John Robson 15chgo

W. J. WALKER & CO.
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Daily The Truth

W. J. WALKER & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS AND CITY AUDITORS 1886-7-8-9
TELEPHONE CALL 55. NEW WESTMINSTER.

NUMBER 142 NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1890. FIVE CENTS.

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Superior Coach Colors, in all shades. Tints Colors, of every description. Floor Paints, ready for use.
☞ We have much pleasure in announcing that we have been appointed Sole Agents in this City for the sale of the Celebrated Silverine's Magnetic Iron Paint, the highest grade Fire Proof Paint in the world. Guaranteed 15 per cent. pure oxide.
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BUGGIES AT COST
For the next 30 days we will dispose of our surplus stock of FIRST-CLASS BUGGIES AT COST PRICE for cash. Call and secure a bona-fide bargain as we must make room for a large shipment ordered from the east.
REID & CURRIE, New Westminster, B. C.

AFTER FOLLOWING

HIM OVER THE WHOLE OF THE SOUTH

The Detectives Arrest in St Louis One Who is Supposed to be the Man Who Drove Cronin to the Carlson Cottage on the Night of the Murder—A Most Important Link in the Cronin Murder Case.

St. Louis, Feb. 18.—A new and most important link has been picked up in the Cronin murder case, and from all appearances it is now certain that the great murder and conspiracy will be thoroughly exposed. This link consists of the arrest of one of the principal actors in the terrible tragedy. This man, who is said to have played a most important part in Cronin's death, was arrested in St. Louis last evening by Officer Thomas, of Central Station Chicago. In an interview with Detectives Tessier it was learned that he arrived here six weeks ago in search of his man, but found that he had flown. The detective has been on his trail ever since, and says he followed him through nearly every southern city. The man returned last Sunday and the police arrested him on the street. Chief Hedley stated positively this morning that "Conway the Fox." Local members of the Clan-na-Gael say they are unaware of the presence in the city of anyone connected with the Cronin case, and except tongues who the suspect is if he is not "The Fox."

The man arrested as being connected with the murder of Dr. Cronin was interviewed in his cell this afternoon by a United Press reporter. He said: "My name is John R. Kelly. I had nothing to do with the murder of Cronin. I identified to the chief of police last night, however, that I am a party the Chicago police are looking for. It is a case of mistaken identity. I first visited Chicago February 10th, 1888. I left there the latter part of June of the same year. I have never belonged to the Clan-na-Gael or any other organization. I know none of the people accused of murdering Cronin, and the only link connected I know, is Thomas Dunnigan of San Francisco. I came to St. Louis Aug. of 18[illegible], and have boarded at the People's House, corner Fourth street and Lucas Avenue, ever since. The police appeared all at once and tried to make all sorts questions. He stated knowing Alexander Sullivan. He stated that he was a rock that refused to say where he has been engaged.

Detective Thomas, of Chicago, stated this afternoon that Kelly is believed to be Smith, who drove Cronin to the Carlson cottage on the night of May 4th last. Proprietor of the People's House corroborates his story as to his boarding there since 18[illegible] August.

Detectives Collins and Clark, of Chicago, arrived here last night have identified the Cronin suspect arrested in this city as the man supposed to be Smith, who took Cronin to the Carlson cottage.

NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

The Dual Language Complication—The Canadian Cable Company.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Today brought to new developments in the dual language discussion, except the fact that Sir John Thompson has made up his mind to speak. He had an interview yesterday of course, but something happened since, probably the effect of the eloquent speech of Weldon, of Albert, which was the most power of pen yet for the abolition of French in the territories. Thompson will try to speak after McCarthy and close the debate, so far as the present aspect is concerned, but if McCarthy knows of this he may defer his reply until after Thompson. The division is now complicated than ever, and it is impossible to predict what will be the outcome.

The bill incorporating the Canada Cable Company passed the committee this morning with a few slight amendments. The capital is $2,500,000, and may be increased to $5,000,000.

It is understood that if some satisfactory agreement is not reached in the dual language question, there is a very strong possibility of Parliament being dissolved and an appeal made to the country. It is now expected in any case that Remedial legislation will come to a vote, but that some other one on somewhat similar lines to those suggested by Blake will be moved in its place.

The Extradition Treaty Rejected.

Washington, Feb. 18.—The Senate, in secret session today, debated the British Extradition Treaty and a vote was taken on Gray's motion to strike out the clauses relating to manslaughter, the obtaining of money under false pretenses. Some important amendments were made and the treaty was ratified. The treaty is made applicable to offenses of extradition of the treaty concluded between the United States and Great Britain on August 9th, 1842, providing for the extradition of persons charged with specified crimes, with the additional crimes of manslaughter, counterfeiting or altering money and bringing it into circulation, embezzlement, larceny, receiving stolen property, fraud of all kinds, perjury, rape, abduction, burglary, piracy or by laws of the nations, revolt or conspiracy of revolt on the high seas, and crimes against the laws of both countries concerning slavery. Political crimes are except from the provisions of the treaty.

The Royal Gossipers.

New York, Feb. 18.—Edmund Yates's London cable to the *Tribune*: The German Emperor's letter to the working classes does not meet with approval from the German aristocracy. The court attributes this to the influence of the Empress Frederick. Her son, it is now seen, has imbibed more of the strongly sentimental side of his father's character than his earlier speeches seemed to indicate. His sympathy for the sufferers has not prevented His Gracious Majesty from taking up a new hobby, that of boxing, which he now practices for an hour or two every day. Colonel Vandbesky, his former gymnastic master, finds himself his pupil. This effort, a few years ago, introduced treatment from which the Emperor's left arm derived considerable benefit.

Lord Sydney's death is a very great loss to the Queen, and she felt it very much. For years he has been on most confidential relations with her and all the Royal family, and almost daily his work was a letter to the Queen, retailing all social and political gossip of the day. He advised her a great deal on matters of business and about the investment of her money, in which latter capacity he was succeeded by Lord Cross. The sympathy of everyone is great with Lady Sydney for, after a life of the greatest happiness and devotion, she is left a childless widow and quite broken down by her loss. Lord Sydney was in many respects an ideal Lord Chamberlain and his death severs one remaining link in between the Queen's household and that of the preceding reign. Great age have of late years sadly impaired his commanding presence and on the last occasion he appeared in public, he was unable to mount the staircase of Buckingham Palace without assistance. Among his colleagues he was popularly known as "Polonius" and upon all questions connected with his particular department he was the greatest living authority. He was a man believer in blood and merit and showed little mercy to the successor rebels and other undeserving upstarts.

The last stone of the base of the Waterloo memorial at Brussels was placed in position last week, and Count Jacques de Lalaing's emblematic figure, which is to crown it, is now in the sculptor's hands. It is life-sized size, and represents Britannia on her knees lowering a flag at the tomb of her Wellington statue. The whole sum required for the monument has been raised, and there is a small balance on hand. It is hoped either the Prince of Wales or the Duke of Cambridge may be induced to unveil it in July. Two or three other sculptors are to be brought in from the battlefield and deposited in the mausoleum below the statue. Count Jacques, though under 35, is reckoned among the most eminent of living Belgian artists. In America he is favorably known for the figure of Robert de Lefalle which stands in Lincoln Park, Chicago.

The Government is satisfied with the report of the Parnell Commission and so are the Irish party, which is paying a high compliment to the impartiality of the judges, but after the decree comes the bill and the question of costs is agitating Downing Street and Printing House Square. The Government will probably ask for a vote to defray the expenses of the witnesses which has always been done in cases of Royal Commissions. Shorthand reporters will be paid for by the Government and they are always heavy expenses. It is said it will cost the *Times* £150,000 at the most favorable calculation. Had the case been so overwhelmingly damaging one, a public subscription might have been successful, but as the verdict is more negative than anything else the possibility of such a thing seems remote.

VANCOUVER NOTES.

The Bateson Suits—Exciting the Gamblers—More Attempted Burglaries.

Vancouver, Feb. 18.—Mr. T. E. Burnett who until recently was mechanical foreman of the C.P.R. shops here, left for the coast yesterday. A large number of his friends accompanied him to the dock and gave him a hearty send off as the steamer left.

There was a large gathering at Hosier Street Methodist Sunday School last night, to bid farewell to the second band of missionaries destined for China. After devotional exercises, Rev. Mr. Robson invited visit the five missionaries to address the audience after which several ladies and gentlemen present made for a few minutes. A collection was taken up on behalf of the mission, after which the audience sang the hymn "God be with you till we meet again." After the benediction and a social chat the missionaries were escorted to the s.s. Batavia, on which they will make the long voyage to Shanghai.

The crusade against gambling in the east is driving them out here by scores where of course they find lucrative although illegal employment. They are not wanted here and the sooner the police on this side of the mountains set about clearing them out the better.

Last night a burglar paid a visit to Weeks & Ford's store on Hastings Street. An entrance was effected by turning the key in the back door by means of a bent wire. While the owner was making his selection one of the proprietors came in at the front door and the burglar beat a hasty retreat. The police are looking for him but the only clue they have is the innocent little piece of wire.

E. W. Bickle has been appointed postmaster at Wellington. He is said to be a worthy young man and in every way capable of performing the duties devolving upon him.

