THE PRINCETON STAR

21st Year No. 47 PRINCETON, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1920. PER YEAR: $2.50 Cash Single Copy 5c.

Big Power Line is Now in Operation

Princeton to Have Twenty-Four Hour Service and Power For Small Devices

A low voltage of electrical current was switched into the power line of the West Kootenay Power and Light Co., which links up their plant at Bonnington Falls, with Copper Mountain, last week but on Monday it was increased to a load of sixty-thousand volts. Some of the machinery in the mill was also tested out, the power supplied being utilized for that purpose.

The line connecting between Allenby and the Princeton Coal and Land Co.'s system is now practically completed and a twenty-four hour service will be put into operation as soon as the remaining work of installation is done.

For six years the Princeton Coal and Land Co. has supplied the town with a very satisfactory night lighting service,, by means of a sixty cycle, three phase alternating current, with twenty-two hundred volts on the primary and one hundred and ten volts on the secondary circuit. They will now discard their plant at the mine and use the power supplied by the big line. Under the old system power for lights only were permitted to be used but as soon as the new supply is "tied in" electrical devices of all kinds will be allowed, a meter being installed in each house and place of business using the service. It is proposed to install a power circuit but it is probable that this will not be attempted until next spring.

The Coal and Land Co. now hopes to be able to give the town an augmented service, and one which will be as satisfactory and as uninterrupted as that supplied in the past. Their plant at the mine is for sale and is reported to be in first rate condition. It would be well suited for any small community that contemplated installing a lighting system.

Couple Well Known In Princeton Wed

Miss V. Riddell and Mr. Geo. Anderson United At Kaslo

Kaslo, Oct. 4.—Avery pretty wedding took place in the Methodist Church, on Wednesday last, when Miss Vera Riddell of Kaslo, and Mr. Geo. Anderson, of Kelowna, partner in the firm of Taylor and Anderson, Princeton, were united, in the bonds of holy matrimony. Miss Riddell was well known and had many friends in Princeton, having been teacher in the school there for three years, terminating her engagement in that capacity only at the close of the last school term.

The church was beautifully decorated with asters and creepers and was filled to capacity. The guests numbered about and hundred and fifty. Rev. Campbell officiated.

The bride was given away by her brother Mr. John Riddell, of Kaslo, and carried an aster and shower boquet and wore around her neck a dainty gold chain from which was suspended a jewelled gold pendant. These were her gifts from the bridegroom.

Miss Norma McGregor, of Kalso, acted as bridesmaid. She also carried a beautiful boquet, the gift of the bridegroom. Mr. Bob Taylor, of Princeton acted as best man.

After the ceremony at the church a reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. Riddell.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson were the receipents of a very large number of useful and handsome presents, many of which were sent by their friends in Princeton.

Wet Weather Is Damaging Grain

The past season in this district was not up to the average for the grain-grower and fear is now felt that those who have their grain still in the stook will suffer more loss owing to the warm wet spell of the last few days.

It is estimated that during the past season in this district, 1,285 acres of grain have been grown to be threshed Most of this is now in the stack and safe from damage but about 150 acres stands in the fields and will be hurt considerably unless there is a change of weather. If this wet spell continues it cannot fail to soften the grain and may, in some cases, cause it to sprout.

Nearly all the grain grown for threshing is wheat, oats being sown principally for feed. The wheat is estimated to run on an average about twelve to fifteen bushels per acre whilst the wheat crops have usually averaged around twenty bushels per acre. A few of the best farmers are reported to have fields that will yield thirty bushels per acre while others suffered from lack of moisture during the most important period of the growing season. Oats are much below the average yield.

TELEPHONE SERVICE IMPROVED IN VALLEY

Exchange at Merritt Also Moved To New Building

A. J. Woodburn, superintendent government telephones, Kamloops, was in Princeton on Tuesday, stated in the course of an interview that the government line connecting Cawston with Princeton had been metalized from the point at Cawston where it passes the big power line as far as Mrs. Bromley's ranch near Princeton. Repeating coils had been put in at the upper end of Keremeos and at Mrs. Bromleys. This work would greatly improve the line and to a large extent the noises which were caused by its close proximity to the power line. Eventually this metallization would be continued as far as Princeton.

The telephone exchange at Merritt, he said, would be moved at the end of the month, into Mr. Farrley's building. This work he pointed out had been delayed pending the erection of a government office but as this office would not be built for some months it was necessary to make the change in the meantime.

Exchange Rates In Canada and U.S.A.

Book of Tables Issued Showing Correct Amounts To Be Remitted

Owing to the large amount of business transacted between Princeton, and in fact the whole of the Similkameen Valley and the United States business men will welcome the great aid for calculating the exchange on New York funds contained in a book entitled "Currency Exchange Tables," by G. B. Snell, of the head office staff of the Bank of Montreal, issued some month ago. The table gives exchange on all amounts from $100 to $10,000 at all rates from 1|64 to 1 per cent advancing by sixty-fourths and from 1 3|32 to 10 per cent advancing by five thirty-seconds. The exchange on larger or smaller amounts can be arrived at by simply moving the decimal point to the right or left as required.

A second editions of this book has just been issued and contains in additions a table showing the comparison between the premium on United States funds in Canada and the discount on Canadian funds in the United States. Since the rates have reaced their present high point, to the ordinary person it has often been a source of wonder that the discount quoted in New York is a point or two below the rate of premium quoted in Canada. This new table shows exactly what the difference amounts to at all rates from 1|16 to 24 per cent advancing by sixteenths. For instance, by consulting the table we see that when the rate of premium in Canada is 12 1|16 per cent the equivalent discount in New York would be 10.76 or approximately 10¾ per cent. The explanation is, that if the rate in Canada was 12 1|16 and one wished to convert $100 of Canadian money in to funds, payable in the United States, the bank would not, as one would at first glance suppose, deduct $12.06 and issue a draft for $87.94 but would deduct 10¾ per cent or $10.75 and issue a draft for $89.25. If $12.06 were deducted the rate of premium would be considerably more than 12 1|16 per cent, as $10.75 is exactly 12 1|16 per cent of $89.25.

On the other hand, a customer of a bank in the United States asking for a rate for a $100 draft, payable in Canada, would be given the quotation $10.75 discount, as the draft would cost him $89.25. That is, for $89.25 in American money he would receive $100 in Canadian funds, an amount 12 1|16 per cent greater than the sum he would be required to pay.

To return to the condition in Canada the layman must not become confused by this explanation and expect to go to his bank for a $100 draft, payable in the United States and pay only $10.75 premium. For a $100 draft on the United States he would have to pay a premium of $12.06, that is, 12 1|16 per cent of $100.

The difference is, that in one case he is given $100, in the United States funds, and in the other case, he is given the amount of United States funds that $100, Canadian money will buy.

Bankers will no doubt find the addition to "Currency Exchange Tables" of great value, as it will be especially useful when they are called on to remit to United States correspondents in New York funds, the proceeds of Canadian items sent to them for collection. The tables will also be of equal value to all commercial houses that have dealings with firms in the United States. The book can be obtained from G. B. Snell, care of Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Canada.

An Unknown Contribute

The Princeton Star is in receipt of fifty cents and a description of the adventure of two young ladies at a dance last Friday night. Unfortunately since the comunication was anonymous the Star is unable to print the story or even to return the money to its rightful owner If the writer of the story will be good enough to call at the Star office and make themselves known to the Editor a satisfactory understanding may possibly be reached.

Princeton Paragraphs

Mrs. E. Pennington, of Quesnel, B. C., was a visitor in town on Wednesday.

Mr. E. B. Ewart, of Aschroft, has been on a business trip in town and expects to locate here permanently.

Six miners from the Nickle Plate mine, Hedley, arrived on Monday and went to Copper Mountain for work.

Mr. Finlay Fraser, district road superintendent, Hedley, was in town on Wednerday evening.

Game Warden George. Cartrell has been advised that McKenzie lake will be closed for fishing for three years, commencing on September 1st, 1920.

Mr. J. W. Wheeler, of the Summerland Lumber Co., Mineola, was in on business on Tuesday. He returned to his home on Wednesday.

Mrs. L. Pilkington returned on Wednesday morning from the coast, after several weeks spent at the home of her parents.

Mr. John A. Greenhill, manager of the Pacific Tractor Co., Vancouver, was on a business visit here on Wednesday. He left for Keremeos in the afternoon.

A dance will be held in the I. O. O. F. Hall, on Wednesday next, under the auspices of the Ladies Auxiliary of the G. W. V. A. Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock sharp and a good attendance is expected.

The Presbyterian Church building fund benefited to the extent of $21 as a result of the well attended tea, given under the auspices of the Ladies Aid, last Wdnesday week. The committee in charge of the arrangements consisted of Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Wardle, Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Prosser

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Harry Allison on Saturday, Oct. 2nd, a daughter.

Rev. J. A. and Mrs. Cleland were visitors here on Monday.

Mrs. McDonald left on Wednesday for the coast after visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Whitteker.

Mr. T. F. Naylor left on Sunday for the coast for the purpose of bringing Mrs. Naylor to her new home here.

Mrs. H. Tweddle passed through town yesterday on her return to her home in Keremeos from the coast.

Mrs. J. Moody and her family arrived from Winnipeg on Wednesday's train

Mr. and Mrs. Deleree, of Vancouver, are visiting friends in town, arriving on Wednesday. They are staying at the Princeton Hotel.

Mrs. McKay came in from Allenby on Wednesday. It is possible she will decide to remain in town for a few weeks.

The local syndicate which has been pasturing sheep in this vicinity during the summer shipped out three car loads to Vancouver on Tuesday.

Five members of the crew which has been engaged in the erection of the trestle work for the railway track to Copper Mountain left on Wednesday for Vancouver, the work being practically completed.

The first of a series of five Mozart Concerts, to be given during the winter season, will be held on Saturday, October 23rd, in the Oddfellow's Hall under the auspices of the Ladies Auxiliary of the Hospital. The Mozart Ladies Quartette will then present a well selected programme of vocal, instrumental items, costume numbers and readings.

Presbyterian Church Now being Erected

Handsomely Finished Building Will Cost $3500 Without The Inside Eittings

The work of erecting the new Presbyterian church, which was commenced last week, is now progressing rapidly, the first siding boards being nailed in place on Wednesday.

The church will be 40 ft. long and 24 fet. wide and will have a bell tower and entrance porch. The inside finish will be stucco plaster with natural grained wood wainscoating and trimmings, filled and varnished. The outside will be finished with bevelled cedar siding, painted white. All the windows will of hammered cathedral glass.

The building, which, without any inside fittings such as pews and pulpit, will cost in the neighborhood of $3500; and will fill a need which has been felt for a long time. Church services have been held in the Court House. It is thought that possibly the inside fittings will not be insalled until a later date.

Mr. Jas. Auld, of Vancouver, is the contractor, and except for the finishing lumber, he has procured his material locally. The finishing lumber was brought in from Vancouver.

