# THE PRINCETON STAR

Twenty-second Year—No. 27 | PRINCETON, B. C., FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1921. | PER YEAR: $2.50 Cash Single Copy 5c.


## Government Buys Liquor Warehouse

### Big Rent Was Paid for Building —More Profitable to Buy Outright

Victoria, May 27.—Full details of the purchase by the government, of the Campbell warehouse in Vancouver by the liquor board was made public by Hon. Mr. Farris. It is a reply to the attack made on the government by the Vancouver Sun and an open letter to Premier Oliver asking for an explanation published by the morning paper. Hon. Mr. Farris explains that the major part of the warehouse of Charles E. Campbell had been under lease for some time to the government, under the Prohibition Act. When more storage space was required, as large quantities of liquor arrived for sale under Government Control, more floor space was taken in the building. Rent paid for space was fixed on the valuation made by Vancouver brokers. It was actually $5000 a month less than a fair rental value given by one firm as rental experts. When the liquor board took office it found that the whole building could be bought for a price which would enable it to save $7,000 a year—the difference between the rent being paid and the interest on the building. When the government realized it was paying big rent every year for what it would have nothing to show at the end of the lease, it decided to accept the advice of the liquor board and buy a warehouse building outright, as in five years it would pay out in rent more than half the value of the building, and then the government would have nothing to show for it. "The Sun's article is simply another attempt of the paper to vent its spite against the government," says Hon Mr. Farris.

## COALMONT NEWS

Miss McKay and James McKiernan motored to Keremeos with I. McTavish to take in the sports on the 24th.

* * *

L. Marcotte and wife left for the coast on Wednesday.

* * *

Shorty Wagner left for Keremeos on Monday.

* * *

Harry Nash returned from Nicola Lake, where he spent the past ten days fishing and reports the sport very good. Harry came back with about thirty trout weighing up to two pounds each.

* * *

Keep your eye on Coalmont.

* * *

A part of the Coalmont baseball team made a trip to Tulameen on the 24th and played the Tulameen team, winning their game by a score of 18 to 8.

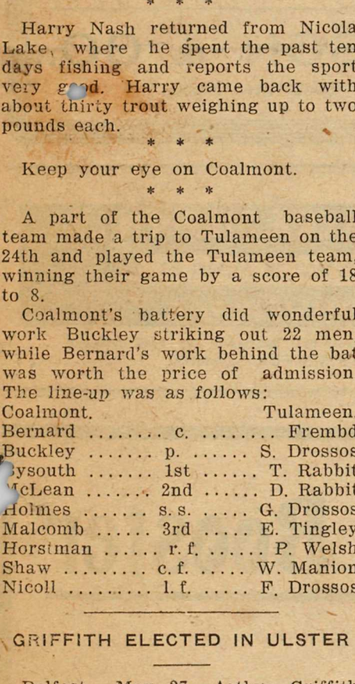
Coalmont's battery did wonderful work Buckley striking out 22 men, while Bernard's work behind the bat was worth the price of admission. The line-up was as follows:

| Coalmont. | | Tulameen. |
|---|---|---|
| Bernard | c. | Frembd |
| Buckley | p. | S. Drossos |
| Bysouth | 1st | T. Rabbit |
| McLean | 2nd | D. Rabbit |
| Holmes | s. s. | G. Drossos |
| Malcomb | 3rd | E. Tingley |
| Horstman | r. f. | P. Welsh |
| Shaw | c. f. | W. Manion |
| Nicoll | l. f. | F. Drossos |

### GRIFFITH ELECTED IN ULSTER

Belfast, May 27.—Arthur Griffith founder of the Sinn Fein organization, was elected to a seat in the Ulster parliament.

### Scotch-Canadian Concert Party, Chautauqua's Grand Closing



Walter Henderson

Walter Henderson (above) a second Harry Lauder, appears on Friday afternoon and evening, June 3. He sings all the popular Scotch songs and keeps everyone in a good humor every minute.

### COLLECTION OF ANNUAL AGRICUTURAL STATISTICS

For the fourth successive year since 1918, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and the Provincial Departments of Agriculture will make next June their annual enumeration throughout Canada of the areas now to field crops and of farm live stock. This enumeration will be effected, as before, by cardboard schedules distributed to individual farmers. When filled up and returned, the cards will be transmitted to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa for compilation into toals by adding machinery, except in Ontario and British Columbia, where the compilation will be undertaken by the provincial Departments.

The collection of these statistics represents a national agricultural stock-taking, which is as important in the interests of farmers as are the conditions of other industries to those whose livelihood depends upon them. The trustworthiness and value of the statistics depend upon the co-operation of farmers filling up and returning the simple schedule issued to them, because the greater the number of returns, the surer will be the estimates based thereon. It is the aim of the Dominion and provincial statistical authorities to secure ultimately an annual return from every individual farmer in the Dominion.

In filling up the forms, farmers are not only advancing their own individual interests, but also those of the greatest national industry in Canada. From a national and provincial standpoint, food merchants, transport companies, bankers, and all business men are keenly interested in obtaining the earliest possible information as to the quantty and value of the products of the soil. Agricultural operations depend largely upon credit, and credit cannot be given without security. The principal security of bankers in financing agricultural clients is the produce of the soil, early and accurate information as to which is essential.

Some farmers fail to return the schedules from a mistaken fear that their taxes will in consequence be increased. The fact is, however, that the collection of these statistics has no direct connection with taxation at all. The schedules are received and dealt with under the seal of absolute secrecy, and only the estimates of totals based upon the replies received are published. If the agricultural statistics as published, may be considered as affording any guide to statesmen in proposing fiscal legislation, the interests of farmers are just as likely to suffer as not through statistical inaccuracy. They are as liable to be overtaxed as undertaxed if the country's agricultural production be not accurately estimated. No honest farmer desires to escape his fair share of liability for the national upkeep, and it is in his true interest that the annual statistics of agriculture should be as accurate and trustworthy as it is possible to make them.

Annual estimates of agricutural production for the whole of Canada have been available since 1908. For ten years from that date they were based only upon the Census and the reports of a limited number of correspondents; but the present method of basing the annual estimates upon actual returns has proved much more reliable, and its perfection depends upon the ultimate cohesion of every farmer in Canada. Any farmer who does not receive a carboard schedule by the middle of June should apply for one either to the school teacher in his school district, to the Agricultural Department of his province, or to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa.

Next June will also be taken the decennial Census of Canada, and all farmers will be required to furnish detailed information on a complete agricultural schedule. The areas sown to field crops will be collected by the Census both for the years 1920 and 1921; so that the results should show to what extent the annaul statistics for those years have proved to be accurate.

Owing to the existence of these annual statistics, it is possible to show hat the area under field crops in Canada has increased from about 39 million acres in 1915 to nearly 53 million acres in 1920 and their value rom $525,370,600 in 1915 to $1,455,344,000 in 1920. Facts such as these, collected by the present system of agricultural statistics, cannot but tell n favor of the great Dominion by attracting the great resources of the country.

### BURNED TO THE GROUND

#### Saturday Fire Destroys Carlson Home on Darcy Mountain Road

Shortly after five o'clock on Saturday afternoon, fire completely destroyed the house and contents of John Carlson on his ranch on the Darcy Mountain road. Although no explanation is forthcoming, it is supposed the fire originated through an overheated stovepipe or a defective flue.

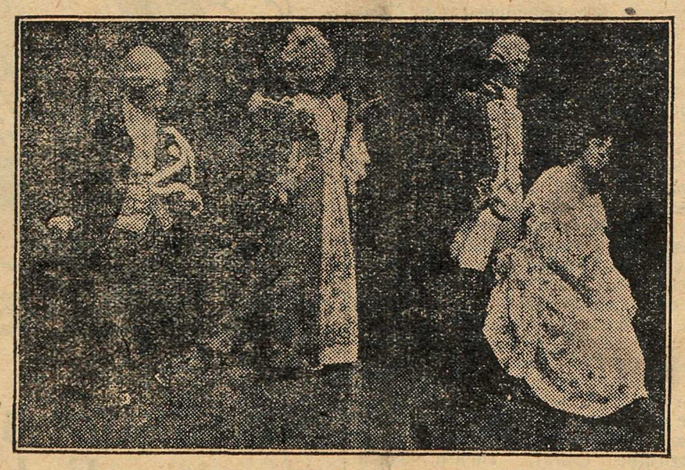
The house, which contained only three rooms, had for some time been occupied by August Carlson, father of the owner. Mr. Carlson Sr., who was alone at the time, succeeded only in rescuing his coat and unfortunately overlooked his vest which contained in one of the pockets a roll of about $25.00.

John Carlson, who resides in town, knew nothing of his loss until late in the evening. The loss is estimated at about $1,000 there being no insurance on the property.

"That man works by fits and starts."

"Fits and stops, I should say."

### COFFER-MILLER PLAYERS PRESENT "THE RIVALS" Thursday Evening at 8.15



The Coffer-Miller Players

"Play Night" is one of the biggest nights of Chautauqua anywhere. You will more than enjoy this rollic king comedy. Full of laughs.

## Dominion Chautauqua

ODDFELLOWS' HALL, PRINCETON

### DAILY PROGRAMME

| SEASON TICKETS | | DAILY SCHEDULE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adults | $3.00 | Afternoon | 3.30 |
| Children | 1.00 | Evening | 8.15 |

War Tax on all tickets extra.

**FIRST DAY—SATURDAY, MAY 28**

Afternoon—Opening Announcements for the week, Chautauqua Supt.
Concert ..... Bell Ringers Male Quartet
Admission 50c
Night—Concert Prelude ..... "Bell Ringers"
Lecture—"Canada at the Cross-Roads" ..... Agnes C. Laut
Admission 75c

**SECOND DAY—MONDAY, MAY 30**

Afternoon—Concert .. The Dixie Girls "In Costume, Song and Story"
Admission 50c
Night—Concert Prelude ..... The Dixie Girls
Lecture—"What Democracy Means to Me".. Arthur W. Evans
Admission 75c

**THIRD DAY—TUESDAY, MAY 31**

Afternoon—Concert ..... Lieurance's Symphonic Orchestra
Princess Oyapela ..... "Indian History and Folk Lore"
Admission 75c
Night—Grand Concert ..... Lieurance's Symphonic Orchestra
J. Horace Smithey, Baritone
Admission $1.00

**FOURTH DAY—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1**

Afternoon—Concert Prelude—Tennessee Duo ..... "Fun"
Lecture—"The Homing of the People" ..... Lethe Coleman
Admission 50c
Night—Concert Prelude—Tennessee Duo ..... "More Fun"
Lecture—"The Needs of the Hour" ..... Judge Geo. D. Alden
Admission 75c

**FIFTH DAY—THURSDAY, JUNE 2**

Afternoon—Rest ..... Get ready for "The Rivals"
Night—Coffer-Miller Players ..... "The Rivals," a great comedy
Admission $1.00

**SIXTH DAY—FRIDAY, JUNE 3**

Afternoon—Grand Concert—Scotch-Canadian Concert Party, featuring Marietta La Dell, reader; Walter Henderson, Scotch Comedian; Edna Reed soprano; Thelma Rose violinist.
Admission 75c
Night—Concert Prelude ..... Scotch-Canadian Concert Party
Cartoons—"90 Minutes with a Crayon Wizard"... Pitt Parker
Admission 75c

BUY YOUR SEASON TICKET EARLY!

### OWNERS AND MINERS MEET LLOYD GEORGE

London, May 27.—British owners and representatives of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain met Lloyd George here today for the purpose of discussing proposals for reaching a settlement of the miners' strike. It was understood that the mine owners prepared terms for presentation at the conference, but there seemed to be little hope that they would be found acceptable. It was indicated that the conference might not be concluded until tomorrow.

### CONFIDENCE IN PREMIER BRIAND SHOWN

Paris, May 27.—The policies followed by Premier Briand dealing with the German reparations programme in Upper Silesia, and other matters of vital importance, have been given the stamp of approval by the chamber of deputies. The chamber, which had been debating these questions for several days upheld the government last night on every point involved and ungeneral order of day declared confidence in Premier Briand by a vote 413 to 171. Spirited exchanges between Premier Briand and Premier Lloyd George over the Polish insurrection in Silesia resulted in solid fifty—in support of M. Briand.

