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The Week

A British Columbia Newspaper and Review.
Published at Victoria, B. C.

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Agents
Wellington Colliery Company's Coal
1232 Gov't St. Telephone 83

Vol. 10. No. 30. 3 Tenth Year THE WEEK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1912 Tenth Year One Dollar Per Annum

A GREAT CHAMPION—By the death of General Booth suffering humanity has lost its greatest sym- iser, and the submerged tenth its only champion. His deficiencies and eccen- ties have long been obscured by his un- lleled zeal in the cause of the down- den, and if one starts out to praise the racteristics of this truly great man it is l to decide whether one is more im- sed by his marvellous powers of organ- on or by his intense human sympathy. an organizer he has had no compeer John Wesley. That saintly man cre- and built up a church which today is of the most numerous and influential hristendom. There are many who will concede that General Booth has cre- a church, and perhaps technically they orrect, but he has created an organ- n which has put many of the churches ame and which is today a standing ach to their neglect of the practical s of human life. The key-note of ral Booth's creed was that it was idle tempt to save the soul without at the time caring for the body, and no t in connection with the class of people g whom his life work lay, the conclu- is a correct one. Whether the Salva- Army be a church or not, it has been means of leading tens of thousands to tual salvation and has performed the test rescue work in the history of the d. In the earlier days of the Army eral Booth was somewhat autocratic, in- ant of advice, and disposed to be head- g. But he received the backing of of the most influential men in Lon- all of whom were identified with Chris- churches. Among these one of the notable was the great Welsh evange- Hugh Price Hughes, who did not a to turn aside the bitter attacks which at one time levelled against General th and the Army. It is fair to say that General profited from the counsel and ce of his friends, especially with refer- to the business side of the organiza- . Its finances today are under the con- of an influential committee and the eral was left more free to devote himself the evangelistic work of his mission. his he was, until the time of her death, merely sustained but guided by his in- parable wife, a woman of the highest nement and intelligence, and a personal nd of Queen Victoria. After her death eral Booth became more than ever ab- bed in the spiritual side of his work and mately endeared himself to thousands of ple within and without the fold of the vation Army. Of late years his increas- infirmities have evoked widespread ex- ssions of sympathy, and he had come be regarded as a "Prophet in Israel." loss is irreparable; he has done a ater work for the world than any man has lived in the Nineteenth Century. has elevated the practical side of re- on and the only consolation the world in his loss is the reflection that he has ned a noble son to follow in his foot- s.

A FAIR WARNING—In the issue of The Week of August 10th appeared a brief editorial dealing with the ustrial Peace Association and Mr. P. H. llin, the promoter, general secretary and nager. Every statement made in that orial is absolutely correct and The ek stands by it, and is prepared, if called n, to prove it. Mr. J. E. Wilson, the surer of the local branch, felt aggrieved he article and instead of showing The ek the usual courtesy of making his nplaint where the offending article had eared, rushed over to the Times office gave that paper an interview, in which stated, among other things, "that the cle which appeared in The Week was olutely untrue." The only point in the article which he ventured to contradict was with respect to the disposition of the funds, which he assured the public were all paid over to him as local treasurer and subsequently disbursed for the purposes of the Association; "Mr. Scullin merely receiving from time to time sufficient to meet the expenses involved in his work." In seeking to place The Week in the wrong Mr. Wilson overlooks the fact that it was not The Week but the lady collectors of the Association who stated that the funds were forwarded to Mr. Scullin. The Week never said so, but it certainly had a right to assume that the collectors knew what was done with the money after they had collected it. There never was any suggestion that the funds were improperly applied; the only point was that if they were disbursed by Mr. Scullin it was only fair that the public should know the light in which that gentleman was regarded by accredited representatives of the cause of Labour which he was supposed to be serving. Now that The Week is informed through the columns of the Times that Mr. Wilson is treasurer *it is not necessary to say that everyone* will have confidence that the monies collected are in safe hands, and are at least accounted for, but it is still Mr. Wilson's duty to submit a statement through the columns of the press showing what monies have been received, how every dollar has been expended, how much the young lady collectors have been paid for their services and how much has gone to Mr. Scullin for his necessary expenses. The treasurer might argue that this is no business of the public's and that it is information which only subscribers are entitled to receive. The obvious answer is that Mr. Wilson has made it a public matter by rushing into print and further that the public is still being exploited in the interests of an Association which, as will presently be shown, has no solid foundation. The Industrial Peace Association was promoted by Mr. P. H. Scullin. He is also the general manager and secretary, which gives him a pretty wide scope and makes him to all intents and purposes the controlling spirit of the organization. Industrial peace can only be promoted on conciliatory lines; it means the working for higher ideals and the bringing together of employer and employee, so that disputed matters may be settled by the arbitrament of moderate counsels instead of by a resort to force. Any man who proposes to harmonize conflicting bodies must possess the confidence of both. It does not appear that Mr. Scullin possesses the confidence of either. Mr. Wilson says that he had "the entire confidence and support of the Executive and members of the Association," but if anyone will take the trouble to read the list of names comprising these bodies he will find that there is not a single employer of labour, in the ordinary sense. They are all gentlemen of the highest standing in the community possessing the confidence and respect of everyone; they share with men of all classes the desire to promote industrial peace, but they have no personal contact with the great problems of Labour and Capital, so that the gentlemen who endorse Mr. Scullin do not belong to either of the parties in an industrial trade dispute. But not only has Mr. Scullin not been endorsed by Capital; he has been repudiated by Labour. On this point it is not necessary for The Week to say much; it is far better that the official organ of the Labour organizations should speak for themselves. On page 55 of the Report of the Proceedings of the Second Annual Convention of the British Columbia Federation of Labour, held at Victoria January 22 to 26 inclusive, 1912, the following Resolution, No. 62, will be found, and the Resolution was carried unanimously.

"Whereas a certain organization "styled the Industrial Peace Associa- "tion is being organized in various "parts of this Province and proclaim- "ing its purpose to be that of preserv- "ing harmonious relations between em- "ployers and employees; and whereas "one, P. H. Scullin, claiming to repre- "sent the said Association, stated in "the course of an address, recently de- "livered before the members of the "Victoria, B. C., Board of Trade that "he knew that a general strike of all "the building trades in this city—to "take place next spring—was now be- "ing arranged, and whereas the said "statement has been publicly denounced "as false and malicious by the officers "and agents of the building trade, and "whereas reports from different parts "of the country go to show that the "said P. H. Scullin has been universal- "ly denounced all over this Continent "as an instigator of strife and is re- "garded as a person who makes his "living by misrepresentation; be it "therefore Resolved that this Conven- "tion denounce him as a hypocrite and "a fraud."

It was further moved that a communication be sent to Lieutenant-Governor Paterson and Premier McBride asking them to cancel their endorsation of Mr. Scullin. So much for the estimation in which the "general manager and secretary" of the Industrial Peace Association is held by the B. C. Federation of Labour. Now if we turn to the report of the proceedings of the 25th Annual Convention of the American Federation of Labour, held at Pittsburg, Penn., November 13 to 25 inclusive, 1905, at page 117, the following Resolution will be found, a Resolution which was carried with but one dissenting vote:

"TO ALL CONCERNED—A WARNING

"All central bodies and unions are "hereby notified that the man, P. H. "Scullin, *representing the National* "Peace Association, is deemed by this "Assembly guilty of practices contrary "to the ethics and principles of Union- "ism. He has collected money from "Chinamen through the endorsement of "the San Francisco Six Companies on "assurance that the Unions will cease "their opposition to Chinese Labour. "We deem it wise that the arbitration "principle which is good in itself should "not be compromised by any method "of graft or misrepresentation. Hence "this warning. Labour papers please "copy.

"(Signed) W. E. Shields, *Pres.*
"(Attest) S. G. Fosdick, *Sec.*"

On the morning of Thursday, November 16th, President Samuel Gompers called the Session to order. A Report of this Session will be found on page 125 of the same record, and the following extremely interesting item appears:

"Delegate Frank Duffy asked for and received permission to make a "statement.

"Delegate Duffy—I was absent from "the hall yesterday when the Resolu- "tion concerning Mr. Scullin was of- "fered by Delegate Max Morris. I "am satisfied with the Resolution, but "it does not go far enough. We have "a certain individual who is a member "of the organization I represent, the "Brotherhood of Carpenters. I sup- "pose he is still a member, for he gains "admission to meetings of our organ- "izations. This P. H. Scullin is the "manager and secretary of the Indus- "trial Peace Association. He has "travelled from the Pacific to the At- "lantic and is now on his way back,

(*Continued on Page 14*)

RIP VAN WINKLE
THE STORY OF ANOTHER "PIPE DREAM"
With apologies to Washington Irving

I have just returned to my desk from a bathing trip to the Gorge Park, and I feel impelled to make the same comments that I made last year with regard to the bathing facilities there. A very small outlay would improve conditions a hundred per cent., and to me it is inconceivable that the management should for so long have neglected what seems a very important point, viz., the covering of the wooden floats and diving boards with cocoanut matting. There are few things in this world which are so dangerously slippery as wet wood. The floats and diving boards at the Gorge Park are made of wood; this is only natural. They are also wet; this is still more natural. They are very slippery; this is the most natural thing of the lot. Now cocoanut matting is not very expensive; even if it were, the bathing sheds at the Gorge Park take in enough money to warrant its purchase. Apart from the danger of running splinters into the sole of the foot, there is a positive danger in allowing bathers to run backwards and forwards on plain wood. The same argument applies to the diving boards on the raft. They get wet, slippery and are therefore dangerous. Incidentally, one wonders why a decent set of steps should not lead up to them. At present the wily diver has to be a gymnast into the bargain. One more "kick" and I have done. The steps let down into the water are in most cases made of rounded branches which are extremely uncomfortable and which afford a very insecure footing. I know this, because I slipped on one no more than one hour ago and barked my shin, and it still hurts.

* * *

Now I respectfully submit that the above criticisms are all fair. The public are charged a price for use of the bathing sheds and their appurtenances and have a right to demand something better than they are receiving at present. The changing rooms are none too palatial, but I admit that you get good value for your money in the costumes, which are certainly "elegant." The floors are all plain wood, and consequently wet. There should be matting down everywhere, and then there would be some chance of emerging with dry trouser ends. It is all just a question of the penn'orth of tar the lack of which spoilt the ship. The Gorge could be made an ideal bathing place; the water is just about the right temperature; the raft is exactly the right distance from the shore; the depths are well graduated. But, as I suggested above, it takes more of a monkey than a man to climb up the diving boards, and when there it takes an equilibrist to balance himself on the tiny platform which is furnished with a little stick about six feet too short. Whether we have a swimming-bath or not, there is no reason why the Gorge Park bathing sheds should not be properly equipped, and I trust that before the bathing season opens next year some big improvements will have been effected—pro bono publico.

* * *

That I am a heathen I have long known; that I am a vandal I have long suspected; but I never realized these facts quite so clearly as last week, when I found out that I had lived in Victoria many years without appreciating the splendid museum which we have in our midst. It so happened that a gentleman walked into my office last Saturday with a letter of introduction from a mutual friend, who asked me to act the part of cicerone and show the sights of Victoria. I was somewhat nonplussed, because like most people who live in the midst of various attractions, I had never realized that we had "sights" to show. However, I remembered that I had often seen American tourists going into the Museum, and had frequently come across scattered "bunches" of them throughout the Parliament Buildings. As the time of day was too late for breakfast and too early for lunch, I suggested a walk over to the House. So we went and started with the Museum. I had been there twice previously, on both occasions to see the excellent curator, Mr. Kermode, on a matter of business. So I knew the way in; but so far from acting the part of cicerone, I found that I was being led round, for my companion showed himself to be a naturalist who fairly wallowed in mooses (or should it be "meese"?) and took the greatest interest in all the exhibits. From his enthusiastic comments I found that we had a magnificent museum and I write these lines in case there may be among my readers some who, like myself, have long lived close to a place of absorbing interest, but who have always put off going to see it till "some other time."

* * *

I have been handed a most excellent booklet dealing with Fort George, "The Hub of the Railways of Central British Columbia." This production, which is gotten up by the Natural Resources Security Company of Vancouver, is a beautifully illustrated compendium of information regarding the progressive town on the Nechaco River. The enormous speed with which cities in this Western country go ahead is indeed marvellous to one who has been accustomed to towns which have grown up with the centuries, and when we consider that but a few years ago Fort George was non-existent, it seems well nigh miraculous that so busy a town could have sprung up in the time. The pictures, taken from photographs, which adorn every page of this pamphlet, give a comprehensive idea of the development which has taken place. Starting with a general view of Fort George from the heights across the Nechaco, we see the town in detail as we turn the pages. South Fort George, located on the Fraser, greets us, and a bustling community it would appear to be. That our very human friend Horace with his "dulce est desipere in loco" would not be out of place in Fort George is evidenced by a picture of a baseball game in progress on Empire Day. Another picture shows a volunteer street gang at work, for the citizens there do not depend entirely on an effete City Council to get busy in their stead, but "get a hustle on themselves." The Press is well represented by a photograph of the offices of the "Fort George Tribune," the pioneer paper of the town, which was founded by the late John Houston of Nelson fame. There are many other pictures, which, together with a well written and carefully edited letter press, go to make up one of the most attractive booklets that it has been my good fortune to come across.

* * *

I wonder why it is that the elevators in Victoria seem to have taken on a double share of that spirit for which Victoria was for so long (in)famous, viz., the spirit of procrastination. I am told that the word "manana," meaning "to-morrow," is in great favour in the Mexican Republic and that they have the procrastinating habit well developed. In most things Victoria has outgrown this infirmity, but I notice evidences of it in the way in which our elevators in the big office buildings are run. In other cities a man who wants to use the elevator has to run for it, or wait for the next. In Victoria he can finish his conversation, knock his pipe out and saunter towards the shaft, secure in the confidence that the boy in charge will keep his other passengers waiting till he is ready to enter. I could swear that I have seen a boy wait for a man to cross the street before ascending. And not only are the boys operating the lifts apathetic; even the machinery seems to have been oiled with the lotos flavoured draught. The elevators run more slowly here than in other places. There is no "get there" about them; and some of them groan dismally in the process. I realize that we have no buildings tall enough to warrant express services, but I think that we should do well to remember that the present system strikes the visitor unfavourably, and that not every passenger in an elevator is a

Lounger.

A LEGEND

St. Peter, warden of the Golden Gate
Of Heaven, at his post of office sate;
When, lo! he heard the sound of one who knocked;
Straightway the saint the barrier unlocked,
And looked without; a Soul was standing there,
Who upon earth had been a millionaire.
"What is your business?" asked St. Peter. "Speak!"
"The joys of heaven," the Soul returned, "I seek,
The recompense for all my earthly pain."
St. Peter eyed him, and then spake again.
"What are the claims," he said, "to enter here?
What good deeds marked your lately-closed career?
How have you served your fellowman?" In vain
The Soul before him thought, and racked his brain.
At length, "I once gave twopence, sir," he said,
"Unto a beggar." Peter shook his head.
"Is that one act," he asked, "the total sum
Of your good works?" The wretched Soul was dumb.
"H'm!" said the saint, with look forbidding; "wait!"
And then withdrew, and closed the shining gate.
The Soul remained with nameless terrors stirred,
Until the saint's returning step he heard;
And as in trembling dread he stood aquake,
The gate rolled back, the saint appeared and spake,
"You once gave twopence to a beggar. Well,
"Here is your twopence, sir—and go to h——"

The professions live—no wonder;
For in every town and village,
The lawyer lives by plunder,
And the doctor lives by pillage.

A delicately brought-up woman cannot look upon dead animals without a shudder unless they are in a hat.

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properly cooled. Every swallow will add zest to the repast. It is made in the old-fashioned way characteristic of the choicest foreign vintages—by hand—thus preserving the full, rich flavor of the choicest grapes of the famous Cresta Blanca vineyards of Livermore Valley, in California. Aged to a smoothness and mellowness that stirs the palate to an immediate appreciation, and naturally fermented, like the best foreign champagnes, there is no wine for table use that surpasses

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Sauterne .....Pints and Quarts
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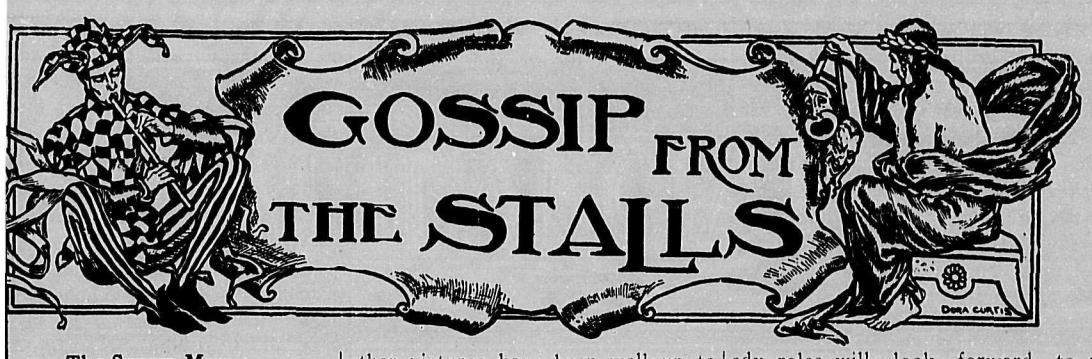

The Squaw Man

e Allen Players have had a suc- ıl week with their production of Squaw Man." In this play Miss n appears in a role very far re- d from those in which she has ved such success this summer, s the Indian girl has won many rable comments. Mr. G. D. in the principal part of "James egate" has had another oppor- of impressing his audiences his adept character acting. From me that he appeared as "Bates" The House of a Thousand es" Mr. Zucco has steadily ground in the estimation of r theatre-goers and his perform- this week have strengthened sition. The two principals have vell supported in "The Squaw and "Baby" Adelaide, a local who has appeared many times teur performances, made quite s a little Indian. During the "The Squaw Man," Mr. P. R. has been taking part in the er of a cowboy, in which role been scoring heavily.

