THE PRINCETON STAR

Twenty-second Year—No. 28 | PRINCETON, B. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1921 | PER YEAR: $2.50 Cash Single Copy 5c.

Brewers Arrange To Deliver Beer

Quality Will Be the Best Ever Sold in British Columbia, It is Promised

Victoria, June 2.—Brewers of British Columbia are conferring this afternoon with the Liquor Board on plans to supply the people of this province with beer.

Although the Liquor Board will not deliver whiskey to a person's home as the cost and risk of loss is too great, beer will be delivered as it is considered too bulky for the average person to carry, and because it is not likely that anyone would ever buy less than half a dozen bottles.

The plan of the Liquor Board is to have brewers make deliveries direct from breweries to the homes of consumers. Orders for beer will be taken by permit holders to the government vendor, who will inspect the permits and mark down the liquor purchase against the permit. The order will then be passed on to the brewery.

At each brewery from which the government will buy it is planned to install an official agent of the board, who will see to the handling of the orders of the board and the general conduct of the brewery along lines required by the Liquor Control Act. Only men above the average in trustworthiness and ability to resist temptations will be placed in these posts.

The liquor board is requiring that the brewers set an all-inclusive price for beer delivered to the consumer by the brewery. When the price is fixed between the board and the breweries, the board will then be able to announce the selling price of beer and other malt liquors as soon as it adds to that its percentage of profit and cost of doing business.

In dealing with the beer question the board has agreed on a policy of demanding beer of a higher quality than ever sold before in British Columbia, it was announced today. This will tend to do away with all home-brew and secret brewery competition.

It is not yet known how many stores the board will be able to open when it starts on June 15. Stores will be in operation in the main cities and from them will be extended throughout the province as rapidly as needed. The board, however, its members now make plain, is not going to establish any more stores than it finds absolutely necessary.

BUY B. C. GOODS

School Inspector Mackenzie has condemned the school buildings at the Port Haney School.

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Until conditions improve, the B. C. Government Department of Industries will not advance any industrial loans, was the announcement made by Premier Oliver recently.

* * *

Help yourself during the week of June 20-25. Buy Made-in-B. C. goods, and not only will you help yourself, but you will also help your neighbor, your town, and your province.

* * *

The manufacture of spring clothes is to be commenced in a few weeks at Nelson. The Kootenay capital is also to be the home of a match factory.

* * *

Speaking at Prince George, Mr. B. Westcott of the Immigration Branch of the G. T. P., predicted greater settlement in Central British Columbia this year than ever before.

* * *

An immense deposit of calcium carbonate between Merritt and Aspen Grove is to be developed by a group of Merritt business men. They intend to manufacture kalsomine, razor hone paste, silver polish and other commodities.

* * *

It is up to you, to all of us, to say the right thing and do the right thing to stabilize business. Stability waits on activity plus faith; faith in ourselves, our province, its industries and its people. Insisting on Made-in-B. C. goods is one way in which we can show our faith.

* * *

British Columbia business is solid; at heart British Columbia men and women are sound. We must show the world, each other, ourselves, what the B. C. spirit means. If we boost for B. C., work for B. C., and give our support to everything that is identified with B. C., we can make up our minds to go ahead.

* * *

Business in British Columbia is getting into its stride again. It is setting a steady pace that it can keep. Let us swing along with it by getting behind the industries in our midst. If the manufacturer and farmer are prosperous, so will everybody else share in the prosperity.

* * *

The outlook in British Columbia is what we make it. If we believe in the intrinsic stability of British Columbia; if we realize our problems and meet them with confidence; if we think of progress instead of stagnation; if we prove our faith in ourselves and our province by giving our support, our thoughts and our time to putting our weight behind British Columbia industry; then no one can doubt the outcome.

CHANGES IN STAFF OF THE BANK OF MONTREAL

Some important staff changes are announced by the Bank of Montreal. Mr. W. H. Hogg manager of the Vancouver branch and recently acting-superintendent of the British Columbia branches, has been appointed superintendent of British Columbia branches, with headquarters in Vancouver. He will be succeeded in the managership of the Vancouver branch by Mr. G. F. Laing, manager of the Yonge and Wellington streets branch, Toronto. Mr. J. G. Hungerford, the inspector of the British Columbia branches, has been appointed assistant superintendent and inspector of the British Columbia branches.

Mr. Hogg is a native of Peterborough, Ont., and entered the service of the Bank at Stratford. He served in various Ontario branches and went to the Calgary branch as accountant in 1886. In the following year he was appointed manager of the Regina branch and was promoted from that office to the managership of the Calgary branch. In this position he remained until 1913, when he was made manager of the Vancouver branch, a position he has held from then until the present time.

Mr. G. F. Laing is a native of London, Ont. He began his banking career with the Bank of British North America and served in the Toronto, London and Ottawa branches of that institution prior to being transferred to the west. He held various appointments in British Columbia, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta offices of the Bank of British North America. In March, 1913, he was transferred from the managership of the Calgary branch to that of the main branch in Toronto. When the Bank of British North America was taken over by the Bank of Montreal in October, 1918, he continued as manager of this branch and has held the position up to the present time. He takes over his new position in Vancouver on June 1st.

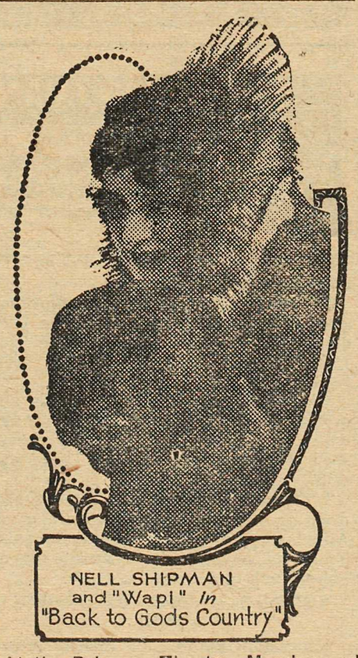
Mr. J. G. Hungerford is a native of Ontario and has been with the Bank of Montreal since 1892. He has served in branches in British Columbia Ontario, Quebec, and has also a period of training in the head office at Montreal. He was assistant manager of the London, Ont., branch for a time, and since 1916 has been inspector of the British Columbia branches.

Other important staff changes are the appointment of Mr. E. S. J. Martin the manager of the Yonge and Queen Streets branch, Toronto, as manager of the branch at Peterborough, Ont., to succeed Mr. C. C. Abbott, who is retiring after forty years' service with the Bank. Mr. Martin was manager of the Saskatoon branch for some time prior to his promotion to the Yonge and Queen Streets branch in Toronto, in 1919.

Mr. C. S. R. Laidlaw, of the Carlton Street branch in Toronto, succeeds Mr. Martin as manager of the Yonge and Queen Streets branch. Mr. Laidlaw is a native of the Queen City. He entered the service of the Bank of Montreal in Quebec, and served in branches at Kingston and Belleville. Since 1899 he has been attached to branches in Toronto, and has held the appointment of manager of the Carlton Street branch from April, 1913 until the present time.

ORNAMENTAL TREES ABOUT PRAIRIE HOMES

That the attractiveness of a place can be greatly increased by the planting of shrubs and flowers is known to all. But on the prairies there are certain conditions which determine success in growing ornamental plants. It has been demonstrated at the Dominion Forest Nursery Station at Indian Head Saskatchewan, that many shrubs which winter-kill in the open are quite hardy when sheltered by a belt of trees. Therefore it is advisable to defer the ornamental planting until sufficient shelter has been established by the wind-break. On the ordinary homestead or new farm in the west there are many things, such as erecting buildings and fences, which are of more importance than ornamentation. But as the farm grows older there will be greater opportunities to plant shrubbery and improve the appearance of the place. That these conditions will arise at some future time should be kept in mind when arranging for the planting of trees.—N. M. Ross, Chief of Tree-Planting Division, Indian Head.



At the Princess Theatre, Monday and Tuesday, June 6-7

Princeton Paragraphs

W. K. Gwyer, of Penticton, was in town on Thursday.

Mr. A. Butler left on Wednesday afternoon for the coast.

Mr. E. F. Voigt, of Voigt's Camp, arrived in Princeton tonight.

Road Supt. Finlay Fraser was in Princeton on Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. W. H. Robertson, of Allenby, left on Sunday, May 22, for England, where she will make her future home.

W. H. Tassell, piano tuner, arrived in Princeton on Tuesday morning and is busy tuning up local pianos.

Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Fieldhouse, of Kamloops, were visitors in town for a couple of days this week.

Mrs. B. Oliver, of Keremeos, left on Wednesday's train for a brief visit to Vancouver.

R. Skinner left yesterday on a brief visit to Vancouver.

Mrs. Hayned, of the local telephone office staff, is in the hospital, where she underwent an operation yesterday.

Mrs. B. Hill was a passenger to Vancouver on Wednesday's train.

Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Freeland, of Grand Forks, were visitors in Princeton on Wednesday.

Miss Crankshaw, of the C. P. R. telegraph office, left today on a short holiday to Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Gourley were passengers yesterday for Vancouver. They expect to leave for Montreal en route to the Old Country as soon as they are able to book passage.

Mr. J. S. R. Donaldson, a student from Knox College, Toronto, arrived at Coalmont Saturday last and will look after the interests of the Presbyterian church, both at the mine and in the town.

The school children's "Chautauqua" parade last Friday night attracted considerable interest and exhibited much ingenuity in the get-up of some of the costumes. About fifty children took part.

Mrs. R. Skinner and little girl left last week for the coast from where she intended to cross the continent to Montreal en route to the Old Country but was delayed on account of the difficulty of securing passage.

A very pleasant picnic outing was enjoyed this afternoon by a party of about thirty-five young people from town, at a point four miles up the river. The afternoon was spent in games, swimming and dancing, and the party returned in time for the Chautauqua in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Armstrong, of Keremeos, were in town yesterday.

R. J. Edmond, of Hedley, was a business visitor on Tuesday.

H. R. Plommer and wife, of Allenby, were in town yesterday.

Miss Eva Gibson, of Keremeos, was a Chautauqua visitor here last evening.

Mrs. Kirby and Miss M. Kirby, of Keremeos, came up on Wednesday. Miss Kirby entered the hospital yesterday for medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Charlton, of Allenby, were down for the ball game yesterday, and took in the Chautauqua and dance at night.

Dr. M. D. McEwen motored up from Keremeos Thursday on a professional visit.

Chas. Hunter announces that he has moved to the building formerly occupied by the Star. 28-1p

Mr. and Mrs. O. Haldane were up from Keremeos for the ball game yesterday afternoon, also taking in the dance.

Born.—At Princeton General hospital on Thursday, June 2, to Constable and Mrs. Spall, of Keremeos, a son.

Mrs. E. M. Daly of Keremeos, chaperoned the ball team on their trip up here yesterday, and incidentally took in the Chautauqua at night.

The One Mile sawmill has commenced operations and are now in a position to supply both rough and dressed lumber. Orders may be left with W. B. Ewart.

