Advertising Space For Sale.

THE SILVERTONIAN.

Our Opinions Are Our Own.

VOLUME FOUR. SILVERTON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1901. NUMBER 29

EVERYTHING THE MINER NEEDS, IN THE WAY OF CLOTHING OR PROVISIONS, HE WANTS TO BE STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS, WHEN He comes to us to get it

HE KNOWS THAT THE QUALITY AND THE PRICE ARE BOTH RIGHT.

Full Lines Of Drygoods and Provisions.

A. JEFFREYS: STORE IN UNION HALL, SILVERTON, B. C.

P. BURNS & co

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FRESH AND SALT MEATS

RETAIL STORES AT
Silverton, Nelson, Trail, Ymir, Kaslo, Sandon, New Denver, Cascade City, Grand Forks, Sirdar Midway and Greenwood.

.....MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.....
HEAD OFFICE.....NELSON, B. C.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL
SILVERTON B. C.

THE BEST FURNISHED HOTEL IN THE SLOCAN.
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
TABLE UNSURPASSED IN THE NORTHWEST.
BAR FURNISHED WITH THE BEST PROCURABLE BRANDS.

:: JAS. BOWES Proprietor. ::

F. F. Liebscher,
Silverton's
MERCHANT TAILOR,---

CARRIES A FULL LINE OF CLOTHS, ALL SHADES, ALL WEAVES, ALL WEIGHTS.
YOU WILL FIND THESE GOODS THE FINEST TO BE HAD IN THE SLOCAN.

I Must Call Your Attention
For this is my offer to you=

THE NEW RAYMOND CABINET SEWING MACHINE	$40 00
" " " DROP-HEAD " "	$35.00
THE WHEELER & WILSON CABINET SEWING MACHINE	$50.00
" " " DROP-HEAD " "	$40 00
THE "DOMESTIC" SEVEN-DRAWER " "	$40.00
THE "STANDARD" " " " "	$40.00
THE "WHITE" " " " "	$40.00

THESE MACHINES ARE GUARANTEED TO BE IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION.
F. O. B. NELSON.
These Prices Stand Good Until January 10th, 1901.
Jacob Dover, THE JEWELER,
NELSON, - - - - - B. C.

Wet Weather Goods. . . .

Between now and Spring everyone should provide themselves with Wet Weather Goods, and there is no more seasonable time than the present.

We are showing full lines of the following and can assure Special Values:

RUBBERS, OVERSHOES, GUM BOOTS, RUBBER AND OILSKIN COATS, MACINAWS, WATERPROOF BOOTS AND SHOES, UMBRELLAS, &c. - - -

THE WILLIAM HUNTER CO.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

INTEREST REVIVES IN ROCKLAND.

An Owner Talk of Big Developments In The Spring.

Red Mountain Property Will Soon Be in Demand.

The United States Tunnel Laws—What the Promoters Get From Uncle Sam. Satisfactory Ore Shipments.

The following appeared in the Nelson Miner of recent date, the information having been supplied by one of the principal owners in the Rockland Group, and may be relied upon as a correct statement regarding the intentions of the Miner-Graves company in regard to their operations in the Silverton district in the near future:

"About May 1 next, the Miner-Graves syndicate will take the initial steps in the development of the Rockland group on Eight-Mile creek, the outcome of which will be to establish what is likely to be the greatest mining industry in the Slocan. The expenditure of $75,000 in development and the construction of a smelter on the ground to treat Rockland ores are the principal features of the syndicate's program. The Rockland group comprises two full claims, and a fraction aggregating about 110 acres of mineral land. The property came into the possession of Frank Watson, one of the best known mining operators in British Columbia, with whom was affiliated Judge Spinks of Vernon. These gentlemen put considerable money into development and devoted time and attention to securing clean titles to the ground. When this was in shape the proposition was presented to Mr. Miner and was taken up the syndicate on the strength of a report from their superintendent, W. Yolen Williams, who is said to have described the Rockland as "the biggest copper property in the country." Mr. Watson and Judge Spinks retain a third interest in the property. The agreement governing the sale provides for the placing of $75,000 in the treasury for development and for the commencement of operations by a certain date about three months hence. Work will be carried on under the direction of Mr. Williams.

The Rockland is a gold-copper proposition, the values being carried in sulphides, which also run about an ounce in silver to the ton. It is a strong feature in the enormous ore body the extent of which has not yet been determined. When Messrs Watson and Spinks operated the property they drove across the deposit for 95 feet encountering ore all the distance. Drifts were run in both directions from the tunnel and the ore continued in place. Thorough sampling indicated the presence of a 22 foot paystreak averaging $17 per ton and the ore body for its entire width averaged $8. The values are about equally devided between gold and copper.

A year hence the program of development will be completed and the smelter proposition will have advanced to a practical stage. With a view to this contingency the syndicate has staked the entire flow of Bear creek. This gives them 300 miners' inches of water at the extreme low water mark and as a descent of 1,000 feet can be secured in the immediate vicinity of the smelter site, making a water power of rare utility. This power will be used next spring for a compressor plant.

Altogether the proposition is decidedly the most interesting of the day and its importance to the section of the Slocan in which the Rockland is situated cannot be overestimated. Further particulars of the matter will be awaited with keen interest.

Mining Recorder's Records.

The following figures were compiled at the office of the Mining Recorder for the Slocan Division. They show the work done in the district on undeveloped claims during 1900.

Locations	251
Assessments	756
Certificates of Improvements	100
Cash in lieu of work	$1,200
Free Miners' Certificates issued	275
Special Certificates	10
Companies Specials	1
Abandonments	1
Water Rights granted	5

MINING LOCALS.

One car was the amount of Enterprise shipments this week.

The Black Prince shipped a car of ore from Slocan this week.

Ore sacks have been taken up to the Emily Edith and a shipment is being got ready.

The first shipment of ore for some time from New Denver was made this week by the Hartney.

The Nelson Miner speaks of "the Hewett mine at Silverton, operated by the Hewett Bros."

The Highland concentrator at Ainsworth is now completed and had a successful trial run on Wednesday.

THE SILVERTONIAN was the first paper to announce the reduction of the freight rates on Kootenay ores consigned to the American smelters.

The cross-cut tunnel on the Majuba Hill, Eight Mile, is being steadily driven ahead and a strike of ore may be heard of from that property at any time.

The ore being sacked at the St. Eugene mine at Moyie is now being shipped to Hamburg, Germany. Already over 500 tons have been shipped there.

The Hewett mine is again the only shipper from Silverton this week, with ninety tons to its credit. Ore is being rapidly sacked at the mine and it promises to be some time before the freighters catch up to the output.

The question of the water rights on Goat creek, for which the Slocan City Water & Power Company and the Citizens Committee are fighting, will not be settled until the 26th inst. Neither side to the dispute are as yet a corporation to whom water rights could be granted.

American Tunnel Rights.

Now that we have a tunnel and drainage proposition by a company asking for the right to run a tunnel from here to Sandon, the first proposition of its kind to come up before our Legislature, we take this opportunity to lay before our readers the privilages granted to like companies operating in the mineral states to the south of us. While the following does not fully cover a parallel case it shows what a company of this kind might consistently ask of our Legislature.

United States Tunnel Rights.

