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THE SLOCAN DRILL.

VOL. II., No. 6. SLOCAN, B. C., MAY 10, 1901. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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The House is plastered throughout, with large, airy rooms, and fitted up in first-class and modern style.

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Has ample accommodation for a large number of Guests and supplies the best of everything in the Market.

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Offers up-to-date accommodation for the Public. It is the home of Travelling, Commercial, and Mining Men.

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The Hotel Slocan,

Slocan, B. C., is under the

Skilled and Personal Management of Jeff. Baty,

Who's ever ready to make life pleasant for those who tarry within a while with him.

Orders for all Kinds of Job Work

Quickly Attended to:

The Drill, Slocan

A SPECULATOR STRIKE

PROOF OF TWO BIG VEINS EXISTING ON PROPERTY.

Crosscut From No. 1 Shaft Cuts Vein Exposed in No. 2 Workings—Second Vein Nine Feet Across and Carrying Good Ore—Machinery to be Installed.

A most important strike has been made on the Speculator, the result of which greatly increases the value of that property. For some time past it has been the belief that the No. 1 and No. 2 workings were on separate veins, which should run in close proximity at the former opening. To satisfactorily test the matter, a crosscut was commenced from the foot of the main shaft and, at a point 96 feet easterly sure enough the second vein was encountered. The work was extremely heavy, as the muck had to be windlassed to the surface of the drift from which the shaft is sunk and then trucked out.

Where cut, the second vein is about nine feet in width and carries small lenses of very good ore. Work at this point, however, must cease for the present, till hoisting machinery has been installed, and then it will be renewed with vigor. The No. 1 shaft is a double compartment and is down 85 feet. To sink it any farther requires machinery and this is being arranged for. The No. 2 workings are 600 feet away on the second vein and has some excellent ore exposed. Drifting will be pushed with vigor and more men employed as opportunity offers.

It is the opinion of the management that the No. 2 vein just cut is the main one of the property, and the fact of it existing so close to the No. 1 bears testimony to the value of the group. Besides these two big ledges, which cut across the divide from the Springer slope, there is also traversing the Speculator ground from the Ten Mile slope, the big and rich vein from the Neepawa. Judging from appearances, the vein exposed at the No. 1 workings of the Speculator is identical with that exposed from the Ohio down to the Iron Horse; while the No. 2 is that from which the Arlington is taking its vast bodies of ore. When the snow goes an earnest effort will be made to expose and prove up the three big leads on the Speculator. With machinery installed, the management will be in an excellent position to explore for the big ore bodies believed to be in the hill, the evidence of which is given in the number of veins showing on the Speculator ground.

The Emerald Duet.

The gospel temperance singing evangelists, J. Parsons Smith, expugilist, and Prof. J C. Miller, tenor and cornet soloist, will visit Slocan on May 13, 14, and 15, under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. The meetings will be held in the Music Hall, commencing at 8 o'clock, p.m. The Toronto Globe says of them, "The singing of the Emeralds in the Pavilion was a benediction in itself." In speaking of Mr. Smith's address, the Montreal Witness said, "The story of his life was the most thrilling experience ever listened to."

Extending Ten Mile Road.

Frank Provost was up Ten Mile a few days ago inspecting the route of the proposed extension of the wagon road from Aylwin to the site of the Enterprise concentrator, in the valley below the big mine. The road will follow up the north side of Ten Mile, crossing the creek just below the mouth of Brindle creek. It will then run close to Ten Mile and below the Neepawa slide. The new road will be a mile or so in length and will serve the Iron Horse property as well as the Enterprise.

Grant to Local Hospital.

Monday last the Miners' Union received word from R. F. Green, M.L.A., that the government had made a grant of $1000 towards the maintenance of the local hospital and $500 for the building fund. With this grant, added to the local subscriptions, the Union will be enabled to put the building in excellent shape, while the running expenses of the institution are fully guaranteed for the next year.

Reduced Fares.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has placed on sale, from the 3rd May to 30th September, 1901, tickets from Slocan City to Halcyon Springs and return at the rate of $3.30, tickets good going on Fridays and Saturdays and returning leave the Springs on Monday following. In addition to this special rate there are always on sale thirty day tickets at the usual special rate made for thirty day round trip tickets.

THE LEAD SITUATION.

America. Smelter Trust Having Bad Effect on Mining.

The bottom has apparently dropped out of mining in British Columbia this spring and the stock market is at a low ebb. Business circles as a result are in a quiescent mood and more or less stagnation is noticeable everywhere. In the silver-lead districts of East Kootenay and the Slocan, the situation is anything but pleasant to scan. Many of the mines have shut down and others are reducing their forces. The American smelter trust is largely to blame for this, as they decline to open a market for the B. C. lead and silver products. The price of lead has also dropped materially, which, coupled with the duty into the States and excessive treatment charges, leaves a small margin to cover cost of mining.

J. C. Drewry, managing director of the Canadian Goldfields, while in Spokane a few days ago delivered himself to the press in these words, which size up the situation rather closely: "All of the lead producers in British Columbia are waiting a further development in the lead market with keen interest. Our company will keep a force of 50 men at work in development on the St. Eugene in East Kootenay, but the mill has been closed, because of the low price of lead. There is no immediate likelihood that it will be reopened. The American smelting combine, which is engaged in keeping up the price of lead, is doing its best to curtail the production. In accord with that policy, the trust has absolutely refused to buy ores. That condition has existed for nearly three months, and Canadian lead producers find themselves practically without a market. The Trail smelter, which has a lead stack, has handled some ore and has shipped the crude product to the Selby plant in San Francisco to be refined. Such an arrangement, however, has proven unsatisfactory, for the difference in duty on ore and on crude lead entering the United States is enough to make this arrangement very expensive. The Trail smelter only pays for lead on the London quotation, which recently fell from £18 to less than £13 per ton. That means only about $3 per hundred for lead, while American miners are getting $4 for their output. So you can see that with almost no market, and with prices so low as to be unprofitable, the lead miners of British Columbia have fallen into evil times."

MINING RECORDS.

Appended is a complete list of the various records registered at the local registry office, H. P. Christie being mining recorder:

LOCATIONS.

May 3—No 13, Lemon creek, H L Fife.

4—Franklyn fraction, Springer creek, F Provost.

ASSESSMENTS.

April 30—Early Bird.

May 1—Ottawa for five years.

4—Twin Sister No 2, Twin Sister No 1, Black Hussar, Queen of the Hills.

TRANSFERS.

April 27—Frying Pan, Star Pointer, Teapot and Teapot fr. ½ each, and Dipper ⅓, E Jack to N F McNaught.

Occidental, F L C, Get There Eli, Reno and V & M, E J Deacon to V & M Mines Company.

Bachelor, all, T Lake to D McVannel.

May 2—Port Hope 1-5, same to J G McCallum.

3—Golden Boy, Frank Provost to J Frank Collom.

4—Snowflake, all, B Griffith to Isaac Robinson.

Star of India, same to same.

Maggie, A M Johnson to A Wallace, D G McCuaig, D J Weir, J M Black, D R McLennan, A Jacobson and D McPherson, agreement to pay $3000 to the latter when a sale is made of the Bondholder group.

Green Favors Whole Bill.

R. F. Green, member for the Slocan riding, closed the debate in the legislature Tuesday on the railway bill. He claimed that the coast to Kootenay road was in no sense one in which the people of Kootenay were interested. Its building would not give the people of any town in Kootenay competitive rates and would not give any point not reached by another road competition. He was in favor of the railway bill as introduced, but he would oppose any amendments that sought to reduce the interest on the money advanced by the province. The bill passed its second reading with a rush.

Mining Students Coming.

The staff and students of the summer school of mining in connection with McGill college, left Montreal on the 1st for British Columbia. The party, numbering 25, went to Banff direct and thence go to Vancouver Island. On their return they will visit and inspect the principal mines in this division.

PROSPECTORS' EXCHANGE.

A Praiseworthy Institution Established at Nelson.

A. F. Rosenberger opened some months ago, in the K-W-C block, in Nelson, a Prospectors' Exchange, the aim of which was to place before capital desirable and bona fide mining propositions. He has advertised the scheme very extensively and he is meeting with unqualified success. Mr. Rosenberger felt the need of some such institution, where the prospector could be brought into touch with the monied man, hence his Nelson establishment. The Exchange has an elegant exhibit of ores on view, which is being constantly added to from all parts of the province.

The prime object of the Exchange is to bring the prospector and mine owner into direct touch with the purchaser. If you have a reasonably good prospect all you have to do is to write the Exchange, giving a brief description of your property, naming price, terms, etc., while samples of ore should also be sent. It is not expected that you send an expert report but just a letter written by yourself stating what you have to offer. After receiving your report, your property will be listed in the weekly report issued by the Exchange. These reports are sent to mining men and to brokers throughout Canada and the United States, many being sent to brokers in Europe. By listing your property at the Exchange and having it placed in the weekly report, it is presented to several thousand mining men who are on the lookout for investments. If further information is asked for, the Exchange places the inquirer into direct communication with the owner of the property.

