THE SLOCAN DRILL.

VOL. III., No. 38. SLOCAN, B. C., DECEMBER 19, 1902. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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We have just opened up a full line of

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SLOCAN, - - - B. C.

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Slocan, British Columbia.

The Arlington Hotel,

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Offers up-to-date accommodation for the Public. It is the home of Travelling, Commercial, and Mining Men.

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is reached by any trail or road that runs into the Town.

Do not go past its door when you are dry, weary or hungry.

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A. C. SMITH, SLOCAN

MEETING OF COUNCIL.

ALD. BARBER SENDS IN HIS RESIGNATION.

City Receives Refund of Taxes From the Government—B. C. Trust Company's Proposition re Mill Aid Debentures is Finally Adopted.

Ald. Barber was the only absentee at this week's meeting of the city fathers.

Correspondence read: From Deputy Minister of Finance Smith, Victoria, enclosing a cheque for $342.98, being part of the refund of taxes due the city from the government; from H. P. Christie, stating he had sold a certain lot to H. L. Fife and asked to have the assessment roll altered accordingly. Latter put to one side till court of revision and the former ordered acknowledged and filed.

His worship stated the city was to be congratulated upon receiving the refund of taxes and the aldermen would doubtless feel pleased. There was still a small sum yet to be received. There were only three delinquent lots in the city left unsold at the government sale at Kaslo, and they would doubtless be sold this week and the balance of the money refunded to the city.

Ald. Barber wrote as follows from the Ottawa mine:

"I forward this indenture to you as my resignation to the seat I hold in your honorable body, it being impossible for me to attend meetings regularly; and, with business conditions as they are, I feel it my duty to the electors and myself to take this step without delay. P.S.—This is my resignation to all intents and purposes. Please accept and oblige."

Mayor York was sorry to see Ald. Barber take this step, but at such a late hour in the term it would be unbusinesslike to accept the resignation. There was no necessity of going to the trouble of an election now. He suggested laying the resignation on the table.

Ald. Worden did not like the insinuation contained in the letter about the business of the council. He would move that the resignation lay on the table and that the clerk write and ask Ald. Barber to attend council and explain what he means.

Ald. McCallum, in seconding the motion, said if there was any blame attaching to council for anything, then Ald. Barber must shoulder his share, and there was no use of his attempting to shirk responsibility in that way. He had heard Ald. Barber remark that the people he (Barber) represented at the council board were not satisfied with the way things were being done. It was the first time Ald. McCallum knew that any of the aldermen represented any particular clique or faction but rather that the aldermen were elected to do their duty by the city as a whole. He would like to hear Ald. Barber explain himself.

The motion was put and carried.

Bills presented: City payroll for November, $121.66; also Pioneer Livery Stables account for $12, brought up at last meeting. Former ordered paid and latter referred to the finance committee.

Finance committee reported in favor of bills amounting to $51. Ordered paid.

The mayor reported, on behalf of the licensing board, that they had met on Wednesday last and granted renewal of licenses to all the city hotels.

His worship also reported that he had seen Frank Fletcher during the week; and that the latter had received one of the consents from the objecting townsite owners and the other was coming. Fletcher was now ready to transfer titles to the millsite and this he would do just so soon as the city was in a position to authorize same.

B. C. Trust Co.'s proposition re the city debentures, laid over from the last meeting, was taken up and again discussed.

The clerk reported that while in Nelson Frank Fletcher and Geo. Kydd had urged him to strongly recommend the council to accept the company's proposition, as being more simple, safe and economical than providing a sinking fund.

The mayor said nothing had been received from the lieutenant-governor, and he had instructed the city solicitor to telegraph on the morrow to obtain the necessary consent to repeal bylaw No. 14.

Ald. McCallum moved that the $10,000 proposition of the B.C. Trust Co. be accepted, and that the solicitor be instructed to draw up the necessary bylaw.

Seconded by Ald. Smith.

Ald. Nichol wanted the proposition thoroughly explained before voting on the motion, which was done.

Motion was then put and carried and the letter ordered filed.

Ald. Worden, for the fire brigade, made application for half a dozen regulation axes.

Ald. Robertson and Smith moved that the request be granted. Carried.

The clerk informed the council he had had a notice published re applications to go on the voters' list.

Council adjourned till Thursday night.

LEAD MINERS MEET

Second Gathering at Sandon is Sensible and Harmonious.

A second meeting of the silver-lead mineowners of the Kootenays was held in Sandon last week and was largely attended. This time the press was not excluded and the proceedings were characterized by harmony and unanimity. George Alexander, Byron N. White, S. S. Fowler, James Cronin and George Hughes were appointed a committee to proceed to Ottawa and support W. A. Galliher, M.P., in urging the government to adopt a protective tariff for the lead industry. Following is a copy of a resolution unanimously adopted by the meeting, as furnished by Louis Pratt, secretary:

1. Whereas, the silver-lead industry of British Columbia, notwithstanding the unusual richness of the ore, the proved continuity of the veins, and the favorable natural conditions of mining in the province, is, and for some time has been, in a declining condition, which, if not ameliorated, will end in total stagnation. And

2. Whereas, the lead mining camps of the United States, and particularly those in the adjoining state of Idaho, are, and for years have been, enjoying great prosperity, due to a protective tariff conserving the home market. And

3. Whereas, the silver-lead mining industry has been for some years of national importance, and, unless allowed to decline, will speedily attain to a much greater degree of importance, benefitting by its increased expenditures the trade and advancement of both eastern and western Canada. And

4. Whereas, our domestic market for the manufactured products of lead is chiefly supplied from the products of ores mined in Mexico and Europe, where the labor cost of production is much lower than in this country—a condition of affairs permitted by the wholly inadequate protection afforded by the existing tariff—while the prices of white lead, lead pipe, sheet lead and shot, in the Dominion of Canada are approximately equal to the prices charged for the same commodities in the United States, all to the detriment of the producers, consumers and transporters of lead in this country. And

5. Whereas, under the existing tariff, little or no protection is afforded to the lead producing industries, whilst adequate protection is afforded to all other industries of equal importance, known to us. And

6. Whereas, these conditions result in the exportation of a preponderance of our crude ore and bullion, the former to the American smelters and the latter to the markets of the world, there to enter into competition with the products of cheap European and Mexican labor, and the surplus product of the protected lead industry of the United States.

7. Therefore, we, the silver-lead miners of the East and West Kootenay districts of British Columbia, in convention assembled, do hereby recommend and respectfully urge the enactment of a tariff act which will afford ample protection to the producers, manufacturers and transporters of lead, thereby creating and fostering a new and expansive home industry calculated to benefit all classes by the stimulation of national trade and commerce.

Having in view the interests of the producers, manufacturers and consumers of lead, we would recommend a duty equal to that imposed by the United States, viz.,

On lead in ores, 1½ cents a pound.

On lead in bullion, pigs, bars, and old lead, 2⅛ cents per pound.

On lead in sheets, pipe, shot, etc., 2½ cents per pound.

On white lead, etc., 2⅞ cents per pound.

On all other products of lead as provided in the Dingley Tariff Act of July 24, 1897.

Provided always, that if at any time it shall be proved that a combination has been formed for the purpose of unduly increasing the charges made for smelting lead ores produced in Canada, or for refining and marketing lead bullion, or if the charge for smelting and refining in Canada is proved exorbitant, then the governor general in council may at his discretion permit the admission into Canada of lead bullion smelted and refined in foreign countries from Canadian lead ores, upon payment of an ad valorem duty of 15 per cent upon the cost of such smelting and refining.

8. And the secretary is hereby instructed to forward copies of the foregoing resolution to the senators and members of the Dominion parliament representing British Columbia, with the request that they present the same to the federal government as a memorial with their endorsement.

In the event of any favors being granted the lead industry by the government, the Canadian smelters have agreed to share the benefits with the producers.

MORE CHAPLEAU LAW.

Move Made to Have a Receiver Appointed for the Mine.

The Chapleau mine, on Lemon creek, is once more to the front in a legal sense, as the old creditors, together with a few new ones, have started action to have a receiver appointed. John Cholditch & Co., Nelson, are the movers in the action, but they are supported by the other creditors. Originally the property owed about $30,000, but payments since made reduced that amount close to $10,000. Repeated promises of settlement have since been made, but not fulfilled. Ever since the shut down two men and a couple of horses have been kept on the payroll, but the wages and supply account have not been met, so there will be another $2000 added to the old debts.

Last year a new company was floated in London and Paris by Ernest Mansfield to take over the Chapleau and Camp Mansfield properties, but it is now doubted if a real transfer of the claims took place, the idea prevailing that a bold bluff was run to stand off the creditors. Judgments were secured against the Chapleau company, so it is not expected there will be much trouble in gaining the desired end at present. R. S. Lennie, of Nelson, was the solicitor for the old company, but he has been superceded by S. S. Taylor, who last week discharged the men at the mine, but did not pay them any wages. Lennie has joined forces with the other creditors for the payment of his claims.