The law provides that where a tunnel is run for the development of a vein or lode, or for the discovery of mines, the owner of such tunnel shall have the right of possession of all veins or lodes within three thousand feet from the face of such tunnel on the line thereof, not previously known to exist, discovered in such tunnel, to the same extent as if discovered from the surface; and locations on the line of such tunnel of veins or lodes not appearing on the surface, made by other parties after the commencement of the tunnel, and while the same is being prosecuted with reasonable diligence, shall be invalid; but failure to prosecute the work on the tunnel for six months shall be considered as an abandonment of the right to all undiscovered veins or lodes on the line of said tunnel.

The effect of this is simply to give the proprietors of a mining tunnel run in good faith the possessory right to fifteen hundred feet of any blind lodes cut, discovered, or intersected by such tunnel, which were not previously known to exist, within three thousand feet from the face or point of commencement of the tunnel, and to prohibit other parties, after the commencement of the tunnel, from prospecting for and making locations of lodes on the line thereof and within said distance of three thousand feet, unless such lode appears upon the surface or were previously known to exist.

The Colorado law in regard to the drainage of mines provides that all mines benefited by a drainage tunnel are liable to the parties undertaking the the work, for their share of the expense of mantaining such drainage. And in porportion to the amount of benefit received they must pay their share of the actual and necessary cost and expense of such drainage, which may be recovered by an action in any court of competent jurisdiction.

"Editor Daily Bread," wrote Indignant Citizen, "that editorial in your paper this morning on 'Corruption in Ward Politics' has cost you the subscription of myself and 15 other men who have been taking your vile sheet for years. Hereafter we shall borrow it of the neighbors!"

THE LOCAL LAYOUT.

Wm. Cliffe, of Sandon, spent Wednesday in town.

Wm. Hunter did Nelson on a business trip this week.

Chris. Wheeler is rapidly recovering from his acute rheumatic attack.

R. Peel is back from Three Forks and in his old place behind the Wm. Hunter Co's counters.

Frank Card has closed the City Hotel, and the licence has been transferred to the Hick's House.

The Legislature has been summoned to meet on February 1st, for the despatch of business.

Geo. T. Kane was defeated by Gus Carlson for the Mayoralty of Kaslo. He was 30 votes behind.

E. W. Matthews, the Nelson manager for R. G. Dun & Co, wrote up our merchants on Thursday.

Coal oil is down to $3.50 a case in New Denver, and it isn't a fight of the Standard Oil Company either.

H H Reeves left on Wednesday for Phoenix, where he will visit before journeying to the Crows Nest Pass district.

Mrs. Wheeler left last Saturday for Pendleton, Oregon, having received word of the serious illness of her mother.

Jack Smith underwent an operation at the Slocan Hospital on Wednesday for the removal of a tumerous growth on his wrist.

The congregation of the Silverton Episcopal Church are preparing for a concert, which they will on the night of St. Valentine's Day.

Go to R. G. Daigle's for all kinds of fresh fruits. He is receiving shipments daily. Fresh confectionery, choice line of fresh groceries. *

The new manager of the Bank of Montreal in New Denver is le Baron de Weber. The Silverton cows should be notified lest they commit lese majeste.

James Bowes was picked up by the Sandon hockey players who passed through here en route to Nelson yesterday. They promise to return him after their game.

S. Sturch, who is the head push around the Slocan City Skating Rink this year, was in town yesterday, inviting everyone to the big carnival he is going to hold in the near future.

All work in the Jewelry Repairing line, left at the Silverton Drug Store, will be promptly forwarded to Jacob Dover the well-known Nelson jeweler. All repairs are GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR. *

H. H. Pitts has been re-elected Mayor of Sandon. The new council is composed of Messrs. C D Hunter, E R Atherton and R McDonald, all re-elected, and F B Folliett, E A Cameron and Dr. Gomm.

A. Smith and his wife, who have been living here for some months, left on Monday for southern California. Mrs. Smith has been enduring poor health lately and expects to recuperate in a warmer climate.

W. Waterland was again refused a liquor licence for the International Hotel at Slocan by the Licence Commissioners this week. It is now understood that the owner of the building will himself apply for a licence.

A disastrous fire in Phoenix on Thursday did damage to the amount of $30,000. M McBean & Co were the heaviest sufferers, losing a $12,000 stock. The Wm. Hunter Co, of Silverton, lost a $3000 block, partly covered by insurance.

Municipal politics in Sandon radiated from the police headquarters and the whole of the present campaign was between the friends of the City Policeman and friends of those who wanted his job. To be Mayor of Sandon is not to be the big man.

The Silverton Miners' Union expect to be incorporated under a provincial charter within a few days, having been working with that end in view for several weeks. They have been working formerly under the charter of the Sandon Miners' Union.

A mean health inspector in Victoria has been informing the public how the Chinese gardeners prepare vegetables for market by sprinkling them with putrid urine. He has spoiled the appetites of many fair eater of celery, which was real horrid of him.

When Kipling writes a poem, Alfred Austin says it's N. G. When Mr Austin writes, Kipling doesn't say a word. He doesn't have to,—Toronto Telegram.

McIntosh-McMillan.

On Wednesday the 9th. inst., at the residence of Wm. Stocks of Cranbrook, Wm. McIntosh and Letitia McMillan, both of Siverton, were united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Fortune of that place.

On Monday Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh returned to their Silverton home and have been busy receiving the congratulations of their many friends. Owing to Silverton's lack of a band to welcome them, a brass band was improvised, mostly with tin instruments; the town paraded and long life, health and happiness to the bride and groom was drunk in all the hotels.

SLOCAN LAKE ORE SHIPMENTS.

Shipments of ore from Slocan Lake for the year 1899. totaled.....3078 Tons.
Shipments in 1900 totaled 4930 Tons.

The shipment of ore from Slocan Lake points, up to and including the present week, from Jan. 1, 1901.

	Tons.
From New Denver	
Hartney	20
From Bosun Landing.	
Bosun	80
From Silverton	
Hewett	260
From Enterprise Landing	
Enterprise	40
From Slocan City	
Arlington	100
Two Friends	40
Black Prince	20
Total	560

THE METAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 17.—Bar Silver, 63¾. Lake copper, $16.50.

Lead—The firm that fixes the selling price for miners and smelters quotes lead at $4.00 at the close.

U. S. Productions.

Owing to the good demand for lead and the firm control of the market by the smelters, the production of lead shows a great increase, says the Western Mining World, and is the largest yet recorded. The output from domestic ores and bullion was 251,781 short tons as compared with 217,085 short tons in 1899. There were also recovered from foreign ores and base bullion smelted and refined in this country 103,705 short tons, as against 76,423 short tons in 1899.

Increased production of copper and lead caused a corresponding increase in silver, a large part of the output being in the nature of a by-product. The total output was 60,748,276 troy ounces, valued at $37,085,248. The United States also produced from foreign ores and bullion in 1900 a total of 46,352,281 troy ounces valued at $28,423,219.

The weaker markets, particularly abroad, resulted in a decreased output of zinc last year, the production being 122,850 short tons.

The United States once more takes first place as a gold producer, owing to the suspension of mining in the Transvaal and the decreased output of Australia. The output was 3,805,455 fine ounces, valued at $70,096,021.

An observant Silvertonian has informed us of a sure way of learning the home town of any Slocan stranger we might meet. He notices that every New Denverite has a string on his hat and carries his left hand ready to grab in case the wind blows. If a man looks guilty when hearing a piano played he hails from Sandon, while if he wants to hold you up on the corner and talk socialism he comes from Slocan City. If he comes from Roseberry evere one knows because he's a Frenchman.

