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Victoria Edition

The Week

A British Columbia Review,

Published at Victoria and Vancouver B. C.

Stewart Williams Hilton Keith
STEWART WILLIAMS & Co
AUCTIONEERS
COMMISSION AND
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51 FORT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.
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L. V. No 24 23 THE WEEK, SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1908 ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM

EDITORIAL

e Hodgins arges.

The Week has never expressed any opinion as to the probability or otherwise of Major Hodgins substan- ting the charges which he made in the umns of the Colonist. Now that the vestigation is over and the report of the mmittee has been laid before the House is possible to size up the situation with nething approaching accuracy. A fair nment upon the whole matter is that ajor Hodgins honestly believed that the ilway Commission was privy to methods classification which, to put it mildly, uld strain the conscience of any honest gineer. The result of the enquiry shows t if such methods were in vogue the mmission was not privy to them and in last issue Major Hodgins frankly ad- ted that the point was one for settle- nt by expert Engineers who alone could e sufficient technical knowledge to en- e them to pass judgment. When jor Hodgins found that he could not stantiate his charges he acted as a tleman should and unreservedly with- w them; especially was he impressed this by the evidence of Mr. Hugh msden, the Chief Engineer, than whom more honourable man lives. At the e time the unbiassed observer cannot conclude that Major Hodgins has been gularly unfortunate. In the first place ense of honour impelled him to destroy respondence with a brother Engineer ch would at least have vindicated his position in respect of some of the sonal charges. In the next place he ed on the co-operation of the G.T.P., were obviously interested in a just sification, but for reasons which need be too closely canvassed received little from that quarter. It is satisfactory Major Hodgins had to withdraw any utations which he may have made inst the Premier or his Ministers, and the light of all the evidence given it well be that his dismissal may to some nt have warped his judgment in mat- about which he at least had an honest bt. Having said this much the im- tant fact remains that something much e important than Major Hodgins' ver- y and his professional reputation was er investigation. It has been estab- ed that the Grand Trunk Pacific En- ers, whose duty it is to see that there no overcharges, have protested strongly inst the over-classification which the mmission has been allowing. Mr. H. A. ods, the Assistant Chief Engineer for Grand Trunk, swore that these over- sifications were not made by the ident or Division Engineers who are y acquainted with the character of the k but by arbitrary orders from their erior. One paragraph in Mr. Woods' lence is so important that it is worth eating verbatim. He said:

"To such classification as mentioned bove, increasing the cost of the work such an alarming extent, we most riously protest, and respectfully re- uest that either yourself or the assistant ief engineer visit the work and pass dgment upon the classification as ade."

r. Woods repeatedly urged the Chief ineer to visit the works and determine matter of classification himself. In- d, however, of complying the Commis- has endeavoured to get the G.T.P. to e to arbitration, but without success is not a point on which arbitration ld be necessary. The significance of his is that no action of any kind was n by the Commission until Major gins spoke, although the G.T.P. En- ers had been pressing the matter for six months. It is not a little significant that in the minority report just presented to Parliament it is pointed out that in January last the method of classification was modified in the direction urged by Major Hodgins, and that the modified system has been in vogue ever since. The verdict of the country will undoubtedly be the Scotch verdict of "not proven," but as against this Major Hodgins will have the satisfaction of knowing that the crux of the whole question, that of improper classification and consequent overcharge, had already been decided in his favour by the abandonment six months ago of the system of which he complained and the substitution of one appreciably nearer to his own suggestion. In justice to a man who has suffered both in pocket and to some extent in reputation in an honest endeavour to protect the public interest The Week makes no apology for quoting a portion of an editorial on this subject from the columns of what is admitted to be the most independent and enlightened weekly journal published in the Dominion, Toronto Saturday Night:

> "When Major Hodgins resigned his position as district engineer under the Transcontinental Commission the explanation was given out that he was the cause of friction in the operations, and I, for one, gathered that he was charged with a fault not uncommon among engineers when working under untrained commissioners—that of exceeding his authority. It is a fault that men accustomed to pushing through large undertakings are subject to, and it reflects on them no discredit. But when the friends of Major Hodgins began to tell his side of the story another face was put on the matter, and the Parliamentary enquiry now under way at Ottawa brings out facts going to show that the resignation of the Major was called for from Ottawa while he was in the midst of an audit of the prices being paid to contractors for excavations, and after he had been over part of the work and had roundly condemned inspectors for crediting contractors with cutting 'solid rock' when it was loose rock they had removed, or in some cases pure sand or muskeg. In one place he found that eighteen hundred yards of muskeg had been taken out, all of which would have been described and paid for as solid rock had not the Major appeared on the scene and ordered that kind of classification to stop. This kind of thing had been occurring at various points. With surprising suddenness Major Hodgins received a private and confidential intimation from Chief Engineer Lumsden in Ottawa that his resignation would be acceptable. It appears that the practice of booking and paying contractors for the removal of solid rock where no solid rock exists, is according to 'the Quebec system of classification.' It appears to be a very nice system of classification, indeed, and no doubt it is quite popular among contractors in Quebec. Perhaps contractors elsewhere could learn to like it. One reads with some amusement the complaint of the Commissioners that there was 'trouble' on Major Hodgins' division, while there was no trouble on the work going on in Quebec. No trouble down there at all; and the board of eminent Transcontinental Railway Commissioners are quite pleased with the harmony existing between contractors and engineers as they merrily hew their way through all the imaginary solid rock, which according to 'the Quebec system of classification' lies in their path. Major Hodgins does not seem to understand. Did he forget that he was supervising a Government undertaking? Does he not know that most of our large fortunes have been made in railway building? What made him suppose that millionaires, senators and peers were not to arise in due time out of this road? Where does he suppose we shall get our next crop of great men unless the making of this road yields them? Along he comes with his dull, unimaginative eye, his cold engineering faculties, and makes trouble,' to the annoyance of the Transcontinental Railway Commissioners who do not want to be troubled. They want everything to run smoothly, and the 'Quebec system of classification' seems admirably adapted to ensure that."

A Spurious Reformer.

The Victoria Times inserted an article in its issue of Monday last to which was appended the signature "Reformer." The Week has been urged to reply, but has no intention of doing so in the manner expected, since it is not on its defence and to reply editorially to an anonymous article published as correspondence in another paper is hardly the usual course, nor one which any self-respecting editor would follow. In the present instance there is the less occasion for replying because the article in question was not a "bona fide" letter at all, and The Week is in possession of reliable information as to the manner in which it was concocted and the purpose for which it was published. It is not necessary to say more at present, but in next issue the matter will be dealt with in a manner which will throw an interesting light on the policy of the Victoria Times, and its method of handling "Correspondence."

A Golden Jubilee.

Since the last issue of The Week the commemorative exercises in connection with the Golden Jubilee of the foundation of St. Ann's Academy have been duly observed. The daily press has given very full and interesting reports of the proceedings. Prominent citizens like Mr. A. E. McPhillips and old timers well represented by Mr. D. H. Higgins, have taken part in the proceedings, and since everyone reads the papers it follows that everyone, in Victoria at least, knows more about the foundation than they did a week ago. What impresses one in connection with such celebrations is not only the benevolent utility, but the permanence of Roman Catholic institutions. St. Ann's foundation has stretched out charitable hands as far North as Alaska, and has sent messengers of mercy into many a rough pioneer district. Generations have come and gone, political feuds have aroused the passions of the populace, native races have all but passed away to be succeeded by the white man who now in this Western, as in the Eastern countries of the Dominion possesses the earth. But the Sisters of Mercy associated with this ancient and honourable foundation continue their blessed work from age to age. They pass through our streets silently and almost unseen, their identity is lost in their sacred calling and the world wots not whether they be the same Sisters coming today as those who came yesterday. For outsiders individuality is lost sight of, and the Sisters achieve the very apotheosis of unselfish and altruistic ministry. They must pass away since all are mortal, but so identical is their policy and so consecutive is the discharge of their humble duties that the break is never felt; in their mission they embody the supreme idea of permanence. It is permissible to differ very widely from the theological dogmas of the Roman Catholic Church and yet to entertain the most profound appreciation of the lofty character and devoted labours of its Sisterhoods, which are the envy of every other ecclesiastical organization and which have been faintly copied by not a few.

A Serious Complaint.

When so much is being said in Victoria about a water supply, it may not be out of place to voice a complaint which has just reached this office and which is but the re-echo of many previous ones of a similar kind. It has reference to the peculiar method of supplying water to the residents of Esquimalt, and the exorbitant price charged for making a connection. It seems that the people who live on Fraser street are unable to get any water from the mains, and a resident who writes on the subject relates how a fortnight ago a bush fire broke out and although the main was only five hundred feet away there are no hydrants and no facilities whatever for making a connection, in consequence all the houses on Fraser street ran a risk of being destroyed, and a body of volunteers were fortunate in saving them by piling earth on the fire. The Week is not fully acquainted with the local conditions but the complaints are so frequent that there must be something wrong and publicity is given to this one in the hope that it may attract the attention of those who are responsible.

Preparing The Lists.

The action of the Federal Government in abandoning certain provisions of the Election Bill is not only good news for British Columbia but a very distinct compliment to the Leader of the Opposition. The Liberal Press can no longer "pooh-hooh" Mr. Brden as an ineffective leader. He has proved himself to be a most capable manager of the small but compact minority at his back, and with their assistance has been able to force Sir Wilfred Laurier and his batallions from an unjust and untenable position. The British Columbia clauses have been abandoned "in toto." They were abandoned solely in consequence of the splendid fight put up by Mr. Borden, and his resolute determination to exhaust every means at his command to relieve the Province of the incubus and humiliation proposed by the Government. It cannot be too strenuously insisted on that Mr. Templeman supported the original proposals and that their removal has been effected in spite of him. There are some people in British Columbia who will await with considerable interest the appearance of Mr. Templeman upon the public platform in the next Federal Campaign and who will continue until then to wonder what kind of an explanation he will offer to the Electors.

At The Street Corner

By THE LOUNGER

The warm wave has struck Victoria and driven the pleasure-seeking section of the people to the water. It is an old story to tell of the charms of Victoria from an aquatic standpoint, but every time I go out in a boat or a canoe I am much impressed. Turn in which direction you may, it is only a short distance to the water. If you want simply to loll in a canoe and idly float with an occasional dip of the paddle to give direction, the Gorge is unsurpassed and unsurpassable. If you favor a stiff breeze and a gentle tossing, you can always find it within a mile or so of the shore off the Dallas road. For those who prefer the medium, the land-locked and sheltered Cadboro Bay is an ideal retreat. The experience of the latter may be repeated a hundred times between Victoria and Comox, for surely no coast line is so indented with delightful little bays where one may bask or picnic at pleasure.

Last week I tried the newest and by no means least successful scheme for a day's thorough enjoyment. I sought a congenial companion; we boarded the "Craigflower," which plies to and from all day between James Bay causeway, the Gorge and Portage inlet. On this occasion we went right up to the top of the inlet, landed with our picnic baskets and spent the whole day lolling in the woods, with an occasional plunge into the Arm, and at night about 9 o'clock the "Craigflower" fetched us to the Gorge, where we spent an hour and a half and thoroughly enjoyed Clifford Denham's moving pictures, the excellent orchestra and a stroll through fairyland, for that is the proper title of the Japanese village, which is indeed one of the daintiest and most unique conceptions I have ever seen. It is so unique that it requires no very great stretch of the imagination to fancy one's self in Tokio or Nagasaki. For the next three months this will be the most delightful form of entertainment. The "Craigflower" undoubtedly fills a public want and will be the means of ocnveying thousands of delighted pleasure seekers to and fro.

I must not leave this subject without a word about the very ingenious and vividly decorated Japanese boat, and the peculiar Japanese bridge, with its semi-circular strands, both of which attract the attention on approaching the Gorge park. All that is wanted to make this delightful retreat an entire success is more people. No city enjoys the advantage of such a beautiful place of amusement at such a nominal cost. The car service is excellent, indeed I am not sure that other sections of the city do not suffer in the interests of the Gorge, but in any event the enterprising promoters and all who contribute to the upkeep of the entertainment deserve every encouragement for the public spirit they have shown.

One day this week I lounged in Seattle and witnessed several things that interested me, and one or two that startled me. I was profoundly interested in the growth of the city. Money may be scarce in Seattle for general purposes, but quite obviously it is not scarce for public improvements. In every direction old houses are being pulled down and fine residences, apartment houses, or stores are being built. Thousands of men thus find occupation in what might otherwise be dull times. Since I was there eight months ago a slice has been taken off the fine buildings which line Third avenue in order to widen the street. It would have taken ten years to do this in Victoria, but in Seattle the city has the power and exercises it. In Victoria the Council has less power, and is afraid to exercise what it has.

I was impressed with the really magnificent water supply. The quality was such that it was a delight to drink it, the quantity so abundant and the pressure so great that in every direction people were using the hose upon their gardens with a result which was as surprising to me as it was gratifying. I have not seen finer flowers or a greater profusion of them anywhere, a result entirely due this hot weather to artificial irrigation. Gardens would simply be scorched up in Seattle if they were not watered constantly, as it is I am convinced that in a few years this great new city on the Sound will be covered with a beautiful mantle. I was impressed with another thing, the bon camaraderie which prevails. Seattle has long borne the reproach of being ultra-American; that reproach is slowly but surely passing. Seattle is becoming more English. This is seen in the constantly increasing number of Englishmen who are settling there, and in the modification which they affect from a sartorial standpoint. The freakish American straw hat of many designs has given way to the ordinary English sailor straw, the exaggerated cut which the American copied from the Frenchman, and which gave his pants such a baggy appearance, and his coat the outline of a skirt, is conspicuous because rare. I dined at the Rathskeller. A large table was occupied by a party of Englishmen. When they had finished their meal the orchestra played "God Save the King" in compliment to the party. Every Englishman in the place naturally rose to his feet, and to my surprise there were more sprinkled around at the side tables than sat at the centre table. They made their presence known, too, by three hearty cheers for King Edward, which would have raised the roof of the Rathskeller if it had not been weighted down with stores and offices overhead.

There are still lots of things about Seattle which I do not like, but the influence which no city in an English-speaking country has yet been able to resist, is making itself felt even in Seattle.

On this trip I made a martyr of myself in the interest of my fellow citizens. I know I shall be voted a lunatic when I say that I went and came back on the Rosalie. From the standpoint of getting my money's worth I did well, because I got more than I bargained for, to saying nothing of fifteen hours' sea voyage on the double trip, all for the modest sum of fifty cents; but no man is obliged to suffer martyrdom twice, and of all the filthy, ill-served, badly managed vessels I have travelled on in the last twenty years commend me to the Rosalie. I dare not go into particulars, but I will say that such a vessel ought not to be allowed to sail to or from a Canadian port—its proper place is Gadara, where there are swine.

There was both law and common sense in the city magistrate's refusal to grant bail to the man committed for trial in connection with the numerous incendiary fires which took place in the city recently. Since he found sufficient evidence to justify the committal, the prisoner should undoubtedly be treated as if he were the incendiary, and to turn him loose on the city would be such an obvious disregard of the public interest that no magistrate would be justified in giving him his liberty. If the police have judged rightly his vagaries have already cost the city more than $100,000. If he is innocent he will be acquitted in due course, meanwhile it is best to err upon the right side.

Lounger.

Where American Mothers Fail.

Can it be that we had much better adopt from England the nursery governess and the nursery table? At least we should be spared the sight of an elaborately dressed American baby of six, entirely unattended walking into a huge hotel dining room where her parents had lived for years, and ordering "devilled crabs and pink ice cream" for her dinner, which the poor little creature actually ate amid the smiling glances of the guests and waiters.

A Dip in The Sea

Is rendered much more enjoyable to young people and the art of swimming easily acquired by the use of

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We have a large stock of the "Butterfly" and other new ideas in water wings, only **35c per pair.**

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You know the old saw about "Procrastination."
Are You the Man
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TREAT THE HOUSE
To a new coast of paint?
Said you would, soon as the weather settled.
If the sale of paints and brushes is any kind of barometer, you can "bank" on an almost unbroken spell of fine weather. Our tremendous sales predict it.
It's just a little bit "strenuous" to apply color later on during the hot days of July; now it's a pleasure.
We have the PARTICULAR PAINT for the PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
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None other quite so good.
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Social and Personal.

Mr. J. Bridgeman and Mr. Phipps cruising among the islands.

* * *

Miss B. Keast is visiting friends in rtland.

* * *

Mrs. R. B. McMicking will not re-ve during the summer months.

* * *

Mr. W. Pike spent a few days in ttle last week.

* * *

Mr. Howard Potts returned from ncouver on Wednesday's boat.

* * *

Mrs. Hickey and the Misses Hickey last Monday for Seattle.

* * *

Mr. Whiting paid a flying visit to ttle last week.

* * *

Mrs. Protheroe leaves for Vancou- the latter part of this week.

* * *

he marriage of Miss Marie Gaudin Mr. Roger Wilby takes place on 15th at St. Saviour's.

* * *

r. Darrell Hanington, of Rock , is staying with his parents for a rt holiday.

* * *

iss Phyllys Mason went over to ncouver this week to stay with nds and to attend the ball.

* * *

r. J. R. Anderson leaves next week Cowichan Lake, where he will be guest of Mr. W. Monteith.

* * *

rs. George Powell, of Vancouver, e over to Victoria to attend the len jubilee of St. Ann's Convent.

* * *

rs. Jas. Harvey is enjoying a few ks at Shawnigan Lake, and is a t at the Strathcona.

* * *

rs. H. B. Good returned early in week from a two weeks' visit t in Nanaimo.

* * *

r. A. S. Gore returned from a ness trip to Vancouver last Sun-

* * *

v. St. John Payne has returned a very pleasant trip spent in the r country.

* * *

iss Joan Walker has returned Vancouver, where she has been ng a few visits.

* * *

olonel and Mrs. Landes and the es Landes, of Seattle, are the ts of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Roberts, lette avenue.

* * *

rs. Peter Lampman, who has been ding the last three months in land and on the continent, re-ed home last Saturday.

* * *

e engagement has been an-ced of Mr. Arthur Payne Le r and Miss Ruby Rowcroft, hter of Col. and Mrs. Rowcroft, is city.

* * *

e many friends of Mr. C. E. ley will be delighted to hear that operation he underwent for his has been most successful. Mr. Mrs. Pooley left early last month Germany, where the former went ceive treatment.

* * *

nong the numerous picnicers to ichan Bay on Wednesday's ex-on were Miss Agnes McKay, Aleen McKay, Mr. and Miss grave, Mrs. A. W. Bridgeman and ren, Mrs. Hasell, Mrs. Solly, Mrs. ent and children, Mr. and Mrs. A. enden and children, Mr. and Mrs. mont Boggs and family, Misses n, Monteith, Mrs. Stevenson, W. Newcombe, Mr. Cookson, Mr. chard, Mr. J. Musgrave, Mr. Le , Miss Rowcroft, Mr. Rowcroft, es Le Sueur, Mr. H. Gladding, T. Brown, Mr. C. Jenkinson, Miss usa, Mr. Sparks, Miss Moreley, Moreley, Mr. George Harvey, Mr. Mrs. Finlayson, Mr. and Mrs. er, Mrs. Rogers, Miss Doris Har-nd others.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized on Tuesday last at Christ Church Cathedral by the Rev. Archdeacon Scriven and the Rev. Canon Beanlands, when Miss Gladys Etta Laye Rant and Mr. Guy Wilfred Marriott were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony. The bride looked beautiful in a dainty gown of crepe de chine, carrying a bouquet of white roses and maidenhair fern. Dr. Lavalle capably supported the groom, while the Misses Evelyn, Dorothy, Muriel and Majorie Rant made four very charming brides' maids. All were attired in simple frocks of pale blue and carried bouquets of pink roses. The flower girls, Misses Audrey and Gwynette Rant, both sisters of the bride, wore white frocks and carried baskets of roses. The groom's gift to the bride was a very handsome nec' lace and cross of diamonds and sapphires and to the brides' maids pearl brooches. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents. The happy couple left for Seattle by the afternoon boat.

