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VOLUME ONE. SILVERTON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY JUNE 18, 1898. NUMBER 51

MINING LOCALS.

S. C. McClure, foreman of the Galena Mines, was down from the mine Sunday.

Chas. E. Hope, of the Emela Edith mine left for Vancouver on Monday.

Foreman Barker, of the Vancouver mine, was in town shaking hands with friends on Wednesday,

Harry Thorburn is taking a short lay-off in order to rid himself of a bad cold e n t acted at the Comstock.

Mervigon Regnald William Rathborn, of the Silverton Townsite Company visited our town on Wednesday.

"Trying to do business without Advertising is like kissing a girl in the dark. You know what you are doing, but nobody else does."

Hear the author of "Pickett's Charge" next Monday evening in McKidnon's Hall. Something no one should miss who appreciates humor and pathos.

Work on the Fidelity has been stopped for the present, pending a deal for its purchase. It is to be hoped that this property will not long remain idle as it is to valuable a property to remain idle.

What was supposed to be the footwall in the Whitewater mine, is now found to be merely a false wall. A strike of four feet of ore has been discovered under it. This discovery was made in tunnel No 1. and will be thoroughly investigated.

A fire at the Whitewater deep, destroyed quite a lot of supplies, cook and bunk house, causing a loss to the company of about $3000. The new ore house was spared and as Manager Raffle is now on the ground things will be running as usual in a few days.

A good strike has been made on the Penobscot claim, Gus Cruger and Cha. Jack after doing considerable work have struck a ten foot ledge of good concentrating ore. Work is now being pushed with the hopes of uncovering a body of shipping ore. Work will be commenced at once on the adjoining claim the Rincon, owned by Major Reed.

Perry Altaffer, who has just returned from a prospecting trip into the hills, reports having had a pitch battle with a legion of misquitos, he says he was getting the best of the battle, when he was attacked in the rear by a batallion of Spanish Flies. He was forced to retreat and is now awaiting reinforcements from the States, a list of the casualties has not been compiled yet, a full force of expert accountants are now busy sorting out and seperating the dead from the wounded and the list when completed promises to show it to have been the bloodiest battle fought so far during the present war.

Messrs Wheeler and Abercrombie, went up to the Little Dasiy mine on Monday to do their assessment work. It seems a pity that this mine is not worked continuously, as it would be then a steady shipper. A ledge of over twenty inches in width runs through the property and smelter returns, from a shipment of five tons gave $125. to the ton in gold. Trouble among the owners forces this valuable property to lie idle. Adjoining the Little Daisy is the A. E. claim, owned by the same company and assays have been obtained from this ledge showing $18. in gold. Three other adjoining claims are also owned by the holders of the Little Daisy.

ADVICE TO PROSPECTORS.

Prof. Arthur Lakes, has the following to say, in regard to surface showings and prospects.—

I would say further, that most big mines that are to be, show themselves in some way on the surface, and I haven't much encouragement, as a general rule, to give the prospector who has got hold of some narrow knife-blade of a vein of ore and is "going down" with extravagant hopes of its widen ing into a "big thing;"

In the developement, too, of a young mine, if the vein dosen't show its character at from 100 to 300 feet in depth I wouldn,t give much for the chances of its showing any better by continuing it down to 500 or deeper, exceptions again to the contrary. A good deal depends on the local experience of the vicinity. A disinterest expert going over a young region cannot fail to feel depressed at times with the multitudes of men "going down" and "going in" with the marvelous faith of a prospector on "poor little veins" and "mighty poor showings," of which the expert feels morally certain there will be no return but disappointment; for a "poor little mine" is a very poor little thing; a blood-sucker in the family, crying "give, give" "alittle deeper," "a little deeper." Whilst a really good or big mine is a fine property, and there isn't one in 100 or more that is one.

THE TYRO BONDED.

An option has been given on the Tyro claim owned by Mr. Harris, and which is an extension of the Fidelity ledge, to Mr. Sandiford. The option is for thirty days and during the term of the option four men are to be employed on the property. At the expiration of the thirty days Mr. Sandiford has the option of purchasing the property for the sum of $7500. cash or of taking a bond on it for the sum of $15,000.. Thirty days ago this property was valuable simply because the Fidelity ledge was supposed to run through it, it was simply a location like hundreds of others near Silverton. But Mr. Harris the owner instead of simply setting around crying about the low price of silver and watching for a sucker to unload upon, took off his coat and went to work to find the ledge About three weeks ago he succeeded in finding the Fidelity vein, with the result that the property is now of real value and Mr. Harris will shortly be rewarded for his labors expended on it.

The work being done under the direction of Mr. Sandiford is showing up the vein to be strong and well mineralized, ore is being sacked by the men employed ahd a shipment may be made soon.

STRANGE FREAK OF LIGHTNING

Lightning has been accused of many strange antics, but the following authentic freak of that strange fluid, which we clip from the Livingston Enterprise, is probably one of the most remarkable instances of what lightning will do.

"Nicholas Vink came down from Fridley Tuesday evening to secure medical attention. Mr. Vink had been employed on the ranch of W. H. Lee, near Fridley and while riding horseback from the ranch to the latter place Wednesday of last week, was struck by lightning. The electric current evidently divided, as the horse which Mr. Vink was riding was instantly killed, while a lighter current struck his hat, tore a hole in the crown, passed down along the left side of his face, neck and breast, and from that point was evidently deflected to the right side by his watch and chain, and passed off his body at the right hip. In falling the horse pinioned Mr. Vink's leg and arm, and the shock rendered him unconscious. He was found in this condition a short time after being struck by the electric current by a party of school children pho pulled the carcas of the dead animal off his arm and leg and assisted in removing him to the nearest ranch house, where he soon recovered consciousness, although he has not yet recovered from the severe shock he received. His watch and chain give evidence of the extremely close call he received, as the links of the chain are melted and the watch plainly shows the point it was attacked by the electricity in a melted and blackened spot on the silver case. The course of the electricity along Mr. Vinks face and neck is still plainly traced by the blistered condition of the skin and the wonder is that he was not instantly killed, as was the a nimal he was riding.

WAR TALK ON THE CROW'S NEST

The Moyie City Leader prints the following war news.

"The battle ship Kootenaian and News, under command of Admiral King and Senor El Paso DeRankin, are having a hot engagement on the high journalistic sea off the coast of Kaslo, and grave fears are entertained that they will blow up the city with editoral bombast. Rubberneck Tinhorn Lowery, commander of the Ledge, a small caliber torpedo thrower, is expected on the scene mostly any moment with a shooting stick, a hypo gun and fourteen hot Scotches on board. When he arrives he will immediately change his socks. He will then bombard the Comique and capture all the schooners in sight and perhaps a few of the schooner destroyers, such as the Kitty Goodwin and the Ida Storms, which are frequently seen cruising around that harbor during the night.

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE.

In connection with Slocan City grand celebration on July 4th. tickets will be on sale the 4th. at single fare the round trip from Nelson and Sandon and intermediate points, good to return on the 5th. Service from Sandon end will be via regular service going with special service. Returning leave Slocan City, 7. p. m. evening of 4th., tickets however will be good to return on the 5th. if excursionists desire to stop over night.

Ed Nelson has a few copies of Ogilvie's Official Guide to the Klondyke, issued by the direction of the Dominion Government, for sale.

STARTED NOW.

The Political Battle Will Now Wage In The Slocan.

BOTH CANDIDATES ON THE LAKE.

The Campaign Club is breaking up—An Embyro Club for Silverton.

Robert F. Green, the nominee of the Sandon Convention is making a preliminary tour of the Riding and visited Silverton on Thursday. Mr. Green is making a thorough canvass of the country and is confident of success. It is his intention to conduct a series of public meetings in every town of the Riding at which he will invite the Government party to be represented and will if invited attend the meetings held by Mr. Retallack. A hot fight is to be made by the Govenment supporters in the Riding with John L. Retallack leading the folorn hope.

BEFORE THE CLUB.

John L. Retallack addressed the Campaign Association in New Denver last Tuesday evening and from the accounts at hand met with a decidedly chilly reception, Only the vigorous application of the muzzels kept by the Association restrained the majority of those present from expressing their dissaproval of the very scattering remarks of the speaker.

Not having much idea of the Government's policy, Mr. Retallack did not commit himself but promised to explain his position after he had conferred with the Premier, whom he expected in a few days. Mr. Retallack remarked that it was fortunate for New Denver that he happened to be in Victoria when the resolution forwarded by the Association reached there. What Mr. Retallack meant was that the Turner outfit would attach more weight to the wish of a private citizen than it would to the wish of any organization of voters or of a duly elected member. This insult was duly swallowed by the Government end of the Association.

SILVERTON'S CLUB.

Silvertons Local Improvement Association, held a meeting last Tuesday evening and decided what was to be done with the Government appropiation that was to have been used to fix up the road running up the gulch. As this meeting was held privately behind locked doors, we are not in a position to state the particulars as to the private distribution of this public money.

CIRCUMSTANCES ALTER CASES.

"An evidence of the way in which our Province has been robbed by the Turner Government and the public estate thrown away is afforded in the fact that in the deal between the Gooderham and the Heinze, the railroad and smelter man, it was proposed that Heinze should receive $2,000,000 solely for the franchise which the Province through the Turner Government had made them a present of" Vide Ledge Jan. 6, 1898:

This is the Government that the New Denver Ledge has announced itself, in a very apologetic way, as supporting,

NOTICE.

Parties cutting wood on the property of the Silverton Townsite, or removing same will be prosecuted. Squatters are also warned not to trespass on said property.

SILVERTON TOWNSITE,
by Cross & Co., Agents.

CHURCH SERVICES.

Commencing on Wednesday June 1st., Services will be held every alternate Wednesday evening in the Union Church Silverton, by the Rev. C. F. Yates Episcopalian minister.

Service will be held in the Silverton Church on Sunday next at 3 p.m. Preacher:-Rev. R N Powell. Subject—Liberty. All are cordially invited.

Divine Services will be held in the Union Church by J. H. Sharpe, Presbyterian Missionary, every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m, Everybody welcome.