J. G. McCallum and W. H. Davidson, two of the creditors in this city, were in Nelson on Friday in connection with the Chapleau business. There will be much relief felt when the financial troubles of that property are finally adjusted.

Strikes are Expensive.

A late number of the Spokane Review contained an interview with Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, of Rossland. In it was this statement: "If the strike in the Le Roi had been averted when copper was at its high point, a loss, direct and indirect, of $750,000 would not have resulted. If from the first the Le Roi had received fair play, it would today be the best mine in British Columbia." Bernard McDonald, then manager of the Le Roi, was responsible for that strike, and his statements are that the reason the mine did not pay dividends was because of the two per cent tax. Another case of straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel.

Reducing Their Forces.

For some time past the Arlington has been gradually reducing its force, owing to the drop in the price of silver. On Wednesday 11 more men were let out, bringing the force down to less than 30. At the same time the Black Prince laid off seven men and further reductions are contemplated. Manager Norman says expenses of supplies and development are too high compared with the very low price of silver. The mine itself is looking in fine shape, more ore having come into the lower workings during the week. Ore is being sent down daily and a carload is about ready to go out.

V & M Raising Money.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the V & M Mines, ltd., owning property in this division, was called for last Wednesday in the company's office at Vancouver. It was called for the purpose of ratifying the action of the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders held on November 21, when authority was given the shareholders to borrow the sum of $1500 on the security of the company's property, the same as now held by Dr. Langis, of Vancouver.

Liquor License Refused.

At the meeting of the license commissioners held at New Denver, Monday, the application of E. Johnson for a license for a hotel in the suburb of Brandon was refused, the commissioners holding there was no need or demand for it. A strong petition against the application was presented, while V. C. Rackliff spoke for the applicant. The action of the commissioner meets with general approval.

W. Koch has completed his contract of building the new government bridge across Carpenter creek at New Denver.

The Slocan license commissioners refused all applications for new liquor licenses.

OUR ORE SHIPMENTS

SUBSTANTIAL SHOWING MADE BY THIS DIVISION.

Last Year's Shipments Were 6514 Tons—A Healthy Evidence of the Life and Wealth of the Camp—Arlington the Biggest Shipper.

Ore is going out from the local division in a regular stream just now, shipments being heavier than they have been for months. This week they took a big jump, totalling 240 tons. The Enterprise was the principal shipper, sending out 180 tons, the bulk of which went to Nelson. Their output for the month will be very heavy. From the Arlington 40 tons was shipped. As they have reduced their force at that mine shipments will be easy throughout the winter. The Ottawa shipped another car this week to Nelson, it being of second grade ore. They have part of another car at the wharf, which is of No. 1 grade, and is expected to give handsome returns. At the wharf are also lots from the Republic and Black Prince, which are to be shipped in a few days. For the year shipments total 6164 tons, being now on the home stretch in an effort to equal last year's record.

For 1900 the exports from this division amounted to 2847 tons, made up from ten properties. Last year the exports totalled 6529 tons, from fourteen properties. Following is a full list of the local shipments this year to date:

MINE.	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Arlington	40	3750
Enterprise	180	2220
Ottawa	20	47
Neepawa		101
May		5
Paystreak		5
Duplex		7
Fourth of July		11
Florence		1
Speculator		4
Hampton		13
	240	6164

MINES AND MINING.

Bar silver rose this week as high as 48⅝ cents.

The Bosun shipped another car of zinc this week.

Slocan ore shipments have passed the 27,000 ton mark.

The force on the Myrtle has been increased to four men.

The Ottawa will have a record of four cars shipped for this month.

Sandon mines last week shipped 336 tons of ore, of which 109 tons was zinc.

An unfounded rumor had it last week that the Speculator was to shut down.

The Republic has one of the biggest showings of high grade ore ever seen in the country.

Fred Carlisle has sold the Aggie group of four claims, on Springer creek, to the Ottawa people.

The first car of ore sent out by the Ottawa was of third grade stuff, but the returns were very satisfactory.

In one place in the lower workings on the Meteor there is 14 inches of ore. The lessees will send out a carload next month.

The lessees of the Meteor have been having quite a task lately keeping the trail open. What work has been done in the lower drift is showing the ore to be getting richer. It averages close to an ounce in gold, besides the high silver values.

CULLINGS.

The skating rink has been opened for business.

The railway wharf and runway are being repaired.

A few days now will witness the commencement of the local rush to Valdez.

The case of Thurston vs Weyl came before Mr. Justice Martin at Nelson on Tuesday. It was subsequently adjourned, with costs against the plaintiff.

Miss Bertha Merrill, of Nelson, the well known Socialist speaker and writer, will address the Slocan Socialist League in the Miners' Union hall, on Sunday next, at 3.30 p.m. Subject: The cussedness of human nature; its cause and cure.

Enterprise Figures for October.

A cable sent to the London office by the manager of the Enterprise tells what was done at that mine during the month of October:—"There was 835 tons of ore milled. Net estimated value, silver-lead $5550, zinc $500. Total working expenses $6367, inclusive of cost of development $1080. Mill running steadily."

'TWEEN LOVE AND DUTY.

A Novel by Annie Thompson.

CHAPTER X.

Kate appeared next morning with a large apron tied over her dress, suggestive of work in prospect: John noticed it at once, his thoughts had not been so entirely diverted from its wearer as she supposed.

"Now Kate," he exclaimed, "you need not think that you will be allowed to knock yourself up again, just immediately. You are to walk with me to Garleigh; we shall lunch at the old inn, and meet Mary at the station."

"I have work to do," said Kate hesitatingly.

"It must wait, then: we start at twelve."

Mr. Ferris looked rather bewildered when this arrangement was explained to him. He had an indefinite idea that things were not going rightly. When had Kate absented herself from her work on two consecutive days before?

"If it is only a question of meeting Mary," he said, "I can save you the trouble. I have a christening at Main's of Overton, this afternoon, and I can leave word, as I drive past the station, that Mary is to wait there till I come for her."

"But it is more than a question of meeting Mary, Mr. Ferris. Kate will stop indoors the whole day, if some one does not make her go out."

"Very well, very well: let her please herself."

Kate seemed undecided, but at twelve o'clock she appeared, equipped for a walk.

Life at Garleigh was rather exciting than otherwise. There was an element of uncertainty about it, due to the fact that the railway line was doubled just outside the station, to permit the train from the North, to pass the train from the South. Whichever came in first, had to retire to the siding to wait for the other—it was never quite certain which would come in first. Three times a day, for fifteen or twenty minutes before the trains were expected, the station master, and the porter met to discuss probabilities, stimulated occasionally by questions from a passenger or a passing laborer: the detaining effects of various fairs, markets, and holidays were canvassed, while Barron dilated upon the semi-barbaric days before the line was doubled. Barron was fully conscious of the importance of his position. The privilege and responsibility of receiving two trains in the station at the same time, does not fall to the lot of every station master—he cherished a pharisaic gratitude that he was not as were the station masters of Glenessle and Kirkton. He had his griefs. It was a positive pain to him to see the mail train dash disdainfully past Garleigh; in moments of great exultation he imagined himself detaining the mail train for two or three minutes on the siding.

Other subjects than the vagaries of railway trains, were discussed on the station platform. Barron, as an elder of the church, was an authority on doctrinal points; and, as the first to receive the weekly paper which was shared by a select few of the village, he was frequently applied to for information regarding the doings of the outer world. The information given, he interspersed so freely with comments of his own, that to the Garleigh mind it remained uncertain whether Mr. Gladstone or Barron was responsible for the dictum that Home Rule was the only right treatment for the Crofter disturbances and the Irish difficulties—evils which were directly attributable to Original Sin aggravated by Tory obstinacy.

"Which train do you expect first to-day, Mr. Barron?" inquired Kate, as she and her companion came upon the platform.

The station master held up his hand to command silence, assumed an intent expression, and remained rigid for a few moments during which the porter struggled with a desire to clear his throat. At last Barron's features relaxed—"She's whuslin' Glenessle!" he announced.

"Oh, the South train! We shall have to wait some minutes, John."

They wandered up and down the platform, pending the arrival of the South train, which came in presently and was relegated to the siding after the guard, the engine driver, and Barron had indulged in a leisurely conversation. Then the North train came flying round a distant curve at full speed, as though it had not the remotest intention of stopping anywhere: suddenly the driver seemed to realize what was expected of him, steam was turned off, the brakes applied, and the train brought violently to a stand-still in front of the platform.

Mary alighted. She seemed to be even more radiantly happy than usual: she kissed Kate several times, and clung closely to her arm as if the embrace were meant to convey some idea that she could not express in words.

"I can't help it, Kate," she said, in answer to her cousin's look of astonishment. "The day is so lovely, and the sun is so bright, and I am so happy! Have you two missed me?"

"Have you missed us?" returned Kate nervously. "My dear Mary, do you intend to keep up this pace all the way home? Remember we have two miles to walk yet."

