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THE SATURDAY WORLD.

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NEWS IN A NUTSHELL

Items of Interest Round the World.

LATEST TELEGRAPH BULLETINS

The Doings of Conspicuous Persons Affecting Canadian Interests.

CANADIAN.

Montreal building laborers are on strike for a new wage scale.

Another slide is reported at Frank.

Another strike threatened at Fernie has been happily settled.

Two new senators are to be appointed for the Northwest Territories.

The existence of a large coal deposit is reported up the Gatineau, Ont.

The Shamrocks beat the Nelson's yesterday at lacrosse by six to three.

Bar silver has advanced to 59 cents per ounce, the highest price for over two years.

The Republic camp shipped 1271 tons last week to Kootenay smelters.

The Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Pontypool railway has been sold to the C. P. R.

The Gurney company has obtained injunctions against union officials.

J. Clergue declares that the shutting down of the Soo works is merely temporary.

The Glazier expedition for the exploration of unknown parts of Labrador has failed.

The United States Steel Trust is likely to establish a Canadian plant at Port Burwell.

The linotypers on the Vancouver papers threaten a strike on October 1, if their wages are not raised.

The Consolidated Lake Superior works at Sault Ste. Marie shutting down are throwing 3500 men out of employment.

It is likely that the Dominion government will forbid the employment of Asiatics on all railways.

Archie Connor, a miner, was accidentally killed in an ore chute on Wednesday in the Emma mine, Summit camp.

O. Herman, Liberal candidate for Skeena is suing the Victoria Colonist for declaring him to be a pro-Boer.

The Court of Appeal has decided the Bell Telephone company may erect wires and poles without the consent of the civic authorities of Toronto.

Macpherson of Burrard has made a strong speech in the Dominion house against the emyloyment of Asiatics on the Grand Trunk railway.

IMPERIAL.

Mr. Chamberlain starts in on his fiscal campaign on October 6.

Cholera has broken out among the men of the Shropshire regiment in India.

The case for Canada before the Alaska boundary commission has been presented.

The King is said to be actively interfering in the reconstruction of the Balfour cabinet.

Arthur Elliott has resigned from Balfour's cabinet because of the protectionist leanings of the ministry.

Major General Hutton declares that Australia will lay down a Monroe doctrine for Australian waters.

A conference of workingmen at Birmingham has declared in favor of free trade and against preferential tariffs.

General Hunter declares that the shooting of the big guns by the naval brigade at Ladysmith was atrocious.

The Canadian Manufacturers Association have sent a telegram to Mr. Chamberlain regretting his resignation.

Three Canadian officers have been appointed to the staff of the general directing the autumn military manoeuvres in England.

FOREIGN

British consols have fallen to 89 3-16.

Bubonic plague is prevalent at Marseilles.

A strike has been declared by the millers of Minneapolis.

The labor troubles in New Orleans have been adjusted.

Heavy fighting is going on in the Balkans.

The Venezuelans are making a crusade against all foreigners.

Non union men are working at Cripple Creek under protection of cavalry.

Turkey has been worsted in several recent encounters in the Balkans.

Seth Low has been slated as mayor of New York by the anti-Tammany forces.

The special session of the United States Congress convene on November 3.

W. J. Bryan is reported willing to cooperate with the gold democrats.

The flour millers of Minneapolis have refused to arbitrate on the strike question.

Cholera and the bubonic plague are both raging through Manila and the Philippines.

The principal mines of Telluride, Col., have granted an eight-hour day to the miners.

An electric car has attained a speed of 106 4-5 miles per hour on the Zossen military road, Germany.

The trade of European countries with Cuba is increasing while that of the United States with that country is declining.

A strike is imminent on the Great Northern railway. The company are said to have withdrawn all concessions.

An attempt by four robbers to hold up the Oregon express near Portland was foiled, one of the robbers being killed.

John H. Tillman, accused of the murder of Editor Gonzales last January in South Carolina, has at last been placed upon trial.

IS COMING TO CANADA

Vickers, Maxim & Co., Want to Take Over Clergue Works

Toronto, Sept. 26.—Vickers Sons and Maxim, Ltd., the great British company, contemplate taking over the numerous industries at Sault Ste. Marie, organized by F. Clergue and known as the Lake Superior Consolidated company. The great gunmaker, Hiram Maxim is a member of the English company. It was established in 1867, and is chief purveyor of armatures to the British government.

On Tuesday last representatives of the concern saw Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and yesterday they interviewed Premier Ross, and at once left for New York to interview the bondholders.

THE STRAND is a good place to spend yonr spare time. Good music Green & Comerford, Proprietors.

MACDONALD ANSWERS

Adopts Suggestions Laid Down.

MINING ASSOCIATION AGAIN

Liberal Candidate Replies to the Political Circular Sent Out.

Rossland, Sept. 22.

John Keen, Esq.,

President, Provincial Mining Association, Victoria, B. C.

Dear Sir: I have your letter of the 14th inst., with enclosed copy of questions to candidates in the coming election.

It is hardly necessary for me to assure you that I am in the closest symphathy with the Provincial Mining Association and its objects. I will therefore proceed to deal with the questions seriatim:

1. I am in favor of the substitution of a tax on net profits for the two per cent tax. If I were consulting my own inclination in the matter, I should go so far as to say that there should be no royalty at all exacted until the mining industry is on a more promising footing, but I fear that the country is not willing to go that far, and therefore a fair compromise, such as above suggested I think would best meet the case.

2. This does not go far enough. In addition to protection against forfeiture by reason of lapse of free miner's certificates, there should be some protection in the case of failure inadvertently to do or record the assessment within the year,

3. I quite agree with this proposed amendment to the law.

4. I also agree that the fee for Crown grants should be reduced from $25 to $10,

5. With regard to the Boiler Inspection Act, I think there is imperative need for enquiry at to its operation and believe that without increasing the risk in the slightest degree to those working about steam boilers, the Act can be made to bear very much less harshly upon the owners.

6. The amendment suggested seems reasonable and especially so with regard to hydraulic placer claims.

7. I am quite in accord with th idea of providing some adequate machinery for the settlement of labor disputes.

8. There are many anomalies in the Acts in question which should be removed and the laws simplified.

9. I agree with this. The opening of these reserves for mining purposes should not seriously interfere with the rights of the Indians.

Yours very truly,

J. A. MACDONALD.

LOST—A pocketbook containing some money and papers. A suitable reward will be paid by returning the same to this office.

ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

Full List of Those Now in the Field.

FOUR PARTIES SEEK FOR VOTES

Progressives and Socialists Have Put Up a Long List Men.

Alberni—one—W. W. B. McInnes, Liberal, Major Hickey, Conservative.

Atlin—one—J. Stables, Liberal, Dr. Young, Conservative, J. Kirkland, Progressive.

Cariboo—two—J. Murphy, H. Jones, Liberal, S. A. Rogers, W. Adams, Conservative.

Chilliwack—one—C. W. Munro, Liberal; J. L. Atkinson, Conservative.

Columbia—one—W. C. Wells, Liberal. Elected by acclamation.

Comox—one—F. McB. Young, Liberal, R. Grant, Conservative.

Cranbrook—one—J. H. King, Liberal, T. Cavin, Conservative.

Cowichan—one—J. Evans, Liberal, E. M. Skinner, Conservative.

Delta—one—J. Oliver, Liberal, W. H. Ladner, Conservative.

Dewdney—one—W. W. Forrester, Liberal, Hon. R. McBride, Conservative.

Esquimalt—one—J. Jardine, Liberal, C. E. Pooley, Conservative.

Fernie—one—E.C.Smith, Liberal, W. R. Ross, Conservative, J. R. McPherson, Socialist.

Grand Forks—one—W. H. P. Clement, Liberal, G. A. Fraser, Conservative, J. Riordan, Socialist.

Greenwood—one—J. R. Brown, Liberal, E. G. Spankie, Conservative.

Islands—one—T. W. Paterson, Liberal, H. W. Bullock, Conservative.

Kamloops—one—F. J. Deane, Liberal; F. J. Fulton, Conservative.

Kaslo—one—J. L. Retallack Liberal, R. Green, Conservative, S. Shannon, Socialist.

Lillooet—one — A. McDonald, Conservative. Elected by acclamation.

Nanaimo—one — E. Quennell, Conservative, H. Sheppard, Progressive, J. Hawthornthwaite, Socialist.

Nelson—one—S. S. Taylor, Liberal, J. Houston, Conservative.

Newcastle—one—D. W. Murray Liberal, A. Bryden, Conservative, P. Williams, Socialist.

New Westminster—one—W. H. Keary, Liberal, T. Gifford, Conservative.

Okanagan—one—T. W. Sterling, Liberal, P. Ellison, Conservative.

Revelstoke—one—J. M. Kellie, Liberal, T. Taylor, Conservative, John W. Bennett, Socialist.

Richmond—one—J. C. Brown, Liberal, F. Carter Cotton, Conservative.

Rossland—one—A. S. Goodeve, Conservative, J. A. Macdonald, Liberal.

Saanich—one—H. Tanner, Liberal, D. M. Eberts, Conservative.

Similkameen—one—W. A. MacLean, Liberal, L. W. Shatford, Conservative.

Skeena—one—C. W. D. Clifford, Conservative; P. Herman, Liberal.

Slocan—one—W. Hunter, Conservative, W. Davidson, Progressive.

Vancouver—five—Ernest Burns, A. R. Stebbings, Socialist, J. Edwards, A. G. Perry and F. Williams, Progressive, R. C. Tatlow, C. Wilson, J. J. Garden, W. C. Bowser, A. H. B. MacGowan, Conservative, J. Martin, T. Baxter, Dr. Brydone Jack, J. D. Turnbull, C. R. Monk, Liberal

Victoria—four—R. L. Drury, W. G. Cameron, J. D. McNiven, R. Hall, Liberal, H. D. Helmcken, A. E. McPhillips, C. Hayward, J. Hunter, Conservative, J. C. Watters, L. O. Charlton, Socialist.

Yale—one—Stuart Henderson, Liberal, T. G. McManamon, Conservative.

Ymir—one—A. Parr, Liberal, H. Wright, Conservative.

THE EIGHT HOUR LAW

Hon. A. S. Goodeve Definitely Declares His Position.

Editor WORLD:

I have learned since returning home that the opposition have been circulating a report that I am opposed to the eight hour law, also that I had said $2.50 per day was enough for any workingman. Both these statements are absolutely false, and without any foundation, as may be shown by my past record when working for Governor Mackintosh in 1900, and when the eight hour law was a burning issue, I stated on the public platform and privately that it had come to stay, and that I believed it was in the interest of the workingmen of this province. I have never had reason to change my opinion, and it has now, as then, my unqualified support. In this I am backed up by the entire government.

Regarding the second statement, I believe as I have always done that every man is entitled to the highest possible wages he can obtain. In my official capacity when mayor of the city, I always paid the standard scale.

On these and any other questions that may come up, I shall be pleased to make my position clearly known on the public platform.

I propose to discuss the policy of the government at the public meeting on Saturday night, as far as the time limit allowed me will permit, and it is our intention to hold one or more public meetings during the ensuing week at one of which the Hon. Richard McBride, premier of the province will be present, when the full policy of the government will be declared.

I appeal to the electors of Rossland, not on any personal or petty grounds, but on a clear cut, well defined policy that will inure to the benefit of all classes.

Yours obedient servant,

A. S GOODEVE.

MINES OF KOOTANEY

Rossland and Boundary Shipments.

LATEST RETURNS OF OUTPUT

What the Mines Are Doing Over the District—Rossland Doing Well.

The returns from the Le Roi for the month of August are to hand and show a profit on the month completely wiping out the small deficits on the mine itself shewing for July last.

The Elmore concentrator is fast approaching completion and everything is ready for the first turn over with the exception of the Blake crusher which is not as yet to hand. The War Eagle concentrator is about to start on Stoney creek near the Columbia and some progress ought to be able to be reported by next week.

The Le Roi No. 2 is shipping to Greenwood, the smelter of which place is currently reported to be after some other of the Rossland ores

	WEEK	TOTAL
Le Roi	3994	144,500
Centre Star	1620	59,032
War Eagle	960	44,319
Le Roi No. 2	300	15,892
Kootenay		6,298
Velvet	50	4,470
Jumbo	90	1,913
Giant		714
White Bear		250
Spitzee	30	180
Silica concentrates		85
Homestake		80
I. X. L		60
O. K		20
Totals	7,044	277,813

Boundary Shipments.

Phoenix, Sept. 26.—(Special.)—This week's Boundary ore shipments exceed even the new record made last week; the total being almost 17,000 tons. One feature of this week's tonnage was the reaching of the quarter million mark by the Granby mines.

Granby mines to Granby smelter, 8,194 tons; Mother Lode to Greenwood smelter, 3840 tons; Snowshoe to Sunset smelter, 2880 tons; Athelstan to Sunset smelter, 180 tons; Oro Denoro to Sunset smelter, 583 tons; Emma to Nelson smelter, 297 tons; Sunset to Sunset smelter, 288 tons; Morrison to Greenwood smelter 190 tons; Winnipeg to Sunset smelter 375 tons.

The Granby smelter this week treated 8899 tons, making 238,690 tons for the year.

The following shipments were made by the different mines:

	WEEK	TOTAL
Granby	8,194	250,402
Mother Lode	3,840	89,631
Snowshoe	2,880	51,442
B. C.		19,365
Sunset	288	13,735
Emma	297	12 809
Oro Denoro	583	6,370
Morrison	190	2,594
Athelstan	180	1,770
Providence		705
Winnipeg	180	355
Elkhorn		129
Totals	16,827	449,497

POWDER SMOKE—Did it ever give you headache? Dr. Scotts headache powders are a quick and sure cure. Sold at Morrows Drug Store.

AUTHORS AND BOOKS

What the Magazines are Saying

ARTICLES OFCURRENTCOMMENT

Some Recent Books and Periodicals —Topics Interesting General Readers.

The Smart Set for October is up very much to its usual form, bright chatty and epigrammatic as ever, and containing a fairly good story. "We of Adam's Clay," by a little known author, Cosmo Hamilton, who, by the way, writes very much as a woman, the suggestion of sex being still more apparent by the *very prettiness of the nom de plume*.

The Nineteenth Century is a particularly good number, and contains more than one article which, will be read with interest. To those who are of the opinion that Great Britain is living upon its capital, an article on the great fiscal problem of the day contributed by that well known writer, W. H. Mallock, is recommended. The Canadian Ice Carnival, by Bradley Martin, seems to have nothing about the Quebec Carnival at all, and is chiefly devoted to an inept comparison between the Frenchman of Europe and he of Eastern Canada.

Ainslee's Magazine, much in the style of the Argosy, as far as the literary value of its pages are concerned, perhaps, on a slightly more elevated, though not necessarily more entertaining, plane, is much the same as usual.

The London, one of the cheapest and best of English magazines, is as readable as ever. An article on *the authors of the day*, properly illustrated, is about the best feature of the current number.

The Wide World Magazine is as popular today as at its start. It is a living exemplification of the adage that truth is stranger than fiction. One can only say on reading its marvellous pages, that the race of Mandeville is still extant in British strain.

"The Mystery of Murray Davenport," by R. N. Stephens, is a story of New York life, but it is a story that is not only highly original in its motif, but also in the manner of its telling. It is one of the brightest and cleverest of the new books which have recently come out, and if the author is capable of more in the same lines, he should have an assured literary career before him.

"The Sacrifiice of the Shannon," by W. H. Hickman, is a notable book and one that will well bear s reperusal. A tale of Nova Scotian life it certainly brings out clearly the indomitable persistence of the seaboard Eastern Canadian. A description of a yacht race in the earlier portion of the tale is as well written a story as any of its kind in the English language.