Tommy Atkins had taken a Boer prisoner, and, the two getting friendly, talked about the prospects of the war. "You may as well give up: you will never win," said the Boer. "Cos why?" asked Tommy. "Because we've the Lord on our side," said the Boer. "G'arn" said Tommy, with great contempt, "why, we've three lords on our side, and one of them made a bloomin' hass of 'imself!"—London Despatch.

"Johnny! Johnny!" exclaimed the stern parent, as he brought down the leather strap with right good will, "where will you be when you are a middle aged man, if you keep up your present conduct?"

"I know where you'll be!" whimpered Johnny, under his breath, as he left the woodshed a few moments later, rubbing himself. "But I ain't goin' to tell."

LAWS OF CANADA

Amendments to the Criminal Code Now in Effect.

RAFFLES FOR PRIZES

Whipping of Burglars--Possession of Gambling Utensils--Chinese Dens.

Vancover Province: There is in one of the several amendments to the criminal code of Canada that became of force and effect on New Year's day, material for much discussion—and much sarcastic and contemptuous comment on the part of the unregenerate.

This is the provision attached to the general law prohibitory of lotteries and similar enterprises, which provides that hereafter the ban of the law shall not be placed upon "raffles for prizes of small value at any bazaar held for any charitable or religious object, if permission to hold the same has been obtained from the city or other municipal council, or from the mayor, or reeve of the municipality, wherein such bazaar is held and the articles, raffled for thereat, have first been offered for sale and none of them are of a value exceeding $50."

Common Law

The principle underlying a common law should unquestionably be general in its applicability, and it is therefore not quite clear how the above secures a place in the statute book of Canada, or why a raffle should be any less reprehensible or more permissible when the proceeds are to be applied toward advancing the prosperity of some religious or charitable body than when (as is often the case) designed to pull some poor chap, whose affairs have gone wrong, out of temporary difficulties.

Another provision disposes peremptorily of such concerns as that at Montreal which for years has operated under the mask of an "art union;" while still another aims to check the growth of theft where the stolen property has a special value as in the case of prized cattle, or dogs—the penalty heing increased where the worth of the stolen animal exceeds $20, to a maximum fine of $50 over and above the value of the stolen animals, or two years' imprisonment, or both fine and imprisonment.

The provision for the whipping of burglars apprehended with dangerous weapons in their possession has already been discussed in the province since its coming in force, and there are also among the newly effective provisions, sections with reference to the punishment of gambling that greatly enlarge the powers of the officers of the law.

Prima Facie Proof.

For example, the possession of gambling utensils may now be held to be prima facie proof of guilty use, the amended law reading that;

"When any cards, dice, balls, counters, tables or other instruments of gaming used in playing any unlawful game are found in any house, room or place suspected to be used as a common gaming house, and entered under a warrant or order issued under this act, or about the person of any of those who are found therein, it shall be prima facie evidence, on the trial of a prosecution under section 198 (or section 199), that such house, room or place is used as a common gaming house, and that the persons found in the room or place where such tables or instruments of gaming are found were playing therein, although no playing was actually going on in the presence of the officer entering the same under such warrant or order, or in the presence of those persons by whom he is accompanied as aforesaid."

Still another feature of the new enactments that is decidedly interesting to any town where the Chinese are a factor in the population, where every den is liable at any time to be the object of a police raid, provides that it shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of guilt if, when a visit is paid to any premises suspected of being put to illegal uses.

"Any constable or officer, authorized to enter any house, room or place, is wilfully prevented from, or obstructed or delayed in entering the same or any part thereof."

Another new provision of the law puts a check upon evil disposed persons who plot the injury of industries carried on by those against whom they harbor ill will, they being now rendered liable to penalties ranging from $200 to $4000, together with two years' imprisonment.

HE STOLE TO PLAY CARDS

Trying to Beat the World, Young Man Landed in Jail.

The belief that he could beat the world playing poker caused the downfall of J. J. Myers, an employe of the Southern Express at Charlotte, S. C. He learned to play cards last month and had such a run of luck that he determinsd to play on a large scale and make a fortune quickly. To get a suitable stake he held up a Southern Express package containing $600 in cash and a mumber of checks.

After losing a few hundred in Charlotte he tried to break Columbia's gambling houses. In three days all his cash was gone. He did not attempt to use the checks. Myers drank heavily and attempted to poison himself. He was arrested.

HAZING FIFTY YEARS AGO

A Freshman's Letter Shows How It Was Done at the Time Indicated.

At the present time, when so much of public attention is being directed to hazing at college and in government academies, the following extract from a letter written over a half a century ago will be of interest. The writer was at that time a freshman of Yale, but was not at the college when inditing the epistle. He says:

"I had a letter from——the other day—they are having a great time at Yale plaguing the fresh, etc. That business is carried on to a great extent here. Many of the poor devils have been ducked under the windows a dozen times, etc., etc. The greatest sport is to break into their room at midnight (a whole party of sophs at a time) make the scart fellow get up, mount the table in his shirt sleeves, answer questions in geography, arithmetic, Latin, grammer, etc., (the simplest possible, so far as to be suited to a freshman's comprehension,) read a little Greek and then, what is the greatest trial, declaim. If he refuses to comply he receives a shower from his water pail until he submits. If he answers well he is highly complimented and flattered and politely bid goodnight."

HAS NOT CEDED THE RAILROAD

Lord Salisbury Has No Power to Make Such Transfer.

The foreign office at London, declares the report of the cession of the New Chwang-Shanhaikuan railroad to Russia by Lord Salisbury, as announced by the Daily Chronicle, is unfounded. It points out that Great Britian has no power to cede it, as the railroad is Chinise property. Moreover it is stipulated that it shall not be mortgaged to any foreign government, or company. There have been reports that Russian agents are endeavoring to buy out the British interests, but the British government is not connected therewith. Representations have been made to Russia in behalf of the English bondholders, as the action of the Russian officials is considered to have exceeded the military requirements, and the question of compensation will come up when the line is restored to its owners. A convention on this subject is now under discussion.

The fuller blown the rose of pleasure the sooner its petals will fall.

Socialism in the 20th Century.

By M. Millerand, Minister of Commerce, France.

The Socialist movement is co-extensive with the civilized world. It knows no national limits. Where civilization is high there collectivism is the strongest. The twentieth century will see it in full swing. It will not retrograde. The hands of the economic clock can never be moved back to feudalism. Socialism cannot remain stationery, for it is viital force. The only possible evolution for it is in an onward and upward course.

Socialism works for concord and peace. It makes hearts generous and it gives us men of good will. The solidarity of the human race should be the aim of noble minds. Such solidarity enforces the sovereignty of right. Might is not right and never will be with the people. Solidarity of the race breaks the back of mere brute force. Men should not bend the knee to blind power. Solidarity promotes peace. What can be more noble than a festival of work and peace? Honorable peace is more glorious than the most brilliant war.

The grave and the delicate questions of social economy are now all tempered by Socialism. Mechanism and invention are of use only in so far as they improve the position of mankind. We measure the degree of a people's civilization not by mechanical improvements, but by the welfare of the men of toil. This is the highest and noblest standard of measurement.

It is generally laid down that man is the arthitect of his own fortune. But society must let him have the leisure to work it out. He must not be brutalized by a task beyond his strength.

This applies to all nations and races. For sons of different races and citizens of different nationalities belong to the same family. The duty of all is to increase the common patrimony. The region of unknown toilers must not be forgotten.