The distance seemed short. Mary's gay humour infected her companions: she questioned them about their doings, enlightened them as to her own, and found material for laughter in everything that was said. When they were within half a mile of the Manse, they were overtaken by Mr. Ferris, who stopped driving as he reached them.

"Let me go the rest of the way with you, Uncle," cried Mary.

"Come then, you witch, here are the reins. Is it only four days since you left us?"

She took her seat, and leaned forward to kiss him.

"Yes," she said slowly, "only four days: but it seems more like a year."

"So I think, child; I have missed you."

She waved her hand to the others, and drove away.

"Mary is like sunshine!" exclaimed Kate involuntarily. John turned to her at once.

"Ah, you feel that too, Kate. I cannot imagine how you and Mr. Ferris get on when she is away for any length of time."

"We survive."

"Yes, of course: but what a difference it must make."

"People cannot always have sunshine," said Kate shortly.

"Kate, I know what you must be thinking of. I must seem very selfish to you: but remember that I have had to do without her for seven years, and you have had her all that time. It is my turn now."

Kate became suddenly breathless; an aching chill stole over her, she seemed to herself to be drifting off into distance, and yet she was distinctly conscious of the roughness of the ground beneath her feet. She heard a voice, that seemed to come from a long way off, say, "You know what I want, Kate; wish me well," and she heard another voice, surely not her own, respond, "I have always wished your happiness with all my heart."

The rest of the walk was a blank.

After tea, it was not suggested that open air exercise would be advisable for Kate. John and Mary found their way outside as usual, and turned toward the rocks.

"Not a word, John, until we are there, and then I am going to speak first," cried Mary. "Do let us walk as fast as ever we can."

"Certainly," he said, bewildered by her haste.

They reached the rocks, and the exceeding beauty of the scene spread before them, held them silent for a little.

"It is just as I hoped it would be," sighed Mary, with tightly clasped hands, "such wonderful colors and the sea looking so happy, and Arran quite clear. Why do you look at Arran like that, John? Does it remind you of something?"

"It makes me think of Grand Canary on an infinitely small scale," he answered slowly, "and that reminds me of—"

"Of what?"

"Oh, no matter: something I had almost forgotten. We did not come here to speak of that."

"Of Grand Canary? no, indeed! John, I have been so impatient for the evening to come."

"So have I, Mary." He held out his hands to her, and she put her own within them, speaking eagerly:

"I made up my mind that you should be the first to know. I would not tell any one, not even Kate, before you. You are so dear, and good, and kind to me; you will be so glad when you hear what I have to tell. It only happened yesterday. I am going to be married, John."

His fingers closed over hers with a tight grip, so that she winced with pain.

"I don't understand you. Say that again."

"Ah, I don't wonder you cannot understand, I can hardly believe it myself. To think of any one caring like that, for me! But it is quite true; he does care for me, though I am not worth it, and oh! — I—am — so — happy."

"How long has this been going on?" The sound of his voice quite startled her.

"Do you mean, how long have I known him? A year, I think; but I have not seen him often until lately. I never knew he cared for me till yesterday."

"Do you love him, Mary?"

"More than I can tell you, John." She breathed out the words as if they were almost too sacred for any one to hear.

He let go her hands and turned away from her abruptly. Mary looked after him in amazement; he had not even said that he was pleased. She felt suddenly very sore at heart. Tears gathered in her eyes and stole down her face; she could not see the colors in the sky any longer, the waves mocked her with their laughter — it was all so different from what she had expected. She crouched down on the rocks, and looked at the hands that still ached with the rough treatment they had received; the sight of the dark finger marks on them seemed, somehow, to accentuate her disappointment. In spite of herself, she sobbed aloud. John came back to her instantly.

"Don't cry, Mary. Dear, I can't bear to see you cry. What is the matter?"

"Oh, I don't know. I thought you would be pleased, but I never heard you speak so harshly before, and you have hurt my hands."

He took them in his own, and covered them with kisses.

"There! does that prove to you that I did not mean to hurt them? Harsh words! have I used harsh words? and to you! What would you like me to say, dear? Tell me, and I will say it."

"I thought you would have said how glad you are that I am happy."

"I—am glad that you are happy."

She smiled faintly, already the world seemed brighter.

"Thank you, John, I knew you would be pleased. I am so glad I have told some one; it has been dreadfully hard to say nothing about it all the afternoon. I do wish, John, that you could be as happy as I. Do you know, when I saw you together this afternoon, I thought that perhaps you and — and Kate—"

"Hush, Mary!" Again his voice startled her. "I want you to go back to the Manse, dear; without waiting for me, you understand? And tell them — what you have told me. Will you? before I come back?"

"Of course I will."

She rose at once, struck her foot against a stone, and almost fell. Instantly he had lifted her, and carried her to the road. There he stood, holding her hands in his, and speaking rapidly.

"I am to blame. I had no right to use harsh words, and blind your eyes with tears so that you could not see the way. And the rocks are too rough for your feet; you should have none but smooth places to walk on, if I—! Mary, don't you understand? I want your happiness only, always; it is dearer to me than anything; I would give my life to secure it. Mary, can't you understand?"

"Oh, yes, indeed, John; you have made me very happy again. I knew you would be glad about it; it is very good of you to care so much."

"Go, Mary, quickly."

She went, and he followed her with his eyes. Of course she had not understood; he hated himself, because he wished that she had.

CHAPTER XI.

Long before Mary's return to the Manse, Kate had gone to her room. A headache, which existed to a small extent and was presently to be intensified, was her excuse for retiring early. Truth to tell, she shrank from Mary's confidences; to weep with the mournful seemed far easier in the present circumstances than to rejoice with the joyful. She paced up and down her room, starting at every sound, miserable with apprehension when she heard footsteps in her neighborhood. An hour passed; and she was beginning to reckon upon being undisturbed that night, when her door was gently pushed open, and a low voice called, "Kate!"

"Come in, Mary."

"I was afraid you might be asleep, dear. I am so sorry about your poor head, is it very bad?"

"It has been worse."

"Will it hurt you if I come in and talk a little?"

"No."

Mary stole across the room to the window where her cousin stood, and leaned her head against Kate's shoulder.

"I wish you would kiss me," she said.

Kate stooped down to give the required caress.

"What does that prelude, Mary?"

"Oh, you don't often kiss me, you know, and to-night I want to feel that you love me. Such a wonderful thing has happened!"

"I suppose I know what it is."

"You can't, I am sure; you would never guess it. It is the most unlikely thing you can think of, to have happened to me! If he had fallen in love with you, now, I should not have been at all surprised; you are so clever and sensible."

"So I am to understand that some one has fallen in love with you."

"Yes, dear," Mary raised her head and whispered in Kate's ear — "I am engaged to be married!"

Kate kissed her again.

"I hope you will be very happy, Mary. You will have a good husband."

"Indeed I shall, far better than I deserve! And if you knew him as well as I do, you would be as astonished as I am, that he cares for me; but you will see him to-morrow. I have told him a great deal about you, and he wants to know you better. He could not quite remember what you are like, but then he has only seen you twice."

"Only seen me twice!"

"I meant you to be the second to hear about it," pursued Mary eagerly; "don't be vexed with me because I told Uncle before you. You see, I found him in the parlor after I came back from telling John, so I just told him."

"'Telling John!'" Kate repeated the words in utter bewilderment. "What did you tell John?"

"Why Kate, dear! that I am going to be married of course."

"You told him! Mary, my headache has made me dense, I cannot understand you, tell me again."

"Really you are very stupid to-night," cried Mary half petulantly. "I have to keep on explaining, and explaining! Do try to understand Kate; I am going to be married to Gavin Wishart."

Kate leaned against the window for support; her mind was in hopeless confusion, she wished she could steady it as easily as she steadied herself.

"What did he say?" she asked at length.

"Gavin? About you, do you mean?"

"No, no, Mary; John."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

An Invitation.

Welcome, Mr. Winter;
Possum on de griddle,
Taters in de ashes white
En music in de fiddle!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Painless Dentistry.

"Did your dentist hurt you much?"

"Not this time; his charges were very reasonable."

Pretty High Authority.

General Winfield Scott, the hero of the Mexican war, used a secretary for all his correspondence, private as well as official. Once, in the absence of his secretary, he undertook to write an order for the transferring of some provisions, and spelled "wagon" "waggon." Later, the secretary in looking through the various memoranda, etc., found the order and detected the error.

"General," he asked affably, "by what authority do you spell 'wagon' with a double 'g'?"

Scott never turned a hair as he replied without a moment's hesitation:

"By what authority? By the authority of the major general commanding the armies of the United States, sir! What better authority do you want?"

CANADA LEADS THE WORLD IN THE FIELD OF MEDICAL RESEARCH

William Henry, the Celebrated English Medical Authority, Experiments on Himself with Dodd's Kidney Pills, and Gives the Results.

Englishmen are proverbially slow to take up new things. They cling to the old till the new has been tried and tested, till it has been proven beyond a doubt that it is sound in its every principle.

But once they have passed on it, and passed favorably, it goes forth to the world bearing a stamp of genuine value that nothing else could give it. And from that time forth that new thing, be it a thought, a fabric or a remedy, bears the hallmark of sterling worth that nothing can destroy.

Why Canada is Proud.

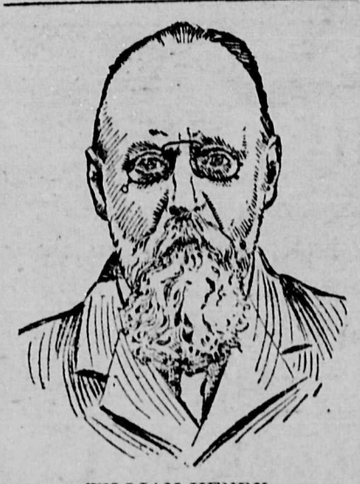
It is for this reason that Canada has now cause to be proud of her advance along the walks of science. For an English authority, one of the highest in all England, one of the highest in the world, has declared and declared as emphatically as man can do it that Dodd's Kidney Pills a Canadian discovery, is the one remedy that treats diseased Kidneys as they should be treated, and effectually and permanently cures them.

An Eminent Authority.

William Henry is the name of the English scientist who makes this statement. He is known, respected, and followed in thousands of British homes, for as the author of "The Penny Medical Library" and kindred works he has talked medical science in simple words to almost the entire British family. And William Henry makes this statement concerning Dodd's Kidney Pills, because he has tested Dodd's Kidney Pills thoroughly, because he has given Dodd's Kidney Pills the most thorough and practical of all tests, he has used Dodd's Kidney Pills himself for Kidney Trouble, and has been cured by them.

Nor is this eminent Englishman mild in his expressions of the satisfaction he feels at the result produced by this remedy. "Dodd's Kidney Pills is certainly a wonderful remedy," he declares. "As a Kidney remedy, I would back it against all the drugs in the Pharmacopaeia."

William Henry has of course watched the working of Dodd's Kidney Pills from a scientific standpoint, and he affirms they are alike right in theory and practice. He says of the theory:



WILLIAM HENRY,
Author of "The Penny Medical Library."

As a Kidney remedy I would back Dodd's Kidney Pills against all the drugs in the Pharmacopæia,

Kidney Therapeutics.

"I had read one of Dodd's Kidney Pills pamphlets, and could tell from may call Kidney Therapeutics, I saw ney Pills had really studied what I he was often unable to follow his that he was on the right track, cleanse and tone up the kidneys, and they will not only get rid of the uric acid, but will prevent it accumulating. That is his argument, I take it, and it is a sound one. This soundness has been strongly proved in my case."

Mr. Henry goes on to relate how he was so troubled with Gravel that he was often unable to lollow his literary calling—he could not stoop or sit, and so could not work. The pains in the back and loins were excruciating. Another marked symptom was bladder irritation. He also had heart "fluttering." He was depressed, irritable, and subject to bad dreams. He was frequently oppressed by a drowsiness he could not throw off.

Results Obtained.

He tried all sorts of things for his trouble, medicines old and medicines new. Some gave him temporary relief, but that was all. Then he tried Dodd's Kidney Pills, and he gives the following results of his experiment:

"(1.) Before I had finished one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills I was perfectly free from uric acid, my water being quite normal.

"(2.) Three doses brought a great improvement, though I was extremely bad before taking the first one.

"(3.) Every one of the symptoms I have mentioned, as well as the violent headaches which I had forgot to mention, had disappeared.

"(4.) Though it is now six months since I took the last dose of Dodd's Kidney Pills, there is not now a trace of uric acid in my urine, notwithstanding that my diet and mode of life are just the same as they always were."

What it Means.

This, in brief, is the experience of William Henry, perhaps England's greatest and best known medical authority. It puts the stamp of genuine worth on Canada's greatest medical discovery, Dodd's Kidney Pills. This, added to the testimony of the thousands who have been relieved and permanently cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, must convince even the most sceptical that Canada stands in the front rank of medical research, and that chief among the remedies she has furnished the world stands that sure cure for Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and all other forms of Kidney Complaint Dodd's Kidney Pills.

A GREAT WORRY CURE.

Common Sense Is the Best Remedy That Can Be Prescribed.

I once asked a physician what cure he could suggest for the worrying habit. "I would prescribe common sense," he said, "and if a man or woman hasn't got a stock on hand and cannot cultivate one the medical man is powerless." This worrying nonsense grows. The best means to cure it lies in the hands of the woman herself.

If she will just call a little horse sense to her aid, resolve not to borrow trouble, to be cheerful and think upon the right side of things, she will live longer and be able to retain her beauty. Every woman has the strongest desire to keep her good looks. Why, then, does she take the course which is sure to make her yellow skinned, dull eyed and thoroughly unlovely?

The Englishwoman is greatly admired for her utter refusal to worry or to be worried. Consequently she looks young at fifty. Undertaking no more than she can comfortably carry out and firmly believing in the coming of another day, she does not procrastinate, but simply will not let the domestic machinery grind her down to ill health and an early old age.

She is a frequent bather and regards health as the prime factor of life, to be looked after before everything else. She sleeps nine hours and also takes a nap during the day, arranging her work in the most systematic manner.

Her little memorandum slip always shows two vacant hours—they are for rest. She eats heartily, but of the most digestible food, and would rather have a mouthful of good food and go partly hungry than eat a whole meal of cheaper things.

An Orphan!

A well known professor has a bright boy, who one day at the age of four appeared in his father's study clasping in his hands a forlorn looking little chicken which had strayed from a neighboring incubator.

"Willie," said his father, sternly, "take that chicken back to its mother."

"Ain't dot any mudder," answered Willie.

"Well, then, take it back to its father," said the professor, determined to maintain parental authority.

"Ain't dot any fader," said the child. "Ain't dot anythin' but an old lamp!"

It Makes Them Wild.

"I wonder why they always call them the 'wild waves?'" says the thoughtful one.

"I don't know, but I think I know what makes them wild," says the cynical one.

"What?"

"So many fools happen along, and as soon as they see the waves they ask, 'What are the wild waves saying?'"

Too Impetuous.

Tess—Why do you dislike him so?

Jess—Oh, he says such hateful things. He told me last evening that beauty was only skin deep, and—

Tess—And you immediately proceeded to show him how thin skinned you were.

The Influence.

Jerry—How do good clothes make a man a gentleman?

Joe—They make him feel as if he was expected to act like one.

Scant Praise.

The old saying that "praise to the face is open disgrace" is still firmly believed by some people. A young woman who was brought up by her New England grandmother, a notable housekeeper and example of thrift, says that the adage was a household guide in her family.

One day her grandmother went off to pay a visit, and the ambitious girl of sixteen scrubbed and polished, swept and dusted until it seemed as if there was nothing left to do. Her heart beat high with the hope of a word of commendation as she sat in the kitchen doorway waiting for her grandmother's return.

When the old lady arrived she looked about her with keen eyes, but there seemed no chance for criticism until, stooping down under the kitchen table which stood near the open door, she saw that the south wind had wafted a bit of fluff from the hen yard.

With eyes that would twinkle in spite of herself she pointed an accusing finger at this evidence of carelessness and said soberly:

"Janet, my dear, I see there's a feather in the kitchen. It's high time I came home!"

Mark Twain as a Bowler.

When Mark Twain was an editor in Hartford he was considered a formidable opponent at skittles. His favorite resort was a bowling alley in a cellar on State street, not far from the steamboat dock. While the celebrated humorist was under Major Pond's management he was billed as one of the features for an evening's entertainment at the Young Men's Christian association hall at Newark. There was a bowling alley immediately underneath the lecture room. As Mark Twain was on his way upstairs with the major he caught a glimpse of it.

"What's going on in there—bowling?"

"Yes," replied the major, who knew his weakness, "but never mind that now. You're due on the platform."

"Run in somebody else for ten or fifteen minutes," said Mark Twain. "I shall do ever so much better after a little exercise."

And he did.

Pretty Cold Weather.

Two boatmen on the Ohio river were talking about cold weather and of a certain severe winter. "It was just awful," said one of them. "At Cincinnati the river was froze tight, and the thermometer went down to 20 degrees below Cairo."

"Below which?" asked his puzzled companion.

"Below Cairo, you blubberhead! You see, when it freezes at Cairo it must be pretty cold, so they say so many degrees below Cairo."

But light was bursting in upon the other. "No, they do not," he exclaimed eagerly. "You've got it all wrong. It's so many degrees below Nero. I do not know what it means, but that's what they say when it's dreadful cold."

The Moon.

Of 1,000 parts of the moon 576 are visible to us on the earth and 424 parts remain hidden absolutely to man's eyes.

Mackerel.

Mackerel are notable as migrants. They appear on the middle Atlantic coast in the spring in poor condition, but they work their way north with the sun, feeding and improving as they move.

LOCAL DRAMATIC TALENT.

Sir Henry Irving Speaks a Good Word in Season.

Sir Henry Irving was entertained recently at Edinburgh by the Pen and Pencil Club, and in response to the toast of his health referred to a speech made by Mr. Andrew Carnegie at the opening of the Toxteth Library, in the course of which he said he "was in favor of such buildings being used not only for the original purposes, but for the purposes of dramatic entertainments, discussions and other purposes which serve to bring out local talent." "That," said Sir Henry, "was on the practical side of things; but going on Mr. Carnegie gave a reason for his view which came with remarkable force. He showed the value of imaginative work, fiction and the drama, in the life of the people and in the general advancement of human good. Hear his words: 'One of the problems which those responsible for the maintenance of libraries had to face was the extent to which fiction should be admitted, and at one time his own view had been unfavorable to this. He had changed his views, however, and was of the opinion that it was no use to provide a ladder for the aspiring to climb if they made the first step too high and difficult. He therefore, hoped the committee would be chary of not admitting fiction, because if they could induce a working man or woman to take home a book of fiction to read there was every reason to believe that the literary habit might grow and the reader might develop into a student of some more important branch of literature.' In this remarkable life," continued Sir Henry, "Mr. Carnegie has done many big things, including the making of the biggest fortune ever made by human industry. But in all his building he had never built better or bigger than in that little speech."

Westminster's Stained Glass.

The great rose window in the south transept of the abbey, which has just been dedicated to the memory of the late Duke of Westminster, reveals the poverty in the matter of stained glass of our national Valhalla. The Puritan iconoclasts made short shrift of the magnificent and priceless glass of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth centuries. Fragments alone could be found to form "the extraordinary patchwork" of the great east window, where scarcely any figure is distinguishable. The great west window belongs to the reign of George II., whose arms are in the centre. From the same period dates the window in the south transept. Then there is a window in the southwest tower given by Mr. Childs of Philadelphia to the memory of the two religious poets, George Herbert and William Cowper, both Westminster scholars. True, the chapter house close by is not so badly off. Its windows, setting forth various incidents in the abbey story, were presented by the late Queen and by American and English subscribers. But as the space available for monuments diminishes the stained glass window seems an appropriate commemoration for men of more national importance than the late Duke of Westminster.—London Daily Chronicle.

Snake Charmers.

The statement is made on the authority of a dealer in animals that most snake charmers are morphine fiends. By the absorption of this poison they become impervious to the poison of all but the most deadly variety of snakes.

THE DRILL.

SLOCAN, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Queen Victoria was baptized, married, and crowned by Archbishop Howley. It is remarkable that George III. was also baptized, married and crowned by one man—Archbishop Secker.

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.

Gentlemen,—My three children were dangerously low with diphtheria. On the advice of our priest my wife began the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT. In two hours they were greatly relieved, and in five days they were completely well, and I firmly believe your valuable Liniment saved the lives of my children.

Gratefully yours,
ADELBERT LEFEBVRE.
Mair's Mills, June 10th, 1899.

Of 575 plants, a goat was found to eat 449, and refuse 126. A pig, on the other hand, would only eat 72 out of 243 offered to it.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Relieves Neuralgia.

In 826 Winchester, and not London was proclaimed to be the capital of England, and so it remained for two centuries.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The vizcacha of the South American pampas has exactly the same trick of collecting objects that we know so well in the magpie. The vizcacha is a badger-like animal.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., ets.

The eastern division of the South Wales coalfields will probably be completely exhausted in 42 years. The Denbighshire and Flintshire fields may last 2½ centuries.

The New Forest, in Hampshire, is the largest English forest, containing 60,000 acres. The Forest of Dean was 22,500 acres, and Windsor Forest 14,000.

The best way to cure indigestion is to remove its cause. This is best done by the prompt use of Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, which regulate the stomach in an effectual manner.

Hard coal, exposed to the weather, loses in bulk 8 per cent. per annum; soft coal loses fully 12 per cent.

HOW TO CURE HEADACHE.—Some people suffer untold misery day after day with Headache. There is rest neither day or night until the nerves are all unstrung. The cause is generally a disordered stomach, and a cure can be effected by using Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, containing Mandrake and Dandelion. Mr. Finlay Wark, Lysander, P. Q., writes: "I find Parmelee's Pills a first-class article for bilious headache."

The thumb is stronger than all the other fingers together.

Wood-pigeons do more harm to British crops than any other birds.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Some marriages are failures because the woman in the case is suspicious, and some are failures because she isn't.

Saloonkeepers always have plenty of fall goods on hand.

A conceited man admires his own mistakes because he makes them.

The world seems all the brighter to some lovers when they turn down the gas.

Spinning coins is uncertain, but it enables a man to turn his money quickly.

An old bachelor says pin-money is so called because wives stick their husbands for it.

Some people seem to think you ought to pay rent for the place you occupy in their daily thoughts.

There is nothing dogmatic about amateur photographers. They are always willing to exchange views.

Men are like sandwiches. There's nothing in some of them and the more there is in others the worse they are.

Material For a Whole Chapter.

"Have you—aw—ever thought what you would do," asked the literary foreigner as his cable train entered the tunnel, "if this structure should cave in when you were about half way through?"

"Often," replied the Chicago man. "I should demand the return of my nickel."

And the literary foreigner made a memorandum in his notebook. He had discovered another interesting peculiarity in Americans.

A LITTLE TYRANT.

The Trouble Not Due to Original Sin.

There is no tyrant like a teething baby. His temper isn't due to original sin, however; the tyrant suffers more than the rest of the family. He doesn't know what is the matter. They do. The trouble is they do not always know what to do for his lordship. An Ontario mother writes to tell what is best to do. "When my baby was teething," she says, "he was so cross and restless that I hardly knew what to do with him. He had a poor appetite and ate but little and was growing thin. I got a box of Baby's Own Tablets and they made a great change. He now rests well; has a splendid appetite, and gives me no trouble at all." This is the experience not only of Mrs. D. K. Schroeder, of Hanover, Ont., but also of thousands of mothers all over the Dominion. A baby teething is cross because his blood is heated and his little bowels constipated or unhealthily relaxed, and his system heated by the effort of getting the teeth through the gums. Baby's Own Tablets act like magic not only in this, but in all ailments of little ones. Sold by druggists or sent postpaid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

The solar system is travelling towards the constellation Hercules at fully 20,000 miles an hour. It will take a million years to get there.

When washing greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

The price paid to quiet conscience keeps mighty few people poor.

In order to reach success you must pass through a door labeled "Push."

A Common Bred Cow

When toned up by Dick's Blood Purifier will give as much and as rich milk as a highly bred aristocratic Jersey cow gives upon ordinary feed, and a Jersey cow when given.

DICK'S BLOOD PURIFIER

will wonderfully increase her yield of milk. It saves feed too, because a smaller amount of well digested food satisfies the demands of the system and every particle of nourishment sticks.

50 cents a package.

Leeming, Miles & Co., Agents, MONTREAL.

20 MILLION BOTTLES
SOLD EVERY YEAR.

Happiness is the absence of pain, and millions have been made happy through being cured by ST JACOBS OIL of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, LAMENESS, SCALDS, BURNS, SPRAINS, BRUISES and all pains for which an external remedy can be applied. It never fails to cure. Thousands who have been declared incurable at baths and in hospitals have thrown away their crutches, being cured after using ST. JACOBS OIL. Directions in eleven languages accompany every bottle.

CONQUERS PAIN

Card Gifts.

A Christmas Gift of utmost satisfaction to both giver and recipient is:

An Engraved Visiting Card Plate of the Finest "Script,"
100 Choicest Visiting Cards printed from the plate,
A Fine Seal Leather Visiting Card Case.

We send these complete to any address, prepaying delivery charges, for $3.00.

Write for our new catalogue. It will acquaint you with hundreds of new ideas. We mail it on request.

Ryrie Bros.,
Jewelers,
Yonge and Adelaide Sts.,
Toronto.

SOUTH POLE MYSTERIES

Scotch Expedition Hopes to Add to the World's Knowledge—The Scotia Is Splendidly Equipped.

The world's knowledge of the Antarctic Ocean, men of science believe, will be greatly enriched by the explorations of the Scottish national Antarctic expedition, which recently set sail from the port of Troon under the leadership of Mr. William S. Bruce. The party consists of thirty-two hardy Scots, and their ship, the Scotia, is a stanch whaler fitted with an auxiliary screw capable of seven knots an hour.

The Scotia is splendidly equipped and has several novel features, including an apparatus for taking birdseye views from kits, moving picture machines for obtaining records of the movements of south sea organisms and 6,000 fathoms of cable, with the object of sounding the ocean where Sir James Ross failed to find bottom with 4,000 fathoms.

Mr. Bruce, the head of the expedition, has already had no little experience in arctic and antarctic exploring. He sailed as naturalist with an antarctic expedition which went from Dundee in 1892. He also accompanied the Jackson-Harmsworth polar expedition and the Prince of Monaco's expedition to Spitzbergen. Altogether four voyages have been made to the arctic regions by him since 1896. Mr. Bruce is director of the laboratory of marine zoology at the Surgeons' Hall of Edinburgh.

WILLIAM S. BRUCE.

At the outset the Scotia will steer straight for the Falkland Islands. From Port Stanley she will sail a thousand miles east and then turn her bow to the south. The only man who previously visited this part of the south polar regions was Captain James Weddell, another Scotchman, who in 1823 sailed in those forbidding waters.

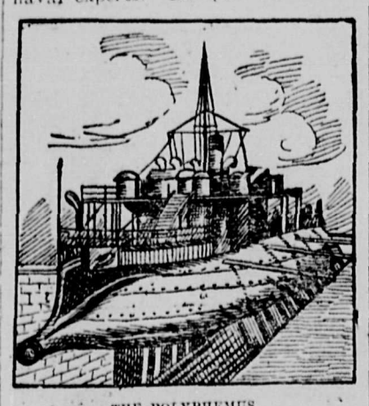
Much is expected from this expedition, and if it fails it will not be because of skilled leadership or want of outfit.

Our Northern Furs.

Miss Agness Laut, author of "Lords of the North," contributes an excellent article on the Hudson's Bay Company in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for November, in the course of which she says—When an Indian arrives to trade at a Hudson's Bay post, furs in the pack must be sorted, silver fox worth five hundred dollars separated from cross fox and blue and white worth from ten dollars down, according to quality, and from common red fox, worth less. Twenty years ago it was no unusual thing for the Hudson's Bay Company to send to England yearly 10,000 cross fox skins, 7,000 blue, 100,000 red, half a dozen silver. Few wolf skins are in the trapper's pack, unless particularly fine specimens of brown arctic and white arctic, bought as a curiosity, and not for value as skins. Against the wolf the trapper wages war as against a pest that destroys other game, and not for its skin. Next to muskrat, the most plentiful fur will be that of the rabbit or varying hare. Buffalo was once the staple of the hunter. What the buffalo was, the white rabbit is to-day. From it the Indian gets clothing, tepee covers, blankets, thongs, food. From it, the white man who is a manufacturer of furs gets grey fox and chinchilla, and seal in imitation. Except one year in seven, when a rabbit plague spares the land by cutting down their prolific numbers, the varying hare is plentiful enough to sustain the Indian.

Naval Freak Ship Polyphemus.

The famous torpedo ram Polyphemus of the British navy, which has been sold to a ship wrecker and is to be broken up, was built as an experiment in 1878, and has been the occasion of much wrangling among naval experts. Her peculiarities are



THE POLYPHEMUS.

very high speed, a powerful ram and five submerged torpedo tubes. She sets very low in the water, leaving a small target, and in the days of her construction was considered an invincible fighter. Of late years her class, along with the Monadnock and Vesuvius of the United States types, has not met with approval as naval adjuncts.

Explained It.

"Say, Billy—what's meant by a 'posthumous child?'" "Why — it means a kid as is born arter its parents is dead. — Ally Sloper's Half-Holiday.

A TRYING TIME

IS THE PERIOD WHEN YOUNG GIRLS ARE MERGING INTO WOMANHOOD.

Marked by Pale Faces, Heart Palpitation Loss of Appetite and General Lassitude --How to Overcome This Condition.

After babyhood, the most perilous time in a young girl's life is when she is just entering womanhood. It is then that she is subject to headaches, dizziness, heart palpitation, feeble appetite, and bloodless cheeks and lips. This condition may easily develop into consumption, and to prevent this—to keep the young girl in good health and strength, mothers should insist upon their taking a blood making tonic, such as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. Henry McIntyre, Port Dalhousie, Ont., gives sound advice to other mothers in cases of this kind. She says:—"About three years ago the health of my daughter, Bertha, began to fail. She grew weak and seemed unable to stand the least exertion. She suffered from distressing headaches and fainting fits; her appetite left her and she lost flesh. I spent much money on medicines, but they did not help her. Then I took her to a doctor, and although his treatment was persisted in for a long time, she seemed to be growing worse, and I began to fear she was going into consumption. Then I took her to a specialist, but his treatment was likewise unsuccessful. Finally upon the advice of a lady friend, a doctor practising in Chicago, Bertha began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before long there was a decided improvement in her condition, and by the time she had taken nine boxes she was once more enjoying the best of health and had gained fifteen pounds in weight. I would strongly advise all similar sufferers to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial, as her case seemed as hopeless as could be."

All weak and ailing girls and women, sufferers from backache, headaches, indisposition to work or exercise, who show by their pale and sallow cheeks that they are in ill health will find prompt relief, bright eyes, rosy cheeks and active health in a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can obtain these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, postpaid, at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Never accept anything else which a dealer may say is "just as good."

The smallest flowering plant is a kind of duck weed, known as Wolffia microscopica. Each plant has two flowers.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The battle of tours, in 732 A.D., is said to have been the most murderous on record. Three hundred and fifty thousand men in all were killed.

Don't Monkey with a Cough.

Just a little tickling cough may not suggest any trouble but it is often the fore-runner of very serious lung disease. Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum soothes and heals the irritated membrane and the cough passes away. Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum is a carefully compounded preparation and is a specific remedy for all throat and lung affections. 25 cents a bottle.

One bottle will demonstrate its virtue.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

Lake Manasanovara, in Thibet, is the loftiest in the world, being between 19,000 feet and 20,000 feet above sea level.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

When money is tight it makes itself scarce, but it is somewhat different with men.

A famine of silver dimes annoys the average man more than the scarcity of $1,000 bills.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The female bookkeeper is entitled to the title of countess.

The man who can catch a flea in the dark can hoe his own row in politics.

"Pure soap!" You've heard the words. In Sunlight Soap you have the fact.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar. 831

ASK FOR
Ogilvie Oats

Delicious flavor. Free from hulls. Warranted Pure. Put up in all sized packages.

Ogilvie's Hungarian

As now manufactured. The great FAMILY FLOUR. Insist on getting "OGILVIE'S," as they are better than the Best.

HAVE NO EQUAL.

Housekeepers must find it difficult to decide which PACKAGE TEA is the best—there are so many. If you try

GOLD STANDARD

It will settle all doubts.

ARE YOU BUILDING?

IF SO USE EDDY'S IMPERVIOUS SHEATHING

THE BEST BUILDING PAPER MADE.

It is very much stronger and thicker than any other (tarred or building) paper. It is impervious to wind, keeps out cold, keeps in heat, carries no smell or odor, absorbs no moisture, imparts no taste or flavor to anything with which it comes in contact. It is largely used not only for sheeting houses, but for lining cold storage buildings, refrigerators, dairies, creameries, and all places where the object is to keep an even and uniform temperature, and at the same time avoiding dampness.

Write our Agents, TEES & PERSSE, Winnipeg, for samples.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., Limited, HULL.

Blue Ribbon Tea relished from youth to old age Are you drinking it?

THE BEST.

CARNEFAC STOCK FOOD.

A Veterinary Conditioner.

Dr. Torrance's testimonial:—

Winnipeg, March 4th, 1902.

W. G. Douglas, Esq.

Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have examined the ingredients used in making Douglas' "Carnefac" and find them to consist solely of pure medicines and highly nutritious and concentrated foods, and in my opinion the use of this preparation should be entirely free from danger and highly beneficial to horses and cattle—Yours truly, F. TORRANCE, D. V. S.

You can obtain it from your dealer.

IMPERIAL MAPLE SYRUP

The quality standard from Ocean to Ocean. Your money back if not satisfactory.

ROSE & LAFLAMME, Agts., MONTREAL

T. H. METCALFE & CO.

Grain and Commission Merchants.

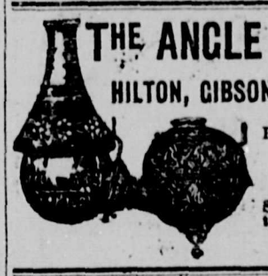
Highest prices paid for wheat, oats, barley or flax in carlots. Wire or write me for prices before selling. Liberal advances made on consignments and handled on commission. Licensed and Bonded.

P. O. Box 550, Winnipeg, Man.

QUININE For Colds & Malaria. 100 Two Grain Quinine Pills Sent Post-paid for Only One Dime.

Address A. W. Ward, Box M. Avon, N. Y.

THE ANGLE LAMP



HILTON, GIBSON & CO.,

P. O. Box 392 Winnipeg.

Send for Illustrated Price List.

The largest gourd ever seen was exhibited in Paris in 1884. It weighed 280 pounds.

The proprietors of Parmelee's Pills are constantly receiving letters similar to the following, which explains itself. Mr. John A. Beam, Waterloo, Ont., writes: "I never used any medicine that can equal Parmelee's Pills for Dyspepsia or Liver and Kidney Complaints. The relief experienced after using them was wonderful." As a safe family medicine Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be given in all cases requiring a cathartic.

The magnolia has a more powerful perfume than any other flower.

In Germany boys must attend school up to 14 years, and girls to 13 years.

MONEY SAVED and pain relieved by the leading household remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a small quantity of which usually suffices to cure a cough, heal a sore, cut, bruise or strain, relieve lumbago, rheumatism, neuralgia, excoriated nipples, or inflamed breast.

When a man compliments a woman she isn't satisfied until she can induce him to repeat it at least seven times.

SAYS MR. LUCINA CIGAR:—

"What a terrible case of cigar murder! How pleasant it is to look like me and also have that nice sweet flavor and lovely aroma."

MANUFACTURED BY

GEO. F. BRYAN & CO..... WINNIPEG

HALCYON HOT SPRINGS SANITARIUM

Arrow Lake, B. C.

Situated midst scenery unrivalled for grandeur. The most complete health resort on the continent of North America.

Its baths cure all Nervous and Muscular diseases. Its waters heal all Kidney, Liver and Stomach ailments.

They are a never-failing remedy for all Rheumatic troubles.

TERM —— $15 to $18 per week, according to residence in Hotel or Villas.

Many watches tick five times to the second. This means 157,788,000 ticks in the course of a year.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

It doesn't take much of a marksman to draw a bead on beer.

"KELPION" (A STAINLESS IODINE OINTMENT.)

Endorsed by best English medical journals.

Supplied to British soldiers in South Africa.

For all Throat and Gland Troubles, Lumps, Abscesses, Old Sores, Ulcers, Felons, Skin Diseases, Eczema, Pimples, Stiff Joints, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Piles, Cuts, Sore Feet, Pleurisy.

Sold by Druggists, 25c. Try it once.

The utmost distance from cloud to earth crossed by a lightning flash is about four miles.

The Amazon is navigable for 2,200 miles from the sea; the Mississippi for about 2,800.

DRUNKENNESS A DISEASE

and can be cured at

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

133 Osborne St., Winnipeg. Established 1889. Over 300,000 cures. Don't be deceived if you want a cure. Take The Keeley where you are treated by a qualified physician. Correspondence strictly private.

THE SLOCAN DRILL

C. E. SMITHERINGALE, Editor and Prop.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT

SLOCAN, - - - - B. C.

Legal Advertising 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line each subsequent insertion.

Certificates of Improvement, $7 each.

Transient advertisements at same rates as legal advertising.

Locals will be charged 10 cents a line for each insertion.

Commercial Rates made known upon application.

The Subscription is $2 per year, strictly in advance; $2.50 a year if not so paid.

Address all letters to—

THE SLOCAN DRILL,
Slocan, B. C.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19th, 1902.

A pencil mark in the space opposite will be an indication to you that ye editor considers there is something coming to him on your subscription. Kindly acknowledge in cash and oblige.

EDITORIAL CROPPINGS.

Remember the old folks at home at this festive time.

It is likely the Dominion parliament will meet for the dispatch of business about Feb. 19.

W. B. B. McInnes has been elected in North Nanaimo and the government are justified in taking all the comfort they can out of the situation. It was a barren victory.

The operators in the Rossland camp claim to have solved the question of treating low grade ores at a profit. As proof of the assertion, the Kootenay Mines will erect a smelter to treat the entire filling of the vein. There are better times ahead for Rossland.

Chris Foley has severed his connection with the Vancouver branch of the P.P.P.'s. He still holds allegiance to the party itself, but says he will not be made a tool of by old party politicians seeking to use the Progressives as a lever to attain their own selfish ends.

The writ for the West Yale election has been suppressed and coast politicians are much agitated. They seem to forget that Col. Prior, as head of the government, is master of the situation. West Yale is but paying the price of rebellion against the ruling powers.

Last year the two per cent mineral tax from the whole province yielded $85,000, which is about equalled by one month's dividends from the Le Roi. The government gives the mineral and timber, provides roads, and bonuses railways to open up the country. Where's the kick?

The silver-lead mineowners have allowed their better reason to prevail and so redeemed themselves. At their meeting in Sandon last week, they cordially invited the press to attend and then proceeded to discuss the mining situation in a sensible and intelligent manner. They worked in harmony, evolving a resolution to the Dominion government that is lucid and concise, and fully meeting the needs of the country. W. A. Galliher now has something tangible to work on at Ottawa, having a good case to plead. Moreover, a strong committee has been appointed to support the member's actions at the federal capital. An excellent feature of the case is that all sections of the district and community are now working in harmony for the first time. May success attend their efforts.

The higher powers of the realm take great delight in disallowing the acts passed by the legislature of British Columbia, three more statutes having just been thrown down. They were: an act to still further amend the coal mines regulation act, an act to regulate immigration, and an act relating to the employment of certain labor on works carried on under provincial franchises. The same old ground of complaint is taken, discrimination against those precious Mongolians. It does seem passing strange that British subjects in British Columbia are denied the same right of self preservation and protection as is accorded their fellows in Natal and Australia. Pass the laws again, with an intimation to the Chinese lovers at Ottawa to keep their hands off. The Ottawa people will neither give protection to this province nor allow it to protect itself. Laurier remembers his promises but to forget them.

Subscribe for THE DRILL.

DRILL POINTS.

Old papers for sale at this office.

The deer season ended on Monday last.

New Denver wants a new lady school teacher.

Ladies' silk neckwear and belts have arrived at Arnot's.

The public school closes today for the Christmas holidays.

Insurance rates have been raised in back portions of the city.

Arnot carries the felt shoes. Just the thing for this weather.

Bob Cooper left yesterday morning for the coast to spend the winter.

Next week A. York & Sons will hold their annual shooting match for poultry.

Rev. Mr. Cropp, New Denver, was the preacher in the Methodist church last Sunday.

The electric light loan 'bylaw carried in Nelson Wednesday by an overwhelming majority.

A. R. Bolderston, wife and daughter went to Rossland Saturday on a two weeks' vacation.

R. C. Campbell-Johnston has purchased the McLeod property, situated just east of this office.

Rev. Archdeacon Pentreath was a visitor in the city, Tuesday, in connection with St. Paul's church.

Fred Carlisle has gone on a three months' visit to the scenes of his boyhood at Petersburg, Indiana.

Parties desiring to vote at the coming municipal elections had better see that their names are on the list.

The Sabbath school children will give their annual entertainment in the Music Hall on Wednesday next.

By a decision just given by the privy council, naturalized Japs and Chinese cannot vote in this province.

Fred Johnson is applying for a liquor license for the Slocan Hotel, he having obtained a lease on the building.

Rev. Mr. Hastie, Presbyterian minister at Okutuks, Alta., spent Wednesday here as the guest of Rev. Mr. Simons.

Coast advices state the government will modify the two per cent tax on the mines at the coming session of the legislature.

David Strathearn, father of W. B. Strathearn of the local sawmill company, died recently near Orillia, Ont., aged 80 years.

Parties holding books from the travelling library are asked to return them at once, as the library is about to be exchanged.

Sherry Burchell, bookkeeper at the Arlington mine, left on Monday for his old home in Dartmouth, N.S., on a two months' trip.

A shooting match for poultry will be held at the rifle range on the 22nd, 23rd and 24th of December. Ranges at 50, 100 and 200 yards. Any rifle may be used.

Dr. Forin this week handed in his resignation as physician of the M. U. General Hospital, to take effect in three months. It is his intention then to remove to Vancouver.

The sawmill at the head of the lake is being kept busy getting out material for the new milling plant here. A few men are working here and the shingle mill is beginning to show proportions.

The pastor will occupy the pulpit of the Methodist church on Sunday. Subject of the morning sermon, "Human Depravity;" evening, "The Duty of the Christian Citizen." A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Other People's Money, given in the Music Hall, last Thursday night, by Dainty May Sargent's company, was a treat. The play is full of comical situations and mirth-provoking dialogue. There was a good house.

Your Address.

A request, with your address attached, is all that is necessary to obtain our new and handsomely illustrated catalogue.

It will put you in touch with the finest assortment of FINE JEWELRY in Canada.

The price, which is plainly given with each article, is the cost of the article delivered to you.

We cheerfully refund your money if you desire it.

Ryrie Bros.
Jewelers
118-120-122-124 Yonge St. Toronto

The annual Christmas tree and children's entertainment of the Presbyterian Sabbath school will be held in the Music Hall on Christmas eve, the 24th inst. The programme will begin at 7.30 sharp. Admission for adults 25 cents, all children free.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will issue tickets to local points on account of Christmas and New Year's at fare and one-third for the round trip. Tickets will be good going on Dec. 23, 24, 25, 30, 31, and Jan. 1, and good to return up to and including January 3 next.

Those indebted to the printer—and there are a few in Slocan, some of whom have been taking the paper for many moons without a thought of payment—should remember their obligations at this season, and make an honest effort to liquidate. Does that mean me?