UNITED FARMERS WANT IRRIGATION SYSTEM

Water Rights Department Promises To Send Engineer to Look Over Situation

At a meeting of the local branch of the United Farmers of B. C., held on Saturday, in the Court House, a letter was read from the Provincial Water Rights Department with regard to the irrigation question in the Five Mile district. The letter stated that as soon as the department had an engineer disengaged from work at present on hand he would be sent into the Five Mile district to survey the situation and advise on the subject of the installation of a system.

The next meeting of the United Farmers will be held on Oct. 16.

Rock Was Too Solid

A collision with the solid rock near a bend in the road about five miles out of Hedley, on the Princeton-Hedley road resulted in a badly smashed motorcycle and side car completing the journey to Princeton on a dray Monday afternoon. Mr. Wm. Berry, the owner of the machine, and a young man riding along with him in the sidecar both escaped with no other injuries than a few bruises and the loss of some skin.

It appears that Mr. Berry's hat was blown off his head and when he turned to see where it had gone he allowed the machine to swerve into th rock. Both he and his friend promptly found themselves under the machine instead of on top and they were some while before they could extract themselves. The machine was badly bent and broken.

Conservation Means Development

Develop to Highest Point of Productivity Only Way to Conserve

The service that the Commission of Conservation has been endeavouring for over a decade to render to Canada is that of studying the facts in regard to the extent and use of our natural resources, so that public opinion and action in regard to them may be founded upon conditions as they actually exist. The Commission has ever subscribed to the narrow interpretation which has often been placed upon the word "conservation" and which has given many business men a decided prejudice against the conservation movement. Unfortunately, the ranks of conversationists have not been free from the scaremonger, who is constantly seeing blue ruin and doing more harm than good. He preaches such extremes that the business man, devoting his brains, energy and capital to the development of our resources, concludes that the average conservationist is merely a faddist who, if he had his way, would lock up resources and kill development. Let it be unmistakably understood that such is not and never has been the attitude of the Commission of Conservation in regard to resources.

It has been the guiding principle of the Commission that the only proper way to conserve any resource is to develop it to the point of highest productivity, and to use every means to maintain its productivity at that pitch. To withhold any natural resource from use under proper conditions—whether it be a fishery, water-power, timbered area or any other resource, is waste in the geatest form. The person who preaches any other policy under the guise or label of "conservation" is misrepresenting and injuring the real policy for which that word stands.

The sole purpose of the Conservation Commission is to seek to conserve our natural wealth against avoidable destruction—not against development. The crying need in Canada, today and for years to come, is to increase the use of our resources, and the efforts of the Commission in the past have been directed primarily to that end rather than toward hampering or restricting exploitation.—Conservation.

Two Holidays Declared.

The date for the celebration of the Dominion Thanksgiving Day this year has been set for Oct. 18th.

A provincial holiday, for the taking of the plebiscite on the liquor question, has been declared for Oct. 20th

DETROIT, Mich.—A new record in hearing uncontested divorce cases has been made here, where in one day six judges disposed of 146 suits, averaging one every 96 seconds. In four days 294 cases were heard and 280 decrees granted.

Observing Fire Prevention Day

Saturday is Day Set for General Inspection and Removal of Dangerous Conditions

The attention of the public is drawn to the proclamation issued by the Provincial Department of Insurance, appointing Saturday Oct. 9th, as "Fire Prevention Day." Close adherence to the wishes of the department on the part of everyone may well be the means of preventing much loss of life or property.

The proclamation sets forth that on the appointed day the following matter should receive attention:

1. All dwellings and their surroundings be carefully inspected by their occupants and all conditions likely to cause or promote the spread of fires removed.

2. All public buildings, stores, warehouses and factories be inspected and cleared of rubbish in order to reduce fire hazards and maintain health and safety.

3. All hotels, theatres, asylums, hospitals and other institutional buildings be inspected and provision made for all changes necessary to protect the occupants from danger in the event of fire.

4. Fire drills be held for the children in all schools, for the inmates of all institutions and for the employees in all large stores and factories in order that a greater degree of safety may be ensured by acquainting the occupants with the best and most expeditious mode of exit in time of danger.

5. Special instruction on the subject of fire prevention be given by the teachers and by municipal officers in the schools and that such appropriate literature as may be made available be distributed to the pupils.

6. Boy Scout leaders give instructions to the troops under their control as to the best means of co-operating with municipal fire departments in the prevention and extinguishing of fires and especially as to the desirability of qualifying for the Fireman's badge.

7. Operators of lumber comps, settlers, campers, hunters and others who may from time to time enter Our national parks and forest areas acquaint themselves with all laws, regulations and precautionary rules devised and established for the safeguarding of the woods against fire.

8. All legislation and regulations enacted or issued by Dominion, provincial or municipal authorities dealng with fire prevention be given publicity by the municipal officals and that by public meetings or otherwise as may to them seem most fit, they endeavor to impress upon the citizens the national importance of safeguarding life and property from loss by fire.

Nov. 22nd is Date Of By-Election

Writs Issued for Election of a Successor to the Hon. Martin Burrell

The by-election, in the Yale-Cariboo constituency, to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Hon. Martin Burrell, set for Nov. 22, will be a three cornered fight. The candidates in the field are Col. Edgett, of Vernon, representing the G. W. V. A. and United Farmers; Mr. J. A. McKelvie, editor of the Vernon News for the Liberal-Conservative party and Mr. Tom Richardson for the Labor party. These gentlemen are all well known throughout the district and their parties are vigorously preparing for the contest.

Mr. Richardson visited the Similkameen Valley recently and addressed large gatherings in the interest of th Prohibition Party.

Col. Edgett, who is both a farmer and a veteran of the Great War has the lower end of the valley, and the interests of the Liberal-Conservative party were fostered by the recent of Mr. J. W. Jones, M. P. P., of Kelowna, the provincial organizer

Premier Meighen, who is making a tour westward from Winnipeg, is expected to take a hand in the interest of the Liberal-Conservative candidate

ALLENBY NEWS

Mrs. Cammon, of Seattle, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Charles Henderson.

Mr. C. P. Charlton is spending his vacation at Vancouver.

The friends of Mrs. Lawrence Phenupz are glad to see her back from the hospital.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Len Marston, on September 29th, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack McDonald spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Predieux.

NEW BUSINESS OPENS

Mr. A. Almstrom, formerly of Phoenix, has moved his stock of books, stationery and fancy goods, photographic supplies, etc., to Princeton and is opening up for business in the Britton Block. A new line of furniture will also be carried in connection with this business and Mr. Almstrom expects ths stock to arrive within a few days. He respectfully solicits the patronage of all members of the community.

COMING EVENTS

The Presbyterian Ladies Aid will meet in the Court House, on Wednesday afternoon, October 13th, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. On Thursday, November 4th a sale will also be held. All who have donations ready now may turn them over to any member of the Ladies Aid or bring them to the above meeting.

BUSINESS LOCALS

A word is wise enough; Eat at the Tulameen Hotel.

Special novelty lines of chinaware. Tea sets, fancy paterns and standard lines. A. L. White, Princeton.

FOR SALE—No. 490 1918 Chevrolet automobile, newly overhauled, new tires, battery, transmission and brakes. Sell cheap for cash. Dr. W. Thompson, Keremeos.

For Sale—Good dry wood, $3.00 per rick, cash on delivery. J. Gu...ord returned soldier. Leave orders with J. Nathan.

See the latest in SLUMBER KING SPRINGS. Lifetime guarantee. A. L. White, Princeton.

PATTERSON, CHANDLER & STEPHEN, LTD., 16th Ave. and Main St., Vancouver, B. C. Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Fences. The largest Monumental Works in the West.

For Sale—Black Siberian hares. Apply MacKenzie, of Tullochard, near Princeton.

Province of British Columbia—Department of Lands

FOREST BRANCH

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE POSITION OF ASSISTANT FOREST RANGER

Object.

These examinations are for the purpose of filling present vacancies and to enable candidates to qualify for future vacancies and increase in staff.

Assistant Forest Rangers.

Assistant forest rangers are employed during the fire season (May to September inclusive) of each year and this period is extended where possible by work on improvements such as trails, etc. Re-appointment is made each year as long as satisfactory service is given. Promotion to the permanent staff is made by merit and examination as occasion offers. The salary is $110 per month the first year and $120 per month the next year. Travelling expenses are also paid.

Qualification for Candidates.

Candidates must be British subjects resident in British Columbia for at least one year, of good character, good physical condition and with woods experience.

They should have experience in fire fighting; possess the ability to organize the work and handle men; and have knowledge of the Forest Act.

The examinations are partly written, partly oral and are designed to test the candidates' ability along the above lines. All statements made by applicants as to experience, education and fitness are subject to verification by the examining board.

Preference is given to returned soldiers with the necessary qualifications.

The Examinations.

The examinations will be held at the places and on the dates named below. Each intending candidate should apply to the District Forester of his district for application forms and for information regarding the hour of the examination and the building in which it will be held. Application form should be filled out and mailed back to the District Forester in time to reach before the date of the examination.

Place—	Date
Vernon	Tuesday, October 2[illegible]
Penticton	Thursday, October 28
Princeton	Saturday, October 30

Apply to the District Forester at Vernon, B. C.

G. R. NADE[illegible]
Deputy Minister of Lands.

The Princeton Star

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT PRINCETON, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

British Empire, One Year $2.50
Foreign, One Year $3.00
Payable in Advance.

Advertising Rates

Delinquent Co-Owner Notices ..$25.00
Coal and Oil Notices 6.00
Cards of Thanks 1.00
Certificate of Improvements 10.00

L. PILKINGTON, Manager.

Friday .....October 8, 1920

CONTINUOUS CURRENT

The news that Princeton is so soon to derive the benefit of a continuous electrical service, for use with electrical domestic appliances as well as lights through the completion of the West Kootenay Power and Light Co.'s line to Copper Mountain will be received with gratification by everyone in the community. The service given by the Princeton Coal and Land Co. in the past has been highly satisfactory but it was for lights only and all who have enjoyed the comfort of using electrically heated irons, sewing machnes or other devices run by small motors will rejoice that the opportunity is at hand to again have this privilege. The Princeton Coal and Land Co. will supply this improved service through their connection at the mine with the power line at Copper Mountain. Very little work remans to be done to complete this connection and as soon as this finished they will discard the plant at the mine from which they are at present supplying the town with "juice."

NAVY LEAGUE CAMPAIGN

October 21st is Trafalgar Day, and that famous and memorable anniversary will mark the climax of a campaign throughout Canada to be carried on under the auspices of the Navy League. The direct object of th campaign will be to secure the needed funds to finance and carry on a permanent educational policy in Canada, for the avowed purpose of fostering the sea instinct in Canada, educating our youth to the traditions of the British Navy, and of impressing upon the public of Canada the important part our commerce on the seas plays in the national life of the country and the Empire.

All through Canada a revival of interest in the work of this organization has been manifested through the instigation of those comparitively few whose zealous enthusiasm for the objects of the League has never slackened, and this Campagn will mark the definite start of a policy that has been recognised since the war as essential to the wellbeing of the Dominion, namely a constant effort of interest and education which will keep alive in the hearts of the Canadian people, and particularly the young, that interest in and responsibility for the highways of the seas which means so much to Canada's daily commercial life, her national security, and the safety of the Empire.