### TIMES REPORTED SOLD TO SIR JOHN ELLERMAN

London, May 27.—The newspaper world is stirred by the report published prominently in the "Daily Express" that the great history morning newspaper has been sold. The report of the sale is being discussed in London newspaper circles as if it were a definite fact. The reputed purchaser of the journal in question is Sir. John Ellerman, and the journal is beleived to be the Times.

### PROPERTY OF DRAFT EVADER CONFISCATED IN U. S.

Philadelphia, May 27.—All of the property in this city of Grover C. Bercdoll, convicted of draft evasion, and army deserter, now in Germany, valued at about $850,000 was seceded by Col. Thos. W. Miller, alien property custodian of the United States. It consists of real estate money on deposit in four banks.

### APPOINTMENT OF FUEL COMMISSION EXPECTED

Ottawa, May 27.—Appointment of a Dominion fuel commission, whose efforts will be directed toward bringing about the greatest development and best distribution of fuel supply, will, it is expected, be recommended in a report of the special house common fuel. When that report comes before the commons the committee which has finished its examination of witness this session without getting cost sheets of mine operators for which it asked, went into executive session this morning for consideration of its report. Owing to the short time which is expected to elapse before prorogation, efforts will be made to bring the report before the house without delay.

### PRISON SENTENCES ORDERED CONSIDERED INADEQUATE

London, May 27.—The ten months' imprisonment ordered by the Leipzig court on German non-commissioned Officer Heyner for cruelty to British war prisoners is generally considered a grossly inadequate sentence; some papers describe it as farcial. Discussion will be invited in the House of Commons with the object of inducing the government to warn the German minister of other guilty persons a measure of punishment inflicted where to represent more closely sentences of British judges would have passed.

### OLIVER PIPELINE DAMAGED DURING BIG CLOUDBURST

Oliver did not escape the ravages of the big cloudburst that struck this section of the valley last week for about fifty feet of the big syphon near the intake was carried away by the storm. The floods undermined the cement work of the ditch in several places and washed out a hole about sixty feet deep near the syphon intake. The water flowed over the roads and blocked the highway to Penticton. The damage entailed will amount possibly to something like $9,000. Government Engineer Cleveland was early on the scene and has already set the machinery in motion to repair the damage as soon as possible. Settlers are assured that no one will suffer through lack of water, as temporary repairs will be made and water will be available almost immediately.

### NEW MAIL SCHEDULE ANNOUNCED THIS WEEK

The following letter received last week by Postmaster Bell, is self-explanatory:

The Postmaster,
Princeton, B. C.

Under time card effective 23rd instant mail train service on the K. V. railway will be increased from 3 to 5 trips per week each way.

Under this schedule your present exchange of mails with the C. &. V. R. P. O. will be discontinued and superseded by an exchange of mails with Vancouver. Commencing May 24th therefore you will receive mails from the N. &. M. R. P. O. and from Penticton daily except Monday via train No. 11 at 3:10 p. m. and despatch mails to Vancouver, Coalmont, Tulameen, Brookmere, and Merritt at the same time, and you will receive mails from Vancouver, Merritt and Brookmere and despatch mails to Penticton, and the N. &. M. R. P. O. daily except Monday via train No. 12 at 3:55 a. m.

Please note that no mails are to be despatched or received from the Kettle Valley trains on Monday. On Tuesday Thursday and Saturday you will receive mails from Mazama and Jura and despatch mails to Demuth.

The Postmaster at Vancouver will despatch mails for Coalmont and Tulameen to your office. Please see that these mails are worked up in time for despatch to destination via train No. 11 the same day.

J. D. MACLEOD,
Superintendent.
Vancouver, B. C., May 19, 1921.

### Princeton Paragraphs

Mr. D. McCallum, of Keremeos, was in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. (Dr.) M. D. McEwen, of Vancouver, was a visitor in Princeton on Wednesday.

Harry Tidy, of Keremeos, was a visitor to Princeton today.

Mr. W. Clayton, of Penticton came in on today's train on a brief business visit.

Mrs. P. Swanson, of the Princeton hotel, left on Tuesday morning's train on a visit to Haleyon.

Neil McFadden spent a couple of days in Penticton the first of the week.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Wallace, superintendent of the Chautauqua is expected in town tomorrow from Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. Andy Fulton, of Enderby, were visitors in town Thursday.

"Peg" McLennan returned to Princeton on Sunday last, after an absence of about two years, a portion of which time he spent in New Mexico.

Miss Katherine Dynes, the Advance Representative of the Chautauqua, has been in town all week helping our local committee to arrange the details for the opening of Chautauqua on Saturday, May 28th.

Mrs. McLean and Miss Currie, of Vancouver, have been visiting in Princeton the past week, guests of Dr. and Mrs. Lee Smith.

H. D. Barnes and A. J. McGibbon, of Hedley, were in Princeton Wednesday on their return home from a brief visit at Penticton.

"Doc." Dale celebrated in Keremeos this week. He is back again now.

Mr. and Mrs. Davidson of Coalmont were visitors in town on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. J. D. Brass of Hedley, passed through town today on her way home from Vancouver, where she has been under the doctor's care for several weeks.

As we go to press the children of the public school are holding a Chautauqua parade. This was organized by the wide-awake advance agent of Chautauqua, Miss Dynes, who has been in town the past week.

### FORGET YOUR TROUBLES!

There never was a time when Chautauquas were more needed than in times like the present, when town people and country people are depressed by "hard times." They flock into the theatres, but while they forget themselves there, they bring very little away to build into their lives. It is like taking a drink of booze. But when they go to Chautauqua they relax, forget themselves, and come away with a fed life.

The Abbeville, Louisiana, Progress says: "Right now throughout this section of the country there are many people — perhaps a majority of the people—who are not satisfied with the present economic conditions Most of the farmers lost money. Business is reported unsatisfactory. One hears very few encouraging reports. The entire community needs to forget its troubles for awhile and think of something cheerful. Let yourself be entertained. Don't tell the world that Abbeville is down and out, because it isn't. Buy a Chautauqua ticket."

Is Princeton down and out? Or are we, too, going to buy Chautauqua tickets, let worth while music and lectures inspire us to new efforts, take a new lease on life, keep Princeton's troubles from the rest of the world, and "come out on top."

## Victoria Day At Keremeos

### Laurels Go to Home Team in Baseball—Dance a Huge Success

King's weather prevailed in Keremeos on the 24th and the celebration there drew a fair crowd of visitors from all points in the valley as well as a number of baseball "fans" from Oroville and Tonasket. Citizens and visitors alike seemed to be out for all the enjoyment they could get out of the celebration—and as far as the writer could see, they succeeded.

The programme was composed chiefly of a baseball tournament between Tonasket, Oroville, Keremeos and Princeton. Oroville and Keremeos were paired off for the game scheduled for 10:30 in the morning, This resulted in a win for Keremeos by a score of 4-2. Tonasket and Princeton took the field immediately after lunch. This game was won by the former by 5-4. This placed Tonasket and Keremeos in the finals. In this game the home team made a good start and got a lead of 6-0 in the first two innings. At the end of the fifth Tonasket was close on their heels with five runs to their credit. Keremeos got busy again and managed to get eight more runs in before time was called. The final score read: Keremeos, 14; Tonasket, 13.

During the afternoon a short programme of foot races for the girls and boys was run off. A bicycle "slow" race, in which about a dozen contestants entered, created considerable interest.

The dance in the evening was held in the new Victory hall which has recently been built as a community hall for public gatherings of all kinds. Upwards of three hundred were present and from appearances, all had a "whale of a time." The music furnished by the Emmerton orchestra from Penticton was of a high order. The hall has a floor space of about fifty by seventy feet, with a large cement basement, where a bountiful supper was laid for the large crowd present.

Congratulations are due to the committee who had charge of the day's entertainment and we bespeak for Keremeos a larger attendance than ever for future Empire Day celebrations to be held there.

### "COLONEL" STEVENSON HERE

#### Is Preparing for Expedition to Headwaters of Tulameen River

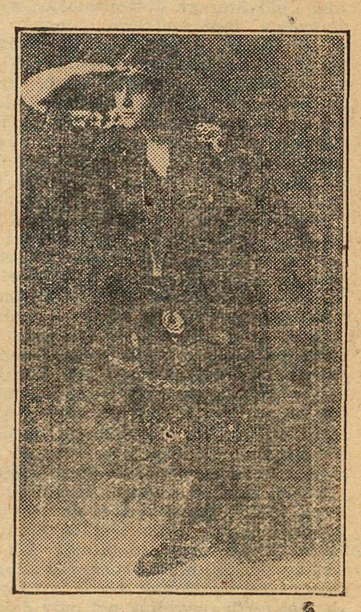
"Colonel" Robt. Stevenson arrived in Princeton on Wednesday from Lytton, where he has been making preparations to carry on placer mining operations on a large scale on Kanaka Bar in the Fraser river a few miles below Lytton, which property Mr. Stevenson located over half a century ago. The high water forced a shut-down and it will probably be a couple of months before opening up again. Mr. Stevenson is in Princeton making arrangements to spend the summer in a search for his platinum at the headwaters of the Tulameen—and, altogether this will be the forty-fourth summer he has made an expedition into these parts in the search, he says he is sure going to find it this time.

### STOCKRAISERS WILL MEET AT KAMLOOPS

Stock owners from all over the interior will gather in Kamloops on June 7 to attend the annual meeting of the Stock Raisers' Association of British Columbia.

There is expected to be a large attendance at the meeting this year. Many important matters are to come up affecting this branch of industry. A great percentage of those to attend will be from interior points in B. C., but there is expected to be visitors from outside points and from districts across the line.

### BIG MUSICAL DAY ON TUESDAY MAY 31



Princess Oyapela

Princess Oyapela will be accompanied by the Lieurance Symphonic Orchestra in her delightful programme of Indian song and dances. Don't fail to hear her tell the legends of her people.

# The Princeton Star

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Payable in Advance

G. E. FRENCH, Manager

FRIDAY ..... MAY 27, 1921


## AMALGAMATION

The amalgamation proposal which has been advanced to embrace the different returned soldier organizations in the Dominion cannot fail to benefit from the discussion on the subject which has taken place between representatives of the Victoria branches of ex-service associations. The great difficulty tnat has to be overcome, namely, the unifying of the various aims now entertained by the associations, is recognized, and it is realized that if there is to be amalgamation there must also be a surrender of individual, and even of organized opinion, now prevailing, so that returned soldiers as a whole may benefit through the idea of co-operative action. The trend of the discussion, so far as it has advanced, shows there is a wish in some quarters that the existing organizations should retain their identities but that a "cabinet council," drawn from them all, should be created to deal with those outstanding problems which affect the returned men. Something of this nature was tried on a local scale, but its influence and authority never met anticipation.

From what we can learn those who have considered the question of amalgamation in the broadest patriotic spirit believe that an entirely new organization, in which all existing ex-service associations should be merged is desirable. They believe that therein lies the only possible way of utilizing, in a co-operative way, the sentiment which the returned soldiers represent. Supporting that sentiment which is really one of loyal patriotism, is the vast bulk of public opinion in the country, so that it is apparent a "Canadian Legion," or whatever an amalgamated body might be called, could accomplish almost anything to which it set its mind in the interests of the Dominion. Had such an association come into existence at the time of the Armistice, the problem of re-habilitation would have been solved today. Until there is amalgamation the energies of the different organizations are dissipated to a degree, because of differences of opinion, disagreement over methods, and the wiles of political parties in securing office in ex-service bodies for their nominees.

The returned men realize the disadvantages under which they labor in bringing together their different organizations for the purposes of united action. It is purely a matter of education before the idea of amalgamation is accepted. There must be a willingness expressed by every section of the returned soldiers to submit to the views of the majority, and to this extent a measure of self-sacrifice must be evidenced. With a basis of amalgamation the ideal that whatever is done should be in the patriotic interests of the Dominion and that this ideal should govern every action, we believe the educational campaign now afoot will have its desired result. No movement within the country during recent years is deserving of more cordial public sympathy and support. The people are prepared to give immediate recognition to the high, patriotic purpose behind the proposal for an amalgamated body of veterans throughout the Dominion.