The Vancouver Branch of the Imperial Federation League will hold their annual meeting in the Board of Trade rooms on Friday evening. The officers for the year will be elected.

The Batavia left this morning at 6.30 for Yokohama with a full cargo of general merchandise and the following fourteen cabin passengers: G. H. Foreith, Boston, for Hong Kong; Dr. J. J. Schwent and Mrs. Schwent, Portland, W. H. Brewer, Miss Kate Deal, Miss Whitney, Dr. and Mrs. Whitney, Philadelphia, for Yokohama; R. Harnell, E. M. McBride, Miss L. J. Kay, Miss Rose Power, C. J. Stephens, Toronto, for Shanghai. In the steerage was Wah Kin, a wealthy Celestial from Boston, wife and two children, and 30 other chinamen.

CHILLIWACK.

A Stockade and Hotel Burned—Narrow Escape From Death.

Chilliwack, Feb. 17.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning the residence of John A. Campbell, of this place, was completely destroyed by fire. The fire was first discovered by Mr. Ronald Campbell, who was returning from Centreville, about 12.30 a.m. He rushed into the house and rescued Peter McRae, who was asleep at the time, and who would certainly have perished in the flames. The whole building, together with furniture, bedding and clothing was destroyed in an hour. The fire is supposed to have started in a defective flue. The building was insured for $2,000.

This evening the Palace Hotel, Centreville, was discovered to be on fire. Fortunately there was plenty of assistance on hand and the fire was got under control before it had spread. The hotel is the property of Henderson Bros., and at present is being enlarged and undergoing extensive repairs.

IS IT A HOAX?

WAS THE MISSING STEAMSHIP "ERIN"

Destroyed by Fire as is Related in a Letter Contained in a Sealed Bottle Found in New York Bay?—Imperial Parliament—Short in His Accounts.

New York, Feb. 18.—What purports to be news of the ill-fated National Line steamer Erin has been received. A bottle containing a message from the Erin was picked up at the foot of East Thirty-Seventh Street today by James T. Dowd, of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, who brought the message to Capt. Ryan at the Twenty-First Precinct this afternoon. The letter is as follows: "The steamship Erin is burning at 5.15 p.m. January 31st, 1890, 50 miles east of Barbadoes Island. My dear Eddie while so near you, so full of hope of holding you in my arms, death is coming near me. The steamship on which I left New York is burning. I write this by the light of our funeral pyre. Two of our boats are lost. The decks are full of cattle and the captain and two of the crew were tossed overboard by the mad animals. In one near we may all be in the bottom of the ocean. We are lost may Heaven have mercy on us. The fire is beyond our control. I am going to send this sealed in a bottle hoping and praying some one may find it. May God help and save us! as we cannot help ourselves. You, who may find this waif from a drowning man, I implore you by all you hold sacred, to use the utmost dispatch in forwarding it to J." On the other side of the sheet was written "Julia, God help her." The police think the letter is the work of some practical joker.

Imperial Parliament.

London, Feb. 18.—In the House of Commons this evening, Maurice Healy asked the Government whether it was true that John Daly, now a convict in Chatham Prison, had been grossly ill-treated and nearly poisoned since he had refused to give testimony which would connect the Parnellites with the dynamiters. Healy requested that a searching inquiry be made into the matter, or that members of the House of Commons be allowed access to Daly in prison, the same as the *Times* had been. Home Secretary Matthews said he had no authority to grant an inquiry as stated, and he denied the allegations that Daly had been ill-treated, and stated that Daly had made no complaint. The dispenser of medicines in the prison, who carelessly put an overdose of belladonna in a prescription for Daly, had been suspended.

In reply to the question by Mr. Labouchere, Mr. Jackson, financial secretary to the Treasurer, said that no demand for payment of the expenses of witnesses who testified before the Parnell Commission had been made upon the Treasury.

H. Campbell Bannerman resumed the debate on the address. "The Government," he said, "had wilfully resorted to coercion when such a course had been proved worse than useless. There could be no pacification of Ireland while the masses were alienated from the Government and their confidence in the administration of justice was destroyed."

Sir Henry James declared that there were facts opposing the view of the Opposition that the quietude of Ireland was due to the union of hearts. The same improvement, he said, was observable in Ireland during the coercion period under Gladstone's administration. Sir John Morley reminded the House that Lord Salisbury, during the election in 1885, had told that the law could not much longer be set aside. Morley challenged the Government to denounce the *Times*, their ally, whose language was infinitely worse than that of the *United Ireland*.

A division was taken on Parnell's amendment to the address, asking the repeal of the Coercion Act, with the result that the amendment was rejected by a vote of 267 to 240.

Miners Call upon Gladstone.

London, Feb. 18.—Mr. Gladstone was waited on by a deputation of miners today and listened with close attention to the addresses of the spokesmen. In reply he said they must consider the question whether working men were not willing to work more than eight hours, after which they should ask themselves whether miners were entitled to separate and exceptional treatment. He was unable to give any pledges and must be free to act according to his judgment.

The Government has awarded a life pension to the daughter of the late poet, Martin Farquhar Tupper.

The Government of Holland has notified the Berlin Government of its willingness to participate in the proposed labor conference in Berlin.

In Very Deep Water.

Quebec, Feb. 6.—The utmost excitement has been caused in commercial circles by a report that the agent of a well known Liverpool lumber firm is short in his accounts to the extent of between $100,000 and $200,000. He had also power of attorney to the extent of $100,000, but this had been stopped by cable from Liverpool. His absence from the city for the last few days lends color to the report. The agent is 40 years old and belongs to one of the best families here.

The agent who disappeared is C. G. Davis, timber merchant and agent here for Bryant, Howes & Bryant, the well-known and extensive firm of London, England.

Retaliation.

St. John, N.B., Feb. 18.—Filing of the protest against Mr. Blair and his three colleagues has led his friends to retaliate in kind, and protests were filed yesterday against the return of ten Oppositionists. In all the elections sixteen members have been protested.

A Blaze at Victoria.

Victoria, Feb. 18.—A fire broke out in the basement of Hattie & Lockhart's furniture store on Government Street, shortly after noon. About 1.30 p. m., the place was enveloped in flames and the smoke poured out from the sidewalk opposite the burning building and Angus & Gordon's store. The firemen worked with a will and the fire engine John Grant poured two steady streams into the building. At 2 o'clock it appeared as if the firemen were unable to get control of the fire. The neighboring stores all suffered more or less from smoke and water. By 4 o'clock the fire was under control. Hattie & Lockhart's stock is valued at about $12,000, on which there was an insurance of $4000. Most of the stock was carried out more or less damaged.

Warren v. Boswitz, a case involving $150,000, was tried in the Supreme Court today.

The steamer Hope went ashore on the Portland Rocks near Nelson Island yesterday morning. The steamer slightly full of water will probably be raised. She is owned by W. P. Steward.

Port Angeles Property Involved.

A despatch from Port Townsend says: Civil proceedings will be instituted at Dungeness, Clallam County, next Monday, in the Superior Court, which will involve over $250,000, being the largest amount of property ever legally involved on the Lower Puget Sound. Francis Hinkly and eleven other members of the Puget Sound Colony at Port Angeles have instituted proceedings against Thomas Maloney and ten other officers and directors for fraudulently appropriating the colony's funds and asks the court to dissolve the incorporation. The complaint alleges that the present board reelected themselves by a false issue of stock, which they afterwards recalled, and that property valued at over $100,000 has been disposed of and the proceeds applied by directors to self-elected exorbitant salaries. The plaintiffs claim that the colony is now in debt over $24,000, and that the colony owns six sections of land in Clallam County, besides 200 waterfront lots at Port Angeles, reasonably worth $250,000; that the directors positively refuse to issue statements to policy holders or make an accounting of the company's property. The petitioners have a lengthy complaint, enumerating the high-handed outrages perpetrated by the directors, and declare co-operation a failure. Judge Sachs declines to try the case because he purchased some contested property, and a change of venue to Seattle will be taken.

He Approves Polygamy.

A Maitland Stockwell writes a letter from the Mormon colony in the Northwest Territories, to the *Times*, in which he says: "It is true that polygamy has my approval, but only in relation to the larger and wider principle which I have placed at the head of these lines. Freedom of contract, with a due regard to the rights of weaker parties, is now an accepted maxim of enlightened politics, and only requires time for its complete development. To this maxim I have given considerable prominence in most of my writings, and at no time has it ever been absent from my mind. In conversation, especially, I have oftener dwelt upon the main principle, than on its particular exemplification. My prediction respecting polygamy was founded on a consideration of the remarkable activity of thought which seems now to distinguish the Old World from the New, and seriously from the growing skepticism of the Republic. From this consideration I think you will soon perceive that the chances are all in my favor, and plenty to spare, when I again hazard the announcement that before the flight of seven years, freedom of matrimonial contract in all its variations, in so far as they do not amount to the destruction or deterioration of the species, will be influentially represented in the Imperial Parliament of England.

Strangers, but Brothers.

A letter has been received from Mr. D. Moss of this city, who is now in San Francisco, in which he states that on the passage down in the Pueblo, a young man from Seattle died on board. He had no friends with him and no one knew him, but he was an Oddfellow in good standing and the members of the order on board took him in hand and did everything they could to relieve him during his last hours. After his death they subscribed between them a sufficient sum to give the remains a decent burial after the coroner in San Francisco had passed upon him.