History has already watched Canada retrogade in seventy years from the position of third to eighth maritime country, and every thinking Canadian realizes that the flame rekindled with the thunderbolt of war should never again be allowed to die down. It is understood now, as never before, that only by the lanes of the sea is Canada linked to the Empire the products of her fields, her mines and her factories to the markets of the world. The feats of those fleets that carried Canada's sons forth and back, that transported Canada's munitions and Canada's food when the issue depended in agony upon them; and which carried them in the face of an appaling danger not even yet full guaged, they have created a tradition that Canadains should revere and as a naton, contnue to uphold.

The Campaign of the Navy League in Canada should need no further call than the quotation of the motto of their emblem, "Keep Watch!"

CORRESPONDENCE

The Editor,
Princeton Star.

Sir,

It is with deep concern, and not a little amusement, that I read of the doings of the Soldier-Farmer delegates at Penticton on Monday Sept 27th when they put forward Col C. E. Edgett, D. S. O., to run as candidate at the forthcoming by-election in Yale district.

There seems to be very little of a constructive nature in the platform adopted, and how they expect their nominee to answer intelligent criticism beats me.

For instance under the heading of Pensions we are told that the government should give such pensions and allowances as will enable disabled comrades to live according to "The accepted standard of our people." What pray is the "Accepted Standard." It would be interesting to hear what the Col. thinks, and if he intends to get the money from the already overburdened mass of the tax paying public.

Then again under the heading of Labor the platform reads, We stand for a fair wage for a fair days work. Now if the worker is asked what constitutes a fair days wage he would certainly argue that it is more than he is now getting. If on the other hand the employer is asked the same question he would naturally answer that the worker is now getting the lions share. A fair return for capital is also advocated in this rather elastic plan, and the parties before referred to would give similar answers according to whatever class they belonged.

The hand of the farmer is heavily imprinted on the clause dealing with tariff, and he assumes that protection should be afforded to the fruit grower against the dumping of foreign fruit.

Belonging to the class that is interested in the price of things I feel that if good fruit for the many can be had cheaper if tariff is not adopted then the few should not have the privilege of enforcing such class legislaton.

Nowhere does the platform give anything but worn out political phrases, which are meaningless and cannot be nailed to anything definite. The workers in Yale district would do well to examine the platform carefully, see if they have been considered in any way and act accordingly.

I do hope that the delegates from Princeton had little to do in drafting the varous proposals put forward seeng that another division is added to the already disrupted political machine, and I think some sort of explanation should be given by the delegates from Princeton to the electors here who will, I trust, need something more than the platform put forward by the Soldier-Farmer party for Yale district.

R. S.

DISTRICT NEWS

On a Trip to New York

Hedley, Oct. 4.—Mr. G. P. Jones, manager for the Hedley Gold Mining Company, left on Sunday on a business trip to New York.

Drunk and Disorderly

Keremeos, Oct. 4.—At a sitting of the Keremeos Police Court on Saturday evening, John Floyd, colored, and a man named Fiuney were each fined $25 and costs for being drunk and disorderly. Justice of the Peace, Mr. R. C. Clarke, presided and the complaint was laid by Chief Fraser of the Provincial Police force, under the Vagrancy Act

So Do We

Colonel Smashem was dining with friends at a restaurant.

When dessert was served, the lady sitting next to the Colonel inquired: "Do you like bananas?"

The Colonel, unfortunately, was rather deaf, and coldly replied: "Madam, I do not. I prefer the old-fashioned night-shirt."

Federal Orders

TEMPERANCE PLEBISCITE ACT

Proclamation of Returning Officer

Province of British Columbia, in the Similkameen Electoral District.

To wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electorate of the Electoral District aforsaid, that I have received His Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the Twentieth day of September, 1920, commanding me to cause the following question, namely:—

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?

(1) The present "Prohibition Act"?

or

(2) An act to provide for Government Control and Sale in Sealed Packages of Spirituous and Malt Liquors?

to be submitted according to law to the Electors qualified to vote for the election of a number of the Legislative Assembly for the Electoral District aforesaid; and, further, that in obedience to the said Writ a poll shall be opened at eight o'clock in the forenoon and shall be closed at seven o'clock in the afternoon Wednesday, the Twentieth day of October, 1920, for taking and receiving the votes of the said Electoral District aforesaid at the respective places following:—

POLLING DIVISIONS

Allenby, Allen Grove, Coalmont, Copper Mountain, Hedley, Irrigation Camp, Kaleden, Keremeos, Nickle Plate Mine, Okanagan Falls, Osoyoos, Penticton, Princeton, Tulameen.

Of which all persons are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my hand at Princeton, this 27th day of September, 1920.

PERCY EDWARD ROWLANDS, Returning Officer.

WOMEN'S INTEREST

A Column Devoted to Woman's Problems in the Home and Social Sphere

BEAUTY HINTS

Last week a series of articles on this subject was opened in the Womens Interest column and the matter under discussion was the daily treatment of the face. The second article deals with the

WEEKLY TREATMENT

This treatment is to be employed once a week, preferably at regular intervals, and it is a good plan to set apart a definite evening for the duty.

First wash the face thoroughly with a good face soap and hot water, then steam the face with several hot towels, wrung out of as hot water as you can bear on the face. This opens all pores and prepares the way for the following treatment.

Now take a small quantity of massage cream in the hand, moisten with warm water and rub well into the skin. In using this cream, massages with a circular motion and be careful not to rub heavily around the eyes. The skin here is thin, and heavy rubbing will cause it to stretch producing undesirable wrinkles. Rub the cream into these portions of the skin very lightly.

Continue massaging the skin after applying the massage cream until all the cream has rolled out of the pores, and you may be sure that every particle of dust has been removed. Now remove all the blackheads mechanically, which can be done easily after the massage, wash the face in warm water to remove all the massage cream from the skin, follow this with cold towels until the face is thoroughly chilled, and if possible, follow up by rubbing the face with ice.

Then apply toilet water plentifully to the skin. This will act as an astringent and aid in reducing the size of the pores. Lastly, apply a good cold cream with an oily body as in the daily treatment.

Next article will deal with descriptions of, and differences between various Toilet Creams.

AUTUMN COLORS

Irene Castle Treman, who has, by the way, forsaken her many pets and taken to dolls—quaint, stately little creatures in voluminous satin frocks and feathered hats, is shown in the September Harper's Bazar seated between two of her dolls, wearing a shaggy brown hat of glycerined ostrich. The ostrich droops over each shoulder in a picturesque manner. Another of the hats shown in this number was designed for Mrs. Treman by Peggy Hoyt to augment the glory of a red duvetyn coat, and it is a diadem of maple leaves in a symphony of autumnal reds.

A hat of black velvet with drooping brim and sprays of paradise at the side will be suitable for many costumes. There is also a captivating hat of gray faille quite unadorned but for folds of the fabric, and faced with rich brown duvetyn.

One may say, with positive decision, that small hats will be worn when their wearers sally forth to face high wintry winds, but the preferred hat of the season is the chapeau of far larger proportions, which will adorn the head of the very smart women at afternoon or evening function

The nth degree of smartness has been achieved in a striking hat of tobacca brown hatter's plush with a bow of brown moire ribbon tied deftly in front.

PACK CLOTHES TIGHTLY

To begin with the secret of good packing—but every woman knows it, so it an open one—is to pack clothes tightly, so that nothing can roll around or shift from side to side and lump up. Certainly when a woman must select her clothes from day to day from such close quarters she does not wish them mussed. It is really not so easy as it may seem to pack closely when nothing but clothes go into the trunk. And therefore it is best to pack thin dresses in flat cardboard boxes, stuffing them well with tissue paper, or, if they are dark of color, crumpled newspaper will do as well.

Place these boxes on the top of the heavier clothes and then there will be no weight to crush them and they will take up space and help to fill the trunk. Be sure to label each box with the dress it contains. Then you can make a rapid selection without opening them all, saving both time and the incidental disarrangement of the frocks. Choose boxes that exactly fit the trunk or two smaller ones. Then you will not have to wedge them in with the other clothes.

BABY'S EYES

Where baby gets his blue eyes from is said to have been discovered by Dr. H. Bryn, of Norway.

After examining 834 persons, Dr. Bryn found that when all the parents and grandparents had blue eyes, all the children were blue-eyed, while when some of the grandparents, eyes were brown, only about 90 out of 100 of the children had blue eyes.

If both parents had brown eyes only 70 per cent. of the children had eyes of the same color, the remaining 25 per cent. being blue. If one parent was blue-eyed and the other brown eyed, blue and brown eyes were equally divided among the children.

SOCIETIES

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS
PRINCETON LODGE No. 50
Meets 1st and 3rd Wed. at 8 p.m. in I.O.O.F. Hall
Visiting Brothers Welcome
P. E. ROWLANDS, C. C.
P. RUSSELL, K. R. S.

PRINCETON LODGE
I.O.O.F. No. 52.
Regular meetings, 8 p m., Thursdays, Sojourning brethren welcome. Hall situate on cor Bridge St. and Vermilion Ave.
THOMAS HUGHES, N. G.
C. WILLARSON, R. S.

Excelsior L. O. L. No. 2102
Meets Fourth Tuesday at 8 p. m. in I. O. O. F. Hall.
Visiting brethren welcome.
R. MARTIN. W. M., Princeton
R. MUIR, Secretary, Allenby

Great War Veterans Association
Princeton Branch
Meets 1st and 3rd Sunday in each month, at 8 p. m., in the Board of Trade room. Visiting Comrades welcome.
A. ADAMS, President
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Tailoring - Cleaning - Pressing

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ALLEN'S BILLIARD PARLOR
Cigars, Tobaccos, Confectionery
Fresh Roasted Peanuts and Popcorn
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BIG BOYS are the most critical buyers. They will have nothing to do with "boys'" shoes, nor with "oldish" styles. Not much!
We get them coming here by having just what they want—top notch style, and at prices to suit Dad.
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Princeton's Exclusive Store for Men and Boys

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Always "To Give More for the Same Money —or the Same for Less Money" : : : : : :
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There is no other investment that brings such sure and constant profits as printed salesmanship. There is no other method of getting business so inexpensive.

The Princeton Star Job Department is equipped with modern machinery and is conducted by a staff whose constant endeavor is to turn out printing of the highest quality.

You may be in need of envelopes, letterheads, noteheads, billheads, business cards, display cards, letter circulars, price lists or receipt books.

Now is the time to follow in the footsteps of that army of merchants who are, in making a success of their business, building up the great printing industry.

The
Princeton Star
Phone 36

FRUIT GROWERS GIVE WELL PREPARED CASE

Gather in Force at Nelson and Urge Upon Commission Necessity of Tariff

Nelson, Sept. 30—This was a field day for the Kootenay fruit growers. Nelson presented a larger crowd to the tariff commission than any sitting in British Columbia and the growers of fruit predominated and they were well supplied with data urging higher tariff protection. The lumbermen, the foundry manufacturers, mining interests and other industrial representatives were present with their briefs, together with a strong board of trade force.

