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THE SLOCAN DRILL.

VOL. II., No. 27. SLOCAN, B. C., OCTOBER 4, 1901. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

Johnny, Get Your Gun

Double-Barrel Shot Guns,
Savage Rifles,
22 Repeating Winchesters,
Revolvers, of all Calibres,
and a full stock of all kinds
of Ammunition and Sportsmen's Supplies.

Carload of best Blacksmith Coal just received.

T. D. WOODCOCK & COMPANY,

Hardware Merchants. SLOCAN, B.C.

JUST OPENED:

A few seasonable lines of Ladies' Goods, which we have marked at prices that will soon clear them out. They are splendid values.

Costumes,	$8 to $13
Wrappers,	$1.25, 1.75, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75
Outside Shirts,	$2.50, 2.75, 3.75, 4.50
Under Skirts,	$1 to $4
Night Gowns	$1 to $2.50
Child's Dresses	$1.50 to $2

Here is a snap. We have some Silks and they are now marked at very low prices. For the balance of September you can have them at 25 per cent discount for cash.

W. T. Shatford & Co., General Merchants,

Slocan, Vernon, Fairview, and Camp McKinney, B. C.

A. YORK & Co.,

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables and Provisions. Goods shipped to any part of the Slocan. Highest cash price paid for raw Furs.

SLOCAN, - - - B. C.

The Arlington Hotel,

SLOCAN, B. C.

Offers up-to-date accommodation for the Public. It is the home of Travelling, Commercial, and Mining Men.

GETHING & HENDERSON, - Proprietors.

The Hotel Slocan,

Slocan, B. C., is under the

Skilled and Personal Management of Jeff Baty,

Who is ever ready to make life pleasant for those who tarry within a while with him.

WILSON HOUSE,

SLOCAN, B. C.

Is reached by any trail or road that runs into the Town.

Do not go past its door when you are dry, weary or hungry.

A. E. TEETER, - Proprietor.

Orders for all Kinds of Job Work

Quickly Attended to:

The Drill, Slocan

MEETING OF COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT MAKES ANOTHER REBATE TO CITY.

Royal Bank at Nelson Made the Bankers of the City—Another Petition for Sidewalk—Move Made to Lessen Cost of Police Department.

City Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Ald. Woodcock, Worden, Smith, Nichol and Bradshaw being present. Ald. Woodcock occupied the chair in the absence of Mayor York on the coast.

A letter was received and read from the Royal Bank at Nelson, dealing with civic finances. On motion it was agreed to make the Royal Bank the bankers for the city, all cheques issued thereon to be signed by the mayor and treasurer.

Another letter was received from J. McB. Smith, of the treasury department, Victoria, relative to the further rebate due the city for liquor licenses. A cheque for $600 was enclosed. Letter ordered acknowledged and fyled.

D. McLeod wrote from Fernie, and Geo. Motosowa, from Sandon, relative to brick chimneys ordered put in their premises on Delaney avenue. The former wished the city every success in its career of progress and prosperity. The clerk was instructed to examine the chimneys on both buildings and the letters were fyled.

M. Bray, receiver of the city of Wellington, which was recently disincorporated, wrote quoting prices on fire apparatus for sale by that burg.

Ald. Bradshaw said the city should take some steps towards getting an engine and hose and the offer made was a good one. An inspector of insurance was recently in and stated, that if the city would put in even a limited system of waterworks for fighting fire, it would mean a reduction of 2 per cent in the insurance. This was a big thing to be considered.

Letter laid over and the clerk ordered to write for a detailed statement of price and terms of the fire apparatus offered for sale, and the condition of the same.

The special committee on waterworks appointed at last meeting reported in favor of the extension of the Brandon system to the corner of Slocan street, as asked for, the agreement to be valid for two years, or until such times as an adequate system has been installed by the city. Considerable discussion ensued on the subject, the idea expressed by a portion of the council being that there was a nigger in the fence somewhere. On motion of Ald. Smith and Worden the report and action thereon was laid over for one week.

Finance committee reported favorably on P. Swan's account for fire hall supplies. Bill ordered paid.

W. H. Ferguson and others petitioned to have the sidewalk on the west side of Main street, fronting the new Union hall, repaired at once. Ordered referred to the committee on sidewalks, to report at next meeting.

Finance committee asked for a week's additional time to report on the grade of streets and cost of sidewalk to the hospital.

A bill of 75c, for P.O. box rent, was presented and referred to finance committee.

Under general business, Ald. Bradshaw brought up the question of the police magistrateship. He would like to see instructions given the city clerk to write the provincial secretary and ascertain if any recommendation had been made by the local member on the subject. If not, when was the appointment likely to be made. Nothing had been heard of it since the council's action thereon quite four months ago and it was time something was being done. The clerk was instructed to write in accordance with the above, giving date of passing previous resolution of recommendation, on motion of Ald. Bradshaw and Nichol.

Ald. Bradshaw also wished to have the clerk write the finance department at Victoria, asking permission to have the city receive unpaid taxes for 1901, so that additional rebate may come the more quickly to the corporation. This was made into a motion, seconded by Ald. Worden, and carried.

The clerk presented a list of supplies required in his department. Ald. Smith and Worden were empowered to purchase the supplies.

Instructions were given the clerk to get tenders for 500 assessment notices and report at next meeting.

Ald. Bradshaw thought the city was paying too much for police protection. He would like to see the civic offices combined and so get more money for building sidewalks. The police department was unproductive and was costing much money to operate.

An acrimonious talk ensued, resulting in the matter being referred to the police commissioners, on motion of Ald. Bradshaw and Nichol, with a recommendation for them to see if the city could not be policed at a less cost than at present.

Council then adjourned.

Promising Section.

One of the most promising sections of the country—that lying to the head of the first north fork of Lemon creek—will see some life during the winter. Three properties at least will be worked, the Hoodoo, Fourth of July and Duplex, while further down the Rose and Legal will continue development for some time yet. Indications are that something tangible will also eventuate at the Chapleau and Kilo. That particular section is studded with claims of more than ordinary promise. By values of gold are obtained on all the leads, in addition to the ordinary values in silver. There are some mighty ironcap propositions in that camp, which can be turned into dividend-payers. The creek has been somewhat neglected by capitalists, but the properties will win out on their merits. The work to be prosecuted this winter will have a beneficial effect.

Kind or Looks Suspicious.

Saturday evening Supt. DuBois of the Arlington met with a big surprise. He was invited to partake of a big spread at the mine by the official staff—Messrs. Harrington, Coleman and Burchall—there also being present Geo. Henderson, T. McNeish, H. D. Curtis, D. A. Ross, from town; and E. M. Sandilands, Sandon. After the feast of good things, Mr. DuBois was presented by the staff with a handsome onyx clock, with bronze trimmings; a pair of bronze candelabra, and a beautiful vase. A suitable reply was made by the recipient. These presents kind er look suspicious, especially when coupled with the fact that a fine residence has been built at the mine, and that the superintendent has taken a month's holidays.

Opening Up Another Vein.

The Enterprise company has decided upon opening up the big vein on that property, which parallels the small vein on the west. Two drifts have been started on the lead just below the No. 3 workings and success is being met with. The vein is easily 12 feet wide and is more of a concentrating proposition, fair values being obtained on the surface. It can be traced almost from the Iron Horse up on to the Ohio on the summit, but no work has ever been done to prove its merit. Mining men predict big things of the vein.

Lease on Duplex.

On Monday Jack Beauchesne signed over the Duplex, on the first north fork of Lemon creek, to Jas. Cross and J. Nathan on a winter's lease. The lessees undertake to put up a camp and build a trail to connect with that at the Kilo. The Duplex has an excellent showing of ore, of which a small quantity has been shipped, giving paying returns. The lessees are convinced that they will make more than wages during the winter.

Inspected the Black Prince.

John Harris, of Spokane, and C. Donahue, of New Richmond, Wis., arrived in on Saturday, and went up to make a careful examination of the Black Prince. Monday they went on up to Four Mile and inspected the Fisher Maiden. Their trip into the country was with the view to investing considerable money in a dry ore proposition. Mr. Donahue was in the Slocan in the early days and later on spent three years in the Klondike. After an experience which cost him several thousand dollars, Mr. Donahue came to the conclusion that the Klondike was afflicted with the worst set of official rascals that ever cursed any country.

A Labor Address.

Monday evening a large meeting of citizens was held in the Miners' Union hall, having been called up in a hurry, to listen to an address on Labor topics by W. J. Walker, of the Freemen's Journal, Spokane. Mr. Walker spoke for two hours, dealing with the situation in the Cœur d'Alenes, Northport, and Rossland, and describing the struggles of Labor to maintain their organizations. He gave much encouragement to the workingmen and predicted ultimate victory in the existing struggles. His remarks were loudly applauded.

Republic Road.

Several bids were received for the building of the Republic road and they have been sent to the head of the company at Detroit, for the contract to be awarded. R. C. Campbell-Johnston, the engineer of the company, expects work to begin on it next week. It will take a month to construct the road, and it is not likely much work will be done on the property till it is finished. New cabins are to be erected and a big force of men employed. The company aims to make heavy and continuous shipments of ore.

Myrtle Group Improving.

