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THE SLOCAN DRILL.

VOL. II., No. 3. SLOCAN, B. C., APRIL 19, 1901. $2.00 PER ANNUM.

A. YORK & Co.,

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables and Provisions. Goods shipped to any part of the Slocan. Highest cash price paid for raw Furs.

SLOCAN, - - - B. C.

LADIES' GOODS.

We have just received a shipment of Underskirts, Outside Skirts, Wrappers, and Summer Underwear. Also Hosiery, in Cotton and Cashmere; all sizes. Your inspection solicited.

W. T. Shatford & Co., General Merchants,
Slocan, Vernon, Fairview, and Camp McKinney, B. C.

The Royal Hotel

The House is plastered throughout, with large, airy rooms, and fitted up in first-class and modern style.

The dining room is always supplied with the best the market affords.

The bar is stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars. Headquarters for capitalists

W. E. NOBLE, Prop.,
Arthur St., Slocan, B. C.

Transient Rates: $1.50 to $2 per day.

The Victoria Hotel,

SLOCAN, B. C.

Has ample accommodation for a large number of Guests and supplies the best of everything in the Market.

ALEX. STEWART, Prop.

The Arlington Hotel,

SLOCAN, B. C.

Offers up-to-date accommodation for the Public. It is the home of Travelling, Commercial, and Mining Men.

GETHING & HENDERSON, - Proprietors.

The Hotel Slocan,

Slocan, B. C., is under the

Skilled and Personal Management of Jeff Baty,

Who is ever ready to make life pleasant for those who tarry within a while with him.

WILSON HOUSE,

SLOCAN, B. C.

Is reached by any trail or road that runs into the Town.

Do not go past its door when you are dry, weary or hungry.

A. E. TEETER, - Proprietor.

WILL WORK TAMARAC

COMPANY FORMED IN SPOKANE FOR THAT PURPOSE.

The Property is to be Thoroughly Developed During the Summer—A Bond for $18,000 Taken on the Group—High Praise for the Property.

Advices from Spokane state that a new mining and development company has sprung into existence in that city, and has taken an $18,000 bond on the Tamarac group, on Springer creek. The company was formed by D. Lancaster, who was here recently, and concluded the bond for one year. In the meantime the company expects to get out enough ore to pay for the development. The company is to be known as the Tamarac Group Development Syndicate.

Mr. Lancaster, on his return to Spokane, spoke in the highest terms of the property. The group, he said, is four miles east of Slocan and just one mile from the famous Arlington mine, which has become such a large shipper The property was formerly owned by C. M. Gething and George Henderson, Slocan, and Con Fielding of Granite Pass, Ore. The location was made in 1895, since which the owners have done considerable development work, with the result that there is now 500 feet of tunneling.

The directors of the new company are: Judge J. Z. Moore, J. Phillips, Dr. C. F. Hanchett, G. Meese, Frank Loacker, Spokane; T. W. B. London, of Portland, and John F. Holden, of this town. Judge Moore is president, J. Phillips, vice; Dr. Hanchett, treasurer; D. Lancaster, secretary. Jno. F. Holden, formerly superintendent at the Venus, near Nelson, and a practical miner of 23 years' experience, will have charge of development at the Tamarac.

There re three claims embraced in the group, through which runs a strong vein. The vein is a galena and carries high values. Two years ago the owners shipped a carload of ore, which netted $1188 over all expenses.

Bosun Mines, Limited.

The report of the directors of the Bosun Mines, Limited, covering the period from November 30, 1899, to December 31 last, states that up to March, 1900, no mining was in operation at the mine, owing to the general labor troubles in the district, and, therefore, the returns have been only from 10 months' operations, although maintenance charges have been incurred for the whole fourteen months. In the accounts submitted, the entire preliminary expenses of formation have been written off, together with ten per cent depreciation on all buildings and plant. Also all cost of development of levels that are ore-producing has been charged to revenue. A question has arisen between the local smelters and the lead mining industry generally in British Columbia, and the manager has advised that it may be advisable to reduce operations, and, perhaps, to close down temporarily pending a settlement. The directors have, in the meantime, left the question to his discretion. The directors recommend a dividend of five per cent on the amount of all capital paid up.

Local Lime Deposits.

Last summer Geo. Payne located a magnificent deposit of lime some distance below the town and to the east of the railway. The deposit is a huge affair and has had several claims staked upon its outcroppings. Some work was done last fall and a number of tests made, showing a remarkably pure article, the amount of silica and foreign matter not being more than two per cent. Authorities have classed it the finest deposit of lime in the west and sufficient in quantity to keep several smelters running in fluxes. It is close to the railway track and easily handled. This spring Payne has been burning the lime for local plasterers, who pronounce it superior to anything in the country. It should prove a bonanza to its fortunate owner.

Arlington in Fine Shape.

Reports from the Arlington show that property, which is the chief standby of the camp, to be in fine shape and looking as well as at any time in the history of the mine. B tunnel has opened up into the big chute of high grade ore and every day's work is adding to the reserves. A winze is being sunk from the end of the long A tunnel and some of the richest ore found in the mine is being taken out. The development of the Arlington is being conducted in a thorough manner, the result being an enhanced value. When the snow goes new bunkhouses will be erected and many other outside improvements effected. The state of the roads is interfering with shipments, but it will be but temporary.

Made Substantial Progress.

A summary report of the geological survey of the Dominion for last year has just been issued. It contains an excellent description of the country at the head of Fire Valley. In speaking of the Slocan, the report says: "On the whole, mining has continued to make substantial progress throughout West Kootenay during the past year. The mines of the Slocan, which were closed down last year because of labor troubles, were re-opened early in the year. Almost all the old mines are shipping as usual, and the tonnage of the year will greatly exceed that of last. It should almost equal that of 1898. The Ivanhoe concentrator is almost completed, and when this is running a large addition will be made to the Slocan output. The Slocan lake properties are developing favorably. The output for the year, principally from the Arlington, Bosun and Enterprise mines, should approximate 5000 tons."

Enterprise Concentrator.

Men are employed hewing out the foundation timbers for the Enterprise concentrator, while the lumber for the frame is on the ground. The surveyors were up the creek recently, running lines for the mill, work upon which is to commence shortly. The plant will have a daily capacity of 100 tons and it is claimed there is sufficient ore in sight on the property to keep the mill going a year. Another body of ore has been opened up lately in the old stopes in the upper workings, while in the No. 2 the ore chute still continues without a break. Twenty tons of ore was sent out during the week and another carload will go forward by the end of the month.

Strike on Two Friends.

Word reached town on Saturday evening of an important strike on the Two Friends. Two men have been working on the property since the lessees gave it up and their labors have been crowned with success. The strike was made in a crosscut from the old Teeter tunnel, towards the Bank of England. It consists of two feet of galena and carbonates, the galena being found in large slugs. Where found the ore is 96 feet down from the surface and is identical with that found above. The grade of the ore is high and profitable. From the opening of the property to date, the Two Friends has shipped 16 cars of ore.

More Ore on Speculator.

Some of the men down lately from the Speculator state the property continues to rapidly improve. Drifting is in progress from the foot of the winze in the No. 1 tunnel. In the No. 2 a station has been cut out on the Mineral Mountain ground and other preparations made for sinking the second winze called for under the bond. In blocking out the station a nice streak of ore was encountered, upon which the winze will be sunk. The ore is covered with native silver and copper and runs over 300 oz. Affairs are in an encouraging condition on the property.

Married Folks Concert.

The Music Hall was crowded, Friday evening, when the married folks of the town gave their concert in aid of Knox church, and a goodly sum of money was realized over the expenses. The programme was excellent and afforded an abundance of entertainment. Among those taking part were Mrs. T. B. Linton, of Rossland, and W. McAdam, of Nelson. Mrs. Linton, with her recitations, and Dave Arnot, as the colored dude, divided the honors of the evening, though the entire entertainment was much above the average.

Too Much Water.

The men working under lease at the Bondholder came down the hill during the week, being forced to suspend operations owing to the inrush of surface water from the melting snow. It is only a temporary shutdown and they will soon resume work. Five or six tons of excellent ore has been taken out and sorted ready for shipment, and the lessees are confident of making a good thing out of their lease. It is expected a deal will be made on the group this summer.

To Build a Refinery.

A company has been formed in Nelson to establish a refinery for the treatment of the product of the silver-lead smelters of British Columbia. The company will be known as the Canadian Refineries, Limited, and will have a capital of $1,000,000 divided into $10 shares The trustees of the company are: H. Byers, W. F. Teetzel, Frank Fletcher, J. Dover, John Kirkpatrick, John Malone, F. Irvine, and John A. Turner.

FOR THE RANCHERS.

The attention of Canadian farmers interested in the development of Canada's greatest industrial factor, the dairy herd, is drawn to the following letter, recently sent out to a few farmers in each province of the Dominion:—

"Central Experimental Farm,
Ottawa, Ont.