In this issue will be noticed an advertisement from the Exchange, and its invitation should be accepted, as it costs nothing and will prove of much assistance to many in this section in getting sale for some of the numerous promising properties in this division.

A FEW POINTERS.

Allen & Cory have re-opened their hotel at Vevey.

There was a heavy snowfall in the hills Wednesday night.

Silverton beat New Denver at base ball Saturday, 27 to 13.

The city is still awaiting the official proclamation of incorporation.

Born.—In New Denver, on May 4, Mrs. A. Brindle, of a daughter.

Commercial men report business throughout the province very quiet.

Nelson will not allow any more games to be played there on Sunday.

The government bridge over Carpenter creek, New Denver, has been completed.

Gavin Spence and Flora MacDonald, Scotch entertainers, will be here about the 24th.

A. David, Sandon, came down on Wednesday to inspect his local tailoring establishment.

Angus McInnes, mining recorder, who was burned out at New Denver, Sunday, will rebuild at once.

Trail will celebrate its incorporation as a city by a big demonstration on Dominion day. What will Slocan do?

J. M. McGregor, who has been in charge of the School of Mines at Rossland during the winter, returned here yesterday.

Koch's sawmill, Ten Mile, will start up in a few days, assured of a busy season's operations. A planer is being added to the equipment.

C. B. Taylor, of Enterprise Landing was here Tuesday, having recently returned from wintering in the east. He will re-open his hotel at the Landing.

Ore Chute Widening.

Angus McLean, foreman at the Iron Horse, was down yesterday from Ten Mile. He stated things looked very promising on the creek, as the Enterprise mill was being rushed up and preparations made for extensive operations at that property, including the opening up of the big vein. At the Iron Horse sinking was again in progress in the shaft. For the last 15 feet the vein had widened out to 30 inches and was getting more mineralized. A foot of clean ore was showing, with zinc and galena mixed through the balance of the lead. When machinery is installed, a crosscut will be run to the big vein and the whole ground thoroughly explored.

OUR ORE SHIPMENTS

SUBSTANTIAL SHOWING MADE BY THIS DIVISION.

Last Year's Shipments Were 2847 Tons—A Healthy Evidence of the Life and Wealth of the Camp—Arlington the Biggest Shipper.

For the first time in upwards of six months there have been no shipments of ore from the local division, the cause of which may be attributed solely to the condition of the roads. Small quantities of ore have commenced to dribble down from the Arlington and another week ought to see the exports from that property become permanent. There is a carload from the Enterprise about ready to go forward, but not much will be shipped from that property till the new mill gets running, when big things are promised.

Last year the exports from this division amounted to 2847 tons, made up from 10 properties. Following is a list of the shipments this year to date:

MINE.	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Arlington		1355
Enterprise		160
Two Friends		40
Black Prince		100
Bondholder		23
Chapleau		15
Speculator		10
Phoenix		20
V & M		20
		1743

MINES AND MINING.

The Slocan ore shipments for the year total 9,400 tons.

W. W. Warner has bonded the Miller Creek group, near Sandon.

Sinking is again in progress at the Iron Horse, with continued success.

Quite a number of men are getting into the hills to do assessment work.

A crown grant is to be applied for shortly on the Charmer and Slocan Bob claims.

Owing to the uncertainty about lead, the Ivanhoe, near Sandon, has closed down.

The force at the Phoenix was let out on Saturday, but it is only a temporary move.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Two Friends, Limited, will be held in Vancouver on June 4.

During April the Rambler shipped 136 tons of ore, the Red Fox 21, and the Soho 20, all from McGuigan.

The case of Cameron vs Kirkwood, anent the Bald Mountain fraction, did not come up at the Nelson assizes on Tuesday.

Frank Griffiths was here Friday, arranging for the development of the Celebration group, on the north side of Ten Mile.

Malcolm Cameron will put a freighting outfit on the Ten Mile road this summer. He will handle the supplies to the Iron Horse.

A number of men were let out at the Speculator on Monday. They will be put on again when machinery is installed at the main shaft.

Work has been resumed on the Condor group, Four Mile, owned by the Condor Mines, Ltd., an offshoot of the Northwest Mining Syndicate.

E. A. Brown, Sandon, secured the contract for building the Hewett tramway. It will be 2400 feet long and work is to commence at once.

In the case of Marino vs Sproat and McInnes, affecting the Marion group, near New Denver, Mr. Justice Irving has handed down a verdict for the plaintiff.

Sandon mines last week sent out 187 tons of ore, from the Last Chance, American Boy, Reco and Ivanhoe. The Sunset shipped 20 tons from Whitewater.

Snowslides have been numerous in the Sandon camp during the week. The big Noble Five whizzer is down as well as others round the Idaho. No lives were lost.

The chute in the No. 2 of the Enterprise has been cut through, being 170 feet long and from six inches to two feet in width. They hope shortly to catch the chute showing in the No. 3.

The big Neepawa slide came down on Thursday last. Geo. McFarland, contractor for the Enterprise concentrator, had a narrow escape from being caught in it as he was coming down the road.

Various rumors are again afloat anent a pending deal between the Chapleau and Kilo properties, on the first north fork of Lemon creek. M. Mourgues, engineer of the Chapleau, has recently been inspecting the Kilo and testing the rock.

BOWSER'S ART FIND.

HE GETS A GENUINE "DE RUBINI" AT A BARGAIN.

The Great Work, However, Was Not Appreciated by Mrs. Bowser and the Neighbors, and Mr. Bowser Got Angry.

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It was a certain Wednesday evening that Mr. Bowser got out a volume of his encyclopedia lettered "D, E, F" and began a close search. After a quarter of an hour Mrs. Bowser asked what particular thing he was looking for, and he replied:

"I was looking up the name 'De Rubini,' but I don't seem to find it here. It's mighty singular, too, as he was such a well known person."

"The name seems to be Italian."

"Yes; it is."

On Thursday evening Mr. Bowser had another search, but with the same

MR. BOWSER LOOKED AT HER IN PITYING CONTEMPT.

vain result, and, Mrs. Bowser's curiosity being aroused, she asked why he had a particular reason for finding out about De Rubini.

"I—I just happened to want to know," he replied in some confusion. "We had a little dispute about him over at the office the other day. Did you ever happen to see his name on a picture?"

"I don't think so. In fact, I never saw it anywhere that I remember. What was he—a celebrated conspirator?"

Mr. Bowser looked at her over his glasses in pitying contempt.

"Or was he an assassin?"

Mr. Bowser looked at her again with increased pity, followed by a smile of lofty superiority, and he put away his volume before saying:

"It's a wonder you don't ask whether Christopher Columbus was a circus clown or a windmill agent."

"But I asked you about De Rubini," she said.

"Y-e-s. Well, De Rubini was De Rubini. If you were brought up in a farmhouse where they didn't know Shakespeare from Dan Rice and if you attended a country school where the teacher put Nero, Socrates, Queen Victoria and Dan Mahoney into a bag together, you are not exactly to blame for it, but it seems as if you might have picked up a few things since marrying me. I have no doubt that every other woman on this block knows all about De Rubini's wonderful works, masterpieces of the divine art."

Nothing further was said, but on the next evening, just as dinner was concluded, the doorbell rang, and a dark faced, long haired man whose breath smelled of fresh roasted peanuts and who had grime on his nose entered the hall. He bore a large oil portrait of a man dressed in ancient costume, wearing a cocked hat and a sword and looking as if he were out for a barrel of blood.

"Signor Bowser," said the peanut man, "I haf broughta da picture to make you happy."

Mr. Bowser handed him over several greenbacks and bowed him out and lugged the painting back to Mrs. Bowser in the sitting room. He placed a chair against the wall, placed the picture on the chair and then stood back with a chuckle and said:

"You asked who De Rubini was. Behold him!"

The cat dropped off the lounge, took a square look at the portrait and then discreetly retired a few feet to be out of the way of the flying splinters.

"So that's De Rubini sitting down to his beer?" queried Mrs. Bowser after a long look at the old canvas, across which innumerable flies appeared to have left innumerable trails.

"Haven't you more sense than that?" hotly demanded Mr. Bowser as he flushed up.

"Then who is it?"

"The figure before you is that of the chevalier of Milan, while De Rubini was the painter. Can't you see his name down there in the corner?"

"Oh, yes. Then De Rubini was a great painter, was he?"

"The greatest on earth and probably the most eccentric. When he had painted about a dozen pictures, he stopped work and would paint no more. This is one of his few gems, and it may be said to be priceless."

"But what are you doing with a priceless picture?"

"Mrs. Bowser, did you never hear of such a thing as a man being hard up, overtaken by misfortune, obliged to sell his all? This happens to be a case of it. It was either starve and freeze or sell, and the owner of this gem decided to sell. I didn't care to buy till I had a tremendous bargain hurled at me. I won't say exactly what I paid, but if I should ever want to part with it I can turn my money over ten times."

Mr. Bowser walked around with a smile of complacency on his face, and the cat grinned and nodded and said to herself that there was fun ahead.

"Well?" queried Mr. Bowser as he stopped short.