Hotel Arrivals.

At the Queens—J. Nicholson, Belgrave; H. Welsh, D. Welsh, Detroit; J. McGregor, Vancouver; M. Matthieson, Fairhaven.

At the Colonist—A. G. Ferguson, J. E. Wilgress, M. W. Thare, E. C. Small, D. W. Gayner, Mrs. Matley, J. C. Yarker, D. Price, E. B. Spalding, Vancouver; W. H. Crouch, C. F. Lowe, Victoria; C. B. Sword, Riverside; C. M. Kent, Port Townsend; W. Elliott, Port Moody; J. A. Whitney, Lillooet, R. S. F. Smyth, Langley; J. B. Elliot, Ladner; A. J. Higginson, Montreal; G. Carnaden, S. Faverish, North Arm.

Arrested on Suspicion.

About 9 o'clock last night Officer Anderson found a man trying to dispose of two or three pairs of new pants to the Indians in the lower part of town. He was at once arrested on suspicion of having stolen them. When taken to the lockup he gave his name as Thomas Evans, and said he was a recent arrival from Nova Scotia. A key which had the appearance of belonging to a shop was found on searching him, and when Mr. Smith asked where he got it, his reply was that it was none of his business.

Back From the East.

Mr. J. E. Knight, who has been engaged in the lumber business here during the past two years has returned from a visit to his relatives in St. John, N. B. He was accompanied by his father, Mr. H. T. Knight, Miss Carrie Knight and Mr. Fred Corman. Miss Knight's destination was Evansville, Ind. Mr. H. F. Knight and Mr. Corman will go into business in this Province.

Negro Wreckers.

Wilmington, Del., Feb. 18.—Two villainous looking negroes, named Charles Wilson and Emanuel Wilkes, were arrested today charged with placing ties on the railway track near Walkersville, for the purpose of wrecking trains. Both confessed and they will likely get life terms in the penitentiary. They made two attempts but both failed.

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THE TRUTH is printed every morning except Monday, and will be sent to mail subscribers at the following strictly in advance rates: 1 month 50 cents, 4 months $2, 6 months $3, 1 year $6. Delivered by carrier in New Westminster, $1 a month. The weekly edition is printed every Saturday, and will be mailed 3 months for 50 cents, 6 months $1, 1 year $2.

CLUB RATES: The weekly edition will be mailed to clubs of not less than 5 for $1 a year each, the names to be sent in at one time.

REGULAR ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted in the daily edition at the following monthly rates, payable on 1st day of each month: Per inch down the column, $2 so position advertisements $3.50. In the weekly, $1 $1.50 an inch per month. No patent medicine advertisements inserted in either edition.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS (in either daily or weekly) $1 an inch for first insertion and 50 cents an inch for each additional insertion, payable in advance.

LOCAL NOTICES 25 cents a line, contract rate 10 cents a line, each insertion in daily. Weekly rate 25 cents a line each insertion.

BIRTH, MARRIAGE AND DEATH notices will be charged at the rate of 50 cents per insertion.

JOB PRINTING (such as letter, note, statement, and bill heads, envelopes, circulars, dodgers, posters, cards, tickets, etc.) in good style and at reasonable rates. Orders from mountain business men will receive prompt attention.

ADDRESS: THE TRUTH, New Westminster, British Columbia.

The Truth

Daily Edition.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The adage hath it that the man who takes liberties with the truth needeth a long memory. The Vancouver *World* appears to have a very short memory. TRUTH charged that paper with uttering a calumny against this town when on the 14th inst., in endeavoring to strengthen its argument that New Westminster was worthless as a port for ocean going steamers, it asserted that "for "months the limpid Fraser's bosom is chilled "into a solid block of ice." It replied on the 17th inst. to our charge by stating that what it said was that "it is not an unknown "occurrence for the river to be frozen over "for a week at a time." This is assured at the gibbons with which an untruth so easily shows up is told. Here are the exact words said by the *World* on the two dates mentioned:

World, Feb. 11.	*World*, Feb. 17.
What has occurred in the past is likely to take place again; and until such time as our commercial men control the climate and vagaries of old Fraser, where bosom is so chilly that for months the limpid Fraser's bosom is chilled into a solid block of ice—the world is to be wooed for you so highly spoken of by it is not likely to arrive.	There are hundreds residing in that city (New Westminster) many of whom were born there, years before TRUTH had an existence. It is a matter of the World's assertion that it is not an unknown occurrence for the river to freeze over for a week at a time. We challenge TRUTH to contradict this. That is the cool and rich stance of our contemporary.

Most people will at once pronounce the above to be a specimen of the most unelaborated lying. TRUTH will only designate it a slip of the memory.

The article from which the latter of the above extracts is taken abounds in similar slips. To follow it through its tortuous windings would only be to make ourselves ridiculous in the eyes of our readers. A winner than we has commented on the folly of holding contests with those whose word hath no anchorage in the honest truth. To fight for a principle with such an adversary would be still more unfatal in its results. It may be illustrated by a parable.

A certain dog was peacefully pursuing his way upon the public thoroughfare. Sleek and clean was his coat, bright was his eye and proud was he of the admiring glances that were thrown upon him by his friends and the populace. Presently out of the gutter came rushing a mongrel, reeking with foul odors, his tousled hair matted with filth. He was just fresh from rolling in the decaying carcass of a putrid animal. He snarled and snapped incessantly at the peaceful dog, which bore it for a time, but presently turned and set upon the wretched mongrel and so bit and tore him that the miserable cur was fain to shelter away, rending the air with his howlings, and with his tail between his legs. The good dog turned, expecting the approval of his friends, but they shrank from him with their fingers to their noses. He had soundly thrashed the mongrel, but he stank so frightfully from reason of the contact, that his friends fled him.

No, *World*, we will not turn upon you.

In another column is given a clipping from the Victoria *Colonist*, in which the agent of an English mining company complains that he is unable to get from the Provincial Government information on mining matters in British Columbia such as would form data on which his Company might be induced to make investments here. The absence of information of this kind, and the drawback it is to development in agriculture as well as mining, was commented on in TRUTH a few days ago. The agent above referred to says he "expected to find this information "ready to hand in the complete and satis-"factory form in which our neighbors across "the border promulgate the claims of their "wealth producing territory," and added: "What British Columbia needed first was "reliable surveys and explorations from "which could be presented in a complete "and comprehensive manner the character "intrinsic and worth of the country." That is exactly the crying need of this Province today, and until it is supplied not very much in the way of the development of our natural resources may be expected. The agriculturist as well as the operator in mines meets a positive blank in the way of information when he comes to British Columbia, and he naturally turns his attention to other countries where every possible inducement for the investment of capital is spread temptingly before him. TRUTH suggested a short time ago that it would be wise to institute a Provincial Mining Bureau for the collection and compilation of accurate information regarding mines. The need of it is pointedly instanced by the remarks of the agent referred to above. In addition to this bureau there should be begun a thorough topographical and geological survey of the Province, and the results recorded in bluebooks as the work proceeds. The trouble in British Columbia seems to be that its Government has had the idea of keeping the Province a sort of a close corporation, and has bent its energies more to the work of keeping immigrant lawyers out of the courts and refractory pedagogues out of the schools than to that of filling the Province with industrious tillers of the soil and toilers in the mines.

ON THE JUMP.

Rapid Progress of the Line from Revelstoke via Nelson to Spokane Falls.

Information has been received from Spokane Falls under date of the 14th inst., to the following effect: "D. A. Stewart, chief engineer, and six subordinates, of the Canadian Pacific, were in the city today. They compose the locating party of the Canadian Pacific in this state, and have completed a survey from Revelstoke, B. C., to Colville, which is the objective point this season. The road will be built to Colville this summer, and by fall to Spokane, by an excellent route through the richest mining districts in the world. They are desirous of having the line completed at the earliest possible date, in order to secure the benefit of the immense amount of traffic that is to be had in transporting supplies and ores to and from the mines. It is the object of the Canadian Pacific to get into this mining district as long as possible before any other line can reach it to divide up the business. The Great Northern is known to be reaching out for the business of this section and has a line already surveyed through a portion of the district from Great Falls, Mont., to Spokane with the intention of completing the line within ten months, while the Spokane & Northern is also reaching into that territory, and trying to get right of way through a portion of British Columbia. It is to cut this road off as well as to get the first chance at the Kootenai business that the Canadian Pacific people are rushing their line through with such haste. They can get the right of way through this state much easier than the Spokane & Northern can get one through their territory, so they will probably be the first to reach the mines. They can almost have a straight line from Revelstoke to Colville by way of Little Dalles, and can secure a good route from there to Spokane, and it will give this city outlet to the Kootenai country.