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Purifies as well as **Beautifies the Skin.** No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 60 years; no other has, and is so harmless—we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient). "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gourand's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations."

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Certificate of the Registration of an Extra-Provincial Company.

"Companies Act, 1897."

I HEREBY CERTIFY that "The Timber Investment Company" has this day been registered as an Extra-Provincial Company under the "Companies Act, 1897," to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Seattle, King County, State of Washington.

The amount of the capital of the Company is three hundred thousand dollars, divided into three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and Thomas Bamford, clerk, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the Company. Not empowered to issue and transfer stock.

The time of the existence of the Company is fifty years, from the 8th day of February, 1908.

The Company is limited.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 13th day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which this Company has been established and registered are:

To manufacture, buy, and sell timber and timber products; to buy, lease, or otherwise acquire and to hold real estate and timber in the State of Washington and elsewhere, and the same to sell, mortgage, lease and dispose of; to erect, operate, sell and dispose of water-works for the supply of water-power and water for domestic purposes, electric power plants; to buy, build, lease and otherwise acquire and operate, if necessary and desirable, tug-boats and freight and passenger steamers; to carry on the business of selling real estate on commission and doing a general real estate and timber brokerage business; to loan the money of the Corporation in connection with its other business if deemed advisable and to the best interests of the Corporation; to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of merchandise.

June 20

"Companies Act, 1897."

NOTICE is hereby given that Raymond Bellenger Punnett, of Victoria, B.C., broker, has been appointed new attorney of "The Timber Investment Company" in the place of Thomas Bamford.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 8th day of June, 1908.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

June 20.

Iron Master Mineral Group, consisting "Ironmaster," "Iron King," "Iron Prince," "Ironmaster's Son" and "Grip On Iron" Mineral Claims.

Situate in Port Renfrew District, Victoria Mining Division.

Where Located—Extending East and West from Bentley Creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Harrie G. Ross, for myself, Free Miner's Certificate No. B22830, and associate Trustees of the above Mineral Group, viz., John Bentley, Free Miner's Certificate No. B23050; John William Fisher, Free Miner's Certificate No. 23101; John Berryman, Free Miner's Certificate No. B23038; and Thomas J. Plimley, Free Miner's Certificate No. B23040, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 10th day of June, A.D. 1908.

June 20 HARRIE G. ROSS.

"Elijah" and "Benjamin" Mineral Claims

Situate in Port Renfrew District, Victoria Mining Division.

Where located—Immediately east of Bugaboo Creek and Seven Miles from San Juan Harbour.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Harrie G. Ross, Free Miner's Certificate No. B22830, Agent for The Bentley Iron Mining Co., Ld., Free Miner's Certificate No. B22821, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

Dated this 10th day of June, A.D. 1908.

June 20 HARRIE G. ROSS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
Normal School, Vancouver.

SEALED TENDERS, superscribed "Tender for Normal School, Vancouver," will be received by the Hon. the Chief Commissioner up to noon of Wednesday, the 15t hJuly, 1908, for the erection and completion of the Normal School at Vancouver.

Drawings, specifications, and contract form may be seen on and after the 22nd of June, 1908, at the office of the Public Works Engineer, the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the office of Messrs. Pearce & Hope, Architects, Vancouver, B.C.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, in the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do os. The cheques or certificates of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be returned upon his furnishing a bond satisfactory to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner in the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars, for the due fulfilment of the contract.

No tender will be considered unless made out on the form supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelope furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 16th June, 1908.

June 20

WANTED

WANTED—Young men for Firemen and Brakemen, instruct you at home by mail. For free information send stamp to National Railway Training School, Inc., 376 Robert St. (Room 57), St. Paul, Minn., U.S.A.

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$1,000 Reward

The Government of the Province of British Columbia hereby offers a reward of One Thousand Dollars for the arrest and conviction of a certain unknown man, who on the ninth day or June instant, at or near Hazelmere, in the County of New Westminster, in the said Province, murdered one Mrs. Mary Morrison by cutting her throat.

Description of murderer has been given as follows: Height about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches; clean shaven, fat-swarthy face, probably negro blood; wore dark clothing and soft dark hat, one hole in seat of pants, black shirt with white stripes; face and clothing blackened, as though he had been working in burnt timber. This description is the only one obtainable, but it may be incorrect.

Watch all tramps and suspicious looking characters who may have come from the direction of the scene of the murder.

Warrant issued. Report by wire any information to F. Stanley Spain, Chief Constable, New Westminster, B.C., or to the undersigned:

F. S. HUSSY,
Superintendent Provincial Police, Victoria, B.C.

Provincial Police Department, Victoria, British Columbia, June 10, 1908.

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WHITE ROCK LITHIA WATER
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Our series of Menus of Famous Banquets have become so popular that we shall continue them next week in this space.

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The Week

A Provincial Review and Magazine, published every Saturday by

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W. BLAKEMORE..Manager and Editor

Mind and Matter.

I hope the habitual reader of this column will not be alarmed at the title. I am not about to enter into any learned disquisition of a philosophical character. If any of my readers are anxious for such a course of study I can furnish them with a list of the most up-to-date works treating the subject on a scientific basis, but I want to make a few casual remarks from a popular standpoint. I am incited thereto by the persistency with which so called faith healers, Christian Scientists and other select coteries, the product of twentieth century enlightenment, are forcing the subject to the front.

Not that there is anything new in the theory that mind has an influence on matter, but its votaries have vastly extended the application of the theory until their conclusions if logically followed would lead to the abandonment of many excellent curative methods and a substitution of a cult for developing hypnotism. I was furnished the other day with an excellent recipe for allaying worry. What would not such a recipe be worth if it could be effectively applied at will, worry kills more men than work, poison or old age, to say nothing of strong drink and ice cream. How many times have we read "don't worry," and how many thousands of times have we tried not to worry, and yet whenever things go wrong we worry just the same as ever.

Then we are told that worry dosn't pay, well of ocurse it doesn't, everybody knows that, but people don't worry because they believe it pays, and most people would be very glad to pay a good price to get cured of the habit. Since I know that the recipe was given in good faith, and had been successfully applied by the person who sent it, I dare not comment other than with respect, and so as not to arouse the risibilities of the Philistines I will not repeat it, beyond suggesting that it involves a gradual relaxing of all the muscles of the body at will, and a yielding to the soothing influence supposed to follow in consequence. To put it shortly it simply means the exercise of sufficient will power to produce bodily torpor, with sufficient faith to believe that peace of mind will follow. I tried it with the most sincere desire that it should be effective, but the only result was to lash myself into a state of excitement and to precipitate sleeplessness. Then I am told that it requires practice, and a course of training which I am quite willing to believe.

My own conclusion is that only one person in several millions would be likely to possess this special and peculiar gift. On the other hand I think it must be admitted that we do not sufficiently appreciate the influence which mind does exert over matter. We do not realize how frequently our bodily ills are due to mental maladies. Every doctor knows, for instance, how nervousness disorganizes the digestive functions, with the result that the food fails to nourisn, and the body loses its vigour, then with reduced vitality almost any ills may follow. The common advice in such cases is "pull yourself together," a recognition of the fact that medical science can do nothing without the assistance of the patient, and that assistance lies in the exercise of will power.

The best illustration of this, and one which must be regarded as authoritative is the case of Hezekiah, who in a moment of depression turned his face to the wall to die. Gold seekers who trekked northwards on that terrible Edmonton trail in 1897 tell of strong, healthy, able-bodied men who deliberately laid down on the trail and died, simply because tney were depressed to the verge of despair by their trials and disappointments. I well recall the case of one man, a carpenter, who when all the baggage and food had been washed away, positively refused to budge an inch. There was nothing the matter with him; he was not even hungry, nor was his strength reduced by fasting, but when he saw the mishap he concluded that there was nothing ahead of him but starvation and deliberately threw up the sponge. He died as he deserved.

On the other hand there are thousands of illustrations of sick persons given up by the doctors who determined that they wouldn't die, and they are living to-day. When all is said and done, the vital spark of which we hear so much is not physical, it is an emanation of the will. I cannot pursue this subject further, and these lines are intended to be rather suggestive than exhaustive, but my readers will easily see how the principle applies to much more than a question of sickness and health, and how it dominates human projects and schemes, and must be in its very essence the ruling force of human life. No man is beaten as long as he wills to fight, there is a sense in which it is equally true that no man dies as long as he wills to live.

Bohemian.

A CRITIC OF SOCIALISM.

President Roosevelt and his admirers will doubtless welcome the little book which the Macmillans have just published under the title "The Problems and Perils of Socialism." The author is Mr. J. St. Loe Strachey, editor of the Spectator, and probably the most influential English defender of Mr. Roosevelt's policies. The book is fittingly dedicated to President Roosevelt, "not because of personal friendship nor out of private regard, though these would have been reasons amply sufficient," but because he regards the President as one of the most convinced and most powerful opponents of socialism. The volume is a reprint of a series of "Letters to a Working Man" which appeared in the Spectator, and which embody the author's view that socialism would imperil the safety of the state by breaking down the character of the citizens, and by drying up the sources of national wealth.

Farmer—"Somethin' the matter with the machine?"

Voice (from under the auto)—No; I just crawled under here to get out of the sun.

Sporting Comment.

Since my last remarks I am pleased to see that the local baseball club has anexed two more scalps, and both have been fairly good games. The Athletics of Seattle and the Ballard team are as strong as any semi-professional nines on the Sound, and to lower the colors of both these is something to be proud of.

Although all the runs in the game against the Athletics were made on errors, a comparison of the play will show that the local team were entitled to the game on their play, owing to the fact that the Victoria boys not only had more hits than their opponents, but thep also had more hits stopped. In the game with Ballard the superior batting of the home team was responsible for the victory, although the smart fielding on the part of the local representatives had considerable to do with keeping the score down.

The attendance at the Saturday game was very small, and while there was an increase for Dominion Day it was not as large as it should have been when the class of ball that is being played is taken into consideration. This afternoon the locals are playing in Port Angeles, and another victory is expected.

In connection with these games the management of the local club has been charged with bringing weak teams to this city to play the locals, when it is known that an easy victory is assured. I have followed baseball on the Sound very carefully this season, and from my observations I consider that the teams that have been brought to this city are the strongest outside of the regular league teams of any on the Sound. A perusal of the list of games that are booked will show that the management is exerting every effort to bring first-class nines to this city, and when it is stated that among the teams with whom the management is in communication with at present is the Vancouver team, which lately has made such a remarkable showing in the race for the championship of the northwestern league. This game is not an assured fact, but inducements are being offered this team for a game some Monday afternoon. This is the only day on which one of the league teams can play outside matches, and if it should so happen that the game is arranged, it will be necessary for the people who are now complaining of weak teams to augment the attendance considerably.

On several occasions I have referred to the neglect of the local daily papers in not giving their readers the latest sporting news. On those occasions I referred particularly to the scores of the northwest baseball league, but as yet nothing has been done, for the scores do not appear. Although the daily press does not consider this of sufficient importance to publish, I am informed that at least two well known resorts for gentlemen have arranged to have the scorces bulletined every afternoon. The latest neglect on the part of the morning daily is the failure to publish the results of the games in Vancouver on Dominion Day in which Victoria clubs took part.

The Victoria intermediate lacrosse team visited Vancouver on that day, and not a word was said until the news was two days' old. The same can be said of the gun clubs, which sent representatives to the shoot in Vancouver, while the victory of the local cricketers over the Mainland players received as much attention as can be given in three lines. This is certainly a case of newspapers being up to date.

The defeat of Dr. Roller, the Seattle wrestler, at the hands of Frank Gotch was, as I expected, and although I have never seen either man in action, I learn on good authority that from the showing that was made by Roller in his previous matches he had no license whatever to take on Gotch.

The account of the lacrosse match between the Vancouver and New Westminster teams tells us of very rough work, and from a gentleman who knows the game and witnessed this particular match, I learn that it was disgraceful. Until referees are appointed who are ready to have the laws of the game enforced as they should be, there will be rough play, and as long as the rough play continues the Canadian national game will suffer. At the annual meteing of the B. C. Lacrosse Association official referees were appointed to fill these positions, but up till the present I have heard of only one game when two officials regularly appointed were in charge. If the executive of the association was to get busy the referees might be made to do their work properly.

The victory of the Victoria Cricket Club over the Vancouver players did not come as any surprise to me, for I have maintained all season that the local club is stronger this season than it has been for some years, and if it does not bring the championship to this city I shall be considerab surprised.

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Salad Bowl	7.50
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Victoria.

I do not boast that at my door
Rich commerce lays an affluent store
Not that, before the stranger's eyes,
Imposing mansions, clustering, rise.

But mine is wealth of greater wort
The opulence of fairest earth.
Gold, unalloyed, in matchless daw
And emeralds in my unfenced law

I do not boast my heart affords
A changeling love to teeming hordes
Nor that, in turbulence, I run
A restless race from sun to sun.

But perfumed airs my gardens gr
And sapphirine waves my beaches b
And on their sun-kissed bosoms li
The mirrored gleam of turquoise s

Far prouder cities, roaring, stand
Where beauty's hand ne'er touched
land.
But, careless of their braggart sne
I lure their wearied peoples here.

—Alfred Hustwick

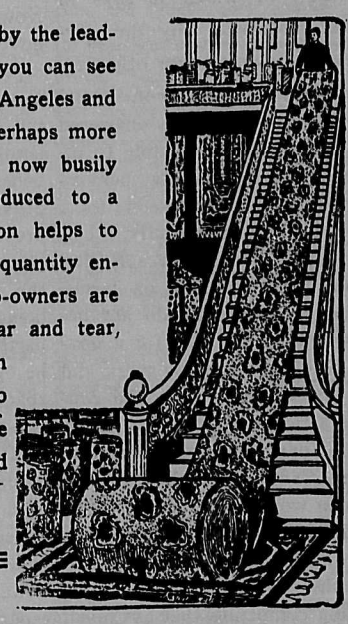
No Chance to Kick.

Ostend—"Does money talk, pa?"

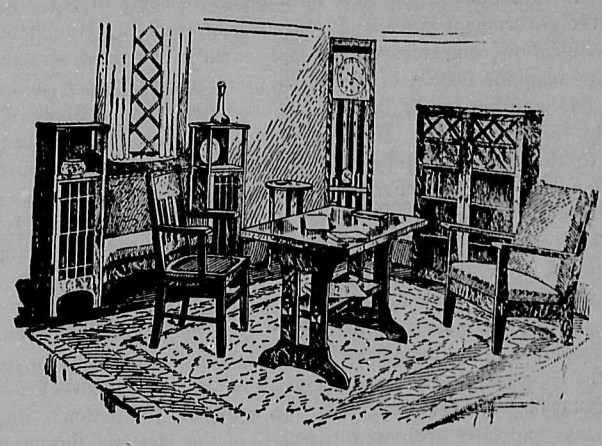
Pa—"No, my son. If money co talk the new $10 gold pieces would out a wail about the Indian in pa mas and the Shakespearean India

44,000 Yards of Carpets

Forty-Four Thousand Yards of fine carpets, every inch carefully woven in the latest designs by the leading manufacturers, that is the stock now on view in our carpet department—seeing is believing, you can see it any moment you honour us with a call. If placed end-on they would reach from here to Port Angeles and part of the way back; they would cover the centre of twenty-five miles of sidewalks. What is perhaps more astonishing still is the fact that we have as much more on order and long before the weft which is now busily plying across the English looms reaches us, the present forty-four thousand yards will be reduced to a minimum. A great quantity goes into the beautiful homes of Victoria and district, another portion helps to furnish the numerous hotels that are springing up all over this vast western land; another large quantity enriches the magnificent steamships which ply to and fro on the Pacific. Hotel proprietors and ship-owners are hard headed men of business, they demand and will have only those carpets that will stand wear and tear, they know it is a fool's policy to buy a carpet which will need replacing in a few years time when they can buy from Weiler Bros., the finest carpets in the world, that will last from twenty to fifty years, at very little more than they pay for the so-called cheap carpet. What is more, these men of business cannot afford to have an ugly or out-of-date design, they must have the latest and most artistic, that is another reason why they come to us for their carpets.



Suppose you are recarpeting a room, for the sake of saving two dollars you buy one the so-called cheap sort, it will look shabby within twelve months, and at the end of five years it will be a worn-out rag, the whole of the first cost is gone, and you have to duplicate expense; that **increases** your cost of living. If you had come to us, we should have sold you a carpet that would have lasted you anyway from twenty-five to fifty years, thereby **reducing** your cost of living. It does not matter what style of carpets you are in want of—Brussels, Wilton, Axminster, Axbury, Tapestry, Art Square, or Oriental—we can show you a wonderful assortment in each class. We are proud of our carpets because their lasting wear and beautiful designs bring us at least two customers for every carpet sold—people will talk, you know—they like it, and so do we.



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Venezuela.

(Written specially for The Week, by an ex-Resident.)

"What will be the eventual outcome of the trouble between the United States and Venezuela?"

Important as this question is, it has lost much of its interest and its attraction for the ordinary person owing to the fact that it has been before the public so long. It must be more than seven years, speaking roughly, since the States and Venezuela first began to disagree, but it was not until Cipriani Castro, the strongest and most unscrupulous President that Venezuela ever possessed ruled, that matters became very serious. Since his accession, for accession is the only word which fully conveys to the outside public the despotic power which this extraordinary man wields, the diplomatic situation between the two countries has bordered upon the grotesque. On the one hand we find a republic, with a population of less than 300,000, an army of 8,000 men, no credit, rotten government and endless possibilities, defying a nation of over 80,000,000 people with an army and a navy in proportion to its population. On the other hand this great power has suffered a baby republic to insult her throughout a long term of years, has allowed her citizens to be ejected, her debts to remain unpaid and herself to be an object of amusement to the other great Powers. It is true that from time to time the United States has made protests, but they have proved abortive and have been contemplated by the President of Venezuela with good-humoured contempt. Occasionally messages are received over the wires which intimate that something would be done within a few days and that the United States would obtain her just claims, but no result has followed. One of these spasms of abortive activity, if the paradox may be admitted, has taken place during the last few days when the U. S. has threatened to practically boycott all Venezuelan trade as far their territories are concerned. Like others, this appalling threat has not been taken seriously by the President or the people of Venezuela and the despoilers of the vast capital of the Bermudez Asphalt Company sleep undisturbed.