"You want to know what I think," slowly replied Mrs. Bowser. "Well, I never saw such a shackley old frame on a picture."

"Shackley!" gasped Mr. Bowser.

"From my point of view, the drawing is amateurish and stiff, the coloring poor, and it's a portrait that the great De Rubini must have painted by the yard. I don't want to hurt your feelings, but"—

"Darn my feelings!" thundered Mr. Bowser as he jumped up and down, with his eyes blazing. "Woman, do you know what you are saying to me?"

"I'm criticising the portrait."

"You criticising—you! Madam, how dare you display such cheek?"

"The chevalier of Milan," she went on, "wears his sword on the wrong side, and his thumbs are as long as his fingers. The right foot as seen under the table seems to belong to the left leg, and that he is a cross eyed man you can see at a glance. If you paid over a dollar for that daub, you"—

"Over a dollar! Daub!" he almost shrieked as he waved his arms around. "Woman, ascend to your room! By the great horn spoon, but I feel like boxing your ears! Move! Get up stairs!"

Mrs. Bowser moved, and the cat was so tickled that she rolled over and over and seemed to choke. As Mr. Bowser stood there he would have made a great picture of "Indignation Let Loose," but before he could swear over

SHE HEARD HIM RIP AND CUSS AND KICK.

five times the doorbell rang, and he admitted his neighbor, who wanted to borrow a hammer.

"Been buying an old master, eh?" queried the caller as he looked at the picture. "Say, Bowser, you must have wanted a picture for the hencoop."

"W-why?"

"Only a daub done by some house painter and fixed up to look ancient. Dear at a dollar. De Rubini probably lives in a garret and eats garlic. But hang her up, old boy, and give the hens a show. Bring your hammer back tomorrow."

Mrs. Bowser was listening over the baluster. When the door shut behind the neighbor, she heard that picture come off the chair, she heard Mr. Bowser kick the canvas out of it, she heard him rip and cuss and kick the old frame to pieces, while the cat scurried around the room to dodge the fragments. Then came the silence of the grave, and she tiptoed into her bedroom and left the man below to struggle with his feelings.

M. QUAD.

Excellent System.

"I'd like to return this shaving mug. It has a break in it."

"Exchange department is on the next floor, at the other end of the building."

"I want to get a higher priced one in its place and pay the difference. I don't want my money back."

"I'll call the floorwalker, then, and we can fix it right here. It'll only take a minute."—Chicago Tribune.

Market Steady.

May—Belle has been in the market for a long time.

Clara—Yes, but she is still quoted at 27.—Town Topics.

Easy.

Teacher—If you had nine apples and I took eight of them away, what would be the result?

Pupil—Yer finish!—Chicago News.

AUSTRALIA'S STORY.

ANOTHER STRONG ARM ADDED TO ENGLAND'S PUISSANT MIGHT.

History of the Growth of the Commonwealth—Dark Days Which Have Evolved a Strong Nation Within the Greatest Empire Under the Sun—High Faith Expressed for Her Future Career.

"The love of all thy sons encompass Thee.
The love of all thy daughters cherish Thee."

The great act is completed. Australia is a nation ready to take her place proudly with her peers on the earth. It was appropriate that the first year of the twentieth century and the birth of the Australian Commonwealth should be coincident. Of both, we can as yet know little, but of both we can hope much.

A hundred years ago who would ever have anticipated that the few thousand men and women, without much character to make a fuss about with a currency of rum and a morality all their own, clustered on the shores of a harbor of which the beauties few of them could appreciate, racked by a heartless inhumanity or cursed by irresponsible authority, each equally hurtful, who of them would have been bold enough to think that they were having the proud honor of laying the foundation stone of a right royal Empire in those unknown seas, and fashioning one of its most precious glories for England's traditions?

The story of Australia is one of the most instructive lessons given to the world of racial development. When Greece sent forth her youth like swarms from the hive to carry her laws and civilization to other lands, they carried with them the high hopes and most sanguine wishes of the mother city. Rome sent her soldiery to conquer and occupy, but, with few exceptions England has no aspirations for over-sea colonies. Her colonies were made by the people often in spite of Governmental opposition. Her fleet was always ready to conquer and seize on the possessions of her enemies, but it was always the same. The eye of the Government was always turned to Europe. Possessions in foreign parts were simply the pawns in the great continental game, and very little more, indeed. Her statesmen cared nothing for them for many years, and it was said she lost the American Colonies because the Prime Minister for the first time began to read the American despatches.

Australia for many years had little for which to thank English statesmanship. It is probable that nothing would have been done with the southern continent, but that a great social danger had to be remedied by politicians, and consequently the matter was forced on their consideration. It is a great pity that we cannot claim a higher origin, but that is just where the example of racial development comes in. What country would have evolved a great nation from such unpromising elements? Certainly not Spain, certainly not France, and, we think, not Germany. Spain abjectly failed with her colonies, France and Germany have not yet found the secret of success. Even our earliest colonists suffered from the taint of conviction, because, like slavery, it debases master and servant alike. But they were all Englishmen and Englishwomen into whom had been inspired by the past the spirit of self-reliance, however obscured for a time; and now we see in our noble cities, in our farms, in our flocks and herds, in our harbors bustling with a world's commerce, in everything from sea-board to centre, that God's heritage was given to no ignoble or unworthy hands. Australia teaches us another cause of pride of race.

The attitude of the powers that be in England towards the colonies is widely different from what it was when the few score men and women landed in New South Wales and shuddered at the blackness and savage sterility of their future home. At last the English politician has opened his eyes to the fact that England's greatest resource is in the strong arms of her children, whether they are born in London, Edinburgh and Dublin, or in Sydney, Melbourne or Adelaide. They have proved it by the best of proofs, and from what we see passing before our eyes in these days of the new-born national enthusiasm, we know they are ready to prove it again and again. It is significant of the future. We cannot explore the future, but we can consider tendencies. It is not likely that Australia will have always the interrupted prosperity—for her prosperity, with all the little obstacles has been mainly progressive—and the development uninterfered with, by which she has been hitherto blessed. She has possibilities in her surroundings which may at any moment become formidably threatening. Great nations are jealous of both England and her colonies, and it would be almost too much to hope for, that the day will never come when the flood of a swarming race will be tapped and will force itself into a destructive torrent far and wide. She is daily gaining strength and cohesion to meet any of the troubles and misfortunes of national life. We all have a high faith in her high future career, and with her greatest poet we may say of Australia as he said about the dear old Home country—

"Naught can make her rue,
If England to herself will prove but true."

—The Australian Leather Journal.

The Bishop Knew Him.

A story current about the Bishop of London just now represents him as a bored listener to a windy speech. Turning to a fellow sufferer, he said: "Do you know that speaker?" "No," was the answer. "I do," said the bishop; "he speaks under many aliases, but his name is Thomas Rot."—London Daily News.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE

GROWTH OF BRITISH AUTHORITY IN THE EMPIRE OF INDIA.

How India Is Governed—Lord Curzon, Secretary of State for India, Has Absolute Control of All Foreign Policy Regarding India—Government of the Provinces—Relations of British and Natives.

In recent correspondence Edgcumbe Staley of London, Eng., author of "The Arms and Badges of the British Colonies" writes as follows:

The British Empire in India covers an area of about 1,000,000 square miles. The remainder of continental India—700,000 square miles—is under native rulers, more or less in subordination to the Indian Government.

The total population of all India is nearly 300,000,000, of which enormous number about 70,000,000 belong to the native states. Upward of eighty languages are spoken by the very many and very various races, tribes and castes. Somewhere about 200,000,000 are Hindus and 60,000,000 Mohammedans, while Christians number only about 3,000,000.

The history of India, which before the era of British dominion, bears marks of great antiquity and of conspicuous grandeur. The Portuguese, the Dutch and the French in turn tried their hands in the conquest and government of India and each in turn failed.

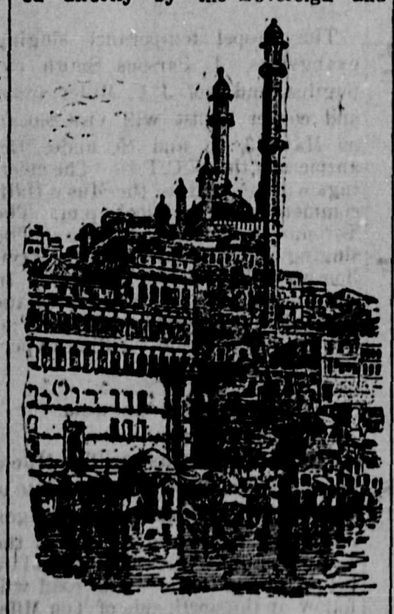
The Growth of British Authority.