Then came W. H. Jones, a plain citizen representing no one but himself, and hurled quite a bomb into the ranks of the high protective advocates. Mr. Jones scoffed at tariff protection openly and said he could buy stock in Chicago for his little job printing plant, pay the duty and the exchange and save 8 per cent. over prices quoted to him in Vancouver or Toronto, and Mr. Jones had the data to back up his statement, for that is what he is doing. Asked if he thought this condition was due to the tariff, he readily admitted he did not know what was at the bottom of the extraordinary situation. He only knew how it operated on his business.

Had His Figures

Sir Henry Drayton asked him to submit figures and he did, adding "I propose to buy all my stock in Chicago."

Pressed for further light on his statement, Mr. Jones said he believed it might be due to combinations in the domestic market, but what he deprecated most was that it was operating to stifle service and demand. People now buy only what they require and the job printer can merely add his profit to that of the paper dealers and pass the increased price along to the public.

But the fruit growers were there with a well prepared case and their figures for protection were insurmountable.

Edward Norman, for the Kootenay Fruit Growers' Union, told the commission: "In making this presentation we wish to say that we have read the brief presented by the B. C. Fruit Growers' Association at Vernon and that we endorse that presentation in full, emphasizing only a few points that apply with particular and special force to our own district. We submit that the duty of 30 cents a box on apples is not in any sense a high tariff or protective duty. It was imposed simply as a preventive of the dumping of American fruit on our market at less than the cost of boxes and packing.

Were Worse Off

"Our industry during the years 1911 to 1916 was faced not only with disaster, but with absolute extinction. If the Okanagan found these years disastrous, we did more so, for our initial costs of clearing, planting, spraying, experimenting, cutivating, picking, packing, assembling and shipping were much higher. We were not and are not so well organized. Hundreds of our growers gave up in despair. From these disastrous years we have not yet entirely recovered. There are still many abandoned orchards in the district. The strawberries and most of the small fruit industry of those days was wiped out and it is still practically non-existent here. In spite of the attractive prices offered for the last three years it has been found almost imposible to interest any of the older experienced growers in these fruits. The Union that the writer represents used to ship hundreds of crates per day of strawberries. We have not shipped one single crate of strawberries for two years.

"Peach growing that promised well in the early years is now confined to an individual tree here and there in the back yards of our town lots. There has been no land clearing and no new planting since 1912. Yet there are still thousands of acres here awaiting the axe and the plow. Had we only a moderate protection during those years many of our berry and stone fruit producers would still be shipping and our prairie friends might not have been compelled to pay the exorbitant berry prices of the year 1920. Both producers and consumer would have gained by having the market supplied with fruit at prices reasonably profitable to the producer.

Apples and Cherries

Practically the only fruits left today are apples and cherries, plums and pears. The plums and pears are grown only in comparatively small quantities only during the last three years have they been found profitable. They would disappear entirely if the little protection they enjoy was removed and yet they can be produced here in just as high a state of perfection as anywhere.

"Regarding apples duty 30c a box, 90 per cent. of our production in apples this district produced last year over 300 carloads. In 1914 our production was about 30 carloads, but in 1914 the writer saw fancy California Gravensteins that were laid down in Vancouver for 70 cents per box. In the same year he heard of Washington apples sold in Nelson on a guarantee of 30 cents per box and one carload consigned to this very town at no price at all in order to get it out of the way of higher priced American apples in their own market. A duty of 30 cents per box at that time would have prevented this dumping and would have saved a large part of our industry.

Regarding cherries duty of 2c per pound. The writer has had the unfortunate experience of seeing good Kootenay cherries sold at 30 cents per erate of 20 pounds. Cause, the dumping of American cherries on the Canadian prairies in order to keep up the price in the American market. The duty cannot, of course, guard against over-production at home or against glutted markets, but even in this year of high prices the writer knows of at least two large prairie towns where there were too many cherries during the last week in July. If American cherries had been allowed in free of duty this year there is no doubt that our cherry markets would have been seriously affected during the last two weeks of July.

"We wish to emphasize also the fact of our being much later in season than the American fruits especially as regards all stone fruits and berries and fall apples. The Okanagan brief presented to you shows that the Okanagan season is 10 days later than the Washington season. The Kootenay is still another 10 days later than the Okanagan. The result is that when our fruit reaches the prairie that market is either fully supplied or even fed up on the varieties that we have to offer. Our wealthy apples, which are unsurpassed, have to compete with Montana McIntoshes. Our Gravensteins, unexcelled anywhere in quality and flavor, are hardly ripe yet. But the prairies have been eating California and Washington Gravensteins since the first of August. This handicap operates always in favor of our neighbors to the south who secure the cream of early prices and then they throw their surplus lower grades on our market when the bulk of our production is seeking an outlet.

I. R. Poole of the Mountain Lumber Mill Association, made a strong plea for increased protection of the industry. He claims that 80 per cent. of these mills are of common grades which are not protected in any way. The United States mills accumulate big supplies of this class cut from their export trade and dump it on the prairies at whatever they can get for it. The British Columbia industry can't find a market for all of its cut, and needs the prairie trade and protection to develop. He said that from 1911 to 1914 the United States mills dumped on the prairies 783 million feet of lumber, selling at $15.50 a thousand, and took out of the country $12,000,000. Eighty-five per cent. of that big shipment came into Canada free of duty. It ruined many British Columbia mills.

"Well, the farmers at least got cheap lumber during those periods," ventured Sir Henry.

"No," said the speaker, "they did not get cheap lumber; they merely thought they did."

"Increased prices of today may have had some relation to that period. Why, they even have a machine in the states called the 'Canadian Customs Breaker.' It roughens manufactured lumber just enough to exempt it from the duty."

"But what about this year's prices? All our figures are for 1919. The farmers say you are holding them up."

"Our prices for the same grades are the same in Canada as the trade in the states charge there."

"Then why don't you send your surplus products to the states?"

"We do, of course, ship into the states when we have grades that can compete."

E. L. Staples supplemented the lumbermen's case. He said of 20 mills taken at random in this district but 11 showed a profit in 1919. The capital employed in these cases totalled eight million dollars.

"But this showing means nothing. I remember when it was said the farmers were not making money but losing on everything, still I noticed they seemed to get along very comfortably," said Sir Henry, smiling.

Fred Starkey, commissioner of the Associated Boarsd of Trade of eastern British Columbia, made a strong plea for uniform protection.

GOOD ROADS LEAGUE PASSES RESOLUTIONS

Improvement of Highways Chief Business Before Meeting in North Vancouver

Nelson, Oct. 5—Five resolutions were tabled at the Good Roads convention here. North Vancouver moved for the building of a Pacific highway route from Vancouver via Squamish to Lillooet, thence connecting with Upper Country roads.

Revelstoke moved that the government be urged to extend roads through Revelstoke and Glacier National Parks, to connect the Banff-Windermere with Revelstoke-Okanagan roads. Another blank resolution urged the provincial government to at once begin construction of intervening gaps on the route for the transprovincial highway, as located by the government engineer, via Hope, Princeton, Penticton, Grand Forks, Rossland, Trail, Nelson, through East Kootenay and via Crows Nest Pass to the Alberta boundary.

Nelson and District Auto Club proposed a resolution urging the building of a 20-mile link south from Nelson to connect with the international boundary highway.

Chilliwack tabled a resolution urging the league to back that municipality's application to the government to hard-surface the Sardis-Rosedale link of the transprovincial road under the amended Highways Act of 1919.

Kelowna Good Roads Association's resolution was to secure a through trunk road from Kamloops to Penticton through the Okanagan Valley, and also the Kelowna-Naramata link, providing a trunk highway from the boundary to Kamloops.

Kamloops city council and board of trade resolution urged the government to immediately start connecting the coast and the interior by the most feasible route, based on findings of survey engineers.

The lower mainland deputation, routed via the Kettle Valley, had a rough trip, arriving in time for breakfast today instead of last night. Several rockslides in Coquahalla were responsible. Thirty miles west of Princeton it was necessary to hold the train while a blasting crew was obtained to clear rock from the track. The locomotive cowcatcher and coach steps were damaged by contact with the fallen rock, and Mayor Johnston of New Westminster sustained severe bruises Sunday morning when the engineer was forced to use air emergency, throwing the mayor and others into a heap on the floor of the parlor car.

McINTOSH APPLES ARE EXTRA GOOD QUALITY

Rush of Elberta Peaches About Over—Jonathans Moving

Vernon—During the past week the movement of fruit has been greatly retarded on account of extremely wet weather conditions. The latter end of the week McIntosh apples have been moving freely. This apple is in prime condition for movement and it is to be hoped that for the next 10 days we are not bothered with heavy winds, otherwise the loss will be heavy to the growers. Given favorable weather the finest sample of McIntosh ever picked will be moved out of this district.

The wet weather we are experiencing is greatly retarding the harvesting of the onion crop, and unless growers take precautions for the proper curing of their bulbs there is a possibility of heavy loss on account of the bulbs being wet. If sacked and piled in any great body in this condition sweating of the bulbs will take place and mildew and rot is bound to follow. All are so busy with the onion crop that the potato is practically nil, growers being much more anxious to move their onions than digging potatoes.

Armstrong and Enderby—The market for citron has been good, there being a brisk movement in these and other fruits during the past week. However, citrons, plums and prunes are about done in this section. Carrots, beets and turnips are beginning to come in, but there is no heavy demand as yet. Potatoes are in fair demand, but few are reaching this market this week. Price holds steady and promises to do so. Several cars of early cabbage went out during the past five days, much to the satisfaction and encouragement of the local growers. Price was low. Celery keeps in good demand. In addition to express shipments, larger quantities went forward in mixed car lots. Large quantities of celery and cabbage are still available in the vicinity of Armstrong. This season's wheat crop has nearly all been threshed and marketed, yielding satisfactorily and good in quality.

Kelowna—McIntosh moving heavily, quality is excellent. Ponds Seedling plums moving in good quantity and of very good quality. Crab apples are about over. Owing to the wet weather experienced the tomatoes for the canneries are splitting and getting very soft.

Jonathans will start to be picked about October 4 or 5 at Kelowna, being rather light and of small size. McIntosh will be about cleaned up by the 28th inst in this district.

Penticton—McIntosh apples of excellent quality are being handled in large quantities. Canada Baldwin, Cox's Orange, Grimes Golden, Kings and Jonathans are going through the packing houses of this district.

Early next week a carload of Jonathans is scheduled for New Zealand.

The big rush of Elberta peaches is over, one of the local packing houses handled 150 tons of this variety.

Summary—Prunes will be about cleaned up this week in the valley. The quality of Ponds Seedling plums is good, these with Wealthies, crabs and peaches, will be about cleaned up next week. McIntosh are heavy. Some damage has been caused to this variety by wind. They are now rolling in car lots, and grading heavy to No. 1s. Excellent Cox's Orange are going out to Scotland, being of average quality. McIntosh will be about cleaned up by October 1 in Vernon district.

COMPLETE POWER LINE TO COPPER MOUNTAIN

Longest Transmission Line in Western Canada If Not in Whole Dominion

Nelson, B. C., Oct. 5—The West Kootenay Power and Light Company, Ltd., of which Charles R. Hosmer of Montreal, is president, and Lorne A. Campbell of Rossland, B. C., is vice-president and general manager, has completed and tested out the power line extending from Greenwood to Copper Mountain, near Princeton and the current is now turned on. This extension is comprised of a single 110,000 volt line and the distance from Greenwood to Copper Mountain is 108 miles. At Greenwood this line is fed by duplicate 60,000 volts transmission lines, from Greenwood to Bonnington Falls, at which point the generating stations of the West Kootenay Power and Light Company are situated.

This makes one of the longest transmissions in Western Canada, the distance from Bonnington to Copper Mountain being 190 miles, and in fact it compares as to length with any power transmission yet undertaken in Canada.

Power from this line will be used for the operation of the Canada Copper Company's mines and mills at Allenby and Copper Mountain. The concentrates produced will be treated at the works of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company of Canada, at Tadanac.

The total approximate expenditure on the transmission line and railway to reach the mill and the expenditure of the Canada Copper Company is $5,000,000.

Prince George, B. C.—Announcement is made by Hon. T. D. Patullo, minister of lands, British Columbia, that a large pulp and paper making plant will probably be established here as a result of extensive investigations this summer by eastern concerns of the immense stands of spruce and balsam about the city.

North Bay, Ont.—The Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company are now operating the new machinery recently installed, the capacity of the mill being now 270 tons of pulp and paper as against the previous output of 170 tons.

NEW C.P.O.S. LINERS

THE part played by the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services in the great European war will make a big chapter in Canadian history. Undoubtedly the sea supremacy of Great Britain was one of the most potent factors in the winning of the victory which was obtained, and the ships of the C P. O. S. took a big part in making Great Britain supreme at sea. There are few branches of sea service in which they did not take a part. Mounted with guns some of them were where there was fighting to be done.

Over 4,000,000 tons of cargo and munitions of war have been carried in addition to many thousand horses and mules.

The C. P. O. S. have carried from the outbreak of hostilities to October 31st, 1918, 1,041,000 troops and passengers all over the world, embracing ports in China and Japan, Singapore, Bombay, Mesopotamia, Suez, Gallipoli, ports in the Mediterranean, Colombo, Dares-Salaam, Delagoa Bay, Durban, and Mauritius, in addition to the west coast of North and South America, and the United States and Canadian ports. The total loss of troops carried caused by enemy action and irrespective of disease has been eight in number. On one consecutive continuous voyage one of the company's vessels steamed 28,441 miles.

Over 300 officers and engineers were found out of the company's service for the Royal Navy. Lieut. R. N. Stuart, one of these, has won the D.S.O. and the V.C., while many others have received decorations and been mentioned in despatches.

The Missanabie, a C. P. O. S. steamer, was the first big vessel to sail on her maiden voyage from Great Britain to Canada after the outbreak of the war in 1914, a sister ship, the Metagama, sailed on her maiden voyage from Liverpool, March 26th, 1915. These two splendid ships have been followed by two larger ships, the Melita, which sailed from Liverpool Jan. 30th, 1918, and her sister ship, the Minnedosa, on her maiden trip from Liverpool Dec. 5th, 1918 to St. John—the first steamer to sail since hostilities ended. The Minnedosa is a splendid acquisition to the already large fleet of C. P. O. S. vessels. She has a gross tonnage of 14,000, length 546 feet, width 67 feet, depth 45 feet and a total cargo capacity of 488,000 cubic feet.

There is accommodation for approximately 500 cabin and 1450 third class passengers. The Gymnasium on "A" Deck (or Boat Deck) is fitted with the latest mechanical devices for exercise and amusement. On "B" Deck (or Upper Promenade Deck) are located the Cabin Smoking Room, Cabin Drawing Room and Cabin Lounge.

The Entrance Hall from the extensive Premenade Deck with its panelling, mirrors and staircase is an attractive approach to the Dining Saloon.

The Spacious Lounge with its charming old English fireplace and large windows is fitted with apple green panelling. It is most comfortably furnished and hung with beautiful old English prints of the 18th century and some rare old red lacquer mirrors.

The Drawing Room, panelled with most beautiful Australian Black Bean Wood in the Queen Anne style, has an air of cosiness not often found on board ship. The beautiful colored prints which adorn this room are from the famous panels painted in 1780 by Fragonard for Madame du Barry and purchased by the late Pierpont Morgan. A writing recess is also to be found in this room.

The Smoking Room is panelled in old oak of the Jacobean style, its fine old chimney piece and sporting prints being noteworthy features.

A small number of two-berth staterooms are provided on this deck.

On Deck "C" (or Lower Promenade Deck) is to be found the Bureau and Ticket Office. A special feature is the spacious square and gallery round the well over the Dining Saloon. A good number of well appointed, airy and commodious staterooms are provided amidships for cabin passengers containing three and four berths. At the forward end an entrance for third class passengers is provided.

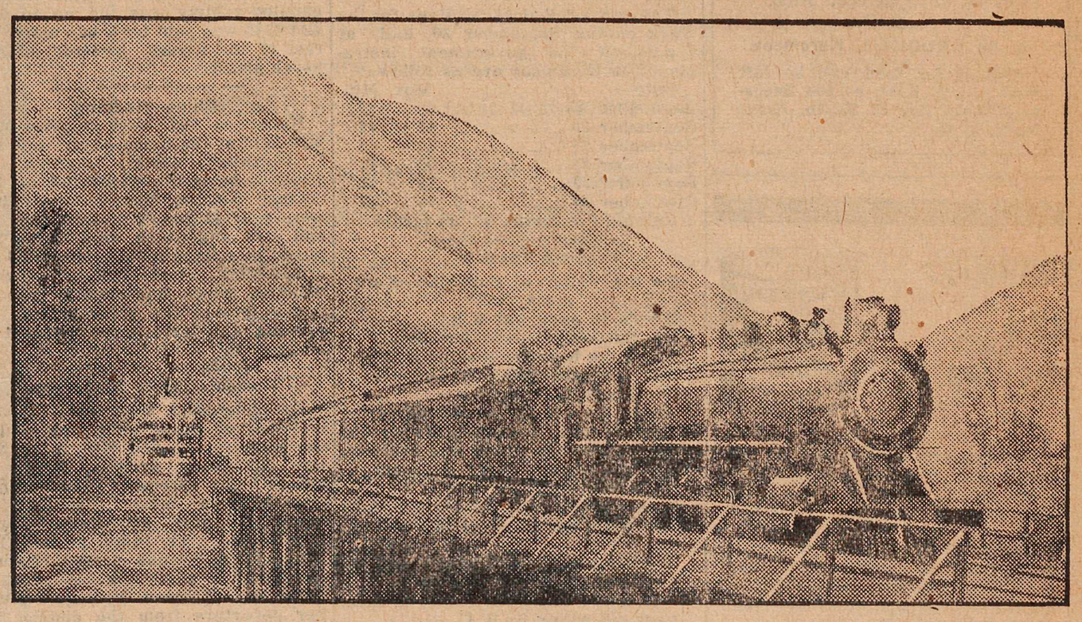
On "D" Deck is situated the Dining Room, which extends the whole breadth of the ship and has seating accommodation for 300 persons, placed at small and large tables. It is tastefully decorated in the Georgian style, a special feature being the open staircase. There is accommodation for 60 cabin passengers on this deck in four berth staterooms.

At the extreme after end of "D" Deck, the Third Class Smoking and also Third Class Ladies' Room is to be found, whilst at the forward end there is a Third Class Dining Saloon, with seating capacity for 140 persons, another Smoking Room and also a General Room. The Main Third Class Dining Saloon, seating over 400, is also on this deck.

On the starboard side of Deck "E" are a number of Cabin Staterooms containing two and four berths, whilst another Third Class Dining Saloon, with a seating capacity for 122 persons, is situated in the after end of the ship.

The Missanabie was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in 1918.

Kootenay and Its Mines



C. P. R. Train at Kootenay Landing Connecting With the Steamer Nasookin, From Nelson.

The trade travel and exploration of the Kootenay are a romance of progress. The day of the fur trader gave way to that of the placer-miner. In passing, the placer-miner left beside his trail of rocker, and sluice, shaft and drill, a still deeper mark on the country and its future. He stayed long enough to make history. The Toad Mines, near Nelson, discovered in 1888, saw a great stampede. The discovery of the Silver King Mine, about 1887 by Hall Brothers, and its development, was the beginning of Nelson, and following the arrival of the miners, a townsite was laid out.

The Granite Poor Man Mine, developed as a gold mine, was first worked by Lincoln Davenport in 1889. He built the first stamp mill and the whole was in operation about 25 years and produced an immense amount of gold. The "Molly Gibson," twelve miles north of Nelson, a silver lead mine was developed on a large scale and is owned and operated by a Trail enterprise. The "Ainsworth," on the main Kootenay Lake, 28 miles north of Nelson, is one of the first developed mining camps, dating back to 1885 and opened by Mr. Ainsworth. This is a free silver mining district and has natural hot springs. A visit to the Board of Trade rooms in Nelson is of interest. Typical of the district, attractive ore exhibit cases line the walls and tell of the local mineral riches. There are specimens from Slocan City, Ymir, Lardeau, Boundary, Sheep Creek, Fort Steele, East Kootenay, and there are smelter products from Trail. Fort Steele is of historical interest, as one of the oldest towns in the province. Old-timers even claim that it put British Columbia on the map. It was named after the late Major-General Sir Samuel Steele, who commanded the North West Mounted Police in Western Canada for many years. A detachment of Mounted Police was stationed there in the early days and the barracks still remain. In 1864, it was the scene of one of the most phenomenal gold rushes in history and, in less than two years, many millions of gold were taken out of Wild Horse Creek. Many big game parties outfit there before proceeding on hunting expeditions.

In the early days travel was difficult. The first mails went into Nelson on the back of a mule and all supplies were brought in by pack train—a string of mules. On these narrow trails around the mountains, the sure-footed mules were a marvel.

—C. G.

SOUTHERN SIMILKAMEEN SUPPLEMENT

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First-Class Accommodation for Tourists

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Wholesale and Retail Butchers
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Large variety of Meats, Bologna, Fish, etc., always on hand
Quick and satisfactory service.
SPECIAL—Auto delivery to Cawston and district every Thursday. Orders taken.

Similkameen Farmers Institute
Meetings held on the third Saturday in every month. Join now and save money.
All kinds of mill feed and flour on hand at cost price.
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STRAWBERRY JAM—TOAST AND TEA

For men and women who do not get much physical exercise a breakfast of toast and tea with strawberry jam is really beneficial.

Quaker Brand Strawberry Jam is made from the berries when they are in perfect condition, full of natural tonics, put in by the sunshine and fresh air.