The approach to the Summers Creek bridge was washed out last week by the high water, and much difficulty has been experienced by the ranchers in that district in getting supplies through.

Rev. R. Herbison commenced holding Presbyterian services in the One Mile school house on Sunday, May 22, and will continue each Sunday at three o'clock. At the first of these services Mrs. Hazelden acted as organist. The seating capacity of the school was overtaxed.

Princeton ball-tossers again went down to defeat at the hands of the invincible nine from Keremeos, in the game scheduled for Thursday afternoon at the grounds down the river. At the end of the nineth inning the score stood: Keremeos, 7; Princeton, 6. The visiting team were entertained by the local club at a very enjoyable dance in the Oddfellows' hall, at the conclusion of the evening session of Chautauqua.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS IN BRIEF

SETTLEMENT PROPOSAL REJECTED BY MINERS

London, June 3.—The executive body of the striking coal miners today finally rejected the fifth proposal for the settlement of the coal strike More than three million workers are now idle as a result of the strike and today the cotton mill owners served notice that if the proposed wage reductions are not accepted the factories will be closed until operatives are willing to accept the cut. This would throw one million more out of employment.

COUNTRY IS RAZED DURING RACE RIOT

Tulsa, Okla., June 3.—Pillagers preying on burned and bloodstained Tulsa gave authorities new problems to cope with today. Systematic thievery in the districts razed during the two days of race rioting was reported. Even pianos have been carried away from the nearby district, which was wrecked by race rioting. Martial law, which was slack after the day of quiet, was more strict today.

FACTORIES BURNED AND CIVILIANS IMPRISONED

London, June 3.—Polish insurgents in Upper Silesia have caused great property losses at Mala Plane, according to dispatches here today. A large force surrounded a detachment of Germans there, killing thirteen and gaining entrance to the town. Six large factories were burned and fifty civilians who attempted to aid the Germans were taken prisoners.

FRIGHTFUL MASSACRES REPORTED ON BLACK SEA

London, June 3.—An Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company says under date of Thursday that it is reported from constantinople that frightful massacres of Christians occurred in Samsun and Trebizond, on the Black Sea of Armenia. Streets are strewn with the bodies of Greeks, he adds.

BOLSHEVIK FORCES ANNIHILATED BY TROOPS

Stockholm, June 3.—Bolshevik forces at Vladivostock have been annihilated by Serbian troops it is asserted in a despatch sent out by the Russian official telegraph agency. The despatch asserts the anti-Bolshevik were aided by Japanese.

SOLAR ERUPTIONS MAY INCREASE SUNSHINE

London, June 3.—Recent solar eruptions which caused a brilliant aurora disturbing cable and telegraph service throughout the world may result in the earth receiving an increased amount of sunshine during the remainder of the year, says Sir Oliver Lodge, the noted scientist. He even averred in opinion that electric particles thereon from the sun during the disturbances may assist in the development of vegetable.

MADE-IN-CANADA GOODS SUPERIOR TO IMPORTED

Ottawa, June 3.—Buying made-in-Canada goods instead of imported products would go a long way toward solving the unemployment problem, Hon. C. D. Robertson, minister of abor, stated in the senate yesterday in the course of a statement on unemployment. Canadians, he said must get rid of the idea that imported articles were superior. Canadians were buying a million dollars worth more of goods daily from Americans than were sold to them.

LOVE IN IDLENESS WINS OAKS STAKES

Epsom Downs June 3.—Oaks Stakes for fillies, second in importance only to derby in British turf events, were won today by Joseph Watson's Love in Idleness. Mrs. R. Numents' Lady Sleipner was second, and Viscount Astor's Long Suit was third. Race was for 5,000 sovereigns over a course about 1½ miles long.

LORD BYNG TO SUCCEED DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE

London, June 3.—It is officially announced today that Lord Byng of Vimy was appointed Governor-General of Canada to succeed the Duke of Devonshire.

SIX OFFICERS KILLED

Dublin, June 3.—Six police officers were killed and four fatally wounded in a Sinn Fein ambush near Carrow Kennedy, County Cork, last night. Four constables were killed and five wounded in another ambush in County Tipperary.

CAPT. JONES WINS SWEEPSTAKE

London, June 3.—Calcutta sweepstake, £69, was won by Capt Albern Jones a retired naval officer, who never before put a penny on horse races.

CENSUS TAKING IS NOW IN FULL SWING

Ottawa, June 1.—Canada's national stocktaking efforts started today when in all parts of the Dominion census enumerators commenced the task of gathering information for the compilation of the sixth decennial census since Confederation. Every man, woman and child living within the Dominion will be registered if possible and every farm animal will have its place on the records.

The exact number of men employed on the work of taking the census is unkown since certificates of appointment of the enumerators have not yet been received. The Dominion has been divided into districts as nearly as possible approximating the electoral districts. There are 247 commissioners and in the neighborhood of 13,000 enumerators. The cost of the census to the country will be about two million dollars.

Messrs. Neil McFadden and A. J. McGibbon are the enumerators for the Princeton and Hedley districts, the former going down the valley just below Bromley's, and the latter to take the figures from there to a point midway between Hedley and Keremeos. They commenced work on Wednesday morning.

PARCEL POST TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

The following is an excerpt from the Post Office Weekly Bulletin, and may be of interest to some of our readers:

Under arrangements recently entered into with the British Postal authorities a person sending a parcel to the United Kingdom may write on the wrapper a request that if it cannot be delivered as addressed it may be treated as abandoned or delivered at a second address. If there is no definite request for abandonment a parcel which cannot be delivered at the original address, or at the alternative address, (where one is furnished), will be returned to the sender at his expense.

The sender's name and address should be plainly written on the wrapper of every parcel sent by parcel post.

HAWAIIAN MATINEE IDOL TO APPEAR IN PICTURES

The only Hawaiian matinee idol on the screen is now appearing in the leading male role of "Renunciation," Peter B. Kyne's story of the West, now being filmed at Universal City, under the direction of Willian Worthington. Jack Mower, born in Honolulu of American parents, is playing opposite Grace Darmond in the forthcoming special feature.

Mower spent the early years of his life in Honolulu and was educated at Punahou College in the South Sea metropolis. He worked his way through high school and college by engaging as a pearl diver and became the most expert white diver in the Hawaiian Islands. He was observed by a circus magnate on a visit to Honolulu and engaged to appear as a high diver with the show which brought him to the United States. He later became an instructor of boxing and other athletics in the west.

For four years he held the swimming championship of the west coast.

PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONS IN NORTHERN ALBERTA

Many outposts of the Church are found in Northern Alberta, extending from the Saskatchewan boundary on the east to the Rocky Mountains on the west, and the Peace River country on the north, an area larger than many an European country. 49 home missionaries gave regular or partial supply during the summer to 191 preaching stations in this large area, many of which were, of necessity, closed during the winter months.

ASKS FILM RECIPROCITY

"The U. S. has nothing to fear from an invasion of German films," says Carl Laemmle, president of Universal, in discussing the demand for a tariff against German films coming into this country. "I believe America should welcome the best films not only from Germany but from every other nation where productions are made. I consider the American producers superior to those of any other nationality, and I have been in a position where I could see at first hand, productions made in every producing center outside of the United States.

"But I think the United States government should immediately make every endeavor to have the barrier which Germany has raised against our films removed. Foreign countries have every freedom for bringing films into this country, and there should be no reason why American films should not have the same privilege in other lands. As it is, Germany permits only 15 per cent of the total amount of films in circulation in Germany to be brought in from foreign countries, and America has to take its chance on about two per cent. This is unjust and is a matter with which our government alone can successfully cope.

"There may be other pictures made in Germany, England, or in France which can be brought to this country and may make money here, but I believe we have nothing whatever to fear from foreign productions. I am for free films in every country, but I am for putting an embargo on the films of every country placing an embargo on ours."

Princeton Entertained By Chautauqua

Capacity Houses Greet Performers at Second Annual Gathering in this District

That the 1921 Chautauqua proved to be a great success goes without saying. There were so many good things on the programme that it is difficult to single out any particular items or performers for special mention. Yet we cannot refrain from paying a tribute to such speakers as Miss Agnes C. Laut, Dr. Arthur W. Evans and Judge Geo. D. Alden; also to the programme of the Lieurance Symphonic Orchestra on Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Saturday afternoon, May 28, marked the opening in Princeton of the six-day programme of the Dominion Chautauqua. The first part of the session was taken up by the opening remarks by the superintendent. This was followed by the Bell Ringers, an entertaining quartette who gave a very pleasing programme of bell ringing, interspersed with vocal selections both together and individually. In the evening they gave a prelude to the main feature of the evening—the lecture on "Canada at the Cross Roads," by Miss Agnes C. Laut. Miss Laut presented in a clear and forceful manner the conditions existing in our fair Dominion today, and although some of her statements did not meet with approval from some quarters of the hall, they were nevertheless true. She laid particular stress on the failure of Canada to take advantage of her natural resources.

The afternoon session on Monday was taken up by the "Dixie Girls," four charmingly attired maidens, who delighted their audience with a varied programme of stories and songs, not forgetting to include some of the old favorites. They again appeared in the evening as a prelude to the lecture given by Dr. Arthur W. Evans on "What Western Democracy Means to Me." Dr. Evans presented his subject in an extremely clear and humorous manner and kept his hearers in a roar of laughter for about an hour and a half. His impersonation of the baseball fan was certainly a side-splitter.

On Tuesday afternoon and evening Lieurance's Symphonic Orchestra rendered a delightful programme of high class music. The hearty reception accorded this aggregation proved conclusively that the people of Princeton had not forgotten how to appreciate real music. Princess Oyapela appeared in the afternoon session in "Indian History and Folk Lore," and made a decided "hit" with her audience. In the evening, in addition to the orchestra Mr. J. Horace Smithey, in a splendid baritone voice, sang to an appreciative gathering. His rendition of "On the Road to Mandalay" was indeed excelelnt.

The Tennessee Duo, two clever young ladies, entertained the gatherings at both session on Wednesday, as a preliminary to the lectures by Miss Lethe Coleman on "The Homing of the People," a talk of particular interest to women; and Judge Geo. D Alden on "The Needs of the Hour.' Judge Alden has spent a number of years as a Chautauqua lecturer and his lecture throughout was based on good sound philosophy.

Thursday afternoon was set apart for rest in preparation for the presentation of "The Rivals" by the Coffer-Miller Players. This proved to be an extremely humorous comedy, and afforded a good laugh for all who attended.

The Scotch-Canadian Concert Party held the boards for the first session of the closing day. This party is made up of a variety of clever artists who put on a show that sent everybody home with the feeling that they were well repaid for attending.

Pitt Parker put the finishing touches on the Big Six Chautauqua programme in his crayon work. This proved especially entertaining and instructive to the children.

Thus the Dominion Chautauqua has completed its six-day programme here and has moved on to Penticton. From there they go to Kelowna and Vernon. It was not thought advisable to sign for a return six-day engagement in Princeton, but signatures were secured to a contract for a three-day programme for 1922.