"Moose Hunting," and "Salmon Fishing," by T. R. Patillo, is as bright a book on sport as has been recently presented to the reading public. Treating on game in Eastern Canada, the story is told with a lack of literary effort, a verve, a contemning of the caducity of mere style that gives the reader hope for the language.

"The Adventures of Harry Revel," by A. Quiller-Couch is indeed a story of adventure from beginning to end. The impression left upon the mind, is of a wild phantasmagoria of incident upon incident, Ossa piled upon Pelion. The author has produced better books and will do so again, yet no lover of adventurous books will take up the present volume to lay it down half finished.

"A Speckled Bird," by A. G. Wilson, is a powerful story, dealing with the marriage relation and its interference by the divorce laws of the United States. The religious aspect of life is always uppermost with the author, who, however, fails in breadth of view and tenderness of feeling, while dealing with its most sacred aspects. The book is no ordinary novel, but a problem, and as a problem has its literary drawbacks, which go far to neutralize its advantages.

CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM

[Adopted at Revelstoke, September 13th, 1902.]

1. That this convention reaffirms the policy of the party in matters of provincial roads and trails; the ownership and control of railways and the development of the agricultural resources of the province as laid down in the platform adopted in October, 1900, which is as follows;

"To actively aid in the construction of trails throughout the undeveloped portions of the province and the building of provincial trunk roads of public necessity.

"To adopt the principles of government ownership of railways in so far as the circumstances of the province will admit, and the adoption of the principle that no bonus should be granted to any railway company which does not give the government of the province control of rates over lines bonused, together with the option of purchase.

"To actively assist by state aid in the development of the agricultural resources of the province."

2. That in the meantime and until the railway policy above set forth can be accomplished, a general railway act be passed giving freedom to construct railways under certain approved regulations, analogous to the system that has resulted in such extensive railway construction in the United States, with so much advantage to trade and commerce.

3. That to encourage the mining industry, the taxation of metalliferous mines should be on the basis of apercentage on the net profits.

4. That the government ownership of telephone systems should be brought about as a first step in the acquisition of public utilities.

5. That a portion of every coal area here after to be disposed of should be reserved from sale or lease, so that state owned mines may be easily accessible, if their operation becomes necessary or advisable.

6. That in the pulp land leases provision should be made for reforesting and that steps should be taken for the general preservation of forests by guarding against the wasteful destruction of timber.

7. That the legislature and government of the province should persevere in the effort to secure the exclusion of Asiatic labor.

8. That the matter of better terms in the way of subsidy and appropriations for the province should be vigorously pressed upon the Dominion government.

9. That the silver-lead industries of the province be fostered and encouraged by the imposition of increased customs duties on lead and lead products imported into Canada, and that the Conservative members of the Dominion House be urged to support any motion introduced for such a purpose.

10. That as industrial disputes almost invariably result in great loss and injury both to the parties directly concerned and to the public, legislation should be passed to provide means for an amicable adjustment of such disputes between employers and employes.

11. That it is advisable to foster the manufacture of the raw products of the province within the province as far as practicable by means of taxation on the said raw products, subject to rebate of the same in whole or part *when manufactured in British Columbia.*

Conservative Conventions

At a meeting of the executive of the Provincial Conservative Association, held at Vancouver, the province was divided into five divisions for organization purposes. The Kootenay-Boundary division is made up of the *following provincial election districts:* Revelstoke, Columbia, Fernie, Cranbrook, Ymir, Kaslo, Slocan, Grand Forks, Greenwood, the City of Rossland and the City of Nelson. At the same meeting the following resolutions were adopted:

1. *That conventions for nominating candidates* for members of the legislative assembly be made up of delegates chosen as follows:

(a) In city electoral districts, one delegate for every fifty and fraction of fifty votes polled at the provincial election held in 1900, and if *the city is divided into wards, the proportion* of delegates for each ward shall be based on the vote polled in each ward at the last municipal election.

(b) In other electoral districts, one delegate for every fifty or fraction of fifty votes polled at *the provincial election held in 1900*, the delegates to be apportioned to polling places, or as near thereto as will be fair to the voters of the different neighborhoods.

2. The election of delegates shall be at public meetings, held at a designated central place in each polling division, or in each ward in city electoral districts, if the city is divided into wards. At such public meetings only those who pledge themselves to vote for the candidate or candidates selected at the nominating convention shall be entitled to a vote for delegates.

3. Two weeks notice shall be given of the public meetings at which delegates are to be elected, and nominating conventions shall be held in city electoral districts two days after the day on which delegates are elected, and in other electoral districts seven days after. All nominations throughout the province to be made at a designated central place in each electoral district, and on the same day.

4. All notices of the date of public meetings for the election of delegates to nominating conventions, the apportionment of delegates, and the place and date of nominating conventions in the several electoral districts shall be prepared by the member of the executive of the division in which the electoral districts are situate, and issued over the names of the president and secretary of the Provincial Conservative Association

A meeting of the provincial executive will be held at Vancouver within a month, and the date for holding district nominating conventions will then be fixed.

JOHN HOUSTON,
President of the Provincial Conservative Association.

Nelson, June 8th, 1903. tf

Linton Bros.,

Books, Stationery, Newsdealers, Toys, Fishing Tackle, Kodaks and Supplies.

ROSSLAND, B. C.

In washing woollens and flannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory. 28

OUTSIDE MINE NEWS

What Is Being Done Outside the Province.

MINING ALL OVER THE WORLD

Progress of Various Countries in the Mining of Precious Metals.

Utah's five smelters produced over 4,000,000 pounds of copper bullion last month.

The Quilp, at Republic, Wash., will shortly send 60 tons of ore daily to Tacoma.

During the last three months 250,000 tons of copper ore have have been shipped from Newfoundland mines, chiefly to British smelters.

The consumption of copper in the United States during 1902, is estimate at 516,951,182 pounds compared with 386,916,170 pounds consumed in 1901.

The Chance Creek Mining company has been registered with a capital of £10,000 to acquire and develop a property in Western Canada.

A receiver has been appointed in the case of the British and Canadian Lead company, which owns a lead mine in Quebec.

During the past year the Camp Bird mine, Colorado, earned a net profit of about $1,250,000, with a production of 67,000 tons, averaging $25 55.

There has been a good rainfall at Broken Hill, ensuring a three months' supply of water to the mines.

It is estimated that no less than three millions of dollars in gold dust will be taken out of the Valdez district during this season.

At the Calumet and Hecla pockets are being constructed for supplying Kimberley skips, which are supplanting the cage and car system in the Red Jacket shaft.

The Brookfield Gold Mining company of Nova Scotia, have declared a dividend at the rate of 12 per cent per annum for the quarter ending July 1st.

The gold output of New Zealand during the month of August amounted to 30,074 ounces, valued at £110,572, as against 35,609 ounces, valued at £137,456, in the corresponding month of last year.

Some progress is now being made in quartz mining in Klondike, and one property in the neighborhood of Eldorado Creek has sunk a shaft down 70 feet, which is reported to be in rich ore all the way.

Heavy falls of rain in the Dawson district have improved the opportunities of the hydraulic companies. The gold yield will, however, be rather less—probably at least $1,000,000 than that of last season. Drought during much of the summer has greatly cu tailed hydraulicing.

Picked samples of ore from a vein just opened near Silver Cliff, Florence, Col., returns 591 ounces *of silver, one ounce of gold and a* great deal of lead. The strike is one of the most important made in he belt *for a long time.*

Very satisfactory returns were obtained from the last carload of ore shipped by the Republic Mining company to Nelson. With silver at 55⅓ cents an ounce, the returns totalled $58.47 per ton, with gold values at $13.70, making $82.07 in all. The ore was taken from an open cut on the Bell claim.

Some idea of the immense extent and value of the coal areas in Cape Breton can be obtained from the fact that the coal measures extend or a known distance of 45 miles and it has been estimated that with ten times the present output the supply is available for over 200 years.

The Keswick, Cal., smelter i now operating four furnaces, and all are converters. There are more men employed today than at any other time since the strike. This is partly due to the increased wages paid, $2.10 being the lowest wage for ten-hour men, which is 10 cents more a day than was paid before the strike. The fire is practically subdued and no longer bothers. The neighboring mines at Shasta, Old Diggins, Middle Creek and Buckeye are now finding a ready market for their small shipments of ore at the smelter, and the prosperity that smiles upon Keswick reaches out to the small producer and the prospector.

PROGRESSIVE PLATFORM

1. No didacnte will be accepted or endorsed by the party unless endorsing the platform and placing his undated resignation in the hands of the endorsing body.
2. Government ownership of transportation.
3. Compulsory arbitration of labor disputes.
4. Absolute reservation of portions of coal lands by the government. Coal leases must have a aclaues inserted governing coal prices.
5. Conservation of forests so as to produce a revenue and to promote the pulp industry.
6. Insertion of a clause in all charters forbidding the employment of orient l
7. Compulsory scaling of all logs by government scalers.
8. Free transportation to members of the legislatures and the judiciary.
9. Gradual abolition of all taxes upon producers and their products shifting the burden on land values.
10. Restriction of Oriental immigration on the lines of the Natal Act with a provision for reenactment in case of disallowance.
11. The abolition of property qualifications for public officers.
12. The establishment and operation of government smelters and refineries.
13. All franchises and subsidies be referred to the electorate.
14. Declaration of election day as public holiday, with four hours reserved in any case, so as to allow employes an opportunity of voting.
15. Farm lands and implements to be exempt from taxation and wild lands to be assessed at the price asked by holders.
16. No land subsidies to be granted
17. Ten per cent of public lands to be set aside for a revenue for education and that children up to 16 years be given free books and meals and clothing when necessary.
18. Municipalization and publi control of the liquor traffic.

Call at the Strand for a fancy drink Green & Comerford, Props.

The New Woman

Miss Wilhelmina Jameson, an Edinburgh teacher, who has been appointed English lecturer in Grenoble University, is the first lady to receive an official appointment in a French University.

Canada's Great Illustrated Weekly

In keeping with the progress of the age, Canada's Great National Home Newspaper, The Weekly Globe, will be very materially improved for 1904. Numerous important changes are in contemplation, but the leading feature will be the introduction of an eight-page illustrated supplement on calendered paper. This will undoubtedly make it the most popular weekly offered to the people of the Dominion. For particulars see advertisement in another column of this issue.

Information Wanted

"Yes," said the alderman who was doing a second term. "I believe n holding up our home industries."

"For how much?" queried the newly elected member, who was a seeker after the truth.

Fresh Eastern and Olympia Oysters at Thomas Embleton's.

SOCIALIST COLUMN

Interesting Items of Social Reform.

PROGRESS MADE BY NEW PARTY

What is Being Done by Socialists In Canada and the World Over.

The demand for skilled white labor is steadily increasing in South Africa.

Mine owners of Sonora are arranging to employ Chinese laborers in place of Mexicans.

Mr. Chamberlain's seat for West Birmingham will be contested by the prominent labor leader, W. J. Davis.

A colored man was elected as international vice president at the convention of the longshoremen held at Bay City, Mich., recently.

It is said that the United Mine Workers of America are planning to erect a labor temple at Pittsburg, Pa., to cost $100,000.

The Canadian locals of the Bricklayers and Masons' International unions have decided to appoint an arbitration committee to settle all disputes in Canada.

It is estimated that fully 50,000 union workingmen and women of Chicago have secured increase of wages or shorter hours or both this year.

The dispute concerning wages between the shipbuilders of Belfast, Ireland, and the Boilermakers Society has been settled, concessions being granted in the notices of reductions.

The treasury of the American Federation of Labor held $62,940 July 1 last, of which $55,894 was credited to the defence fund and $7046 to the general fund of the body.

As an outcome of the recent success at the parliamentary bye-elections, the Labor party in Great Britain is organizing contests for seats in parliament at the next general elections on an unexpectedly large scale.

The dispute between the Edinburgh, Scotland, District Tramways company and their carmen is at an end, and the men are believed to be satisfied with the wages to be paid them and the scheme of working hours.

Justice Andrew of New York says: "With or without reason, alone or together, workmen may leave their employers. By argument or persuasion, by appeal to sympathy or prejudice, they may lead others not to take their vacant places. But here they must stop."

A government contractor fetched men from Quebec to British Columbia and paid them below the current rate, which it was claimed was in violation of the Fair Wages Act. Not so, for the Minister of Justice maintains that since the contract was made in Quebec the government had no power to interfere.

The Attorney General of New York state says that the recent decision of the state of appeals, declaring unconstitutional that part of the eight hour statute making its violation a misdemeanor, does not in any sense lessen the duty of officials making contracts in behalf of the state, for an eight hour is still imperative.

The strikers at Virginia mines, near Birmingham, Ala., against whom Chancellor Carmichael has issued an injunction restraining them from holding public meetings, have rented a church near the mines, and every day go to the building with Bibles and hymn books in hand and proceed to hold religous services. During th meeting an official of the miner union is granted the floor, an addresses the congregation on th strike, and takes up a collectio for those in need.

The General Federation of Trad Unions of Great Britain has pro posed an amendment to the co ciliation act of 1896. It advocat inquiry into the causes and ci cumstances of disputes, the takin of steps to bring disputants t gether, the appointment of a co ciliator upon application of eith side or an arbitrator on the app cation of both parties. It is th proposed to constitute a nation board of eight members—three em ployers, three workmen and tw co-opted members, such board to act on the application of an representative body, to make i quiry and publish results. Or, the dispute is prolonged, to mee discuss and recommend a settl ment.

The... Clothes And the Man..

To be properly clean and proper ly dressed is important to a man' character and progress. It is duty to himself, a courtesy t others. And more and more th neglect of it is a handicap. Dres will carry a fool far, it will enab merit to gain speedier recognitio It will beguile prosperity an plausibly give the lie to adversit

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highly commended by those wh know good clothing when they s it. We have the suitings that a approved by fashion in textu and coloring, and we guarant the fit and workmanship.

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Wholesale dealers in

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

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MORTGAGE SALE

Under and by virtue of Power of Sal contained in a certain mortgage, whic will be produced at time of sale, the will be offered for sale by Public Auctio at the premises, Le Roi avenue, in th City of Rossland, at 12 o'clock noon, o the 6th day of October, 1903, by Walt J Robinson, Auctioneer, the followin property, viz: Lot 6, Block 43, accor ing to Map 579 in the town of Rosslan

Terms of Sale.

Ten per cent of the purchase money time of sale, the balance within thirt days thereafter. For further particula apply to

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Columbia avenue, next door to Empey' Washington St. and Second Ave.

Petch & Schwartzenhauer Props

Allkinds of summer drinks at th Strand. Green & Comerford, Props.

Outside Camps

Mining News of the Week Over the Province and the Upper Country.

BOUNDARY.

A few tons of ore taken out of the Strathmore in process of development yielded a value return of over $100 to the ton.

The platform for loading cars for the Athelstan mine, on the Winnipeg spur, has been completed, and Jackpot, as well as rich Athelstan, ore is being sent out.

Shipments of ore from the Betts and Hesperus mines to the Granby smelter have been started by wagon. The ore body has been proven to be 20 feet wide without encountering the hanging wall.

Work is continuing steadily now at the Morrison mine, Deadwood camp, where some 20 men are employed, and ore is being hauled by wagon to the railway for shipment to the Mother Lode smelter.

The first installment of coke manufactured at the Coleman colleries of the International Coal and Coke company, is said to have been received at the Granby smelter, and that it gave the best of satisfaction.