The original charter of the British East India Company was granted by Queen Elizabeth in 1616. Pitt's "India bill" of 1784 transferred the direction of the company to a board of control, whose president represented Indian affairs in the House of Commons. The charter was renewed from time to time and each renewal was marked by further developments of territorial authority. The outcome of a succession of wars involved the direct annexation or the indirect subordination of native states, under the form of protectorates. In 1858, after the terrible mutiny, the policy embodied in Pitt's "India bill" was carried out to its conclusion. The board of control was superceded by the secretary of state and the council for India, and all the political rights of the company were transferred to the Crown. Finally, in 1877, at Delhi—the old imperial city—the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland was proclaimed "Empress of India"—"Kaisar-i-Hind." Thus all India became the inalienable heritage of the British monarchy.

How India Is Governed.

The secretary of state for India is the representative of Her Majesty's Government. He has absolute control of all foreign policy affecting India. He also controls the expenditure of the Indian revenues and in all matters he can impose his orders upon the Indian Government. All the higher Government appointments require his approval.

He is assisted by a council, consisting of ten members, nine of whom must have served in India for the ten years immediately preceding their appointment. They hold office for ten years and must not be members of either house of the British Parliament. Subject to the control of the secretary of state, the supreme executive authority in India is "the Governor-General in Council"—in which name all acts of the Government of India run. He is appointed directly by the Sovereign and



AURUNGZEBE'S MOSQUE, BENARES.

holds office for five years. The Governor-General, or "viceroy" as he is commonly called, has the power of veto in all matters, whether executive or legislative. He unites in his person the attributes of a constitutional monarch and the powers of a prime minister. The Governor-General is assisted by the executive council, composed of five members, with the addition of the commander-in-chief of the forces in India. The Governors of Provinces are ex-officio members of the council whenever it meets within their several administrations. All these high officials must be of British nationality. This council is really a sort of cabinet of the viceroy. The matters principally dealt with are: (1) Affairs connected with foreign policy; (2) direct administration; (3) authorization of business to be transacted by the legislative council.

The legislative council consists of ten to twenty members—official and non-official. British and natives are alike eligible. Its functions are generally the making of laws and regulations, the supreme direction of revenue and expenditures and legislation in general. Its acts are published in the Gazette of India.

The "central bureau," so-called, is the secretariat of the supreme government of India. The seven secretaries are respectively: House, for-

CANADIAN ARTISTS.

EXHIBITION LACKS PICTURES OF RECENT STIRRING EVENTS.

NOT A "KHARKI-CLAD" FIGURE.

"Nationalism in Poetry and Literature" Not Exemplified at the First Exhibition of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts in the Twentieth Century—Some Subjects for Studies.

There was one impression left upon the writer's mind, says Lally Barnard in Toronto Globe on April 13, most vivid in its effect, after an afternoon spent among the pictures of the first exhibition of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts in the new century just begun—that time had marked its course by weeding out the exhibits of members who in the old days were wont to send to that exhibition pictures which to-day turn their faces to the wall in some secluded spot, ashamed of their temerity in ever having thought of coming forward for public scrutiny.

The second impression was one of keen disappointment, perhaps I may use a stronger word, bitter disappointment. Not two weeks ago, at a meeting of the Authors' Society, a paper was read on "Nationalism in Poetry and Literature," and the writer spoke of the stirring events throughout the empire during the last expiring years of the 19th century, and the wider field they should give to poetical and artistic inspiration. One expected in this exhibition to meet with such pictures as are sure to cover the walls of the Royal Academy Exhibition of 1901, in London, pictures which would immortalize events in our history, and show that all our enthusiasm, and the strain and stress of these last closing years of the century had left their mark on the art as well as the literature of Canada. There is, without doubt, a lack of imagination in the Canadian character. When one considers the absolutely "soul-convulsing" epoch we have passed through, and looks at the subjects chosen for pictorial art among the members of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts, one realizes that M. Bourassa's fear of Canada being given up to "militarism," is but a chimera, a mere inheritance of fiery Celtic blood. Not one red-coat, not one "khaki-clad" figure, no portrait of either general or member of staff. My thoughts flew back to Margaret Yarker's poem, "The Last Church Parade" of the Canadian contingent in the historic City of Quebec, and I felt that those verses alone might have inspired some of our painters whose brushes are capable of dealing splendidly with such a subject. The day that a French-Canadian Premier of Canada wished the men "God-speed" on their embarkation at Quebec to help the rest of the "whelps of the lion" in their battle against oppression and narrow fanaticism would alone have made a magnificent subject for a great canvas. Toronto, during many dark days of anxiety, could show before every newspaper office studies in faces and tragedies which appealed to more than mere artistic feeling. Where are these subjects? They formed the attraction of some of the Christmas numbers of our daily journals, and, as the writer happens to know, many of these colored prints are carefully framed and kept, as precious reminders of those stirring days.

The reception of the troops by the Queen who has passed away, the mounted infantry passing through the streets on those cold winter days and, above all, the homecoming of the men from Africa—not one of these subjects is to be found. No attempt of symbolic representation of the great event which fairly shook the civilized world, when a great Sovereign laid down the earthly sceptre she had wielded with dignity and power, and was borne to her rest with prayers of a whole empire hovering about the tiny casket which contained the very heart of that Imperial realm. I would like to have seen even a small study of some great symbolic picture, giving expression in concrete form to the emotions that stirred the whole Dominion during those never-to-be-forgotten days, and one felt it almost a travesty to talk of an art museum as a fitting memorial to this great Queen, when her passing could leave so little impression upon the canvases of Canadian artists.

Ontario's School Attendance.

To the school attendance for 1899 the last year reported by the Minister of Education, the Canada Educational Monthly devotes considerable attention. The Monthly points out that not one-half of the pupils in the first reader ever enter the fourth reader. This is a remarkable state of affairs. It indicates that the full measure of education designed by the Province does not reach the entire population. The withdrawals from the schools are progressive as the standard rises. There are fewer children in the second book than in the first, and fewer again in the fourth. Of the 174,000 in the first book but 9,700 reach the High School. But while the annual proportion is small, the actual attendance at High Schools is 19 per cent. of the possible attendance. This is not so good as it ought to be.

The Young Giant of the West.

The Winnipeg Tribune expects as a result of the census that the representation of Manitoba in Parliament will be doubled, and that that Province, with the Territories and British Columbia, will have fifty seats altogether. It adds: "When the census, ten years hence is taken, one-third, or more, of the population of Canada may be found west of Lake Superior, and the balance of political power will be a good deal shifted." The young giant of the West is assuming great proportions; but we shall all welcome him in spite of his size.

Fishes That Live For Centuries.

There seems to be hardly a natural limit to the life of some kinds of fishes. There are in the royal aquarium in Russia several carp which are over 600 years old according to Professor Suelso, and he believes that the ordinary carp lives to at least 500 years if not interfered with. Ordinarily goldfish have been known to live for 100 years. In the museum in Mannheim, Germany, is preserved the skeleton of a pike which was caught in 1497. It was nine feet long and weighed 350 pounds. In the gills was fixed a ring bearing this inscription in Greek, "I am the fish which was first of all put into this lake by the governor of the universe, Frederick II, the 5th of October, 1230." The pike was therefore at least 267 years old when caught.

The Acme of Comfort.

Husband—Don't forget to wake me at 7 o'clock, as usual, tomorrow morning.

Wife—Why, you don't have to go to the office. It's a holiday.

Husband—I know, but wake me at 7. I want to have the satisfaction of rolling over and going to sleep again.—Philadelphia Press.

Late Apologies.

Lady—Do you remember, professor, that 20 years ago when we took dancing lessons together you stepped on my toe, almost causing me to faint?

Professor—Oh, yes. I beg a thousand pardons.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

A Hopeless Case.

"After years of effort I have succeeded in learning how to pronounce 'Goethe.'"

"Well, are you satisfied now?"

"No; every time I say it somebody corrects me."—Chicago Record.

Uncle Allen.

"The seven ages of man," Uncle Allen Sparks was saying, "as I have observed the creature, are these: 1. Cribbage. 2. Nonage. 3. Suffrage. 4. Marriage. 5. Bondage. 6. Breakage. 7. Dotage."—Chicago Tribune.

They All Lead Us.

Towne—Blugore's not very interesting himself, but there's a born leader of men in his family.

Browne—You don't say?

Towne—Yes; it's a girl; arrived last night.—Philadelphia Press.

Important.

He—Darling, will you be my wife?

She—Have you a recommendation from your fiancee?—King.

The Gentle Martyr.

She suffered all the weary day,
Yet never made complaint;
She bore her pain as if she'd been
Some good, old fashioned saint.

But with the night came rest for her,
Untroubled rest and sweet;
She peeled her number four shoes from
Her number seven feet.

'TWAS DR. CHASE WHO SAVED OUR BABY

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Severe Chest Coughs Cannot Withstand the Soothing, Healing Effects of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

It is the mothers who especially appreciate the unusual virtues of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. They keep it in the house as the most prompt and certain cure obtainable for croup, bronchitis and severe coughs and colds to which children are subject. It has never failed them. Scores of thousands of mothers say: "'Twas Dr. Chase who saved our baby."

Mrs. F. W. Bond, 20 Macdonald street, Barrie, Ont., says:—"Having tried your medicine, my faith is very high in its powers of curing coughs and croup. My little girl has been subject to croup for a long time, and I found nothing to cure it until I gave Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I cannot speak too highly of it."

