The Week

A British Columbia Newspaper and Review

The Official Organ of the Victoria Real Estate Exchange

Vol. XIII, No. 30--14th Year | VICTORIA, B.C., CANADA, January 8, 1916 | 5c. a copy $2.00 a year

Men and Still More Men

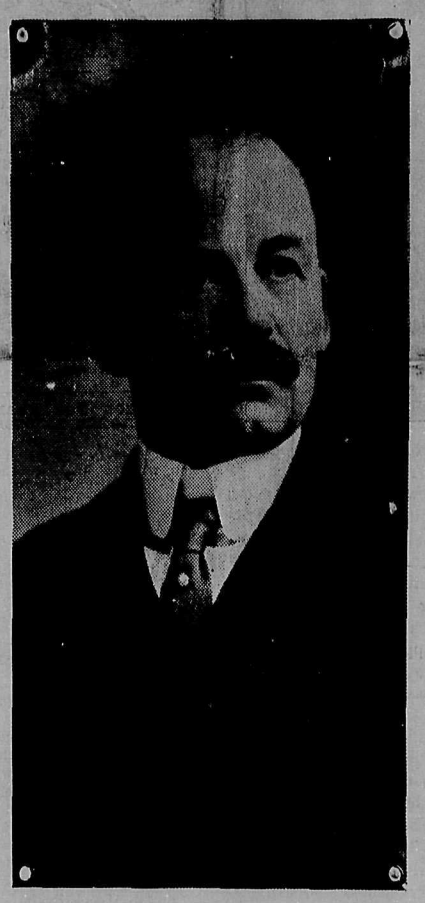
THE cry of the Empire is still for men, men to fight and men to work. At home Lord Derby's recruiting campaign has been magnificently successful, it has registered nearly 2,500,000 men, of whom it is estimated that 1,500,000 will be available for the ranks. The failure of about 650,000 young, unmarried or widowed men to register has necessitated the introduction of a compulsory measure. It cannot be too clearly understood that this measure is only for the term of the War, and ceases to be operative immediately the War is over. It should also be clearly understood that its sole object is to ensure that single men will go to the Front before the large number of married men who responded to Lord Derby's appeal. The measure is distasteful, but was inevitable, and will become law with very little opposition, and that only from the Irish Nationalists. The one man to whom the Empire turns at this time is Lord Kitchener. Whatever weight may be attached to the statements of Mr. Asquith, Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Bonar Law, it is Lord Kitchener's dictum which will carry weight. He made two statements in the House of Lords on Wednesday night, which must always be kept in mind when considering this question. In the first place he asked his hearers not to regard this measure as a surrender to the general principle of Conscription, but only as a temporary measure applied in a restricted sense to a limited number of men who had failed to recognize their duty as citizens. His second statement was, that the measure was necessary to ensure final victory. It is true that Lord Kitchener is not an Oracle, but there will be found few among British people who will not concede the justice of his contention, or will be prepared to dispute the accuracy of his statements. For greater Britain beyond the Seas the Compulsory Bill carries an important lesson. It is not needed in Australia and New Zealand, where the Government has long ago adopted the compulsory principle. The recruiting figures show that it is badly need in Canada, not because the country as a whole has not responded nobly to the call of Empire, but because the same class which has forced a compulsory bill in England is holding back here. Sir John Simon has resigned as a protest against the Bill. Mr. McKenna and Mr. Runciman hesitated, and in doing so raised a very pertinent question, viz.: What limit does the Government propose to assign to the British Army? Their point, and it was well taken, is that it is possible to over-recruit for field service and leave an insufficient number of men for other War service. Attestation is designed to prevent this difficulty arising. It is all a matter of organization and classification, but the question suggests the very pertinent consideration that the Overseas Dominions will have to do more, because the Motherland is within measureable distance of exhausting her supplies. The Canadian Government has enlisted 225,000 men to date. Of these only about one-third are on duty at the Front. The other two-thirds are under training in England or Canada, and are not yet fully equipped. The Government has decided to increase our quota to 500,000 men, it has also decided to raise a Canadian Japanese Battalion, a coloured Battalion, and a Ministerial Battalion, all of which is excellent, and goes to show the Minister of Militia is in dead earnest. But when asking the people to do their share it is not too much to ask the Department to wake up and remedy many of the evils which have checked recruiting, and which will undoubtedly operate to make the task of raising another quarter of a million troops none too easy. Evils arise, mainly from inexperience. They are such as can be overcome if tackled in earnest. If Victoria is to be taken as a criterion, they exist throughout the Dominion. It is only the fear of checking recruiting which deters The Week from specifying in detail, but they are so plain, even to the casual observer, that he who runs may read.

Canada's New Peer

IN England and Canada, and perhaps under the circumstances one ought to add Ireland, there is universal recognition of the appropriateness of the honour conferred upon Sir Thomas Shaugnessy. It would be nice to be able to speak of him by his new title, but that has not yet been announced. It will probably be Lord Westmount or Lord Somewhere-or-other associated with the origin of his family in "ould Ireland." The Irish Nationalists, who are none too fond of royal honours, express the greatest pleasure at Sir Thomas's preferment. The London Times voices British opinion when it says, that "One who is the great organizing genius of the Canadian Pacific is the most proper subject for the King's favour." Speculation is already rife as to his future. At 63 he is not likely to continue long at the head of the great corporation, of which he has been the directing genius for so many years. Rumours as to his probable acceptance of the High Commissionership are again rife. It would be a fitting climax to a career which in its brilliancy has not been surpassed, even if it has been equalled, by that of any other Canadian if he should take up his residence in London as High Commissioner, and as the sole representative of the country of his adoption in the House of Lords. Whatever position he takes he will dignify. There is not in the British Empire a man of more intense loyalty, of greater organizing ability, or of loftier ideals. He is in many respects a second Cecil Rhodes, and those who have known for years and appreciated his extraordinary talent and the marvellous manner in which he has maintained the interests of the country and the Empire, while conserving those of the great corporation which he represents, are confident that if his life is spared, he will come to be recognized as a great, and one of our greatest Empire builders.