The Granby company has a small force of men at work on the south side of the Grey Eagle claim opening up the quarry, from which Contractor Fisher will haul the ore to the head of the surface tramway, a distance of a quarter of a mile.

Five more stamps are to be installed at the Waterloo mine, Camp McKinney, making a battery of ten. Inside of three months the mill has produced $19,000 in gold, according to the report of Secretary Wolf. Eighteen men are employed

Clement Vasher, foreman of the Sally mine in the West Forks country, is building a trail up to the mine, and work in the mine itself will resume almost immediately. Ore will be rawhided down to Beaverdell and shipped there by teams to Midway.

COAST.

Mr. Vaughan-Rhys, lessee of the Van Anda mines, Texada Island, paid a visit to Ladysmith recently and conferred with his agent and the local smeltermen. Mr. Vaughan Rhys said that everything was going on smoothly at the mine; the strike had been settled by the men themselves deciding to withdraw their demand on the company. The mine never looked better, and its operation is proving most satisfactory. From now shipments will be made continuously. as no further delays or interruptions are anticipated.

EAST KOOTENAY.

A report from Elko says that two prospectors have discovered and located a small body of hematite on Sand creek. The parties are now engaged in driving a tnnnel on the vein, which is said to be from three to six feet in width.

Development at Coal creek mines is steadily going on. At No. 4 the coal is being wasted on the dump as the tramway is incomplete owing to the delay in the arrival of rails. Two cars are expected shortly and by October 1 the coal will be landed at the tipple and several rooms will be in operation. In No. 5. three drifts have struck coal. Development work has been commenced on No. 9 which is situated close by No. 1 and by the end of the year it will be sending out coal, Nos. 6, 7 and 8 will not be developed until next year.

ISLAND

Hugh Grieve, president of the Roberts-Kitchener mines, owning Lord Roberts, Lord Kitchener and General White on Mount Sicker, was in Vancouver recently, attending a meeting of the company. Mr. Grieve, who has been actively engaged recently in superintending the work at the mine, reports that very good progress is being made. On the Kitchener two shafts are being sunk, one of which is now down 25 feet, and the other about 12 feet. The vein, which shows a width of seven feet on the surface, is well defined, being a true fissure, which cuts the country formation, and grows stronger with depth. The ore is heavily charged with galena, and carries large values in copper, gold and silver, recent assays showing $69 70 per ton in all values. The stock of the Roberts-Kitchener is selling at 30c. per share in Vancouver, although no attempt has been made to boom the property. Four miners are working steadily on the Kitchener claim and the dump is gradually increasing in size, every pound of ore taken out being fit for shipment to the Crofton smelter, which is one and one-half miles distant. It is the intention of the management to have a similar test of 40 or 50 tons made at an early date.

KAMLOOPS.

No news has been published of the condition of matters at the Slough Creek mines for some time. The following telegram sent by Manager Hopp to the London office on August 8 is the latest information obtainable: "Second upraise is in 160 feet Face of second upraise is 123 feet south of face of south drift. Floor 11 feet below south drift. Water in second upraise from point 100 feet from main tunnel to present face of upraise is continous waterfall. The rock is soft and required to be heavy timbered at present, using face boards. There is every indication that a channel is being apporached."

SIMILKAMEEN.

The Cousin Jack ore recently assayed at the Granby smelter returns gold, 2 ozs., copper, 6 per cent, and silver, in all about $50 per ton. The Cousin Jack and Nickle Plate seem to be related, so far as values go. The contract for a 100 foot tunnel has been let to P. Burns.

SLOCAN.

The force at the Rambler has been increased.

A big force will be employed at the Enterprise this winter.

The owners are prosecuting development on the Neepawa.

W. W.-Warner is again ground sluicing on the Wonderful.

The force on the Black Prince was increased to three men this week.

Additional supplies were sent up to the Riverside this week, and development resumed.

A raise has been commenced on the Black Prince. Ore is being taken both from it and the drift.

New outbuildings are being erected at the Bank of England and everything made snug for winter.

The Noonday was shut down this week. They have no winter quarters at the property.

The ore body on the Mercury, near Sandon, has greatly improved of late, making it one of the best things in the camp.

Work was started the past week on a contract to drive 80 to 100 feet of tunnel to tap the lead on the Noble Five group.

Con. Murphy got back his quarter interest in the Black Prince group from A. York and turned it over to W. T. Shatford.

The Ivanhoe shipped 61 tons of ore in the past ten days. The coal shortage has been relieved and the mill is working full time.

Howard Thompson and G. McLeod has struck 14 inches of high galena on the Mountain Con. English experts had condemned the mine.

The owners of the Myrtle group have laid out plans for a big winter's work. They have installed a whim, which will greatly facilitate hoisting, and are now hauling in a plentiful supply of timber.

YMIR.

Ymir's ore and bullion shipments last month to the United States were valued at $83,893.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Active Gold Mining company was held here last week. Senator Magly, of Cincinnati, Ohio, was in the chair. The company will resume active work.

The carload of ore recently sent to the Nelson smelter by Bert Porter, lessee of the Atlin mine, went $27.40 per ton. The ore was not sorted at all, and is taken from a width of about five feet across the bottom of the shaft. The shaft is now down 50 feet, and drifting both ways is to be commenced.

The British Columbia Standard company is preparing to rush work on the new aerial tramway now commencing, to connect the Hunter V. mine with the railroad. B.C. Riblet, of Nelson, who has the contract, has already a force of men at work, but is finding difficulty in getting sufficient men to push the work as rapidly as desired.

Short in Sheep

The sheep returns from New Zealand reveal the serious shortage of 1,300,000 owing to over exportation. A further loss of half a million is probable through a snow storm in the South island, the severest for many ye rs. In the circumstances, the government meat shop scheme is apparently premature.

If your want to bowl try the Alhambra Best ally in the city,

Come and see us at the Strand, you will be treated right. Green & Comerford

Tissue Papers

Crepe and Plain
All Colors
Best Quality
OVER 50 SHADES
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All the newest things in shape, quality and colors.

"Gibson Girl" & "Coon"
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When you get it at Goodeve's it's good

Atlantic S.S. Sailings

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Tunisian.... Oct. 10 Parisian... Oct. 17
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Dominion Oct 10 Kensington..... Oct 17
From Boston
Mayflower.. Oct 8 Columbus.... Oct 14
AMERICAN LINE
New York...Oct 7 Philadelphia Oct 14
RED STAR LINE
Finland .....Oct 10 Vaderland...Oct 17
CUNARD LINE
Ivernia..... Oct 6 Ultonia.....Oct 17
ALLAN STATE LINE
Numidian ...Oct 1 Mongolian.... Oct 7
WHITE STAR LINE
Celtic..... Oct 2 Oceanic.....Oct 8
FRENCH LINE
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Continental sailings of North German Lloyd, H. A. P. and Italian lines on application. Lowest rates on all lines.
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NOTICE

THOMAS STOUT, the First Avenue Druggist, has resumed charge of his business and will be pleased to meet all his old customers as well as many new ones.

BLUE & DESCHAMPS
LUMBER
Mine Timber a Specialty
GOOD WOOD in large or small quantities.

R. L. Wright
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WILL TAKE
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FOR SALE

On hundred new and second and stoves. Now is the time to get a bargain in a good stove.

...THE...
Rossland Bazaar

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STEADY BOARDERS $6.50 per week

The only hotel in the city having a dry room for miners. Free Bath Room.

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No Taste. No Odor. Can be given in glass or water, tea or coffee without patient's knowledge.

Colonial Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using Colonial Remedy.

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Mrs. Moore, Superintendent of the Woman's Christain Temperance Union, Ventura, Cal., writes: "I have tested Colonial Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and endorse Colonial Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find a practical and economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail, Price $1. Trial package free by writing or calling on Mrs. M. A. Cowan, (for years member of the Woman's Christain Temperance Union) 2204 St. Catharine St., Montreal.

Sold in Rossland by..... T. R. MORROW Columbia Avenue

Fresh Fruits

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All Preserving Fruits

Paulson Bros.
THE GROCERS

SOLE AGENTS—Chilliwack reamery Butter.

Furniture...

Special offering for next week in Furniture, Carpets, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Etc. Below are a few of the lines : : : :

BED LOUNGES, from	$10 00	to	$20 00
DINING CHAIRS,	1 00	to	3 00
CENTRE TABLES,	1 50	to	7 50
MORRIS CHAIRS,	10 00	to	20 00
TAPESTRY CARPETS,	50	to	75
BRUSSELS CARPETS,	1 00	to	1 25
LINOLEUMS,	50	to	1 00
OIL CLOTHS,	30	to	40
MATTINGS,	20	to	30

If you don't like paying cash I will sell you all you want on the little-at-a-time-payment plan.

J. M. Jordan

P. BURNS & CO.
WHOLESALE MARKETS
Rossland, Nelson, Trail, Sandon, Revelstoke, Greenwood, Grand Forks and Vancouver.
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Fish, Game and Poultry in Season, Sausages of All Kinds.
WM. DONALD, Manager Rossland Branch

For Lunches and Picnics We carry a full line of
Libby, McNeill & Libby's and Armour's
CANNED MEATS
Try MELROSE PATE.
O. M. FOX & CO., Grocers
COLUMBIA AVENUE TELEPHONE 65

EXPLOSIVES.

The Cotton Powder Company. Ltd
32 Queen Victoria St., LONDON, E. C.
—MANUFACTURE—
Faversham Powder
On the SPECIAL LIST of Permitted Explosives. October, 1901.
TONITE the best explosive for underground work exclusively used in Severn and Mersey tunnel
Cordite, Gelignite, Gelatine Dynamite, Blasting Gelatine, Detonators for all classes of Explosives, Electric Appliances, ine Charges for the removal of Wrecks, Etc., Etc.

Works: Faversham, Kent and Melling, near Liverpool

ESTABLISHED 1849.
GEORGE GREEN,
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Manufacturer of Concentrating Machinery.

MEDALS—Royal Cornwall Polytechnic; Gold medal International Mining Exhibition, Crystal Palace, 1890. Only award for Concentrators.

SPECIALTIES:

Stamps with latest improvements, of up-to-date design, and with wearing parts of Hadfield's steel, from 2 cwts. to 10 cwts. per head. Stonebreakers, Crushers, Jigs Trommels, Vanners, etc., all constructed in sections for facility of transport if desired. Patent Portable Crushing and Amalgamating Pans for Prospecting. A small concentrating plant to treat up to five tons erected at the works by which commercial results can be seen by intending purchasers for a merely nominal cost

Estimates for complete plants on application. Special attention given to mining engineer's specifications. Telegrams—"JIGGER," Aberystwyth.

AUTHORS AND BOOKS

What the Magazines are Saying

ARTICLES OFCURRENTCOMMENT

Some Recent Books and Periodicals —Topics Interesting General Readers.

The Smart Set for October is up very much to its usual form, bright chatty and epigrammatic as ever, and containing a fairly good story. "We of Adam's Clay," by a little known author, Cosmo Hamilton, who, by the way, writes very much as a woman, the suggestion of sex being still more apparent by the very prettiness of the nom de plume.

The Nineteenth Century is a particularly good number, and contains more than one article which, will be read with interest. To those who are of the opinion that Great Britain is living upon its capital, an article on the great fiscal problem of the day contributed by that well known writer, W. H. Mallock, is recommended. The Canadian Ice Carnival, by Bradley Martin, seems to have nothing about the Quebec Carnival at all, and is chiefly devoted to an inept comparison between the Frenchman of Europe and he of Eastern Canada.

Ainslee's Magazine, much in the style of the Argosy, as far as the literary value of its pages are concerned, perhaps, on a slightly more elevated, though not necessarily more entertaining, plane, is much the same as usual.

The London, one of the cheapest and best of English magazines, is as readable as ever. An article on the authors of the day, properly illustrated, is about the best feature of the current number.

The Wide World Magazine is as popular today as at its start. It is a living exemplification of the adage that truth is stranger than fiction. One can only say on reading its marvellous pages, that the race of Mandeville is still extant in British strain.

"The Mystery of Murray Davenport," by R. N. Stephens, is a story of New York life, but it is a story that is not only highly original in its motif, but also in the manner of its telling. It is one of the brightest and cleverest of the new books which have recently come out, and if the author is capable of more in the same lines, he should have an assured literary career before him.

"The Sacrifice of the Shannon," by W. H. Hickman, is a notable book and one that will well bear a reperusal. A tale of Nova Scotian life it certainly brings out clearly the indomitable persistence of the seaboard Eastern Canadian. A description of a yacht race in the earlier portion of the tale is as well written a story as any of its kind in the English language.

"Moose Hunting," and "Salmon Fishing," by T. R. Patillo, is as bright a book on sport as has been recently presented to the reading public. Treating on game in Eastern Canada, the story is told with a lack of literary effort, a verve, a contemning of the caducity of mere style that gives the reader hope for the language.

"The Adventures of Harry Revel," by A. Quiller-Couch is indeed a story of adventure from beginning to end. The impression left upon the mind, is of a wild phantasmagoria of incident upon incident, Ossa piled upon Pelion. The author has produced better books and will do so again, yet no lover of adventurous books will take up the present volume to lay it down half finished.

"A Speckled Bird," by A. G. Wilson, is a powerful story, dealing with the marriage relation and its interference by the divorce laws of the United States. The religious aspect of life is always uppermost with the author, who, however, fails in breadth of view and tenderness of feeling, while dealing with its most sacred aspects. The book is no ordinary novel, but a problem, and as a problem has its literary drawbacks, which go far to neutralize its advantages.

CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM

[Adopted at Revelstoke, September 13th, 1902.]

1. That this convention reaffirms the policy of the party in matters of provincial roads and trails; the ownership and control of railways and the development of the agricultural resources of the province as laid down in the platform adopted in October, 18[illegible], which is as follows;

"To actively aid in the construction of trails throughout the undeveloped portions of the province and the building of provincial trunk roads of public necessity.

"To adopt the principles of government ownership of railways in so far as the circumstances of the province will admit, and the adoption of the principle that no bonus should be granted to any railway company which *does not give the government of the province* control of rates over lines bonused, together with the option of purchase.

"To actively assist by state aid in the development of the agricultural resources of the province."

2. That in the meantime and until the railway policy above set forth can be accomplished, a general railway act be passed giving freedom to construct railways under certain approved regulations, analogous to the system that has resulted in such extensive railway construction in the United States, with so much advantage to trade and commerce.

3. That to encourage the mining industry, *the taxation of metalliferous mines* should be on the basis of apercentage on the net profits.

4. That the government ownership of telephone systems should be brought about as a first step in the acquisition of public utilities.

5. That a portion of every coal area here after to be disposed of should be reserved from sale or lease, so that state owned mines may be easily accessible, if their operation becomes necessary or advisable.

6. That in the pulp land leases provision should be made for reforesting and that steps should be taken for the general preservation of forests by guarding against the wasteful destruction of timber.

7. That the legislature and government of the province should persevere in the effort to secure the exclusion of Asiatic labor.

8. That the matter of better terms in the way of subsidy and appropriations for the province should be vigorously pressed upon the Dominion government.

9. That the silver-lead industries of the province *be fostered and encouraged by the imposition* of increased customs duties on lead and lead products imported into Canada, and that the Conservative members of the Dominion House be urged to support any motion introduced for such a purpose.

10. That as industrial disputes almost invariably result in great loss and injury both to the parties directly concerned and to the public, legislation should be passed to provide means for an amicable adjustment of such disputes between employers and employes.

