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THE SLOCAN DRILL.

VOL. V., No. 27. SLOCAN, B. C., SEPTEMBER 30, 1904. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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A. C. SMITH, SLOCAN

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Tourists will find the Arlington and ideal resting place.

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MAIN STREET, - SLOCAN, B. C.

UMBRELLAS,

The Fall Stock of Umbrellas have arrived. Secure one before the fall rains and get your pick.

Ladies' are Selling at $2, $2.25, and $2.50
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David Arnot, Slocan.

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NEW DENVER NOTES

SKATING RINK TO BE BUILT FOR NEXT WINTERS SPORTS.

About Four Hundred Dollars Subscribed on the First Day--Government Help Wanted for a Trail to Rosebery --Other Minor Items.

Some of our young men got together the other night and organized an association to provide a skating rink for the coming winter, and went actively to work to carry it out, realizing the first day nearly $400, which they expect to increase another hundred, and with the assistance of volunteer work, should be able to provide a first-class rink. It is not yet decided whether they will take a slice out of the townsite or a bight out of the bay.

The next move talked of is a petition to the government for a special grant to aid in surveying and building a trail from New Denver to Rosebery. The grade is easy, and if properly surveyed, will form a starter for a wagon road, which now is a necessity for the cycler, the the carriage or the heavy freight. Lots of willing hands are ready to second the expected assistance of the government.

A protest against taking water from Goat mountain by the claim owners may defer the installing of the water works for several months.

S. Burgess has made a small shipment from the B. B. claim on Goat Mountain. He intends to take out a carload.

H. R. Ackerman has taken up his residence in town after disposing of his live stock.

C. Fernau, of the Rosebery zinc enrichment works, is in Nelson.

Rosebery is taking the shine off New Denver these days.

John Williams has been visiting in Vancouver.

Supreme Court to Decide.

When the C. P. R. was built it was decided by the Act that that the government would have no control of rates until the income of the company had reached 10 per cent per annum profit upon the actual capital expended in construction of the railway. A variety of interpretations have been given to this section of the Act. The subject has been under the consideration of the department of justice and the C. P. R. for some time, and a case has now been referred to the supreme court to be heard at the present term, at Ottawa, so as to obtain a decision as to what this section really means, and what is to be included in the words "actually expended inconstruction of the railway," and what portion of railway is included, that is, if it applies only to the original contract between Callender and Port Moody, or to railways authorized to be built afterwards.

Copper in Manitoba.

Prof. Pierre Gustav Kendall, a professor of mathematics in Tulane University, New Orleans, after completing a summer's outing in the wilds of Northern Manitoba, claims to have found a ledge of copper that runs 40 per cent and is quite large in extent. The ledge crops out on the surface, and while he did not go away up there on a mining expedition, the three of them and their guides managed to sink a small shaft on the vein. The ledge is located in a most impossible looking place, and, he says, "while we have taken the greatest precautions, legal and otherwise to protct our find, I for one would be just as well pleased if no one discovered our work until we take another ste inp securing it more firmly. Next year we will go in with the idea of working the mine, but, of course, the product of it will not be available until the railroad line is pushed much nearer to the ledge than it is at present."

Did Not Visit Slocan.

Sir Thos. Shaughnessy, Wm. Whyte and other members of the C. P. R. president's party arrived in Nelson Friday night. They took the Arrow lake route by way of Robson. Their private coaches passed through Slocan about midnight Friday. The party consisted of Sir. Thos. Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R.; Sir George Drummond, vice-president of the Bank of Montreal and a director of the C. P. R.; R. B. Angus, E. O. Osler of Toronto, and C. R. Hosmer of Montreal; William Whyte second vice-president of the C. P. R., and M. Tye, chief engineer; R. Marpole, western divisional superintendent; H. E. Beasley, superintendent; Messrs. Cambie and Webster, engineers, and Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Henshaw.

More Bounty for Lead.

Twenty-two cheques in payment of final 40 per cent of bounty upon lead delivered to smelters during the year ending June 30th, 1904 have arrived in Nelson and are being distributed by the inspector, G. O. Buchanan. The beneficiaries are the Blue Bird, Black Prince, Canadian King, Bosun, Gold Bug, Florida, Fisher Maiden, Enterprise, Echo, Dundee, Delphine, Hartney group, Mohican, Miller Creek, Mercury, Marion, Lucky Boy, Ivanhoe, Horseshoe, Highland, Hewitt, North Star. The total amount of the 22 cheques is about $28,000. The larger claimants are the Highland, North Star, Ivanhoe and Enterprise. The deduction that has been made for cost of administration amounts to nearly 4 per cent of the 40 per cent claims.

A GOOD FIELD.

Attention of Mining Men Attracted by Possibilities of Twelve Mile.

Visits of leasers and mining men to the properties on Twelve Mile creek have become frequent of late Three or four parties from Sandon and Spokane were over the ground last week, and it is not unlikely that something tangible may result. It is the generally accepted theory that the rich Ottawa mineral zone extends through that territory to Ten Mile, and a number of claims along that line show practically the same vein filling and mineral as the Ottawa.

The Kalispell, the first property on Tenmile to be worked, is believed to be on this zone, and the locators wh worked it in 1894 got good returns from the ore shipped. The smelter returns gave them over 400 ounces in silver to the ton. Nothing has been obtained from the work done on the north side of Ten Mile creek, but leasers a few years ago did well in the old workings on the south side. The original owners who have long since disposed of their interests, still have great faith in the property, and believe that if it is properly developed and managed handsome dividends will result.

On Twelve Mile creek between the Kalispell and the Ottawa are a number of properties with creditable showings, prominent among which are the Colorado, Myrtle group, Happy Medium group, V. & M., Batchelor, and the May and Sapphire. On the Colorado a rich strike was made during the summer, from which a shipment of seven tons, running 113 ounces to the ton, was taken out during deaelopment work. While the returns were not up to the expectations of the owners, yet they were good enough to warrant them in putting up camps, preparatory to working the shoot they have in sight, and from which they expect much better returns.

It is only a short time since the locators of the Myrtle group cut through their lead in the crosscut tunnel of over 400 feet driven by them during the past winter and summer. It was a big undertaking for prospectors, but their showing in the workings from the shaft justified them. They have encountered some good ore and the ledge is over 50 feet in width. Big results may be expected at any time from the drifting now going on there.

A oouple of men are working on the May, owned by the Sapphire Gold Mines Co. of Detroit, but the balance are idle.

There are strong ledges and high-grade ore on all of the properties menrioned, and those who have been studying the lay of the ground and the charactes of the mineral, believe there will be more dividend payers along this zone if systematic work is done.

More Valuable.

Silver is again on the rise, having attained 58⅝ Tuesday, the highest since August 13th, when it reached 58½ cents.

Lumber Prices Slashed.

Considerable slashing of lumber prices is the order of the day on the coast, the figures in many instances being 25 and 35 per cent below the list prices. Something like $500 can be saved on a medium sized building. Shingles have dropped 40 to 50 cents.

Northern Gold Output.

The gold output for the Yukon and other northern dirtricts for the present year is estimated as follows: Klondike, $11,000,000; Nome, $10,000,000; Tanana, $2,000,000; all other districts, $3,000,000. Freight transportation to interior Alaska points for the year has ceased.

To Appear Before Privy Council.

Hon. Charles Wilson, attorney general, is expected to leave Victoria for London about the end of October, there to assist in the presentation of the province in the privy council hearing of the appeal re the exclusion of Chinese from underground colliery workings, and in several other minor matters.

Graphic Leasers Doing Well.

The ore which the leasers struck a few weeks ago on the Graphic continues to improve, altnough the best of it is in the bottom of the tunnel and not available for stoping. About 40 sacks have been taken out of the drift since the ore was encouuntered and ten inches show in the bottom at the face. The lease does not expire until December 31, 1905, and the holders intend to work this shoot from below if it does not come higher after further drifting.

HAVE LOST THEIR BOSS.

Men at Chapleau Mill Think Their Clean-up Is Gone.

The men working at the Chapleau mill are wondering what has become of E. Savage, or, to be more exact, they want to know what has become of the gold he took with him and in which they claim an interest as producers. Something like $900 in gold had been the result of the run at the stamp mill from the stuff gathered from the mine dump and along the tramway. The gold was entrusted to Savage to take to Nelson and change into legal tender, and he was to return and give the two men who did all the work their share. That was several weeks ago, and he has not returned yet, nor have they received any word from or trace of Mr. Savage since leaving Nelson.

Truly the Chapleau is having a hard time. It has been hampered ever since it left the hands of the original owners by all sorts of, to put it in mild words, extravagance mismanagement and neglect. Mining adventurers have plunged it into debt and other adventurers who are not miners have put it deeper in debt. To make matters worse the bush fires have destroyed the mine buildings and damaged the tramway. Now the men to whom credit is due for having saved the flume and mill from destruction by fire, and who gathered the ore and milled the gold have nothing to show for their wages, and it is not without reason that they inquire "Where is Savage and our gold brick?"

Good Ore from Blanfield.

Last week 3,900 pounds of ore from the Blanfield group on the second north fork of Lemon creek were put through the Chapleau mill. The trial run yielded 400 pounds concentrares which is worth $100 per ton in gold and silver and a gold brick, valued at $90. This was the first milling test of the Blanfield ore, and the owner, Geo. Bulko, is well satisfied and is preparing to take out more ore for treatment at the Chapleau.

Rawhide Trail Going Ahead.

The Black Prince rawhide trail is now completed as far as the Lily B. An effort was made to lay out a route connecting with the Howard Fraction trail near the first switchback, but after surveying, this was found impracticable on account of the roughness of the ground. Although the line has not yet been established, it is likely that connection will be made with the old trail in the Arlington basin.

Red Fox Ships.

George Henderson and Fred Johnson came down from the Red Fox last week, having taken out another car of ore and started it on its way to the smelter. They were unable to mine in the main workings on account of water, and gathered this car from prospect tunnels nearer the surface. In about ten days they think the lower tunnel will not be so wet and then they intend to return to work.

A Sandon Deal.

We learn that M. S. Logan of Nelson has taken an option on the rich Mountain Con for the sum of $55,000, says the Sandon Standard. The time limit closes the last day of this month. Meantime McLeod & Thompson are taking out all the ore possible, of which there is plenty in sight, and will have several cars ready by October should the bond be taken up.

C. P. R. Machinists Strike.

All C. P. R. machinists went out on strike at Nelson Saturday, following the action taken in Winnipeg. The men are now out from Fort William to Vancouver. They want higher wages, claiming that men similarly employed on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific receive from three to five cents more per hour.

Silver Quotations.

Following are the quotations for bar silver on the various days during the week since last issue:

Wednesday	57¼ cents
Thursday	57¼ "
Saturday	57⅜ "
Monday	57⅞ "
Tuesday	58⅛ "

Heinze Sells Out.

Judge William Clancy, long recognized as one of the two so-called Heinze judges of Silver Bow county, has caueed a sensation in Butte by a statement that the Heinze mining interests will be taken over by the Amalgamated Copper company.