The New Finance Minister

OUR new Finance Minister, Mr. A. C. Flumerfelt has been a resident of Victoria for a period covering 30 years. This embraces the major part of his business life. He is a Canadian born, as was his father before him. His grandfather, of Dutch origin, for the name was originally van Flumerfelt, was a United Empire Loyalist who came to Canada with the band of British Loyalists, who sacrificed their material interests rather than violate their conscience. Mr. Flumerfelt may be most correctly designated as a Captain of industry and a financeer. Twenty years ago he founded the greatest industrial enterprise in British Columbia, the Granby Smelter, which is now a household word throughout the industrial world. Since then he has invested largely in many of the industrial enterprises of the Province, and wherever he has placed his money he has also associated himself with the directorate and taken an active interest in exploiting the resources and developing the industries of B. C. Of late years Mr. Flumerfelt has come to be recognized as a high financial authority, and figures on the Board of the Bank of Commerce, the Eastern Townships Bank, and the British American Trust. When Mr. Bowser undertook the responsibility of forming an administration, the first vacancy he had to fill was that of Minister of Finance. He selected Mr. Flumerfelt, whose career fully justified the belief that in the present crisis he was the ideal man for the position. The selection has been endorsed



A. C. FLUMERFELT

Minister of Finance for B. C.

by men of all parties, because it is realized that, as a successful business man, and an expert financier, Mr. Flumerfelt will undoubtedly administer his department in the best interests of the Province. His first active step more than justifies this belief. On Wednesday last he summoned a meeting of the representative Bankers of the Province, at which every institution was represented. The joint assets of the Banks which had sent delegates aggregate $1,500,000,000. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the financial requirements of the Province in the near future. The Minister pointed out that having practically completed our Railway policy, it became necessary to procure substantial aid for the development of our raw products and the establishment of new industrial enterprises such as ship building, smelting, and iron and steel manufacture. He emphasized the opinion that the banks will have to be generous with their assistance towards the consummation of this new policy, and he made it very clear that with the improved conditions of trade now prevailing throughout the Dominion, in which unfortunately British Columbia shares only in a minor degree, the banks must be prepared to do their duty. He cited a statement published in the Montreal Star recently to the effect that in the month of December the assets of the Canadian banks had increased $45,000,000, and their domestic loans $9,000,000. The banks must be prepared to allow British Columbia to get a fair share of these advances. It will be gratifying to the public to know that Mr. Flumerfelt has tackled the chief problem of the moment so promptly and vigorously. It is equally gratifying to learn that his views were endorsed unanimously by the largest, and by far the wealthiest financial gathering ever held in British Columbia.

Patriotism in the Schools

ENGLISH and Canadian newspapers are ventilating an important subject, that of "Patriotism in the Schools." There seems to be a consensus of opinion, especially in the Dominion, that the emotional flag-wagging which has been more or less the custom since Kipling paid his celebrated visit of ten years ago, should give place to something more intelligent and effective. The discussion has led to the point where a sane and sober patriotism is beginning to be recognized as the legitimate function of the schools. This is not to suggest that our school teachers are in any sence to lapse in their efforts to instill the true spirit of patriotism in their pupils, but The Times seem to call for official recognition, and for the inclusion of a certain line of instruction tending to develop patriotic sentiment in our general school curriculum. This is a very different thing from Jingoism, just as it is the Antipodes of that half hearted indifference which a few misguided teachers have displayed towards everything of a military character. There is plenty of room in Canada for practical work along these lines, and while much can be done by the teachers, it would undoubtedly render their work more effective if it were supplemented by periodical addresses to the children from the leading citizens of the Dominion. From the ranks of the Clergy and professional men of any Canadian city can be drawn a sufficient number of good men, and true, to carry on this branch of the work, and The Week heartily commends the subject to the consideration of the Educational Department of the Provincial Government, and to the School Trustees of the City of Victoria. A contemporary well expressed the general sentiment on this subject when it said: "We should see to it that the growing generation shall be fully impressed with the vital issues for which their fathers are giving their lives in Flanders. Wars will not end with this war; the day will come again for all we know to test our citizenship, our patriotism and our manhood; we must equip our children and our children's children that they may not be found wanting in the testing-time."

By-Elections

THE VICTORIA TIMES has decided that Mr. Bowser is afraid to have by-elections, and will postpone an appeal to the constituencies for his new Ministers until the General Election. In pursuance of this opinion it announces that Mr. H. C. Brewster, leader of the Liberal Party in British Columbia, will be one of the candidates for the City of Victoria at the next Provincial election. Vancouver, on the other hand, is more wide awake, and has already nominated the strongest Liberal candidate possible, in the person of Mr. M. A. MacDonald. It is an open secret that Mr. Brewster is opposed to a by-election in Victoria. His political sagacity inclines him very naturally to postpone the evil day as long as possible. It will be a matter for regret, if after all the bluster and brag of the last two years, the Liberal party were to funk a trial of strength at the earliest opportunity. Their Leader and their Press has been telling the Province in season and out of season that the people are tired of the Government, and would send it to Coventry at the first opportunity. That first opportunity will come with the by-elections, and the country will quickly know whether the Liberal Leader and the Liberal Press mean what they say, or whether they are vapouring, with just the usual political bluff.

Dry Seattle

ON the first of January Seattle became "dry". On the night of the 31st December there was a celebration which will never be forgotten by those who witnessed it. During the week over 500,000 dollars was spent in drink, and on the morning of the first consignments began to arrive from San Francisco under the provisions of the Dry Act, which make the drug stores general purveyors, and which establish a liquor warehouse in most of the homes. A number of firms, conspicuous among them Levin & Co., of San Francisco, have advertised for several weeks past that on and after January 1st they were prepared to deliver liquor to private persons in Seattle in such a manner as not to violate the provisions of the new Act. They urged the public to "Get on our mailing list, before the 1st, as we cannot advertise afterwards." As a result, many thousands went on their "mailing list," and by now have for the first time in their career stocked a cellar in their homes. When the clock struck the hour of midnight on December 31st, and old Father Time ushered in a New Year, thousands of men, women, boys and girls were thrown out of employment and joined the great army of the unemployed. It is not only bar tenders who are afflicted, teamsters, telephone girls and line men, mail carriers, cooks, waiters, and workers in scores of other occupations. It is at the City Hall that the human tragedy is to be seen, and especially in the early hours of the morning. There, in the hall way are dozens of the former habituees of the saloons, just sitting round in misery. They have lost both their liquor and their homes. Mayor Gill thinks that the future will be all right, that Seattle will revive, and that by and by its success as a Dry City will exceed the most palmy days of its "wet" period. That is in the lap of the gods. To realize his expectation, Seattle will have to establish a new record among the Dry cities. The P. I. sums up the situation in the following paragraph, and probably the P. I. is the best informed authority that could be quoted: "Seattle did not want prohibition. Seattle fears prohibition and today it can not realize that it is dry, and it does not know what it is going to do, but Seattle is determined to make the best of it, and has faith that the future will re-establish it in its former position."