11. That it is advisable to foster the manufacture of the raw products of the province within the province as far as practicable, by *means of taxation on the said raw products*, subject to rebate of the same in whole or part when manufactured in British Columbia.

Conservative Conventions

At a meeting of the executive of the Provincial Conservative Association, held at Vancouver, the province was divided into five divisions for organization purposes. The Kootenay-Boundary division is made up of the following provincial election districts: Revelstoke, Columbia, Fernie, Cranbrook, Ymir, Kaslo, Slocan, Grand Forks, Greenwood, the City of Rossland and the City of Nelson. At the same meeting the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That conventions for nominating candidates for members of the legislative assembly be made up of delegates chosen as follows:

(a) In city electoral districts, one delegate for every fifty and fraction of fifty votes polled at the provincial election held in 1900, and if the city is divided into wards, the proportion of delegates for each ward shall be based on the vote polled in each ward at the last municipal election.

(b) In other electoral districts, one delegate for every fifty or fraction of fifty votes polled at the provincial election held in 1900, the delegates to be apportioned to polling places, or as near thereto as will be fair to the voters of the different neighborhoods.

2. The election of delegates shall be at public meetings, held at a designated central place in each polling division, or in each ward in city electoral districts, if the city is divided into wards. At such public meetings only those who pledge themselves to vote for the candidate or candidates selected at the nominating convention shall be entitled to a vote for delegates.

3. Two weeks notice shall be given of the public meetings at which delegates are to be elected, and nominating conventions shall be held in city electoral districts two days after the day on which delegates are elected, and in other electoral districts seven days after. All nominations throughout the province to be made at a designated central place in each *electoral district, and on the same day.*

4. All notices of the date of public meetings for the election of delegates to nominating conventions, the apportionment of delegates, and the place and date of nominating conventions in the several electoral districts shall be prepared by the member of the executive of the division in which the electoral districts are situate, and issued over the names of the president and secretary of the Provincial Conservative Association

A meeting of the provincial executive will be held at Vancouver within a month, and the date for holding district nominating conventions will then be fixed.

JOHN HOUSTON,
President of the Provincial Conservative Association.

Nelson, June 8th, 1903. tf

Linton Bros.,

Books, Stationery, Newsdealers, Toys, Fishing Tackle, Kodaks and Supplies.

ROSSLAND, B. C.

In washing woollens and nannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory. 28

OUTSIDE MINE NEWS

What Is Being Done Outside the Province.

MINING ALL OVER THE WORLD

Progress of Various Countries in the Mining of Precious Metals.

Utah's five smelters produced over 4,000,000 pounds of copper bullion last month.

The Quilp, at Republic, Wash., will shortly send 60 tons of ore daily to Tacoma.

During the last three months 250,000 tons of copper ore have have been shipped from Newfoundland mines, chiefly to British smelters.

The consumption of copper in the United States during 1902, is estimate at 516,951,182 pounds compared with 386,916,170 pounds consumed in 1901.

The Chance Creek Mining company has been registered with a capital of £10,000 to acquire and develop a property in Western Canada.

A receiver has been appointed in the case of the British and Canadian Lead company, which owns a lead mine in Quebec.

During the past year the Camp Bird mine, Colorado, earned a net profit of about $1,250,000, with a production of 67,000 tons, averaging $25 55.

There has been a good rainfall at Broken Hill, ensuring a three months' supply of water to the mines.

It is estimated that no less than three millions of dollars in gold dust will be taken out of the Valdez district during this season.

At the Calumet and Hecla pockets are being constructed for supplying Kimberley skips, which are supplanting the cage and car system in the Red Jacket shaft.

The Brookfield Gold Mining company of Nova Scotia, have declared a dividend at the rate of 12 per cent per annum for the quarter ending July 1st.

The gold output of New Zealand during the month of August amounted to 30,074 ounces, valued at £110,572, as against 35,609 ounces, valued at £137,456, in the corresponding month of last year.

Some progress is now being made in quartz mining in Klondike, and one property in the neighborhood of Eldorado Creek has sunk a shaft down 70 feet, which is reported to be in rich ore all the way.

Heavy falls of rain in the Dawson district have improved the opportunities of the hydraulic companies. The gold yield will, however, be rather less—probably at least $1,000,000 than that of last season. Drought during much of the summer has greatly cu tailed hydraulicing.

Picked samples of ore from a vein just opened near Silver Cliff, Florence, Col., returns 591 ounces of silver, one ounce of gold and a great deal of lead. The strike is one of the most important made in he belt for a long time.

Very satisfactory returns were obtained from the last carload of ore shipped by the Republic Mining company to Nelson. With silver at 55⅛ cents an ounce, the returns totalled $58.47 per ton, with gold values at $13.70, making $82.07 in all. The ore was taken from an open cut on the Bell claim.

Some idea of the immense extent and value of the coal areas in Cape Breton can be obtained from the fact that the coal measures extend or a known distance of 45 miles and it has been estimated that with ten times the present output the supply is available for over 200 years.

The Keswick, Cal., smelter i now operating four furnaces, and all are converters. There are more men employed today than at any other time since the strike. This is partly due to the increased wages paid, $2.10 being the lowest wage for ten-hour men, which is 10 cents more a day than was paid before the strike. The fire is practically subdued and no longer bothers. The neighboring mines at Shasta, Old Diggins, Middle Creek and Buckeye are now finding a ready market for their small shipments of ore at the smelter, and the prosperity that smiles upon Keswick reaches out to the small producer and the prospector.

PROGRESSIVE PLATFORM

1. No didacnte will be accepted or endorsed by the party unless endors*ing the platform and placing his un*dated resignation in the hands of the endorsing body.
2. Government ownership of transportation.
3. Compulsory arbitration of labor disputes.
4. Absolute reservation of portions of coal lands by the government. Coal leases must have a clauses inserted governing coal prices.
5. Conservation of forests so as to produce a revenue and to promote the pulp industry.
6. Insertion of a clause in all charters forbidding the employment of orient l
7. Compulsory scaling of all logs by government scalers.
8. Free transportation to members of the legislatures and the judiciary.
9. Gradual abolition of all taxes upon producers and their products *shifting the burden on land values.*
10. Restriction of Oriental immigration on the lines of the Natal Act with a provision for reenactment in case of disallowance.
11. The abolition of property qualifications for public officers.
12. The establishment and operation of government smelters and refineries.
13. All franchises and subsidies be referred to the electorate.
14. Declaration of election day as public holiday, with four hours reserved in any case, so as to allow employes an opportunity of voting.
15. Farm lands and implements to be exempt from taxation and wild lands to be assessed at the price asked by holders.
16. No land subsidies to be granted.
17. Ten per cent of public lands to be set aside for a revenue for education and that children up to 16 years be given free books and meals and clothing when necessary.
18. Municipalization and publi control of the liquor traffic.

Call at the Strand for a fancy drink Green & Comerford, Props.

The New Woman

Miss Wilhelmina Jameson, an Edinburgh teacher, who has been appointed English lecturer in Grenoble University, is the first lady to receive an official appointment in a French University.

Canada's Great Illustrated Weekly

In keeping with the progress of the age, Canada's Great National Home Newspaper, The Weekly Globe, will be very materially improved for 1904. Numerous important changes are in contemplation, but the leading feature will be the introduction of an eight-page illustrated supplement on calendered paper. This will undoubtedly make it the most popular weekly offered to the people of the Dominion. For particulars see advertisement in another column of this issue.

Information Wanted

"Yes," said the alderman who was doing a second term. "I believe n holding up our home industries."

"For how much?" queried the newly elected member, who was a seeker after the truth.

Fresh Eastern and Olympia Oysters at Thomas Embleton's.

SOCIALIST COLUMN

Interesting Items of Social Reform.

PROGRESS MADE BY NEW PARTY

What is Being Done by Socialists In Canada and the World Over.

The demand for skilled white labor is steadily increasing in South Africa.

Mine owners of Sonora are arranging to employ Chinese laborers in place of Mexicans.

Mr. Chamberlain's seat for West Birmingham will be contested by the prominent labor leader, W. J. Davis.

A colored man was elected as international vice president at the convention of the longshoremen held at Bay City, Mich., recently.

It is said that the United Mine Workers of America are planning to erect a labor temple at Pittsburg, Pa., to cost $100,000.

The Canadian locals of the Bricklayers and Masons' International unions have decided to appoint an arbitration committee to settle all disputes in Canada.

It is estimated that fully 50,000 union workingmen and women of Chicago have secured increase of wages or shorter hours or both this year.

The dispute concerning wages between the shipbuilders of Belfast, Ireland, and the Boilermakers Society has been settled, concessions being granted in the notices of reductions.

The treasury of the American Federation of Labor held $62,940 July 1 last, of which $55,894 was credited to the defence fund and $7046 to the general fund of the body.

As an outcome of the recent success at the parliamentary bye-elections, the Labor party in Great Britain is organizing contests for seats in parliament at the next general elections on an unexpectedly large scale.

The dispute between the Edinburgh, Scotland, District Tramways company and their carmen is at an end, and the men are believed to be satisfied with the wages to be paid them and the scheme of working hours.

Justice Andrew of New York says: "With or without reason, alone or together, workmen may leave their employers. By argument or persuasion, by appeal to sympathy or prejudice, they may lead others not to take their vacant places. But here they must stop."

A government contractor fetched men from Quebec to British Columbia and paid them below the current rate, which it was claimed was in violation of the Fair Wages Act. Not so, for the Minister of Justice maintains that since the contract was made in Quebec the government had no power to interfere.

The Attorney General of New York state says that the recent decision of the state of appeals, declaring unconstitutional that part of the eight hour statute making its violation a misdemeanor, does not in any sense lessen the duty of officials making contracts in behalf of the state, for an eight hour is still imperative.

The strikers at Virginia mines, near Birmingham, Ala., against whom Chancellor Carmichael has issued an injunction restraining them from holding public meetings, have rented a church near the mines, and every day go to the building with Bibles and hymn books in hand and proceed to hold religous services. During th meeting an official of the miner union is granted the floor, an addresses the congregation on th strike, and takes up a collectio for those in need.

The General Federation of Trad Unions of Great Britain has pro posed an amendment to the con ciliation act of 1896. It advocat inquiry into the causes and ci cumstances of disputes, the takin of steps to bring disputants t gether, the appointment of a co ciliator upon application of eith side or an arbitrator on the app cation of both parties. It is the proposed to constitute a nation board of eight members—three em ployers, three workmen and tw co-opted members, such board to act on the application of an representative body, to make i quiry and publish results. Or, the dispute is prolonged, to mee discuss and recommend a settl ment.

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Outside Camps

Mining News of the Week Over the Province and the Upper Country.

BOUNDARY.

A few tons of ore taken out of the Strathmore in process of development yielded a value return of over $100 to the ton.

The platform for loading cars for the Athelstan mine, on the Winnipeg spur, has been completed, and Jackpot, as well as rich Athelstan, ore is being sent out.

Shipments of ore from the Betts and Hesperus mines to the Granby smelter have been started by wagon. The ore body has been proven to be 20 feet wide without encountering the hanging wall.

Work is continuing steadily now at the Morrison mine, Deadwood camp, where some 20 men are employed, and ore is being hauled by wagon to the railway for shipment to the Mother Lode smelter.

The first installment of coke manufactured at the Coleman colleries of the International Coal and Coke company, is said to have been received at the Granby smelter, and that it gave the best of satisfaction.

The Granby company has a small force of men at work on the south side of the Grey Eagle claim opening up the quarry, from which Contractor Fisher will haul the ore to the head of the surface tramway, a distance of a quarter of a mile.

Five more stamps are to be installed at the Waterloo mine, Camp McKinney, making a battery of ten. Inside of three months the mill has produced $19,000 in gold, according to the report of Secretary Wolf. Eighteen men are employed

Clement Vasher, foreman of the Sally mine in the West Forks country, is building a trail up to the mine, and work in the mine itself will resume almost immediately. Ore will be rawhided down to Beaverdell and shipped there by teams to Midway.

COAST.

Mr. Vaughan-Rhys, lessee of the Van Anda mines, Texada Island, paid a visit to Ladysmith recently and conferred with his agent and the local smeltermen. Mr. Vaughan Rhys said that everything was going on smoothly at the mine; the strike had been settled by the men themselves deciding to withdraw their demand on the company. The mine never looked better, and its operation is proving most satisfactory. From now shipments will be made continuously, as no further delays or interruptions are anticipated.

EAST KOOTENAY.

A report from Elko says that two prospectors have discovered and located a small body of hematite on Sand creek. The parties are now engaged in driving a tunnel on the vein, which is said to be from three to six feet in width.

Development at Coal creek mines is steadily going on. At No. 4 the coal is being wasted on the dump as the tramway is incomplete owing to the delay in the arrival of rails. Two cars are expected shortly and by October 1 the coal will be landed at the tipple and several rooms will be in operation. In No. 5 three drifts have struck coal. Development work has been commenced on No. 9 which is situated close by No. 1 and by the end of the year it will be sending out coal, Nos. 6, 7 and 8 will not be developed until next year.

ISLAND

Hugh Grieve, president of the Roberts-Kitchener mines, owning Lord Roberts, Lord Kitchener and General White on Mount Sicker, was in Vancouver recently, attending a meeting of the company. Mr. Grieve, who has been actively engaged recently in superintending the work at the mine, reports that very good progress is being made. On the Kitchener two shafts are being sunk, one of which is now down 25 feet, and the other about 12 feet. The vein, which shows a width of seven feet on the surface, is well defined, being a true fissure, which cuts the country formation, and grows stronger with depth. The ore is heavily charged with galena, and carries large values in copper, gold and silver, recent assays showing $69 70 per ton in all values. The stock of the Roberts-Kitchener is selling at 30c. per share in Vancouver, although no attempt has been made to boom the property. Four miners are working steadily on the Kitchener claim and the dump is gradually increasing in size, every pound of ore taken out being fit for shipment to the Crofton smelter, which is one and one-half miles distant. It is the intention of the management to have a similar test of 40 or 50 tons made at an early date.

KAMLOOPS.

No news has been published of the condition of matters at the Slough Creek mines for some time. The following telegram sent by Manager Hopp to the London office on August 8 is the latest information obtainable: "Second upraise is in 160 feet Face of second upraise is 123 feet south of face of south drift. Floor 11 feet below south drift. Water in second upraise from point 100 feet from main tunnel to present face of upraise is continous waterfall. The rock is soft and required to be heavy timbered at present, using face boards. There is every indication that a channel is being apporached."

SIMILKAMEEN.

The Cousin Jack ore recently assayed at the Granby smelter returns gold, 2 ozs., copper, 6 per cent, and silver, in all about $50 per ton. The Cousin Jack and Nickle Plate seem to be related, so far as values go. The contract for a 100 foot tunnel has been let to P. Burns.

SLOCAN.

The force at the Rambler has been increased.

A big force will be employed at the Enterprise this winter.

The owners are prosecuting development on the Neepawa.

W. W.-Warner is again ground sluicing on the Wonderful.

The force on the Black Prince was increased to three men this week.

Additional supplies were sent up to the Riverside this week, and development resumed.

A raise has been commenced on the Black Prince. Ore is being taken both from it and the drift.

New outbuildings are being erected at the Bank of England and everything made snug for winter.

The Noonday was shut down this week. They have no winter quarters at the property.

The ore body on the Mercury, near Sandon, has greatly improved of late, making it one of the best things in the camp.

Work was started the past week on a contract to drive 80 to 100 feet of tunnel to tap the lead on the Noble Five group.

Con. Murphy got back his quarter interest in the Black Prince group from A. York and turned it over to W. T. Shatford.