LITTLE ETTA'S COLORED BOY.

BY FRED EMERSON BROOKS

"May I tum in 'e parlour," asked Etta rather coy,
"And bring along my tump'ny, my little tolored boy."

"His name is tolored Sammy, and somethin' more than that;
He is so awful sunburnt, betause he's dot no hat.

"He lives way oder yonder on todder side 'e road,
Down where you said a rooster at early morning crowed.

"So I went down and told 'em my mamma was so ill
That long-tail' hen disturb her by singin' froo hees bill,

"We drove him in 'e torner an' Sammy till' him dead,
An' den to stop hees singin', his ma chop off hees head.

"And when I asked her whedder hens went to heaven or not
She laughed and said; 'Dis rooster I dess will go to pot!,

"Den I brought Sammy oder to div him all my toys
Betause he don't have any like udder little boys.

"Oder yonder by 'e meadow, where they dot a water troff,
I squbbed hees face so shiny, but 'e black would not tum off.

"What makes him look so tolored and while I'm so very white?
was I born in 'e daytime an' he born in 'e night?

"Please div' him my big nightie, or tut off one of aunt's—
His shirt is tored so awful! He's only dot one pants!

"You might take one of papa's and tut 'em off for him,
And div' him papa's 'spenders so's to tear him in."

THE LOCAL LAYOUT.

Ed McGregor of Alywin was in town on Thursday.

A. Thompson, New Denver, paid the SILVERTONIAN a call last Wednesday.

Our city scavenger and his cart arrived on Tuesday morning's boat.

Wm. Brandon, Slocan City, paid the SILVERTONIAN a visit on Monday.

Mrs. Small and daughter of Toronto. are visiting at the Selkirk Hotel.

Sandon, is to have a Brass Band. Thus the dangers to travellers increase.

On Tuesday last John L. Retallack, was in town shaking hands with all the boys—iit.

Estimated increase of revenue $35,000. Estimated increase of offical salaries $38,000.

Remember the recital of Fred Emerson Brooks in McKinnon's Hall, Monday June 20th. Admission 75 and 50 cents.

Boom !! With pale faces the citizens rush to the streets. What has happened? A Spanish bomb? No, only Jim Bowes has bust the football again.

One of our citizens was up before the beak on Wednesday and charged with disturbing the peace. Ten dollars and costs were mulucted.

W. W. Clark, the man on the wing, of The World of Vancouver was in town Friday, Mr. Clark is a rustler and the paper he represents is a good one.

THE POET-HUMORIST,

Our citizens will have an opportunity on Monday evening next to hear the poet Fred Emerson Brooks, the poet-humorist, render selections from his own pen. Mr. Brooks comes here recomended by Queen Victoria, President Mc Kinley, General Miles, and in fact the prominent men of America and Great Britan. This is an opportunity that should be missed by none. It is seldom that an author of such world wide repute as Mr. Brooks is heard and a large attendance at his recital should testify the appreciation of Silvertonians for him. We publish two of the many letters of appreciation showered on Mr. Brooks.

Charolotte, N. C. Jan. 5, 1896

Your noble poem, "A worthy Tribute to My Brave General," shall be ever treasured by me, and be incorporated in the new adition of my life of Stonewall Jackson.

Mrs. Stonewall Jackson.

Washington, D. C. April 6. 1895.

My heart goes out to you in a flood of thanks for your wonderful poem. "Pickett's Charge," and in your noble efforts to honor the name of my hero-husband.

Mrs. L. De C. Pickett.

Dreadfully Nervous.

Gents:—I was dreadfully nervous and for relief took your Karl's Clover Root Tea. It quieted my nerves and strengthened my whole Nervous System. I was troubled with Constipation, Kidney and Bowel trouble. Your Tea soon cleansed my system so throughly that I rapidly regained health and strength. Mrs. S. A. Sweet, Hartfort Conn. Sold by The Silverton Drug Store.

J. A. McKINNON & CO,
Silverton, B. C.
CARRY A FULL LINE OF
General Merchandise
AND
Miner's Supplies
Prices Right,

FINE TAILORING
Spring Suit Patterns Now on Hand,
I would respectfully invite gentlemen to an early inspection of my selections in Spring and Summer Suitings.
My prices will be found moderate. I make it a point to keep them as low as is consistent with good material, good workmanship and the care and attention requiste to get up thoroughly satisfactory garments.
Liebscher, The Tailor,
Lake View avenue. Silverton, B. C.

J. M. M. BENEDUM,
ASSAYER,
Silverton. B. C.

THORBURN HOUSE,
GRANT THORBURN, PROPR.
Headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men.
CONVENIENTLY LOCATED TO WHARF AND DEPOT.
Domestic and Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT IS FIRST CLASS
SILVERTON, B. C

Hotel Victoria,
James Bowes Prop
FINEST APPOINTED HOTEL IN THE KOOTENAYS. EVERYTHING NEW, NEAT, AND CLEAN. CONVENIENTLY LOCATED TO STEAMBOAT LANDING. FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.
SILVERTON. - - B. C.

LAKEVIEW HOTEL
Silverton
THIS HOTEL IS NEW AND NEATLY FURNISHED, THE BAR IS SUPPLIED WITH BEST BRANDS OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
L. M. Knowles. Prop.

AROUND THE MINING CAMPS

SALES AND DEVELOPMENT.

The Production of Precious Metals in the State of Washington During 1897—Sinking Fund of Butte & Boston—Placer Mining in Granite County, Montana.

The production of precious metals in the state of Washington during 1897 was 21,752.504 ounces of gold and 242,720.85 fine ounces of silver, valued at $449,664.15 and $313,898.46 respectively, according to a report of the assayer at the Helena office. Below is a comparison of the 1897 yield with that of the previous year.

	1896.	1897.	Increase.
Gold..	$395,489.51	$449,664.15	$54,174.64
Silver..	301,718.54	313,898.46	12,119.92
Totals	$697,268.05	$763,562.61	$66,294.56

This indicates an increase amounting to $66,294.56 in the output of gold and silver during 1897. These figures have been compiled from returns furnished by the producers of precious metals in the state of Washington, and from data given by the various smelters and refineries handling the product of the mines, and from the records of the government mints and assay offices receiving the bullion from this state. Care has been taken to avoid all duplication in the preparation of the total product of the state.

Owing to the present nature of the industry it has not been found practicable to prepare more detailed tables than those that accompany this review. To do so and show the production of the different counties would be a breach of confidence in certain instances, as practically the entire output is from a single mine and thus what has been given to this bureau in confidence would really become public.

To review the yield and the origin of precious metals in the state of Washington it is necessary to go beyond the scope of actual production and look into the forces at work which will have an immediate influence on the further production. Nor can one be oblivious to the many discoveries and locations and the development of the same.

The increased production has an importance beyond that expressed in the above figures in that the development of the mineral resources of the state is being established on a productive and permanent basis. Intense activity has characterized the mining industry in the state of Washington during the past year and for the actual amounts of gold and silver produced this activity is proportionately much greater than in any other state. Only in recent years have the mineral resources of Washington attracted attention and until recently the best energy and thought have been concentrated toward the prospecting of the enormous areas embraced in the several districts. As a result many valuable discoveries have been made and their importance is rapidly attracting wide interest to the possibilities of these future mines. The increased production of $66,294.56 in a total yield of $763,562.61, or over 8½ per cent, thus becomes of paramount importance in that it shows a growth of this industry from prospecting and a desultory production to a profitable basis. To those who understand the progression of "prospecting" into "production" it is evident that Washington is at no distant future to take rank with the older producing states.

The inaccessibility of the mineral districts has retarded an earlier and a larger production. Thus far the discoveries have been of large ore bodies of low grade ore, which will not warrant transportation to or treatment at smelters, but must be worked where mined by milling, concentration or cyaniding in order to afford a profit. These districts constiutute all of the northern and central western portion of the state.

Small lots of placer gold have been secured in Garfield, Lewis, Lincoln, Pierce and Whatcom counties which would aggregate but a small amount. Owing to these having been handled by those who purchase small quantities, both their origin, identity and amount have been lost.

Bullion of Washington production deposited at the United States mints and assay offices during the calendar year 1897:

GOLD.

Institution.	Standard Ounces.	Value.
Assay offices—		
Helena..	4,634.212	$ 86,217.86
New York..	14.943	278.01
Boise..	45.018	893.36
Mints—		
Philadelphia..	79.654	1,481.93
San Francisco..	3,405.784	63,363.42
Total..	8,182.611	$152,234.58

SILVER.

Institution.	Standard Ounces.	Coining Value
Assay offices—		
Helena..	1,091.13	$ 1,269.67
New York.. ..	5.03	5.85
Boise..	7.14	8.31
Mints—		
Philadelphia.. ..	23.07	26.84
San Francisco..	766.49	891.92
Total..	1,892.86	$ 2,202.59

Production of gold and silver in Washington, (origin detailed), during the calendar year 1897:

GOLD.

Origin.	Fine Ounces.	Value.
Placer bullion.. ..	6,651.148	$137,491.42
Mill bullion.. ..	713.203	14,743.21
In dry ores and concentrates classed as smelting ores..	14,388.153	297,429.52
Total..	21,752.504	$449,664.15

SILVER.

Origin.	Fine Ounces.	Coinage Value.
Placer bullion ..	1,551.49	$ 2,005.96
Mill bullion.. ..	152.09	196.64
In dry ores and concentrates classed as smelting ores..	241,077.27	311,695.86
Total...	242,780.85	$313,898.46

Total production of precious metals in Washington during the calendar year 1897:

Description.	Quantity.	Value.
Gold, fine ounces.. ..	21,752.504	$449,664.15
Silver, fine ounces, (coinage rate.. ..	242,780.85	313,898.46
Total production		$763,562.61

Old Camp at Beartown.