"The engineers state they have just returned from locating a branch line of the Canadian Pacific from Sproat's Landing on the Columbia River, a distance of 30 miles, to Ainsworth, on Kootenai Lake, thus affording communication by rail and steamers on the lake with the rich Kootenai mining region, as yet in the infancy of development. Engineer Stewart states that the line of the Canadian Pacific has been surveyed from the main line at Revelstoke, on the Columbia River, to Colville, 90 miles north of here, in this state, and that the road will be built during the coming summer and extended to Spokane Falls as soon as practicable. The branch road from Sproat's Landing to Kootenai Lake will be built first, and work will commence as soon as men and materials can be got on the ground. A large steamer is now being built at Revelstoke to transport supplies down the Columbia River. The object of the Canadian Pacific in completing these roads as soon as possible is to head off the Spokane Falls & Northern, Great Northern and Northern Pacific, all of which have surveyed lines into the Kootenai country. The completion of the Canadian Pacific to Colville will give Spokane Falls its third trans-continental line, as the Spokane Falls & Northern is already built to that place from here."

PROVINCIAL JOTTINGS.

Latest Notes of the News Throughout British Columbia.

R. J. Kirkwood, of Hindlewatt won the Colonist piano, with ticket No. 3,131.

Fourteen tenders have been received for the new Methodist Church at Victoria.

Reports from Behrings Sea state that seals are reported thick, but the weather is so rough that none have yet been captured.

The Nanaimo police are "housing" the gamblers that have been infesting that city.

At the close of January there were 152 prisoners confined in the various provincial jails of the Province, the total being made up as follows: Victoria, 59; Nanaimo, 19; New Westminster, 66; Kamloops, 15; Donald, one; and Lillooet, one. The greatest number of prisoners in confinement at any one time, was: Victoria, 68; Nanaimo, 22; New Westminster, 67; Kamloops, 19; and Donald and Lillooet one each. The minimum number of prisoners under key, was: Victoria, 50; Nanaimo, 13; New Westminster, 64; Kamloops, 15; Donald and Lillooet one each. There were no escapes from any jail in the province during the month.

Mr. Gibson's Return.

Mr. George Gibson, of Chilliwack, has returned from a holiday trip to his old home in Lucknow. He has brought with him ten well to do farmers from the neighborhood of Lucknow who intend purchasing land and settling in the neighborhood of Chilliwack. Mr. Gibson left here a bachelor and returned a benedict.

Victoria Nursery
AND SEED ESTABLISHMENT.

P. T. JOHNSTON & CO
Successors to Mitchell & Johnston,

Will have for sale during the coming season a large and varied assortment of Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs, and other nursery stock of all descriptions suitable to the climate including many novelties from Japan, at prices far lower than they can be imported from Canada or the east.

☞ Clover and grass seeds and all other seeds at greatly reduced prices.

For further particulars see our price catalogues, which will be forwarded post free on application.

Our seeds for sale by Messrs. C. McDonough and James Wise of New Westminster.

SEED STORE, No. 28, Fort Street. NURSERY, Cadboro Bay Road.
137-96

SCAVENGERWORK

I beg to inform the people of New Westminster that having undertaken the post of

CITY SCAVENGER

I shall be pleased to complete all orders with promptness. Leave orders at the New Grotto hotel.
JOHN BURNS.
New Westminster, Oct. 8th.

Crosse & Poingdestre
Wholesale and Retail
TOBACCONISTS
Choicest Brands of Imported Cigars, Finest Cigarettes, Fancy Imported Pipes, Pouches, Cigarette Cases, Choice Smoking Tobacco, Etc.
Thompson's old Photograph Gallery, Columbia Street.
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BUTCHERS.
Nearly Opposite the Colonial Hotel, NEW WESTMINSTER.
The Largest and Choicest Assortment of all descriptions of
Meats and Vegetables
Constantly on hand and supplied to families, restaurants, and steamboats at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES
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Saddle, Driving and Draught Horses. Also Brood Mares with Foals
FOR SALE CHEAP.
Horses can be seen at G. W. Hamm's Sale Stables, adjoining Mrs. Gill's premises, Royal Avenue. 137-89

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HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES
PUMPS IRON PIPES BRASS GOODS
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Galvanized Iron Cornice Work, etc.
☞ Orders Taken and Contracts Completed in Vancouver, Victoria, or any other part of the Province. Estimates furnished on application. Jobbing done on shortest notice. The best workmen only employed.
Columbia St. New Westminster, B. C. Telephone 41.

NOTICE.
I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts which may be contracted by my wife, Rachel Helena Lund.
Dated New Westminster, Jan. 20th, 1896.
117-96 AUGUST OSCAR LUND

Canadian Pacific Railway.
PACIFIC DIVISION
General Superintendent's Office
CAUTION
OWNERS AND MASTERS of vessels and other Craft navigating the Fraser River are cautioned to keep between the buoys painted Red and White, respectively, at the Mission Bridge, as during the construction of the bridge navigation between the banks of the river and the buoys is dangerous owing to piles being driven there.
H. ABBOTT,
General Superintendent.
Vancouver, B. C., May 3, 1895. 137-96

JOSEPH E. GAYNOR,
B. A., L. L. B.
BARRISTER-AT-LAW of the High Court of Justice in Ireland. Office adjoining McKenzie and Clarkson stores, New Westminster, B. C.

DOWN
With prices in Boots and Shoes. We want to reduce our stock to make room for Spring goods, and every shoe
GOES
At cost for cash. One call sufficient to convince you that we keep bargains. We offer the well known line of American
M'CINTY
Mens shoes worth $3.00, for $2.50. Mens shoes worth $2.50, for $2.
TO
Make it interesting for the ladies, we will offer French Kid Shoes worth $3.50, for $2.50. We will offer French Kid shoes worth $2.50, for $2. We will sell anything and everything in shoes at
THE
Lowest prices. Our prices are the best on the market, strictly cash and sold
BOTTOM
And you cannot afford to miss any
OF
These bargains. In other goods we are
THE
Leaders. Make it a point of duty
SEA
To inform purchasing members
GORDON & CO.
Sign, the Buffalo, Columbia Street, New Westminster. 136-96

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Manufacturers and Importers of
HARNESS,
SADDLES,
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SADDLERYWARE, ETC.
Colonial Block, Columbia Street, New Westminster
A full line of sadlery hardware, including whips, robes, horse clothing, blankets, curry combs, brushes, sponges, horse medicines, horse and ox shoes, stable requisites, etc. Double Harness from $20 upwards. Single harness, from $12 upwards. Carriage harness, from $20 upwards. Cart and drays harness. Complete stock of horse clothing. Harness, from $20 upwards. Single harness, from $12

SOME WONDERFUL WELLS.

A TRIO THAT PRESENTS EXTRAORDINARY FEATURES.

Roarers, Blowers and Gushers—Wells from Which the Wind Whistles, and One Possessing Remarkable Electrical Properties.

Today's excursion among wonders and marvels shall be taken beneath the surface of the earth, in a description of the location and character of "wonderful wells."

The old time well, with its long "sweep" and single rope and bucket attached, or the more modern windlass, with its labor saving device of two buckets attached to a single rope, wound around a cylinder in such a manner as to let one bucket down while the other one is coming up, the same that was known so and so graphically described by the author of the "Old Oaken Bucket," or even the present wooden or iron pump, with its manifold attachments, are common objects in every small city and in the rural districts. It is not these, but others dug on similar plans, which it is proposed to describe under the above caption.

A BRITISH FREAK.

One of the most remarkable of the many wells, which the reader will be willing to dub as "wonderful" before he has finished this dissertation, is on the edge of the Bridlington harbor, in Yorkshire, England. This well was dug in the early part of the present century and was first described in a paper read by Dr. Storer to the Royal society. The bottom of the Bridlington harbor is composed of a gravelly, porous clay. In boring the well this stratum was penetrated and bored through its entire depth and into a bed of other and more solid clay below. A copper lining was provided and the sides of the well properly secured. When the first tide arose after the well was finished it flowed to within fifty inches of the mouth of the boring.

This was nothing singular within itself, it having regularly so flowed during the four weeks that work on the well was progressing; the well itself furnished the free show. Before the tide had reached within thirty yards of the well the water began flowing from the mouth and by the time it had reached its maximum height, was gushing out in torrents. The water from the well was perfectly fresh, although the sea water flowed to within less than five feet of its mouth. As the tide recedes the fountain guides with less and less impetus until at last it disappears from view in the cavernous depths of the well, only to reappear and form a perfect fountain when the next tide flows.

THE SIERRA BLANCA ROARER.

An American wonder, similar in many respects to Johnny Bull's Yorkshire marvel, and which was fully described in the columns of the old Republican some three years ago, is the Sierra Blanca magnetic well on the Texas and Pacific railroad, in El Paso county, Texas. The well was drilled on the artesian plan in the spring and summer of 1884. Some little water was obtained and prospects were bright until a depth of over 800 feet had been reached, when the tools suddenly dropped into a cavern; the bottom had in reality "fallen out," and they were treated to a rush of cool—not water, but air. Correspondents by twos, by singles, by dozens and by score visited it and telegraphed the results of their observations to the leading papers of the land. One of these, in speaking of the similarity of the 4th and 5th of air to the same phenomena as exhibited in ocean tides, says:

"From 10:15 a. m. to 10:15 p. m. a current of air rushes out of the pipe with a sound resembling the noise made by a locomotive blowing off steam, and so loud that it can be heard for fifty or fifty yards. At 10:15 p. m. the overflow of air ceases and a strong suction sets in which lasts for the next twelve hours, this 4th and flow continuing day after day, and it has been observed by horses that whenever they get in the neighborhood of this well strong magnetic forces are felt and sparks given off if the horse's mane is touched."