Dear Sir,—Your name has been added to me as that of a farmer who is particularly interested in the production of milk. It is a well known fact that the great majority of dairy herds, if we may judge from cash returns alone, are losing investments. It is, however, certain that this need not be the case if sufficient care and intelligence are exercised in selecting and feeding the cows intended for milk producers. So, in order to work more effectively toward improvement along this line, I am desirous of securing some exact information as to the methods of feeding followed in different parts of Canada. I should, therefore, be much indebted to you if you would write me briefly on the following points: 1. Kind and quantity of roughage ration fed to your milking cows in winter. 2, Kind and quantity of grain fed your milking cows in (a) summer, (b) winter. 3, Quantity of milk yielded per cow yearly. 4. Do you use pure bred bulls? What breed? 5, What use do you make of by-products (whey, &c.), if you have any?

Would you care to carry on a simple dairy herd test during 1901 in conjunction with dairymen in different parts of Canada and us here? The only expense would be a spring balance for weighing the milk. We would furnish you with blanks each month for keeping the records. If Canadian dairymen are to raise the average yield of their herds and make a profit, it must be by first finding out what their individual cows are doing. If the cow is not paying her keep and leaving a good profit for the dairyman, either the cow is no good or the dairyman is not feeding her properly. If you are really interested in the dairy business and care to go into a co-operative test as mentioned above, I should be pleased to send you further particulars re the same. In any case, I should like to hear from you on the aforementioned points. Yours very truly, J. H. GRISDALE,
Agriculturist."

Any farmer interested may obtain full particulars by addressing, "The Agriculturist, Experimental Farm, Ottawa." All letters so addressed are carried post free.

No Payne Dividend.

Says the Vancouver News-Advertiser: The low price of Payne stock is now largely explained and in part at least justified by the fact that the directors of the Payne Consolidated Mining Company have decided to pass the quarterly dividend, which for some time has been from 3 to 12 per cent per annum. The necessity for keeping a good cash reserve in hand and unexpected delays in the development of No. 8 tunnel are assigned as reasons. The reserves are stated at $125,000. Meanwhile, a comparatively new Slocan shipper, the Arlington, is making an output that is gradually creeping up towards the present yield of the Payne.

Investing in Ferguson.

Ferguson Eagle: Messrs. Louis Levesque, of Robson, and Robert Madden, of Slocan City, were in town for a couple of days last week, sizing up the situation. They have, like most shrewd business men, selected Ferguson real estate as a starter.

Thanks, Herald.

Says the Cranbrook Herald: THE SLOCAN DRILL is one year old. The people of that town, if they know how to appreciate a good thing, will be liberal in their support of THE DRILL. It is doing good work for its town and the province.

Petty Thievery.

Dan Hanlon came in from the hills Wednesday and found that some sneak thief had broken into his cabin and stolen all his grub and bedding, valued at about $70. There is no clue to the thief.

W. S. Rogers and C. A. Geit, of Spokane, both of whom are interested in the Iron Horse, came in yesterday and went up to that property.

OUR ORE SHIPMENTS

SUBSTANTIAL SHOWING MADE BY THIS DIVISION.

Last Year's Shipments Were 2847 Tons—A Healthy Evidence of the Life and Wealth of the Camp—Arlington the Biggest Shipper.

For the first time since last September there has been no ore sent out from town, though the division is saved by a 20-ton shipment from Ten Mile by the Enterprise. The Springer road is such that it is impossible to do any teaming thereon. The heavy frosts at night prevent the ice on the road breaking up and wagons cannot run over it. A few days ago a team attempted to make a passage but had to give it up. It is hoped to get the road into shape shortly, when shipments from the Arlington will be resumed. The mine is in shape to continue heavy shipments all summer and it can easily be made the principal shipper in the Slocan. Some fine ore is being taken from the Speculator and it may make other shipments in the summer.

Last year the exports from this division amounted to 2847 tons, made up from 10 properties. Following is a list of the shipments this year to date:

MINE.	WEEK.	TOTAL.
Arlington		1335
Enterprise	20	140
Two Friends		40
Black Prince		100
Bondholder		23
Chapleau		15
Speculator		10
Phoenix		20
	20	1683

MINES AND MINING.

Bar silver is quoted at 59 cents an ounce.

The bond on the Iron Horse is due next Tuesday.

The smelter trust has reduced the price of lead to $3.90.

Ore shipments from the Slocan for the year total 8,400 tons.

The force at the Bosun mine, New Denver, amounts to 20 men.

W. W. Warner has leased the Wonderful and has commenced operations.

Work has ceased for a time on the Gerty Mack group, opposite the C.P.R. wharf.

Large quantities of supplies are being daily packed up to the various properties.

Noble Five stock has commenced to climb, as a result of the recent strike of ore.

No shipments have been made of late by the Payne and its stock has gone to pieces.

Pete Schonberg went up Tuesday to do assessment on claims adjoining the Black Prince.

Supplies have to be packed to the Speculator now, owing to the breaking up of the road.

The Black Prince has paid for itself from the grass roots, having a record of nine cars of ore shipped.

Nothing but good reports have come down from the Iron Horse, where the strike was made last week.

Tom Blench is raffling an eighth interest in the Railway group, adjoining the Monument, on Lemon creek.

The owners of the Ottawa last week granted J. M. Williams an extension of two weeks on his option for the purchase of the property.

The Pittsburg capitalists, who were coming in to see the Iron Horse, were called back after being two days on the road. They will be here next month.

Hugh Cameron has secured a month's option on the Bald Mountain fraction from James Campbell and Pete Lindquist. The property adjoins the Speculator group.

MINING RECORDS.

Appended is a complete list of the various records registered at the local registry office, H. P. Christie being mining recorder:

LOCATIONS.

April 9—Malta Star, Eemon creek, Dan Hanlon.

11—White Grouse, Tobin creek, Geo Nichol.

ASSESSMENTS.

April 9—Quien Sabe.

11—Paystreak.

12—Friday Morning.

OPTION.

April 10—Bald Mountain fr, P Lindquist and James Campbell to Hugh Cameron, option to purchase for one month for $1250.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

Some Interesting Items From a Lively Western Town.

[Copyright, 1901, by C. B. Lewis.]

Word reached town the other day that John Gilmartin, a former resident of the Gulch, had been lynched in Colorado. We knew the deceased fairly well, and we know of no reason why he shouldn't have been.

The Lone Jack Recorder says that we shoot the business men of Giveadam Gulch into the belief that advertising pays. Well, we have shot a few, and all are advertisers, and, so far as we know, each one is getting a good return for his investment. Some merchants can be argued with, and some must be shot, and an editor must be equal to the occasion.

The Sand Hill Blazer in an article three weeks ago spoke of "a funeral profession half a mile long." Last week it corrected itself by using the word "precession," and this week it changes to "possession." The latest report from Sand Hill was that a committee of citizens was making the editor eat up a spelling book.

We were invited to deliver an address on "The Men of Our Times" at Elk Creek last Saturday evening, and

PURSUED FOR THREE MILES.

we began it in the presence of 500 intelligent and enthusiastic people. When 450 of the crowd began whooping and throwing cats, we saw our mistake and left by way of the rear window. Although pursued for three miles, we got safely away.

In the last five years we have received at least 250 anonymous letters threatening us with death if we didn't do so and so, and yet we are still living and enjoying life to the uttermost. If any one has anything against us, don't waste postage stamps, but call and shoot all around us. No cards are necessary, and no explanations need be entered into. Just call and begin to pop.

Next week, at our personal expense, we shall put a public clock in the postoffice, and the first blamed critter who pulls a gun on that timepiece wants to dodge at the same instant, for we shall be there to pop him. We are a conservative man and respect the idioms of the people, but in this case we are determined to enforce civilization.

We have no idea who threw the stone through the editorial window of The Kicker Tuesday night and missed our head by an inch, but if he will call around in the daytime we will break a leg to make things pleasant for him. We can be charming company when we feel like it. M. QUAD.

How He Cured Him.

Fogg—I suppose you know Harris is out and about again? He ought to pay me something for his recovery.

Bass—I never knew you were a doctor.

Fogg—No; but I'm something better. I'm a philosopher. I told Harris that his doctor was an enthusiast upon post mortem examinations and never let an opportunity slip where it was possible to provide for one. The result was that he was out of bed in a jiffy, and now he is as well as ever.—Boston Transcript.

Precautions.

"Talk about absentmindedness! Jenkins is the most absentminded beggar I know."

"What's he done now?"

"Why, he wrote the combination of the safe on a piece of paper to keep from forgetting it and then locked the paper in the safe to keep from losing it."—Nuggets.

A Physiognomist.

Judge—Prisoner at the bar, the court has assigned counsel to defend you.

Prisoner (with a glance at the counsel)—Is dat my lawyer, yer honor?

Judge—Yes.