Mr. W. A. Wylie, 57 Seaton street, Toronto, states:—"My little grandchild had suffered with a nasty, hacking cough for about eight weeks when we procured a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. After the first dose she called it 'honey' and was eager for medicine time to come around. I can simply state that part of one bottle cured her, and she is now well and as bright as a cricket."

Mrs. F. Dwyer of Chesterville, says: "My little girl of three years had an attack of bronchial pneumonia. My husband and I thought she was going to leave the world as her case resisted the doctor's treatment. I bought a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine from our popular druggist, W. G. Bolster. After the first two or three doses the child began to get better, and we are thankful to say is all right to-day after seven weeks' sickness."

Mr. E. Hill, fireman, Berkelet St., Fire Hall, Toronto, says: "I desire to say in favor of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine that one of my children was promptly relieved of whooping cough, and as long as obtainable will not be without it in the house, nor use any other medicine."

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is sold everywhere and is used in more homes than any other treatment for diseases of the throat and lungs. 25 cents a bottle. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE DRILL.

SLOCAN, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The many thousands of sightseers who visited the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition last year and were charmed with the high class novelties and platform attractions will be pleased to learn that this year's list will be of an even more enjoyable description. The cream of the variety artists in the great metropolitan centres of the east will be on hand to afford an endless diversion to the patrons of the big show. No effort or expense will be spared to make up the best and most varied programme that can possibly be obtained and taken in its entirety the platform entertainment in point of merit and pleasing variety will be the culmination of colossal amusement enterprise.

I was cured of a bad case of Grip by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Sydney, C. B. C. I. LAGUE.

I was cured of loss of voice by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
CHARLES PLUMMER.
Yarmouth.

I was cured of Sciatica Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Burin, Nfld. LEWIS S. BUTLER.

BABY'S BAD TEMPER.

And the Remedy Suggested to Its Doting Mother.

The woman and the baby in the west bound avenue car kept the car lively. The baby had the unquenchable yells from the Peace monument to the war department and beyond. The baby kicked and tossed and beat its mother in the face with its fists and tried to poke holes in the car window and gasped and snorted and choked.

"What is it mamma's pitty itty sing wants?" the baby's mother would inquire.

"Wow-wow—blub-wo-eo!"

"Does it want mamma's itty purse?"

"Glug-glug—whoopee—whish—wow!"

"Baby hurts its poor itty mamma punching her. Does baby want the nice itty horsie?"

"Zip—woosh—naw—blub—we-ow!"

"Does it want to go see poor ole papa working at his ole desk?"

"Naw—ow—ow!"

"Shall she go buy it a new dress and dollie?"

"Wham-wing—whooshomoo—wow!"

"See out of the window the wagon going along without any horsie. Isn't that funny?"

"Ker-cnug—ma-ma—woof—wow!"

"Shall mamma take it to the store to see the new pitties?"

"Ker-bim—oo—oo!"

"Don't want to see the pitties? There, now, there. Don't ky no more, mamma's itty sing. Shall she dance it up and down?"

"Baw—biff—um-swat—ee-e—ow!"

The tall, correctly dressed man who was sitting right alongside the woman with the baby and whose raglan the baby had been threatening to kick into short ribbons for some time past had been looking straight ahead, apparently unconcerned and oblivious of the presence of the squawking infant. At Washington circle, however, he rose to get off.

"Mamma's booful itty sing," the mother was saying to the still bawling young one.

The correctly dressed man, who was about to alight, reached down and chucked the baby under the chin, smiling amiably and causing the mother to look pleased.

"Mamma's booful baby," she went on, addressing the youngster soothingly. "Indeed, mamma doesn't know what in this world to do with such a bad boy."

"Have you ever tried," inquired the correctly dressed man as the car was coming to a halt for him to get off—"have you ever tried the brass knucks, a sandbag, a piece of lead pipe or an ice pick?"

And before the mother could recover from her amazement the brute had stepped off and the car had started ahead, the young one still howling.—Washington Star.

The Elderly Caller and Johnny.

"I hope, Johnny, you are a good little boy and mind your parents. You must never forget how anxious they are that you shall grow up to be a good man. Never do anything to give them sorrow, Johnny, and let your conduct always be such that they may be proud of their son, who" —

"Say, them new teeth of yourn don't match the other ones at all!"—Chicago Tribune.

It's a Short Road from a cough to consumption. Don't neglect a cough—take

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

when your cold appears. The "ounce of prevention" is better than years of illness.

"Words cannot express my gratitude for the good SHILOH'S Consumption Cure has done me. I had a chronic cough—was in a dangerous condition. SHILOH cured the cough and saved me from consumption."
J. E. STURGIS, Niagara Falls.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists in Canada and United States at 25c, 50c, $1.00 a bottle. In Great Britain at 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d., and 4. 6d. A printed guarantee goes with every bottle. If you are not satisfied go to your druggist and get your money back.

Write for illustrated book on Consumption. Sent without cost to you. S. C. Wells & Co., Toronto.

KICKED BY A HORSE.

ROBERT HALL OF ARKONA, ONT., NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH.

Struck twice in the Same Place—The kidneys Turned out of their Natural Position—Doctors Said He would Die—Yet Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him.

Forest, Ont., April 22.—(Special)—Probably the best known man in the Townships of Warwick and Bosanquet, is Mr. Robert Hall, of Arkona. Mr. Hall says :—

"Five years ago last April I was kicked by a horse in the left kidney. The doctor that treated me said the kidney had turned out of its place, and I passed blood for several days.

"I did not get quite well from that until I got another kick, which caused me to pass blood again from my kidneys.

"I continued to doctor until last fall, when they told me I could not get well and that I would die, so I quit taking their medicine.

"I lost the power of my legs, and had to be lifted in and out of bed I was so low that I was not expected to live from one day to the other.

"I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills, and from the first I commenced to improve, and by the time I had taken five boxes, I was quite well. Dodd's Kidney Pills certainly saved my life."

No more startling case has ever taken place in the neighborhood of Forest, and many questions have been asked of Mr. Hall in explanation of the very startling statements made above.

He has but one answer—"Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life, and that after all the doctors had told me I could not get better, and that I must die."

Mr. Hall is certainly a living monument to the wonderful curative properties of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Dodd's Kidney Pills is the only remedy known to science that has ever cured Bright's Disease, Diabetes, or Dropsy. They never fail.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

The young king of Italy celebrated his birthday recently by releasing 13,000 prisoners incarcerated in different parts of the kingdom for offences which he considered had been sufficiently punished.

MINARD'S LINIMENT for Sale Everywhere.

It's truly wonderful what large catalogues from small garden seeds grow.

When there is no danger near, moral courage is often the rankest kind of false pretence.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Cures Dandruff.

The skeleton of the largest extinct animal known has been put together for the exhibit of the National Museum at the Pan-American exhibition at Buffalo. The name of this animal is the Triceratops. It was found in Missouri, and will be one of the most curious things shown in the government building. It is stated to be the only one in the world.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.
{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best

Tried to Raise the Dead.

A remarkable attempt was made in Denmark recently to bring back to life a man who had died in a hospital. The experiment was measurably successful, as resuscitation was effected several hours after the man was pronounced dead. Dr. Maag, who was in charge, was unable to maintain life, however.

The patient had died from typhoid fever, and Dr. Maag decided to try an experiment. Respiration had ceased completely and the body was cold. Direct massage of the heart was resorted to. The chest was cut open directly over the heart, and through the incision the physician passed his hand and seized the heart. He commenced a series of compressions, and in a short time the heart commenced to work of its own accord. The action of the heart gradually became stronger, but the man had not commenced to breathe. Only after the heart had been acting half an hour did the first gasp for air come.

The patient was then assisted in this for about an hour until finally he was able to breathe quite freely. At the same time his cheeks began to assume a natural color. He lay in this condition another half hour, but without regaining consciousness or appearing to feel the effects of the incision. Then there was a reaction and respiration ceased, although the heart continued to act eight hours longer. A second effort was made to induce heart action, but without result.

There are two kinds of ambition—one soars and the other crawls.

Many a poor tune is played on a good horn.

An empty-headed man is always full of himself.

A STRANGE LAKE.

The Peculiarities of a Body of Water In Australia.

Lake George is situated about four miles from the railway station at Bungendore, Australia, and has for many years engaged the attention of scientific men by reason of the singular and inexplicable phenomena connected with it. The estimates of its size vary considerably according to circumstances, but when moderately full about 20 by 7 miles will be found tolerably correct. At either end the land is fully 100 feet above the highest recorded surface of the lake, which possesses no known outlet, although it is fed by numerous mountain creeks.

The lake was discovered by a bushman in 1820 and was known to the blacks as the "big water." It was then supposed to form the source of a river having its mouth on the south coast, but subsequent visitors were much perplexed at the manner in which the blacks avoided the lake, of which they appeared to entertain a superstitious dread, one aged aboriginal stating she had seen it all covered with trees, another explaining that the whole of the water sunk through the bottom and disappeared, while others remembered the lake only as a series of small ponds.