In the coming century the organisms of iron and steel will continue more and more to replace flesh and bone, epidemics will be unknown, distance will further disappear.

Science will keep on multiplying the means she puts at man's disposal. The great service it can render to man is to teach him the material and moral grandeur of union—of solidarity. Where Socialism holds sway the hatred born of uncultured brains disappears. It vanquishes misery to a large extent.

Altruism is the sweetest of sentiments. Even personal interest justifies it. Men of all nations should foster societies for self help. Such associations group men together to resist individual weakness.

Human solidarity will never stop at the frontier. It lessens the enequalities born of the social regime. It draws the world's children closer together. Promote it, and the time will come when these latter will know no strifes save the fruitful rivalries of peace and the splendid struggles of labor.

Socialism will go on widening the ethical conception of political economy. It were worth one's while to study its influence upon economical and political thought. Co operation, the municipality, the state, will all be brought to aid Socialism. I should like to see the principles of association developed as much as possible.

The time has gone by when men are frightened by mere words. The men in the twentieth century will be at least as brave as we are. They will not fear to have the Socialist slung at their heads. They will know that there is a noble and generous idea behind that word.

The progress of socialism in the new century is insured by the triumph of democracy. In France, Germany, Denmark, Russia, Italy, Spain, England, everywhere in Europe I see it making gigantic strides. It has found a foothold in the far off Antipodes, and it has crossed the Atlantic to the great republic of the west.

A triumphant democracy means a world-wide fraternity. The twentieth century will lead us fa toward that goal.—New York Journal.

THEY FOUGHT FOR LIBERTY

East African Natives Bound For the Rhodesian Mines

On the arrival of the German steamer Hertzog at Beira, Portugal, with 136 Abyssinians and Somalis for the Rhodesian mines, the "boys," as they are called, were informed by the firemen that they would be compelled to work in chains. Thereupon they refused to go ashore.

Portuguese police and troops were summoned and a big fight ensued, the "boys" barricading the foredeck. Victory rested with the police after an hour's fighting. One Somali was killed and 36 wounded. Subsequently it was found there were only 50 "boys" on the steamer, the remainder having jumped overboard.

Rousing the Chinese Giant

In twenty years Japan has increased her capital in factories sixty five times. She is now an exporting nation. In ten years from now China, forced to open her country to foreign capitalists, will follow the example of the Japanese and will be an exporting nation, and her teeming millions of cheap labor, will drive every other nation into the corner, and will force the labor of all other nations down to the level of their own wretched working classes. In that day the American and European working people will get the benefits they deserve for helping the piratical capitalist wrest the country from the control of the native people, by being forced to work on the level with the coolie. The industrial earth has made the mistake of its existence by arousing the labor force of the 400,000,000 Chinese to the powers of mechanical production. Even the American capital being planted in the Philippine will have a tremendous effect on the labor of that country in the next few years. The Orient, instead of being a market for American and European goods, will be an exporter of gigantic proportions. And the earth will be starved because of that "over-production." And the workers, who have all power, remain as stupid to owning the land and machinery and shortening the hours of labor, and ought to starve as being unfit for association.—Ex.

ROAR OF A FRENCH CANADIAN

Complains That England is Not Doing the Fair Thing.

La Verite, the recogonized organ of the ultra Catholic French Canadians, publishes a threatening article against English rule in Canada. The article says:

"There is a limit to human patience. It is said that England will always rule Quebec. We say that she will govern Quebec just as long as the French Canadians wish her to and not an instant longer, and if the fanatics of Ontario and elsewhere were not blinded by passion they would comprehend it also. If the insults of which we have been made the constant object on the part of the English element of this country do not soon come to an end, and if they continue to reward our loyalty toward the English throne by covering us with injuries and flooding us with threats there will be an explosion of anger among the French Canadians which will astonish those who are accustomed to regard us as 'good sheep.' And what will be the inevitable result of a series of riots, of serious troubles between the French Canadians and English? The French Canadians have only to make a sign to Uncle Sam and in 15 days an army would occupy Quebec, Montreal and Toronto. We certainly do not hope to see these things, but they will come if the campaign of insult does not cease."

MAN YELLED FIRE

In a Play House and an Awful Panic Ensued.

SEVEN PEOPLE KILLED

Four Children Thrown Over a Balcony By Parents and Trampled to Death.

Seven persons were crushed to death and as many more seriously injured in a panic which followed a man's cry of "fire" late Saturday afternoon in the West Twelfth street Turner hall, Chicago. About 800 people were in the place, gathered to witness the performance of a play entitled "The Greenhorn."

Converted Into a Mob.

The play was Yiddish, and the audience, comprising for the most part women and children, were all Hebrews. The hall stands in a densely populated district. When the cry was raised it was only five seconds until the entire audience was converted into a frantic mob, every member of which was fighting for the safety which lay beyond the door of the building. As soon as the wild rush toward the doors began chairs were knocked down in every direction, the aisles disappeared and the excited people ran, climbed and stumbled over the chairs on the way to the doors.

Children Trampled to Death

Around the upper part of the hall extends a balcony, which is open only at one end. Here were seated 100 women and children and the women at the further end from the stairway, seeing that the rush toward the exit was blocked to them, began at once to throw the little ones over the railings to the floor 10 feet below. The children fell into the midst of the maddened throng and were at once trampled under foot. Three of the dead were children who were thrown from the balcony and trampled by the crowd, with no chance for their lives. Following the children many of the women sprang from the balcony into the crowd below and others swung over and hung by their hands before they dropped. The railing of the balcony was broken through in half a dozen places by the pressure brought against it by the maddened crowd.

Scene On the Main Floor

On the main floor the crush was much worse than in the balcony.

The main exit from the hall and the only one known to a majority of those who frequent the place are two doors in the south end of the auditorium that open on winding stairs, which eight steps down, unite into one broader flight leading to the main door of the Twelfth street front. Around these two doors a frantic mass of screaming men, women and children was packed, all struggling fiercely to force their way down the stairs.

To Fall Was Death.

At the landing where the two flights of stairs winding down from the main hall unite a man stumbled and fell. In an instance a score of people were down, and before the rush was over three lives had been crushed out in a space four feet wide and six feet long. Within five minutes after the beginning of the panic it was all over, and the police and fireman who came hurrying to the scene of the disaster, were called upon to do nothing beyond carrying away the dead and wounded.

Relatives Fought Officers.

Men and women fought desperately with the officers in their efforts to enter the building and learn if any of their beloved ones were among the dead. The crowd was so great, so excited and so unmanageable that several calls were sent for additional officers and firemen before it could be restrained. The alarm of fire was false, there having been no fire at any time.

The building is some what defective and at times sparks pass up through the registers. It was the sight of these sparks rising into the room that frightened the man who raised the cry of fire.

The hall has several times been the scene of panics and it is only a few months since a number of children were hurt in a rush for the doors during a juvenile party given in the place.

THE JAPS MUST GO.

The Chronicle of Spokane is authority for the statement that "Jim" Hill of the Great Northern railway has given orders that all Japanese employed on his railway must go as rapidly as white men can be got to take their places. The Japanese are employed, so it is said, through a contracting firm of Japanese at Seattle, at a rate of one dollar a day, the firm paying the men ninety cents on the dollar. The firm also supplies the Japanese laborers with all their food supplies, which the railway carries free. The Japanese have worked their way to St. Paul, where a gang were put at work one day cleaning up Mr. Hill's private car. They made a mess of it, putting ice in the stove instead of in the water tanks. This displeased Mr. Hill, and the order for the "Japs to go" was the consequence.—Tribune.