Prisoner—Den I pleads guilty.—Pick-Me-Up.

Getting Even.

Judge—Seems to me I have seen you before, prisoner.

Culprit—Yessir; I'm a barber, and I shaved you only yesterday.

Judge—Twenty years!—Chicago News.

HE CURSED THE TOWN

END OF THE FIRST CAPITAL OF ILLINOIS PROPHESIED BY AN INDIAN.

The Destruction of the Town of Kaskaskia Was In Accordance With the Last Words of the Chief Who Died For a Woman's Love.

Since the waters of the Mississippi river washed away the last vestige of Kaskaskia, the first capital of Illinois, an old legend that contained the prophecy of the total destruction of the once flourishing little city has been recalled. Kaskaskia was situated on a peninsula at the junction of the Kaskaskia and the Mississippi rivers, and in 1882 the Mississippi river cut its way through the peninsula, leaving the remnant of the town on an island. The water continued to wash away the rich alluvial deposits on which Kaskaskia was built until, late in 1900, the last foot of the land where the town once stood disappeared. This singular ending of Kaskaskia's once splendid ambitions has recalled to the superstitious the story that the town was cursed in the eighteenth century by an Indian who had been wronged by one of the leading citizens.

Jean Benard came to this country from France in 1698, bringing with him his wife and his 10-year-old daughter Marie. The family settled in Kaskaskia, where Benard established a merchandising business. The Frenchman soon became one of the most prosperous and most influential men of the town. Marie, his daughter, grew to be a beautiful woman, much courted by the most eligible young men of the new country. She was in no hurry to accept any of them, and her fame as a belle spread from Lake Michigan to the gulf of Mexico.

A young chief of the Kaskaskia tribe of Indians, having become converted to Christianity after several years of study under the tutelage of the Jesuits, built himself a house in Kaskaskia and was taken into partnership in one of the trading houses there. He was prosperous, handsome and well educated and was soon received into the homes of the white settlers. One night at a ball he happened to meet Marie Benard.

The girl was at once fascinated by the tall, fine looking Indian, who fell in love with her at first sight and made no secret of his admiration. But Benard pere soon noticed the attachment and forbade his daughter from communicating with the young Indian. To make sure that there would be no more meetings Benard used his influence to prevent the chief from attending any of the social entertainments given in Kaskaskia.

But love always finds a way, and the young couple managed to see each other despite all the precautions of the girl's father. But Benard became aware of these meetings and again took means to prevent them. He was a man of wealth and influence, and he had the Indian forced out of his partnership in the trading company.

The Indian left Kaskaskia. For almost a year nothing was heard of him, and Benard thought that his daughter had forgotten her lover, for she appeared gay and careless, and she accepted with apparent pleasure the attentions of a young Frenchman. One night when a large ball at Kaskaskia was at its height Marie Benard disappeared.

Those who searched for Marie discovered that the young chief of the Kaskaskians had been seen that evening in the town, and the conclusion was at once reached that the girl had eloped with him. Benard at once organized a party to go in pursuit of the fugitives. As there was a heavy snow on the ground, their trail was easily discovered and followed. The Indian and Marie had crept away afoot, and as their pursuers were supplied with fast horses the young lovers were captured after a day's chase about 40 miles from Kaskaskia. Their destination had been the French settlement at St. Louis, where the Indian had provided a home for his wife.

The Indian surrendered without resistance, and the posse started on the journey back to Kaskaskia, taking the two captives. Most of the men who composed Benard's party wanted to kill the Indian instantly but Benard would not allow it, for he said that they should leave him to deal with his daughter's lover.

When the party reached Kaskaskia, the girl was placed in the convent there. Then Benard took the Indian to the bank of the Mississippi and, binding him tightly to a log, turned him adrift in the river. As the helpless Indian floated away to his death he raised his eyes to heaven and cursed Benard, who, he declared, would die a violent death. The Indian's last words were a prophecy that within 200 years the waters which were then bearing him away would sweep from the earth every vestige of the town, so that only the name would be left.

The unhappy girl died in the convent. Benard was killed in 17?? in a duel. The last trace of Kaskaskia has been obliterated, and the superstitious declare that the Indian's curse has had something to do with the passing of the once flourishing town. On dark and stormy nights the ghost of the Indian is said to appear. The specter, with strong arms bound and face upturned, floats slowly by on the river where the stream sweeps by the site of the vanished city in which Marie Benard once lived and in which she died mourning the red man that she loved.

He Knew Better.

"Oh, John," she cried, "baby's cut a tooth!"

"Aw, go 'way!" broke in little Willie, who was playing on the floor. "You can't cut a tooth! You may break it, but you can't cut it!"

Manufacturers Life Insurance Company.

The Directors congratulate the policy holders and shareholders on the substantial progress made during the year, which has been the most satisfactory in the Company's history.

There were received during the year 1778 applications for assurances amounting to $3,058,989. The business acrually taken up and paid for in cash during the year amounted to $2,486,703, and, leaving out single payment policies, the first year's cash premiums collected thereon was $115,782,01, as against $107,160.86 for the previous year, and $100,013.93 for 1898.

The Assurances in force amount to $15,409,620, an increase of $1,041,384 over the previous y?ar.

The Premium Income was $590,875.01, showing the handsome increase of $68,695.23. There were received for interests and Rents $87,461.11, making the total Income $676,336.15, an increase of $84,137.92.

After paying the policy-holders for claims, dividends and surrenders $127,664.73, and providing for all other expenditures, the Assets were increased by nearly half a million dollars, of which $328,495.00 was added to Policy Reserves and $67,268.35 to Surplus, an eminently satisfactory saving of one year's operations.

The Assets now amount to $2,279,175.94, and the policy Reserves to $1,950,507.00 on the Company's standard. After making provision for all other liabilities the surplus on policyholders' account is $301,024.36, which would be considerably increased by adopting the Government standard of valuation for Policy Reserves.

GEORGE GOODERHAM, President. J. F. JUNKIN, Managing Director.

SUMMARY OF STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1900.

INCOME.

Received for New Premiums	$ 115,782 01
Received for Single and Renewal Premiums	475,093 03
From all other sources	203,749 11
	$794,624 15

DISBURSEMENTS.

To policyholders for claims by death	$ 87,830 04
To policyholders for Endowments, Dividends, etc.	39,834 69
To Commissions, Salaries, and expenses of management	152,648 75
To Taxes, Reinsurance Premiums and Dividends to Stockholders	27,054 05
Surplus of Income over Expenditure	487,267 62
	$794,624 15

ASSETS.

Municipal Fonds, Stocks and Debentures	$ 854,788 37
Loans on Bonds and Other Securities	104,511 53
Mortgages on Real Estate	918,140 12
Real Estate	36,845 25
Loans on Policies	147,124 09
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc.	145,448 91
Cash on Hand and in Banks	72,410 37
	$2,279,268 64

LIABILITIES.

Liability for Policy Reserves, Government Standard	$1,914,174 00
Special Reserve Fund over and above Government Standard	36,333 00
All other Liabilities	27,644 58
Surplus on Policyholders' Account	301,117 06
	$2,279,268 64

Dr. James Mills, of Guelph, moved the adoption of the report in an excellent address, from which the following is a short extract:

At a meeting of this nature it is always a pleasure to be in a position to congratulate those interested, and on this occasion I can do so most heartily.

We have really a most satisfactory statement to present to the shareholders and policyholders of the Company, a statement which will bear the closest inspection. We can speak with more definiteness than ever in the past in regard to our investments and our standing, for we have more information at our disposal, furnished us in the splendid report of our consulting actuary. There has been progress all along the line.

A comparison of 1900 and 1899 is in the report, so I need not refer to that again. I would, however, refer to one other point: The question of our progress during a longer period, 1894 to 1900, being that of the present management.

After a lapse of six years we find many points which are alike creditable to the management and gratifying to the persons most interested in the success of the Company, the shareholders and policy-holders.

The following figures will illustrate the growth of the Company:

Year.	Assets.	1st Year's Premiums.	Net Income from Prems. & Int.	Gross Assurance in Force.
1894	$ 821,321	$ 61,685	$96,468	$ 9,555,300
1900	2,279,176	115,782	667,717	15,409,620

The assets are practically three times what they were six years ago. Amount of income from new business shows 100 per cent. increase. Net income from Premiums and Interest has increased over 100 per cent. The assurance has grown from 9½ to 15½ millions.

I want also to refer to the character of our assets and the expense ratio, both being important items in a concern of this kind. Our securities were never before in the splendid condition they are today. I doubt if any company can show such a record of invested assets of over $2,000,000 and only $501.30 overdue interest.

In new companies the expense ratio is always large. These expenses should gradually decrease, and our record is as it should be in this respect.

The ratio is about 14 per cent. less than it was two years ago. I think that is one of the most satisfactory features in our business. The ratio is decreasing rapidly.