The Ivanhoe shipped 61 tons of ore in the past ten days. The coal shortage has been relieved and the mill is working full time.

Howard Thompson and G. McLeod has struck 14 inches of high galena on the Mountain Con. English experts had condemned the mine.

The owners of the Myrtle group have laid out plans for a big winter's work. They have installed a whim, which will greatly facilitate hoisting, and are now hauling in a plentiful supply of timber.

YMIR.

Ymir's ore and bullion shipments last month to the United States were valued at $83,893.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Active Gold Mining company was held here last week. Senator Magly, of Cincinnati, Ohio, was in the chair. The company will resume active work.

The carload of ore recently sent to the Nelson smelter by Bert Porter, lessee of the Atlin mine, went $27.40 per ton. The ore was not sorted at all, and is taken from a width of about five feet across the bottom of the shaft. The shaft is now down 50 feet, and drifting both ways is to be commenced.

The British Columbia Standard company is preparing to rush work on the new aerial tramway now commencing, to connect the Hunter V. mine with the railroad. B.C. Riblet, of Nelson, who has the contract, has already a force of men at work, but is finding difficulty in getting sufficient men to push the work as rapidly as desired.

Short in Sheep

The sheep returns from New Zealand reveal the serious shortage of 1,300,000 owing to over exportation. A further loss of half a million is probable through a snow storm in the South island, the severest for many years. In the circumstances, the government meat shop scheme is apparently premature.

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AMERICAN LINE
New York...Oct 7 Philadelphia Oct 14
RED STAR LINE
Finland .....Oct 10 Vaderland...Oct 17
CUNARD LINE
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JAMES H. FLETCHER,
GENERAL MANAGER
P. O. Box 902 Rossland, B. C.

THE ELECTIONS

The Provincial Mining Association has issued a circular asking each candidate for popular suffrage his views on certain questions intimately connected with the weal of the province, especially the Kootenay. Both local candidates so far apparently are relying upon the reputation of their party but party as party has little to do with Rossland. It is merely a device for securing responsibility. Party issues as such little affect this camp. There are things, however, which vitally concern it. The camp has a right to know how the men who are asking for their votes stand on these important matters. What stand is to be taken with regard to the Chinese question. Are Chinese to be introduced into this camp as freely as of yore and what is every whit as bad if not worse, despite the declaration in Friday's Miner, are their place to be filled by Japanese? Is the Alien Act to be enforced? Is the eight hour law again to be thrown into the political balances to stir up endless strife here and all over the province? What disposition is to be made of the coal lands in reserve, and in connection with this, what steps will be taken to see that our smelters and mines are not to be suddenly deprived of their coal and coke supplies? Is there any amendment to be made to clear up the Water Clauses Act in such manner as to prevent a possible recurrence of that dog in the manger policy which has kept back the camp in the past? The WORLD does not expect the candidates to see eye to eye with it, but it does expect that both men will be manly enough to come out with a decided utterance on these questions and others covered by the Mining Association. And according to the position taken so will the electorate be inclined to vote, irrespective of party, just as long as the man making those promises can be judged by his past record as being likely to keep his pledges inviolate.

CHAMBERLAIN RESIGNS.

Mr. Chamberlain's resignation seemed to have been unexpected by the majority of people, and it may be taken for granted that had not the bye elections so unmistakably have shown the general feeling of the country to have been against his new imperial policy, the Secretary of State for the Colonies would have retained his position until such time as a proper appeal to the country could have been made. The resignation seems to have involved the premier in some little difficulty, inasmuch as other ministers have followed the example, and the Associated Press declares that he will have some trouble in finding material to refurbish his cabinet. It is noteworthy that Mr. Balfour has not quarrelled with his former colleague, but has taken such grounds that there will not be the slightest trouble in the two men again coming together. It is true that much has been made of the fact that whereas the Premier merely signifies his adherence to a policy of protection in order that the English manufacturers shall not be subjected to an unfair competition, the ex-Colonial Secretary wants a preferential tariff. The two aims are perfectly in harmony. The Premier is preaching the gospel of protection, as it will apply to insular Britain, and showing how t will advantage him and the ex-Minister, the gospel of the Empire.

Much is being made of the cry of "dear bread," and there is little doubt but that a tax upon imported grain will have some influence upon the price of the loaf. Yet for all that there are two things working vigorously in the favor of the policy, the one being the undoubted fact that although it can be clearly enough shown, as recently by W. H. Mallock, that Great Britain is not living upon its capital to pay the enormous difference between its imports and its exports, that the amount derived from the income tax is yearly increasing, and the people out of work do not average much more than four per cent of its population, still the volume of its manufactures is not increasing in anything like a similar ratio and may, indeed, be said to be almost at a standstill; thus demonstrating to the intelligent working man that if the population increases and manufactures do not keep pace, that the time is fast nearing when many more than four per cent of the workmen will be minus a job, and therefore a change of policy will be absolutely necessary: the second is that spirit of imperialism which has ever dominated the Briton. Not for long can the average Islander be committed to a policy of parsimony or of parochial affairs. By sacrifice the Briton has overrun the earth, and by sacrifice alone will he hold what he has today. It is merely a question of time. If the Liberals are so foolish as to say, let us have free trade, even if the Empire perish, then that day is their doom sealed. Free trade is well, but fair trade is better. If free trade destroys the British manufactures, and that which goes not forward goes backward, then it is no matter as to the cheapness of the loaf, there will be no money to purchase it. Chamberlain's opponents so far have confined themselves to criticism. To win and retain their hold they must formulate a policy as broadly imperial as that of Chamberlain himself or be discredited in Britain. And what can be that policy?

NOTE AND COMMENT

Kootenay's politics today are neither Liberal nor Conservative, but are essentially Kootenay. We want trails to develop the country, railways to open it up, mining laws to insure equitable conditions to the worker and to capital, legislation that will quiet the turmoil of the past few years, lessened taxation to permit us to recuperate, and economy to conserve our wasted revenues.

Public Meeting.

A public meeting is called for this evening in the Miners Union Hall to which the Conservative candidate has been invited to speak, being allowed one hour for that purpose.

THE LIBERAL MANIFESTO.

Issued to the Electorate of British Columbia

The following manifesto has been issued to the electors by the executive of the British Columbia Liberal Association:

At a Liberal convention held at the city of Vancouver on the 6th and 7th of February, 1902, the following platform was adopted:

1. The immediate redistribution of the constituencies of the province on the basis of population, but allowing a smaller unit of population per seat for the outlying districts.

2. Government ownership, Dominion, provincial and municipal, of public services of utilities is sound and should be carried out in British Columbia.

3. Should it be advisable at any time to grant aid to a railway company such shall be in cash and not in land and no bonus of any kind shall be given without definite and effective means being taken to safeguard the interests of the province in the management of the road, control of the freight and passenger rates, and provision made against such railway having any liability against it except for actual cost.

4. Immediate construction of the Coast-Kootenay railway; the Cariboo railway, the extension of the Island railway; a railway from Alberni to a point on the east coast of the Island; a road in the northern part of the province from the coast to the eastern boundary with an extension to the northern boundary; the railway from Vernon to Midway by north fork of Kettle river; with necessary branch lines, ferries and connections.

5. The enforcement of the act now in force compelling the scaling of logs by government scalers.

6. That such legislation should be enacted as will result in making the lands included in the various dyking areas available for cultivation as quickly as possible and secure prompt payments of assessments when due.

7. That the government should keep in touch with the conditions in connection with mining, protecting said industry against combines and trusts and if necessary for the purpose build and operate smelters and refineries. No radical change should be made in the mining laws without full notice to all parties interested, giving full opportunity for discussion and criticism.

8. As the province can only advance by the settlement within its borders of thrifty and prosperous citizens, and as Orientals never become citizens in any proper sense of the word, we declare it to be the duty of the government to discourage Oriental immigration and employment by every means within its power, and we appeal to our fellow Liberals throughout the Dominion to aid us in our efforts to protect ourselves against the ruinous competition of men having a standard of decency and comfort immensely below that of civilized peoples, and who shirk every duty and obligation of citizenship which the law will allow them to escape.

9. The government ought to prevent the waste and suffering caused by strikes and lockouts, and an earnest effort ought to be made to provide some means of preventing such strikes and lockouts, and we approve the adoption of compulsory arbitration.

10. The fiscal system of the province stands in need of revision. Taxation should bear upon privilege rather than upon industry, and no addition should be made to the debt of the province except for public works properly chargeable to capital.

11. The retaining of the resources of the province as an asset for the benefit of the people and taking effective measures to prevent the alienation of the public domain except for actual bona fide business or industrial purposes, putting an end to the practice of speculating in connection with the same.

12. The construction and maintenance of roads throughout the province to aid in the development of the mining and agricultural districts.

The first plank of the above platform refers to a subject which, though not a live issue now, was so when the platform was adopted. In this matter the rights of the people have been substantially secured by the efforts of a handful of Liberal members who, holding the balance of power during the session of 1902, compelled an unwilling administration to pass the present Redistribution Act.

The executive of the British Columbia Liberal Association desire to call your attention to the following:

The province is on the eve of a general election, and for the first time in its history the contest is to be conducted upon party lines.

fithHerto contests in the province have been carried on between aggregations bound together rather by interest than by principle, by private arrangement rather than by public considerations. In the past the dominant influences in the several governments of the province have been Conservative. The Prior Dunsmuir, Turner and previous governments have been almost entirely composed of Conservatives, supported in the house by Conservatives. The present government, of which the Honorable Richard McBride is premier, is the natural successor in tradition and policy that mischievous series of personal governments which has made this province, although the richest of any in natural resources, the least prosperous in the Dominion. With our vast mineral and other resources the progress of our development has been slow and entirely unsatisfactory. Unwise legislation, principally in the interest of speculation, not of industry, is responsible to a very large extent for this condition of affairs. The public assets, public franchises and monopolies, have been given away to favorite persons and corporations, instead of being utilized for the benefit of the people at large, and this has been going on for so long a time that the province now finds itself compelled to exact from industry that revenue which, had our affairs been wisely conducted, could easily have been obtained from our squandered heritage.

The last Conservative government, owing to its maladministration of the public affairs of the province, was, through the efforts principally of a small band of Liberals, dismissed from office and accident and the introduction of party lines has placed another Conservative government in power, and has placed at the head of that government a man who was not only an ardent supporter of past Conservative administrations, but was himself a member of one of them, and shared fully in the responsibility of an attempt on the part of that government to give away to a railway corporation, in direct defiance of the instructions of the legislature as expressed by statute, two large blocks of enormously valuable coal and oil lands in Kootenay.

It is the aim of the Liberal party to place in the field at the coming election men pledged to remedy the evils from which we have so long suffered.

Among the matters requiring immediate attention are the following:

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

(a) By taking care that the staff of officials shall not be maintained beyond the actual requirements of the service; (b) by making good conduct and efficiency the conditions of tenure of office; (c) fitness, not favoritism, to govern appointments.

FISCAL REFORM.

(a) By keeping expenditure within revenue, borrowing money if at all only for works properly chargeable to capital; (b) wise and provident administration of the natural riches of the province, so as to bring into the treasury that revenue which should be derived from our great and varied resources; we declare on conviction that the proper taxes, rents and royalties can and ought to be levied and collected in such a way as to encourage industry, and at the same time provide sufficient revenue and enable the government to repeal in whole or in part certain taxes which now hamper industry, arrest development and create dissatisfaction among the people. (c) In this connection the taxation of mines will receive that consideration which the importance of the mining industry to the province demands. It is not claimed by those engaged in mining that their property should be exempt from taxation, but they do claim that the present system of levying taxes is unfair, and tends to discourage the investment of capital and the employment of labor in mining enterprise, thus not only retarding the development of our mineral resources, but also impeding the prosperity of the mining community, and preventing the enlargement of sources of revenue to the province itself. The present system imposes a tax on wages as well as on profits, and should be readjusted so as to bear upon profit only,

REFORM IN LAND ADMINISTRATION,

(a) We denounce absolutely the Conservative policy of land grants by way of bonus to railways, and also the reservation of large tracts of land which has has obtained in the past.

(b) We declare it to be our policy to hold the public lands in trust for the promotion of settlement and encouragement of industry. In the case of agricultural lands we favor free homesteads under conditions which shall effectually secure the land to actual settlers.

(c) Full and exact information as to all public lands fit for settlement should be obtained by the government, and made available at every government office for the information of the public.

THE FARMING INDUSTRY

(a) Recognizing the importance of agriculture in the province, we are in favor of placing the agricultural department of the government on a thoroughly practical and efficient basis.

(b) The bad management and inefficiency of the government have imposed upon the owners of the dyked lands a much heavier burden than they should have been called upon to bear. We would enact legislation making the lands included in the various dyking areas available for cultivation as quickly as possible. This whole question calls for prompt attention and settlement upon a basis which shall be at once just to the owners of these lands and fair to the taxpayers of the province as a whole.

(c) In the interest of agriculture in what is commonly known as the dry belt, the question of the proper utilization of the water supply for irrigation purposes demands and must receive prompt attention from the government

Continued on fifth page.

Thos. Embleton
The Grocer

—FRESH—
Eastern and Olympia
Oysters,

Fresh Kippers
and Bloaters..

All Kinds of FRUITS for Canning and Table Use.

Thos. Embleton
The Grocer

THE
PALACE
RALPH HARRON, PROP.

Rossland's Leading Hotel..

Sample Room
For Commercial Men.

Finest Grill in Kootenays
IN CONNECTION.

FIRST CLASS
Bowling Alley
AND
BILLIARD ROOM

MINOR MENTION

J. S. Clute is back from the coast.

The city council did nothing on Tuesday night.

The Rebekahs propose giving a dance on Hallowe'en,

Frank Armstrong is rapidly recovering.

The Burnt Basin wagon road is being pushed.

There was a slight frost last night.

The Miner has had more light on the political situation.

Flop, floppier, floppiest—the Miner out Herods Herod.

The trip of the baseball team to Colville has been abandoned.

The story about Messrs. Boultbee and Clute is decidedly racy.

Director Allan MacLean of the Velvet has left for London.

Premier McBride is expected in camp next Wednesday.

Specimens of Rossland ore are wanted for the Spokane fall fair.

The Rossland Tennis Club are arranging for their annual dance.

Somebody has actually been getting rid of those carnival arches.

The new master mechanic at the Le Roi is Goorge Fraser of Greenwood.

J. J. Gibbons is expected here with the Manufacturers' Association next Saturday.

Says a digruntled politician "The weather is like the elections—d— chilly."

The latest is that John Clute will succeed John Boultbee as Police Magistrate.

Mrs. James Fasken has gone to Seattle for a month's visit with friends.

A. G. Creelman has secured a large railway contract for the C. P. R. near Regina.

A son was born on Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Carrithers of the Great Northern railway.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Cone have finally left for New York,going out of business here.

The glove fight between Mullin and McLaughlin ended in a short victory for the former.

Colonel Jack Egan, well known and popular in Rossland, has rejoined the Miner staff.

Ed Clarke, an old time Rossland newspaper man, was in camp during the week.

The Deborah Rebekah lodge initiated five candidates on Wednesday last.

An excursion of Masons and their friends will probably go to Colville on Tuesday next.

War Eagle voters (?) had better change their committee rooms else they may get into trouble.

Might form some interesting reading were the Miner to look up some of its summer editorials.

Ed Watson, formerly of the Strand, is lying dangerously ill in Providence hospital, Seattle.

O. Becker, travelling freight agent of the C. P. R. has been paying Rossland a flying visit.

C. W. Shoaberg has been sentenced to one month's imprisonment for attempting to defraud the Hotel Allan.

The Miner's forecast as to the result of the provincial elections is evidently inspired by its independence.