Frank Longmaid, who has been sampling a placer mine near the old mining town of Beartown, in Granite county, Montana, has returned to Helena with a sack of gold as the result of his investigations. He secured an option upon the property at $10,000 last fall. To thoroughly sample the property he made preparations to utilize the melting snows of the spring in washing the gravel through a steam washing plant. Two thousand yards were treated, and Mr. Longmaid said recently, in response to a question concerning the result, that the product averaged 90 cents a yard. Mr. Longmaid estimates the cost of operating at 25 cents a yard, and figures the amount of undeveloped ground at 600,000 yards. He has organized the Summit Mining Company, with a capital of $30,000 to operate the property, and is the president of the corporation. It is intended that 500 yards a day will be handled. Mr. Longmaid's visit to Helena is for the purpose of completing arrangements for the steam shovel and pumping plant to be used in the work of mining.

On Porcupine Creek.

Ymir, B. C., reports that Mackenzie & Mann, railroad contractors, recently bonded the Big Patch group for $45,000 for 30 days, Darrow & French, the owners, to retain a one-fifth interest in the property. The Big Patch is situated at the head of porcupine creek and was located last fall by Darrow and French of Nelson. Considerable development work has been done on the property, which shows up a fine ledge, four feet wide, the ore being very rich in free gold, which can plainly be seen with the naked eye. Mackenzie & Mann will put a force of men to work on the Big Patch at once and develop the property as rapidly as possible. Assays have been made on picked samples that run as high as $3900 to the ton.

The Butte and Boston.

The sinking fund of the Butte & Boston calls for the retirement of the whole issue of bonds, which are a first mortgage on the property, in the following manner: During the first five years of the bond from April 1, 1898, to 1902, the net earnings each year up to $75,000 are to be applied to the sinking fund before any dividends can be paid on the stock. From April 1, 1903, to 1912, inclusive, ten years, $75,000 a year must be paid to the trustees of the sinking fund, and during the last five years of the bond an equal amount each year to pay off the balance by maturity.

In Eureka District.

The final payment on the golden Harvest group of claims in Eureka district which was bonded by John M. Burke and associates and is being operated by a company recently incorporated has just been made. This completes the payment of the purchase price of the property which is said by officers of the company to have been $20,000. Recent reports from the group are to the effect that development is daily adding to the value of the property. The ledge is said to be an enormous one and the values are growing constantly better.

In Southern Idaho.

Cyrus Bradley and W. Halterman of Spokane have closed a deal for the Franklin and Vixie mines at Pine Grove, Idaho. The price is undtrstood to be $20,000. It is their intention to start development work on an extensive scale immediately. The dredge of the basic company at Placerville has been launched. It is 40 by 100 feet in size. The placing of the machinery in position will begin immediately. This will be one of the largest gold dredges in the country.

BRUTAL CRIME IN BUTTE.

Little Ethel Gill Murdered by Some Fiend.

Butte, Mont., June 11.—Ethel Gill, aged 9 years, disappeared from her home on South Ohio street on Thursday evening. This morning her dead body was found in an outhouse several blocks from the residence of her parents. The condition of the body showed plainly she had been outraged and the marks about her neck indicated that she had been strangled to death.

The police think they have the man who committed the crime. He was arrested about an hour after the girl's absence was noted. The police wanted him on suspicion of burglary. They found him in the lumber yard not 50 feet from the outhouse. There were blood stains on his clothes and when questioned about them he could give no satisfactory answer. When today's discovery was made the police thought of this circumstance. Since then witnesses have been found who will swear they saw the man and the child together on the evening of her disappearance and shortly before his arrest. The man gave the name of Chas. Smith, but is also known to the police as Higgins.

May Not Be the Man.

Butte, Mont., June 12.—Thousands of people today visited the scene of the murder of little Ethel Gill and hundreds went to the county jail to see the man who is suspected of it. They were in hopes of being able to identify Charles Smith as the man who had been seen in various parts of the city making indecent advances toward young girls and children. None of them were able to do so, however, and some of the authorities are beginning to waver a little in their faith that they have the right man. They are bending every effort to find the guilty party, and most of them think Smith is the man.

One feature of the case is that when the little girl did not come home to supper and the anxious mother went to look for her, she was attracted by the crowd that had gathered around the officer who arrested Smith on a charge of burglary. This was not over 25 feet from the outhouse in which the body of the child was found later, and where it was, no doubt, at the time.

Not realizing that she had any interest in the arrest, the mother passed on and continued her search.

The Gills have been following the race horses over the western circuit, both father and mother acting as cooks.

Germany Is to Prevent It.

London, June 13.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Nagasaki, Japan, says: "I have trustworthy information that Germany is determined to prevent a bombardment of Manila."

It's a poor writer that escapes criticism.

WAR REVENUE IS IN FORCE

BILL SIGNED BY PRESIDENT.

Bankers, Brokers and Amusement Places Expected to Give Up Large Amounts—Many Stamps Will Be Called For—Abstract of the Measure.

Washington, June 13.—The speaker and vice president signed the war revenue bill this morning and the president signed it at 3 p. m.

Immediately upon receiving information from the White house that the bill had been signed by the president, Secretary Gage issued a circular explaining to the public the proposed bond issue. The circular invites subscriptions for two hundred millions of 3 per cent bonds. Subscriptions will be received at par for a period of 3 days from this date. Bonds will be issued in the coupon and registered form, coupon denominations ranging from $20 to $1000, and registered bonds from $20 to $10,000.

The following is an abstract of the provisions of the bill

A tax of $2 on all beer, ale porter, and other similar fermented liquors for every barrel containing not more than 13 gallons; and at a like rate for any other quantity or fractional part of a barrel.

Special Taxes From July 1.

: 1. Bankers employing a capital not exceeding $25,000, $50; employing a capital exceeding $25,000, for every additional $1000, $2; surplus included as capital.

Savings banks having no capital stock and whose business is confined to receiving deposits and loaning or investing the same for the benefit of their depositors and which do no other business or banking are not subject to this tax.

2. Brokers, $50; but any person having paid the special tax as a bank shall not be required to pay the special tax as a broker.

3. Pawnbrokers, $20.

4. Commerical brokers, $20.

5. Custom house brokers, $10.

6. Proprietors of theaters, museums and concert halls in cities of more than 25,000 population, $100. This does not include halls rented or used occasionally for concerts or theatrical representations.

7. Circuses, $100, to be paid in each state in which exhibitions are given.

8. Proprietors or agents of all public exhibitions or shows for money not enumerated here, $10.

9. Bowling alleys and billiard rooms, $5 for each table or alley.

Tobacco Tax.

Tobaccos, cigars, cigarettes and snuff. In lieu of tax now imposed by law, a tax of 1c per ounce upon all tobacco and cigarettes manufactured and sold, the following taxes to be paid by the manufacturer: $3.60 per 1000 on cigars weighing more than three pounds per 1000; $1 per 1000 cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1000; $3.60 per 1000 on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1000, and $1.50 per 1000 on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1000.

The compromise provisio in regard to the tax on stock on hand provides for a tax equal to one-half the difference between the tax already paid on such articles at the time of removal from the factory or custom house and the tax levied in this act upon such articles. Dealers having on hand less than 1000 pounds of manufactured tobacco and 20,000 cigarettes or cigars on the day succeeding the date of the passage of the bill are relieved from the necessity of making returns and thus relieved from the necessity of paying the tax.

Tobacco Dealers and Manufacturers.

Dealers in leaf tobacco whose annual sales do not exceed 50,000 pounds each, $6. Those whose annual sales exceed 50,000 and not 100,000 pounds, $12, and if their annual sales exceed 100,000 pounds, $24.

Dealers in other tobacco, whose annual sales exceed 50,000 pounds, $12. Those selling their own products at the place of manufacture are exempted from this tax.

Manufacturers of tobacco whose annual sales do not exceed 50,000 pounds, $6. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 50,000 and not 100,000 pounds, $12. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 100,000 pounds, $24. Manufacturers of cigars whose annual sales do not exceed 100,000 cigars, $6. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 100,000 and 200,000 cigars, $12. Manufacturers whose sales exceed 200,000 cigars, $24.

Insurance.

Life—On each policy for $100, 10c on the amount insured. On policies on the industrial or weekly plan, 40 per cent of the amount of the first weekly premium is charged. Fraternal, beneficiary societies and purely local co-operative companies, employes' relief associations, operated on the lodge system or local co-operative plan, "organized and conducted solely by the members thereof, for the exclusive benefit of its members and not for profit," are exempted.

Insurance (marine, inland, fire)—Each policy, one-half of one per cent on each dollar. Co-operative and mutual companies are exempted.

Insurance (casualty, fidelity and guarantee)—Each policy and each bond for the performance of the duties of any office or position or other obligation of the nature of indemnity and each contract or obligation guaranteeing the validity of bonds or other public body or guaranteeing titles to real estate or mercantile credits guaranteed by any surety company upon the amount of premium charged, one-half of 1 cent on each dollar; on a lease, land, or tenement, not exceeding one year, 25 cents; exceeding one year and not exceeding three years, 50 cents; exceeding three yars, $1.

Other Provisions.

Manifest for custom house entry or clearance of cargo for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel or steamer does not exceed 300 tons, $1; exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons, $3; exceeding 600 tons, $5.

Mortgage of real estate or personal property; exceeding $1000 and not exceeding $1500, 25 cents, and on each $500 in excess of $1500, 25 cents.

Passage tickets to a foreign port, if costing not exceeding $30, $1; costing more than $30 and not exceeding $60, $3; costing more than $60, $5.

Proxy for voting at any election for officers of any incorporated company except religious, charitable or literary socities or public cemeteries, 10 cents.

Power of attorney, 25 cents.

Protesting notes, bills of exchange, acceptance, check or draft or any marine protest, 25 cents.

Warehouse receipts, 25 cents.

The stamp duties on manifests, bills of lading and passage tickets do not apply to steamboats or other vessels plying between ports of the United States and ports in British North America.

Silver Provision.

The provision for the silver bullion is as follows :

Coinage of silver bullion—That the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to coin into standard dollars as rapidly as the public interests may require to an amount, however, of not less than $1,500,000 a month of silver bullion now in the treasury purchased in accordance with the provisions of the act approved July 14, 1890, entitled, "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of treasury notes thereon and for other purposes." And said dollars when coined shall be used when applied in the manner and for the purpose named in said act.

