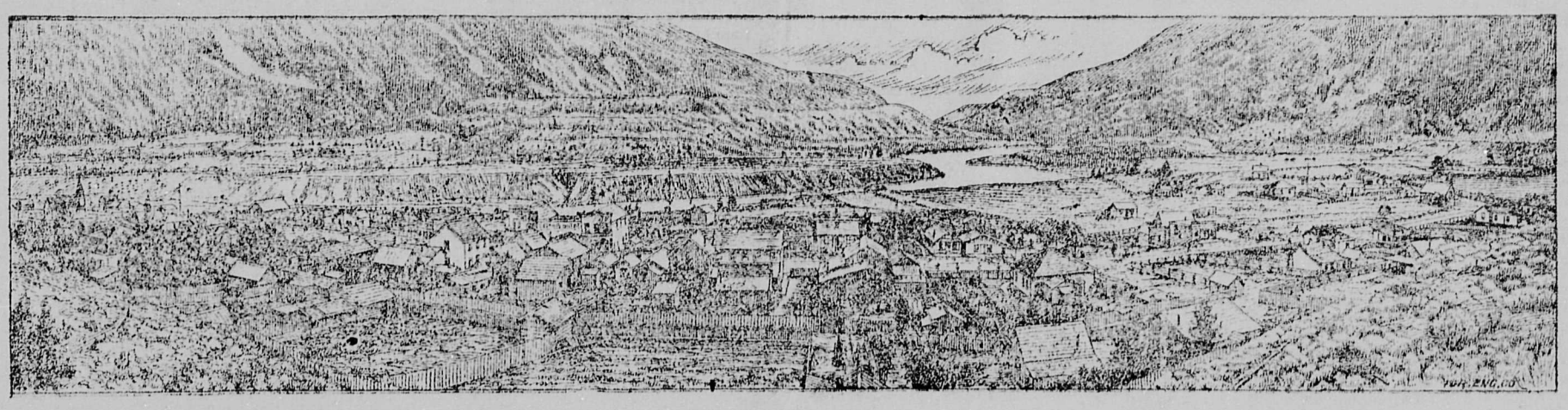
Legislature Reading Room



THE PROSPECTOR.

Vol. 4, No. 13. LILLOOET, B. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1901. $2.00 a year.

LILLOOET AND BRIDGE RIVER STORES.

J. DUNLOP.

GENERAL MERCHANT

Miners Supplies.

LILLOOET, B.C.

Branch Store at Bridge River where a full stock of General Merchandise and Miners Outfits are on hand.

J. Dunlop, General Merchant, Lillooet, B.C

Paul Santini,

GENERAL MERCHANT, LILLOOET, B. C.

Carries a full stock of all kinds of Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, etc.

MINERS' OUTFITS A SPECIALTY.

Pioneer Hotel

Lillooet, B. C.

W. F. Allen, Proprietor.

This Hotel is capable of accomodating 80 Guests. Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers. Everything First-Class.

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR B. X. STAGE.

Hotel Victoria.

LILLOOET B. C.

This hotel being new and thoroughly finished throughout is the only first class hotel in Lillooet. Persons calling at Lillooet will receive every attention by stopping at the Hotel Victoria. Good stabling in connection with the hotel. Head-quarters for the Lillooet-Lytton stage.

CHARGES MODERATE.

M. R. EAGLESON, - - - Proprietor.

LYTTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lytton every Tuesday and Saturday morning for Lillooet, returning next day. Special trips made.

If you contemplate a trip into Lillooet district, write us for information.

CAMERON & HURLEY -:- Lytton and Lillooet, B. C.

Bridge River Travel

Steamer leaves the Mill wharf every morning (except Sunday) at 9 a. m., for lake points.

Returning leaves the Mission at 2 p.m.

For information concerning rates, special trips, &c., write the company or call at the Mill wharf.

Seaton Lake Steamboat Company.

S. GIBBS,

Lillooet, B. C.

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER AND MINING BROKER.

Half-Way House,

LILLOOET-LYTTON ROAD.

Headquarters for all Stages.

CHARLES McGILLIVRAY, Proprietor.

THE PROSPECTOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT LILLOOET, B.C.

BY THE PROSPECTOR PUBLISHING COMPANY.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

The now almost completed tour of the British Empire by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, stands unique in history; never before has the prospective heir to a throne travelled over an empire so vast in its extent and so uniform in its loyality.

The royal party touched only at British possessions, covering over 30,000 miles, considerably more than once around the world. Nearly seven months will have elapsed when the future King will have returned to his island home; the whole of that period will have been spent in journeying from one British territory to another, across the empire 'on which the sun never sets.'

Apart from the magnitude of the royal journey, this tour will take place in history as one of unparalleled and unbroken enthusiasm. From every quarter of the globe, from white and black, from civilized and barbarian, the welcome extended to the heir presumptive has been most warm and genuine. One city has vied with another in presenting ovations. The royal progress has been one unbroken line of cheering crowds, and the sight of the unbounded loyalty of all the countries of the empire must have filled the heart of the future king with pride. From Gibraltar, Malta, Aden, Singapore, from the newly-born Commonwealth of Australia, from New Zealand, St. Helena and Mauritius, from South Africa, where 'grim-visaged war has shown his wrinkled front,' to our own Canada, the loyalty of the assembled multitudes has been unsurpassed in history.

Pessimists who have been croaking about the decline of the British empire and its decadence from its lofty sphere of influence, will find ample food for thought in the tour of the son of Britain's King.

POSTAL MATTERS.

What is the matter with our postal arrangements for our in-coming mails? Things have come to such a pass that it is of little advantage to have our mails from different points on the railroad. In fact, things are very little better than in the days of the two mails a week service from Ashcroft, the only advantage being the opportunity of sending mail out on the days after the Ashcroft mail.

There is either gross incapability or most flagrant carelessness somewhere; to use a vulgarism, there is a screw loose which needs fixing.

The mail-clerks on the line deliberately send letters marked 'via Lytton' around by Ashcroft, and vice-versa. It is of the greatest possible convenience to be able to have letters posted in Vancouver on a Monday or Friday come in by Lytton next day, but nine times out of ten the clerks ship such letters to Ashcroft, causing a delay of two or three days before they are received.

It is time such doings were stopped.

See our special offer on back page.

He that opposes us sharpens our wits and helps us to become better.

Many people labor like the ox or mule. They have to be hard pressed or they will not earn their feed.

NEWS OF THE MINES.

PLACER AND HYDRAULIC NOTES.

The following information is given to those of our readers who are comparative strangers to this Province, and who are asking for information regarding placer and hydraulic mining.

Within the somewhat narrow limits of our paper we will endeavor to give, from time to time, whatever information of a reliable nature, we can secure.

If mistakes are made by us in printing mining news it is because the parties who have duped others have duped the editors also. Our interests are best served by securing reliable news.

The statistics furnished by the Minister of Mines show that the mines of this Province have, during the last year, paid back to investors generally, both principal and interest. The report is as follows: In 1898 the value of output was $6,529,420; in 1899, $6,751,604; and in 1900, the sum of $10,069,757 was reached.

Placer Mining has produced $1,278,72; divided among the various districts as follows:

Cariboo	$162,000
Quesnel	$510,000
Omineca	$ 12,527
Atlin Lake	$465,000
East and West Kootenay	$ 15,900
Lillooet	$ 36,905
Yale	$ 62,342
Coast and other districts	$ 14,050

In the Liard Mining Division the outlook for successful hydralic operations is good.

In the Cariboo, the successful operations of the Cariboo Hydraulic last year has stimulated other and similar enterprises.

In Lillooet, where for 40 years operations have been carried on near the Fraser bridge, the Lillooet Hydraulic continues to take out gold in paying quantities.

McGillivray Mine.

From returns received, the Anderson Lake mine gold brick, weight 102 ozs., assayed $1,672. This amount does not include 3 ozs. which chipped off the brick. The above figures put the gold at $17.01 per oz.

As there are good prospects of a large addition being made to the present machinery and plant, next season will probably see a substantial increase in this mine's output.

Bridge River.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Bend Or Co. was held on Wednesday at their head offices in Vancouver, to discuss matters in connection with the company.

Messrs. Dugald McDonald and John Williams left on Thursday to look over the site for the proposed new bridge at the mouth of Bridge River.

W. McLeod and R. Phillips are out on a prospecting trip.

The following Lillooet baseball players take part in the game being played at Clinton to-day against Lac La Hache: R. Atkin, W. McKivor, C. Elliot, Jos. Russell and J. Walker; mascot, Jas. H. S. Rowbottom.

Frank Tinkham is in Lytton this week.

Wolves are increasing alarmingly in the forest lands of Northern Canada. This is accounted for by the increase in the herds of beer throughout the country. As the deer have multiplied so have the wolves which prey upon them.

Brief Despatches.

THE YACHT RACES.

The first of the Yacht races has been declared in favor of the Columbia. Two races have been declared off owing to the failure of the boats to finish within the time limit.