The Majestic Theatre

ething quite novel in the shape Moving Picture plot was seen the middle of the week at the ic Theatre on Yates Street, "Man's Genesis" was thrown on reen. Darwinian in character, lm showed man as he was e beginning, and the story ruteforce" and "Weakhands" l to be both instructive and in- ng. Accompanying this picture several others, all differing in essential from the ordinary run s and combining to make mid- t the Majestic one of the most e in its records.

The Empress Theatre

not often that the local vaude- ouse has two really good all- bills coming one right after the but Manager Wisner this week en in the happy position of be- ble to assure his patrons that veek's performance is fully up e standard achieved last week. Pantzer is a wire artiste of ex- nal merit who skips on the wire ily as a child on terra firma. A e of her performance is her balancing. Holden & Harron wo comedians with fine voices, heir act is both amusing and ng. Mlle. La Deodina intro- a novelty in the shape of esque posing. Clad in white and ing motionless in front of a screen she poses before a spe- of magic lantern which cos- her in garb harmonizing with arious backgrounds thrown on reen. This is a feature act and l not be missed by lovers of c effects. It is not often that equenters of vaudeville have the tunity of hearing the violin l as well as in the turn contri- by Daniels & Conrad; this is cellent act. Rampant comedy s in the last item on this week's Roger & Mackintosh have been ting a really amusing playlet d "The Green Mouse" which is taged and well acted.

The Crystal Theatre

management of the Crystal re is a firm believer in the ex- t motto of getting a good thing ticking to it. For that reason continued to run an amateur regularly every Wednesday, and e same cause, having ventured he untested paths of "Pictures Vaudeville" it has not seen fit race its steps. This combina- as indeed proved most popular t the beginning of the present Walter Belle and Clyde and Edwards scored heavily as en- ers. That old favourite of the g picture patron, John Bunny, een in one of the best of his in "Her Old Sweetheart," and other pictures have been well up to the high standard maintained by the Crystal.

Romano's Theatre

"The Forbidden Way" was the title of a powerful Reliance drama at Romano's during the course of the week and was well up to the mark of the films issued by this well known company. A screaming comedy called "John Bull's Hospitality" proved to be one of those farces which puts the house in the best of good humour. The Romano orchestra which is such a popular feature of the Government Street house, is still playing as well as ever, and an hour in Romano's during the present hot spell affords a welcome relief from the glare and dust of the street.

Princess Theatre

"Sherlock Holmes," Conan Doyle's well known detective story, was the attraction all this week at the Princess Theatre. It played to very large business and was well liked. Each evening the interest as to the outcome of the fight for the possession of a paper which forms the motive for the plot, seemed to grow more intense. It is a play that calls for intelligent treatment, and without it many good points are lost. But the Williams company gave a splendid presentation, each member striving to make their peculiar type of character stand out. Mr. Lonsdale as Sherlock Holmes was splendid, although a trifle nervous the first night. He met every requirement of the difficult role. Miss Page as Alice Faulkner, Miss Mitchell as Mrs. Larrabee, Mr. Williams as Prof. Moriarity and Byron Aldem as Dr. Watson all deserve special mention, while Robert Thom, a local boy, made a distinct hit as Little Billy.

Next week the very funny play of "The Private Secretary" will be given and it is needless to say it will be strictly a comedy week. This well known play had long and successful runs, both in England and the United States. Douglas Catermole, learning that a private secretary is to be introduced into the home of his lady love, conceives an idea of disguising himself, and passing off as the secretary. When the real man arrives the outcome may be imagined. Howard Foster will be seen in Gillette's part, and should be able to extract a great many laughs. All the roles are played entirely for comedy, and The Private Secretary should prove as great a success here as in other cities. All next week, Wednesday and Saturday matinees.

Victoria Theatre

It is to be laughing week again at the Victoria theatre next week for the Allen Players are to play in that comedy of comedies "Whose Baby Are You?" If a play can properly be called a farcical comedy, "Whose Baby Are You" is it. There has been nothing that ever caused more hilarious laughter and each night of next week the old Victoria Theatre will rock.

For those who do not know of this play it is the story of two old men. One of these, after years of separation, writes that he is sending his baby along to be taken care of for the remainder of her life. The old man has been for about eighteen years in the habit of calling his daughter "baby" and his old friend being unaware of his marriage jumps to a conclusion.

When the "baby" arrives and is seen to be quite able to take good care of herself with the toys and the baby's food provided by interested friends of the family into which she enters, there is much consternation, which the audience will find more than amusing. The remainder of the plot will not be told but will be seen on the Victoria stage.

Miss Felton is to be "baby" and those who know her power in comedy roles will look forward to a hearty laugh. Mr. Mitchell is cast for the son of the guardian who takes quite a big interest in the baby. Mrs. Allen is well cast as the family servant, a most amusing part; and all the members of the company, in fact, are in splendid comedy roles, for "Whose Baby Are You" is comedy only all through. It will be played all the week with a Saturday matinee.

Character by Hand-writing

OUTLAW—Your specimen did not reach me. However, your note of the 12th affords sufficient material to work on. No jealousy but a good deal of selfishness. You lack observation and precision, but you are a good schemer, with an open broad view of life; good mathematical sense, logical and business-like. Generous, inclined sometimes to extravagance; straightforward, honourable, but unscrupulous too. Determination and courage are marked. Cheerful, bright, fond of society and pleasant company, highly susceptible to the influence of the opposite sex. Morality good, fair sense of religion. Egotism is marked, artistic feeling is poor.

ELUTHEROS, KAMLOOPS—Thank you, I shall do my best, but allow me to point out what so many correspondents forget, that the "pothooks" are **your work** and so serve as a guide to the character of you who made them. Surely there is nothing wonderful about this? Every historian relies on the work of his subject to indicate what manner of man that subject was. In my small way I endeavour to limn you as you were at the moment you penned those lines; if a close study of all your traits were required I should have to set you an exam. paper to fill up! And after this discussive talk, to our muttons. Neat, orderly and methodical, generous and unselfish. Not a good business man, you lack acquisitiveness, although you have a fair idea of values. Will-power is not over strong. Your sense of humour is pronounced, you are an agreeable companion. Fairly artistic your taste is good, well developed and mature. Morality strong; religious; and the feeling of honour is well marked. Energy is not good at business; at social tasks, sport and kindred matter. you spare no trouble. Your ambition is weak, you are apt to philosophize in a kindly, cynical vein, while the time for action is rushing by you. No jealousy, very just. I think this enough, don't you?

TAU.

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The Williams Stock Co.
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The Private Secretary
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Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 10c and 20c
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Reserved Seats on sale at Dean & Hiscock's, cor. Broad and Yates Sts.

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"Kid Hamlet"
America's Foremost Juvenile Stars
BUD & NELLIE HEIM
A Little Bit of Everything
Anna—BELLE & MAYO—Geo.
JIM REYNOLDS
Singing and Talking Comedian
The Wizard Comedian
KRETORE
TWILIGHT MOTION PICTURES

Victoria Theatre
WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY AUGUST 26
The Allen Players
Will Present
"Whose Baby are You"

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Two Acts of Vaudeville, changing Mondays and Thursdays. Four Reels of First Run Pictures, changing Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The Best Music—three-piece Orchestra—in the City.
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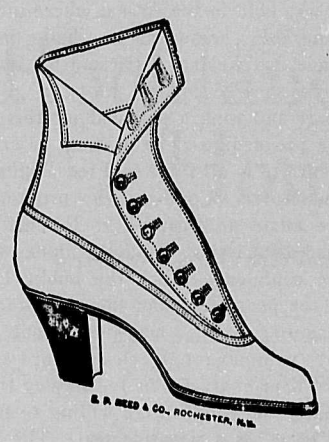
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A Provincial Newspaper and Review published every Saturday by

"The Week" Publishing Company, Limited

Published at 1208 Government St., Victoria, B. C., Canada

WILLIAM BLAKEMORE, Editor

The Cricket Tournament

By Bohemian

At the time of writing the Cricket Tournament is still under way and I labour under the disadvantage of not knowing what the final result may be; but with respect to this I have the same feeling as has been generally voiced in the English papers with reference to the Olympic Games at Stockholm, that it is of far less importance who wins than that the contest shall be conducted in the true spirit of sport, and for the love of it.

No one can deny that this has been the chief characteristic of the splendid tournament now drawing to a close. The spirit of chivalry has been displayed and every consideration shown by one team to another.

Nothing more creditable can be found in the annals of local sport than the unselfish conduct of the Portland team at Beacon Hill on Tuesday, when, although they had the game against Vancouver practically won and had only to adopt tactics of delay for a few minutes, they actually vied with each other in facilitating the completion of the game and enabling their opponents to win within a few minutes of time. I am afraid some people who call themselves "sports" would say that this was bad business, but I am old-fashioned enough to call it the real essence of sportsmanship.

Every prediction of a high class Cricket Week has been verified. There have been remarkable reversals of form, proving once more the uncertainty of the glorious old game. On paper it looked impossible for the University masters to defeat Burrard and for Esquimalt to defeat Albion, but it was done on Thursday.

Then not a few good judges have also been surprised at the strong showing made by the Garrison in some of their matches, but the greatest surprise of all has been the individual performances of prominent members of the different teams.

The veteran F. J. Peers stands out above all his fellows, not only for the record innings which he played on Thursday, against the Garrison, but for his brilliant form throughout the week both with bat and ball. He has surpassed his own record in both departments.

Perhaps the next most conspicuous performer has been Curgenven of Cowichan, who has proved himself to be possibly the most brilliant bowler in the Tournament, and although he has done nothing sensational with the bat, has made one or two good scores and shown what he might do. His seven wickets for eight runs against such a good team as Portland was a really marvellous performance, and one that will long be remembered by those who witnessed it.

It is almost invidious among so many good players to select more names, but it would be unfair not to emphasize specially the invaluable services of C. A. L. Payne, J. H. Gillespie, E. W. Ismay, F. H. B. Champain, J. W. D. York, L. T. Dwelley, T. R. Leonard, S. Gillespie, R. H. Pooley, Brooke Smith and Q. S. Askey to their respective sides.

It is only a few years since at the end of the Tournament Victoria was able to put a team in the field against all comers. Lovers of the game will not regret that that time has gone by and that today there are half-a-dozen teams which might with some show of chance challenge the supremacy of the veteran team.

This only goes to prove how popular the game has become and how many good cricketers there are in the country who are being drafted into other teams. It is for the good of the game, and makes for all-round excellence. It should also make the Victoria team "buck up"; the team is still a strong batting side, although it fell down miserably before Burrard, but in bowling it is decidedly weak, and an effort should be made to strengthen this department. For lack of good bowlers the team suffers, not only in Tournament time but at practice, which is the foundation of success in matches.

I also venture to think that a mistake was made in not playing Coppinger, especially after Capt. York was so seriously injured; his gallant attempt to continue was beyond all praise but it should not have been permitted, and under the circumstances there could have been no objection to substituting Coppinger, especially in view of the recognized weakness of the Victoria team at the present time.

This brief notice cannot be closed without a word of praise to the hard-working Secretary, Mr. Arthur Wheeler, to his courteous Assistant, Mr. Reeves, and to the members of the Committee who took such pains to ensure the comfort of everyone associated with the Tournament.

Bohemian.

The Bailey-Scott Bout

On Tuesday night 2,500 enthusiasts saw one of the cleanest and cleverest boxing bouts ever staged in the West. It was held in the Arena, where most admirable arrangements had been made by Lester Patrick, who once more showed himself to be a good sport and took a personal interest in the proceedings. In passing, a word of praise is also due to Fred Popham and Morris Condon who promoted the affair and carried it to such a successful issue. It says volumes for the confidence which the public had in the promoters and the contestants that so many people turned out; it says volumes for the clean record and excellent character of Joe Bayley that nearly 500 people were willing to pay $5 each for a ring-side seat. The affair produced a fat purse for a deserving lad, who has shown that boxing can be kept respectable in professional as well as in amateur ranks.

Some critics have remarked that the bout itself was too one-sided to be interesting. I do not agree with them After the second round it was one-sided, but certainly did not lack interest. I should rather say that it was a revelation of the wonderful aggressiveness and courage of the winner. "Battling" Nelson never better deserved the title by which he is known than does Joe Bayley.

The latter was on the aggressive every moment of the time; he carried the war into the enemy's camp; kept him in a corner or near to the ropes, and never "let up" until he had scored a decisive victory. And yet Scott was no mean antagonist. For the first two rounds he nearly held his own, and once or twice landed vicious blows, which, if he could have repeated, might have materially influenced the result. But Bayley took warning and covered up more closely.

My impression is that Scott was over-trained. I do not know whether this opinion is shared by his friends, but if ever I saw a man who bore evidences of being too "fine drawn" Scott was the man. Not that the result would have been different in any event, for I am satisfied that Bayley is the better man, but after staying in the ring with him at Prince Rupert for twenty rounds Scott should have done better in Victoria than he did.

I think a fair verdict is not so much that Scott has deteriorated as that Bayley has "come on," and is now in a better class than his opponent. If there is any light-weight within the 130-lb. limit in the ring today who can beat Bayley, I should like to see him, but I do not think it would be fair to match him against Ernie Barrieu, who, train as he may, cannot possibly get below 135 lbs.

Bayley will be ill-advised if he spoils his brilliant record by going up against heavier men so early in the game. Five pounds counts for nothing in the heavy-weight class, but, other things being equal, it makes all the difference in the world in the light-weight. I only hope that lovers of the manly art in Victoria, and their names is Legion, may have the opportunity of seeing many more bouts as clean and as interesting as that between Bayley and Scott, and that they may all be umpired by Mr. Sidney Mitchell.

Umpire.

DEFENCE

Sponsors and their Responsibilities--Volunteer vs. Conscript

Written Specially for The Week
by C. B. S.

In an Empire so entirely built up by the independent individual enterprise of its people such as ours, where we have had no invading conqueror to ride rough-shod over our territory, is it likely that any of our people are going to take kindly to any form of conscription where the element of compulsion forms the basis. France and Germany have experienced the difficulty of introducing it even in times of dire necessity and their people did not take kindly to it and do not even now, in spite of the fact that they have been living under more peaceable and prosperous circumstances under its regime.

Quite recently Australia has adopted a form of conscription and all the credit is due to those who managed to influence the people towards the right way of thinking in the matter, but unfortunately the political authorities placed themselves in the position of Sponsors for the youth of the country for whom they were not in a position to answer and unfortunately the youth of Australia have not responded in the way that it was hoped for, at least if recent returns are to be taken as a proof. This has led to the very regrettable condition that a very large number of young men, who would possibly be leaving the Boy-scout phase to take up the role of the fairly trained volunteer with serious intent of good citizenship, may have his career marred at the outset by the severe fine imposed for not presenting himself for the necessary annual training required by the compulsory service act adopted only last year by the Commonwealth.

By all means let the manhood of the nation arrange for their own military training within the limits of age of their own franchise in so far as compulsion is concerned, but directly they begin to adopt the dictatorial role towards the youth of the country the charm of self-discipline adopted and self-taught to a large extent, are not only lost forever, but the injury done to the trust and personal honour of the best and most promising runs the danger of resulting in grumbling and discontent. If there is honour among thieves, which there certainly is and plenty of it when one knows how to induce it and deduce it from them, why cannot we repose the proper trust in the youth just when he is throwing off the age of the boy-scout to enter that of the more responsible manhood and allow him frame his own conditions towards his training as a good citizen?

The necessity is growing the more urgent every day for us all to be preparing ourselves to do our share in assisting towards the safety of our Empire, but we must not look on in a sleepy sort of way and soothe our minds with the much misrepresented "defence not defiance" idea. The Australian Commonwealth we may confidently assume will not idle over matters but will promptly remedy those defects in her new compulsory service system in such a way as to make it the more popular to all concerned and, everything considered, perhaps on the whole she is to be congratulated on the general result of her first attempt at the introduction of conscription among a nation that has not attempted it before.

Whether the other Dominions will make some attempt towards compulsory military training or trust to the Cadet and Boy-scout movements to help them out of the difficulty, the selection of able-bodied men who have not adopted the youthful training in some form or other, should come under notice of compulsion whilst the rest should be conceded certain exemption privileges, with due regard for the charm of the volunteer self-imposed training.

Some information regarding motor transport for army purposes as outlined by the German War Department may not be out of place in this article. Motor traction for military use is making rapid advancement for all purposes. The German War Department are contriving to have at their disposal a fleet of motor "road-trains," each consisting of a motor lorry, one trailer, and to this end are encouraging merchants to provide themselves with suitable vehicles, which could be handed over to the military authorities on mobilization.

A subsidy to assist both in purchase and upkeep is granted to those providing themselves with vehicles which fulfil the necessary requirements, but that the conditions of such grants are very strict, will be seen from the following: Each "road-train" must:—

1. Consist of one motor-lorry and one trailer, together capable of carrying 13,000 lbs.

2. Be capable of travelling 10 miles an hour over level roads (but is not expected to do more than 8 over ordinary roads in ordinary circumstances).