THREW STONES.

Mr. Peter Taylor, of Sarnia, Ontario, was more fortunate than the Texas Pacific in getting something tangible from his roaring well, which was sunk some years since in the suburbs of the city above mentioned. The well, which had been drilled to a depth of about 100 feet before it developed abnormal propensities, was situated some 300 yards south of his house, which is one of the largest and finest in Sarnia.

As soon as the cavity had been penetrated the rush of air, which, by the way, was expelled with much greater force than that from the Sierra Blanca well, was accompanied by millions of pebbles and hundreds of sticky yellow clay, the pebbles varying in size from about the bigness of a hickory nut up to some which were almost as large as a man's head, the latter weighing from eight to fifteen pounds. That these stones were expelled with great force may be gathered from the fact that they were thrown hundreds of feet high, many of them going entirely over the Taylor residence, which, as above mentioned, stood 300 yards south of the well.

During the time of this remarkable display there was a constant, ever increasing roar issuing from the bowels of the earth through the well, the smallness of which caused slowly to block the post up forces in the subterranean boiler and save the whole town from a coating of clay and a bombardment of rocks. It was about 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon when the first premonition of coming trouble was noticed in gurgling sounds proceeding from the well, and for about an hour and a half, or until 6 p. m., Taylor's home made geyser was the wonder of all that part of Canada able to get within hearing or to catch a glimpse of the cone shaped column of mud, stones and water that were being shot into the boreal atmosphere.—John W. Wright in St. Louis Republic.

INDIAN MONKEYS.

Amusing and Instructive Stories of Our Simian Relatives.

Few monkeys afford better opportunities for observation than the Hanuman monkey of India. Generally protected and looked upon as sacred by many Hindoos, it has no fear of man, and may be found in groves near villages, or even in the village trees, as commonly as in the depths of the forest. In many parts of India it is a common occurrence to see these monkeys on the roofs of houses. In Benares, the holy city of the Hindoos, they may be seen prowling about the streets and the temples, and snatching away with impunity fruits and vegetables from the baskets of the passers by. They frequently pilfer food from the grain dealers' shops, while the damage they inflict on gardens and fields renders them a great a nuisance that the inhabitants of the country, although they will not themselves, as a rule, kill the monkeys, sometimes beg Europeans to shoot the intruders.

The Hanuman is usually found in groups, composed of individuals of both sexes, and of all ages, the youngest clinging to their mothers and being carried by them, especially when alarmed. An old male, not necessarily an old bachelor, is invariably found solitary, as with so many mammals. Sometimes females with very young offspring keep to gether, and temporarily apart from the remainder of the troop, to which they belong. Good fights sometimes take place between different parties of these monkeys, who use all sorts of missiles—fruit, branches, clods of earth, etc.—on these occasions.

There was once a combat between two groups of Hanumans for the possession of a mango grove. Only the champion males of each flock engaged at first, two from the larger flock, one from the smaller; but after one of the former had been killed, his throat being torn open by his adversary's teeth, the females came to the assistance of the survivor. The single champion of the opposite side was mortally wounded, and several of the weaker flock were taken away prisoners by the others.

Away from villages, the high trees on the banks of streams of India, and, in parts of Central India, rocky hills are the favorite haunts of these monkeys, who subsist chiefly on fruit and grain, owl, wolf-pups, leaves and young shoots. They are never found at a great distance from water, many of them sleeping every night near it. Whether on trees, on rocks or on the ground, they are exceedingly active. They can climb surprising activity and scramble from branch to branch, or from rock to rock, and when pressed take most adventurous leaps. They have been seen to cross from tree to tree a space of twenty to twenty-five feet wide, with perhaps forty to fifty feet in depth. They can run on all fours with great speed, taking long strides or rather bounds.

They have a loud, and is often heard, voice in the morning and evening. They generally utter a loud, joyous, rather musical call—a kind of bleat—when bounding from tree to tree, and a harsh, guttural note, depending upon it, when the latter is the cry brought to the tiger hunter, among whom last much is the Hanuman. Safety assumed on a lofty tree, or jumping from one tree to another as the tiger moves, the monkey, by gesture and cry, points out the position of his deadly enemy to the human sportsman, and enjoys at his hearty. It is amusing to observe how these monkeys, even in the wildest forests, where human beings are rarely seen, appear to recognize the men as their best friends, at least as allies against the tiger.

Indeed, those who have only seen monkeys in Europe, and especially in cages, have but a very imperfect idea of the intelligence, love of fun and power of mimicry that these animals possess. Some of them are kept tame in India and other countries, brought to perform tricks of various kinds, and carried about for jugglers and itinerant musicians for the amusement of children and of grown up people too. They will imitate the talk, walk and gait of everybody they see, make faces at the children, and perform all sorts of antics, and they seem to enjoy the fun just as much as the onlookers. They are the incarnation of mischief and curiosity, and altogether a most amusing set of creatures. But some of them are all tempered, and the older ones, who cannot be tamed, are usually savage.

Others are very quarrelsome, perpetually screaming and fighting, or teasing one another—in fact, they behave very much like spoiled children. Monkeys, in their natural state, when startled, rush through the forest, shaking the branches violently, and bridging from time to time. But sometimes the old male stays behind in a safe part of vantage on the top of one of the highest trees, where he may be seen sitting his chief duty is carry at frequent intervals. Mr. Boulton, one of the Indian service, writes: "I was once well amused from a tree by an old monkey, on the edge of a half deserted clearing in Southern Arcots. I had done nothing to offend his monkeyship, but he evidently considered me as something to scout and surveyed."

As mentioned above, in some parts of India monkeys are held sacred and protected, some of them are worshiped. The sacred Egyptians are said to have worshiped these animals. Bess, the sacred Hooker bess, is said, in the Pentateuch, to have been asked by monkeys during an expedition against Bassa. He [illegible] of his wife. As to the Egyptians, [illegible] a time, prepared [illegible] modesty [illegible] a place reserved for them, and moved them at an expense with great pomp and ceremony, spending about 1,000 on the same occasion.—London Graphic.

A Drop of Water.

"Think you that a drop of water, which to the vulgar eye is but a drop of water, loses everything to the eye of the physicist, who knows that its components are held together by a force which, if suddenly liberated, would produce a flash of lightning? Think you that what is constantly heard upon by the unassisted ear a mere murmur does not suggest higher conceptions to one who has seen through a microscope the wonderfully varied and elegant forms of snow crystals? Think you that the rounded rock, marked with parallel scratches, tells up as much poetry to an ignorant mind as to the mind of a geologist, who knows that on this rock a glacier slid a million years ago? The truth is that those who have never entered upon scientific pursuits are blind to much of the poetry by which they are surrounded. Whoever has not in youth collected plants and insects knows not half the taste of nature which boys and hedgehogs can answer. Whoever has not sought for fossils has little idea of the poetical associations that surround the glens where embedded treasures are found. Whoever at the seaside has not had a microscope and aquarium has yet to learn what the highest pleasures of the seaside are."—Herbert Spencer.

What You Escape.

If you were a subscriber to a Halifax paper you would be expected to believe that a thousand rats had by a young lady who was out sailing in 1872 was found in the stomach of a porpoise caught 400 miles away ten last October. Consider that you have had a narrow escape.—Detroit Free Press.

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Kate Field Swindled.

Several years ago Miss Kate Field, the authoress, visited Atchison, says The St. Joseph Herald. While there she made the acquaintance of a prominent business men, who believing that she had some ready money, portrayed to her the profit she would reach by buying a lot in that city. He induced her to purchase, the price being $3,000. She paid $1,000 down and the balance was to come in payments. It turned out afterward that the lot really belonged to the man who induced her to buy, although he had represented differently. The editor of The Herald met Miss Field in San Diego nearly two years ago, when she related the story of her Atchison purchase, described the location of the property, and said she had received a letter from a friend not to meet the second payment, as the property was not then and never had been worth more than $1,000, the amount she had already paid. We were requested to investigate the matter for her and did so. We had two of the best reliable men in Atchison value the property. One placed the value less than $1,000; the other thought it might be worth $1,200. We advised Miss Field to lose the $1,000 she had paid down rather than pay the $2,000 yet due. This is the true story of Miss Field's real estate deal in Atchison. The deal was a clear swindle for which the city of Atchison was in no way responsible, but perpetrated by a man of prominence who claimed respectability.

MOWBRAY, CARLYLE AND THE QUEEN.

Mr. Mowbray had risen to speak to friends of the only occasion on which he ever spoke to the queen. Some years ago the late dean of Westminster and Lady Augusta Stanley invited him among others to tea at the deanery to meet the queen, and a small select party were present. Carlyle being one. The company, as was benefitting in the presence of their sovereign, were respectfully silent, only joining in the conversation when addressed. The queen began to talk to Carlyle and expressed her opinions on some matter with which he differed, and to, as usual, contradicted her and claimed her. As the queen left the room she stopped at the door to speak to Mr. Browning and my good-eye, remarking: "What a very extraordinary man Mr. Carlyle is. Does he always talk like that? I never met him before." Mr. Browning was only able to assure her that it was his invariable custom.—Edmund Yates in New York Tribune.