The reasons that the republic of Venezuela has been able to assume and to keep up this extraordinary attitude of contempt for the United States and for the rest of the powers, are many. One of the foremost is the whole-hearted apathy with which the people of the country regard their own affairs and the affairs of the world. Spanish as they are by origin, by language and by tradition, there is nothing which can arouse any degree of interest in their minds. The eternal "Manana," that ever blessed tomorrow upon which the Spaniard will do everything, is not only their shibboleth, it is their creed, condensed into one word. Even when Presidents have been shot in the capital city and when aspiring ministers of state have been swiftly and silently hurried away to the dark dungeons of the prison which stands in the swamps of Maracibo, the common herd have shown no concern. The soldiers themselves, unless driven into action at the point of the bayonet, would sooner enjoy a siesta rather than face the enemy at any stage of the game. How much more then is it unreasonable to expect them to interest themselves in a matter in which a foreign country is concerned, when they are too lazy to interest themselves in revolutions which are of their own making.

The personality of Castro is overwhelming and permeates the land. Never in the history of the country, since Simon Bollivar Liberator, delivered Venezuela from the despotism of Spain in 1810 has a president lived long enough to complete his term of office. The bullet, the sword, or the poison have ended his career. But Castro has proved himself to be invulnerable so far, and more than that he has taken such revenge upon those who have endeavoured to intertere with him, that the exciting business of fomenting revolutions has lost its attraction, even for the most reckless.

To summarize the attitude of the people. It amount to this:

"It is Castro. Let him do as seemeth good unto him."

One fact which can be accepted with reference to the situation as it stands today is that whatever promises Castro may make, whatever agreements he may enter into, whatever compacts he may conclude he will not adhere to one of them.

It is as useless to expect His Excellency of Venezuela to keep his word in International matters as it would be to expect that the waters of the earth would ascend the mountains.

With an army which is not equipped, with a navy which consists of six ships, five of which have been sold to him by other nations after they have been condemned as unseaworthy, with a depreciated currency and an exhausted credit, Castro is in the happy and irresponsible position of the insolvent gambler who can afford to take every risk that the game may contain in the pleasing consciousness that he has nothing to lose and everything to win.

If the annexation of Venezuela to the United States had been politically possible it would have happened some time ago, but unfortunately both for Venezuela and for the United States it does not seem to be an event which can be brought about. The country of Venezuela, covers an area of 599,166 square miles and throughout all this vast territory only 370 miles of railways have been built. This one statement is sufficient to show that it is entirely undeveloped. And yet the country itself is one of the richest in the world. There is no species of tropical produce which does not flourish within it and the few prospectors who have penetrated into the interior have returned saying that its mineral resources are unequalled. Its Northern Coast line extends for hundreds of miles and although in parts the mountains make it a matter of difficulty to bring the produce down to the Coast, nevertheless there are places where ports could be established without serious trouble and the distance to the Gulf of Mexico is but trifling. And this marvellous country is practically a waste and barren land as far as the exploiting of its resources is concerned.

The one and only satisfactory solution to the difficulty which exists between the United States and Venezuela is annexation. There is not nor can there ever be any other satisfactory ending. Even if Castro should die suddenly at the hands of his numerous and vindictive enemies another President would arise whose methods would be more involved and whose unscrupulousness would be more intensified even than are the methods and unscrupulousness of the Dictator of today. The term of office which may be enjoyed by any of the Government officials of the Republics of South America is so short and the chance of prolonged life so insecure that perforce the only satisfactory way in which they can make use of any power which may happen to come their way is to embark upon a short and strenuous course of pillage, plunder and murder, regardless of the interest of the people whom they are supposed to govern, and regardless of the ethics which govern the lives of ordinary men.

A strong stand such as has been recommended by Secretary Root to the Congress at Washington, when he advised that the trade of Venezuela should be crippled as far as it lies within the power of the United States to do so, may bring President Castro to his senses for a short space of time and may cause him to issue his orders to the judges of the Supreme Court of Venezuela to reverse their decision in the matter of the Bermudez Company.

This, I say, may happen, but even so, it will be only a temporary lull in a storm which, although intermittent, is also recurring. At the next opportunity, and Castro is one of the most expert opportunists who ever entered into the devious paths of diplomacy, Castro will discover another excuse for looting the hated foreigner and the whole trouble will occur once more to be patched up in the same unsatisfactory manner. As long as Venezuela is a Republic, as long as she is permitted to misgovern herself, so long will she be an ever-present source of trouble, not only to the United States of America but to any other nation whose subjects endeavour to trade within her gates.

Joseph Rauer of St. Louis confided his saloon to the vigilance of a bulldog which intelligently allowed a burglar to steal all the valuables in it while repulsing a policeman who was disposed to interfere!

Correspondence.

LAND SETTLEMENT.

Victoria, B. C., June 10, 1908.

Editor Week:

Sir,—In yesterday's issue of the Colonist an editorial appears criticising an article in the News-Advertiser re the settlement of the lands of the Province, in which it says in part: We are asked why the government cannot be its own organization agent, and make the profit itself? This question can be readily answered by those who take the trouble to investigate the matter. Such persons know that it is quite impossible for a government to act successfully in colonization lines, that is in soliciting people and locating them on farms, and as for the profit we do not believe it would be possible for a government to do colonization work and make any money out of it, and continues its article favouring the handing over of our lands to colonization companies. Now, sir, if the editor of the Colonist would apply his advice to others to take the trouble to investigate to himself he would find that it has been the government and not the colonization companies that has given the impetus to investigation and settlement of the government lands, and that the colonization companies only stepped in to reap the benefit of the foundation laid and the work being carried on by the government. If we go back to the earliest history of Canada, when the king of France handed over large tracts of land to individuals and companies for colonization purposes, were they not a failure so far as colonization was concerned, but a very fat thing for the individual or company; and later have we not got the experience of the province of Ontario, with the Canada Land Company, and later still, what were the results from the number of land and colonization companies organized for the settlement of the lands of Manitoba and the Northwest in the eighties? Were they not all dismal failures so far as colonization was concerned? It must not be thought for a moment that the large immigration into these provinces to the east of us is the work of colonization or land companies. These companies which secured immense tracts of land at unreasonably low prices and made colossial fortunes by selling to the incoming settler at greatly advanced prices, only came into existence within the last seven years. After the Dominion government and the government of Manitoba had agents, both in Great Britain and the United States for over twenty years and advertising the country and working up immigration, and so soon as it became evident to a number of shrewd business men that the tide of settlement had set in for Manitoba and the Northwest, they stepped in, secured the land and acted merely as salesmen and guides and pocketed the profits. It is a crying shame and a matter that savours of something worse than business incapacity, that both the Dominion government and the government of Manitoba, after spending large sums of money in securing settlers should have handed them over to be fleeced by wily speculators to their own loss. The question in a nutshell is if the land was only worth one dollar and twenty-five cents to two dollars and fifey cents per acre the prices at which they were sold to the land companies, why was it not sold on settlement conditions to the actual settler at these prices? If it was worth the twelve to twenty dollars per acre which these companies received from the settler, why should not the governments have secured those prices themselves?

Now, sir, I think the editor of the Colonist, whom we know to be intelligent, progressive and up to date in his views on public questions, and I believe favours municipal and government ownership of public utilities, must have been a little befossiled or befagged when he wrote that article, or it would never have appeared in print. Is this not an age when the most conservative men are favouring government ownership of railways and other public utnlities, even to purchasing them of the companies owning them? If the government can find men qualified to manage and operate difficult propositions, why can they not find men to handle the simplest of all the land which they now possess? Is it not refreshing to be asked to hand over our public domain for a mere pittance to private corporations while the government of Great Britain is advancing large sums of money to buy out their landlords? Now I do not propose advising the government, as I think they are quite capable of dealing with the question. But I would suggest for the benefit of the Colonist a means by which our lands might be administered for the benefit of both the settler and the province. The government has at present a number of survey and exploring parties at work throughout the new districts. On their reports being filed the most advantageous parts for immediate settlement should be opened up by the building of good roads from the nearest points of either railway or water communication; a department of immigration organized in connection with, say, the land department, with a competent, experienced man at the head of it. Increase the staff sufficient in Great Britain to reach the farming districts, especially in Scotland and Ireland, and open offices in some of the principal railway centres in the United States. Supply them with honest, straightforward literature, and when necessary send competent guides to assist settlers in locating their lands. But you say this means greater expense. I answer no greater than it would be for a private company, and is our province not as wealthy as any of those companies. Does not the United States, and I think the Dominion governments not consider that every adult male citizen added to our population adds one thousand dollars to the wealth of the nation? But regardless of this last fact this proposition, instead of being a tax on the other revenues of the Province can be made not only self-sustaining but a large revenue producer, and at the same time provide lands for the settler at less than half the prices charged by the land companies. To meet this expense I would leave the pre-emption law as it is, issue grazing leases and permits for cutting hay at reasonable rates and raise the price of sale from two dollars and fifty cents per acre to five dollars, and that on conditions of settlement and sell on tiems of, say, six or ten annual instalments with interest at six per cent. As I understand it the government has sufficient money on hand, otherwise I would suggest the issuing of four per cent. bonds for the purpose which could be now sold at par. This proposition holds out greater inducements to the settler, while the Province receives the profits instead of the speculator.

Yours truly,

B. COLUMBIAN.

CONCERNING MISS MURCUTT.

Editor of the Week, Victoria:

Sir,—Permit me to congratulate you upon your stand re Miss Ada Murcutt, the much travelled mischief-maker and high priestess of "reforms," which, if brought about would in my opinion work incalculable damage to Canada. Miss Murcutt, to my mind, is an irrational egotist, whose policy is to do good for Miss Murcutt chiefly. Her stock in trade is to misrepresent in one part of the world the conditions prevailing in another, and her audiences as a rule are composed of credulous, confiding women and children, who display a larger measure of faith in the reliability of her statements than they warrant. I happened to be in Wellington, N. Z., when Miss Murcutt was there last September, and was astonished beyond measure at some of the things contained in her address. She was dealing with the conditions of women in America. In the glorious republic, she averred, typistes , for an example, receive an average wage of £20 ($100) per month. Corresponding high wages are earned by all women engaged in business life. The result of such high wages is that girls do not feel themselves impelled to marry prematurely, for the sake of securing a home and support, and are therefore able to make a better selection when they do accept a husband. The result, according to Miss Murcutt, is that in the United States of America, the average domestic happiness and suitable marriages is higher than anywhere else in the world. Both the facts (?) and the deductions were so astounding to me that I looked into them at the time. As for the alleged high wages we have only to go to Sargeant's statistics from the Labour Bureau at Washington to find that the average for typistes is $30 per month —not $100. The fact that the divorce average in the States is higher than anywhere else in the world would seem to contradict the sequential deductions. I merely mention the incident as an example of the utter irresponsibility of this lecturer, who appears to have hypnotized a most well meaning body of women.

TRAVELLER.

Up-to-Date Jack.

After killing the giant with seven eyes brave Jack tossed away his club.

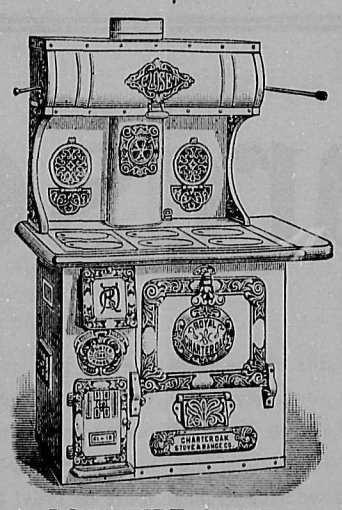
"This work is too slow for me," he confided.

"Going to give up killing giants?" queried the friend.

"Oh, no, I am going to get a racing automobile and kill them all in a few days and be done with it."

Different Zones.

While giving a geography lesson a teacher called upon a precocious youngster named Johnny to tell what he could about "zones." Johnny responded as follows:. "There are two kinds of zones; masculine and feminine. The masculine zones are temperate and intemperate while the feminine zones are both torrid and frigid."



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1-14 in. oven, 4 hole, high closet $42
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The Popular Tenor and Soprano
T. W. ECKERT and EMMA BERG
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"From Virginia."
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"After Midnight."
"Troubles of a Flirt."
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"Good Bye" .....By Paoli Tosti
Cornet Solo with Violin Obligato.

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$2,250 on easy terms buys one acre on car line, high and dry, main road, quite clear, eminently suitable for sub-division into lots, neighbouring lots $750 up. Apply to owner, 12 Amelia Street, off Pandora.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that John Gaffeney, St. Paul, Minn., occupation Gentle-n, intends to apply for permission purchase the following described ds:
Commencing at a post planted at the theast corner of section 8, Town-p north of township 12, range 5, drier survey, Nechaco Valley, thence th 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; nce south 80 chains; thence east 80 ains to place of beginning.
Dated April rd, 1908.
e 20 JOHN GAFFENEY.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that V. J. Swanson, St. Paul, Minn., occupation Gentle-n, intends to apply for permission to rchase the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted at the theast corner of section 5, township th of township 12, range 5, Poudrier vey, Nechaco Valley, thence north 80 ains; thence west 80 chains; thence th 80 chains; thence east 80 chains place of commencement.
Dated April 3rd, 1908.
e 20 V. J. SWANSON.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that E. W. MacKenzie, Winnipeg, Man., occupation Barris-, intends to apply for permission to rchase the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted at the thwest corner of section 18, town-p north of township 12, range 5, Pou-er survey, Nechaco Valley; thence th 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; nce south 80 chains; thence west 80 ains to place of commencement.
Dated April 1st, 1908.
e 20 E. W. MACKENZIE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that R. L. Brackin, Chatham, Ont., occupation Barrister, ends to apply for permission to pur-se the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted at the thwest corner of section 7, township th of township 12, range 5, Poudrier vey, Nechaco Valley; thence north 80 ains; thence east 80 chains; thence th 80 chains; thence west 80 chains point of commencement.
Dated April 1st, 1908.
e 20 R. L. BRACKIN.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that Ethel Patmore, Cranbrook, B.C., occupation Married man, intends to apply for permission purchase the following described is:
ommencing at a post planted at the thwest corner of section 6, township th of township 12, range 5, Poudrier vey, Nechaco Valley, thence north chains; thence east 80 chains; thence th 80 chains; thence west 80 chains place of commencement.
ated March 31st, 1908.
e 20 ETHEL PATMORE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that Ethel Elizabeth more of Cranbrook, B.C., occupation ried Woman, intends to apply for mission to purchase the following cribed lands:
ommencing at a post planted at the heast corner of section 1, township h of township 13, range 5, Pou-r survey, Nechaco Valley; thence h 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; ce south 80 chains; thence east 80 ns to point of commencement.
arch 1st, 1908.
ETHEL ELIZABETH PATMORE.
e 20

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that Alex Cochrane, Toronto, Ont., occupation Barrister, nds to apply for permission to pur-se the following described lands:
mmencing at a post planted at the heast corner of section 2, township h of township 13, range 5, Poudrier ey, Nechaco Valley, thence north 80 ns; thence west 80 chains; thence h 80 chains; thence east 80 chains oint of commencement.
arch 31st, 1908.
e 20 ALEX COCHRANE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that Charles Garrow oderich, Ont., occupation Barrister, nds to apply for permission to pur-e the following described lands:
mmencing at a post planted at the heast corner of section , township h of township 13, range 5, Poudrier ey, Nechaco Valley, thence north 80 ns; thence west 80 chains; thence h 80 chains; thence east 80 chains oint of commencement.
arch 31st, 1908.
e 20 CHARLES GARROW.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that G. S. Hodgson Toronto, Ontario, occupation Barris-intends to apply for permission to hase the following described lands:
mmencing at a post planted at the heast corner of section 12, township h of township 13, range 5, Poudrier ey, Nechaco Valley; thence north 80 ns; thence west 80 chains; thence h 80 chains; thence east 80 chains oint of commencement.
ril 1st, 1908.
e 20 G. S. HODGSON.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
AKE NOTICE that R. W. Matheson ucknow, Ont., occupation Commer-Traveller, intends to apply for per-ion to purchase the following de-ed lands:
mmencing at a post planted at the east corner of section 13, township h of township 13, range 5, Pou-survey, Nechaco Valley; thence 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; e south 80 chains; thence east 80 s to point of commencement.
ril 1st, 1908.
e 20 R. W. MATHESON.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
KE NOTICE that E. M. Flock of on, Ont., occupation Barrister, in-to apply for permission to pur-the following described lands:
mmencing at a post planted at the east corner of section 11, town-north of township 13, range 5, Pou-survey, Nechaco Valley; thence 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; e north 80 chains; thence east 80 s to point of commencement.
il 1st, 1908.
e 20 E. M. FLOCK.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
KE NOTICE that H. T. Blackburn, ondon, Ont., occupation Barrister, ds to apply for permission to pur-the following described lands:
mmencing at a post planted at the east corner of section 14, township north of township 13, range 5, Poudrier survey, Nechaco Valley; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.
April 1st, 1908.
June 20 H. T. BLACKBURN.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
TAKE NOTICE that A. A. Magee of Toronto, Ont., occupation Barrister, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of section 10, township north of township 13, range 5, Poudrier survey, Nechaco Valley; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.
April 1st, 1908.
June 20 A. A. MAGEE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
TAKE NOTICE that Lizzie Fickeisen, of St. Louis, Mo., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of the south half of section 34, township 14, range 5, Nechaco Valley; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement, and being the south half of said section 34 and the north half of section 27, township 14, range 5.
March 29th, 1908.
June 20 LIZZIE FICKEISEN.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
TAKE NOTICE that Ella Bamford, of Berkeley, Cal., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of section 26, township 14, range 5, Nechaco Valley; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.
March 29th, 1908.
June 20 ELLA BAMFORD.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.
TAKE NOTICE that Anton Olson, of Saskatoon, Sask., occupation Farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner and 80 chains east of Indian Reserve No. 4, on the south shore of Fraser Lake; thence south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 40 chains more or less to south shore of Fraser Lake; thence following said shore westward to place of beginning.
April 21st, 1908.
June 20 ANTON OLSON.

TAKE NOTICE that the British Columbia Canning Canning Company, Limited, of London, England and Victoria, B.C., Salmon Canners and Sawmill Owners, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described foreshore and submerged land adjoining lot No. 3, Range, 2, Coast District.
Commencing at a post marked "B.C.C. Co., South Post," planted on Island, forming part of said Lot No. 3, three chains S. ¼ W. from the Church, situate on the Wannuck River, Rivers Inlet, B.C., thence due west one-quarter mile, thence due north one-half mile to a post marked "B. C. C. Co., N.W. Post," on the north shore of Rivers Inlet, thence along the shore one-quarter mile due east, thence due south to island first mentioned.
25th April, 1908.
BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO.,
May 2 D. McPhee, Agent.

TAKE NOTICE that the British Columbia Canning Company, Ltd., of London, England, and Victoria, B.C., Salmon Canners and Sawmill Owners, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described foreshore and submerged land fronting lots Nos. 4, 10, and 14, range 2, Coast District:
Commencing at a post marked "B.C.C. Co. N.E. Post," planted at the Southeast corner of the Victoria Cannery, Rivers Inlet, at high water mark, thence due west one-half mile, thence in a southerly direction to the N. W. corner of Lot No. 14, thence easterly along the shore to point of commencement.
BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO.,
May 2 D. McPhee. Agent.

COAST LAND DISTRICT.
TAKE NOTICE that A. Mammer, of Bella Coola, occupation farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—
Commencing at a post planted 20 chains south of the northwest corner of Lot 24, Range 3, Coast District; thence west 20 chains to shore of Abuntlet Lake; thence in a southwesterly direction along shore line to the west boundary of Lot 24; thence north 5 chains more or less to point of commencement and containing five
June 2nd, 1908.
june 27 ALBERT HAMMER.