The second race of the series took place on Thursday and was won by the Columbia. The cup-defender finished 3½ minutes ahead of the Shamrock.

TELEGRAPH TO DAWSON.

A red letter day in the history of of British Columbia has been marked by the completion of the telegraph line to Dawson City.

The next step will be to extend the line northward and westward to the straits of Bering and from thence on to join the Trans-Siberian line now being constructed.

A MONTH TO LIVE.

Leon Czolgosz has been sentenced to die in the electric chair, for the murder of William McKinley, President of the United States. The execution has to take place during the week of Oct. 28.

BOER WAR.

Lord Kitchener reports that a Boer force stated to be under the command of General Botha, attacked Forts Itali and Prospect, on the Zululand border, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

All is quiet on the Natal border Lieutenant Miers, accompanied by some South African Constabulary, went out on Sept. 25th to meet three Boers who were coming in with a white flag. After a short conversation the Boers shot and killed Miers and galloped away.

The scene of the affair is placed at River's Drasl.

THERE MAY BE DOINGS.

Curiosity excited by the appearance of Mr. A.W. Smith at the Coast.

The presence of A. W. Smith, M.L.A. in the city this morning, and his immediate departure, with Mrs. Smith for Victoria, led many and various rumors to gain circulation as to the object of his visit to the capital—rumors which the statements Mr. Smith had to make to the press do not effectually dispose of.

Of course it was guessed that Mr. Smith had been sent for and would have the chance of the Provincial Secretaryship or the Ministry of mines.

Mr. Smith does not deny or affirm the charge.

His position in reference to the changes in the Cabinet that brought Premier Dunsmuir into disrepute is, however, very clearly defined.

"I do not care to say whether I think Premier Dunsmuir should or should not resign at present," said the member for West Lillooet to a world reporter this morning. "Things certainly seem to be very much muddled, but I am not sufficiently well informed to discuss recent politics for the public until I get to Victoria and have a look around for myself."

As for the calling of Mr. J. C. Brown to the Cabinet, Mr. Smith was more positive. He had condemned it as soon as he heard the news. He had endorsed Mr. McBride's action in the premises, and Mr. McBride had received a letter from him intimating that he regarded the step as rightly taken.

The present point, however, is whether or not Mr. Smith can be induced to overlook Premier Dunsmuir's offence, in view of the retirement of Mr. Brown into obscurity again, and will help him in his endeavor to retain power despite the wishes of the people.

John Houston, of Nelson, takes this ground, and is also willing to take the portfolio of mines.

Vancouver World.

Wise and otherwise.

A story which Mr. Chamberlin is said to be telling against himself just now is good enough to be true. A well known inspector of schools spent a good quarter of an hour impressing upon the little girls of a school near Birmingham the beauties of nature the wonderful nature of flowers of tree, and of running streams. At the end of his discourse he thought fit to put a few questions. "Now, who is it" he asked "who made these wonderful things? Who made each blade of grass?" "Joe Chamberlin "was the prompt answer of the little girl who was top. 'Surely' said the inspector rather taken back "surely Mr Chamberlain could not make a blade of grass?" "a" said the little girl you must be a pro-Boer!,'

A TRUE STORY FROM KOOTENAY.

By our special correspondent.

A short time ago, under the shadow of the Rockies in the Kootenay country, two boys played together, and conversed freely, as boys do, on all manner of subjects, and told each other what they would do when they became men.

One day a new experience was enjoyed by them. A clergyman visited that section and held an evening service, which our young friends attended.

A few days after this service the neighbor's boy came to play with his companion. They went upstairs, and remained quiet for a long time. The ever-anxious mother called out "Boys what are you doing?" and had her fears allayed by the answer of her son "Oh nothing mamma, we are only playing church". The mother of course felt satisfied for the time being, but after another period of silence she went upstairs to investigate. Imagine her surprise to find the boy companion of her son busily engaged with a pair of shears cutting her boy's hair off the top and front of his head, and evidently desirous of removing every vestige of hair from that particular spot.

The mother exclaimed "What are you doing with my boy?" "Oh nothing' he said, 'I'm only making a preacher out of him.'" Special notice had been taken of the clergyman's physical features, and the boys had noticed the dearth of hair on the preacher's head.

INTERESTING FACTS.

The Dominion of Canada has granted in bonuses to Railways $90,038,578, and 39,725,130 acres of land. Of the bonuses the Canadian Pacific Railway received 25,000,000 acres of land and $62,742,816 in money.

A little vinegar kept boiling on the stove while cooking cabbage, onions or cauliflower will prevent much of the odor from these vegetables escaping through the house.

THEN AND NOW.

In
days
long
ago (in
the six-
ties you
know) when
Grandma
went walking
she held
her skirts so!
What
would she
say if she
saw girls
today with
skirts
clutched
so tightly
they
all
look
this
way?

London Outlook.

COUNTERFEIT GOLD.

GILDING POWDERS ARE MADE OF COPPER AND SPELTER.

How the Material That Gives the Shining, Metallic Finish to Mirror and Picture Frames Is Produced. Gold Leaf Without Gold.

How many persons who see the shining gold in colored printing and on mirror and picture frames know that gold does not enter at all into the composition of the stuff that produces these golden effects?

The shining metallic effect is produced by a fine powder made from a mixture of bronze and spelter. This offers the cheapest and best means of giving the rich surface demanded in wall papers, printing, lithography, frescoing and in a vast range of manufactured articles of wood, paper and iron.

The material used is so called Dutch metal, an alloy of copper and spelter. The relative proportions are varied to produce different colors. The larger the percentage of spelter the lighter or more yellowish will be the tint of the alloy.

The copper and spelter are smelted in graphite crucibles containing about 400 pounds of metal, which, when completely fused, is run off into molds, forming half round ingots two feet long by half an inch in thickness. After cooling these are bound into bundles and sent to the rolling mill, where they are passed cold nine times through a double set of steel rolls under enormous pressure. This flattens them and draws them out into thin ribbons from 50 to 60 feet long and something more than one inch wide. Cold rolling under such extreme pressure makes the metal brittle, so it passes to the annealing furnace, which is heated by wood fire, as the sulphur in coal or coke would be injurious to the ribbons.

Having been softened and rendered ductile by annealing, they are cleansed in an acid bath, cut into lengths of about three feet and collected in bundles of 40 or 50 strips each. They are laid between sheets of zinc and passed under hammers which beat the metal strips to the thinness of tissue paper. This requires six successive beatings, and great skill must be exercised to produce a uniform and unbroken foil. After the third beating the metal strips are taken from between the sheets of zinc, loosened from each other and cleansed by immersion in a bath of tartrate of potassium. The cleaning is repeated after the last beating, and the sheets are hung on lines to dry. In the beginning the rolled strips are a dull gray metallic color, at the fourth beating the yellowish color begins to show, and after the sixth they are clear and bright as gold.

The defective leaves are then thrown out and the perfect ones cut into small squares, which are laid together by hand in packets of several hundred each and inclosed within an envelope of sheet brass. The packets return to the annealing furnace, where they are softened by heating and slow cooling, and then go to the beaters, where they are reduced under flattening hammers to the thinness of real gold leaf, so thin that it can be blown away by the breath.

The manufacture of bronze powder consists in grading, clipping and pulverizing the various bronze foils to an even, impalpable powder and is an industry of comparatively recent date. It began as a means of using up and utilizing the imperfect leaves which came as waste from the beaters of gold, silver and bronze. These were cut by hand into fine clippings and then ground to powder in hand mills of simple construction. With the lapse of time and the spread of artistic industries the uses of bronze powder increased until the demand far outran the supply of waste, and the leaf metal is now made on a large scale.

The beating process flattens out a pound of copper and spelter alloy to an area of about 500 square feet, and in this condition the square sheets as they come from the brass envelopes are sheared into small fragments and rubbed with olive oil through a steel sieve having ten meshes to the inch and then passed to the stamping and grinding machines, where they are pulverized by steam or water power to the bronze powder of commerce. The grinding occupies from one to four hours, according to the grade or quality of the powder to be produced, which is of four grades, from coarse to superfine. The superfluous oil is removed by heating under pressure, and the powder is then carried into centrifugal clarifiers, or grading machines, which, turning at a high speed, expel the powder through fine orifices in the form of dust, which settles on inclosed shelves, according to weight and fineness, the finer particles at the top, the coarser below, and in this way the powder is divided into its various grades.

How Customs Vary.

She—In some parts of Australia when a man marries each of the bride's relatives strikes him with a stick by way of welcome into the family.

He—Yes, and in many parts of America when a man marries each of the bride's relatives strikes him with a loan by way of welcoming him into the family.

Traveling Experiences.

Mother—Sir, I hope my little boy doesn't worry you by his fretting and crying. He isn't well, or he wouldn't act so.

Mr. Man—Oh, no. All children act that way. I'm used to it—in fact, I haven't seen a well child for 20 years.

A man should not be blamed for the mistakes he makes. He should be credited as he profits by them.—Atchison Globe.