VANDERBILTS WEDDING GIFT

His Bride to Receive Nearly Four Million in Securities

It has been given out unofficially by a close friend of the Vanderbilt and French families that Alfred Vanderbilt has settled on Elsie French as her marriage portion one tenth of his enormous fortune—namely $3,700,000. This great dowry is given to her, according to this authority, not in cash, but in selected bonds and stocks from that part of the estate of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt's fortune invested in securities paying 4 per cent. The bride will have an income of $148,000 a year, or $12,333 a month.

Brann's Opinion of Millionaires.

I can understand every crime in calendar but the crime of greed, every lust of the flesh but the lust of gain, every sin that ever damned a soul but the sin of selfishness. By all the sacred beasts of Egypt, I'd rather be a tramp and devide my handouts with one more hungry; I'd rather be a mangy dog with my kind, than bn a multi-millionaire, with the blood of a snake, the heart of a beast, than carry my soul in my purse. When I think of the 3000 children in Chicago without rags to shield nakedness from the cold north wind; of the 10,000 innocents such as Christ blessed, who die every year of the world for lack of food; of the millions every year whose cry goes up night and day to God's throne—not for salvation, but for soup; not for the robe of righteousness, but for a second hand pair of pants—and then contemplate those beside whose hoarded wealth that of Lydia's ancient kings were but a beggar's patrimony praying to him who reversed the laws of nature to feed the poor. I long for the mystic power to coin sentences that sear like sulphur flames from hot hell and weave of words a whip of scorpions to lash the rascals naked through the world.—Brann's Iconoclast.

Strike in New Mexico.

The men employed in the mines of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company have struck. The men working the mines owned by Senator Clark and others are still at work. A telegram from Mr. Mitchell, chairman of the Mineworkers' association, advised the employes of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company's mines to strike, saying that they would be supported. Several hundred men are out.

CHINESE DRILLING

Making Soldiers Out of 75,000 Celestials.

CAUSING AN EXCITEMENT

Concession to Russia by the Chinese Causes Much Speculation.

A Chinaman from Siann Fu, where the court is at present, says that within the city 85,000 Chinese troops are drilling continuously and the majority of them are armed with modern rifles. He says that the feeling of the people there is bitterly anti-foreign and that they believe that they can meet the allies in open fight and defeat them. The ministers are considerably astonished over the Chinese grant to Russia of a concession north of the Pei Ho at Tien Tsin. It is compared with the British and French concessions combined. The grant according to the Russians was made voluntarily for services in endeavoring to bring about peace. The ministers think that the concession constitutes good pay when considered in addition to the annexation of all Manchuria. Li Hung Chang believes he will receive tomorrow a favorable answer regarding the signing of the agreement. Senor Cologan, the Spanish minister, thinks the negotiations will commence at Pekin and possibly end in Europe. M. Degiers, the Russian minister, thinks the negotiations will end at The Hague.

Blasts From Ram's Horns.

He who rests need not rust.

It is easy to slip up on an oily smile.

Long prayers are not always tall ones.

No one bothers to prune pumpkin vines.

Courage is the cure for discouragement.

Purity is the secret of pleasure in love.

After all there is no holiday like a holy day.

There is always hope for a boy who can blush.

The mart is a good place to deelor the martyr.

A raffle is not redeemed by being run by religion.

The devil wastes no powder on stuffed profits.

Destiny is the measure of a man rather than descent.

A man is not dry the minute he is saved from drowning.

Tomorrow will obey you more readily than yesterday.

When evil men slap you on the back look into their hearts.

Every man for himself is synonymous with the devil for us all.

The worship of the true religion is not bowing down, but looking up.

True praise is a receipt for God's faithfulness and a pledge of ours.

The fall of the sinner is like that of a meteor, the farther he falls the faster he is consumed.

The man who measures the profits of religion in dollars and cents will never strike a heavy balance.

The man who coins his conscience into cash will never make a percentage large enough to pay it back.

Another new improvement in the handling of the War Eagle ore over the old tramway will be the addition of the swing bridge. This contrivance, when placed in position, will make it possible to dump a car of ore in any spot in the ore bin. It is being framed at the Centre Star.

carpenters were engaged the beginning of the week in laying a new floor in the War Eagle hotel, the work had to be done at night so as not to interfere with the house boarders,

BALKED OF ITS PREY.

Leavenworth Citizens Wanted to Lynch a Negro.

Miss Eva Roth, a well known young woman of Leavenworth, Kansas, was assaulted on South Broadway, the fashionable residence street of that city, on Saturday last, by Fred Alexander, colored, who had followed her for a distance of 12 blocks. Alexander failed to accomplish his object and was arrested shortly after the occurrence and taken to the office of the chief of police, which was quickly surrounded by an angry mob numbering nearly 1000, breathing threats of vengeance. Miss Roth is employed at one of the large stores and was going to her supper. When at a point nearly opposite the residence of Professor Evans of the high school she was met by Alexander, who seized her around the throat and bore her to the ground. In falling his fingers slipped from her throat long enough to enable her to give a cry for help. This cry was heard by Professor Evans, who responded, when the assailant left the girl and fled. A crowd had gathered. among them a young colored girl, who told who the assailant was.

The police were notified and Officer McDonald sent out. When at Seventh and Cherokee streets the officer saw Alexander, and upon undertaking to arrest him the negro attempted to escape, but a blow from the officer's club reduced him to submission, when he was taken to the station.

News of the attempted assault spread like wildfire and in a few moments the streets around the station were filled with a mass of excited men, determined to lynch Alexander if he could be obtained. The police in the meantime spirited the man away, and when the doors were broken open no one was found. Alexander was taken out through an alleyway by the police, placed in a hack and driven to the Kansas state penitentiary. He will be kept there until the officers think it safe to bring him to the city. Miss Roth recognized her assailant and identified him to the officers. Alexander has been watched by the police lately, as he is the suspected murderer of Miss Pearl Forbes, who was assaulted and killed November 6, three blocks west of the scene of Saturday's attempt.

Nine Millions Shipped

The mines of southeastern British Columbia shipped ore of the value of $9,000,000 during the year 1900, as follows:

Slocan District	$3,000,000
Rossland District	2,755,000
Boundary District	1,000,000
Nelson District	1,000.000
Moyie District	1,000,000
Kimberley District	165,000
Ainsworth District	50,000
Lardeau District	30,000
Windermere District	5,000
Total	$9,000,000

Encouraging Recognition.

The following few lines are encouraging, indeed, and makes the poor devil of a newspaper man believe that there is a little appreciation of his arduous work, after all:

Phenix, Ala., Jan. 1, 1901

Brother Editor of the Reveille:

In behalf of the International Union of Textile Workers, it is my pleasure to extend to you our most hearty thanks for the great benefits our organization has derived from your paper and the other labor publications during the past year.

We fully realize the fact that the labor organizations throughout the country are vastly benefited by the labor press, and that the labor papers are not patronized by by members of labor organizations as they should be.

Wishing your publication the prosperity it deserves, and yourself a happy New Year, I am,

Fraternally yours,

PRINCE GREENE,

General Secretary-Treasurer.

WHIRLED TO DEATH

Frank Edwards Caught in Machinery and Was Killed.

MANY BONES BROKEN

Fatal Accident at the Oakesdale Flouring Mills—Victim Leaves a Family.