During the following 20 years considerable variations were noted in the depth and extent of the lake. In 1841 the lake became partially dried up, the moist portions being simply grassy swamps. A few months later large numbers of sheep were pastured in the bed of the lake, but fresh water had to be carted for the use of the shepherds, that of the lake being too salt for human consumption. The place remained more or less dry until 1852, the year of the great floods in that part of the colony, when it again became filled, with an average depth of nine feet. Since then the surface level of the lake has varied considerably, but the bed has never been so dry as in former years. There are indications that many hundreds of years ago the lake covered a far larger area than any yet recorded, remains of trees over 100 years old being found in spots formerly under water. The saline character of the lake is the more remarkable by reason of its being fed by pure and sparkling fresh water streams.

ENGLISH MONARCHS.

Death Often Unkind In the Manner of Their Taking Off.

Of the monarchs who have reigned over England since the days of the Norman conquest nearly one-quarter of the number have met violent death. William I was killed by a fall from his horse, William II was shot while hunting, whether by accident or design is still one of the unsolved problems of history; Richard I was killed by a shaft from a crossbow while besieging the city of Chaluz, in France; Richard II was murdered in Pontefract castle, Edward II was murdered in Berkley castle, and Edward V in the Tower of London, Richard III was killed on the battlefield of Bosworth and Charles I had his head cut off in London.

Elizabeth's death was hastened by remorse that she had ordered the execution of Essex, and her sister Mary sickened and died soon after the loss of Calais, declaring that the name of the city would be found after death written on her heart. The death of Edward III's son, the Black Prince, caused the aged monarch to die of grief. So, after the loss of his son in the White Ship, Henry I was never seen to smile again and lived only a short time. Henry VI and George III were insane during the latter years of their reigns and finally died from what in these days would be called paresis. Charles II, Henry VIII, Edward IV and George IV hastened their deaths by the dissipated and sensual lives they lived. Only two monarchs died of that great national scourge, consumption; they were Edward VI and Henry VII. Queen Anne's death was due as much as anything else to overfeeding. Only two monarchs, Henry VI and George III, died after long illnesses.

The Happy Medium.

A clergyman relates that a worthy Irishman with an impediment in his speech brought him a child to be baptized. While making a record of it he was in some doubt as to the correct spelling of the family name given to him and asked the man how he wrote it.

"Indeed and I don't write at all," was the reply.

"I just want to know," said Father Boyle, "whether the name is 'McGrath' or 'Magrath'—whether the second part of it is spelled with a big 'G' or a little 'g.'"

After scratching his head hopelessly the puzzled parent saw his way out of the difficulty. "Well, father, just spell it wid a middlin sized 'g.'"

It Won't Roll Off.

The egg of the guillemot is one of the most peculiar and furnishes an admirable example of the way in which nature provides for the conditions of life.

This bird is found on the coast, and the eggs are usually laid on the bare edges of high rocks, from which position any ordinary specimen of the egg would probably roll off.

But the guillemot's egg won't do this. It has been fashioned by nature to stop on. The egg is nearly conical in shape, broad at the base and sharp at the point, so that it will only roll in a circle.

Better Than Making a Note.

"Just before Badmun was sent to prison he bought a set of books to be paid for in installments."

"What did he do that for?"

"He said it would make the time seem shorter."

MISERY AND HEALTH.

A STORY OF DEEP INTEREST TO ALL WOMEN.

Relating the Sufferings of a Lady Who has Experienced the Agonies that Afflict So Many of her Sex—Passed through Four Operations Without Benefit.

Throughout Canada there are thousands and thousands of women who undergo daily pains—sometimes bordering on agony—such as only women can endure in uncomplaining silence. To such the story of Mrs. Frank Evans, of 38 Frontenac street, Montreal, will bring hope and joy, as it points the way to renewed health and certain release from pain. Mrs. Evans says: "I feel that I ought to say a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, in the hope that my experience may be of benefit to some other suffering woman. I am now twenty-three years of age, and since my eleventh year I have suffered far more than my share of agony from the ailments that afflict my sex. At the age of 16 the trouble had grown so bad that I had to undergo an operation in the Montreal general hospital. This did not cure me, and a little later I underwent another operation. From this I received some benefit, but was not wholly cured, and I continued to suffer from pains in the abdomen and bilious headache. A few years later, having with my husband removed to Halifax, I was again suffering terribly, and was taken to the general hospital, where another operation was performed. This gave me relief for two or three months, and again the old trouble came on, and I would suffer for days at a time, and nothing seemed to relieve the pain. In February, 1899, I was again obliged to go to the hospital and underwent a fourth operation. Even this did not help me, and as the chloroform administered during the operation affected my heart, I would not permit a further operation, and was taken home still a great sufferer. In 1899 I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and decided to do so. I have used the pills for several months and have found more relief from them than from the four operations which I passed through, and I warmly recommend them to all women suffering from the ailments which afflict so many of my sex."

Writing under a later date, Mrs. Evans says: "I am glad to be able to tell you that not only has the great improvement which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills effected in my condition continued, but I am now perfectly well. I had given up all hope when I began the use of the pills, but they have restored me to such health as I have not before known for years. I feel so grateful for what your medicine has done for me that I gladly give you permission to publish my letters in the hope that other women will follow my example and find health and strength and new happiness through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

No discovery in medicine in modern times has proven such a blessing to women as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They act directly on the blood and nerves, invigorate the body, regulate the functions, and restore health and strength to the exhausted patient when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. Other so-called tonics are mere imitations of these pills and should be refused. The genuine bear the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around each box. They are sold by all dealers in medicine or can be had post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The government of New York city is the most costly in the world. The tax budget for 1901 is $100,000,000, which is twice the cost of the entire government of Mexico, and almost one-half that of the German empire.

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it and see what an amount of pain is saved.

An ex-waiter on the C. P. R. dining car tells some amusing stories of passengers who dine on the cars. A few days ago he took finger bowls to two stylishly dressed ladies, garnished with a piece of lemon. They drank the water, and when they gave him their finger bowls and asked for "a little more lemonade, please," he was so amused that he had to swallow his "chew" to enable him to control his countenance.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Relieves Neuralgia.

Man is a contrary animal. Call him a sad dog and he will look knowing and feel flattered; but call him a miserable puppy and he will immediately show his teeth.

THE DOMINIE.

For the first time in its history the British Church Missionary society has passed the £400,000 point in its annual receipts.

A feature of some 50 Congregational churches are men's clubs which aim to keep up good fellowship and secure concerted action on matters of municipal reform.

"I was never in debt," said the late bishop of London, "until I came to be the head of this see." He then had to keep up two houses, and the act of 1819 forbids the letting of either of these.

A large staff of women is employed at the Vatican for the sole purpose of keeping the pope's wardrobe in perfect condition. No spot or stain may disfigure the garments worn by his holiness, and as he always appears in white one wearing, even of a few hours, deprives the robes of their freshness.

Thousands drink Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea every day. Ask any of them what they think of it.

LEGISLATIVE.

The sweetest song has never been sung, the biggest fish is still uncaught, and the ideal tax law has yet to convince a legislative body.—New York World.

Kidnaping children in order to extort money from their parents ought to be made a capital offense, and hanging should promptly follow conviction.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

To the legislature: Doubt every bill that creates a new institution, establishes a new commission or board, calls into being a new officer or increases salaries.

HOW TO CURE HEADACHE.—Some people suffer untold misery day after day with Headache. There is rest neither day or night until the nerves are all unstrung. The cause is generally a disordered stomach, and a cure can be effected by using Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, containing Mandrake and Dandelion, Mr. Finley, Wark. Lysander, P. Q., writes: "I find Parmelee's Pills a first-class article for Bilious Headache."

A Modern Mother's Diary.

Tonight Clifford has said:

"Mamma, are the stars holes in the sky to let the rain through?"

I cannot sleep, such is my agitation.

Clifford is scarcely 5 years old, whereas, according to the best pedagogical authorities, Martin Luther did not ask this question until he was 7 and Alexander the Great, in all probability, not until he was 9.

I know not what to think.

One moment I feel assured that Clifford is evincing an unaffected humor, only in the next moment to be overwhelmed by the suspicion that he is bidding for newspaper notoriety merely.

THEY NEVER FAIL—Mr. S. M. Boughner, *Langton*, writes: "For about two years I was troubled with Inward Piles, but by using Parmelee's Pills. I was completely cured, and although four years have elapsed since then they have not returned." Parmelee's Pills are anti-bilious and a specific for the cure of the Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, etc., and will regulate the secretions and remove all bilious matter.

Kipling and the Bus Owner.

After leaving Vermont Rudyard Kipling bought a place in the little English village of Rottingdean, and in his garden were some beautiful trees. One of these trees, branching over the road, threatened daily injury to the driver of the local bus. Therefore he and his conductor waged destructive war on all the vulnerable twigs within reach from the bus roof. Result: A vigorous letter of complaint from Mr. Kipling to the bus owner, who is also landlord of one of the local inns.

That evening the landlord laid the letter before the select company of the bar parlor. They advised an attitude of calm indifference. Also a Crœsus among them offered $2.50 in cash for the autograph letter. Both advice and cash were accepted.

The nuisance continuing, in due course a second and stronger letter followed the first. The landlord convened another bar parliament, and the second letter also found a buyer, this time at $5, as befitted its increased violence. And Boniface again "sat tight!" To him next day entered Mr Kipling, briskly wrathful. "Why didn't I answer your letters, sir? Why, I was hoping you'd send me a fresh one every day. They pay a deal better than bus driving!"

Cholera and all summer complaints are so quick in their action that the cold hand of death is upon the victims before they are aware that danger is near. If attacked do not delay in getting the proper medicine. Try a dose of Dr. A. G. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, and you will get immediate relief. It acts with wonderful rapidity and never fails to effect a cure.

The Hotel Detective.

The duties of a hotel detective are not arduous, and his greatest value to the guests is as a cicerone. He is supposed to know the city thoroughly, to be an authority on the theaters and to be able to direct men who want to gamble to places where they can find "square games." One hotel detective who was discharged not long ago was said to have made nearly $10,000 a year in tips from guests and commissions from gambling houses. He was able to do the latter many a good turn, and they showed their appreciation for his work by paying him liberally. Nominally he was engaged by the proprietor of the hotel to preserve order, but in reality he was expected to make himself generally useful to visitors. He must know where to pilot parties on slumming expeditions, and the more weird tales he can tell them about the places to which he takes them the larger will be his tips.

A detective employed by one Broadway hotel for many years became quite as well known as the hotel itself. He was an authority on boxing, and the last word about any big contest was not said until he chose to express his opinion. He was also the stakeholder in many big bets.

Forget not that you are a man—unless you are a woman.

Men are at the bottom of women's dislike—for each other.

Ambition is like hunger: it knows no law but its appetite.

A woman doesn't care how ugly a man is as long as he declares she is the prettiest woman of his acquaintance.

Over in Ohio they have revived a half-forgotten law against keeping native song-birds in confinement. In one month 28 persons have been arrested in Cincinnati for this offence and thousands of birds have been set free.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Sir Henri Joly, the lieutenant-governor of British Columbia, with the assistance of the Natural History society of that province, is taking steps to import large quantities of song-birds from England and Eastern Canada. It is believed that they will be rapidly acclimatized, and will thrive in British Columbia.

SORE FEET.—Mrs. E. J. Neill, New Armagh, P. Q., writes: "For nearly six months I was troubled with burning aches and pains in my feet to such an extent that I could not sleep at night, and as my feet were badly swollen I could not wear my boots for weeks. At last I got a bottle of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL and resolved to try it, and to my astonishment I got almost instant relief, and the one bottle accomplished a perfect cure.

The American Enoch Arden, Harvey Snell, of Lowville, N. Y., came home the other day, after 10 years in other haunts, and found the beloved spouse with another husband and a few tender olive branches. "As good a woman as she is doesn't remain without a husband for long," said the thoughtful Harvey. He boarded the next train.

AGENTS WANTED.
We are in need of a few reliable Agents throughout the country to handle our
GASOLINE LAMPS AND SUPPLIES.
Good profit and quick sales. For particulars address
THE INCANDESCENT GAS LAMP Co.,
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Supplies for all makes of sewing machines
WHEELER & WILSON
23 Portage ave. SEWING MACHINE CO.

The Newest and Easily the Best.
"CHEWSTICK" DENTIFRICE

Cleansing, Healing, stimulating refreshing, antiseptic, removes tar, does not injure the enamel, and imparts a sweet fragrance to the breath.
Manufactured from a tropical plant, known as the "Chewstick," which in the countries where it grows is regarded as Nature's Specific for the teeth, gums and mouth. Is entirely free from chalk and any other gritty substance.
Put up in collapsible tubes with artistically engraved labels and containers. Price 25 cents
For sale by all chemists. They who like a really good thing would be wise to enquire for it and have no substitute.
SAUNDERS & EVANS
Man'frs, TORONTO.

Brass Band
Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Etc.
EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND.
Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine catalogue 600 illustrations mailed free. Write us for anything in Music or Musical Instruments.
Whaley Royce & Co., Toronto, Ont., and Winnipeg, Man.

BUSINESS CHANGE.
The Imperial Fruit and Produce Co'y,
Has purchased the stock and trade of the ANDERSON PRODUCE CO.
All kinds of Fruit in Season.
Best Prices paid for Produce

I Recommend
BABY'S OWN SOAP
to all mothers who want their babies to have pink, clean, clear, and healthy skin.
Made of the finest materials.
No soap, wherever made, is better.
THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL
Manufacturers of the Celebrated
ALBERT TOILET SOAPS.

THE SLOCAN DRILL

C. E. SMITHERINGALE, Editor and Prop.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT

SLOCAN, - - - - - B. C.

Legal Advertising 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line each subsequent insertion.

Certificates of Improvement, $7 each.

Transient advertisements at same rates as legal advertising.

Locals will be charged 10 cents a line for each insertion.

Commercial Rates made known upon application.

The Subscription is $2 per year, strictly in advance; $2.50 a year if not so paid.

Address all letters to—

THE SLOCAN DRILL,
Slocan, B. C.

FRIDAY, MAY 10th, 1901.

A pencil mark in the space opposite will be an indication to you that ye editor considers there is something coming to him on your subscription. Kindly acknowledge in cash and oblige.

EDITORIAL CROPPINGS.

The legislature is expected to prorogue next week.

Jim Hill is said to be buying C.P.R. stock and on Tuesday it touched 117½ on the Montreal market. Get in and sell, fellers.

Be sure and get your miner's license renewed by the 31st. It will save you a peck of trouble and help out the government, which wants to declare a dividend next year.

The provincial government has arranged for the free lodging and education of all deaf and dumb children in B. C. at Winnipeg. Applications should be sent to Alex. Robinson, superintendent of education, Victoria.

Hon. Smith Curtis moved a vote of want of confidence in the government Tuesday, because of the provincial railway policy advanced by them. Messrs. Curtis, Hawthornthwaite, Gilmour and E. C. Smith were opposed to the remainder of the assembly.

During the month of April dividends were paid by the gold, silver and copper mines of America to the extent of $8,000,000. Mining has been termed a risky speculation, but where is there any other enterprise wherein so much clean money is made?

Sir Wilfred Laurier has promised that a larger proportion of the Chinese poll tax shall be given to British Columbia. He also says that no matter how the Chinese commission, now sitting, may report, Japs and Chinese cannot be placed on the same footing, owing to Imperial reasons. Hard on the commissioners.

Away back in '93, the Ledge, then published in Nakusp, dreamed a dream that Canada would one day have a mint and that Canucks would handle their own good coins. In the fullness of time the dream is to be realized and Canadians become a people. Hon. Mr. Fielding has announced positively that a mint shall be established in Canada, and he is preparing for its erection and running expenses.

R. Marpole, general superintendent of the Pacific division of the C.P.R., has informed the Chinese commission that he is no lover of Chinese and Japs, as out of 4000 employees but 70 of the former and 99 of the latter are on his payrolls. He would not employ these if he could get white men to fill their places. So far so good, but even Chinamen have been known to turn up their noses at $1.40 a day, the wages paid C.P.R. section hands.

Many persons are prone to find fault with the condition of things existing in mining and business circles this spring. True, the situation throughout the province is unsettled and shaky, while the bottom seems to have been knocked completely out of the stock market. Locally, however, as THE DRILL once before stated, there is no substantial reason for a kick this spring, as a comparison with the season of 1900 will show. Merchants spoken to on the subject aver their monthly returns are in excess of the corresponding period a year ago, while the railway and boat officials state their general receipts show a similar state of affairs. There is every indication of great activity on all the creeks this summer and it is confidently believed the season will surpass even the best days of 1900. Nil Desperandum should be the motto of all.

Subscribe for THE DRILL.

DRILL POINTS.

Mrs. H. Dilley died at Sandon on the 2nd, aged 38 years.

J. D. Moore, Kaslo, road inspector for the riding, was here Tuesday.

Nelson will have a two-day celebration in honor of Dominion day.

Single fare return to Nelson today for the Burns-Goff fight in that city.

A number of ranches have been taken up of late along the Slocan river.

During the week the snow has gone with a rush, and the creeks are booming.

Billy Kerr last week brightened up Mrs. Blench's cottage with a coat of paint.

The general conference of the Methodist church opened in Nelson Wednesday.

D. L. Taylor, formerly the C.P.R. agent at Rosebery, died at Nelson on Thursday last.

J. K. Clark, New Denver, spent Tuesday here, as also J. T. Black, license inspector.

W. J. Andrews was appointed to represent this place at the Methodist general conference at Nelson.

A landslide occurred at Sandon last week, destroying some outbuildings back of the Denver House.

Wm. Hunter is chairman and Jas. Bowes secretary of the celebration committee at Silverton for the 24th.

Service will be held in St. Paul's church next Sunday, morning and evening. C. Arthur Mount, vicar.