THE WEEK

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Published Every Saturday by The Week Publishing Company Limited, at 625 Courtney Street, Victoria, B.C., Canada. Telephone 1283

SUBSCRIPTION: One year, in advance, $2.00; six months, $1.00; three months, 50c. Single copies, 5c. Foreign subscriptions to countries in Postal Union, $3.00

WILLIAM BLAKEMORE.....President and Editor

Kitchener's Secret

What is iKitchener's secret? Why is he to us what Wellington or Nelson was to our forefathers? Some of my friends tell me that Kitchener is a popular legend—a gigantic myth created partly by the Press and partly by that mysterious mob-imagination which builds up heroes and titans for its own idolatry. They assure me that no man could possibly be as great, as strong, as wise, and as immovable, not to say infallible, as the Kitchener who is trusted and worshipped by the British race all over the world from the Yukon to the Australian bush, from the Fiji Islands to the South African veldt, from New Zealand to the Indian marshes. They declare that the real Kitchener is a pigmy compared with the legendary Kitchener.

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Some of them go so far as to say that the real Kitchener fall so far short of the mythical Kitchener that the real problem of the war is how to devise a method of using the genius of younger men, who are unknown, without shaking the faith of the public in their chosen chief, their adored leader, their organiser of victory. They say that it is a case of Frankenstein and his monster. "We have created K. of K.," they cry, "and he is irreplacable and immovable. Even if we had a Napoleon ready to step into his shoes, the people would not have him. No Government could survive the shock of Kitchener's resignation." I state this extreme view, not because I agree with it, but because it exists. To be perfectly candid, I am not able to distinguish between those who hold this view honestly and those who for personal reasons desire to get rid of Lord Kitchener. There are wheels within wheels, webs within webs, plots within plots.

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Once more, then, I ask the radical, fundamental question: "What is Kitchener's secret?" In the first place, it is not the same sort of secret as the secret of "Bobs." "Bobs" was loved—passionately loved, not only by the people, but by the Army. There was something elfish and demonological in the affection inspired by "Bobs." He had the genius of personal charm. Now, nobody pretends that this is Lord Kitchener's secret. He is neither lovable nor beloved in the sense in which Lord Roberts was lovable or beloved. Awe, rather than love, is the feeling which he inspires. He is a grim, austere figure, with no ivy of sentiment wreathing round hish ead. He is infinitely remote, frowningly detached, almost scowlingly isolated. Never was there a more inaccessible and unapproachable public idol. Never was there a soldier who so fiercely disdained all the arts of advertisement and popularity. And yet theren ever was a soldier who not only more absolutely possessed but also felt more sure that he possessed the confidence of the people.

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Why? How? It is a riddle that is not easy to solve. But I think the solution may be this. The British race have a certain strange instinct that seldom leads them astray. It is an instinct for character. They trust character as they trust no other quality in their great men. They do not trust oratory and eloquence. On the contrary, they profoundly distrust orator and eloquenée. They do not trust brilliancy or cleverness. They do not trust demagogy. In all the great stern hours of their fate they dig down to the roots and base their faith upon character. In mere party warfare they may follow will o' the wisps. In matters of life and death they go bald-headed for character.

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What is Kitchener's secret? The British race see in him an epitome of their own blood and bone and breed. Not by flashy qualites has the British Empire been built. It has been built by the hard grit of character—stupid at times, obstinate often, pig-headed frequently, blundering now and then; but in thel ong run trustworthy and unbreakable. The British charcter is made of the hard-stuff that stands the blows of adversity and misfortune. It sticks and sticks and sticks until it comes out on top. That is Kitchener. He may lack imagination. He may be inarticulate. He may be unable to deliver glowing speeches. He may be quite incapable of explaining himself or defending himself. He may make mistakes like a human being. But the British race trusts him because his character is British through and through.

*

Kitchener has never talked smooth things. He has never flattered. He has never made specious promises. He has never blithered about a short war or an easy victory. Instead of talking he has toiled. Heaven! how he has toiled! How he has slaved silently and ceaselessly! and whatever he has set his hand to he has done. He asked for millions and he got them. He is asking for more men and he is getting them. All on his note of hand, which is his character. Other men vacillate between optimism and pessimism. Kitchener marches grimly forward, with no bugles and no drums and no flowers. And the people watch the squabbles of lesser men with their eyes fixed on the big man in the background, with his fearless glance and his terrible silences. Their instinct is a thing that canot be argued with. It is elemental, deep-seated, impregnable. Politicians are afraid to play with it. For they know that Kitchener is to the British people the rock of destiny, the granite of fate, the iron of victory.

PANTAGES—THIS COMING WEEK

Miss eBrtha Gardner, who has been styled "The Florence Nightingale" of Vaudeville demonstrates by her exquisite voice that the title is a well merited one. Miss Gardner, last year served as a Red Cross Nurse in the field hospitals in France, close to the trenches. Three clever trios figure in the coming bill. Lewis, Belmont and Lewis, are strong on the comedy in their singing and patter turn. The Hebrew Comedian is a scream. Roberts, Stuart and Roberts in their revue of 1915-16 offer twenty minutes of lively costume and character changes. The Three Heumanns are trick and fancy cyclists. Ray Lawrence is a clever female impersonator, who bills his turn as "Just an American Girl." Bert Wiggins, a versatile young man, does some comedy juggling, singing and a number of cleverly drawn cartoons of well known subjects.

At the recent entertainment held at the Westholme Cafe, the manager, Mr. Bonner, has turned over to the Red Cross Society twenty dollars, being ten per cent. of the receipts for the splendid entertainment.

FOR ALDERMAN

To the Electors:

I make no promises. I ask for your confidence for the year 1916.

JOHN DAY.

880 Madison St., City.

THERE ARE OTHERS

An American motoring through a small Scotch town was pulled up for excessive speed.

"Didn't you see that notice, 'Dead Slow'?" inquired the policeman.

"Course I did," returned the Yankee, "but I thought it referred to your durned little town!"

LAND REGISTRY ACT

IN THE MATTER of an Application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Lot Seven (7) of Lots Thirteen (13), Fourteen (14), Fifteen (15) and Sixteen (16) of Subsection Twenty-eight (28), Beckley Farm, Victoria City, Map 777.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to Edward Wishart on the 19th day of July, 1909, and Numbered 20846C, which has been lost.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, at Victoria, B. C., this 4th day of January, 1916.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar General of Titles.

Jan. 8 Feb. 5

PANTAGES
Unequalled Vaudeville

Week Commencing January 10

World's Greatest Animal Act
RICHARD HAVEMANN'S KINGS OF THE FOREST AND DESERT
Lions, Tigers, Leopards

ROBERTS, STUART & ROBERTS
In a Review of 1915-1.