Bond Provision.

The following provision has been added to the bond provision:

"Provided, further that any portion of any issue of said bonds not subscribed for as above provided, may be disposed of by the secretary of the treasury at not less than par and under such regulations as he may prescribe, but no commissions shall be allowed or paid thereon and a sum not exceeding one-tenth of 1 per centum of the amount of the bonds and certificates herein authorized is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to the expense of preparing, advertising and issuing the same."

Schedule A, Stamp Taxes.

Bonds, debentures or certificates of indebtedness by any association, company or corporation on each $100 of face value or fraction thereof, 5 cents, and on each original issue, whether on organization or reorganization certificates of stock by such association, company or corporation, on each $100 of face value or fraction thereof, 5 cents; and on all sales or deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock, on each $100 of face value or fraction thereof, 2 cents; in case of sale where the evidence or transfer is shown only by the books of the company the stamp shall be placed upon such books and where the condition of ownership is by transference the stamp shall be placed upon the certificates, and in case an agreement to sell or where the transfer is by delivery of the certificate assigned in blank, there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill or memorandum of such sale, to which the stamp shall be affixed.

Penalty: A fine of from $500 to $1000 and imprisonment for six months or both.

Stock Exchange Dealings.

Upon each sale or agreement to sell any products or merchandise at any exchange or board of trade or other similar place, either for present or future delivery for each $100 in value of said sale or agreement of sale or agreement to sell, 1 cent, and for each additional $100 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $100, 1 cent; provided, that on every sale or agreement of sale or agreement to sell there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill, memorandum of such sale, to which there shall be affixed a lawful stamp or stamps in value equal to the amount of tax on such sale. Bank checks, drafts or certificates of deposit not drawing interest, or an order for the payment of any sum of money drawn upon or issued by any bank, trust company or any person or persons, companies or corporations, 2 cents.

Bills of exchange (international) draft, certificate of deposit, drawing interest or order for the payment of any sum of money, otherwise than at sight or on demand, or any promissory note except bank notes issued for circulation and for each renewal for the same for a sum not exceeding $100, 2 cents; for each additional $100 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $100, 2 cents.

Bills of exchange (foreign) or letters of credit if drawn for a sum not exceeding $100, 4 cents, and for each $100 or fractional part thereof in excess of $100, 4 cents. If drawn in sets of two or more for every bill of each set, 2 cents, and for each $100 or fractional part in excess of $100, 2 cents.

Bills of lading or receipt (other than charter party) for any goods or merchandise to be exported to any foreign port or place, 10 cents.

Express or Freight.

It is made the duty of every railroad or steamboat company, carrier, express company or corporation or person whose occupation is to act as such, to issue to the shipper or consigner a bill of lading, manifest or other evidence of receipt and forwarding for each shipment received whether in bulk or in boxes, bales, packages, bundles or not so enclosed or included and there is to be attached and cancelled to each of said bills of lading, etc., a stamp of the value of 1 cent; provided, that but one bill of lading shall be required on bundles or packages of newspapers when enclosed in one general bundle at the time of shipment. Penalty, $50.

A tax of 1 cent is imposed on every telephone message for which over 15 cents is charged. Any telegraphic message 1 cent.

Indemnifying bonds, 50 cents.

Certificates of profits of any association and on all transfers thereof on each $100 of face value, 2 cents.

Certificates of damages or otherwise, issued by any port wardens or marine surveyor, 25 cents; certificates of any other description, 10 cents. Charter parties, if the registered tonnage of the vessel does not exceed 300 tons, $32; exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons, $5; exceeding 600 tons, $10. Contract brokers' notes or memorandum of sale of any goods or merchandise, stocks, bonds, exchange notes or real estate or property of any description issued by brokers or persons acting as such for each note or memorandum of sale, 10 cents.

Conveyance or deed for real estate, on which consideration exceeds $100 and does not exceed $500, 50 cents, and for each additional $500, 50 cents.

Entry of bonds at any custom house not exceeding $100 in value, 25 cents. Exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents; exceeding $500 in value, $1.

Entry for withdrawal of goods from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Certificate of profit of any association and on all transfers thereof, on all face values, 2 cents.

For Issue of Bonds.

The secretary of the treasury is authorized to borrow on the credit of the United States from time to time as the proceeds may be required to defray expenditures authorized on account of the existing war (which proceeds when received to be used for the purpose of meeting such war expenditures) the sum of $400,000,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary and to prepare and issue therefor coupon or registered bonds of the United States in denominations of $20 or some multiple of that sum, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the United States after 10 years from the date of their issue and payable 20 years from such date and bearing interest payable quarterly in coin at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. The bonds are to be first offered at par as a popular loan.

Patent Medicines.

Schedule B—Medicinal proprietary articles and preparations—upon every packet, box, bottle, pot or phial or other inclosure, except natural spring waters and carbonated natural spring waters, where such packet, etc., does not exceed at the retail price 5 cents, one-eighth of 1 cent tax; when the retail price is between 5 and 10 cents, one-fourth of 1 cent; between 10 and 15 cents, three-eighths of 1 cent; between 15 and 25 cents, five-eighths of a cent, and for each additional 25 cents in value, five-eighths of 1 cent tax.

The same tax applies to perfumery and cosmetics and other similar articles used as applications to the hair, mouth or skin. Chewing gum, each package of not more than $1 retail value, 4 cents, and for each additional $1, 4 cents.

Sparkling or other wines when bottled for sale, upon each bottle containing one pint or less, 1 cent; more than one pint, 2 cents. The stamp is only to be affixed when the article in this schedule is sold.

Petroleum and Sugar.

Petroleum and Sugar Refiners—Every person, firm, corporation or company carrying on the business of refining petroleum or refining sugar or owning or controlling any pipe line for transporting oil or other products whose gross annual receipts exceed $250,000, is made subject to pay annually a special excise tax equivalent to one-parter of 1 per cent on the gross amount of all receipts in excess of that sum. Returns are to be made monthly. The penalty is a fine of from $5000 to $10,000.

A stamp tax of 1 cent is to be collected on every seat sold in a palace and parlor car and on every berth sold in a sleeping car, and the stamp to be affixed to the ticket and paid by the company issuing it.

Inheritance Tax.

A tax on inheritance and legacies exceeding $10,000 is provided as follows: On sums between $10,000 and $25,000, first on benefits to the lineal issue or lineal ancestors, brother or sister of the deceased at the rate of 75 cents for every $100. Second, to the descendant of a brother or sister at the rate of $1.50 for every $100. Third, to the brother or sister of the father or mother or a descendant of a brother or sister of the father or mother at the rate of $3 for every $100. Fourth, to the brother or sister of the grandfather or grandmother or descendant of a brother or sister of the grandfather or grandmother, $4 for every $100. Fifth, to those of any other degree of collateral consanguity or strangers in blood or a body politic or corporate, at the rate of $5 for every $100.

All legacies or property passing by will or by law of any state or territory to husband or wife are exempted from tax or duty. On sums ranging between $25,000 and $100,000, the rates of tax are to be multiplied by one and one-half; on those ranging from $100,000 to $500,000 the rates are to be multiplied by two; on those ranging from $500,000 to $1,000,000, the rates are to be multiplied by two and one-half, and on those above $1,000,000 the rates are to be multiplied by three.

The tax is to be made a lien upon the property until paid and it is required that the tax shall be satisfied before the legatee is paid.

Certificates of Indebtedness.

The secretary of the treasury is authorized to borrow from time to time, at a rate of interest not exceeding 3 per cent, such sums as in his judgment may be necessary to meet the public expenditures and to issue certificates of indebtedness in denominations of $50 or some multiple of that sum. Each certificate is made payable at such time not exceeding one year from the date of its issue as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe, provided that the amount of such certificates obtained shall at no time exceed $100,000,000.

Adhesion Stamps.

Adhesion stamps: Section 7 provides that if any person shall make, sign or issue any instrument or paper of any description without its being stamped, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, the penalty being $100 at the discretion of the court.

Section 8 provides a penalty of a fine not exceeding $1000 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or both, for counterfeiting the stamps and the penalty is made to apply to all persons having any connection with the counterfeiting.

Proprietors of proprietary articles are given the privilege of furnishing their own dies or designs for stamps, a failure to perform which act is made a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than $50, nor more than $500, or by imprisonment of not to exceed six months or both.

It is also made a misdemeanor by section 10 to evade the provisions of the stamp law, punishable by a fine not exceeding $200.

Exemptions.

Section 16 exempts government, state, county and municipal bonds from the operation of the law and also the stocks and bonds issued by co-operative building and loan associations, whose capital stock does not exceed $10,000 and building and loan associations or companies that make loans only to their shareholders.

Section 18 provides for a tax stamp on telegraph messages and exempts messages of officers and employes of the government and official business and also the messages of the telegraph or railroad companies over their own lines.

Section 20 makes it a misdemeanor to evade the plans of schedule B, relative to drugs, medicines, perfumery, etc., punishable by a fine not to exceed $500 or imprisonment to not exceed six months or both.

Medicines put up and sold at retail as prescriptions are not included in the taxable articles, leaving it to apply particularly to proprietary articles.

Section 24 adds tax on proprietary articles to the duty on them, requiring the affixing of the internal revenue stamp before withdrawal for consumption.

Mixed Flour and Tea.

A substitute was adopted for the senate provision for a tax on mixed flour, but the material points were retained. In addition to the annual license of $12 upon manufactures a tax of 4 cents per barrel is levied upon all mixed flour manufactured, sold or removed for sale. The same rate is proportionately levied on half barrels and smaller packages.

Tea—There shall be levied, collected and paid upon tea when imported from foreign countries a duty of 10 cents per pound. The tax becomes operative with the act.

EIGHT HUNDRED MILLION.

American Farmers Draw From Foreign Countries.