DR. MacKINNON IN THE CARIBOO

The Rev. Dr. A. D. MacKinnon, formerly of Kitsilano church, Vancouver, is now Presbyterian minister in the Cariboo district of Central British Columbia, where there is as yet not a single Protestant place of worship between Aschroft and Quesnelle Forks. A manse will likely be built at Williams Lake for Dr. MacKinnon.

APPEAL FOR ASSISTANCE

Hospital Directors Forced to Request Continuance of Donations

Due to there being no change in the conditions prevailing at the beginning of the year, when the generosity of the public was appealed to, to assist the hospital for the first half of this year, the Directors find themselves forced to request the continuance of these donations for a further period of six months; as this is the only means by which the hospital can be kept open. It is hoped that the response to this appeal for assistance to this worthy institution will be a generous one.

The Princeton Star

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Payable in Advance

G. E. FRENCH, Manager

FRIDAY ..... JUNE 3, 1921

SCOPE OF THE CENSUS

The primary task of the census is the enumeration and description of every man, woman and child in Canada. Good business dictates that when so large an organization as this requires has once been created, it should be put to every available purpose. In other words the "overhead" must earn its maximum. The census therefore should deal not only with the people themselves, but directly with the people's institutions and affairs, insofar as the latter can be properly brought within its scope.

At this point arises a problem involving considerable discrimination. To enumerate the people demands a large organization from the physical aspect, but it does not require any special technical training on the part of those who collect the information, the questions being such that any person of fair education can explain. This, however, is not the case when the inquiry is shifted to certain other fields. Industrial production, for example, is so many-sided and complicated in its processes that no body of men appointed and instructed as are the census enumerators can hope to deal with it successfully. Then, again, it has always to be remembered that the census is essentially a stock-taking. Just as in business certain transactions must be recorded continuously as they occur, as in the day-books, and ledgers, so in the affairs of the nation, many phenomena must be observed as and when they arise, and not through the medium merely of a periodical stock sheet like the census, whose record is that of a given fixed moment. The reorganization of the statistical work of the government and its centralization under the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, previously referred to, has enabled this problem to be dealt with more satisfactorily for the present census than previously, because it has provided the means of securing certain information from day to day which formerly was obtained only through the census, unsatisfactory as the latter admittedly was for the purpose. This is too large a subject to describe in detail here. Reference has been made above to industrial statistics (mines, factories, etc.); these are now collected annually by correspondence on a large number of different forms adapted to each particular industry and in co-operation with the different administrative departments, Dominion and Provincial, that are interested in particular sections of the field. Thus an annual census of dairy factories is taken in collaboration with the Provincial Dairy Commissioners, in fisheries the Bureau works with the Dominion and Provincial Fisheries Departments, and so on. Similarly the Bureau now collects the statistics of births, deaths and marriages in co-operation with the Registrars Generals of the several provinces, and the old mortuary schedule of the census has been dropped. Also, statistics of education have been largely eliminated from the census and dependence will in future be placed on concerted action through Provincial Education Departments under a uniform scheme centering in the Bureau of Statistics. This principle in short has been applied throughout the census.

On one case, however, a partial exception to this rule is made, namely the important industry of Agriculture. Approximately fifty per cent. of the population of Canada is dependent upon agriculture, and the most expensive part of the census organization is that of the rural districts. For agriculture, moreover, the ordinary population enumerator proves a satisfactory field agent, most of the processes of agriculture being familiar ones and such as an enumerator who lives in an agricultural district can well cover. Hence the decennial census of the Canadian people is a census of population and agriculture, that is, a comprehensive survey of the Canadian people themselves and of their primary industry.

JUNIOR RED CROSS WORK IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

The peace-time programme of the Red Cross League of Nations, to which the Canadian Red Cross is Signatory, embraces and embodies the very important platform of Red Cross instruction to the children. This branch is known as the Junior Red Cross, and in Canada this is the medium through which the Canadian Red Cross is endeavoring to induce among the children and young people Red Cross instructions and activities of an educational and social value. In this situation, the Red Cross aims to enlist the services of the children and young people on behalf of suffering childhood to minister to the needs of those children less fortunately situated than themselves, and more especially, until the post-war work of the society is completed, to the children of soldiers or those suffering directly as a result of the great war. In this respect it will furnish to children and young people a useful and healthy outlet for their energies and present to them a definite purpose, for which their talents may be employed.

Dealing with the programme of the Junior Red Cross work in the British Columbia Division it is conceded that the extension of the Junior Red Cross organization in this province is really one of the most important duties which devolves upon the Society. Upon the children in the schools depends much of the Red Cross support of the future. With the warm approval of the Provincial Department of Education and the various boards of school trustees, the Society purposes establishing Junior Red Cross branches throughout the province with separately organized units in all the larger schools. This being done, it is proposed to create a Junior Red Cross Sick Children's Fund, which will be devoted to providing hospital treatment and care for sick children who are not in a position to receive proper hospital treatment. In the extension of this branch, it is also proposed to provide country vacations for delicate or convalescent city children, who are otherwise unable to secure such a holiday. The ultimate purpose of the Junior Fund, however, will be to assist in the establishment of a Children's Hospital or Ward in this province, so that our sick children may be assured, at all times, of the very best care and attention from nurses and doctors, specializing in children's work.

From this Junior Branch of the Red Cross, great results are expected. Children, properly enthused in any good enterprise, are oblivious to obstacles and difficulties. Few persons can refuse the plea of a child. None will refuse the children's plea for children.

PROPOSED FRUIT SHOW IN LONDON IN NOVEMBER

An English fruit magazine says: "The fruit show which it is proposed to hold in London in November next will demonstrate to the public that, for quality and appearance of its apples, the British empire can challenge the world. It is gratifying to place on record that at least such a show is to be held in the capital of the empire. The public, however, are already aware of the excellence of empire grown fruit, and the value of the exhibition will lie more in stimulating interest in and the better distribution, but the packing and grading of the same fruit for market purposes. There is no country in the world where apples are packed with quite the same efficiency as those received from America. Canada is a very keen competitor with the United States, and the regard which is being paid to grading and packing in the great apple growing dominion of the Maple Leaf is undoubtedly doing much to enhance the prestige of Canadian produce among us, as compared with that of Oregon and Washington, Virginia and New York. This enterprise deserves all the encouragement possible. Just now, the Dominion fruit industry is rightly laboring under a grievance arising out of the price controls muddle. We do not suppose that there has been any deliberate attempt to favor the home producer at the expense of the overseas fruit growers, but it is unfortunate that this impression should gain currency among our kinsmen across the Atlantic, and the blame rests with those whose lack of imagination did not enable them to foresee the results of the policy they adopted."

SPEND HOLIDAYS IN CANADA

Planning vacation trips is one of the pleasures in the average Canadian home. The approaching holiday season tempts the mind to wander to shady nooks, to the seaside, to the *fishing ground and the camp.*

Canada offers to her people all the attractions it is possible to desire, either for recreation or change. We have all conditions of temperature and altitude from the sea level to the mountain heights. In our inland lakes and streams we have most every variety of fresh water fish, with boating and bathing to satisfy the most exacting.

Why, then, should we look beyond our borders for summer resorts? There is an old saying that "the fishing is always better on the other side of the creek"; can it be that this is the reason why so many Canadians cross to the United States each year to spend their vacations, regardless of the superior attractions at home?

Canada wants us to see our own country. By spending their money at home, Canadians will realize more fully what a wonderful heritage we possess, and will help to overcome the discount to which our money is subjected to on the other side of the line.

The Dominion Parks Branch and the passenger departments of our railway and steamship lines have much interesting literature on Canada's beauty spots, which will be sent free for the asking. These booklets contain much information that will help to decide Canadians to spend their vacations in their own country.

BIRDS ARE FOREST POLICEMEN

Insects have done and are doing a great deal of injury to the forests of Canada. The forest services, federal and provincial, are carrying out protective measures, and the federal department of agriculture has a staff of entomologists who devote all their energies to this work. Many ingenious methods are being devised but the public will be most interested in one thing that stands out in these investigations, namely, that the preservation of bird life is one means of reducing the number of forest insects. There may be some birds which do not eat forest insects, but generally speaking it is true that, the more birds the fewer insects. Canadian boys and young men in the past have been too prone to go into the woods with a gun and shoot everything in sight without thinking of the injury they might cause. Canadian forests are fine places for healthful recreation, but let those who go into them be careful not to burn them up and not to destroy unthinkingly the non-game birds which are forest policemen. Let the young people shoot as much as they like, but with a camera—not a gun.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Similkameen Electoral District

Notice re Closing Road Through Lots 1 and 2, Block 15, Cawston

As required by Paragraph 3 of the Highways Act Amendment Act, Chap. 28, 1917, the undersigned hereby gives notice that thirty (30) days from date it is his intention to discontinue and close the road through Lots 1 and 2, Block 15, Cawston, Registered Plan No. 1479, and more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the south-easterly corner of Block fifteen (15) in the subdivision of the said North half of the South-East quarter of Section nine (9), Township fifty-two (52), Registered plan fourteen hundred and seventy-nine (1479); thence South-Westerly along the Southerly boundary of the said Block fifteen (15) a distance of one hundred and thirty-four (134) feet; thence South-Easterly a distance of sixty-six (66) feet, more or less, to the North-West corner of Block twenty-seven (27) Registered plan fifteen hundred and seventy-three (1573); thence North-Easterly along the Northerly boundary of the said Block twenty-seven (27) a distance of two hundred (200) feet more or less to the intersection with the Westerly boundary of the Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern Railway Company's right-of-way; thence North-Westerly along the Westerly boundary of the said right-of-way a distance of seven hundred and twelve (712) feet; thence South-Westerly and parallel to the Northerly boundary of the said Block fifteen (15) a a distance of sixty-six (66) feet more or less to an intersection with the Easterly boundary of the said Block fifteen (15); thence following along the said Easterly boundary a distance of six hundred and forty-six (646) feet more or less to the point of commencement, and containing by admeasurement one and three hundred and twelve thousandths (1.312) acres more or less as shown outlined in green on a plan deposited in the Department of Public Works, File Number 3142.

J. H. KING
Minister of Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C., May 12, 1921. 27-4

SIMILKAMEEN ELECTORAL DISTRICT

Notice is hereby given that I shall, on Monday, the 20th day of June 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Government Buildings, Fairview, B. C., hold a Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing and determining any and all objections to the retention of any name or names on the list of voters for the above named Electoral District.

JAMES R. BROWN,
Registrar of Voters,
Similkameen Electoral District.

Dated at Fairview, B. C., this 18th day of May, 1921. 27-29

MINERAL ACT, 1896 (Form F.)

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Lemon No. 2, Lemon No. 5, Lemon No. 7, Lemon No. 9, Lemon No. 11, Zapata 1 Fraction, August 12, August 13, August 14, First Chance No. 1, Last Chance No. 1, Copper Cent No. 1, Moore No. 1. Margaret No. 1 Fraction, Malone Fraction, Mineral Claims; situate in the Similkameen Mining Division of Yale District. Where located: At Copper Mountain, near Princeton, B. C.