THE HEUMANN TRIO
Sensational Cyclists

MISS BERTHA GARDNER
Operatic Soprano.
Initial Vaudeville Tour after a Year in the French Hospitals

LEWIS, BELMONT & LEWIS
Songs, Patter, Comedy

RAY LAWRENCE
"Just an American Girl"

PANTAGESCOPE

THREE SHOWS DAILY—3, 7:30 AND 9:15

Matinees 15c. Evening: Orchestra and Balcony 25, Boxes 50

FOR ALDERMAN

To the Electors of Victoria:

Being a candidate for Alderman, I wish to state some of the principal policies I intend to support during the year 1916:

1. Johnson Street Bridge, and development of Songhees Reserve, in conjunction with the Government and railways.
2. Continuing sewer and paving programme, working, when necessary, with adjoining municipalities.
3. Rock Bay Bridge.
4. I favor a clean city, both morally and physically, with good schools and parks, clean street, and strict

enforcement of reasonable building and sanitary regulations.
5. In view of the strenuous financial conditions brought about by the War, it is essential that a reduction in taxation be made, and a substantial reduction can be made, without departing from the principle laid down in the following clause.
6. I am opposed to further reduction in wages of outside employees, or police, firemen, or City Hall clerks.
7. On Municipal works I favor day labor, wherever possible, and preference to our own citizens, and particularly believe that all city works should be so timed and apportioned as to keep continuously engaged, as nearly as possible, the same number of workmen.
8. The taking of serious steps to attract new lines of manufacturies, and particularly development of the ship-building and shipping industry.
9. Prudence and reasonable economy must be the watchwords of the Council of 1916, but necessity of a park in Victoria West should be taken up immediately the present difficult times commence to improve.

In conclusion, I am strictly an independent candidate, in no way connected with any political party, clique or interest, and if elected will do my best to serve the ratepayers well in all things.

Yours respectifully,
A. E. TODD.

FOR ALDERMAN

To the Electors of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for Alderman. Trusting to be favored with your votes.—Yours respectfully,

JAMES BELL,
1144 Johnson Street.

FOR ALDERMAN

To the Electors of the City of Victoria:

Having been requested by several of the electors of the City to stand for re-election at the ensuing civic elections, I beg to announce that I am a Candidate, and solicit the votes and influence of the electors, to whom I give the assurance that the needs and requirements of the City will meet with every attention on my part if I receive the honor of re-election.

JOHN DILWORTH.

FOR ALDERMAN

To the Electors of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg leave to announce that I will be a Candidate for the position of Alderman at the forthcoming Election.

I respectfully solicit your vote and influence.—Yours respectifully,

DONALD McLEAN
140 Medina Street.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE

To the Electors of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg to offer my services for re-election as School Trustee, and therefore solicit your vote and influence on my behalf.

—Yours respectfully,
LEWIS HALL

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Harbour Quay Line at Victoria, B. C., established by Order in Council of the 15th May, 1914, beyond which line breakwaters, wharfs, piers and similar structures should not be built, has been amended by Order in Council, passed on the 3rd December, 1915, in so far as that portion of the said Harbour Quay Line covering the West Side of the Harbour is concerned.

Plans and descriptions in this connection can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of the District Engineer, Victoria, B. C.

R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary.
By Order,
Department of Public Works, Canada,
Ottawa, December 13, 1915.

Dec. 24 Dec. 30

APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER OF HOTEL LICENSE

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria at their next sitting for a transfer of the liquor license now held by me in respect of the Grand Central Hotel, situate at 551 Johnson Street in the City of Victoria, to Adam Paterson, of the said City of Victoria.

Dated the 16th day of December, 1915.

CHARLES PAGE,
By his Attorney in fact,
John F. Dickson.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 7th day of February, 1916, for the sale under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a mortgage of the following property: In Victoria District, being subdivision of Lots 41 and 41, and part of 28, according to Land Registry Maps 17 and 18, and also of Block 1 and part of Block 2, Section 44, Land Registry Map 68A, said subdivision having been made according to Land Registry Map 1518. Excepting Lots 21 and 22 in Block 7, according to said Map 1518.

Terms of sale, cash.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

DATED the 6th day of January, A.D. 1916.

C. B. S. PHELAN,
304-305 Sayward Bldg.,
Victoria, B. C.
Mortgagee's Solicitor.

Jan. 8 Jan. 29

COLUMBIA THEATRE

FOUR ACTS OF HIGH CLASS

Vaudeville

FIVE REELS OF FEATURE

Pictures

Programme Night, Wednesday

Country Store, Friday

Change of Programme

MONDAY AND THURSDAY

10c—ADMISSION—10c

Continuous Performance
1 to 11 p.m.

A CASE OF

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$1.50 PER DOZEN

NONE BETTER, PURER OR MORE TASTY

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Canadian Pacific Railway
TO ENGLAND

Travel by C. P. R. in comfort, through connections with sailings from St. John and New York, in connection with following steamships

S.S. Finland, from New York	January 19th
S.S. Tusconia	January 22nd
S.S. Pretonan, from St. John	January 29th
S.S. New York, from New York	January 29th
S.S. Baltic, from New York	February 9th
S.S. Sicilian, from St. John	February 9th
S.S. Cameronio, from New York	February 12th
S. S. Adriatic, from New York	February 16th

Baggage via St. John checked through to Liverpool.

Baggage via New York checked in bond to steamship.

Passports, or necessary documents required by Imperial Authorities now being supplied by Dominion Government Immigration Agents.

For reservations on steamships and sleeping cars, or any further information, write or call on

L. D. CHETHAM, General Agent all Atlantic Steamships,
1102 Government Street

Demand PHOENIX BEER

Two Quarts for 25 Cents

For Sale Everywhere

Brentwood Beach Hotel

12 MILES FROM VICTORIA

Following the example of many other hotels, these hard times, the management of the Brentwood Beach Hotel have decided to reduce their rates. Patrons will therefore kindly take notice that on and after the 15th of September there will be a marked reduction of rates for the winter.

RATES ON THE AMERICAN PLAN AS FOLLOWS:

	By the Day	By the Week	By the Month
With Private Bath	$3.50	$21.00	$70.00
With Public Bath	$3.00	$17.50	$60.00

Special rates for longer terms, and families
Good fishing, free row boats to guests staying at the Hotel
Short orders and special dishes a la carte
All meals are the same price both Sundays and weekdays
75 cents is now our regular charge
Fortnightly dinner dances commencing 25th September.. Heaton's orchestra in attendance

Phone 21L. H. CANCELLOR, Manager.