Washington, June 13.—The farmers of the country are drawing upon other parts of the world for more money in the fiscal year which ends with this month than in any preceding year in the history of the country. Even the high water mark of 1892, when our exports of agricultural products amounted to $799,328,232, will be surpassed by the record of the year which closes with this month. The preliminary reports of May exportations which have reached the bureau of statistics make it quite apparent that the agricultural exports of the year will be considerably in excess of $800,000,000, the total for the year being likely to reach $835,000,000. Never before have the exports of agricultural products reached the $800,000,000 line and never but twice have they been as much as $700,000,000, the two occasions being in 1881 and 1892.

Compared with the last fiscal year the increase in exports of agricultural products will be fully $150,000,000, and compared with the preceding year the increase will be over $250,000,000, while the total will be fully 50 per cent in excess of that of the fiscal year of 1895.

TOKENS OF ENGLAND'S FAVOR.

Loudly Cheered in Expressing Good Will for America.

London, June 11.—Last evening's proceedings in parliament illustrated the high favor in which Americans are held here just now. Every allusion of Sir William Harcourt or Mr. Chamberlain to the suggested alliance or understanding was loudly cheered, the Irish alone dissenting. Harcourt, liberal leader, said:

"No one is more anxious or more eager for closer and more permanent relations with the United States than myself. Ever since I have had anything to do with public life, my foremost object has been the cultivation of good relations with the United States."

Chamberlain, at the end of a long defense of his policy as secretary of state for the colonies, made an eloquent reiteration of his desire for close, cordial and intimate relations with the United States, adding:

"And more close, more intimate, more definite they are the better I shall be satisfied."

SPAIN DOESN'T WANT PEACE.

Declare That War Can Be Continued for Two Years.

Madrid, June 11.—The campaign inaugurated by some of the foreign newspapers in favor of peace between Spain and the United States, is not approved here. According to the opinions of several generals, Spain is capable of continuing war in Cuba, for two years even under the most unfavorable circumstances, herefore, they add, it is useless to talk of peace unless it implies a return to the status quo ante-bellum.

The government, it is added, has not received any suggestions of peace from the powers, and in political circles, it is declared, if such suggection were received, the government would politely decline to entertain it on the ground that Spain has decided to pursue the war to the bitter end.

Transvaal Expecting War.

London, June 13.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

The war between the Transvaal and Swaziland may break out at any moment. The Swaziland king has 30,000 warriors well armed and drilled, and there is much anxiety in the Transvaal.

When wives and widows speak of their late husbands, their meaning is quite different.

HISTORIC FORT DE FRANCE.

Famous as the Birthplace of Empress Josephine.

Fort de France, Martinique, is the strongest fortified point the French own in America. It is both a military and naval station and a fort was erected on a mountain top there years ago, which has since been improved and strengthened by some of the most modern guns known in warfare.

During the civil war the United States cruiser Kearsarge chased the confederate blockade runner Alabama into the harbor and was on the point of opening fire on her when the authorities forbade it. Here they remained for some time and during a stormy night the Alabama slipped out and disappeared in the Caribbean sea. Several times it has been badly damaged by tropical cyclones during which hundreds lost their lives.

It is noted as being the birth place of Empress Josephine; a life-size piece of statuary of her adorns the principal plaza. The fort has had for years but one family, the king of Dahomy and his six wives, whom the French captured after great trouble in the African wilds and imprisoned.

Cannery Loss $75,000.

Astoria, Ore., June 13.—The loss caused by the burning of the Aberdeen Packing Company's cannery at Ilwaco, Wash., is estimated at $75,000. The insurance is about $40,000. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

Kaslo & Slocan Railway.

TIME CARD NO. 1.
Subject to change without notice.
Trains run on Pacific standard time.

Going West. Leave.	Daily.	Going East. Arrive.
8:00 a. m.	Kaslo	3:50 p. m.
8:36 a. m.	South Fork	3:15 p. m.
9:36 a. m.	Sproule's	2:15 p. m.
9:51 a. m.	Whitewater	2:00 p. m.
10:03 a. m.	Bear Lake	1:48 p. m.
10:18 a. m.	McGuigan	1:33 p. m.
10:38 a. m.	Junction	1:12 p. m.
Arrive.		Leave.
10:50 a. m.	Sandon	1:00 p. m.

CODY LINE.

Leave 11:00 a. m... Sandon ..Arrive 11:45 p. m.
Arrive 11:20 a. m.... Cody ....Leave 11:25 a. m.

ROBERT IRVING,
Gen. Freight and Pass. Agt.
GEO. E. COPELAND, Supt.

---International---
Navigation and Trading Company.

LIMITED.

Steamers "International" and "Alberta" on Kootenay Lake and River.

Five-Mile Point connection with all passenger trains of N. & F. S. R. R. to and from Northport, Rossland and Spokane. Tickets and baggage checked to all United States points.

Leave Kaslo for Nelson and way points, daily, except Sunday, 5:45 a. m. Arrive Northport 12:15 p. m.; Rossland, 3:40 p. m.; Spokane, 6 p. m.

Leave Nelson for Kaslo and way points daily, except Sunday, 4:35 p. m. Leave Spokane, 8 a. m.; Rossland, 10:30 a. m.; Northport, 1:50 p. m.

NEW SERVICE ON KOOTENAY LAKE.

Leave Nelson for Kaslo, etc., Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday at 8:30 a. m.; arrive Kaslo, 12:30 p. m.

Leave Kaslo for Nelson, etc., Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, 4 p. m.; arrive Nelson, 8 p. m.

BONNER'S FERRY AND KOOTENAY RIVER SERVICE.

Leave Kaslo Saturday 4 p. m.; arrive Boundary midnight; arrive Bonner's Ferry Sunday 10:30 a. m.

Leave Bonner's Ferry Sunday 1 p. m.; arrive Boundary Sunday 5 p. m.; arrive Kaslo Sunday 10 a. m.

Close connection at Bonner's Ferry with trains eastbound, leaving Spokane 7:40 a. m., and westbound arriving Spokane 7 p. m.

G. ALEXANDER, Gen. Manager.
Kaslo, B. C., Oct. 1, 1897.

THE CANADAIAN PACIFIC RY.
AND
SOO PACIFIC LINE.

Is the comfortable and most direct route to all points East. To Pacific coast and trans-Pacific points. To the rich mining districts of

KLONDIKE AND THE YUKON.

New Tourist Car service daily to St. Paul. Daily (except Tuesday) to eastern Canadian and United States points. Magnificent Sleeping and Dining Cars on all trains.

TICKETS ISSUED THROUGH AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO DESTINATION.

Daily connection (excepting Sunday) via Rosebery; 8:05 a. m. leaves Silverton, arrives 4:30 p. m.

Ascertain present reduced rates and full information by addressing nearest local agent, or

W. S. CLARK, Agent, Silverton.
W. F. ANDERSON,
Trav. Pass. Agt., Nelson.
E. J. COYLE,
Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

See our Klondike Map and Folder.

INVADING ARMIES LANDED.

NEAR SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

Eight Thousand Americans Have Disembarked—Blanco Reported to Be Losing Heart—Transports and Cargo as They Left Tampa.

Cape Haitien, June 12, 10:30 p. m.—Eight thousand Americans, according to a private dispatch from Port Au Prince, have landed very near Santiago de Cuba.

The United States auxiliary cruiser St. Louis arrived at Mole St. Nicholas today.

Troops at Guantanamo Bay.

(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press.)

Port Au Prince, Haiti, June 12, 8 p. m.—The latest advices received here from Port De Paix says that the British steamer Ravensdel from Guantanamo, whence the American warships Oregon and Marblehead compelled her to put out, reports that the Americans were evidently planning a debarkation of troops on the shore of Guantanamo bay.

Blanco Losing Heart.

London, June 13.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard, telegraphing Sunday, says:

General Blanco, having again telegraphed that in case the blockade becomes stricter it will be urgent to send war stores, as his supply is running short, the government has taken steps to distribute an abundance of supplies to vessels from Spanish and foreign ports. The more important supplies from Spain will be strongly convoyed and sent immediately.

General Blanco also telegraphs that the authorities at Santiago de Cuba claim to have repelled the American attempt to land in the inner and outer bays at Guantanamo, the Spanish forces being entrenched in positions commanding the best landing places between Santiago and Guantanamo.

Leaving Tampa.

Tampa, Fla., June 13.—The expedition that sailed from here to Key West, prior to going to Santiago, was made up of nearly 20 regiments of infantry of from 500 to 550 men each, including, besides four regiments of the Fifth army corps, four regiments of artillery. The total force of the regular infantry was about 11,000 men. There were also two regiments of volunteer infantry, about 2000 men, and two squadrons each from the First, Third, Sixth, Ninth and Tenth cavalry, about 2000 men; eight troops of volunteer cavalry taken from Roosevelt's rough riders, 560 men; four batteries of light artillery, 400 men, 16 guns; two batteries of heavy artillery, 200 men and 16 guns; the battalion of engineers, 200 men; signal and hospital corps, etc., about 300 men; a grand total of about 17,000 men. The regulars were practically picked men. Not a single recruit was taken, the regiments carrying only the old seasoned troops.

Jumped Into the Sound.

Port Townsend, Wash., June 13.—Mrs. A. Kummer, wife of Chief Engineer Kummer of the steamer Wildwood, committed suicide today by jumping off a wharf into the sound. No cause is assigned.

A woman's idea of making a name for herself is to marry well.

HOITT'S SCHOOL.

Hoitt's School at Burlingame, Cal., still maintains its position in the front ranks of the schools on the Pacific Coast. It has just closed the most successful year in its history and graduated ten young men. Nowhere are boys better taught or better cared for in every respect.—San Francisco Call, May 29.

Time advances at a snail's pace, but it retreats like a scorcher.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous, and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Ten thousand testimonials of cures. Try it *today*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Sent by mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, New York.

Ordered to San Francisco.

Denver, June 10.—A special to the News from Cheyenne, Wyo., says Major Thomas Wilhelm, who mustered in the Nevada troop, received an order from the war department for them to go to San Francisco. They will depart as soon as transportation is obtained

John D. Hart Pardoned.