Stanley's three years' journey in Africa will no doubt change the geographies. He has located the course of the Aruwimi river, the location of the Mountains of the Moon, and established the connection between the Albert Edward Nyanza and the Albert Nyanza lakes. These are only a part of his geographical discoveries, and the map makers will take notice accordingly.—Leslie's Newspaper.

Over on the north side, near the river, is a hotel which is frequented by members of the theatrical profession who are looking for rates. The rates are quite low, but in order to lower them to the popular level demanded by the player folk the proprietor is obliged to curtail expenses. As a consequence, he has two waiters to attend to a dining room full of people, and he charges them with every dish they break. They are usually cautious on this account. The other day one of the two colored waiters attended a table of eight in the dining room, and of course to spot considerable time in the kitchen while executing the eight orders. Every one at the table was talking about the long wait as the colored man came in. He carried on his left hand, elevated over his woolly head, a tray full of dishes, and just as he neared the table his foot slipped, and down went the load with a crash to the floor. Surveying it ruefully for a minute he turned to his expectant guests, made a very low bow, and said: "Gentmen, I'm discharged. I'm sorry, but if I could not paid for dese dishes I'd be to make a voluntary 'sqpoment.'" He quit then and there, and the guests had to satisfy themselves with the savage from the wrecked meals.—Chicago Herald.

HOLIDAY SUITS.

M. A. McRae is now the recognized leading Merchant Tailor of New Westminster, and those desiring New Suits in the Best Line of Goods, should give him a call. In the Armstrong Block on Columbia Street.

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HACK, LIVERY, STAGE, FEED & SALE

Hacks and single rigs at low rates. Dressing and all kinds of teaming done at short notice. Dry cord wood delivered to any part of the city. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention.

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TACOMA—VICTORIA ROUTE.

Daily Except Sunday.

Leave Tacoma	7 00 a.m.
Arrive Seattle	9 15 a.m.
Leave Seattle	9 45 a.m.
Arrive Port Townsend	1 15 p.m.
Leave Port Townsend	1 30 p.m.
Leave Port Townsend	2 00 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	5 30 p.m.

Daily Except Sunday.

Leave Victoria	8 00 a.m.
Arrive Port Townsend	9 15 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10 00 a.m.
Arrive Seattle	1 30 p.m.
Leave Seattle	1 45 p.m.
Leave Spar Ck	2 00 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	3 15 p.m.

Tickets on sale to all points in United States, Canada, or Europe, via your choice of two transcontinental lines and all eastern trunk lines.

Ticket Office on Wharf, Foot New Westminster Street.

Information as to time, rates, connections, etc., cheerfully given upon application.

W. K. DEAVER, Agent.

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Along its line is unequalled, and in the details of train service, etc., nothing is omitted that can add to the safety and comfort of all its patrons. All in all, it gives the best and most accessible line of travel for business or pleasure, between

Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria

And all Pacific coast points, and Winnipeg, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York and all eastern cities.

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Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars.

Reservations can be secured in advance. Be careful and do not make a mistake but be sure to take the

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And see that your ticket reads via this line. St. Paul or Minneapolis to avoid changes and serious delays occasioned by other routes.

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Run on all regular express trains full length of the line. Berths free. Lowest rates. Quickest time.

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Corner Columbia and Douglas streets, New Westminster, B. C.

STEWART & CUNNINGHAM, PROPRIETORS.

Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. Reduced rates by the month. Refurnished and refitted throughout in first class style.

CLEVELAND HOTEL

MRS. T. CLELAND, Proprietress.

Columbia street, east of Royal City planing mills, New Westminster.

Board and lodging per week $5.00, single meals 25 cents, lodging 25 cents. The bar is replenished with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars of every description. Billiard table and reading room.

TELEGRAPH HOTEL

Front street, opposite Ferry Landing.

Board and Lodging $4 per week. Single meals 25 cents, lodging 25 cents. The bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

MARY HOGAN, Proprietress.

AMERICAN HOTEL

Columbia St., New Westminster.

THOMAS LEVI, Prop

RESTAURANT ATTACHED.

The bar is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Terms Moderate.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

The handsome saloon, near C. P. R. depot is now fitted up and stocked with a good supply of genuine

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Local and foreign newspapers taken. Call and taste the "Good Cheer."

JAMES FLYNCH, Proprietor.

FOR NICE

GROCERIES

AND

Staple Dry Goods

GO TO

WM. McCOLL

HOLBROOK HOUSE

Front Street, New Westminster.

JOHN RANKIN, Prop.

Rates from $1 to $1.50 a Day.

New Westminster Brewery.

This old established brewery has been put in thorough working condition, and is turning out a first class quality of beer. Families supplied. All orders left at McDonough's store on Front Street will have prompt attention. Brewery located at Sapperton. Telephone 75.

WRIGHT & JAMESON, Proprietors.

WILSON, MATHESON & CO.

General Contractors and Builders.

Raising and moving buildings will receive special attention either at New Westminster or Vancouver. Office and workshops on Agnes street, east of Douglas, New Westminster. All correspondence promptly attended to.

THE PENITENTIARY

A VISIT TO THAT INSTITUTION YESTERDAY.

What a Reporter of "Truth" Saw There—The Cells, Their Occupants and Their Occupations—A Model Institution.

What a peculiar institution a penitentiary is. In the world yet not of the world, its population have a life peculiarly their own. Their every movement regulated like the pendulum of some huge clock has about as much variety in it. Sunshine or shadow—snow or rain, day or night are nothing to them, save that for so many beats of the pendulum they work, for so many more they eat, and for another number of hours and minutes they sleep. Then of course there is Sunday when the convicts, like many other Christians, attend divine service because it is fashionable. They are allowed to make their election as to which church they wish to attend; but having done so they must be there 52 times in the year unless in hospital.

Yesterday a reporter of TRUTH paid a visit to the penitentiary in this city. As everyone knows it is located about a mile from the centre of the city and near the site of what was at one time the seat of Government for this Province. A high and substantial fence encloses the grounds near the centre of which stands the penitentiary with its stone walls and barred windows. There is no pleasanter walk in the summer time than that along the margin of Father Fraser, and although it is now the middle of winter it is hardly less pleasant. Nestling in a curve of the majestic river was the Burnette mills, full of life and activity, while back of all rise the Pitt Range robed in alabaster whiteness to their summits and standing out in bold relief against the blue empyrean. A scow, aided by the tide and the stalwart arms of a boatman, moved lazily up the stream. With it time appeared to be no object, but the arms never wearied, and fast by foot it crawled along to its destination at Sapperton. Next came the penitentiary fence, and later on the gate at the entrance. Perched in a little box on the wall alongside stood the guard, the barrel of his repeater glittering in the sunlight. "Is Mr. McBride in?" the reporter asked, and with an affirmative answer, the gate swung wide and the visitor entered. And then it closed with a snap and a clang that might have been heard almost half way back to the city. It reminded one of the drawbridge and portcullis of the times of long ago. A gently sloping path led up to the great building and ended in a flight of stone steps at the entrance. The visitor touched the bell and as he did so, started at the clang which echoed up and down the long hall. But it was in tune with the clang of the great gate and told a story that even the dullest could understand. It was an alarm not to be mistaken and was answered even before the last vibrations had died away into nothingness. The visitor was shown into the warden's private office, where, after a few minutes of formality (that he explained his object. Mr. McBride, ever ready to oblige, went to a great deal of trouble to explain the working of the institution, as well as to search the statistics of the prison for the desired information. He introduced the reporter to Mr. Fitzsimmons, who, for 30 years has been engaged as an officer in penal institutions.

"Would you like to go through the penitentiary?" the warden asked and being answered in the affirmative Mr. Fitzsimmons started with the visitor to make the rounds. First came the business office in which ex-Ald. Keary presides as accountant and schoolmaster. Everything was in the best of order and with an air of cleanliness about it that is seldom seen outside such an institution. The next place visited was the guard room. Of course there was a man on duty there. In one corner stood the guard bed while ranged against the wall were the arm racks, carefully locked to prevent even the possibility of a surprise on the part of the prisoners. On the other side was the store room, its shelves piled high with clothing, boots and shoes, and other necessaries required by the prisoners. Next came the dispensary where the visitor faced Dr. DeWolf Smith, overseeing the preparation of a prescription for a prisoner. On through a grated door and the visitor found himself in the dormitory, where the cells are arranged four tiers high. A few of the prisoners were in their cells, but the great majority of them were at work in the shops. One would imagine that a cell was about the last spot in the world that a man would think of decorating. But some were decorated in a sort of way. Little bits of half withered evergreens were fastened against the whitewashed walls. A few square inches of looking glass set in a piece of wood hung in another cell. In each was a small book shelf, and neither for holding any small article the prisoner might be allowed to have. In one cell at the end of the corridor sat a man reading the Bible. He is a man with a history, who has three years work to serve. By no means of a prepossessing appearance, his rough prison garb was not calculated to improve it. But he was fat and full faced, showing that with him at least prison fare agreed splendidly.

In the basement the visitor was shown the kitchen and the steward's department, the latter presided over by Mr. T. A. McInnes, who is well and favorably known throughout the city and province. Then the deputy led the way up a flight of steps, turned a key in a huge door and a moment later the two were standing outside the prison. In little towers at various points along the walls were guards with their rifles commanding every foot of the forty odd acres of cleared ground. No man would have even the ghost of a show to get outside if the sentries did their duty.