I thank our manager, his staff and the field force for the results we are able to report today, and I do so most sincerely, and I must congratulate the policy-holders and shareholders on the position we have attained.

Mr. J. F. Junkin, the Managing Director, in seconding the adoption of the report, remarked:

If we look back over two years, we find that the premium income for 1900 was almost $140,000 more than for 1898, or an increase of 31 per cent., while our expenses for 1900, as compared with 1898, only show an increase of about $2,000, or 1½ per cent. The result is that we have now, not only the lowest expense ratio of any active company of our own or a similar age on the continent, but we compare very favorably in this respect with even the oldest and largest Canadian and American Companies.

Eating by Prescription.

Most people who are in good health know in a general way what ails them. Some of them know what kind of food they ought to eat in order to overcome their bodily infirmities and prevent a recurrence of them, but people who have good health usually consider only their taste or their pocketbook when they order a mea'

An experiment which one of the Boston hotels is making shows that others besides invalids are beginning to understand that it is important to have the right sort of food as well as to have it properly cooked.

The cafe of this hotel provides not only a bill of fare, but a diet list made out by a physician and intended as a guide to the patrons of the house. It prescribes the food best suited to various physical conditions. To the fat man it offers a variety of dishes that tickle his palate and at the same time check his tendency to grow fatter. The thin and anæmic can procure the things which make blood and tissue and build up an enfeebled system.

The new way of looking at the food question puts health first and preference afterward. It considers the needs of the individual and makes practical application of the old saying that "one man's meat is another man's poison." It tries to make the diet like a well stocked wardrobe, offering plenty of variety, yet designed for and fitted to the person for whom it is intended.

How one can fit his diet to his own needs is a matter which the physician can best decide. It is certainly easier to preserve health by the use of proper food than to regain it by taking medicine, and the prescription filled in a restaurant is pleasanter to take than one compounded by the druggist.

No Real Dislike.

"You announced that you had no dislike for the young man who threatened to dominate your party and depose you from your leadership."

"I did," answered the professional boss.

"And you really meant every word of it?"

"Every word. There was no reason in the world why I should dislike him. I knew I could keep him from winning if he seemed to be getting dangerous."—Washington Star.

The Old Habit Crops Out.

"I have sent for you," said the prominent manufacturer, "to write for us an artistic catalogue of the various styles of automobiles which we are offering for sale."

"Ah, yes," exclaimed the one time humorous paragrapher, "and we'll call it an 'auto-buy-ography,' eh?"—Philadelphia Press.

Dar's a few men I want to shake hands wid before my time comes to go, an one of 'em is a pusson who has bin a member of congress fur 12 y'ars an has nebber got de ideah de airth am hangin to his coattails.

INDIFFERENT LINGUISTS.

Faculty Possessed by Americans For Spreading English.

"The average American is a poor linguist," said a customs official who speaks several modern languages correctly and sometimes acts as interpreter. "It doesn't 'come natural' to us, as it does to the Latin races and to most Germans. They will pick up other tongues with an ease and facility that are perfectly amazing, but as a usual thing an American has to be absolutely driven to it before he will make the attempt.

"I had that fact forcibly impressed upon my mind during a visit I made to old Mexico early last spring. One would say, at first blush, that a knowledge of Spanish would be simply indispensable to anybody who proposed to reside in the City of Mexico, especially with the intention of going into business, yet I found any number of Americans there who managed to get along without it and who declared frankly that it was too much trouble to acquire. These easy going gentlemen simply insisted on using English, regardless of the fact that Castilian was the current language of the country. When they entered a store or restaurant they would say, 'Send along somebody who talks United States,' and then wait placidly for the interpreter to appear. Of course they were badly handicapped in the transaction of all their affairs, but they insisted laughingly that the annoyance was preferable to learning Spanish and that they would eventually succeed in making the Mexicans discard their native lingo. This systematic forcing of one's language upon people is characteristic of Americans," continued the custom house official, "and is no doubt responsible for the rapid spread of English as a business medium in all the great foreign capitals.

"It goes without saying, however, that there are Americans who are linguists, and, as a matter of fact, the most remarkable linguist I ever met in my life was a man named Scott, who was born in Montgomery, Ala. He was educated abroad and spoke four or five continental languages, but his really phenomenal achievement was his complete mastery of French and German. He could converse in both without a trace of accent, was perfectly familiar with their slang and colloquialisms and could pass unsuspected for a native of either country. You often read of people speaking a foreign tongue 'without accent,' but, believe me, it is one of the rarest things in the world, while to learn two with such precision is next door to a miracle. I never heard of a parallel case. Picking up a working knowledge of a language is a horse of quite another color. It can be done by anybody in about the same length of time it takes to learn shorthand. How long is that, did you ask? Well, that depends on the individual and ranges between three months and 20 years."

MIGHTIEST OF LOADSTONES.

It Attracts Not Only Metals, but Fishermen, Dogs and Hogs.

A deep hole of water in Nolynn creek, ten miles south of Hopkinsville, Ky., has for some time been attracting attention by reason of the fact that it has a very strong suction. For years it has been known as the "suck hole." It is about 10 feet deep and about 50 yards long. The water is clear, and bottom can easily be seen. This hole has been watched by people in that section for a number of years, and it has also to some extent been avoided. It now develops that it is no "suck hole," but in the bottom of the river it is claimed there is a streak of powerful loadstone.

A man in that community recently constructed a large and substantial raft for the purpose of investigating the causes of the suction in this particular part of the river. It was discovered that the river bottom is solid rock and that through the center of the rock, running lengthwise, is a black streak. It is about five inches in width and runs the length of the hole. This streak was examined with a common fish gig and was found to be very hard. The gig adhered to the stone, and it took no little pulling to extricate it. Further investigation was made, and it is said the streak following the bottom of the river is undoubtedly powerful loadstone.

This hole was discovered over 40 years ago by Enoch Atteberry, who came near losing his life in the water, having been rescued by two men, who pulled him out by means of a long pole. Lum Wess and Luther Trulock also came near losing their lives in the hole a short time ago while seining. They were rescued half drowned by other members of the party. The attraction was so powerful toward a chain on the bottom of the seine that the seiners had to abandon it. The hole is not in the main stream, but is an outlet.

A dog thrown into the water never comes out, but is quickly drawn to the bottom. When a trout line is stretched across the place, the unseen energy attracts the hooks to the black streak and there holds them securely until they are drawn out. At times there is a strong undercurrent in the bayou, which is unaccounted for and which often sweeps the bottom clean, relieving the loadstone of its collection.

The locality of the "suck hole" is getting to be a much dreaded one, especially by the superstitious. It is known to all negroes as the "death hole," and farmers in that section find it difficult to employ negro help. Many cattle and hogs have been lost.

Magnanimous Infant.

He is the cousin of a chubby 4-year-old whose home is in New York. This little man has also been started up in the way he should go. One day he visited some relative of the name of Jones. He was not treated just as his highness considered fitting, and he resented it for a time. But when prayer time came he relented enough to frame this petition, which he tacked on to the end of the second prayer:

"Please, God, bless papa and mamma and grandpa and grandma and even the Joneses."

Condensed.

"Of course," said the great star's manager, "it will cost some[illegible] extra to display the title of the pl[illegible] on your electric light sign."

"Oh, I don't know," replied the proprietor of the theater. "We ain't spendin no more'n we have to. We've arranged to shorten it to read, '2 Gents of Verona.'"

It is told of a St. Louis miser that he eats his meals in front of a mirror because it doubles the dishes.—Chicago News.

Doctors' "Cat Naps."

The "cat naps" indulged in by the late Dr. William Pepper constituted a standing joke among his intimate friends. He had the faculty of going to sleep at will and waking up when he willed. He would sometimes when under a mental strain keep a roomful of patients waiting while he slept soundly in his private office for three minutes or five minutes, or as long as he wished. Then he would resume his duties, greatly refreshed.

Another prominent physician has a queer habit of napping, although he only takes one a day and that directly after luncheon, which with him is a hearty meal. He repairs to his office and throws himself in a chair at a point where the polished wood floor is not covered by the rug. He holds a bunch of keys between the forefinger and thumb of his right hand, which is allowed to hang loosely over the arm of the chair. Then he dozes off, but it is never more than a doze, for the moment his fingers relax the keys drop to the bare floor, acting as an alarm clock. It is scarcely a nap—just a brief relaxation of the mental and bodily faculties. The doctor calls it his siesta, and if he misses it he says he doesn't feel quite himself for the rest of the day.

Charley's Aunt.

Mr. Penley, otherwise Charley's Aunt, told the following: "A military man, a friend of Mr. Penley, took his daughter to the stalls and, having a busy and tiring day, went calmly to sleep in his easy seat during the interval between the curtain raiser and 'Charley's Aunt.' The daughter sympathetically allowed him to remain in peace until the curtain went up for the commencement of the play of the evening; then she gently nudged him in the ribs and whispered 'Charley's Aunt!' to remind him of his whereabouts.