Take Notice that I, P. W. Gregory, acting as agent for The Canada Copper Corporation, Limited, of Allenby, B. C., Free Miner's Certificate No. 42843C, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 14th day of May, 1921. 26-9np

INSURANCE

P. W. GREGORY

AGENT FOR THE FOREMOST

Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Companies—Canadian, British and American.

Agent for ALLISON SUBDIVISION

SOCIETIES

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

PRINCETON LODGE No. 50

Meets Every Wednesd'y at 8 p.m. in I.O.O.F. Hall

Visiting Brothers Welcome.

W. D. YOUNG, C. C.
P. RUSSELL, K. R. S.

PRINCETON LODGE I.O.O.F. No. 52.

Regular meetings. 8 p m., Thursdays, Sojourning brethren welcome. Hall situate on cor Bridge St. and Vermilion Ave.

ROBT SCHULLI, N. G.
C. WILLARSON, R. S.

Excelsior L. O. L. No. 2102

Meets Fourth Tuesday at 8 p. m. in I. O. O. F. Hall.

Visiting brethren welcome.

C. V. PROSSER, W.M.
G. M. BENNET, SECRETARY

Keep Up With The Times

The greatest need in the Business World today is the requirement for Good Printing.

People with whom you do business judge the character of your concern by your stationery.

Our Job Department is capable of handling all your business whether large or small.

The Princeton Star

Phone 36

Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to $5 an acre; second-class to $2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residences, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and must make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of $10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LAND.

Provision made for insurance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock-owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

$50 to $5,000

A YEAR FOR LIFE

A CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ANNUITY PROVIDES IT

—No better life investment available
—No better security obtainable
—Cannot be seized or levied upon for any cause
—Will be replaced if lost, stolen or destroyed
—Not affected by trade depression
—Free from Dominion Income Tax
—No medical examination required

Anyone over the age of 5 years resident or domiciled in Canada may purchase.

Any two persons may purchase jointly.

Employers may purchase for their employees—school boards for their teachers—congregations for their ministers.

Apply to your postmaster; or write, postage free, to S. T. Bastedo, Superintendent of Annuities, Ottawa, for new booklet and other information desired. State sex and age last birthday.

You May or May Not be Proud Of Your Shape---

BUT IT IS THE ONLY ONE YOU HAVE

You can improve your appearance wonderfully by wearing Goods bought in Our Store. We have the largest and best selection in the Similkameen

C. WILLARSON & CO.

Gents Furnishings, Boots and Shoes

PATTERSON, CHANDLER & STEPHEN LTD.,

Corner 16th Ave., & Main St.,

VANCOUVER, B.C.

LARGEST MONUMENT WORKS IN THE WEST

WRITE US FOR DESIGNS

APPLES PROMISING TO SET WELL IS REPORT

McIntosh May be Only Medium Crop, and Jonathans Lighter Than Expected.

BUT OTHER VARIETIES ARE SHOWING UP WELL

Soft Fruits in Good Shape—Some Peach Curl and Mildew in Unsprayed Trees.

The fourth report of the horticultural branch of the department of agriculture continues the story of the good fruit crop expectations for the valley.

It reads:

Vancouver Island and Gulf Islands.

A very heavy and welcome rain fell Sunday night and most of Monday. The precipitation amounting to .68 inches in Victoria. This rain will do a vast amount of good to all crops.

Bloom has fallen from practically all plums, pears and sweet cherries. Apples are in full bloom, while sour cherries are slightly passed.

Bloom is becoming very general in all varieties of strawberries, while Marshalls in early locations are the size of filberts.

Loganberries are just beginning to show the first sign of blossom. Cane growth of both logans and raspberries has been excellent so far.

Local greenhouse tomatoes and cucumbers have been on the market in small quantities for two weeks. Pickling should become general in the course of a couple of weeks. The season has not been favorable so far. Warm weather is needed.

Salmon Arm and Main Line Points.

Most varieties of apples are in full bloom now, and the show is very heavy. Weather conditions have been favorable so far for a good set of fruit.

The temperature is much higher than last week, and several heavy showers have fallen.

Both spring and fall grain crops are in fine condition.

Express shipments of asparagus and rhubarb are going forward.

Vernon.

The showing of apple bloom has been the best this year in the history of the district. The weather has been fine and as the trees are showing more vitality this year than at this time last year, there is no reason why a splendid set of fruit should not take place.

Wagners are spotty in some orchards where there were some trees with a heavy crop last year. In the Okanagan Centre section, Jonathans, Wagners and Delicious are reported as being spotty. However, indications are that it will be better than an average crop in all these varieties.

Petals on the earlier and the main varieties are just falling and the caylax spray for apple scab and mildew control should go on immediately after the 24th in most orchards. As this spray is the most important in the control of these diseases it is very essential that it shouuld be applied at this time. It is very evident at this season, when the heavy bloom is apparent, that the controlling factors in the marketing of the frruit this year, from the growers' standpoint, will be size and color. No orchard practice is more important to regulate these factors than the proper thinning of the fruit. Unless we are to have a heavy percentage of threes and culls this year, thinning will have to be done very heavily and early. An active campaign is being inaugurated throughout the valley to emphasize the importance of thinning to the quality of the crop.

Kelowna.

The early bloom of the stone fruits, especially cherries, has been particularly heavy. Most of the bloom is past and no frost injury has been reported.

Pears have made a very promising showing, petals are falling and no injury is anticipated.

Apple bloom is just passing full show with practically all varieties very heavy. McIntosh, Wealthy and Wagner are past full bloom and generally heavy. Delicious in some orchards show their heaviest set of bloom. Jonathans are in full bloom this week and show heavily in some orchards. Crabs are very heavy.

Penticton and Keremeos.

In the Keremeos section apple bloom is practically over and there is every evidence of a good set, with the exception of McIntosh, which from present appearances, will be only a medium crop. Jonathans are lighter than formerly expected. There is an increased acreage of potatoes, some of which is nicely up. Weather conditions are favorable and all crops are looking well.

Apples are setting heavily in the Kaleden section in most varieties. All soft fruit is looking well with a very heavy set. Vetch and other cover crops are doing well and are fit to be plowed under at any time now.

In the Penticton and Dog Lake sections, the apples are nearly through blooming and promise to set well. All soft fruit is looking well, especially apricots, which are about the size of small marbles. Thereis a great deal of cultivating being done and the district as a whole is in good shape.

An orchard infested with blister mite last year, and where spraying was done at the right season this year, very good control has resulted. Mildew on poorly sprayed or unsprayed lots has developed very fast, and there will be a great deal of spraying to be done after the petals have fallen if this is to be checked.

Peach leaf curl has shown up very rapidly during the past week, especially on lots where the 1-9 spray was neglected or used as a combined spray for peach worm.

Summerland.

After a few showers on Sunday the weather has warmed up again.

Pears and apples had every chance to make a good set, and with the large amount of fertilizer of one kind or other used, the orchards are showing up fine for this time of the year.

Wagners, McIntosh and Jonathans are showing maximum blossom, in fact all varieties, with the exception of a very few, are showing good promise.

Some pear trees are showing blossom wilt, somewhat similar to last year.

Pears promise a good crop this year again. Thereis some peach leaf currl showing in odd places.

Some tomato growers are setting out some plants now, which is at least ten days earlier than last year. Early vegetable survey is still being taken, expect to finish this by the 1st of June.

The Summerland Agricultural Association fall fair prize list is about ready for the printers. This is open to all comers, and attractive prizes are offered in some classes.

Some growers are looking forward to the Wenatchee trip the second week in June.

Grand Forks.

Orchard conditions in the Grand Forks district this spring, as regards soil moisture and fruit bud development, are particularly favorable, and barring the occurance of late frosts, which were so disastrrous to many of the orchards this year, there is every promise of a record crop of fruit this year. Indications at present are that vigorous thinning of the fruit will have to be practised this year. Little or no attention, except in the case of a few individual orchards, has been paid to the thinning of fruit on the trees, with the result that the crops have contained too large a percentage of threes and culls. The growers, however, have resolved to profit by past experience, and will endeavor to grow fruit of only the highest quality.

The valley has been handicapped heretofore by lack of sufficient soil moisture during the growing season. especially in the months of July and August, and more or less spasmodic efforts have been put forth to secure an irrigation system for the district. Irrigation is now definitely assured, and work is to be commenced without delay on the installation of the first unit of a pumping system, which it is hoped will take care of a portion of the district this season.

More attention is being paid to orchard cover crops, though there is still urgent need for effort in this direction. Some experimental work is being undertaken with winter vetch, portions of orchards in different sections of the valley having been secured for this purpose.

During the past few months a campaign has been under way for greater co-operation among the growers. Numerous public meetings have been held, and the first concrete results will soon be seen in the erection of an up-to-date central fruit packing house and storage warehouse. The building and equipment is to cost $20,000. This amount has been practically all subscribed, and work on the building is to start as soon as a guarantee has been secured from the K. V. R. that present trackage adjacent to the site chosen, will remain as it is.

Spraying for oyster shell scale has been more thoroughly and generally done this spring than heretofore, and a determined campaign will be conducted to destroy this pest. Some slight evidence of fire blight occured in some orchards and all cankers have been cut out wherever seen.

Fall grain, as a result of the copious autumn rains, is in excellent shape and has made a fine growth at the present writing.

Field work is now well advanced. Spring grains have been generally sewn in good season and potato land is at present in course of preparation. Some planting has already been done. Potato acreage will be considerably reduced this year, owing to the unfortunate dump in prices.

Considerable transfer of form property has taken place recently and quite a number of new comers have settled in the district. This influx of new blood has resulted largly from the promise of irrigation, and also from the fact that land values in this valley are still comparatively cheap.

WHAT IS A KILLING FROST?

The frost period usually comes about sunup in the morning, and may not last more than half an hour. But in that time how much damage may be done to the orchardist and gardener!

The following table is worth preserving. It shows what temperatures may be endured for a period of thirty minutes by the fruits named, with blossoms at different stages of growth:

Fruit	Closed but showing color.	Full Bloom	After fruit has set
Apples	25	28	29
Peaches	25	28	30
Cherries	25	28	30
Pears	25	28	30
Plums	25	28	30
Grapes	30	31	31

RESULTS WILL COME.

We read somewhere the other day a story about patience in advertising. It seems that some firm for experimental purposes placed on its mailing list eleven years ago another firm which was at that time considered an impossible prospect.

Since that time the second firm every month and every year received letters from the first firm—good selling letters, but they apparently made no impression as they received no response. Finally, after ten years these letters had done their work and the firm came to the buying point—their first year's business amounted to more than $6000. The campaign had cost under $25.

As the article remarked, "ten years is a long time, but $6000 a year is a lot of money."

Therefore, because you do not receive miraculous results from your advertising the first time you try, do not lose patience. The results are undoubtedly there.

Tear down that old fence and put a coat of fresh paint on that barn. It will increase the value of your property fifty per cent.

"DON'T CARE."