Off to the southeast of the prison are several red frame buildings in which the workshops are located. The first one visited was the tailor shop, where a number of Chinamen and Indians were hard at work making and mending clothing. In this shop is made all the clothing for the officers and convicts, and although the latter is not peculiar for its beauty it is substantial and warm. Next to this is the shoe shop. All the boots, shoes and slippers used in the institution are made here and all necessary repairing done. The instructor in this department is a most painstaking man. The Deputy-Warden says that in six months time he has made as good a shoemaker of a man placed in his charge as they could do in Kingston Penitentiary in two years. The blacksmith and carpenter shops were also visited as well as the stables adjoining. They have four fine horses which are used for work on the farm. Then there are a number of cows, a couple of fine bulls and a small flock of sheep. In a commodious pen near by are some splendid specimens of English and Japanese pheasants—the latter beautifully colored bird. The root house under the barn is well stocked with an abundance of potatoes, turnips, cabbage, carrots and parsnips, all raised on the prison farm, as well as feed for stock. Some interesting information regarding the institution was furnished both by Mr. McBride and Mr. Fitzsimmons. The prison was built in 1878, and when Mr. Fitzsimmons came over from Victoria with the first batch of convicts all that could be seen of the building was the roof above the tree tops.

The present open hillside between the penitentiary and the road was covered with forest trees. This was first underbrushed and then the trees were cut away, the stumps removed and the holes filled in. Little by little the work progressed until now there are about 40 acres cleared, and with 40,000 feet of underdraining.

The weekly bill of fare is better than that in most penal institutions. On Sunday the prisoners have pork and cabbage for dinner with all the bread they can eat. On Monday they get fresh beef and soup with such vegetables as carrots, turnips, cabbage and rice. On Wednesday the bill is the same as Sunday, and Thursday the same as Tuesday. Fish is supplied instead of meat on Fridays, and on Saturday they have beef and soup. Every morning for breakfast they get a pint of coffee, bread and a quarter pound of beef, and for supper a pint of tea and all the bread they can eat. The sick of course are allowed whatever the doctor orders.

Regarding the population of this institution which numbers 88 at present, there are 27 Chinamen, ten Indians, one half breed Indian woman, three half-breed men, two Kanakas, two Mexicans and two negroes, the remainder are whites. There are four men serving life terms, namely, two whites and two Chinos. Strange to say there has never been a mechanic sentenced to the penitentiary since it was established, and this Mr. McBride attributes to the high wages which have always prevailed here. Taken as a whole the institution is most thorough as regards its care of the prisoners and their instruction in useful trades. Their spiritual welfare is looked after by Rev. Father Pierssens and Rev. Mr. Jamieson.

THE CHORAL UNION.

A Splendid Performance at the Twenty-Seventh Concert.

The only depressing feature in last night's concert was the absence of an audience to fill the hall in every part. The music was first-rate. Not a chorus nor a song that did not reflect great credit on all concerned. The care that the Bishop must have taken in producing those choruses can only be appreciated by those who know what such an undertaking means. True, he had good material to work upon. It is scarcely too great a boast to say that "The May Queen" has never been rendered more acceptably with the same number of voices and instruments and under similar circumstances to those attending the work of this Union. That shows that a thoroughly skilful conductor made the most of his opportunities. Programme:

PART I.

CANTATA OF "THE MAY QUEEN."

Sir Sterndale Bennett.

Overture — Pianoforte and Organ
Mrs. Pearson and Mr. Morey.
Chorus — "Awake, Awake!"
Chorus — "Now that the Tree is Green"
Duet — "Why Must I Longer Here Alone"
Mr. Hamber.
Air — "O Meadow Clad"
Mr. Hamber.
Chorus — "O Melancholy Flight"
Chorus — "With a Laugh as We Go Rushing"
Air — "With the Carol in the Tree"
Mrs. Stillitoe.
Duet — "We Lost, Find Thee"
Mrs. Stillitoe and Mr. Hamber.
Air — "The Jolly to Hear"
Mr. Kent.
Trio — "Shall a Chorus"
Mrs. Stillitoe, Mr. Hamber, and Mr. Kent.
Chorus — "To Fated Boy"
Pianoforte Music — Mrs. Pearson and Mr. Morey.
Chorus — "Hark! Their Notes"
Duet — "What Means the Angry Sounds"
Mrs. Lyal.
Chorus — "And the Cloud Hath Passed Away"

PART II.

SONG FROM THE PIANOFORTE.

Selection — "Daughter of Jairus" — Sir John Stainer
Duet — "Love Divine" — Mrs. Stillitoe and Mr. Hamber.
Duet — "By Waters Jesus Blessing" — "Sweet Thou that Sangest" — Pinsuti
Air — "The Soft Southern Breeze" (Hebrew melody) — Handel
Mrs. Mutrie.
Part Song — "The Mariner Wooing" — Frank Facing
Quartette — "Ye who from His Ways" — Laura Sims
Mrs. Stillitoe, Mrs. Major, Mr. DeBeck and Henry Holmes.
Sung and Chorus — "Thou Earth, Good Gifts Are Thine" — Spohr
Mrs. Major.
Part Song — "Song of the Vikings" — Frank Facing
Selection — "Hour of Prayer" — Frank Facing
Duet — "My Heart is Sweep Passes" — Mrs. McBride.
Air and Chorus — "Oh for Wings" — Mrs. McBride.
Selection — "Hymn of Praise" — Mendelssohn
Duet and Chorus — "Praised Be the Lord" — Mrs. Stillitoe and Miss Major.
Chorus — "For Night is Departing"
Chorus — "The Heavens (May Day)" — Sir G. Macfarren
"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

Pianoforte — Mrs. Pearson and Miss Dickinson.
Organ — Mr. Morey.

An extensive list surely for one night's performance. Indeed if criticism is to be made on that feature at all, the programme was not short enough. But the audience will not grumble at that. The performers are all well known in New Westminster and their various merits well understood. Mrs. Stillitoe perhaps lined her laurels those in the duet with Mr. Hamber in the first part. So much, however, cannot be said for Mr. Hamber, who was more effective in the solos. His flexible and finely trained voice, with as much of perfection in technique, is effective and delightful within its compass, but is suited neither to blend nor to contrast with the rich vivacity and force of Mrs. Stillitoe's. Those who held, with Ruskin, that the whole intent of vocal music is to express a thing which is felt deeply in the strongest possible manner, will scarcely have been satisfied. But of grateful melody there was abundance. In the trio, with Mr. Kent's crisp and spirited voice added, there was a triumph. The lost missed singer gave the air, "Tis Jolly to Hear," with rare success, and the audience was immensely pleased. It is a capital thing, and all would have been glad to have heard him in one or two more numbers of the like sort. Miss McBride's number, as would be expected, was a charming effort. Mrs. Lyal possesses a voice capable of much sweet expression, and she was well suited in her number last night, as also was Mrs. Mutrie. Miss Major's number was a pretty air as well as a difficult thing, to which the chorus, so well rendered, gave a strong and effective setting. The quartette in the second part was one of the gems of the evening, but the great feature in the concert was the choruses. All were good, but two or three of them, particularly "Hark! Their Notes," in the first part, and "The Revels" in the second, it would be difficult to excel. The instrumentation of Mrs. Pearson, Miss Dickinson and Mr. Morey, in the accompaniments especially, was most artistic and intelligent.

With last night's concert the Bishop, we are told, bids adieu to the Union. It is a pity, for, alas! who is there to fill the post which he has so long and so efficiently held, and in the performance of the duties appertaining to which he has so faithfully labored.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Coal is now $8.50 per ton.

The steamer Dunsmuir is expected in today.

The frame for the extension of the Burnette saw mills is all up.

Hub salmon for sale. Going into other business. 126-tf

WANTED.—An intelligent boy to learn the printing business. Apply at this office. 141-tf.

The K de K made a trip across to Brownsville yesterday afternoon.

Mr. F. G. Walker and Mr. C. C. Pemberton, barristers, have gone into partnership.

Mr. Sam Woods has gone to Victoria on a business trip. He expects to return about the end of the week.

Tenders for the improvement of Edinburgh Street will be asked for within a few days.

The Steamer Abbotsford has been frozen in up river. She cannot possibly reach here till today some time.

The funeral of Mr. Duncan's child will take place from the family residence today at 2 p.m.

This being Ash Wednesday there will be the usual services in the Anglican and Roman Catholic churches.

A couple of handsome cottages are in course of construction on the hill between Montreal and Douglas Streets.

The Pacific Express passed the Junction about twelve o'clock last night. Its mail came in here half an hour later.

Wanted—A house of from five to seven rooms, with water, well located and within ten minutes walk from P.O. Address I M., TRUTH office. 75

M. L. Stangman, Chief Engineer of the Cornwall railway line, Lockeport, was at the Colonial yesterday. He left for Vancouver during the afternoon.

The timbers for the railway bridge over the Saskatchewan near Saskatoon are being rapidly erected and squared. It will be ready for shipment in the course of a few weeks.