An ore train with War Eagle Centre Star ore was ditched at Smelter Junction last Thursday.

Lord Lyveden regrets that he is unable to accept the invitation to visit Rossland with his party of parliamentarians.

A party of Great Northern officials paid a flying visit to Rossland last Saturday. Perhaps that swamp will now be drained.

The Liberals declare that they captured the Trail people at the joint meeting held there on Wednesday night.

George Urquhart or William Martin, shot a yearling bear near the Crown Point on Wednesday last.

R. L. Brooks, an employe of the Le Roi mine, left yesterday for Seattle where he will spend his vacation.

The finals in the Mixed Doubles at the Tennis Tournament will be played this afternoon, weather permitting.

A commission presided over by W. J. Nelson is in session today taking evidence against Whitaker Wright.

The Ladies of the Maccabees initiated two candidates on Thursday night, after which a banquet was given to members only.

If R. McBride will insist on handing out police magistracies without consulting the War Eagle organ he must expect Hades.

The ladies of the Rossland Hive of the Maccabees have received a silk banner for having the largest membership in their jurisdiction.

J. F. Smith of Toronto is in the city looking after the interests of his client, Director Hoare of the London & Globe company.

The first clean up of the I. X. L. ore at the O. K. stamp mill yielded Messrs. Craven and Pringle 120 ounces of gold for a 13 day run.

R. W. Hinton has severed his connection with the Le Roi and will devote his time to the Elmore concentrator and to the Le Roi No. 2 mine.

Paul Wiallard, French immigration agent, is in the city looking over the capabilities of this province to support French Canadian settlers.

The first of the dances at the Miners' Union Hall given by Messrs. McKinnon and Schorlemmer on Tuesday night proved a success.

Rossland's drill hall will be started this fall. Liberal representations have had their influence, and the hall will be enlarged over its original plans.

Mrs. J. M. Fitz-Patrick is trying to get up a children's opera. A meeting of all children is being held this afternoon in the opera house in connection.

Continued from fourth page.

ROADS.

The present lack of system of constructing and maintaining roads and trails is productive of a serious waste of public money, and in this connection more can be done to open up new districts where roads are needed, and at less cost than what has been done in the past, under the wasteful and corrupt system which has been so long in vogue.

PUBLIC HEALTH,

The Health Act should be amended so as to meet the growing requirements of unincorporated districts in respect of sanitation and isolation, as to which no adequate provision is now found upon the statutes.

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS.

Regardless of all question of party affiliation, the rights of the province under the constitution should be jealously guarded. While, from the point of view of Dominion politics, we heartily support the government now in power at Ottawa, we shall at the same time insist most firmly upon the protection of our people by the exclusion of Oriental labor. and we shall also insist upon the right of the province to make such provisions as it may see fit in all contracts, grants and leases under provincial control. We shall also strenuously press upon the Dominion government a readjustment of our financial relations, and we claim the full enjoyment of all rights given us by the letter and spirit of the constitution.

In conclusion, we appeal to all patriotic voters in British Columbia to seize the opportunity now presented to them to rid the province of that incubus which has been so disastrous to its progress, and to secure sane, progressive and stable government by placing the Liberals in power at Victoria.

STUART HENDERSON, Pres.
T. S. BAXTER, Sec.
Vancouver, September 4, 1903.

Spokane Industrial Fair Oct. 5 to 13

For the above occasion the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway will sell round trip tickets to Spokane at one and one fifth, viz: $6:16. Selling dates October 4th to 12th inclusive. Final limit October 14th. Children half fare.

H, P. BROWN, Agent,
Rossland, B. C.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. A.,
Spokane, Wash.

AT THE CHURCHES TOMORROW

Churches desiring special mention o their services must present the notices for publication on or before Friday morning.

Salvation Army.—7 a.m., Knee Drill; 11 a.m., junior meeting; 3 p.m., Free and Easy; 8 p.m., Salvation meeting.

Church of the Sacred Heart.—Rev. M. W. McKinnon in charge. First mass 8:30 a.m.; Second mass 10:30 a.m.; Sunday School,2:30 p.m. followed by Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

St. George's Church—Rev. J. A. Cleland, rector Sixteenth Sunday after Trinity. 8 a. m., Holy Communion; 11 a. m. Matins 2:30 p.m., Sunday School; 3:30 p.m., Holy Baptism; 7:30 p.m., Evensong.

Baptist Church—Rev. M. Van Sickle, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school and bible class, 12:15 p. m.

Methodist Church.—Rev. R. F. Stillman, B.A., pastor. Services 11 a.m., and 7:30 p.m. Class meeting at 10:15 a. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m. Monday 8 p. m. Epworth. League. Wednesday 7:30 Prayer meeting. Morning subject "Systematic Glory," Evening subject "The Marriage Feast.,'

St. Andrew's Church,(Presbyterian.)—Corner First avenue and Queen street. Public worship at 11 a.m., and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school and Pastor's Bible class, 2:30 p. m.

Two prizes will be given at the Alhambra Bowling alley every two weeks for the largest score made,

THE STRAND is a good place. to spend yonr spare time. Good music Green & Comerford, Proprietors.

Certificate of Improvement.

NOTICE.

The Gordon and Texas Fraction Mineral Claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District,

Where located: North slope of Red mountain.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, Prov. Land Surveyor of Rossland, agent for F. R. Blochberger, free miner's certificate No. B57494, Andrew Sutherland,free miner's certificate No.B73315 and Ner Smith, free miner's certificate No. B75408, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim,

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvement,

Dated this 21st day of August,A,D. 1903
KENNETH L. BURNET

LATEST NOVELS,
SHEET MUSIC,
FRESH BLUEPRINT PAPER,
TALLY CARDS FOR 500
AT
M. W. Simpson's

Harry McIntosh
DIRECT IMPORTER OF
'PERFECTION'
SCOTCH
Vintage of 1878
Guaranteed Absolutely Pure
Bass' Burton Ale on Tap
—AT—
The Hoffman House

MARKET REPORTS

Retail Prices in Rossland Stores.

GROCERIES AND MINE SUPPLIES

Corrected Up to Date by the Leading Merchants of the Camp.

MINING SUPPLIES.

Axes, per doz $7.50-10.00
Candles, per case $5.50-6.50
Caps, Bennett, per box 75c
Coal, blacksmith per ton $22.50
Dynamite, 60 per ct, per lb 19½c
Dynamite, 50 per ct, per lb 18c
Dynamite, 40 per ct, per lb 16½c
Fuse, Bennett per 100 ft 75c
Hammers, per lb 15c
Iron, per lb 3¼-5c
Nails, base, per keg $4
Shovels, per doz $7.50-10
Steel, Canton per lb 8½c

MEAT AND POULTRY.

Bacon, per lb 18-20c
Beef, per lb (side) 9-10c
Chickens, each 50-90c
Fish, per lb 12½-15c
Ham, per lb 18-20c
Mutton per lb (side) 13-15c
Turkey, per lb 23c
Veal, per lb (side) 18c

PROVISIONS

Almonds, per lb 25c
Apples, per 50lb box $1.25-$1.50
Bananas, per doz 40c
Beans, per lb 6c
Blackberries, per box 15c
Butter, per lb 25-35c
Cheese, per lb 20c
Chocolate, per lb 40-50c
Cocoa, per lb 40c-$1.00
Coffee, per lb 25 50c
Condensed Milk per can 15c
Dried Peas, per lb 8c
Eggs, per doz 30-40
Flour, per 50lb $1 50-1.65
Grapes, per lb 15c
Honey, per lb 25c
Jams and Jellies per lb 12-13c
Lard, per lb 17½c
Onions, per lb 5c
Oranges, per doz 40-50c
Peaches, per 20lb box $1.25
Pears, per 40lb box $1.60
Pickles, per qt 20c-25c
Plums, per 20lb box 50c
Potatoes, per 100lb sack $1.00
Rice, per lb 8c
Rolled Oats per lb 5c
Sugar, per lb 6½c
Vinegar, per gal 50c-75c
Walnuts, per lb 25c
Watermelons, each 50-60c

FEED

Bran, per ton $27
Hay, per ton $27
Oats, per ton $32
Shorts, per ton $30

MISCELLANEOUS

Coal, per ton, Galt, $8.50
Kerosine, per gal 50c
Soap, per bar 5c
Wood, per cord $4.50-$5.50

LABOR UNION DIRECTORY

Officers and Meetings.

NELSON MINERS UNION No. 96, W. F. M. Meets every Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Thos. Roynon, Pres., Frank Philips, Sec. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

YMIR MINERS UNION No. 85, W. F. M., meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Miners' Union hall. Robert Elliott, Pres., W. B. McIsaac, Sec.

GREENWOOD MINERS UNION No. 22, W. F. M., meets every Saturday evening in Union hall. H. R. Parsons, Pres., Geo. F. Dougherty, Sec.-Treas,

Pompeian Massage Cream
Removes, Blackheads, Freckles and Pimpples and brings color the Cheeks. For Sale at
Royal Barber Shop
SUPPLY HOUSE.
W. J. PREST, PROP

Queen Quality
THE FAMOUS SHOE FOR WOMEN

For the balance of the season we offer our large stock of Women's Oxford Ties at greatly reduced prices. NOTE THE FALL:

Fine Pat. Colt Oxford Ties, welt,	$4.00 now	$3.20
Fine Pat. Kid Oxford Ties, welt,	4.50 now	3.50
Fine Pat. Calf Oxford Ties, welt,	4.00 now	2.00
Fine Dongola Oxford Ties, welt,	3.00 now	2.00
Fine Vici Kid Oxford Ties, turn,	3.00 now	2.40
Fine Vici Kid Oxford Ties, turn,	2.50 now	1.75
Fine Vici Kid Oxford Ties, turn,	2.00 now	1.60

Do not miss this chance to get nice Summer Footwear at low prices

W. F. McNEILL
FASHIONABLE FOOTWEAR.

Vegetable Hair Renewer
Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning grey, for it always restores the color. It keeps the scalp clean and healthy and makes the hair smooth and soft. The hair grows long and heavy and does not split at the ends.
PRICE 75C. AT
Morrow's Drug Store

TENNIS TOURNAMENT

State of the Games in the Principal Series Now Being Played Off.

Men's Open Singles.

Rose ..... Lewer ..... Rose.....
Phipps..... Anderson..... Phipps.....
Phipps.....
Grant ..... Ouimette ..... Ouimette .....
Phipps.....
Hamilton..... Davis ..... Davis. .....
Davis. .....
Macdonald .... Dewdney Dewdney.....
Buckingham ..
Buckingham Eden..... Buckingham...
Buckingham...
McNeill ..... Morkill..... McNeill. .....
Buckingham...
Claudet....Bye
McNeill .....

Men's Open Doubles.

Eden & Ouimette.... Bye
D. & R.....
Davis & Rose..... Bye
D. & R....
Falding & Dempster. Bye
R. & F.....
Richardson & Fraser. Grant & Morkill R. & F.....
D. & P. ....
Dewdney & Phipps .. Macdonald & Claudet D. & P.....
Viets & Kamm ..... Bye
D, & P.....
Lewer & McNeill .... Bye
D. & P.....
Buckingh'm-Carmc'l. Bye
B. & C.....

Mixed Open Doubles.

Miss Fraser & Richardson . Miss Falding & Dewdney .. F. & D.....
Mrs. Richds'n & Bucking'm Miss Boultbee & Fraser.... R. & B.....
F. & D .....
Miss Homer & Ouimette ... Miss Shrapnel & Phipps ... S. & P. ....
Mrs. Scott & Coulthard .... Bye
S. & P. ....

Ladies' Handicap Singles

Mrs. Hunter 1-6 15 .. Bye
Mrs Hunter ...
Miss Fraser 1-2 30... Bye
Miss S.....
Mrs. Richardson -15.. Bye
Miss Shrapnel
Miss Homer 15 ..... Miss Shrapnel 1-6 15 Miss Shrapnel
Mrs. Scott..
Mrs. Mackenzie 30 .. Bye
Miss Boultbee .
Miss Boultbee 1-6 15. Bye
Mrs. Scott..
Mrs. Scott -30. ..... Bye
Mrs. Scott.....
Miss Falding -15 .... Bye

OUTSIDE POINTS OF VIEW

What the Outside Newspapers are Saying.

TRADE GUILDS RETURNING.

Chicago enterprise has almost reproduced the mediaeval trade guilds by a combination of employers and employes, says the Toronto Globe. Capital and labor, the abstract entities supposed to be at war, have united, and the public are made to bear the joint pressure. The coal teamsters were pioneers in the new unionism. They fought their employers for about five years over wages, hours, and conditions. The latter formed a coal team owners' association, and where the two grew tired fighting they entered into an agreement by which each crowded out non-unionists. The result was peace, good wages for teamsters, good profits for team owners, and heavier charges on the coal consumers.

PRIVATE OWNERSHIP.

Public ownership never makes a mistake that is not over advertised, says the Toronto Telegram. But how about the mistakes of private ownership? Take the Consolidated Lake Superior for example. The news comes from Philadelphia that shareholders are to be forced out unless they pay $8 for every share of $100 par value which stands in their names. Private ownership has left this company without available resources other than its ability to induce shareholders to redeem their own shares on the basis of $8 cash for every $100 par value. It is to be hoped that the Consolidated Lake Superior will outlive all troubles, but the moral of its misfortune is that private ownership has its disasters no less serious to shareholders than the mistakes of public ownership are to taxpayers.

A UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE.

"Volapuk," says the Boston Herald, the fantastic creation of faddists who fancied they had invented the universal language, seems likely to have no good excuse for existing bye and bye, since English is moving in the direction of the prophecy that our mother tongue will some time be spoken the world over. Within 100 years French has declined from the first to fourth place among influential languages, although the use of it has increased 64.5 per cent. Spanish has increased 61.5; German and Russian have advanced 150 per cent, while English, which now stands at the head, has increased by 550 per cent. English is taught in all German schools and the Japanese make it a part of their regular curriculum. Bye and bye not to know English will be to confess one's self not a "citizen of the world."

ZINC PRODUCERS

Zinc producers in the Kootenay district of British Columbia are likely to encounter trouble in securing a market which will provide any great returns for their zinc product. Shippers of zinc from this district will be compelled to come into contact with the zinc product of Leadville, which has a marked advantage in freight rates and which will naturally be given the preference over the British Columbia ores on that account, all other considerations being equal. The present freight rate on zinc from British Columbia is itself almost prohibitive being $11, against $3.50 per ton from Leadville, to the Kansas gas belt smelters. Until some marked concessions can be secured from the railroads of British Columbia the competition of the Colorado ores is to prove a very formidable factor in a competitive market. The sooner that the zinc produce of the Kootenays realize this fact and take steps to secure the needed concessions, which will be of advantage to the railroads through the increased tonnage that such concessions would insure, the sooner they will be able to increase their shipments. Zinc can be and is economically produced in that district but will have little market value until existing conditions are improved.—St. Louis Lead and Zinc News.

COPPER PRODUCTION

United States Geological Survey's Statistics Summarized

In his report to the United States Geological Survey on the production of copper in 1902, Mr. Charles Kirchhoff says that the copper mining industry of the United States suffered during 1902 from the reaction which followed the unsuccessful attempt during 1901 to maintain the value of the metal at an artificial level. The collapse which came toward the close of 1901 left many producers committed to sales covering a long period, at low prices, with the menace of heavy accumulations of metal constantly over the market. Yet production was heavier during 1902 than it had been in 1901, because some of the important mines were worked to fu l capacity and because some of the enlargements and improvements previously begun became effective during the year. Furthermore, a number or new enterprises first produced important quantities of metal. On the other hand, accidents and labor troubles cut down the outputs of some of the larger undertakings. Unless unforeseen events cause widespread or prolonged stoppage of operations at the mines, Mr. Kirchhoff thinks that the production of copper in the United States will be considerably larger in 1903 than it has ever been. The Lake Superior districts will yield considerably more copper; Arizona is expected to return a considerably product; Utah may reach a total of 35,000,000 pounds; and Wyoming, Nevada, Colorado, New Mexico and the Southern States will report an increase.

The consumption of copper in the United States was enormous in 1902. It was larger also in industrial countries.

As compared with 268,782 long tons in 1901, the total production of copper in the United States in 1902 was 294,423 long tons, of which the Lake Superior district produced 76,165, or 25.9 per cent; Montana, 128,975 long tons or 43.8 per cent; and Arizona, 53,547 long tons, or 18.2 per cent. This is an incre ase in the total production of 25,641 long tons, or nearly 10 per cent as compared wieh 1901.

Utah is forging to the front as one of the most important copper states, and it is notably in the camp that development has been most rapid.

Only small quantities of copper ore have have been shipped from Alaska to Puget Sound smelters, but it is known that large deposits of copper ore exist, whose development is being taken seriously in hand.

The imports of copper ore in 1902 were valued at $7,921,641, as compared with $14,394,663 in 1901, and the imports of copper in bars, ingots, pig, and in manufactured forms were valued at $12,864,021, as compared with $11,820,459 in 1901. The exports of domestic copper in different forms were valued at $46,811,729 in 1902, as compared with $36,071,448 in 1901. The exports from Baltimore, Md., increased from 54,377,355 pounds in 1901 to 103,607,256 pounds in 1902; and from New York the increase was from 133,540,150 pounds in 1901 to 236,625,515 pounds in 1902.

In the aggregate the reporting mines had a stock of 155,665,652 pounds of copper on January 1, 1903, as compared with 282,014,297 pounds on January 1, 1902, a decline of over 126,000,000 pounds during 1902.

The estimated consumption in 1902 was 551,688,191 pounds as compared with 382,761,014 pounds in 1901, and with 356,891,121 pounds in 1900. The average selling price of Lake copper during 1902 was 11.86 cents per pound.

Publishers' Association

The four daily Vancouver papers have formed themselves into a publishers' association for mutual protection and advantage.

SIMILKAMEEN CITY, B. C.

Now Is the Time to Buy Lots in Similkameen City, B. C.

CAMP HEDLEY is the most talked of camp in the province, and situated in the centre is Similkameen City, surrounded by rich mines which will shortly have large payrolls. Over 200 lots have been sold to business people who realize that Similkameen will become the metropolis of this district. The Nickel Plate mines have expended $300,000 in development and are at present building tramways and a 40-stamp mill. Arrangements are being made for the erection of a large smelter at Similkameen City which will cost about a million dollars. Besides the Nickel Plate group of claims being developed by one of the richest mining companies in North America, there are several other groups and properties which will shortly be developed, among them being the Kingston Mines, Rollo, Wellington, Winnipeg, Red Chief and Pollock. Situated as it is in the beautiful Similkameen valley, midway between Princeton and Keremeos, and protected from all opposition in the valley by adjoining a large Indian reservation, this townsite will become one of the principal mining camps of the Pacific Northwest. It was only a short time ago that lots in Rossland, Nelson, Greenwood and other mining centres were selling for the same price that they are today being sold for in Similkameen. Come in before the boom and double your money.

Similkameen City to Have Two Railways.

The Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern and the Canadian Pacific railways are starting immediate construction for the Similkameen, which will make this town a railroad centre and divisional point, and when these competing lines are completed through to the Pacific coast they will become the main through lines, being the shortest route from the interior to the coast. A large sawmill is running steadily on the west addition, the only available timber for miles around. The main street is 90 feet wide, being all cleared and ready for building purposes. All railways, roads, telegraph and telephone lines will have to come through this townsite, which is located in the centre of the whole Similkameen valley and will become the largest distributing point and mining centre in British Columbia.

Similkameen City Lots Will Make You Rich.

A large agricultural area to draw from. Pure water, fine climate, rich mines, big payrolls.

Lots for Sale $2 to $10 Per Front Foot. **Agents in All Towns in B. C.**

For further particulars apply to

FRANK BAILEY & CO., Greenwood and Similkameen

J. H. YATES, Empire State Building, Spokane.

JAMES H. FLETCHER, 120 Columbia Ave., ROSSLAND

THE

SATURDAY WORLD

$2.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

CHIEFLY DEVOTED TO

Mining and Social Matters

Special Columns

Will be Literature, Current Topics, Canadian, Imperial and Foreign Affairs.

A Serial Story Will Run

ALL THE LATEST NEWS

OF THE DAY.

Eight Pages! Eight Pages!

GOOD SUNDAY READING.

THE

SATURDAY WORLD

Le Roi Feed and Sale Stables

John F. Linburg, Prop.

Best Turnouts in the City.

Saddle horses for fishing and hunting parties a specialty.

Telephone 39. Rossland, B C

TICKETS

TO ALL POINTS

EAST and WEST

VIA

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

SHORT LINE

TO

St. Paul, Duluth, Minneapolis, Chicago

and all points east

Seattle, Tacoma, Victoria, Portland

and all Pacific Coast points

Through Palace and Tourist Sleepers
Dining & Buffet Smoking Library Cars

2-Fast Trains Through Daily-2

For rates, folders and full information regarding trips, call on or address any agent S. F. & N. Railway.

H. BRANDT, C P & T A,
701 W Riverside, Spokane
A B C DENNISTON, G W P A,
Seattle, Wash.
H. P. BROWN, Rossland Agent

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y

Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway

Red Mountain Railway

Washington & Great Northern R'y

Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern R'y & Nav. Co.

The only all rail between points east west and south to Rossland, Nelson, Grand Forks and Republic. Connects at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co. for points east, west and south; connects at Rossland and Nelson with the Canadian Pacific R'y.

Connects at Nelson with K. R. & N. Co. for Kaslo and K. & S. points.

Connects at Curlsw with stage for Greenwood and Midway, B. C.

Buffet cars run between Spokane and Northport.

Effective June 14, 1903

NORTHBOUND.

Leave	Spokane	8:45 a.m.
Arrive	Rossland	4:35 p.m.
Arrive	Nelson	7:20 p.m.
Arrive	Grand Forks	4:00 p.m.
Arrive	Republic	6:15 p.m

SOUTHBOUND.

Leave	Republic	8:30 a.m.
Leave	Grand Forks	10:35 a.m
Leave	Nelson	7:20 a. m
Leave	Rossland	10:40 a.m
Arrive	Spokane	6:15 p.m

For further information regarding reservation of berths or price of tickets, apply to any agent of the above companies, or to

H. A. JACKSON,
General Passenger Agt
Spokane, Wash
H. P. BROWN,
Agent Rossland B C

SOCIETY CARDS.

F. O. E. FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES, Rossland Aerie, No. 10, Regular meetings every Monday evenings, 8 p. m, Eagles Hall, Carpenters' Union Bld'g.

J. Levy, W P.
H. Daniel W. Secretary.

I.O.O.F. Meets in Odd Fellows Hall on Queen Street, between First and Second avenues. Regular meetings each Monday night. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend and register within 10 days.

W. S. Murphy, Sec. Jos. Goldsworthy, N.G.

Hello There!

Have you got..... LICE ..on your POULTRY?

—If so use—

Rex Lice Killer

—For sale by—

The Brackman-Ker Milling Company

ALL KINDS OF DRY WOOD

W. F. LINGLE

Office opposite Great Northern ticket office next to Red Star

DR. BRUHN'S OINTMENT

Is pharmaceutically, medicinally, scientifically the most valuable composition of the century and marks a new era in the preparation of curatives for the external treatment of humors of the skin, scalp and blood, including loss of hair, as well as for sores, cuts, ulcers, wounds, scalds, burns, inflammations, itching piles, eczema, pimples, chapped hands, chafings, irritations and pain, soreness and stiffness of the muscles and joints, and for many other uses which readily suggest themselves. This preparation has been in use for a quarter of a century. Testimonials from thousands testify as to its curative qualities.

Directions for use—Apply freely night and morning, or often as required.

—PRICE—
50 Cents a Box

MANUFACTURED BY
Dr. Bruhn Medical Co.
NEW YORK
Sole agent for Rossland, T. R. MORROW, The Druggist

PHRA
The Phoenician.

BY EDWIN LESTER ARNOLD

SYNOPSIS.

Phra, who dies and lives again, in Britain, begins to recount his early adventures—He buys a British slave girl and sails on a trading voyage to Cornwall and marries a British princess.

CHAPTER II (continued)

I yielded, and the long black winter was worn through among the British, until, when the yellow light came back again, I had married Blodwen before all the tribe and was rich by her constant favor, nor, need it be said, more loth than ever to leave her. In truth she was a good Princess, but very variable. Blodwen the chieftainess urging her clansmen to a tribal fight, red hot with the strong drink of war, or reeking with the fumes and cruel and bloody sacrifice to Baal, was one thing; and, on the other hand, Blodwen tending with the rude skill of the day her kinsmen's wounds, Blodwen the daughter weeping gracious, silent tears in the hall of her fathers as the minstrels chanted their praises, or humming a ditty to the listening blue eyed little one upon her knee—his cheek to hers—was all another sight; and I loved her better than I have ever loved any of those other women who have loved me since then.

But sterner things were coming my erratic way. The proud Eagle, having in these years long tyrannized over fertile Gaul, must needs swoop down on our brothers along that rocky coast of Armorica that faces our white shore, carrying death and destruction among our kinsmen as the peregrines in the cliffs harry the frightened seamews.

Forthwith the narrow waters were black with our hide sailed boats rushing to succor. But it was useless. Who could stand against the Roman? Our men came back presently—few, wounded, and crestfallen, with long tales of the foeman's deadly might by sea and shore.

Then, a little later on, we had to fight for ourselves, though scantly we had expected it. Early one autumn a friendly Veneti came over from Gaul and warned the Southern Princes the stern Roman Consul Caesar was collecting boats and men to invade us. At once on this news we were all torn by diverse counsels and jealousies, and Blodwen hung in my arms for a tearful space, and then sent me eastward with a few men—all she could spare from watching her own dangerous neighbors—to oppose the Roman landing; while the priest Dhuwallon, though exempt by his order from military service, followed sullen behind my warlike clansmen.

We joined other bodies of British until, by the beginning of the harvest month, we had encamped along the Kentish downs in very good force, though disunited. Three days later, at dawn, came in a runner who said Caesar was landing to the westward—how I wished that traitor lie would stick in his false throat and choke him!—and thither, bitterly against my advice, went nearly all our men.

Even now it irks me to tell this story. While the next young morning was still but a yellow streak upon the sea, our keen watchers saw sails coming from the pale Gaulish coast, and, by the time the primrose portals of the day were fully open, the water was covered with them from one hand to the other.

In vain our recalling signal fires smoked. A thousand scythed chariots and four thousand men were away, and by noon the great Consul's foremost galley took the British ground where the beach shelved up to the marshy flats, which again rose, through coppices and dingles, to our camp on the overhanging hills. Another and another followed, all thronged with tawny stalwart men in brass and leather. What could we do against this mighty fleet that came headlong upon us, rank behind rank, the white water flashing in tangled ribbons from their innumerable prows, and the dreaded symbols of Roman power gleaming from every high built stern?

We rushed down, disorderly, to meet them, the Druids urging us on with song and sacrifice, and waded into the water to our waists, for we were as courageous as we were undisciplined, and they hesitated for some seconds to leave their lurching boats. I remember at this moment, when the fate of a kingdom hung in the balance, down there jumped a Centurion, and, waving a golden eagle over his head, drew his short sword, and calling out that 'he at least would do his duty to the Republic,' made straight for me.

Brave youth! As he rushed impetuous through the water my ready javelin took him true under the gilded plate that hung upon his chest, and the next wave rolled in to my feet a lifeless body lapped in a shroud of crimson foam.

But now the legionaries were springing out far and near, and fighting hand to hand with the skin clad British, who gave way before them slowly and stubbornly. Many were they who died, and the floating corpses jostled and rolled out among us as we plunged and fought and screamed in the shallow tide, and beat on the swarming impervious golden shields of the invaders.

Back to the beach they drove us hand to hand and foot to foot, and then, with a long shout of triumph that startled the seafowl on the distant cliffs, they pushed us back over the shingles ever farther from the sea, that idly sported with our dead—back, in spite of all we could do, to the marshland.

There they formed, after a breathing space, in the long, stern line that had overwhelmed a hundred nations, and charged us like a living rampart of steel. And as the angry waves rush upon the immovable rocks, so rushed we upon them. For a moment or two the sun shone upon a wild uproar, the fierce contention of two peoples breast to breast, a glitter of caps and javelins, splintered spears and riven shields, all flashing in the wild dust of war that the Roman Eagle loved so well. And then the Britons parted into a thousand fragments and reeled back, and were trampled under foot, and broke and fled!

Britain was lost!

Soon after this all the coppices and pathways were thronged with our flying footmen. Yet Dhuwallon and I, being mounted, had lingered behind the rest, galloping hither and thither over the green levels, trying to get some few British to stand again; but presently it was time to be gone. The Romans, in full possession of the beach, had found a channel, and drawn some boats up to the shelving shore. They had dropped the hinged bulwarks, and, with the help of a plank or two, had already got out some of their twenty or thirty chargers. On to these half a dozen eager young patricians had vaulted, and, I and Dhuwallon being conspicuous figures, they came galloping down at us. We, on our lighter steeds, knowing every path and gully in the marsh lands, should have got away from them like starlings from prowling sheepdog; but treachery was in the black heart of that high priest at my elbow, and a ravening hatred which knew neither time nor circumstance.

It was just at the scraggy foot hills, and the shouting Centurions were close behind us; the last of our fighters had dashed into the shelter ahead, and I was galloping down a grassy hollow, when the coward shearer of mistletoe came up alongside. I looked not at him, but over my other shoulder at the red plumes of the pursuers dancing on the sky line. All in an instant something sped by me, and, shrieking in pain, my horse plunged forward, missed his footing, and rolled over into the long autumn grass with the scoundrel priest's last javelin quivering in his throat. I heard that villain laugh as he turned for a moment to look back, and then he vanished into the screen of leaves.

Amazed and dizzy, I staggered to my feet, pushed back the long hair and the warm running blood from my eyes, and, grasping my sword, waited the onset of the Romans. They rode over me as though I were a shock of barley in August, and one of them, springing down, put his foot to my throat and made to kill me.

'No, no, Fabrius!' said another Centurion, from the back of a white steed- 'don't kill him. He will be more useful alive.'

'You were always tender hearted, Sempronius Faunus,' grumbled the first one, reluctantly taking his heel from me and giving permission to rise with a kick in the side. 'What are you going to do with him? Make him native Prefect of these marshes, eh?'

'Or, perhaps.' put in another gilded youth, whose sword itched to think it was as yet as innocent of blood as when it came from its Tuscany smithy — 'perhaps Sempronius is going to have a private procession of his own when he gets back to the Tiber, and wishes early to collect prisoners for his chariot tail.'

Disregarding their banter, the Centurion Sempronius, who was a comely fellow, and seemed just then extremely admirable in person and principles to me, mounted again, and, pointing with his short sword to the shore, bid me march, speaking the Gallic tongue, and in a manner there was no gainsaying.

So I was prisoner to the Romans, and they bound me, and left me lying for ten hours under the side of one of their stranded ships, down by the melancholy afternoon sea, still playing with its dead men, and rolling and jostling together in its long green fingers the raven haired Etrurian and the plea, white faced Celt. Then, when it was evening, they picked me up, and a low plebeian in leather and brass struck me in the face when, husky and spent with fighting, I asked for a cup of water They took me away through their camp and a mile down the dingles, where the Roman legionaries were digging fosses, and making their camp in the ruddy flicker of watch fires, under the British oaks, to a rising knoll.

Here the main body of the invaders were lying in a great crescent towards the inland, and crowning the hillock was a scarp, where a rough pavilion of skins and sails form the vessels on the beach had been erected.

As we approached this, all the noise and laughter died out of my guard, who moved in perfect silence. A bowshot away we halted, and presently Sempronius was seen backing out of the tent with an air of the greatest diffidence. Seizing me by my manacled arms, he led me to it. At the very threshold he whispered in my ear—

'Briton, if you value that tawny skin of yours I saved this morning speak true and straight to him who sits within': and without another word he trust me into the rough pavilion. At a little table, dark with usage and scarred with campaigning, a man was sitting, an ample toga partly hiding the close fitting leather vest he wore beneath it. His long and nervous fingers were g urginover the tablets before him a stylus with a speed few in those days commanded, while a little earthenware lamp, with a flickering wick burning in the turned up spout, cast a wavering light upon his thin sharp cut features—the imperious mouth that was shut so tight and the strong lines of his dark commanding face.

He went on writing as I entered, without looking up; and my gaze wandered round the poor walls of his tent, his piled up arms in one place, his truckle bed in another, there a heap of choice British spoil, flags and symbols and weapons, and there a foreign case, half opened, stocked with bags of coin and vellum rolls. All was martial confusion in the black and yellow light of that strange little chamber, and as I turned back to him I felt a shock run through me tofind the blackest and most piercing pair of eyes that ever shene from a mortal head fixed upon my face.

He rose, and, with the lamp in his hand, surveyed me from top to toe.

'Of the Veneti?' he said, in allusion to my dark un-British hair; and I answered 'No.'

'What, then?'

I told him I was a knight just now in the service of the British King.

'How many of your men opposed us today?' was the next question.

'A third as many as you brought with you where you were not invited.'

'And how many are there in arm behind the downs and in this southern country.'

'How many pebbles are there on yonder beach? How many ears of corn did we pull last harvest?, I answered, for I thought I should ie in the morning, and this made me brave and surly.

He frowned very blackly at my defiance, but curbing, I could see, his wrath, he put the lamp on the table, and, after a minute of communing with himself, he said, in a voice over which policy threw a thin vein of amiability—

'Perhaps, as a British knight and a good soldier, I have no doubt, you could speak better with your hands untied?'

I thanked him, replying that it was so; and he came up, freeing, with a beautiful little stiletto he wore in his girdle, my wrists. This kindly slight act of soldiery trust obliged me to the Roman General, and I answered his quick, incisive questions in the Gaulish tongue as far as honestly might be. He got little about our forces, finding his prisoner more effusive in this quarter than communicative. Once or twice when my answers verged on the scornful, I saw the imperious temper and haughty nature at strife with his will in that stern, masterful face and those keen black eyes.

[To be continued.]

THE LOCAL EXCHANGE

Quiet Week Generally on 'Change.

FISHER MAIDEN IS STRONGER

The Latest Quotations and Sales Locally Upon the Market.

There has been a quiet week on the exchange the chief movers being *Fisher Maiden* and *Mountain Lion* the former being a little stronger and the latter somewhat weaker although selling strongly. Stocks in general with the exception already noted are lower all round.

Today's Local Quotations:

	Asked	Bid
American Boy	4¾	4¼
Ben Hur	4	
Black Tail	3	2
Canadian Gold Fields	4½	3½
Cariboo (Camp McKinney) ex-div	8¼	7¾
Centre Star	22½	20
Crows Nest Pass Coal	$	$
Fairview	4	3
Fisher Maiden	3½	3
Giant	2½	1½
Granby Consolidated	$4.50	$3.75
Morning Glory	1¾	1
Mountain Lion	24	22
North Star (East Kootenay)	11½	9½
Payne	15	14
Quilp	18	
Rambler-Cariboo	34	32
San Poil	3½	2
Sullivan	5½	4½
Tom Thumb	4½	3¾
War Eagle Consolidated	13	11
Waterloo (Assess. paid)	7	5½
White Bear (Assess. paid)	4	3½

Mountain Lion, 500, 23½c; Rambler-Cariboo, 1000, 33c; Centre Star, 1000, 21c. Total, 2500.

Week's Quotations.

	Highest	Lowest
American Boy	5	4¼
Ben Hur	4	
Black Tail	3	2
Canadian Gold F.S.	5	3½
Cariboo, Camp McK	8½	7¾
Centre Star	23	20
Fairview	4	3
Fisher Maiden	3½	3
Giant	2½	1½
Granby Consolidated	$4.50	$3.75
Morning Glory	1¾	1
Mountain Lion	24	22
North Star	11½	9½
Payne	15	14
Quilp	18	
Rambler-Cariboo	35½	32
San Poil	5	2
Sullivan	5½	4½
Tom Thumb	4½	3¾
War Eagle	13	11
Waterloo	7	5½
White Bear	4	3½

Showing highest asked and lowest bid during the past week.

The Week's Sales.

Mountain Lion, 2000, 1000, 2000, 2000, 500, 23½c., 1000, 23c.; Fisher Maiden, 3000, 2000, 3½c., 2000, 3½c.; Rambler-Cariboo, 1000, 500, 34½c., 2000, 33½c., 1000, 33c.; Cariboo Camp McKinney, 1500, 1000, 8c; Centre Star, 1000, 21c.; American Boy, 1000, 4½c.; War Eagle, 500, 12c.— Total 25,000.

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y

British Columbia Provincial Exhibition

New Westminster--Victoria, B. C.

For the above occasion the Spokane Falls & Northern railway will sell round trip tickets to New Westminster as follows: (Children half fare.)

Rossland	$17 20
Nelson	16 55
Ymir	16 55
Grand Forks	18 25

SELLING DATES

Sept. 26, 27, 28, 20. Limit Oct. 6

Passengers desiring to attend the exhibition at Victoria from October 6 to 10 and who purchase round trip tickets from New Westminster to Victoria, will be granted an extension of eight days on their tickets by the agent at New Westminster.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. A., Spokane, Wash
H. P. BROWN, Agent, Rossland, B. C

Removes, Blackheads, Freckles and Pimpples and brings color the Cheeks. For Sale at

Royal Barber Shop

SUPPLY HOUSE.

W. J. PREST, PROP

Two prizes will be given at the Alhambra Bowling alley every two weeks for the largest score made,

Greenwood Miners Union

The following are the officers of Greenwood Miners' Union No. 22: President, Harry Parsons; vice-president, Alfred Lind; secretary, G. F. Dougherty; warden, William Wills.

The Gold Cup

Work is now in progress at the Gold Cup mine, Ymir, on a tunnel which is being run to catch the vein. This tunnel, which is now in over a hundred feet, already shows indication in the face, that the ore body is nearly reached. Work is also in progress on grading the site of laying the foundations for the new stamp mill, the machinery for which is now on the road.

Slocan Shipments.

The total amount of ore shipped from the Slocan and Slocan City mining divisions for the year 1902 was, approximately, 30,000 tons. Since January 1 to Sept. 12, 1903, the shipments have been as follows:

	WEEK.	TOTAL
American Boy		565
Antoine		212
Arlington		40
Black Prtnce		17
Bondholder		2
Bosun	40	890
Bluebird		20
Dayton		4
Enterprise		535
Fisher Maiden		280
Hartney		42
Hamilton		4
Highland Light		2
Idaho		21
Ivanhoe	41	652
Lucky Jim		105
Mercury		41
Monitor		476
Meteor		52
Ottawa		126
Payne		1714
Queen Bess		204
Rambler		1448
Reco		153
Republic		70
Ruth		417
Rio		9
Red Fox		99
Slocan Star	53	1871
S'ocan Boy		16
Silver Glance		55
Surprise		5
Vancouver		20
Wonderful		23
Total tons	134	10,243

You Can't Afford

To pay your money for CLOTHES unless you are sure of getting your money' worth of Style, Quality, Fit and Workmanship

You Can Afford

To come in and look at Our display of FALL FABRICS. You make a selection, and we warrant the garments to be correct in every way.

The High-Class Tailors,

Taylor & McQuarrie

18 and 20 Col. Ave.

The Best is always the Cheapest . . . .

Sewing Machines for Sale or Rent

PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATION

Issues a Circular to electors

WANT SOME DEFINITE PLEDGES

Legislation is Desired and Candidates are Asked to Declare Themselves.

Victoria, Sept. 14.

Editor WORLD:

Dear Sir—At the request of the Executive Committee of this Association, I hand you copy of resolutions passed by them at their last meeting.

In doing so, I beg to state emphatically that our objects are non-partizan in politics, but business ones, solely for the benefit of the Mining Industry. We desire, therefore, to elicit from each candidate for parliamentary honors—whether Conservative, Liberal, Labor or Socialist—his views on the subject matters which engaged the attention of 250 delegates to our last convention in Victoria, whereat they represented the ideas of some six thousand persons dependent upon the success of the Mining Industry and were certainly well posted on the several mining questions.

As an Association, we have no interest whatever in any party, but we look to the government of the day, and the opposition for the great and increasing industry of mining.

We ask that the new government and opposition shall, which ever party they represent, not only refrain from retarding this great industry, but that the House when it meets will vigorously proceed to examine our suggestions and amend the laws which are proved to be injurious, when we say the mining industry will rapidly become the the greatest revenue producer, indirectly and directly, in the Province.

This Association includes all classes of the mining industry: Bankers, lawyers, mineowners, miners and muckers; blacksmiths; engineers—civil, mechanical and electrical; timbermen; farmers and ranchers; smelter and refinery men, mine managers; clerks; teamsters, et al, whose political views include Conservatism, Liberalism, Industrialism, and the rest of the political parties, large and small. All are, however, unanimously of the opinion that each party member elected shall be placed upon a stand hedged round by his public utterances, which will be impossible for him to escape from as heretofore, for he will represent, not himself, but some distinct party which will feel the responsibility and see that he who is elected to represent it will do his duty, bearing in mind that the mining industry is a Provincial question and not a party one in any sense whatever. I am, yours truly,

JOHN KEEN,
President.

QUESTIONS TO CANDIDATES FOR LEGISLATURE.

Whereas, The Provincial Mining Association of British Columbia is a non-political organization, composed of men of all parties and classes: And whereas,

The special objects of the said Association are to protect, develop and foster the mining industry of British Columbia in all its branches: And whereas,

The Association considers that the welfare of the said mining industry, and therefore of the Province, demands that the reforms recommended at the convention in February, 1903, are of prime importance to be promptly passed by the provincial legislature: Be it therefore,

Resolved by the executive committee of the said Association, assembled at Rossland by special call of the president, that every candidate for election at the provincial elections about to be held should be interrogated before the said election with a view to ascertaining whether such candidate favors the recommendations of the said Association, and whether, in case he be elected, he will support the said recommendations by his vote and influence in the legislature in order that the electorate may know what stand such candidate will take, if elected, in regard to such recommendations: And be it further,

Resolved that the members of the executive committee be and they are hereby requested to undertake that each candidate, of whatever party, shall be publicly interrogated as to the stand which such candidate, if elected, will take in the legislature regarding the said recommendations, and particularly the following:

1. To repeal the two per cent tax:

2. To amend the Mineral Act so as to provide that failure to keep up a free miner's certificate shall not operate as a complete forfeiture of rights acquired under it, but that some reasonable provision be adopted for extension of time within which the certificate must be renewed:

3. To entitle the owners of mineral claims to the use of the timber thereon for mining purposes on such claims, without the imposition of the royalty which is now enforced:

4. Reduction of fee for Crown grant of a mineral claim from $25 to $10:

5. To enquire into the operation of the Boiler Inspection Act, with a view to ascertaining to what extent the said act works unnecessary hardship upon the owners and operators of steam boilers, and to remove by amendment any just grievances imposed by the said act:

6. To amend the Placer Mining Act so as to enable the holders of placer claims to secure title thereto by Crown grant, as in the case of mineral claims:

7. To pass a Conciliation Act for the settlement of labor disputes:

8. To revise and consolidate the the acts relating to quartz mining and placer mining, in order to remove the numerous anomalies now existing under said acts, and to simplify the laws relating to both classes of mining:

9. The desirability of opening Indian reserves throughout the provinces for mining purposes: And be it further

Resolved that the secretary be instructed to send a copy of the convention proceedings to each candidate nominated for election: And be it further,

Resolved that copies of this resolution be forwarded to the newspapers of each district in the Province.

Miss Humphries will open a dancing class for children on October 1.

The Wilcox

A successful mill run has just been concluded at the Wilcox mine Ymir, and in addition a considerable quantity of high grade ore has been got out for shipment. The last car of crude ore shipped from the Wilcox went over $70 per ton, netting the company a clear profit of $1100. President Bywater, who is now in temporary charge, states that he expects to send out several carloads of similar ore, which will form a goodly addition to the profits made by the mill,

Coal Prospectors.

J. Fred Ritchie, P. L. S. and James Fisher of Rossland, British Columbia have been in the city the past few days outfitting for an exploration trip into the East Kootenay district. They have been backed by a local syndicate of capitalists interested in securing coal locations in that section of the province.—Spokane Press.

MORTGAGE SALE

Under and by virtue of Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the premises, Le Roi avenue, in the City of Rossland, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 6th day of October, 1903, by Walter J. Robinson, Auctioneer, the following property, viz: Lot 6, Block 43, according to Map 579 in the town of Rossland.

Terms of Sale.

Ten per cent of the purchase money at time of sale, the balance within thirty days thereafter. For further particulars apply to

MACDNELL, MCMASTER & GEARY.,
51 Yonge street. Toronto.

Spokane Falls and Northern Railway Excursion, Stevens County Produce Association, Colville

For the above occasion the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway will sell excursion tickets to Colville for one fare and one-third for the round trip. Children half fare. Selling date, September 27, to October 1st, inclusive. Limit October 3rd.

H. P. BROWN, Agent,
Rossland, B. B.
H. A. JACKSON, G. P. A.,
Spokane, Wash.

CONSERVATIVE RALLY!

A Mass Meeting of Electors of Rossland City Electoral District, will be held at

Miners' Union Hall

On Monday Night at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the ROSSLAND LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

Hon. A. S. Goodeve

Will address the electors, and an invitation to participate has been extended to Mr. J. A. Macdonald, Liberal candidate.

A cordial and hearty invitation is extended to all electors.

MONDAY NIGHT.

God Save the King.

The Big Sale of the Season at the Big Shoe Store

On TUESDAY, September 8th, and following days we will offer the balance of this year's styles of Ladies Extension Sole Low and High Shoes in Patent Leather, Patent Kid, Vici Kid, Box Calf. etc., *AT COST AND BELOW COST.* Come and see for yourself

C. O. Lalonde

THE SHOEMAN

Watches::

OF ALL SORTS and at all prices for man, woman or child, all alike, however, in being good timekeepers—we insist on that. We have low priced watches which are not toys but good timekeepers. From these our assortment runs up to the most beautiful examples of the watchmakers art.

EWERT BROS. JEWELERS AND ENGRAVERS.

ROSSLAND, NELSON AND TRAIL.