The spirit of "don't care" is too strong in the world today, especially in the Western hemisphere. Independence is a fine thing, but selfisn disregard for the rights and feelings of others is something entirely different. We have too much of the feeling that as long as our own skin is safe, we need not worry about our brother. Most of us think that unpleasant things won't happen, but if they do, they won't happen to us. That was probably the way Rome looked at matters before the visit of the vandals from the north. This spirit has never yet fired a patriot or built a happy home.

THE KNOCKER.

If there's one thing more than another that helps out a community in the "also ran" class it's the town "knocker." You know him—the fellow who is always complaining that the town is dead, that business is going from bad to worse, that the schools are not half as good as they are in some neighboring towns, and so on. Not only does the "knocker" dole out his discouraging line of talk to his own town folks, but passes it along to the stranger within our gates. And isn't it wonderful how fast this kind of information spreads and isn't it equally wonderful how some people will more quickly believe a bad than a good report?

Let us never forget that God made home among the first things that He created. Before commerce and trade, laws and statutes, thrones and altars, there were men and women, fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters, lovers and friends, hearthstones and homes.

A book entitled "Main Street" by Sinclair Lewis has recently been published which seems to be causing nation-wide comment. The story is laid in a small town, Gopher Prairie, Minnesota, but it is supposed to be a story of all small towns in America. However, we do not believe it is. Our town cannot be exceptional in having a little more of the forward look, a little more breadth of character, a little more intellect than had Gopher Prairie, Minnesota, in "Main Street."

ADVERTISING.

We are tempted to speak a word to our merchants. We do it only with the best intentions. We are thankful that you have placed your ad in our columns. Our many wide-awake readers will see it and they will read it. If the merchants wish to keep trade at home, they must, of course, let the public know what goods and what inducements they offer. The great merchants of our larger cities are constantly advertising at an enormous expense, but it pays them; and it was by shrewd advertising that they became so successful. They cannot afford to stop, or else they would. Our merchants can't afford to stop advertising in their local paper. Advertising pays even if you have no competition.

TO A YOUNG MAN.

(By Edward A. Guest in the Cosmopolitan Magazine.)

The great were once as you.
They whom men magnify today
Once groped and blundered on life's way,
Were fearful of themselves and thought
By magic was men's greatness wrought.
They feared to try what they could do;
Yet fame has crowned with her success.
The selfsame gifts that you possess.

The great were once as you.
Dreaming the very dreams you hold,
Longing, yet fearing to be bold,
Doubting that they themselves possessed
The strength and skill for every test.
Uncertain of the truths they knew,
Not sure that they could stand to fate
With all the courage of the great.

Then came a day when they
Their first bold venture made,
Scorning to cry for aid,
They dared to stand the fight alone,
Took up the gauntlet life had thrown,
Charged full front to the fray,
Mastered their fear of self, and then
Learned that our great men are but men.

Oh, Youth, go forth and do!
You, too, to fame may rise;
You can be strong and wise.
Stand up to life and play the man—
You can if you'll but think you can;
The great were once as you
You envy them their proud success?
'Twas won with gifts that you possess.

DON'T NEED A VACATION.

Haven't you all heard men say in a boastful sort of voice, "Why I haven't had a vacation in ten years." Let me tell you right now that such insane adherence to work is nothing to boast about. Half of the men that make such a boast are loafing on the job constantly and for that reason they don't need to take any particular time for a vacation; the other half are on the verge of a vacation not to their liking and confined to about six feet of earth. There is something wrong with the organization of any business if its heads cannot take an occasional vacation.

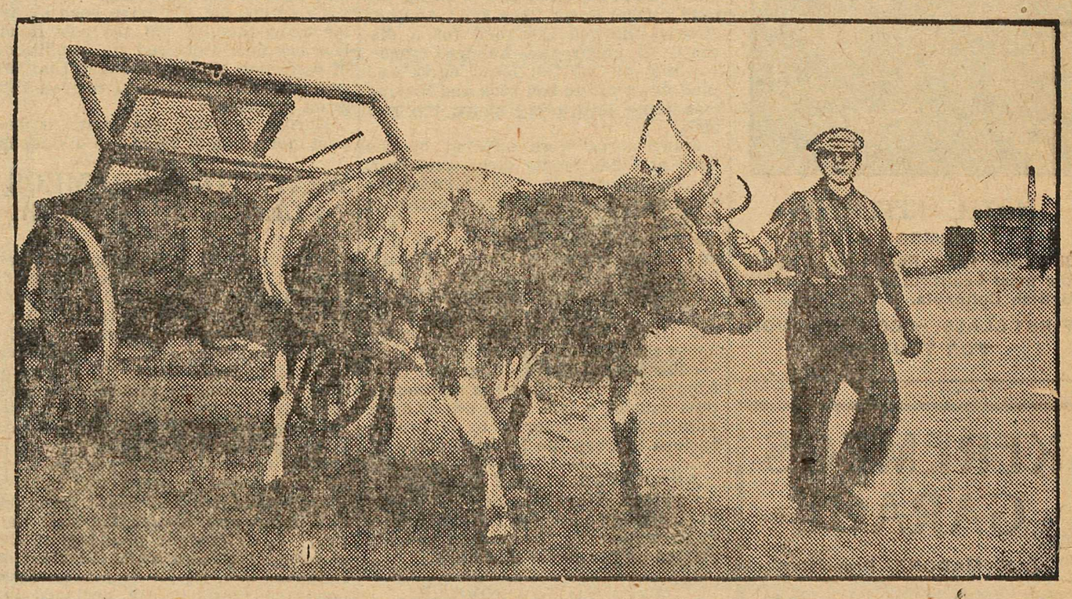
NATURAL PROSPERITY.

In speaking of the way to get prosperity started Collier's says, "National prosperity is but the sum total of a lot of individual prosperities. As individuals we have weathered deflation without one of our old-time panics. But we have not yet realized that as individuals we will have to think prosperity and work for prosperity if we want prosperity to commence.

"No matter how lavish our supply of men, material, money and markets, without work and thought added to them we are like Abraham Lincoln's little steamboat that used to go puffing down on the Sagnamon River, with a seven-foot whistle on a five-foot boiler, so that every time the whistle blew the boat stopped."

Oxen Useful In Harness

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Berrang on a cross country pleasure trip stop off at New York on their way from West Chester, Conn., to Los Angeles, California.



A Nova Scotia pair of oxen can draw three tons and are very efficient at the plough.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Prince Edward Island has attractions for others than transient visitors. The island is a decidedly important economic factor in Canada's aggregate wealth and holds within its boundaries great sources of revenue as well as many undeveloped potentialities. Not only is the land self-supporting but in position to engage in a considerable export trade with its products.

Within an area of 2,184 square miles, it has a population of about 94,000 or twice as many persons to the square mile as any other Canadian province. With the lowest extremes of heat and cold of any province east of the Rockies, the Island has an admirable climate which makes possible a diversity of agricultural and animal husbandry pursuits under the most favorable conditions.

Farming, fishing, fur-ranching, shipping and trading form the chief occupations of the island. Its small, peaceful, intensive farmsteads number 14,369, and are extremely productive. The province is sometimes termed the "million acre farm," and experts declare that the island could support a population of two million people.

Practically all of it is under cultivation with farms varying from sixty to one hundred acres in extent. Mixed farming is practised extensively and dairying is profitable and popular. The farms of the province, per farm, it is claimed, possess four times as many cattle and sheep, six times as many swine, and nearly eight times as many poultry as any other province in the Dominion.

There are on island farms proportionately more cattle than in any state in the U. S. A. with the exception of Iowa. Last year the agricultural yield of Prince Edward Island was about 693,000 bushels of wheat, 6,779,000 bushels of coarse grains, 6,926,000 bushels of potatoes, and 349,000 tons of hay and clover.

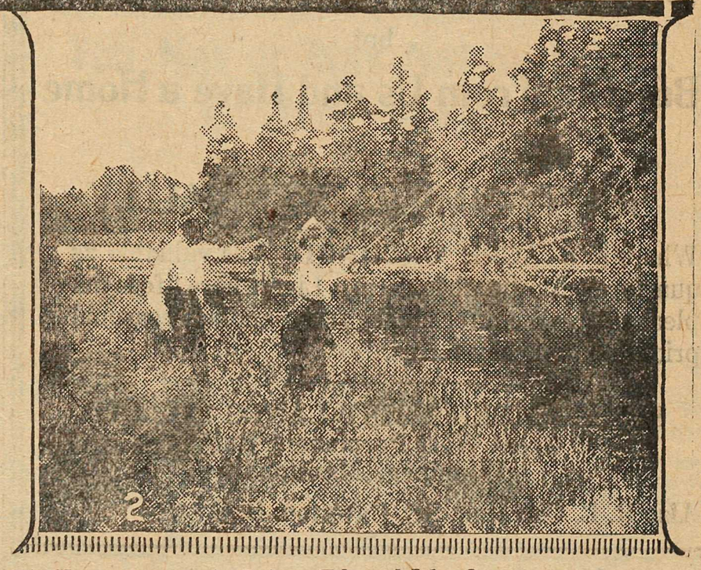
Of late years Prince Edward Island has become known to the outside world as the premier land of fox ranches. The domestic breeding of foxes originated there and the island has never ceased to maintain the ascendancy, exporting each year a large fur pack as well as large numbers of breeding animals, and at the same time, continually extending the number of existing ranches. During the past season for instance, more than a million dollars worth of silver fox pelts left the island shores, and in the same period half a million dollars worth of breeding stock found its way from the same source to ranches situated in every part of the globe.

There are some four hundred fox ranches on the island with nearly six thousand pairs of black foxes, and about one thousand pairs of red foxes.

The fishing industry is an important one. Lobster, salmon, cod, haddock, herring and mackerel are caught whilst the oyster culture is an important item in fishery revenue. Lobster is the most valuable of the sea products amounting in 1919 to $538,979 out of a total revenue of $895,921. Cod was next with $120,307, and the oyster cult produced $30,562. Two hundred lobster canneries on the island produced more than $100,000 worth of goods.

Charlottetown, the capital and commercial centre of the island, has a population of about 12,500. Other towns are Summerside, Souris, and Montague, all quaint little burgs, with a charming old-world aspect, yet modern in activity.

Prince Edward Island is indeed a land of fortunate possession, having all the beauty of the old word, with the wealth and potentiality of the new.



(1) Harvest scene in Prince Edward Island.
(2) An Island trout stream.

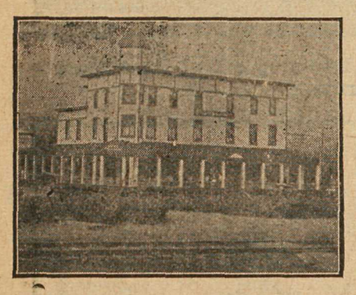
In the Southern Country

A Page of Interest to the Lower Similkameen and Okanagan Valleys

FRACTURED HER WRIST.