OBSERVANT Q C.

Some of the People He Saw on Board a Georgian Bay Steamer—Sketches of Sundry Passengers.

It is dinner time on a Georgian Bay steamer, and people are seated at the six tables. This is where you see persons of different kinds, writes Q. C. to The Toronto Star. Here is an elderly man traveling alone, and it is impossible to believe that he is seeking pleasure or would deign to countenance it if it pursued and found him. He looks like a man who would buy the boat and sell it again at a profit before reaching the next port. He is a hard, severe, shrewd man of business, and is making this trip for one object—there is money to be made at the other end of it. Money—the acquiring of it is his occupation. At table, on the deck, wherever he is, he is planning his future operations.

Opposite him sits the lonesome man. There are several on the boat who are traveling alone, but this one is a hundred times more alone than any of them. He is traveling for pleasure, as one can see by his peaked cap, the camera slung over his shoulder, and the time-tables and pamphlets protruding from his pockets. Evidently he started out well enough—bought the peaked cap as the proper thing, being something half nautical, and the camera to take snapshots of scenes that interested him. But nothing interests him, so far as one can tell. He sits alone most of the time in the bow, speaks to nobody, looking across the water as if he would like to jump off and drown himself, only he cannot be bothered. What on earth drew him forth to scenes with which he consorts so poorly? Did his wife or his mother buy the ship and the camera and the tickets and send him on the lake tour against his inclination, in the hope that some of the moisture of nature would be absorbed by him? If so, the scheme does not promise well. He is a Stick, a dry fagot of a fellow. He leaves the fat on the side of his plate, and eats little with an air of melancholy. But perhaps he has had bad news since leaving home! That would explain it. We hope it is not that.

Over at the next table are the Americans—three married couples, and a widow. The widow is a rollicking good fellow—noisy with fun. You can see that the men like her, and the women do not, although two of them conceal it very well, and feign to be much amused at the nonsense going on. Will the widow have a glass of champagne? Of course there is none, but the man on her right goes through the motions of drawing a cork, makes hissing sounds, pours out of an imaginary bottle into an imaginary glass, and pretends to hand it to the widow, who laughs until she can scarcely keep her chair. One of the wives has a severe face—clearly she disapproves. She looks like a woman who will certainly comment upon this privately, if not publicly. But it is to her that the widow addresses her fun, graciously, perhaps a little bit tauntingly. Would the prettiest of these four women be a widow? Why should the widow also be the jolliest? What happened to him, that he should die and leave this pretty joker to travel alone? Everybody in the dining room of the steamer is compelled to listen to the fun going on at the American table. The jolly fat man with the iron grey hair hopes the widow will look them up in November in New York. The wife in blue darts a look at him, and swerves it toward the widow, sweetening it as it turns, and also expresses the hope that she will do so. Certainly the widow will. She has friends residing not far from them. The woman with the severe face remarks that she scarcely expects to be in New York by November. Ah! the widow regrets to hear it.

At the next table is the man who always gets the worst of it from the waiters on boats, in hotels, and restaurants. He orders fish, and having got it, the waiter goes and jumps overboard. At least, he never comes back. The man tells another waiter, who says he is busy at his own table, and cannot attend to him. He demands that the steward be summoned. Ten minutes go by. Others are finishing their dinners. He goes down stairs and sees the purser, who returns with him. Three waiters look after the kicker. One brings him soup. He has had soup already—about half an hour ago. The bill is held to him; he orders again. Time goes by. He talks indignantly to the man opposite, who suggests that the best way to do is to keep cool. The kicker intimates that he supposes the man opposite is part owner of the boat. The latter retorts that he has troubles enough of his own, and doesn't wish the conversation to continue. The man who has eaten his dinner is ever scornful of the impatience of the man who is waiting for his. This kicker would get the worst of it at the next hotel he came to. On the train he would be unable to find a seat. On reaching Toronto he would find that his baggage had been carried on to Buffalo, or put off at Toronto Junction. It is not his fault. No effort on his part will remedy these occurrences. He gets it in the neck just because Fate likes to have fun with those who squirm—likes it as a man likes to hook a game fish.

Later.—The lonesome man is all right. The jolly widow was so provoked at the sight of him that she knocked his cap over his eyes, and they got acquainted. He is making pictures of everybody, his cap is on the back of his head, he is trying to get up a dance in the cabin.

A Canadian Wit on Bill's Beard.

Emperor William's whisker will razor row among the German barbers.

Did the German Emperor get his beard ideal from his uncle, King Edward?

Emperor William's whiskers won't make any difference in his demeanor; but he won't look so cheeky.—Hamilton Spectator.

TORONTO'S FIRST CITIZEN.

The Late Senator Allan Was So Regarded in All Circles.

Senator Allan deserved to be regarded, from more than one point of view, as Toronto's first citizen. His whole life has been passed here, says The Toronto Globe, and it was, it might almost be said, coeval with the life of the community. His tastes and public duties touched those of his day and generation at a dozen different points. In its finance, education, art, philanthropy, horticulture, he had labored with zeal and distinction. Indeed, there were very few laudable lines of improvement in which he had not borne his share of work.

It is a tribute to the stability of our life that he died in the same great house in which he was born almost eighty years ago. Moss Park was the Allan family house long before Toronto attained the rank of a city, and its late master had the training and education that an English squire gives to his sons. After leaving school he made the grand tour, and doubtless returned to the little community in the York woods with enlarged ideas of the world beyond the seas, and the applicability or non-applicability of its conditions to the new world. The persons of position which were connected with the early life of Ontario in all probability dreamed of the possibility of founding families here. Sleepy Hollow, the Grange, Moss Park, and other such houses were the provisional seats, at least, of this squirearchy. The air of this continent, or perhaps its lack of laws of primogeniture and entail, makes the continuance of such families somewhat precarious. In the case of Senator Allan it can be said, however, that he had the culture, sense of public duty and honorable traditions that form the best recommendation of such a class. His leisure was not spent in trivialities or idle pleasures, but in an endeavor to do whatever duties came to his hand as a member of the community. To his munificence it is largely due that Toronto possesses one of its handsomest public squares, and it is to be hoped that at some early day a memorial will be erected in the Horticultural Gardens which will remind visitors to them that the city owes them to the generosity of George William Allan.

A Good Recent Parody.

In the way of recent parody the subjoined is very good. It is from a Halifax correspondent, signing himself "W. D," to the London Daily Mail, and the point of it is contained in the fact that the English Board of Education insists that scholars in the first and second year's course in higher elementary schools shall spend at least four hours per week in the study of science, half of which time must be devoted to practical work. The ages of these scholars will vary between ten and twelve. Half of them are girls:

Seated one day at my lessons,
I was wearily trying to cram
A problem in hydrostatics—
Something about a gramme,
I know not if I was dreaming,
I fancy I wanted my tea;
But I heard a melodious murmur
Like the sound of A, B, C.

It flooded the dreary class room,
Like an echo from long ago,
It filled my soul with yearnings
And my eyes with H2O.
I couldn't think where I had heard it,
My memory seemed to halt;
It brought back the days when children
Called sodium chloride "salt."
It made me forget for a moment
The smells and formulae,
And it trembled away into silence
With a sound I thought was D.

I have sought, but I seek it vainly,
That A, B, C, divine:
I heard it in my childhood,
But now I am nearly nine,
I learn about nitric acid,
I learn about NH3:
Perhaps when I go to the technical school
I shall learn my A, B, C.

Joseph Brant.

The poet Campbell, in his well-known "Gertrude of Wyoming," ascribes the awful massacre of the settlement to Joseph Brant, the celebrated Mohawk head of the Six Nations. The charge is probably unfounded, as Campbell himself was not unaware from proofs submitted by the sons of Brant in 1822. Scarcely less atrocious, however, was the attack on the American settlement of Minisink on July 23,1779, when 44 fell beneath the tomahawk of the Indians. Brant had been educated under the tutelage of Sir William Johnson, had visited England in 1775, when his learning had attracted wide attention, and fought with much distinction on the side of the British through the American revolutionary war. At the conclusion of hostilities he again visited Europe, and a few years later published his translations of the gospel of St. Mark and the Book of Common Prayers into the Mohawk language. He died in his 66th year in 1807, his later years embittered by the death of a son, whom he had killed in self-defence while resisting a drunken attempt to murder him.

Our Sturdy Country Boys.

There is no question of the influence which the sturdy outdoor life has upon country boys; and the fact that the life is harnessed to regular, imperative duties is to the boy's advantage. He is developed gradually and healthily, his mind following his physical strength rather than the reverse. And around him, for his everyday observation and study, are the very best object lessons possible for a boy's developing life. He associates familiarly with nature during his work and recreation; and even during his sleep, the air which enters his open chamber window is laden with the odor of apple blossoms, or the harvest season, or, perhaps, is the pure, stimulating atmosphere of the white, undulating winter fields. But it all goes toward making him stronger, sturdier, more self-reliant, more ambitious, more observing. He is healthy all through, physically, mentally, morally.