The Tattersall boys have concluded their work on the Myrtle group, to the head of Twelve Mile creek. They have run a number of open cuts tracing up the vein and have sunk one shaft, 6x7 feet. It is 15 feet in depth and has made a big improvement in general appearances. It is in ore all the way, giving values of 100 oz silver. The vein on the Myrtle is 50 feet in width, making it one of the biggest things in the entire camp.

Miss Chisholm, matron of the Sandon Union hospital, passed through Wednesday from a pleasant trip to the Buffalo fair.

De Canadaw Man.

Wen Royalty's comin' on Canadaw,
We're mak' us de beeg hooray,
We're wavin' dat flag as nevair you saw
An' de nice musique, she is play;
For son of de Keeng—he is veesit wit h'us
An' we treat heem de well we can,
An' feller wat don' be makin' beeg fuss
Dat's not de Canadaw man.

De Keeng, hees say to le Dauphin, too:
"You're goin' on un grande tour,
Go plaintee de place I am tole to you
An' seein' whole lot for sure;
But wen you are travel on no matter w'ere
An' kip to de govrement plan,
You don' fin' no feller dat's treatin' you square
So mooch as dat Canadaw man.

"I'm pass on hees contree—dat's long tam ago—
But I'm nevair forgettin' how,
For Madame, ma mudder, she's tellin' me so
De way I am tole you now;
An', I'm tinkin' wil' Injun hees dere whole lot,
For leev on de whole de lan', [Scot—
But dere's Frenchman, an' Henglish, H'irish, an'
Dat's makin' de Canadaw man.

"An' mos' dat feller hees all agree,
Eef only you geev heem chance,
But wit' Breetish, eet's always 'De Ol' Contree'
An' wit' Frenchman, eet's 'La Belle France;'
An' dat's fonnies' ting you are comin' across,
Eet's bettaire you undersian',
He'es always de Anglish an' Frenchman, Ba gos'!
All de same, he's de Canadaw man."

So, le Duc he ees comin' on Canadaw,
An' we're cheerin' whole lot encore,
I'm certaine our troat, she is all got raw,
Eef we geev leetle "Veev" some more;
But eet's not evree day dat de Royalty's met,
So we're doin' de bes' we can,
An' s'pose anybody is run out of breat'—
Dat's not de Canadaw man.

R. T. ANDERSON.

Lemon Creek, B.C.

OUR ORE SHIPMENTS

SUBSTANTIAL SHOWING MADE BY THIS DIVISION.

Last Year's Shipments Were 2847 Tons—A Healthy Evidence of the Life and Wealth of the Camp—Arlington the Biggest Shipper.

The heaviest shipments in the history of the camp is the record for the present week, 230 tons being sent out in all. Of this the Enterprise shipped 20 tons and the Arlington the balance. Corrected smelter weights on the latter's exports and inclusive of present week's figures raise the total tonnage from the leading mine to 3428 tons. From all properties the total exports for the year are 4184 tons.

Last year the exports from this division amounted to 2847 tons, made up from 10 properties. Following is a list of the shipments this year to date:

MINE.	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Arlington	210	3428
Enterprise	20	480
Two Friends		40
Black Prince		125
Bondholder		23
Chapleau		15
Speculator		10
Phoenix		23
V & M		20
Esmeralda		2
Hampton		6
Fourth of July		7
Tamarac		5
	230	4184

MINES AND MINING.

Fresh snow lies deep on the higher hills.

The Arlington has 120 men on the payroll.

More men are being added to the force at the Enterprise.

Additional supplies were sent up to the Bondholder on Friday.

The machinery at the Enterprise concentrator has been set up and is all ready for operation.

Angus McLean returned from Spokane on Tuesday. He anticipates an early resumption of work on the Iron Horse.

The Enterprise will instal 12 baby drills on the various levels and break down a large amount of ore during the winter.

W. Pellew-Harvey, the well known mining engineer, recently made an examination of some Twelve Mile properties.

M. R. Mowat and J. McKenzie have taken a lease on the Sweet Grass claim, adjoining the Capella group, New Denver.

Nearly all the supplies and tools left in the Bondholder cabins four years ago, when work ceased on the Ten Mile slope, have disappeared. Even one of the ore cars vanished.

MINING RECORDS.

Appended is a complete list of the various records registered at the local registry office, H. P. Christie being mining recorder:

LOCATIONS.

Sept 23—Kootenay Belle, Lemon creek D C Robertson.
Crisis, divide 1st and 2nd n f Lemon, F Purviance.
Mikado, same, J V Purviance.
Canyon, near Lemon creek, I Lougheed.
Alabama, same, N E Holmgren.
Sunset, Lemon creek, I Lougheed.
Jack, same, same.
Alameda, Ten Mile, R I Kirkwood.
Ute fr, Robinson creek, P Swan.
24—Dexter, last s f Lemon, D Sloan.
Baby Friend, 2nd n f Lemon, D Sloan.
Sharpsville, same, J A Foley.
25—Ogomo, divide Springer and Robinson creeks, W Thomlinson.
27—Erl King, n f Springer creek, R A Bradshaw.
Amos fraction, Springer creek, Jas E Orr.
28—Key of Erin fr, on Erin mountain, D Saulter and D Graham.
Fallen Leaf, Lemon creek, D Hanlon.
Toulon, same, same.
Sunny Chief, Orchard creek, same.
Cartoon, Lemon creek, J P Driscoll.

ASSESSMENTS.

Sept 23—Fountain, White Pine, Lake View, McKinnon.
24—Lady Franklin, Crazy Jane.
27—Anchor.
28—Star of India, Mount de Mars.

TRANSFERS.

Sept 23—Champion and Sapphire, W E Lee to Marie E Dempster, agreement to bond.
Monument No 2 fraction, W B George to J Duham I and Louise Sinkan.
25—Mayeta ⅔, W Kerr to F Carlisle.
Prosperous, R Cooper to D H Gibson.
26—Little Jim fr ½, W F DuBois to M W Coleman.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Sept 23—Sunlight fraction.

MARY HAMILTON'S ROMANCE

By John Strange Winter

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She felt that the risk was immense. She wondered what Edward Conway was doing in that part of Cornwall. She had never heard him speak of having been in Cornwall, she had never heard of his having any connection with any one in Cornwall or with Cornish people, and then she reminded herself, half bitterly, that she had known very little of him at all. But what was he doing here in St Agnes? It was no use shirking the situation She must dare and risk all at this juncture. Nothing would be gained by cowardice. And, after all, he could never force her to go back to him He could only at the very worst expose her, and in her case exposure would mean the world's pity, never its scorn

She drew her breath sharp between her teeth, took her handkerchief off the dressing table and turned and went out of the room and down the stairs, Alan Stacey following And in the best parlor their breakfast was laid, and in two minutes the delicate fried fish and golden fresh eggs were brought in.

"Fish or eggs and bacon, sweetheart?' said Stacey as the apple cheeked maid lifted the covers of the two dishes

"Eggs and bacon thank you, Alan,' she replied

She had never in her life felt less like eating, but it would not do to arouse suspicion by refusing to try to do so. She poured out the coffee and listened with a smile that was not very real while Alan told her of his farewell to the old boatman.

At last he stretched out his hand to her across the table.

"Sweetheart," he said, "you are quite sad at going away Would you rather stay here?"

She answered him all in a hurry "Oh, no, Alan; no, no. I am all packed and ready. Don't suggest such a thing What should make you give me such a Lot's wife character as that? I much prefer to be going away We have been here quite long enough It is a dear little place, and you know I always want to stay in a new place forever; it is one of my characteristics, but I think I get tired of them. I think I use them up. I don't believe I shall want to come to St. Agnes again."

"Not even to have the cottage?'

"No," trying hard to repress a shudder; "no, not even to have the cottage, Alan. After all, I think you are right There is no place like London We will stay at home a few days before we go on. What do you think?"

"Just as you please. I don't see why we shouldn't."

"Nor I," said she, for the thought had come to her that, if Edward Conway was hunting her down, there is no place in the world where you can keep yourself hidden so easily as in London Nor would it be easy to find her, for she had not a single friend or acquaintance who had known her at the time of Captain Conway's supposed death At the time of her second marriage she would have written to Mr. Lawson, to whom she had only a few weeks before repaid the last installment of the £100, at what pinching effort she alone knew, but he had just died, and with the other officials of the Red River line she had no acquaintance. So long as she did not walk abroad there was but very little chance of her stumbling against her pursuer. Here, on the contrary, it was almost impossible to keep out of the way of any one whom you did not want to see. Presently she would have to drive three miles to the station, not, mercifully, along the road to Roathlyn, but in the opposite direction. Still, it was possible that he might have changed his mind, and in any case she would not feel absolutely secure until she was out of the neighborhood, until she was out of this desolation of woods and fields and into the safe shelter of the great city.

For one wild moment she wished with all her heart she had told Alan when the news of Edward Conway's rescue first reached her. But now that she had come face to face with the terrible and awful tragedy which would end, God alone knew how, she did not dare to speak. As she sat there, trying to force the egg and the delicate strips of bacon bit by bit down her throat, she recalled the very first time that she had ever seen him—how he had refused with absolute scorn to inquire into her character, how he had told her that honesty was the dominant note of her life; that she had many times given herself away by being too honest, by not being able to tell, at the right moment, the harmless, necessary lie.

