The new list of grievances requests that ten hours or less be considered a day, five hours or less a half day, all overtime to be paid for on the same basis. The pay asked is, for day conductors, $2.75; day brakemen, $2.50; night conductors, $2.90; night brakemen, $2.70. One hour to be allowed for dinner, and no crew to work shorthanded or be expected to coal or sand engines. The committee will not insist on any other concessions. S. G. Wilkinson, Grandmaster of Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, stated this evening he did not believe there will be any trouble in adjusting differences. In any event no strike will be resorted to only after every other means have failed.

Union vs. Non-Union.

CHICAGO, April 22.—This morning a number of non-union carpenters went to work on some half-finished cottages near Fifty-third and Wallace Streets and shortly after a crowd of union carpenters appeared and attempted to induce them to leave work. They were deaf to all arguments and about 11 o'clock the crowd had increased to nearly 100 men and they attempted to force the non-union men to quit. One of them resisted and was badly beaten. At this juncture Sergeant Bagley, who lives near by, saw the commotion and went to the scene and attempted to arrest the fighting strikers. They at once turned on him and he was also badly beaten with clubs and stones. During the fight the police station had been notified and a patrol wagon with eight officers was despatched to the scene and by the time they arrived the strikers were in flight. The patrol pursued them and succeeded in capturing about 30 of them who were marched to the station at Englewood and locked up. Sergeant Bagley was found to be badly injured and was taken to his home. The non-union men were put back to work and are now guarded by the police. The greatest excitement prevails and more trouble is feared.

Court of Revision.

The City Council met at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the City Hall as a Court of Revision. There were present Aldermen McPhedon, Smither, Batchelor, Lyal, and Hoy. Ald. Smither was chosen chairman. Mr. A. J. McColl appeared for the Assessor. The following complaints were disposed of:

Frank Devlin—Complained of too high assessment on lot 19, block A. Dismissed.

J. A. Tingley—Too high assessment on suburban lot 11, block 3, subdivisions 1 and 2. Dismissed.

Robert Wallace—Too high assessment on lot 15, block H. Dismissed.

J. Rousseau—Claiming exemption for ½ of lot 12, suburban block 2. Dismissed.

James Jagger—Too high assessment on lots 6 and 12, block 9. Dismissed.

Janes Mills—Too high assessment on suburban lots 6 and 9, block 11. Dismissed.

Alexander Ewen—Claiming illegal assessment on water lots 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18. Dismissed.

Mrs. E. A. Green—Suburban lot 16 assessed too high. Dismissed.

Royal City Planing Mills—Clerical error in valuation. Corrected.

G. E. Corbould—Suburban lot 5, block 1, assessed too high. Dismissed.

W. H. Burr—Too high assessment on suburban lot. Dismissed.

Fisher and Webb—Too high assessment on lots 8, 9, 11, 12, block G., Merchant Square. Mr. Webb maintained that the passage of the Fire Limit Bylaw had depreciated the value of his property. The appeal was dismissed.

Mrs. Adam Jackson—Complaining of too high assessment on half of lot 7, block 3, suburban. Dismissed.

Sisters of St. Ann—Too high assessment on lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, city block 19, ($20,000.) Dismissed.

W. N. Bole—Complaining of over-assessment on all his property within the city. Owing to Mr. Bole being unavoidably absent, holding County Court at Vancouver. The complaint was laidover.

J. H. Coulthard — Over-assessment on city property. Dismissed.

Jaques and Smither — Complained that several lots which they owned had been assessed to Bishop Sillitoe and Judge Bole. The error was ordered corrected.

A large number of transfers of ownership of lots since the assessment roll was made out were approved.

Before adjourning the Court, Chairman Smither took occasion to highly compliment the assessors, and especially Assessment Commissioner Cunkeley, upon the very satisfactory manner in which the work had been done. There were but a very few complaints, showing that the ratepayers generally were satisfied, and in such case these appeals had been dismissed by the Court, and the figures of the Assessor taken as being in their judgment a just and equitable valuation of the property.

The Court then adjourned *sine die*.

MONTREAL, April 22.—A contingent of B Battery of Quebec have gone to Cape Rouge to endeavor to blow up the ice bridge there, which is the only remaining obstruction to the navigation of the St. Lawrence to the sea. It is not expected they will succeed.

How to Spoil a Meal.

An easy way to spoil the evening meal is for each member to tell the sad tale of all that has gone wrong during the day. To mention the disappointments and vexations, to tell of the slights that were endured and the offenses that were given, and to lament over the results of this infelicitous combination of affairs, is enough to counteract the refreshing effect of all the good things with which the most generous and skillful housewife can load the table. Better put this complaining off until some other time. What is the best time for it, it is hard to say. Perhaps an indefinite postponement would be a happy thing for all concerned. Half the things that we groan over tonight will right themselves before tomorrow night, if we let them alone.—Good Housekeeping.

Telephone No. 85 Armstrong Block, New Westminster

Bell-Irving, Paterson & Co.

Wholesale and Commission Merchants, Wholesale Dealers in Liquors,

SHIPPING AGENTS

On hand direct from England, large stock of liquors, vitrified drain pipes. Orders taken for iron (bar and sheet), gas and water pipes, galvanized iron ware, tin plates, nails, and all classes of metal work.

THE TRUTH is issued every morning except Monday and will be sent to mail subscribers at the following yearly in-advance rates: 1 month 50 cents, 3 months $1, 6 months $1.75 per $1. Delivered by carrier in New Westminster, $1 a month. The weekly edition is printed every Tuesday, and will be mailed 3 months for 50 cents, 6 months $1, 1 year $2.

GLUE RATES: The weekly edition will be mailed to order at not more than a dollar a year each, the money to be sent in at one time.

REGULAR ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted in the daily edition at the following monthly rates, payable on 1st day of each month: Per inch over one column, $2.50; position advertisements, $3.50. In the weekly, $1 to $1.50 per inch per month. No patent medicine advertisements inserted in either edition.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS (in either daily or weekly) 12 cents for first insertion and 10 cents an inch for each additional insertion, payable in advance.

LOCAL NOTICES 25 cents a line, contract rate 10 cents a line, each insertion in daily. Weekly rate 10 cents a line each insertion.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE AND DEATH notices will be charged at the rate of 50 cents per insertion.

JOB PRINTING such as letter, note, statement and bill heads, envelopes, circulars, dodgers, posters, cards, tickets, etc., in good style and at reasonable rates. Orders from outside towns, now will receive prompt attention.

ADDRESS: THE TRUTH, New Westminster, British Columbia.

The Truth

Daily Edition.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The resolution of protest in the Fisheries Department, passed by the Victoria Board of Trade the other day regarding the regulations recently issued to govern the salmon fisheries in the Fraser River, seems to us to be in the right spirit. The Minister is asked to come himself or to send out a commission to enquire into the business as it is carried on here, with a view to obtaining such sensible alteration as will prevent the continuance of obnoxious regulations. The money men are not working factors; all they want is that the powers who have the making of the laws should have such information as would guide them in taking a reasonable view of the matter. It is evident that the rules which they recently drew up, and which are now in force, are based on very inferior knowledge of the circumstances and conditions existing here. These fisheries are very great importance to the City of New Westminster, and anything that puts an outside in the way of the business is a drawback to our progress as a community. It is to be hoped that the Hon. Mr. Tupper will lose no time in making the necessary investigations.

In today's issue will be found an article wherein is set forth the proposition of a practical bridge builder to construct a bridge over the Fraser at Hawtry and maintain it for five years, for the sum of $150,000. The gentleman who makes the offer, we are informed, is thoroughly competent to undertake the work, and whether anything comes of it or not, the matter is worth being closely considered. We would suggest that a conference be held with the City Council, when the scheme might be elaborated.