S. B. Clement, principal of the public school, was on the sick list this week, the youngsters getting a holiday.

The Lancashire Insurance Co. has written R. A. Bradshaw that they intend cancelling all risks held in the town.

Kaslo will celebrate Victoria day in good style. Invitations have been sent to local celebrities to participate in the fun.

Dr. Bentley was in Nelson Tuesday, attending a meeting of the executive committee of the Anglican diocese of Kootenay. The committee meets in that city shortly.

Mrs. Tutcher has taken over the direction of the dining room of the Slocan Hotel, and will maintain its high reputation.

The residences of W. B. George and Mrs. F. Johnston and the front of the Music Hall have been brightened up with the paint brush.

W. J. Andrews purposes leaving next week, to spend the summer in Vernon. He will be followed later on by Mrs. Andrews and family.

The Industrial World of Rossland has developed into a daily, taking the evening field. It is devoted to the laboring classes and is meeting with hearty support.

Fire, on Sunday morning, destroyed the residences of J. K. Clark and Angus McInnes at New Denver. The former lost all his furniture, the family barely escaping with their lives.

Prof. G. Payne paid a return visit to town with his hypnotic show on Monday and Tuesday. The first night he had a big crowd but few subjects, and the next night neither one nor other.

The Murcutt Branch
OF THE W.C.T.U., SLOCAN,
Meets the second Thursday in each month at 3 p.m. Next meeting in the Presbyterian church. All meetings open to those wishing to join.
MRS. W. J. ANDREWS, President. MRS. M. D. MCKEE, Cor. Secretary.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any indebtedness contracted for work done on the Black Hussar group, or supplies furnished the same, without my written authorization; and further, I forbid any person trespassing upon my interest in the said property.

Dated at Slocan this 4th day of May, 1901.

10-5 FRANK PROVOST.

Slocan City Miners' Union,
No. 62, W. F. of M.
Meets every Wednesday evening in the Union Hall, Slocan City, at 7.30 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.
J. V. PURVIANCE, President.
JOHN A. FOLEY, Financial Secretary

Notice to Delinquent Co-owner

To M. B. Merritt, or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his one-fifth interest in the Nix Fractional mineral claim, situated at the head of the last south fork of Ten Mile creek, Slocan City mining division.

You are hereby notified that we have expended the sum of two hundred and five dollars in labor and improvements upon the above mentioned mineral claim, in order to hold said mineral claim under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within 90 days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscribers, under section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

Dated this 30th day of April, 1901.

B. O'NEIL, J. M. McGREGOR,
3-5 P. NOLAN, J. RADCLIFF.

You Can Make
A Striking Effect!

By wearing a perfect fitting Suit, cut in the latest style and elegantly trimmed. Such can be purchased from
A. David, the Miner's Tailor,
near the Postoffice.

Gwillim & Johnson,
MINING ENGINEERS
AND ASSAYERS.
Slocan, - - - B. C

J. M. McGREGOR, B. A. Sc.
Provincial Land Surveyor & Mining Engineer,
SLOCAN, - - B. C.

Alex. Rogers,
Tonsorial Artist.
The Leading Parlors:
MAIN STREET, SLOCAN

New Carpets and Oilcloths . .
Just Arrived.
Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, etc., etc.
D. D. ROBERTSON

H. D. CURTIS,
Notary Public.
Mines, Real Estate, Insurance, Accountant.
Abstracts of Titles Furnished.
Slocan, - - B. C.

McKINNON & MONILAWS,
Contractors and Builders.
Plans and Specifications furnished on application. Estimates cheerfully given.
Slocan, - - B.C

SEEDS.
We have just received a large shipment of
ONION SETS,
GARDEN SEEDS,
FLOWER SEEDS,
from D. M. Ferry's celebrated Seed House. We sell at Eastern Prices.
J. L. WHITE & Co.
DRUGGISTS, SLOCAN, B. C.

Removed. .
We have moved into our handsome new store, on cor. Baker and Stanley Streets. Call on us.
Repairing a specialty and all work forwarded will be guaranteed, and mail orders promptly attended to. All Union workmen employed, thus ensuring skilled attention.
J. J. WALKER,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Nelson, B.C

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stables,
Slocan, B. C.
General Packing and Forwarding attended to at the shortest Notice.
Saddle and Pack Horses for hire at reasonable rates.
R. E. ALLEN, - Manager

Certificate of Improvements.

Gold Viking and New Phoenix Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located:—North of Springer creek, about two miles from Slocan City, adjoining the Nancy Hanks and Peerless Mineral Claims.

TAKE NOTICE that I, W. S. Drewry, acting as agent for George H. Aylard, free miner's certificate No. B38817, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder or certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 14th day of March, 1901.

15-3-01 W. S. DREWRY

Viking Fraction Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—North of Springer creek, about two miles from Slocan City, adjoining the Nancy Hanks and Gold Viking Mineral Claims.

TAKE NOTICE that I, W. S. Drewry, acting as agent for George Henderson, Free Miner's Certificate No. B26746, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1901.

22-3-01 W. S. DREWRY

Climax and Maine Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About one mile east of Slocan Lake, adjoining the Peerless Mineral Claim.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Frederick S. Clements, as agent for Charles E. Miller, Free Miner's Certificate No. B36605, and James H. Wallace, Free Miner's Certificate No B36606, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvement.

Dated this 20th day of March, 1901.

29-3-01 F. S. CLEMENTS

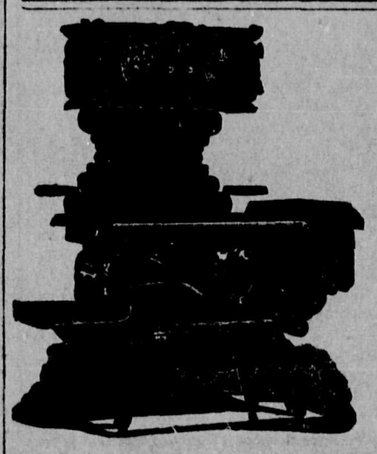
No More Swearing.
Have installed a new machine for manufacturing Stovepipes and Airpipes. They go together like a charm. Patronize home industry and have an unruffled temper.
H. J. ROBERTSON,
TINSMITH AND PLUMBER.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
Direct Route, Unequalled Service, to all Points
EAST and WEST
via Soo Line to St. Paul, Chicago, to all U. S. Points.
First-Class Sleepers, Dining Cars, and Tourist Cars.
Halcyon Hot Springs
Excursions on Friday and Saturday of each week, good to return on Monday following. Rate, $3.30.
STEAMSHIP SERVICE!
from Vancouver to Cape Nome, Alaska Points, Australia, China Japan. Through tickets to and from England and the Continent.
For time-tables, rates, and full information call on or address nearest local agent, or—
GEO. T. MOIR, Agent, Slocan City
J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver.

THE PROSPECTOR'S EXCHANGE.
If you have a mine or prospect for sale, send us a full report, with samples of ore, stating price and terms.
Our facilities for placing a property quickly are unexcelled.
We make a specialty of free milling gold properties.
Correspondence solicited. Address:
ROOM 4, K-W-C BLOCK, Nelson, B. C. ANDREW F. ROSENBERGER, Manager.

FRESH FRUITS
are arriving regularly and are the best to be obtained. Our Confectionery has a reputation second to none.
A. C. SMITH, SLOCAN
Sole agent for celebrated Brantford Bicycle.

WILSON HOUSE,
SLOCAN, B. C.
Is reached by any trail or road that runs into the Town.
Do not go past its door when you are dry, weary or hungry.
A. E. TEETER, - Proprietor.



Just Arrived
Half a carload of Steel Ranges and Heating Stoves. Call and see our display before purchasing elsewhere.
McCallum & Co
Dealers in General Hardware,
MAIN STREET, - SLOCAN
Agents for Crow's Nest Domestic and Blacksmith Coal.

Do You Want a Home?
Then come to Slocan, for it is one of the fairest spots on this earth of ours. Levelness, Room, Scenery, Health, Fishing, Hunting, Roads, Railway Steamboats, Churches, School Hospital, Public Halls and Enterprising Citizens are some of the advantages enjoyed by this Town, backed up by Unsurpassed and Proven Mineral Resources. Nature and Man hath decreed that
Slocan is the Town
Come and be convinced that this tale is no mere idle dream, but a stern reality.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Lake & Noble, proprietors of the Royal Hotel, has this day been dissolved. All accounts owing the firm must be paid W. E. Noble, who will continue the business and settle all indebtedness of the above firm.

Dated at Slocan, this 11th day of April, 1901.

THOS. LAKE,
12-4 W. E. NOBLE.

Notice.

In the matter of an application for a duplicate of a Certificate of Title to Lot 3, Block 25, Slocan City (Map 496.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention to issue, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above mentioned Lot in the name of James C. Bolander, which Certificate is dated the 8th day of November, 1897, and numbered 162k.

DISTRICT REGISTRAR.

Land Registry Office, Nelson, B.C., 21st March, 1901. 12-4.

Subscribe for The Slocan Drill; $2.00 per annum.