And if I tell the truth I must needs confess that she was at this juncture afraid to tell him—afraid to own that she had shared his life and love while the barrier of a great secret lay between them. She told herself that it would have been so easy to carry the news straight to him then that day when her horrified eyes had first fallen upon that announcement in the papers which was headed, "Survivors of the Arikhama." It was not easy then; now it was almost impossible. She felt that she could not face the look of surprise in his eyes; she felt that if everything came out, and he should ask her to stay with him, he could no longer ask it as a favor. So more and more she realized the need of keeping it all a dead secret, of hiding from Edward Conway as long as she could and of trusting to blind chance and Providence to free her—to free her this time beyond all shadow of doubt.

There were still some trivial arrangements for Alan to make when they had finished breakfast, gratuities to be given, one or two little bills to be paid and the landlord's account to be settled in full. She could hear him in the little room across the passage explaining to mine host that he had no doubt as to the honesty of the bill—it was no use his going over the items; that he had not the least idea how many whiskies and sodas he had had, and that if he had no objection he would prefer to settle the account without any further arguments. Then she heard the landlord protest that he wanted them to come back again, and therefore he was particularly anxious that Mr. Stacey should go thoroughly into the bill, so that if there was anything to which he objected he might meet him at once.

"My friend," said Alan, "you will never make your fortune Here you have entertained us to the best of your ability You have satisfied both my wife and myself, and we are extremely obliged to you for all the trouble and pains that you have been at to give us a good time. I am quite satisfied that the bill is all right and that there is not a single item in it to which any reasonable man could raise any objection."

Then she heard the chink of money and, from the silence that followed, guessed that the landlord was employed in the serious business of receipting the bill. She wondered how many more hotel bills would be made out, paid and receipted for their sojourn together. She wondered if Edward Conway found her, and she decided to stay with Alan—if Alan did not wish her to go away She wondered what people in London would say; how they would take it She supposed that in that case Edward Conway would make it the business of his life to follow them round and explain to every one the exact position in which they were placed. Would it be better to tell everybody? Would the story get into the papers? Would it be blazoned from one end of the world to the other that Alan Stacey's wife had a story as romantic as any of the thrilling pages which had come from his pen?

She bethought her, in her distress and anxiety, of a silly game called "consequences," a game in which the last clause is, "And the world said." What would the world say to them—to her? She did not know; she did not dare to think. Only she felt resolved that so long as she could keep the secret she would do so.

"And you will come back again, sir?" she heard the boniface say.

"Yes, I expect we shall come back again the next time I have got a spell of hard work on and want to get out of London. It is difficult to work in London," she heard Alan answer; "it is difficult to keep free of interruptions and so on. We have enjoyed ourselves very much, I can assure you."

Then she heard a heavy footfall entering the house. Her anxious, strained ears told her whose steps they were. They passed her door to the sanded bar, and then she heard Edward Conway's voice saying: "You have a lady here that is passing under the name of Stacey. Which is her room?"

Then there was a rush across the passage, and Alan Stacey burst into the room and caught her in his arms.

"My poor child," he said, "I have been dreading this for weeks and weeks. The blow has fallen at last."

And by some instinct Mary knew not only that he had known the truth all along, but that he had been the first of the two to hear it

CHAPTER XVI.

LET NO MAN PUT ASUNDER.

There was only time for a hurried whisper between them

"You won't desert me—you won't give me over to him? she gasped.

"Never," he answered; "never while I live!"

Then the door was pushed hurriedly open, and Edward Conway's blunt features and burly figure appeared before them.

It was apparent to the meanest observation that the man was beside himself with passion. He stood just within the doorway, his hands thrust deep down into his trousers pockets, eying first one and then the other with his flinty eyes, and upon his lips was a terrible sneer.

"Well, Mrs. Conway," he began at last, "have you no sort of welcome for me, your long lost husband, given up for lost years since, your little more than bridegroom? Still silent? Have you nothing to say?"

Her lips moved, but no sound came from between them.

"Still silent? No fond word of greeting? Too much astonished, eh? You made sure I was dead and gone, didn't you? But Edward Conway is not got rid of so easily as that! Don't you think it! Edward Conway has been under for a good long time, and Edward Conway has got up again, and he has come back again to his happy home and his loving little wife that he left behind him."

"You shall never come back to me! I would never have lived with you again! You knew it!"

"Oh, you're thinking still of a bit of a tiff! What's that between husband and wife? Have you never tiffed with this Johnny that you took up with as soon as I was gone?"

"This lady is my wife, sir," put in Alan Stacey, with dignity.

"Your what?"

"My wife, sir! Your turning up again most inopportunely may annul our marriage, but no slur will rest upon this lady. There is nobody who knows here that will not pity her, and pity her doubly, first, for having been married to you at all; secondly, for having been the victim of a terrible chain of circumstances. This lady did not take up with me. She married me with all due formality and blessing of the church. Until you have legal proof that our marriage be no marriage she is my wife."

"She is coming back with me," said Edward Conway, shutting his teeth hard and snapping the words out as if his lips were rattraps.

"She is never going with you. She will never have anything to do with you again—never She would never have lived with you again under any circumstances You took advantage of her You bought her with a price. You ill used her I am ashamed to say it, but you struck her—your little more than bride And you can ask her when she has tasted the sweets of a real marriage, when she has known what it is to live with a man who would thrust his hand into the fire rather than raise it against a woman—you can ask her to go back to the slavery and degradation of life with you? Think, my good sir, is it likely?"

"I don't know whether it's likely,' said Edward Conway. "I know what the law is, and I mean to have it."

"I will never go back to him, never!' Mary flashed out.

"As for you, you jack a dandy,' Edward Conway went on, taking no notice of her interruption, "I didn't know you this morning when I saw you standing talking at the old man's door I asked you if you knew some people here who were passing under the name of Stacey, and you asked me what the man was like and what he did for a living. I told you that he scribbled novels and that I did not know what his appearance was, and you told me that you had never met him."

"I never did," said Stacey, with deliberate insolence.

"You told me that you did not know anything about him, and you sent me—you sent me—you sent me to Roathlyn! You told me that there was somebody—an artist or a scribbling chap or somebody—who lived by his wits and who had a pretty woman with him staying at Roathlyn You thought you had got rid of me, eh? But you were beaten for once in your life. You live by your wits, do you? Eh? And other people have wits, if they don't live by 'em! I went down the street, after we parted at the door here, and I asked an old grandfather, who looked a cheery old soul and likely to know the neighborhood—I asked him if he knew any people of the name of Stacey. He put me on the right track. 'Why,' said he, 'that's the gentleman who is living at the Powys Arms—him I've heard tell is writing a story book.' So I came back to find the gentleman who was writing a story book."

(To be continued.)

To England in Two Days.

"Fast electric ships crossing the ocean at more than a mile a minute, will go from New York to Liverpool in two," writes John Elfreth Watkins, jr., of "What May Happen in the Next Hundred Years," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The bodies of these ships will be built above the waves. They will be supported upon runners, somewhat like those of the sleigh. These runners will be very buoyant. Upon their under sides will be apertures expelling jets of air. In this way a film of air will be kept between them and the water's surface. This film, together with the surface of the runners, will reduce friction against the waves to the smallest possible degree. Propellers turned by electricity will screw themselves through both the water beneath and the air above. Ships with cabins artificially cooled will be entirely fire-proof. In storm they will dive below the surface and there await fair weather."

Judged Herself Justified.

A London journal tells this tale of a famous novelist who recently took up her residence just opposite a school, where, in the course of educational routine, the children are wont to engage in antiphomal chants wont to engage in antiphomal chants. The following correspondence, therefore, took place, the authoress to the school mistress, thus: "Miss —— presents her compliments to Miss ——, and begs that she be good enough to arrange that there be no singing class between the hours of 10 and 1, these being Miss ——'s working hours, when distractions are particularly distasteful." The school mistress to the authoress: "Miss —— presents her compliments and begs to state that if such course were likely to prevent the writing of such books as 'The Horrors of Satan,' 'The Muscular Traction,' she would rejoice in arranging a singing program for every day from 9 to 2." Poor Marie Corelli!

Butter-Making at Home.

Milk should be set in a perfectly clean, well-ventilated place, where nothing else is kept, and the room so constructed that the temperature can be regulated as desired. There should be another room where the cream can be ripened and churned and the work of the dairy performed. Very few farmhouses have proper conveniences. The cellar is often used to set milk in and the kitchen used to ripen the cream and do the dairy work; the cellar is all right if it is not used as a general storeroom for the house. Bad surroundings and bad company are fatal to fine butter-making.

Poor Pasturage Causes Loss.

Poor pastures do not pay for the reason that it is to the interest of the farmer that his cows secure an abundance of food at the least cost. The animals should not be compelled to work for their food on the pasture by tramping the ground in the search for grass. As soon as a pasture does not supply an abundance the cattle should be taken off and fed on green food at the barn, as they will fall off in milk if the supply of food on the pasture fails.

Tasted Better.

Doctor—Did you take that rhubarb I ordered?

Little Fred—Yes, sir; I took it in pie form.

WORKING IN PUBLIC.

Show Window Artisans Can Command Good Remuneration.

A Broadway shoe manufacturer was asked what method of advertising he found most profitable.