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FINDS YOUNG TREES ALL IN GOOD CONDITION

Inspector for Dept. of Agriculture Says Cawston Benches Should Be Irrigated

Cawston, Sept. 30—Mr. A. J. Mann, district fruit inspector for the provincial department of agriculture, Penticton, and Mr. W. Ball of the same department, who is stationed at Keremeos, visited Cawston Tuesday last.

Mr. Ball has just completed a survey of the young orchards in the Cawston district and was well pleased with the condition of the trees and the care they were receiving generally.

In the course of a brief interview, he said he considered that it was a positive sin for the beautiful bench lands at Cawston to be lying idle for want of irrigation. "I consider," he continued, "that you have the making of a very beautiful valley and the day will soon come when the people of Cawston and Keremeos will be working in close unity and co-operation. This is the only way in which a district such as this can be permanently built up." Mr. Ball stated that he was glad to see that the social life of the two places was becoming more and more united. This would quickly lead to unity and oc-operation in the business life.

Mr. Ball in speaking on matters connected with orchards, strongly advised that the land should be levelled so that it would water either cross ways or lengthways. This would enable the grower to water the trees on different sides year by year, thus producing a better root development.

Alfalfa, he said, was a splendid thing to sow in the orchard after the trees are six years old, providing it is planted for the benefit of the trees and not for the cow. By this he did not mean that the orchardist could not take a crop off it, but not more than two crops should be cut in the season and in about two or three years it should be plowed under. Clean cultivation of the tree rows and for at least three feet on each side of the trees should be maintained until the trees are six years of age.

On no account, he said, should the orchardist allow himself to be pursuaded to plant fillers. Set out the stone fruit trees in blocks by themselves, 30 feet apart and better returns and more economical irrigation will be the result.

Regarding alkali on the bottom land at Cawston, Mr. Ball remarked that it was apparently only surface alkali and not strong enough to do any damage. There were odd spots where the alkali had gone down two or three feet and had caused trees to die. No time should be lost in replacing these trees but in order to replant and obtain satisfactory results where a tree had been killed by alkali it would be necessary to dig out a large hole and fill it with good soil. However, that the alkali was almost entirely on the surface was proven by the flourishing condition of the young orchards. Any advice or information that the growers may desire Mr. Mann at Penticton or Mr. Ball at Keremeos will be very glad to furnish.

Similkameen Weather

The Similkameen valley was visited by an unusually heavy rainstorm on Thursday night, nearly one-quarter of an inch of water being precipitated in about one hour.

The rainfall during the month of September was 1.80 inches, which exceeds all previous records, being .49 inches greater than September, 1914; and 1.44 inches greater than the average for the other six years of which records are obtainable.

The meteorological readings for the week ending September 30, daily at 7 a.m., on the government instruments at Keremeos are as follows:

Date—	Mox.	Min.
September 25	60	37
September 26	60	42
September 27	71	42
September 28	69	43
September 29	72	41
September 30	76	45

Rainfall for the week: .24 inches.

A Toast

(To the Valley of Sunshine—Keremeos, B.C.)

Here's to good old K.B.C.,
It's the valley made for me.
There the bees are making honey,
And the folks rake in the money;
Everybody there is gay—
'Cause the sun shines all the day.
There we live on ripe strawberries,
Apples peaches, plums and cherries,
And the scenery there is grand;
It's the finest in the land;
Rivers, creeks and natural fountains
Flowing, rippling, from the mountains;
Greet the weary wanderer's eyes,
Reminding him of Paradise.
And thus I drink once more to thee,
Dear old sunny K. B. C.

—ANON.

GET YOUR PAINTING DONE BEFORE COLD WEATHER
"My work stands the test of time and weather." Work done anywhere.
J .BEALE, HEDLEY, B.C.

IN AND OUT OF TOWN

Keremeos, Oct. 2—Miss Mildred O'Donnel left Tuesday for Elmsburg, Wash., where she will attend school.

Mr. J. J. Armstrong has returned from a business trip to Coalmont.

Miss Cameron returned to Vancouver Wednesday after spending two weeks vacation here.

Mr. W. C. Ditmars returned from Vancouver Tuesday.

Mrs. W. C. Frank returned from Vancouver Thursday by way of Penticton.

Rev. Cleland of Penticton is exchanging pulpits with Rev. L. A. Morrant, vicar of Keremeos, for about 10 days. Mrs. Cleland and Mrs. Morrant have accompanied their husbands during the exchange.

Col. Johnson and District Solicitor Norris, both of Vernon, and Mr. R. W. Brown of Penticton, field supervisor, were in Keremeos Thursday for the purpose of attending the auction sale on the Courtney ranch, south of Cawston.

KEREMEOS CANNERY RE-OPENS AFTER RIOT

Oriental Question is Serious and Fears Are Felt for Future

Keremeos, Oct. 2—Mr. R. C. Cliff, president of the Dominion Canners B. C. Ltd., of New Westminster, and Mr. Lew Shong Kow, a Chinese contractor, who owns an extensive business with headquarters in Vancouver were in town Tuesday, in connection with the disturbance in the cannery owned by the Dominion Canners, B.C. Ltd., in Keremeos, Monday.

The cannery opened for business Wednesday with the same gang of Chinamen as previously employed.

That the disturbance and the attack on the Chinamen by a mob of whites in the evening was a regrettable mistake all around is the opinion of all serious minded people in the district, but that the occurrence was merely a straw in the wind indicating the seriousness of the Oriental question in this and other valleys of British Columbia is also apparent to all. Many of the peacefully disposed members of the community are looking forward with anxiety to the near future, fearing what will be the outcome unless measures to alleviate the situation are promptly taken by the authorities.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE ON COURTNEY RANCH

Machinery and Stock Sold by Direction of Soldier's Settlement Board

Cawston, Oct. 1—A large public auction sale of stock and machinery was held on the Courtney ranch, south of Cawston, yesterday by Mr. J. R. Brown of Summerland, acting on instructions received from the Soldier Settlement Board.

There was a fair attendance. The farm implements were first offered and sold at from moderate to low prices. A good three-seated democrat sold for $47 and a mower and rake failed to find a bidder after the $60 mark was reached. A buggy was disposed of for $25 and a similar figure was paid for a land packer.

Sheep and lambs ranged from $7 to $7.50 per head and a bunch containing two heifers and 11 two-year-old steers fetched $68 a head. One bull was disposed of for $101, and another for $97. Thirty-five dollars each was paid for a bunch of 10 young heifers and steers and a bunch of 20 cows and 19 calves were sold at the rate of $63 for a cow and calf.

Some nice looking horses were offered, including a heavy bay team of work horses, which brought $335. A chunky gelding was bid up to $127, and $110 was paid for a bay mare. The rest of the horses brought slightly lower prices.

China Wedding

Keremeos, Oct. 2—A surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Bigsworth Monday evening, the occasion being the celebration of their "china" wedding anniversary. There were over 45 guests present and Mr. and Mrs. Bigsworth were the recipients of a large number of useful and ornamental china dishes. Games, dancing, music and dainty refreshments formed the program of the evening and were much enjoyed by all present.

Presentation to Nurse Grey

Keremeos, Oct. 2—A farewell party in honor of Nurse Grey was held in the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Mattice Thursday evening, about 30 guests being present. The evening was spent in music, dancing and games. Dainty refreshments were also served. Mr. Bligh, on behalf of a number of friends, presented Nurse Grey with a silver tea set, and in doing so, expressed the regret felt at her departure from the district and the appreciation of her past services to the community as the district nurse.

Had Loaded Gun

Keremeos, Oct. 2—A sitting of the Keremeos police court was held on Tuesda yevening when Mr. J. D. Rogers, jeweler of Penticton, was fined $10 under the Game Act, for carrying a loaded shotgun in his automobile. Justice of the Peace R. C. Clarke presided and the complaint was laid by Mr. R. M. Robertson, the game warden for the district.

New Telephone Exchange

Keremeos, Oct. 4—The construction of the cement block building for the government telephone exchange is nearing completion. Mr. F. Layton of Penticton, Mr. A. Woodburn of Kamloops and Mr. Spencer of Princeton, are engaged in installing the instruments. The work will likely be completed within a few days.

TO APPEAR BEFORE RAILWAY COMMISSION

Cawston Board of Trade Will Send Delegate to Support Complaints

Cawston, Oct. 4—A special meeting of the Cawston board of trade was held Saturday night for the purpose of apopinting a delegate to appear before the railway commission in support of complaints recently made regarding the failure of the Great Northern Railway Company to complete the necessary improvements at the depot at Cawston.

A letter was received from the railway commission stating that officials of the Great Northern had wired thta improvements would be made within limited time and further announcing that a session of the commission would be held at Vancouver, October 12.

In the discussion on the subject it was pointed out that the specified improvements had not yet been made although the time limit was passed and that it was absolutely necessary to follow the matter up with vigor and decision in order to obtain results.

It was unanimously decided to send a local delegate to appear before the commission, armed with full details of the situation.

Mr. R. B. Sheridan was elected as the representative. A committee consisting of Mr. C. Tickle and Mr. R. L. Cawston Jr., was appointed to attend to the financial details and another committee, to gather full details of complaints and other data, was composed of Messrs. F. L. Gimby, T. Swan, P. Madden, F. M. Wright and L. V. Newton.

Another special meeting of the board of trade will be held Thursday, October 7, for the purpose of completing all arrangements.

COMMUNITY HALL MATTERS

Cawston Board of Trade Asked to Take Over This Work

Cawston, Oct. 1—A community meeting was held in the school house Tuesday evening for the purpose of receiving the reports of the committees in charge of the work of raising funds for the erection of a community hall. It was unanimously decided to place the care of this matter in the hands of the board of trade for the ensuing year.

At the conclusion of this meeting a session of the board of trade was held and committees appointed to take charge of the community hall fund. A finance committee, consisting of Messrs. McKenzie, T. Rooney and L. V. Newton was selected. A committee on ways and means was ocmposed of Messrs. T. Swan, P. Madden, C. Tickle, R. B. Sheridan and F. McDonald. These committees were elected by ballot.

It was also reported that Mr. Robert Taylor had opened negotiations for the purchase of a town lot for the purpose of erecting thereon a blacksmith shop.

An Important Meeting

Cawston, Oct. 1—The regular meeting of the United Farmers will be held in the school house Thursday, October 7, when the delegates to the convention, held in Penticton, to consider the question af appointing a candidate to contest the seat in the Yale federal riding at the forthcoming by-election, will be presented. Other important business has also to be done at this meeting and it is hoped that the members will make a special effort to be present.

Two Surprise Parties

Cawston, Oct. 4—A surprise birthda party was held at the home of Mrs. H. Blinco, Saturday evening, in honor of Miss Josephine Blinco. The guests consisted of a number of school friends who have been working together in the Cawston cannery.

A surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. Rooney on Tuesday night, the same friends also being present on that occasion.

Grows Large Potato

Cawston, Oct. 4—Mr. A. Felhauer has placed on exhibition in the window of Messrs. Newton and Sinclair's store, a potato taken from his patch, weighing 3 pounds 10 ounces.