"The gentleman still slept on, and his daughter tried again. She gave her father an extra push and murmured, with emphasis: 'Papa, do wake up! "Charley's Aunt!"'

"This time it was effectual, for the colonel leaped to his feet and cried, 'Bless me, so it is!' and began to shake hands furiously with a demure old lady who happened to be passing along the stalls in front of him on the way to her allotted seat. 'Bless me, so it is! How do you do, madam? And how is Charley?'"—London Answers.

Of a Clinging Disposition.

Hoax—Klumsy is very fond of horses, isn't he?

Joax—If he is, it's something new.

Hoax—Well, I saw him out riding the other day, and he had both arms around the horse's neck.—Philadelphia Record.

'TWAS DR. CHASE WHO SAVED OUR BABY

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Severe Chest Coughs Cannot Withstand the Soothing, Healing Effects of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

It is the mothers who especially appreciate the unusual virtues of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. They keep it in the house as the most prompt and certain cure obtainable for croup, bronchitis and severe coughs and colds to which children are subject. It has never failed them. Scores of thousands of mothers say: "'Twas Dr. Chase who saved our baby."

Mrs. F. W. Bond, 20 Macdonald street, Barrie, Ont., says:—"Having tried your medicine, my faith is very high in its powers of curing coughs and croup. My little girl has been subject to croup for a long time, and I found nothing to cure it until I gave Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I cannot speak too highly of it."

Mr. W. A. Wylie, 57 Seaton street, Toronto, states:—"My little grandchild had suffered with a nasty, hacking cough for about eight weeks when we procured a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. After the first dose she called it 'honey' and was eager for medicine time to come around. I can simply state that part of one bottle cured her, and she is now well and as bright as a cricket."

Mrs. F. Dwyer of Chesterville, says: "My little girl of three years had an attack of bronchial pneumonia. My husband and I thought she was going to leave the world as her case resisted the doctor's treatment. I bought a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine from our popular druggist, W. G. Bolster. After the first two or three doses the child began to get better, and we are thankful to say is all right to-day, after seven weeks' sickness.'

Mr. E. Hill, fireman, Berkelet St., Fire Hall, Toronto, says: "I desire to say in favor of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine that one of my children was promptly relieved of whooping cough, and as long as obtainable will not be without it in the house, nor use any other medicine."

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is sold everywhere and is used in more homes than any other treatment for diseases of the throat and lungs. 25 cents a bottle. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE DRILL.

SLOCAN, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

MANUFACTURERS LIFE

A Statement Exhibiting Progress, Stability, and Success.

It is always a pleasure to be able to review the financial statement of one of our Canadian institutions, especially when that statement exhibits progress, stability and success. The annual report of the Manufacturers Life, published in this issue, is one which shows such unmistakable signs of careful management, combined with a spirit of progress, that policy holders in it are to be congratulated, and those proposing to insure in it need no additional guarantee that their interests will be well protected.

In a year in which competition was very keen the company received applications for insurances amounting to over $3,000,000, and issued policies for $2,679,705. The applications rejected by the company as not coming up to its medical standard was the large proportion of over 10 per cent of the application received. The total volume of business now on the company's books is over $15,000,000, while the cash income from premiums and interest, has increased from $296,468 in 1894 to $666,717 in 1900. During the year the company disbursed to policyholders, for endowments, dividends, surrendered policies, and death claims, the substantial sum of $127,665, added to the reserve fund for the security of policy holders $328,495, and increased at the same time its surplus by $67,268.35.

A careful review of the company's business for the past six years was made by Prof. Dr. James Mills, in which he showed that, while in 1894 the assets of the company amounted to $821,321, they now have reached the large figures of $2,279,176. As an indication of their excellent character, only some $500 of overdue interest existed on the 31st December in respect of the whole of them. The expenses for several years past have shown a gradual decrease, and in 1900 the chairman stated that the ratio of expenses was about 14 per cent. less than it was two years ago. In every important particular, as pointed out by Mr. R. L. Patterson, it is shown that in the past year marked advances were made in all those essentials which tend toward the building up of a sound and healthy institution. The cash income increased by over $84,000; the assets by over $469,000; the policy reserve by over $328,000; surplus on policyholders' account by over $339,000; and the insurance in force by over $1,000,000. These are handsome increases, and speak abundantly of the managerial conduct of the company's affairs by Mr. J. F. Junkin, its managing director.

The important step taken by the Manufacturers and the Temperance and General, in deciding to unite their interests, is one, which will, undoubtedly, tend to secure even greater economy in administration, and consequently increased benefits to the policyholders, and, in view of the thorough investigation made by the independent authority into the affairs of both companies, it is confidently believed that even greater progress will be made by the combined companies in the future has been made by either institution in the past.

Gentlemen—While driving down a very steep hill last August my horse stumbled and fell, cutting himself fearfully about the head and body. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on him and in a few days he was as well as ever.

J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN.

Sherbrooke.

OLD EVEN THEN.

When King Solomon broached the subject of matrimony, the Queen of Sheba laughed merrily.

"I have a parrot that swears and a monkey that chews tobacco, so what do I want with a husband?" she exclaimed with an arch look.

"Chestnuts!" roared Solomon, deprecatingly.

The king also called her majesty's attention to the fact that tobacco was not yet discovered, but the queen was not to be shaken in her determination.

For 50 Years

mothers have been giving their children for croup, coughs and colds

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Mothers—have *you* SHILOH in the house at all times? Do you know just where you can find it if you need it quickly—if your little one is gasping and choking with croup? If you haven't it get a bottle. It will save your child's life.

"Shiloh always cured my baby of croup, coughs and colds. I would not be without it." MRS. ROBINSON, Fort Erie.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists in Canada and United States at 25c, 50c, $1.00 a bottle. In Great Britain at 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d., and 4s. 6d. A printed guarantee goes with every bottle. If you are not satisfied go to your druggist and get your money back.

Write for illustrated book on Consumption. Sent without cost to you. S. C. Wells & Co., Toronto.

SPRING WEATHER

IS YOUR SYSTEM IN SHAPE TO CARRY YOU SAFELY THROUGH.

The Practice of Taking a Tonic in Spring is Descended from Our Wise Forefathers and Has Good Medical Endosement A Few Suggestions Regarding Health.

The practice of taking a tonic durthe inclement weather of early spring is one that has been bequeathed us by our forefathers, who lived in days when a sturdy constitution and vigorous health meant even more than they do today. The custom has the highest medical endorsement, and the healthiest people are those who follow it. Thousands not really ill, need a tonic at this season. Close, confinement in badly ventilated houses, offices, shops and school rooms, during the winter months, makes people feel depressed and "out-of sorts.' Nature must be assisted in throwing off the poison that has accumulated in the system, else people fall an easy prey to disease and are subject to many discomforts from boils, eruptions and similar troubles. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best tonic medicine known to medical science; These pills make rich, red blood and strong nerves. Through their use in spring time, jaded, listless, easily tired men, women and children are made bright, active and strong. Evidence of the wonderful health restoring virtue of these pills is given by Mrs. J. Langlois, 659 Lafontain street, Montreal, who says:—"Before I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was under the care of two doctors who told me my trouble was developing into consumption. I was very pale and feeble; had no appetite and could hardly stand on my feet. I was very much discouraged and thought death was staring me in the face. I had often read of Dr Williams' Pink Pills, and finally decided to try them. After I had used three boxes my appetite was much better, and I felt a little stronger. I continued the use of the pills for three months when I felt fully cured. When I began using the pills, I only weighed 92 pounds. and when I discontinued them my weight had increased to 119 pounds. I also gave the pills to my baby, who was pale and sickly, and they made him a bright, rosy, fleshy child. I think there is no weak or sickly person who will not find benefit from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

It is a waste of money to experiment with other so-called tonics, which are all cheap imitations of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Insist upon getting the genuine, and if they are not sold by your dealer send direct to the Dr Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed postpaid at 60 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

Betraying Buckles.

General Duhesme was a distinguished French veteran, slain by the Prussians after the rout of Waterloo. He was full of resource and had great skill and presence of mind. At Pescara, when he was in great danger, a large fortress in front and a savage insurrection in his rear, his own common sense saved him.

"Who commands at Pescara?" he asked a soldier.

"There are two."

"What is the grade of the chief in command?"

"A brigadier general."

"His name?"

"De Pietramaggiore."

"His title?"

"A marquis."

"His age?"

"About 70."

"Is he well preserved? Does he keep his color?"

"He is thin and pallid."

"Is his voice strong and manly?"

"It is weak and dull."

"Is he lively, gay?"

"Neither the one nor the other."

"What does he wear on his head?"

"He is powdered, and his hair is done in locks."

"Has he boots and spurs?"

"No; he wears silk stockings, shoes and great buckles."

"Great buckles!" cried Duhesme. "Bring up the guns and begin firing! The place is mine!"