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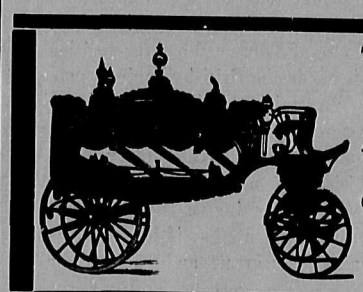
WINTER SUITINGS AND COATINGS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

To meet the demand of the times we will make Suits or Overcoats for $20 Our Mr. Bo is an expert. Guarantees perfect model fit. New shipment of finest Wortseds, Tweeds and Serges

CHARLIE BON

Corner Douglas and Johnson Streets



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At The Street Corner

BY THE LOUNGER

Among the many public servants who have richly earned the best wishes of the season is the Postmaster. Courteous, obliging, businesslike, Mr. Bishop has during the past year deepened the conviction that he is essentially "the right man in the right place." It is because so many excellent reforms have been introduced into his Department that in wishing him a Happy New Year, I venture to suggest that during the present year he will lay the public under one more obligation which may appear trivial, but which I can assure him is not a matter of unimportance, especially to the ladies. For a few cents it is possible to purchase an appliance for moistening stamps. The old fashioned sponge and bowl of water would be better than nothing, but still better is the small roller which revolves in a vessel of water and can be used without moistening the fingers. There are many reasons why stamp-licking should be known only as a "lost art." In the first place, it cannot be done gracefully, and that ought to count for much in an aesthetic age. Then, I feel sure it is unsanitary both by reason of the original constituents of the mucilage and the "flotsam and jetsam" which the stamps collect in a dusty atmosphere. If it is necessary to remove dirt from the adhesive side of the stamp before it is attached to the letter, surely it is not reasonable to expect that this should be done by a lady's tongue. When such work has to be done on a larger scale, the city provides a scraper. But even if the adhesive side of the stamp is carefully dusted off by the attendant, there still remains a deep rooted objection to lick the constituents of the mucilage. Any one who has been in a glue factory will know what I mean. Possibly at a later date, when the automobile has entirely superseded the horse, this particular objection will not be as strong. Meanwhile I would, on behalf of the many ladies of Victoria, who find stamp-licking an objectionable process, especially when it runs to licking a label six inches by four to attach to a parcel, ask that among the simple and inexpensive innovations which the Postmaster might well introduce during 1916, none would be more appreciated or more popular than a substitute for stamp-licking.

*

I venture to call the attention of the Military Authorities to the new rule which has been promulgated in England governing the management and control of the Canadian Army Canteen. After consultation with the members of his Staff General Sir Sam Hughes has decided that the profits of the Canteen ought not to go to any middle man or Army Contractor, but should pass directly to the Government, in order to make a contribution, however modest, to the War Fund. This is a decision which every one will applaud; especially if the Minister sees his way to apply the rule to Canada. The amount of money taken at the various canteens of the Regiments that are training in the Dominion must amount to millions during the year. People who are contributing as far as their means will possibly admit to various War Funds are very properly asking what becomes of the profits of the Regimental Canteen? This question is frequently asked in Victoria, especially with respect to one Regiment, which is popularly supposed to look a little too often and a little too deeply into the Wine "when it is red in the cup." In fact I have been asked with respect to this particular regiment, what becomes of the profits; whether the regiment itself derives any benefit from a percentage, or whether the contractor is allowed to "gobble" the whole. Frankly, I do not know, but I am free to admit that I think matters would be improved if in this particular instance the consumption were lessened, and also if in all instances the middle man or contractor were abolished, the rules stiffened up, and the whole of the profits made available towards financing the War.

*

Two days ago, when passing the Willows, I witnessed a sight which gave me "a short, sharp shock." In fact I had to rub my eyes very hard to make sure that they were not deceiving me. I thought at first that I was dreaming, and had been dropped down in some Prussian Camp, for there before me, in the full view of anyone passing that way was a Private of one of our best known regiments, tied to a tree. On inquiry I was informed that this was the new method of dealing with recalcitrants, and that this particular Private had undergone this particular form of punishment daily for a week. All I can say is that I found it distressing and humiliating to be forced involuntarily to witness such a spectacle. And further, I doubt the intelligence, though perhaps it is not permissible to doubt the sanity, of the officer who originated this novel torture. I am aware that to put a man in chains is permissible on the High Seas, where the slightest dispute as to the authority of the Captain might be disastrous. Even so, it is a punishment rarely resorted to, and one which invariably arouses the most exacting criticism on the part of the passengers. On land a similar proceeding strikes me as barbarous, and one which should meet with the censure of the D. O. C., who has had to sanction many novel innovations of late, but none quite so repugnant to humane sentimen as this. It is not the necessary military punishment, but the undue publicity which is objected to. It certainly tends to check recruiting.

*

I went with the crowd on Wednesday to see Sir Richard McBride go aboard the vessel which carried him on the first stage of his journey to "London Town." The crowd was big, and there were many striking features which no doubt caught the public eye as well as the public ear, for there were troops galore and three regimental bands. Much might be said of the tribute of the vast crowd to a popular native son. They were not thinking of Sir Richard McBride, for thirteen years Premier of the Province, but of a man whom they all knew and loved. When his car pulled up at the curb stone near the C. P. R. booking office, there was a rush to grasp his hand and say good bye, no farewell could have been more human or more hearty. There were two incidents which seemed to me to illustrate the exact character of the informal function. As he slowly worked his way through a struggling crowd of men and women, all eager for a hand shake, one big stalwart man of the labouring class elbowed aside half a dozen people and thrust out his hand to give a hand shake that made the illustrious Ex-Premier wince, accompanied in a voice which everyone could hear, by the words "Good bye Dick, and good luck to you." Not many knights of the realm could have received or reciprocated such a greeting. It placed Sir Richard exactly where he stands in the regard and affection of the people. The other incident occurred when he had finished his farewells and was walking across the bridge. A little group of Western Scots had assembled near the boat, and as Sir Richard passed they cheered, and then sang out as with one voice "Will Ye No' Come Back to Us?"

Lounger.

PROHIBITION AND SUBSTITUTE

December 27, 1915

Editor "The Week",

I thank you for inserting my letter re the Working Man's Club in your issue, 11th instant. In view of the vital importance of this question, will you kindly allow us a little more space to tell the Prohibitionists that the future of B. C. hinges upon Indutsrial Expansion, and Beer is an absolute necessity for the workers, who get exhausted through the intense heat in which they have to work. We've got the raw material of all kinds in abundance, but to manufacture iron and steel, blast furnace men and others will be needed—these men working, as I've seen them in other countries, clad in nothing but their pants, in a continuous copious sweat with the heat rising to 120 degrees Fahrenheit, or 20 degrees above blood heat, must have a stimulant, and beer in bucketfulls—the quart pot not holding sufficient—has been their drink ever since the Romans introduced it to us. For the information of those who do not know, the percentage of alcohol in beer is 2 to 4 per cent., whisky and brandy, 50 to 60 per cent.—the greatest beer drinkers, according to "Whitaker's" are the Belgians, who consume 40 gallons per head each year, while the English dring 26 gallons, and Germans 22 gallons per head. Belgium is essentially a manufacturing country, men and women alike being workers, the latter in the fields, while the males manufacture the steel and iron, and this accounts for the large consumption of beer.