Cawston, May 28.—Mrs. R. L. Cawston had the misfortune to fall and badly fracture her wrist when descending to the cellar yesterday. The high water having flooded the cellar had loosened the fastening of the steps and when Mrs. Cawston's weight came onto them they gave way precipitating her onto the floor. It was some considerable time before Mrs. Cawston could attract the attention of Mrs. A. H. Cawston who was in the old ranch house some distance away. Dr. McLivan was sent for and arrived in a very few minutes. He reported that although the injury would be painful, good progress should be made.

F. M. WRIGHT
BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR
Lumber and Building Materials, Sash and Doors.
CAWSTON, - - B. C.



HOTEL KEREMEOS
KEREMEOS, B. C.
32 Miles from Penticton. One of the most beautiful scenic routes in British Columbia.
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR TOURISTS

KEREMEOS GARAGE
J. F. MADORE, Proprietor
Gasoline - Oil
Accessories
Sub-Agent for Ford Cars
Any make of car overhauled by expert men.
FREE AIR
Ford and all makes of Magnetos recharged.
Oxy-Acetylene Welding
Batteries Charged
GENERAL BLACKSMITHING
Phone 14 KEREMEOS

SIMILKAMEEN RIVER OVERFLOWS

Ranchers South of Keremeos Cut Off From Town by Recent Heavy Flood.

KEREMEOS, May 30.—On Wednesday last the low lying country along the river road, south of the town, was in the grip of a flood the equal of which has never before been experienced by the ranchers of that section, the result of the sudden rising of the Similkameen river, caused by quickly melting snow on the mountains. For several days previous the water had been rising and falling, according to the temperature, at times coming above the road at one point, and on Saturday last causing a bad washout at a culvert where a slough crosses the road near Mr. Campbell's property.

The river reached its highest level on Wednesday morning, undoubtedly the result of the intense heat of the previous day, which was exceptional for this time of the year. The ranch owned by Mr. Clifton was practically inundated by a wide stream of water which overflowed the breakwater built by Mr. Clifton to safeguard against such a contingency. Part of the stream followed an old slough through Mr. Stuart Smith's property carrying away a big pile of stove food and completely destroying a frame of tomato plants, passing over Mr. W. Honeywell's orchard and flooding the road further down the river. Another stream followed the road for a distance of about two hundred yards, washing off all the loose earth and sand down to the bed rock and leaving tree roots protruding above the surface.

Many acres were affected by the flood at other points along the river, but comparatively the inundations were not large and no great extent of damage has been reported. The water has subsided considerably now and as the month of June is usually fairly cool in this district, further heavy floods are not anticipated.

A gang of men were stationed on the Great Northern Railway bridge about three miles above Keremeos, on Wednesday, to prevent logs and trees from piling up against the abutments, thus causing a jam. The use of dynamite had to be resorted to on two occasions to keep the bridge clear.

APPOINTED FLUME WALKER.

Cawston, May 28.—Mr. H. Becker has been appointed to the position of flume walker for this season and has started on his duties this week.

MOTORED TO OROVILLE.

Cawston, May 30.—Messrs. H. Felhaur, P. Madden and F. McDonald motored to Oroville on Sunday to view the ball game between that town and Keremeos.

A. J. KING
Wholesale and Retail Butcher
Fine variety of meat, fish, bologna, sausage, etc., always on hand.
Auto delivery.
KEREMEOS, B. C.

GROWERS WORRIED OVER HIGH WATER

Cawston, May 30.—Much anxiety has been felt during the last few days on account of the high water. Old-timers claim that not since '94 has the water in the valley been as high. However, with the advent of a few cold days and nights any danger that may have existed of very much damage being done, for the present at least, is past.

Mr. Prentice will suffer considerable loss on the Courtenay ranch almost the entire place having been under water for some days leaving a large deposit of silt on the hay land and washing out a great deal of the seed on the grain land.

Mr. Sylvester and Mr. Swan have had portions of their land under water from Keremeos creek.

The high water coming fully three weeks earlier this year than last, any land that has been flooded will be dried off in time for it to be made use of.

Those who have land on the bench coming under the irrigation system of Cawston and Barcello creeks have the prospects of making up for lost time in previous years as the indications are that an abundant flow of water will last throughout the summer.

HEDLEY MINE AND MILL WILL REOPEN

The Hedley Gold Mining Company, owners of the Nickle Plate Mine at Hedley, B. C., will resume operations July 1, it is learned today.

The mine and mill have been closed for many months, but the gold situation has now improved and conditions of operation have so changed that the company is preparing to re-open this great property.

During the last ten years it has paid more than $2,500,000 in dividends.

W.C.T.U. OF KEREMEOS ELECTS ITS OFFICERS

Keremeos.—The annual meeting and election of officers of the Keremeos local branch of the W. C. T. U. was held at the home of Mrs. D. J. Innis on Thursday afternoon. A report of the year's work was read by the secretary, Mrs. D. J. Innis. The sum of $165 was raised by this union during the year, $138 of which was sent to the People's Prohibition Association to aid in the plebiscite campaign.

Very interesting reports of the W. C. T. U. convention which was held in Summerland recently were given by Mrs. Innis, Mrs. Keeler and Mrs. Mattice. Rev. Morrant presided at the election of officers which resulted as follows: Mrs. (Rev.) Frank re-elected honorary president by acclamation; Mrs. Keeler first vice-president, Mrs. O. H. Ring second vice-president, Mrs. Innis recording secretary, Mrs. Bell corresponding secretary, Mrs. (Dr.) Thompson treasurer. Rev. Morrant pronounced the benediction.

Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess.

KEREMEOS ORCHARDS IN FINE SHAPE

Keremeos, May 30.—More favorable indications of an excellent crop of all varieties of fruits and garden produce have seldom been in evidence in the Keremeos section. The district in general is in good shape and with the exception of a few cool and cloudy days last week the weather during the month of May has been very warm and bright.

All varieties of cherries, apricots, plums, Transcendent crabs and early varieties of apples are heavily set. Pears, particularly the Bartlett and Flemish Beauty varieties, are also well set. For the main crop of apples the McIntosh Reds, Jonathans, Delicious, Wealthies, Winter Bananas and Winesaps show every promise of a heavy crop.

Planting out of tomatoes is being extensively carried on in the valley this week, and while there will not be any great acreages planted this year, most growers are putting out a few acres. Tomato planting this season is about two weeks later than last year, but generally the plants are much stronger and as the danger from killing frosts is now over it is felt that the crop will not be delayed.

The first alfalfa crop this season will be exceptionally heavy.

ROAD IS IMPASSABLE.

Cawston, May 30.—Mrs. J. W. Dunnett, who has been spending a few days in Kelowna visiting Mr. Allan Dunnett, expected to return on Thursday but has postponed her return owing to the impassable condition of the Penticton-Keremeos road.

TOMATO PLANTING UNDER WAY.

Cawston, May 31.—Tomato planting is in full swing in the district, the growers taking advantage of a few cool days. Quite a considerable acreage yet remains to be planted.

SIGHT-SEEING TRAIN ON G. N. R.

Cawston, May 30.—A special train passed through here on Sunday carrying sight-seers to Oroville, an important feature being the observation car in the rear.

KEREMEOS NOTES

Rev. L. A. Morant, who has been suffering for some time from tonsilitis, left last week for Vancouver, where he will undergo an operation.

* * *

Bishop Doull, Bishop of Kootenay, will hold confirmation service in the Church of England on Sunday, June 12.

* * *

The general impression that the Keremeos Victory Hall was to be opened on Victoria Day was dispelled by Mr. Alex. Morrison in his address of welcome, on the occasion of the big celebration. He announced that the formal opening would take the form of a social for the residents of Keremeos and district.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. Northey left on Friday's train en route for Rossland where Mr. Northey will take a position in one of the mines.

* * *

Blythe's Bakery and Delicatessen store is now in full swing. This is a new departure for Keremeos and has undoubtedly filled a long felt want. There is an increasing demand for bread baked by this establishment.

* * *

The Hedley junior baseball team have made arrangements with the local juniors to meet on the Keremeos diamond on Saturday, June 3. This promises to be a good game as the Hedley boys have already played two games with Penticton this season and are in good form. The local boys are getting in practice and show good class. The age limit is eighteen.

* * *

Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Frank returned on Saturday from Victoria, where Rev. Frank attended the Methodist Church conference. Rev. Frank has accepted the Hampton Road pastorate, Victoria, and will move to that city in aboutt and will move to that city in about here by Rev. E. C. Currie, of Rutland.

CHICK RAISING COMPETITION

By now, those boys and girls who have entered the Chick Raising Competition, will be anxiously listening for the first signs of chicks, and all though we cannot expect quite as many chicks from the eggs which were shipped some distance by rail, we hope that you have a very successful hatch.

It is very tempting to go and peep, just to see what they look like, and how many are out, but by doing so you may spoil the chances of one or two others who are about to hatch, so keep away from them from the time they commence to hatch until they are all getting hungry, which means at least two days or, even three, for just before the chicks begin to pip the shell, the greater part of the yolk is absorbed by the chick, and this is sufficient food for it for about three days.

It would be well then to remove the hen, let her have a good feed of grain and a dust bath, then give the chicks their first feed, which should be of fine grit or coarse sand and fresh water.

Now this advice regarding the first feed is very important. I have many times heard grown ups as well as young people remark, on seeing some newly hatched chicks, "Poor little things, give them something to eat, they are hungry." There are several reasons against feeding them before they are two or three days old, and which would take a lot of space to tell you about. However, when one of the poultry association officers come around to see how your chicks are getting along, you ask him and he will tell you. Also, if there is anything else you want to know about the chicks or their mother, ask him that too and he will give you all the help he possibly can.

Now for the second feed for the little fellows, and which will be wanted by them soon after they have had the grit. Get some bread crumbs and dry them in the oven; boil an egg hard, chop it up fine, including the shell, and mix it with enough bread crumbs so that it is not wet but crumbles up freely in the hand. Feed them this, a little at the time, about every three hours. After about three days mix a little rolled oats in with it, or feed the oats at alternate feeds and after another day or two some good chick food (grain) may be fed, a small quantity at first, increased gradually, but keep up the rolled oats as this is good feed for them, and is cheaper than most. Feed them five times a day. Keep fresh water near them every day, and when the days are bright see that the water is in a shady place as it soon gets warm in the sun. Give them plenty of finely cut green stuff, such as weeds, lawn clipping., etc. This is good for them and they will soon get strong, scratching in it for their food. If you can, give them sour milk or buttermilk often, as this is a good tonic for them and they enjoy it.

I will try and give you some further edvice either next week or the week following, but in the meantime, keep up the feed of rolled oats and chick food, and keep them growing.

—Contributed.

Pennies and Their Users.

He apologised to me for the ten pennies. Mine was a twopenny ticket. "Got no tanners," he explained, as he counted out change for a shilling; "only a Belgian sixpence. Some blighter passed it on me." Would the old time conductor have been so squeamish? I think he would have passed it on. (It was dark on the top of the bus.) Somehow the was has made a difference.