## INTERNATIONAL DAIRY CONGRESS

There is probably no branch of agriculture in which Canada has made more progress in recent years than dairying. An opportunity will be afforded next year to let the world know how far this is the case, for in the summer is to be held at Chicago, Ill., the Seventh International Dairy Congress at which there will be present officially appointed representatives from thirty to fifty different countries. At the sixth congress, held at Berne, Switzerland, in 1914 Mr. J. A. Ruddick, Dominion Dairy and Cold-Storage Commissioner, was Canada's representative, among a total of 800 delegates representing twenty-nine countries or states. The congresses are organized under the auspices of the International Dairy Federation, of which any person interested in dairying, corporation or association can become a member on payment of the annual fee, which at present is twenty francs. Papers are read at the congresses and the reports are published in English, French and two other languages. Already Mr. Ruddick is engaged, by authority of the Dominion Minister of Agriculture, in preparing for Canada's representation at next year's congress in Chicago, and a committee is being formed on which the heads of the dairy branch in every province will be invited to act. This committee will arrange for the questions to be discussed and the papers to be read as far as Canada is concerned. A pamphlet will also be prepared and distributed among the delegates descriptive of the dairy industry in this country. It is further proposed to establish in connection with the congress a bureau of information at which facts will be set forth regarding not only dairying in Canada, but agriculture generally and the manufactures and resources of the country. In addition, leaflets will be circulated suggesting itineraries for delegates who might like to visit Canada before returning home.—Dominion Department of Agriculture.

## FOREST FIRES

With the opening of another fire season, the question of forest fire losses becomes of direct personal interest to every Canadian. Forest protective organizations, Dominion, provincial and private, are increasing in strength and efficiency, but still the provision made is far from adequate in every forest province of the Dominion. Our average annual losses from forest fires still run into the millions of dollars. Most of these forest fire are preventable.

To check this enormous drain upon our resources, it is necessary that the individual citizen should interest himself and make his interest felt in the matters of improved administration, and increased appropriations for the better protection of our forests. Governments and legislative bodies are, for the most part, alive to the situation, but they are keenly susceptible to enlightened public opinion, and, in fact, require its support when measures are under consideration involving large expenditures or material changes in policy.

Expenditures on forest protection must be regarded as an investment not only for the future but for the present as well. If existing merchantable timber is to be kept from destruction, for immediate use, and if the vast areas of young forest growth are to be preserved, to comprise the forests of the future very substantial expenditures must be incurred for this purpose and to so administer them that non-agricultural lands will be kept in a permanently productive condition.

The forest is a crop, which may be perpetuated by wise use, but which will inevitably be destroyed by unwise use. Irrefutable evidence of this may be seen over thousands of square miles in both Canada and the United States.

In all of our forest provinces, other than the Prairie provinces, adequate protection will involve the expenditure of only a reasonable fraction of the Crown timber revenue. There has in the past been too strong a tendency to divert an unduly large proportion of the forest revenue to purposes of general governmental administration, leaving the forest to be regarded as a mine to be exploited, rather than as a crop to be reproduced.

Educational propaganda for greater care by the general public in preventing and extinguishing forest fires is of inestimable value and can scarcely be over-done.

It is of the greatest importance to Canada to perpetuate the source of the raw material upon which are dependent the great timber industries of the Dominion. These industries provide employment for some 80,000 men and an avenue for the investment of probably more than $400,000,000 of capital. Forest products comprise one of the largest items in our export trade and are a vital factor in the exchange situation.

With adequate protection, and scientific yet practical administration, these great industries may be still further developed and maintained for all the time to come. Without, they must inevitably diminish, as are already the great timber industries of the eastern and southern States, for lack of these vital elements.

Really adequate protection from destruction by fire is the keystone of the forest arch.—Clyde Leavitt.

## LIQUOR COSTS

The Liquor Control Board is to be congratulated on its decision to lessen, so far as it can, to the consumer the weight of the new Dominion taxation on liquors. If we interpret its meaning aright the profits which the Provincial Government expects to make out of the sale of liquors will be reduced, so far as they affect whiskies, in order that the different brands may be sold to the people at reasonable figures. The heavy Dominion taxation, which is descriminatory in its incidence, inasmuch as it will apply almost altogether to Quebec and this province, will, of course, mean a considerable increase in the price of the liquors which it affects. The cost to the consumers in this province, under Government Control, would have been greater if the Liquor Control Board had not decided to meet the situation so far as lies in its power. A decision of this character will have a tendency to dispose of the idea that it is the government's intention to secure undue profits under the new liquor law, which goes into operation next month.

## GIVE THE CHILDREN A CHANCE

An essential part of any national health policy is the instruction in the pinciples and practise of hygiene of the great mass of the people. In this as in other spheres of human affairs ignorance is the chief curse. We are only now, as knowledge grows, becoming aware of the immeasurable part played by ignorance in the realms of disease. It is hardly too much to say that in proportion as knowledge spreads in a population, disease and incapacity decline, and this becomes more evident as the gross forms of world-wide disease are overcome. As in the individual, so in the community, knowledge is the sheet anchor of preventive medicine—knowledge of the way of health, knowledge of the causes and channels of disease, knowledge of remedy.

Every child born in Canada should have an opportunity of starting life in sound physical health, of growing to maturity in and through the healthful exercise of its powers and then of continuing to live in good health under wholesome conditions until the full course of life is run. Towards that end the Red Cross calls upon all intelligent men and women to join the Crusade for Good Health and to join the Red Cross which can do more for the country in peace than it was able to accomplish in war.

### To Vote on Daylight Saving

Saskatoon, Sask.—A plebiscite will be held in Saskatoon on June 1 to decide on daylight saving for the present summer.

## DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Similkameen Electoral District

**Notice re Closing Road Through Lots 1 and 2, Block 15, Cawston**

As required by Paragraph 3 of the Highways Act Amendment Act, Chap. 28, 1917, the undersigned hereby gives notice that thirty (30) days from date it is his intention to discontinue and close the road through Lots 1 and 2, Block 15, Cawston, Registered Plan No. 1479, and more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the south-easterly corner of Block fifteen (15) in the subdivision of the said North half of the South-East quarter of Section nine (9), Township fifty-two (52) Registered plan fourteen hundred and seventy-nine (1479); thence South-Westerly along the Southerly boundary of the said Block fifteen (15) a distance of one hundred and thirty-four (134) feet; thence South-Easterly a distance of sixty-six (66) feet, more or less, to the North-West corner of Block twenty-seven (27) Registered plan fifteen hundred and seventy-three (1573); thence North-Easterly along the Northerly boundary of the said Block twenty-seven (27) a distance of two hundred (200) feet more or less to the intersection with the Westerly boundary of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway Company's right-of-way; thence North-Westerly along the Westerly boundary of the said right-of-way a distance of seven hundred and twelve (712) feet; thence South-Westerly and parallel to the Northerly boundary of the said Block fifteen (15) a distance of sixty-six (66) feet more or less to an intersection with the Easterly boundary of the said Block fifteen (15); thence following along the said Easterly boundary a distance of six hundred and forty-six (646) feet more or less to the point of commencement, and containing by admeasurement one and three hundred and twelve thousandths (1.312) acres more or less as shown outlined in green on a plan deposited in the Department of Public Works, File Number 3142.

J. H. KING
Minister of Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C., May 12, 1921. 27-4

## SIMILKAMEEN ELECTORAL DISTRICT

Notice is hereby given that I shall, on Monday, the 20th day of June 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Government Buildings, Fairview, B. C., hold a Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing and determining any and all objections to the retention of any name or names on the list of voters for the above named Electoral District.

JAMES R. BROWN,
Registrar of Voters,
Similkameen Electoral District.

Dated at Fairview, B. C., this 18th day of May, 1921. 27-29

## MINERAL ACT, 1896
(Form F.)

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Lemon No. 2, Lemon No. 5, Lemon No. 7, Lemon No. 9, Lemon No. 11, Zapata 1 Fraction, August 12, August 13, August 14, First Chance No. 1, Last Chance No. 1, Copper Cent No. 1, Moore No. 1. Margaret No. 1 Fraction, Malone Fraction, Mineral Claims; situate in the Similkameen Mining Division of Yale District. Where located: At Copper Mountain, near Princeton, B. C.

Take Notice that I, P. W. Gregory, acting as agent for The Canada Copper Corporation, Limited, of Allenby, B. C., Free Miner's Certificate No. 42843C, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 14th day of May, 1921. 26-9np

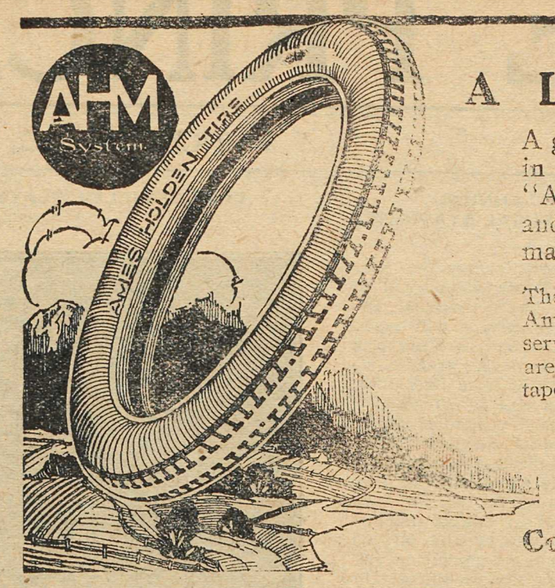

INSURANCE
**P. W. GREGORY**
AGENT FOR THE FOREMOST
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Companies—Canadian, British and American.
Agent for ALLISON SUBDIVISION


## SOCIETIES

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS**
PRINCETON LODGE No. 50
Meets Every Wednesd'y at 8 p.m. in I.O.O.F. Hall
Visiting Brothers Welcome.
W. D. YOUNG, C. C.
P. RUSSELL, K. R. S.

**PRINCETON LODGE I.O.O.F. No. 52.**
Regular meetings, 8 p m., Thursdays, Sojourning brethren welcome. Hall situate on cor Bridge St. and Vermilion Ave.
ROBT SCHULLI, N. G.
C. WILLARSON, R. S.

**Excelsior L. O. L. No. 2102**
Meets Fourth Tuesday at 8 p. m. in I. O. O. F. Hall.
Visiting brethren welcome.
C. V. PROSSER, W.M.
G. M. BENNET, SECRETARY


**A Limitless Guarantee**

A guarantee that operates at any time in the life of an Ames Holden "Auto-Shoe" protects you against any and every defect in material or workmanship that may come to light.

There is no time or mileage limit on this Ames Holden "Auto-Shoe" Guarantee. It serves as bedrock for all adjustments, which are made upon it—without fuss, quibble or red tape.

**AMES HOLDEN "AUTO-SHOES"**

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

*"Grey Sox" Tubes* — For Sale By — *"Red Sox" Tubes*

PRINCETON GARAGE — E. E. BURR, Princeton
E. J. ROTHERHAM, Keremeos


## Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to $5 an acre; second-class to $2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residences, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and must make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of $10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

### PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

### SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LAND.

Provision made for insurance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

### GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stockowners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

TRY STAR BUSINESS LOCALS


**$50 to $5,000**
A YEAR FOR LIFE
A CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ANNUITY PROVIDES IT

—No better life investment available
—No better security obtainable
—Cannot be seized or levied upon for any cause
—Will be replaced if lost, stolen or destroyed
—Not affected by trade depression
—Free from Dominion Income Tax
—No medical examination required

Anyone over the age of 5 years resident or domiciled in Canada may purchase.
Any two persons may purchase jointly.
Employers may purchase for their employees—school boards for their teachers—congregations for their ministers.

Apply to your postmaster; or write, postage free, to S. T. Bastedo, Superintendent of Annuities, Ottawa, for new booklet and other information desired. State sex and age last birthday.

**You May or May Not be Proud Of Your Shape---**
BUT IT IS THE ONLY ONE YOU HAVE

You can improve your appearance wonderfully by wearing Goods bought in Our Store. We have the largest and best *selection in the Similkameen*

**C. WILLARSON & CO.**
Gents Furnishings, Boots and Shoes

**PATTERSON, CHANDLER & STEPHEN LTD.**

Corner 16th Ave., & Main St.,
VANCOUVER, B.C.
LARGEST MONUMENT WORKS IN THE WEST
WRITE US FOR DESIGNS

**Business Booster**

No other medium will increase your business at such little expense as Newspaper Advertising.

Newspaper Advertising is the life-blood of local trade because it touches all consumer sources.

Not to use Newspaper Advertising is to deny yourself the most powerful trade promoter given to the use of man.

**If You WANT More Business**

Advertise in the "STAR"

# In the Southern Country

*A Page of Interest to the Lower Similkameen and Okanagan Valleys*

## FEEL OPTIMISTIC AROUND CAWSTON

**Growers.. in.. Southern.. Similkameen Are Greatly Pleased With Indications.**

Cawston, May 21.—There is a general optimistic feeling here among the growers on account of the excellent prospects for a good season. Especially with regard to small fruits does this apply, there having been ample moisture for germination without resorting to irrigation. Several nice rains, with intervals of some time between have helped things materially. The trees in newly planted orchards are doing exceptionally well this year, the leafing out process taking place fully a month earlier than last year.

Many expressions of regret are to be heard that the cannery will not operate this year as the prospects for a bumper tomato crop are everything that could be desired. The local growers had the opportunity of running the plant to handle their crops, but decided that sufficient acreage could not be obtained to warrant putting up the considerable outlay that would be necessary, and further the unsettled condition of the market made some rather "leary" of being able to dispose of the pack. However, arrangements have been made with the Dominion Canners at Keremeos to handle whatever acreage will be planted.

## GIVE DANCE TO PAY FINAL ACCOUNTS

Cawston, May 19.—At a meeting of the hall committee held Wednesday night it was decided to give a dance on June 3rd, in order to pay off the last of the hall expenses. The shortage has arisen through some outstanding bills due to the committee which still remain unpaid. The members of the committee have divided up the work of arrangements so that each is in charge of some branch, choosing their assistants from the general public. Mrs. A. L. Cawston was put in charge of the refreshments, Mr. Madden the decorations and floor, etc., Mr. Sheridan the ice cream booth, Mr. Wright the advertising and Mr. Gimby the reception committee. The committee, though fully realizing that this is a busy season and perhaps not the most appropriate for a dance, feel that it is the wish of the people in general, who placed the affairs of the hall in their hands. The hall is liable for the outstandings debts, however small, and in this will receive the hearty co-operation of the public.

### WILL MEET DURING SUMMER.

Cawston, May 21.—At the regular meeting of the United Farmers held on Thursday it was decided to hold the meetings throughout the summer months, on the third Thursdays in stead of the first and third as formerly.

The secretary was instructed to write to the G. N. R. traffic manager to ascertain more definite express rates to prairie points.

### OVER FROM KELOWNA.

Cawston, May 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Allan Dunnett of Kelowna motored over on Wednesday to visit his parents, returning on Thursday. Mr. Dunnett gave very favorable reports as to the fruit prospects in the Okanagan this year.

### AGENCY FOR BUTCHER.

Cawston, May 18.—Mr. G. W. Cole is handling an agency for Mr. King, the Keremeos butcher, taking orders and delivering meat every Thursday.

### COL. R. T. LOWERY IS DEAD.

Grand Forks.—The death of "Col." Robert Thornton Lowery, occured at the Grand Forks Hospital last week from dropsy. He has been a patient in the hospital for nearly a year and during the past few weeks his light was known to be rapidly glimmering.

The late Mr. Lowery was born in Halton County, Ontario, 62 years ago last month, and claimed credit for having conducted twenty-three newspapers in his day. He came to British Columbia thirty years ago and published papers in a score of Kootenay cities, editing the Ledger at Greenwood for nearly fifteen years. He was never married and is survived by a brother and sister residing in Ontario. He was formerly owner of the Princeton Star, selling it in 1917 to R. J. McDougall.

Victoria, B. C.—Important mining developments in British Columbia are forecasted by the Hon. William Sloan, Minister of Mines, in the announcement that the Canadian Pacific Railway will immediately commence a thorough survey of 2,000,000 acres of mineral bearing lands which it owns on Vancouver Island. It is intended to develop coal discoveries, and probably this will be followed by the establishment of a smelter on Vancouver Island.

Edmonton, Alta.—Five-hundred and sixty-seven wives of ex-Canadian soldiers, with their hundred babies and fifty other children, were brought together here recently by the home branch of the Soldier Settlement Board for instruction in farm and household subjects. Arrangements were made for the caring for the babies while the mothers attended lectures. It is expected that before the close of the winter 3,000 women will have attended these short courses, and more than 1,000 soldier's wives have already benefitted by the instructive classes.

If you could have what you really deserve would you be satisfied?

### CHEERFULNESS.

Cheerfulness is a gospel that every woman should possess; it is worth more than creed or dogma. Ask the man who fights the hard battles of life what it means to go home to the cheerful wife. Cheerfulness is a jewel either in prosperity or adversity. A low-spirited, fault-finding wife can kill the last bit of hope and enthusiasm remaining in a troubled heart, while the cheerful, hopeful one leads it to press on or to begin over again with a "heart for any fate." The prime requisite to success and happiness is cheerfulness.

### WORK

Work is the greatest boon ever conferred on man. Had he been able to live without it his development would have been hopeless. Look at the races to whom life is easy living, where nature is most luxurious and productive, where there being no cold, no clothes are needed, and where food can be gathered without the planting or cultivation. They are the weakest of God's creatures and no progress can be expected from them. The strongest races are those who have much to do to live. Work has made them.—E-President Taft.

### AND A MAN!
**By Berton Braley**

Who plays to win—but on the square—
Will move along Life's Thoroughfare
The peer of princes. For his sort
Shall ever be in good report
Among the brave fellows everywhere
What though he gain no riches rare?
Friends he shall have who do not court
His wealth, but only seek to share
The love and faith he has to spare,
Who plays to win—but on the square..

He shall have heart and strength to bear
The battle, with defeat, despair,
And be the conflict long or short,
He shall be, to the end, a Sport;
Who plays to win—but on the square!

Canada's Indian population is now estimated at 100,000 according to the annual report of the department of Indian Affairs. The report further states that the Indians had 218,204 acres of land under crop in 1920 and the value of farm products was $3,462,147, as against $3,142,146 in 1919. The Indians in the three prairie provinces broke 4500 acres of land and summer-fallowed 15,735 acres, and they also had 17,135 head of stock. The value of real and personal property in 1920 is shown at $69,915,077, or a per capita value of $674.43, whilst the average per capita income in 1920 was $107.13.

Carrying out their policy of attempting to learn the problems of every portion of the province, and assist, if possible, in the solution of difficulties, the Vancouver, Victoria and other Boards of Trade of the Island and mainland are planning an excursion to Prince Rupert, Anyox, Stewart, Ocean Falls and other coast points.

A fine thing to cultivate and tabulate, namely: The number of times you can honestly say "thank you" from the alarm clock's awakening in the morning until the shades are drawn at night. Then repeat it the next day—the next—and the next. The habit will make you a director in the bank of cheerfulness and "thank you" will come to you on the re-bound, times without number.

Half of greatness is grit. When intelligence is backed up with determination not to back down, the only thing under the sun that is impossible is something that can't be imagined.—Herbert Kaufman.

"A man's reach should exceed his grasp, else what's a Heaven for." When he wrote those lines Browning knew the emptiness and dissatisfaction of a life that has achieved its goal too early.

Those people who go about with a chip on their shoulder declaring that they won't do any more than they are paid for can always depend safely on one thing—they never will get paid for any more than they do.

Teacher—"Tommy, I don't believe you've studied your geography."

Tommy—"No, mum, I heard pa say the map of the world was changing every day, and thought I'd wait a few years till it got settled."

"Working in the garden gives you an appetite."

"There's the trouble," replied Mr. Crosslots. "What I raise doesn't begin to pay for the extra food I eat."

### A Striped Kimono.

A country vicar's daughter called on an old lady and, by special request, read to her a letter just received from her sailor son.

"What a nice letter, Mrs Smith!" said the visitor, as she returned it to the proud old woman. "And the present he is sending you sounds awfully good. But what will you do with a striped kimono?"

"Well you may ask, miss!" exclaimed Mrs. Smith in despair. "I dunno, I'm sure. I s'pose I can chain it up in the yard, or keep it in the pigsty. But what I'll feed it on goodness only knows!"

A man walked into a grocer shop and handed the assistant a paper with some white powder in it.

"I say," he asked, "what do you think that is? Just taste it and tell me your opinion."

The grocer smelled it and then touched it with his tongue.

"Well, I should say that was soda."

"That's just what I say," was the triumphant reply. "My wife said it was rat poison. You might try it again and make sure."

## HENS OF B.C. SHOW BEST LAYING BREEDS

Interest in the egg laying contests throughout the Dominion is heightening as time goes by. A comparison of the results of the different contests shows the following to be the leaders up to April 3:

| | |
|---|---|
| British Columbia (Agassiz) | 69 |
| Alberta (Lethbridge) | 53.6 |
| New Brunswick (Fredricton) | 51.7 |
| Ontario (Ottawa) | 49.4 |
| Nova Scotia (Truro) | 49.4 |
| All Canada (Ottawa) | 48 |

Taking in the three leading United States contests, for the sake of comparison, it is found that Pennsylvania (at Philadelphia) has a record of 59.9; Connecticut (at Storrs) has 56.2, and Vineland Experiment Station has 48 average production. Mixed in with the Canadian contestants these would come 2nd, 3rd and 9th., respectively, Vineland tieing with Ottawa at the 48 mark. The figures given show the average number of eggs per hen in the various contests from November 1st to April 3.

Records of leading pens in the various contests to hand as late as April 17th show a pen of White Wyandottes at Storrs with 1011 eggs for the period beginning Nov. 1. The leading pen in the All Canada Contest (Ottawa) gave 901 eggs to the credit of the White Leghorn breed. White Wyandottes lead the contest for the N.B. birds. At Fredericton with a record of 841 eggs. At Fredericton Barred Rocks figure from 2nd to 7th inclusive. White Leghorns come 8th in order, while at Ottawa, White Leghorns are second, Anconas third, Leghorns fourth and sixth with Barred Rocks lagging in fifth and seventh places.

Owing to the large number of hens going broody it is believed that the peak of production has been reached for the season and that a decline in output will be noted for a few weeks.

### POLITICS.

Gold and iron are good
To buy iron and gold.
All earth's fleece and food,
For their like are sold.
Boded Merlin wise,
Proved Napoleon great,—
Nor kind nor coinage buys
Aught above its rate.
Fear, Craft and Avarice
Cannot rear a State.
Out of dust to build
What is more than dust,—
Walls Amphion piled
Phoebus stablish must.
When the muses nine
With the sages meet,
Find to their design
An Atlantic seat,
By green orchard bought
Fended from the heat,
Where the statesman ploughs
Furrows for the wheat;
When the church is social wroth,
When the state-house in the hearth,
Then the perfect state is come,
The republican at home.

—Emerson.

A vigorous appeal to the manufacturers and retailers of British Columbia to purchase made in B. C. goods was made by Mr. M. A. Macdonald, K. C., M. L. A., in the course of an address at a joint banquet of the two bodies this week. He pointed out that industrial development was necessary to the prosperity of the Dominion, and it could only continue if Canadian people purchased their own products instead of going to foreign countries for them. He submitted surprising figures to show the amount of business sent out of the Dominion during the year, and declared that if it had been placed in this country, the Dominion, Provincial and municipal governments would have derived very considerable revenue from it. Employment would also have been increased, and all round prosperity recorded.