Attended Missionary Convention

Keremeos, Oct. 2—The district convention of the Women's Missionary Society, which was held in Penticton Thursday, was attended by a large number of local members of the society including Mrs. W. Mattice, Mrs. O. Ring, Mrs. O. H. Carle, Mrs. D. J. Innis, Mrs. Kerr and Mrs. E. M. Crooker of Keremeos, and Mrs. R. B. Sheridan and Mrs. Conner of Cawston.

Local Fruit at Vancouver

The weekly market report on Similkameen Valley fruit, issued at Vancouver, contains the following quotations—

No. 1 apples: Jonathan, $4 to $4.25; Snow, $4 to $4.25; Gravenstein, $3.75; Wealthy, $3.50 to $4; McIntosh, $3.75 to $4.25; Duchess, $3; cooking, $1.30 to $2.75.

No. 1 Bartlett pears: $4 to $5.

No. 1 peaches: $2.50.

To Attend Convention

Keremeos, Oct. 2—Mr. Alex Morrison has been appointed to represent the Keremeos board of trade at the Better Roads convention to be held in Nelson, October 4 and 5.

Quebec, Que.—Mr. Taschereau, premier of Quebec, announces that 20 model farms will be established in various parts of the province to serve as instruction centres for the farmers. The establishment of farms to promote modern and scientific farming will not be confined to this number but will be continually extended and additional schools provided for.

Why Buy High Priced Lumber?
When you can build with Cement at much less cost
BUILD YOUR CHIMNEY WITH SPECIAL CEMENT CHIMNEY BLOCKS.
Easier to erect and less expensive than brick chimneys.
CEMENT BRICK and other supplies at lowest cost.
Before building see R. BIGSWORTH, Keremeos, B. C.

DO NOT WORRY A LOT
but
Buy One From Us and Have a Home
in the
SUNNY SIMILKAMEEN VALLEY
Where a 5 ACRE ORCHARD is as valuable as a quarter-section prairie farm. Live where life is made pleasant. We offer choice fruit lands at reasonable prices and on easy terms.
SIMILKAMEEN FRUIT LANDS CO., LTD.
602 Great West Permanent Buildings,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.
Also R. L. Cawston, Sr., Cawston, B. C.

SAVE MONEY!
TRADE AT THE CAWSTON STORE!
Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Etc., Etc. Prices right.
NEWTON & SINCLAIR
CAWSTON, B.C.

When in Keremeos
Call and look over our FINE SELECTION OF RECORDS. Add one or two to your collection for a change.
Agent for the Columbia Grafonolia. Also Drug Sundries, Tobaccos, Stationery, Candy, etc.
T. H. ROTHERHAM
KEREMEOS and HEDLEY

WITH THE CHANGE OF SEASON COMES THE NEED OF A NEW HEATER
Your requirements along this line can be quickly satisfied if you make them known at the
KEREMEOS HARDWARE
E. MILLS, - - Proprietor

VALLEY NECESSITY
Electric Wiring and Supplies, Plumbing, Sheet Metal Work. Agent for McClary Sunshine Furnaces.
G. W. COLE, Cawston, B.C.

E. J. ROTHERHAM
Veterans' Vulcanizing Shop
KEREMEOS, - B. C.

C. Æ. SHAW
CIVIL ENGINEER — DOMINION AND BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND SURVEYOR
CAWSTON, - - B. C.

F. L. GIMBY
AUCTIONEER
CAWSTON, - - B. C.

HUNTING SEASON Now OPEN
See ROLLS of HEDLEY for your Gun and Cartridges

I'M RIGHT THERE
when it comes to testing eyes and prescribing correct lenses.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Your eyes may need attention although you do not realize it. Let me test them for you.
L. V. NEWTON
OPTOMETRIST
CAWSTON, B. C.

F. M. WRIGHT
BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR
Lumber and Building Materials, Sash and Doors.
CAWSTON, - - B. C.

Hedley Meat Market
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHER
HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR VEAL AND PORK
R. J. EDMOND

PAINT YOUR BUILDINGS SAVE DEPRECIATION
All kinds of painting satisfactorily executed at lowest cost.
E. GORDON — CAWSTON, B.C.

T. H. BOOTHE
REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE
PENTICTON, B. C.

TO CUT OUR WHOLE STOCK

so that every one will be pleased is our daily task.

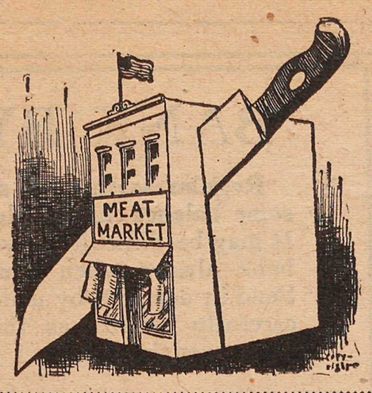
It is made an easy one by the quality and quantity of the

MEATS

we handle. Only the highest grades are purchased so we can sell none but the highest.

Every cut is a good cut here because all our meats are good.

VALLEY MEAT CO.



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DAKIN & FERGUSON, Props.
AVERY BLOCK

SOFT DRINKS, ALL KINDS
VANCOUVER BEER

Smokes all Descriptions Cigars, Pipes, Tobaccos, Cigarettes

Come in and make yourself at Home.

Cleanliness and Service our Specialty

Hotel Princeton

SWANSON & BROOMFIELD
Proprietors

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS AND MINING MEN

Modern Hotel—All the Comforts of a Home—Beautifully Furnished—Rooms with Hot and Cold Water and Steam Heat

AUTO BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS

CAFE IN CONNECTION

Princeton Garage

L. W. MICKEL, Proprietor

General repairs. Gas and oils for slae. Storage Batteries overhauled and recharged.

Agents for—Chevrolet Cars and Trucks, Studebaker Cars, Federal Trucks, Allis-Chalmers Tractors.

SECOND HAND FORDS—Good second hand Ford cars and trucks, thoroughly overhauled.

Tulameen Hotel

PRINCETON, B.C.

Rates Moderate

Service Unexcelled

A. O. JOHNSON
Proprietor

Similkameen Hotel : : :

FAMOUS for good service

COMFORTABLE accommodations

EXCELLENT meals

REASONABLE prices

SUMMERS & WARDLE, - Proprietors

Try the Star Job Dept.

DR. J. L. WILSON
Sanipractic Physician
(Drugless)

Specializes: Manual Manipulation; Specialist in Rheumatic infection; Paralysis; Organic Heart trouble; Nervousness; Chronic Stomach, Kidney and Liver trouble; Medicated Miniralized Vapor Baths; Electric Treatments.

Rooms 3–4, Covert Block
Phone 752 OROVILLE, WASH.

RETURNED SOLDIERS INSURANCE ACT

All returned soldiers and their families will be interested in the Returned Soldiers' Insurance Act, under which they are provided with an opportunity of obtaining Life Insurance at most favorable rates. The Act became effective on September 1st, 1920, and will remain in force for two years.

Under the provisions of the Act any honorably discharged soldier, sailor, or nurse, of the Canadian Forces domiciled and resident in Canada, may insure with the Government to an amount of from $500 to $5000 Under certain conditions the widow of a returned soldier, who died subsequent to discharge, may also obtain insurance.

In addition to former members of the C. E. F., the privileges of the Act are available to anyone, male or female who served during the late War in the Imperial Army or with the Forces of any of the allied or associated powers, providing they were domiciled and resident in Canada before the War and hold honorable discharge.

Many of those who served overseas while not suffering from a severe disability, find that their physical condition is such that they are unable to obtain life insurance at all or only at much higher rates than are normally demanded. They, therefore, find themselves severely handicapped in providing protection for their dependents. Under the Returned Soldiers' Insurance Act all returned men are placed on an equal basis as on medical examination is required.

The premium rates are low. They vary with the age of the insured and the plan of insurance chosen. At the age of twenty-five a straight life policy for $1000, costs $1.24 per month. At the age of thirty-five the rate is $1.70 per month. Beneficaries are limited in the case of a married man his wife and children. An unmarried man or widower without children is required to name his future wife and children as beneficaries. Should the insured die unmarried the insurance money may be paid to one or more of his immediate relatives according to his will.

An exceptional advantage of this insurance is the provision made for a disability benefit. Under this section should the policy holder become totally and permanently disabled he is relieved from paying further premiums and the insurance money is paid to him direct in annual instalments equal to one-twentieth of the total amount of the policy.

Booklets explaining the Act, and application forms may be obtained from all branches of the Great War Veterans' Association; The Soldiers' Aid Canada, Army of United Veterans; Army and Navy Veterans; Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment; Military District Headquarters and District Offices of the Board of Pension Commissioners; or direct from the Commissioners, Returned Soldiers' Insurance, Transportation Building, Ottawa.

Moderation League of British Columbia

Its Principles and Its Aims

The Moderation League of British Colnmbia is a non-partizan organization of men and women interested in and representative of the moral, commercial, social and industrial life of this province. Its members believe in moderation in thought, word and deed They believe in temperance in all things and in the furtherance of these principles believe that temperance as it applies to alcoholic beverages is not best served by the present B.C. Prohibition Act.

On the contrary, they believe that to produce temperance it is a first essential that no intemperate legislation be forced on a large section of the public such as is the case under the present Prohibition Act, which has fostered bad temper, resentment and distrust; has been a prolific breeder of lies and subterfuge; has made criminals of decent men, and has hopelessly failed in its objects.

The League believes that a moderate law which respects rights traditional to our race will command the respect of the public, and that a moderate law which is respected is much more to be desired than a law which rides rough shod over the public and earns only their derision and contempt.

The Moderation League urges the electorate to support its efforts to substitute for the present Prohibition Act, a measure of Government Control, which shall embrace the platform of the League.

This platform was published in every newspaper in the Province in the early part of June, of the present year, and is as follows:

Moderation League's Platform

1. The repeal of the present Prohibition Act.
2. NO restoration of the saloon or bar for the sale of intoxicating liquors.
3. The Government sale and Government control of spirituous and malt liquors in sealed packages.
4. The guarantee by the Government, as such vendor, of the pure quality of all spirituous and malt liquors, and the sale of same at reasonable prices.
5. The inculcation of true temperance principles consistent with personal liberty.
6. The elimination of the causes of the deplorable loss of respect for the laws of the land engendered by the Prohibition Act.

The bar has been done away with for-ever by universal consent and Government Control will ensure the sale of liquor of pure quality, at local centres throughout the Province, in quantities consistent with moderation and temperance, and will provide proper safeguards against its abuse.

And for the purpose of carrying out the objects and aims of this platform, the Moderation League advocates the creation by the Government of an independent, non-partizan commission to control the sale of spirituous and malt liquors in sealed packages, such commission to be composed of citizens fully representative of the electorate.