The closer we get to the Provincial Legislature opening that candidates for election to the Local House will be required to pay a deposit of $200 has been objected to strongly by members of the Opposition. The ground taken against it is that as a Province so young it is a hardship to require that a candidate who does not poll more than half the number of votes polled by the successful candidate shall be compelled to contribute $200 to the expenses of the election, while the successful candidate gets his money returned to him. Looking at the matter from the broad standpoint of the right of any elector to be elected, there does seem to be an injustice involved. For too many candidates at an election is a nuisance as well as an expense, and a man should have enough good sense to be able to discover his chance within at least two-thirds of the votes likely to be cast before he allows himself to go into nomination. More than this, candidates are often multiplied with the sole object of drawing a certain portion of votes away from the candidate who otherwise would be sure of election. In such a case as this, the treasuring candidate really deserves to be made to pay, as he is likely to be the cause of those who put him up should be made to pay for him. We cannot see that the provision in Mr. Davie's bill and it exists nowhere in the Dominion Act can do any serious injury to worthless candidates, while it is sure on the whole to do a great deal of good.

Mr. J. C. McLagan, of the World, made a speech at the meeting of the Mainland Association in Vancouver the other evening which we take it does him some credit. We fancy that it must require not a little moral courage to defend the Provincial Premier in Vancouver just now, but Mr. McLagan did it, we found, he made a stronger plea for Mr. Davie than that honorable gentleman has made for himself. Mr. McLagan pointed out that the Premier had got very large appropriations for his district, and that not two Grand Juries with exception in the matter of the Redistribution Bill. As to that matter, Mr. Robson's doings had been limited only by the impossibility of his doing any more. We do not agree with Mr. McLagan in many of the views he expressed—and especially do we dissent from the view that a Premier should, under any pretext, allow himself to be the creature of his Cabinet in a matter of such vital concern as a Redistribution Bill—but our doughty friend of the World, nevertheless, made a speech no less clever than courageous. The political rabble that sets in to worry a fallen leader is found everywhere, and it is only less despicable than that class of men which also is found everywhere, and which always uses the rabble for its own ends.

TAXING THE MINERS.

EDITOR TRUTH—SIR: I am surprised to see how the Government is determined to shut out prospectors out of the railroad belt, as it is impossible for prospectors to pay $105 before recording, it being a well known fact that 99 out of 100 prospectors have not $105 to their name and have no way of getting it, as the great C. P. R. pays only $1.25 per day and there is no other way of getting it. It is well known that all the players are worked out in Kootenay and it is safe to say that there never will be anything going on of any consequence if a miner or prospector has to pay $105 before recording his claim. The laws were bad enough before and will be ten times worse now. It is simply giving prospectors notice to quit the country. I should hardly think a lot of ignorant Chinese would be guilty of passing such laws in a supposed free country as Canada, even if they were in power and able to do so. I do not wonder at the Americans calling Canadians North American Chinamen if they allow such laws to pass. Such laws would be worse than paying royalty on any of the mines in England, and they are bad enough. It is safe to say that if those laws pass they will be the worst in the whole world. I thought British Columbia had got a lesson by the Nanaimo railroad, but it appears not. Just look at the coal field at Englishman's River, twenty miles square, lying idle, where, if it had not been given to the railroad, no doubt it would be working now. And how many times has there been rich quartz brought into Nanaimo out of the mountains there, but the finders know very well it is no use saying anything about it. I know of a ledge of copper myself on the Island that can be smelted on a campfire into copper, and I consider such laws as will give any company a monopoly in a country are worse than slavery. Yours truly,

THOMAS ADAMS.

Field, B.C., April 14, 1890.

EXPERIMENTAL FARMING

An Interesting Report of the Progress Being Made at Agassiz.

Mr. Thomas H. Sharpe, superintendent of the Dominion Experimental farm, on the 10th of January last made the following report to the department at Ottawa:

None of the land being here in crop since it was purchased by the Government, notwithstanding that much of it was underbrushed last year, it was covered again with a rank growth of ferns and underbrush. This we started to mow with brush scythes, and have gone over about 120 acres, and the brush on about 70 acres has been burnt.

The orchard of three acres has been carefully and thoroughly gone over. It has been ploughed twice, the trees dug about and pruned, and all dead limbs, brush and grass removed and burned.

Of the land on the farm that had been previously under cultivation, about 25 acres have been ploughed and harrowed; sixteen acres of this has been ploughed twice and thoroughly worked up. We have also ploughed about 25 acres of land that had not been ploughed before. This has been a tedious job, as a large number of large fir stumps had to be grubbed out and in many instances the whole tree to remove. Some of these trees were over six feet in diameter and nearly 200 feet long. This work has been delayed by the rains, rendering the burning very difficult. About half of this field, say fifteen acres, has been thoroughly harrowed and the roots gathered up and taken off, and it is now ready for cross-ploughing as soon as the frost is out of the land.

It is intended to have this ready for fruit trees and other crops early in the spring.

We have received from the Central Farm about 1,500 small fruit plants, viz., strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries, currants, etc., all of which have been carefully planted. From other sources also a considerable number of fruit trees and grape vines have been received, as follows:

	Trees.	Varieties.
Apples	27	24
Pears	13	8
Plums	12	9
Peaches	34	20
Cherries	12	12
Apricots	2	1
Nectarines	1	1
Quinces	4	3
Grape vines	22	19

All of which have been put in nursery rows, and will be planted out as soon as the condition of the ground will permit.

About 8,000 forest trees, chiefly of eastern hardwoods, have also come to hand, which are planted in nursery rows, and as they are mostly of one or two years' growth, will do very well in nursery until they are needed for shelter belts, etc.

Acting under your instructions, a number of grape vines and a variety of forest trees will be planted on the rocky hillsides on the east side of the farm.

If it can be shown that grapes, or such timber as the black walnut, butternut, elm, ash and maple can be successfully grown in such places, this will provide for utilizing a considerable area of land otherwise of no value, and be a source of future profit to land owners and a great benefit to the Province.

About fifteen hundred young native cedars have been collected and planted in nursery rows, with the intention of using them for hedges and other ornamental purposes as soon as they are ready to plant out.

From the Central Farm and other sources there has been received a large number of ornamental and flowering shrubs, plants and bulbs, which have been put out in the nursery until land can be got ready for their permanent location. We also have a number of samples of fall wheat and rye, all of which have been sown on land carefully prepared, and quite a number of them have made a very satisfactory growth.

The live stock on the farm consists of two heavy draft teams and one medium team, bought in Ontario and brought out here. By working them carefully for a short time they have become gradually acclimated and have had no sickness as yet. There was also bought in Manitoba one registered short horn cow and a bull calf. From the poultry department of the Central Farm was obtained four coops of different breeds of fowls of four each. They have grown well, but being young have not yet began to lay.

As to the farm itself, I think it could scarcely be more suitable for experimental purposes, as there are all varieties of soil, from rich clay to gravel, and on the eastern boundary the mountains rise several feet, from various branches and slopes, giving a good opportunity to test the value of such places for different kinds of fruit and forest trees.

New Pleasure Yacht.

The pleasure yacht, Rita, built in New York, for Mr. G. A. McTavish, arrived over from Vancouver yesterday morning, having made the trip in ten hours. She came out from the east on a C. P. R. flat car. The Rita is a finely fitted boat, being "Carver" made, and is 32 feet long, by eight feet three inches beam, and three-foot keel. She is supplied with a neat little Naphta engine equal to a speed of seven knots, which can be increased to twelve with the help of her sails. The cabin is roomy, finished in cherry, and elegantly fitted with plush cushions, and every arrangement to make her a model of convenience and comfort. She is capable of carrying supplies for 400 miles, and no doubt her owner will spend many pleasant hours on his trim little yacht. She is also supplied with folding anchors, and everything of the most modern make.—Colonist.