"Placing my men near the window," he said, "so they can work in view of the public. I don't know of anything that catches the attention of the passer-by more quickly than the sight of a demonstrator sitting close to the window running a machine for dear life.

"Manufacturers of all kinds of goods have adopted this plan. Waistmakers put their most skilled workers on exhibition to show how the finest garments are cut and sewed. Cigar manufacturers take the public into their confidence and let them see the process of rolling as performed by the cleverest hands. Men who deal in mechanical contrivances have found that it pays to have at least one machine set up near a window so the crowd outside may observe the intricacy of its parts and the rapidity of its action. Jewelers have stationed their most expert lapidaries within view of the street that possible customers may see how precious stones are cut and polished and set.

"It isn't everybody who can work in public. It takes a person with good strong nerves and concentration of thought to do difficult work in a show window. I have men in my employ who are excellent workers, but they get flustered when subjected to unusual surveillance and ruin everything they put their hands to. I have tried some of them as window operators, but they can't get used to it.

"A man who can run a machine at full tilt or paint a picture or fry pancakes or iron a shirt in the full gaze of the public eye and not lose his head is an artist and worth several dollars more a week to his employer than the more modest individual. And he gets it too."

MEN'S VIEW OF WOMEN.

Earth has nothing more tender than a pious woman's heart.—Luther.

Remember, woman is most perfect when most womanly.—Gladstone.

Lovely woman that caused our cares can every care beguile.—Beresford.

He that would have fine guests let him have a fine woman.—Ben Jonson.

A woman's strength is most potent when robed in gentleness.—Lamartine.

Disguise our bondage as we will, 'tis woman, woman, rules us still.—Moore.

Oil and water, woman and a secret, are hostile properties.—Bulwer Lytton.

Women need not look at those dear to them to know their moods.—Howells.

Kindness in woman, not their beauteous looks, shall win my love.—Shakespeare.

Raptured man quits each dozing sage, O woman, for thy lovelier page!—Moore.

He is a fool who thinks by force or skill to turn the current of a woman's will.—Samuel Tuke.

The most beautiful object in the world, it will be allowed, is a beautiful woman.—Macaulay.

If the heart of a man is depressed with cares, the mist is dispelled when a woman appears.

Taking Sunday Collections.

An old and not yet obsolete mode of taking a collection in a Scotch church is by means of a ladle—a small wooden box at the end of a straight wooden shaft about four and a half feet long, the top of the box being sufficiently open to receive contributions of money. For all special collections this was the usual mode in the chief churches of Edinburgh when I was a boy at school there 50 years ago, but it has gradually gone out of fashion and is not often to be seen nowadays.

For ordinary Sunday collections the general custom has been to have a metal plate or basin on a small table at the church entrance superintended by an elder—a mode which was often called the brod. When ladles are used, they are handed round the congregation by elders after the sermon or after the last psalm, and the common Scotch phrase to "lift" the collection may have come from this custom.

Some Queer Verdicts.

What is "a reasonable state of intoxication" apparently just missed precise definition by a coroner's jury in Mississippi which stated in its verdict that "we, the jury, find that deceased came to his death by a stroke of an east bound train, No. 204, on I. C. Railroad, at Fentress, Miss., in Choctaw county, he being in a reasonable state of intoxication."

A somewhat similar indefiniteness of legal conclusion mars a verdict of a neighboring Georgia jury to the effect that "we, the jury, find the defendant almost guilty."

Equally as uncertain and ambiguous as these statements by laymen is the opinion in an early Maryland case which "acknowledges the corn" by saying that an occurrence referred to took place "at a former sitting when the court was full."

Too Liberal.

Wife—Here's an advertisement in the paper that you'd better look into. It says a man is wanted, and he won't be worked to death, and he'll get paid enough to live on.

Husband—Says he won't be worked to death, eh?

Wife—Yes; and they promise pay enough to live on.

Husband—Some catch about that!

Mary's Fractious Sister.

"I suppose your baby sister cries some?" asked one of the neighbors. "Cries!" said Mary. "Why, she just seems to look on the dark side of things all the time!"

HOW THE LEGS GROW.

The Shocks of Exercise Lengthen Them and Keep Them Even.

As a fact, says the author, our lower limbs are not usually both of exactly the same length, though they are so for all practical purposes. The left is usually the longer, though the gait is not notably influenced by this fact. At birth the lower limbs are shorter than the upper, and their movements are rather of the prehensile type. "We are not born leggy like the foal or kangaroo, but we gradually achieve legginess." The bones increase in length, not so much by interstitial deposit as by addition to their ends—that is, by progressive ossification of the layer of cartilage which intervenes between the end of the shaft and the epiphysis. Ossification goes on till the component parts of the bone are all united by bony matter, and thus the stature of the individual is determined.

If from inflammation or injury an epiphysis be damaged, one limb may be shorter than the other, or inflammatory stimulation may even induce an increased length in the bone affected. The skeletons of tortoises, not being subjected to sudden jars, have no epiphyses at the ends of the long bones, whereas in the leaping frog the extremities of the humerus and femur long remain as separate epiphyses. The continuous concussions to which the ends of the bones of the lower limbs are exposed when a vigorous child is excited by its own natural spirit to run about are doubtless of great value in assisting the growth in length of the lower limbs, which soon lose their infantile character and become adapted for running and walking. By exposing the lower limbs to the same influences and resistances during their entire growth we manage to maintain them of the same length, and gentle jars upon the epiphyses at the joints may be considered favorable to growth.

A BIG WEDDING FEE.

The Generous Uses to Which Henry Ward Beecher Put It.

In his "Eccentricities of Genius" Major Pond says that often while traveling Henry Ward Beecher improved his time by having what he called "a general housecleaning" of his pockets, which would get loaded up with letters and papers until they could hold no more, when he would clear them out and destroy such papers as were worthless.

On one occasion Beecher happened to put his hand in the watch pocket of his pantaloons and found there a little envelope which he opened. When he saw its contents, he called Major Pond to sit beside him and remarked: "You remember the evening I married C. P. Huntington. I was so much interested in the subject that I forgot he handed me a little envelope as he went out of the door. I put it in the watch pocket of my pantaloons and never thought of it again until just now, and here it is, four $1,000 bills. Now," he said, "don't tell any one about it, and we will have a good time and make some happiness with this money. We will just consider that we found it."

And so in a day or two Mr. Beecher went with Major Pond to look at a cargo of fine oriental rugs, many of which he purchased and sent to different friends, and afterward he spent what remained of the money for coin silver lamps, unmounted gems and various pieces of bric-a-brac, all of which he gave away until he had used up the entire $4,000 "in making happiness among those whom he loved."

After Mr. Beecher's death the major related to Mr. Huntington the incident of this discovery of the four $1,000 bills, and the railway magnate observed: "I should never have given them to him. It was all wrong. I made a mistake. Money never did him any good."

The Questions of Clarence.

"Well, Clarence, what is it?" asked the boy's papa.

"I didn't say anything, papa," replied Clarence.

"I know you didn't, but it is fully five minutes since you asked a question, and I know from experience that another is due about this time."

Making Steel Rails.

The rail mill presents many pictures that appeal strongly to lovers of the picturesque. Under ordinary circumstances the great strands of iron, each half as long as a city block, slide back and forth smoothly enough between the rolls that are stretching them and pressing them into the required shape, but a tiny obstacle may at any moment turn one of these cables of fire off the beaten track and twist it into a hopeless tangle or wind it like a squirming snake around some unfortunate workman.

When the rolling process has been completed, the piece of iron slides along to the great buzzsaws, which cut it up into the 30 foot rails known to the railway traveler. Every time the whirring circular saw clips off one of these lengths, sparks radiate in every direction, as though the biggest pyrotechnical pinwheel ever devised had been suddenly set in motion.

When the rail has been cooled and holes have been drilled in it, it is ready to start for any part of the world. The evolution of bars or beams or sheets from the big steel slabs is gained by the same general method of procedure. It is the size and shape of the grooves in the rolls which determine the form to be ultimately assumed by the steel in their clutches.

"Well, papa, what are all those big United States flags made of?" asked the boy.

"Some of them are made of silk, Clarence, but by far the greater number are made of bunting."

"And, papa?"

"Well, Clarence?"

"Are the little flags made of baby bunting?"

Give Everybody a Chance.

Emerson's dictum that we should treat every one as if he were all he ought to be is an excellent rule to practice in daily life. It is human nature to rise to the level that is expected of it. It is not necessary to waste time upon uncongenial people unless you are bound to them by strong family ties, but it is important that all with whom you come in contact be studied, with the desire on your part to give credit for all that is good in them and that nothing in their outward circumstances or appearance be allowed to prejudice you against them.—Ada C. Sweet in Woman's Home Companion.

Wise Too Late.

Fond Mother—Tommy, you don't seem very well.

Tommy—No, maw, I ain't. I wisht I had let sister eat that third piece uv pie.—Ohio State Journal.

A Heartfelt Loss.

Casey—So poor Cassidy is dead? Sure, everybody will miss him!

Flannigan—They will! He was the only mon in the war-rd thot everybody could lick!—Puck.

A Mint Julep Tragedy.

A northern man stopped at the home of an Alabama planter of the old school and was cordially invited to "Light, sah, and be welcome."

He "lit" and was forthwith invited to take a toddy, in accord with the Alabama rules of hospitality.