OUR ORE SHIPMENTS

SUBSTANTIAL SHOWING MADE BY THIS DIVISION.

Last Year's Shipments Were 1339 Tons—A Healthy Evidence of the Life and Wealth of the Camp—Ottawa is the Biggest Shipper.

The Ottawa sent out 44 tons this week and the Enterprise 20. No other shipments were made, although the Edison and Neepawa shipment is being hauled to Enterprise landing and will probably go out next week. The amount of ore shipped this year to date is 1860 tons.

For 1903 the ore shipments from the local division amounted to 1339 tons, made up from 17 properties. Following is a full list of the shipments this year to date:

MINE.	WEEK.	TOTAL
Enterprise	20	660
Ottawa	44	919
Neepawa		56
Port Hope		17
Republic		32
Black Prince		57
Sapphire		2
Argentite		5
Black Fel		2
Chapleau		3
Alberta		15
Colorado		7
Highland Light		1
	64	1860

MINES AND MINING.

Regular shipments will be made from now on from the Last Chance, Sandon.

Drifting is being done both ways at the Myrtle. Some good ore is showing in both breasts.

Jas. Livingstone is one of the leasers on the Mascot at Sandon, which is turning out well.

Two feet of ore showing a good deal of ruby silver and gray copper has been struck on the Mercury, Sandon.

Work has already started on the magnetic zinc concentrator at Kaslo. The building will be 80 by 100 feet.

There are more mines sacking ore in the Windermere district right now than ever before, says the Golden Star.

Ed Shannon and H. T. Twigg of New Denver were surveying the underground workings at the Neepawa last week.

K. L. Burnett, P. L. S., of Rossland is surveying claims for A. R. Ringland and Geo. Petty in the neighborhood of Three Forks.

The Lucky Boy at Trout Lake is to resume operations with Thos. E. Ehrenart in charge. The company has produced some 230 tons of ore valued at $23,000.

The Toronto Star announces that S. H. C. Miner has sold out his controling interest in the Granby Mining and Smelting company to J. J. Hill of the Great Northern.

Two important mining events for Southeast Kootenay will take place in the near future, the reopening of the Sullivan mine and the blowing in of the Smelter at Marysville.

On the last car of ore shipped from the Red Fox $150 was cleared by the slight rise in the price of silver, the difference between the price at the time of receipt at the smelter and the date of settlement.

The resignation of W. S. Jenkins as manager of the Idaho mines at Alamo, operated by the Idaho-Alamo Consolidated Mines, Ltd., of Edinburgh, Scotland, has been accepted and P. H. Ahier has been appointed to succeed him.

Robt. McFarland has gone up to work on the Deadwood Fraction, situated below the Meteor and believed to have a continuation of that rich vein below the big fault. A good vein and similar ore to the Meteor is exposed on it in several places.

Having received no acknowledgement of the 100-pound specimen of Ottawa ore sent for exhibition at Nelson, Manager R. J. McPhee has gone to see about it. It will probably be forwarded to Spokane for exhibition next month.

From Nelson last week 20,000 feet of lumber was shipped on a C. P. R. barge to the road to the Molly Gibson mine for the new bunk house the company is putting up to replace those destroyed by the great slide two years ago. The new tram is now in running order and the lumber will be sent up on it.

Another great excitement has been created at Goldfield, Nevada, by an additional strike on the Kendall lease of the Sandstorm mine last week. A streak of ore 12 inches in width and assaying $60,000 per ton has been uncovered in a big ore shoot that will bring from $20,000 to $30,000 per ton. It is by far the greatest strike yet made in the Bonanza district.

WHEN JOE STRUCK OIL

By MARIAN HARCOURT

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It had been understood for a year or more that Joe Green, son of Farmer Green, was to marry Bessie Hurlburt, daughter of an adjoining farmer. There was not a cloud on the horizon until a young man named Harry Beechman came into the neighborhood to sell and to show the farmers how to set up wire fencing. He secured board at Hurlburt's and at once became "struck" on Bessie. His admiration naturally pleased her, and when people began to hint that it was a case of love a new idea came into her father's head. He knew Joe to be an honest, hardworking young man, and the question of money had never come up. If he married Bessie he would take her to his own house and provide for her as well as a farmer would be expected to. It was only after the wire fence man came and exhibited his "roll" and talk-

HE JAMMED HIM UP AGAINST THE GRANARY DOOR.

ed of stocks and bonds and bank accounts that Farmer Hurlburt realized what a good thing it would be to have a wealthy son-in-law.

Young Beechman encouraged the feeling in both father and mother, and his lavishness in buying presents for Bessie would have carried a less sensible girl off her feet. But when he began to court in earnest she began to draw away, and Joe Green had nothing to be jealous of. It was soon discovered, however, that he had a fight on hand. The spirit of avarice had been awakened in the souls of the parents, and it was not long before they had a good deal to say to Bessie and something as well to her lover.

"Look here, Joe," said Farmer Hurlburt, who prided himself on his plain speaking, "I have said that you were one of the best young fellers in this county, but you ain't just the match for Bessie. She's smart and good looking and one of the sort who ought to live in town and wear silks and satins instead of plodding away on a farm. I don't want to hurt your feelings, but I wish you'd look around for some other girl."

"You want her to marry the wire fence man, I take it," said Joe in reply.

"Yes, Joe; I do. He's got money. He's making more of it. He'll be as rich as Vanderbilt in ten years more. He offered to lend me $50 the other day without any security at all. He's not only in the wire fence business, but he's into windmills and drainpipe and patent farm gates. He's going into a speculation next week in which he will clear $3,000 or $4,000 in no time at all, and mebbe I'll go in with him. You ain't expecting to make a dollar extra this year, and so"—

"I'm looking for oil down along the creek," interrupted Joe.

"Can't be none there, Joe; can't be no oil in this county. I like you as a man, Joe, but being you haven't got money I shall have to ask you to stay away after this. It may take your appetite away for a few days, but you'll get over it in a week and shine up to one of Jim Gardner's girls."

Bessie was told at the same time that she would be expected to discourage Joe and encourage the other one, and, though she promptly rebelled, her parents put the foot down in a most vigorous way. In a manner the field was left clear for the wire fence man.

Unfortunately for him, he was a boaster and a braggart. He was making a few dollars, but could not count on anything permanent. He realized that if he got the farmer's daughter at all it would be through the aid of money, and he began to plan and scheme.

Circumstances aided him. One day he received a private and confidential letter from New York. An individual in that city had got possession of a bank note plate and was printing greenbacks by the tens of thousands. He was willing that others should share in his good luck. He was so willing that he would sell greenbacks for 10 cents on the dollar and warrant them to pass current anywhere. It was the old, old green goods game, and young Beechman bit.

In turn he became so generous hearted that he was willing to let Farmer Hurlburt in on the spec. Together they hoped to raise $500 in cash, and after some correspondence with the liberal minded man in New York it was decided that the wire fence man should make a little journey and bring back ten for one.

The farmer sold a horse, a cow and three hogs to make up his share of the money, and his prospective son-in-law started for the east. Joe and Bessie had not quarreled. He had ceased hoeing potatoes to dig holes along the creek and look for the black stuff that had made so many men rich. In a sense they were waiting for things to turn up.

"Sarah," said the farmer to his wife after Beechman had departed, "how would you like to have silk dresses all the rest of your life?"

"Don't scare a body to death, father," she replied. "I know you and Harry are going to make millions of money, and I'm so nervous that I break dishes every time I clear the table off."

"Bessie," he continued as he turned to the daughter, "how would you like to ride out in a carriage drawn by four white horses and have so many diamonds on that you shone like the sun?"

"If Joe finds an oil well he may buy me a diamond ring," she quietly answered.

"Don't you keep it up about Joe. He'll never find no oil wells, or, if he does, it will be after you are married and living in a palace and having forty servants to wait on you. Me and your mother have set out to get you a feller worth $1,000,000, and when you are receiving the president of the United States in your own castle you'll be glad you had such a father and mother."

A few days later Bessie set out to spend the afternoon with a neighbor. She had not been gone above an hour when young Beechman returned from his journey. He carried a tin box under his arm, the key thereof in his pocket and exultation in his heart. Soon after his arrival the two men went to the barn to count over their "ten to one." The box was unwrapped, the key inserted and the packages taken out to be counted. Then there came an interval, during which time the wire fence man and the farmer looked into each other's pale face and spoke no word. The "money" was green in color, but that was all. Young Beechman had been done up as thousands before had been done and had brought back only blanks.

They were still looking at each other and licking their dry lips when Joe and Bessie drove up to the gate. As she entered the house Joe hitched the horse and came out to the barn.

"I just wanted to say," he quietly observed, "that four days ago I found oil along the creek and that this afternoon Bessie and I went to Justice Jordan and got married."

In reply Farmer Hurlburt got up and took young Beechman by the collar and slammed him up against the fanning mill and then jammed him up against the granary door and then walloped him all over the floor and ended by throwing him outdoors and sending a kick after him. Then he turned to the newly made husband and held out his hand and said:

"Joe Green, there's only one fool in the Hurlburt family, and that's me. Let's go in and have some cider and kiss the bride."

Umbrella Language.

There is a language of umbrellas as of flowers. Place your umbrella in a rack, and this will indicate that it will change owners. An umbrella carried over a woman, the man getting nothing but the drippings of the rain, signifies courtship. When the man has the umbrella and the woman the drippings it indicates marriage. To swing your umbrella over your head signifies "I am making a nuisance of myself." To carry it at right angles under your arm signifies that an eye is to be lost by the man who follows you. Opening an umbrella quickly, it is said, will frighten a mad bull. To put a cotton umbrella by the side of a silk one signifies, "Exchange is no robbery." To purchase an umbrella means, "I am not smart, but honest." To lend an umbrella indicates, "I am a fool." To return an umbrella means—well, never mind what it means; nobody ever does that. To carry an umbrella just high enough to tear out men's eyes and knock off men's hats signifies, "I am a woman." To press an umbrella on your friend, saying, "Oh, do take it; I had much rather you would than not," signifies lying. To carry it from home in the morning means, "The rain will clear off."

Thrown Off the Scent.

As the immaculate young woman and the tired but happy looking young man entered the Pullman, followed by a grinning porter, the other passengers became "wise" in a moment. The stout drummer leaned over to the man behind him and remarked:

"Bride and groom—hundred to one."

Every one turned to view the newcomers, who had deposited themselves vis-a-vis in No. 4. As if unconscious of any scrutiny, the young man said in a high nasal voice:

"Well, do as you like about it—either increase the margin or let it go! You didn't follow my advice in the first place, but if you want to pull out you'd better take it now."

"Oh, I know," the woman replied. "What's the use of going all over it again?"

"Huh!" said the stout man's companion. "Guess you lose. Been playing the market. Not much bride and groom talk about that."

The rest of the passengers sniffed and then turned their backs on the new couple, whereat the young man smiled at the young woman, and they softly joined hands as he whispered:

"Millicent, dear, my shoes are full of rice."—New York Press.

WESTERN CANADIAN EDITORS

A series of articles describing their lives, their aims and their influence.

No. 5.

PHILIP PURCELL.

PHILIP PURCELL,
Editor of the Brandon Sun.

Of all the newspaper men of Western Canada, few, outside his own city, are less known than Philip Purcell, editor of the Brandon Sun. In most of the western Canadian towns the local editor is as well known as the mayor or auctioneer. In small communities it is difficult, indeed, well nigh impossible, for the writer or publisher of a newspaper to resist the pressure that persistently forces him forward to the front rank in local affairs. Almost always a man of intelligence, and frequently a man of ability, by virtue of his profession familiar with, and an authority on, all matters of public interest, the irresistible tendency is to compel him, sooner or later, to take positions of public responsibility and trust. To be able to continuously resist the pressure in this direction is to argue personal unfitness, personal disinclination or unusual personal powers of resistance.

Mr. Purcell represents perhaps a combination of the two latter qualities. Those who know him best esteem him one of the very best newspaper men in Western Canada. Had he any aspirations to public office, or any other position of kudos or fame, the means to gratify his wish have long been at his command. But Mr. Purcell is a strong believer in the anonymity of journalism. The English dictum that "all credit is due to the paper, and none to the editor," is a belief to which he subscribes unreservedly, and of the practice of which his whole life is a noteworthy example. In his time he has made many reputations for others, and he has also marred a few. His influence is undeniable, but is never personally exerted. When a man is identified with a movement, whether political, municipal, or in any other capacity bringing him before public attention, the paper Mr. Purcell directs praises or blames, as seemeth to him good, with judicious commendation or unsparing flagellation, but, in either case, without a trace of personal feeling. But nobody ever dreams, in Mr. Purcell's case, of associating the man with his paper. A year or so ago, when he had charge of the Brandon Times, nobody ever heard the expression "Mr. Purcell says so and so." It was always "I see the Times says so." And, now that he has charge of the Sun, the saying is the same. A more complete merging of the identity of the man with the paper he edits it would be difficult to find than that of Mr. Purcell.

It need not be thought, however, that Mr. Purcell is an unapproachable recluse. On the contrary he is, exteriorily at least, the most accessible and popular of men. A constant stream of visitors drops into his office, and in the course of a few minutes chat the genial editor has absorbed news and views as a sponge does water. Mr. Purcell has the true news gathering instinct. He will "get a story" out of the most uncompromising conditions, and "nose out the news" in defiance of every obstacle. And his ability to write a news item brightly and interestingly is as apparent as that of securing the data therefor.

Mr. Purcell is one of the many splendid newspaper men who have graduated from "the case." He is a practical printer, whose care, taste and knowledge of the minutiae of the business has perhaps no superior in the West. He learned his business in the Guelph Herald office, which he entered in 1879. He was then a boy of fourteen, having been born in the Royal City June 7, 1865. He worked his way upward from galley boy, and after eight years came west. Mr. E. L. Christie, Brandon's big bookseller, was establishing a book and job printing office, and of this he put Mr. Purcell in charge. Those were the days when typographic excellence was a factor but little appreciated in the West, but the new job office set to work to cultivate a taste for individualism and quality in printing products, and in consequence speedily gathered to itself a practical monopoly of high-class work from the West. The standard of excellence on which Mr. Purcell insisted was a liberal education to his competitors, and the whole range of quality in the West was of necessity raised to meet the new mark his office had set.

For nine years Mr. Purcell directed the Christie job plant, when in 1897 the concern acquired the Brandon Times, and Mr. Purcell was given the editorial charge and control of the paper. As an editor his career duplicated the success he had already achieved as a job plant manager. The news of the paper was reorganized, and a higher quality of work required. The paper took a new lease of life, and speedily became one of the best paying propositions in the West. Its editorials were usually plain, pithy business talks, of a kind most impressive and convincing. Outside Winnipeg, the Conservative party in the West had no more loyal or able supporter than the Brandon Times, while, as might be expected from Mr. Purcell's record, the make-up and appearance of the Times was a model to the whole western press.

In April last year Mr. Purcell acquired an interest in the Sun, Brandon's daily newspaper. Under his management the paper has improved in both its appearance and its news service. Its advertising patronage and its circulation have both increased enormously, and its hold on popular favor is stronger than ever. Moreover, there is no sign of stoppage to its growth. Mr. Purcell is devoting the same energy to the upbuilding of the Sun as he did aforetime to that of its competitor, and with results as apparent. His striking success in this regard having, in the same town, twice demonstrated his capacity and ability as director of every department of a newspaper, is a record of which any man might well be proud, and which has not been duplicated by any other journalist in the West.

SALT AND ICE.

The Process That Begins When the Two Are Mixed.

It is not correct to say that salt dissolves ice, since real solution only takes place when a solid, liquid or gas is dissolved in a liquid.

The true explanation of the fact that ice melts when common salt is added to it depends upon the simple physical principle that when a salt is dissolved in water heat is absorbed, and its temperature is lowered. When salt and ice are mixed together some of the salt dissolves in the small amount of water which is always present, the temperature is thereby lowered, and a new freezing point is established.

The remainder of the ice—being at a temperature higher than this new freezing point—slowly melts, and more salt is dissolved until the solution is saturated. The temperature can in this way be lowered to 22 degrees C., which is the freezing point of a definite compound of salt and water.

The salts dissolved in sea waters serve a very important purpose, as it requires a greater degree of cold to cause the formation of ice on them than on fresh water.

ANCIENT CURRENCY.

The Chinese Once Used Small Bronze Knives For Money.

Knife money, a species of ancient Chinese currency, was associated with the state of Ts'i, one of the most powerful of the early subdivisions of the Celestial Empire, which came into power B. C. 1122 and was subdued by the rival state of Ts'in, B. C. 224. This quaint form of money consisted of small curved bronze knives, some seven inches in length, with inscribed blades and handles terminating in rings.

This knife money dropped out of use with the reduction of Ts'i, but was revived by the usurper Wang Mang, who was murdered A. D. 23. The issues of this potentate were half as long again as the earlier currency. They were also much thicker, and the ring at the end of the handle was replaced by a rim and central square hole resembling the hole in the modern "cash." Other Chinese currencies of great antiquity and of similar sort were adze money, or small hatchets, with such varieties of tool currency as chisels, spades and planes, all of which passed from hand to hand in the ordinary way as a circulating medium.

THE WORD "HANDICAP."

It Comes From the Ancient Custom of Hand In the Cap.

In former days a "handicap" was conducted thus: A, wishing for something which belonged to B, say a horse, would offer his watch for it. If A agreed, C was chosen to fix the sum that should be given by one or the other to make the exchange fair.

The three then put down a stake, and A and B, each holding a piece of money, put their hands into a cap or hat, or into their pockets, while C, enlarging on the respective merits of the horse and watch, made his award in as rapid and complex a manner as possible, ending it with the words, "Draw, gentlemen!"

A and B instantly drew out and opened their hands. If money appeared in both the exchange was made; if in one only, or in neither, the award was off, and in every case C took the stakes.

The modern use of handicap has arisen from the employment of experts to make fair conditions for a race in which the competitors are of unequal age or power.

Genius.

Men give me some credit for genius. All the genius I have lies in this: When I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly. Day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings. My mind becomes pervaded with it. Then the effort which I make the people are pleased to call the fruit of genius. It is the fruit of labor and thought.

What He Put Up.

"Has your friend Bifkins, the architect, put up anything lately?"

"Yes; I tried to collect a bill from him yesterday, and he put up a good bluff."

THE CORSET.

How It Should Be Adjusted For Comfort and Health.

This article of dress has been the subject of much discussion. It has the most direct bearing on the general health.

If women knew how to adjust corsets properly they would prove a blessing instead of the curse they have been.

Use two strings (not three, as many do in order to be able to "pull in" the waist). Lace the first from the bottom up to the waist line, the second from the waist line to the top. Let the strings hang loosely until the garment is on and hooked. Then the abdomen should be pressed up into place by the hands, not pushed down, as usual, and the lower string drawn up and fastened. The shape of the corset holds the abdomen in place. The upper string is left very loose and fastened. This permits the lungs to be filled with air.

This is the only healthful way to wear a corset, and if so worn it acts as a support to the organs and also to the clothing.

By first adjusting and fastening the lower part, then by drawing a very deep breath while the upper string is entirely loose, one can tell how much "slack" should be left in order to have unrestricted breathing.

Try it, you women who find corsets uncomfortable.—Exchange.

WOMEN'S INVESTMENTS.

Remember That High Interest, as a Rule, Means Risky Securities.

How can a woman who has a few thousand dollars place it where it will draw a little better interest than it would if left with a savings bank or responsible trust company and still be safe?

There can be, of course, no certain and general answer to this question, since what is sought for is the mysterious balance between safety and profit in business affairs which must always be a matter of delicate, individual adjustment and involves the use of poised judgment and the possession of large experience. One certain general principle nevertheless does govern the matter. It is this: The amount of money seeking desirable investment is always so great that the competition of investment for the ownership of securities of high class is very acute and tends, save under exceptional circumstances, to bring down the interest rate on these securities to a low level. A high interest rate is therefore almost invariably and in the very nature of things a warning of insecurity. If the large dividends paid by this or that enterprise whose advertisements were in fact well assured, the great, shrewd capitalists of the country would be the first to know the truth and to seize possession of such treasures.—Exchange.

LAUNDRY LINES.

To clean flatirons rub them on green cedar.

Never put table linen into soapsuds until the stains have been removed by pouring boiling water through the linen.

Baby's knitted sack will be out of shape and stringy if it is hung to dry. Next time dry it on a paper on the warming oven.

Bits of soap which are too small to be used should be carefully laid aside for laundry days. Then they can be melted and added to the wash boiler.

Buttermilk will bleach clothes if they are soaked in it for two or three days. Then they should be washed, boiled and dipped in bluing in the usual manner.

In ironing handkerchiefs it is useful to remember that the middle should be ironed first. To iron the edges first causes the middle to swell out like a balloon and makes it difficult to iron satisfactorily.

Bed Valances.

The most satisfactory method of fastening a valance to a brass or iron bed is by means of a piece of heavy muslin laid over the springs. Cut a piece of cotton cloth that has been shrunk—preferably unbleached—that will come just to the edge of the frame. To this fasten the goods for the valance either laid in plaits or shirred, having the flounce hemmed at the ends where it touches the bedposts. After basting securely place on the bed and put the mattress in place to be sure the valance hangs evenly. After stitching on the machine, with a long stitch, fasten to the springs in several places, head, foot and sides, with cord to prevent slipping.

Bureau Covers.

Linen scrim makes handsome and inexpensive table and bureau covers if worked in a cross stitch pattern with double floselle or san silk. The pattern chosen may be as elaborate or as simple as one prefers. The spread is first hemstitched, a three inch hem being liked for a small spread. Within the hem the border is worked. Pillow and pincushion tops are also worked on the same material. A pillow top seen recently was worked in yellow silk, a number of stitches and patterns being combined so that it was almost solidly worked. It was very handsome and represented a good deal of patience and eyesight.

Making Mayonnaise.

A medicine dropper as an adjunct to the making of mayonnaise was the inspiration of a housewife not long ago. Every one who ever tried to make mayonnaise knows the bother of adding the oil slowly, drop by drop, until the dressing is thick enough. This woman experienced the same difficulty and met it with the five cent medicine dropper, which adds the oil with machine-like regularity and precision.

HE FEELS AS YOUNG AS EVE

Mr. Chester Loomis To Dodd's Kidney Pills.

And From a Used Up Man He Becam as Smart as a Boy.

Orland, Ont., Sept. 19—(Special Mr. Chester Loomis, an old and spected farmer living in this sectio is spreading broadcast the good ne that Dodd's Kidney Pills are a su cure for the Lame Back and Kidn Disease so common among old pe ple. Mr. Loomis says:

"I am 76 years of age and sma and active as a boy, and I gi Dodd's Kidney Pills all the cred for it.

"Before I started to use Dodd Kidney Pills I was so used up could hardly ride in a buggy and could not do any work of any kind Everybody thought I would not li long. Dodd's Kidney Pills are a wo derful remedy."

The Kidneys of the young may be wrong but the Kidneys of the ol must be wrong. Dodd's Kidney Pill make all wrong Kidneys right. That is why they are the old folks' great est friend.

Why did Adam, when alone, find the day very long?—Because it was always mourning (morning) without Eve.

The Backache Stage may be just that incipient form of kidney disease which, if neglected, will develop into stubborn and distressing disorder that will take long tedious treatment to cure. Don't neglect the "backache stage" of the most insidious of diseases. South American Kidney Cure stops the ache in six hours and cures.—30

Why does a pony never pay toll?—Because his master pays it for him.

If cheese comes after meat, what comes after cheese?—Mice.

What town in Kent is like a pantomine?—Rye; because there are so many Rye (wry) faces in it.

THERE IS ONLY ONE GENUINE Fly Pad; that's Wilson's. Avoid poor imitations.

Candy.

"The talk about adulterated candies," said a manufacturer, "is nonsense. There is a national organization of confectionery manufacturers which makes a business of investigating all reports of poisoning from eating candy and has succeeded in exploding most of such rumors. When a child is hungry it will fill up on almost anything it can get hold of—green apples, for instance, or even gravel or grass. It gets sick, and the mother, knowing it had eaten candy that day, spreads the report that the sweets were poisoned. The organization looks into every such case it hears about and finds out the truth. Competition is too strong for any concern to try to sell adulterated goods. The firm's competitors would immediately analyze the piece which is sold suspiciously cheap, and if it contained injurious ingredients would not be slow in proclaiming the fact. Good business principles demand honesty in the manufacture of candies."

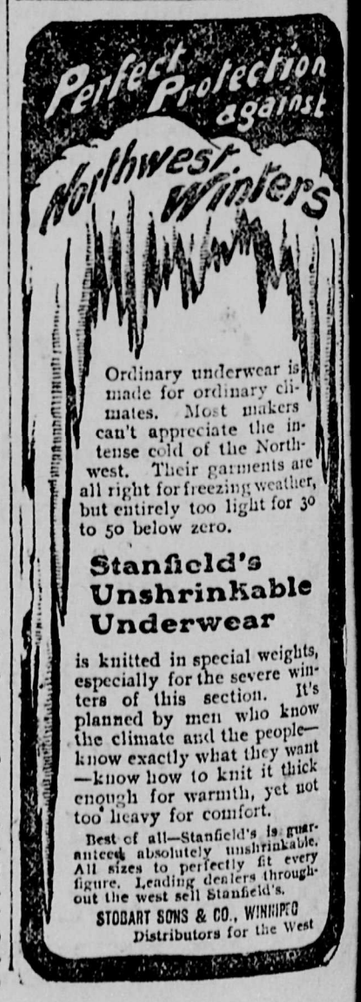
What fine days there are for fishing when a man can't get away from his work.

Neglect a cough and contract consumption.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung Tonic

cures consumption, but don't leave it too long. Try it now. Your money back if it doesn't benefit you.

Prices: 25c 50c. $1 S. C. WELLS & Co. LeRoy, N. Y., Toronto, Can.



Ordinary underwear is made for ordinary climates. Most makers can't appreciate the intense cold of the Northwest. Their garments are all right for freezing weather, but entirely too light for 30 to 50 below zero.

Stanfield's Unshrinkable Underwear

is knitted in special weights, especially for the severe winters of this section. It's planned by men who know the climate and the people—know exactly what they want—know how to knit it thick enough for warmth, yet not too heavy for comfort.

Best of all—Stanfield's is guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable. All sizes to perfectly fit every figure. Leading dealers throughout the west sell Stanfield's.

STODART SONS & CO., WINNIPEG
Distributors for the West

THE DRILL

SLOCAN, B. C.

What does every one thirst after?—d herring.

Why are some men like glow-orms?—Because it must be dark en they shine.

Why was the giant Goliath very ch astonished when David hit him th a stone?—Because such a thing d never entered his head before.

TRIAL PROVES ITS EXCELLENCE e best testimonial one can have of virtue of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil the treatment of bodily pains, coughs, ds and affections of the respiratory gans, is a trial of it. If not found sovereign remedy it is reputed to then it may be rejected as useless, d all that has been said in its praise nounced as untruthful.

When did King John resemble a n whose things were not returned his laundress?—When his baggage s lost in the Wash.

C. RICHARDS & CO.

Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINI-ENT is our remedy for sore roat, colds and all ordinary ail-ents.

It never fails to relieve and cure mptly.

CHARLES WHOOTEN.

Port Mulgrave.

What part of the History of Rome uld an *old lady naturally* object read?—The history of her decline d fall.

Salt Rheum, Tetter, Eczema.

These distressing skin diseases relieved one application. Dr. Agnew's Ointment a potent cure for all eruptions of the n. Jas. Gaston, Wilkesbarre, says: or nine years I was disfigured with tter on the hands. Dr. Agnew's Oint-ent cured it." 35 cents.—31

If a pair of spectacles could speak at ancient historian would they ention?—Eusebius (you see by us).

What is most like a cat's tail?—A ten's tail.

person should go from home with-a bottle of Dr. Kellogg's Dysentery dal in their possession, as change of , cooking, climate, etc., frequently s on summer complaint, and there thing like being ready with a sure dy at hand, which oftentimes saves suffering, and frequently valuable This Cordial has gained for itself *despread reputation for affording* pt relief from all summer com-ts.

If a store were thrown into the Sea what would it become?—A stone (wet stone).

Why were the builders of the Tower abel like the letter F?—Because made a brick fabrick.

BUSHEL OF FLIES have actually killed by one packet of Wilson's Pads. No other fly killer com-s with Wilson's.

Why is a little dog's tail like the t of a tree?—Because it is far-from the bark.

rd's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Dangers of the Sea.

e fourth day a perfect mountain ater, the biggest sea I have ever in all my life, came towering up ell on the Roddam. I thought she foundered, but she shook it off, we saw that the after deck house the hand steering gear had been ed away as clean as cutting off op of a cake. A piece of the truck got jammed in the wheel chains, the next bash the rudder got broke chains. In half a minute we were owing helplessly in the trough of sea, and I knew that another big would end the chapter. Getting men together, I made a try at get-the chain picked up and spliced. steward, who was a brave lad, over the side and got up the end. We had tied ourselves to-er for the work, and that was all kept us from being washed over-d. In a few minutes we had con-ed up the chain with a strong and were ready to get back amid-when the wreck of the hand ing gear, which was swinging came clipping around and caught steward's leg, taking it off like a her chops off a bone.—Metropoli-Magazine.

Early Horse Race Prizes.

izes for winners of horse races dreds of years ago took curious s. The earliest was the "brigila " or golden bridle. After this the in England was a bell. This idea taken from the custom among ers of pack horses of decorating best horse, which led the cavalcade, a bell, so that on dark nights and dangerous places the whereabouts the leader might be known and the hers follow boldly. At Carlisle, sil-er bells were raced for by the moss oopers and dalesmen and specimens these bells are still retained in the own hall.

Bilious?

Dizzy? Headache? Pain ack of your eyes? It's your iver! Use Ayer's Pills. Gently laxative; all vegetable. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FIFTY CTS. R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Inside Facts. It's the "inside" Facts the cup drawing contents of a packet that makes it good or bad.

"SALADA"

Ceylon Tea has a reputation for a Genuine Sterling Worth that none dare gainsay. Black or Natural Green. Both equally "Pure.". Sealed Packets Only. By All Grocers.

Reverting to the duties of a whip and patronage secretary, it is an astonishing fact that gentlemen of birth and social position can be found to fill the post. The junior whips' duties are not only onerous, but irksome. They sit or stand in the outer lobby of the house from 3:30 to 12:30 at night, and they ask every member who passes where he is going, whether he is paired and when he will be back. If he is not paired, they have either to find a pair for him or to prevent him from passing out by coaxing or threats, the former for preference. When their party are in, these gentlemen have to attend to their office from 12 to 3. Their hours of duty are, therefore, from 11 a. m. to 12 p. m., or thirteen hours, with intervals for lunch, and this they do for £1,000 a year. When their party is out, they do it, minus their office work, for nothing.

In addition to keeping an eye on his juniors, the chief whip, who has £2,000 a year, deals with the members on their more touchy side. It is he who practically distributes ribbons and titles and sees that cards of invitation are sent to this man and that; that no one is given undue preference, a delicate duty which requires much tact and skill.—London Standard.

HEALTHY BABIES

Healthy babies are always happy babies. If the stomach and bowels are kept right the little ones will be healthy and happy. Baby's Own Tablets are the best thing in the world to accomplish this purpose. The Tablets are the favorite prescription of a doctor who for years made the ailments of the little ones a specialty. They are used in thousands of homes, bringing health to little ones and comfort to mothers. The Tablets reduce fever, break up colds, expel worms, check diarrhoea, cure constipation, promote indigestion, allay the irritation of teething and bring sound healthy sleep. Ask any mother who has used these tablets and she will tell you there is no other medicine so safe and effectipe. Good for the new born baby or the well grown child, and guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Medicine dealers everywhere sell the Tablets or you can get them by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

What time of night will cats go in at the front door?—When they find it open.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT

Removes all hard, soft or calloused *lumps and blemishes from horses*, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, sprains; cures sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by the use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known.

What makes more noise than a pig in a sty?—Two pigs.

What is the most wonderful animal *in the farm yard?*—A pig, because he is killed and then cured.

Deafness of 12 Year's Standing.—Contracted Catarrh produces deafness in many cases. Captain Ben. Connor, of Toronto, Canada, was deaf for 12 years from Catarrh. All treatments failed to relieve. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave him relief in one day, and in a very short while the deafness left him entirely. It will do as much for you. 50 cents.—33

What may a hen said to be doing when she cackles after laying an egg? Chanting her little lay.

Why would an owl be offended if you called him a pheasant?—Because you would be making game of him.