British Columbia last year imported $83,000,000 worth of goods that came into direct competition with products of this province. This meant that not only the wages and taxation derived from the industries that turned those products out were lost to the province, but the industrial expansion that would have been necessary upon the existence of a population large enough to produce that amount of goods was also lost.

Manufacturers in Great Britain are studying the possibilities of British Columbia as a likekly spot for the establishment of textile factories. They are gathering statistics regarding raw materials, power available, and other information. British capital will invest far more quickly in a province where it knows the people are one hundred per cent. strong behind local industry.

The widespread interest being taken in the "Made-in-B.C." movement is well evidenced by the large number of school children who entered the "Made-in-B.C." committee's essay contest. From as far east as Fernie, from northern sections of the province, and from Vancouver Island, papers were received competing for the large number of prizes hung up by the committee.

Vancouver, B. C.—The Northern Construction Company has been instructed to proceed with contract No. 2 of the Ballantyne pier. This is a work that will cost approximately four mililon dollars, and consists of steel and concrete superstructure. The company will have its gangs working in a few weeks as soon as steel arrives and preliminary arrangements are completed.

Halifax, N. S.—Two large shipments of Nova Scotia apples to the English market were made last week, one consisting of thirty-sevxen cars and the other of forty-one cars. The cars averaged from 250 to 275 barrels each.

### ONE'S FRIENDS.

One's acquaintances are numerous but one's friends are scarce if we think of friendship in its true meaning. There are two elements in friendship, both of equal importance. One of these is truth. A friend is a man with whom we may be sincere; with whom one may drop the thousand little hypocricies of dissimulation and courtesy. It is a shame that a mistaken idea of courtesy makes liars of us all. A girl who has this mistaken idea of courtesy said to her guests one evening when they apologised for having eaten fresh onions for dinner that she loved the smell of onions on anyone's breath. That was certainly carrying the matter of tact and courtesy too far.. A friend with whom one can be sincere and truthful is a God-send in any man's life and heaven help the person who does not have such an outlet for his opinions! We are constantly finding it necessary to conform our conversation, our customs to some persons in our midst who has a certain talent, a certain philantrophy, a certain religion which we must handle with care. Constant denial of true expression grows tiresome even to the mildest of us.

The second element of friendship is unselfishness. No true friendship has any thought of material gain. A friend gives himself fully and all he has. This does not mean material gifts but time, thought and attention. Never allow a friendship to grow settled but keep it always on the alert by keen insight and understanding. Give of your best and the best will come back to you.

### JUST FOR SPORT

Can you start a fire with a baseball match,
Or mend a glove with a cabbage patch?
Do they call it a strike if you bat your eye,
Or give you a base if you "swat a fly"?
Is a tennis racket just the noise and clatter?
If you broke the home plate could you use the platter?
Is the pitcher made from silver or glass?
Are the golf links iron or gold or brass?
Is a "caddie" used for storing tea?
Is a locker simply a great big key?
Is a foul a chicken or is it a bird?
Do they arrest a player for stealing third?

### IMPROVED IDEALS NEEDED.

Men say much regarding women's freakish dress, their indulgence in cigarettes, their complexions, their social liberties generally, but according to Dr. Katharine Bement Davis, of, New York, so far they have advanced no actual remedy.

Dr. Davis, who has been interested in child welfare and the feminine movement for some time, and has occupied important official positions in those connections, thinks that the present fad for painted faces and startling dress will pass, but considers that home life is of the utmost importance, and that the necessary training to correct the present social conditions should begin there, to be followed by instruction at school.

This education should be a training of the purposes and ideals rather than of the intelligence alone by the mere imparting of information. Our girls who get out into the world so young today acquire the idea that the type of woman who wins admiration and attention is the one whose modesty is somewhat concealed, if possessed. No girl wishes to be neglected, so to a degree she yields to conditions, meaning no harm, and being profoundly ignorant in many cases.

### WHAT ARE WE HERE FOR?

If you've never made another have a happier time in life,
If you've never helped a brother through his struggle and his strife,
If you've never been a comfort to the weary and the worn,
Will you tell us what you're here for in this lovely land of morn?

If you've never made the pathway of some neighbor glow with sun,
If you've never brought a bubble to some fellow heart with fun,
If you've never cheered a toiler that you tried to help along,
Will you tell us what you're here for in this lovely land of song?

If you've never made a comrade feel the world a sweeter place
Because you lived within it and had served it with your grace,
If you've never heard a woman or a little child proclaim
A blessing on your bounty—you're a poor hand at the game!

### MIND YOUR OWN BUSINESS.

People who never mind their own business are very much such a class of animals as the cross, surly, whiffet dogs that are always barking, biting and nabbing somebody. We wonder if they would appreciate a lecture? We will ask them a few questions just to find out. Don't you think the world and the people in it will live and prosper without the tremendous anxiety you carry on your shoulders by keeping an eye on everything and everybody in the whole neighborhood and the world besides? Can't Mrs. A. make a sweetcake without your lying awake at nights for fear there is going to be a wedding and you will not be invited? Can't Jenny have a new gown but you must immediately see it, know the price and for what special occasion it was purchased, or die of curiosity? Can't neighbor B. and his wife go out but you'll bet they're going to see somebody and have slighted you?

Toronto, Ont.—The value of Ontario's mine output for the year 1920 was $46,000,000, according to the report of the provincial department of mines. This included 564,309 ounces of gold valued at $11,665,735 as against a total value of $10,451,709 in 1919. Silver production in 1920 was worth $10,819,673, which was about $2,000,000 less than during the previous year. The value of nickel matte product in 1920 was $10,685,500, as compared with $7,940,403 in 1919.


DO NOT WORRY A LOT
but
Buy One From Us and Have a Home
in the
SUNNY SIMILKAMEEN VALLEY

Where a 5 ACRE ORCHARD is as valuable as a quarter-section prairie farm. Live where life is made pleasant. We offer choice fruit lands at reasonable prices and on easy terms.

SIMILKAMEEN FRUIT LANDS CO., LTD.
602 Great West Permanent Buildings,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.
Also R. L. Cawston, Sr., Cawston, B. C.

Cut Down the High Cost of Living
Clean Up That Old Straw Hat
New Consignment of Hat Bright Just Arrived
TIDY'S
Keremeos


## CENSUS TAKING TO START JUNE 1

**Yale Commissioner Is Now Choosing District Enumerators—Many Questions to Ask.**

Thirty-five questions must be answered regarding each person enumerated in the census of population next month, according to the forms which Commissioner Capt. J. C. Knight, of Vernon, has in stock to furnish his enumerators who will start quizzing the public on June 1st. One thing formidable about them however is the lengthy list of them, and the average person will not have to detain the enumerator long. There are forms for special occupations but the population form applies to everybody.

Under the heading of "Name and residence" the enumerator will set down the name of the individual and of the town and of the district.

"Tenure and class of home" will require details of whether the home is owned or rented, the monthly rental, the class of home, the material of which it is built, and the number of rooms occupied by the family concerned.

"Personal description" includes a statement of the individual's relationship to the head of the family, sex, conjugal state, the age at last birthday.

The country of birth of both the individual and both parents must be specified.

Details of the individual's race, language, and religion are required.

Under "education" the ability to read and write and the months spent at school since September 1st last, must be stated.

Several questions come under the heading "profession, occupation and employment," and provide the only problems of any difficulty. The individual is required to give his chief occupation or trade; to state whether he is an employer, an employee, or is working on his own account; to state his principal product if an employer his place of employment in general terms if an employee and the nature of his work if working on his own account. To give total earnings since June 1, 1920; to state if he was out of work on June 1, 1921, if an employee; to give the number of weeks he was unemployed in the past 12 months, and to give the number of weeks he was unemployed in this period because of illness.

### PROVIDES GUIDES.

The Automobile Association and Motor Union of Great Britain has instituted arrangements whereby tourists can be met in any part of London, or its outskirts, by competent pilots having an intimate knowledge of the metropolis and London traffic conditions. The men will be available for guiding members' cars, by the best routes, through or around London. Full particulars concerning this new "A. A." service, for which a moderate charge is made, may be obtained on application to the secretary, A. A. and M. U., Fanum House, Whitcomb St., London, W. C. 2, or to any of the association's area offices.

The competition carried on by the education committee through the medium of "School Days" resulted in a large number of replies being received by the committee from school children. Some of the replies were very amusing, while the arguments used in the majority of the essays indicated that the children had given great thought to the subject. The essays and lists of goods produced in British Columbia came from Penticton, Fernie, Chilliwack and the locality surrounding Vancouver, showing that "School Days" is a publication which has a wide and useful circulation. Give it consideration.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Any make of car overhauled by expert men.
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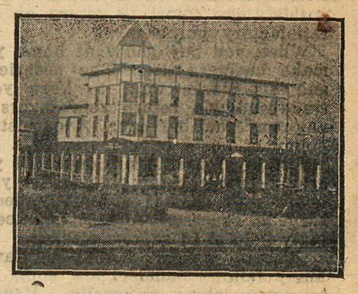

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KEREMEOS, B. C.
32 Miles from Penticton. One of the most beautiful scenic routes in British Columbia.
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR TOURISTS

FURNITURE WANTED — Everything in household goods purchased at fair prices. Cash paid. J. H. Partridge, Penticton. 48-4np


The man who believes in himself is the man who achieves success.

He is the benefactor of mankind who makes two words grow where there was only a grouch before—Elbert Hubbard.

# THINKS VALLEY VERY ENTICING

**Province Writer Greatly Taken With Prospects of This Section of Interior.**

The Province of a recent date in a page write-up of the agricultural sections of the province, devotes the following references to the Okanagan and Similkameen:

"Especially attractive are the opportunities offered in the Okanagan Valley, the centre of the tree fruit industry in British Columbia. Irrigation systems have been installed at great expense, and today the Department of Lands has made possible the provision of adequate water at a small cost, the systems being extended rapidly year by year as fresh land is planted to fruit. The northern end of the valley at Armstrong, is given over partly to mixed farming and truck gardening, while all along Okanagan lake for a distance of one hundred miles, magnificent orchards are found, some in full bearing, others just planted. Many of the new properties are for sale, the owners passing on to the work of bringing fresh areas into use.

"Vernon is the centre of the northern part of the valley, a bustling little city, growing rapidly. Half way down the lake Kelowna is found to be the distributing point for one of the richest sections of the country. At the southern end of this splendid sheet of water is Penticton, a shipping and railway centre, growing faster perhaps than any of the other smaller cities of the province. Further south is the wonderful valley of Osoyoos, a bit of southern mesa transported from the Rio Grande across the northern boundary in British Columbia. This is a rare exotic among valleys, with a climate milder than that of its neighbors, and features existing no where else in the Dominion.

"The low altitude (900 feet) of Osoyoos brings summer early to these sunny plains. The valley is little more than a desert. So was Imperial Valley before the life-giving waters of the Sierras brought wealth to the soil. The same transformation is being wrought in the case of Osoyoos, where the big reclamation project of the Provincial Government is slowly working the change. At a cost of nearly $2,000,000 some 12,000 will be placed under irrigation. Another 10,000 will serve as range land for the settlers in the valley proper, and already a portion of the irrigated farms have been sold. Others may be purchased from the Lands Department at reasonable prices on very easy terms.

"Osoyoos valley promises to become one of the most important fruit sections of the West. The farms are from ten to twenty acres in extent, providing sufficient ground for fruit growing truck farming and general mixed farming on a small but highly profitable scale. A carefully controlled irrigation system under government supervision, ensures ample water for the lands sold.

"Adjoining Osoyoos on the west is the justly famous Keremeos valley, which district at present claims precedence over all others in the "dry belt" in the early marketing of fruit. From a sage-brush wilderness twenty years ago, this beautiful valley has blossomed into one of the large producing sections of the interior, and even yet the possibilities have scarcely been realized. Large uncleared stretches of rolling plains await the industrious settler, and few sections of British Columbia will appeal to the newcomer more than Keremeos.