"Why," he said, "I saw a nice bed of mint back there. Suppose I get some of it and make a mint julep instead of a toddy."

"A what, sah?" said the planter.

"A mint julep. Haven't you ever tried them?"

"No, sah, nevah; but I'm willing, sah."

They did try the fascinating beverage, not once, but many times, and the northern man went away next day with reluctance.

Two years later his business took him there again. At the gate he was met by the old colored butler, on whose hat, as he doffed it, was seen a band of crape.

"Where's your master, sir?" he inquired of the old darky.

"He's dead, sah; died yestiddy."

"Dead! I'm shocked. What was the cause?"

"Why, sah, 'bout two years ago one o' dem Yankees cum down heah and showed ole marse how to drink weeds in his red likker, and he never stopped twell he died fum it."

PALE, ANÆMIC YOUNG WOMEN

Anæmia, or thin, watery blood, is increasing to an alarming extent among the school girls and young women of our land. Pale gums, tongue and eyelids, muscular weakness, inability for exertion, deficient appetite, impaired digestion, short breath, palpitation of the heart, attacks of vomiting, swooning, hysteria and irregularities of the feminine organs are among the unmistakable symptoms of anæmia or poor qualify of blood.

Anæmic persons are frequently said to be going into a decline, and as a fact do usually contract consumption or some fatal constitutional disease if they neglect to restore normal vigor. Fresh air, sunlight, moderate exercise and the regular use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food after each meal will restore new vitality to the body and new color to the cheek of any anæmic person. Gradually and thoroughly it forms new red corpuscles in the blood and wins back perfect health and strength.

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Fifty cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50; at all dealers, or post paid from Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE DRILL.

SLOCAN, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SHE PATIENTLY BORE DISGRACE

A Sad Letter From a Lady Whose Husband Was Dissipated.

How She Cured Him With a Secret Remedy.

"I had for years patiently borne the disgrace, suffering, misery and privations due to my husband's drinking habits. Hearing of your marvellous remedy for the cure of drunkenness, which I could give my husband secretly, I decided to try it. I procured a package and mixed it in his food and coffee, and, as the remedy was odorless and tasteless, he did not know what it was that so quickly relieved his craving for liquor. He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, he stuck to his work regularly, and we now have a happy home. After he was completely cured I told him what I had done, when he acknowledged that it had been his saving, as he had not the resolution to break off of his own accord. I heartily advise all women afflicted as I was to give your remedy a trial."

SENT FREE TO ALL.—A sample package of Tasteless Samaria Prescription SENT FREE with full particulars in plain sealed envelope. All letters considered sacredly confidential. Address The Samaria Remedy Co., 30 Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

THE

Woman's Christian Temperance Union

ADOPT THE

"SAMARIA PRESCRIPTION"

FOR the CURE of DRUNKENNESS

Letter from Mrs. George Grant, of Paisley, Ont., giving particulars of a cure effected by "Samaria Prescription," resulting in its use and adoption by the Paisley Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

(Copy)

Paisley, Ont., December 11th, 1900.

The Samaria Remedy Co.,
30 Jordan Street, Toronto, Ont.

Dear Sirs,—I penned a few lines to you some time ago—as a member of the temperance cause, I wrote for information; at that time I had in my mind friends whose son was a great cause of anxiety and trouble on account of his drunken habits. I strongly urged the friends to try the remedy I saw advertised in the Toronto Globe. They did so. It was the Samaria Remedy that was administered and I am pleased to inform the company the medicine was helpful; the young man has not drank a drop since, breaking off from old companions; and special prayers on his behalf, all aided in breaking the chains.

At the last meeting of the W. C. T. U. here, I introduced your medicine for the cure of the liquor habit, and a resolution was passed, "That inasmuch as it is the aim of this organization to help the poor inebriate, we should recommend this remedy in homes where persons are addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors." Now, sirs, wishing you a successful career in your noble work, and feeling that assistance can be given in the precincts of home by the hand of mother or wife, trusting God may open up useful avenues for your labors, Yours very respectfully,

(Signed) MRS. GEORGE GRANT.
On behalf of Paisley W. C. T. U.

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full information, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Enclose 2c stamp. Address THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 30 Jordan St., TORONTO, Ontario

But one thing is greater than success, and that is another effort after a failure.

Gentlemen—While driving down a very steep hill last August my horse stumbled and fell, cutting himself fearfully about the head and body. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on him and in a few days he was as well as ever.

J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN.
Sherbrooke.

Happy is the man who can't borrow trouble.

Kindness is the oil that makes the wheels of care run smoothly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

An Early Canadian Governor.

Charles Gordon Lennox, fourth Duke of Lennox and Earl of March in the Peerage of England, Duke of Lennox, Earl of Darnley and Baron Methuen in the Peerage of Scotland, succeeded General Sherbrook as Governor of Canada on the 29th of July, 1819. He had previously acted as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and brought from the old to the new office a reputation for conciliation that was considered of good augury for the success of his later undertaking. He proved one of the most energetic and masterful of early Canadian Governors, though in estimating some of the acts of his administration it is well to bear in mind that the age was one when responsible government, with the significence that we have come to attach to the term, was as yet to be born. Thus when on one occasion the Legislature refused to grant the supplies necessary to defray the civil list, his act in drawing upon the Receiver-General on his own responsibility for the sum is not to be judged by modern standards. He died, while making a tour of Upper Canada in 1820, from a bite of a tame fox with which he was amusing himself.

Her Chicago Fins.

She was a fresh water mermaid who had been ordered by her physician to take a sea voyage.

"So you are from the famous seaport of Chicago, are you?" inquired one of the sea nymphs.

"Yesum."

"It's a good thing you are built on mermaid lines clear down to the last fin."

"Yesum."

"Because if you were not you would never have got through the canals."—New York Marine Journal.

SORE FEET.—Mrs. E. J. Neill, New Armagh, P. Q., writes: "For nearly six months I was troubled with burning aches and pains in my feet to such an extent that I could not sleep at night, and as my feet were badly swollen I could not wear my boots for weeks. At last I got a bottle of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL and resolved to try it, and to my astonishment I got almost instant relief, and the one bottle accomplished a perfect cure.

How Erin Was to Capture America.

There can be no question that the emigrants from our shores are physically of a more vigorous and fertile average than those who stay at home. We once had a striking reminder of this. Very many years ago we had the pleasure of a long interview with a Roman Catholic priest in the poorest part of County Galway. He was very frank and plain spoken, but we allude here to only one of his remarks. The chapel he served was poor and primitive in the extreme. "Look at these peasants," he said, "whom you saw in chapel this morning. Barefooted and humble, as most of them are, they are bodily as sound as a bell. Go into any of your churches in England and you can hardly hear what is going on for coughing. You heard not a single cough this morning. What is the result? These vigorous, healthy people go out to America and marry there. They have families of from 15 to 18, while the home bred Yankee has only two or three. America is ours as sure as fate!"

How He Knows.

Fogg says that he has noticed that women never wear veils to protect their complexions or to make their wrinkles less assertive. They invariably wear them to keep their hair in place. He knows, because he has always been told so.

If people want to talk about you, it is easy for them to invent a story. The point is not to enjoy talking about people.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one item dy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound, unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman, of Toronto have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

All the good poets are dead. This should be a solemn warning to the word rhymers of today who have aspirations.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Many a man who is unable to tell the truth evens things up by refusing to tell lies.

The average man would much rather be right than be president of a school board without any salary.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that Science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Perhaps the man you think is a fool thinks you are in the same class.

When the leaves begin to turn the teacher keeps the pupils busy turning them.

AFTER A LAPSE OF MANY YEARS

A LETTER COMES TO LIGHT WHICH SHOWS THE UNDOUBTED PERMANENCY OF CURES BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mrs. Edward Patterson of Conboyville the Writer—Her High Opinion of Dodd's Kidney Pills—Her Advice to Others.

Conboyville, Ont., Sept. 23.—(Special)—Mrs. Edward Patterson of this town is one of those who can testify to the lasting nature of cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills, the great Canadian remedy for all affections of the Kidneys.

Mrs. Edward Patterson, according to her own statement, is today in splendid health. Her rheumatism has left her, and although it is ten years since then, it has never returned beyond a slight touch in cold weather, which a Dodd's Kidney Pill or two immediately drives away. This proves what has always been claimed—that Dodd's Kidney pills cure permanently. Their effects are lasting—in fact they do not merely relieve—they cure. Here is Mrs. Patterson's letter:

"It is many years, perhaps ten or twelve, since I started taking Dodd's Kidney Pills, and then it was not for Rheumatism that I took them. I was feeling miserable and did not know what ailed me, and while reading a paper I saw the testimony of some one who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, who had been feeling just as I was. I got a box and found they helped me. I found also that my rheumatism was not nearly as bad, for I had suffered for many years, especially in cold weather. I have used dozens of bottles of medicines and liniments, but it always returned until I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I seldom have a touch of it. I occasionally get a box, perhaps two a year. I never hear anyone complain of Rheumatism but I advise them to try Dodd's Kidney Pills."

An Irishman wanted to have a note discounted about Christmas. The bank officers objected to the long time it had run. The Irishman said, "But then you don't consider how short the days are at this time of the year."