The ten pennies, however, will not be without their users. This is the latest startling query of the telephone girl—"Have you eleven pennies available, please?" And the subscriber who has asked for a Reigate number exclaims, "Good lor', no! What on earth—?" "The charge is now eleven pence," the operator responds sweetly. The man who finds it necessary to make many such calls in a day will need a small portmanteau for his coppers.—Daily News.

The New Telephone.

A little girl, left in a room with a glass of tall daffodils, was discovered trying to communicate with the Queen of the Fairies. She was calling down the bell of one flower and listening at the other, a small dimpled hand, with a crease at the wrist, firmly grasping each green stalk. "Please send a cake and a big doll," she said, "to my house, and a new dadda, and a taxi, so's I can go and spend my pennies." A fact, not fancy.—The Morning Post.

He can who thinks he can, and he cannot who thinks he cannot.

B. C. FRUIT IN OLD COUNTRY

Big Show to be Held in London in November—Canadian Pack Praised.

Liverpool.—The following from an editorial in The Fruit Grower, a prominent English trade paper, will be of interest to Canadian shippers:

"The fruit show which it is proposed to hold in London in November next will demonstrate to the public that, for quality and appearance of its apples, the British Empire can challenge the world. It is gratifying to place on record that at least such a show is to be held in the capital of the Empire. The public, however, are already aware of the excellence of Empire-grown fruit, and the value of the exhibition will lie more in stimulating interest in and the better distribution, by the packing and grading of the same fruit for market purposes. There is no country in the world where apples are packed with quite the same efficiency as those received from America. Canada is a very keen competitor with the United States, and the regard which is being paid to grading and packing in the great apple-growing Dominion of the Maple Leaf is undoubtedly doing much to enhance the prestige of Canadian produce amongst us, as compared with that of Oregon and Washington, Virginia and New York. This enterprise deserves all the encouragement possible. Just now, the Dominion fruit industry is rightly laboring under a grieviance arising out of the price-controls muddle. We do not suppose that there has been any deliberate attempt to favor the home producer at the expense of the overseas fruit growers, but it is unfortunate that this impression should gain currency among our kinsmen across the Atlantic, and the blame rests with those whose lack of imagination did not enable them to forsee the results of the policy they adopted."

Panama Canal Fruit Boats.

In further reference to the announcement in a recent report that the Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. expect to have a sufficient number of boats equipped with refrigerator space, to maintain a three-weeks schedule for apple transportation from the Pacific Coast to United Kingdom ports, it will be of interest to British Columbia shippers to note that the new service will include Vancouver as one of the ports for the receipt of cargo. At present, the only United Kingdom ports to be served will be London and Southampton, but a direct service will also be supplied to Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg. This service will permit British Columbia apples to take advantage of the facilities for distribution offered by the newly established Southampton auction. The rate per box for this refrigerator space during the past season has been $1.40. Further information with regard to this service may be obtained from Col. E. J. Nash, Royal Mail Steam Packet Co., Seattle, or R. G. Parkhurst, R. M. S. P. Co., Pacific Building, Vancouver.

Announcement is also made by the Johnson Line, that they contemplate installing a refrigerator service between Vancouver and Liverpool, via Panama Canal, and expect that the voyage will be made in thirty-three to thirty-five days. This is particularly satisfactory in view of the large market for boxed apples offered by the Liverpool territory, service to which is apparently not contemplated at present by the rival Panama Canal route line.

National Fruit Exhibition.

A National Fruit Exhibition, which promises to be one of the most important ever held in this country, is projected for some time early in November next, and it is important that Canadian shippers should be well represented among the exhibitors. The project is to be financed by the Daily Mail, and this will ensure a great deal of valuable publicity. The technical arrangements, the definition of classes, and of the particular scope of the exhibit, will be in the hands of the Horticultural Branch of the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries, assisted and advised by representatives of the English apple industry, and of the Dominions.

Full details have not been settled, but it has been decided that there shall be three main subdivisions: (1) Open to growers of fruit in the British Empire; (2) open to growers of fruit in the United Kingdom; (3) open to growers of fruit in the Dominions. The first class is designed to permit of competition between the Dominions ond home growers. The exhibitors must be individual growers.

While the competitions as such will be limited to individual growers and growers' associations, and probably confined to displays of fruit in actual commercial packages, ample space will be available for provincial or federal exhibits, and, as the opportunity is regarded as quite exceptional in the facilities it will offer for the best kind of publicity, it is strongly recommended that steps be taken to see that, in addition to the full participation of growers and shippers in the competitive classes, all fruit provinces of Canada are adequately represented in the general display.

Expansion of existing industries, establishment of new industries and increased population, all hinges on the success of the "Made-in-B. C." movement. "Help Yourself" is one of the mottos adopted by the Made-in-B. C. Campaign Committee, and in those two words has been summed up about all there is to the Made-in-B. C. idea. But the more time, the more study, and the more support given the idea, the more there is to it for every person in British Columbia.

Their's Not to Answer Why

"Attention, class in stenography! A gentleman is coming to pick out a bright and intelligent stenographer."

And did the girls reach for their notebooks?

No, they all reached for their powder puffs.

CARE OF CHICKS

(Experimental Farms Note)

The care of the chicks while in the brooder stage is most important, for at that time the largest mortality occurs, yet the subsequent care of the chicks that have lived through the brooder stage has very much to do with the success or failure of the birds later.

Plenty of Heat

Do not cut down the heat too soon until the chicks are well feathered, and even after that, if the weather is cold and changeable, they will require a certain amount of heat, whether they are raised naturally or artificially.

Naturally Raised Chicks

The hen will probably leave the chicks to themselves by the time they are feathered, sometimes even before, and it is well to have the chicks housed in a fairly comfortable coop or colony house, so that when the hen leaves them they will be quite comfortable and can get along without her.

Artificially Raised Chicks

The same care as to heat and comfortable rearing quarters should be given to the chicks that are hatched and reared artificially and sometimes even more care is necessary. The removal of the heat, when nights are still cold, often results in the chicks becoming chilled, crowding into a corner and a number of them being smothered. Those that survive are more or less stunted because of the chill.

Give Them Fresh Land

It is never advisable to rear chickens in the same yards or upon the same soil that the old hens have used. Give them new soil that is sweet and free from disease germs. Such a place as a cultivated orchard, root or corn field, or in fact, any place where there is a growing crop of such a nature that they cannot destroy it, will be an ideal place for the chicks.

Plenty of Shade

During the warmer months shade is very important. This can be provided by the growing crop, orchard, shrubs, or even the raising of the house, and in some cases, along with this, artificial shade made from boughs or cotton screens, is an advantage.

Feeding

The feeding of the flock of chicks during the growing season should not be laborious. Though plenty of food is required it may be given in such a way that the minimum of labor is entailed. For this purpose hopper feeding is very much to be recommended. A home-made hopper in which grains and mash can be placed, and to which the chicks can have access at all times, insures plenty of feed for the chicks with very little labor on the part of the attendant. If the chicks are late and it is necessary to hurry them in order to get their growth in plenty of time for the fall, a moist mash fed once a day will help them, and milk before them at all times is a decided advantage.

In feeding and caring for the growing chicks it should be borne in mind that the chief aim is to have matured pullets so that they will commence to lay before the winter season comes on. The feeder should keep this in mind and feed the birds accordingly. Early chicks may be fed so that they will mature too early for best all-round production, and though this is an exception, still it is well to keep in mind that the pullet that starts laying the latter part of October or the first of November is usually the pullet that gives the best yearly production and certainly yields a better revenue than the pullet that does not start laying until after the season of high prices for eggs is over.—F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman.

"DAD."

The following is taken from an essay by Dr. Frank Crane on the subject, "Dad"—one that is very dear to our heart. And the way he handles it shows that he "understands."

Dear Dad:—I am writing this to you though you have been dead for thirty years.

From your seat in the Place Beyond I hope you can see these lines. I feel that I must say some things to you, things I didn't know when I was a boy in your house, and things I was too stupid to say.

It's only now, after passing through the long, hard school of years, only now, when my own hair is gray, that I understand how you felt.

I must have been a bitter trial to you. I was such an ass. I believed my own petty wisdon., and I know now how ridiculous it was, compared to that calm, ripe, wholesome wisdom of yours.

Most of all I want to confess my worst sin against you. It was the feeling I had that you "did not understand."

When I look back over it now, I know that you did understand. You understood me better than I did myself. Your wisdom flowed around mine like an ocean around an island.

And how patient you were with me. How full of long-suffering and kindness.

And how pathetic, it now comes home to me, were your efforts to get close to me, to win my confidence, to be my pal.

I wouldn't let you. I couldn't. What was it held me aloof. I don't know. But it is tragic—that wall that rises between a boy and his father, and their frantic attempts to see through it and climb over it.

When one of our merchants has an unusually attractive window display, go in and tell him about it. His window helps the looks of the town and your encouragement helps him to try again.

Father (sternly)—"My daughter sir, will remain under the paternal roof."

Suitor—"That's very kind of you; with the acute house shortage, that will be very convenient for us both."

At Kamloops it is expected that the C. N. R. short line to Kelowna will be completed in time to handle the fruit crops this year.

DO NOT WORRY A LOT
but
Buy One From Us and Have a Home
in the
SUNNY SIMILKAMEEN VALLEY
Where a 5 ACRE ORCHARD is as valuable as a quarter-section prairie farm. Live where life is made pleasant. We offer choice fruit lands at reasonable prices and on easy terms.
SIMILKAMEEN FRUIT LANDS CO., LTD.
602 Great West Permanent Buildings,
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Hotel Princeton
SWANSON & BROOMFIELD
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Modern Hotel—All the Comforts of a Home—Beautifully Furnished—Rooms with Hot and Cold Water and Steam Heat
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Agents for—Chevrolet Cars and Trucks, Studebaker Cars, Federal Trucks, Allis Chalmers Tractors.
One second hand Ford touring car for sale.

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PRINCETON, B.C.
Rates Moderate
Service Unexcelled
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SOFT DRINKS, ALL KINDS
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Smokes all Descriptions Cigars, Pipes, Tobaccos, Cigarettes
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Cleanliness and Service our Specialty

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General Trucking and Delivery Work
Service Warranted
PHONE 64 PRINCETON

Star Display Ads. are Effective

COALMONT NEWS

W. J. Blake Wilson spent Friday and Saturday here.

* * *

Sam Smith, of Five Mile, was a visitor here last week.

* * *

P. Russell, of Princeton, motored up on Monday evening.

* * *

Vic Macino has returned from the Merritt hospital, where he went to have a slight operation performed.

* * *

Mr. Donaldson has arrived and will be located in Coalmont for the summer. He will hold services both in town and at the mine.

* * *

A public meeting was held at the Coalmont hotel on Friday, May 27th, for the purpose of organizing a ball team. Mr. R. V. Shaw was appointed chairman, and E. H. Horstman secretary pro tem. The following officers were elected: Hon. president, W. J. Blake Wilson; president, James McKiernan; vice-president, Andy Johnson; secretary-treasurer, C. R. Malcomb; captain, Del. Read. The election of a manager was left to a later meeting. A subscription list was passed around and when returned to the chairman totalled $255.00. The Coalmont Baseball team is now open to play the best that the valley can produce.