Vote for Government Control, and Get Your Friends to Vote

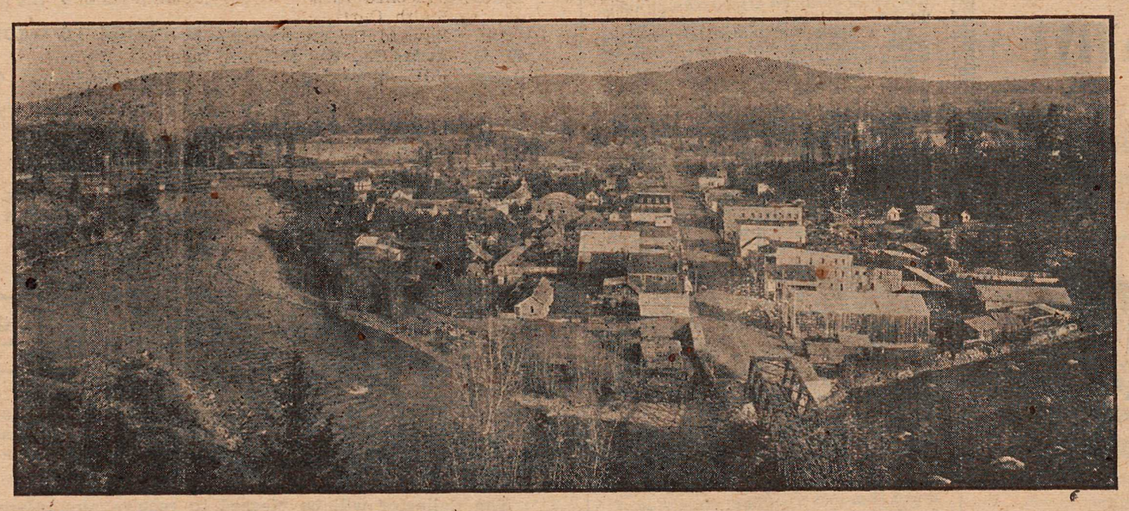
MODERATION LEAGUE

603 Hastings St. West
Vancouver, B.C.

Henry O. Bell-Irving, Chairman.
R. A. Corbet, Secretary.

PRINCETON

The Hub of the Similkameen



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Unexcelled Advantages for the Investor and Home Builder.

Electric Light System, Water for Domestic Purposes and Good Fire Protection

Princeton Coal and Land Co., Ltd

ERNEST WATERMAN, General Manager, Princeton, B. C.

Moir's Chocolates

Just received a fresh shipment of bulk and packages of these Delicious Chocolates

The Princeton Pharmacy

Lowest Prices for Cash

At THOMAS BROS.

Some of Our Leaders—

Sago	per lb. 10c.
Tapioca	per lb. 10c.
Pearl Barley	per lb. 10c.
Split Peas	per lb. 10c.
Kellog's Krumbles	3 for 25c.
Canned Salmon	2 for 25c.
Canned Pilchards	2 for 25c.
Canned Peaches	3 for $1.00
Lymington's Pea Flour	per tin 20c.

THOMAS BROS. The General Store

Interesting Values in Stylish GRASS FURNITURE

Centre Tables, neat and strong, 24x30 in. tops	$13.50
Covered Pedistal Work Basket, 28 in. high, 12x16 in. top	$ 9.45
Arm Chairs	$10.50
Arm Rocking Chairs	$12.65 to $14.75
Childrens' Chairs	$ 5.25
Childrens' Rocking Chairs	$5.65 to $ 6.00

Also other lines of NEAT FURNITURE.

A. L. WHITE - - Furnisher

CO-OPERATION

Do you know that a committee to organize wholesale has been instituted in B.C. in order to eliminate the middleman's profits? Strong societies are needed to sustain such an organization and Princeton means to be one of the strongest.

The Shares of the Princeton Co-Operative are $10 each

and it is to your benefit to contribute in this fight against the high cost of living.

SPECIAL---RIPE TOMATOES - - per lb. 5c.

Agents for—Cletrac Tank Type Tractors. Oliver Tractor and Horse Drawn Implements. Thomas Bear Cat Power Drag Saw.

PRINCETON CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION

PHONE 70 R. SKINNER, Manager

BEAUTY

is only skin deep, they say; so you need to give the most careful attention to your skin. We can supply you with all of the best brands in imported and domestic cosmetics, tolet articles and supplies, as weel as

PURE DRUGS

Come in and look over some of the aids to a good complexion and fine skin, that we are offering at this season.

PRINCETON DRUG AND BOOK STORE

G. G. LYALL : : : MANAGER

Dainty and Delightful

are our chocolates and bon bons. They are always fresh and pure, appealing to the palate, beneficial to the system, especially when eaten right after a meal. Try our candies and you will enjoy every one of them.

NATHAN'S

Mozart Ladies' Quartet to Appear Here

Delightful Vocal and Instrumental Company Will Present Program of Real Satisfaction—Four Charming Artists.

These four charming artists present a delightful program of vocal quartettes together with costume numbers, readings, trios, solos and duets. The Mozarts are a satisfactory company both in their vocal and in their instrumental efforts. You will like their program—every minute of it.

ODDFELLOWS HALL, SATURDAY, OCT. 23

Under auspices of Hospital Ladies Auxiliary

This will be the first of a eries of five Mozart Concerts to be held here during the winter season.

Job Printing Is our Long Suit

Princeton Cafe

When you want a good meal come to the Princeton Cafe. We are at your service day and night and our prices are right.

T. BROMFIELD, - Proprietor

MODEL
Livery Stable & Auto Garage
PRINCETON, B. C.

Freight and Passenger Transportation

STAGE MEETS ALL TRAINS

W. S. GARRISON

PRINCETON TULAMEEN

BANK BY MAIL

Regular saving will soon show a handsome balance in the depositor's account. It may be difficult for you to come to the bank always when you want to deposit. Send in deposits by mail—they will be as carefully handled as though you handed them over the counter.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

16A

Princeton Branch - H. C. B. Lucas, Manager

FIVE ROSES FLOUR

A Car of Pre-War White Flour just received. The first car of white flour in the Similkameen Valley in four years.

F. P. COOK

PRINCETON COALMONT GRANITE CREEK

PERCY W. GREGORY
Assoc. Mem. Can. Soc. C.E.
CIVIL ENGINEER
AND BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND SURVEYOR
PRINCETON, B.C.

TRY STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

INSURANCE
P. W. GREGORY
AGENT FOR THE FOREMOST
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Companies—Canadian, British and American.
Agent for ALLISON SUBDIVISION

Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to $5 an acre; second-class to $2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of $10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from for one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918 Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LANDS.

Provision made for issuance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock-owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permit for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

TAX SALES

PRINCETON ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on Tuesday, the 12th day of October, 1920, at the hour of 2 p.m., at the Court House, Princeton, I will sell at public auction the lands in the list hereinafter set out, of the persons in said list hereinafter set out, for delinquent taxes unpaid by said persons on the 31st day of December, 1919, and for interest, costs and expenses, including the costs of advertising said sale, if the total amount due for period ending December 31st, 1918, is not sooner paid.

The Collector will be pleased to receive any information respecting the following list where the owner is a member of the Allied Forces and entitled to the benefits of Section 29 of the "Taxation Amendment Act, 1918."

LIST OF PROPERTIES

Name of Person Assessed	Short Description of Property	Arrears of Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
William Manion	Lot 69	$ 43.45	$3.45	$3.75	$ 50.65
R. Copley	Lot 98	31.75	2.38	3.75	37.88
T. J. McAlpin	Lot 223	55.56	3.73	3.75	63.04
W. J. Van Houten	Lot 361	49.74	3.14	3.75	56.63
C. Mendel	Lot 1762	51.30	2.96	3.75	58.01
C. Mendel	Lot 2425	30.00	1.95	3.75	35.70
C. Mendel	Lot 2426	30.00	1.95	3.75	35.70
C. Mendel	Lot 2427	120.00	7.80	3.75	131.55
C. Mendel	Lot 2428	30.00	1.95	3.75	35.70
C. Mendel	Lot 2429	15.00	.97	3.75	19.72
C. Mendel	Lot 2430	60.00	3.90	3.75	67.65
C. Mendel	Lot 2431	60.00	3.90	3.75	67.65
R. L. Gibson	Subdiv. Lot 2466, Map 709	27.50	2.25	3.75	33.50
Canada Trust	Subdiv. Lot 2466, Map 709	63.00	6.43	3.75	73.18
W. Waterston	Subdiv. Lot 2466, Map 709	74.00	8.15	3.75	85.90
HEDLEY TOWNSITE, SUBDIV. LOTS 1975 AND 1976, MAP 107					
Shatford & French	Lot 20, Blk. 13	5.27	.40	2.75	8 42
Barsjola & Seraphine	Lots 8 and 9, Blk. 18	13.04	.92	2.75	16.71
WARRIMO ADDITION TO HEDLEY, SUBDIV. LOT 1795, MAP 175					
E. D. Boeing, L. W. Shatford and W. H. French	Lots 1 to 24, Blk. 7	14.76	1.20	2.75	18.71
EAST ADDITION TO HEDLEY, SUBDIV. LOT 2672, MAP 137					
George Talbot	Lot 2, Blk.7	2.88	.20	2.75	5.83
PRINCETON TOWNSITE, SUBDIV. LOT 706, MAP 37					
Cole Murchison	E. Half Lot 4, Blk. 4,	11.05	.94	2.75	14.74
Lucy McFrane	50 ft. Lot 9, Blk. 4	9.84	.74	2.75	13.33

Dated at Princeton, B.C., Sept. 18th, 1920.

HUGH HUNTER, Assessor and Collector.

PRINCETON ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on Monday, the 1st day of November, 1920, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, Princeton, I shall offer for sale at public auction, the Crown-granted mineral claims hereinafter set out, of the persons in the said list hereinafter set out, for delinquent taxes unpaid by said persons on the 30th day of June 1920, and for cost of advertising said sale, if the total amount due is not sooner paid.

The Collector will be pleased to receive any information respecting the following list where the owner is a member of the Allied Forces and entitled to the benefits of section 29 of the "Taxation Act Amendment Act, 1918."

LIST ABOVE MENTIONED

Name of Owner	Name of Claim	Lot No.	Taxes	Costs	Total
Vincenzo Risso	Nubian Fraction	133	$ 2.00	$ 3.75	$ 5.75
Smith Curtiss) Edward Brown)					
A. B. Clabon) H. L. Jones) Jean B. Bourcet)	Ingersoll Belle	234	9.50	3.75	13.25
Marie Bourcet)	Magnetic	235	6.00	3.75	9.75
Mrs. J. L. Willey	Australian	690(S)	13.00	3.75	16.75
Mrs. J. L. Willey	Alpha	691(S)	13.00	3.75	16.75
Mrs. J. L. Willey	Utopia	692(S)	11.00	3.75	14.75
Mrs. J. L. Willey	Acacia	694(S)	11.00	3.75	14.75
Mrs. J. L. Willey	Acadia	695(S)	13.00	3.75	16.75
George Cahill	Coldspring	723	12.00	3.75	15.75
A. W. Smith) P. Kennedy)	Annie L.	789	12.00	3.75	15.75
George Cahill	Alice	852	5.75	3.75	9.50
George Cahill	Camp Rest	3467	13.00	3.75	16.75

Dated at Princeton, B. C., this 2nd day of October, 1920

HUGH HUNTER, Assessor and Collector.

12/9/18 4/4 13/9/17