WORKING IN PUBLIC.

Show Window Artisans Can Command Good Remuneration.

A Broadway shoe manufacturer was asked what method of advertising he found most profitable.

"Placing my men near the window," he said, "so they can work in view of the public. I don't know of anything that catches the attention of the passer-by more quickly than the sight of a demonstrator sitting close to the window running a machine for dear life.

"Manufacturers of all kinds of goods have adopted this plan. Waistmakers put their most skilled workers on exhibition to show how the finest garments are cut and sewed. Cigar manufacturers take the public into their confidence and let them see the process of rolling as performed by the cleverest hands. Men who deal in mechanical contrivances have found that it pays to have at least one machine set up near a window so the crowd outside may observe the intricacy of its parts and the rapidity of its action. Jewelers have stationed their most expert lapidaries within view of the street that possible customers may see how precious stones are cut and polished and set.

"It isn't everybody who can work in public. It takes a person with good strong nerves and concentration of thought to do difficult work in a show window. I have men in my employ who are excellent workers, but they get flustered when subjected to unusual surveillance and ruin everything they put their hands to. I have tried some of them as window operators, but they can't get used to it.

"A man who can run a machine at full tilt or paint a picture or fry pancakes or iron a shirt in the full gaze of the public eye and not lose his head is an artist and worth several dollars more a week to his employer than the more modest individual. And he gets it too."

MEN'S VIEW OF WOMEN.

Earth has nothing more tender than a pious woman's heart.—Luther.

Remember, woman is most perfect when most womanly.—Gladstone.

Lovely woman that caused our cares can every care beguile.—Beresford.

He that would have fine guests let him have a fine woman.—Ben Jonson.

A woman's strength is most potent when robed in gentleness.—Lamartine.

Disguise our bondage as we will, 'tis woman, woman, rules us still.—Moore.

Oil and water, woman and a secret, are hostile properties.—Bulwer Lytton.

Women need not look at those dear to them to know their moods.—Howells.

Kindness in woman, not their beauteous looks, shall win my love.—Shakespeare.

Raptured man quits each dozing sage, O woman, for thy lovelier page!—Moore.

He is a fool who thinks by force or skill to turn the current of a woman's will.—Samuel Tuke.

The most beautiful object in the world, it will be allowed, is a beautiful woman.—Macaulay.

If the heart of a man is depressed with cares, the mist is dispelled when a woman appears.

Taking Sunday Collections.

An old and not yet obsolete mode of taking a collection in a Scotch church is by means of a ladle—a small wooden box at the end of a straight wooden shaft about four and a half feet long, the top of the box being sufficiently open to receive contributions of money. For all special collections this was the usual mode in the chief churches of Edinburgh when I was a boy at school there 50 years ago, but it has gradually gone out of fashion and is not often to be seen nowadays.

For ordinary Sunday collections the general custom has been to have a metal plate or basin on a small table at the church entrance superintended by an elder—a mode which was often called the brod. When ladles are used, they are handed round the congregation by elders after the sermon or after the last psalm, and the common Scotch phrase to "lift" the collection may have come from this custom.

Some Queer Verdicts.

What is "a reasonable state of intoxication" apparently just missed precise definition by a coroner's jury in Mississippi which stated in its verdict that "we, the jury, find that deceased came to his death by a stroke of an east bound train, No. 204, on I. C. Railroad, at Fentress, Miss., in Choctaw county, he being in a reasonable state of intoxication."

A somewhat similar indefiniteness of legal conclusion mars a verdict of a neighboring Georgia jury to the effect that "we, the jury, find the defendant almost guilty."

Equally as uncertain and ambiguous as these statements by laymen is the opinion in an early Maryland case which "acknowledges the corn" by saying that an occurrence referred to took place "at a former sitting when the court was full."

Too Liberal.

Wife—Here's an advertisement in the paper that you'd better look into. It says a man is wanted, and he won't be worked to death, and he'll get paid enough to live on.

Husband—Says he won't be worked to death, eh?

Wife—Yes; and they promise pay enough to live on.

Husband—Some catch about that!

Mary's Fractious Sister.

"I suppose your baby sister cries some?" asked one of the neighbors. "Cries!" said Mary. "Why, she just seems to look on the dark side of things all the time!"

HOW THE LEGS GROW.

The Shocks of Exercise Lengthen Them and Keep Them Even.

As a fact, says the author, our lower limbs are not usually both of exactly the same length, though they are so for all practical purposes. The left is usually the longer, though the gait is not notably influenced by this fact. At birth the lower limbs are shorter than the upper, and their movements are rather of the prehensile type. "We are not born leggy like the foal or kangaroo, but we gradually achieve legginess." The bones increase in length, not so much by interstitial deposit as by addition to their ends—that is, by progressive ossification of the layer of cartilage which intervenes between the end of the shaft and the epiphysis. Ossification goes on till the component parts of the bone are all united by bony matter, and thus the stature of the individual is determined.

If from inflammation or injury an epiphysis be damaged, one limb may be shorter than the other, or inflammatory stimulation may even induce an increased length in the bone affected. The skeletons of tortoises, not being subjected to sudden jars, have no epiphyses at the ends of the long bones, whereas in the leaping frog the extremities of the humerus and femur long remain as separate epiphyses. The continuous concussions to which the ends of the bones of the lower limbs are exposed when a vigorous child is excited by its own natural spirit to run about are doubtless of great value in assisting the growth in length of the lower limbs, which soon lose their infantile character and become adapted for running and walking. By exposing the lower limbs to the same influences and resistances during their entire growth we manage to maintain them of the same length, and gentle jars upon the epiphyses at the joints may be considered favorable to growth.

A BIG WEDDING FEE.

The Generous Uses to Which Henry Ward Beecher Put It.

In his "Eccentricities of Genius" Major Pond says that often while traveling Henry Ward Beecher improved his time by having what he called "a general housecleaning" of his pockets, which would get loaded up with letters and papers until they could hold no more, when he would clear them out and destroy such papers as were worthless.

On one occasion Beecher happened to put his hand in the watch pocket of his pantaloons and found there a little envelope which he opened. When he saw its contents, he called Major Pond to sit beside him and remarked: "You remember the evening I married C. P. Huntington. I was so much interested in the subject that I forgot he handed me a little envelope as he went out of the door. I put it in the watch pocket of my pantaloons and never thought of it again until just now, and here it is, four $1,000 bills. Now," he said, "don't tell any one about it, and we will have a good time and make some happiness with this money. We will just consider that we found it."

And so in a day or two Mr. Beecher went with Major Pond to look at a cargo of fine oriental rugs, many of which he purchased and sent to different friends, and afterward he spent what remained of the money for coin silver lamps, unmounted gems and various pieces of bric-a-brac, all of which he gave away until he had used up the entire $4,000 "in making happiness among those whom he loved."

After Mr. Beecher's death the major related to Mr. Huntington the incident of this discovery of the four $1,000 bills, and the railway magnate observed: "I should never have given them to him. It was all wrong. I made a mistake. Money never did him any good."

The Questions of Clarence.

"Well, Clarence, what is it?" asked the boy's papa.

"I didn't say anything, papa," replied Clarence.

"I know you didn't, but it is fully five minutes since you asked a question, and I know from experience that another is due about this time."

Making Steel Rails.

The rail mill presents many pictures that appeal strongly to lovers of the picturesque. Under ordinary circumstances the great strands of iron, each half as long as a city block, slide back and forth smoothly enough between the rolls that are stretching them and pressing them into the required shape, but a tiny obstacle may at any moment turn one of these cables of fire off the beaten track and twist it into a hopeless tangle or wind it like a squirming snake around some unfortunate workman.

When the rolling process has been completed, the piece of iron slides along to the great buzzsaws, which cut it up into the 30 foot rails known to the railway traveler. Every time the whirring circular saw clips off one of these lengths, sparks radiate in every direction, as though the biggest pyrotechnical pinwheel ever devised had been suddenly set in motion.

When the rail has been cooled and holes have been drilled in it, it is ready to start for any part of the world. The evolution of bars or beams or sheets from the big steel slabs is gained by the same general method of procedure. It is the size and shape of the grooves in the rolls which determine the form to be ultimately assumed by the steel in their clutches.

"Well, papa, what are all those big United States flags made of?" asked the boy.

"Some of them are made of silk, Clarence, but by far the greater number are made of bunting."

"And, papa?"

"Well, Clarence?"

"Are the little flags made of baby bunting?"

Give Everybody a Chance.

Emerson's dictum that we should treat every one as if he were all he ought to be is an excellent rule to practice in daily life. It is human nature to rise to the level that is expected of it. It is not necessary to waste time upon uncongenial people unless you are bound to them by strong family ties, but it is important that all with whom you come in contact be studied, with the desire on your part to give credit for all that is good in them and that nothing in their outward circumstances or appearance be allowed to prejudice you against them.—Ada C. Sweet in Woman's Home Companion.

Wise Too Late.

Fond Mother—Tommy, you don't seem very well.