Washington, June 10.—The president has granted pardon to Captain John D. Hart, now serving a sentence of two years for engaging in a filibustering expedition to Cuba.

German Cruiser for Manila.

Berlin, June 10.—Advices received here from Nagasaki, Japan, say that the German first class cruiser Kaiserin Augusta left that port for Manila.

A LETTER TO WOMEN.

A few words from Mrs. Smith, of Philadelphia, will certainly corroborate the claim that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is woman's ever reliable friend.

"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly.

"For nine weeks I was in bed suffering with inflammation and congestion of the ovaries. I had a discharge all the time. When lying down all the time, I felt quite comfortable; but as soon as I would put my feet on the floor, the pains would come back.

"Every one thought it was impossible for me to get well. I was paying $1 per day for doctor's visits and 75 cents a day for medicine. I made up my mind to try Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has effected a complete cure for me, and I have all the faith in the world in it. What a blessing to woman it is!"—MRS. JENNIE L. SMITH, No. 824 Kauffman St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEIER & FRANK CO.

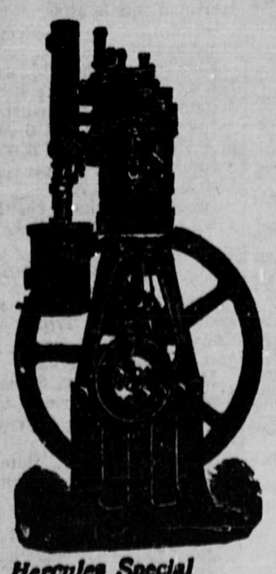
..Great Removal Sale..

A Half-Million Dollar Stock to Be Closed Out.

Work will soon be completed on our new five-story building we are to occupy, and as we intend to place only new goods upon its shelves our present immense stock must be promptly disposed of.

We have
..REDUCED PRICES..
To such an extent that it is to the interests of everyone to buy now.
All mail orders filled at Removal Sale Prices.

MEIER & FRANK CO.
PORTLAND, OREGON.



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Power that will save you money and make you money. Hercules Engines are the cheapest power known. Burn Gasoline or Distillate Oil; no smoke, fire, or dirt. For pumping, running dairy or farm machinery, they have no equal. Automatic in action, perfectly safe and reliable.

Send for illustrated catalog.

Hercules Special
(2½ actual horsepower)
Price, only $185.

Hercules Gas Engine Works
Bay St., San Francisco, Cal.

FIRST LAND BATTLE IN CUBA

THIRTEEN HOURS OF FIGHTING

Four Americans Were Shot Dead—Advance Pickets Under Lieutenants Neville and Shaw Are Unaccounted For—Spanish Loss Is Unknown.

On Board the Associated Press Dispatch Boat Dauntless, off Guantanamo, Sunday, June 12, via Mole St. Nicholas, June 12.—Lieutenant Colonel R. W. Huntington's battalion of marines which landed from the transport Panther on Friday and encamped on the hill guarding the abandoned cable station at the entrance to the harbor of Guantanamo, has been engaged in heading off a rush attack by Spanish guerrillas and regulars since 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The fighting was almost continuous for 13 hours, until 6 o'clock this morning, when reinforcements were landed from the Marblehead. Four of our men were killed and one wounded. The advance pickets under Lieutenants Neville and Shaw are unaccounted for.

Among the killed is Assistant Surgeon John Blair Gibbs, son of Mayor Gibbs of the regular army, who fell in the Custer massacre. His home was at Richmond, Va., but he has been practicing in New York and entered the service since the war began. He was a very popular officer. The others killed are Sergeant Charles H. Smith of Smallwood, Private William Dunphy of Gloucester, Mass., and Private James McColgan of Stoneham, Mass.

Corporal Glass was accidentally wounded in the hand.

Spanish Loss Unknown.

The Spanish loss is unknown, but it was probably considerable. The splashes of blood found at daylight at the positions the Spanish forces occupied indicate fatalities, but their comrades carried off the killed and wounded. The engagement began with desultory firing at the pickets, a hundred yards inland from the camp.

Captain Spicer's company was doing guard duty, and was driven in, finally rallying on the camp and repulsing the enemy by 5 o'clock.

The bodies of Privates McColgan and Dunphy were found, both shot in the head. The large cavities made by the bullets, which, inside a range of 500 yards, have a rotary motion, indicate that the victims were killed at close range. The bodies were stripped of shoes, hats and cartridge belts, and horribly mutilated with machetes.

When the bodies were brought in the whole battalion formed three sides of a hollow square about the camp on the hill top. Below in the bay were the warships at anchor. In the land front of the camp is a deep ravine, and beyond this are steep hills. The adjacent country is thick with bushes.

Americans Fine Targets.

The sky was blanketed with clouds and when the sun set a gale was blowing seaward. Night fell thick and impenetrable. The Spanish guerrillas concealed in the chaparal cover had the advantage, the men furnishing a fine target against the sky. The Spaniards fought from cover until midnight discoverable only by the flashes of their guns. The repeaters sounded like crackers in a barrel. The Marblehead's launch with a Colt machine gun in her bow, pushed up the bay enfilading the Spaniards and it is thought that some were killed. The marines trailed much blood to the water's edge and there lost it. Sharks are numerous in the vicinity.

The ships threw their searchlights ashore, the powerful eyes sweeping the deep tropic foliage and disclosing occasionally skulking parties of Spanish.

It all represented a transformation scene at the harbor. Each discovery of the enemy was greeted by the cracks of carbine fire along the edge of the camp ridge or by the long roll of the launch and the machine gun, searching thickets with a leaden stream.

Hand to Hand Struggle.

Shortly after midnight came the main attack. The Spaniards made a gallant charge up the southwest slope, but were met by repeated volleys from the main body and broke before they were one-third of the way up the hill, but they came so close that at points there was almost a hand-to-hand struggle. The officers fired their revolvers. The Spaniards got through the open formation to the edge of the camp. Colonel Jose Campina, the Cuban guide, discharged his revolver and they, turning and finding themselves without support, ran helter skelter down the reverse side of the hill. It was during this assault that Assistant Surgeon Gibbs was shot in the head in front of his own tent, the farthest point of attack. He fell into the arms of Private Sullivan and both dropped. A second bullet threw dust in their faces. Surgeon Gibbs lived 10 minutes but did not regain consciousness.

Continued All Night.

The surgeons of the hospital corps then removed their quarters to the trenches about the old Spanish stockade north of the camp. The attacks were continued at intervals throughout the rest of the night with firing by small squads in various directions.

Towards morning the fire slackened. Dawn is the favorite time for attack, and as the east paled, the marines, lying on their guns, were aroused. Some were actually asleep, as they had had no rest for 48 hours and tired nature could not longer stand the strain. But no attack came. Three new 2-pound field guns, which could not be used during the night for fear of hitting our own men, shelled several squads of Spaniards after daylight. They dove into the bushes like prairie dogs into burrows as the shells broke over their heads in the gray dawn.

Found the Sergeant's Body.

As the correspondent of the Associated Press talked with Major Cockrell, who was in charge of the outposts, word came of the finding of the body of Sergeant Smith. He was reported as having been killed at 5 o'clock on the previous day, but it appears that he had been seen alive at 10 o'clock in the evening. When and how he was killed no one knows at this writing. Neither had the man been mustered out, nor had the outposts of Neville and Shaw been relieved.

Lieutenant Colonel Huntington and Major Cockrell gave high praise to the nerve and steadiness of officers and men, especially the younger, as the engagement was a baptism of fire for a large majority. The men were in darkness and in a strange land, but they stood to their posts with courage and fortitude, and there was no symptom of panic. The marines, though much disgusted, were eager for more fighting, promising to inflict heavy punishment. Today the amplest precautions have been taken, and as the Dauntless was leaving, reinforcements were landing from the Marblehead.

The Attacking Force.

Estimates vary as to the attacking force—some say 200 and others run as high as 1000. Colonel Campina, the Cuban guide, said the Spanish were mostly that they were regulars, as most of the irregulars, but the reports of the discharge of Mauser rifles would indicate that they were regulars, as most of the guerrillas carry Remington rifles. The Cuban guerrillas, as a rule, have more dash and courage than the regulars.

The new campaign uniforms prove satisfactory and are almost invisible at a distance of 200 yards.

The Lee guns caused several accidents on the drawing of cartridges. Corporal Glass shattered his hand.

Despite the loss of the men, who are keenly regretted, the men rejoice that they have been engaged in the first fight on Cuban soil. They sailed from New York the day war was declared. Since then until they landed on the shore of Guantanamo bay they have been cooped up in the Panther, and they had begun to fear that the troops would beat them after all.

John Blair Gibbs.

New York, June 12.—John Blair Gibbs, who is reported killed at Guantanamo, was 26 years old, single, and lived alone. His late home was in this city. He is said to have been a graduate of the University of Virginia. He lived and practiced medicine here for about four years.

ALL AROUND MARKET REPORT.

Wheat Quotations, Wool Figures, and the Price of Produce.

Following are the local quotations Wholesale prices are given unless otherwise quoted:

Wheat at the warehouse—Country points: Club, bulk, 60c; sacked, 61c: bluestem, bulk, 62c; sacked, 65c. At Spokane: Club, bulk, 62c; sacked, 65c; bluestem, bulk, 65c; sacked, 68c.

Oats—At Spokane, f. o. b., $20@21.

Barley—Country points, f. o. b., 75@80c per cwt.

Rye—County points f. o. b., $1 per cwt.

Flour—Per barrel, first $4.75, second $4.50, third $4.25.

Feed—Bran and shorts, $13 per ton: shorts, $14; bran, $12; rolled barley, $19, chicken feed, $23@25.

Hay—Timothy, $8.50 per ton; baled timothy, $10.50; wheat hay, $8; oat hay, $7; alfalfa, $10.

Eggs—Ranch, $4.25@4.75.

Corn—Whole, $23; cracked, $24.

Wool—Fine medium, 6@7c per lb; medium, 5@6c per lb.