Frank Edward, of Oakesdale, Wash., aged 29 years, while bending over a countershaft in the flouring mill here in the act of oiling a journal, had his clothes caught in a key and was instantly drawn to the rapidly revolving shaft, running at a rate of about 300 revolutions per minute, receiving injuries which resulted in his death within a few minutes. He made an outcry as he was caught and the mill was immediately shut down. His body was found so tightly bound to the shaft that his clothing had to be cut to release him. He was alive and asked to be taken home. Dr. Smith was the first physician on hand and did all that could be done in the way of applying restoratives but the victim was past all human aid and passed away soon after reaching his home.

His shoes were torn off and his feet were pounded and crushed to a jelly, while one leg was badly crushed at the knee and one arm was badly crushed at the armpit.

He was the son of a blacksmith and leaves a wife and two small children. They would have been left in destitute circumstances had he not been a member of the Woodmen and carried a life benefit of $2000.

HIGH RATES ARE SCORED

Professor Parsons Talk to Commission on Government Ownership

Professor Frank H. Parsons of Boston continued his testimony before the industrial commission in Washington upon government ownership of public utilities. He favor such ownership of railroads and reviewed telephone and telegraph conditions.

He claimed that the charges for both telephone and telegraph service are excessive and that such services should be furnished at greatly reduced rates. He said that the rates in this country are much higher than in countries where telegraph and telephones are owned by the government. In his opinion the conditions here do not seem to justify such higher rates.

DIES FROM PRICK OF A PIN

Millionaire Tailor of Cleveland Expires From Blood Poisoning.

A. Reinheimer, a millionaire merchant tailor of Cleveland, Ohio, died in terrible agony, the result of the prick of a pin. Three of Cleveland's most prominent physicians did everything in their power to save his life, but the merchant died while they were deciding whether or not to amputate his left hand.

The other night he personally closed his tailoring establishment in Euclid avenue, as had been his custom for 33 years. In trying the rear door he received a slight scratch from a tailor's pin which had been placed there to keep the knob on the door. In the morning his left hand was swollen, and Dr. Peskind, the family physician, was called in. The physcian diagnosed the case as blood poisoning, assuring Mr. Reinheimer that it was not serious. The hand continued to swell, and three physicians had about concluded to amputate the hand, when he succumbed to a fit of fainting and expired.

It may not be generally known, but it appears to be a fact that Denmark is the best organized country in the world. Recent statistics show that 76.7 percent of the women are trade unionists.

Blown Up By Powder.

A fatal accident occurred at the Sunset mine, near Whitewater, last week, whereby Alex. Morrison lost his life. He was thawing powder when it exploded, causing his death. He was from Cape Breton. The remains were interred at the Sandon cemetery by the Miners' Union.—Drill.

With a match machine 300 girls will turn out as many matches as 8000 men could formerly do.

Denmark leads the world in thriftiness. Her inhabitants have on an average $50.00 in the savings bank.

ASSAYS $100,000 TO THE TON

Now Comes Butte, Montana, With a Wonderful Golden Story.

Once more the Butte district as a gold producer has come to the front. The richest streak of gold bearing ore ever uncovered in Montana, six inches wide, almost solid gold and assaying $100,000 to the ton, was laid bare last week. The ground is in litigation and the matter will come up for review before Judge Clancy. The claim lies south of Rocker, across Silver Bow creek, where so much gold was taken out 30 years ago by the placer miners. A man by the name of Mertz located the land several years ago. Two months ago he made a proposition to a man named McDonald, that he would give him a half interest in the claim upon the condition that he would work it. McDonald agreed and went to work, sinking a shaft 26 feet. At this depth he ran into the rich ore. He notified Mertz and when the latter saw the rich discovery he flatly refused to give McDonald his half intrest. McDonald came to town and tied it up by an injunction. Men armed with shotguns are guarding the locality against jumpers.—Ex

The North Star Mine.

Since the North Star mine, in East Kootenay, commenced shipping last February, it had up to December 17, shipped 16,000 tons of ore and development work amounting to about 3,000 feet, consisting of drifts, shafts, etc., has been done. The North Star stands today as one of the best mines on the American continent, and as yet the extent of the ore body is unkown. It is mines like the North Star, Sullivan and St. Eugene that are telling the story of the riches of this district in a language that is understood by every man.—Cranbrook Herald.

FOR RECOGNITION OF UNION

Strke at Florence, Col., Assumes Serious Proportions.

The people of Florence Col., are becoming alarmed over the situation of the Union Gold Extraction company's mill, where the employes are on strike for recognition of their union. Manager Milliken is willing to pay the union scale of of wages, but has refused to receive a committee from the mill and smeltermen's union, nor to discharge non-union employes. Preparations are being made to import Italian laborers and it is feared such action will result in rioting.

A mass meeting of the coal miners working at Brookside, Coal Creek, Rockvale and Bear Gulch, where mines are operated by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, has been called for Sunday afternoon to discuss the question of striking in sympathy with the miners who are on strike in northern Colorado. A strike can probably be avoided if the company agree not to ship its coal to the northern Colorado fields.

Allen C. Doucette of Cambridge Mass., centre for the Harvard university footb all team, died at his home is Cambridge last night of typhoid fever, age 28.

RUSH IT THROUGH

Coast to Kootenay Railway Fast Assuming a Certainty.

TO BEAT ALL RECORDS

Dan Mann Will Soon Commence Arrangments for e Construction.

Mr. MacDonnell of Vancouver, B. C., legal adviser in connection with the Coast to Kootenay railway, said that D. D. Mann, of the firm of McKenzie & Mann, would be in Vancouver on January 20. He added that Mr. Mann when there would make all arrangements for the building of the road and that it would be pushed to completion at such a rate as to beat all records in railroad building. One year after the British Columbia government renews the bonds the road will be completed.

OIL BELTS REACH IDAHO

Stong Indications Reported From Around Troy.

It is firmly believed around Troy, Idaho, that the oil and gas area is not confined to the limits of Whitman county, Washington, but that it extends into Latah county as well, and if systematic exploration and scientifiic investigation in Whitman county should result in gas and petroleum being found in paying quantities there is little doubt but that results equally as gratifying will soon follow in this vicinity.

For over a year J. D. Jolly of Vollmer Flouring mills in Troy has known that oil existed within the town limits, but every time Mr. Jolly suggested to his friends the idea of making an investigation they would laugh him out of it.

Since strong indications of both oil and gas have been found within 50 miles of Troy, Mr. Jolly may yet have the last laugh.

In the lower part of Troy, adjoining the bed of the creek which runs through the town, is a bog from which an oily substance exudes, which floats on the water like kerosen.

Within a mile of Troy, up the same creek, there is a formation of slate or shale, near which are several small springs covered with an oily substance which is still further indication that petroleum may underlie this soil, and the oily substance to be seen in the lower part of the town, when not covered with snow, may be escaping between the strata. Mr. Jolly states also that the well at the mill, which is within 100 feet of where the oil has been so plentifully, has frequently been covered with oil, as if coal oil had been poured into the well. As soon as the snow goes off in the spring, if not before, experiments will be made where the strongest indications of oil and gas exist.