A large quantity of ice which formed up river during the past couple of nights drifted down yesterday. A large floe sailed up and down in the eddy opposite the penitentiary grounds all day yesterday.

The largest real estate transfer reported for some weeks past, took place a day or two ago where 144 acres of the White estate were sold at $100 an acre. The land was purchased from the Government 20 years ago for $1 an acre.

In referring to Mr. Hugonnin's return from Ottawa Monday night, he was credited in yesterday morning's issue as Dominion Lands Agent, when his proper office is Crown Timber Agent. Mr. J. McKenzie is the Dominion Land Agent here.

Mr. B. Gregory, of Fredericktion, N. B., arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Gregory is a lawyer by profession and intends practicing in this Province. He is a cousin of Mr. G. R. Gregory, Mr. Blair's former law partner, who ran against the Premier in the last election.

Mr. Gordon, Inspector of Dominion Land Offices, and a member of the Dominion Lands Board, who has been here for the past weeks, left with Mrs. Gordon for a trip to Banff yesterday. His business here was the inspection of the Land Office, which he found in a condition of the most perfect order.

BRITISH CAPITAL

That Might be Obtained to Develop Provincial Mines.

Yesterday morning Mr. E. J. Hewell, who is prominently identified with the Mines Company, of London, Eng., a corporation of practically unlimited capital and far reaching influence, had long interviews with Hon. John Robson and Hon. F. G. Vernon in regard to the value of British Columbia and the attractions it presents to foreign capital. Later in the day Mr. Hewell was interviewed by a reporter to whom he said that his object in visiting this Province was primarily to present a rough report to his company as to the extent and character of the mineral wealth of British Columbia. He had expected to find this information ready to hand in the complete and satisfactory form in which our neighbors across the border presented the claims of their wealth containing territory which needed capital only to develop it. It was not so arranged however, and he would be forced to obtain the information desired by a more laborious method. The Mines Company had already secured control of about 300 square miles or about 600,000 acres of land in Cape Colony and by constructing railways, building wharves and operating mines by the most modern and scientific methods they had developed their immense tract of country successfully to themselves and advantageously to the country itself. They were now seeking fresh fields, and British Columbia was spoken of as a land of promise. Mr. Hewell had personally put forward the claims of the Pacific Province, and he thought that if they were urged in an intelligent manner by the Provincial Government the Mines Company might be induced to locate here in preference to the United States. What British Columbia needed first was reliable surveys and explorations, from which could be presented, in a complete and comprehensive manner, the characteristics and worth of the country.—*Colonist.*

LADIES GOSSAMERS AND UMBRELLAS OFFERED THIS WEEK AT COST

Special Bargains in Hosiery and Gloves. A few Remnant Brussels and Tapestry Carpets at Special Prices.

OGLE, CAMPBELL & FREEMAN **The Leading Dry Goods House,** MASONIC BLOCK. NEW WESTMINSTER.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to be called "The British Columbia Mills, Timber and Trading Company," for the purpose of acquiring the shares in the capital, and the business, property and privileges, and also of assuming the liabilities of the Royal City Planing Mills Company, Limited, and the Hastings Saw Mill Company, Limited, respectively, and to provide for the said Companies being merged therein and extinguished, and

To operate and carry on the business of the aforesaid Mills;

To acquire by purchase or otherwise, hold and operate, equip and maintain mills, factories and machine shops of any description, steam vessels and other vessels of any description, railways, tramways, canals and ferries, and to dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;

To acquire by purchase or otherwise, and construct roads, dams, bridges, aqueducts, flumes, etc., and to dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;

To acquire by purchase or otherwise, leases of timber and other lands and timber privileges, and to dispose of the same or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;

To acquire by purchase or otherwise, and hold lands, and dispose of the same, or any interest therein, by sale or otherwise;

To acquire by purchase or otherwise, gold, silver and other ores and minerals, logs, timber, lumber and merchandise of any description, bills of lading, bills of exchange, promissory notes and securities for money, and to dispose of the same;

To operate and carry on the business of salt makers (sea, rock or other salt), lumber and timber merchants, manufacturers, wharfingers, and carriers, and to conduct and carry on a shipping, towing and general trading business;

To undertake agencies and conduct financial business of any kind other than that of banking or insurance;

To perform all such acts, matters and things as the Company may deem incidental or otherwise conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects, or to the conversion or disposition of any security or property held by the Company.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

Dated 4th December, 1886, Victoria, B. C.

TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS ARE INVITED UP TO noon on Saturday, March 12th, for the erection of a frame seven brick building on Front street, also two two story frame cottages on King Avenue for Mr. James Cunningham.

Plans and specifications at my office.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

G. W. GRANT,
Architect.

Westminster, Feb. 14, 1887. 126-3

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next sitting, for an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of reclaiming and operating certain lands under and adjacent to Burrard Inlet, and other lands in the District of New Westminster, to and Province.

CHARLES WILSON,
Solicitor for the Applicants.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 21, 1886. 120-99

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to 6 p.m. on Saturday the 22nd inst., for the erection of a two-story residence on Mount Street for Mr. T. J. Armstrong.

Plans and specifications may be seen at my office.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

G. W. GRANT,
Architect.

Westminster, Dec. 16, 1886. 120-3

J. M. McLAREN, L.D.S.,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Rooms 4 Ferguson Building, Hastings Street, Vancouver.
TELEPHONE NO. 241.
Gold work a specialty. Gas administered.

GARESHE, GREEN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates.
Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers, San Francisco, New York and Canada.
Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.
AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.

REQUIESCAT IN PACE
McGINTY.

First Citizen—Are you going to put your name on that subscription?
Second Citizen—What subscription?
First Citizen—Why the subscription to buy a tombstone for McGinty.

And here let me have your ear. They are going to buy it at the

B. C. Monumental Works

The foremost manufactory of the kind in the Province.

SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F., NEW WESTMINSTER Lodge No. 3. The regular meetings of this lodge are held at the Odd Fellows Hall every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

T. TYLER, Secretary.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Men's Winter Overcoats, worth		$16 50,	Selling at $15
Boys' "	"	6 50,	" 5
" "	"	8 50,	" 6
" "	"	5 25,	" 4
Men's Felt Mitts,	"	50,	"
" Wool Gloves,	"	50,	"
" "	"	60,	"
" Mitts,	"	60	"

J. E. PHILLIPS

THE LEADING CLOTHIER, Columbia Street.

R. P. RITHET & CO

5 Commercial Row, Victoria

Importers and Commission Merchants

Agents for the Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS

WELCH & CO., San Francisco. R. D. WELCH, Liverpool.

P. PEEBLES. NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

I have made extensive alterations in my store, and have also rented a large warehouse in the rear of my store-room, and will thus be able to keep a larger stock to select from. First-class upholstery a specialty.

DEALER IN FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, ETC.

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

S. MANAHAN

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FRESH AND SALT MEATS

HAM, BACON, SAUSAGES, BOLOGNAS, ETC.

Meats delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. Orders from out-port points promptly. FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND.

J. S. MANSON is just in receipt of a splendid line of English and Scotch Suitings, Chinchilla Overcoatings, and Fancy Trouserings. Prices that will suit. Store on north side of Columbia Street, near corner of McKenzie.

Important to Purchasers

Call and inspect my full stock of American and Canadian

BOOTS AND SHOES

Cannot be beaten in the Province.

N.B.—A SPECIAL.—Splendid B.B. Boot just to hand. W. M. JOHNSTON, Columbia St.

T. OVENS, General Machinist & Blacksmith

Dougsen Street, above Columbia, New Westminster.

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Buggies, Carriages, and Wagons Manufactured.

Dealer in all Kinds of Machinery

Agricultural Machinery Repaired

THOS. EARLE

Importer and Wholesale Grocer, Wharf St., Victoria

Offer for sale: Tea, China and Japan, sugars, syrups in all style packages, Rice in bags and bbls, Canned fruits, Wooden Ware, Brooms, and a complete stock of Fancy Groceries. All direct importations and offered to the trade at the lowest possible price.

STEMLER & EARLE,

Proprietors of the PIONEER STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS. Ground Coffee, Spices put up in any style of package desired and guaranteed strictly pure. All orders for the above addressed to me will have prompt attention.

THOS. EARLE

RE-OPENING

W. & G. WOLFENDEN

Have re-opened business in the Bushby Block with an entirely new stock of first class Groceries and Provisions, where they hope to see all their friends. Note the Address.

BUSHBY BLOCK, COLUMBIA STREET

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS

GENTLEMEN OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Feeling that the bulk of the tailoring trade can and should be done in this Province, we have imported a very large stock of the finest and best goods that the Far-pean market can afford, and having a really first-class cutter and a good staff of hands, we are determined to do a large share of the trade of the Province. We hope that by giving you garments much superior to anything you can get in the ready-made shops in the cities East, and by square, honorable dealing we shall do our best to deserve this trade. We have secured as our representative a gentleman well known to many all through the Province, and whom we feel sure you, will deal with you in such a manner as will secure to us, through his patronage. We will give you perfect satisfaction both in fit, style, and workmanship if you favor him with an order, or if you the money be returned. We introduce to you Mr. Edwin J. Morpeth our representative, and wish you the compliments of the season.

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS, Fashionable Tailors,

36 Government Street, VICTORIA, B.C.