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN RY. CO

STATIONS AND DAYS.	Leave Going South.	Leave Going North.	Arrive
Leave from Canadian Northern depot—Winnipeg to Morris, Emerson, St. Paul etc. daily	13.45		7.15
St Paul to Emerson Morris, Winnipeg daily		20.00	18.50
Winnipeg to Roland Miami, Belmont, Hartney & Brandon, Mon., Wed and Fri.	10.45		18.15
Brandon, Hartney, Belmont, Miami, Roland, to Winnipeg, Tues., Thurs and Sat.		9.00	16.30
Winnipeg to Portage la P. and intermediate stations, daily ex Sun.		8.00	10.25
Portage la P. and intermediate stations to Winnipeg daily ex Su	13.30		20.45
Winnipeg to stations on Beaver and Delta branches, Tues. and Thurs		8.0	14.30
Beaver and Delta branch stations, to Winnipeg Tues. and Thurs.	11.55		
Winnipeg to Portage la P., Gladstone.	16.30		20.45
Dauphin, etc., Mon. Wed. and Fri.		8.00	16.00
Dauphin, Gladstone, P. la Prairie, Winnipeg Tues., Thurs. & Sat.	13.00		20.45
Winnipeg to Winnipegosis. Tues and Thurs.	9.45	8.00	20.45
Winnipegosis to Winnipeg Mon. and Fri.	9.45		20.45
Winnipeg to Grand View, Mon. and Fri.		8.00	19.15
Grand View to Winnipeg Tues. and Sat.	9.15		19.15
Dauphin to Winnipegosis and return, Sat	9.45	6.00	12.00
Dauphin to Swan River & Elwood, Wed.		10.45	6.00
Elwood to Swan River & Dauphin, Fri.	5.00		18.30
Leave from C. P. depot Winnipeg to Warroad Beaudette and intermediate stations, Mon., Wed., and Fri.	15.10		21.35
Beaudette, Warroad, etc. to Winnipeg Tues. Thurs. and Sat.		5.00	12.20

D. B. HANNA, Gen. Supt — GEO. H. SHAW, Traf. Mgr.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY TIME TABLE

	LV	AR.
S. S. Marie, Owen Sound, Toronto and East Via Lakes, Mon., Thurs and Sat	21.50	
Tues., Fri. and Sun.		6.30
Montreal, Toronto, New York and east, via all rail, daily	21.50	6.30
Rat Portage and intermediate points, Mon., Wed. & Fri.	7.00	18.00
Tues., Thurs. & Sat		
Rat Portage and intermediate points, Tues., Thurs. and Sat.	13.00	12.30
Mon., Wed. and Fri.		
Morson, Lac Du Bonnet and intermediate Points. Thurs only	7.30	19.15
Portage la Prairie, Brandon, Calgary Nelson and all Kootenay and Coast points, daily	7.15	21.20
Portage la Prairie, Brandon, and intermediate points, daily ex Sun.	19.10	12.15
Portage la Prairie, Brandon, Moosejaw and intermediate points daily ex Sunday	8.30	19.10
Birdstone, Neepawa, Minnedosa and intermediate points, daily ex Sun.	8.30	19.10
Shoal Lake, Yorkton and intermediate points, Mon., Wed. and Fri	8.30	19.10
Tues. Thurs., and Saturday		
Rapid City, Hamiota, Minota. Tues., Thurs. and Sat.	8.30	19.10
Mon., Wed. and Fri.		
Morden, Deloraine and intermediate points, daily ex Sun	7.40	19.20
Napinka, Alameda and intermediate points, Mon., Wed., Thurs. & Sat	7.40	19.20
Mon., Tues., Thurs. and Fri		
Glenboro, Souris, and intermediate points, daily ex Sun.	7.30	18.45
Napinka, Melita, Alameda and intermediate points, Mon., Wed., Fri.	7.30	18.45
Tues., Thurs. and Sat.		
Pipestone, Reston, Arcola and intermediate points. Mon. Wed., Fri.	7.30	18.45
Tues., Thurs. and Sat.		
Frobysher, Hirsh, Bienfait, Estevan, Sat.	7.30	18.45
Mon.		
Great St. Paul, Chicago, daily	11.30	13.[illegible]
Stonewall, Gladstone, Tues. Thurs, Sat	12.20	18.30
West Selkirk, Mon, Wed, Fri	18.30	
West Selkirk, Tues. Thurs, Sat		10.0[illegible]
Emerson, Mon, Wed and Fri	7.50	17.10

J. W. LEONARD, Gen. Supt. — C. E. McPHERSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.

The Hair in Hot Weather.

Oil the head at night three times weekly. On the following day wash with soap and water, rinse and expose to the sun's heat for as many hours as possible. Let the sun fall on the scalp. It is not necessary to expose the entire scalp at one time. One part may be shielded while another is having its sun bath. Few people are aware that by a skilful use of the comb severe straightness can be remedied. It is difficult to convey in words a correct idea of the necessary motion of the hand. It resembles that employed in whisking an egg into a frothy state. The comb is moved rapidly and very lightly, with the result that the hair assumes a fluffy condition. But this is merely temporary.

Judicial Consolation.

A man who had been convicted of stealing a small amount was brought into court for sentence. He looked very sad and hopeless, and the court was much moved by his contrite appearance.

"Have you ever been sentenced to imprisonment?" the judge asked.

"Never, never!" exclaimed the prisoner, bursting into tears.

"Don't cry, don't cry," said the judge consolingly. "You are going to be now."—Chicago News.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there is nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

AFTER THE QUARREL.

A single smile from her rosy mouth,
A sudden glance from her soft eyes sent,
And he turned, as the wind veers north or south,
And followed whither her light feet went.
Did she linger and look for a moment then?
Did she lift her face and smile again?
Nay, not so!
The heart of a girl, ah, who may know?

With every pace of his swift pursuit
Her step she quickened nor looked behind.
Eyes were speechless, and lips were mute;
Never a glance or cold or kind,
As if she cherished nor thought nor care
For the eager footfalls hurrying there!
Was it so?
The heart of a girl, ah, who may know?

Did she love him more when look and smile
Silently bade him to follow her?
Did she love him less when she wove her wile
His heart to trouble, his hope defer?
Nay, read you this riddle, strange, but true—
She loved him most when she most withdrew!
Even so!
The heart of a girl, ah, who may know?
—Blanche Trennor Heath in Atlanta Constitution.

Trying to Place Him.

"Sir," cried the aggrieved stranger, "you have grossly insulted my chosen profession! I am an ornament of the stage, sir."

"Eh? Might I ask what your special line of entertainment is?"

"I hold the glass to nature, sir."

"Oh, I see, you are a blower."

"A blower, sir!"

"Yes; a glass blower."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HEALTHY BABIES.

Watchful Mothers Can Keep Their Babies Healthy, Rosy-Cheeked and Happy.

Nothing in the world is such a comfort and joy as a healthy, hearty rosy-cheeked, happy baby.

Babies can be kept in perfect health only by having at hand and administering when needed some purely vegetable, harmless remedy, and of all this class of medicines Baby's Own Tablets are conceded to be the best.

For constipation, colic, diarrhoea, simple fevers, sour stomachs, teething babies, indigestion and sleeplessness, these tablets are a really wonderful cure. You can give them to the smallest baby without the slightest fear. Dissolved in water, they will be taken readily. They contain absolutely not a particle of opiate or other injurious drugs. They are small, sweet lozenges that any baby will take without objection, and their action is prompt and pleasant. They will tone up the whole system and make the little one as hearty and free from infantile disorders as any mother could wish.

Mrs. Halter Brown, Milby, Que., says: "I have never used any medicine for baby that did him so much good as Baby's Own Tablets. I would not be without them." This is the verdict of all mothers who have used these tablets.

They cost 25 cents a box. All druggists sell them or they may be secured by sending the price direct and the tablets will be forwarded prepaid. The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Dept. T., Brockville, Ont.

A man would doubtless be just as irritable as a sitting hen were he placed in a similar position.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The prodigal son gets the fatted veal, but the prodigal daughter is given the icy mitt.

The actress who has eyes like diamonds is never anxious to lose them for advertising purposes.

Look not upon the "high ball" for it stingeth like an adder and bitheth like a lightning calculator.

The very young man thinks that at least ninety-nine girls out of a possible hundred would gladly marry him if asked.

The woman who has on a pair of low shoes and pretty silk stockings never gets the bottom of her skirt spoiled.

Joseph Joachim, the great German violinist, who recently celebrated his 70th birthday, has been made a director of philosophy by the University of Goettingen, an honor, he says he earned by the philosophy with which he bore poverty in his younger days.

A girl that can't sing and will sing should be muzzled.

MUSIC

Which gentler on the spirit lies
Than tired eyelids on tired eyes."

Soft, rich and voluptuous as the lover breathes when serenading his Senorita on a languid evening in old Madrid is that which is in store for those who choose from our large assortment of

WILLIAM'S PIANOS

We sell the Doherty and Goderich organs, also Eldridge "B" Sewing Machines.

Write for catalogue and prices and save middle man's profits

FORRESTER & HATCHER

Y. M. C. A. Block, Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

Everyone wants the best value for his money. Buy Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea and you will certainly get it.

NOT MUCH CHANCE FOR THE TRUTH.

Be truthful, said the teacher.

Always? asked the boy.

Always, answered the teacher.