* * *

Keep your eye on Coalmont.

DAIRY BREED RECORDS

Report No. 12 of the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture contains the record of performance tests for pure-bred dairy cattle from April 1, 1919, to March 31, 1920. Sixty-one mature Ayrshire were recorded the highest record being 13,386 lbs. of milk, 551 lbs. of fat, a percentage of 4.11. Twenty-four four-year-olds were recorded, the highest giving 12,545 lbs. of milk, 523 lbs. of fat, 4.24 per cent. of fat. Of the 31 three-year-olds recorded, the highest yielded 13,959 lbs. of milk, 559 lbs. of fat, 4 per cent. of fat. Of the 63 two-year-olds, the highest record showed 11,007 lbs. of milk, 498 lbs. of fat, 4.52 per cent. of fat. Of Holsteins, 70 of the mature class were recorded, the highest being 33,145 lbs. of milk, 924 lbs. of fat, 2.79 per cent. of fat; 29 four-year-olds, the highest being 25,338 lbs. of milk, 848 lbs. of fat 3.34 per cent. of fat; 53 three-year-olds, the highest being 19,296 lbs. of milk, 637 lbs. of fat, 3.3 per cent. of fat; 70 two-year-olds, the highest being 21,795 lbs. of milk, 842 lbs. of fat, 3.86 per cent. of fat. Of Jerseys, 24 of the mature class were recorded, the highest showing 12,886 lbs. of milk, 679 lbs. of fat, 5.27 per cent. of fat; six four-year-olds, the best being 11,077 lbs. of milk, 602 lbs. of fat, 5.43 per cent. of fat; 25 three-year-olds, the best being 10,960 lbs. of milk, 606 lbs. of fat, 5.53 per cent. of fat; 29 two-year-olds, the best being 9,384 lbs. of milk, 491 lbs. of fat, 5.23 per cent. of fat. Of Shorthorns, 28 of the mature class were recorded, the highest being 11,603 lbs. of milk, 482 lbs. of fat, 4.15 per cent. of fat; 7 four-year-olds, the best being 12,845 lbs. of milk, 543 lbs. of fat, 4.22 per cent. of fat; 9 three-year-olds, the best showing 7,240 lbs. of milk, 298 lbs. of fat, 4.11 per cent. of fat; 15 two-year-olds, the highest being 9,114 lbs. of milk, 386 lbs. of fat, 4.23 per cent. of fat. In addition, the following produced sufficient milk and fat to qualify, but failed to freshen within 15 months after the commencement of the test: Ayrshire—Mature, 15; four-year-olds, 3; three-year-olds, 8; two-year-olds 11. Holstein—Mature, 23; four-year-olds, 12; three-year-olds, 17; two-year-olds, 21. Jerseys—Mature, 7; four-year-olds, 5; three-year-olds, 4; two-year-olds, 7. Shorthorns—Mature, 3; four-year-olds, 3; three-year-olds, 5; two-year-olds, 5.—Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Join the RED CROSS in British Columbia

The Coming Week of June 6 to 11 will see the greatest Red Cross Membership Enrollment Drive that Canada has ever known. British Columbia must, and will, top the list, else it will defeat its own traditions, so splendidly upheld.

The Red Cross is today a living thing, pulsating with energy. A child of war, it will not be denied its right to manhood in time of peace. Vast as was its work in battle, vaster still are the labors which now confront it—labors which it is pledged to undertake.

Join the Red Cross in British Columbia, and by your example and effort help it to achieve its work in the relief of sickness and distress. Help it to inculcate its principles and practice amongst the rising generation — the mothers and fathers of tomorrow.

Join the Red Cross in British Columbia, you men and women of our Province, and help it in its greatest endeavor for the improvement of health and the prevention of disease.

Join the Junior Red Cross in British Columbia, you boys and girls. You will be proud to wear its emblem—you will be glad to serve under its banner. Many are the children less fortunate than you whom you can help and cheer.

Senior Enrollment Fee $1.00
Junior Enrollment Fee $0.25

Mail your Enrollment Fee to your Local Branch or the

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY
BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION
626 Pender Street West Vancouver, B. C.

RESEARCH WORK IN FORESTRY

The necessity for well organized research work in forestry becomes more and more manifest as the forests become more mature and timber operations develop. Forest research is an essential part of the forestry programme in all countries where forest management is taken up seriously, and if Canada wishes to remain in the van of progress and have her forest practice based on sound scientific, and permanent principles, thorough scientific and careful study of the forests and forest trees should be organized on a basis adequate to the importance of the forest and to Canada, as one of the greatest forest countries in the world.—Annual Report, Director of Forestry, Ottawa.

REAL JOY!

SUMMER TIME can be made the most of by doing away with all unnecessary labor and discomfort from heat and flies. Electric fans, heaters, toasters, irons, cookers and cleaners are on sale by many of our merchants in town. A full line of electrical goods and appliances can be obtained from Marston & Edmonson, the Company's electricians, who are prepared to give expert advice as to cost of operating any appliance furnished by them, free of charge.

VACUUM CLEANER to do your spring cleaning can be hired at $1.00 per half day.

DO IT ELECTRICALLY!

Princeton Coal and Land Co., Ltd.

ERNEST WATERMAN, General Manager, Princeton, B. C.

FIVE ROSES

IS THE FAVORED FLOUR

Not merely because it makes the most bread per bag or the best, but because it is steady, regular, dependable. Isn't it worth while to know that YOUR flour is sure, reliable, trouble proof?

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REPAIR SHOP AND GARAGE

D. Yule, Expert Mechanic, in Charge

PROMPT ATTENTION SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

FORD CARS A SPECIALTY

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University of B. C. Seeks Govt. Grant

Will Ask Government to Erect Buildings Necessary for Continuation of Work

The following letter was received by The Star from the secretary of the Kiwanis Club, of Vancouver, in support of the proposal to ask the provincial government for financial assistance for the B. C. Unievrsity:

Dear Sir:— As you know, when the University was first planned it was decided that the buildings should be situated at Point Grey. Work of a permanent nature was actually commenced on one large buiding, but when this building was about half completed, the war came on, and nothing further has been done at the site except in regard to certain agricultural experimental work, and in planting the Botanical Gardens. The money spent in the partially completed building has up to this time brought no return. Meanwhile the University has been "carrying on" in various buildings of every shape and size in the City of Vancouver. The 962 students who attended during the session just closed have been crowded into any space that could be made available and both students and instructors have been sadly hampered in their work, to such an extent that some lecturers, for lack of space, have been compelled to divide their classes into five or six groups, with the consequent waste of time and energy. And now the University is faced with the fact that, though there is not room for the 962 students who attended last session, some 1280 students are expected to seek admission in the autumn of 1921. The result is that some 318 students must be refused admission and the question is, who shall these 318 students be? This is a provincial university and in all fairness its doors ought to be open to every young man and woman in British Columbia, but under present conditions about one fourth of the candidates will be turned away and moreover faith cannot be kept with the present students who were promised special courses when they entered the University.

It is too late now to remedy the evil this year, but it is feared that unless the government is pressed into action at once the situation next year will be considerably worse. The plea of the government is that money is scarce and rates of interest high. This is conceded, and our committee therefore has endeavored with best expert assistance available to formulate a plan that is reasonable from the standpoint of expenditure, and yet that will result in the housing of the university at its permanent site. It is scarcely arguable that money should be spent elsewhere than at the permanent site. Our plan therefore is that the government proceed at once to complete the permanent building now paritally constructed; construct a permanent building no larger at present than is necessary to house the valuable library of about 36,000 volumes; erect temporary wooden buildings sufficient to carry on the remainder of the university work; and later construct a permanent building to be used as a a Woman's Dormitory. We are informed by the architects that these wooden buildings would last about thirty years, and that the whole of the work outlined above would involve an expenditure of about $1,250,000 between this time and the fall of 1922 when it is hoped these buildings would be complete and ready for occupation. The original plans called for an expenditure of several times this amount so that our scheme is extremely modest and yet reasonably efficient.

We propose to ask the government to spend about $100,000 a month during this year and next until some such plan has been carried out, and we bespeak your assistance in that behalf.

We are sorry to take up so much of your time and space, but as a Community Service Club, we believe that this is the most important problem before the province today, and that is our excuse, if any excuse be necessary.

We do not feel it necessary to argue as to the value of a provincial university, but give below some few facts which may be of interest to your readers:

Students 1920-21.

From Vancouver	679
" immediate vicitnity	129
" other points in B. C.	139
" outside B. C.	15
	962

Prizes and scholarships awarded each year $4000.00

Graduates in May 1921:

Bachelors in Arts, Science and Agriculture	110
Master in Arts and Science	3
	113

Standing among universities of Canada in number of students in Arts and Science-Second only to Toronto.

Herbarium ..... 10,000. specimens

Botanical Gardens ..... 5 acres Containing over 1000 species of native British Columbia plants.

Extension Work: During the session just closed, members of the faculty have delivered lectures in carious towns and cities throughout the province to the number of 105, local committees being called on only for the expense of providing halls.

Scholarship to High School Students:

To the students with the highest provincial standing in Junior Matriculation $150.00

To the student in each of the six districts into which the province is divided with the highest standing in his district $100.00

Yours sincerely,

HARRY NOBBS,
Secretary,
Kiwanis Club of Vancouver.

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Improves the new—renews the old.

MONEY FROM A PECAN TREE

A pecan tree owner by a resident of San Saba, Texas, is thought to hold the record for annual revenue from pecan trees.

It has been producing big, soft-shell nuts for many years, perhaps fifty or more, and the annual crop brings from $250 to $400. As far back as the World's fair at St. Louis this tree was famous. All of its crop that year was sold in St. Louis for 40 cents a pound after the nuts had been awarded first prize for size and quality. The annual yield of the tree ranges from 800 to 1200 pounds.

Although people do not know exactly how old the tree is, they do know that it was bearing nuts when the first white settlers came.

Pecan trees begin to bear at from five to eight years of age, depending somewhat on the soil and the climate. The pecan crop of Texas for 1919 had a sale value of three million five hundred thousand dollars, most of the pecans growing without any cultivation.

BUSINESS LOCALS

FOR SALE—One saddle horse, $50; one set double plow harness, $15; eight guinea fowl, $8; six breeding does, $15; one Siberian buck, $5; eleven young rabbits, $11. Apply at the old Oleberg homestead, 1½ miles from town. 28-1p

CABBAGE and Cauliflower Plants — Cabbage, $1.50 per 100; $10.00 per 1000. Cauliflower $2.00 per 100. For sale by H. Bolingbroke, next door Forsyth Bros., Princeton, B.C. 27-tf

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Policy Number	1255002
Policy Number	1255003
Policy Number	1255004
Policy Number	1255005
Policy Number	1255006
Policy Number	1255007
Policy Number	1255008

Holders of any of the above policies kindly communicate with Seeley and Co., General Agents, 418 Pender St., West, Vancouver, B. C. 26-4p