Tommy—No, maw, I ain't. I wisht I had let sister eat that third piece uv pie.—Ohio State Journal.

A Heartfelt Loss.

Casey—So poor Cassidy is dead? Sure, everybody will miss him!

Flannigan—They will! He was the only mon in the war-rd thot everybody could lick!—Puck.

A Mint Julep Tragedy.

A northern man stopped at the home of an Alabama planter of the old school and was cordially invited to "Light, sah, and be welcome."

He "lit" and was forthwith invited to take a toddy, in accord with the Alabama rules of hospitality.

"Why," he said, "I saw a nice bed of mint back there. Suppose I get some of it and make a mint julep instead of a toddy."

"A what, sah?" said the planter.

"A mint julep. Haven't you ever tried them?"

"No, sah, nevah; but I'm willing, sah."

They did try the fascinating beverage, not once, but many times, and the northern man went away next day with reluctance.

Two years later his business took him there again. At the gate he was met by the old colored butler, on whose hat, as he doffed it, was seen a band of crape.

"Where's your master, sir?" he inquired of the old darky.

"He's dead, sah; died yestiddy."

"Dead! I'm shocked. What was the cause?"

"Why, sah, 'bout two years ago one o' dem Yankees cum down heah and showed ole marse how to drink weeds in his red likker, and he never stopped twell he died fum it."

PALE, ANÆMIC YOUNG WOMEN

Anæmia, or thin, watery blood, is increasing to an alarming extent among the school girls and young women of our land. Pale gums, tongue and eyelids, muscular weakness, inability for exertion, deficient appetite, impaired digestion, short breath, palpitation of the heart, attacks of vomiting, swooning, hysteria and irregularities of the feminine organs are among the unmistakable symptoms of anæmia or poor qualify of blood.

Anæmic persons are frequently said to be going into a decline, and as a fact do usually contract consumption or some fatal constitutional disease if they neglect to restore normal vigor. Fresh air, sunlight, moderate exercise and the regular use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food after each meal will restore new vitality to the body and new color to the cheek of any anæmic person. Gradually and thoroughly it forms new red corpuscles in the blood and wins back perfect health and strength.

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Fifty cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50; at all dealers, or post paid from Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE PROSPECTOR

LILLOOET, B. C.

SHE PATIENTLY BORE DISGRACE

A Sad Letter From a Lady Whose Husband Was Dissipated.

How She Cured Him With a Secret Remedy.

"I had for years patiently borne the disgrace, suffering, misery and privations due to my husband's drinking habits. Hearing of your marvellous remedy for the cure of drunkenness, which I could give my husband secretly, I decided to try it. I procured a package and mixed it in his food and coffee, and, as the remedy was odorless and tasteless, he did not know what it was that so quickly relieved his craving for liquor. He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, he stuck to his work regularly, and we now have a happy home. After he was completely cured I told him what I had done, when he acknowledged that it had been his saving, as he had not the resolution to break off of his own accord. I heartily advise all women afflicted as I was to give your remedy a trial."

SENT FREE TO ALL.—A sample package of Tasteless Samaria Prescription SENT FREE with full particulars in plain sealed envelope. All letters considered sacredly confidential. Address The Samaria Remedy Co., 30 Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

THE

Woman's Christian Temperance Union

ADOPT THE

"SAMARIA PRESCRIPTION"

FOR the CURE of DRUNKENNESS

Letter from Mrs. George Grant, of Paisley, Ont., giving particulars of a cure effected by "Samaria Prescription," resulting in its use and adoption by the Paisley Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

(Copy)

Paisley, Ont., December 11th, 1900.

The Samaria Remedy Co.,

30 Jordan Street, Toronto, Ont.

Dear Sirs,—I penned a few lines to you some time ago—as a member of the temperance cause, I wrote for information; at that time I had in my mind friends whose son was a great cause of anxiety and trouble on account of his drunken habits. I strongly urged the friends to try the remedy I saw advertised in the Toronto Globe. They did so. It was the Samaria Remedy that was administered and I am pleased to inform the company the medicine was helpful; the young man has not drank a drop since, breaking off from old companions; and special prayers on his behalf, all aided in breaking the chains.

At the last meeting of the W. C. T. U. here, I introduced your medicine for the cure of the liquor habit, and a resolution was passed, "That inasmuch as it is the aim of this organization to help the poor inebriate, we should recommend this remedy in homes where persons are addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors." Now, sirs, wishing you a successful career in your noble work, and feeling that assistance can be given in the precincts of home by the hand of mother or wife, trusting God may open up useful avenues for your labors, Yours very respectfully,

(Signed) MRS. GEORGE GRANT,
On behalf of Paisley W. C. T. U.

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full information, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Enclose 2c stamp Address THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 30 Jordan St., TORONTO, Ontario

But one thing is greater than success, and that is another effort after a failure.

Gentlemen—While driving down a very steep hill last August my horse stumbled and fell, cutting himself fearfully about the head and body. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on him and in a few days he was as well as ever.

J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN.
Sherbrooke.

Happy is the man who can't borrow trouble.

Kindness is the oil that makes the wheels of care run smoothly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

An Early Canadian Governor.

Charles Gordon Lennox, fourth Duke of Lennox and Earl of March in the Peerage of England, Duke of Lennox, Earl of Darnley and Baron Methuen in the Peerage of Scotland, succeeded General Sherbrook as Governor of Canada on the 29th of July, 1819. He had previously acted as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and brought from the old to the new office a reputation for conciliation that was considered of good augury for the success of his later undertaking. He proved one of the most energetic and masterful of early Canadian Governors, though in estimating some of the acts of his administration it is well to bear in mind that the age was one when responsible government, with the significence that we have come to attach to the term, was as yet to be born. Thus when on one occasion the Legislature refused to grant the supplies necessary to defray the civil list, his act in drawing upon the Receiver-General on his own responsibility for the sum is not to be judged by modern standards. He died, while making a tour of Upper Canada in 1820, from a bite of a tame fox with which he was amusing himself.

Her Chicago Fins.

She was a fresh water mermaid who had been ordered by her physician to take a sea voyage.

"So you are from the famous seaport of Chicago, are you?" inquired one of the sea nymphs.

"Yesum."

"It's a good thing you are built on mermaid lines clear down to the last fin."

"Yesum."

"Because if you were not you would never have got through the canals."—New York Marine Journal.

SORE FEET.—Mrs. E. J. Neill, New Armagh, P. Q., writes: "For nearly six months I was troubled with burning aches and pains in my feet to such an extent that I could not sleep at night, and as my feet were badly swollen I could not wear my boots for weeks. At last I got a bottle of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL and resolved to try it, and to my astonishment I got almost instant relief, and the one bottle accomplished a perfect cure.

How Erin Was to Capture America.

There can be no question that the emigrants from our shores are physically of a more vigorous and fertile average than those who stay at home. We once had a striking reminder of this. Very many years ago we had the pleasure of a long interview with a Roman Catholic priest in the poorest part of County Galway. He was very frank and plain spoken, but we allude here to only one of his remarks. The chapel he served was poor and primitive in the extreme. "Look at these peasants," he said, "whom you saw in chapel this morning. Barefooted and humble, as most of them are, they are bodily as sound as a bell. Go into any of your churches in England and you can hardly hear what is going on for coughing. You heard not a single cough this morning. What is the result? These vigorous, healthy people go out to America and marry there. They have families of from 15 to 18, while the home bred Yankee has only two or three. America is ours as sure as fate!"

How He Knows.

Fogg says that he has noticed that women never wear veils to protect their complexions or to make their wrinkles less assertive. They invariably wear them to keep their hair in place. He knows, because he has always been told so.

If people want to talk about you, it is easy for them to invent a story. The point is not to enjoy talking about people.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound, unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman, of Toronto have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

All the good poets are dead. This should be a solemn warning to the word rhymers of today who have aspirations.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Many a man who is unable to tell the truth evens things up by refusing to tell lies.

The average man would much rather be right than be president of a school board without any salary.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that Science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Perhaps the man you think is a fool thinks you are in the same class.

When the leaves begin to turn the teacher keeps the pupils busy turning them.

AFTER A LAPSE OF MANY YEARS

A LETTER COMES TO LIGHT WHICH SHOWS THE UNDOUBTED PERMANENCY OF CURES BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mrs. Edward Patterson of Conboyville the Writer—Her High Opinion of Dodd's Kidney Pills—Her Advice to Others.

Conboyville, Ont., Sept. 23.—(Special)—Mrs. Edward Patterson of this town is one of those who can testify to the lasting nature of cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills, the great Canadian remedy for all affections of the Kidneys.