Produce—Fancy creamery butter, 40 and 60-lb tubs, 21c per lb; 5, 10 and 20-lb tubs, 22c; prints, 22c; California butter, 25@26c lb; country butter in rolls, 20@23c per lb; cooking butter, 16c; eastern creamery, prints, 23c; cheese, twin, full cream, 13@14c; cheese, twin, skim milk, 9 1-2@10c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 40@50c per cwt; cabbage, $2.50 per cwt; turnips, $2.50 per cwt; cucumbers, $1.50 per doz; beets, $2.50@3 per cwt; onions, $2@2.50 per cwt; beans, 1½@1¾c per lb.

Poultry—Chickens, live weight, 9@10c per lb; dressed, 11@12c; turkeys, live, 11@12c; dressed, 12@13c; ducks, live, 10c; dressed, 11@12c per lb; geese, live, 10@11c; dressed, 12@12½c.

Meats—Beef cows, live $2.85@3.10 per cwt; dressed $6@7; steers, live $2.85@3.50, dressed $8@8.50; hogs, live $4.50@4.75, dressed $6@6.50; mutton, live 4@4 1-2c, dressed 8@8 1-2c per lb; dressed veal, 7@8c per lb; lamb, 12 1-2 wholesale.

Wheat.

Portland, June 13.—A few sales of Walla Walla wheat are reported on a new crop basis of 70 to 72c being paid. Valley and bluestem would probably command 73@75c per bushel.

Tacoma, June 13.—Wheat—Dull; club, 68c; bluestem, 71c.

Metals.

San Francisco, June 13.—Silver bars, 57 3-8c; Mexican dollars, 46 1-4@46 3-4c.

Lake copper—Quiet; brokers', $11.75.

Lead—Dull; brokers', $3.60.

TO KEEP OUT OF POLITICS.

Social Democracy Turns Down Debs Plan and Votes for Colonization.

Chicago, June 11.—he social democracy in convention in this city, decided by a vote of 52 to 36 in favor of the colonization scheme, for which purpose it was organized, and against the plan of political action proposed by Eugene V. Debs.

Prior to taking the vote there was a warm debate from early last evening until 2:30 this morning. The result of the balloting was announced amidst the utmost enthusiasm and was so overwhelming that the advocates of the political action program very gracefully acknowledged themselves beaten.

When a mother tells a bachelor of a cute thing her baby did, he never says just what he thinks.

Appetite--Strength

Without the First You Cannot Have the Last.

Without the first you cannot have the last. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives both. It gently tones and strengthens the stomach and gives digestive power, creates an appetite, and invigorates the whole system. It strengthens the nerves and gives sweet, refreshing sleep.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Women are naturally of a clinging nature, but they are not in it with a man when it comes to hanging on to a dollar.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten-fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Nature may be a success as a country artist, but it takes a man to paint the town.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Bronze is all the rage now, but some people continue to exhibit a good deal of brass.

I know that my life was saved by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

Life may be one grand sweet song, but the majority of us are unable to sing.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 930 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Avoid the law by acting in a way that will cause the law to avoid you.

Pawnbroker signs are worth more than Spanish 3s.

Senator Harris has introduced a bill to extend the franking privilege to officers and enlisted men of the army and navy during the war.

Established 1780.
Baker's Chocolate,

celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known

Yellow Label

on the front of every package, and our trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

MADE ONLY BY
WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.,
Dorchester, Mass.

"PROGRESS" WHITE LEAD
We guarantee "Progress" White Lead to cover more surface with greater body and to last longer than any lead in the world under a forfeit of $100.00
Cleveland Oil & Paint Mfg. Co.
Portland Oregon.

BUY THE GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS
... MANUFACTURED BY ...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

YOUR LIVER Is it Wrong? Get it Right. Keep it Right.

Moore's Revealed Remedy will do it. Three doses will make you feel better. Get it from your druggist or any wholesale drug house, or from Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., Seattle.

N. N. U. No. 25, '98.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

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THE Wm. HUNTER CO., LIMITED.

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LARGE AND COMFORTABLE ROOMS. FITTED WITH ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. TABLE UNSURPASSED IN THE NORTHWEST.

Fine View of the Lake. Up to Date Service.

CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
COURTEOUS TREATMENT. CALL AND SEE US

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CROSS & CO
Fire Insurance and General Agents,
MINING BROKERS.
Sole agent for Silverton Townsite.
SILVERTON, B. C.

J. G. GORDON,
MINES, REAL ESTATE, CONVEYANCER
NOTARY PUBLIC.
SILVERTON, - - - B. C

NOTICE.

EDUCATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual examination of candidates for certificates of qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held as follows, commencing on Monday, July 4th, 1898, at 8:45 a. m.:-

Victoria....In South Park School Building.
Vancouver..In High School Building.
Kamloops..In Public School Building.

Each applicant must forward a notice, thirty days before the examination, stating the class and grade of certificate for which he will be a candidate, the optional subjects selected, and at which of the above-named places he will attend.

Every notice of intention to be an applicant must be accompanied with satisfactory testimonial of moral character.

Candidates are notified that all of the above requirements must be fulfilled before their applications can be filed.

All candidates for First Class, Grade A, Certificates, including Graduates, must attend in Victoria to take the subjects prescribed for July 13th and 14th instants, and to undergo required oral examination.

S. D. POPE.
Superintendent of Education.
Education Office,
Victoria, May 4th, 1898.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

20th. May, 1898.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned persons to be Collectors of Votes, under the provisions of section 16 of the "Redistribution Act, 1898," namely:-

JOHN D. SIBBALD, of Revelstoke, for the Revelstoke Riding, West Kootenay Electoral District.

ALEXANDER LUCAS, of Kaslo, for the Slocan Riding, West Kootenay Electoral District.

RODERICK F. TOLMIE of Nelson, for the Nelson Riding, West Kootenay Electoral District.

JOHN KIRKUP, of Rossland, for the Rossland Riding, West Kootenay Electoral District.

And His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned person to be a Distributing Collector, under the provisions of section 17 of the said Act, namely:—

In the former Electoral District of West Kootenay, GEORGE A. MCFARLAND, of Nelson.

Karl's Clover Root Tea is a pleasant laxative. Regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. Clears the complexion. Easy to make and pleasant to take. 25cts. Sold by The Silverton Drug Store. †

LATEST STYLES
— OF —
Blouse
waists
JUST RECEIVED

A FULL LINE OF LADIES AND CHRILDRENS DRESS GOODS. THE LADIES OF SILVERTON ARE INVITED TO CALL AND INSPECT MY STOCK THEY WILL FIND THE GOODS AND PRICES SATISFACTORY TO ALL.

Mrs. Matheson,
NEW DENVER, B. C

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE.—"Cliff and Cliff Fraction" Mineral Claims; situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located:—On the North side of Four-Mile creek adjoining the "Standard" Mineral Claim.

Take notice that I, Francis J. O'Reilly of Silverton, as agent for E. M. Sandilands, Free Miner's Certificate No. 86121, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of both the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1898.

FRANCIS J. O'REILLY

HELLO

F. Pyman is again in the Jewelry Business and is prepared to attend to all classes of

Watch & Clock Repairing.

F. Pyman.
NEW DENVER, B. C.

Cure that Cough with Shiloh's Cure The best Cough Cure. Relieves Croup promptly. One million bottles sold last year. 40 doses for 25cts. Sold by The Silverton Drug Store. †

Be not deceived! A Cough, Hoarseness or Croup are not to be trifled with. A dose in time of Shiloh Cure will save you much trouble. Sold at Drug Store.

EDITORIAL OUTCROPPINGS.

A few weeks ago the Ledge said "John Chawley Retallack is to be the Government Candidate. Oh Gawd." Is this the same Mr. Retallack the Ledge is supporting now?

Politics make strange bed-fellows. Thus we find the Kootenaian and the Kaslo News walking hand in hand to the political obsequies of John L. Retallack. A few short weeks ago no ink could be found red enough to express the contempt of these papers for each other.

When the next Legislature convenes at Victoria, it will not be the Turner Party that will handle the reins of government. The outraged and indignant voters of our Province have this little matter in hand and life will have lost its rosy aspect the morning after election to the present government supporters.

Premier Sagasta and Premier Turner, whose governments are both driven into their last ditch, are fighting hard and no trick is to low or contemptible for them to resort to. But gentlemen it is time for you to quit dodging and get to work on your epitaph for both governments have not got thirty days to live.

The B. A. Corporation, besides mining gold and silver are to engage in the brewing business. The C. P. R. has gone into the Smelting industry besides being already in the hotel trade. How long will it be before they put a circus on the road and start in opposition to the undertakers. These seem to be about as much in their line as the above. Evidently Timothy Eaton has imitators in British Columbia.

BIRDS OF A FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER.

"How have the mighty fallen". Lowery the fearless, the upholder of the peoples rights, the one who spoke his mind heedless of those who heard, Lowery the mighty has fallen. That bull pup, the idol of the Ledge, slinks along with down cast eyes and drooping tail led by a string in the hands of Windy Young and bringing up the rear out doging the dog comes the once fearless humorist packing the now mighty bellows of the all victorious poet Laureate of Slocan Lake.

WORKINGMEN BARRED.

How the Government Party represented by John L. Retallack, loves the working man, is shown by the following. To do the best they could to shut out and disfranchise the hard working miners they have, with rare cunning, left out the voting places at Three Forks, Whitewater, Deer Park and Duncan City. This evidently is done with the avowed purpose of trying to shut out the working man from voting, as a large number of miners are engaged in the immediate vicinity of all of these places. The way they have arranged it is such that the voters of these places, mostly poor men, will be obliged to pay railway and steamboat fare and lose a day's work or perhaps two, if they vote. Working men what do you think of this scullduggiry? Why are they afraid of the miners vote? The answer is easily found. They know it will be an honest vote and that the working man, even if he has only the clothes he stands in, cannot be bulldozed or bought and sold like sheep or slaves. Working men go and vote, assert your manhood and teach these cheap john politicians that you have rights that are sacred. Show them that you will not be used as tools or be bluffed by such underhand trickery.