3. Climb grades 1 in 7.

4. Be capable of drawing an additional trailer, loaded with 4,000 lbs., should emergency require it.

5. Have an internal combustion engine of not less than 4 cyclinders, allowing use of either petrol, benzine, benzol or alcohol, with magneto ignition and reserve battery. The engine to be of standard pattern but not of any particular type.

In other respects there is no other limitation in design, in fact special rewards are offered to inventors for improvements in designs giving greater efficiency for military purposes.

A firm of tradesmen intending to purchase such a train with a view to working under the subsidy notifies the Government accordingly, and the turn-out is then subjected to a most rigorous examination by Government experts.

If the train is found to satisfy the standard requirements, the purchaser gets £250 towards the purchase price of the same, and then signs an agreement undertaking:—

1. To keep the train at all times in good condition.

2. To handle the same very carefully during the period of agreement. To keep the same ready for road duty at a moment's notice in time of war or manoeuvres.

4. To take out insurance policies for the full value of the vehicles against fire and accident.

5. Not to sell the train to any but a German subject, resident in Germany, without Government permission.

6. Not to permit the train to cross the frontier into any neighbouring State.

7. To allow Government examination of the lorry and trailer at any time.

8. To submit the train twice a year to reliability trials under Government supervision and at Government expense. If the train is not found up to requirements, the subsidy is immediately stopped.

9. To submit a tabulated report every three months, giving loads carried, roads traversed, quantity and price of petrol and oil used, character of all repairs, alterations repla ments, etc., since last report, and other matter concerning the upk and working of the vehicles. For glect of this condition, a fine of is imposed in the first instance, a petition of the offence usually lead to the loss of the subsidy, and cellation of the contract.

After signing this agreement, purchaser receives an annual subs beginning at the end of the sec year, of £50, continuing until instalments have been paid, by w time the train will have been in five years, the subsidy then ceasin

Notes

No subsidy on vehicles that been in use over five years. Co tions severe, and those in 8 par larly irksome, but the initial ou on changing from horse to m traction is much reduced for tradesman who accepts them. It great advantage to the purchase have a vehicle subjected to rigo examination by Government ex free of charge, before acceptan delivery from the makers.

At end of 1911 there were mated to be 800 road-trains in many working under War De ment subsidy.

The Germans have also the " ellfahrer" or express motor riders. They are known as the iliary Motor-Cycle Courier's C Their pay is about 8s. 6d. per with rations and uniform, whil ployed under military discipline provide their own machines, b damages done on duty are made by Government.

LIFE'S EPITOME

(Translated from the French by Kennet

A little work, a little play
To keep us going and so good-day.

A little warmth, a little light
Of love's bestowing and so, good-nig

A little fun, to match the sorrow
Of each day's growing and so, good-mo

A little trust that when we die
We reap our sowing! and so good-by

THE DAWN

(By E. Teschemacher)

The night looked up to the day
Through a world forlorn,
And the day leant down and they
And behold! 'twas dawn.

My heart looked up to your heart
Through a world forlorn,
And your heart leant down and we
And love was born.

Love is an ocean deep and free
Where blows the wind continually,
Ah! who shall dare to put to sea!

Life is the night and love the sun,
But here the dark is never done,
Only in Heaven full day is won!

IF THOU WERT BLIND

(By C. Sutcliffe)

If thou wert blind
I would give my sight
Lest thy darkness should set me free from

If thou wert dumb
I would still my voice,
That my silence might draw me nearer

If thou wert scorned
I would kill my pride,
And humbled and outcast, would live with

If thou wert old
I would give my youth,
That thy years might sever thee not fro

If thou wert dead
I would give my life
In the hope, the hope, I might pass to

A LOVE LYRIC

The sweet breath of the breeze, thine
The murmur of its wings, thy sigh,
The kiss that it wafted to me,
A sweetheart's fond token from thee.

The soft music of night, thy sleep,
The twinkling of the stars, thy dreams,
The dawn as it lights the world's aisl
My sweetheart's awakening smile.

—Frederick J. Sc

At the drapers: "Have you any inv hairpins? "Yes, Madam." "Then let m some."—Le Pele Mele.

"What makes you think she was m twice?"

"She has two children."

There are enough serious things i without considering yourself one of them

BOOK NOTES

At the Victoria Book and St tionery Co., 1004 Governme St., Victoria, B.C.:

"Between Two Thieves," b Richard Denham, author of th "Dop Doctor," at $1.50.

"The Toll of the Tides," b Roberts, at $1.50.

"A Butterfly or the Wheel by the author of "A Woman the Case," at $1.50.

At Fullbrook-Sayers Statio ery Co., 1220 Government St

"The Toll of the Tides," b Theodore Goodridge Roberts.

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H. Ware—Moss St.—Garage	75
H. McIntosh—Amphion St.—Dwelling	1,900
S. McKay—Joseph St.—Dwelling	1,900
t 15—	
n. Puget Sound Lbr. Co.—Constance and Discovery Sts.—Office Bldg.	5,300
toria City—Beacon Hill Park—Public Comfort	1,800
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nuel Parker—Bushby St.—Dwelling	1,000
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ert Waring—Glasgow St.—Dwelling	2,000
s. McCulloch—Superior St.—Dwelling	2,300
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rd Investment Co.—Oscar St.—Dwelling	3,200
s. M. A. Flewin—Heywood Ave.—Greenhouse	350
M. Paterson—Richmond Ave.—Garage	150
B. Beal—Beta St.—Temp. Dwelling	250
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s. E. M. Jones—Fairfield Rd.—Dwelling	2,600
nes Morgan—Robertson St.—Dwelling	3,000
n Tindall—Quadra St.—Alt.	150
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an Jeeves—Rose St.—Alt.	300
E. Campbell—Fort and Douglas Sts.—Addn. Story	11,000
toria Bldg. & Invest. Co.—Ross St.—Dwelling	5,600
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ber & Holdcroft—Walnut St.—Warehouse	200
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nest Brown—George and Bushby Sts.—Dwelling	2,500
rman Murray—Asquith St.—Dwelling	1,800
n Mouat—Oscar St.—Dwelling	2,600
. Kermode—Amphion St.—Dwelling	2,460
m. Kendrew—Garden St.—Dwelling	1,800
rrison & Henderson—Duchess St.—Dwelling	2,200
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J. Anderson—Burleith St.—Dwelling	3,200
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lton Bros.—Coronation St.—Dwelling	2,500
McLennan—Davie St.—Dwelling	2,000
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bt. Clarke—Empress St.—Dwelling	1,950
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CANADA AND THE PANAMA CANAL

(By Fred. W. Field)

General Changes the Panama Canal May Effect

t is doubtful whether anyone can state definitely what changes e effected by the opening of the Panama Canal. Even Professor y R. Johnson, the expert on transportation and commerce at the rsity of Pennsylvania, who has probably given more study to this on than any other individual, admits that "the effect which the will actually have upon the industrial and commercial develop- of the United States as a whole is not easy to determine; indeed, l analysis can only indicate the more important changes to be ed."

t is therefore, possible only to gather and cite facts and figures, ing the probable effects of the Canal thereupon. It is generally ed that Canada will benefit largely as a result of the new water- Our geographical position as the northern part of North ica emphasizes that fact. Many of the benefits accruing to the rn portion of North America, the United States, will conse- y be equally as beneficial, or nearly so, to Canada.

he outstanding influence of the Canal upon American trade will creased transportation facilities. With the opening of the ntepec National Railway a few years ago, freight rates were from Canadian eastern points to British Columbia ports via that y, and certain commodities were shipped and are still being d that way. Such articles, for example, as wire nails, etc., were d from Montreal by the Elder Dempster Line to Atlantic an ports, and the Canadian customs department sent an officer

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down to supervise the bonding of these goods across Mexico, which were then brought up on the Canada-Mexico Pacific Line. Regular shipments are now going that way, and rates are quoted from Liverpool via the Tehuantepec Railway. With an all-water route, without the expense of two transhipments, a considerable trade should develop.

Change Conditions of Industrial Competition.—The opening of the Panama Canal will change the conditions of industrial competition, and the benefits will not all be secured by the United States. "Half of the traffic passing the Canal," says Professor E. R. Johnson, "at least during the first decade of its operation, will not touch the shores of the United States at all—it will be the commerce of Europe with western South America, and, to some extent, with other sections of the Pacific. While the United States will trade with foreign Pacific countries under more favourable conditions than exist at present, the same will be true of Europe, which now has a long lead over the United States in the trade of most sections of the Pacific. The Canal will enlarge our trade with western South America, but Europe will also expand her commerce with that region."

Unite East and West.—One of the chief objects of the Canal is for Eastern United States manufacturers to reach the Pacific Coast of South America. The total exports of the neighboring republic to the whole of South America for the year ended June 30th, 1912, was approximately $135,000,000. Prior to 1911, the value of exports to South America had never reached $100,000,000. The increase in exports to South America, while occurring in a large number of articles, is especially notable in lumber, leather, mineral oils and railway materials.

How increased trade in this direction is generally regarded in the United States may be gathered from the following expression in a New York journal:—

"The South American countries offer a great field for United States exports, and the control of these markets should not be allowed to fall into the hands of rival commercial nations. President Taft's attempt to secure reciprocity with Canada ended in failure, but this should not serve as a discouragement to similar efforts in other directions. There should be reciprocity treaties concluded at once with Brazil, Argentina, Chili, and the other South American States, so that by the aid of an American Zollverein, the United States might place its commercial interests on the two continents on a solid footing."

Other Probable Effects.—Another effect predicted by Professor Johnson is that the competition between Europe and the eastern part of the United States for the trade of the Pacific Coast States will be keen. To what extent the Canal will draw industry back to the Atlantic seaboard cannot be prophesied in advance of the opening. It is probably safe to assume that the producers and carriers of the Middle West will find an effective method of dealing with the situation that may develop.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Violet Warr, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains north and 20 chains west of the north-west corner of Lot 381, Coast District, Range 2, thence south 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 80 chains and containing 320 acres, more or less.

Dated May 25th, 1912.

VIOLET WARR.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Reginald D. Serjeantson, of Kidderminster, England, occupation Merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 180 chains west and 20 chains north of the north-west corner of Lot 381, Coast District, Range 2; thence south 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 80 chains and containing 320 acres, more or less.

Dated May 25th, 1912.

REGINALD. D. SERJEANTSON.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Amy. E. Serjeantson, of Kidderminster, England, occupation Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 160 chains east and 20 chains south of the south-east corner of Lot 382, Coast District, Range 2, thence south 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 80 chains and containing 320 acres, more or less.

Dated May 25th, 1912.

AMY. E. SERJEANTSON.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Frank Ingram, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Gardener, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile west, of the south-west corner of Lot 379, Coast District, Range 2, thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains and containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated May 27th, 1912.

FRANK INGRAM.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Lucy Gower Serjeantson, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile west of the south-west corner of Lot 379, Coast District, Range 2, thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; west 80 chains and containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated May 27th, 1912.

LUCY GOWER SERJEANTSON.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that John M. Slater, of Hamilton, Ont., occupation Accountant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south-west corner of Lot 379, Coast District, Range II, thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains and containing 640 acres more or less.

Dated May 27th, 1912.

JOHN M. SLATER.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Michael Coppinger, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Cricket Professional, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the shore of Tatla Lake, about one mile east of the north-east corner of Lot 327, Coast District, Range 2; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north to the shore of Tatla Lake; thence following the shore of the Lake to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated May 27th, 1912.

MICHAEL COPPINGER.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Lilian Coppinger, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile west of the south-west corner of Lot 379, Coast District, Range 2, thence west 80 chains, more or less, to shore of Tatla Lake; thence following shore of lake in a north-easterly direction 80 chains, more or less; thence south to point of commencement and containing 400 acres, more or less.

Dated May 27th, 1912.

LILLIAN COPPINGER.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Thomas Henry Slater, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Capitalist, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about one mile north of the north-west corner of Lot 327, Coast District, Range 2, thence east 80 chains; thence south 30 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tatla Lake; thence following the shore of the Lake in a south-westerly direction, and the northern boundary of Lot 327 about 90 chains more or less; thence to point of commencement, and containing 500 acres, more or less.

Dated May 26th, 1912.

THOMAS HENRY SLATER.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that May Bland, of Ipswich, England, occupation Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 90 chains north of the north shore of Tatla Lake and about 90 chains west of the south-west corner of Lot 560, Coast District, Range 2, thence east 80 chains; thence south to the shore of Tatla Lake 80 chains, more or less; thence following the shore of the Lake in a south-westerly direction 80 chains, more or less; thence to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated May 26th, 1912.

MAY BLAND.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Charlotte Ingram, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile west of the south-west corner of Lot 379, Range 2, Coast District; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains, more or less, to shore of Tatla Lake; thence following the Lake shore in a westerly direction 80 chains, more or less; thence to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated May 27th, 1912.

CHARLOTTE INGRAM.

aug. 3 sept. 28

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Henry Bertram Di
of Victoria, B.C., occupation Farmer, i
to apply for permission to purchas
following described lands:—Commencing
post planted about sixty chains south-
the south-east corner of Lot 381, Ra
Coast District; thence west 80 chains;
north 40 chains; thence east 80 chains;
south 40 chains, and containing 320
more or less.

HENRY BERTRAM DICKS

Dated May 25th, 1912.

aug. 3 s

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Arthur Fellows,
toria, B. C., occupation Retired, inte
apply for permission to purchase the fo
described lands:—Commencing at a
planted about sixty chains south-east
south-east corner of Lot 381, Range 2,
District, thence east 80 chains; thence
40 chains; thence west 80 chains;
north 40 chains and containing 320
more or less.

Dated May 25th, 1912.

ARTHUR FELL

aug. 3

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast, Range II

TAKE notice that Randolph Stu
Victoria, B. C., occupation Estate Ag
tends to apply for permission to
the following described lands:—Com
at a post planted eighty chains east
south-east corner of Lot 558, Coast
Range 3, thence south 80 chains; the
80 chains; thence north 80 chains;
west 80 chains and containing 640 acr
or less.

Dated May 22nd, 1912.

RANDOLPH STU

aug. 3

VICTORIA LAND DISTRIC
District of Coast, Range II and
TAKE notice that Frederick Re
Victoria, B. C., occupation Real Estat
intends to apply for permission to
the following described lands:—Con
at a post planted forty chains nort
south-east corner of Lot 558, Range
District; thence east 80 chains; the
80 chains; thence west 80 chains
north 80 chains, and containing 6
more or less.

Dated May 22nd, 1912.

FREDERICK RE

aug. 3

VICTORIA LAND DISTRIC
District of Coast, Range III
TAKE notice that Lewis Carey, of
B.C., occupation Broker, intends to
permission to purchase the following
ed lands:—Commencing at a post
at the north-east corner of post of
Range 3, Coast District; thence 8
north; thence 80 chains west; th
chains south; thence 80 chains east
taining 640 acres, more or less.

Dated May 21st, 1912.

LEWIS CA

aug. 3

VICTORIA LAND DISTRIC
District of Coast, Range II
TAKE notice that William M.
of Winnipeg, Man., occupation Stor
intends to apply for permission to
the following described lands:—Com
at a post planted 80 chains east of th
east corner of Lot 382, Coast Distric
2, thence south 40 chains; thence
chains; thence north 40 chains; the
80 chains and containing 320 acres,
less.

Dated May 25th, 1912.

WILLIAM M. LE

aug. 3

A Gas Range

Makes summer cooking bearable. Yes, more than that, enjoyable. It means—A daily half holiday for the cook, a cool kitchen, a comfortable house and a big saving in your fuel bill. Can you afford to be without all of this? See the

Victoria Gas Co.

652 Yates Street Telephone 2479 Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Renfrew

TAKE notice that Twossie Robertson, of Chicago, Ill., occupation Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 80 chains north and 80 chains west from the south-west corner of T. L. 42601; thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence 40 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencing, containing 480 acres, more or less.

Dated July 8th, 1912.
TWOSSIE ROBERTSON,
Stanley Wood, Agent.
aug. 10 oct. 5

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Renfrew

TAKE notice that Nellie Robertson, of Chicago, Ill., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 40 chains east and 20 chains south from the north-east corner of Lot 49; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Dated July 8th, 1912.
NELLIE ROBERTSON,
Stanley Wood, Agent.
aug. 10 oct. 5

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Renfrew

TAKE notice that Lily Heisterman, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 40 chains east from the north-east corner of Lot 49; thence north 60 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres, more or less.

Dated July 8th, 1912.
LILY HEISTERMAN,
Stanley Wood, Agent.
aug. 10 oct. 5

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Renfrew

TAKE notice that Olive I. Heisterman, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the south boundary of Lot 49; 80 chains west from the north-west corner of T. L. 1746; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

Dated July 10th, 1912.
OLIVE I. HEISTERMAN,
Stanley Wood, Agent.
aug. 10 oct. 5

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Renfrew

TAKE notice that Elize Ely, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south-west corner of Lot 49, being T. L. 1727; thence north 80 chains; thence west about 60 chains to the north-east corner of Lot 56; thence south 80 chains; thence east 60 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres, more or less.

Dated July 10th, 1912.
ELIZE ELY,
Stanley Wood, Agent.
aug. 10 oct. 5

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Victoria

TAKE notice that Victoria Machinery Depot Company, Limited, of the City of Victoria, Occupation Engineers, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at high water mark in the easterly boundary line of Lot 10, Block K, Harbor Estate, in the City of Victoria, B.C., distant 115 feet more or less south from the northeast corner of said Lot 10; thence southerly and following the easterly boundary of said lot produced, a distance of 590 feet, more or less; thence at right angles westerly a distance of 300 feet more or less to the easterly boundary of Lot 6, Block K, Harbor Estate produced; thence at right angles northerly and following the easterly boundary line of said Lot 6, produced to high water mark; thence easterly following the sinuosities of the shore line to point of commencement containing 4.1 acres, more or less.

Dated May 17th, Victoria, B.C.
VICTORIA MACHINERY
DEPOT COMPANY, LIMITED.
Charles Joseph Vancouver Spratt,
Agent.
June 1 aug 30

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Reserve existing by reason of the notice published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 27th of December, 1907, over a parcel of land situated in Proincess Louisa Inlet, New Westminster District, formerly covered by Timber License 0564, which has lapsed, is cancelled; and that such lands will be thrown open to pre-emption, under the provisions of the Land Act, at midnight on Tuesday, October 15th, 1912.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
16 July, 1912.
July 20 oct. 19

NOTICE

In the Matter of the "Companies Act" and in the matter of the "Esquimalt Development Company, Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the "Esquimalt Development Company, Limited," will after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice apply to the Registrar of Companies for the approval of the change of name of the Company from the "Esquimalt Development Company, Limited," to the "Canadian Puget Sound Sawmills Company, Limited."

Dated this 12th day of August, 1912.
H. DESPARD TWIGG,
Solicitor for the Company.
507 Sayward Block,
Victoria, B. C.
Aug. 17 sept. 14

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of South Saanich

TAKE notice that Victor Alexander George Eliot, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Stock Broker, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore at the north-west corner of Lot 9 of the Subdivision of part of Section 12, Range II West, South Saanich, thence following the shore line of Lots 8 and 9 in an easterly direction about three chains; thence north-westerly 20 chains; thence westerly 3 chains; thence south-easterly 20 chains to the point of commencement.

Dated August 9, 1912.
VICTOR ALEXANDER GEORGE ELIOT
By his Agent, Francis Joseph O'Reilly.
Aug 17 oct. 12

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-west Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
mch 9 sept. 7

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve, notice of which appeared in the British Columbia Gazette of the 25th February, 1909, being dated the 23rd February, 1909, relating to a parcel of land situated on the Eastern shore of Masset Inlet, Graham Island, is cancelled and that the vacant lands included therein will be thrown open to pre-emption at midnight on Friday, October 4th, 1912.

R. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C., 2nd July, 1912.
July 6 oct. 5

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Reserve existing over Crown Lands on Lasqueti Island, formerly covered by expired Timber Licence No. 40779, by reason of the notice which appeared in the British Columbia Gazette of the 27th of December, 1907, is cancelled, and the said lands will be thrown open to pre-emption only, on Friday, November first, at 9 o'clock a.m.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Department of Lands,
Victoria, B. C.,
19th July, 1912.
July 27 oct. 26

"LAND REGISTRY ACT"

In the matter of an application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Lot 84, Block VII, Viewfield Farm, Esquimalt District, Map 265.

NOTICE is hereby given of my intention, at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof, to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to James Graham Fair on the 29th day of December, 1893, and numbered 17551 A, which has been lost.

Dated at Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., this 2nd day of August, 1912.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar General of Titles.
Aug. 17 sept. 14

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast

TAKE NOTICE that I, Morton S. Jones, of Wyatt Bay, occupation Farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains south-westerly from Moh Creek, Bute Inlet, thence west 10 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains or to shore; thence meandering shore to commencement, containing about 160 acres.

Dated June 13, 1912.
MORTON S. JONES.
July 20 sept. 21

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Cowichan

TAKE notice that Washington Grimmer of Port Washington, B. C., occupation Farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south-east end of the larger of three small Islets situated in Port Washington Bay, and lying to the west of Section 23, the said small Islets containing one acre more or less.

Dated August 6th, 1912.
WASHINGTON GRIMMER.
Aug. 17 oct. 12

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sooke

TAKE notice that Henry Reece Ella, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Broker, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at or near the south-west corner of Section (19) nineteen, Sooke District; thence south five chains; thence east sixty chains, more or less, to the south-west corner of Section (18) eighteen; thence following high water mark in a northerly and westerly direction eighty chains, more or less, to place of commencement.

Dated 5th August, 1912.
HENRY REECE ELLA.
Aug. 10 oct. 5

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing over Lot 9874, Group I, Kootenay District, by reason of the notice published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 27th of December, 1907, is cancelled.

ROBERT A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
18th May, 1912.
May 25 aug. 24

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Reserve covering Fractional Sections 13, 14, 15 and Section 24, Township 84, Lillooet District, established by notice published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 6th of April, 1911, and dated 3rd of April, 1911, and also by notice published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 13th of April, 1911, and dated 10th of April, 1911, is hereby cancelled for the purpose of lease by tender.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
10th June, 1912.
June 15 sept. 14

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing on Crown Lands in the vicinity of Stuart River, situated in the Cariboo District, notice of which bearing date December 17th, 1908, was published in the British Columbia Gazette, dated December 17th, 1908, is cancelled in so far as the same relates to the lands surveyed as Lots 1111, 1114, 5415, 5379, 5433, 5380, 5381, 5382, 5383, 5384, 5385, 5417, 5419, 5391, 5390, 5389, 5388, 5387, 5386, 5432, 5437, 5438, 5431, 5392, 5393, 5394, 5395, 5396, 5397, 5421, 5424, 5403, 5402, 5401, 5400, 5399, 5398, 5430, 5439, 5429, 5404, 5405, 5406, 5407, 5408, 5409, 5427, 5414, 5426, 5428, 5425, 5413, and 5412, all in the Cariboo District.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
12th June, 1912.
June 15 sept. 14

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Reserve existing by reason of the notice published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 27th of December, 1907, over a parcel of land situated on Texada Island, formerly covered by Timber License 22841, which has lapsed, is cancelled; and the said lands will be thrown open to pre-emption under the provisions of the Land Act, at midnight on Tuesday, October 15th, 1912.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
16 July, 1912.
July 20 oct. 19

WATER NOTICE

For a Licence to Take and Use Water

NOTICE is hereby given that Central Island Power Co., Ltd., of 413 Winch Building, Vancouver, B.C., will apply for a licence to take and use 560 cubic feet per second of water out of Nitinat River, which flows in a southerly direction through Lot 51 and empties into Nitinat Lake near Clo-oose, B. C. The water will be diverted at head of canyon L 51 and will be used for power purposes on the land described as L 51, Renfrew District.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 4th day of August, 1912. The application will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Victoria, B. C.

Objections may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C.

CENTRAL ISLAND POWER
COMPANY LIMITED, Applicant.
By C. H. Walker, Agent.
Aug. 17 sept. 14

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Reserve existing on Crown Lands in the Peace River Land District, notice of which bearing date April 3rd, 1911, was published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 6th of April, 1911, is cancelled in so far as the same relates to Townships 111, 113 and 115, Peace River Land District.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Department of Lands,
Victoria, B. C.,
22nd July, 1912.
July 27 oct. 26

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing upon Lots 2031, 2034, 2035, 2035A, 2040 to 2046 inclusive, 2048, 2049A, 2050, 2055, 2057, 2060 to 2063 inclusive, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2075A, 2076, 2078, 2080, 2084, 2086, and 2088, Cassiar District, notice of which, bearing date May 18th, 1912, was published in the British Columbia Gazette on May 23rd, 1912, is cancelled.

R. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Department of Lands,
Victoria, B.C., 19th June, 1912.
June 22 sept. 21

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing on vacant Crown lands in Township 1A, Range 5, Coast District, by reason of a notice published in the British Columbia Gazette on November 1st, 1906, and bearing date of October 31st, 1906, is cancelled.

R. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Department of Lands,
Victoria, B.C., 15th June, 1912.
June 22 sept. 21

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing over Crown Lands in the vicinity of Stuart River, Cariboo, notice of which bearing date February 15th, 1910, was published in the British Columbia Gazette, February 17th, 1910, is cancelled, in so far as the same relates to the lands surveyed as Lots 6251, 6252, 6253, 6254, 6255, 6256, 6257, 6258, 6265, 6272, 6298, 6297, 6296, 6289, 6271, 6266, 6264, 6259, 6273, 6280, 6281, 6279, 6274, 6260, 6263, 6267, 6270, 6290, 6295, 6291, 6269, 6268, 6262, 6261, 6275, 6278, 6284, 6277, 6276, 6285, 6286, 6287, 6288, 6292, 6293, 6294, 6295a, 6301, 6905, 6300, 6299, 6903, 6904, 6907, 6908, 6908a and 6906, all in the Cariboo District.

ROBT. A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
12th June, 1912.
June 15 sept. 14

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that Bessie Elliott of Toronto, Ont., Canada, Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted a mile and a half in a south-easterly direction from the mouth of Bear River on the western boundary of timber licence 37477; thence east 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 60 chains to point of commencement, containing 360 acres.

Dated May 9th, 1912.
BESSIE ELLIOTT.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of South Saanich

TAKE notice that The Vancouver Island Power Co., Ltd., of Victoria, B.C., occupation Power Company, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands, being three and eight-tenths (3.8) acres, comprising three rocks, together with the bed of the sea, within a radius of three chains and fifty links (3.50ch) of a post planted on the largest rock, which is twelve chains and twenty-seven links (12.27 ch) at a bearing of South twenty-one degrees and forty-five minutes west (S. 21 deg. 45 min. W. Ast) from the north-west corner of Section Eleven (11), Range Two (2) West, South Saanich District. The said rocks and bed of the sea being in Brentwood Bay, Saanich Inlet.

THE VANCOUVER ISLAND
POWER CO., LTD.,
Arthur O. Noakes, Agent.
Aug. 3 sept. 28

WATER NOTICE
For a License to Take and Use Water

NOTICE is hereby given that William Whitty of Metchosin District, B. C., Gentleman, will apply for a license to take and use one second foot of water out of Metchosin Creek, which flows in a westerly direction through Section No. 1 and empties into a Lagoon northwest of Albert Head. The water will be used for irrigation purposes on the land described as 10 acres of Section one, Metchosin District, and Lot 2 Subdivision of Section 45 and part of Section 44, Esquimalt District.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 6th August, 1912. The application will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Victoria, B. C.

Objections may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C.

WILLIAM WHITTY, Applicant.
Per Edward C. Hart, Agent.
Aug. 10 sept. 7

WATER NOTICE

I, A. P. Procter, of Gordon Head, Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, give notice that on the fourteenth day of September, 1912, I intend to apply to the Water Commissioner at his office in Victoria for a license to take and use four cubic feet of water per second from a spring on Lot 12, situate on or about 100 feet south-east of about the centre of the north-east boundary line of said Lot 12, Section 44, Victoria District, Province of British Columbia, Plan No. 954, and to form a Reservoir for storage at said spring.

The water is to be taken from said spring and reservoir and is to be used on Lots 12 and 13, Section 44, Victoria District, Plan No. 17, Province of British Columbia, for domestic purposes and also to irrigate said lands in the above mentioned Lots 12 and 13, Plan No. 17.

A. P. PROCTER.

Dated and posted this third day of August, 1912.
Aug. 10 sept. 7

"LAND REGISTRY ACT"

In the Matter of an application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Lots 4, 5, 27 and 28, Block "A," Map 340, Fairfield Farm Estate, Victoria City.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention after the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof, to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to John Charles Smith and Henry Edward Smith on the 27th day of December, 1906, and numbered 13550C, which has been lost.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, at Victoria, B.C., this 22nd day of July, 1912.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar General of Titles.
July 27 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that Robert Craig of Montreal, Que., Gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about a mile east of the mouth of Bear River on the south boundary of timber licence 4495; thence west 50 chains to the east boundary of lot 315; thence south 40 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence west 10 chains; thence north 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 220 acres more or less.

Dated May 8th, 1912.
ROBERT CRAIG.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that Harry W. Dawson of Toronto, Ont., Canada, Gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted two and a half miles south-east of the mouth of Bear River on the western boundary of lot 63; thence south forty chains; thence east 20 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 30 chains to point of commencement, containing 260 acres more or less.

Dated May 8th, 1912.
HARRY WHITEHEAD DAWSON.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that John Elliott of Toronto, Ont., Merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted two miles south of the mouth of Bear River on the eastern boundary of timber licence 30192; thence south 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence west 60 chains to point of commencement, containing 360 acres.

Dated May 8th, 1912.
JOHN ELLIOTT.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that James P. Craig, of Montreal, Que., broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted one and one-half miles in an easterly direction from the mouth of Bear River and at the south-east corner of timber licence 4495; thence south 48 chains to the north boundary of timber licence 37477; thence west 35 chains; thence north 48 chains; thence east 35 chains, to point of commencement, containing 170 acres more or less.

Dated this 8th day of May, 1912.
JAMES PENRHYN CRAIG.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that Jane Herchmer of Chicago, Ill., widow, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted one mile south-east of the mouth of Bear River and at the north-east corner of timber licence 30192; thence south 50 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 50 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 400 acres.

Dated May 8th, 1012.
JANE HERCHMER.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT

TAKE notice that I, James Cartmel, miner, of Victoria, B.C., intend to apply to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the shore of Valdez Island, about ten chains distant from the eastern end of Maud Island in a north-easterly direction; thence north sixty chains; thence west forty chains more or less to a point on the shore of the Seymour Narrows; thence south and east following the coast line to the point of commencement, containing 240 acres, more or less.

Dated July 15th, 1912.
JAMES CARTMEL.
July 20 sept. 14

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward

TAKE NOTICE that Margaret Dawson of Toronto, Ont., Married Woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted three and a half miles south-east of the mouth of Bear River and thence east 50 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence south 30 chains, to point of commencement, containing 210 acres.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1912.
MARGARET DAWSON.
A. G. Sivell, Agent.
June 29 aug. 24

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Coast

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. Simon Mettler, of Victoria, B. C., occupation Broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on south end of a small Island in mouth of "Long Bay," Okishollo Channel; thence meandering said Island to commencement, containing about 25 acres.

Dated June 23, 1912.
SIMON METTLER.
Morton S. Jones, Agent.
July 20 sept. 21

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve established by notice dated 5th July, 1911, and published in the British Columbia Gazette of the 13th July, 1911, is cancelled in so far as same relates to Lot 2911, Group, I, New Westminster District, situated on Gambier Island, in order that the sale of the said Lot 2911 be made to Fred. P. Murray.

ROBERT A. RENWICK,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C.,
18th May, 1912.
May 25 aug. 24

THE CAD

A Story of Two Men and a Woman--*by F. E. Baily*

The drawing-room was a glow of shaded electric light and silken hangings. Luxurious chairs stretched appealing arms, and the deep pile of the carpet spread an irresistible lure for the feet; just the right pictures glanced discretly from the walls; an exotic atmosphere brooded over the whole room, conjuring up vague visions of still waters, of poppy, and mandragora, and all the drowsy syrups of the East.

Within this setting Althea Redgrave had enclosed the jewel of her beauty. She drooped in the most luxurious of the luxurious chairs before a fire of scented logs, a wonderful dream in green and gold; one white arm supported her chin while the other hung listlessly, and she stared with unseeing eyes at her little gold-slippered feet resting on a green cushion. For those stormy hazed eyes, looking out from beneath the dark masses of hair that crowned her small, thoroughbred head, met disillusion—which is more bitter than the bitterness of death itself.

Althea asked herself why she had married Jim Redgrave. She came to the conclusion that big, masterful Jim, with his splendid strength and whirlwind wooing, had swept away her questioning before she had had time to consider whether he really fulfilled the many requirements she asked of her life-partner. And now she was discovering, too late, that Jim, in spite of his physical perfection, and his sporting instincts, made no appeal to her soul. He could not satisfy those intangible spiritual yearnings which smote Althea with such terrible keenness. She realised with a pang of dread that Jim and she had scarcely any interest in common. And since lately someone had come into her life who, in one glance, had summed up all, and understood, Althea saw, with that clearness of vision which only comes to us in the crises of existence, that she must go through life chained to Jim Redgrave, while every fibre of her being and the uttermost depths of her soul cried out for Billy Featherstone.

She turned her head and let her glance fall on his slight, youthful figure as he sat at the piano.

"Sing to me, Billy," she pleaded.

He played a few chords at random, and then broke into a tender, passionate love song.

"Sweetheart, if you should call me,
And I were far away,
I'd mount, and ride, whate'er betide,
Through darkness and through day;
And none so strong, and none so tried,
To hinder me or stay,
Sweetheart, if you should call to me,
And I were far away."

The last notes died softly. Billy Featherstone got up from the music-stool, pushed back his curly hair, and came over to Althea.

"Althea," he said slowly, "where is all this going to end?"

"Oh," she replied, "Jim will come home from Waring's dinner-party very pleased with himself, and you'll be rather sulky, and I shall be civil to both of you." And she looked up at him with a little maddening smile.

"Althea," cried, "you know I love you. So does Redgrave, I suppose, in his own curious fashion. The point is which of us is it to be?"

A little flush crept into Althea's pale face. She hesitated a moment. Then the glorious, stormy hazel eyes looked straight into Billy's with that expression a woman keeps for the one man she loves—at the moment. Her lips parted a little; she waited.

Billy's curly head bent down beside her dark one, when suddenly there came the faint distant click of a latch-key. The halldoor of the flat slammed, and they heard Jim's cheery voice chant the refrain of a song.

Billy stood up.

"What are we to do?" he murmured.

"I'm going down to Grange End for Doris Curwen's 'twenty-first' ball. Jim can't come. You must. Hush!" And as Jim Redgrave entered the room she rose and moved towards him.

"Well, Jim, dear, have you celebrated the worship of Bacchus worthily? Isn't it nice of Billy to amuse me while you're away? Go and thank him prettily."

"Hullo, Featherstone!" cried big, healthy, ruddy-faced Jim, laying a large, capable hand on Billy's shoulder. "Awf'ly good of you to amuse Althea. More than I can do sometimes. Well, we've made old Waring's last bachelor night bright for him. Time you were married, Featherstone! See how jolly it is to come back and find a charming wife waiting for you!" And his big hearty laugh rang out so loudly that the exactly right pictures seemed almost shocked.

Billy stood up to go, and took Althea's outstretched hand. He had his back to Jim, who was lighting a cigarette, and their eyes met. He wrung her hand so that she longed to wince.

"Good-night, Redgrave," he said in as nearly ordinary tones as he could manage. "No, don't bother to come out—I can find my way." And he was gone.

Althea turned back to where Jim stood leaning against the mantlepiece flicking cigarette ash into the grate. He glanced down at her.

"Do you think you're quite fair to Billy, Althea?" he asked gently. "He seems rather far gone in your direction. I like the boy; but he'll begin to be rude to me soon, I'm afraid."

"What, Billy?" she answered with a little laugh. "Oh, he's much too blase to adore me. Nothing short of an adventuress with flashing black eyes and a past to match will ever made Billy affectionate. His type is always so tired at thirty-two. You don't understand boys, Jim."

He dropped into Althea's arm-chair, drew her on to his knee, and put his arm round her.

"Anyway, it would need a better man than Billy to take you away from me, darling—wouldn't it?" he said, and there was just a touch of steel in his voice. Did he suspect? she wondered. She looked at him in the curiously detached, pitiless manner in which we consider those we have loved, and love no longer. She dwelt with a little shiver of distaste on the open-air pinky-brown of his skin, the small moustache above the level mouth, the strong white teeth, the firm lines of his face, his straight, close-cut hair, and honest, doggy eyes. She noticed, with a faint, impersonal curiosity, little wrinkles at their corners, and contrasted mentally his healthy appearance with Billy's pale, intellectual face and slight form. With difficulty she repressed a start of disgust.

"I have given myself to a mere animal," she thought. The realisation hurt her like a blow.

Jim's voice broke in on her musing.

"It is jolly to come back to you," he said, "isn't it?" And then she knew that he suspected nothing.

She let a smile creep into her eyes, and moved her head towards him so that her hair just brushed his cheek. He kissed her so passionately that the blood flamed in her face, and she could have cried out in her intense desire to escape.

"Good-night, darling!" he murmured.

She stood up slowly, patting her hair into its place with one hand. Then, still smiling, she passed from the room, but as the door closed behind her she rubbed her lips furiously with her handkerchief, and his arm, where it had encircled her waist, seemed to have burnt her, so that she was almost surprised to find no scar left behind.

Jim, alone in the drawing-room, sat by the fire, and smoked more cigarettes. Finally, he rose, yawned, and glanced rather approvingly at himself in a hanging mirror. A thought seemed to strike him, and his expression softened.

"Dear little girl!" he murmured. And then, "What a lucky devil I am!"

* * * * *

Althea went down to Grange End, and pretty pink and white Doris fluttered round her, kissing her and hugging her in wild excitement, finally whirling her away for a long intimate talk such as young girls love. And while Doris babbled on about Arthur, who was such a dear, and who was coming to the ball that night, and did Althea like her dress? and weren't soldiers simply ducky always? Althea's thought fled away to Billy and the little note in the bosom of her dress:

"I've made Dick Curwen ask me down for the ball, darling. Keep me all the waltzes you can, won't you? How I long for Thursday—and you!—Billy."

She knew how mad he was to write her such a letter, how mad she was not to destroy it. But she was a woman, and two lines Billy had taught her—

"How sad, and bad, and mad it was
But then, how it was sweet!"

would run through her head, and so—she kept the letter, and saved the waltzes for Billy.

Althea dressed herself that night as she never dressed for Jim. It was a wonderful gold-coloured frock that clung to her young figure, setting off her exquisite colouring and the mysterious night of her hair. Gold was Althea's favourite colour, and she wore it this evening because she felt golden youth rioting through her veins; because she knew it was all so wrong from the world's point of view, "and gold," she murmured recklessly, "is so dear and alluring and wicked." She looked at herself in the long glass with relentless scrutiny.

"Am I beautiful enough for him?" she sighed. "Am I?" She flung out her glorious arms with a gesture of infinite yearning. Then a happy smile curved her lips, and she went down to dinner as a queen might go forth to her crowning.

Doris joined her on the staircase and gave a little gasp of admiration.

"Oh!" she exclaimed, "how perfectly lovely you are, Althea! I'd give anything to be as beautiful as you just for this one evening!"

Althea felt too happy to eat anything. She was wild with youth, and longing just to be loved for ever and ever and ever. The music of the orchestra sent little insane thrills running through her as she swung away into the first waltz with some commonplace partner. Billy would not get down till later.

And at last she saw him standing in the doorway; it was the end of the waltz, and as her partner steered for the shore she watched Billy's eyes search the room restlessly till he found her. Then he smiled, and waited until he might claim her—a tall, slight, youthful figure that seemed almost to have grown into its perfectly fitting clothes. When he clasped her hand, with just one whispered "Darling!" she felt that nothing else on earth mattered.

So she waltzed with Billy. Oh, that waltz! It was gold, pure gold, without a grain of the alloy of remorse, or regret, or "what next?" a glorious anthem of youth, and all the morning stars singing together. After it was over they wandered into a conservatory, not yet overworked, and empty except for them. Billy placed a chair for her, and she sank into it happily. Then she looked up at him, and their eyes met. All the champagne of the waltz, and the gold of youth and love went into that glance. He bent down from where he stood beside her, her beautiful head leant back over his arm, and their lips met in their first real kiss.

Just at that moment Jim Redgrave walked into the conservatory. He had managed to get away after all.

Jim coughed deprecatingly.

"You must excuse me," he said apologetically; "I really couldn't help seeing. My dear Althea, was I not right in what I said the other night? See what comes of being thoughtless? Supposing I had been someone else instead of your husband, what a very unpleasant scandal there would have been!"

And Jim stood there, with his hands in his pockets, looking at them.

"Of course, I sympathise with you, my poor Billy," he went on. "Althea is very adorable; but she happens to be my wife, and for her sake you really must restrain yourself. I should go away for a bit if I were you."

Billy had turned very white. He stammered a little from various emotions, but quickly pulled himself together.

"I love Althea, and she loves me!" he said in a strained voice. "Of course, I've no excuse to offer. You must do what you consider best."

Jim laughed.

"I think you're making a mistake about Althea. Women don't call this sort of thing love. It's just a flirtation—the natural craving for excitement and change. You've taken the game too seriously, Billy."

"Billy's right, and you're wrong!" she exclaimed fiercely. "I do love him, and I—I—hate you! How do you think I can endure to live with a man who hasn't a spark of imagination, to whom all sentiment and poetry mean nothing, and who can only get enthusiastic over a gun or a boat. Billy can give me love and sympathy, you—oh! you don't understand a woman. Don't you know that we can't exist without sympathy? And have you ever been sympathetic with me? have you ever given me anything worth the taking? Billy would be life—and everything to me."

Jim looked at her, still smiling.

"Only love, and my home, and my name, and myself, and a few little things like that," he said quietly. Then he turned to Billy.

"I beg your pardon, Billy. It seems you are right, and I am wrong. Naturally, in the circumstances, I yield gracefully to your superior claims. I imagine you are prepared to stick to Althea? I will, of course, give her some pretext for divorcing me. It is the least I can do."

Althea suddenly experienced a curious, numb sensation. Surely this was never Jim who acquiesced so readily in everything she—yes, of course, she desired it. He might have been a little more upset and not quite so business-like. He seemed to be taking the master hand, and making Billy look—dared she confess it?—just a little ridiculous.

Billy seemed struck by the same idea. He glanced at her curiously. She reflected how little men care for the easily attainable, and the colour flooded her cheeks in humiliation at being tossed carelessly from one man to another without being consulted in the matter.

Billy fidgeted nervously.

"I don't know," he began, "that I actually meant—you see, it would be deuced awkward for Althea, Redgrave. You know how people talk. And anyway, I doubt if my mother—and I've no money of my own. We must—must think of Althea before everything. Perhaps if I were to apologise to you and clear out it would be easier for her?"

He looked gloomily at Althea.

Jim Redgrave's lip curled.

"Really, Althea," he said, "at lea I'd have given you credit for ru ning away with a man. You're qui nice-looking after all; couldn't y have found something with a litt more backbone than that; not a cad

He took a step forward, a grasped Billy's coat [illegible].

"Behold the perfect and sympat tic lover!" he exclaimed contemp ously, and lifted Billy gently off feet. Billy hung uncomfortably, l a reluctant puppy. Jim placed h gently on his feet again, when merely looked very sulky.

Althea could bear no more. S turned fiercely on Billy.

"Oh, go, go, go!" she flamed, " out of my sight, and never come n me again! Don't you see how you humiliated me? For Heaven's s go!"

Jim shook his head.

"Someone has said that women kittle cattle," he remarked sagely Billy. "I don't know what it me but he was about right. There se a certain amount of sense in Alth last observation. You'd better g England, I think. You've put foot in it with her, and I can't sibly stand your hanging about more. You want to have it ways, young man, and conseque you'll get neither. So kindly us, and don't bother to come for a year or two. You may be a decent chap by then with a b luck, and if so I daresay we sha great friends. Now clear out."

Billy turned to Althea.

"Good-bye!" he said.

She took not the slightest no

The great fault of amateur acto that they finish their speeches walk off in silence. Billy fell this error, and lost dignity in process.

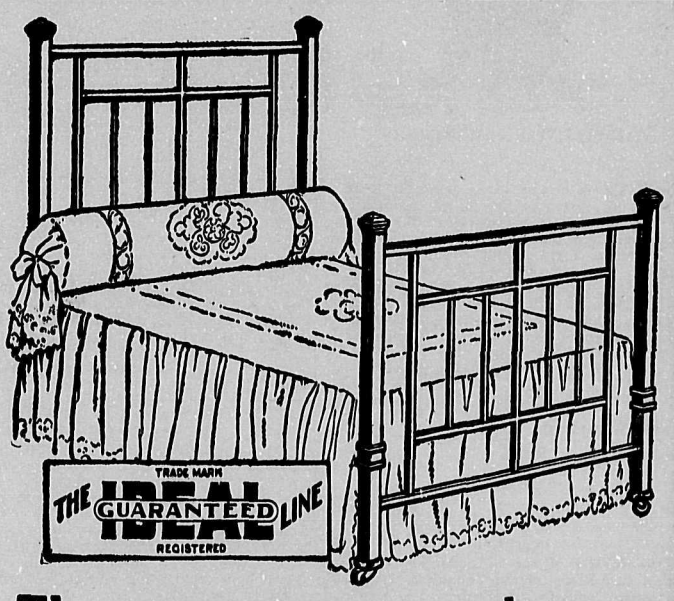
Althea turned away from Jim. at once she felt very lonely and glected and unhappy. Her lip qui ed and tears trickled slowly down cheeks.

Jim saw her shoulders shake, his expression softened. He put arms round her very tenderly and tectingly. And a woman loves b protected even if it is ever so u cessary.

"Don't cry, darling!" he said g ly. "Nothing on earth is worth being unhappy about it. I'll try do better if you'll stick to me a l longer."

"Oh," said Althea, "oh, Jim, don

And then she kissed him—very ferently from the way she had kis Billy, even if she had thought so cently that he was "life and eve thing."—[Reprinted by request fr "The Novel" Magazine for July.]



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THE IDEAL BEDDING CO. LIMITED

20 Jefferson Avenue, TORONTO

39

Caught in a Prairie Fire--*A True Experience*

Written Specially for The Week by "Old Timer"

I have been caught several times in d prairi s, but I think one of e worst was in the Fall of 1876.

We were a small party, one four-rse team and two saddle horses. e were taking down prisoners, one raving half-breed lunatic, who had ot his squaw and brained her baby; e other a horse thief who gave us trouble and was in fact a help in ny ways. We used him well and ve him plenty of freedom during day. At night we had to pitch r tent close to the wagon and ckle one of his legs to the wheel und the iron tire so that it could be cut through. The lunatic we ured by a short chain around the attached to his handcuffs. He t under the wagon on the oppo- side of the tent. We could not e him inside for he kept all hands ke and had filthy ways and gave end of trouble.

ur friend, the horse thief, said one t: "Indian fashion is the only to deal with that guy. Shoot or give me a gun and I will, and he died. I will not give it away may be sure for the sake of my skin."

though this was out of the ques- of course, I can't say any of us ld have gone into very deep rning if he had died a natural h.

e were obliged sometimes to dle this poor fellow without gloves h against our will, but he was a husky cunning brute and had to subdued, and if given the chance ld have wiped out the whole out-

e tried kindness at first, but it not work. He took an axe one and very seriously injured the who was detailed to keep an on him. We had to knock him on head and stun him before we got better of him. After this he was n no chance until the day we e caught in the prairie fire.

here had been no rain for weeks the grass was very dry. We were elling with the wind and it was wing a perfect gale from the west. fire was still a long way behind ut the smoke was thick and blind- Water was running out of the ses' nostrils and eyes, and we were he same fix.

e knew by the amount of smoke the fire must be a big one cov- g a wide stretch of country and e consequently uneasy and urged horses to their utmost for ten fifteen miles, trying to make Big t Lake and to get to the futher e, and let the fire pass us, but nd out that we could not make it. wo of us rode ahead and tried to the grass on fire so that we could our outfit on the burnt ground, we could not do it. The wind blowing such a gale that the fire ld only burn in a narrow streak, t ran the sides were blown out so it could not get any hold, and soon it burned itself out. No h luck as for the fire behind us blow itself out; it had too strong old.

hen this plan failed we rode back he wagon and the Sergeant gave order to unhook the horses, blind- them, face the fire, and ride for we were worth through it on he burnt ground, and to unshackle lunatic; the other prisoner was ironed.

s soon as the lunatic was free he ped out of the wagon and made ss the prairie away from the fire. went after him and after a stiff le got him lashed to a horse. A jumped up behind and held him

hen we got back to the wagon the was within a hundred feet of us. turned our horses and rode for it, got through on to the burnt nd, all but one horse which broke y from the man who was leading When the fire had passed the on we ran to it and pulled ofl the r which had caught fire. The on itself was not damaged ex- that the paint was blistered. horse which had broken away to be shot, he was so badly burnt.

After this the trip was very hard with one horse short, and travelling for days over burnt ground; the only feed we had for our animals was a little grass growing around the edge of some lakes and swamps and we were hard pressed for fuel, the dry buffalo chips being all burnt up and there being no wood in that part of the country.

However, we landed our prisoners safely. The lunatic did not want to leave us at all and said the Police were his only friends and he loved them like "Brudders." We shed no tears at parting and made up for our hard trip by having a good old time in Winnipeg until we hit the trail again for the West.

Canadian Crops for 1912

A bulletin on the crops and live stock of Canada was issued by the Census and Statistics Office on the 17th July. The correspondents of the office report that in the Maritime provinces and generally throughout eastern Canada the weather of June continued cold and wet, and growth was therefore slow. In the North-west provinces the weather of June was hot and dry, and rain was badly needed at the beginning of July. Rains have since fallen, however, and conditions have improved. Prospects for spring sown crops are generally favourable.

According to revised figures obtained at the end of June the total area under wheat this year is 10,047,-300 acres, compared with 10,377,159 acres as returned by the Census of 1911. The area sown to fall wheat in 1911 was 1,097,900 acres, but winter killing has reduced this area to 781,000 acres. The area sown to oats is estimated at 9,494,600 acres, compared with 9,233,550 acres in 1911 and to barley 1,449,200 acres as against 1,403,969 acres in 1911. In the three Northwest provinces spring wheat covers 9,029,000 acres, against 8,946,-965 acres in 1911, the increase being in Saskatchewan and Alberta. Including fall wheat the total wheat acreage in the three provinces is 9,246,100, compared with 9,301,293 acres in 1911, the decrease being accounted for by the large area of fall wheat winter killed in Alberta. Oats in the three provinces occupy 5,037,000 acres and barley 826,100 acres, as compared with last year's census figures of 4,563,203 acres for oats and 761,738 acres for barley.

Whilst not equal to the exceptionally high figures recorded this time last year, the condition of spring sown crops is generally good. The highest figures for spring cereals are recorded in Prince Edward Island and British Columbia, the percent condition ranging from 97 to 99 in the former and from 90 to 95 in the latter province, the average for the Dominion being from 80 to 89. Fall wheat remains low being only 70 for Canada, 73 for Ontario and 71.6 for Alberta. Last year the condition was also low, viz.: 75 for Canada; the average of the four years 1908-11 was 81.5. Spring wheat is 89.73 p. c., compared with 94.78 last year and 88.25 the four years, average, oats 86.43 against 49.46 in 1911 and 90.42 average; barley 88.58 against 93 in 1911, and 89.28 average. Rye is 87.84, peas are 80.08 and mixed grains 84.98. Hay and clover show a condition per cent of 85.59 against 90.77. In the three Northwest provinces spring wheat, oats and barley range from 80 to 88 p. c., figures which are close to the average of the four years, 1908-11, and which are below last year's exceptional records by from about 10 to 15 p. c.

The estimated numbers of live stock show further decreases except as regards horses and dairy cattle, the former being 70,400 and the latter 14,500 more than last year's estimates. The Census figures of 1911 are not yet available. The condition of all live stock in Canada is uniformly excellent, the number of points being 97 horses, 98 cattle, 97 sheep and 96 swine.

ARCHIBALD BLUE,
Chief Officer.

Fife: "There's nothing so terrible as a jealous husband."

Gabrielle: "Possibly, but there's nothing more humiliating than a husband who isn't." —Journal Amusant.

"While human nature is what it is you cannot draw the line too tight." These words of wisdom come to us from Alderman Howlett, of Lambeth. Whatever does he mean?

WATER NOTICE

For a Licence to Take and Use Water

NOTICE is hereby given that Esther Theresa Campbell of Prospect Lake, Lake District will apply for a licence to take and use 1/10 cub. ft. per second of water out of Prospect Lake, Windmill Pump, and will be used for domestic and irrigation purposes on the land described as Subdivision of West Fractional Portion of Section 89, Lake District.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 15th day of August, 1912. The application will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Victoria.

Objections may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C.

ESTHER THERESA CAMPBELL,
Applicant.

aug. 24 sept. 21

VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT
District of Renfrew

TAKE notice that I, James Horace Wilson Salmon, of Victoria, B.C., occupation Clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at or near the S. E. corner Post of T. L. 396; thence south 44 chains; thence west 80 chains, more or less, to Cheewhat Lake; thence north 4· chains, more or less, along Lake Front; thence east 80 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.

Dated 12th August, 1912.

JAMES HORACE WILSON SALMON.
Louis C. Y. Doerr, Agent.

aug. 24 oct. 19

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Industrial School for Girls

SEALED TENDERS, superscribed "Tender for Industrial School for Girls," will be received by the Hon. the Minister of Public Works up to 12 o'clock noon of Monday, 9th day of September, 1912, for the erection and completion of an industrial school for girls.

Plans, specifications, contract, and forms of tender may be seen at the offices of the Government Agents, Vancouver and New Westminster, and the Department of Public Works, Victoria.

Intending tenderers can, by applying to the undersigned, obtain a set of the drawings and specifications for the sum of twenty-five (25) dollars.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Hon. the Minister of Public Works, for a sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of the amount of the tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. E. GRIFFITH,
Public Works Engineer.

Department of Public Works,
Victoria, B.C., 14th August, 1912.

aug. 17 sept. 7

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for the Construction of a Breakwater in Victoria Harbour, B.C.," will be received at this office until 4.00 p.m., on Thursday, September 5, 1912, for the construction of a Breakwater at Victoria Harbour, Victoria, B. C.

Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and at the offices of W. Henderson, Resident Architect, Victoria, B.C.; C. C. Worsfield, Esq., District Engineer, New Westminster, B.C.; J. G. Sing, Esq., District Engineer, Toronto, Ont.; J. L. Michaud, Esq., District Engineer, Montreal, Que.; A. Decary, Esq., District Engineer, Quebec, Que., and on application to the Postmaster at Vancouver, B. C.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 8, 1912.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—23963.

aug 17 aug 31

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Prepare for the Rainy Season by selecting your *ZAMBRENE COAT* now! The quality coat, just thing. We have a large shipment to choose from

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F. A. GOWEN, Managing Director

Correspondence

The Week accepts no responsibility for the views expressed by its correspondents. Communications will be inserted whether signed by the real name of the writer or a nom de plume, but the writer's name and address must be given to the Editor as an evidence of bona fides. In no case will it be divulged without consent.

A REPLY TO THE BISHOP

742 Pandora St.,
Victoria, B. C.,
Aug. 21, 1912.

To the Editor of The Week:

Sir,—Your issue of August 17th, contains a communication from Bishop MacDonald criticizing the article by "Bohemian" in your issue of August 10th. In the article of August 10th, it is stated that: "The Roman Catholic 'Orphans' Friend,' published in Victoria, and personal organ of Bishop MacDonald, issue of August, 1909, warns Roman Catholic parents not to expose their children to perdition by sending them to the public schools of this city."

Bishop MacDonald, in his letter of August 17th, attempts to convey the impression to your readers, that his "Official Organ," "Edited by the Clergy of the Diocese," did not wantonly insult every non-Roman Catholic public school supporter in the City of Victoria, by declaring that his children were so depraved that, if Roman Catholic children mixed with them in the schools, they "would be exposed to eternal perdition." Bishop MacDonald quotes only part of the article complained of, and leaves out the very part that would have proven the absolute correctness of the quotation given by "Bohemian." Following is Bishop MacDonald's version of the views contained in the article which was referred to by "Bohemian": "The writer complains that Catholic parents are 'forgetful of the grave dangers to which faith and morals are exposed in those (public) schools'," which is not the same thing, I take it, as to warn them, not to expose their children to perdition by sending them to the public schools of this city." Then Bishop MacDonald follows this statement up by saying: "This latter statement contains, at least implicitly, a reflection upon the morality of the public schools of this city which I should deem it my bounden duty to apologize for if anyone for whose words I can fairly be held answerable were to publish it." Now anyone reading the above statements by Bishop MacDonald can come to no other conclusion than that the Bishop wishes to convey to your readers the impression that the B. C. "Orphans' Friend," his own "Official Organ," never made the statement that the Roman Catholic parents of Victoria were exposing their children to perdition by sending them to the public schools. The best way to get at the truth of the matter is by quoting the article in question. On page six, in the issue for August, 1909, of the B. C. Orphans' Friend, "Edited monthly by the Clergy of the Diocese of Victoria, B. C.," and, "Official Organ of the Right Reverend Bishop of Victoria," is an article on "Education," of which the following paragraph is an extract:

"Unfortunately, some weak-minded Catholics, parents, oblivious of the grave obligations they have towards their children, carried away by the glittering, but deceiving, reports of the public schools, forgetful of the dangers to which faith and morals are exposed in those schools, listening also to the false charge that our Catholic schools are inferior to the public schools, without scruple or remorse are sending their children to the public schools, thereby depriving them of that greatest of all boons, a thorough Catholic education, and exposing them to eternal perdition."

Now, your readers can see for themselves whether the statement made by "Bohemian," and which you say was furnished him by the local Orange Lodge, is correct or not. It proves beyond the shadow of a doubt that, Catholic "Orphans' Friend," published in Victoria, personal organ of Bishop MacDonald, of August, 1909, warns Roman Catholic parents not to expose their children to perdition by sending them to the public schools of the city.

Bishop MacDonald should be too big a man to resort to the means that he has in this instance to get himself and his church out of an awkward situation. He should know that a reference to the article itself would show that he was resorting to a Jesuitical subterfuge to prevent the Roman Catholic Church being placed in a very unfavourable light before the people of this city. A man who is so eager to rush into print as Bishop MacDonald, should at least, "play fair," if he wishes the public to pay any attention whatever to his communications.

Now, as to the question of responsibility for the article, which slanders the public schools of our city. Bishop MacDonald is preparing a soft place to fall on by stating that he did not write the article in question, and that therefore he cannot in any way be held responsible for it. "Bohemian" never said that he did write it. All he said was that the article appeared in the Roman Catholic B. C. Orphans' Friend, which is the personal organ of Bishop MacDonald, and his statement in this respect is borne out by the facts. Your readers will perhaps be able to place the responsibility if Bishop MacDonald will answer the following questions:

1. Is the Editor of the B. C. Orphans' Friend a priest of the Roman Catholic Church?

2. Is the Editor of the B. C. Orphans' Friend appointed by Bishop MacDonald?

3. As Priest and as Editor, is he not responsible to Bishop MacDonald for what appears in the editorial columns of the paper?

4. If Bishop MacDonald did not agree with the views expressed in the editorial complained of, did he at any time censure the Priest who wrote the article?

5. Has Bishop MacDonald by any subsequent article or editorial in the B. C. Orphans' Friend, or from the pulpit, criticized the article complained of, or corrected the statement made, "that Roman Catholic parents are exposing their children to perdition by sending them to the public schools of the city."

6. Would he have expressed any regret over the publication of the article, if it had not been brought to the attention of the general public?

7. Do not Roman Catholic papers write articles for "home consumption" by people of their own faith, that they express "regret" for when they are challenged regarding them before the general public?

Yours truly,
J. C. SCOTT.

THE LAST SURVIVOR OF COOK'S VOYAGES

The Editor of The Week:

Sir,—In connection with the incidents in the life of our great navigator, Captain Cook, lately given in your paper, no doubt the following account of the last survivor of his voyages will be of interest to many readers of The Week.

I came across the account which, I feel sure, may be taken as authentic, when looking over one of my old volumes of the "Illustrated London News," under date of 4th January, 1851, page 3. The "Shipping Gazette" of that day, from which the "London News" had taken the information gives the Lords of the Admiralty a severe scorching for their wilful neglect of this old seaman. What was the result of the plea in the old tar's favour I have not been able to find out.

JOHN T. WALBRAN.

Illustrated London News, 4th January, 1851:

"The last survivor of Cook's voyages furnishes a pitiable tale with which we have been favoured and to which we cannot direct the attention of our readers without disgust and sorrow—disgust at the ingratitude of the nation to one who has so well served it, and sorrow as much for the country of which such a disgraceful deed can be recorded as for the unfortunate individual who is the victim of it.

"John Beannite Walsh Wade was born in New York, May 1, 1751, at the time it was still an English colony. In 1773 he was impressed into the British navy and served in it until 1827, a period of 54 years, when he was paid off as master's mate. During that long and eventful interval he had been in 42 engagements by sea and land, and had been wounded 21 times—severely in the head at the battle of the Nile.

"At his outset in seafaring life he was put on board the 'Resolution,' Captain James Cook; accompanied that celebrated navigator in his voyage of discovery and was on shore with him when he was killed at Owhyhee, he himself receiving a spear wound. He served on board the 'Barfleur' in Rodney's action of April 12; also off Cape St. Vincent; he served in the 'Arethusa' at the capture of 'La Belle Poule'; belonged to the 'Leviathan' at the action of 'The Glorious 1st of June,' 1794; was at Teneriffe when Nelson lost his arm; to the 'Bellerophon' at the battles of the Nile, Copenhagen and Trafalgar, and belonged to the same ship when Napoleon took refuge on board of her in 1815.

"In 1798, being then in the 'Culloden,' at Spithead, he took an active part in the mutiny which broke out in the fleet, for which act of insubordination he incurred the displeasure of the Admiralty, who although he remained many years after in the navy, and still fought our battles, eventually inflicted their punishment by refusing to grant him any pension or relief. He is now in his hundredth year, allowed to beg, and exist upon the poorest pittance at Kingston-at-Thames. This veteran was concerned in the mutiny of the fleet at Spithead in 1798; and is such a deed never to be forgotten or forgiven? Were those engaged in Irish rebellion of the same period subjected to unrelenting condemnation? After being engaged in this mutiny Wade fought at the battle of the Nile, at Copenhagen and Trafalgar having previously been engaged in Rodney's action in 1782 and under Howe in his glorious victory over the French fleet in 1794. That such a man should now be forced to

"Beg bitter bread through realms his valour saved

is indeed too like a verification of the words of the poet, and we can scarcely suppose that the Admiralty know of his situation. We cannot believe that official vengeance can have pursued this man for more than half a century; we cannot conceive that such monstrous persecution and unrelenting severity could be resorted to at the present period. We therefore hope to hear that the Admiralty has bestowed upon him such a pension as his long and meritorious services deserve.

"In the meantime we would recommend him to public sympathy. A very small sum would purchase for a man 100 years of age an annunity sufficient to keep him from want during the short remainder of his career in this life."—(Shipping Gazette, January, 1851.)

Bella Coola, B.C., Aug. 18, 1912.

Dear Sir,—In its issue of August 3rd the Vancouver Saturday Sunset passed some severe strictures on the Department of the Attorney-General with reference to the recent murders at Clinton.

Allow me to say through your paper that the editor of the Saturday Sunset is wrongly informed about the Clinton jail when he says "it would not hold a jack rabbit." Let him go and see it first before he shoots his face off. I would like to have seen him on the chase for the outlaws at Clinton and seen what he could do in arresting them. Again he says that they had no grub and one horse between two men. What kind of a man is he? I like to hear a man criticise when he has something to criticise about. If he knows of a way of catching them let him bring it forward instead of talking about what he knows nothing about, and I am sure the Government would be very glad of it.

Yours truly,
A MAN WHO WAS THERE.

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ctivity in Prince Rupert

Ipon the insistent urging of the c authorities of Prince Rupert, the ish Columbia Government has de- d upon the immediate erection e of Provincial buildings of met- olitan standard (provision for h will be made in the estimates he next session of the Legisla-) and upon the offering by auction the 28th and 29th instant of ap- imately three hundred choice lots ained in the Government's re- ed blocks in Sections 1, 5, 6, 7 and The erection of the new Provin- buildings will most probably hronize with the provision of fed- buildings of equal high class and uate to the requirements of a city 00,000 population, which Prince rt will become within a few , having both the Government he Grand Trunk Pacific as guar- s of its future. Simultaneously, he provision of the railway ter- s and hotel, the dry dock and mmense Doughty fisheries and storage plants assure the expen- of millions and exceptional ac- during the ensuing few years permanent business and civic rity based thereupon. In con- n with the forthcoming Govern- sale, the terms of payment have decided upon as: One quarter nd the belance in three equal instalments with interest at six nt.; ten per cent of the pur- price to be paid at the fall of mmer and the remainder of the nstalment by August 31st. The of the property is indefeasible. es of agreement will be furn- free and Crown grants at $10 Corners and the lots adjoining e sold together. Inside lots will ld singly, but purchasers will the right to take individual ad- g lots at the bid price, provided ots are on the list. An agree- of sale will be issued for each ld and the consideration for s and lots adjoining will be tioned by the agent. When ng buildings purchasers must e to the grades fixed by the ers. All payments are to be in cash, certified cheques or of exchange payable at par at e Rupert. The sale has been ar- d for Wednesday afternoon, the instant, in order to meet the nience of parties wishing to at- These may leave Vancouver e regular C. P. R. or Union SS. steamers on Saturday night, st 24, arriving in Prince Rupert, st 26, or they may leave by the P. steamers on Monday night, st 26, arriving in Prince Rupert a.m. on the Wednesday morning, e time being thus allowed for in- ion of the listed properties. . P. steamers, returning, leave e Rupert on the morning of the and arrive in Vancouver on the ng of the 31st. C. P. R. and SS. Co. steamers leave respec- on August 31 and September 1. are, Vancouver to Prince Rupert, ling meals and berth, is $18 each

Correspondence

THE EXACT SIZE OF A LITTLE ENGLANDER

Victoria, B.C., Aug. 21, 1912.

To the Editor of The Week:

Dear Sir,—I hoped a better pen than mine would reply to the wild letter of "Imperialist" in your issue of August 10th, but as no one has answered it, I venture to write to you. We Canadians, whether by birth or adoption, don't want any such army as "Imperialist" talks about. Armies are things of the past, left behind when we left Europe and never will be needed in British Columbia. Besides whose going to pay for it all? "Imperialist" writes about having twenty-eight infantry battalions; why it would cost at least $60 to clothe and arm each man and this would be $1,224,000, all out of the taxpayers' pockets, I suppose, and then there would be the pay when the fighting was going on. Why, two months' fighting at $3 a day per man would cost us about one and one-quarter million dollars; the scheme is impossible.

No, sir, we don't want any such ideas, no one will ever attack us in B. C. We don't quarrel with anyone and if you don't quarrel, how can you be attacked? If "Imperialist" has got such a lot of time he don't know what to do with, why don't he go and do some work?

Now, Mr. Editor, I am only a plain man, but I hope you will print this letter, as I and my friends think a letter with the rubbish in it as "Imperialist" wrote won't do any good to us here, and I can tell him and you too that he isn't going to get any twenty-eight battalions or regiments in B. C.

The Motherland can look after herself. She don't bother any about us and why should we bother about her.

I am, sir, yours faithfully,

PROPERTY OWNER.

A New Field for Betting

The news despatch from Kingston, which chronicled the fact that Rev. W. M. Rochester, secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance in Canada, had taken up a thousand-dollar challenge issued by an elder of the Seventh Day Adventists regarding the respective authenticity of the first and the seventh days of the week as the orthodox Christian Sabbath, reveals a strain of sporting blood in the reverend secretary which had not been hitherto suspected, writes a reader of Saturday Night. Now that so prominent an official of the forces of righteousness has qualified as a plunger, one may expect to see the long-condemned practice of betting acquire an odour of respectability, if not of sanctity, and enter upon a new phase of activity in being called upon as a medium for definitely settling vexed questions of theology. With so distinguished an example as that o. Mr. Rochester before them, those who have hitherto been the sworn foes of gambling in all its forms will doubtless be prepared to make a reservation in favour of wagering so long as only religious questions are the debatable matters. Perhaps one may even hope to see the good old days of the betting parsons revived in all their glory, and the sporting pages of the newspapers so far exempted from the restrictions of the Miller Bill as to permit them to publish the prevailing odds upon current religious disputes. Deacon and elder, warden and sidesman, will then turn eagerly at the breakfast table to the columns which sets forth that some such wagers as the following have been chalked up at the rooms of the Metropolitan Racing Association:

Seven to ten that Daniel's lions were only St. Bernards.

One to two that Nebuchadnezzar was just eating water cress.

Three-and-a-half to one that Pharaoh's daughter was fibbing when she said she found Moses in the bullrushes.

Five to one that it was some other noise Baalam heard.

One hundred to one that Jonah was merely the first of the fish-story artists.

—Toronto Saturday Night.

The Rights of Pedestrians—Damages Against Motorist

An action to recover damages for personal injuries due to alleged negligence was recently brought by Miss Maud Millington, living in Coventry Street, Kidderminster, and carrying on business as a dealer in antiques at 84, Station Hill, Kidderminster, against Messrs. Thomas Vale and Son (Limited), contractors, Stourport. Defendants alleged contributory negligence.

The case stated for the plaintiff, which she supported by evidence, was that about ten o'clock on the morning of January 1 she was walking up the carriageway of Station Hill on the way to the shop and when opposite the Clarendon Inn she was struck behind by the defendants' motor-car and thrown on the pavement.

His Lordship: Do you suggest, Mr. Cave, that pedestrians have no right to use the road?

Mr. Cave: Oh, no, my lord.

His Lordship: Drivers often think they have not, but it's a delusion.

Outlining the defence, Mr. Cave said the driver of the car, turning out of Green Street successfully avoided the front of the fruiterer's dray, which was travelling on the crown of the road, but in endeavouring to get between the rear of the dray and the plaintiff the car skidded on the greasy surface. Counsel contended that it was an inevitable accident, for which nobody could be held responsible.

The jury found for the plaintiff with £250 damages, and fixed £30 as the doctor's fee.

His Lordship gave judgment for £280, and costs.

Westholme Grill

The Cosiest and Coolest Grill on the Pacific Coast. Guests are assured of a hearty welcome—the best of cooking—quick and pleasant service. An assortment of Wines and Liquors unequalled.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 11TH, 1912
Orchestra 6.15 to 7.30—9 to 11

MENU

A LA CARTE
Celery 25 Olives 20 Almonds 20 Green Onions 10
Scotch Relish 25

CANAPE
Caviar 25 Pate de Foie Gras 25 Tuni Fish 25 Anchovy 25
Canape Lorenzo 50

SHELL FISH
Olympia Oyster Cocktail 35 Eastern Oysters on Shell 40
Little Neck Clams on Shell 40 Crab Cocktail 25
Dungess Crab: Half 25, Whole 40

SOUPS READY
Consomme Mozart 20 Chicken Broth with Rice 15
Boston Clam Chowder 15 Puree of Tomato Florida 15

SOUPS TO ORDER—5 minutes
Eastern Stew Double Cream 50 Barszcz a la Cracovienne 25
Tomato Bouillon 20 Clam Broth with Whipped Cream 25
Cream of Tomato 20

FISH
Supreme of Flounder Marguery 50 Tenderloin of Sole Colbert 40
Boiled Smoked Halibut Drawn Butter 40 Finan Haddie Grille 40
Smelts Saute Doria 45 Filet of Red Snapper Orly 40
Broiled King Salmon on Steak Mirabeau 45
Norwegian Mackerel Steamed Potatoes 40

ENTREES
Poached Eggs Benedictine 45 Hungarian Goulash with Spatsen 40
Braised Shoulder of Lamb Potatoes Delmonico 45
Sweetbreads with Green Peppers a la Wiegel 75
Breaded Lamb Chops Stuffed Tomatoes 45
Eminence of Chicken a la Chaffing Dish 75
Crab Meat Cutlets Victoria 50

ENTREES TO ORDER—From 5 to 15 minutes
Chicken Livers Brochette 50 Planchet Sirloin Steak Westholme $1.00
Rack of Lamb Casserole Bouchere: For one 75; for two $1.25
Whole Squab Chicken Casserole with Vegetables $1.25
Stuffed Tomatoes au Duxelle 25
Stuffed Green Peppers 25

ROASTS
Half Roast Milk Fed Chicken Stewed Plums: Half 65; Whole $1.25
Prime Ribs au Jus Yorkshire Pudding 45; Extra Cut 75
Roast Young Island Goose German Apple Dressing 75

VEGETABLES
French Artichokes Hot or Cold 35 New Peas 25 Haricot Panashe 20
New Wax Beans 15 Fresh Corn on Cob 25
Fresh Spinach au Naturelle 15

SALADS
Head Lettuce 30 Tomato 35 Cucumber 25 Combination 50
Lettuce and Tomato 35

DESSERT
Vanilla Parfait 25 Peach Melba 25 Assorted Fruits 25
Chocolate Eclair 10 Nuts and Raisins 25 Cup Custard 10
Tapioca Custard 10 Vanilla Sago Ice Cream 20
Parfait d'Annanas 35 Cabinet Pudding 10
Iced Canteloupe: Half 15, Whole 25

PIES
Mince 10 Green Apple 10 Lemon Cream 10
Raspberry 15 Banana 10

CHEESE (Per Person)
Camenbert Elite 25 Roquefort 25 Gorgonzola 25
Coffee per Pot 20 Tea per Pot 20 Demitasse 10

apl 20 L oct 20

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Rain or Shine

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R. F. Leighton, *Racing Secretary*

Society

Miss Dodwell has been holidaying at Shawnigan Lake.

* * *

Miss Blakemore has returned from Kamloops.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Shallcross were week-end visitors to Vancouver.

* * *

Miss Combe has been a recent visitor to Seattle.

* * *

Mr. Noel Humphreys, Vancouver, was in Victoria during the past week.

* * *

Mrs. H. A. Ross is home from a holiday at Comox.

* * *

Mrs. Lloyd, Westholme, has been the guest of Mrs. Scriven, "Vancouver House," Oak Bay.

* * *

Mrs. Pegrano, Vancouver, and Miss Rainer, from Ipswich, England, have been visiting Mrs. W. Holmes.

* * *

Mrs. Gordon Hunter, Shawnigan Lake, was the week-end guest of Mrs. T. S. Gore, Oak Bay.

* * *

Mr. F. Devereux and Mr. W. Cartwright are spending a month surveying at Sooke.

* * *

Mrs. Kinloch has returned from a three months' trip to England and France.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Scott and party have left on a fortnight's cruise among the Islands.

* * *

Mrs. George Phillipps, Esquimalt, has returned from a week's visit to Cowichan.

* * *

Mr. Carl Lowenberg is back from his holidays spent with friends among the Islands.

* * *

Mrs. George Johnston and daughter are the guests of Mrs. Trotter Johnston, Somenos.

* * *

Judge Howay of New Westminster was registered at the Empress during the week.

* * *

Mr. Paul Borradaile paid a flying visit to Ganges Harbour in the early part of the week.

* * *

Recent Montreal visitors at the "Empress" were Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Barr and Miss MacNaughton.

* * *

Mrs. Baldwin and Miss Baldwin of Edmonton, have returned home after spending the last three months in Victoria at the "Angela."

* * *

Mrs. Carr-Hilton and her two sons from Duncan, have been spending cricket week in Victoria. the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hardie, Oak Bay.

* * *

The Misses Eberts and Mr. Harold Eberts have returned from Duncan, where they were playing in the recent tennis tournaments at Duncan and Cowichan Flats.

* * *

A quiet wedding was celebrated on Thursday of Miss Joan Walker, grand-daughter of the late Sir Henry Crease and Lady Crease, and Mr. George Bulkeley of Vancouver.

* * *

Among recent visitors to Sol Duc Hot Springs have been Mrs. Pemberton, Mrs. H. D. Helmcken, Miss Phipps, Miss Macrae, Miss Thompson, Miss England, Colonel Appleton, Mr. Whiting, Mr. Criddle, Miss Criddle, Mr. and Mrs. V. Eliot and Mr. C. Gore.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Scott, Oak Bay, entertained on Saturday evening, the guests amusing themselves with music and dancing. Among those present were Miss Maud Scott, Mr. C. A. Thomas, Miss Sheila Dumbleton, Miss Cross, Miss Grace Cross, Mr. Spalding, Mr. Carstairs, Mr. Cartwright, Mr. Julier, and Mr. Milligan.

* * *

Mrs. R. P. Rithet, "Hollybank," was one of the recent bridge hostesses. She was assisted by her daughter, Mrs. Genge. Among the players were Mrs. Little, Mrs. Raymur, Mrs. Spratt, Mrs. W. Gore, Mrs. Rissmueller, Mrs. Freeman, Mrs. J. Hunter, Mrs. Savage, Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. T. O. Mackay, Mrs. Love, Mrs. Douglas Hunter and Mrs. Bechtel.

* * *

A tea hostess on Wednesday afternoon was Mrs. Peters, who entertained a number of ladies in the Empress palm room in honour of Miss Jessie Allan of Montreal, the other guests being Lady McBride, Mrs. Arthur Jones, Mrs. P. Irving, Mrs. Paterson, Mrs. W. F. Macdonald, Mrs. F. B. Pemberton, Mrs. Pooley, Mrs. J. A. Macdonald, Mrs. Simpson-Hayes (Winnipeg), and Mrs. Eberts.

* * *

Mrs. Fleet Robertson was the hostess on Friday last at the tea hour in honour of Miss Olive Day, Miss Marie Cross, and Miss Mary Sutherland at the Alexandra Club. The other guests included Miss Fell, the Misses Dolly and Hilda Page, Miss G. Pitts, Miss D. McDowell, Miss Luck Little, Miss O. Irving, Mrs. C. Payne, Miss Blackwood, Miss Russell, Miss Mowbray, Miss Troup, Miss D. Raymur, Miss P. Mason, Miss E. Hanington and Miss Cotsworth.

* * *

The Misses Violet and Theresa Mesher gave a jolly little tea last week for three of the September brides—Miss Marguerite Rickaby, Miss Pansy Robson, and Miss Mary Sutherland (Okanagan). Among the guests were Mrs. T. Johnson, the Misses Helen and Enome Gonnason, Miss Raymond, Miss Rickaby, Miss Mona Rickaby, Miss Olive Vincent, the Misses Winnifred and Marjorie Greig, Miss Muriel Hall, Miss Phyllis Burrill, Miss Pattison, and Miss Emily Elworthy.

A pretty wedding was celebrated on Wednesday last at the Church of Our Lord, the contracting parties being Mr. R. G. Dundas, second son of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Dundas, of Carron Hall, Stirlingshire, Scotland, and Miss Olive Day, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Day of "Derreen," Rockland Ave. Only relatives and immediate friends were present. A small reception was afterwards held at the home of the bride's parents. The bride wore a beautiful gown of white Liberty satin embroidered in pearl and silver, and her veil was of old Limerick lace, and the bouquet of bride roses and lilies of the valley. Her sole ornament was a pearl and diamond necklace, the gift of the groom. Miss Grace Cotsworth was maid-of-honour, and the bridesmaid was Miss Ruby Fell. They were gowned in pale mauve satin with lace tunics, and wore large lace hats trimmed with mauve poppies. Their bouquets were of mauve sweet peas and gypsophila. Two tiny trainbearers were Miss Christabel Dundas in an early Victorian frock of cream messalaine, and lace bonnet, and Master Robert Day, the bride's brother, in white satin court suit. The groom was supported by Mr. G. F. Whitend, and the duties of usher were ably borne by Major Lindsay. Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Dundas are spending their honeymoon touring the Island.

The Victoria, B. C. Convention

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 4, 5 and 6, are the dates set for the holding of the convention at Victoria, B.C. The proceedings will open with a reception on the evening of September 4, and on the two following days morning and afternoon sessions, at 10 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. respectively, will be held in the commodious and centrally located hall of the Alexandra Club. On Friday evening, September 6, it is expected that a banquet will be held at the Empress hotel.

The Government and people of British Columbia have awakened to the value to them of their forests, and when the people of the Pacific province become roused prompt and vigorous action is the result. At the last session of the Provincial Legislature there was passed a Forest Act, which is in many respects the most advanced piece of forestry legislation that has been enacted on this continent. So favourably is it regarded that the State of California is said to be about to pass legislation which is largely a reproduction of this Act.

Not only will Hon. W. R. Ross, Minister of Lands, who has jurisdiction over the province's forests and in whose department the new Forest Branch is placed, take an active part in the convention, but the premier of the province, Hon. Sir Richard McBride, K.C.M.G., is taking a personal interest in the convention and will deliver an address.

Forests and forestry in British Columbia will naturally take up the greatest share of attention at the meetings, but the papers and discussions will not be confined to these only.

Many of the leading foresters and lumbermen of the province and of the whole Dominion will be present at the convention, and sessions of the greatest interest may be looked for.

To Easterners who attend, not only will the convention be interesting but the entire journey to the Pacific coast will be of the greatest interest and their visit to the province will afford them the greatest enjoyment. In Vancouver the Pacific province possesses one of the most substantial and rapidly growing cities of the North American continent. It has now a population of 140,000 (including suburbs) and is looking forward to great things in the future, especially after the Panama canal is completed. The city includes the famous Stanley Park, with its big trees, in which the tree lover will find special delight. Capilano Canyon is another point of interest that will divide general attention with the famous park.

From here, the capital city of Victoria, the scene of the convention, is some five hours' sail down the Strait of Georgia. Not only does it include many beautiful buildings (of which the Parliament buildings are the chief), but it is famed also for the beauty of its surroundings. The immense timber resources of Vancouver Island, and its possibilities in many other directions will also engross the attention of the visitor. The railway development of the mainland must be an additional source of wonder to the tourist.—The Canadian Forestry Journal.

THE SPINSTER

By Hubert Wales. (Long.) 6s.

To a point—to the point when Mabel Christopherson surrenders at Le Touquet to the advances of Horace Register—Mr. Wales is, as his publishers claim, showing us "life as it is." There after he is painting a picture that shall appeal to the sympathy of the emotional, playing to the gallery. Everything that led to the Spinster's moral downfall is entirely reasonable and true to nature; all that followed in its train is, if not impossible, at any rate superlatively improbable. Mabel, the spinster who has been passed by, is a hospital nurse when she meets Register; before the final curtain is dropped upon her (more or less happy in the companionship of her brother) she has been on the verge of starvation, has been unable to obtain situations, has been reduced to griddling to keep body and soul together. The incident at Le Touquet was regrettable; Mr. Wales has made it, in result, all but fatal. For the rest, though the book will not please all readers, Mr. Wales shows in it his accustomed skill in making his people live for us, in compelling us to follow their fortunes to the end. If his plot crumbles away from the realities when Le Touquet is left behind, he contrives to hold us all the time, nevertheless.

ONE ON THE LAWYER

"You say," asked the cross-examinating lawyer, "that you can swear to having seen this man drive a horse past your farm on the day in question?"

"I can," replied the witness, wearily, for he had already answered the question a dozen times.

"What time was this?"

"I told you it was about the middle of the forenoon."

"But I don't want any 'abouts' or any 'middles'; I want you to tell the jury exactly the time."

"Why," said the farmer, "I don't always carry a gold watch with me when I'm digging potatoes."

"But you have a clock in the house, haven't you?"

"Yes."

"Well, what time was it by that?"

"Well, by that clock it was just nineteen minutes past ten."

"You were in the field all the morning?" went on the lawyer, smiling suggestively.

"I was."

"How far from the house is this field?"

"About half a mile."

"You swear, do you, that by the clock in your house it was exactly nineteen minutes past ten?"

"I do."

The lawyer paused and looked triumphantly at the jury. At last he had entrapped the witness into a statement that would greatly weaken his evidence.

"I think that will do," he said, with a wave of his hand, "I have quite finished with you."

The farmer leisurely picked up his hat and started to leave the witness box.

"I ought, perhaps, to say," he added, "that too much reliance should not be placed on that clock, as it got out of gear about six months ago, and it's been nineteen minutes past ten ever since."

WICKED, WICKED

"I suppose your wife was more than delighted at your raise of salary, wasn't she?" asked Jones of Brown.

"I haven't told her yet, but she will be when she knows it," answered Brown.

"How is it that you haven't told her?"

"Well, I thought I would enjoy myself a couple of weeks first."

UP TO HIM

He—"If I should kiss you, what would happen?"

She—"I should call father."

"Then, I won't do it."

"But father's in Europe."

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WATER NOTICE

For a Licence to Store and Pen Back Water

NOTICE is hereby given that Samuel Edmunds Field, of Victoria, B. C., will apply for a licence to store or pen back 1/30 acre, 10 feet deep acre-feet of water from Millstream Creek, a stream flowing in a north-easterly direction and emptying into Esquimalt Harbour, near Parsons Bridge. The water will be stored in a reservoir of 18,000 cu. feet capacity, built or to be built at foot lower falls, and will be used for domestic purposes as authorized by Water Record No. ——, Water Licence No. ——, or under a notice of application for a licence to take and use water, posted herewith, on the land described as Lot 1, Sec. 98, Esquimalt District, Map 748.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 12th day of August, 1912. The application will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Victoria, B. C.

Objections may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C.

SAMUEL E. FIELD, Applicant.

aug. 17 sept. 7

WATER NOTICE

For a Licence to Take and Use Water

NOTICE is hereby given that Samuel Edmunds Field, of Victoria, B. C., will apply for a licence to take and use 10 miner's inches of water out of Millstream Creek, which flows in a north-easterly direction through Esquimalt District, and empties into Esquimalt Harbour, near Parsons Bridge.

The water will be diverted at the foot of the lower falls, on Eastern boundary Lot 1, Sec. 98, Millstream, Esquimalt District, and will be used for domestic purposes on the land described as Lot 1, Sec. 98, Esquimalt District, Map 748.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 12th day of August, 1912. The application will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Victoria, B. C.

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SAMUEL E. FIELD, Applicant.

aug. 17 sept. 7

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For descriptive literature address Dr. Wm. W. Earles, Medical Superintendent, Sol Duc, Wash.

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Straw Hat Cleaner.....10
Bowes' Hair Wash.....
Foot Powder 25
Breath Cachons 10
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Parafine Wax, for covering preserve jars. Does not injure the fruit and is perfectly air tight

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do away with all discomforts and disappointments in fitting, and render the work of dressmaking at once easy and satisfactory. This form can be adjusted to 50 different shapes and sizes; but raised or lowered, also made longer and shorter at the waist line and forward raised or lowered to suit any desired skirt length. Very easily adjusted, cannot get out of order, and will last a life-time.

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"Sotto Voce"

The Week's Rumours and Humours

(By The Hornet)

hat the result of the Bayley-Scott t was as popular as it was not xpected.

* * *

hat the Arena is an ideal place in ch to hold such exhibitions and gratulations are in order to the C. E. R. and to Mr. Popham and Committee for their excellent ar-ements.

* * *

at Victoria has been enjoying 's weather for the King of es.

* * *

at "Cricket Week" is an institu- which increases in favour year ear.

* * *

at a worthy choice was made in election of the Hon. F. L. Carter-n as the Chancellor of the Uni-y of British Columbia.

* * *

t the inception of the Univer-as been made under favourable nstances, which should prove a omen for its future prosperity.

* * *

t there is a persistent rumour town to the effect that a dead man has been found in the 's Hill Reservoir.

* * *

t if this is the "canard" which uld appear to be, it would be in est interests of the public if the r Commissioner were to publish ement in the daily press to cor-t.

* * *

t for some reason at present un-n, the fact that the rumour says aman" makes the story more ous.

* * *

t the story is being literally ted from the house-tops" ac-g to the evidence of a pedes-in James Bay.

* * *

t so far no sympathy has been yed on behalf of the Chinaman.

* * *

t the death of General Booth is ternational calamity.

That the King's message to General Bramwell Booth voices the feeling of the English-speaking race the world over.

* * *

That according to the militant Suffragettes a murderous attack on a politician is a political crime and not a criminal policy.

* * *

That they are willing to force the vote on their unwilling sisters "for their good," but are unwilling to have food forced on them for their own good.

* * *

That logic was never a strong point with the fair sex.

* * *

That a bag containing gunpowder, a carpet soaked in coal oil, a basket full of lighters and three bottles of benzine formed the equipment of Miss Gladys Evans—political offender, according to the Suffragettes.

* * *

That such articles found on a mere man would indicate arson—even according to the same Suffragettes.

* * *

That Mr. J. E. Wilson does not like The Week when it writes a few facts about the Industrial Peace Association.

* * *

That the general opinion that Mr. Scullin is an exceptionally smart man is strengthened by Mr. Wilson's vindication of his project.

* * *

That sundry loafers still take their Sunday afternoon nap on the grounds of the Parliament Buildings.

* * *

That Dr. G. A. B. Hall is the City Medical Health Officer and not a veterinary surgeon.

* * *

That it is no compliment to commission this official to investigate the nuisance of a barking dog.

* * *

That it is satisfactory to know that some residents in Victoria will combine to protest against the cold-blooded indifference of dog-owners.

* * *

That a few animals at Beacon Hill Park are privileged to have their names and lineage displayed for the edification of the public.

* * *

That for some reason or another many of the animals are not treated with this consideration.

* * *

That the best-known animals, such as guinea-pigs, possess a visiting card, whereas the rarer species are left to be classed as "miscellaneous."

* * *

That the errant guesses of some of the visitors as to the names of the "miscellaneous" are more than passing funny.

* * *

That it is eminently satisfactory to learn that Victoria is now in the enviable position of being able to boast of her milk supply.

* * *

That according to Mr. Birch, City Analyst, the milk sold in Victoria would compare more than favourably with that sold in any city within the Empire.

* * *

That now this standard has been reached care must be taken that it be maintained.

* * *

That it will be a long time before the same can be said of the supply of drinking water.

* * *

That in the meantime consumers would do well to continue boiling their drinking water, as much care in weighing and measuring copper sulphate is necessary.

* * *

That on Thursday morning a gas plant was sold at the Customs auction.

* * *

That there is no truth in the report that it was bought by the Victoria Daily Times—they don't need one.

* * *

That some people are afraid that it may have been acquired by the City Council.

* * *

That the people who will need it most are the Westholme Lumber Company—in about three weeks' time.

That newspaper offices have put a ban on the word "leaderette."

* * *

That it is not a particularly fascinating word, but as it is mentioned in most standard dictionaries it seemed rather a waste of space to write a "leaderette" on the subject.

* * *

That in the Colonist of Sunday, August 18th, the following appeared on page 4 of the Supplement, where you are invited to spend an hour with the Editor: "Jesus said that a prophet was not without honour in his own house."

* * *

That some centuries ago St. Matthew (14: 57) said: "Jesus said unto them, a prophet is not without honour SAVE * * * in his own house."

* * *

That St. Matthew's version is probably the correct one.

* * *

That some little time ago an announcement was made in the City Council Chamber to the effect that the civic regulations with regard to the blocking of sidewalks were to be rigidly enforced.

* * *

That if any intimation to this effect has reached David Spencer, Ltd., it has been met with silent contempt.

* * *

That until a constable barks his shin on the obstructions which decorate Broad Street, it is unlikely that any further steps will be taken.

* * *

That it must be fine to be a member of Spencers, Limited.

* * *

That in a recent decision handed down by one of His Majesty's judges in the Old Country, the right of pedestrians to a share of the roadway was clearly allowed.

* * *

That this does not fit in with the views expressed by the Editor of the Colonist.

* * *

That it is quite likely that the judge was right.

* * *

That the latest issue of the Canadian Forestry Journal has a laudatory article on Victoria, where the Forestry Convention will meet during the first week in September.

* * *

That it is a pity that Mr. P. R. Allen has delayed his appearance on the stage of the Victoria Theatre till so late in the stock season.

* * *

That it is to be hoped that sufficient funds will be forthcoming to enable the Vancouver Cadets to complete their tour.

* * *

That there used to be a paragraph in the Good Book anent the counting of cost before starting on an expedition.

* * *

That even in this age much useful advice may be obtained from the same source.

QUIET GOOD TASTE

expressed in Our lothing. Our Gar-ents will *distinguish* ou--not advertise ou. We carry every-ing that is correct in Gentlemen's Apparel

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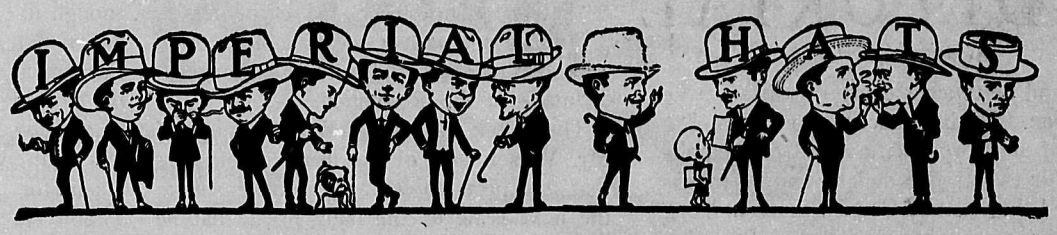

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NEW FALL SHIPMENTS are arriving that include all the very latest in Men's Hats. We are making our hat department a veritable picture to look at. Styles, shapes and qualities that the leading hat stores of America are showing are embodied in our magnificent showing. We cordially invite your inspection. A look through our stock will be gratifying to you.

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THE Staggard Tread Tires are the most economical you can buy because the double thickness and quality of the riding treads equal that of any two ordinary tires.

Their chief value, however, lies in the protection they afford both passengers and car in checking every tendency to slip or skid on any kind of wet or slippery road or when making sharp emergency turns.

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Fort street you can rid yourself of every care and worry about the family food supply. Victoria's Pure Food Market was established to serve the people and to serve them with nothing but the best. On tables supplied from Kirkham's, you KNOW that each dish is pure, fresh and wholesome, and not only that, you will find, on such tables, many imported delicacies which could have been obtained only at 741.

Suggestions for Today

Mackerel in Tomato Sauce, packed in Scotland, 2 tins for.....25c
Sardines in Tomato Sauce, 2 tins 25c
Soused Herrings, per tin.....10c
Krinkle Corn Flakes, 3 packets 25c
Washington Coffee, made in a moment, tins 35c
Stone's Pure Lime Juice, large bottle 35c
Three bottles for $1.00

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EDITORIAL

Continued from Page 1

"and he touches every organization he "can. He has touched Local No. 281 "of our organization in Indianapolis "for twenty-five dollars, and he touch-"ed the District Council in New York "for one hundred dollars. The In-"dianapolis Local found out that "everything was not right and held "up the twenty-five dollars. About "eighteen months ago he came to In-"dianapolis and had what was called a "form of a Bill presented to the dif-"ferent State Legislatures. I read "that, as did certain other labour offi-"cials, and thought it the best thing I "had ever read. Mr. Scullin asked if "I would endorse it and I said I would. "This man is loaded down with en-"dorsements of this kind, and endorse-"ments from mayors of cities, from "bankers, from business men, and "from leaders of organized labour. He "is going round imposing upon people "on the strength of these endorse-"ments. He formed an Industrial "Peace Association in Indianapolis, "composed of the principal men of the "city. Representatives of organized "labour were there. I attended the "meeting and joined the organization. "After that the organization died, and "I naturally thought the man had "dropped the business and had gone "back to the hammer and saw. It "seems he has not done so, but has "been attacking the leaders of organ-"ized labour. If there is one thing I "am opposed to it is fakers. This man "has recently been in Washington try-"ing to form his organization, and the "papers that come to me tell about the "'Gompers-Duffy-Scullin fight.' The "only thing I am sorry for is that "President Gompers did not telegraph "me so I could go down there with the "original documents."

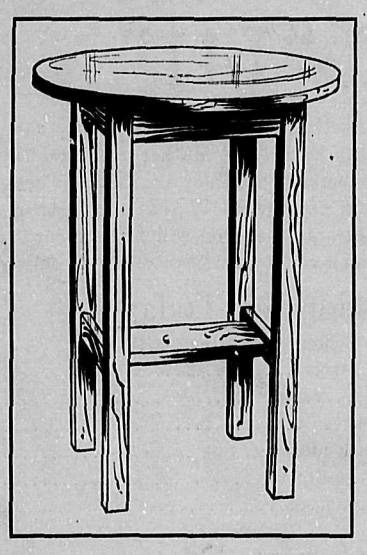
"Mr. Duffy then read a number of "letters from officers of carpenters' "unions and others, all of which cor-"roborated and added to the charges "made in the Resolution."

The Week has such a high opinion of Mr. Wilson and of his usual carefulness that it expects to see an announcement in the next issue of the daily press that he has severed his connection with the Industrial Peace Association.

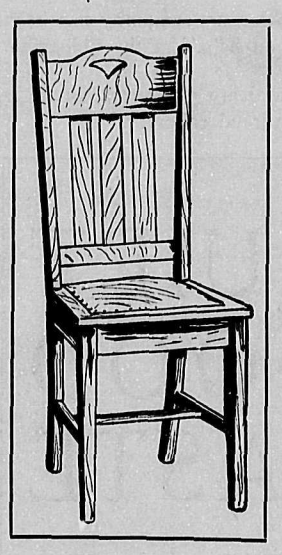
LORD MERSEY'S REPORT—As everyone expected, the Report of Lord Mersey on the loss of the "Titanic" is a judicial document of the finest type, replete with practical suggestions and calculated to strengthen public confidence in the findings of British tribunals. The Report is too lengthy to summarise in these columns, but interest naturally centres about the suggestions made as to the best means of preventing a recurrence of such disasters. Perhaps the most effective way to stop disasters of the Titanic type would be to put a check upon the breaking the record craze. For years this craze has raged like an epidemic in all departments of life, and under its influence tremendous risks are run. When a disaster takes place at sea from this cause, blame is apt to fall upon the captain. The real blame rests with the owners and the public, who encourage a form of rivalry as senseless as it is dangerous. It is all very well to recommend a proper look-out in the ice-region, and to insist upon a slackening of speed. Speed will not be slackened so long as the record craze holds sway, and therefore the only safe course is to forbid sailing in the iceberg regions at certain seasons of the year. Not only at sea, but on land there is a noticeable increase of recklessness within recent years, and thus it has come about that with our increasing civilization life has become increasingly insecure. In the old days disasters on railways or at sea affected a small number of individuals, but now-a-days, especially in monster vessels, lives are lost in thousands. Board of Trade regulations which did well enough in primitive times are now entirely out of date, and it becomes imperative for Parliament from time to time to see into the working of the Department.. But public opinion has more weight in such matters than official regulations. It may be taken for granted that disasters of the Titanic type would be impossible if it were not for the huge masses of idle rich who cross and recross the Atlantic in search of excitement, and whose hustling influence on masters does much to encourage the record craze. The feverishness of modern life is largely to blame for the recklessness characteristic of modern travelling, and not till we get back some of the simplicity of earlier times will we be free from the awful calamities which now and again rouse the public to a sense of the absolute folly of the record-breaking craze.

THE NAVY AND POLITICS—There is nothing more amusing than to watch the progress of the controversy raging in the public press on the subject of Imperial Naval Defence, and especially the attitude of the Canadian Press of all parties. The amusing thing is that while both Liberal and Conservative papers confess their anxiety to keep the Navy out of politics, neither can resist the temptation to score a point at the expense of its political opponents. The entertaining aspect of this situation reached its climax when it was suggested that Sir Wilfrid Laurier should meet Mr. Borden to have a kind of Round Table Conference on the subject, with a view of reaching common ground and eliminating party opposition when the matter comes to be debated on the floor of the House. The suggestion has elicited many comments of a striking character. Some papers profess to think that it would be an admirable arrangement for the two political chiefs to bury the political hatchet and in the interests of State and Empire to agree upon a common line of action. Others, like the Montreal Star, eagerly point out that both Government and Opposition must maintain their tradition functions, the chief of which is to critic each other; that the Government alo must be responsible for all decisions on po tics and that the Opposition must under circumstances maintain a critical attitu What amuses The Week is that there is backbone to this kind of controversy, a that we are a long way from hav reached that happy stage in mundane fairs when Governments and Oppositi can be expected to do what is most reas able. This may come about in that idy but somewhat remote period when it is p dicted that the lion will lie down with lamb; meanwhile, the natural antipathies both will continue to be exercised and emplified, and whatever naval policy Borden may evolve, it may be taken granted that, to use a Western phrase will be ripped up the back by the Opp tion. All the same, evidences are accu lating that every part of the Dominion be prepared to support his policy and of all bogies which the Liberals have re rected to scare good Conservatives greatest fraud of all is that of the Qu Nationalists and M. Henri Bourassa.

TYPHOID VACCINE—The We in receipt of a circular letter the Provincial Board of H which has made its appearance at a opportune moment. As readers of papers are well aware, the prevalen typhoid fever throughout the Dominic Canada is causing very general alarm though Victoria has up to the present spared any such serious visitation as been afflicting the Federal Capital, th entirely due to Providence and not to efforts of her inhabitants. The lette ferred to above calls the attention o public to the protection afforded from disease by the inoculation of Typ Vaccine. The beneficial results which attended the use of this safeguard far weigh the very minor discomforts whic tend its administration.



New Furniture & Carpets Arriving



Nearly every day we are receiving new Furniture and Carpets. We have an exceptional showing at present, both in our Carpet and Furniture Departments. The very latest designs in Furniture and the very latest designs and colors in Carpets. Every new arrival is of the very HIGHEST QUALITY and marked at rock bottom prices. We believe that the better the grade, the bigger the trade. Talk with us by phone, if you can't come. The best is always the most economical. The banner of *Highest Quality and Lowest Prices* waves over every department. Come in and spend a short time with us and you will remember it as a "bright spot" of sunshine in your life."

Beautiful New Arrivals in Open Stock China Tea Ware

These new arrivals are exquisite and just the very kind of a Tea Set for YOUR HOME can be selected from these new goods. Our China Department is especially rich at this season in variety of Tea Sets, including both those for country homes and those to be used as Wedding Gifts or for an addition to the city china closet. The collection is unrivaled, we believe, and we know that in quality—for price—it has no equal anywhere.

"Open Stock" 40-piece Tea Set, golden edge line and sprig.....$4.00
44-piece Tea Set, golden edge line and sprig $5.50
"Open Stock" 40-piece Tea Set, matt blue willow china, at.....$5.50
44-piece Tea Set, matt blue willow china $7.50
"Open Stock" 40-piece Tea Set, white and gold.....$4.60
"Open Stock" 40-piece Tea Set, blue band and gilt.....$7.75

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Follow the growing vogue of cooking and serving in the same dish. GUERNSEY EARTHENWARE, that beautiful brown, white lined, highly glazed earthenware, adds to the attractiveness of any table. It puts the finishing touch to beautiful silver and snowy linen. Shirred eggs, chicken and steaks en casserole, potatoes and macaroni AN QUATIN, baked tomatoes, SOUFFLES, taste so good when served piping hot in Guernsey Earthenware. Come in and see our new assortment of this popular ware.

Casseroles, from each $1.25
Ramikans, from, per doz.....$1.50
Custards, at, per doz.....$1.50 and $1.25
Bean Pots, from up 25c
Egg Dishes .....50c, 35c and 30c
Handled Casseroles, from $1.25
Bakers 65c
Round Pie Dishes.....50c and 40c

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