A CURE FOR FEVER AND AGUE.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are compounded for use in any climate, and they will be found to preserve their powers in any latitude. In fever and ague they act upon the secretions and neutralize the poison which has found its way into the blood. They correct the impurities *which find entrance into the system* through drinking water or food and if used as a preventive fevers are avoided.

Two vowels and fifty will name a fish.—Eel.

Why is Buckingham Palace the cheapest of houses?—Because it was built for one sovereign and furnished for another.

IT PAYS TO BUY the best and Wilson's Fly Pads are the best fly killers made.

Why does a donkey eat a thistle?—Because he's an ass.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

What parts of yourself does a carpenter *often use*; and, when beheaded are what we should all wish to be free from?—Nails, ails.

THE CHEAPEST FLY KILLERS MADE ARE WILSNN'S PADS and they are sold everywhere. Beware of *imitations.*

Name the only King crowned in England since the Conquest.—James I., who was King of Scotland *before* he was crowned King of England.

IN MODERN DAYS.

The Ways of Doing Things Have Greatly Changed.

No Branch of Science has made Greater Advancement Than that of Medicine —Thousands of Lives Prolonged by Modern Discoveries.

"Few things have developed as rapidly during the past quarter of a centure as the science of medicine," said a well known practitioner recently. "And undoubtedly the most striking *phase in its progress is in the treatment* of the blood. In the old days it was thought that opening a vein and letting the blood out was a cure for most diseases. The utter fallacy of that theory was discovered after a while. Then the symptoms of the disease were treated and the blood disregarded. That also has been shown to be a wrong practice, for, though driven away for a time, the symptoms always return if the cause is not removed, and the disease is worse than before. It is the root of the disease that must be attacked, *and the most important development* of modern medical science has been in discovering that, in most diseases, this lies in the condition of the blood. If the blood is thin and poor, the nerves and vital organs cannot receive their proper nourishment, the system becomes run down and in a condition to invite disease. Build up the blood, restore the worn-out nerves and you remove the cause. When the cause is gone the disease will vanish."

An instance of the truth of this is given by Miss A. M. Tuckey, Ox*drift, Ont., who says:*—"I do not know what would have become of me had it not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My blood seemed to have turned to water, and I was troubled with dizziness, heahaches and general prostration. I tried several medicines but instead of getting better I was gradually but surely growing worse. I became so weak I could no longer work, and it was while in this condition I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After using the pills for a few weeks I began to gain in *strength; my appetite returned*, the headaches and dizziness vanished, and before long I was enjoying as good health as ever I had done in my life. I cannot thank you enough for the good the pills have done me, and I hope they will long continue to help other sufferers."

Indigestion, neuralgia, heart trouble, anaemia, kidney and liver complaints, rheumatism, the functional ailments of women, and a host of other troubles are all a disease of the blood, and that is why they are always cured by the use of Dr. William's Pink Pills, which actually make new, rich, red blood, thus reaching the root of the disease and driving it from the system. The great success of this medicine has induced some unscrupulous dealers to offer pink colored imitations. You can protect yourself against these by seeing that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" is printed on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers, or may be had direct from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

What is the more valuable; a ten-pound note or ten sovereigns?—A *ten-pound note*; because when you put it in your pocket you double it, and when you take it out again you see it in creases.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.—Medical Science by accident discovered the potency of the pineapple as a panacea for stomach troubles. The immense percentage of vegetable pepsin contained in the fruit makes it an almost indispensable remedy in cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. One tablet after each meal will cure most chronic cases. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—32

What town in Norfolk is like ham at five shillings a pound?—Dereham.

Why was Ruth very rude to Boaz? Because she pulled his ears and trod *on his corn.*

IT IS WORTH 10 CENTS to clear your house of flies, and one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads will do it.

Which are the lightest men—Englishmen, Scotchmen or Irishmen?—In Ireland there are men of Cork, in Scotland men of Ayr, but in England on the Thames there are light-*ermen.*

USEFUL AT ALL TIMES.—In winter or in summer Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will cope with and overcome any irregularities of the digestive organs which change of diet, change of residence, or variation of temperature may bring about. They should always be kept at *hand, and once their beneficial action* becomes known no one will be without them. There is nothing nauseating in their structure, and the most delicate can use them confidently.

If a king kiss a queen and a queen kiss a king, what public building in London will it represent?—The Royal Stock Exchange.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Why is it probable that King Charles consented to be executed?—Because they axed him whether he would or not.

THE PARISIAN LUNCH.

A Substantial Meal Served In the Middle of the Day.

Noon or 12:30 is the universal hour for the strictly Parisian lunch, which commences with "hors d'oeuvres," appetizers eaten with butter—the only time butter is ever served on a French table.

The endless variety of "hors d'oeuvres" would fill a volume—sardines, shrimps, olives, radishes. Tiny salads of every description are included among them.

An egg or fish course follows, and the various ways in which both are cooked would also fill a volume. Next the meat is served—beef, mutton, lamb or veal—accompanied by one vegetable or a salad. If a vegetable, the salad follows as a separate course with fowl, game or cold meat of some kind. If a salad is the accessory for the meat then some vegetable comes after it as a single course preceding the cheese—never omitted—and which with fruit of some kind forms the dessert. Between the salad and cheese course a sweet dish, an "entremet," consisting of a custard, cream, tart or the like, is often served, but cheese and fruit are usually allowed the honors of the ordinary *average luncheon dessert* topped off with a good cup of coffee and a tiny glass of some liqueur.—What to Eat.

When trouble goes hunting him a man may dodge it, but when a man goes hunting trouble it hasn't one chance in a thousand of escaping him —Cincinnati Times-Star.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Why is a well-trained horse like a benevolent man?—Because it stops at the sound of woe.

When is wine like a pig's tooth?—When it is in a hog's head.

BLAIR'S GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

TESTIMONIAL from the late SIR SAMUEL BAKER, the famous Nile Explorer.

"Newton Abbot, Devon. Dear Sirs—I have delayed my thanks as I wished to test the effect of Blair's Pills by a sufficient interval of time.

"For ten years I had suffered acutely from Gout and life had lost its attraction owing to the uncertainty of health and sudden visitations of the enemy which prostrated me for months, or weeks according to the virulence of the attacks.

"Blair's Pills have rendered me immense service, as I no longer fear an attack of Gout.

"For the last twenty months I have been comparatively free, as one or two attempted visitations have been immediately stamped out by the assistance of Blair's Pills.

"Truly yours (Signed) Saml. W. Baker.

Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal and Toronto; The Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg; and Martin, Bole & Wynne Co., Winnipeg.

H.B.K. BRAND

BIG SHIRT

Made big enough for a big man to work in with comfort. Has more material in it than any other brand of shirt in Canada. Made on the H.B.K. scale it requires 39½ to 42 yards per dozen, whereas common shirts have only 32 to 33 yards.

That's the reason why the H.B.K. "Big" Shirt never chafes the armpits, is never tight at the neck or wristbands, is always loose, full and comfortable and wears well.

Each shirt bears a tiny book that tells the whole history of the "Big" Shirt, and also contains a notarial declaration that the H.B.K. "Big" Shirt contains 39½ to 42 yards of material per dozen.

Sold at all dealers but only with this brand:—

H.B.K. BRAND

HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO.

Montreal Winnipeg Dawson

1

Why was the whale that swallowed Jonah like a milkman who has retired on an independence?—Because he took great profit out of the water.

Suppose we were to bore a hole exactly through the earth, starting from Exeter, and you went in at this end, where would you come out? Out of the hole.

Case of Nervous Prostration.

For Months Mrs. Myles Lay a Helpless Sufferer—Attributes Restoration to

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Mrs. John Myles, senior, of South Woodslee, Essex County, Ont., is well known throughout the surrounding country because of her work among the sick and suffering, and it was on account of over-exertion in this regard that her health broke down, and she lay weak and helpless, a victim of nervous prostration. Doctors could not help her, and she resolved to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. As a result she has been thoroughly restored, and by recommending this treatment to others has been the means of bringing back health and happiness to many a weakened and discouraged sufferer from diseases of the nerves.

Mrs. Myles writes:—"When I began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I was confined to my bed with what the doctors said was nervous prostration. My stomach was very weak, and I could not sleep at all for any length of time. Nervous chills and trembling would come over me at times and I seemed to be getting weaker and weaker all the time. There was also pains on top of the head, which caused me much suffering and anxiety.

"After using half a dozen boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I began to gain in weight and to feel stronger. Since then I have been gradually restored to health, and in looking back can say that the improvement has been something wonderful. I used in all forty boxes of the preparation and feel it a duty, as well as a privilege, to recommend it to all who are suffering from nervous disorders. Several persons to whom I have described my case have used it and been cured, and I am sure that I owe my present good health, if not life itself, to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

I AM THE OLDEST Established Grain Commission Merchant in Winnipeg.

Consign your grain to me and get prompt service, careful attention, and highest market prices.

Reference—UNION BANK of CANADA. S. SPINK, DRAWER 1300.

The present indications point to a spotted wheat crop in Southern Manitoba on account of rust. We have had a great deal of experience handling shrunken grain. You may have the benefit of this experience by shipping your grain to us.

The upper half of Manitoba and the Territories have a fine big crop if not damaged by frost, and we would like to show you prices we can get for grade wheat. Let us prove these facts to you, as we are doing to your neighbors.

McLaughlin & Ellis

GRAIN EXCHANGE, Winnipeg. REFERENCES: Canadian Bank of Commerce, Commercial Agencies.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT, OATS AND FLAX Through a Strictly Commission Firm.

We handle strictly on commission therefore can give every attention to car shipments, and will obtain the best prices for same. We will be pleased to answer enquiries re prices, shipping, etc. If YOU have grain to ship or sell do not fail to write for our "Way of Doing Business," as it will pay you well.

THOMPSON, SONS & CO., The Commission Merchants, Winnipeg.

BANKERS -- UNION BANK OF CANADA.

FARMERS will find it to their advantage to consign their GRAIN to

ROBERT MUIR & CO., Winnipeg

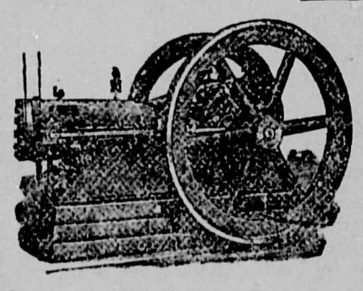
WHO pay highest prices and make prompt retnrns. Advances made on consignments. Correspondence solicited. Established 1886. Reference—Union Bank of Canada.

MARCH-WELLS GRAIN CO.

Grain in car lots bought on track or sold on commission. Reasonable advances made. Prompt returns. Correspondence solicited. References Any Bank in Winnipeg.

ROOM 414, GRAIN EX. BLDG., WINNIPEG.

OHIO GASOLINE ENGINES



PORTABLE ENGINES FOR THRESHING

and STATIONARY for CHOPPING and WOOD SAWING in stock at all times. We can ship at a day's notice. We have sold a large number of those engines and every one has given the best of satisfaction to our customers. Write us for Prices and Catalogue.

We are dealers in Engines, Boilers, Wood Working Machinery, Blacksmith Tools, Power Hammars, Drills, Forges, Emery Wheels and Stands, Pulleys, Shafting, Rubber and Leather Belting, Elevator Machinery, in fact everything in the machinery line.

Henry Ave., East. BURRIDGE-COOPER CO., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Who knows anything about

"BANNIGER"?

All Buyers, Sellers and Users of

EDDY'S IMPERVIOUS SHEATHING PAPER

Are interested in this question

Will every reader of this enquiry "Who knows anything about BANNIGER," Please drop a line on the subject to,

The E. B. EDDY COMPANY, HULL, CANADA.

What makes more noise than a pig in a sty?—Two pigs.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer One Hundred Dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Why is a dog biting his own tail like a good manager?—Because he makes both ends meet.

How did the snail reach the ark?—By perseverance.

Why do little birds in their nests agree?—For fear of falling out.

Why does the cock shut his eyes when he crows?—Because he knows it by heart.

In what place did the cock crow so loud that all the world heard him?—In the ark.

When does a leopard change his spots?—When he moves from one place to another.

W N U No 499

Supplement to The Drill.

Sale of Lands for Unpaid Delinquent Taxes in the Slocan Assessment District, Province of British Columbia.

I hereby give notice that on Wednesday the 12th day of October A. D. 1904, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Government office, at Kaslo, B. C., I shall sell at public auction the lands hereinafter set out of the persons in said list hereinafter set out, for the delinquent taxes unpaid by said persons on the 31st day of December, 1903, and for interest, costs and expenses, including the cost of advertising said sale, if the total amount due is not sooner paid.

Name of Person	Short Description of Property.	Delinquent Taxes		Statutory Cost and Expenses	Total
		Taxes.	Interest at Date of Sale		
Fletcher, Frank	Pt. Lot 337 G. 1, West Arm, 100 acres	$12.00	$ 55	$ 2.00	$14.55
Mulvey, Thos.	Pt. of Sub Div. 1 of Lot 381, G. 1, 75 acres	1.44	.06	2.00	3.50
Fair, J. Albert	Sub Div. 6 of Lot 381, G. 1. 215 acres	4.30.	.20	2.00	6.50
Lipsett, H. J. W.	Sub Div. 12 of Lot 381, G. 1., 208 acres	4.80	.22	2.00	7.02
Punnett, R. B.	north half of Lot 483, G. 1., 80 acres	56.06	8.15	2.00	66.21
Boisvert, G...	Pt Lot 383, G. 1., 76 acres	2.40	.12	2.00	4.52
Fletcher, F.	Lot 395, G. 1., 160 acres	12.00	.55	2.00	14.55
Selous, Harold	Lot 605, G. 1., 160 acres	12.00	.55	2.00	14.55
Darling, R. and Co.	Lot 683, G. 1., 122 acres	9.60	.45	2.00	12.05
Aylwin, Chas.	Lot 1256, G. 1., 142 acres	49.94	7.20	2.00	59.14
Mulvey, Thos.	Pt. Lot 1531, G. 1. 35 acres	1.40	.06	2.00	3.46
Lawrence, J. C.	Lot 1886, G. 1., 160 acres	57.65	7.30	2.00	66.95
Howell, E. C.	Lot 1893, G. 1., 146 acres	45.20	5.35	2.00	52.55
Wilson, A. M.	Lot 2234, G. 1., 149 acres	37.61	4.30	2.00	43.91
Williamson, J. N.	Lot 2355, G. 1., 57 acres	2.28	.10	2.00	4.38
Oro Mining & Milling Co.	Lot 2543, G. 1., 160 acres	88.25	11.77	2.00	102.02
Brayton & Campbell	Lot 5188, G. 1., 160 acres	12.00	.54	2.00	14.54
Miller, E.	Pt Lot 4780, G. 1., Sub Div. 2, 3 acres..	3.20	.20	2.00	5.40
Enterprise Mines,	Lot 5406, G.1., 3.07 acres	.60	.03	2.00	2.63
Stubbs, Wm.	Pt Lot 1239, G. 1., Township 22, 59 acres	2.40	.10	2.00	4.50
Cook, Jowett & Wooley	Lot 471, G. 1., 160 acres	24.00	1.80	2.00	27.80

ALEX LUCAS,
Slocan Assessment District
KASLO, P O.

Dated at Kaslo, B. C., this 8th day of September, 1904

their garments are
t for freezing weather,

THE DRILL

SLOCAN, B. C.

What does every one thirst after?—Red herring.

Why are some men like glow-worms?—Because it must be dark when they shine.

Why was the giant Goliath very much astonished when David hit him with a stone?—Because such a thing had never entered his head before.

TRIAL PROVES ITS EXCELLENCE the best testimonial one can have of the virtue of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for the treatment of bodily pains, coughs, colds and affections of the respiratory organs, is a trial of it. If not found a sovereign remedy it is reputed to be then it may be rejected as useless, and all that has been said in its praise pronounced as untruthful.

When did King John resemble a man whose things were not returned by his laundress?—When his baggage was lost in the Wash.

C. RICHARDS & CO.

Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is our remedy for sore throat, colds and all ordinary ailments.

It never fails to relieve and cure promptly.

CHARLES WHOOTEN.

Port Mulgrave.

What part of the History of Rome would an old lady naturally object to read?—The history of her decline and fall.

Salt Rheum, Tetter, Eczema.—These distressing skin diseases relieved by one application. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a potent cure for all eruptions of the skin. Jas. Gaston, Wilkesbarre, says: "For nine years I was disfigured with tetter on the hands. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cured it." 35 cents.—31

If a pair of spectacles could speak what ancient historian would they mention?—Eusebius (you see by us).

What is most like a cat's tail?—A kitten's tail.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently bring on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand, which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a widespread reputation for affording prompt relief from all summer complaints.

If a stone were thrown into the Red Sea what would it become?—A whetstone (wet stone).

Why were the builders of the Tower of Babel like the letter F?—Because they made a brick fabrick.

A BUSHEL OF FLIES have actually been killed by one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads. No other fly killer compares with Wilson's.

Why is a little dog's tail like the part of a tree?—Because it is farthest from the bark.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Dangers of the Sea.

The fourth day a perfect mountain of water, the biggest sea I have ever seen in all my life, came towering up and fell on the Roddam. I thought she was foundered, but she shook it off, and we saw that the after deck house and the hand steering gear had been carried away as clean as cutting off the top of a cake. A piece of the truck had got jammed in the wheel chains, and the next bash the rudder got broke the chains. In half a minute we were wallowing helplessly in the trough of the sea, and I knew that another big sea would end the chapter. Getting the men together, I made a try at getting the chain picked up and spliced. The steward, who was a brave lad, went over the side and got up the loose end. We had tied ourselves together for the work, and that was all that kept us from being washed overboard. In a few minutes we had connected up the chain with a strong strap and were ready to get back amidships when the wreck of the hand steering gear, which was swinging free, came clipping around and caught the steward's leg, taking it off like a butcher chops off a bone.—Metropolitan Magazine.

Early Horse Race Prizes.

Prizes for winners of horse races hundreds of years ago took curious forms. The earliest was the "briglia d'or," or golden bridle. After this the prize in England was a bell. This idea was taken from the custom among owners of pack horses of decorating the best horse, which led the cavalcade, with a bell, so that on dark nights and in dangerous places the whereabouts of the leader might be known and the others follow boldly. At Carlisle, silver bells were raced for by the moss troopers and dalesmen and specimens of these bells are still retained in the town hall.

Bilious?

Dizzy? Headache? Pain back of your eyes? It's your liver! Use Ayer's Pills. Gently laxative; all vegetable. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. FIFTY CTS. R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Inside Facts. It's the "inside" Facts the cup drawing contents of a packet that makes it good or bad.

"SALADA"

Ceylon Tea has a reputation for a Genuine Sterling Worth that none dare gainsay. Black or Natural Green. Both equally "Pure.". Sealed Packets Only. By All Grocers.

Reverting to the duties of a whip and patronage secretary, it is an astonishing fact that gentlemen of birth and social position can be found to fill the post. The junior whips' duties are not only onerous, but irksome. They sit or stand in the outer lobby of the house from 3:30 to 12:30 at night, and they ask every member who passes where he is going, whether he is paired and when he will be back. If he is not paired, they have either to find a pair for him or to prevent him from passing out by coaxing or threats, the former for preference. When their party are in, these gentlemen have to attend to their office from 12 to 3. Their hours of duty are, therefore, from 11 a. m. to 12 p. m., or thirteen hours, with intervals for lunch, and this they do for £1,000 a year. When their party is out, they do it, minus their office work, for nothing.

In addition to keeping an eye on his juniors, the chief whip, who has £2,000 a year, deals with the members on their more touchy side. It is he who practically distributes ribbons and titles and sees that cards of invitation are sent to this man and that; that no one is given undue preference, a delicate duty which requires much tact and skill.—London Standard.

HEALTHY BABIES

Healthy babies are always happy babies. If the stomach and bowels are kept right the little ones will be healthy and happy. Baby's Own Tablets are the best thing in the world to accomplish this purpose. The Tablets are the favorite prescription of a doctor who for years made the ailments of the little ones a specialty. They are used in thousands of homes, bringing health to little ones and comfort to mothers. The Tablets reduce fever, break up colds, expel worms, check diarrhoea, cure constipation, promote indigestion, allay the irritation of teething and bring sound healthy sleep. Ask any mother who has used these tablets and she will tell you there is no other medicine so safe and effectipe. Good for the new born baby or the well grown child, and guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Medicine dealers everywhere sell the Tablets or you can get them by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

What time of night will cats go in at the front door?—When they find it open.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT

Removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, sprains; cures sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by the use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known.

What makes more noise than a pig in a sty?—Two pigs.

What is the most wonderful animal in the farm yard?—A pig, because he is killed and then cured.

Deafness of 12 Year's Standing.—Protracted Catarrh produces deafness in many cases. Captain Ben. Connor, of Toronto, Canada, was deaf for 12 years from Catarrh. All treatments failed to relieve. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave him relief in one day, and in a very short while the deafness left him entirely. It will do as much for you. 50 cents.—33

What may a hen said to be doing when she cackles after laying an egg? Chanting her little lay.

Why would an owl be offended if you called him a pheasant?—Because you would be making game of him.

A CURE FOR FEVER AND AGUE.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are compounded for use in any climate, and they will be found to preserve their powers in any latitude. In fever and ague they act upon the secretions and neutralize the poison which has found its way into the blood. They correct the impurities which find entrance into the system through drinking water or food and if used as a preventive fevers are avoided.

Two vowels and fifty will name a fish.—Eel.

Why is Buckingham Palace the cheapest of houses?—Because it was built for one sovereign and furnished for another.

IT PAYS TO BUY the best and Wilson's Fly Pads are the best fly killers made.

Why does a donkey eat a thistle?—Because he's an ass.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

What parts of yourself does a carpenter often use; and, when beheaded are what we should all wish to be free from?—Nails, ails.