Mrs. Edward Patterson, according to her own statement, is today in splendid health. Her rheumatism has left her, and although it is ten years since then, it has never returned beyond a slight touch in cold weather, which a Dodd's Kidney Pill or two immediately drives away. This proves what has always been claimed—that Dodd's Kidney pills cure permanently. Their effects are lasting—in fact they do not merely relieve—they cure. Here is Mrs. Patterson's letter:

"It is many years, perhaps ten or twelve, since I started taking Dodd's Kidney Pills, and then it was not for Rheumatism that I took them. I was feeling miserable and did not know what ailed me, and while reading a paper I saw the testimony of some one who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, who had been feeling just as I was. I got a box and found they helped me. I found also that my rheumatism was not nearly as bad, for I had suffered for many years, especially in cold weather. I have used dozens of bottles of medicines and liniments, but it always returned until I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I seldom have a touch of it. I occasionally get a box, perhaps two a year. I never hear anyone complain of Rheumatism but I advise them to try Dodd's Kidney Pills."

An Irishman wanted to have a note discounted about Christmas. The bank officers objected to the long time it had run. The Irishman said, "But then you don't consider how short the days are at this time of the year."

THE CANADIAN NORTHERN RY. CO

STATIONS AND DAYS.	Leave Going South.	Leave Going North.	Arrive
Leave from Canadian Northern depot—Winnipeg to Morris, Emerson, St. Paul etc., daily	13.45		7.15
St Paul to Emerson Morris, Winnipeg dly		20.00	13.30
Winnipeg to Roland Miami, Belmont, Hartney & Brandon, Mon., Wed and Fri. - - -	10.45		18.15
Brandon, Hartney, Belmont, Miami, Roland, to Winnipeg, Tues., Thurs and Sat. - -		9.00	16.30
Winnipeg to Portage la P. and intermediate stations, daily ex Sun.		8.00	10.25
Portage la P. and intermediate stations to Winnipeg dly ex Sun	13.30		20.45
Winnipeg to stations on Beaver and Delta branches, Tues. and Thurs		8.00	14.20
Beaver and Delta branch stations, to Winnipeg Tues. and Thurs.	11.55		
Winnipeg to Portage la P., Gladstone. - -	16.30		20.45
Dauphin, etc., Mon. Wed. and Fri. -		8.00	16.00
Dauphin, Gladstone, P. la Prairie, Winnipeg Tues., Thurs. & Sat.	13 00		20.45
Winnipeg to W'p'gosis. Tues. and Thurs. - -	9.45	8.00	20.45
Winnipegosis to Wpg Mon. and Fri.	9.45		20.45
Winnipeg to Grand View, Mon. and Fri.		8.00	19.15
Grand View to Wpg Tues. and Sat.....	9.15		19.15
Dauphin to W'p'gosis and return, Sat	9.45	6.00	12.00
Dauphin to Swan River & Elwood, Wed.		16.45	6.00
Elwood to Swan River & Dauphin, Fri.	5.00		18.30
Leave from C. P. depot Winnipeg to Warroad Beaudette and intermediate stations, Mon, Wed., and Fri.	13 10		21.35
Beaudette, Warroad, etc. to Winnipeg Tues. Thurs. and Sat.		5.00	12.20

D. B. HANNA, Gen. Supt. GEO. H. SHAW, Traf. Mgr.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY TIME TABLE

	LV	AR.
S. S. Marie, Owen Sound, Toronto and East, Via Lakes, Mon., Thurs and Sat	21.50	6.30
Tues, Fri. and Sun.....		
Montreal, Toronto, New York and east, via all rail, daily.....	21.50	6.30
Rat Portage and intermediate points, Mon., Wed. & Fri.	7.30	18 00
Tues., Thurs. & Sat		
Rat Portage and intermediate points, Tues., Thurs. and Sat.....	14.00	12.30
Mon., Wed. and Fri.....		
Molson, Lac Du Bonnet and intermediate Points, Thurs only.....	7 30	13.15
Portage la Prairie, Brandon, Calgary Nelson and all Kootenay and Coast points, daily	7.15	21.20
Portage la Prairie, Brandon, and intermediate points, daily ex Sun....	19.10	12.15
Portage la Prairie, Brandon, Moosejaw and intermediate points daily ex Sunday	8.30	19.10
Gladstone, Neepawa, Minnedosa and intermediate points, daily ex Sun.	8.30	19 [illegible]
Shoal Lake, Yorkton and intermediate points, Mon., Wed. and Fri	8.30	19.10
Tues. Thurs, and Saturday.....		
Rapid City, Hamiota, Minota, Tues., Thurs. and Sat.....	8.3	19.10
Mon., Wed and Fri.....		
Morden, Deloraine and intermediate points..... daily ex Sun	7.40	19.20
Napinka, Alameda and intermediate points, Mon., Wed., Thurs. & Sat	7.40	19.20
Mor., Tues., Thurs. and Fri		
Glenboro, Souris, and intermediate points, daily ex Sun.....	7.30	18.45
Napinka, Melita, Alameda and intermediate points, Mon., Wed, Fri.	7.30	18.45
Tues., Thurs. and Sat.....		
Pipestone, Reston, Arcola and intermediate points, Mon. Wed., Fri.	7.30	18.45
Tues., Thurs. and Sat.....		
Frobysbire, Hirsh, Bienfait, Estevan, Sat.	7.30	17.45
Mon.....		13. [illegible]
Gretna, St. Paul, Chicago.....daily	11.10	13. [illegible]
Stonewall, Tuelon..Tues, Thurs, Sat	12 2	18.30
West Selkirk..... Mon, Wed, Fri	18 30	
West Selkirk.....Tues, Thurs, Sat		10.0
Emerson..... Mon, Wed and Fri	7.50	17.10

J. W. LEONARD, Gen. Supt. C. E. McPHERSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.

The Hair in Hot Weather.

Oil the head at night three times weekly. On the following day wash with soap and water, rinse and expose to the sun's heat for as many hours as possible. Let the sun fall on the scalp. It is not necessary to expose the entire scalp at one time. One part may be shielded while another is having its sun bath. Few people are aware that by a skilful use of the comb severe straightness can be remedied. It is difficult to convey in words a correct idea of the necessary motion of the hand. It resembles that employed in whisking an egg into a frothy state. The comb is moved rapidly and very lightly, with the result that the hair assumes a fluffy condition. But this is merely temporary.

Judicial Consolation.

A man who had been convicted of stealing a small amount was brought into court for sentence. He looked very sad and hopeless, and the court was much moved by his contrite appearance.

"Have you ever been sentenced to imprisonment?" the judge asked.

"Never, never!" exclaimed the prisoner, bursting into tears.

"Don't cry, don't cry," said the judge consolingly. "You are going to be now."—Chicago News.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there is nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

AFTER THE QUARREL.

A single smile from her rosy mouth,
A sudden glance from her soft eyes sent,
And he turned, as the wind veers north or south,
And followed whither her light feet went.
Did she linger and look for a moment then?
Did she lift her face and smile again?
Nay, not so!
The heart of a girl, ah, who may know?

With every pace of his swift pursuit
Her step she quickened nor looked behind.
Eyes were speechless, and lips were mute;
Never a glance or cold or kind,
As if she cherished nor thought nor care
For the eager footfalls hurrying there!
Was it so?
The heart of a girl, ah, who may know?

Did she love him more when look and smile
Silently bade him to follow her?
Did she love him less when she wove her wile
His heart to trouble, his hope defer?
Nay, read you this riddle, strange, but true—
She loved him most when she most withdrew!
Even so!
The heart of a girl, ah, who may know?
—Blanche Trennor Heath in Atlanta Constitution.

Trying to Place Him.

"Sir," cried the aggrieved stranger, "you have grossly insulted my chosen profession! I am an ornament of the stage, sir."

"Eh? Might I ask what your special line of entertainment is?"

"I hold the glass to nature, sir."

"Oh, I see, you are a blower."

"A blower, sir!"

"Yes; a glass blower."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HEALTHY BABIES.

Watchful Mothers Can Keep Their Babies Healthy, Rosy-Cheeked and Happy.

Nothing in the world is such a comfort and joy as a healthy, hearty rosy-cheeked, happy baby.

Babies can be kept in perfect health only by having at hand and administering when needed some purely vegetable, harmless remedy, and of all this class of medicines Baby's Own Tablets are conceded to be the best.

For constipation, colic, diarrhoea, simple fevers, sour stomachs, teething babies, indigestion and sleeplessness, these tablets are a really wonderful cure. You can give them to the smallest baby without the slightest fear. Dissolved in water, they will be taken readily. They contain absolutely not a particle of opiate or other injurious drugs. They are small, sweet lozenges that any baby will take without objection, and their action is prompt and pleasant. They will tone up the whole system and make the little one as hearty and free from infantile disorders as any mother could wish.

Mrs. Halter Brown, Milby, Que., says: "I have never used any medicine for baby that did him so much good as Baby's Own Tablets. I would not be without them." This is the verdict of all mothers who have used these tablets.

They cost 25 cents a box. All druggists sell them or they may be secured by sending the price direct and the tablets will be forwarded prepaid. The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Dept. T., Brockville, Ont.

A man would doubtless be just as irritable as a sitting hen were he placed in a similar position.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The prodigal son gets the fatted veal, but the prodigal daughter is given the icy mitt.