Doings at Victoria.

VICTORIA, April 22.—The sealer schooner E. B. Morris arrived last evening with 254 seal skins.

Dr. Jackson is in a very critical condition and fears are now entertained of his recovery.

Jas. Lawson's condition is better today, and his friends now look forward with hope to his speedy return to health.

Victoria citizens are expectedly awaiting the arrival of a big deputation from the Mainland re the Redistribution Bill. Some doubts are expressed as to the effects such a step will have. They will be cordially received by Victorians.

SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F., NEW WESTMINSTER Lodge No. 3. The regular meetings of this lodge are held at the Odd Fellows Hall every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. T. TYLER, Rec.-Secy.

WORKINGMEN'S LEAGUE. THE New Westminster Workingmen's League meets every Friday evening at 8 p.m., in the Forester's Hall.
1433 A. J. MICHIE, Rec.-Secy.

W. C. T. U. Regular meeting every Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the Orange Hall, corner of Royal Avenue and John streets. The Loyal Temperance Legion meets at the same place every Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock; the Young Ladies' Committee the last Thursday afternoon in each month; and the Literary Temperance League for grown up boys every Friday night from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock. M. A. CUNNINGHAM, president; Cor. Sec., MRS. G. W. GRANT. 164y tf

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Leave Seattle	9:45 a.m.
Arrive Port Townsend	1:15 p.m.
Leave Port Townsend	2:00 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	5:30 p.m.

Daily Except Sunday.

Leave Victoria	8:00 a.m.
Arrive Port Townsend	11:15 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	12:00 m.
Arrive Seattle	4:30 p.m.
Leave Seattle	5:00 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	6:15 p.m.

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Reservations can be secured in advance. Be cool and do not make a mistake but be sure to take the

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And see that your ticket reads via this line. St. Paul or Minneapolis to avoid changes and serious delays occasioned by other routes.

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No Trouble to Show Goods.

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Goods promptly delivered.

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Mr. A. Mountain is now prepared to take photographs at night by a new system of artificial lighting. This will prove a great convenience to those who cannot come in the daytime. During the holidays the gallery will be open in the evenings from 6:30 to 9:00. Satisfaction guaranteed. Studio in the Winter store building, Columbia street, New Westminster.

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J. A. KIRK,
Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor. Colonial Hotel, New Westminster. 19feb

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T. C. ATKINSON,
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FIRE MADE BY FRICTION.

HOW THE THING IS DONE BY NATIVES IN MANY COUNTRIES.

The Rubbing of Dry Sticks Together Is the Favorite Method—Crude Inventions Which Require a Dexterous Hand to Operate—The Pottery and Fungus Plan.

One of the first things every child learns about fire is that certain savage races produce it by the rubbing of two sticks. Delightfully simple as the description of the process is, any one who has tried to perform the operation will certify that it is by no means an easy one, and very likely will afterward declare fervently upon oath that the thing cannot be done. Many travelers have tried, under the most auspicious circumstances—in countries where the production of fire in this manner is in every day use, with a grinning native to choose the weapons and give a practical exhibition of his own skill—and after many joint and muscle aching experiments have given up the attempt in a state of mind bordering on temporary insanity. "We ourselves," writes a traveler, "have been successful just often enough to understand the uncertainty of the operation."

JUDGMENT AND DEXTERITY.

In the first place judgment is required in choosing the sticks. The immense variety of tropic vegetation furnishes many sorts that answer the purpose, but many also that will not; an expert sometimes may be long in finding two specimens suitable. One must be light and soft, the other heavy, of close texture, and both must be dry. Upon the heavy bit he cuts two grooves, in the form of a cross, fixes it tight—with his prehensive toes probably—sharpens the light bit, places it in the intersections of the cross, and twirls it steadily between his palms. Gradually finer forms, in the shape of dust, which drops down the grooves in a tiny heap on either side. If the twirling be interrupted for a second that represents so much waste time, which must be recovered at enormous interest. If the heavy piece shifts the finder is displaced.

But the power of originating fire in this manner with facility is not an accomplishment possessed by every one, even in the countries where the practice exists. The inhabitants of the tropics do not always depend wholly upon their two sticks, among many tribes they are nothing but a last resort. They have other methods of producing fire. A native carries in his belt too perhaps a fragment of hard pottery and a morsel of dry fungus. Striking a bit of the latter in the hollow of the former, and holding it down with the thumb—in such a way that it follows the edge—he smartly strikes his box, which is bamboo, of course, just as if he were handling flint and steel. The fungus tinder is glowing in an instant.

The friction methods in use in different parts of the world are various. One of the simplest is with the stick and groove—a blunt pointed stick being run along a groove of its own making in a piece of wood lying on the ground. In Tahiti Mr. Darwin saw a native produce fire in a few seconds, but only succeeded himself after much labor. This device is employed in New Zealand, the Sandwich Islands, Tonga, Samoa and the Radack Islands. Instead of rubbing the movable stick backward and forward, other tribes make it rotate rapidly in a round hole in the stationary piece of wood, in the manner referred to, thus making an happily designed, a fire drill. This device has been observed in Australia, Kamschatka, Formosa and the Carolines, among the Veddahs of Ceylon, throughout a great part of South Africa, among the Esquimaux and Indian tribes of North America, in the West Indies, in Central America and as far south as the Straits of Magellan. It was also employed by the ancient Mexicans, and Mr. Tayloe gives a quaint picture of the operation from Mexican MS., in which a man, half kneeling on the ground, is causing the stick to rotate between the palms of his own hands. This simple method of rotation seems to be generally in use, but various devices have been resorted to for the purpose of diminishing the labor and hastening the result.

THE FIRE DRILL.

The Gauchos of the Pampas takes "an elastic stick about eighteen inches long, presses one end to his breast and the other in the hole in a piece of wood, and then rapidly turns the curved part like a carpenter's center bit." In other cases the rotation is effected by means of a cord or thong wound round the drill and pulled alternately by this end and that.

A further advance was made by some North American Indians, who appear to have applied the principle of the bow drill, and the still more ingenious pump drill was used by the Iroquois Indians. For a full description of these instruments we must refer the reader to Mr. Taylor's exhaustive chapter in his "Researches." These methods of producing fire are but rarely used in Europe, and only in connection with superstitious observances.

We read in Wuttke that some time ago the authorities of a Mecklenburg village ordered a wild fire to be lighted against the murrain among the cattle. For two hours they strove vainly to obtain a spark, but the fault was not ascribed to the quality of the wood or to the dampness of the atmosphere, but to the stubbornness of an old lady who, objecting to the superstition, would not put out her night light. Such a fire to be efficient must burn alone. At last the strong minded woman was compelled to give in; fire was obtained, but of bad quality, for it did not stop the murrain.

A belief in the peculiar virtues of fire obtained by the friction of wood has at one time or another prevailed among nations of Indo-European race, and not many years ago the obtaining of coal fire was practiced in the Highlands of Scotland. One of its principal virtues has always been considered to be its efficiency against disease.—Fireman, London.

MICHIGAN'S FROG RANCH.

A farm stocked with tadpoles, polliwogs and small incipient frogs.