NOMINATED — SELF-NOMINATED.

The Kootenaian of the 11th. inst. asks who is Robert F. Green and who does he represent.

As to who Robert F. Green is let the Kootenaian ask any of Kaslo's business men or any prominent man in the whole Slocan Country, and any one of them will tell it that Robert F. Green, is one of the most respected and popular men in the country, an honest, upright, brainy business man. As to who he represents let us inform the Kootenaian that he is the peoples representative, having been duly nominated at a convention where representatives from all the voting precincts of the district, with the exception of New Denver, where they have an Independent Political Campaign Association of their own which probably during the campaign will condesend to recognize one of the two opposing candidates, were present. Mr. Green stands as the representative of that class of voters who intend to stand fairly and squarely for what they believe to be right and for the best interests of the Province. Men who no amount of cheap talk or government pap can influence and who have manhood enough to resist being whipped into line to support a government whom even its own supporters are hunting around to find excuses for.

Continuing further we would like to ask how John L. Retallack came by his nomination. Does he represent the people, had they any voice in his nomination, or did he nominate himself or was he thrust upon the voters of this Riding by the Turner Government and they whipped into line and given no voice in this vital question, that pertains to their interests as taxpayers, furnishing the money that the present government is so liberal in handing over to corporations and monopolies?

QUESTIONS FOR VOTERS

To judge from the talk of the government supporters in the present campaign, the standard of politics in this new Province is at a pretty low ebb. We hear it argued that we must stand in with the government in order to obtain our share of the appropriations, no matter what our private convictions may be respecting their policy. We are told that this section was ignored in every possible manner during the regime of Premier Davie because an almost solid opposition vote was cast on the lake in the last election. And it is this government, acknowledged by its own friends to be an unfair, spiteful and unprincipled one, that we are asked to support. Is the present government the master of this Province or are the people masters? Is the government to be approached in fear and trembling by the people, dreadful lest they cause offence, or are the wishes of the electors to be respected? Are we living in a Province where the wishes of a few are paramount to the wishes of the many? Are we, the electors of the Slocan Riding to be coerced into supporting the Turner Party by the threat of receiving no appropriations should we vote for the opposition? Are the taxes paid by the miner, the prospector and the mine owner to be spent where they will be most benificial to the country or where they will be most benificial to the politicans? Let the voter give these questions some consideration and decide for himself.

WANT MINING DELEGATES.

A deputation of gentlemen interested in the International Mining Congress, which meets this year at Salt Lake City, Utah, were interduced about the Parliament Buildings yesterday by Mr. E. E. Sheppard. They were Messrs. Irwin Mahon, Secretary of the congress, J. T. Cornforth and Joseph Ruse, Canadian Assistant Secretary, and their object in Toronto is to secure representation from Canada at the next annual meeting which is set for July 6, 7, 8 and 9. At the last congress, which was also the first, one thousand delegates attended, every State in the Union besides seven other countries, including South Africa, being represented. During the convention about 8,000 people visited Denver. The objects of the congress are to establish mining as a more legitimate business and to develop the industry. It is said that if Canada will send delegates to the Salt Lake City congress, the meeting of 1899 will be secured for Toronto.

—Toronto Globe.

The SILVERTONIAN has several times made mention of this proposed Convention but as yet we have failed to see any interest taken in the subject by the B. C. Mining Press. If our representative mining men would interest themselves in the subject there is no doubt but that the Congress for 1899 could be secured for British Columbia. Have we no one who wishes to thus advertise our Province?

Dyspepsia Cured. Shiloh's Vitalizer immediately relieves Sour Stomach, Coming up of Food Distresses, and is the great kidney and liver remedy. Sold by The Silverton Drug Store †

Fax's Sarsaparilla
MADE FROM THE ACTIVE PRINCIPLES OF SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE ROOT
The Best Spring Medicine
MAKING PURE BLOOD
See that you get the GENUINE
Fax's Sarsaparilla

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Novels, Blank Books, Blank Legal Forms, Subscription received for all newspapers and magazines. - -
SILVERTON, - - - B. C.

MINING RECORDS.

Following is a complete list of the mining transactions recorded during the week for the Slocan Mining Division:

NEW DENVER—LOCATIONS.

June 7—Sampson Fraction, Miller Creek, G Faudray. Coin Fraction, Cody E L Warner and G Faudsy. Virden Fraction, Cody, John Gray. Electric Fraction, Bear Lake, R Williams and W S Drewry. Raymond B. and Richard B, Wilson creek, A H Blumenaur.

June 9—Arcade, head Slocan lake, C F Dewar. Alberta, Seaton creek, D McCuaig. Harris, Three Forks, same. Chelsia, Four Mile, David Bremner.

June 10—Lucky Bob, Carpenter, Robt Langill.

June 11—Cassie, Wilson, Robt. N Cook

June 13—Mars Fractional, south fork Carpenter, D S Forbes, Clifton P Srale, Niagara, Clifton creek, W S Clark. Buffalo, same, J M M Bennedum. Foam, Slocan lake, J E Barrett.

June 14—Reliance, south fork Carpenter, John Foster, Arcadian, same, Adelaide. same, B M Walton. Park Hill, Wilson, H C Tomlinson. Sigbee Fraction, Miller creek, Wm. Niven. Pearl, Howson creek, Geo. Monson.

ASSESSMENTS.

June 7—Shareholder, Badger State.

June 8—Printer's Boy.

June 9—Bostock, Diamond Cross.

June 10—Hercules, Buffalo, Jo Jo, Rustler, Battle Axe, Dower, Chief, Old Man.

June 11—Islington, T G, Apis, Blackbird, Seattle, Ironsides, Nonpariel.

June 12—Firefly, Emily Edith, J I C, Snowbird, Pembroke, New Park, Western, Slope, Mentor, Tontine, Baby Fraction, Silver Tip, Home Rule, Cramwell, J L P., Bismark.

June 14—Convention Fraction, New Springfield, Sampson.

TRANSFERS.

June 7—Reserve, Geo. Lux to John Docksteader, June 21.

Prospecting agreement, Scott Banderson Chas M Brewster, G L McNicholl, and C W Baldwin, all of Rossland.

Little Alice ⅛. C W Baldwin to I C Hartman, Jan 5, $100.

Little Alice ⅛, Easterntownship ⅛, same to same, May 23.

Eastern-township ¼, same to same, Jan 6, Same ¼, Camp Lode ¼, T B Anderson to I C Hartman, May 16, $30.

June 8—Waterloo, 1 6, W Thurburn to F A Mountain, March 3, $500.

June 10—Ollie Martin ½, L C Cook to C A Martin, Oct 7.

June 13—Northern Pacific, Soho, Lorenzo Alexander to M R W Rathborne,

SLOCAN CITY—LOCATIONS

May 7—Maple, first south fork of Lemon, Stephen Tripp: Tyrant Fractional, Springer creek, Ewen McFadyen and Martin Lavell.

May 8—Renfrew, Slocan lake, Wm. McNee; Manilla, south fork of Twelve Mile, Wm. McNee; Psyche, Ten Mile, R Kurtzhals.

May 9—Annie L, Summit creek, C. A. Young. Band Union, Springer creek, H. C. Thomlinson.

ASSESSMENTS.

June 3—Ottawa, Two Brothers.

June 4—Tally Ho, No 3. Hortensia, Fariniana.

June 6—Bonanza, Evening Star No 8 Eclipse No 2, Unknown Group, Derby, Crackerjack.

SODA WATER
Best Brands Made In Canada
OF
Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Ginger Beer, Etc. Syrups, Raspberry, Gum, Grenadine, Orgeat, Etc.
THORPE & CO
VICTORIA - VANCOUVER - NELSON

June 7—Falls View, Tamarack, Hilda.
June 8—Columbia No 5, Somerset, White Swan, Sunshine No 4, Lucky Boy.
June 9—Centre Star, Rainbow, Iono, Dayton, Tin Plate, Scorpion.

TRANSFERS.

June 4—Prospect, P. McNichol to Andrew Morton; Klondyke No. 2, same to same.

June 7—Rawhide ¼, E.B. Dunlop to J. G. Dewar.

June 8—Woodtick ¼, 1-12, I 6, and 1-6 interest D G McQuaig to J M Horris, Jno. Gable, D J Weir and Peter Linguist respectively; Sabbath ¼, 1-12, 1-6 and 1-6 interests, D S Weir to same.

June 9—Buchera, Iono and Allcorn all interest in the first two and ¼ in the latter. J F Armstrong to Arcange's de Michele.

THE WAR CORRESPONDENT.

When you read the news of victory,
Of the battles fought and won,
How the army of invasion
Made the hated Spanish run;
Did you ever pause a moment,
While the Dons receive their dues,
And sort of take a tumble
To the boys who write the news?

Perhaps you think it easy
Amid the cannon's roar
To rattle off good copy
While your paper cries for more.
Let me tell you, gentle reader,
War reporting is no joke,
For your soul may quickly mingle
With the raging battle's smoke.

While pen is flying swiftly
Tide of conflict to record,
Some swirling Spanish bullet
May pass you o'er death's ford
Oh it's well enough to laugh
At "written on the spot."
But while your mirth holds carnival
That very man is shot.

In the rear you'll never find him
Where clash of arms sound faint.
He'll not let lips of others
His own word pictures paint.
He's in the thick of battle,
He's where the strife runs red,
He's grinding out his story
In that flying sleet of lead.

He loves to write of others
In whose valor he delights;
He oft-times makes them famous
"Twixt darkness and daylight.
He longs to spread in detail
On the flaming scroll of fame
The way that they won glory.
But he never tells his name.

He dies to serve his paper,
His life's the price of news,
There's none to sing his praises,
And few can fill his shoes.

—Arthur Leslie. in Victoria, Times.

Ladies, Take the best. If you are troubled with Constipation, Sallow Skin, and a Tired Feeling, take Carl's Clover Tea, it is pleasant to take. Sold by The Silverton Drug Store. †

Mineral Glasses and Compasses galore at the Silverton Drug Store. † †