The actress who has eyes like diamonds is never anxious to lose them for advertising purposes.

Look not upon the "high ball" for it stingeth like an adder and bitheth like a lightning calculator.

The very young man thinks that at least ninety-nine girls out of a possible hundred would gladly marry him if asked.

The woman who has on a pair of low shoes and pretty silk stockings never gets the bottom of her skirt spoiled.

Joseph Joachim, the great German violinist, who recently celebrated his 70th birthday, has been made a director of philosophy by the University of Goettingen, an honor, he says he earned by the philosophy with which he bore poverty in his younger days.

A girl that can't sing and will sing should be muzzled.

MUSIC

Which gentler on the spirit lies
Than tired eyelids on tired eyes."

Soft, rich and voluptuous as the lover breathes when serenading his Senorita on a languid evening in old Madrid is that which is in store for those who choose from our large assortment of

WILLIAM'S PIANOS

We sell the Doherty and Goderich organs, also Eldridge "B" Sewing Machines.

Write for catalogue and prices and save middleman's profits

FORREST & HATCHER

Y. M. C. A. Block, Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

Everyone wants the best value for his money. Buy Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea and you will certainly get it.

NOT MUCH CHANCE FOR THE TRUTH.

Be truthful, said the teacher.

Always? asked the boy.

Always, answered the teacher.

Never tell a lie?

Never.

Not even a white lie?

Not even a white lie.

Huh! ejaculated the lad, scornfully. It's a mighty good thing for you you ain't a boy with my dad for a father.

Why? ashed the teacher.

Because, replied the boy, if you was my dad's little boy, an' you'd heard what he said about Aunt Eliza comin' to visit us with her children, an' Aunt Eliza had asked you if you weren't all glad to see her, an' you'd told the truth like I did, you'd think there was a place where your trousers was mighty thin after dad finished with you.

He went back to his death, and as he sat down with great care there was an expression on his face that showed the great lesson of truth had been, at least in a measure, lost on him.

WHY A PLAY IS LIKE A CIGAR.

Henry J. Byron, one of the wittiest of English playwrights of a score of years ago, remarked on one occasion:

"A play is like a cigar. If it's good, everybody wants a box. If it's bad, all the puffing in the world won't make it go."

Here is an advertisement that deserves a response. It reads: "If John Smith, who thirty years ago deserted his poor wife and babe, will return, said babe will knock the stuffing out of him."

GROWING GIRLS

OCCASIONALLY REQUIRE A TONIC MEDICINE.

It will Keep the Blood Rich, Red and Pure, Strengthen the Nerves and Prevent Decline.

Mrs. Hiram Rinkler, the wife of a respected farmer in South Pelham township, Welland county, Ontario, says:—"It is with great pleasure that I give this tribute to the health restoring virtues of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When my daughter, Lena, (now thirteen years of age) began the use of your medicine, a little over a year ago, she was in a most wretched condition. In fact we were seriously alarmed lest she might not recover. The first symptoms were a feeling of langour and weakness, gradually growing worse. She became pale, lost flesh, had little or no appetite and was apparently going into a decline. Finally the trouble became complicated with a persistent sore throat, which gave her great difficulty in swallowing. I gave her several advertised medicines, but they did not benefit her. Then she was placed under the care of a doctor, who said her blood was poor and watery, and her whole system badly run down. The doctor's treatment did not help her any and then, acting on the advice of a neighbor, I began to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The confidence with which this medicine was urged upon us was not misplaced, as I soon noticed a distinct improvement in my daughter's condition. The use of the pills for a few weeks longer seemed to completely restore her and from that time she has been a cheerful, light-hearted girl, the very picture of health. I will always recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to other sufferers, feeling sure they will prove quite as efficacious as they did in my daughter's case.

Mothers with growing daughters will make no mistake if they insist upon the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills; they will help them to develop properly; will make their blood rich and pure and thus ward off disease and decline. The genuine pills are sold only in boxes bearing the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around each box. None other is genuine, no matter what some self-interested dealer may say. If in doubt send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Our $50.00 DIAMOND RING.

This is the best value in a Lady's Diamond Ring ever offered for $50.00.

The stones in these rings are personally selected by us from the cutters in Amsterdam, and are absolutely perfect.

You will find this and hundreds of other styles illustrated in our catalogue, a copy of which will be sent you free.

DIAMOND HALL, Established 185

Ryrie Bros., Yonge and Adelaide Sts., TORONTO.

It's a pretty safe bet that the man who boasts of being a gentleman isn't anything of the kind.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for you running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

When a girl is hand in glove with a young man she doesn't give him the mitten.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

The Captain—Why, yes, we can tell when a storm is approaching. There are weather prophets at sea.

The passenger—I hope they are not so often at sea as those on land.

Most of the songs sung on the stage by request are at the request of the singer.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be dreaded disease dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and, after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money.

Many lasting friendships are due to the distance between the friends.

Early to bed and early to rise spoils a man's temper and reddens his eyes.

It takes a dashing young widow to make several kinds of a fool of a man.

BIG STOCK OF TYPE AND MATERIAL.

Everything for the Printer.

TORONTO TYPE FOUNDRY CO. LIMITED.

175 OWEN ST., WINNIPEG

LOCAL NEWS.

Arthur Noel and Harry Thompson, bound for Vancouver, drove to Lytton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Hurley left for the coast on Sunday with their two eldest children. Susie and Minnie, who will attend school there.

E. O. Delong has gone to his home in Napanee, Ontario, on a visit.

W. J. Amess arrived in town on Saturday.

Arthur Phair is taking a couple of weeks holidays in the coast cities.

Norman Bailey is in Kamloops for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Boden and C. F. Clarke who have been on an extended hunting trip with Frank Gott, returned this week. The hunters succeeded in getting a good supply of goat and deer.

J. Walker came in from Clinton on Tuesday.

A. A. Brett returned to McGillivray on Tuesday.

Clarke & Co., Lillooet, have a complete stock of Drugs, Medicines and sundries. Letter orders promptly attended to. Just tell them what you want or what the trouble is, enclosing money and they will do the rest.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Special Harvest Home service will be held in St. Mary's Church, on Sunday evening next, by the Rev. Archdeacon Sma at 7. 30.

Service in the Methodist Church on Sunday next will be held at 11 A. M. instead of at the usual evening hour.

A couple of Indian women were sentenced to the lock-up this week by Justice of the peace, S. Gibbs, for drunkeness.

ROAD-WORK.

The two gangs of men which have been working on the Bridge River trail came in on Monday, having completed the season's work. About 35 men have been at work for nearly three months. The six foot trail is completed as far as Alexander Creek; from Alexander Creek to within a mile of Gun Creek the old trail was widened to four feet. The work was done under Road Superintendent McDonald and foremen McLeod and McArthur.

R. Atkin has installed an acetylene plant in J. Uren's blacksmith shop.

Mrs. T. S. Brett came down from Bridge River on Tuesday.

Arch. McDonald was slightly under the weather this week.

H. J. Keary returned on Monday on a prospecting trip on Bridge River.

Dr. Sanson and Miss McDonald returned to Clinton last Saturday.

Alex. Lochore, of 'Rosebank' farm, Lytton road, visited Lillooet last week.

J. Dunlop returned on Tuesday's stage from the coast.

Mr. C. Phair, government agent, left for Bridge River on Tuesday.

W. E., and Miss Brett are visiting the New Westminster Fair.

Charles Bowden returned this week from Horsefly, where he spent the summer. Mr. Bowden speaks very highly of that section of the country and predicts a bright future for it. A nugget found there recently by a Chinaman contained $85o.

A. E. Gachard is spending a few days at the Ample.

Correspondence.

[The Prospector publishes communications from all Parties who write on matters of public interest for publication, but disclaims any responsibility for opinions expressed].

To the Editor of the Prospector.

The salmon first saw the light at the head waters of Bridge River, and there he gobbled the first fly and innocent mosquito. He spent many days with his playmates the clear shining brooks. But nature governs the laws of the universe, and men often wonder why things are as they are. Guided by the laws of instinct the little salmon with his millions of fellows, bids good-bye to the land of his birth and follows the river to its mouth. It is said by scientific men that when once the salmon enters the river, he never returns to the head-waters again.

How amusing it is to watch the salmon on Bridge River or Cayoosh Creek struggling to ascend the eddies. I have seen them fall back, then swing round to try again. Their great effort seems to be to move ever forward, facing the foaming waters, till at last, weary and bruised, they fall back like soldiers in the battle field, float down and die on the shores. But what about the little salmon? Once he enters the deep blue sea, there he remains, according to scientists, till the third year; thence once more he ascends the river where he first saw the light.

Yours truly,
J. N. J.

Clarke & Co., at the Pioneer Drug Store, have the best stock of Fishing Tackle ever brought into Lillooet. Lovers of the gentle art will find the best of everything, and can obtain full information as to local conditions and requirements.

FURNITURE.

A full stock of all kinds of

UP-TO-DATE FURNITURE

is now for sale by

H. C. PARKER,
LILLOOET, B. C.

Store and Repair Shop in Uren Block.