THE CHEAPEST FLY KILLERS MADE ARE WILSNN'S PADS and they are sold everywhere. Beware of imitations.

Name the only King crowned in England since the Conquest.—James I., who was King of Scotland before he was crowned King of England.

IN MODERN DAYS.

The Ways of Doing Things Have Greatly Changed.

No Branch of Science has made Greater Advancement Than that of Medicine —Thousands of Lives Prolonged by Modern Discoveries.

"Few things have developed as rapidly during the past quarter of a centure as the science of medicine," said a well known practitioner recently. "And undoubtedly the most striking phase in its progress is in the treatment of the blood. In the old days it was thought that opening a vein and letting the blood out was a cure for most diseases. The utter fallacy of that theory was discovered after a while. Then the symptoms of the disease were treated and the blood disregarded. That also has been shown to be a wrong practice, for, though driven away for a time, the symptoms always return if the cause is not removed, and the disease is worse than before. It is the root of the disease that must be attacked, and the most important development of modern medical science has been in discovering that, in most diseases, this lies in the condition of the blood. If the blood is thin and poor, the nerves and vital organs cannot receive their proper nourishment, the system becomes run down and in a condition to invite disease. Build up the blood, restore the worn-out nerves and you remove the cause. When the cause is gone the disease will vanish."

An instance of the truth of this is given by Miss A. M. Tuckey, Oxdrift, Ont., who says:—"I do not know what would have become of me had it not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My blood seemed to have turned to water, and I was troubled with dizziness, heahaches and general prostration. I tried several medicines but instead of getting better I was gradually but surely growing worse. I became so weak I could no longer work, and it was while in this condition I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After using the pills for a few weeks I began to gain in strength; my appetite returned, the headaches and dizziness vanished, and before long I was enjoying as good health as ever I had done in my life. I cannot thank you enough for the good the pills have done me, and I hope they will long continue to help other sufferers."

Indigestion, neuralgia, heart trouble, anaemia, kidney and liver complaints, rheumatism, the functional ailments of women, and a host of other troubles are all a disease of the blood, and that is why they are always cured by the use of Dr. William's Pink Pills, which actually make new, rich, red blood, thus reaching the root of the disease and driving it from the system. The great success of this medicine has induced some unscrupulous dealers to offer pink colored imitations. You can protect yourself against these by seeing that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" is printed on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers, or may be had direct from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

What is the more valuable; a ten-pound note or ten sovereigns?—A ten-pound note; because when you put it in your pocket you double it, and when you take it out again you see it in creases.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.—Medical Science by accident discovered the potency of the pineapple as a panacea for stomach troubles. The immense percentage of vegetable pepsin contained in the fruit makes it an almost indispensable remedy in cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. One tablet after each meal will cure most chronic cases. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—32

What town in Norfolk is like ham at five shillings a pound?—Dereham.

Why was Ruth very rude to Boaz? Because she pulled his ears and trod on his corn.

IT IS WORTH 10 CENTS to clear your house of flies, and one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads will do it.

Which are the lightest men—Englishmen, Scotchmen or Irishmen?—In Ireland there are men of Cork, in Scotland men of Ayr, but in England on the Thames there are lighter-men.

USEFUL AT ALL TIMES.—In winter or in summer Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will cope with and overcome any irregularities of the digestive organs which change of diet, change of residence, or variation of temperature may bring about. They should always be kept at hand, and once their beneficial action becomes known no one will be without them. There is nothing nauseating in their structure, and the most delicate can use them confidently.

If a king kiss a queen and a queen kiss a king, what public building in London will it represent?—The Royal Stock Exchange.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Why is it probable that King Charles consented to be executed?—Because they axed him whether he would or not.

THE PARISIAN LUNCH.

A Substantial Meal Served In the Middle of the Day.

Noon or 12:30 is the universal hour for the strictly Parisian lunch, which commences with "hors d'oeuvres," appetizers eaten with butter—the only time butter is ever served on a French table.

The endless variety of "hors d'oeuvres" would fill a volume—sardines, shrimps, olives, radishes. Tiny salads of every description are included among them.

An egg or fish course follows, and the various ways in which both are cooked would also fill a volume. Next the meat is served—beef, mutton, lamb or veal—accompanied by one vegetable or a salad. If a vegetable, the salad follows as a separate course with fowl, game or cold meat of some kind. If a salad is the accessory for the meat then some vegetable comes after it as a single course preceding the cheese—never omitted—and which with fruit of some kind forms the dessert. Between the salad and cheese course a sweet dish, an "entremet," consisting of a custard, cream, tart or the like, is often served, but cheese and fruit are usually allowed the honors of the ordinary average luncheon dessert topped off with a good cup of coffee and a tiny glass of some liqueur.—What to Eat.

When trouble goes hunting him a man may dodge it, but when a man goes hunting trouble it hasn't one chance in a thousand of escaping him —Cincinnati Times-Star.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Why is a well-trained horse like a benevolent man?—Because it stops at the sound of woe.

When is wine like a pig's tooth?—When it is in a hog's head.

BLAIR'S GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

TESTIMONIAL from the late SIR SAMUEL BAKER, the famous Nile Explorer.

"Newton Abbot, Devon. Dear Sirs—I have delayed my thanks as I wished to test the effect of Blair's Pills by a sufficient interval of time.

"For ten years I had suffered acutely from Gout and life had lost its attraction owing to the uncertainty of health and sudden visitations of the enemy which prostrated me for months, or weeks according to the virulence of the attacks.

"Blair's Pills have rendered me immense service, as I no longer fear an attack of Gout.

"For the last twenty months I have been comparatively free, as one or two attempted visitations have been immediately stamped out by the assistance of Blair's Pills.

"Truly yours (Signed) Saml. W. Baker.

Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal and Toronto; The Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg; and Martin, Bole & Wynne Co., Winnipeg.

H.B.K. BRAND

BIG SHIRT

Made big enough for a big man to work in with comfort. Has more material in it than any other brand of shirt in Canada. Made on the H.B.K. scale it requires 39½ to 42 yards per dozen, whereas common shirts have only 32 to 33 yards.

That's the reason why the H.B.K. "Big" Shirt never chafes the armpits, is never tight at the neck or wristbands, is always loose, full and comfortable and wears well.

Each shirt bears a tiny book that tells the whole history of the "Big" Shirt, and also contains a notarial declaration that the H.B.K. "Big" Shirt contains 39½ to 42 yards of material per dozen.

Sold at all dealers but only with this brand:—

H.B.K. BRAND

HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO.

Montreal Winnipeg Dawson

1

Why was the whale that swallowed Jonah like a milkman who has retired on an independence?—Because he took great profit out of the water.

Suppose we were to bore a hole exactly through the earth, starting from Exeter, and you went in at this end, where would you come out? Out of the hole.

Case of Nervous Prostration.

For Months Mrs. Myles Lay a Helpless Sufferer—Attributes Restoration to

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Mrs. John Myles, senior, of South Woodslee, Essex County, Ont., is well known throughout the surrounding country because of her work among the sick and suffering, and it was on account of over-exertion in this regard that her health broke down, and she lay weak and helpless, a victim of nervous prostration. Doctors could not help her, and she resolved to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. As a result she has been thoroughly restored, and by recommending this treatment to others has been the means of bringing back health and happiness to many a weakened and discouraged sufferer from diseases of the nerves.

Mrs. Myles writes:—"When I began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I was confined to my bed with what the doctors said was nervous prostration. My stomach was very weak, and I could not sleep at all for any length of time. Nervous chills and trembling would come over me at times and I seemed to be getting weaker and weaker all the time. There was also pains on top of the head, which caused me much suffering and anxiety.

"After using half a dozen boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I began to gain in weight and to feel stronger. Since then I have been gradually restored to health, and in looking back can say that the improvement has been something wonderful. I used in all forty boxes of the preparation and feel it a duty, as well as a privilege, to recommend it to all who are suffering from nervous disorders. Several persons to whom I have described my case have used it and been cured, and I am sure that I owe my present good health, if not life itself, to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

I AM THE OLDEST Established Grain Commission Merchant in Winnipeg.

Consign your grain to me and get prompt service, careful attention, and highest market prices.

Reference—UNION BANK of CANADA. **S. SPINK,** DRAWER 1300.

The present indications point to a spotted wheat crop in Southern Manitoba on account of rust. We have had a great deal of experience handling shrunken grain. You may have the benefit of this experience by shipping your grain to us.

The upper half of Manitoba and the Territories have a fine big crop if not damaged by frost, and we would like to show you prices we can get for grade wheat. Let us prove these facts to you, as we are doing to your neighbors.

McLaughlin & Ellis

GRAIN EXCHANGE, Winnipeg. REFERENCES: Canadian Bank of Commerce, Commercial Agencies.

SHIP YOUR **WHEAT, OATS AND FLAX** Through a Strictly Commission Firm.

We handle strictly on commission therefore can give every attention to car shipments, and will obtain the best prices for same. We will be pleased to answer enquiries re prices, shipping, etc. If YOU have grain to ship or sell do not fail to write for our "Way of Doing Business," as it will pay you well.

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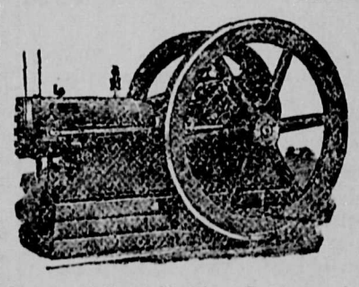

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THE SLOCAN DRILL

C. E. SMITHERINGALE, Editor and Prop.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT

SLOCAN, - - - - B. C.

Legal Advertising 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line each subsequent insertion.

Certificates of Improvement, $7 each.

Transient advertisements at same rates as legal advertising.

Locals will be charged 10 cents a line for each insertion.

Commercial Rates made known upon application.

The Subscription is $2 per year, strictly in advance; $2.50 a year if not so paid.

Address all letters to—

THE SLOCAN DRILL,
Slocan, B. C

UNION LABEL

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1904.

EDITORIAL CROPPINGS.

Peaches were not numbered among the attractions at the Nelson fair until the delegation of young ladies from Slocan arrived.

With a zinc enriching plant in operation at Rosebery and another in Kaslo the much talked of zinc problem for the Slocan should be a thing of the past.

Considerable public attention is being directed toward the Ottawa mine nowadays because it is being made to pay dividends, and, while it is undoubtedly a rich property, there is nothing phenomenal about it. Let any one of the spendthrift managers who have run other properties on the Slocan lake watershed into debt take charge of the Ottawa and there would soon be a call to the Pittburg owners to "dig up." With a little capital to start and sound, practical mining and business management there is much more mining property to pay as well the Ottawa in the Slocan.

The citizens of Cranbrook, Enderby and Ymir are considering incorporporation. All are growing, thrifty towns that need improvements, the expense of which is too great to be met by voluntary subscrition, where all property owners would not bear their share allke. A careful study of the life of each of the smaller cities of British Columbia since incorporation will afford them a good lesson in how to govern themselves. If a list of the mistakes made by every municipality in British Columbia were compiled it would make an instructive book for the mayors and aldermen of all the cities, both young and old.

The proposed call for a second peace conference at The Hague by the president of the United States has been favorably commented on in Europe. It is suggested, however, in official and diplomatic circles that the moment for apeace conference is not opportune in view of the war prevailing in the Orient and the unwillingnesss of the beliigerents to bind themselves to any act which would restrict their operations. The offiicials and diplomats have expressed the hope that the president, when he extends the the invitation, will fix a date so that the meeting will occur after Japan and Russia have arranged for peace.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, the mighty railway magnate, and his party of high-grade subordinates passed around the Silvery Slocan and saw nothing of the hive of industry that will produce millions in gold and silver long after their souls have crossed the last divide and their bodies made meals for the maggots. Even if they were so disposed they could not have enjoyed the grandest scenery of their mighty road on account of the smoke; but after all a railroad man is like a prospector. Both will pass unappreciatively by the grandest sights of nature, one thinking only of his dividends and the other his bacon and beans.

To J. G. Gwillim, now professor in the applied science department of Queen's university, Kingston, Ontario, is due the credit for the discovery of the anthracite coal deposits at Bankhead, near Banff, Alberta, says the Nelson News. Professor Gwillim has been in the habit of devoting his summer vacations to geological work for the C. P. R. and it was when thus employed that he made the discovery. Without thought of self enrichment he at once made known the facts of his discovery to his employers. Professor Gwillim has a very enviable reputation as mining engineer and his friends here will learn with pleasure that he is meeting with full measure of success in his professorial duties at Queen's university.

DRILL POINTS.

Pay up your subscription.

Incorporation is being discussed at Cranbrook.

Jas. Crawford is running a barber shop at Ymir.

A pool table has been installed at the Arlington hotel.

Leo Doiron returned last week from a month's sojourn in Vancouver.

Express money orders are payable everywhere. They are cheapest and safest.

James Cross and Jos. Saulter are the principal lathing contractors of Vancouver.

W. E. Worden has bought the business of the City Transfer company of Cranbrook.

T. McNeish returned Saturday from a wek's visit with his brother at Emmer, Idaho.

Robert Cooper was down last week from Ten Mile and returned to work on his prospects.

W. C. E. Koch has started to improve his ranch recently purchased from Chas. Reidlinger.

Andrew Johnson was in the hospital several days, having been "knocked out" at the Prince.

Charles Johnson committed suicide at Mirror lake near Kaslo last week in an attack of delirium tremens.

John T. Beauschene went to Nelson Tuesday to combine pleasure at the fair with business about town.

Mrs. W. D. McGregor and son Don left for Victoria Saturday morning, where the latter is to attend school.

The Ontario-Slocan Lumber company's barge brought down 20,000 feet of lumber last week for local consumption.

Mike Damico came in last week Tonkin, on the Crow's Nest, to work with his partner, Ralph Gillette, on the Colorado.

Two carloads of lumber were brought down on the barge from Ten Mile last week for trans-shipment to the Northwest.

Mrs. W. E. Boie and Mrs. Bennett returned Monday from a visit in Rossland accompanied by the two sons of T. B. Linton.

Twenty men are working at the zinc enriching plant at Rosebery. The lumber is being shipped by barge from Ten Mile.

Mike Mellan returned Saturday from a summer's prospecting in the Similkameen. He was loaded with copper specimens.

There is not an uninhabited cabin on the second north fork of Lemon creek with a window. All have been smashed by the bears.

The new Sandon Miners' Union hospital, which will be complete in every detail, is expected to be ready for occupancy about Chrtstmas.

R. K. Brown, a nipper at the Ymir mine, was killed last Friday by a fall of 500 feet down the main shaft as a result of a break in the hoist cable.

W. H. and Miss Brandon, Mr. and Mrs. N. F. McNaught and Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Thorburn came down from Silverton Tuesday, en route to Nelson.

The last Gazette contains notice that Hon. R. F. Green will act as minister of Finance during the absence of Hon. R. G. Tatlow in England.

A reception was given by the many friends of Rev. F. McCord at the Royal last Friday evening to himself and bride. Every one present had an enjoyable time.

N. Thomas, the Nakusp sprinter, who won most of the second prizes in the athletic events here on Labor Day, arrived here Monday evening and went on to Nelson Tuesday.

Mrs. Tutcher has succeeded to the business conducted by H. Cleve, and gentlemen wishing their clothes cleaned and repaired may have it done by leaving them at her store.

Miss Few, formerly teacher in the primary department of the Slocan school, has applied for the position in Sandon caused by the resignation of Principal J. H. Lovering, who will go to study medicine at McGill college.

The Ontario-Slocan Lumber company has been losing its logs, and a notice is published in this week's DRILL announcing that all persons having any wrongfully in their possession hereafter will be dealt with according to law.

THE DRILL will print you, on s hor notice and in any amount, shipping tags, billheads, statements, letterheads, noteheads, memos, receipts, envelopes, visiting cards, business cards, bills of fare, dodgers, posters, etc., etc., Will meet any quality or price.

J. M. McGregor is now a professor of applied chemisty in the University of Tokio, Japan. His summer vacation was spent among the volcanoes in the northern part of the island. His Slocan friends remember when mountain climbing was "no picnic" for Murray.

The three private cars used by president Shaughnessy and party on their tour were brought down from the main line via Nakusp and transferred from the barge to the railroad here Friday night. They consisted of the "Cornwall," "York" and "Manitoba." The cars were all splendidly fitted up and the first two were specially constructed for the Duke of York's trip across the continent two years ago.

For first-class bread go to J. H Pinchbeck's.

Alex. Rogers and wife are among the sight see-ers at Nelson.

Local nimrods are after the devastating bears on Lemon creek.

Grant Cox left Tuesday on a few days' visit in Nelson and Ymir.

Paul Hauck returned to his residence in Greenwood Wednesday.

Mrs. W. H. Brandon of Silverton is visiting with Mrs. J. M. M. Benedum.

Mrs. David Arnot went to Nelson Tuesday to enjoy the sights at the fair.

Provincial Officer J. T. Black passed through Slocan Tuesday on his way to Nelson.

Miss Neil, who has been staying at the Royal the past week, left Tuesday for Nelson.

Connection between the upper and lower levels at the Slocan Prince will soon be made.

J. H. Howarth took his two large cages of canaries to place on exhibition at Nelson fair.

J. W. Crow, proprietor of the Arlington, has been spending the past few days in Nelson.

R. P. Rithet, the principal owner in the Arlington, is to establish a branch of his firm in Nelson.

Mike Howard returned to Slocan this week after spending the summer in the mining camps of Idaho.

Ross Maybee arrived from Seattle this week to take up his duties as clerk at W. T. Shatford & Co.'s.

A quorum of the city dads did not present itself at the city Hall Monday night, so no council meeting was held.

Hugh Cameron and wife and C. W. Grimmett and wife were among the Sandon folk who came in on the boat Wednesday.

C. E. Knowles, of the Knowles Electric Zinc Separator company, Joplin, was in the Slocan last week in the interest of his company.

Postmaster McVannel is the busiest man in town to-day. Besides his own valuable services to the public he is acting as butcher, barber and jeweler pro tem.

The post office will be moved into the building formerly occupied by Percy Dickinson as soon as locks arrive for the boxes. Everything else is in readiness.

At Tuesday's cabinet meeting in Ottawa an order-in-council was passed appointing Aulay Morrison, M. P., a justice of the supreme court of B. C., vice Mr. Justice Drake, retired.

W. Whitely, a rancher and fisherman at Slocan Junction, was severely wounded in the side and arm by the accidental discharge of a shot gun while hunting Sunday morning.

Walter Renwick, the athlete who surprised everyone here on Labor day, went to Nelson Tuesday. A match for a hundred-yard footrace may be arranged between himself and N. Thomas.

F. M. Black, secretary-treasurer of the Pioneer Mining company, and Alaxander Sharp, Pat Burns' mining engineer, spent Monday evening and Tuesday morning at the Slocan Prince. They returned to Nelson Tuesday afternoon.

Nelson at the present time should be a crowded place if all the towns in Kootenay send as much of a representation as Slocan. About all of the floating population has gone together with a large number of the business men and their families.

Sandon has been disturbed lately by talk that the C. P. R. was to take over the narrow-gauge road to Kaslo. It has developed, however, that the only change imminent is in the operation of the road from Spokane by the Great Northern, instead of Kaslo, as heretofore.

Six C. P. R. passenger conductors west of Brandon have been fired and it is reported that about a hundred more heads are to fall as a result of what spotters have reporten. Prosecutions are also contemplated against some employes who have been found systematically cheating the road.

Hotel Arrivals.

Arlington—Frank R James, Clyde Loomis, Nelson, Geo Huston, Winnipeg, J J McMullen, S B Greyson, W M Walker, Nelson, F Jorgenson, Ogden, H Richmond, Renton, Jack Grayling, Sandon, Michael Livingstone, W St Clare Brindle, New Denver, Geo Ager, Enterprise, M Winthrop, Sandon, J Weber, Rosebery. N Thomas, J A Lney, Naakusp, H M Thorburn and wife, Silverton, R R Bingham, Mt Clemens, Mich.

Royal—C F Tams, Beaver Creek, Mrs. Hamilton, W Black Rev E H Holman, Nelson, Alexander Sharp, Rosslan, Miss Grace Bonner, Phoenix.

Notice to Delinquent Co-owner

To Elmer J. Felt, or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his interest, in whole or in part, in the Skylark and Ranger mineral claims, situated between the first north fork of Lemon creek and Dayton creek, and recorded in the Slocan City mining division of West Kootenay district:

You are hereby notified that I, Noah F. McNaught, F.M.C. No. B65112, have expended the sum of two hundred and five dollars in labor and general improvements upon the above mentioned claims, in order to hold said mineral claims under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within 90 days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising, your interest in said claims will become the property of the subscriber, under section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

Dated this 13th day of August, 1904.

19-8-04 NOAH F. McNAUGHT

MINING RECORDS.

Appended is a complete list of the various records registered at the local registry office, H. P. Christie being mining recorder:

LOCATIONS.

Sept 22—Fermoy, on Six Mile creek, formerly Piccadily, Geo W Bartlett.

Dunlea, same, formerly Valhalla, Anna Bartlett.

26—Boston, Ten Mile, formerly Buffalo, J H Werely.

ASSESSMENTS.

Sept 23—Cripple Stick Fraction, Tonka (2 years.)

26—Cub Fraction, Aricle.

Pigs for Sale.

FINE healthy pigs for sale, six weeks old, $4 each or $45 per doz. Also young boar seven months old. Apply at Ideal Ranch or address

JOHN GRAHAM, Slocan B. C.

NOTICE.

After this date any person or persons found with any of our logs in their possession, or of taking them from the beach and cutting them up into firewood or ortherwise disposing of them will be dealt with according to law.

ONTARIO-SLOCAN LUMBER CO., LTD.

Slocan, B. C., Sept. 26th, 1904.

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THE MADDEN HOUSE

Slocan, B. C.

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Med. Supt., J. P. CADE, M.D.

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