"Another part of the Similkameen electoral district which is becoming ambitious along agricultural lines, although owing its fame to mining activities, is Princeton. The rocky hills bordering the valleys have yielded millions in gold, silver and copper, and the immense holdings of the Canada Copper Corporation at Copper Mountain and Allenby promise to keep Princeton in the limelight as a mineral producer. Still, farming is gaining an important place and already large numbers of cattle are raised and marketed both locally and on the coast, and mixed farming activities are giving the district a right to be called an agricultural section."

### MAKING BUSINESS FRIENDS.

When you send your dollar off to some mail order house or distant store, you get what you pay for and no more. The fluffy-haired girl who handles it cares nothing for you. The merchant whom you helped to enrich never hears of you. The transaction has no aftermath except possibly the effort to return an unsatisfactory purchase.

When you buy goods at home you make business ties. The proprietor and his clerks want to keep your trade and will return your favors in any way that he can. A consistent policy of home buying creates a circle of loyal business friends. If you are in business for yourself in your home town this is absolutely necessary to success. And it is exceedingly helpful to anyone else.

Success comes largely by favor. Many fellows wonder how some fellow gets along so easily. Usually there is no magic or secret about it. They have been trying all their lives to make friends. If they have anything to sell, whether a line of merchandise or personal services, a host of their neighbors around them are glad to turn things their way. Buying goods in one's home town is the simplest and easiest way to create helpful business relations. And it costs nothing.

---

The made-in-B. C. idea is one that must appeal to every individual, no matter what his or her occupation in life. It is the one point around which the future of our province revolves, and as the idea takes hold of every man, woman and child, so will the future of British Columbia broaden, and its status as a prosperous, industrial province become more firmly established.

# DOUKHOBORS OFFER PROPERTIES FOR SALE

Grand Forks.—"We are ready to sell all our land and holdings in the Grand Forks district to the highest bidder," said Peter Verigin, head of the Doukhobor Community of Universal Brotherhood, Limited, who called at the Gazette office in company with John Zeboroff, local manager, for the purpose of making this announcement.

Mr. Verigin says they have about 5,000 acres in the district, about 3,000 of which is under cultivation and 2,000 acres of wild land. About 1,000 acres is planted to fruit trees from 5 to 10 years old, and he values the orchard tracts at $500 per acre. They are planted to apples, plums, prunes and pears.

Mr. Verigin says he would sell their entire holdings here as a going concern on which he places a valuation of around $2,000,000. This would include stock and general equipment, as well as brick yard, flour mill, sawmill and several warehouses.

Mr. Verigin gives as his reason for wanting to sell here is that he wishes to move his people to the Kootenay and Alberta districts where they have large holdings and where conditions would be more congenial.

# AMERICAN NAMES BEST FOR APPLES

**"Fancy" and "C Grade" Are Terms Which Take Well With the Trade.**

The following is an extract from a recent weekly bulletin of the Department of Trade and Commerce in which the fruit trade commissioner, J. Forsyth Smith, writing from Liverpool, comments upon the "Superiority of American Boxed Apple Grade Names."

"The attention of boxed apple shippers has been strongly called to the aid given to the selling of the lower grades of western American boxed apples by their attractive grade names of 'Fancy' and 'Choice.' Undoubtedly, British Columbia No. 2's are constantly hampered by the suggestion of inferiority conveyed by the grade name while American Fancy grade, escaping any such imputation, not infrequently makes as much as Extra Fancy for desirable counts. Thus in Glasgow on December 9, British Columbia Newtowns sold for 18s to 19s., when Oregon Newtowns, Fancy and 'C,' were both selling at the same price, 21s to 23s 6d. B. C. Winesaps, No. 2, sold at 17s 6d. when Washington Winesaps, Fancy, were selling at 18s 3d to 18s 6d; B. C. Jonathans, No. 2, sold at 15s 6d, to 16s, when Washington Johnathans, Fancy, were selling at 16s 6d, to 17s 6d.

A concrete instance of trade feeling in this connection will be illuminating. A British Columbia apple exporter was recently being introduced to the Liverpool trade. In the course of remarks dealing with the box apple situation, the future prospects for the lower grades were under discussion. The broker made the uncompromising statement: "I do not thing Nc. 2 boxed apples should ever be shipped to this country." His attention was at once called to the fact that large quantities of Fancy and "C" grades were constantly coming forward, and that in the case of the former, frequently, and of the latter occasionally, the prices realized for sizes 150 to 175's were either equal to or only slightly below those of the same sizes of Extra Fancy, and quite commonly superior to the prices of Extra Fancy, sizes 96 to 125. "Oh," he replied, "I was speaking of No. 2, not of Fancy or "C" grade." Such was the effect of attractive grade nomenclature on the mind of a prominent dealer constantly handling boxed apples. It was a new idea to him, that Fancy and "C" grade apples, if packed in Canada, would come forward, in accordance with legal requirements, as No. 2 and No. 3.

### BACK TO THE PRIMEVAL.

Women are naturally pioneers in some fields. At any rate where they lead the way men usually follow, it will be noticed. And I believe I am not fanciful when I say that among those who claim to be the most advanced city women, I can see a distinct movement back towards savagery. The short garments giving freedom to the limbs on the tramp or at the work of the camp, low at neck, high at the other end, is evidently coming back. Skins of wild beasts sewn together or flung about the shoulders are used by them, as they were by the dusky Pocahontas, and by the squaws who taught Jacques Cartier how to master scurvy. Pigments from the ochre beds, color from flower or plant stems the maids wore upon their bronzed cheeks when they merrily pushed splinters of dry wood under the nails of the early French missionaries and playfully set light to them. Just as our dames of high degree use similar paints and stains upon their soft cheeks today, and even push sticks into men's fingers in the manicuring rooms. I notice, too, the free and, I imagine, the uncorsetted figures of the summer girls, approaching to the graceful lissomness of the Indian ladies of the woods.

When I looked back to the crinolined figures of the first ladies I knew, enslaved to the fashion set by the Empress Eugenie, with barely a suspicion of toes peeping in and out beneath ther petticoats, but without any sinful disclosure of an ankle,, with a big brooch fastening the body of the dress tight up against the chin, I cannot but observe how far we are travelling towards the primeval state of aboriginality. It must be a true evolution upwards, I suppose.

---

Montreal, Que.—Three thousand, four hundred and ten lumber plants were operated in connection with the lumber industry in Canada in 1919, according to official figures. The report further shows that the total capital invested was $231,203,000, the total number of employees in 1919 was 73,500 and wages and salaries paid amounted to $61,000,000.

# CARE IS NEEDED WITH FERTILIZERS

**Often is an Expense to Orchard Which Fails to Bring a Corresponding Gain.**

Much has been written in the past and will continue to be written in the future on the subject of "The use of Commercial Fertilizers in Orchards." The accompanying article is being inserted as a warning against the random use of fertilizers. Unless definite need for a certain kind of mixture is fairly definitely indicated, a grower should hesitate before charging his crop with this extra expensive item in the cost of production.

"Do fertilizers mean an economic loss or a gain to the orchardist? From the experience of some of our fruit growers, it would seem that the balance thus far stands on the negative side of the ledger. Still, there is no doubt, that when needed and properly applied, they mean a gain, and on the other hand, there is no doubt that much money is thrown away upon fertilizers each year. In view of the many "complete" fertilizers on the market and the certain need of fertilizer elements in some orchards, a few words on this vital subject may be timely.

Let us first contrast the benefits which may be derived with fertilizers with some of the drawbacks which have frequently been associated with their use.

There are two primary benefits to be derived from the use of fertilizers in the orchard; (a) increasing the vigor of foliage and tree growth and (b) increasing productiveness.

For maximum crops it is absolutely necessary for the tree to have leaves that are digesting the necessary amount of plant food and strong vigorous limbs to carry the load.

Some have supposed that color is increased or made more brilliant by the use of potash, but careful investigations have disproved this.

As a secondary benefit we find that the application of nitrate of soda often makes it possible to start cover crops in old orchards where the natural fertility is insufficient.

There may be some severe penalties attached to the use of commercial fertilizers and manures when they are not properly mixed with good judgement. There is danger of exciting a soft, spongy wood growth which may be seriously hurt by the winter weather. Leaves often grow so large, as to shade the fruit and allow less coloring. The fruit spurs might be shaded to such an extent that the fruit buds will not develop. Late coloring varieties may not mature early enough to obtain the best color. The quality of the fruit is often coarsened by excessive applications of nitrogen. The fruit does not have the texture, the quality or the long keeping qualities it should have.

With this comparison of good and poor results from the use of fertilizers, it can readily be seen that there are several other factors which must be considered in producing a successful orchard. These factors are called "limiters." Other limiting factors besides fertilizers are, location of orchards, soils, varieties, phases of orchard management such as cultivation, pruning, thinning, spraying, etc. These limiters must be brought as near to a par as possible. If, after it is seen that an orchard has a favorable environment and good care, the trees lack in vigor and productiveness, then it is time to look into the fertilizer question very thoroughly.

In trying to determine whether their orchards need fertilizers or not, most men think it necessary to send only samples of their soils to a chemist for analysis. A chemical analysis is helpful within rather narrow limits. The chemist can tell whether there is an abundance or a lack of some element in the soil, but he cannot always determine how much of this material is soluble in water and thus available to plant growth. Therefore it is necessary to supplement or act independently of the chemist in solving the problem.

If after good care the trees make poor growth and have small leaves, prematurely yellow, lack of nitrogen is indicated and this element should be supplied either by the application of a nitrogen fertilizer or by the plowing under of a leguminous crop, such as vetch. Cover crops of this kind are undoubtedly our cheapest way of obtaining nitrogen. Finally if it is desired to work out a careful fertilizing programme, let a portion of the orchard be divided into plots for this purpose and see that the work is very carefully done."

### EMPTINESS AND GOSSIP.

Long ago Lord Tennyson in "The Princess" advised women to drink deeply of the fountain of knowledge that the sins of emptiness—gossip, spite and slander—might die.

In these days women are supposed to have brains and intelligence, and much to occupy their minds. But is it only supposition?

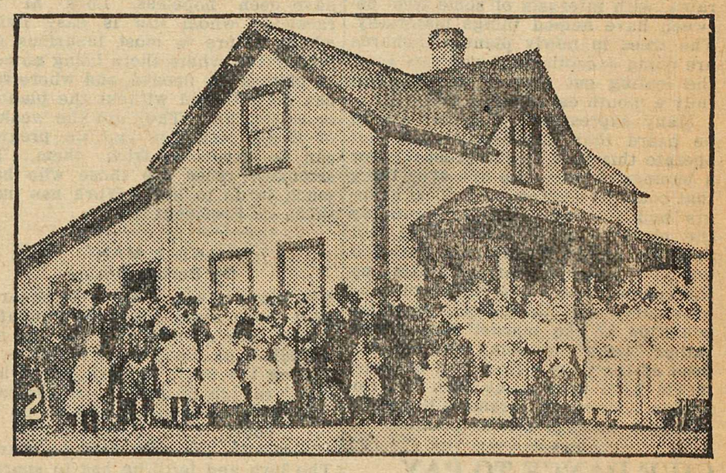
At a recent reception in about half an hour, no less than six people's reputations were pulled to shreds, one of them no longer living to defend himself.

One much-maligned person happened to be well-known to someone present as an austre business man of unimpeachable character, and realizing the untold harm a thoughtless woman's wicked tongue was glibly doing she naturally refuted the charges indignantly. Of course everyone else who had any sense discountenanced the tales of the gossip, but the wickedness and the danger of the underhand attack appalled no one.

Whose reputation is safe when such an unscrupulous tongue ripples off a pack of libellous falsehoods to entertain those around her?

Gossip is truly the deadly sin of emptiness, and any woman who wishes to be respected will not only refrain from unkindly discussing other folk, but will refuse to listen to slanderous remarks.

# SCANDINAVIANS IN CANADA



(1) Immigrants at Calgary.
(2) After a Lutheran Church service at Claresholm Alberta.

Nearly all authorities on Canadian immigration concur in the opinion that the very best immigrants that have come to Canada from foreign countries are those from Iceland, Sweden, Norway, and Denmark, and it is a very gratifying feature of the tide finding its way to our shores that it still contains a substantial proportion of these peoples, whilst a handsome contribution of this same fine stock is annually donated by the United States.

Physically of a sturdy, handsome type the Scandinavian peoples are found, almost without exception, to be cleanly, industrious, and progressive in every respect, making the most desirable class of citizens and being numbered among the most successful and prosperous farmers the Dominion posseses. Education is widespread in their native countries, and they come to Canada imbued with the same high ideals of learning and culture. There is no language problem with them as they are eager to master English and to develop all the requisites of complete and successful citizenship. They employ the new tongue without embarrassment and learn rapidly.

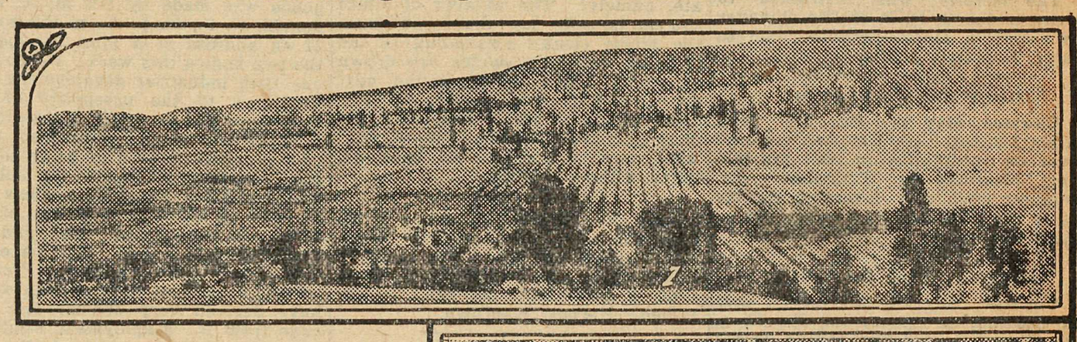
The Scandinavian races are the most readily assimilable of Canada's immigrants mixing freely and readily with the Anglo-Saxons, intermarrying, and avoiding the handicap which colony settlement gives to the progress of foreign people. They are deeply religious, adherents of the Lutheran faith for the most part, and churches spring up wherever settlement takes place with social life centring there. A highly sociable people they have their own social and political organizations wherever settlement warrants this, and their own papers are circulated throughout Western Canada. From their first days in Canada they take deep interest in Dominion politics, turning readily to matters of government. Several have attained the honors of the provincial legislatures whilst men of the Scandinavian race are to be found occupying public offices of every nature in the West. They are sincere and earnest students, and their achievements in learning are remarkable when their handicap is considered. Several Rhodes scholars from Manitoba have been Scandinavians.

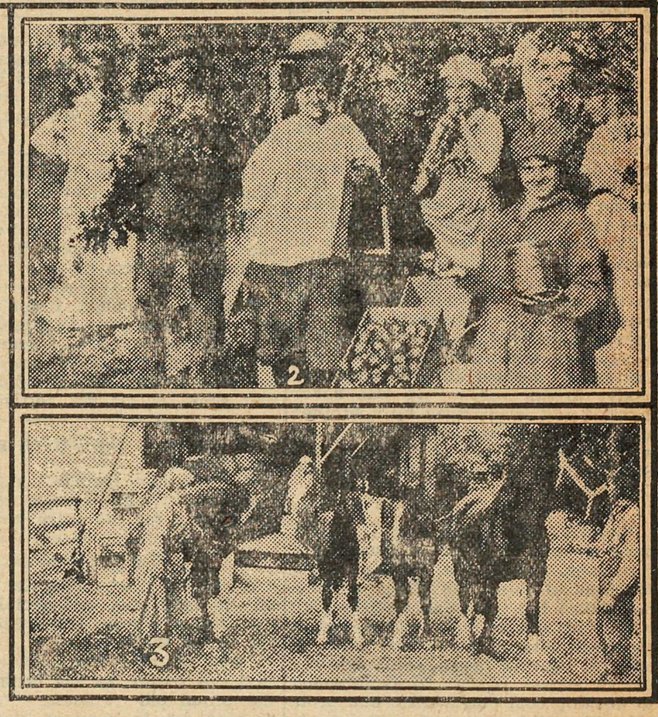
The first settlers came to Canada from Iceland in the year 1872, but the real movement began in 1874 when some five hundred left their native shores for the new continent. More than fifteen hundred new settlers came in 1876, settling in Manitoba and North Dakota. Since 1880 they have come to Canada in a more or less uninterrupted stream from their northern homes, whilst the Dominion has received a substantial number of those who first settled in various parts of the Western United States. At the time of the 1911 census there were 49,194 Canadian citizens who had been born in Norway and Sweden; 7,109 in Iceland: and 4,397 in Denmark. From 1900 to 1919 there were admitted to Canada 6.546 citizens of Denmark; 4,501 from Iceland; 20,618 from Norway; and 28,337 from Sweden. Of the Scandinavians in Canada 97.82 of the total are to be found in the four Western provinces.

In Manitoba the greater number of these people centre about the city of Winnipeg and few are to be found elsewhere in the province. Large settlements are prospering at Langenburg and Stockholm, at Buchanan and Wadena in Saskatchewan, whilst there are also many in the Duck Mountains and at Fort Pelley. Alberta has by far the largest share of these people and they are to be found all along the Calgary-Edmonton line in some of the most fertile and prosperous farming communities. In British Columbia where extensive settlement has taken place the same pleasing progress is exhibited.

A most gratifying feature of Scandinavian settlement in Canada is that it is almost wholly agricultural, and in the West they will be found in the richest and most progressive districts. Whilst retaining their national individuality, their customs, language and religion they are most truly British in sentiment and intensely patriotic as their fine contribution to Canada's army evidenced. With an inherent realization of their own worth they stand upright, without embarrassment, upon their own feet and are absorbed as Canadians without losing their fine individual qualities. Clean-blooded, thrifty, ambitious and hard-working they are of the best of Europe's contribution to a pioneer nation.

# PIONEERS OF CLOVERDALE





(1) View of a Cloverdale orchard, in the Okanagan Valley.
(2) Fruit pickers at Cloverdale.
(3) Horses on the Cloverdale Farm.

The strongest of lures, the lure of the land, led one of the prominent business men of Winnipeg, Mr. Thomas Bulman, of the firm of Bulman Brothers, to forsake city life, about twelve years ago and take up residence in the Okanagan Valley. His ranch, "Cloverdale," has become one of the most interesting spots in the valley, comprising 3,000 acres of bench and bottom lands, presenting a fine idea of operations on a large scale in a fruit-ranching country, with everywhere evidence of initiative. It is situated in the Elliston district, sloping from the hills to the famous old Mission road that leads from Kelowna to Vernon. There are about 300 acres of orchard and thirty thousand fruit trees have been planted. Mixed farming is carried on, including stock raising, grain-growing, gardening, small fruit culture, orchard growing, chiefly cherries and apples and hay meadows.

There are ten miles of road built through "Cloverdale," sixty miles of fencing and the distributing system of irrigation water consists of about twelve miles of pipes and flumes. This system has recently been rebuilt in a permanent manner with vitrified clay pipe and cement diverting boxes. A trip to the head of the irrigation system was of particular interest when a fine view of the large tract was obtained. In the bright sunlight a lovely valley was unfolded — bright green meadows. dark green fields, orchard slopes. and pine clad hills.

During the war an evaporating plant was operated at "Cloverdale" and has become a permanent industry there. Carrots and onions were evaporated and sent as army supplies to the front while apples and the manufacture of tomato pulp are other industries that have been inaugurated. The yields from the valuable bottom lands average from 12 to 18 tons per acre, in onions and the yield of tomatoes is from 15 to 20 tons per acre, the canneries making contract with the growers for their output.

The original owner of "Cloverdale" was Mr. George Whelan who now resides on a 200 acre tract near by, and a visit to this fine British Columbia pioneer who, at 76 years of age, is enjoying life by reading, keeping abreast of the times and rich in experience, makes one realize that elderly men are one of the nation's greatest assets. Mr. Whelan arrived from England at the time of the gold rush at Cariboo and made good in placer mining, afterwards losing what he had gained. He finally drifted down into the Okanagan country with "a square of canvas, an axe and a dollar," setting up a tent in two feet of snow, on Christmas eve, 1872, on the property that is now part of "Cloverdale." He acquired 320 acres of land, adding from time to time till 3000 acres was acquired and as the first farmer in the valley to grow clover, he named his farm "Cloverdale."

---

A despatch from Prince Rupert states that Inspector J. T. C. Williams declares that all varieties of salmon in the district are as plentiful as a year ago. No depletion is noted anywhere, he states.

No one prospers without work. If you are not prepared for work, get prepared for poverty.

**Hotel Princeton**

SWANSON & BROOMFIELD
Proprietors

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS AND MINING MEN

Modern Hotel—All the Comforts of a Home—Beautifully Furnished—Rooms with Hot and Cold Water and Steam Heat

AUTO BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS

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**Tulameen Hotel**

PRINCETON, B.C.

Rates Moderate

Service Unexcelled

MRS. HOLMES, Proprietress

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Stoves and Ranges. Paints Oils and Builders' Supplies

PRINCETON, - B.C.

**Princeton Garage**

MICKEL & HILL, Props.

General repairs. Gas and oils for slae. Storage Batteries overhauled and recharged.

Agents for—Chevrolet Cars and Trucks, Studebaker Cars, Federal Trucks, Allis-Chalmers Tractors.

One second hand Ford touring car for sale.

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DAN FERGUSON, Prop.
AVERY BLOCK

SOFT DRINKS, ALL KINDS VANCOUVER BEER

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Cleanliness and Service our Specialty

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Agent for Imperial Oil
General Trucking and Delivery Work
Service Warranted

PHONE 64 PRINCETON

## HERE AND THERE

Crops prospects were never brighter in the Okanagan than this year. It is predicted that about 6,000 cars will be required to handle the harvest.

* * *

At Kamloops it is expected that the C. N. R. short line to Kelowna will be completed in time to handle the fruit crops this year.

* * *

Negotiations are being conducted between the West Kootenay Power & Light Co., and the City of Penticton for the bringing of hydro-electric power to the Metropolis on Okanagan lake

* * *

The United States may place a duty on Canadian lumber entering that country, according to a despatch from Victoria, just as Canada exacts of 25 per cent. on American lumber coming here.

* * *

The Kelowna Board of Trade has reported the fact that there are thousands of tons of onions in that district going to waste because the people of the coast have shown a preference for the imported product.

* * *

The Northwest Tourist Association will conduct one of the biggest publicity campaigns ever known in America, for the benefit of the Northwest, it was announced at the meeting of the directors recently.

* * *

British Columbia must become an export province. It has the natural resources to make it a great producing and exporting province; but how can its manufacturers and farmers attain that strength and solidarity to enable them to compete abroad, if the consuming public at their doors do not buy their products.

* * *

The date of "Made-in-B. C. Week" has been set to commence Monday, June 20th. During the six days, if the plans of the Campaign Committee mature successfully, every retail merchant in British Columbia will feature the products of the province. Boards of Trade will be asked to assist in the campaign, and all citizens of the province will be asked to give preference to the goods that they themselves produce.

* * *

Expansion of existing industries, establishment of new industries, and increased population, all hinge on the success of the "Made-in-B. C." movement. "Help Yourself" is one of the mottoes adopted by the Made-in-B. C. Campaign Committee and in those two words has been summed up about all there is to the Made-in-B.C. idea. But the more time, the more study, and the more support given to the idea, the more there is to it for every person in British Columbia.

**Now Is The Time To Paint**

If you have delayed painting, your property has suffered. Do not put off any longer. *Save the surface and you Save all.* Look around and you will find many places, both inside and out that call for a coat of paint. Now is the time. Nature is re-decorating, get in line and do the same. The most economical method is to use

**MARTIN-SENOUR**
**100% PURE**
**PAINT AND VARNISHES**

Their covering power and lasting qualities are very great. It will pay you to insist on getting this popular brand. For whatever painting or varnishing you do, there is a special MARTIN-SENOUR Product, each one guaranteed to best serve the purpose for which it is made

Consult us as to your requirements. We have a full stock and complete information as to decorative schemes. Let us advise you.