Having travelled through the country a good deal I can with every confidence recommend the Belgians as a pattern card for B. C., not only in manufacturing and agriculture, but sobriety also. The Provincial Government should import some of them to start an Intense Culture Experimental Farm, a step they would never regret.

What does the new Agricultural Minister say about this?

When the great shindy took place in England last spring on the shortage of Munitions through alleged drunkenness, amongst the workers the wise heads of the Board of Liquor Control came to the conclusion that if they adopted restrictive—which is what the B. C. Prohibitionists wish to adopt—instead of remedial measures, the Germans would very soon be in London. The Canteens since established at the works and docks at which the workers can get good cheap food, as well as alcoholics is giving the greatest satisfaction. Lord D'Abernon, formerly Sir Edgar Vincent, a most astute business man, President of the Board of Liquor Control, states that in his opinion the excessive drinking was undoubtedly due to the absense of the means to obtain food and non-alcoholic refreshments, besides alcoholics, and he believed the canteen system would diminish drunkenness in a very short time by no less than 50 per cent. With regard to the no-treating restriction, his unbiased opinion was that the measures taken were regarded by the majority of the best working men with gratitude and thankfulness. On the other hand, he had received abuse from the Bar loafers, who found their favorite occupation unpleasantly curtailed.

We are asking the Vancouver Prohibition Organization to meet those who are opposed to total prohibition half way by agreeing to the remedial measures outlined in this and my previous letter, which appeared in your issue of the 11th inst., being given a trial, and we appeal to the Victoria organization to do likewise. Will the Secretary kindly say through the medium of your columns as early as possible whether they will do so. We don't want to fight, but, by jingo, if we do, etc, is our song.

Wishing yourself and readers of The Week a prosperous New Year,

Yours truly,

WM. IDIENS.

Secretary Citizens' League,
Courtenay, B. C.

Patronize "HIBBS", Trounce Alley, opposite Colonist Office. Best Shoe Repairing in town.

When you want reliable Shoe Repairing in a hurry, go to HIBBS. Trounce Alley, opposite Colonist Office.

Drive Dull Care Away

WITH A GOOD BOOK

Any of the following will answer:

"A Far Country", by Winston Churchill.

"The Money Master," by Gilbert Parker.

"The Research Magnificent," by Wells.

"Michael O'Halleran," by the author of McHawester.

"Hal O' the Ironsides," by Crockett.

"The Fortunes of Garin, by Macey Johnson.

"The Grey Dawn," by Stewart Edward White.

Victoria Book & Stationery Co.
Limited
1004 Government Street

CABRILLO CIGARS
Smoking Qualities Unexcelled
S. L. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers
620 Pandora Phone 3242

SOAP, Etc.
W. J. PENDRAY & SONS, Ltd.
Phone 773. Laurel Point.

WEILER'S STORE NEWS

Beautiful China and Art Wares

¶ If you are planning wedding presents—and many foresighted people are even putting away holiday gifts this early—or enriching your own collection of fine pieces of china and art objects, the opportunities afforded here are most unusual at this time.

¶ The new things challenge admiration by beauty and style and bewilder in variety and values.

¶ No previous season has shown such tempting things—irresistible things. You must see them without delay.

Be Comfortable This Cold Weather

Why lie shivering in bed these cold nights? There's nothing more unpleasant than, or more unhealthy than cold feet. You'll sleep better if you use a Doulton Foot Warmer. It will keep your feet warm as toast.

CASH PRICES

2-Quart size, each..... $1.13
3-Quart size, each..... $1.35

JANUARY CHILLY NIGHTS

Remind you very forceibly that you need a few more Blankets. Be sure you secure a few extra pair of our beautiful Scotch Wool Blankets, woven from the wool of the long fleeced sheep of the Chev'ot Hills. You'll appreciate the lightness, warmth and pleasant touch of our Blankets. Their splendid finish, durability and great warmth appeal to the particular and careful housewife.

CASH PRICES

8 lbs. $7.90
9 lbs. $8.80
6 lbs, Extra, quality.....$7.65
7 lbs., Extra quality.....$8.55
8 lbs, Extra quality.....$10.35
9 lbs., Extra quality.....$11.25

WEILER BROS LIMITED

HOTEL RAINIER-GRAND SEATTLE
EUROPEAN-MODERATE
MODERN-CONVENIENT
225 OUTSIDE ROOMS-135 WITH BATH.

Breakfasts,
Lunches,
A'noon Tea,
Suppers

The Tea Kettle
Miss Wooldridge
Corner Douglas and View Streets

Gypsy Queen Hair Restorer, absolutely renews color of the hair, with hair growing and tonic properties combined. Obtained at 1008 Broad Street, and at David Spencer, Ltd.

Our Free Delivery to any part of the city, night or day constitutes part of the Terryservice

TERRY'S DRUG STORES
Fort Street Pandora Street

DOMINION HOTEL
Yates Street
ANNOUNCES A SPECIAL WINTER RATE
To a limited number of desirable guests.

The central location of the DOMINION, its modern equipment, high class service and sensible rates should make this announcement worthy of your attention.

By making your home at this well located and complete hotel you will have no street cars to worry over—but have a servant to attend to every want.

The DOMINION is in the centre of everything, yet possesses the exclusiveness of a private residence.

Each room or apartment contains a long distance telephone, hot and cold water and up-to-date open plumbing, steam heat, pile carpet, brass beds, exquisite furniture and commodious closet space, which is an attractive feature to every woman. 200 rooms with private bath attached. Prompt elevator service.

A skilled white chef presides over the culinary department. The kitchen of the DOMINION HOTEL is as clean as the parlor.

The homelike atmosphere—quiet, quick and perfect style—combined with Special Winter Rates should appeal to you.

We will also make a special rate to a limited number of table boarders during the winter months.

The DOMINION HOTEL will please you both in price and comfort. It will be a pleasure to show you our accommodations.

STEPHEN JONES, Proprietor

The Westholme Grill

Caters to most exacting patronage, and is a most delightful place to go, where you may enjoy a full course dinner or a light supper.

Entire Change of Programme

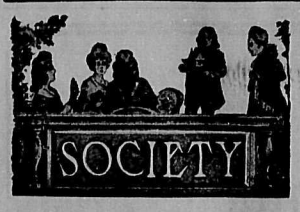
MISS ERNESTINE DIDIER
MISS WATSON, Pianist
MARGIE HARDY, Singer
THE BRIGHT SPOT IN TOWN

1417 Government St. Phone 4544

Have Your Home During the Winter AT THIS HOTEL

You can study economy and still live in comfort at the Prince George Hotel. This fine Hostelry, right in the heart of the city (opposite City Hall), offers to a limited number of desirable guests the very best accommodation at the lowest cost. No car fares to pay, steam heat, hot and cold running water, phone, etc., in every room. Elevator to all floors at any hour of the day or night. Absolutely fireproof. Rates from $8.00 per month with all facilities. Inspection cordially invited.