OMINECA LAND DISTRICT.
TAKE NOTICE that I, James Henry Snodgrass, of Francois Lake, occupation Rancher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner of Lot 212; thence W. 20 chains, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of my Pre-emption; thence south to shores of Francois Lake; thence following shore in an Easternly direction to the West Boundary of Lot 212; thence north following 40 acres, more or less.
Dated 20th May, 1908.
june 27 JAMES HENRY SNODGRASS.

PUBLIC HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the time for receiving competitive designs for a Public Hospital for the Insane, which it is proposed to erect at Coquitlam, situated near New Westminster, B.C., has been extended up to and including Monday, the 6th day of July, 1908.
F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 22nd June, 1908.
June 27

ADDITIONAL LICENCE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies Act, 1897."
Canada:
Province of British Columbia.
No. 417.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the "New Zealand Insurance Company, Limited," which, on the 28th day of November, 1907, was authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, is hereby authorised and licensed to carry out or effect all or any of the additional objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.
The head office of the Company is situate at the Town of Auckland, in the Province of Auckland, in the Colony of New Zealand.
The amount of the capital of the Company is one million five hundred thousand pounds, divided into one hundred and fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.
The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and James Hill Lawson, merchant, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the Company.
Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 14th day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.
(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
The additional objects for which this Company has been established and licensed are:—
To carry on every kind of insurance and re-insurance business not including ordinary life insurance, but including insurance against death by accident, and to re-insure or counter-insure every kind of risk, and to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of those objects. To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business property and liabilities of any company carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on.
June 27.

THE attention of the Lands and Works Department having been directed to the fact that town lots in a townsite named Prince Rupert, being a subdivision of Lot 642, Range 5, Coast District, situated on the mainland between the mouth of the Skeena River and Kaien Island, are being offered for sale, it has been deemed necessary to warn the public that the said townsite is not situated at the terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, and is not the townsite which is owned jointly by the Government of British Columbia and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company.
F. J. FULTON,
Chief Commissioner of
Lands and Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., May 1st, 1908.
May 9

LAND REGISTRY ACT.
To T. J. Graham, registered and assessed owner of Lot 291, Mount Tolmie Park, Victoria District.
TAKE NOTICE that application has been made to Register William Flannery as the owner in fee simple of the above lot under a Tax Sale Deed from the Assessor of the District of Victoria, dated the 16th of January, 1903, and you are required to contest the claim of the said William Flannery within 30 days from the first publication hereof.
Dated at Land Registry Office, Victoria, British Columbia, this 12th day of May, 1908.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
May 16 Registrar General.

Within sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 80 acres of land at Kitsals Canyon. The land is situated within lines commencing at a post about half a mile south of Chas. Durham's Southwest corner and marked: Erick Norlin, 80 acres, Purchase Claim, S. W. Corner, May 19th, 1908; thence north 20 chains, thence east 40 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 80 acres,
May 19th, 1908.
June 13 ERICK NORLIN.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of New Westminster.
TAKE NOTICE that Thomas Owen Townley, of Vancouver, barrister at law, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted on the southwest shore of Defence Island, Howe Sound, thence in a northerly, easterly, southerly and westerly direction, following high water mark to the point of commencement, containing 30 acres, more or less, and being the whole of the Island known as Defence Island.
Dated 8th April, 1908.
THOMAS OWEN TOWNLEY.
May 9

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.
"Companies Act, 1897."
I hereby certify that "The Ferro-Concrete Construction Company" has this day been registered as an Extra-Provincial Company under the "Companies Act, 1897," to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.
The head office of the Company is situate at Cincinnati in Hamilton County, Ohio.
The amount of the capital of the Company is five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.
The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and Henry Graham Lawson, Solicitor, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the company. Not empowered to issue and transfer stock.
Given under my hand and Seal of Office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.
S. Y. WOOTTON.
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies
The objects for which this company has been established and registered are: Manufacturing and dealing in fire-proofing and building material of all kinds, and constructing, equipping and owning buildings, bridges and structures of all kinds, and all things incident thereto, of engaging in a general contracting business; and of acquiring, holding, owning and disposing of all rights, patent and otherwise, necessary and convenient for the prosecution of its business.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT.
Range 1, Coast District.
TAKE NOTICE that we, the undersigned, intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the purchase of the following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Loughborough Inlet about three-quarters of a mile south of McBride Bay and about ten chains north of old mill; thence east twenty chains; thence south twenty chains; thence west twenty chains more or less to the east short of Loughborough Inlet; thence northerly twenty chains more or less and following the east shore of Loughborough Inlet to the point of commencement.
Dated May 1st, 1908.
DAVIDSON, WARD CO., LIMITED,
May 9 G. S. Wilson, Agent.

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies' Act, 1897."

Canada,
Province of British Columbia.
No. 433.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the "Michigan Commercial Insurance Company" is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia and to corry out or affect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.
The head office of the Company is situate at Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan.
The amount of the capital of the Company is three hundred thousand dollars, divided into six thousand shares of fifty dollars each.
The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and R. P. Rithet & Company, Insurance Agents, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the Company.
The time of the existence of the Company is thirty years from the 19th day of October, A.D., 1904.
Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 16th day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.
(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
The objects for which the Company has been established and licensed are:
To make insurance on dwelling houses, stores, and all kinds of buildings and upon household furniture, goods, wares and merchandise, and any other property against loss or damage by fire, and to make insurance upon vessels, freights, goods, wares, merchandise, and other property against the risk of inland navigation and transportation.
May 2

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies' Act, 1897."

Canada,
Province of British Columbia.
No. 434.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the "Inter-provincial Land Company" is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.
The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.
The amount of the capital of the Company is sixty thousand dollars, divided into six hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.
The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at the City of Victoria, and James Fulford Fielde, agent, whose address is Victoria, aforesaid, is the attorney for the Company.
Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 21st day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.
(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
The objects for which the Company has been established and licensed are:
(a) Acquiring, holding, leasing, renting, selling, dealing in, and disposing of, real estate or any interest therein, or any mortgage or lien thereon;
(b) To improve real estate by erecting buildings thereon, or in any other way altering or dealing with the same;
(c) To lend money on the security of any real or personal property, and for such purposes to take mortgages, bills of sale, and other pledges or liens thereon;
(d) To enter into agreements for the erection or improvement or sale of land or buildings;
(e) To acquire, own, sell, or otherwise dispose of, timber, timber limits, permits and licences, coal lands, or mining lands, or mining rights of any sort or description;
(f) To hold agencies for fire, or life insurance, or manufacturing companies;
(g) To carry on farming or gardening operations;
(h) To buy, sell, and deal in, cattle, horses, and other animals and farm produce, and generally to carry on a general real estate, loaning, renting, insurance agency and mercantile agency business;
(i) To acquire, purchase, sell, hold, and deal in, the stock-in-trade, effects, both real and personal, business, and good-will of any person, firm or corporation engaged in similar business;
(j) To acquire, buy, sell, and hold, stock in other companies with similar objects and powers.
BRADSHAW & DAVIE,
Solicitors for the Inter-provincial Land Company.
May 2

CLAYOQUOT LAND DISTRICT.
District of Alberni.
TAKE NOTICE that I, Mary I. Williams, of Victoria, B.C., spinster, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the south-west end of one of the group located on the chart as the one hundred islands, and extending around this island to point of commencement; supposed to contain 20 acres, more or less.
Dated April 3rd, 1908.
MARY ISABELLA WILLIAMS.
May 2

CLAYOQUOT LAND DISTRICT.
District of Alberni.
TAKE NOTICE that I, Elizabeth Margaret Wallis Williams, of Victoria, B.C., spinster, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the north-east side of Puzzle Island, extending around the island to point of commencement, and containing 85 acres, more or less.
Elizabeth Margaret Wallis Williams.
May 2

LAND REGISTRY ACT.
In the matter of our application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Subdivision Lots 46 and 47 of Lot 68, and part of Lot 73, Spring Ridge (Map 395) Victoria City.
Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate Certificate of Title to said lands issued to William Ralph on the 30th day of June, 1892, and numbered 13495 A.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C., this 13th day of May, 1908.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
May 23 Registrar-General.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands, situated near Coal Creek, Renfrew District, B. C.: Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of section 88, and marked John Meston and W. H. Anderson; thence west 80 chains to northeast corner of section 87; thence north 80 chains; thence east to western boundary of the E. & N. Railway Company's Lands; thence following said boundary of Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company's Lands; thence following said boundary of Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company's lands to point of commencement.
Staked May 18th, 1908.
JOHN MESTON.
W. A. ANDERSON.
May 23

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.
TAKE NOTICE that Ernest Victor Bodwell, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Barrister-at-Law, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted on the west shore of Blinkinsop Bay, about 100 feet south of the Wharf, thence west 80 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south along the shore back to place of beginning, and containing 480 acres, more or less.
Dated June 24th, 1908.
ERNEST VICTOR BODWELL.
july 4 C. G. Johnstone, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.
TAKE NOTICE that Henry Graham Lawson, of Victoria, B.C., occupation, Solocitor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted at the head of Blinkinsop Bay, 50 feet north of the creek running to the Bay, thence west 60 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 60 chains back to the place of beginning, and containing 360 acres, more or less.
Dated June 24th, 1908.
HENRY GRAHAM LAWSON,
july 4 C. G. Johnstone, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.
TAKE NOTICE that James Hill Lawson, the younger, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Solicitor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted on the west shore of Blinkinsop Bay, three-quarters of a mile from the entrance of said Bay; thence west 80 chains; thence south 60 chains; thence easterly to the Bay and along the shore of Bay inside of Jessie Island; thence northerly along the shore of Blinkinsop Bay to the place of commencement, and containing 480 acres, more or less.
Dated June 24, 1908.
JAMES HILL LAWSON, JR.,
july 4 C. G. Johnstone, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.
TAKE NOTICE that Carl Gustave Johnstone of Victoria, B.C., occupation Master Mariner, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Blinkinsop Bay, three-quarters of a mile from the outlet of the creek at the head of the Bay; thence north along the shore 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 60 chains; thence west 60 chains to the place of commencement, and containing 360 acres, more or less.
Dated June 25th, 1908.
july 4 CARL GUSTAVE JOHNSTONE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:
Commencing at a post marked J.M.L., S.W., placed half a mile west from the north-east corner of Lot 1; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.
June 22, 1908.
JOHN M. LANGLEY,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:
Commencing at a post marked J.W.T., S.E., placed half a mile from the north-east corner of Lot 1; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south to point of commencement, containing 320 acres.
June 22, 1908.
J. W. THICKENS,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:
Commencing at a post marked P.R., S.E., apiced half a mile south from the north-west corner of Lot 1; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.
June 22, 1908.
PERCY RICHARDSON,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:
Commencing at a post marked E.S., N.E., placed half a mile south from the north-west corner of Lot 1; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.
ETHEL STEVENS,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

OLLA PODRIDA

Yet He Meant No Harm.

Master of Ceremonies (at social gathering)—Mr. Monumerlogg, shall we have your little talk now, or shall we let the people enjoy themselves a little while longer?

No Necessity For It.

"Your husband doesn't come to church, Mrs. Bramble. I haven't seen him there since Christmas."

"No, Mr. Slimly. He says he don't need to come till he gets all his good resolutions broke."

A Convenient Method.

"I'm sorry not to see you at our morning services," said the Christian Science reader to a recent convert.

"I am giving them absent treatment," said the convert.

Jack Knew.

Aunt—Jack, do you know your alphabet?

Jack—Yes, Auntie.

Aunt—Well, what letter comes after "a"?

Jack—All the others, auntie.

Nothing in a Name.

A fireproof building's apt to burn,
But do not grin;
Likewise a safety razor's apt
To scar the chin.

Realism.

Tommy—Ma, may I play make-b'lieve I'm entertainin' another little boy?

Mother—Certainly, dear.

Tommy—All right. Gimme some cake for him, then.

Words Failed Him.

Mr. Podsnap—I see that Jake Pullplug's son hez gone fer to learn to be one o' them—ah—what do you call them fellers that runs automobiles?

Farmer Topridge—Waal, I reely can't think o' nothin' bad enough ter call 'em, but then I wa'n't ever no good at cussin,' nohow.

The Cause For Delay.

Miss Threescore—Gracious! Haven't you found that ribbon for my hair yet?

Her Maid—Yes'm.

Miss Threescore—Then what keeps you so long?

Her Maid—I can't find your hair.

A True Saying.

The burglar had found a fresh beefsteak in the pantry.

Sprinkling it with arsenic, he took it out and dropped it over the backyard fence, for there was a dog in the next yard that threatened to alarm the neighborhood.

"How true it is," he said to himself, "that one man's meat is another man's pizen!"

Worst Still.

"My wife is getting to be very tiresome," complained Groucher. "She doesn't seem to know her own mind from one minute to the next."

"My wife," said Kratchett, "is the same way. She's as uncertain as the weather."

"Huh! Mine's as uncertain as the weather forecaster."

Pat's Forethought.

A gentleman who was in the habit of dining daily at a certain restaurant said to the waiter, an Irishman, who attended him: "Instead of tipping you every day, Pat, I'll give you your tip in a lump sum at the end of the month."

"Would ye moind paying me in advance, sorr?" asked the waiter.

"Well, that's rather a strange request," remarked the gentleman. "However, if you are in want of some money now, here's half a crown for you. But did you distrust me?"

"Oh, no sir," grinned Pat, pocketing the half crown, "but Oi'm lavin' here tomorrow?"

Preferred Reality.

"Miss Pechis," said Mr. Timmid, at the other end of the sofa, "if I were to throw you a kiss I wonder what you'd say."

"Well, I'd say you were the laziest man I ever saw."

A Good Bargain.

In a Scottish tow na commercial traveler who called upon a tradesman at long intervals made a visit at Christmas time. "Here's a box of cigars," he said to the tradesman, "and I hope you'll enjoy them."

"Na! na!" replied the trader; "I couldn't tak' them—I neverdae business that way."

"Tut, tut—nonsense, sir!" exclaimed the traveler; "it's just a Christmas box."

"Na, na, mon! I never tak' anything far naething."

"Well, well—give me a shilling for the box," said the traveler, "if that will ease your conscience."

"Ay, ay! Well, let me see," said the honest shopkeeper, running his eye over the silver he took from his pocket; I see I've got a florin here ——I'll tak' two boxes."

Boy Missionary.

When the foreign missionary had concluded his talk he made the usual appeal for contributions, however small. Coming up to the platform with several others, a small boy mounted to the level of the lecturer, and hastening toward him, said: "Please, sir, I was very much interested in your lecture, and—and—"

"Go on, my little man," said the missionary, encouragingly, "you want to help me in the good work?"

"Not exactly, sir," said the boy. "What I want to know is, have you any foreign stamps you don't want?"

"They say your brother used to have great luck as a fisherman."

"Yes, he did. Nearly everybody used to believe him."

Life.

"Life," said he, "is not all beer and skittles for a man."

"No," responded she, "nor all fudge and euchre for a woman."

Mr. Rockefeller has been asked to stop vivisection on his medical research farm, but just imagine how often he himself has had to suffer being cut up!

Kingston Tennis Club.

President—D. B. McLaren.
Vice-President—W. S. Terry.
Treasurer—Mrs. W. H. F. Richdale.
Subscription—Gentlemen $5, ladies $2.50.

Two Courts, which are in excellent condition, have been secured on the old J. B. A. A. grounds, corner of Kingston and Menzies streets. Any person desirous of becoming a member will kindly communicate with the Secretary. The Courts are open for the convenience of members daily, Sundays included, and members may bring visitors any day of the week except Saturday.

Petch—Harold.

The marriage of Mr. Robt A. Petch, son of A. Petch, watchmaker, of this city, and Miss Edith Harold, daughter of Mr. Thos. Harold, and neice of Mr. Cochrane, druggist, of this city, was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, 1245 Eighth avenue, Fairview, Vancouver, on Tuesday morning last, June 23rd, at 11 a.m. The happy couple arrived in this city on the SS. Charmer the same evening, and are spending their honeymoon at the home of the groom's parents, 572 Michigan street. They were the recipients of a large number of costly presents.

John William Petch, the groom's brother, acted as best man.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Petch, accompanied by their sons, John William and George, and their daughter Violet, journeyed to Vancouver by the SS. Princess Victoria last Sunday to attend the ceremony and returned with the bridal party.

THE NEW GR ND.

Next week Mr. Jamieson will have one of the sensations of the vaudeville world in the person of Sirronje, the handcuff queen and "Lady Raffles," as the big feature on a long bill. Sirronje has baffied two continents by the ease with which she breaks away from the best handcuffs and chains, and also escapes from packing cases and trunks securely fastened. Other big acts will be T. W. Eckert and Emma Berg in their musical fantasy, "The Land of Two Moons," produced with their own special scenery; Alexander and Scott, "From Virginia," in a black-face act that developes a big surprise at the end; Parmet Russell and company of four in their singing scenic novelty "Around the World in an Air Ship"; Effie Pearson, singing comedienne; Thos. J. Price, singing the illustrated son, "I miss you in a thousand different ways." New moving pictures entitled "After Midnight" and "Troubles of a Flirt," and as an overture "Goodbye" by Paoli Tosti, cornet solo with violin obligato.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, superscribed "Tender for School-house," will be received by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner up to noon of Monday, the 6th July, 1908, for the erection and completion of a two-room frame School-house at Haney, Dewdney Electoral District.

Plans, specifications, contract and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 25th day of June, 1908, at the offices of the Government Agent, New Westminster; of E. W. Beckett, Esq., Secretary of the School Board, Haney; and at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B.C.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner for a sum equivalent to ten per cent. of the amount of the tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 22nd June, 1908.
june 27

THE ANGELL ENGRAVING CO.
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VANCOUVER, B.C.

Victoria THEATRE
F. P. ROBERTS LESSEE & MANAGER

MONDAY, JULY 6
Charles Frohman presents
WILLIAM COLLIER
In the Funniest Farce in Years
CAUGHT IN THE RAIN
A Cloudburst of Laughter.

Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2. Box Office opens 10 a.m. Friday, July 3. Mail orders will receive their usual attention.

MONDAY, JULY 3
ROBERT B. MANTELL
the great Shakespearean Actor, in
OTHELLO.

Housekeeping Suggestions for July

B. C. Granulated Sugar, per 20 lb. sack	$1.25
100 lb. sack	$6.00
Dixi Pastry Flour, per sack	$1.60
Ogilvie's Royal Hungarian Flour, per sack	$2.00
Picnic Hams, per lb.	12½c
Sugar Cured Hams, per lb.	18c
Carnation Cream, 2 tins for	25c
"Canada First" Milk, 2 tins	25c
Dixi Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs.	$1.00
Tomatoes, 2 large cans for	25c
Canadian Cheese, very fine, per lb.	20c
New Potatoes, Island Grown, 6 lbs.	25c

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"Pray you bid these unknown friends to us welcome, for it is a way to make us better friends, more known."—Winter's Tale.

In the words of the greatest of all dramatists, we bid "the stranger within our gates" a cordial welcome to our hostelry.

The Poodle Dog Hotel for the Tourist

is the ideal stopping place; well equipped throughout; modern, homelike, yet inexpensive and with a cuisine absolutely unrivalled in British Columbia.

The cosy Grill Room of the Poodle Dog is praised from coast to coast by transient guests.

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Vancouver Edition

The Week

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Published at Victoria and Vancouver B. C.

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L. V. No 26 23 THE WEEK, SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1908 ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM

EDITORIAL

e Hodgins rges.