**W. B. EWART**
Princeton, B. C.

**Guarantee**

We guarantee the **Martin-Senour 100% Pure Paint** (except inside White and a few dark shades that cannot be prepared from lead and zinc), to be made from pure white lead, pure oxide of zinc, with coloring matter in proportion quantities necessary to make their respective shades and tints, with pure linseed oil and turpentine dryer, and to be entirely FREE from water, benzine, whiting and other adulterations, and SOLD SUBJECT TO CHEMICAL ANALYSIS.

The MARTIN-SENOUR Co. LIMITED

### A HOUSE AT LAST

I am touched by a pathetic story of a young married couple who have been searching in vain for a suitable house ever since the Armistice. The other day, the husband tells me, they found their heart's desire—and lost it again. There was a large garden and even a little pond where they could keep ducks. Visiting the place again before moving in, the husband caught sight of a dark something on the stairs leading into the cellar. Picking it up with a shovel he took it into the light—and decided to say nothing about it. Next day they visited the house together. Hearing a scream in the cellar, he dashed down and met his wife, white-faced, rushing up. "I got a bucket," he writes mournfully," and picked them off the damp walls, and out of the crevices—38 in all. I have never seen bigger or fatter frogs in my life. I understand they (the couple) have gone back to live with her mother.—The Daily News.

Star Display Ads. are Effective

# REAL JOY!

SUMMER TIME can be made the most of by doing away with all unnecessary labor and discomfort from heat and flies. Electric fans, heaters, toasters, irons, cookers and cleaners are on sale by many of our merchants in town. A full line of electrical goods and appliances can be obtained from Marston & Edmonson, the Company's electricians, who are prepared to give expert advice as to cost of operating any appliance furnished by them, free of charge.

VACUUM CLEANER to do your spring cleaning can be hired at $1.00 per half day.

## DO IT ELECTRICALLY!

**Princeton Coal and Land Co., Ltd.**

ERNEST WATERMAN, General Manager, Princeton, B. C.

# TO THE FARMER

Small amounts saved regularly soon reach a large total. Deposit each week part of the money you get from your cream, butter and eggs and watch your Savings balance grow.

WE WELCOME SMALL ACCOUNTS.

559

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

PAID-UP CAPITAL - - $15,000,000
RESERVE FUND - - $15,000,000

PRINCETON BRANCH, H. C. B. Lucas, Manager.

Princeton Branch - H. C. B. Lucas, Manager



# FIVE ROSES

IS THE FAVORED FLOUR

Not merely because it makes the most bread per bag or the best, but because it is steady, regular, dependable. Isn't it worth while to know that YOUR flour is sure, reliable, trouble-proof?

## F. P. COOK ESTATE

PRINCETON AND COALMONT



Ford Service

Ford — THE UNIVERSAL CAR

REPAIR SHOP AND GARAGE

D. Yule, Expert Mechanic, in Charge

PROMPT ATTENTION SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

FORD CARS A SPECIALTY

E. E. BURR, Proprietor - PRINCETON



# W TENTS! W

WHO IS GOING CAMPING?

See WHITE'S new shipment of Tents and Camp Goods

W A. L. WHITE W

FURNISHER



## THE ELECTRIC SHOP

Electric Lighting and Power Wiring. Electric Repairs of all kinds. A full line of Westinghouse Lamps.

W. R. MARSTON C. R. EDMONSON

PRINCETON



AGENTS FOR THE

**Wee McGregor Saw**

$215.00

THOMAS BROS. - Princeton



SEWING MACHINES---PIANOS

"Singer", machines on easy terms or liberal discount for cash—we take old machines in exchange or buy them for cash. If you have a machine to sell write to me, am in Princeton every month.

Best prices on pianos. Sewing Machines Repaired

T. G. WANLESS - Penticton, B. C.



TAILOR SHOP

H. McCONNELL, Prop.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

Tailoring - Cleaning - Pressing



Home Bakery

BREAD, PASTRY AND FANCY CAKES

MRS. C. GRIFFIN - PROP.


## WHAT WAS DOING HERE TWENTY YEARS AGO

From the Similkameen Star of May 25th 1901

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Cook, of Granite, have gone to Vancouver for a vacation.

R. A. Brown is expected to arrive in Princeton from Grand Forks on Wednesday.

Many of the members of the tennis club enpoy themselves daily pracicing with the racket and ball.

Recorder Hunter and other witnesses left for Kamloops on Monday last, to attend court in the case of Rex vs. Bromley.

Mr. J. Pickard, assayer and chemist, visited Princeton on Tuesday. He intends opening a laboratory at Keremeos.

Mr. J. Harlin, of Greenwood, arrived in the city yesterday, with his up-to-date prospecting, assaying and exploring outfit.

The Keremeos wagon road is rapidly nearing completion, and every week sees an increase in the number of vehicles that come in over the road.

Messrs. Harry Swan and Jack McDonald left yesterday for their ranch, below One Mile, to do assessment work.

Mr. Malcolm Cruikshank left Friday to do some improvement work on his pre-emption adjoining the Allison townsite.

Mr. Fred Revely left Thursday afternoon for Kennedy Mountain to do assessment work for his brother Mr. Chas. Revely.

Work on the new school house is progressing rapidly, and it is expected the building will be ready for occupation about the first of June.

Mr. Luke Gibson and wife left for their ranch, at Five Mile, last Tuesday. Luke intends making extensive improvement on his property.

Mr. Frank Aiken, who came in last Saturday from a prospecting trip in the Aspen Grove country, returned to those parts last Monday morning.

The case of Rex vs. Bromley was heard at the Assize court, at Kamloops, this week. No report of the verdict had reached Princeton when the Star went to press.

A newly-started paper delicately announces that its charge for marriage notices is "just what the ecstasy of the bridegroom may prompt." 'Them's our sentiments," Doctor.

Messrs. Wm. Knight and Ben Baker, who have been doing assessment work on the Royal Fraction claim, adjoining the Big Sioux, returned yesterday, and report very favorable results. They have been gone about three weeks.

Ernest Waterman returned on today's stage from an extended visit to California. He will take full charge of the Princeton townsite as manager for the company, and expects to open his office on Vermilion avenue shortly.

There is one young lady who can proudly claim the title of champion angler of Princeton; Miss Emily Hagerman last Wednesday afternoon went to One Mile creek and in less than sixty minutes had caught fourteen fine trout.

## BUSINESS LOCALS

WANTED — Black sand containing gold and platinum. Send to, Hill. 513, Pacific Block, Seattle, Wash. 25-3p

CABBAGE and Cauliflower Plants — Cabbage, $1.50 per 100; $10.00 per 1000. Cauliflower, $2.00 per 100. For sale by H. Bolingbroke, next door Forsyth Bros., Princeton, B.C. 27-tf

W. H. TASSELL, Piano Tuner, will be in Princeton and district about the end of May. Kindly leave orders at this office. 23-2


PERCY W. GREGORY

Assoc. Mem. Can. Soc. C.E.

CIVIL ENGINEER

AND BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND SURVEYOR

PRINCETON, B. C.



# FREE

A NEAT, SERVICEABLE ALUMINUM TOOTH BRUSH HOLDER — HOLDING FOUR TOOTH BRUSHES, EACH IN NUMBERED COMPARTMENT —WILL BE GIVEN AWAY FREE WITH EACH PURCHASE OF A TOOTH BRUSH, TOOTH POWDER OR TOOTH PASTE—

— AT —

PRINCETON DRUG AND BOOK STORE

G. G. LYALL - - - Manager



DENTIST

Dr. John D. Butler

Howse Block



MODEL

Livery Stable & Auto Garage

PRINCETON, B. C.

Freight and Passenger Transportation

STAGE MEETS ALL TRAINS

W. S. GARRISON

PRINCETON TULAMEEN



THE BEST MEALS ARE THOSE PREPARED FROM OUR FINE QUALITY MEATS AND VEGETABLES.

Let us prove this to you. Place an order with us now.

P. BURNS & CO.



J. NATHAN

WHOLESALE & RETAIL TOBACCONIST

CIGARS CIGARETTES

PIPES

CANDIES MAGAZINES

J. NATHAN



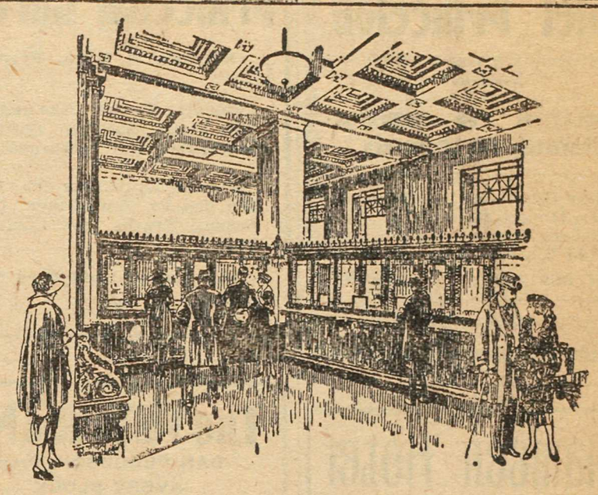
NOTICE

Persons holding any of the following numbered United States Fire Insurance Company policies are hereby notified that they are valueless and the Company will deny any liability thereunder:—

Policy Number ..... 1255001
Policy Number ..... 1255002
Policy Number ..... 1255003
Policy Number ..... 1255004
Policy Number ..... 1255005
Policy Number ..... 1255006
Policy Number ..... 1255007
Policy Number ..... 1255008

Holders of any of the above policies kindly communicate with Seeley and Co., General Agents, 418 Pender St., West, Vancouver, B. C. 26-4p





# Productive *and* Provident People

The more you produce and the more you save the richer are you and the better off is the community in which you live. Thrift and production are needed to-day —needed more than ever before. This bank is protecting and adding interest to the money of thousands of hardworking Canadians—people who forge ahead and help their country to grow.

## BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

TOTAL ASSETS IN EXCESS OF $500,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL.

PRINCETON BRANCH

R. M. MANSFIELD - Manager.

Branches in all important centres in Canada
Savings Departments at all Branches



## The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department

TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Zinc and Lead Ores

TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD, BLUESTONE, COPPER AND ZINC


If a man is a millionaire he can say all the fool things he wants to without impairing his reputation for wisdom.

If a woman only knew her husband as well before as she does after, the chances are that she would marry some other fellow.

THE

# RED CROSS

## Its Peace Time Work

*"Peace hath her victories,*
*No less renowned than War."*
—MILTON

The peace time problems and work of the Red Cross are greater by far than all that confronted its organization, all that it accomplished during the war. In British Columbia today the necessity of this work, which the Society is pledged to carry on, is obvious.

**Red Cross Public Health Nurses**

The training and maintenance of an adequate number of Red Cross public health nurses for service in the rural districts and far-flung pioneer sections of this Province is a work which is now actively occupying the attention of the Society. Towards this end, arrangements were concluded with the authorities of the University of British Columbia whereby a Red Cross Chair of Public Health is now established and being maintained. The course is a Post Graduate one, and the Society has appropriated a sum of Fifteen Thousand Dollars towards defraying the expense. Already ten of these nurses are placed and being maintained. In time it is hoped that each centre will be able to support its own nurse, and thus extend the service without added expenditure.

**Emergency Service and Outfits**

In sudden disaster by fire, flood, wreck, on land or sea, who will help—who will pay? Here the Red Cross does not temporize, but proceeds at once to the scene with doctors, nurses, workers, food, clothing, tents, blankets, and whatever else will tend to mitigate and relieve suffering and distress. Disaster may not overtake your town, village or district for years, yet it may happen tomorrow, and THE RED CROSS WILL BE THERE.

**WANTED - $1.00**

from every man and woman in British Columbia as enrollment fee in the B. C. Division of the Canadian Red Cross Society.

Junior Membership $0.25

MEMBERSHIP DRIVE JUNE 6 TO 11

Mail your Enrollment Fee to your Local Branch or the

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY

BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION

626 Pender Street West Vancouver, B. C.