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Not Guilty.

Merchant (to applicant for situation as porter)—Are you married?

Applicant—No, sir. These scratches on my face came from falling over a barbed wire fence in the dark.—Pearson's Weekly.

This Cruel World.

"Doesn't it do you good to stay in bed all day now and then?"

"Well, it might, but the benefit is offset by the mean things my folks say about me when I get up."—Chicago Record.

One Way to Tell.

Henderson (who has just bought a new pipe)—Can you tell me, professor, if this amber is genuine?

Professor—Oh, that's easily to be determined. Soak it in alcohol for 24 hours. If it is genuine, it will then have disappeared.—Glasgow Evening Times.

THE LAME LEAP.

Evidently the Day of Miracles in Not Yet Over.

STRONG TOWNSHIP SENSATION

The Restoration to Health of Wm. Doeg Who Had Not Left His Room in Years.—Rheumatism of the Worst Kind Completely Cured.

(Sunbridge Echo.)

The Echo has taken the trouble to investigate the circumstances and can vouch for the truth of the following interesting story in its every particular.

Almost everyone in this neighborhood knows Mr. Wm. Doeg. In 1878 Mr. Doeg moved from the Township of Osprey, in Grey County, to lot 19 in the thirteenth concession of Strong Township. He has since made many friends, and all who know him speak of him in the highest terms.

Some time after he came to this part he was stricken with rheumatism. It gradually grew worse and worse till for the last four years he has been a confirmed invalid. and as a consequence has not been seen in town at all. He has sat night and day in his chair, unable to move or walk a step for months. The pain never left him. It commenced in his back, and the torture he had to bear was terrible. From his back it would sometimes move to other parts of his body. wis knees were fearfully painful at times. The truth is, that for four long years the poor man did not have a single moment's respite from the racking of this dreadful disease.

Mr. Doeg says: "It makes me shudder to look back upon that awful four years. Even the thought of it is dreadful. How I ever lived through it I do not know, but I thank God that he has at last restored me to health and strength with nothing of the rheumatism left but the memory of it."

Mr. Doeg is a changed man. Hale
the memory of it."
and hearty he now enjoys every moment of his new life to the full.

How did the change come about? This is the question which Mr. Doeg is most delighted to answer. He had tried the treatment of several physicians and had used almost every medicine known as a cure for rheumatism, but he got no relief.

"I gave them all a fair chance, too," said Mr. Doeg to The Echo, "but nothing seemed able to give me even temporary relief. I grew despondent and despaired of ever leaving that dreadful pain behind me.

"One day I read in a newspaper the testimonials of some who said they had been cured of rheumatism by Dodd's Kidney Pills. I hadn't much faith in anything by this time, but I sent for one box of the pills and commenced. I noticed an improvement and kept on, and look at me now."

Mr. Doeg certainly doesn't look like an invalid now, and it is hard for one who had not seen him in his sick room to believe that six months ago he couldn't walk.

"Have you any objection to making and signing a written statement of the whole thing for publication in The Echo?" was asked Mr. Doeg.

"None whatever. I will be glad to do so, for I want every person suffering as I was with rheumatism to know that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure them, and I do hope that my statement will be read by all such unfortunates.

This is Mr. Doeg's written statement:—

For four years I suffered excruciating torture, during which time I was scarcely an hour free from pain. The trouble commenced in my back, where it often remained stationary for months, and so intense was the pain that I could not lie down or take rest, but had to sit night and day in a chair. The pain would then remove to other parts of my body, and when in my knees I was unable to walk, and confined constantly to my room. I was treated for rheumatism by several doctors and also tried many medicines without receiving any benefit. Almost in despair I feared I would never again experience the pleasure of being free from pain.

Last spring my attention was directed to some remarkable cures of rheumatism effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills, recorded in the public prints. I procured a box, and soon found that they were doing me good, so I kept on, till now I can say I am a new man entirely free from pain, and have continued so for over six months, being able to attend to my daily duties on the farm and feel strong and able for work.

I verily believe this great change has been effected by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I think it my duty to make this statement public for the benefit of anyone afflicted as I was. Wm. Doeg, Sunbridge.

This is a plain, unvarnished statement of fact as we have found it, and every reader of The Echo, especially those who know how bad Mr. Doeg was, will agree that it is a case without parallel in the history of the community.

The First Kick.

"That cut you printed this morning is a libel," protested the irate citizen. "It doesn't look anything like me."

"Impossible!" replied the editor. "Why, we've used that cut dozens of times, and you're the first one to make a kick."

A Brilliant Success.

A.—How did your automobile journey turn out?

B.—Beautifully! Although I ran over two pedestrians and three bicycles and knocked two wagons into a ditch, my motor was not at all injured, and I arrived just on time.—Fliegende Blatter.

Trafalgar Hats.

The year 1805 was a memorable one, as on Oct. 21 was fought and gained the battle of Trafalgar, and then, as now, fashion complimented heroes by devising toilets named in their honor. So Nelson was commemorated by a hat—the "Trafalgar"—and every woman and child adopted the wondrous structure, which would outdo even the headgear of the present day, for these hats were of enormous width and breadth, something of the size of a round table, and so loaded with plumes that the wearers must have looked all hat.

The Professor's Rebuke.

Alex Smith—The earth is merely a speck in the universe.

Professor Squelcher—While your statement is true, young man, that does not justify your apparent theory that you own it.—Ohio State Journal.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound, unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman, of Toronto have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Boom by Innuendo.

"Have you done anything to boom your town?

"Waal, I reckon! Held tew indignation meetin's tew pertest ag'in the smoke nuisance!"—Detroit Journal.

Reason Enough.

"The king orders you executed at sunrise for offending the queen."

"But she wanted me to elope with her, and I refused."

"That's just it."—Life.

CHRONIC DERANGEMENTS OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BLOOD are speedily removed by the active principle of the ingredients entering into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. These pills act specifically on the deranged organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease and renewing life and vitality to the afflicted. In this lies the great secret of the popularity of Parmelee's Vegetable pills.

A Triumph of Photography.

Of course it was a Missourian, one of the "you've-got-to-show-me" type, who remarked to a companion as they examined with awestruck interest a picture in which there was seen the faces of all the presidents of the United States. "Say, Bill, how in thunder did the photograph man ever get them men all together at once?"

A Writer's Aspirations.

They were looking through the library. "If you had the divine gift what would you rather write?" asked the romantic young woman.

"Checks," replied the sordid young man.

LA "TOSCANA," RELIANCE CIGAR FACTORY, Montreal

Not a French Scholar.

"Here, son, you've studied French. What's this word here on the eatin list?"

"That's 'fillet.'"

"Fillie! Do they think I want horse meat!"

It is only necessary to read the testimonials to be convinced that Holloway's Corn Cure is unequalled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extinguisher.

An Excuse For a Pardon.

When the stern Duke of Wellington was prime minister under George IV, he managed the old monarch easily enough, but when he attempted the same tactics with the young Queen Victoria he met his match. She constantly outwitted him. One of his earliest official acts was to bring before her a court martial death sentence which he expected her to sign as a matter of course. A soldier was to be executed for desertion, and as the death warrant was placed before the queen by the duke she raised her eyes, full of tears, to his face, saying:

"Have you nothing to say in behalf of this poor man?"

"Nothing," said the duke, standing at attention like one of his own privates; "he has deserted three times."

"Oh, your grace, think again," pleaded the queen as if she were asking for the life of her dearest friend.

"Well, your majesty, he certainly is a bad soldier, but there was somebody who spoke for his good character. He may be a tolerably good fellow in civil life."

"Oh, thank you," said the queen in heartfelt tones, and before the astonished duke could utter a word of protest she had written across the paper the word "Pardoned."

MINARD'S LINIMENT Cures Dandruff.

A Sure Sign.

Little Ella—Mamma, is the minister coming here today?

Mamma—Not that I know of, dear. But why did you ask?

Little Ella—Because I saw papa dusting the Bible off this morning.—Chicago News.

CEYLON AND INDIA TEA

GREEN OR BLACK

The Favorite Tea of Britain and Her Colonies.

GROWN BY BRITISH PLANTERS

Amusing to see foreign teas advertised as clean. Is it not filth that colors them?

SALADA" Ceylon Teas are sold in sealed lead packets only, never in bulk. Black, Mixed or Uncolored Ceylon Green. Sample on application. Address "SALADA," Toronto.

Good housekeepers say that Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea besides being the best is by far the most economical. Try it.

Hamilton, April 5.—George Bodden, aged 26, a teamster employed by the Rogers coal company was accidentally killed last evening. The horse he was unhitching became restive and he was jammed against a post, the wagon tongue entering his stomach.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has the largest sale of any similar preparation sold in Canada. It always gives satisfaction by restoring health to the little folks.

Beaumont, Texas, April 5.—Another oil well was developed here yesterday. It is about 1,050 feet deep and is in the immediate vicinity of other wells.