The New Dam on Murphy Creek

Preliminary steps have been taken to construct a big dam on Murphy creek, about three miles from its mouth. Last Monday three pack animals left the Trail stables loaded to the poop deck with grub, etc., for the camp, this simply being the first installment. The work is being done by the smelter people, Geo. F. Mortin being in charge of the work. The first thing is to build a cabin to house the men, as the snow is deep up there and the nights cold. A dam will be thrown across the gulch at least 130 feet wide. The intention is to bring the waters of Murphy creek for use at the smelter. With the enlargement of the capacity of the smelter the necessity for a greater water supply is apparent. The work will be pushed with vigor.—News.

FOR SEIZURE OF A STEAMER

Colombia Promises to Pay Great Britain $30,000

The indemity to be paid by the Colombian government to the Pacific Steam Navigation company for the seizure and use of the British steamer Tabogatea for taking troops and munitions of war to Buena Ventura has been settled at $30,000. The steamer has been returned in good condition. The British flag was again hoisted on board of her yesterday.

WAS BROUGHT TO REASON

Cigarette Smoker Had His Fortune Told by the Girl He Adored.

He was out walking with a young lady who had a decided antipathy to cigarettes, but not being aware of her prejudice he lighted one of the little rolls and began smoking with great gusto, inhailing the fumes deep into his lungs and then blowing great rings up at the moon, which gazed tranquilly down on his folly, says the Memphia Scimitar.

Offended by his presumption, she said with dangerous urbanity:

"Do you know I can read fortunes in cigarette smoke?"

"Indeed!" exclaimed the unsuspecting youth. "Perhaps you'll condescend to read mine?"

"Oh, certainly if you wish it."

Then she gazed up into the air at the delicate blue wreaths of smoke. She hesitated, evidently puzzled about something.

"I am undecided which of the two things is to befall," she admitted; "your fortune is not so easily read as I fancied it would be."

"What are the two thing?"

"Why, I can't determine whether you are marked out for lung disease or lunacy," was the answer. "Cigarettes have such diverse effect on people of your temperament."

A moment later the cigarette lay glimmering in the gutter and the fortune teller was listening to her escort's embarrassed apologies.

Certain to Cause Discord.

The first day's discussion of the bill to establish a department of public instruction at Manila, developed a contest on the question of religion in public schools. The interest centers in the section permitting priests and ministers to teach religion for half an hour three times weekly outside of school hours provided the parents express a written desire for such instruction, and prohibiting teachers from conducting religious exercises or teaching religion. The Federal party was represented by a committee, who, although Catholics, argued trongly in favor of the elimination of the section. They declared that the use of school houses for religious purposes is contrary to the United States constitution, and also to the platforms of the Amercian parties and the Philippine Federal party, and is certain to cause discord.

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*Coeur d Alene branch	5.30 p. m.	7.25 a. m.
Palouse & Lewiston br'ch	1.15 p. m.	1.50 p. m.
*Central Wash. branch	1.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
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THE SILVERTONIAN.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1901.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT SILVERTON, - - - B. C.

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EDITORIAL OUTCROPPINGS.

"When Greek meets Greek, then comes the tug of war."

"When thieves fall out, honest men get their due."

When one monopoly fights another many truths crop out.

The freight rates charged by the Canadian Pacific Railway in the transportation of Kootenay ores never troubled the Toronto Globe until the moneyed men back of that journal were pinched in their Crows Nest coal dealings. Excessive as the rates have always seemed, they never caused a ripple in the editorial columns of Toronto's great daily until now, although lower at the present time than ever before. Jaffray, Cox & Co. have declared war on the C. P. R. and the mine owners of Kootenay stand to reap the benefit.

In the fight between the coal company and the railroad company the public has all to gain and nothing to lose and can afford to watch with equanimity the bringing to light of the private affairs of both concerns.

If only some of the Eastern journals of Montreal or Toronto would fall foul of some big Chinese employing firm the folly and harm of Chinese immigration might be threshed out where the voters are who could put a stop to it. But unless an election is in sight or the directors' pockets touched, abuses in the West do not trouble the press of the East.

The Sandon Paystreak does not approve of Chris. Foley's presence on the Chinese Commission, fearing that he will be lost forever to the Labor party when once he has tasted government rations. The Paystreak is unreasonable in this matter. If Mr. Foley was a proper man to represent his party in parliament, as The Paystreak was vehement in declaring, he is most certainly a fit person to represent them on the Commission, in whose work the Labor party is vitally interested. If he is a man so easily purchasable as to be influenced by a job of a few weeks duration, as The Paystreak implies, he was never a proper man to be supported as a parliamentary candidate. But Chris. Foley is certainly not that kind of man..

His position on the Commission will enable him to do more in the one matter of Chinese immigration than his presence in parliament, twenty times over. The labor leader has thrown down neither his party nor his principles in accepting the position vacated by Ralph Smith, but has entered upon a work which should have have the unqualified approval of every man who voted the labor ticket in the last election. He is a man who will see that the report of the Commission is at least no fake.

It is also taking too much for granted to predict the evading of the report by the Laurier government. The appointment of Mr. Foley is conducive to the opinion that the Government desires a comprehensive report upon which to act. Otherwise why should they pile up evidence against themselves by securing a report such as Mr Foley will certainly insist on having sent in.

The Government has been as wise in this selection as it was in the appointment of Ed. Bremner as Dominion labor commissioner. In his official capacity Mr. Bremner has done more for labor than any officer of any labor organization could ever hope to do, and he is in no way deserving of sneers from The Paystreak. To one not connected with any labor organization and outside of their ranks it would appear that laboring men, as a rule, are too ready in accusing their leaders of selling out or throwing them down, the minute an opening is made for them to work in an official capacity.

It seldom happens that we are obliged to correct a contemporary for a too generous crediting of quotations, the very opposite being indeed the case. We are obliged however to deny the authorship of a paragraph credited to us by the Greenwood Miner, dealing with the Silverton-Sandon Drain Tunnel, in which occurs the following:

"It has been stated however by those who are thoroughly acquainted with the proposition that the company has at its back an unlimited amount of capital and that the undertaking will be carried out in every detail."

As far as our knowledge goes we know no one "thoroughly acquainted with the proposition," and consequently are not even in a position to definitely state that the Tunnel will even be begun, much less "carried out in every detail."

We sincerely hope that the quotation given may prove correct in every detail, but at present we must preface our remarks on the subject of the subject of the Tunnel with an "if."

The burning of a negro at the stake in a civilized community gives a thrill of horror to those reading of the barbarity thousands of miles distant from the scene, and at once a band of writers, who have no more idea of the subject on which they are writing than our average war correspondent, fill the press with columns of abuse of the people living in the community where the barbarity occurred. The people of the South have that to contend with which very few in the North can be made to realize. The colored problem, like the "white man's burden," is a jest with us; but, with the people of the South it is a question of ten times more importance than life and death. It is a question of the sacred honor of their wives, mothers and daughters and if this will not drive white men to desperation and cause them to lapse into barbarism in an endeavor to protect themselves, what excuses can we of the North make whose hands are warm with the blood of women and children of China slaughtered in the name of Christanity for a few murders committed by mobs of fanatics? In a great many communities in the South the negros far outnumber the whites and, although there are many exceptions, the average southern negro is but little removed from the ape, with all the instincts of the brute. Imprisonment as a punishment has about as much effect upon him as it would have upon a mule. Apparently nothing but time and education will elevate him into more than the semblance of a man and until that time arrives, when it is safe for their children to walk the streets of their towns, just so long will the whites of the South resort to these horrible barbarities which alone appear to strike terror into the brute natures of their present black fellow citizens. Although it is a horrible statement still it is a proved fact that wherever in the South a negro has been burned at the stake it has stricken with terror the black brutes and it has never been necessary to repeat the lesson in that community.