Cor. Douglas and Pandora Streets. Phone 3280.



Mrs. Louie Burrell, A.R.M.S., will give an informal exhibition at her studio, Campbell Building, on Saturday, January 15th, morning and afternoon, of sketches from life, and portrait work. A large number of well known people have sat to Mrs. Burrell, and the exhibition should attract much interest.

*

The new year and its attendant festivities were observed in Victoria with decorum, so far as public amusements and demonstrations were concerned. Victoria homes were, as usual, generously open to those less fortunate at Yule Tide, and a feature of this Christmas season were the numerous entertainments organized for the children of our soldiers and sailors, Christmas cheer for returned soldiers, for those now in training here, and for others in need of help and comfort at this time.

*

The annual New Year's Eve Ball at the Empress Hotel was well attended, and proved a great success. The music was excellent, the supper was "par excellence," and every arrangement was complete for the comfort of the guests. Among those present were, Sir Richard and Lady McBride and the Misses McBride, Hon. D. M. Eberts, Mrs. Eberts, Miss B. Eberts, Mr. and Mrs. Allison, Mrs. Harvey, the Misses Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Cleaver Cox, Mrs. R. H. Pooley, Miss Mason, Mrs. Bridgwater, Major and Mrs. B. H. Harrison, Captain Dunsford, Lieutenant Pemberton, Lieutenant Bell, Mrs. Bell, Miss Gaudin, Colonel and Mrs. Ridgway Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Mellander, Mrs. W. Rochfort, Mr. and Mrs. O'Neill Hayes, Mrs. Cuppage, Mr. and Mrs. A. McLachlin, Mr. Gilmer, Lieutenant Barton, Miss Haggerty, Captain Round, Mr. and Mrs. Hannington, Mr. and Mrs. Angus Campbell.

*

Every woman should read "Woman's Century," the official organ in Canada of the National Council of Women. It contains concise and valuable articles on subjects of home interest, with which are allied those ever increasing waves of wonmanly influence which today are permeating every branch of activity throughout the universe. An interesting section of the magazine is devoted to Red Cross work, and the tone of the whole publication is intensely patriotic, stimulating, educational, well written, and excellently arranged. "Woman's Century" in fact is a paper which should be found in the home of every intelligent woman. It is a monthly record of woman's work and progress, together with much information which will arouse women to lend a helping hand to the poor and miserable in the dark streets of our large cities. A recent issue has an account of the first Canadian convalescent home in England for wounded Canadian soldiers. The home, which is situated near Brighton, was promoted by Mrs. Fleming, daughter-in-law of the late Sir Sandford Fleming, K.C., M.G., of Ottawa. It has the official sanction of the British War Office, and the co-operation of the British Red Cross. At this home any Canadian private or officer is welcome. The nurses are Canadian girls who are giving their services free. Contributions are urgently needed, and will be received by Mr. Edward Houston, manager of the Imperial Bank, Ottawa.

CHANGE OF PICTURE POLICY AT THE ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE

The management of the Royal Victoria wish to announce that they have secured for future showing at hte above theatre some of the finest photoplays that will be released in future. The first of these are now being shown which is Cyril Maude in "The Greater Will," and there is no doubt, if this is a sample of the quality, this house should become one of the most popular photoplay theatres in the city. Some of the future attractions are as follows: "The Yellow Ticket," "The Test", "Common Clay," "Prince of Pilsen," "King Dodo," "Madam X," "Excuse Me," "Everywoman," "Little Boy Blue," "The Ragged Vagabond," etc.

Andrews, 704 Fort Street, will save you 30 per cent. on repairing jewelry and watches.

The City Window Cleaners and Janitors. A prompt, reliable service at moderate charges. Agent for the Amberine Floor Polish. F. Quaintance, 2702 Government Street. Phone 3556L.

"SOTTO VOCE'

By the Hornet

That it is a matter of common knowledge in Athens that King Constantine does not even carry a latch key.

*

That the Wall Street Journal suggests that the Germans should paint jokes all over their submarines, so that the English can't see them—the jokes.

*

That Germany is taking steps to control the consumption of cheese—a new watch on the Rind.

*

That the British cry "No vote for the shirker" is a parody of the old motto, "No crown, no cross."

*

That sometime the "laughter of fools" is a better tonic than the "wisdom of sages."

*

That aprepos the New Year Honours there is a popular demand for Crown Derby.

*

That it is reported that there is a revival in the Indigo industry on account of the prevalence of the Blues.

*

That Austraia finds it increasingly difficult to control her starving peasantry, and is advised to put a bit in their mouths.

*

That in consequence of the number of successful recruiting meetings held at the base of Nelson's Column, the Huns now call it Strafalgar Square.

*

That among the most cheerful New Year publications which has reached The Week Office is "The Thistle," a Scottish Patriotic magazine.

*

That every Englishman ought to read it, as a certain remedy for national conceit.

*

That the following definition should enable him to see himself as others see him, and to be suitably humble: "Bovinely dull, destitute of sensibility, insight and imagination, incapable of sympathy, swollen with ignorance and vanity."

*

That it is comforting to know that this is the worst that can be said about us.

*

That the perpetuation of an injustice acts as a greater deterrent to recruiting than its exposure in the Press.

*

That The Week's expose of the horrible conditions which prevailed at the Work Point Military Hospital led to the cleansing of the Augean Stable, and the appointing of a professional Nurse.

*

That prior to this there was no cleanliness and no Nurse.

*

That lives would have been saved if the reform had been effected earlier.

*

That recruiting has been brisker since this plague spot was blotted out.

*

That public opinion is a unit in condemning the parsimony with which the Dominion Government is treating the R. C. N. V.

*

That these men are as truly on "active service" as any who have enlisted in the Military Department.

*

That they have never received either the recognition or remuneration to which they are entitled.

*

That Admiral Kingsmill, the head of our Naval Department, knows as well as any one the invaluable contribution of the R. C. N. V. to the defense of Vistoria at a critical moment.

*

That it is nothing less than his duty to see that they get a "square deal."

*

That Russian has "come back" with a vengeance, and that much earlier than was expected.

*

That it does not look as if the Teutonic forces will reach Moscow this winter.

*

That the Turk is once more a sick Man—sick of Germany.

*

That the two men who swayed the country and determined the fate of the compulsory Bill were Kitchener and Balfour.

*

That the marvel of the situation is that no greater personal contrast could be afforded.