Never tell a lie?

Never.

Not even a white lie?

Not even a white lie.

Huh! ejaculated the lad, scornfully. It's a mighty good thing for you you ain't a boy with my dad for a father.

Why? ashed the teacher.

Because, replied the boy, if you was my dad's little boy, an' you'd heard what he said about Aunt Eliza comin' to visit us with her children, an' Aunt Eliza had asked you if you weren't all glad to see her, an' you'd told the truth like I did, you'd think there was a place where your trousers was mighty thin after dad finished with you.

He went back to his death, and as he sat down with great care there was an expression on his face that showed the great lesson of truth had been, at least in a measure, lost on him.

WHY A PLAY IS LIKE A CIGAR.

Henry J. Byron, one of the wittiest of English playwrights of a score of years ago, remarked on one occasion:

"A play is like a cigar. If it's good, everybody wants a box. If it's bad, all the puffing in the world won't make it go."

Here is an advertisement that deserves a response. It reads: "If John Smith, who thirty years ago deserted his poor wife and babe, will return, said babe will knock the stuffing out of him."

GROWING GIRLS

OCCASIONALLY REQUIRE A TONIC MEDICINE.

It will Keep the Blood Rich, Red and Pure, Strengthen the Nerves and Prevent Decline.

Mrs. Hiram Rinkler, the wife of a respected farmer in South Pelham township, Welland county, Ontario, says:—"It is with great pleasure that I give this tribute to the health restoring virtues of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When my daughter, Lena, (now thirteen years of age) began the use of your medicine, a little over a year ago, she was in a most wretched condition. In fact we were seriously alarmed lest she might not recover. The first symptoms were a feeling of langour and weakness, gradually growing worse. She became pale, lost flesh, had little or no appetite and was apparently going into a decline. Finally the trouble became complicated with a persistent sore throat, which gave her great difficulty in swallowing. I gave her several advertised medicines, but they did not benefit her. Then she was placed under the care of a doctor, who said her blood was poor and watery, and her whole system badly run down. The doctor's treatment did not help her any and then, acting on the advice of a neighbor, I began to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The confidence with which this medicine was urged upon us was not misplaced, as I soon noticed a distinct improvement in my daughter's condition. The use of the pills for a few weeks longer seemed to completely restore her and from that time she has been a cheerful, light-hearted girl, the very picture of health. I will always recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to other sufferers, feeling sure they will prove quite as efficacious as they did in my daughter's case.

Mothers with growing daughters will make no mistake if they insist upon the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills; they will help them to develop properly; will make their blood rich and pure and thus ward off disease and decline. The genuine pills are sold only in boxes bearing the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around each box. None other is genuine, no matter what some self-interested dealer may say. If in doubt send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Our $50.00 DIAMOND RING.

This is the best value in a Lady's Diamond Ring ever offered for $50.00.

The stones in these rings are personally selected by us from the cutters in Amsterdam, and are absolutely perfect.

You will find this and hundreds of other styles illustrated in our catalogue, a copy of which will be sent you free.

DIAMOND HALL, Established 185

Ryrie Bros.,
Yonge and Adelaide Sts.,
TORONTO.

It's a pretty safe bet that the man who boasts of being a gentleman isn't anything of the kind.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for you running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

When a girl is hand in glove with a young man she doesn't give him the mitten.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

The Captain—Why, yes, we can tell when a storm is approaching. There are weather prophets at sea.

The passenger—I hope they are not so often at sea as those on land.

Most of the songs sung on the stage by request are at the request of the singer.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and, after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money.

Many lasting friendships are due to the distance between the friends.

Early to bed and early to rise spoils a man's temper and reddens his eyes.

It takes a dashing young widow to make several kinds of a fool of a man.

BIG STOCK OF

TYPE

AND

MATERIAL.

Everything for the Printer.

TORONTO TYPE FOUNDRY CO.
LIMITED.
175 OWEN ST., WINNIPEG

THE SLOCAN DRILL

C. E. SMITHERINGALE, Editor and Prop.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT

SLOCAN, - - - - B. C.

Legal Advertising 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line each subsequent insertion.

Certificates of Improvement, $7 each.

Transient advertisements at same rates as legal advertising.

Locals will be charged 10 cents a line for each insertion.

Commercial Rates made known upon application.

The Subscription is $2 per year, strictly in advance; $2.50 a year if not so paid.

Address all letters to—

THE SLOCAN DRILL,
Slocan, B. C.

UNION LABEL

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4th, 1901.

A pencil mark in the space opposite will be an indication to you that ye editor considers there is something coming to him on your subscription. Kindly acknowledge in cash and oblige.

EDITORIAL CROPPINGS.

The knocker has been working double shift of late.

The Boer war is officially dead, but in reality shows much life, the fighting of late being severe.

With the weekly ore shipments now running at 500 tons, there is no occasion for any grousing at the Slocan.

Premier Dunsmuir is in trouble. He didn't get a baronetcy from the Duke, his government is discredited, and his Extension coal mine has met with a bad disaster. Sympathy is extended to the relatives of the many stricken families resulting from the latter.

After the result of the general elections in Nova Scotia, Wednesday, when only two Conservatives were elected, the Liberals are more than anxious to get party lines drawn in B.C., believing this province to be of kindred mind to the land of blue noses. If so, what's the use.

Under general conditions it requires three tons of dry ore to flux one of wet. Such being the case and the Slocan City division possessing the leading dry ore deposits of the province, there is a ready market for every pound of mineral produced in the camp, the demand, in fact, being far greater than the visible supply. As a result of smelter competition, freight and treatment charges have been greatly reduced, the reductions made amounting to a fair profit on ordinary mining. The attention of investors is particularly drawn to this fact. If you don't believe it, come and see for yourself.

Inquiries of a responsible nature are being made of the possibilities of the camp with a view to establishing a smelter here, being a direct outcome of the agitation started some time ago looking to that end. Certain information has been asked for and supplied on behalf of English capital, and an agent of the firm is to arrive here shortly to size up the situation. The scheme in contemplation is one similar to that in use on the Broken Hill mine, Australia, the primal factor being electricity. It is meeting with remarkable success there and it is held would do the same here. Ample water power is available for the cheap generation of electricity and the city has room to spare for a site. The movement on foot is bona fide and if Slocan can make her pretensions good, a smelter will be established here beyond a doubt.

The Boundary mines have shipped from January 1 to September 24 264,400 tons of ore, at a valuation of $1,586,448. In the same time the Slocan mines have shipped 17,200 tons, worth in round figures, $1,393,000. The former tonnage is from gold-copper mines and the latter from despised silver propositions. Boundary mines have smelters and employ, directly and indirectly, thousands of men. Slocan has no smelter and employs merely hundreds of men—yet compare the profits being made. Boundary requires expensive machinery and hoisting plants, while other expenditures are called for which are unknown in the Slocan. Some of the cleanest and quickest money made in the province is being taken out of the silver mines of the Slocan. Boundary may have the tonnage, but the leading white metal camp will continue to hold the values—and yield the profits.

DRILL POINTS.

The fire limit bylaw is being very generally observed.

City Clerk Foley has started in on his assessment of the city.

Born.—In Sandon, on Sept. 27, the wife of Dr. Gomm, of a son.

The Oddfellows purpose holding their annual ball on Oct. 25.

A number of citizens have been courting in Nelson this week.

The framework of the new Miners' Union hall has been completed.

The shipments of ore from the Slocan have jumped to 18,000 tons.

The Miners' Union will open their new hall with a smoking concert.

Born.—In Slocan, on Sept. 29, the wife of Thos. Blench, of a daughter.

The Capella mine, New Denver, will ship another car of high grade ore.

The members of the rifle club hold practices on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Additional sheds have been added to the local freighting stables of W. Koch.

Several yellow legs have been in during the week, examining properties.

V. C. Rackliff has returned from the Similkameen, where he spent the summer.

Recent rains have severely punished the roads on Springer and Ten Mile creeks.

The Ladies' Aid Society is figuring upon putting in a new organ for Knox church.

The London & B.C. Goldfields is making 30 per cent dividends out of its Ymir mine.

The C.P.R. is rebuilding the depot at Slocan Crossing, destroyed by fire some months ago.

Neil Gething has gone up to the Red Fox mine, McGuigan, to run things for a while.

W. H. Warren, formerly foreman at the Speculator, is now located at Rochester, Montana.

Born.—In the M. U. General Hospital, on Oct. 2, the wife of C. E. Smitheringale, of a son.

W. Koch is building an addition to the wharf at Enterprise Landing, and will also put up a freight shed.

The wagon road on the south fork of Kaslo has been completed to within two miles of Camp Mansfield.

Pat Burns, the big meat king, was married in London, Eng., on Sept. 4, to Miss Eileen Ellis, of Fenticton.

Service will be held in St. Paul's church next Sunday, morning and evening. C. Arthur Mount, vicar.

Charley Faas returned to his home in Creston Tuesday, after spending the summer on his claims in this section.

The social at Dr. Forin's residence Friday evening netted the Ladies' Aid $10. An enjoyable time was spent.

The Grand Forks smelter is to be enlarged to a daily capacity of 2000 tons, making it the largest plant in the world.

Work on the Red Mountain road, near Silverton, has been completed, so far as the government appropriation would go.