Mr. Bickham gives several acres of land adjoining the city of Jackson, Michigan, to the frogs. Through the farm runs a large spring, with a bed of white sand, overflowing scores of rush water troughs. Around the spring are pens of the frog people—three in number. Water is supplied to the pools through a pipe from a large deep lake formed by a dam placed across the ravine near the springs. The largest of the pools is well filled with lily pads, Cayuga lily seed, and other varieties of water plants, and to be essential to the life of the frog. The smaller pools are filled with these plants, while the owners are kept comparatively alone. Mr. Bickham estimates that there are now more than 20,000 tadpoles, polliwogs and small frogs in the three pools, and his statement is undoubtedly correct, as the bottoms of the pools are literally covered with these peculiar looking little beings. These will be ready for the market early next summer, and will bring anywhere from $1 to $4 a dozen. Most of them will be shipped to Chicago, and will find their way into the fashionable hotels and restaurants. Frogs for breeding purposes, which are valued on this farm at great numbers, bring $3 a dozen.

There are in the pools about 600 full-grown frogs kept for breeders, and these are fed by hand at regular intervals to prevent them from devouring the smaller frogs. Every day a certain number of them are found out of the water waiting for their meal. They are fed on beef liver, by means of a long pole with a string attached. On the end of the string a piece of liver is fastened, which is dangled before the eyes of a hungry froggy, who secures it by jumping. It is said that one frog catches a frog for about two weeks. They are very fond of birds, and often succeed in capturing a sparrow that may chance to alight on the ground near where a big frog happens to be sitting.

The male frogs are savage fellows, and when two of them meet there is sure to be a conflict. There are several frogs in these pools that are badly crippled by fighting. One has lost a fine leg entire, and another has a broken rib sticking into his leg. The largest will be the pools is called Sullivan, and he is able to whip any of the other two-legged fellows on the premises. The frogs live in families of generally one male and not less than five females, each household occupying some shelved rock along the shore of the pools.

The pools are protected from the encroachments of the public by a high board fence, which also prevents the frogs from escaping. Mr. Bickham is laying out walks between and around the pools, and intends to make the place new and attractive. He claims this to be the largest frog farm in the country, and that the stock is all from native imported breeds. The frogs are supposed to market after dark by the light of a lantern or torch, as they dare not see a place found lying on the banks, and are ready to be opened and picked up. In the daytime they are peaceably, and can only be caught with difficulty.—Chicago Times.

WOMAN'S GOOD STARE.

A Fine Point which Causes a Great Deal of Hard Feeling.

I have passed through a room filled with well-dressed, well-mannered and sympathetic appearing women, where I was a stranger to all, and I have felt that it would be a less painful matter to accept the scaffold for my execution. Afterward meeting those same ladies, perhaps, I found them kind and considerate, and never consciously wounding another.

Yet the habit of coldly staring at a stranger has grown upon them without their knowledge. I have seen this habit carried to its extreme at summer watering places. Little girls and young misses cultivate this cold and critical stare, and I am often surprised to see the rudeness and terrible lack of careful breeding which these elegantly appointed small damsels from our "best society" exhibit on the streets in this respect.

I have seen groups of young girls with their school books on some of our more fashionable streets, and have seen them haughtily gaze at the people whom they passed or met, and have heard them give vent to peals of laughter before the unoffending victim of their bad breeding was out of earshot.

If the fashionable schools which teach young girls how to walk and sit, and the proper manner in which to enter a room, would also teach them how to look at a stranger in a respectful and kindly manner, or, at least, not to gaze with a cold and withering stare of criticism, it would materially improve the manners of the rising generation.

Affability, cordiality, kindness and amiability are wonderfully charming qualities in women, and we all need to cultivate them.

There never yet was a woman so gifted, wealthy, beautiful or high in social position that a cold, distant and supercilious bearing would not mar her charm.

There are so many sorrowful things in life, there are so many hurts and wounds for all of us, it seems to me that every woman ought to cultivate a sweet manner and a kindly glance for the stranger or acquaintance. It costs nothing, and, like a ray of sunlight, it warms and strengthens many a troubled life whereon it falls.

I think some women or girls have the idea that a haughty and proud bearing impresses a stranger with a sense of their importance. This is a mistake. The truly great are never arrogant or cold, but modest and kind in demeanor, while the unworthy and pretentious often assume an air of supercilious disdain with strangers to hide their natural deficiencies.—N. Y. Journal.

—Hon. Hannibal Hamlin said recently, on presenting a flag to a Bangor (Me.) school: "Perhaps a little history of this flag will not be out of place. First, consider the beautiful red stripes, an emblem of valor; the white, an emblem of purity; the blue field, the broad arch of heaven, and the stars which bestud it, the freest government on earth."

STEB'S FORTY-THIRD.

How He Licked a Desperate Prisoner Out of His Boots.

My father was sheriff of a certain county in Kansas about twenty years ago, and during a certain summer we received on a sentence of six months a very tough fellow named Joe Williams. He had been sentenced for attempted horse-stealing, and my father knew that a sharp watch must be kept over him or he would take French leave.

Joe had put in about two weeks on his term when my mother started off on a visit, was born en route, and father had to go to her. His first deputy and assistant jailer was a man of fifty, named Stebbins, who was his cousin. "Steb" was a peppery old chap and a great brag and liar. According to his statements he had licked more men, killed more Indians, run down more horse-thieves and helped lynch more desperadoes than any other man living. Father cautioned him over and over about watching Williams, who was the only prisoner we had, and "Steb" stoutly replied:

"You go right along and rest easy, Henry. If I was fool 'nuff to let him git away I'd expect to be shot and thrown to the gophers."

Father had scarcely gone when Williams began calling, and I went into the corridor with the old man to see what was wanted. I was only ten years old, but I can vividly recall every thing. The jail was made of rough stone, and one-half of it was the sheriff's residence. The jail part was only one big room, with a plain but stout iron-grated door leading into the corridor. As the weather was warm, both corridor doors were open. When we looked in on Joe he said:

"See here, Steb, I hear you are bragging a good deal about how how many men you have put on their backs."

"There's no brag about it," replied the old man. "I never found a human I couldn't lay down in five minutes."

"That's all wind, and you know it," retorted Joe. "You ought to be ashamed of your jaw."

"Who you talking to?"

"To you, you old wind bag! You talk of wrestling! Why, I kin grease the floor with your carcass!"

"Don't get my dander up," warned Steb in a tremulous voice, "or I'll trounce you!"

"Trounce me! Say, old blowhard, I kin lether you with one hand tied behind me! If I could only git at you I'd make you holler in one round!"

"Shet up!"

"I won't, and you ain't big 'nuff to make me!"

"Yes, I am!"

"You're a liar!"

"Take that back!"

"Never!"

"Take that back or I'll come in and make pulp of you!"

"You daren't. I'll dare ye to come in and put a finger at me!"

Some more of the sort followed, and Steb got the idea that he must enforce his authority or suffer a loss of prestige. He was the older, but also the bigger man, and he kept getting mad until he finally pushed off his coat, unlocked the door and dodged in. He made for Williams, but the latter ducked under his arm, spun for at the door, and was off like a shot, and before pursuit could be organized he was beyond reach. Old Steb stood in the back door and watched him for fifty five minutes before saying a word. Then I heard him groan:

"Gimmeh him for skipping out, but I've got the consolation of knowing that he's the forty-third man I've licked putter his boots in the last five years!"—N. Y. Sun.

NAMES OF FABRICS.

Most of Them Were Derived From Those of Eastern Cities.

Every thing connected with one's business is of importance. Very few dry-goods men know the origin of the names of many of the goods they handle. They may seem trivial points, but they are of interest to the man who seeks to be thoroughly familiar with the merchandise in which he deals. For the information of such we give the derivation of the names of the following goods: Damask is from the City of Damascus; satins from Zaytown in China; calico from Calicut, a town in India, formerly celebrated for its cotton cloth and where calico was also printed. Mohair is named from Mosul in Asia. Alpaca, from an animal in Peru, of the llama species, from whose wool the fabric is woven. Bookram takes its name from Fostat, a city of the Middle Ages, from which the modern Cairo is descended. Taffeta and tabby from a street in Bagdad. Cambric from Cambrai. Gauze has its name from Gaza; satins from Rajaen; dimity from Damietta, and jeans from Jean. Drugget is derived from a city in Ireland, Drogheda. Duck comes from Touque, in Normandy. Blanket is called after Thomas Blanket, a famous clothier connected with the introduction of woolens into England about 1340. Serge derives its name from Xerga, a Spanish name for a peculiar woolen blanket. Diaper is not from D'Ypres, as it is sometimes stated, but from the Greek diaspros, figured. Velvet is from the Italian vellute, woolly (Latin vellus—a hide or pelt). Shawl is the Sanskrit sala, floor, for shawls were first used as carpets and tapestry. Bandana is from an Indian word to bind or tie, because it is tied in knots before dying. Chintz from the Indian chint. Delaine is the French "of wool."—Trade Journal.

Philosophy of the Street.

Women can be conquered but never convinced.

It's a poor dog that can not invent an excuse for his foolishness.

People who are temperate in all things are generally satisfied with none.

Successful business men have to relegate the luxury of being sick to their employes.

How uncomfortable a chronic kicker looks when he is accidentally right and gets a majority on his side.

Why should custom ask a man to set up the cigars because his expenses are increased by the arrival of a baby?

While wealth receives respect the man who measures it is sometimes foolish enough to believe that it is to him the people bow.—Milwaukee Journal.

Street Improvement Loan By-Law, 1890.

A By-Law to Raise by Loan the Sum of $50,000 for the Improvement of Certain Streets.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT THAT the Council of the City of New Westminster should provide for the improvement of certain streets in the said City:

And Whereas it will be necessary in order to effect the said improvements to issue debentures of the said City for a sum of money not exceeding $50,000:

And Whereas for the payment of interest and creating a sinking fund for payment of said debentures it will be necessary to tax the sum of $[illegible] annually by special rate in each year:

And Whereas the amount of the whole rateable property in the said City, according to the last revised assessment roll, is the sum of $2,[illegible]:

And Whereas the total amount of the existing debt of the said City is $[illegible]:

And Whereas for the purpose of raising the said yearly sum of $[illegible] an annual special rate of [illegible] mills in the dollar will be required:

THEREFORE the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of New Westminster in Council assembled enact as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $50,000.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required, but not for less than $100 each, such debentures to be sealed with the seal of the Corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer of the said City.

3. The said debentures shall bear date the 1st day of July, 1890, and shall be made payable in fifty years at farthest from the said date, and the same may be payable in any place or places authorized by law, as may be agreed upon between the purchaser or purchasers thereof and the said Mayor, and the said debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly on the first days of January and July in each and every year.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and for the payment of the interest thereon, an equal annual special rate of [illegible] mills in the dollar shall be levied and collected in addition to all other rates, in each year upon all the rateable property in the said City during the currency of the said debentures or any of them.

6. All moneys arising from the said rate, beyond the amount required for the payment of interest upon the said debentures, may be invested from time to time as the Trustees appointed in that behalf may direct, for the purpose of creating a sinking fund for the redemption of the said debentures as they respectively become due, without prejudice to any of the powers conferred upon the said Council by the Act of Incorporation.

7. The proceeds of the debentures issued and sold under the authority of this by-law shall be absolutely set aside for and applied to the purposes hereinafter set forth, and all work paid for out of any of the proceeds of the said debentures shall, as far as practicable, be executed by contract.

8. The sum appropriated for a contingent reserve fund under section 10 of this by-law, together with the amount remaining out of any premium received by the sale of the debentures issued under the authority of this by-law, after the expenses incurred for printing, advertising, &c., in the issue and sale of the said debentures shall have been paid, shall be set aside as a "Contingent Reserve Fund," and there shall be added to such fund out of the general revenue of the City such sum as shall be required to bring up the total of said contingent reserve fund to the sum of [illegible], and such fund shall be administered as hereinafter provided.

9. When any company tender for work to be done under this by-law shall be less in amount than the sum herein appropriated for such work, then in that case a rule representing the difference between the amount of such tender and the amount herein appropriated for the work covered by such tender shall be passed to the credit of the contingent reserve fund created by section 8 of this by-law, and on tender for any work to be done under this by-law, the amount of which shall exceed the amount herein appropriated for such work in a proportion greater than that which the said contingent reserve fund shall at the time of the consideration of such tender, bear to the unexpended and unappropriated amount of the money borrowed under the authority of this by-law, shall be accepted, but the Council shall have power to accept any tender in excess of the amount appropriated for the work to which it refers, and to vote a sufficient sum from the contingent reserve fund to cover such excess, provided that the production of the sum so withdrawn to the total of the said contingent reserve fund, so it was before the withdrawal of the said sum, shall not be greater than the proportion of the sum herein appropriated for the work to which the tender refers to the unexpended and unappropriated balance of the money borrowed under authority of this by-law; and in the case of any work which cannot be done by contract, the same principle shall be strictly observed.

10. The proceeds of the debentures issued and sold under authority of this by-law shall be applied to the undermentioned works, that is to say: For the opening or improvement of the streets known prior to the passing of the "Street Naming and Numbering" By-Law, 1890, as Columbia Street, $[illegible] to widen Columbia Street from Lytton Square to its eastern limit and continuing along to Royal Columbian Hospital and $[illegible] to extend the street now through Park Square to city limits; Carnarvon, $[illegible]; Agnes, $[illegible]; Royal Ave., $[illegible]; Queen's Ave., $[illegible]; Princess, $[illegible]; Mitchell, $[illegible]; Begbie, $[illegible]; Leopold Place, $[illegible]; Clarkson, $[illegible]; Patrick, place Clement, $[illegible]; St. George, $[illegible]; Mary, $[illegible]; Ellice, $[illegible]; Douglas, $[illegible]; Harris & Brown, one contract, $[illegible]; St. Andrews, $[illegible]; Edinburgh, additional to present contract, $[illegible]; London, $[illegible]; Montcalm, $[illegible]; Blackwood, $[illegible]; McKenzie, place Sewers in St. George's, $[illegible]; place Sewers in St. Patrick's, $[illegible]; Third Rd., $[illegible]; North Arm Rd., $[illegible]; Dublin, Third Rd. to Montcalm, $[illegible]; Sewer, westward, east of Indian Reserve N. A. Rd. to Milltown, $[illegible]; Auckland, $[illegible]; Tyne, $[illegible]; Gloucester, $[illegible]; Dufferin, 2 Fisher, one contract, $[illegible]; Park Lane, $[illegible]; Sewers, unnamed, north and east of Block [illegible], place Sewers leading to Cemetery at Sapperton, $[illegible]; Armstrong and Dickinson, $[illegible]; Streets in Lemon Gardens and west, place Sewer to be known as Sixteenth Ave., $[illegible]; Clarkson, $[illegible]; for contingent reserve fund, $[illegible].

11. Any money remaining in the credit of the contingent reserve fund, after all the work herein detailed has been executed or placed under contract, may be expended on any street improvements within the city at the discretion of the Council.

12. This By-law, before the final passing thereof, shall receive the assent of the electors of the City in the manner provided by the "New Westminster Act, 1888," and amendments.

13. This By-law shall come into force on the 8th day of May, 1890.

14. This By-law may be cited as the "Street Improvement Loan By-law, 1890."

Read a first time on the 24th day of March, 1890.

Read a second time on the 24th day of March, 1890.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE ABOVE IS A true copy of the proposed by-law which will be taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the City of New Westminster after the month from the first publication thereof in the daily Columbian newspaper, which publication took place on the 25th day of March, 1890, and that a vote of the electors of the city will be taken on said proposed by-law on Monday, the 28th day of April, 1890, between the hours of 9 a. m., and 5 p. m., at the following places in the said City, namely: Ward No. 1, at the residence of S. Calbick, Dublin Street; Ward No. 2, at the late Dominion Sawmill Co.'s office, Richard Street; Ward No. 3, at the City Hall; Ward No. 4, at the residence of Henry Hoy, Dickinson Street, near Elliot Street.

D. ROBSON,
City Clerk.

City Hall, March 25, 1890. 179-180.

NOTICE

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NEW Westminster, in the estate of Edward Hall, deceased. All persons having claims against the above estate are requested to forward the same, with proper proof thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of May, 1890.

JOHN S. CLUTE, Jr.,
Administrator.

Dated 31st March, 1890.
177-180

To the Electors of New Westminster District:

GENTLEMEN: I am a candidate for the honor of representing our District in the House of Commons and will lay my views before you at an early date.

WM. B. TOWNSEND.

New Westminster, April 15, '90.
[illegible]

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY DAYS after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase all that piece or parcel of land situate in Township One (1), District of New Westminster, described as follows: Commencing at the International Boundary line, running northwest along the high water line of Section One (1) and Two (2) of said Township One (1), to the western corner of said Section Two (2), thence south to the said International Boundary line and thence along said International Boundary line to place of commencement, containing 300 acres more or less.

S. T. MACKINTOSH,
ANDREW LEAMY,
JAMES LEAMY.

New Westminster, 24th March, 1890. 176-205

NOTICE

Supply of School Furniture.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 31st day of May next, for supplying the Educational Department with school desks.

The desks must be of an approved pattern, with iron frames and hardwood tops, in all respects fully up to the standard of a sample desk which may be seen at this office. Preference will be given to home manufacture, all points of merit being equal.

Tenders must give full particulars, and must state the price for each desk and for each one delivered on six roads for use in the schoolhouses at Victoria, Nanaimo, Vancouver or New Westminster, in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 26th March, 1890. 176-91

Kootenay District.

FERRIES.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL be received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of Tuesday, 20th day of May next, for the right of maintaining and operating a Ferry at each of the following places for one year from the 1st of June next, viz.:

At the points where the trail between Sproat's Landing and Nelson crosses the Slocan and the Kootenay Rivers.

The ferry right to extend for miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide all necessary appliances for the proper working of a ferry, suitable for the traffic and to the satisfaction of the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. He will be allowed the use of any plant now at the ferry site, which is the property of the Government, free of charge.

He will be allowed to collect toll at the following rates, viz.:

For every passenger	50 cents.
" horse or mule	25 "
" spring wagon and buggy	50 "
" freight wagon	50 "
" head of cattle	25 "
" sheep, per head	10 "
" one hundred pounds of freight (excepting milling machinery, which shall be carried free)	5 "

Return pack animals and freight teams to pass free.

Tenders must state the amount of rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege, and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to join a bond for the sum of $1,000, for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government, with their animals and freight, to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 19th April, 1890. 182-93

New Westminster District.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undermentioned parts of land, situate in Squamish River Valley, New Westminster District, have been surveyed and that plans of the same can be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the office of Charles Wolrich, Esq., Assistant Commissioner, &c., New Westminster.

TOWNSHIP 49.

Fractional N. E. ¼, fractional N. W. ¼, and fractional S. W. ¼ of Section 1; Section 2; Section 3, E. ½ and S. W. ¼ of Section 10; Section 11; fractional N. E. ¼, fractional S. W. ¼, and fractional N. W. ¼ of Section 12; W. ½ and S. E. ¼ of Section 14; E. ½ and N. W. ¼ of Section 15; E. ½ and N. W. ¼ of Section 22; Section 23; W. ½ of Section 24; Section 27; Section 28; W. ½ of Section 29; Section 32; Section 33; S. E. ¼ of Section 33 and Section 34.

Claimants to any portion of these lands must file a statement of the same with the Government Agent for the District within two months from the date of this notice, as provided by section 19 of the "Land Act (Consolidated Statutes)."

Blank forms for declaration may be obtained at the Government Agent's Office, New Westminster, and at this Department.

F. G. VERNON,
Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 20th March, 1890. 182-205

THOS. EARLE,

Importer and Wholesale Grocer, Wharf St., Victoria.

Offers for sale: Tea—China and Japan, Sugars, Syrup in all style packages, Rice, Tobaccos all brands, Canned Goods, Wooden Ware, Brooms, and a complete stock of Fancy Groceries. All direct importations and offered to the trade at the lowest possible price.

STEMLER & EARLE,

Proprietors of the PIONEER STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS, Ground Coffee, Ground Spices put up in any style of package desired and guaranteed strictly pure. All orders for the above addressed to us will have prompt attention.

THOS. EARLE.

W. E. DICKINSON,

TRUCK AND DRAYMAN

Dealer in Lime, Plaster, Cement, Wood, etc.

COAL

Orders Received for NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

DRAYING A SPECIALTY.

Office opposite Canadian Pacific Navigation Co.'s Wharf. Telephone Calls: Office 12, Residence 71.

McMASTER & CO.,

WHOLESALE

Woolens and General Dry Goods

12 Front Street West, TORONTO.

—AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA—

J. PIERCY & CO., VICTORIA, B. C.

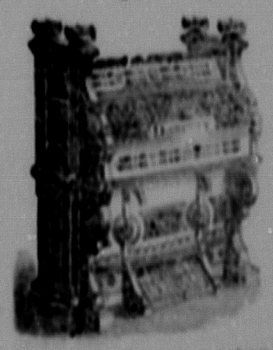
J. PIERCY & CO.,

WHOLESALE MANUFACTORY

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

25.27 Yates St., Victoria, B. C.

Doherty Organs



In your selection of an organ remember that the Sweet Toned DOHERTY leads from all for Durability, Sweetness of Tone, Touch, and in all points of excellence. We have only to refer you to the scores of purchasers in this Province.

THOMAS W. FLETCHER

Sole Agent for British Columbia.

Our Newcastle Pianos—Try them. Compare them.

Domestic Sewing Machines sold on commission.

Wyse for prices and terms to 37 Fort St., Victoria.
[illegible]

J. H. PERKINS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER

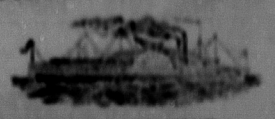
Grainer, Paper-hanger and Calsiminer

SHOP ON ROYAL AVENUE

New Westminster, B. C.

Leave orders at R. T. Reid's Stationery Store.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER



THE STEAMER

"RAINBOW"

Will resume her regular trips for NEW WESTMINSTER on Sunday, February 9th, and thereafter every Tuesday and Sunday mornings at 7 o'clock.

For particulars apply to

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

NEW WELLINGTON

C·O·A·L

The above Coal has been pronounced by all experts to be the Hardest

Cleanest and Best Household Coal

Yet discovered on the Pacific Coast. High grade Steam Coal also on hand, suitable for steamboats and manufactories.

SOLE AGENT: J. W. CREIGHTON,
WEBSTER'S WHARF

Telephone 129. P. O. Box 370.

Orders may also be given to W. E. Dickinson, Front Street. [illegible]

Old Wellington

The best COAL on the Coast

From the Dunsmuir Mines

For Sale by H. ELLIOTT,

Ewen's Wharf

Orders left at the store of Wm. McCall, Columbia Street, or at my office, will receive immediate attention. 187-tf

ESTABLISHED 1860.

DICKINSON & Co

BUTCHERS,

Nearly Opposite the Colonist Hotel, NEW WESTMINSTER.

The Largest and Choicest Assortment of all descriptions of

Meats and Vegetables

Constantly on hand and supplied to families, restaurants and steamboats at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

187-tw

The season is opened at

Harrison Hot Springs

Special Return Rates can be obtained at railroad offices.

AS GOOD AS A VOYAGE TO EUROPE

is a course of Baths at the Harrison Hot Springs.

CITY NEWS

Salmon Fishing Regulations—Waterworks—The Bridge—Hotel Arrivals—Court of Revision—Local Brevities.

Salmon Fishery Regulations.

The Victoria Board of Trade has passed a memorial to the Fisheries Department in which it is urged that the present Fraser River salmon fishery regulations are not what they should be, and concludes as follows: "The Board therefore trusts that the honorable the minister will, either personally or by competent and impartial deputies as a commission, visit the rivers during the fishing season and acquire such information as will lead to regulations based upon the necessities, as produced from such personal observations and enquiries."

Waterworks.

A gentleman connected with a prominent contracting firm in Victoria was in this city yesterday, and made the remark that his firm would take hold of our water system, lay the main pipe and make connections, and take our waterworks bonds for payment, not calling upon the city for a cent of money for at least one year after the completion of the work. The Victoria men are closely connected with a firm in Hamilton, Ont., that has millions of capital.

THE BRIDGE.

What a Responsible Man Is Prepared to Do for the City.

There is no gainsaying the fact that the people of New Westminster—the ratepayers and citizens generally—are a unit upon the question of a traffic bridge to connect this city with the sawyer on southern side of the river. For a week or two last fall the delusive promise was held out, and implicitly believed, that the Southern Railway would build the bridge, and our people, having confidence in the representations of the company, voted them a bonus of $120,000 to help bear the expense of such an undertaking, well knowing that when the bridge was built it would be at least self-supporting, besides yielding a revenue to the city. Now comes the railway company saying they relinquish the rent in the bonus and will not build the bridge.

By this decision the corporation of New Westminster is placed in an equivocal position, and the Council have now under advisement a scheme for placing a suitable ferry across the river as a substitute for the present inferior and tedious service, and is a first step towards a free traffic bridge. The mayor and several of the committees have often given it as their a suitable bridge could not be constructed across the Fraser River opposite this city at a less cost than $500,000. While they have mentioned these figures, there have been (possibly) more practical minds at work upon the scheme, and have arrived at far different conclusions.

One of the most prominent bridge-builders of the northwestern part of North America, in conversation with a representative of TRUTH yesterday, said that he would put a traffic bridge across the Fraser River at the foot of Lytton Square, both for teams and foot passengers, for the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and give $50,000 bonds to keep it in repair outside of the ordinary wear and tear of traffic for five years.

This is no idle boast. The man is perfectly able and competent to do all he says, and TRUTH recommends his proposition to the favorable consideration of the council. It is worthy of their careful investigation, if nothing more.

Besides the bridge, the gentleman says that he will not stop here and make this the headquarters for his bridge-building operations throughout this and other Provinces of the Dominion, where he already has large contracts in his line. Questioned about the river, he said that he would give a draw of 150 feet clear, which would certainly accommodate all the shipping that there could reasonably be expected from this part up river. In connection with this, he said that he had a contracting branch in one of the best cement manufactories in world, located in this Province, the products of which he would have shipped here and manufactured into a remarkable concrete. He said it was far superior to Portland cement, because the latter, after being dipped across water to three months, lose much of its strength through salt water getting to it. This cement would be manufactured here, and the market supplied from this place, which is itself worth to an industry worthy of the serious consideration of the council to have. He does not expect a bonus for his cement works, but says that if he gets the contract for the bridge here he will locate them on the banks of the Fraser, within the corporate limits of New Westminster.

The council would do well to investigate this matter. TRUTH will be pleased to give names to the proper parties.

A Cut in Rates.

The steamer Princess arrived at 8.30 last night from Nanaimo with a number of passengers and freight for the following: Seven tons of hay for A. R. Robinson, 11 head of cattle for S. Hunter, 20 tons of coal for J. Wise. She also unloaded 10 tons of coal at Cutter Fish Cannery for D. Drysdale. Leaves at 7 this morning.

The Steamers.

The C. P. N. Co. have reduced the fare from here to Chilliwack to 50 cents each way. The owners of the Delaware last evening told TRUTH that they would not move here for the present; that the old rates—$2 to Chilliwack—would be maintained by them.

TAKE A LOOK

at our show windows, then call in and select a PARASOL from the largest stock in the Largest Stock in the country—bought at special reduced prices, and our customers will get the advantage. Don't miss this chance to make an early selection: no duplicates.

FIGURED SATEENS, ... PLAIN SATEENS, ... PRINTS, a plain range.
SWISS CAMBRICS, ... MISSES' WHITE GOODS.
CHILDREN'S FELT HATS, a special line. . . . . CAPS, in Tweed and Silk

OGLE, CAMPBELL & FREEMAN,

The Leading Dry Goods House, * * * * * Masonic Building, NEW WESTMINSTER

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Milk shake at City Bakery. 195-tf.

Choice assortment of confectionery at City Bakery. 195-6ts.

Dr. Bentley returned from the east yesterday.

MONEY TO LOAN—Armstrong, Eckstein & Gaynor. 180-tf

WANTED—A girl to do general household work, Mrs. Curtis. 189-tf.

Mr. Charles Murphy, an old pioneer, died at Hope on the 20th inst.

What about the market? Is nothing being done?

Just arrived—Combination baby jumpers and swings, at P. Peebles, Columbia Street. 193-3ts.

Sixty Chinese went on the express yesterday to work on the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway.

Yesterday afternoon's train brought 15 immigrants for Vancouver, 11 for Victoria and 5 for New Westminster.

WANTED—A good, smart, intelligent boy to learn tinsmithing and plumbing at E. S. Scoville & Co. 194-6ts

Capt. Irving returned from his trip to Ottawa yesterday. He was met at Vancouver by Mrs. Irving.

The French Hospital and the Jubilee Hospital, of Victoria, are negotiating with a view to amalgamating.

Mr. W. H. Fishburn will soon remove his real estate office to McKenzie Street, east side, between Columbia and Front Streets, Busby block.

It is probable that Mayor Brown will visit Portland before returning to this city, for the purpose of inspecting and enquiring into the ferry system.

It was generally supposed that the delegation which went to Victoria yesterday was a pretty sober crowd, but still they had a large sample of Beers with them, together with some Punch.

Messrs. L. P. Eckstein and A. St. G. Hammersley went to Victoria yesterday as a deputation from the Bar Association to urge the Government to amend certain clauses in the County Courts Bill.

The concert for the new St. Andrew's R. C. Cathedral at Victoria has been let to Amos McDonald at $81,692, including everything. There were seven tenders, the highest being $107,533 (exclusive of altars, confessionals, and pews) by Saul & Waite.

Next Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock sharp, there will be a cricket match at Queen's Park between members of the club over 30 years of age, captained by Mr. H. T. Ewed, and those under 30, captained by Mr. H. F. Clinton. The names of the contending parties will be given later.

A Parting Gift.

Mr. J. C. Graham, who up till a few days ago held the position of night editor in TRUTH office, leaves today for his home in Salt Lake City. Mr. Graham has deserved the high esteem in which he has always been held by his fellow employees, and last night he was made the recipient at their hands of a very beautiful and costly morocco pocket book which is of quite original design. It contains a perfect labyrinth of pockets, slips and leaves which will enable the owner to carry about his gold and silver coin, bank bills, drafts, notes, bills payable and receivable (if any), postage stamps, IOU's and pawn tickets, without the slightest fear of getting them mixed, as might otherwise be the case. Mr. Graham made a feeling reply, in which he adverted to the fact that hereafter he would be in a position to combat Shakespeare's assertion: "Who steals my purse steals trash." He modestly asserted that he had no reason to suspect that his friends believed him wrapped up in a pocket book with such a multiplicity of convolutions in it. But he would be sure of having those convolutions in it any way, if nothing else, and that would be a great satisfaction; and he duly hoped that as a gift was usually chosen with a view of its remaining a long time in the hands of the recipient, they must have calculated that he would not be likely to subject such an article as he had received to any very serious wear and tear. But the gentlemen were too modest to admit that their solicitude had gone that far, and Mr. Graham thanked them heartily. The well wishes of all his friends follow him on his voyage today. He is succeeded in this office by Mr. J. M. Wright.

A Lively Corpse.

The Victoria Colonist, having reported that Donald Fraser, otherwise "Little Sip," had died at Nanaimo, was electrified a day or two afterwards by the receipt of the following:

NANAIMO, April 19th.

DEAR COLONIST—I think there must be some mistake about my death. I am not dead yet to any noticeable extent, and hope we will meet soon again. This is a fine place, and we are all of us well. If the death story was a joke it ought to have been labelled. It didn't go worth a cent.

Yours truly,
DONALD FRASER.

Letter Boxes Wanted.

EDITOR TRUTH: SIR—At the regular meeting of the New Westminster Workingmen's League on Friday evening last, considerable business of importance pertaining to the Order was transacted, chief among which was the suggestion (on a unanimous motion) for the postal authorities to consider the convenience of the workingmen of New Westminster, more especially since the city spreads over the area it does, in erecting suitable letter boxes at different points of the said city. At present the public have to travel unreasonable distances to mail a letter. We avail ourselves of the privilege of your columns for opening this question. Trusting it may be brought before the notice of the proper authorities, we remain,

Yours, etc.,
NEW WESTMINSTER WORKINGMEN'S LEAGUE.

New Westminster, April 22, 1890.

Hotel Arrivals.

AT HOTEL DOUGLAS.—A. Heathorn, Victoria; S. H. Romans, C. C. Merrell, A. Callender, Vancouver; W. Olsen, Port Moody; Z. Edwards and wife, Seattle; R. Sherwood, Alder Grove.

AT THE COLONIAL.—Chas. P. Lowe, M. J. Appleby, Victoria; F. R. Stewart, Vancouver; J. A. Reed, Montreal; R. G. Cunningham, Skeena, B.C.; R. P. Dunlk, Pringer, Ont.; Thos. McNeeley, Ladner's; W. C. Cream, Toronto.

M. A. McRAE
Merchant Tailor
SUMMER STOCK
Just Arrived direct from England.

☞ Double the amount of stock carried by any other tailoring establishment in the city. Call and be convinced.

Armstrong Block, - Columbia Street,
NEW WESTMINSTER

J. M. McLAREN, L.D.S.,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Room 4 Ferguson Building, Hastings Street Vancouver.
TELEPHONE NO. 247.
Gold work a specialty. Gas administered.

WILSON, MATHESON & CO.
General Contractors and Builders.
Raising and moving buildings will receive special attention either at New Westminster or Vancouver. Office and workshops on Agnes street west of Douglas, New Westminster. All correspondence promptly attended to.

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Call and See us before Prices Rise.
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Men's Tweed Pants from $1.25. Boys' Knee Pants for $1.50
Overalls and Shirts from 50 cents.
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CALL AT OUR OFFICE AND INSPECT OUR LARGE LIST OF CITY, SUBURBAN AND DISTRICT PROPERTIES.

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CITY LOTS | SUBURBAN LOTS | ACREAGE | FARM LANDS

Lots and Acre Property in BLAINE, B. C.

PORT ANGELES: 1 AND 5 ACRE TRACTS; ALSO City Lots to Suit Purchasers.

Cheap Lots in Seattle and Tacoma, Wash.

Connections in Victoria and Vancouver, B. C.; and London, Eng. Cor Columbia and McKenzie Sts, New Westminster.

To the Electors!

At the request of a number of prominent residents of the District of New Westminster, I have consented to become a candidate for the position of Representative of the District in the House of Commons.

I shall take the earliest opportunity to fully inform the electors of my views upon all questions affecting the District.

Gordon E. Corbould

New Westminster, April 14, '90.

A. DESBRISAY
COLUMBIA STREET
FAMILY GROCERIES, ETC.
SEE OUR NEW AND FRESH LINES IN
BISCUITS.
SODAS, LEMON, ARROWROOT, TEA, SWEET WINE, SULTANA, ABERNETHY, BROWN MEAL, GINGER BREAD, JERSEY LEMON, CRACKNELS AND GRAHAM. 194-1m

A. M. HERRING
Wholesale and Retail
DRUGGIST
NEW WESTMINSTER.

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Sewing Machines!
Sold on EASY PAYMENTS
OIL, NEEDLES AND ATTACHMENTS FOR ALL MACHINES. SECOND-HAND MACHINES FROM $10 UP. MACHINES TO RENT—ALL KINDS REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.
137 Columbia St., near P.O., Westminster
165-1m

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Corner Columbia and Douglas streets, New Westminster, B.C.
STEWART & CASH, PROPRIETORS
Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. Reduced rates by the month. Refurnished and refitted throughout in first-class style.

TELEGRAPH HOTEL
Front street, opposite Ferry Landing.
Board and Lodging $5 per week. Single meals 25 cents. Beds 25 cents. The Bar is supplied with the Choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
MARY HOGAN, Proprietress.

AMERICAN HOTEL
Columbia St., New Westminster.
THOMAS LEVI, Prop
RESTAURANT ATTACHED.
The bar is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Terms Moderate.

MERCHANTS EXCHANGE
The handsome saloon near C. P. R. depot is now fitted up and stocked with a good supply of goods.
LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
Local and foreign newspapers taken. Call and taste the "Good Cheer."
JAMES FUNCH, Proprietor.

Received Direct from England a Consignment of the CELEBRATED

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BOOT
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COLUMBIA STREET

W. H. VIANEN
WHOLESALE
FISH and GAME DEALER
Trout Street, New Westminster.
Highest price for Fur and Deer Hides
Correspondence invited.
Telephone call No. 8

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REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE and FINANCIAL AGENTS.
Purchase, Sell
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Make Loans on Mortgages, and transact all Business Relating to Real Estate.
Agents for London Assurance Corporation, Connecticut Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company, Caution Insurance Office Limited (Marine).
OFFICE—Columbia street, New Westminster; Cor. of Government street, Victoria.

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75,000 MEN AND BOYS
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J. E. PHILLIPS
The Leading Clothier
NEW WESTMINSTER, - - - B. C.
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H. G. WALKER, PROP'R

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MACHINISTS, FOUNDERS AND BLACKSMITHS.
BRASS AND IRON CASTING. FORGING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Manufacturing and Repairing of Machinery a Specialty. Agents and Importers of Boilers, Engines, and all kinds of Iron and Woodworking Machinery.
First-class Mechanics and Workmen Employed, and all Work Thoroughly Guaranteed. Wagons, Carriages and Buggies always in stock.
Columbia St., - - New Westminster.

RE-OPENING
W. & G. WOLFENDEN
Have re-opened business in the Busby Block with an entirely new stock of first class Groceries and Provisions, where they hope to see all their friends. Note the Address,
BUSHBY BLOCK, COLUMBIA STREET

R. P. RITHET & CO.
5 Commercial Row, Victoria
Importers and Commission Merchants
ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
WELCH & CO., San Francisco. R. D. WELCH, Liverpool.

Geo. H. Grant
Successor to Grant & Maclure.
Has enlarged his store and is now opening up his new Spring stock of
Boots & Shoes

P. PEEBLES. NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.
I have made extensive alterations in my store, and have also rented a large ware-house in the rear of my store-room, and will thus be able to keep a larger stock to select from.
First-class upholstery a specialty.
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