*

That the Debate in the American Senate on the sinking of the Persia shows clearly why President Wilson has never "grasped the nettle."

*

That the nettle being political, he is afraid it would sting.

*

That the Presidential Diplomatic Comedy has degenerated into a howling farce.

SAANICH MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg leave to announce that I will be a Candidate for the position of Councillor at the forthcoming Election for Ward Four of the above Municipality.

I respectfully solicit your vote and influence.—Your respectfully,

D. W. JONES

Garden City Store,
Colquitz.

START THE NEW YEAR RIGHT —Call for the BIG B. CIGAR. The best 10c Cigar on the market. Messrs. Pepper & Walters, Manufacturers, 579 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C. Phone 1106.

SHELTON'S OLD COUNTRY DRY GOODS STORE—734 Yates Street. Just received from the Old Country, all wool jerseys, for boys and girls. 75 cents up. Don't forget our own make Kilt Skirts from $1.00 up.

WHITE LUNCH LIMITED, 1009 Government Street, 642 Yates Street, 554 Johnson Street. Our food, variety and service are of the best. Inspection invited.

Johnnie Walker

KILMARNOCK

Extra Special

WHISKY

THE BEST IN 1820 AND—

for its true flavor, exquiste bouquet and perfect mellowness.

UNSURPASSED IN 1915

INSIST UPON THE SQUARE BOTTLE

WHOLESALE AGENTS

Pither & Leiser Limited

VICTORIA VANCOUVER

B. C.

THORPE'S Lithia Water

Relieves Rheumatism

Doctors Recommend It

Phone 435

MINERAL ACT

(Form F.)

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Pounder Mineral Claim, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Port Renfrew District..

Where located: On Bugaboo Creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, L. N. Anderson, R.M.D. No. 1, Royal Oak, B.C. Free Miner's Certificate No. 94280 B., intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 12th day of November, A.D., 1915.

L. N. ANDERSON.

Nov. 20 Dec. 11

Madame Watts

Suite 401-4 B. C. Perm. Bldg. Douglas St., Victoria, B. C.

SPECIAL LINE OF CHIFFON TAFFETTAS FOR YOUNG LADIES' EVENING FROCKS, FROM $45.

LADIES

Bring in your Velours, Beaver and Felt Hats; we remodel them into the latest styles.

VICTORIA HAT FACTORY

1104 Broad Street Phone 1729

Royal Victoria Theatre

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

January 10, 11 and 12

"THE DUST OF EGYPT"

A Six Part Comedy from the well known English farce By Allan Campbell

Matinee 2 to 5

Evening .:30 to 11

Special To-day

RAISIN PIE
RAISIN BREAD
Wholesome, Appetizing

Clay's

QUALITY BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS

619 Fort Street. Telephone 101

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY Limited

"Quality Launderers"

1015-1017 North Park Street

Phone 2300

Clarence Hotel

Harry Campbell, Prop.

Rates $2 and $2.50 per week

Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

LUC-US-UP at the COMMERCIAL HOTEL

JOE LUCAS, Prop.

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets, across from City Hall. Phone 1702. Wines and Liquors.

WIPE YOUR FEET on a good COCOA FIBRE DOOR MAT. Made in Canada. 90c to $2.00. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas Street. Phone 3712.

V.V.I. Wine & Liquor Co., Ltd.

(Successor to West End Grocery Co. Liquor Department.)

TAKE HOME A BOTTLE OF ANY OF OUR FAMOUS

PORTS, SHERRIES, CLARETS

Brandies, Sauternes, Whiskies, Champagnes, Gins, Rum, Imported and Domestic Beers. Liquers

We can please your fancy as regards price and quality. A wide and complete stock to choose from.

Phone 4859 — 1624 GOVERNMENT STREET — Opposite Pantages

Daily delivery to all parts of city.

CLOTHES OF DISTINCTION

From us you can expect something more than correct style and fit—you can expect clothes that bear the unmistakable stamp of quality, refinement and good taste.

We invite you to visit our unique establishment—an establishment from the West End of London, located in the heart of Victoria. You will find us fully conversant with the newest style tendencies from the world's premier fashion centres.

Our stock of materials is in excellent taste, and presents a varied selection.

LANGE & BROWN

(Late of London, England.)

NAVAL, MILITARY, LADIES' AND CIVIL TAILORS

TELEPHONE 4830 747 YATES STREET

Use the Telephone

This is the kind of weather when the telephone is invaluable. It is of utmost service at all times, but when you do not want to go out, you can reach anywhere with the aid of the instrument on the wall.

Your telephone can be used to talk to Nanaimo, Vancouver, to Kootenay towns, or down the Coast. There is no such a thing as distance with the long distance telephone.

B. C. TELEPHONE COMPANY, Limited

LAND REGISTRY ACT

IN THE MATTER of an Application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Section Fifty-two (52), Victoria District, except that portion conveyed to the Crown,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to James Tod on the 27th day of April, 1911, and Numbered 25955C, which has been lost.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., this 17th day of December, 1915.

S. W. WOOTTON,
Registrar General

Dec 24 Jan 26

LIQUOR NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licence Commissioners for the Township of Esquimalt, at their next sitting, for the transfer to me, the undersigned, of the licence lately held by Eliza Marshall, deceased, to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the premises known as the "Gorge" Hotel, situate on the Tillicum Road in the said Township of Esquimalt.

Dated this 1st day of November, 1915.

CLARENCE GANNER, Applicant.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND DISTRICT

DISTRICT OF RENFREW

TAKE NOTICE that we, Geo. H. Keefer, and Hugh O. Keefer, of Vancouver, B. C., contractors, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of the Nitinat River and about one mile northeast of Nitinat Lake, and adjoining the Indian Reserve on the northeast; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains, more or less, to the Nitinat River; thence following the river in a southerly direction to point of commencement.

Dated November 20th, 1915.

GEORGE H. KEEFER,
HUGH O. KEEFER.
F. A. Brown, Agent.

Dec. 18 Feb. 12

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Saanich

TAKE NOTICE that Daniel Woodward, of Brentwood, B. C., intends to apply for permission to lease the following lands: commencing at a post planted on the southwest corner of that parcel of land known as the northerly 55 by 130 feet of Lot 16 of part of Section 12, Range 1, West, South Saanich; thence westerly a distance of 80 feet; thence northerly a distance of 66 feet; thence easterly a distance of 80 feet to a point on high water mark distant 50 feet from the northwest corner of the said parcel of land, the said point being situate on a continuation of the northerly boundary line of the said parcel of land; thence southerly, following the shore line at high water mark, to the point of commencement, containing a quarter of an acre more or less.

Dated the 4th day of December, 1915.

Dec. 11. Feb. 5