The Week has never expressed any opinion as to the probability or otherwise of Major Hodgins substan-ing the charges which he made in the umns of the Colonist. Now that the estigation is over and the report of the nmittee has been laid before the House s possible to size up the situation with ething approaching accuracy. A fair ment upon the whole matter is that jor Hodgins honestly believed that the lway Commission was privy to methods classification which, to put it mildly, ld strain the conscience of any honest gineer. The result of the enquiry shows if such methods were in vogue the mission was not privy to them and in last issue Major Hodgins frankly ad-ed that the point was one for settle-t by expert Engineers who alone could e sufficient technical knowledge to en- them to pass judgment. When or Hodgins found that he could not stantiate his charges he acted as a leman should and unreservedly with-v them; especially was he impressed this by the evidence of Mr. Hugh sden, the Chief Engineer, than whom more honourable man lives. At the e time the unbiassed observer cannot conclude that Major Hodgins has been ularly unfortunate. In the first place nse of honour impelled him to destroy espondence with a brother Engineer h would at least have vindicated his position in respect of some of the onal charges. In the next place he d on the co-operation of the G.T.P., were obviously interested in a just ification, but for reasons which need be too closely canvassed received little from that quarter. It is satisfactory Major Hodgins had to withdraw any tations which he may have made nst the Premier or his Ministers, and e light of all the evidence given it well be that his dismissal may to some t have warped his judgment in mat-about which he at least had an honest t. Having said this much the im-nt fact remains that something much important than Major Hodgins' ver- and his professional reputation was r investigation. It has been estab-d that the Grand Trunk Pacific En-ers, whose duty it is to see that there o overcharges, have protested strongly nst the over-classification which the mission has been allowing. Mr. H. A. ds, the Assistant Chief Engineer for Grand Trunk, swore that these over-ifications were not made by the dent or Division Engineers who are acquainted with the character of the but by arbitrary orders from their rior. One paragraph in Mr. Woods' nce is so important that it is worth ting verbatim. He said:

"To such classification as mentioned ove, increasing the cost of the work such an alarming extent, we most iously protest, and respectfully re-est that either yourself or the assistant ef engineer visit the work and pass gment upon the classification as de."

. Woods repeatedly urged the Chief neer to visit the works and determine matter of classification himself. In-however, of complying the Commis-as endeavoured to get the G.T.P. to to arbitration, but without success is not a point on which arbitration d be necessary. The significance of is is that no action of any kind was by the Commission until Major ins spoke, although the G.T.P. En-rs had been pressing the matter for six months. It is not a little significant that in the minority report just presented to Parliament it is pointed out that in January last the method of classification was modified in the direction urged by Major Hodgins, and that the modified system has been in vogue ever since. The verdict of the country will undoubtedly be the Scotch verdict of "not proven," but as against this Major Hodgins will have the satisfaction of knowing that the crux of the whole question, that of improper classification and consequent overcharge, had already been decided in his favour by the abandonment six months ago of the system of which he complained and the substitution of one appreciably nearer to his own suggestion. In justice to a man who has suffered both in pocket and to some extent in reputation in an honest endeavour to protect the public interest The Week makes no apology for quoting a portion of an editorial on this subject from the columns of what is admitted to be the most independent and enlightened weekly journal published in the Dominion, Toronto Saturday Night:

"When Major Hodgins resigned his position as district engineer under the Transcontinental Commission the explanation was given out that he was the cause of friction in the operations, and I, for one, gathered that he was charged with a fault not uncommon among engineers when working under untrained commissioners—that of exceeding his authority. It is a fault that men accustomed to pushing through large undertakings are subject to, and it reflects on them no discredit. But when the friends of Major Hodgins began to tell his side of the story another face was put on the matter, and the Parliamentary enquiry now under way at Ottawa brings out facts going to show that the resignation of the Major was called for from Ottawa while he was in the midst of an audit of the prices being paid to contractors for excavations, and after he had been over part of the work and had roundly condemned inspectors for crediting contractors with cutting 'solid rock' when it was loose rock they had removed, or in some cases pure sand or muskeg. In one place he found that eighteen hundred yards of muskeg had been taken out, all of which would have been described and paid for as solid rock had not the Major appeared on the scene and ordered that kind of classification to stop. This kind of thing had been occurring at various points. With surprising suddenness Major Hodgins received a private and confidential intimation from Chief Engineer Lumsden in Ottawa that his resignation would be acceptable. It appears that the practice of booking and paying contractors for the removal of solid rock where no solid rock exists, is according to 'the Quebec system of classification.' It appears to be a very nice system of classification, indeed, and no doubt it is quite popular among contractors in Quebec. Perhaps contractors elsewhere could learn to like it. One reads with some amusement the complaint of the Commissioners that there was 'trouble' on Major Hodgins' division, while there was no trouble on the work going on in Quebec. No trouble down there at all; and the board of eminent Transcontinental Railway Commissioners are quite pleased with the harmony existing between contractors and engineers as they merrily hew their way through all the imaginary solid rock, which according to 'the Quebec system of classification' lies in their path. Major Hodgins does not seem to understand. Did he forget that he was supervising a Government undertaking? Does he not know that most of our large fortunes have been made in railway building? What made him suppose that millionaires, senators and peers were not to arise in due time out of this road? Where does he suppose we shall get our next crop of great men unless the making of this road yields them? Along he comes with his dull, unimaginative eye, his cold engineering faculties, and makes trouble,' to the annoyance of the Transcontinental Railway Commissioners who do not want to be troubled. They want everything to run smoothly, and the 'Quebec system of classification' seems admirably adapted to ensure that."

A Spurious Reformer.

The Victoria Times inserted an article in its issue of Monday last to which was appended the signature "Reformer." The Week has been urged to reply, but has no intention of doing so in the manner expected, since it is not on its defence and to reply editorially to an anonymous article published as correspondence in another paper is hardly the usual course, nor one which any self-respecting editor would follow. In the present instance there is the less occasion for replying because the article in question was not a "bona fide" letter at all, and The Week is in possession of reliable information as to the manner in which it was concocted and the purpose for which it was published. It is not necessary to say more at present, but in next issue the matter will be dealt with in a manner which will throw an interesting light on the policy of the Victoria Times, and its method of handling "Correspondence."

A Golden Jubilee.

Since the last issue of The Week the commemorative exercises in connection with the Golden Jubilee of the foundation of St. Ann's Academy have been duly observed. The daily press has given very full and interesting reports of the proceedings. Prominent citizens like Mr. A. E. McPhillips and old timers well represented by Mr. D. H. Higgins, have taken part in the proceedings, and since everyone reads the papers it follows that everyone, in Victoria at least, knows more about the foundation than they did a week ago. What impresses one in connection with such celebrations is not only the benevolent utility, but the permanence of Roman Catholic institutions. St. Ann's foundation has stretched out charitable hands as far North as Alaska, and has sent messengers of mercy into many a rough pioneer district. Generations have come and gone, political feuds have aroused the passions of the populace, native races have all but passed away to be succeeded by the white man who now in this Western, as in the Eastern countries of the Dominion possesses the earth. But the Sisters of Mercy associated with this ancient and honourable foundation continue their blessed work from age to age. They pass through our streets silently and almost unseen, their identity is lost in their sacred calling and the world wots not whether they be the same Sisters coming today as those who came yesterday. For outsiders individuality is lost sight of, and the Sisters achieve the very apotheosis of unselfish and altruistic ministry. They must pass away since all are mortal, but so identical is their policy and so consecutive is the discharge of their humble duties that the break is never felt; in their mission they embody the supreme idea of permanence. It is permissible to differ very widely from the theological dogmas of the Roman Catholic Church and yet to entertain the most profound appreciation of the lofty character and devoted labours of its Sisterhoods, which are the envy of every other ecclesiastical organization and which have been faintly copied by not a few.

A Serious Complaint.

When so much is being said in Victoria about a water supply, it may not be out of place to voice a complaint which has just reached this office and which is but the re-echo of many previous ones of a similar kind. It has reference to the peculiar method of supplying water to the residents of Esquimalt, and the exorbitant price charged for making a connection. It seems that the people who live on Fraser street are unable to get any water from the mains, and a resident who writes on the subject relates how a fortnight ago a bush fire broke out and although the main was only five hundred feet away there are no hydrants and no facilities whatever for making a connection, in consequence all the houses on Fraser street ran a risk of being destroyed, and a body of volunteers were fortunate in saving them by piling earth on the fire. The Week is not fully acquainted with the local conditions but the complaints are so frequent that there must be something wrong and publicity is given to this one in the hope that it may attract the attention of those who are responsible.

Preparing The Lists.

The action of the Federal Government in abandoning certain provisions of the Election Bill is not only good news for British Columbia but a very distinct compliment to the Leader of the Opposition. The Liberal Press can no longer "pooh-hooh" Mr. Brden as an ineffective leader. He has proved himself to be a most capable manager of the small but compact minority at his back, and with their assistance has been able to force Sir Wilfred Laurier and his batallions from an unjust and untenable position. The British Columbia clauses have been abandoned "in toto." They were abandoned solely in consequence of the splendid fight put up by Mr. Borden, and his resolute determination to exhaust every means at his command to relieve the Province of the incubus and humiliation proposed by the Government. It cannot be too strenuously insisted on that Mr. Templeman supported the original proposals and that their removal has been effected in spite of him. There are some people in British Columbia who will await with considerable interest the appearance of Mr. Templeman upon the public platform in the next Federal Campaign and who will continue until then to wonder what kind of an explanation he will offer to the Electors.

At The Street Corner

By THE LOUNGER

The warm wave has struck Victoria and driven the pleasure-seeking section of the people to the water. It is an old story to tell of the charms of Victoria from an aquatic standpoint, but every time I go out in a boat or a canoe I am much impressed. Turn in which direction you may, it is only a short distance to the water. If you want simply to loll in a canoe and idly float with an occasional dip of the paddle to give direction, the Gorge is unsurpassed and unsurpassable. If you favor a stiff breeze and a gentle tossing, you can always find it within a mile or so of the shore off the Dallas road. For those who prefer the medium, the land-locked and sheltered Cadboro Bay is an ideal retreat. The experience of the latter may be repeated a hundred times between Victoria and Comox, for surely no coast line is so indented with delightful little bays where one may bask or picnic at pleasure.

Last week I tried the newest and by no means least successful scheme for a day's thorough enjoyment. I sought a congenial companion; we boarded the "Craigflower," which plies to and from all day between James Bay causeway, the Gorge and Portage inlet. On this occasion we went right up to the top of the inlet, landed with our picnic baskets and spent the whole day lolling in the woods, with an occasional plunge into the Arm, and at night about 9 o'clock the "Craigflower" fetched us to the Gorge, where we spent an hour and a half and thoroughly enjoyed Clifford Denham's moving pictures, the excellent orchestra and a stroll through fairyland, for that is the proper title of the Japanese village, which is indeed one of the daintiest and most unique conceptions I have ever seen. It is so unique that it requires no very great stretch of the imagination to fancy one's self in Tokio or Nagasaki. For the next three months this will be the most delightful form of entertainment. The "Craigflower" undoubtedly fills a public want and will be the means of ocnveying thousands of delighted pleasure seekers to and fro.

I must not leave this subject without a word about the very ingenious and vividly decorated Japanese boat, and the peculiar Japanese bridge, with its semi-circular strands, both of which attract the attention on approaching the Gorge park. All that is wanted to make this delightful retreat an entire success is more people. No city enjoys the advantage of such a beautiful place of amusement at such a nominal cost. The car service is excellent, indeed I am not sure that other sections of the city do not suffer in the interests of the Gorge, but in any event the enterprising promoters and all who contribute to the upkeep of the entertainment deserve every encouragement for the public spirit they have shown.

One day this week I lounged in Seattle and witnessed several things that interested me, and one or two that startled me. I was profoundly interested in the growth of the city. Money may be scarce in Seattle for general purposes, but quite obviously it is not scarce for public improvements. In every direction old houses are being pulled down and fine residences, apartment houses, or stores are being built. Thousands of men thus find occupation in what might otherwise be dull times. Since I was there eight months ago a slice has been taken off the fine buildings which line Third avenue in order to widen the street. It would have taken ten years to do this in Victoria, but in Seattle the city has the power and exercises it. In Victoria the Council has less power, and is afraid to exercise what it has.

I was impressed with the really magnificent water supply. The quality was such that it was a delight to drink it, the quantity so abundant and the pressure so great that in every direction people were using the hose upon their gardens with a result which was as surprising to me as it was gratifying. I have not seen finer flowers or a greater profusion of them anywhere, a result entirely due this hot weather to artificial irrigation. Gardens would simply be scorched up in Seattle if they were not watered constantly, as it is I am convinced that in a few years this great new city on the Sound will be covered with a beautiful mantle. I was impressed with another thing, the bon camaraderie which prevails. Seattle has long borne the reproach of being ultra-American; that reproach is slowly but surely passing. Seattle is becoming more English. This is seen in the constantly increasing number of Englishmen who are settling there, and in the modification which they affect from a sartorial standpoint. The freakish American straw hat of many designs has given way to the ordinary English sailor straw, the exaggerated cut which the American copied from the Frenchman, and which gave his pants such a baggy appearance, and his coat the outline of a skirt, is conspicuous because rare. I dined at the Rathskeller. A large table was occupied by a party of Englishmen. When they had finished their meal the orchestra played "God Save the King" in compliment to the party. Every Englishman in the place naturally rose to his feet, and to my surprise there were more sprinkled around at the side tables than sat at the centre table. They made their presence known, too, by three hearty cheers for King Edward, which would have raised the roof of the Rathskeller if it had not been weighted down with stores and offices overhead.

There are still lots of things about Seattle which I do not like, but the influence which no city in an English-speaking country has yet been able to resist, is making itself felt even in Seattle.

On this trip I made a martyr of myself in the interest of my fellow citizens. I know I shall be voted a lunatic when I say that I went and came back on the Rosalie. From the standpoint of getting my money's worth I did well, because I got more than I bargained for, to saying nothing of fifteen hours' sea voyage on the double trip, all for the modest sum of fifty cents; but no man is obliged to suffer martyrdom twice, and of all the filthy, ill-served, badly managed vessels I have travelled on in the last twenty years commend me to the Rosalie. I dare not go into particulars, but I will say that such a vessel ought not to be allowed to sail to or from a Canadian port—its proper place is Gadara, where there are swine.

There was both law and common sense in the city magistrate's refusal to grant bail to the man committed for trial in connection with the numerous incendiary fires which took place in the city recently. Since he found sufficient evidence to justify the committal, the prisoner should undoubtedly be treated as if he were the incendiary, and to turn him loose on the city would be such an obvious disregard of the public interest that no magistrate would be justified in giving him his liberty. If the police have judged rightly his vagaries have already cost the city more than $100,000. If he is innocent he will be acquitted in due course, meanwhile it is best to err upon the right side.

Lounger.

Where American Mothers Fail.

Can it be that we had much better adopt from England the nursery governess and the nursery table? At least we should be spared the sight of an elaborately dressed American baby of six, entirely unattended walking into a huge hotel dining room where her parents had lived for years, and ordering "devilled crabs and pink ice cream" for her dinner, which the poor little creature actually ate amid the smiling glances of the guests and waiters.

A Dip in The Sea

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35c. Water Wings

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BATHING CAPS are not only useful for the briny, but a necessity for the daily "tub" of the average woman by keeping the hair dry and curly. We have them in all colors.

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To a new coast of paint?
Said you would, soon as the weather settled.
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It's just a little bit "strenuous" to apply color later on during the hot days of July; now it's a pleasure.
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Union Made. Havana Filler.
Two Sizes. Sold Everywhere.
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LLOYD & CO., practical chi cleaners, 716 Pandora St. C neys can be cleaned without ing an ellova mess. Try us be convinced.
Phone A476. NUF S

Social and Personal.

Mr. J. Bridgeman and Mr. Phipps cruising among the islands.

* * *

Miss B. Keast is visiting friends in tland.

* * *

Mrs. R. B. McMicking will not re-ve during the summer months.

* * *

Mr. W. Pike spent a few days in ttle last week.

* * *

Mr. Howard Potts returned from ncouver on Wednesday's boat.

* * *

Mrs. Hickey and the Misses Hickey last Monday for Seattle.

* * *

Mr. Whiting paid a flying visit to ttle last week.

* * *

Mrs. Protheroe leaves for Vancou- the latter part of this week.

* * *

he marriage of Miss Marie Gaudin Mr. Roger Wilby takes place on 15th at St. Saviour's.

* * *

r. Darrell Hanington, of Rock , is staying with his parents for a t holiday.

* * *

iss Phyllys Mason went over to couver this week to stay with nds and to attend the ball.

* * *

r. J. R. Anderson leaves next week Cowichan Lake, where he will be guest of Mr. W. Monteith.

* * *

rs. George Powell, of Vancouver, e over to Victoria to attend the en jubilee of St. Ann's Convent.

* * *

rs. Jas. Harvey is enjoying a few ks at Shawnigan Lake, and is a t at the Strathcona.

* * *

rs. H. B. Good returned early in week from a two weeks' visit t in Nanaimo.

* * *

r. A. S. Gore returned from a ness trip to Vancouver last Sun-

* * *

v. St. John Payne has returned a very pleasant trip spent in the r country.

* * *

ss Joan Walker has returned Vancouver, where she has been g a few visits.

* * *

lonel and Mrs. Landes and the es Landes, of Seattle, are the s of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Roberts, ette avenue.

* * *

s. Peter Lampman, who has been ding the last three months in and and on the continent, re-d home last Saturday.

* * *

e engagement has been an-ced of Mr. Arthur Payne Le r and Miss Ruby Rowcroft, hter of Col. and Mrs. Rowcroft, is city.

* * *

e many friends of Mr. C. E. ey will be delighted to hear that operation he underwent for his has been most successful. Mr. Mrs. Pooley left early last month Germany, where the former went eive treatment.

* * *

ong the numerous picnicers to chan Bay on Wednesday's ex-n were Miss Agnes McKay, Aleen McKay, Mr. and Miss rave, Mrs. A. W. Bridgeman and en, Mrs. Hasell, Mrs. Solly, Mrs. nt and children, Mr. and Mrs. A. nden and children, Mr. and Mrs. nont Boggs and family, Misses n, Monteith, Mrs. Stevenson, V. Newcombe, Mr. Cookson, Mr. hard, Mr. J. Musgrave, Mr. Le , Miss Rowcroft, Mr. Rowcroft, s Le Sueur, Mr. H. Gladding, . Brown, Mr. C. Jenkinson, Miss nsa, Mr. Sparks, Miss Moreley, Moreley, Mr. George Harvey, Mr. Mrs. Finlayson, Mr. and Mrs. er, Mrs. Rogers, Miss Doris Har-nd others.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized on Tuesday last at Christ Church Cathedral by the Rev. Archdeacon Scriven and the Rev. Canon Beanlands, when Miss Gladys Etta Laye Rant and Mr. Guy Wilfred Marriott were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony. The bride looked beautiful in a dainty gown of crepe de chine, carrying a bouquet of white roses and maidenhair fern. Dr. Lavalle capably supported the groom, while the Misses Evelyn, Dorothy, Muriel and Majorie Rant made four very charming brides' maids. All were attired in simple frocks of pale blue and carried bouquets of pink roses. The flower girls, Misses Audrey and Gwynette Rant, both sisters of the bride, wore white frocks and carried baskets of roses. The groom's gift to the bride was a very handsome nec' lace and cross of diamonds and sapphires and to the brides' maids pearl brooches. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents. The happy couple left for Seattle by the afternoon boat.

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Purifies as well as **Beautifies the Skin.** No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 60 *years; no other has, and is so harmless*—we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient). "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gourand's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations."

For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

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Vancouver and Victoria, B.C.

Certificate of the Registration of an Extra-Provincial Company.

"Companies Act, 1897."

I HEREBY CERTIFY that "The Timber Investment Company" has this day been registered as an Extra-Provincial Company under the "Companies Act, 1897," to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Seattle, King County, State of Washington.

The amount of the capital of the Company is three hundred thousand dollars, divided into three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and Thomas Bamford, clerk, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the Company. Not empowered to issue and transfer stock.

The time of the existence of the Company is fifty years, from the 8th day of February, 1908.

The Company is limited.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 13th day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which this Company has been established and registered are:

To manufacture, buy, and sell timber and timber products; to buy, lease, or otherwise acquire and to hold real estate and timber in the State of Washington and elsewhere, and the same to sell, mortgage, lease and dispose of; to erect, operate, sell and dispose of water-works for the supply of water-power and water for domestic purposes, electric power plants; to buy, build, lease and otherwise acquire and operate, if necessary and desirable, tug-boats and freight and passenger steamers; to carry on the business of selling real estate on commission and doing a general real estate and timber brokerage business; to loan the money of the Corporation in connection with its other business if deemed advisable and to the best interests of the Corporation; to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of merchandise.

June 20

"Companies Act, 1897."

NOTICE is hereby given that Raymond Bellenger Punnett, of Victoria, B.C., broker, has been appointed new attorney of "The Timber Investment Company" in the place of Thomas Bamford.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 8th day of June, 1908.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

June 20.

Iron Master Mineral Group, consisting "Ironmaster," "Iron King," "Iron Prince," "Ironmaster's Son" and "Grip On Iron" Mineral Claims.

Situate in Port Renfrew District, Victoria Mining Division.

Where Located—Extending East and West from Bentley Creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Harrie G. Ross, for myself, Free Miner's Certificate No. B22830, and associate Trustees of the above Mineral Group, viz., John Bentley, Free Miner's Certificate No. B23050; John William Fisher, Free Miner's Certificate No. 23101; John Berryman, Free Miner's Certificate No. B23038; and Thomas J. Plimley, Free Miner's Certificate No. B23040, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 10th day of June, A.D. 1908.

June 20 HARRIE G. ROSS.

"Elijah" and "Benjamin" Mineral Claims

Situate in Port Renfrew District, Victoria Mining Division.

Where located—Immediately east of Bugaboo Creek and Seven Miles from San Juan Harbour.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Harrie G. Ross, Free Miner's Certificate No. B22830, Agent for The Bentley Iron Mining Co., Ld., Free Miner's Certificate No. B22821, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

Dated this 10th day of June, A.D. 1908.

June 20 HARRIE G. ROSS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
Normal School, Vancouver.

SEALED TENDERS, superscribed "Tender for Normal School, Vancouver," will be received by the Hon. the Chief Commissioner up to noon of Wednesday, the 15t hJuly, 1908, for the erection and completion of the Normal School at Vancouver.

Drawings, specifications, and contract form may be seen on and after the 22nd of June, 1908, at the office of the Public Works Engineer, the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the office **of Messrs. Pearce & Hope**, Architects, Vancouver, B.C.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, in the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do os. The cheques or certificates of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be returned upon his furnishing a bond satisfactory to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner in the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars, for the due fulfilment of the contract.

No tender will be considered unless made out on the form supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelope furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 16th June, 1908.

June 20

WANTED

WANTED—Young men for Firemen and Brakemen, instruct you at home by mail. For free information send stamp to National Railway Training School, Inc., 376 Robert St. (Room 57), St. Paul, Minn., U.S.A.

Royal Dairy

1004 Broad Street

Ice Cream & Sweet Cream

Supplied in quantity.
Try our delicious
CREAM AND STRAWBERR
from our own ranch, fresh every day.
We also carry a fresh supply of Butter and Eggs.
Phone 188.

$1,000 Reward

The Government of the Province of British Columbia hereby offers a reward of One Thousand Dollars for the arrest and conviction of a certain unknown man, who on the ninth day of June instant, at or near Hazelmere, in the County of New Westminster, in the said Province, murdered one Mrs. Mary Morrison by cutting her throat.

Description of murderer has been given as follows: Height about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches; clean shaven, fat-swarthy face, probably negro blood; wore dark clothing and soft dark hat, one hole in seat of pants, black shirt with white stripes; face and clothing blackened, as though he had been working in burnt timber. This description is the only one obtainable, but it may be incorrect.

Watch all tramps and suspicious looking characters who may have come from the direction of the scene of the murder.

Warrant issued. Report by wire any information to F. Stanley Spain, Chief Constable, New Westminster, B.C., or to the undersigned:

F. S. HUSSY,
Superintendent Provincial Police, Victoria, B.C.

Provincial Police Department, Victoria, British Columbia, June 10, 1908.

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Calendar sent on application. Autumn term commences Sept. 10, 1908

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Certified by leading analyists as "absolutely pure." Try it in your home early in the morning, in the day time or late at night. A delicious sparkling tonic which the head of the family should insist upon his children and women-folk drinking at the present time. Do not let your dealer supply you with an inferior mineral water. There's nothing too good for Victoria. It is proverbial of them that they must have the best procurable. White Rock, on account of its absolute purity, cooling and invigorating qualities, is well worth the small extra cost. Call for it at your club, hotel, bar or cafe. Unrivalled as a diluter for whiskey, wine or milk.

Our series of Menus of Famous Banquets have become so popular that we shall continue them next week in this space.

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Subscribed Capital . $500,000
Paid Up Capital . $126,000
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The Week

A Provincial Review and Magazine, published every Saturday by

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Published at VICTORIA and VANCOUVER

83½ Government Street...Victoria, B.C.
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W. BLAKEMORE..Manager and Editor

Mind and Matter.

I hope the habitual reader of this column will not be alarmed at the title. I am not about to enter into any learned disquisition of a philosophical character. If any of my readers are anxious for such a course of study I can furnish them with a list of the most up-to-date works treating the subject on a scientific basis, but I want to make a few casual remarks from a popular standpoint. I am incited thereto by the persistency with which so called faith healers, Christian Scientists and other select coteries, the product of twentieth century enlightenment, are forcing the subject to the front.

Not that there is anything new in the theory that mind has an influence on matter, but its votaries have vastly extended the application of the theory until their conclusions if logically followed would lead to the abandonment of many excellent curative methods and a substitution of a cult for developing hypnotism. I was furnished the other day with an excellent recipe for allaying worry. What would not such a recipe be worth if it could be effectively applied at will, worry kills more men than work, poison or old age, to say nothing of strong drink and ice cream. How many times have we read "don't worry," and how many thousands of times have we tried not to worry, and yet whenever things go wrong we worry just the same as ever.

Then we are told that worry dosn't pay, well of ocurse it doesn't, everybody knows that, but people don't worry because they believe it pays, and most people would be very glad to pay a good price to get cured of the habit. Since I know that the recipe was given in good faith, and had been successfully applied by the person who sent it, I dare not comment other than with respect, and so as not to arouse the risibilities of the Philistines I will not repeat it, beyond suggesting that it involves a gradual relaxing of all the muscles of the body at will, and a yielding to the soothing influence supposed to follow in consequence. To put it shortly it simply means the exercise of sufficient will power to produce bodily torpor, with sufficient faith to believe that peace of mind will follow. I tried it with the most sincere desire that it should be effective, but the only result was to lash myself into a state of excitement and to precipitate sleeplessness. Then I am told that it requires practice, and a course of training which I am quite willing to believe.

My own conclusion is that only one person in several millions would be likely to possess this special and peculiar gift. On the other hand I think it must be admitted that we do not sufficiently appreciate the influence which mind does exert over matter. We do not realize how frequently our bodily ills are due to mental maladies. Every doctor knows, for instance, how nervousness disorganizes the digestive functions, with the result that the food fails to nourish, and the body loses its vigour, then with reduced vitality almost any ills may follow. The common advice in such cases is "pull yourself together," a recognition of the fact that medical science can do nothing without the assistance of the patient, and that assistance lies in the exercise of will power.

The best illustration of this, and one which must be regarded as authoritative is the case of Hezekiah, who in a moment of depression turned his face to the wall to die. Gold seekers who trekked northwards on that terrible Edmonton trail in 1897 tell of strong, healthy, able-bodied men who deliberately laid down on the trail and died, simply because they were depressed to the verge of despair by their trials and disappointments. I well recall the case of one man, a carpenter, who when all the baggage and food had been washed away, positively refused to budge an inch. There was nothing the matter with him; he was not even hungry, nor was his strength reduced by fasting, but when he saw the mishap he concluded that there was nothing ahead of him but starvation and deliberately threw up the sponge. He died as he deserved.

On the other hand there are thousands of illustrations of sick persons given up by the doctors who determined that they wouldn't die, and they are living to-day. When all is said and done, the vital spark of which we hear so much is not physical, it is an emanation of the will. I cannot pursue this subject further, and these lines are intended to be rather suggestive than exhaustive, but my readers will easily see how the principle applies to much more than a question of sickness and health, and how it dominates human projects and schemes, and must be in its very essence the ruling force of human life. No man is beaten as long as he wills to fight, there is a sense in which it is equally true that no man dies as long as he wills to live.

Bohemian.

A CRITIC OF SOCIALISM.

President Roosevelt and his admirers will doubtless welcome the little book which the Macmillans have just published under the title "The Problems and Perils of Socialism." The author is Mr. J. St. Loe Strachey, editor of the Spectator, and probably the most influential English defender of Mr. Roosevelt's policies. The book is fittingly dedicated to President Roosevelt, "not because of personal friendship nor out of private regard, though these would have been reasons amply sufficient," but because he regards the President as one of the most convinced and most powerful opponents of socialism. The volume is a reprint of a series of "Letters to a Working Man" which appeared in the Spectator, and which embody the author's view that socialism would imperil the safety of the state by breaking down the character of the citizens, and by drying up the sources of national wealth.

Farmer—"Somethin' the matter with the machine?"

Voice (from under the auto)—No; I just crawled under here to get out of the sun.

Sporting Comment.

Since my last remarks I am pleased to see that the local baseball club has anexed two more scalps, and both have been fairly good games. The Athletics of Seattle and the Ballard team are as strong as any semi-professional nines on the Sound, and to lower the colors of both these is something to be proud of.

Although all the runs in the game against the Athletics were made on errors, a comparison of the play will show that the local team were entitled to the game on their play, owing to the fact that the Victoria boys not only had more hits than their opponents, but thep also had more hits stopped. In the game with Ballard the superior batting of the home team was responsible for the victory, although the smart fielding on the part of the local representatives had considerable to do with keeping the score down.

The attendance at the Saturday game was very small, and while there was an increase for Dominion Day it was not as large as it should have been when the class of ball that is being played is taken into consideration. This afternoon the locals are playing in Port Angeles, and another victory is expected.

In connection with these games the management of the local club has been charged with bringing weak teams to this city to play the locals, when it is known that an easy victory is assured. I have followed baseball on the Sound very carefully this season, and from my observations I consider that the teams that have been brought to this city are the strongest outside of the regular league teams of any on the Sound. A perusal of the list of games that are booked will show that the management is exerting every effort to bring first-class nines to this city, and when it is stated that among the teams with whom the management is in communication with at present is the Vancouver team, which lately has made such a remarkable showing in the race for the championship of the northwestern league. This game is not an assured fact, but inducements are being offered this team for a game some Monday afternoon. This is the only day on which one of the league teams can play outside matches, and if it should so happen that the game is arranged, it will be necessary for the people who are now complaining of weak teams to augment the attendance considerably.

On several occasions I have referred to the neglect of the local daily papers in not giving their readers the latest sporting news. On those occasions I referred particularly to the scores of the northwest baseball league, but as yet nothing has been done, for the scores do not appear. Although the daily press does not consider this of sufficient importance to publish, I am informed that at least two well known resorts for gentlemen have arranged to have the scorces bulletined every afternoon. The latest neglect on the part of the morning daily is the failure to publish the results of the games in Vancouver on Dominion Day in which Victoria clubs took part.

The Victoria intermediate lacrosse team visited Vancouver on that day, and not a word was said until the news was two days' old. The same can be said of the gun clubs, which sent representatives to the shoot in Vancouver, while the victory of the local cricketers over the Mainland players received as much attention as can be given in three lines. This is certainly a case of newspapers being up to date.

The defeat of Dr. Roller, the Seattle wrestler, at the hands of Frank Gotch was, as I expected, and although I have never seen either man in action, I learn on good authority that from the showing that was made by Roller in his previous matches he had no license whatever to take on Gotch.

The account of the lacrosse match between the Vancouver and New Westminster teams tells us of very rough work, and from a gentleman who knows the game and witnessed this particular match, I learn that it was disgraceful. Until referees are appointed who are ready to have the laws of the game enforced as they should be, there will be rough play, and as long as the rough play continues the Canadian national game will suffer. At the annual meteing of the B. C. Lacrosse Association official referees were appointed to fill these positions, but up till the present I have heard of only one game when two officials regularly appointed were in charge. If the executive of the association was to get busy the referees might be made to do their work properly.

The victory of the Victoria Cricket Club over the Vancouver players did not come as any surprise to me, for I have maintained all season that the local club is stronger this season than it has been for some years, and if it does not bring the championship to this city I shall be considera surprised.

UMPIRE

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Salt Cellar	$ 1.00
Butter Dish	2.25
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Salad Bowl	7.50
Ice Pail	8.00
Dinner Gong	14.50
Handsome Liquor Cabinet	37.50

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TO-DAY

and will continue next week.

Admission Free except to the Finals when a charge of 50c. is made to non-members.

Victoria.

I do not boast that at my door
Rich commerce lays an affluent stor
Not that, before the stranger's eyes,
Imposing mansions, clustering, rise

But mine is wealth of greater wor
The opulence of fairest earth.
Gold, unalloyed, in matchless da
And emeralds in my unfenced la

I do not boast my heart affords
A changeling love to teeming hord
Nor that, in turbulence, I run
A restless race from sun to sun.

But perfumed airs my gardens g
And sapphirine waves my beaches
And on their sun-kissed bosoms
The mirrored gleam of turquoise

Far prouder cities, roaring, stand
Where beauty's hand ne'er touched
land.
But, careless of their braggart s
I lure their wearied peoples here.

—Alfred Hustwi

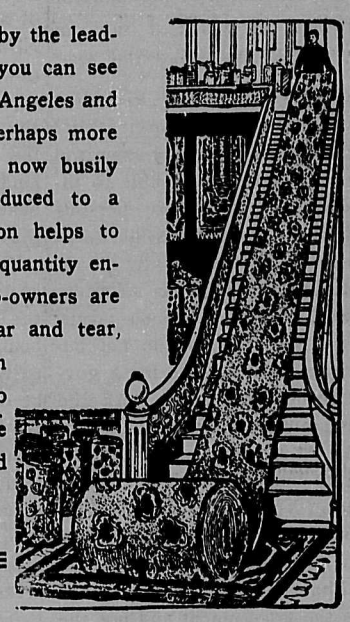
No Chance to Kick.

Ostend—"Does money talk, pa

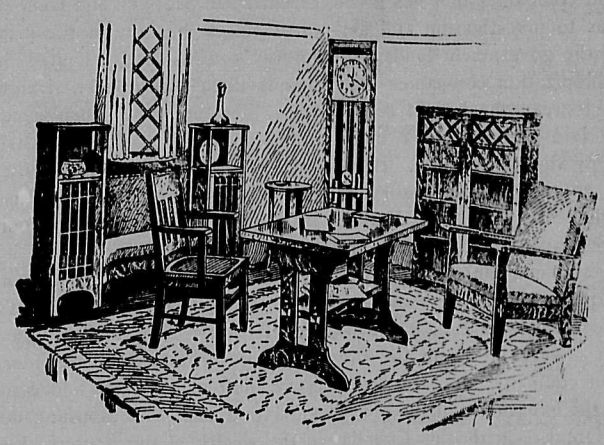
Pa—"No, my son. If money c
talk the new $10 gold pieces woul
out a wail about the Indian in p
mas and the Shakespearean Ind

44,000 Yards of Carpets

Forty-Four Thousand Yards of fine carpets, every inch carefully woven in the latest designs by the leading manufacturers, that is the stock now on view in our carpet department—seeing is believing, you can see it any moment you honour us with a call. If placed end-on they would reach from here to Port Angeles and part of the way back; they would cover the centre of twenty-five miles of sidewalks. What is perhaps more astonishing still is the fact that we have as much more on order and long before the weft which is now busily plying across the English looms reaches us, the present forty-four thousand yards will be reduced to a minimum. A great quantity goes into the beautiful homes of Victoria and district, another portion helps to furnish the numerous hotels that are springing up all over this vast western land; another large quantity enriches the magnificent steamships which ply to and fro on the Pacific. Hotel proprietors and ship-owners are hard headed men of business, they demand and will have only those carpets that will stand wear and tear, they know it is a fool's policy to buy a carpet which will need replacing in a few years time when they can buy from Weiler Bros., the finest carpets in the world, that will last from twenty to fifty years, at very little more than they pay for the so-called cheap carpet. What is more, these men of business cannot afford to have an ugly or out-of-date design, they must have the latest and most artistic, that is another reason why they come to us for their carpets.



Suppose you are recarpeting a room, for the sake of saving two dollars you buy one the so-called cheap sort, it will look shabby within twelve months, and at the end of five years it will be a worn-out rag, the whole of the first cost is gone, and you have to duplicate expense; that **increases** your cost of living. If you had come to us, we should have sold you a carpet that would have lasted you anyway from twenty-five to fifty years, thereby **reducing** your cost of living. It does not matter what style of carpets you are in want of—Brussels, Wilton, Axminster, Axbury, Tapestry, Art Square, or Oriental—we can show you a wonderful assortment in each class. We are proud of our carpets because their lasting wear and beautiful designs bring us at least two customers for every carpet sold—people will talk, you know—they like it, and so do we.



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Venezuela.

(Written specially for The Week, by an ex-Resident.)

"What will be the eventual outcome of the trouble between the United States and Venezuela?"

Important as this question is, it has lost much of its interest and its attraction for the ordinary person owing to the fact that it has been before the public so long. It must be more than seven years, speaking roughly, since the States and Venezuela first began to disagree, but it was not until Castro, the strongest and most unscrupulous President that Venezuela ever possessed ruled, that matters became very serious. Since his accession, for accession is the only word which fully conveys to the outside public the despotic power which this extraordinary man wields, the diplomatic situation between the two countries has bordered upon the grotesque. On the one hand we find a republic, with a population of less than 300,000, an army of 8,000 men, no credit, rotten government and endless possibilities, defying a nation of over 80,000,000 people with an army and a navy in proportion to its population. On the other hand this great power has suffered a baby republic to insult her throughout a long term of years, has allowed her citizens to be ejected, her debts to remain unpaid and herself to be an object of amusement to the other great Powers. It is true that from time to time the United States has made protests, but they have proved abortive and have been contemplated by the President of Venezuela with good-humoured contempt. Occasionally messages are received over the wires which indicate that something would be done within a few days and that the United States would obtain her just claims, but no result has followed. One of these spasms of abortive activity, if the paradox may be admitted, has taken place during the last few days when the U. S. has threatened to practically boycott all Venezuelan trade as far their territories are concerned. Like others, this appalling threat has not been taken seriously by the President or the people of Venezuela and the despoilers of the vast capital of the Bermudez Asphalt Company sleep undisturbed.

The reasons that the republic of Venezuela has been able to assume and to keep up this extraordinary attitude of contempt for the United States and for the rest of the powers, are many. One of the foremost is the whole-hearted apathy with which the people of the country regard their own affairs and the affairs of the world. Spanish as they are by origin, by language and by tradition, there is nothing which can arouse any degree of interest in their minds. The eternal "Manana," that ever blessed tomorrow upon which the Spaniard will do everything, is not only their shibboleth, it is their creed, condensed into one word. Even when Presidents have been shot in the capital city and when aspiring ministers of state have been swiftly and silently hurried away to the dark dungeons of the prison which stands in the swamps of Maracibo, the common herd have shown no concern. The soldiers themselves, unless driven into action at the point of the bayonet, would sooner enjoy a siesta rather than face the enemy at any stage of the game. How much more then is it unreasonable to expect them to interest themselves in a matter in which a foreign country is concerned, when they are too lazy to interest themselves in revolutions which are of their own making.

The personality of Castro is overwhelming and permeates the land. Never in the history of the counrry, since Simon Bollivar Liberator, delivered Venezuela from the despotism of Spain in 1810 has a president lived long enough to complete his term of office. The bullet, the sword, or the poison have ended his career. But Castro has proved himself to be invulnerable so far, and more than that he has taken such revenge upon those who have endeavoured to intertere with him, that the exciting business of fomenting revolutions has lost its attraction, even for the most reckless.

To summarize the attitude of the people. It amount to this:

"It is Castro. Let him do as seemeth good unto him."

One fact which can be accepted with reference to the situation as it stands today is that whatever promises Castro may make, whatever agreements he may enter into, whatever compacts he may conclude he will not adhere to one of them.

It is as useless to expect His Excellency of Venezuela to keep his word in International matters as it would be to expect that the waters of the earth would ascend the mountains.

With an army which is not equipped, with a navy which consists of six ships, five of which have been sold to him by other nations after they have been condemned as unseaworthy, with a depreciated currency and an exhausted credit, Castro is in the happy and irresponsible position of the insolvent gambler who can afford to take every risk that the game may contain in the pleasing consciousness that he has nothing to lose and everything to win.

If the annexation of Venezuela to the United States had been politically possible it would have happened some time ago, but unfortunately both for Venezuela and for the United States it does not seem to be an event which can be brought about. The country of Venezuela, covers an area of 599,166 square miles and throughout all this vast territory only 370 miles of railways have been built. This one statement is sufficient to show that it is entirely undeveloped. And yet the country itself is one of the richest in the world. There is no species of tropical produce which does not flourish within it and the few prospectors who have penetrated into the interior have returned saying that its mineral resources are unequalled. Its Northern Coast line extends for hundreds of miles and although in parts the mountains make it a matter of difficulty to bring the produce down to the Coast, nevertheless there are places where ports could be established without serious trouble and the distance to the Gulf of Mexico is but trifling. And this marvellous country is practically a waste and barren land as far as the exploiting of its resources is concerned.

The one and only satisfactory solution to the difficulty which exists between the United States and Venezuela is annexation. There is not nor can there ever be any other satisfactory ending. Even if Castro should die suddenly at the hands of his numerous and vindictive enemies another President would arise whose methods would be more involved and whose unscrupulousness would be more intensified even than are the methods and unscrupulousness of the Dictator of today. The term of office which may be enjoyed by any of the Government officials of the Republics of South America is so short and the chance of prolonged life so insecure that perforce the only satisfactory way in which they can make use of any power which may happen to come their way is to embark upon a short and strenuous course of pillage, plunder and murder, regardless of the interest of the people whom they are supposed to govern, and regardless of the ethics which govern the lives of ordinary men.

A strong stand such as has been recommended by Secretary Root to the Congress at Washington, when he advised that the trade of Venezuela should be crippled as far as it lies within the power of the United States to do so, may bring President Castro to his senses for a short space of time and may cause him to issue his orders to the judges of the Supreme Court of Venezuela to reverse their decision in the matter of the Bermudez Company.

This, I say, may happen, but even so, it will be only a temporary lull in a storm which, although intermittent, is also recurring. At the next opportunity, and Castro is one of the most expert opportunists who ever entered into the devious paths of diplomacy, Castro will discover another excuse for looting the hated foreigner and the whole trouble will occur once more to be patched up in the same unsatisfactory manner. As long as Venezuela is a Republic, as long as she is permitted to misgovern herself, so long will she be an ever-present source of trouble, not only to the United States of America but to any other nation whose subjects endeavour to trade within her gates.

Joseph Rauer of St. Louis confided his saloon to the vigilance of a bulldog which intelligently allowed a burglar to steal all the valuables in it while repulsing a policeman who was disposed to interfere!

Correspondence.

LAND SETTLEMENT.

Victoria, B. C., June 10, 1908.

Editor Week:

Sir,—In yesterday's issue of the Colonist an editorial appears criticising an article in the News-Advertiser re the settlement of the lands of the Province, in which it says in part: We are asked why the government cannot be its own organization agent, and make the profit itself? This question can be readily answered by those who take the trouble to investigate the matter. Such persons know that it is quite impossible for a government to act successfully in colonization lines, that is in soliciting people and locating them on farms, and as for the profit we do not believe it would be possible for a government to do colonization work and make any money out of it, and continues its article favouring the handing over of our lands to colonization companies. Now, sir, if the editor of the Colonist would apply his advice to *others to take the trouble to investigate* to himself he would find that it has been the government and not the colonization companies that has given the impetus to investigation and settlement of the government lands, and that the colonization companies only stepped in to reap the benefit of the foundation laid and the work being carried on by the government. If we *go back to the earliest history of* Canada, when the king of France handed over large tracts of land to individuals and companies for colonization purposes, were they not a failure so far as colonization was concerned, but a very fat thing for the individual or company; and later have we not got the experience of the province of Ontario, with the Canada *Land Company, and later still, what* were the results from the number of land and colonization companies organized for the settlement of the lands of Manitoba and the Northwest in the eighties? Were they not all dismal failures so far as colonization was concerned? It must not be thought for a moment that the large immigration into these provinces to the east of us is the work of colonization or land companies. These companies which secured immense tracts of land at unreasonably low prices and made colossial fortunes by selling to the incoming settler at greatly advanced prices, only came into existence within the last seven years. After the Dominion government and the government of Manitoba had agents, both in Great Britain and the United States for over twenty years and advertising the country and working up immigration, and so soon as it became evident to a number of shrewd business men that the tide of settlement had set in for Manitoba and the Northwest, they stepped in, secured the land and acted merely as salesmen and guides and pocketed the profits. It is a crying shame and a matter that savours of something worse than business incapacity, that both the Dominion government and the government of Manitoba, after spending large sums of money in securing settlers should have handed them over to be fleeced by wily speculators to their own loss. The question in a nutshell is if the land was only worth one dollar and twenty-five cents to two dollars and fifey cents per acre the prices at which they were sold to the land companies, why was it not sold on settlement conditions to the actual settler at these prices? If it was worth the twelve to twenty dollars per acre which these companies received from the settler, why should not the governments have secured those prices themselves?

Now, sir, I think the editor of the Colonist, whom we know to be intelligent, progressive and up to date in his views on public questions, and I believe favours municipal and government ownership of public utilities, must have been a little befossiled or befagged when he wrote that article, or it would never have appeared in print. Is this not an age when the most conservative men are favouring government ownership of railways and other public utnlities, even to purchasing them of the companies owning them? If the government can find men qualified to manage and operate difficult propositions, why can they not find men to handle the simplest of all the land which they now possess? Is it not refreshing to be asked to hand over our public domain for a mere pittance to private corporations while the government of Great Britain is advancing large sums of money to buy out their landlords? Now I do not propose advising tne government, as I think they are quite capable of dealing with the question. But I would suggest for the benefit of the Colonist a means by which our lands might be administered for the benefit of both the settler and the province. The government has at present a number of survey and exploring parties at work throughout the new districts. On their reports being filed the most advantageous parts for immediate settlement should be opened up by the building of good roads from the nearest points of either railway or water communication; a department of immigration organized in connection with, say, the land department, with a competent, experienced man at the head of it. Increase the staff sufficient in Great Britain to reach the farming districts, especially in Scotland and Ireland, and open offices in some of the principal railway centres in the United States. Supply them with honest, straightforward literature, and when necessary send competent guides to assist settlers in locating their lands. But you say this means greater expense. I answer no greater than it would be for a private company, and is our province not as wealthy as any of those companies. Does not the United States, and I think the Dominion governments not consider that every adult male citizen added to our population adds one thousand dollars to the wealth of the nation? But regardless of this last fact this proposition, instead of being a tax on the other revenues of the Province can be made not only self-sustaining but a large revenue producer, and at the same time provide lands for the settler at less than half the prices charged by the land companies. To meet this expense I would leave the pre-emption law as it is, issue grazing leases and permits for cutting hay at reasonable rates and raise the price of sale from two dollars and fifty cents per acre to five dollars, and that on conditions of settlement and sell on tiems of, say, six or ten annual instalments with interest at six per cent. As I understand it the government has sufficient money on hand, otherwise I would suggest the issuing of four per cent. bonds for the purpose which could be now sold at par. This proposition holds out greater inducements to the settler, while the Province receives the profits instead of the speculator.

Yours truly,

B. COLUMBIAN.

CONCERNING MISS MURCUTT.

Editor of the Week, Victoria:

Sir,—Permit me to congratulate you upon your stand re Miss Ada Murcutt, the much travelled mischief-maker and high priestess of "reforms," which, if brought about would in my opinion work incalculable damage to Canada. Miss Murcutt, to my mind, is an irrational egotist, whose policy is to do good for Miss Murcutt chiefly. Her stock in trade is to misrepresent in one part of the world the conditions prevailing in another, and her audiences as a rule are composed of credulous, confiding women and children, who display a larger measure of faith in the reliability of her statements than they warrant. I happened to be in Wellington, N. Z., when Miss Murcutt was there last September, and was astonished beyond measure at some of the things contained in her address. She was dealing with the conditions of women in America. In the glorious republic, she averred, typistes , for an example, receive an average wage of £20 ($100) per month. Corresponding high wages are earned by all women engaged in business life. The result of such high wages is that girls do not feel themselves impelled to marry prematurely, for the sake of securing a home and support, and are therefore able to make a better selection when they do accept a husband. The result, according to Miss Murcutt, is that in the United States of America, the average domestic happiness and suitable marriages is higher than anywhere else in the world. Both the facts (?) and the deductions were so astounding to me that I looked into them at the time. As for the alleged high wages we have only to go to Sargeant's statistics from the Labour Bureau at Washington to find that the average for typistes is $30 per month —not $100. The fact that the divorce average in the States is higher than anywhere else in the world would seem to contradict the sequential deductions. I merely mention the incident as an example of the utter irresponsibility of this lecturer, who appears to have hypnotized a most well meaning body of women.

TRAVELLER.

Up-to-Date Jack.

After killing the giant with seven eyes brave Jack tossed away his club.

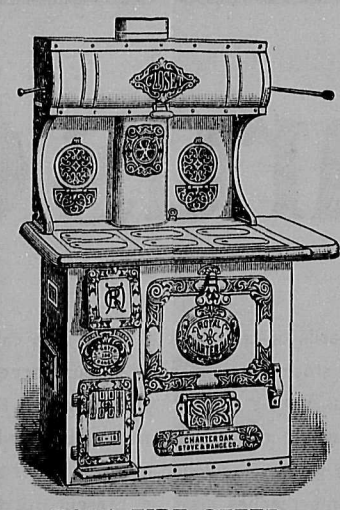
"This work is too slow for me," he confided.

"Going to give up killing giants?" queried the friend.

"Oh, no, I am going to get a racing automobile and kill them all in a few days and be done with it."

Different Zones.

While giving a geography lesson a teacher called upon a precocious youngster named Johnny to tell what he could about "zones." Johnny responded as follows:. "There are two kinds of zones; masculine and feminine. The masculine zones are temperate and intemperate while the feminine zones are both torrid and frigid."



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"The Land of Two Moons."

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ALEXANDER and SCOTT "From Virginia."

EFFIE PEARSON Singing Comedienne.

THOS. J. PRICE, Song Illustrator "I Miss You in a Thousand Different Ways."

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NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that John Gaffeney, St. Paul, Minn., occupation Gentle-n, intends to apply for permission purchase the following described ds:

Commencing at a post planted at the itheast corner of section 8, Town-p north of township 12, range 5, udrier survey, Nechaco Valley, thence rth 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; ence south 80 chains; thence east 80 ains to place of beginning.

Dated April rd, 1908.
ne 20 JOHN GAFFENEY.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that V. J. Swanson, St. Paul, Minn., occupation Gentle-an, intends to apply for permission to rchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the utheast corner of section 5, township rth of township 12, range 5, Poudrier rvey, Nechaco Valley, thence north 80 ains; thence west 80 chains; thence uth 80 chains; thence east 80 chains place of commencement.

Dated April 3rd, 1908.
ne 20 V. J. SWANSON.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that E. W. MacKenzie, Winnipeg, Man., occupation Barris-, intends to apply for permission to rchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the ithwest corner of section 18, town-p north of township 12, range 5, Pou-er survey, Nechaco Valley; thence rth 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; nce south 80 chains; thence west 80 ains to place of commencement.

Dated April 1st, 1908.
ne 20 E. W. MACKENZIE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that R. L. Brackin, Chatham, Ont., occupation Barrister, ends to apply for permission to pur-se the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the thwest corner of section 7, township th of township 12, range 5, Poudrier vey, Nechaco Valley; thence north 80 ins; thence east 80 chains; thence th 80 chains; thence west 80 chains point of commencement.

ated April 1st, 1908.
e 20 R. L. BRACKIN.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

AKE NOTICE that Ethel Patmore, Cranbrook, B.C., occupation Married nan, intends to apply for permission purchase the following described s:

mmencing at a post planted at the hwest corner of section 6, township h of township 12, range 5, Poudrier ey, Nechaco Valley, thence north hains; thence east 80 chains; thence h 80 chains; thence west 80 chains lace of commencement.

ated March 31st, 1908.
e 20 ETHEL PATMORE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

AKE NOTICE that Ethel Elizabeth nore of Cranbrook, B.C., occupation ried Woman, intends to apply for nission to purchase the following ribed lands:

mmencing at a post planted at the heast corner of section 1, township h of township 13, range 5, Pou- survey, Nechaco Valley; thence 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; e south 80 chains; thence east 80 ns to point of commencement.

rch 1st, 1908.
THEL ELIZABETH PATMORE.
20

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

KE NOTICE that Alex Cochrane, oronto, Ont., occupation Barrister, ds to apply for permission to pur-e the following described lands:

mmencing at a post planted at the east corner of section 2, township of township 13, range 5, Poudrier y, Nechaco Valley, thence north 80 s; thence west 80 chains; thence 80 chains; thence east 80 chains oint of commencement.

rch 31st, 1908.
20 ALEX COCHRANE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

KE NOTICE that Charles Garrow oderich, Ont., occupation Barrister, ds to apply for permission to pur-the following described lands:

mmencing at a post planted at the east corner of section , township of township 13, range 5, Poudrier y, Nechaco Valley, thence north 80 s; thence west 80 chains; thence 80 chains; thence east 80 chains int of commencement.

rch 31st, 1908.
20 CHARLES GARROW.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

KE NOTICE that G. S. Hodgson oronto, Ontario. occupation Barris-ntends to apply for permission to ase the following described lands:

mmencing at a post planted at the east corner of section 12, township of township 13, range 5, Poudrier y, Nechaco Valley; thence north 80 s; thence west 80 chains; thence 80 chains; thence east 80 chains int of commencement.

il 1st, 1908.
20 G. S. HODGSON.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

KE NOTICE that R. W. Matheson cknow, Ont., occupation Commer-raveller, intends to apply for per-n to purchase the following de-d lands:

mencing at a post planted at the east corner of section 13, township of township 13, range 5, Pou- survey, Nechaco Valley; thence 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; south 80 chains; thence east 80 to point of commencement.

l 1st, 1908.
0 R. W. MATHESON.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

E NOTICE that E. M. Flock of , Ont., occupation Barrister, in-to apply for permission to pur-he following described lands:

mencing at a post planted at the st corner of section 11, town-rth of township 13, range 5, Pou-survey, Nechaco Valley; thence 0 chains; thence west 80 chains; north 80 chains; thence east 80 to point of commencement.

1st, 1908.
E. M. FLOCK.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

E NOTICE that H. T. Blackburn, don, Ont., occupation Barrister, to apply for permission to pur-he following described lands:

nencing at a post planted at the st corner of section 14, town-ship north of township 13, range 5, Poudrier survey, Nechaco Valley; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

April 1st, 1908.
June 20 H. T. BLACKBURN.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that A. A. Magee of Toronto, Ont., occupation Barrister, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of section 10, township north of township 13, range 5, Poudrier survey, Nechaco Valley; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

April 1st, 1908.
June 20 A. A. MAGEE.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that Lizzie Fickeisen, of St. Louis, Mo., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of the south half of section 34, township 14, range 5, Nechaco Valley; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement, and being the south half of said section 34 and the north half of section 27, township 14, range 5.

March 29th, 1908.
June 20 LIZZIE FICKEISEN.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that Ella Bamford, of Berkeley, Cal., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of section 26, township 14, range 5, Nechaco Valley; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

March 29th, 1908.
June 20 ELLA BAMFORD.

NECHACO LAND DISTRICT.
District of Omineca.

TAKE NOTICE that Anton Olson, of Saskatoon, Sask., occupation Farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner and 80 chains east of Indian Reserve No. 4, on the south shore of Fraser Lake; thence south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 40 chains more or less to south shore of Fraser Lake; thence following said shore westward to place of beginning.

April 21st, 1908.
June 20 ANTON OLSON.

TAKE NOTICE that the British Columbia Canning Canning Company, Limited, of London, England and Victoria, B.C., Salmon Canners and Sawmill Owners, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described foreshore and submerged land adjoining lot No. 3, Range, 2, Coast District.

Commencing at a post marked "B.C.C. Co., South Post," planted on Island, forming part of said Lot No. 3, three chains S. ¼ W. from the Church, situate on the Wannuck River, Rivers Inlet, B.C., thence due west one-quarter mile, thence due north one-half mile to a post marked "B. C. C. Co., N.W. Post," on the north shore of Rivers Inlet, thence along the shore one-quarter mile due east, thence due south to island first mentioned.

25th April, 1908.
BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO.,
May 2 D. McPhee, Agent.

TAKE NOTICE that the British Columbia Canning Company, Ltd., of London, England, and Victoria, B.C., Salmon Canners and Sawmill Owners, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described foreshore and submerged land fronting lots Nos. 4, 10, and 14, range 2, Coast District:

Commencing at a post marked "B.C.C. Co. N.E. Post," planted at the Southeast corner of the Victoria Cannery, Rivers Inlet, at high water mark, thence due west one-half mile, thence in a southerly direction to the N. W. corner of Lot No. 14, thence easterly along the shore to point of commencement.

BRITISH COLUMBIA CANNING CO.,
May 2 D. McPhee, Agent.

COAST LAND DISTRICT.

TAKE NOTICE that A. Mammer, of Bella Coola, occupation farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted 20 chains south of the northwest corner of Lot 24, Range 3, Coast District; thence west 20 chains to shore of Abuntlet Lake; thence in a southwesterly direction along shore line to the west boundary of Lot 24; thence north 5 chains more or less to point of commencement and containing five

June 2nd, 1908.
june 27 ALBERT HAMMER.

OMINECA LAND DISTRICT.

TAKE NOTICE that I, James Henry Snodgrass, of Francois Lake, occupation Rancher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner of Lot 212; thence W. 20 chains, more or less, to the Eastern boundary of my Pre-emption; thence south to shores of Francois Lake; thence following shore in an Easternly direction to the West Boundary of Lot 212; thence north following 40 acres, more or less.

Dated 20th May, 1908.
june 27 JAMES HENRY SNODGRASS.

PUBLIC HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the time for receiving competitive designs for a Public Hospital for the Insane, which it is proposed to erect at Coquitlam, situated near New Westminster, B.C., has been extended up to and including Monday, the 6th day of July, 1908.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 22nd June, 1908.
June 27

ADDITIONAL LICENCE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies Act, 1897."
Canada:
Province of British Columbia.
No. 417.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the "New Zealand Insurance Company, Limited," which, on the 28th day of November, 1907, was authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, is hereby authorised and licensed to carry out or effect all or any of the additional objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the Town of Auckland, in the Province of Auckland, in the Colony of New Zealand.

The amount of the capital of the Company is one million five hundred thousand pounds, divided into one hundred and fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and James Hill Lawson, merchant, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the Company.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 14th day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The additional objects for which this Company has been established and licensed are:—

To carry on every kind of insurance and re-insurance business not including ordinary life insurance, but including insurance against death by accident, and to re-insure or counter-insure every kind of risk, and to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of those objects. To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business property and liabilities of any company carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on.

June 27.

THE attention of the Lands and Works Department having been directed to the fact that town lots in a townsite named Prince Rupert, being a subdivision of Lot 642, Range 5, Coast District, situated on the mainland between the mouth of the Skeena River and Kaien Island, are being offered for sale, it has been deemed necessary to warn the public that the said townsite is not situated at the terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, and is not the townsite which is owned jointly by the Government of British Columbia and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company.

F. J. FULTON,
Chief Commissioner of
Lands and Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., May 1st, 1908.
May 9

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

To T. J. Graham, registered and assessed owner of Lot 291, Mount Tolmie Park, Victoria District.

TAKE NOTICE that application has been made to Register William Flannery as the owner in fee simple of the above lot under a Tax Sale Deed from the Assessor of the District of Victoria, dated the 16th of January, 1903, and you are required to contest the claim of the said William Flannery within 30 days from the first publication hereof.

Dated at Land Registry Office, Victoria, British Columbia, this 12th day of May, 1908.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
May 16 Registrar General.

Within sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 80 acres of land at Kitsals Canyon. The land is situated within lines commencing at a post about half a mile south of Chas. Durham's Southwest corner and marked: Erick Norlin, 80 acres, Purchase Claim, S. W. Corner, May 19th, 1908; thence north 20 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 80 acres,

May 19th, 1908.
June 13 ERICK NORLIN.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of New Westminster.

TAKE NOTICE that Thomas Owen Townley, of Vancouver, barrister at law, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: ,

Commencing at a post planted on the southwest shore of Defence Island, Howe Sound, thence in a northerly, easterly, southerly and westerly direction, following high water mark to the point of commencement, containing 30 acres, more or less, and being the whole of the Island known as Defence Island.

Dated 8th April, 1908.
THOMAS OWEN TOWNLEY.
May 9

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies Act, 1897."

I hereby certify that "The Ferro-Concrete Construction Company" has this day been registered as an Extra-Provincial Company under the "Companies Act, 1897," to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at Cincinnati in Hamilton County, Ohio.

The amount of the capital of the Company is five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and Henry Graham Lawson, Solicitor, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the company. Not empowered to issue and transfer stock.

Given under my hand and Seal of Office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

S. Y. WOOTTON.
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which this company has been established and registered are: Manufacturing and dealing in fire-proofing and building material of all kinds, and constructing, equipping and owning buildings, bridges and structures of all kinds, and all things incident thereto, of engaging in a general contracting business; and of acquiring, holding, owning and disposing of all rights, patent and otherwise, necessary and convenient for the prosecution of its business.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT.
Range 1, Coast District.

TAKE NOTICE that we, the undersigned, intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the purchase of the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the east side of Loughborough Inlet about three-quarters of a mile south of McBride Bay and about ten chains north of old mill; thence east twenty chains; thence south twenty chains; thence west twenty chains more or less to the east short of Loughborough Inlet; thence northerly twenty chains more or less and following the east shore of Loughborough Inlet to the point of commencement.

Dated May 1st, 1908.
DAVIDSON, WARD CO., LIMITED,
May 9 G. S. Wilson, Agent.

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies' Act, 1897,"

Canada,
Province of British Columbia.

No. 433.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the "Michigan Commercial Insurance Company" is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia and to corry out or affect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at Lansing, Ingham County, Michigan.

The amount of the capital of the Company is three hundred thousand dollars, divided into six thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and R. P. Rithet & Company, Insurance Agents, whose address is Victoria, B.C., is the attorney for the Company.

The time of the existence of the Company is thirty years from the 19th day of October, A.D., 1904.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 16th day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which the Company has been established and licensed are:

To make insurance on dwelling houses, stores, and all kinds of buildings and upon household furniture, goods, wares and merchandise, and any other property against loss or damage by fire, and to make insurance upon vessels, freights, goods, wares, merchandise, and other property against the risk of inland navigation and transportation.

May 2

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies' Act, 1897."

Canada,
Province of British Columbia.

No. 434.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the "Inter-provincial Land Company" is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital of the Company is sixty thousand dollars, divided into six hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at the City of Victoria, and James Fulford Fielde, agent, whose address is Victoria, aforesaid, is the attorney for the Company.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 21st day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eight.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which the Company has been established and licensed are:

(a) Acquiring, holding, leasing, renting, selling, dealing in, and disposing of, real estate or any interest therein. or any mortgage or lien thereon;

(b) To improve real estate by erecting buildings thereon, or in any other way altering or dealing with the same;

(c) To lend money on the security of any real or personal property, and for such purposes to take mortgages, bills of sale, and other pledges or liens thereon;

(d) To enter into agreements for the erection or improvement or sale of land or buildings;

(e) To acquire, own, sell, or otherwise dispose of, timber, timber limits, permits and licences, coal lands, or mining lands, or mining rights of any sort or description;

(f) To hold agencies for fire, or life insurance, or manufacturing companies;

(g) To carry on farming or gardening operations;

(h) To buy, sell, and deal in, cattle, horses, and other animals and farm produce, and generally to carry on a general real estate, loaning, renting, insurance agency and mercantile agency business;

(i) To acquire, purchase, sell, hold, and deal in, the stock-in-trade, effects, both real and personal, business, and good-will of any person, firm or corporation engaged in similar business;

(j) To acquire, buy, sell, and hold, stock in other companies with similar objects and powers.

BRADSHAW & DAVIE,
Solicitors for the Inter-provincial Land Company.

May 2

CLAYOQUOT LAND DISTRICT.
District of Alberni.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Mary I. Williams, of Victoria, B.C., spinster, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the south-west end of one of the group located on the chart as the one hundred islands, and extending around this island to point of commencement; supposed to contain 20 acres, more or less.

Dated April 3rd, 1908.
MARY ISABELLA WILLIAMS.
May 2

CLAYOQUOT LAND DISTRICT.
District of Alberni.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Elizabeth Margaret Wallis Williams, of Victoria, B.C., spinster, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the north-east side of Puzzle Island, extending around the island to point of commencement, and containing 85 acres, more or less.

Elizabeth Margaret Wallis Williams.
May 2

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of our application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Subdivision Lots 46 and 47 of Lot 68, and part of Lot 73, Spring Ridge (Map 395) Victoria City.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate Certificate of Title to said lands issued to William Ralph on the 30th day of June, 1892, and numbered 13495 A.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C., this 13th day of May, 1908.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
May 23 Registrar-General.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands, situated near Coal Creek, Renfrew District, B. C.: Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of section 88, and marked John Meston and W. H. Anderson; thence west 80 chains to northeast corner of section 87; thence north 80 chains; thence east to western boundary of the E. & N. Railway Company's Lands; thence following said boundary of Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company's Lands; thence following said boundary of Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company's lands to point of commencement.

Staked May 18th, 1908.
JOHN MESTON.
W. A. ANDERSON.
May 23

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.

TAKE NOTICE that Ernest Victor Bodwell, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Barrister-at-Law, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the west shore of Blinkinsop Bay, about 100 feet south of the Wharf, thence west 80 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south along the shore back to place of beginning, and containing 480 acres, more or less.

Dated June 24th, 1908.
ERNEST VICTOR BODWELL.
july 4 C. G. Johnstone, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.

TAKE NOTICE that Henry Graham Lawson, of Victoria, B.C., occupation, Solocitor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the head of Blinkinsop Bay, 50 feet north of the creek running to the Bay, thence west 60 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 60 chains back to the place of beginning, and containing 360 acres, more or less.

Dated June 24th, 1908.
HENRY GRAHAM LAWSON,
july 4 C. G. Johnstone, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.

TAKE NOTICE that James Hill Lawson, the younger, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Solicitor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the west shore of Blinkinsop Bay, three-quarters of a mile from the entrance of said Bay; thence west 80 chains; thence south 60 chains; thence easterly to the Bay and along the shore of Bay inside of Jessie Island; thence northerly along the shore of Blinkinsop Bay to the place of commencement, and containing 480 acres, more or less.

Dated June 24, 1908.
JAMES HILL LAWSON, JR.,
july 4 C. G. Johnstone, Agent.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range One.

TAKE NOTICE that Carl Gustave Johnstone of Victoria, B.C., occupation Master Mariner, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Blinkinsop Bay, three-quarters of a mile from the outlet of the creek at the head of the Bay; thence north along the shore 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 60 chains; thence west 60 chains to the place of commencement, and containing 360 acres, more or less.

Dated June 25th, 1908.
july 4 CARL GUSTAVE JOHNSTONE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:

Commencing at a post marked J.M.L., S.W., placed half a mile west from the north-east corner of Lot 1; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

June 22, 1908.
JOHN M. LANGLEY,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:

Commencing at a post marked J.W.T., S.E., placed half a mile from the north-east corner of Lot 1; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south to point of commencement, containing 320 acres.

June 22, 1908.
J. W. THICKENS,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:

Commencing at a post marked P.R., S.E., apiced half a mile south from the north-west corner of Lot 1; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

June 22, 1908.
PERCY RICHARDSON,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on the following described lands on Queen Charlotte Island:

Commencing at a post marked E.S., N.E., placed half a mile south from the north-west corner of Lot 1; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

ETHEL STEVENS,
july 4 Per S. V. Lasseter.

OLLA PODRIDA

Yet He Meant No Harm.

Master of Ceremonies (at social gathering)—Mr. Monumerlogg, shall we have your little talk now, or shall we let the people enjoy themselves a little while longer?

No Necessity For It.

"Your husband doesn't come to church, Mrs. Bramble. I haven't seen him there since Christmas."

"No, Mr. Slimly. He says he don't need to come till he gets all his good resolutions broke."

A Convenient Method.

"I'm sorry not to see you at our morning services," said the Christian Science reader to a recent convert.

"I am giving them absent treatment." said the convert.

Jack Knew.

Aunt—Jack, do you know your alphabet?

Jack—Yes, Auntie.

Aunt—Well, what letter comes after "a"?

Jack—All the others, auntie.

Nothing in a Name.

A fireproof building's apt to burn,
But do not grin;
Likewise a safety razor's apt
To scar the chin.

Realism.

Tommy—Ma, may I play make-b'lieve I'm entertainin' another little boy?

Mother—Certainly, dear.

Tommy—All right. Gimme some cake for him, then.

Words Failed Him.

Mr. Podsnap—I see that Jake Pullplug's son hez gone fer to learn to be one o' them—ah—what do you call them fellers that runs automobiles?

Farmer Topridge—Waal, I reely can't think o' nothin' bad enough ter call 'em, but then I wa'n't ever no good at cussin,' nohow.

The Cause For Delay.

Miss Threescore—Gracious! Haven't you found that ribbon for my hair yet?

Her Maid—Yes'm.

Miss Threescore—Then what keeps you so long?

Her Maid—I can't find your hair.

A True Saying.

The burglar had found a fresh beefsteak in the pantry.

Sprinkling it with arsenic, he took it out and dropped it over the backyard fence, for there was a dog in the next yard that threatened to alarm the neighborhood.

"How true it is," he said to himself, "that one man's meat is another man's pizen!"

Worst Still.

"My wife is getting to be very tiresome," complained Groucher. "She doesn't seem to know her own mind from one minute to the next."

"My wife," said Kratchett, "is the same way. She's as uncertain as the weather."

"Huh! Mine's as uncertain as the weather forecaster."

Pat's Forethought.

A gentleman who was in the habit of dining daily at a certain restaurant said to the waiter, an Irishman, who attended him: "Instead of tipping you every day, Pat, I'll give you your tip in a lump sum at the end of the month."

"Would ye moind paying me in advance, sorr?" asked the waiter.

"Well, that's rather a strange request," remarked the gentleman. "However, if you are in want of some money now, here's half a crown for you. But did you distrust me?"

"Oh, no sir," grinned Pat, pocketing the half crown, "but Oi'm lavin' here tomorrow?"

Preferred Reality.

"Miss Pechis," said Mr. Timmid, at the other end of the sofa, "if I were to throw you a kiss I wonder what you'd say."

"Well, I'd say you were the laziest man I ever saw."

A Good Bargain.

In a Scottish town a commercial traveler who called upon a tradesman at long intervals made a visit at Christmas time. "Here's a box of cigars," he said to the tradesman, "and I hope you'll enjoy them."

"Na! na!" replied the trader; "I couldn't tak' them—I neverdae business that way."

"Tut, tut—nonsense, sir!" exclaimed the traveler; "it's just a Christmas box."

"Na, na, mon! I never tak' anything far naething."

"Well, well—give me a shilling for the box," said the traveler, "if that will ease your conscience."

"Ay, ay! Well, let me see," said the honest shopkeeper, running his eye over the silver he took from his pocket; I see I've got a florin here——I'll tak' two boxes."

Boy Missionary.

When the foreign missionary had concluded his talk he made the usual appeal for contributions, however small. Coming up to the platform with several others, a small boy mounted to the level of the lecturer, and hastening toward him, said: "Please, sir, I was very much interested in your lecture, and—and—"

"Go on, my little man," said the missionary, encouragingly, "you want to help me in the good work?"

"Not exactly, sir," said the boy. "What I want to know is, have you any foreign stamps you don't want?"

"They say your brother used to have great luck as a fisherman."

"Yes, he did. Nearly everybody used to believe him."

Life.

"Life," said he, "is not all beer and skittles for a man."

"No," responded she, "nor all fudge and euchre for a woman."

Mr. Rockefeller has been asked to stop vivisection on his medical research farm, but just imagine how often he himself has had to suffer being cut up!

Kingston Tennis Club.

President—D. B. McLaren.
Vice-President—W. S. Terry.
Treasurer—Mrs. W. H. F. Richdale.
Subscription—Gentlemen $5, ladies $2.50.

Two Courts, which are in excellent condition, have been secured on the old J. B. A. A. grounds, corner of Kingston and Menzies streets. Any person desirous of becoming a member will kindly communicate with the Secretary. The Courts are open for the convenience of members daily, Sundays included, and members may bring visitors any day of the week except Saturday.

Petch—Harold.

The marriage of Mr. Robt A. Petch, son of A. Petch, watchmaker, of this city, and Miss Edith Harold, daughter of Mr. Thos. Harold, and neice of Mr. Cochrane, druggist, of this city, was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, 1245 Eighth avenue, Fairview, Vancouver, on Tuesday morning last, June 23rd, at 11 a.m. The happy couple arrived in this city on the SS. Charmer the same evening, and are spending their honeymoon at the home of the groom's parents, 572 Michigan street. They were the recipients of a large number of costly presents.

John William Petch, the groom's brother, acted as best man.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Petch, accompanied by their sons, John William and George, and their daughter Violet, journeyed to Vancouver by the SS. Princess Victoria last Sunday to attend the ceremony and returned with the bridal party.

THE NEW GR ND.

Next week Mr. Jamieson will have one of the sensations of the vaudeville world in the person of Sirronje, the handcuff queen and "Lady Raffles," as the big feature on a long bill. Sirronje has baffled two continents by the ease with which she breaks away from the best handcuffs and chains, and also escapes from packing cases and trunks securely fastened. Other big acts will be T. W. Eckert and Emma Berg in their musical fantasy, "The Land of Two Moons," produced with their own special scenery; Alexander and Scott, "From Virginia," in a black-face act that developes a big surprise at the end; Parmet Russell and company of four in their singing scenic novelty "Around the World in an Air Ship"; Effie Pearson, singing comedienne; Thos. J. Price, singing the illustrated son, "I miss you in a thousand different ways." New moving pictures entitled "After Midnight" and "Troubles of a Flirt," and as an overture "Goodbye" by Paoli Tosti, cornet solo with violin obligato.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, superscribed "Tender for School-house," will be received by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner up to noon of Monday, the 6th July, 1908, for the erection and completion of a two-room frame School-house at Haney, Dewdney Electoral District.

Plans, specifications, contract and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 25th day of June, 1908, at the offices of the Government Agent, New Westminster; of E. W. Beckett, Esq., Secretary of the School Board, Haney; and at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B.C.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner for a sum equivalent to ten per cent. of the amount of the tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 22nd June, 1908.
june 27

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MONDAY, JULY 6
Charles Frohman presents
WILLIAM COLLIER
In the Funniest Farce in Years
CAUGHT IN THE RAIN
A Cloudburst of Laughter.

Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2. Box Office opens 10 a.m. Friday, July 3. Mail orders will receive their usual attention.

MONDAY, JULY 3
ROBERT B. MANTELL
the great Shakespearean Actor, in
OTHELLO.

Housekeeping Suggestions for July

B. C. Granulated Sugar, per 20 lb. sack	$1.25
100 lb. sack	$6.00
Dixi Pastry Flour, per sack	$1.60
Ogilvie's Royal Hungarian Flour, per sack	$2.00
Picnic Hams, per lb.	12½c
Sugar Cured Hams, per lb.	18c
Carnation Cream, 2 tins for	25c
"Canada First" Milk, 2 tins	25c
Dixi Ceylon Tea, 3 lbs.	$1.00
Tomatoes, 2 large cans for	25c
Canadian Cheese, very fine, per lb.	20c
New Potatoes, Island Grown, 6 lbs.	25c

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"Pray you bid these unknown friends to us welcome, for it is a way to make us better friends, more known."—Winter's Tale.

In the words of the greatest of all dramatists, we bid "the stranger within our gates" a cordial welcome to our hostelry.

The Poodle Dog Hotel for the Tourist

is the ideal stopping place; well equipped throughout; modern, homelike, yet inexpensive and with a cuisine absolutely unrivalled in British Columbia.

The cosy Grill Room of the Poodle Dog is praised from coast to coast by transient guests.

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