Nels Nelson, Charley Snyder and Ralph Gillette, of this city, have taken out their papers and become British subjects.

There was a large congregation at the Methodist church, Sunday evening, to listen to Rev. Mr. Roberts' address on Christian Socialism. The time was taken up in explaining the difference between socialism and anarchism, as occasioned by the assassination of President McKinley. The address was instructive.

Rumored Amalgamation.

Reports have come in this week again that the amalgamation of the Chapleau and Joker interests has been effected by Ernest Mansfield. It is also stated the Warner Miller interests in the camp have also been thrown in, making a combined capital of $5,000,000. Nothing definite has yet come to hand on the subject, though Nelson parties profess to have received verification of it.

H. D. CURTIS,

Notary Public.

Mines, Real Estate, Insurance, Accountant.

Abstracts of Titles Furnished.

Slocan, - - B. C.

Going out of business

Clearing Sale regardless of profit or cost.

Goods are all new and include late shipments of Clothing, Underwear, Sox, and Boys' Hosiery; Men's, Women's, Misses', Boys', and Children's Rubbers and Overshoes; Gents' Furnishings, Blankets, etc.

All must be sold. Call and get our prices.

James E. Orr.

Alex. Rogers,

Tonsorial Artist.

The Leading Parlors:

MAIN STREET, SLOCAN

The Murcutt Branch

OF THE W.C.T.U., SLOCAN,

Meets the second Thursday in each month at 3 p.m. Next meeting in the Presbyterian church. All meetings open to those wishing to join.

MISS E. STOUGHTON, President. MRS. M. D. MCKEE, Cor. Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Slocan, to be held at the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, for a transfer of the Retail Liquor License now held by me for the premises known as the Two Friends Hotel, situate on lot two (2), block one (1), in the said City of Slocan, to John Culhane, of the said City of Slocan.

Dated this 17th day of September, 1901.

DAVID SLOAN.

Witness: JOHN SLOAN.

New Carpets and Oilcloths . .

Just Arrived.

Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, etc., etc.

D. D. ROBERTSON

Slocan City Miners' Union,

No. 62, W. F. of M.

Meets every Wednesday evening in the Union Hall, Slocan City, at 7.30 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

J. NIXON, President.

BERT O'NEIL, Financial Secretary

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stables,

Slocan, B. C.

General Packing and Forwarding attended to at the shortest Notice.

Saddle and Pack Horses for hire at reasonable rates.

R. E. ALLEN, - Manager

Steel Ranges for $18.25.

Why be without a range when you can get one so cheap? They are preferrable to stoves and give better satisfaction. These ranges burn wood or coal and will be set up free.

H. J. ROBERTSON,

TINSMITH AND PLUMBER.

CAMERAS.

From $3.00 to $50.00.

Also:

Plates, Films, Paper, Cards, Toners, Developers, Tripods, Printing Frames, etc. etc.

Everything required to make and finish photographs complete

J. L. WHITE & Co.

DRUGGISTS, SLOCAN, B. C.

Certificate of Improvements.

Silver Star Fractional Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Springer creek, adjoining the No. 3 and the Dayton mineral claims.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Herbert D. Curtis, of Slocan, B.C., as agent for Thomas Mulvey, Free Miner's Certificate No. B38353, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 9th day of August, A.D. 1901.

16-8-01 HERBERT D. CURTIS.

Little Dorrit Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—On the south side of Springer creek, about two miles south from the Arlington mine.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Arthur S. Farwell, acting as agent for J. Frank Collom, free miner's certificate No. 37294, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1901.

30-8 01 A. S. FARWELL

V & M, Get There Eli, F L C, Reno, and Accidental Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—Twelve Mile creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, William A. Bauer, acting as the authorized agent of The V & M Mines Company, Limited, non-personal liability, F.M.C. No. B46203, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 29th day of August, 1901.

30-8-01 WILLIAM A. BAUER, P.L.S

Monument No. 3 Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located:—At the head of the fifth south fork of Lemon creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for Joseph Duhamel, free miner's certificate B50080, and Arthur Powys, free miner's certificate No. B50029 intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1901.

30-8-01. J. M. McGREGOR.

Monument No. 2 and Monument No. 2 Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—At the head of the fifth south fork of Lemon creek, on Grohman Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for Joseph Duhamel free miner's certificate No. B50080, and Louise Sinkan, free miner's certificate No. B50238, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1901.

30-8-01. J. M. McGREGOR.

Railroad Group of Mineral Claims—Great Western, Great Northern, Grand Trunk and Northern Pacific.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located:—At the head of the fifth south fork of Lemon creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for Mrs. Emma Gray, free miner's certificate No. B50095; Thos. Blench, free miner's certificate No. B38388; E. H. Stubbs, free miner's certificate No. 52144, and A. R. Bolderston, free miner's certificate No. B59549, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 8th day of August, 1901.

30-8-01 J. M. McGREGOR.

Bonanza No. 3, Republic No. 2, American Eagle, Bell No. 2, and Ve Fraction Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—At the head of Robinson creek.

Take notice that I, W. D. McGregor, acting as agent for L. J. Hanes, free miner's certificate No. B42663, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants for the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1901.

13-9-01 W. D. McGREGOR.

Victoria, Wasa and Skookum Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—On west side of Dayton creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Albert E. Ashcroft, P.L.S., as agent for the "New Gold Fields of British Columbia," Free Miner's Certificate No. B46036, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1901.

4-10-01 ALBERT E. ASHCROFT, P.L.S

Baby Royal and Lexington Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located:—On Republic hill, adjoining the Phoenix-Viking.

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for Fred G. Carlisle, free miner's certificate No. B38371, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1901

4-10-01 J. M. McGREGOR

Exo, Eli and Eye Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located:—On Robinson creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, W. D. McGregor, free miner's certificate No. B59606, acting for myself and as agent for J. M. McGregor, free miner's certificate No. B59607, and A. E. Rothermel, free miner's certificate No. B59655, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants on the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1901

4-10-01. W. D. McGREGOR

J. M. McGREGOR, B. A. Sc.

Provincial Land Surveyor & Mining Engineer,

SLOCAN, - - B. C.

Notice to Delinquent Co-owner

To J. J. Mulhall, Samuel Prentice, and John J. Banfield, or to any person or persons to whom they may have transferred their one-half interest in the White Beauty mineral claim, situated between the second north fork of and the main Lemon creek, Slocan City mining division.

You are hereby notified that I have expended the sum of one hundred and two dollars and fifty cents in labor and improvements upon the above mentioned claim, in order to hold said mineral claim under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within 90 days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber, under section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1901.

23-8-01 ERIC LEMIEUX

Notice to Delinquent Co-owner

To J. J. Mulhall, Samuel Prentice, and John J. Banfield, or to any person or persons to whom they may have transferred their one-half interest in the Black Beauty mineral claim, situated between the second north fork of and the main Lemon creek, Slocan City mining division.

You are hereby notified that I have expended the sum of one hundred and two dollars and fifty cents in labor and improvements upon the above mentioned mineral claim, in order to hold said mineral claim under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within 90 days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber, under section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1901.

23-8-01 ERIC LEMIEUX

Notice to Delinquent Co-owner

To Thomas Henderson, or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his one third (⅓) interest in the Lone Dutchman mineral claim, situated on the last south fork of Lemon creek, in the Slocan City mining division.

You are hereby notified that I have expended the sum of one hundred and two dollars and fifty cents in labor and improvements on the above mentioned mineral claim, in order to hold said mineral claim under the provisions of the Mineral Act; and if within 90 days from the date of this notice you fail, or refuse, to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber, under section 4 of an Act entitled "An Act to amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

Dated at Slocan, this 18th day of September, A.D. 1901.

20-9-01 HENRY REICHART

Re-opened under the old management.

Former customers cordially invited to return

The Royal Hotel,

Cor. Arthur Street and Delaney Avenue, Slocan.

Building thoroughly renovated and re stocked with the best

THOS. LAKE, Proprietor.

FRESH FRUITS

are now arriving daily and are the best to be obtained. Our Confectionery has a reputation second to none.

A. C. SMITH, SLOCAN

Sole agent for celebrated Brantford Bicycle.

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!

Just look up McCallum & Co.'s assortment of Heating Stoves, for either coal or wood.

Prices, from - - $5 to $25

Steel Ranges from - - $16 up.

This is the best assortment of first-class stoves that ever came to Slocan. They burn any kind of coal. Call around and satisfy yourself and we will do the rest.

McCallum & Co.

General Hardware, Slocan.

Agents for Crow's Nest Coal; price delivered, $6.25 per ton.

Gwillim & Johnson,

MINING ENGINEERS AND ASSAYERS.

Slocan, - - - B. C

You Can Make

A Striking Effect!

By wearing a perfect fitting Suit, cut in the latest style and elegantly trimmed. Such can be purchased from

A. David, the Miner's Tailor,

near the Postoffice.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Pan-American Excursions to Buffalo:

Sept. 3, 17; Oct. 1 and 15.

60-DAY LIMIT.

Choice of Routes:

All Rail, Lakes, Soo Line, via St. Paul or Chicago.

The sleeping car, Kootenay Landing to Toronto, one change to Buffalo.

For time-tables, rates, and full information call on or address nearest local agent, or—

GEO. T. MOIR, Agent, Slocan City

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson.

E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver.