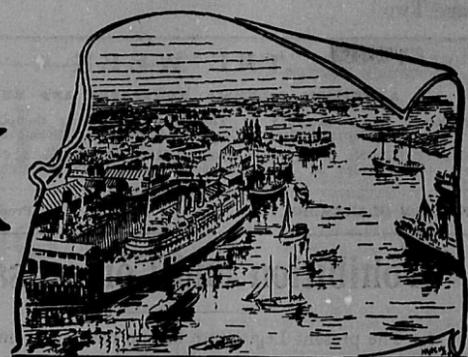




# The Week

A British Columbia Newspaper and Review  
The Official Organ of the Victoria Real Estate Exchange  
and of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club



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VICTORIA, B.C., CANADA, May 20, 1916

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## Progress of the War

AT the moment of going to press Mr. Austen Chamberlain warns the British public not to count too confidently on the speedy exhaustion of the economic resources of the German Empire, but rather to redouble their own efforts to strengthen those of the British Empire. Whether the accumulating evidences of Germany's extremity are reliable or not, Mr. Chamberlain's advice is the best that could be given, and is entitled to the most serious consideration. Even if our most sanguine expectations of an internal collapse in Germany are well-founded, that time will be hastened by greater efficiency on our own part. It is probable that Mr. Chamberlain's warning is actuated more by this latter consideration than by the intention to discredit general rumour as to the acute condition of the food question in particular, in the Central Empires. These rumours are too wide-spread, and too well authenticated to be without foundation, and apart from the direct evidence furnished by many reliable witnesses, it cannot be doubted by anyone who has closely studied the subject that the recent diplomatic actions of the German Government furnish conclusive evidence that the Empire is in straits. The effect of the British Blockade is only just beginning to be felt in any serious degree. It has taken a year of inefficient blockading and six months of a tighter blockade to produce a condition of affairs which is undoubtedly approaching the desperate, and which under no conceivable circumstances can fail to produce a decisive effect before the end of the year. This is the opinion of the highest authorities; it is an opinion based on direct and indirect evidence, on the sound judgment of our best informed thinkers, and on the remarkable acquiescence, whether it be temporary or otherwise, which the German higher command is now showing with President Wilson's demands. There is no other possible explanation of what amounts to a practical abandonment of the worst features of submarine warfare. This attitude is undoubtedly due to the increasing efficiency of the Blockade, probably strengthened by the endeavour to retain such a measure of American sympathy as will ensure the good offices of President Wilson when the time comes for negotiating a Peace Treaty. On this latter point it cannot be too strongly insisted on that the Allies will not negotiate a Peace Treaty with Germany; they will dictate it, and until Germany is in such a condition that she will be willing to accept the dictation, the War will continue. For this reason it is both undesirable and futile to discuss Peace terms. Papers which do so are as far from understanding the British view-point as is Germany. No maudlin sentiment of pity for the civil inhabitants of the Central Empires can be allowed to moderate the stern resolve of the Allies to settle the question of Prussian domination once for all. No doubt every humane man will be stirred with pity before Germany finally surrenders, but terrible as the ordeal will be, we have to remember that the victory, when it comes, will have been purchased by the untold suffering and irreparable sacrifices of millions of our own race, and that to weaken one jot in the carrying out of the policy so clearly enunciated by Mr. Asquith would be the possible alleviation or shortening of the sufferings of others at the cost of those of our own race. That brilliant statesman, Mr. W. M. Hughes, the Premier of Australia, whose presence in England at this time has been of enormous value in the Councils of the Empire, has made this perfectly clear in one of the most brilliant speeches ever delivered at the Guildhall, the speech in which he accepted the Freedom of the City of London. Canada undoubtedly thinks the same as Australia, and there is no defection from this policy, but rather an emphasis in the brilliant campaign being conducted by United South Africa, and the equally conspicuous services being rendered in various parts of the arena by His Majesty's loyal Indian troops. If, as seems possible, we are within six or nine months of a German collapse, now is just the time when we should redouble our efforts in every sphere to make that collapse certain. To this result the effective contribution is not only that of the fighting man, but of every mobilized force, military, economic, and social, which we possess, but perhaps above all a serious, reverent conception that "The Day" is drawing near, and that a reconsecration of all our energies is demanded as the least sacrifice we can make to ensure a decisive victory and permanent peace.

## Papers and Politicians

THE cry from the "scrap heap" should awaken a responsive echo in the heart of every true Canadian. Not that the designation of our brave warrior, Sir Clive Phillips Woolley, is to be accepted literally, indeed he is far from being "scrapped" yet, as the vigour of his verse and his devotion to Imperial ideals prove. But there is a sense in which he is "scrapped," and it is a sense in which tens of thousand of much-alive Canadians would also be willing to be regarded as "scrapped." He is heartily sick and tired of politics, and as far as they are concerned, is willing to be considered as one of the "has-beens" flung on the scrap heap. There is only one class of people in Canada which has failed to appreciate fully the seriousness of the present crisis and the incongruity of washing dirty linen at the time when the house is on fire—the professional politicians. Canada is disgusted with them and their methods, and scarcely less with the newspapers which devote on an average half a dozen columns a day to the consideration of the dirty doings of men in whose fate no one is interested in the slightest degree, and whose relish for investigation is based on the fact that it brings them into the limelight and gives them undeserved publicity. If every man in public life who for purely party purposes has been charged with a political offence should be proved guilty, no one will lose a moment's sleep, or will take the slightest interest in the result. It is a matter to which the Public is supremely indifferent. They know from experience that nothing will come of the investigations, except

the showing up of the worst features of the shady side of politics. Nothing will happen to bring about the proper punishment of political offenders, because that is never done. The only gain is a purely party gain, in blackening the other side for political effect. If this is the truth, and every sane man knows that it is, then the present happenings in Victoria and Ottawa simply mean that at a time when the fate of the Empire is in the balance and every ounce of energy is required from soldier and civilian to win the War, both political parties are engaging the energies of their ablest men in prolonged investigations which have no object except party gain. This procedure has not even the saving grace of seeking to better the conditions, and is therefore in the opinion of all loyal and patriotic citizens indefensible. Well has the "scrap heap" branded these proceedings as "Canada's shame." There will be a day of reckoning for all this, when the War is over, and when the men who survive its cleansing fires will dominate the Government of the country inflamed by chastened and elevated ideals. No doubt this is the vision which the poet saw, and which is present to many minds in a more real and convincing sense than some visions which have made a potent appeal to the spiritual conscience of our people during the progress of the War.

## To the Papers and Politicians

Will ye hear a cry from the Scrap Heap, ye who have seen your men,  
March bright eyed to the battle, who may not come thence again?  
Know ye the spirit that sent them, heads high, a swing in their stride  
To fight as they fought at Ypres, to die as McGregor died,  
To stand tight lipped in the trenches, in a blizzard of shot and shell—  
Or, for Canada, charge light hearted into the vortex of Hell?

'Twas the spirit of national honour, that must fight for right and truth,  
'Twas the call of the Mighty Mother to her proud Canadian youth  
Who have laid your flag on His altar, who wreathes your brows with fame

Whilst ye still bicker and backbite to blazon the nation's shame.

A curse on your vile commissions, that suggest and advertise theft,  
While young men fight for your honor as the best of the old things left

Will You take the crown the boys won with their sacrificial blood  
And to gain a party triumph, drag your country's name through the mud?

Can ye not pull together to lift your Canada's head,  
Whose pride alone consoles her as she kneels by her gallant dead;  
She is hurt beyond hoping or healing, yet she has not flinched nor cried;  
She is proud of the boys her Mother took, will ye not spare her pride?

—CLIVE PHILLIPPS-WOLLEY.

## No Conscription for Canada

A WEEK ago there was a very interesting debate in the Senate on the subject of recruiting. The debate was introduced by Senator Mason, who called the attention of the members to the unsatisfactory results attending the present methods of recruiting in Canada. The object of his address was to elicit from the Government a definite statement as to whether it was intended at the present time to introduce any system of registration. Senator Longheed said that there was no such intention. Senator Mason was most impressed with the inequalities in recruiting, and in support of this contention he submitted the following views: He estimated the population of Canada at 7,000,000. Of these there were 667,000 English-speaking Canadian-born males between 18 and 45 years, and of these 85,000 had enlisted, or about 13 per cent. of the total number, and they constituted 28 per cent. of the total enlistments. Canadian-born French numbered 445,000, and of these, 12,000 had enlisted, or about three per cent, forming 4½ per cent. of the total enlistments. British-born from the United Kingdom numbered 307,000, and of these 180,000 had enlisted, or 60 per cent., and they provided 61 per cent. of the total enlistments. The foreign-born in Canada numbered 306,000, of whom 18,000 had enlisted, or about 6 per cent., and they formed about 6 per cent. of the total enlistments.

## Misleading Headlines

SOME of the daily papers are resorting to a trick which is deceiving many people; it is the trick of using misleading headlines. There are many people nowadays who do not read the papers, although they buy them; some content themselves with reading their favourite column, but with respect to the news items, which are so numerous, they often glance at the headlines without reading what follows. Taking advantage of this human weakness, for it is a weakness to believe a headline, certain papers pursue a policy of making the headline agree with their programme, though the actual news itself might belie it. One can understand this in politics, especially after some of the headlines which have recently appeared in the Victoria Times, notably in connection with Mr. Hannington's resignation, with the Vancouver election enquiry, and indeed with most matters which the Liberal Opposition has been investigating. It is, however, a little mean to carry this thing so far as to misrepresent the Local Council of Women. In the Times issue of Tuesday last week there was a startling headline, "Opposes Referendum on Womens' Suffrage," the reference being to Mrs. Gordon Grant. As a matter of fact Mrs. Gordon Grant is a lively supporter of Womens' Suffrage, and urged her hearers to work for the success of the referendum. In this particular case the headline

misled nobody, and merely tends to illustrate the disastrous effects which follow laxity. All the same the public is entitled to protest.

## Editorial Notes

Enver Pasha, the Turkish Military Dictator, has sent a personal appeal to the Kaiser for men and ammunition to help to block the Russian advance on Bagdad. The appeal, however, does not suggest where the Kaiser is to get the troops from, nor do the latest despatches indicate that the Grand Duke Nicholas is delaying his advance with the idea of allaying Enver Pasha's anxiety.

A sweeping Unionist victory in the Tewkesbury By-Election has provided the Coalition Government with another supporter in the person of Mr. W. F. Hicks-Beach. If one may read the political signs of the times through the results of the By-Elections, it is a safe conclusion that public opinion in the Old Land still prefers a Coalition Government until the end of the War. This despite all the efforts of the Northcliffe Press to dislodge Mr. Asquith. It looks as if the Government will outlive some of its most conspicuous critics.

An instructive side light on the efficiency and nobility of the British form of government is furnished by an interesting despatch to hand this week, stating that Lord Hardinge, Ex-Viceroy of India, has been appointed permanent Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. This is a position which Lord Hardinge held before going to India, and from which he graduated for the highest honours in the gift of his Sovereign. He returns to a humble position with all the dignity and influence acquired during what has been a most successful career in India, possibly marred by one single error of judgment. It is not every Empire which can afford to make Under Secretaries of its Viceroys.

While the time has undoubtedly come to regulate the jitneys, there is no reason why that regulation should not be strictly fair, and based upon justice to the jitney men, and due consideration for the convenience of the public. The Oak Bay Council has adopted By-laws to which no one can reasonably object. If the Esquimalt Council could see its way to standardize jitney regulations by following along the same lines, it is desirable that this should be done; but regulation there undoubtedly must be.

There are not wanting signs that the great Irish Question may be settled sooner than was expected, and strange to say in consequence of the recent Rebellion of the Sinn Feiners. This would indeed be a startling Nemesis for the Rebels and their German-American supporters. When the outbreak occurred The Week suggested that it had driven a nail in the coffin of Home Rule. This now looks more certain than ever. Public opinion is veering towards the point where there will be a measure of semi-independent Government in which Ulster will be separated from the rest of Ireland. This is a reversion to the attitude of the most enlightened Unionist Leaders of thirty years ago.

The strictures of the Grand Jury on the over-crowding of the Jubilee Hospital are deserved, and serve to illustrate the value of perpetuating the old English custom under which Grand Juries are free to examine and report upon any public institution. One learned judge has recently discouraged this practice, but the incident of the present week tends to show the value of the custom. It is only fair, however, that the public should acquit the Directors of any neglect, because the over-crowding is due to circumstances over which they have absolutely no control, unless they refuse admission to the patients, which they are unwilling to do, until it becomes absolutely necessary. It should further be known that the over-crowding would not have occurred if it had been possible to go on with the new building scheme, which had to be abandoned soon after the outbreak of the War, for financial reasons. It should also be stated that a month ago the Directors appealed to the Government for financial aid to enable them to increase the accommodation, and there is every reason to believe that this will be forthcoming.

An admirably brief and pointed letter appeared in the Colonist this week from its fairly regular correspondent, Mr. T. S. Kennedy, asking if the Service provides for any special mark of distinction or recognition for a plucky constable who sticks to his job until he finally lands three recalcitrant prisoners in the lock-up. The Week has not yet seen any reply to this singularly appropriate question, but hopes Constable Dryden has at least been commended for a courageous discharge of duty under very trying circumstances.

Mr. Dan Poupard has won out, and deserves great credit for the final success of the Saturday Half Holiday Movement. He has won by reason of his persistence and the undeniable fact that with hundreds of American cities observing the Saturday Half Holiday, it was hopeless for Canadians to resist the movement any longer. No doubt Mr. Poupard will continue his activities on behalf of all other Saturday afternoon workers.

The Week tenders its sincere sympathy to the family and friends of the late Mr. George G. Chungranes, a young man widely known and highly respected for many years in the City of Victoria.

William Blakemore,

THE WEEK

A BRITISH COLUMBIA NEWSPAPER AND REVIEW

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WILLIAM BLAKEMORE.....President and Editor

Prohibition and Compensation

1. The present Legislature has no mandate from the electorate to legislate on Prohibition. Even if it were justified in following out Sir Richard McBride's idea of a plebiscite, there is no precedent in Canada for a referendum on a new measure passed through the House before either the party or the country had sanctioned its principle.

2. There is the less justification because the present House was elected on a distinctive licensing and regulation policy, admitted to be the best yet evolved.

3. No greater moral wrong could be committed than to extinguish at a stroke and almost without notice a business which, however objectionable some of its features, has been legitimized in every way by the State, and given a new lease of life by the Bowser Liquor Act, which enforced the expenditure of at least \$3,000,000 in extensions "looking to indefinite continuance of the licensing system."

4. Prohibition becomes 'confiscation,' under these circumstances, and 'confiscation' of the meanest kind, because it commits a moral wrong under the pretext of moral reform.

5. In addition to the injustice to invested capital—direct and indirect—the dislocation of labor resulting from Prohibition, serious at any time, will be disastrous under existing conditions. It will add 3,000 to the unemployed of the Province.

6. The reaction on the investment market must be serious, and at a time when the Province cannot continue her natural development without extensive borrowing.

7. The argument that Prohibition is necessary in order to win the war is disproved by the experience of every country engaged in the war—not one of which has adopted it. Russia has only prohibited vodka, and France absinthe—both exceedingly pernicious drinks. All lighter alcoholic drinks are allowed.

8. The strongest argument against Prohibition is furnished by Great Britain, which, in face of the most titanic task of the ages, has steadfastly refused to adopt it, but has been content to rely on "licence" and "restriction."

9. Under the direction of Lord D'Abernon's Liquor Traffic Board, drunkenness has diminished, unemployment has been reduced to a minimum, efficiency has been increased, and economies have been effected which have astonished even the most ardent supporters of the system. And far from working towards Prohibition as the solution of the drink problem, the committee is working away from it. Their latest proposal is to reorganize the whole trade on the most up-to-date lines.

10. Contrast this result with existing conditions in Saskatchewan, where the Government dispensaries have become in a few months such disreputable drinking dens that the self-respecting citizens are already clamoring for their suppression, and the druggists of British Columbia have, "en masse," protested against being forced into the trade because, under Prohibition, they know that it cannot be regulated.

11. Contrast the British method and its results with the experience of our next-door neighbour, Seattle, with respect to which The Argus, in its latest issue, said: "Enforcing the Dry Law—More men were arrested for drunkenness during April than during any other month since the new 'dry' law went into effect—this in spite of the fact that Chief Beckingham and his men appear to have been perniciously active in search and seizure. Not only this, but the number of permits issued by the county auditor is on the increase. Druggists are, however, ordering in smaller quantities. But, as they are ordering oftener, the only effect of this appears to be to make the goods cost them a little more.

"During the month of March, forty-three persons were arrested for breaking the "dry" law. Inasmuch as some sixty drug stores have started in the city since the first of the year, some of the old ones are known to have sold liquor unlawfully, many of the soft drink emporiums have been raided, and liquor seized, rooming houses and boot-leggers have been caught, it is very evident that those arrested constitute but a small proportion of the number engaged in the illegal sale of liquor.

"Of those arrested, by far the larger part were found with only small amounts of liquor, and drew fines of \$100.

"As near as can be estimated, this would mean that everybody engaged in the illegal sale of liquor would be arrested and fined on an average of twice a year, amounting, including fines, attorney's fee and confiscated liquors, to an average licence fee of \$300.

"Inasmuch as the licence fee was formerly \$1,000, and the liquor dealers were under enormous expense compared with the present, it is quite evident that instead of the business decreasing, it will, under the present system, gradually increase.

"And the question is, what are we going to do about it? Any person who is in a position to know what is going on will readily admit that the liquor situation is much worse, under the present law, than it was under high licence—even allowing all of the evils which are claimed for the saloon."

12. The Prohibitionists admit that during the past few years, while nineteen States have been going "dry," the consumption of liquor has doubled, and yet we are asked to believe that Prohibition "prohibits!"

13. The above considerations lead to one conclusion, and to one only, viz., that if we buy Prohibition, we shall buy "a gold brick;" that in doing so, we shall sacrifice our reputation for honest, fair dealing, and unless the result is different in British Columbia from that of universal experience, we shall even fail to achieve the main object of Temperance Reformers.

"MADAME X" WILL BE SHOWN AT ROYAL VICTORIA

There will be no performance of moving pictures Monday and Tuesday, owing to the theatre having been taken by the Bantam Regiment for their Revue, but on Wednesday, the Royal Victoria will have for its attraction, Henry W. Savage's great stage success "Madame X." "Madame X" was first seen in this city at the Old Victoria Theatre, when Miss Dorothy Donnelly took the leading role in the original stage production. It was then pronounced by the press of this city to be one of the strongest dramatic attractions of that season. Since then it has been played in every city of any importance, both on this and on the other side of the water.

When it was decided to make an adaptation of this play for the screen, the producers immediately decided to obtain the original cast if possible. In this they have succeeded, as Miss Donnelly was persuaded to appear in the part which she created, and Mr. Marlon, who stars in the original production, was also secured to direct the play for the screen. The picture will appear at the Royal Victoria Theatre for four days commencing Wednesday.

CAMERON LAKE CHALET

One of the most delightful spots on Vancouver Island in the summer months is beautiful Cameron Lake. Situated on the Canadian Highway, about ten miles beyond Parksville, surrounded by mountains, the invigorating air and entrancing scenery make it an ideal week-end or summer resort. The Chalet has always been headquarters for motorists, as the home comfort and beautiful surroundings are unsurpassed. Good trout fishing is to be had in season, and the lovely Qualicum Falls with their fishing pools are within three miles, and the golf links at Qualicum within eight miles. In addition, the rates for this summer will be most reasonable.

PORTLAND REGULATES JITNEYS

Seattle appears to be about the only city in the United States where jitneys are now permitted to do pretty much as they please. Other cities, realizing that the street car companies have some rights, have made efforts to force the automobile to at least give a semblance of a service, and not depend entirely upon the cream of the business on short hauls which they are able to take from the street car companies.

Portland has recently passed an ordinance requiring every driver, when taking out his license, to designate his run, and agree to operate on that route at least eight consecutive hours per day. Nor are they permitted to wait at the end, and swing in ahead of street cars, thus practically duplicating the service. They must make the complete run from one end of their route to the other, and must keep moving.

In addition to this, Portland is considering another ordinance which will designate the runs for jitneys, taking them as much as possible off the congested streets and giving service to those parts of the city which are not covered by the street cars.

In other words, jitneys will be permitted to run, but it will not be as scavengers. They must form a unit in the transportation service of the city or get out of the game.

It is high time that Seattle was taking some action. Even the patrons of jitneys realize this. It should not be necessary to wait until this competition has reduced the earnings of the street cars to a point where they are making a showing before the Public Service Commission and be permitted to increase their rates before taking action.

The Seattle jitney now goes anywhere. Many of the drivers have no regular run. They go wherever they can secure a profitable load. They take down their cards entirely, when opportunity presents, and convey parties to entertainments. When there is no business of this kind, they make out a day by running during the rush hours as jitneys, taking the nickels from the car companies, which have been operating faithfully during the hours when travel is light and money is lost on every trip.—Seattle Argus, May 18th.

Amongst those registered at the Brentwood Hotel during the past week are: Mrs. and Miss Beckton, Miss Gally, Miss Dupont, Miss N. Brown, Mr. P. C. Creswell, Mr. H. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Fennel, Mr. and Mrs. Bryce, Mr. E. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Neville Wright, Mr. A. S. Harper, Mr. C. Percival, Mr. A. D. Muskett, Mr. E. F. McNeil, Mr. W. Stewart Darling, Mr. F. Derivyskie, Mr. Sydney Child, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. H. Rickaby, Miss J. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Hayward, Mr. J. Bredell, Colonel and Mrs. Rous Cullin, Major and Mrs. Harrison, Lieut. Commander and Mrs. B. E. Jones, Lieut. H. D. Twigg, Lieut. and Mrs. V. Elliot, Lieut. and Mrs. Macdonald, Miss A. O. Porritt, Sergt. M. K. Harrison, Mr. F. H. Hardy, Lieut. and Mrs. G. H. S. Edwards, Miss G. Simpson, the Misses Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Dalton, Mrs. J. Acworth Angus, Major Hutton, Capt. Kirkpatrick, Lieut. de S. Duke, Lieut. A. B. Mordill, Capt. Marshall, Capt. Andrews, Capt. Greaves, all of Victoria; Miss McLeod, Mr. F. B. Deacon, Lieut. and Mrs. Sanborn, Capt. W. McKay, Mr. R. A. Clyne, Mr. and Mrs. Hawley, Mr. H. R. Budd, Mr. N. Lee, all of Vancouver; Mr. L. Banchev, Nanaimo; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Robinson and daughters, Naramata; Mr. and Mrs. Miss Scuth, Yokohama, Japan; Mrs. Robert Strain, Winnipeg.

The following are among the recent guests registered at the Qualicum Beach Hotel: John Oliphant, L. Harris, W. H. Lacey, Gideon Hicks, F. W. Martin, E. Rowbottom, J. H. Tanner, H. Dagg, M. Sallm, Roland A. Reid, J. A. Grahame, H. E. Beasley, G. B. Schwengers, wife and child, F. C. Paterson, M. Fitzpatrick, E. O. Copas, A. Wales, F. G. Gibbs, H. H. Welch, Capt. and Mrs. J. W. Troup, P. J. Pearson, all of Victoria; A. G. Geddes, Miss Bevan, Peter Logan, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Dunsuth, R. Marpole, Esq.; D. E. Brown, Esq., W. W. L. McLeod, R. A. Shields, W. F. Clarke, all of Vancouver; Geo. Williams, of Seattle; C. O. Stuart, New Westminister; W. Moffat, of Winnipeg; John M. Rudd, Colin Macrae, wife and child, A. E. Planta, C. M. F. Planta, John J. Price, R. J. Wilson, all of Nanaimo; Miss Hickey and Mr. A. Barron Mogg, of Parksville; R. P. Wallis, of Nanose Bay; Mrs. F. Chapman, of French Creek; D. Nicholson and J. G. Bain, of Ladysmith, B. C.

THE BRITISH WORKING MAN

"I takes my pipe—I takes my pot, And drunk I'm never seen to be. I'm no teetotaler or sot, And as I am, I mean to be. —From the Bab Ballads.

THE SLACKER'S LAMENT

Specially dedicated by the Boys in the Trenches near Ypres to the "Royal Standbacks" of Victoria and elsewhere.

Send out the Army and Navy, Send out the Rank and File, Send out the Gallant Territorials, They'll face the danger with a smile; Send out the Boys of the Old Brigade, Who went to old England free; Send out my Mother, my Sister and my Brother, But for God's Sake DON'T send ME.

(The above was sent to The Week from the Front with the statement that it was sung daily in the trenches.—Ed. Week.)



In New York City alone nine men are employed selling Canada-Made Dunlop Traction Tread Tires.

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# At The Street Corner

BY THE LOUNGER

I have been greatly interested this week in the battle of the boulevards, and judging from the letters which have appeared in the daily papers, I gather that the subject is one which interests the general public. The most up-to-date of them favour a policy of conservation, the moss backs would let our beautiful green boulevard run to seed. And there you have the whole history of Victoria, an old fashioned, conservative element which believes in nothing new, and would perpetuate not only the customs and manners, but the methods of pioneer days, and on the other hand a few progressive, energetic, modern business men who are trying to make Victoria as beautiful and attractive in its man-made areas as in its surroundings. It is a pity the boulevards were ever constructed if they are not intended to be kept fresh and green. Nothing adds more to the beauty of a street, and on the other hand nothing detracts so much from its smartness as a neglected, trodden, grass sward. I am prepared to admit that Victoria has not been educated up to the boulevard, because it is the only city which I have ever been in where the request to "keep off the grass," or to "protect your own property" was not willingly complied with. In Victoria people walk on the grass without any reason, and simply to assert their independence. Alderman Johns says they do it to ease their corns, but he is probably not aware that for every man who walks on the grass at least half a dozen women do so, and the Alderman would never be so ungalant as to suggest that women have corns. All my sympathies are with Alderman Todd and Alderman Dilworth, because they have the courage of their convictions, and are undoubtedly supported by public opinion in enforcing the by-laws. All the same, I have little hope of freeing the boulevards from the disfigurement which so mars their beauty until our people are educated to a higher standard of civic pride. Meanwhile I sincerely hope that Alderman Dilworth will show his usual courage and insist on the enforcement of the law. I do not believe that people who destroy public property, either through sheer thoughtlessness, or in order to show their superiority to the law should be encouraged by any lack of its enforcement.

We have heard a great deal about German efficiency, and once I was severely slated for praising it, on the ground that a loyal Britisher should not praise anything German. I must say that I sympathise with my critic, but while he may be right I am convinced that he is not logical. In support of which contention I think ruefully of \$1.50, which it cost me to illustrate my own argument. All my readers are aware that Germany is the great producer of dye stuffs, and the only producer of high class aniline dyes. In fact, even this week there is a triangular dispute between England, the States and Germany over the exportation of dye stuffs. Now why all this fuss about dyes? Surely England can make dyes, and such a scientific nation as France should have no difficulty. But the truth is that neither country produces a satisfactory "fast" dye. I know I shall be reminded of the Perth Dye Works, where most of us have sent our old clothes to be made into new, ever since we began to wear clothes, but the fact remains that the German dyes are the best, and that at the present moment we are suffering for lack of them. Now to my illustration. A fortnight ago I treated my best girl to a pair of "Dent's washable gloves." If I had been content to have the gloves without "fills" all would have been well, but as I wanted to do the thing handsomely, I naturally purchased them with black stitching, which I believe is fashionable now. They looked splendid, and my stock went up several points, only, however, to fall with a thud when they were washed, for the dye from the black stitching converted the gloves into a dirty ink colour, and they were no longer useable. I am aware that this is a poor advertisement for Dents, which does not worry me at all, but I am worried at the fact that it cost me \$1.50 to prove German efficiency. I don't know if there is any moral to this story, but if there is it must surely be that there is an opening in the British Empire for scientific chemists.

The progress of the "Nurses' Bill" through the local legislature has provoked a great deal of amusement at times the fight waxed fast and fur-

iously, especially when the Member in charge of the Bill, Mr. H. H. Watson, of Vancouver, crossed swords with Dr. Young. The latter is so well posted on everything connected with medical work that he had his opponent at a disadvantage. At the same time he realized that the Government forces were arrayed against him, which gave Mr. Watson the whip hand, and made it an uphill fight. The fight ended in the usual manner, by means of a compromise in which the doughty Doctor scored several important points, notably in securing recognition for one of the most valuable functionaries in the world, the experienced maternity nurse. The fact of the matter is that the "Nurses' Bill" as first submitted to the House was decidedly too aggressive. The point made by Dr. Young and admirably emphasized in a letter by Dr. Home, which appeared in Thursday's Colonist, was that the Bill would place the nurses in far too independent an attitude with respect to the Doctors, and this would not be to the public interest. Too much cannot be said of the splendid work done by our British Columbia Nurses, nor, generally speaking, can too much be said of their efficiency and devotion, but the safety of their patients demands that they should be subject to the direction and control of the doctors, and everyone experienced in hospital work will realize that in securing this Dr. Young has rendered a valuable public service.

I wish to add my feeble word to the appeal which has been made in the daily press on behalf of the horses of Saanich Municipality. A writer in the Colonist has very humourously and effectively told of their experiences on the toboggan slide created by the new Saanich roads. But why confine the story to Saanich? The most unobservant person cannot fail to see that trouble and distress is caused to horses and drivers on such grades as we have on Yates Street, Linden Avenue and Government Street, near the Post Office. Indeed, there are many other streets in the city not much better than these. I should not like to attempt an inventory of the horses with damaged knees as a result of slipping and falling on these roads. Surely it is possible to roughen the surface of paved streets. If so, it should be done without delay, both on humane and economic grounds. I do not want to say a word against motors. We owe much to them in the way of good roads. But in providing good roads I fear we have thought of the motor only, at any rate our experience in Victoria shows that asphalt pavement soon gets as slippery as glass in consequence of the action of motor tyres, combined with motor grease. If the horse has become a negligible quantity, well and good; if the idea is to crowd him off the streets by leaving him no footing, then by all means continue the present system; but in that case our faithful and time-honoured servant should be allowed the same privilege as our two-footed citizen, that of walking on the boulevard.

*Lounger.*

## STYLISH STEPPERS AT PANTAGES THEATRE

There's a great show coming to the Pantages next week. Among the good things are the Six Stylish Steppers, in songs dances and military manoeuvres; the famous Empire Comedy Four, Gen. Pisano, the Italian sharpshooter—although one act, in its way, is as attractive as another. The Six Stylish Steppers, three pretty girls and three men, open with a military number that wins tremendous applause. They follow with a graceful waltz clog by Paulo and Ellen Denno, a soft-shoe schottische dance by the Denno sisters, A. Cody and Tom Thibault, and a lot of others that show clean, fast, snappy work. The Empire Comedy Four keeps the audience in a steady uproar of laughter with its songs and byplay. Joe Jenny, the head of the organization, is the chief contributor to the merriment. Of the other three one surely be that there is an opening in the British Empire for scientific chemists.

Pisano, assisted by two young men, puts on a novelty act called "Bombarding Tripoli." Pisano does a lot of remarkable stunts with a Remington repeating rifle.

There is a tiptop comedy-dramatic sketch by Sharon Stephens, Della Bourdeau, a beautiful girl, and J. Moy Bennett, called "A Boy From Home." Stephens, as a Hoosier, who discovers a neglected wife to be an old friend, is a scream.

Brown and Jackson, one a man built like a lead pencil, the other a stunning girl, presents a song and pater act that is all class and clever lines. It also has the virtue of being original.

## THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY

Victoria, B. C.,  
May 16th, 1916.

Editor The Week.

Sir,—There are two dominant factors that stand out very prominently in Victoria; these are the climate and the Superfluities shop. In Mrs. Hebdon Gillespie's garden there is a bed of lilies. From this bed she has plucked enough flowers to give her friends, to hospitals, and to decorate her own house, after which she sends the superfluous lilies of the valley to the Superfluities shop—with the result that the enterprising sales ladies have already netted the sum of \$39.25 from Mrs. Hebdon Gillespie's superfluous lilies of the valley.

MOLLY PEARCE.

May 16th, 1916.

The Editor The Week, City.  
Dear Sir,—Please allow me small space in your columns to contradict a report that is again going the rounds, that this Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society pays salaries. It does not. No salaries, wages or remuneration of any kind is paid, all work is done voluntary, and anything to the contrary is untrue.

A full detail of all monies received and disbursed is kept, and this is open to inspection by the public at any time.

CHARLES WILLIAMS,  
Hon. Sec'y.—Treas.

When you want reliable Shoe Repairing in a hurry, go to HIBBS. Troncoe Alley, opposite Colonist

## VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT

### District of Saanich

Take notice that Daniel Woodward, of Brentwood, B. C., by occupation a retired farmer, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at high water mark distant 48 feet westerly from the southwest corner of that parcel of land known as the northerly fifty-five feet of the north one hundred and ten feet of Lot 16, of part of Section 12, Range 2, West, South Saanich, Map 1824; thence westerly a distance of 80 feet; thence northerly a distance of 88 feet; thence easterly a distance of 80 feet to a point on high water mark distant 50 feet westerly from the northwest corner of the said parcel of land, the said last mentioned point being situate on a continuation of the northerly boundary line of the said parcel of land; thence southerly, following the shore line at high water mark, to the point of commencement, and containing half an acre, more or less. The said land applied for is situate at Brentwood Bay, and the date of location thereof is the 25th day of April, 1916.

Name, DANIEL WOODWARD,  
Residence, Brentwood, B. C.  
Occupation, Retired Farmer.  
May 20 July 15



## NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

Notice is hereby given that the reserve from any section existing on certain lands in Clayquot District, of reason of a notice published in The British Columbia Gazette on the 23rd day of May, 1912, is cancelled in so far as the same relates to pre-emption entry. The said lands will be open to pre-emption entry at the office of the Government Agent, at Alberni, on Monday, the 17th day of July, 1916, at the hour of 9 o'clock in the forenoon.  
R. A. RENWICK,  
Deputy Minister of Lands,  
Departments of Lands,  
Victoria, B. C. May 9th, 1916.  
May 20 May 27

## CAMERON LAKE CHALET

### HOW REACHED

Along the Canadian Highway by motor, 10 miles beyond Parksville.

TRAINS leave the E. & N. Railway every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 a.m.

ATTRactions — Boating, Trout Fishing, Beautiful Mountain Scenery and Air. Headquarters for motor trips to neighbouring districts. Within 3 miles of the lovely Qualicum Falls, with their fishing pools, and 8 miles from splendid Golf Links. The comfort and cuisine of this little Mountain Hostel is without parallel.

### RATES

\$17.50 and \$21.00 per week. Special consideration for family parties.

# Prohibition and Its Problems

1. What provision do the Prohibitionists propose to make for the re-employment of the thousands of men in British Columbia now supporting families through employment in hotels?
2. Is it right that so many men should be dismissed in order to afford special protection to a few drunkards who can be as effectively protected under existing laws?
3. What provision is it intended to make to replace the loss which will be sustained in Federal and Provincial Revenue if B. C. adopts Prohibition? The deficit will have to be covered in some way, and it can only be done by increased taxation.
4. Has it ever occurred to you that the present Provincial Legislature, which proposes to pass a Prohibition Bill, was elected in opposition to the Prohibition policy and strictly on a policy of Regulation?
5. What compensation is to be made for the damage to and destruction of millions of dollars worth of property?
6. Do our Legislators realize the far-reaching effects of the proposed Legislation? That the rental value of all property in every license city will be adversely affected? That retail businesses now struggling along in the face of heavy debts, and workmen just making ends meet will face new competition?
7. Is it fair to the flower of our manhood to settle this question in their absence?

## APPLICATION FOR THE TRANSFER OF HOTEL LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria at their next regular sitting, after the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice for the transfer of the liquor license held by me in respect of Royal Arms Hotel, situate at 1717 Store Street, in the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, to Robert Lewis Westbrook, of the said City of Victoria.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1916.  
ERNEST WILLIAM FERGUSON,  
May 13th June 10th

## APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER OF HOTEL LICENSE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria at their next regular sitting after the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, for the transfer of the Liquor License held by me in respect of the Manitoba Hotel, situate at 610 Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, to Ernest William Ferguson, of the said City of Victoria.

J. W. SMITH,  
May 13th June 10th

## APPLICATION FOR THE TRANSFER OF HOTEL LICENSE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its next regular sitting to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice for the transfer of the liquor license held by me in respect of the Hotel Cecil, situate at the Southwest corner of Johnson and Blanshard Streets, in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, to Thomas Jones Williams.

Dated this 30th day of November, 1915.

ALEX. J. MCCOOL,  
April 15 May 20



## SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub Agent of the District in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

Deputy Minister of the Interior,  
W. W. CORY.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.  
march 22.

# Madame Watts

Suite 401-405 B. C. Permanent Loan Building  
Douglas St., Victoria, B. C. Phone 1623

## A SPECIAL SPRING Offer

### SUITS

In very soft fine all wool \$3.00 serge, especially adapted for the full skirts of the present season. Prices, \$40.00 and \$45.00 (according to size required).

### DRESSES

Simple one-piece frocks in same quality serge, \$35 and \$38.

### SILK SUITS

A few lengths only (\$5.00 and \$6.00 silks) for sport or afternoon wear. One Price, \$55.00.

### SILK CREPES

A few lengths for simple and dainty frock. Prices, \$35.00.  
A large assortment of exclusive gaberdines, tweeds and English Suitings.

# THE PLEASURES OF TRAVEL

is fully realized in travelling on the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway. By its lines can be reached all points in Canada and the United States.

It operates its own Sleeping and Dining Cars, and has its own Hotels and Steamships. Its magnificent Mountain Scenery and the excellence of the Dining Car Service have made the favorite route for tourist across the American Continent.

For Sleeping Car and Steamship reservations and any further information write or call on

## Canadian Pacific Railway

1102 Government Street Victoria, B.C.

## White Lunch Rooms

642 Yates Street, 1009 Government Street  
556 Johnson Street

### Best of Food and Service

Economical, Absolutely Sanitary

THORPE'S GINGER ALE IS SO REFRESHING

## Qualicum Beach Hotel

VANCOUVER ISLAND  
British Columbia's Premier Seaside Resort

Situated on the East Coast of Vancouver Island, 100 miles from Victoria by road or rail.

### EXCELLENT GOLF LINKS

GOOD MOTOR ROADS  
For Rates, Apply The Manager.

Try Clay's Cream Bread.

# Royal Victoria Theatre

Monday Night, "BANTAM REVUE"

4 DAYS, COMMENCING WEDNESDAY

HENRY W. SAVAGE presents "MADAME X"

Featuring DOROTHY DONNELLY

Matinee 2-5, Admission 10c.

Evening, Balcony 10c. Lower Floor 15c.

# DOMINION THEATRE

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY

MARGUERITE CLARKE in "MOLLY MAKE BELIEVE"

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY

VICTOR MOORE in "THE RACE"

Matinee 10c.,

Evening 10c. and 15c.

Boxes, 25c.

## SOTTO VOCE

By the Hornet

That the Germans put over their dug-outs a large motto: "Got mit uns."

That the British Tommies retaliated: "You need not be so swanky about it, we've 'got mittens, ourselves.'"

That the Gand Duke Nicholas is providing the sensation of the War.

That his sensational advances are putting the "quid nunes" more in the wrong every day.

That the Turkish cry from Mesopotamia is "Come over and help us."

That following an historic precedent, it is obviously a case of calling on the deaf.

That it will be a race between the British and the Russian forces as to which will reach Bagdad first.

That the offensive of the Allies from Salonika North will synchronize with the fall of Bagdad.

That the last fort which fell on Hill 304 was taken not by but from the Germans.

That in order to maintain their forces at Verdun the Germans have had to weaken their front everywhere except on the British lines.

That the "contemptible little army" must by this time be getting on the Kaiser's nerves.

That although the Canadian Government could not be induced to start an Aviation school, the British Government is now scouring Canada for Aviators.

That according to a statement made in the House of Commons, Ottawa, this week by the Minister of Marine, the "Rainbow" and the two submarines are doing good work on the Pacific Coast.

That after all the latter may prove that they were worth all they cost.

That Sir Wilfrid Laurier has pained his best friends by his relapse on the bilingual question.

That it is not unkind to suggest that his outbreak is that of an old man in his dotage.

That there will be a reckoning with Quebec—after the War.

That on the occasion of her second visit to Victoria Mrs. Gordon Wright wisely eschewed political topics.

That her address on "Woman's Sphere" was altogether admirable in tone and delivery.

That the Socialists have paid Parker Williams a great compliment in "reading" him out of their ranks.

That their action is rather belated in view of the fact that he voluntarily announced his resignation during the By-Election.

That if the Liberal Party is well advised it will get rid of some of its "deadwood" and find him a place on the Victoria ticket.

That there will also be a vacancy on the Vancouver ticket by the time the "plugging" investigation and the "perjury" trial are finished.

That the Liberal Party at Ottawa is not much more successful in its investigations than the Liberal Party in Victoria.

That in both instances the chief result seems to have been a "boomerang."

That Mr. Brewster needs no certificate of character, even from the Chairman of the Investigation Committee.

That he stands in much greater need of a vote of condolence.

That in his wanderings between Victoria and Vancouver he has certainly "fallen among thieves."

That Ernest Miller has handled the examination of the witnesses in a masterly manner.

That B. J. Perry has announced his intention of running in Victoria at the General Election as an "Independent Conservative."

That there never was any doubt about his "independence."

That it is not generally known that a fortnight ago there was a crisis at Ottawa, and for twenty-four hours the question of an appeal to the country hung in the balance.

That the firmness of Mr. Borden averted what would have been little short of a calamity at the present time.

That Sir Clive Phillipps Woolley expresses the true sentiments of ninety per cent. of the people of Canada in his admirable verses.

That if the politicians are not careful, Party Government will "go to the wall" for a time.

That the By-Elections in England show that in spite of the Northcliffe Campaign, the Coalition Government is stronger than ever.

That if circumstances force a General Election in Canada before the end of the War, a Coalition Government here is not an improbability.

That the wise leaders read "the signs of the times" as distinctly unfavourable to partizanship.

That every great question settled recently has been settled by a compromise.

That this will without doubt furnish the solution of the Irish Question.

That J. C. Walsh, the eminent editor of the New York "Nation," whom John Drummond has recently brought into the limelight, was until a few years ago editor of the Montreal Herald.

That he is an Irish Nationalist of the Isaac Butt school, and favours an amicable settlement of differences.

That the Canadian Club missed a fine opportunity of introducing one of the most ardent Imperialists in Canada to Victorians when they allowed Mr. J. S. Brierley to slip through their fingers.

That he is easily one of the most able and successful newspaper men in the Dominion.

That he spent a week in Victoria, and like the Premier of Australia, carried his message to "other parts."

That Mr. Brierley shares with Baron Shaughnessy and Sir Thomas Tait the honour of directing the Montreal Citizens Recruiting Committee.

A largely attended dance was given in the Alexandra ballroom on Friday night, it being in the nature of a farewell to the officers and men of the 88th Battalion.

Members of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club and their friends have already begun quite a lively season, boating and evening parties at the club house being in full swing.



The picturesque grounds of Bishop's Close were the scene of a delightful garden party last week, when the delegates and members of the Diocesan Women's Auxiliary were the guests of the Right Reverend, the Lord Bishop of Columbia, and Mrs. Scriven. Over two hundred and fifty people were present, and much interest was taken in the historic old Close, which has been so recently renovated. Tea was served in the house, and in the garden, which was looking lovely. The guests gathered in congenial groups and enjoyed delicious ice cream in ideal surroundings. In addition to the hostess, Mrs. Scriven, who is honorary President of the Women's Auxiliary, there were present, Miss Turner, President of the Cathedral Branch; the clergy, and many delegates from points all over the Island. The kindness of Bishop and Mrs. Scriven in providing so delightful an afternoon was greatly appreciated by those privileged to be present.

A successful entertainment was given at the Victoria Theatre last Tuesday night under the auspices of the Voluntary Aid Detachment. The proceeds will be devoted to the good work the V. A. D. is carrying on in connection with Stadacona Hospital.

The "Bantam Revue" which will be staged at the Royal Victoria Theatre on Monday and Tuesday, 22nd and 23rd May, is attracting the attention of society circles, both in Victoria and Vancouver, as some of the prettiest and most talented performers from both cities will participate.

The Women's Canadian Club had the privilege of hearing an address from Mrs. Gordon Wright at the Alexandra Hall on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Wright gave an earnest and interesting address on "Woman and Her Kingdom," her views being moderately, though convincingly expressed, with a delightful touch of humour throughout. The speaker thoroughly succeeded in holding the attention of her audience, and her speech was all to short.

Lieutenant Butler, 103rd Battalion, and Mrs. Butler, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. May, Cowichan.

Mrs. Halse-Ley held her post-nuptial reception at the home of her mother, Mrs. Mesher, Dallas Road, on Friday afternoon. A large number of people were present, as the bride and bridegroom are very popular members of Victoria's younger set.

The Players' Club, of the University of British Columbia, appeared at the Royal Victoria Theatre last Monday night, presenting the Jerome K. Jerome comedy, "Fanny and the Servant Problem." The performance was under distinguished patronage, and was greatly enjoyed by a good audience.

Mrs. Monks, of Cameron Lake Chalet, is in town for a few days, and is staying at the Dominion Hotel.

The following are among the guests registered at the Westholme Hotel the past week: Ed. Thomley, S. N. Montell, H. Gray, S. B. Smith, H. J. Perrin, and J. A. McKinnon, of Vancouver; Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Johnston, of St. Paul; C. N. Mullin, of Manila, P. I.; Miss Armstrong, of Nanaimo; E. V. Stewart, of Calgary; Thomas Brassard and family, of Montreal; Harry Hall, of Bellingham; Mr. and Mrs. Samers, of Mt. Vernon; G. R. Clark, M. Sprague and G. Barry, of Seattle.

## Know These Better

Terryscriptions  
Terrysodas  
Terrykodaks  
Terryservice

"So good there can be none better"

Free delivery—any time, any where

## TERRY'S DRUG STORES

Two Stores  
Fort Street Pandora Street

Where  
"TERRYSCRIPTIONS"  
Are Prepared

## TRY CLAY'S

BREAKFAST, LUNCH AND AFTERNOON TEA

Excellent food, Moderate prices

We Specialize in Salads

Phone 101. Motor Delivery

WILLIAM TEACHER & SONS'

## HIGHLAND CREAM

You can't deceive a man as to "Highland Cream." Its distinctive qualities stand up above all ordinary brands, so that once having caught that real "Scotch tang" and complete mellowness which is a guarantee of reliability and satisfaction, it's "Teacher's or nothing" every time.

Highland Cream is on draught from the wood, in all hotels and bars. When you "line up" the next time, just say "Teacher's" and be assured of getting the best.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

## Pither & Leiser Limited

VICTORIA VANCOUVER B. C.

Clay's specialize on Scotch Cakes.

## Brentwood Beach Hotel

MOST ATTRACTIVE SUMMER RESORT ON VANCOUVER ISLAND

Ten Miles by the B. C. Electric. Frequent trains both ways.

Good roads for motorists, by West Road, 12 miles; East Road, 14 miles. Good Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, etc. Free row-boats to guests staying in hotel except on Sundays Bar, Billiards.

RATES ON THE AMERICAN PLAN

	By the Day	By the Week
With Private Bath (one person in room)....	\$4.00	\$24.50
With Private Bath (two in one room).....	7.00	42.00
With Detached Bath (one person in room)...	3.50	21.00
With Detached Bath (two in one room).....	6.00	35.00
Top Floor .....	3.00	17.50

Special rates for longer terms and families. Price of Meals: Lunch, 75 cents; Dinner, \$1.00. Private Dances and Dinners catered for.

Phone 211, Keatings, or write H. CANCELLOR, Manager.

Our Service and Charges are Reasonable. Our Entertainers are of the highest order.

## The WESTHOLME GRILL

Light Refreshments to a Full Course Dinner

We Serve Only the Best of Everything Obtainable in Our Grill

MR. PETE MURPHY, Tenor  
MISS BUSTER LA MAR, Rag Time Soloist  
MISS BEATRICE WATSON, Pianist

1417 Government Street. Phone 4544

## PANTAGES Unequalled Vaudeville

Week Commencing May 22nd

SIX STYLISH STEPPERS  
Masters of Them All  
Joe Jenny and his Famous

EMPIRE COMEDY FOUR  
In Songs and Comedy

GENERAL PISANO  
The Shooting Star and Company Presenting

"BOMBARDING TRIPOLI"

SHARON STEPHENS, DELLA BORDEAU, J. MOY BENNETT  
In "A Boy From Home"  
A Melo-Dramatic Conversational Skit

BROWN & JACKSON  
"The Clubman and the Suffragette"

PANTAGESCOPE

THEATRE SHOWS DAILY—2, 7:30 AND 9:15  
Matinees 15c. Evening: Orchestra and Balcony 25. Boxes 50

If you're a little man, remember the "Bantams"

WHOLESALE MEALS  
Well cooked and served in pleasant surroundings

THE TEA KETTLE  
MISS M. WOOLDRIDGE  
Corner Douglas and View Sts.  
Phone 4096

## HOTEL RAINIER-GRAND SEATTLE

EUROPEAN-MODERATE  
MODERN-CONVENIENT  
225 OUTSIDE ROOMS-135 WITH BATH.

Try Clay's Luncheons.

Patronize "HIBBS", Troncoe Al-202 Campbell Building. Facial massage, opposite Colonist Office. Best sage, scalp treatments, toilet specialties, etc.

Madame Frede Russell has re-opened her hair dressing parlors at 202 Campbell Building. Facial massage, scalp treatments, toilet specialties, etc.

## Art Studio

## Clarke-Wilson COMPANY

We furnish DESIGNS OF NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING COVERS, BUSINESS STATIONERY, LABELS. We make FASHION DRAWINGS, SIGNS, and COMMERCIAL ILLUSTRATIONS of all kinds.

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We write ADVERTISEMENTS, LETTERS, and Compile CATALOGUES. We place ADVERTISEMENTS everywhere.

321 PEMBERTON BLDG. VICTORIA, B.C.

We specialise in ROLLS OF HONOUR ILLUMINATED ADDRESSES  
Phone 470