A full and complete success was scored by the Woman's Guild of St. Paul's church with their social on Tuesday night. The Music Hall was crowded and a good two bits' worth of entertainment was provided in a concert, refreshments and dance. The net result was most satisfactory to the management.

Jacob Dover, the pioneer jeweler of Nelson, makes his initial bow to the people of Slocan through this issue of THE DRILL. He has a magnificent stock of watches, clocks, jewelery, silverware, bronze goods, fancy lamps, etc., and particularly novelties for the Christmas trade. He pays special attention to mail orders, and the quality of his goods is the best, while the prices are right.

MINING RECORDS.

Appended is a complete list of the various records registered at the local registry office, H. P. Christie being mining recorder:

LOCATIONS.

Dec 10—Northmont, Ten Mile creek, F E Griffith.
Westmont No 4, same, F A Wells.
Westmont No 3, same, same.

ASSESSMENTS.

Dec 8—Little Giant.

TRANSFERS.

Dec 8—Tamarack No 8, Falls View, Tamarack No 8 fr, George Henderson to John F Holden.

12—Carson, Dan Hanlon to Isaac N Orchard.

15—Aggie, Alford, Algiers, I Wonder, all, F G Carlisle to T A Noble and A B Coleman.

—KNOX—

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

MAIN STREET, SLOCAN,

Rev. William Simons, Pastor.

SERVICES:

Sunday, at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.
Sabbath School at 2.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.

Strangers and young men are cordially invited.

J. M. McGREGOR, B. A. Sc.

Provincial Land Surveyor & Mining Engineer,

SLOCAN, - - B. C.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply at a special sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Slocan, to be held after the expiration of 30 days from the date hereof, for a retail liquor license for the premises known as the Slocan Hotel, situate on Lots 7 and 8, Block 12, Slocan.

Dated at Slocan this 10th day of December, 1902.

FRED P. JOHNSON

Steel Ranges for $18.25.

Why be without a range when you can get one so cheap? They are preferrable to stoves and give better satisfaction. These ranges burn wood or coal and will be set up free.

H. J. ROBERTSON,

TINSMITH AND PLUMBER.

Slocan Drill, $2.00 per annum.

FACTS AND PHILOSOPHY OF

JACOB DOVER'S SYSTEM

Profit is necessary to business continuance, that is obvious. But a firm that makes profit the the sole end aimed at soon discovers its mistake. Quality to my mind is primarily essential. With me profit in the narrow interpretation is always subordinated to it. This is the safest policy both for you and for me.

The greatest encouragement I receive is that my customers always seek quality first. They know and rightly, that in so doing their profit will be more real and lasting.

In Bronze Goods

We are showing Vases, Candelabra, Mirrors, Call Bells, Ink Stands, Flower Stands, Lamps, Piano Lamps, Picture Frames.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Umbrellas. They are beauties.

½ SIZE

In Silverware

We keep the Meriden Britannia Company's goods, "Silver Plate that wears." Nut Bowls, Tea Ware, Bake Dishes and

"1847 ROGERS BROS."

Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc., are guaranteed by both us and them to be the best that is made in plate.

The Meriden Britannia Co., by over 50 years of continuous manufacturing, have made a reputation in this line that none can touch. Come in and see some of their late productions.

American Cut Glass of all kinds and designs.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelery of every description.

Engraving not exceeding three letters will be done free of charge. Mail and express orders will receive prompt attention.

Jacob Dover, the Jeweler, NELSON, B. C.

Gwillim & Johnson,

MINING ENGINEERS AND ASSAYERS.

Slocan, - - - B. C

Insurance!

FIRE ACCIDENT.

GUARANTEE and EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY.

Representing the strongest companies doing business in Canada. SEE NEW ACCIDENT POLICY, with participation in profits, covering sickness and operations.

H. D. CURTIS, Notary Public

Notice to Municipal Voters.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of the "Municipal Elections Act," the following are entitled to vote for Mayor and Aldermen at the City Municipal Election, viz.:

Any male or female, being a British subject, of the full age of 21 years,

"Who is the owner of real estate of the assessed value of not less than $100; or is the representative, being a resident British subject, duly authorized by the directors of an incorporated company, which is the assessed owner of lands, or of improvements on lands, situated within the municipality; or who is the holder of a trade license, the annual fee of which is not less than $5; or who is a householder who has paid, on or before the 31st day of December in the year immediately prior to the day of nomination, all municipal rates, taxes, assessments, rentals and license fees (which are not chargeable on land) payable by him or her to the municipality; provided, however, that in the case of the holder of a trade license or in the case of a householder, he or she shall, during the month of December in each year, make and cause to be delivered to the clerk of the municipality a statutory declaration, made and subscribed before a supreme or county court judge, stipendiary or police magistrate, commissioner for taking affidavits in the supreme court, justice of the peace or notary public."

Householders and license holders are required on or before the 31st day of December to hand or send to the city clerk their names as a voter, and at the same time a statutory declaration in the form provided by the statute.

Householders and license holders require to have lived continuously in the city since January 1 last.

Applicants are required to name the lot and block on which they wish to register.

Forms of application may be had at the drug store.

R. I. BENTLEY, City Clerk

Slocan, B.C., December 10, 1902.

Organized Labor:

YOUR attention is respectfully called to the Custom Tailors' Union Label, a cut of which appears below. It is the only sign whereby a person is sure of getting clothes made in a fair shop.

CUSTOM TAILORS UNION LABEL 1883 1898

By leaving your order for a Fall Suit, Trousers or Overcoat with

A. David, Miners' Tailor,

you will find the Union Label on all Clothes made by him.

Gents' Furnishings

of a wide range and of first-class quality kept in stock.

Prices will be found right.

Stores at Slocan and Sandon.

Slocan City Miners' Union, No. 62, W. F. of M.

Meets every Wednesday evening in the Union Hall, Slocan City, at 7.30 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

W. H. DAVIDSON, President.
BERT O'NEAIL, Financial Secretary

Furniture
Glassware
Crockery
and
General
House
Furnishings

D. D. ROBERTSON

XMAS GOODS.

We have just received an elegant line of goods for the holiday trade, including

Manicure Sets in Ebony, and Silver Mounted
Leather Traveling Cases
Toilet Sets
Brush Sets
Purses
Perfume Atomizers
Perfumes, etc.

We also carry Eastman's Kodaks and general supplies.

J. A. ANDERSON, DRUGGIST.

Agents for the Heintzman & Co., Gerhard Heintzman, and Karn Pianos

Certificate of Improvements.

Montreal Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—On the divide between Lemon and Springer creeks, adjoining the Two Friends mineral claim.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Archie Mainwaring-Johnson, acting as agent for Pioneer Mining Co., Limited (non-personal liability), Free Miner's Certificate No. B58136, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 11th day of October, 1902.

ARCHIE MAINWARING-JOHNSON
17-10-02

Monterey Fractional Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—In the Arlington basin.

Take notice that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for Thos. Tobin, F.M.C. No. B59727, and H. Cameron, free miner's certificate No. B59795, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant for the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 17th day of November, 1902.

21-11-02 J. M. McGREGOR

Alex. Rogers,

Tonsorial Artist.

The Leading Parlors:

MAIN STREET, SLOCAN

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stables,

Slocan, B. C.

General Packing and Forwarding attended to at the shortest Notice.

Saddle and Pack Horses for hire at reasonable rates.

R. E. ALLEN, - Manager

Notice to Delinquent Co-owner

To Harry Williams, or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his interest in the Chilkat and Delphian mineral claims, situated on the head waters of Lemon creek, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the Slocan City mining division.

You are hereby notified that I, Oscar V. White, free miners' certificate No. B59427, have caused to be expended the sum of six hundred and fifteen dollars in labor and improvements on the above mentioned mineral claims, in order to hold said claims under the provisions of the Mineral Act; and if within 90 days from the date of this notice you fail, or refuse, to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising, your interest in said claims will become the property of the subscriber, under section 4 of an Act entitled "An Act to amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

Dated at Sandon, B.C., this 20th day of September, A.D. 1902.

26-9-02 OSCAR V. WHITE

CANADIAN PACIFIC

All sensible people travel by the C.P.R.

SPEED
SAFETY
SATISFACTION

A glance at the condensed timetable will convince you of this fact. Leave Slocan City at 1.20 p.m:

Arrive Winnipeg 3rd day 8.50 a.m
Arrive St. Paul 3rd day at 6.40 p.m
Arrive Chicago 4th day at 9.30 a.m
Arrive Toronto 5th day at 2.45 p.m
Arrive Montreal 5th day at 6.30 p.m
Arrive New York 6th day 8.55 a.m

"Flying palaces by day, luxurious resting places at night," fitly describes the C. P.R. Tourist Cars, which leave as follows:

Leaves Dunmore Junction daily for St. Paul; Kootenay Landing Tuesday and Saturday for Toronto, Montreal, etc.

Further proof of the unequalled service of the C.P.R. can be had on application to

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson.
E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver

L. J. EDWARDS, Agent, Slocan City