MINARD'S LINIMENT for Sale Everywhere.

North Bay, April 5.—John E. Bell, C. P. R. car inspector, was killed here yesterday morning by a yard engine. He leaves a widow and family.

Glasgow, April 5.—At a conference of the Lanarkshire coal masters held yesterday it was decided to refuse the striking engine men any concessions and a large strike is anticipated.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Brantford, Ont., April 5.—The assessment of Brantford has decreased $40,000 during the year, while building permits were issued to the extent of $172,000. The council has appointed a committee to investigate the discrepancy.

A DINNER PILL.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open secretions and convert the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia.

Toronto, April 6.—The Welland canal will be opened on April 25.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for you running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 5.—William B. Warner, a widely known manufacturing chemist, died in this city yesterday. Mr. Warner was the first man to manufacture sugar-coated pills and to introduce liquorice tablets. He was a distant relative of George Washington, and his art collection included over 100 portraits of Washington.

Iona, Mich., April 1.—Fire last night destroyed the warehouse and elevator of Page & Co., entailing a loss of $55,000, half of which falls on the Grand Trunk railway, owners of the elevasor building. The property was insured for $12,000.

Haste.

Friend—What's your hurry, Hector?

Impetuous Lover—Don't stop me, Walter. I must be at my best girl's by tomorrow evening, and she lives at least 15 feet away!—Chicago News.

Montreal, April 5.—F. H. Clergue, of Sault Ste. Marie, says that four steamers are now loading in Bristol channel direct for Sault Ste. Marie. They will be loaded down to 14 feet for through trips and will cross the Atlantic 18 feet deep, the difference being the cargo for Montreal. When the steamers get into Lake Erie they will take coal, bringing them down to 18 feet again.

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

London, Ont., April 5.—The tax rate for the coming year will be 23½ mills.

MINARD'S LINIMENT Relieves Neuralgia.

London, April 5.—At Smyrna, on the strength of rumors that the Jews had murdered a Greek lad for ritual purposes, ten thousand infuriated Greeks stormed the ghetto. The Turkish troops charged the mob with bayonets, one person being killed and fourteen others wounded.

Chicago, April 3.—Carter H. Harrison has been re-elected mayor of Chicago for the third time. His total plurality over Judge Elbridge Hanecy, the Republican nominee, will be in the neighborhood of 28,000 votes.

NATIONAL TRUST CO'Y

LIMITED.

Office and Safe Deposit Vaults

323 & 325 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG.

Capital—$1,000,000. Reserve. $270,000.

Authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Receiver, Guardian, Committee of Lunatic, Liquidator, General Agent, etc.

Accepted by the Courts as a Trust Co. for the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba.

OFFICIAL ADMINISTRATOR and Guardian ad-litem for Manitoba.

Trust funds invested and guaranteed

Money to loan on farm security.

Solicitors bringing Estates, Administrations, etc., to the Co. are continued in the professional care thereof.

Correspondence solicited.

Boxes in Safe Deposit Vaults for rent at $5.00 a year.

ARTHUR STEWART, Manager.

WAR HORSES.

Lt.-Col. Dent, Imperial Remount Officer for Canada, will visit Manitoba and Northwest next month to purchase horses for South Africa. We have decided to sell in Manitoba or Northwest, two of the Stallions selected by him in England for breeding Cavalry Horses. Write for particulars,

THE TELFER & CLIMIE CO.,

19 St. Maurice Street, Montreal.

Brass Band

Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Etc.

EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND.

Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine catalogue 500 illustrations mailed free. Write us for anything in Music or Musical Instruments.

Whaley Royce & Co., Toronto, Ont., and Winnipeg, Man.

BICYCLE DEALERS AND OTHERS. Send your old wheels to us to be re-enamelled and put in shape. All work guaranteed. Done by expert workmen. Send for list of new and second hand wheels. Try us.

ANDRE ARMS & CYCLE CO.,

"Crescent" Agents. Winnipeg.

WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES

Rapidity. Saves about one day in three. Quietness and durability without noise or wear. General utility. Best for all kinds of work.

248 Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

THE SLOCAN DRILL

C. E. SMITHERINGALE, Editor and Prop.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT

SLOCAN, - - - - B. C.

Legal Advertising 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line each subsequent insertion.

Certificates of Improvement, $7 each.

Transient advertisements at same rates as legal advertising.

Locals will be charged 10 cents a line for each insertion.

Commercial Rates made known upon application.

The Subscription is $2 per year, strictly in advance; $2.50 a year if not so paid.

Address all letters to—

THE SLOCAN DRILL,
Slocan, B. C.

FRIDAY, APRIL 19th, 1901.

A pencil mark in the space opposite will be an indication to you that ye editor considers there is something coming to him on your subscription. Kindly acknowledge in cash and oblige.

EDITORIAL CROPPINGS.

Railway matters have reached a critical stage at Victoria and a crisis may be said to exist. The Dunsmuir government is on treacherous ground and they are liable to take a tumble.

Hon. Mr. Mulock says the deficit in the Dominion postoffice department, resultant upon the introduction of penny postage, is rapidly decreasing. It is not to be wondered at, judging from the way postmasters' salaries have been lopped off of late.

There can be no doubt of the valued services performed by the various Canadian contingents in South Africa. Lord Roberts, in his report, makes special mention of 45 officers and men. Col. Sam Hughes' report is yet to be heard from, but it is believed he will ignore Gen. Hutton.

Hon. Mr. Foster has publicly endorsed government control of the liquor traffic. Hon. Mr. Mulock has expressed himself in England in favor of state-owned cables connecting all British dominions. The idea of government ownership is making many converts among the Canadian legislators.

Premier Laurier has promised to consider the representations made by the Kootenay delegation in favor of a bonus to refined ore. They asked for the establishment of a silver-lead refinery, to cost $250,000, and $5 per ton on the refined article, extending over three years. W. A. Galliher, M.P., had charge of the delegation.

The trade figures for the nine months ending March 31 last have been issued by the department of customs, Ottawa. The aggregate trade of the Dominion increased during that time by $8,001,000, as compared with the same nine months last year. The duty for the nine months was $21,532,340, a decrease of about $480,000 compared with the nine months of last year.

When a mine manager goes out of his way to give the public press his criticisms of the men he employs, and the organization to which they belong, then it may be inferred that he is looking for trouble. That is the position of affairs in Rossland, where Manager Kirby, of the War Eagle, has come forth in an exasperating and satirical article upon the miners and the Union. Of the latter he could speak only from hearsay and, as such, common sense should have told him to leave the gossip alone as perfectly untrustworthy. Manager Kirby has made a mistake in flaunting his views before his men, like a red rag before a bull. If the Union has erring members—and is the Mine Owners' Association exempt from error?—surely Manager Kirby has not improved the situation by his caustic remarks. Two wrongs do not make a right, and Manager Kirby—giving him credit for sincerity in his expressions for peace—is defeating the very object he seeks to obtain. His strictures upon the labor situation at Rossland are at variance with the truth, for it is well known that the men had, and have, grievances. The men showed themselves the more desirous for peace when they voted against a strike, and Manager Kirby should have been man enough to have accepted the verdict and said nothing. But his overbearing and domineering expressions in the press, following the praiseworthy action of the men, will not tend to help matters. The horizon is dark and the future is fraught with peril.

Subscribe for THE DRILL.

DRILL POINTS.

Malcolm Cameron's new livery stable is completed.

More gardening has been done this spring than ever before.

Con Murphy has had his home painted during the week.

Mrs. T. B. Linton and son returned to their home on Tuesday.

H. H. Reeves died at the Denver hospital on Monday evening.

The band boys have secured Gilmore caps and music pouches.

Harvey Aitchison's residence has been under the painter's brush.

W. McAdam and wife, Nelson, have been visiting in town during the week.

Several new families have come in of late. Residences are much in demand.

A third interest in the townsite of Trout Lake has been secured by the C.P.R.

R. H. Trueman, the photographer, has spent the week in town, shooting smiles.

A number of music-lovers went to Nelson, Monday, to hear Madame Albani.

W. Davidson has purchased a lot near Brandon and will erect a house thereon.

The government is building a bridge over Carpenter creek at New Denver.

Tom Lake went to Nelson Monday, with a view to securing a business location.

The general conference of the Methodist church will be held in Nelson early next month.

D. McLeod returned to Cranbrook Monday. He expects to remove his family thither later on.

Billy Kerr has been putting the artistic touch on Bobby Allen's house in the suburb of Brandon.

T. James, who was injured at the Arlington some weeks ago, is steadily improving at the hospital.

The Miners' Union hospital is being repaired and fixed up, preparatory to being occupied next week.

Tenders are being asked by the C. P.R. for the construction of the railway from Lardo to Trout lake.

Rev. Mr. Alexander, the Presbyterian missionary at New Denver, is leaving that place for Manitoba.