We meet in business and social relations every day men who have been raised and educated in these communities and if there is any difference between their civilization and ours we have failed to note it. Before condemning the South let us look more closely into the matter. Put ourselves in the places of the men of the South, where the law is powerless to protect the sacredness of the home. If we did not violate the law to make a remedy to fit the crime we would be less than men.

"But I don't love you objected the young woman.

"Then why," howled the indignant youth, referring hastily to divers memoranda in his pocket diary, "did you eat a total of 65 pounds of 60 cent candy I bought you during the closing year of the ninteenth century, if you didn't love me?"

"Because," she said, with a rapt expression on her lovely features, "I do love candy!"

"When I look at your country, with its boundless riches, and then look at the pale, tired women on your farms," said the foreign visitor, "I always think—"

"'Ill fares the land to hastening ills a prey,
Where wealth accumulates and wives decay!"

St. Peter—Who are you?

Applicant—A miner from the Slocan.

St. Peter—Did you subscribe for The Silvertonian?

Applicant—Yes.

St Peter—Did you pay your subscription?

Applicant—I forgot.

St. Peter—[illegible]

"Who is that dump pie faced-thing going down to the supper room with the handsome young captain?" asked the girl with the shell like ears.

"I forget her name," replied the girl with the lovely dimples. "She's an upstart whose mother got her into society in some way without giving her a coming out party."

NOTICE.

To Whom it May Concern.

I hereby beg to inform those indebted to me that I have handed all accounts due me over to the Wm Hunter Co. for collection and must insist on the immediate settlement of same.

H. H. REEVES.

IT Pays TO ADVERTISE IN THE SILVERTONIAN.

THE "RYRIE" WATCH.

Not for a year, but for a lifetime. Watches that may be handed from father to son—heirlooms.

The movement of a "Ryrie" Watch is as nearly perfect as possible, and yet, it's not expensive.

That is why it has brought to our store so many buyers who are particular about accurate time.

Let us send you our 1901 Catalogue, showing the many styles of solid gold, fine gold filled, silver and gun metal "Ryrie" Watches in both ladies and gentlemen's sizes.

The "Ryrie" Monogram Watches are particularly attractive.

RYRIE BROS.,
Yonge and Adelaide Sts.,
TORONTO.
DIAMOND HALL. Established 1854.

J. M. M. BENEDUM.
ASSAYER,
Silverton . . . . B. C

The Thistle Hotel.

IS NOW RE-OPENED UNDER THE PERSONAL CHARGE OF .....
——PAT. GRIFFIN.——
First-class accommodation for The Public.
SILVERTON, ... B. C.

J. M. McGREGOR
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR AND MINING ENGINEER.
SLOCAN CITY, ... B. C.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next Session for an Act to incorporate a Company with Power to run, construct, excavate and maintain a tunnel through and under the land lying between the town of Silverton and the town of Sandon in the District of Kootenay, in the Province of British Columbia, from a point on the North side of Four Mile Creek at or near where said Creek enters Slocan Lake and within two miles of the said town of Silverton to a point at or near the town of Sandon, and within one mile thereof; and for the purposes of the undertaking to run exploring and branch tunnels from the main tunnel; also to sink or raise, mining working or air shafts along the line or course from the tunnel or branches; to explore for minerals by the use of drills, shafts or excavations; to construct, maintain and operate by electricity or otherwise tramways and roadways for the purpose of carrying ores, waste, mine products and freight or as may be otherwise required; to engage in all kinds of mining operations and to erect and maintain crushing, electrical, hydraulic, sampling, concentrating, smelting and refining works or other plant and to deal in the products of the same; to supply, sell and dispose of compressed air, light, power and water and to erect and place any pipes, electric line, cable or electrical apparatus above or below ground, along, over and across streets, bridges and lands; the right, subject to existing water records, to acquire and take from Four Mile Creek aforesaid so much of the water of said Creek as may be necessary for all or any of the purposes of the Company, and the right to use and utilize for said purposes all water coming from the said tunnel or branches, and to erect, construct and maintain any dam, raceway, flume or other contrivance or plan for diverting and utilizing said water and to construct and maintain all works necessary to obtain and make water power available; to take and hold shares in any other Company; to enter into any agreements and to make contracts with persons or Companies owning any interests in mining lands or otherwise and to charge tolls and receive compensation for the use of the tunnels or works of the Company, for drainage or other benefits derived from the tunnel or branches; to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and hold patents, machinery, lands, premises buildings and all real and personal property; to build, own and maintain wharves, docks and tramways in connection with the undertakings of the Company, and to build, equip, maintain and operate telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said tunnel and branches; and with power to expropriate land for the purposes of the Company; and with all other necessary or incidental rights, powers and privileges as may be necessary, incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

DATED at Vancouver, B. C., this 8th day of December, A. D. 1900.

DAVIS, MARSHALL & MACNEILL,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE:—"ST. HELENA" and "TROY" Mineral Claims; situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located:—On Four Mile creek, relocations of the "Fisher Maiden" and "Silverton."

Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for the Fisher Maided Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, Free Miner's Certificate No. B41153, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1900.

N. F. TOWNSEND.

24 | 11 | 00.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE:—"LAST CHANCE No. 11," (Silver Nugget,) Mineral Claim, situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located:—On the divide between Eight and Ten Mile Creeks.

Take Notice that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for George Kydd, Free Miner's Certificate No B36350, intend sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvement, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvments.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1900.

J. M. McGREGOR.

22—11—00

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CO-OWNER.

To GUS KRUGER, or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his interests in the following Mineral Claims, Congo No. 2, Commander and Bristol on Red Mountain, near Silverton B. C., Slocan Mining Division.

You are hereby notified that I have expended three hundred dollars ($300) in labor and improvements upon the above mentioned Mineral Claims in order to hold said mineral claims under provisions of the Mineral Act and if within ninety days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of said expenditure together with all costs of advertising, your interests in said claims will become the property of the subscriber under Section 4 of an Act to Amend the Mineral Act 1900.

FRANK L. FYFON.

Dated this 26th day of December 1900.

BATH HOUSE AND LAUNDRY

UP-TO-DATE IN EVERY BRANCH.

WORK LEFT AT F. ANGRINON'S BARBER SHOP IN NEW DENVER WILL BE FORWARDED TO ME AND PROMPTLY RETURNED

R. Thorburn.
SILVERTON, - - - - - B. C.
(Laundry Work Called For and Delivered Weekly.)

CALIFORNIA WINE COMPANY, LTD.
NELSON, B. C.
WHOLESALE
WINES And CIGARS
Agents for CALGARY BEER.

HARDWARE.

General Mining Supplies.	Full Line Dry & Mixed Paints.	Lumber, Sash and Doors.

McCallum & Co., Slocan, B. C.

McDonald's Livery Stable.

GOOD SADDLE AND PACK HORSES FOR HIRE AT REASONABLE RATES——A GENERAL FREIGHT AND TRANSFER BUSINESS DONE.

Outside Parties Hiring Horses in Silverton Can Have Them Reserved By Writing To—.

A. P. McDONALD,
SILVERTON, - - B. C.

A Seasonable Article.

Of the hundred of medicines on the market
There is none we can recommend more
Highly to our customers and friends than

Syrup of Horehound & Tolu
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Try it and be convinced of its merits.

For Sale At
THE SILVERTON DRUG STORE.