Call and examine stock. No trouble to show goods

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS OF CHARACTER and good reputation in each state, one in this county required, to represent and advertise old established wealthy business houses of Solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriages furnished when necessary. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

J. CLARKE,
LILLOOET, B. C.
Watchmaker.
All work warranted.

SPECIAL OFFER TO ALL.

Do you want a bargain? We offer the

FAMILY HERALD and WEEKLY STAR; Photos of the DUKE and DUCHESS of YORK; and the Prospector; all for 50 cents.

The subscriptions to both papers will be good for the remainder of this year. Those who have already renewed can, upon payment of the above, have their subscription extended.

The photos will each be about 14x20 inches in size and will be suitable for framing. No better opportunity can be given for obtaining photos of our future King and Queen.

Duncan's Station Hotel
F. H. Nelson, Prop.
Boats for use of guests.

Mining Property for sale. In British Columbia.

Tenders are invited for the whole of the property, including Crown Granted claims, mill site, Cyanide mill, (capacity 45 to 50 tons daily), tramway, assay office, laboratory and full equipment, of the Toronto Lillooet Gold Reefs Company Limited, situate in the Lillooet district of British Columbia; including the Ample, Whale, Monarch and Welland Vale mines which are Crown granted, also the North Star, Golden stripe, Golden Eagle, Ruby and jumbo mineral claim, in the same district, together with 10 stamp mill, machine drills and other equipment. Cash tenders for the whole property are requested but offers are working options or for portions of the property will be considered. From the former group 950 tons of ore has been milled, with an assay value approximating $10.00 to $11.00. Wagon road from Railroad to mill. The whole of the above will bear looking into and investigation and are an exceptionally important and voluable group of claims with full working equipment. Full particulars may be had on application to Edgar Bloomfield Liquidator, P. O. Box 743, Vancouver B C.

NOTICE

To Delinquent Co-Owner.

To ALEXANDER McDONALD, or to any person or persons to Whom he may have transferred his interests in the Centennial and Banshee mineral claims situate on McGillivray Creek, in the Lillooet Mining Division of Lillooet District.

You are hereby notified that I have expended the sum of $44 for labour and improvements upon the above mentioned mineral claims, in order to hold said Mineral claims under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within ninety days from this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your portion of such expenditure together with all cost of advertising, your interests in said claims will become the property of the subscriber, under section 4 of an act entitled the Mineral Act Amendment Act, 1900.

Dated at Lillooet this 21st day of September, 1901.

GEORGE SANSON.

West Lillooet Liberal Association.

Membership in the above association is open to all Liberals in Lillooet and adjacent districts. The objects of the association are to secure a more thorough organization, and to advance the principles of Liberalism.

W. A. Galliher, M. P., Hon. Pr.
S. Clarke, M.D., President.
Samuel Gibbs, Secretary.

J. H. ANTHONY,
General Merchant, LYTTON.

Storage and Forwarding Agent
FOR
Lillooet and Bridge River.

Have goods consigned to, my care; railway charges are settled, goods stored and forwarded with despatch.

TO THE DEAF.

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave $10,000 to his Institute, so that the deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 1152 The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York, U.S.A.

JAS. B. UREN
GENERAL BLACKSMITHING AND HORSESHOEING.
LILLOOET, B. C.

Manufacturer of all kind of
MINER'S SUPPLIES, PICKS, DRILLS, Etc.

None but the best material used. Miners or prospectors sending in orders will receive prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed

To Whom It May Concern.

YOUR PIANO IS RUN DOWN. Its system wants toning up. Do not ruin a good instrument by delay. I shall be glad to tune, fix or clean all pianos organs & etc. that are in need of it and at most moderate rates. Address Tuner, in care of Prospector Office.

JNO. WAWN
LILLOOET, B. C.
Shoemaker.
Repairs neatly executed. Harness made and repaired.

Inland Cigar Manufacturing Co.
OF B.C., LTD.

Our Specialties:
INTERIOR
LA MORENA
KAMLOOPS, B.C.

Canadian Pacific
"IMPERIAL LIMITED"

Service for 1901 commencing June 10th, 1901

Four Days Across the Continent

This is the fastest and best equipped train crossing the continent. If you are going East there are some facts regarding this service, and the scenery along the CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. which you should know.

The time is arranged to pass the greatest scenic features of the line during daylight.

Pamphlets furnished free on application to any C. P. R. Agent or to

E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B. C.
THOS. CLARK, Agent, Lytton, B.C.

R. J. ATKIN
Lillooet, B. C.
DEALER IN,
Hardware
Stoves
Tinware
Miners Supplies
Farm Implements
Harness & Saddlery
Furniture, etc.,
All orders promptly attended to.

Royal Hotel,
Sucker Creek, B.C.
JOHN COLLUM, Prop.

Central point for Bridge River Miners and Prospectors. Good accommodation. - - - -
Stable in connection.

Home Grown

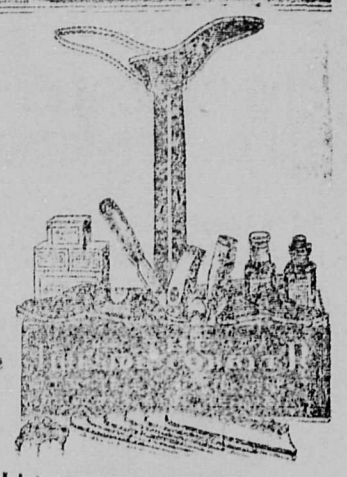
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Roses, Shrubs, Vines, Bulbs, Hedge Plants, Seeds.

Extra choice stock of Peach, Apricot, Plum, Cherry and Prune Trees. New importation of first-class Rhododendrons, Roses, Clematis, Bay Trees, Hollies, etc.

$5,000 to close from. No agents nor commission to pay. Orders dug in one day you get it the next. No fumigating nor inspection charges. Greenhouse plants, agricultural implements, fertilizers, bee supplies, etc. Largest and most complete stock in the province. Send for catalogue or call and make your selections before placing your orders. Address

M. J. HENRY, Vancouver
WHITE LABOR ONLY

Fireside Cobblers' Outfits
will fill the bill if you want a complete and up-to-date set.
It contains Lasts, Cement, Awls, Nails, Knife, etc., etc.
We also carry a large stock of Half Soles, Heels, Brass and Iron Shoe Rivets etc.
Correspondence invited. Mail orders receive prompt attention.



McLennan, McFeely & Co. Ltd.
122 Cordova Street, Vancouver, B. C.

THE PROSPECTORS' EXCHANGE
NO. 4 K.-W.-C. BLOCK, NELSON, B. C.

Gold, Silver-Lead and Copper Mines wanted at the EXCHANGE.
FREE MILLING GOLD properties wanted at once for Eastern Investors.
Parties having mining property for sale are requested to send sample of their ore to the EXCHANGE for exhibition.
We desire to hear from prospectors who have promising mineral claims in British Columbia.
Prospectors and mining men are requested to make the EXCHANGE their headquarters when in Nelson.
All samples should be sent by express PREPAID.
Correspondence solicited. Address all communications to
ANDREW F. ROSENBERGER,
Telephone No. 104. P. O. Box 700. NELSON, B. C.

THE WM. HAMILTON MANUFACTURING CO. Limited
MINING MACHINERY
PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO.
CANADA.

J. M. Mackinnon
Mining Properties
Handled
Properties Bonded
Vancouver B. C

NOW BOYS
Don't Forget the Ashcroft Tailor
WHEN YOU WANT A NEW SUIT.
I have just received direct from Scotland the best selection of Tweeds, Worsteds, Serges Pantings in the Interior. Satisfaction guaranteed.
THOMAS McCOSH, Merchant Tailor, Ashcroft, B. C

Lytton Stage
The new stage line leaves Lytton every Monday and Friday for Lillooet, returning next day. Special trips made, Write us for information.
Peter Rebagliati & Co., Lytton B. C.

R.F. Anderson & Co.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
General Hardware,
Paints, Oils and Varnishes, Stoves, Enameled Iron and Tinware.
Miners Steel, Picks, Shovels, etc., Wire Cable and Russel Wire Fencing.

Cariboo and Lillooet Stage Lines.

BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS COMPANY.
ASHCROFT, B. C.

Clinton and way points, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
All points in Cariboo, Monday's, and Friday.
Lillooet direct, Monday and Friday.
Forks of Quesnelle, and way points, Monday.
Stages connect with steamer Charlotte at Soda creek.
Special Conveyances Furnished.

Advertise in The Prospector.

LILLOOET LIVERY STABLES.
H. S. DOXAT, PROP.
Bus meets all steamers. Teaming by day or contract. Rigs and horses for hire at moderate rates.
HAY AND GRAIN FOR SALE.

BAILEY HOTEL.
J. MacMillan, Proprietor.
LYTTON, - - - B. C.
This well known hotel is First-class in every respect. Sample room free.

Read The Prospector $2 a year.