Mrs. Bentley left on Saturday on a visit to the coast. Dr. Bentley accompanied her as far as Nakusp.

A number of men are employed on the Springer wagon road, shoveling off slides and filling in sink holes.

R. A. Bradshaw finished the census enumeration of the town yesterday, and is now engaged on the suburbs.

"Scotty" Barr committed suicide at the Idaho mine, last week, by cutting his throat. He was buried at New Denver

H. A. Hicks is seeking to obtain a transfer of the hotel license for the Hicks House from Frank A Card to himself.

Tony Long and his neighbors have done a great deal of work on their lots near Brandon, effecting a great improvement.

Frank Card and W. K. Richmond went up the creek Saturday to get things into shape for starting up the Arlington sawmill.

Mrs. C. B. Taylor, of Enterprise Landing, has returned from wintering in Boston. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Parsons.

John McGuigan, who fell from a window in a Portland hotel recently, died from his injuries Monday. The remains were buried in Spokane.

The C.P.R. has brought out eight experienced Alpine guides from Switzerland. They will be stationed at Banff, Lake Louise, Glacier and Field.

By advices received last week, it was thought the incorporation bill would have been signed Wednesday, but so far nothing has been learned of its fate.

Messrs. Lake & Noble, of the Royal Hotel, have dissolved, the former retiring. Mr. Noble will continue the business, and he will obtain a fair share of the trade.

The Emerald Duet, composed of J. Parsons Smith and Prof J. Miller, will be here early in May to give two entertainments, under the auspices of the W.C.T.U.

Fire totally destroyed the townsite company's building at Silverton on Tuesday. The household effects of the tenants, together with the furnishings of the Church of England, were safely removed.

Tuesday evening a farewell banquet was tendered Capt. Troup in Nelson. The C.P.R. steamship employes presented him with a silver service of 167 pieces and the citizens gave him a cut glass liquor set mounted in silver.

Gwillim & Johnson,
MINING ENGINEERS
AND ASSAYERS.
Slocan, - - - B. C

Notice.

In the matter of an application for a duplicate of a Certificate of Title to Lot 3, Block 25, Slocan City (Map 496.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is my intention to issue, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above mentioned Lot in the name of James C. Bolander, which Certificate is dated the 8th day of November, 1897, and numbered 162k.

DISTRICT REGISTRAR.
Land Registry Office, Nelson, B.C., 21st March, 1901. 12-4.

SEEDS.

We have just received a large shipment of
ONION SETS,
GARDEN SEEDS,
FLOWER SEEDS,
from D. M. Ferry's celebrated Seed House. We sell at Eastern Prices.

J. L. WHITE & Co.
DRUGGISTS, SLOCAN, B. C.

J. M. McGREGOR, B. A. Sc.
Provincial Land Surveyor & Mining Engineer,
SLOCAN, - - B. C.

Alex. Rogers,
Tonsorial Artist.
The Leading Parlors:
MAIN STREET, SLOCAN

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Lake & Noble, proprietors of the Royal Hotel, has this day been dissolved. All accounts owing the firm must be paid W. E. Noble, who will continue the business and settle all indebtedness of the above firm.

Dated at Slocan, this 11th day of April, 1902.

THOS. LAKE,
12-4 W. E. NOBLE.

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stables,
Slocan, B. C.

General Packing and Forwarding attended to at the shortest Notice.

Saddle and Pack Horses for hire at reasonable rates.

R. E. ALLEN, - Manager

New Carpets and Oilcloths . .
Just Arrived.
Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, etc., etc.
D. D. ROBERTSON

H. D. CURTIS,
Notary Public.
Mines, Real Estate, Insurance, Accountant.
Abstracts of Titles Furnished.
Slocan, - - B. C.

McKINNON & MONILAWS,
Contractors and Builders.
Plans and Specifications furnished on application. Estimates cheerfully given.
Slocan, - - B.C

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described land: Situated about one mile north-easterly from the head of Springer creek, and on the divide between the head of Springer and the south fork of Ten Mile creeks, and commencing at a post planted in the south-west corner of the said land, marked "J. Frank Collom's S. W corner;" thence northerly 60 chains; thence easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 60 chains; thence westerly 40 chains to point of beginning, and containing 240 acres more or less.

J. FRANK COLLOM
Slocan, B.C., this 16th day of March, 1901.

Fishing Tackle Arrived.
Also Instrumental Music.
Full Stock of Stationery, Toys and Novelties.
A. R. BOLDERSTON

Certificate of Improvements.

Gold Viking and New Phoenix Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located:—North of Springer creek, about two miles from Slocan City, adjoining the Nancy Hanks and Peerless Mineral Claims

TAKE NOTICE that I, W S. Drewry, acting as agent for George H. Aylard, free miner's certificate No. B38817, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder or certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 14th day of March, 1901.
15-3-01 W. S. DREWRY

Viking Fraction Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of the West Kootenay District. Where located:—North of Springer creek, about two miles from Slocan City, adjoining the Nancy Hanks and Gold Viking Mineral Claims.

TAKE NOTICE that I, W. S. Drewry, acting as agent for George Henderson, Free Miner's Certificate No. B26746, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1901.
22-3-01 W. S. DREWRY

Climax and Maine Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About one mile east of Slocan Lake, adjoining the Peerless Mineral Claim.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Frederick S. Clements, as agent for Charles E. Miller, Free Miner's Certificate No. B36605, and James H. Wallace, Free Miner's Certificate No B36606, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvement.

Dated this 20th day of March, 1901.
29-3-01 F. S. CLEMENTS

No More Swearing.

Have installed a new machine for manufacturing Stovepipes and Airpipes. They go together like a charm. Patronize home industry and have an unruffled temper.

H. J. ROBERTSON,
TINSMITH AND PLUMBER.

You Can Make
A Striking Effect!

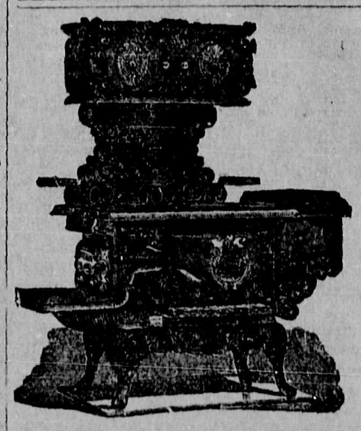
By wearing a perfect fitting Suit, cut in the latest style and elegantly trimmed. Such can be purchased from
A. David, the Miner's Tailor,
near the Postoffice.

The Slocan Drill; $2.00 per annum.

Tobacconists' Supplies

of every description can be had at ocan's Leading Store. Tobaccos, chewing and smoking, of the best brands kept in stock; also Cigars and Cigarettes. Fruits of all kinds kept in their season. The most toothsome Confectionery always on sale. Stationery also handled.

A. C. SMITH, SLOCAN



Just Arrived

Half a carload of Steel Ranges and Heating Stoves. Call and see our display before purchasing elsewhere.

McCallum & Co
Dealers in General Hardware,
MAIN STREET, - SLOCAN

Agents for Crow's Nest Domestic and Blacksmith Coal.

Do You Want a Home?

Then come to Slocan, for it is one of the fairest spots on this earth of ours. Levelness, Room, Scenery, Health, Fishing, Hunting, Roads, Railway Steamboats, Churches, School Hospital, Public Halls and Enterprising Citizens are some of the advantages enjoyed by this Town, backed up by Unsurpassed and Proven Mineral Resources. Nature and Man hath decreed that

Slocan is the Town

Come and be convinced that this tale is no mere idle dream, but a stern reality.

The Murcutt Branch
OF THE W.C.T.U., SLOCAN,
Meets the second Thursday in each month at 3 p.m. Next meeting in the Presbyterian church. All meetings open to those wishing to join.
MRS. W. J. ANDREWS, President. MRS. M. D. MCKEE, Cor. Secretary.

Slocan City Miners' Union, No. 62, W. F. of M.

Meets every Wednesday evening in the Union Hall, Slocan City, at 7.30 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

J. V. PURVIANCE, President.
JOHN A. FOLEY, Financial Secretary

Removed..

We have moved into our handsome new store, on cor. Baker and Stanley Streets. Call on us.

Repairing a specialty and all work forwarded will be guaranteed, and mail orders promptly attended to. All Union workmen employed, thus ensuring skilled attention.

J. J. WALKER,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Nelson, B.C

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Direct Route, Unequalled Service, to all Points
EAST and WEST
via Soo Line to St. Paul, Chicago, to all U. S. Points.

First-Class Sleepers, Dining Cars, and Tourist Cars.

STEAMSHIP SERVICE!
from Vancouver to Cape Nome, Alaska Points, Australia, China, Japan. Through tickets to and from England and the Continent.

For time-tables, rates, and full information call on or address nearest local agent, or—

GEO. T. MOIR, Agent, Slocan City
J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver.