New Wellington
Coal
is the best
ROGERS & BLACK
Sole Agents

Library Legislative Assembly
NOV 3 1910
VICTORIA, B. C.

Prince Rupert Journal

High-Class
Job Printing
In all Lines

VOLUME 1 | Published Twice a Week | PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1910. | Price, Five Cents | NO. 39.

FAREWELL BANQUET

George W. Morrow Entertained at Premier Hotel Before Leaving City.

Citizens United to Pay Compliment to the Zeal With Which He Worked For Place

G. W. Morrow was on Wednesday evening tendered a farewell banquet that could not fail to be most gratifying to him. The banquet was served in the Premier Hotel and over 100 representative citizens of Prince Rupert gathered to show appreciation of the services Mr. Morrow had rendered the new city. An address was handed the guest of the evening early in the proceedings.

Mr. Morrow is leaving with his family for California where part of the winter will be spent. They will then take up their home in Vancouver, when Mr. Morrow will take active management of a confectionery establishment.

The banquet opened at 9 o'clock and was served in the spacious diningroom of the Premier where J. E. Gilmore had made excellent provision for the guests. Kauffman's orchestra was in attendance and during the evening rendered an excellent programme of music. Mr. Dawes Gilmore sang most acceptably also and was forced to respond to an encore. Mr. Weston contributed imitations during the evening that were very much enjoyed.

After a very tasty menu which was served in a manner for which the Premier is famed, the toast list was proceeded with.

Presentation Made

W. M. Law, the chairman, took occasion on opening to make reference to the guest and pay his compliment to the work of Mr. Morrow. He was sorry he was leaving. He had been a worthy citizen and one of the most progressive. In the cause of charity and philantropic movements Mr. Morrow had been very liberal. He had by his enterprise forced them to eat his meat and his vegetables, and to read his paper. Now that he was leaving they were obliged to come to his hotel to give him a send-off. He was going to Vancouver to engage in business and they would have to eat his biscuits and his candies he supposed. Mr. Law expressed the hope that their guest would enjoy prosperity.

Mr. Law then read an address signed by those present which he presented to Mr. Morrow as a reminder of his residence here.

Mr. Morrow in accepting the address said he would ever retain it and with an address presented by the people of Essington when he moved from there it would remain in the Morrow family to be handed down to the future generations. He alluded to the fact that the Morrow family was not likely to lack representatives.

Mr. Law then introduced the toast master for the evening, Mr. George Tite.

Mr. Tite paid a compliment to Mr. Morrow's worth as a citizen and the regret at losing him from Prince Rupert.

A toast list was proceeded with, the King being duly honored as the first on the programme.

The Pacific Province

The province of British Columbia was introduced by A. Carss, who in a brief speech alluded to the fact that he was somewhat new to the province. He was not a native son nor an old-timer.

William Manson, M.P.P., in reply to the toast referred to the fact that many present had been born in the province. There were many who came from the east—some of them from Bruce. British Columbia was a nation in itself. In the north they had all the advantages that went with the southern parts of the Dominion. He felt that rBitish Columbia would soon eclipse in commercial importance any other part of the Dominion. It was the gateway for all business which would come by the Pacific. The statement that the province was never better governed than it was today he felt would be endorsed by all. Too often they were apt to consider the government as doing everything even to making the grass grow. The government could only assist to a limted extent. Prosperity was due to the energy of the

(Continued on Page Eight)

RICH DISCOVERY RIGHT ON THE LINE OF THE G.T.P.

Valuable Coal Measures Found Thirty-Five Miles From Hazelton Extending Probably Right Uhder the Tracks of the Railway---Locator of Property Experienced Miner.

The north is opening up with wonderful rapidity and in a manner that is proving a veritable surprise even to the most sanguine in the country. Every day brings reports of new and greater discoveries in the way of natural resources. To such an extent is this proving true that one is prepared for almost anything now.

Probably the most important announcement within the present season was that which has been made by Mr. Smith an experienced mining man who has just come out of the Bulkley country with news of the discovery and location of a vast coal section within about thirty-five miles of Hazelton and on the right of way of the company. The coal is of excellent quality, equalling that of the Crow's Nest Pass, and there seems to be abundance of it.

The find is of the greatest importance to this city as it will bring within a very short time an abundant supply of fuel within easy reach of the place. If the discovery is anything like what it promises to be the fuel problem in this city will be solved within a few months. The railway will be completed to the location of the mines in a little over a year at most and in view of the needs of the G.T.P. for fuel there can be no doubt that if necessary to obtain a supply quicker the means of expediting the work could be found.

The discovery of this coal measure in common with so many of the mineral finds made in this province is attended with a romantic story, as it was purely a matter of accident that it was revealed.

A party of Swedes, four in number who were not miners at all, can claim the honor of first uncovering the coal. Mr. Smith who has had long experience in mining, happened by the merest chance to hear of it and has made full investigations and is delighted with the outlook. Mr. Smith is well known in the interior of this province. He is one of the locators of the Crow's Nest Pass coal fields and places this recent discovery as not even second to that body He had been in Cobalt and attracted back to the province of British Columbia by the reports from Stewart he started for the camp. On reaching here he was induced to go up the Skeena and is not sorry now that he did so.

His search in the upper country was for quartz propositions and he spend some time investigating the prospects. Then came this coal discovery and now Mr. Smith has nine miles of area staked and will take the necessary steps to secure it.

His intention is to develop the property himself as it is so easy to work that he anticipates no trouble. The outcropping where the coal has been found is within fifteen minutes walk of the location of the G. T. P. line and the prospects are that the measures extend right under what will be the railway line.

A fifteen foot vein is in sight. The coal closely resembles the Crow's Nest Pass product, Mr. Smith says, and an examination by others qualified to judge of it, reveals the fact that that taken right from the exposed portion is of as high a quality as that taken from the main workings of the Vancouver Island mines.

A slope can be sunk right in the coal and the mining of fuel will start with the beginning of operations. The results as far as Prince Rupert is concerned cannot be overestimated. If the discovery in any way assumes the proportions promised the city may have coal delivered by train load lots inside of a very short time. The new find is only about half way from Hazelton to Aldermere. The demand for coal for the railway company's purposes alone are such that that corporation would take steps to get to a producing mine just as quickly as possible so that there is nothing likely to stand in the way of a limited supply at least within a comparatively short time.

Mr. Smith has examined the other coal measures in the Telkwa and at Morrice Creek. He says the coal is of a splendid quality. It is coking coal, very similar to that found in the Crow's Nest Pass. It will make good steam coal also and good household coal.

Thomas Jefferson is making good progress on his property and has a good vein. There is a fine showing of coal in the country which is to be opened up by the G. T. P. and there should be no lack of fuel.

FIRE IN VICTORIA

About One Million Dollars Loss in Business Section of City

Spencers' Arcade Was Centre of the Swept Section—Re-building to Start at Once

(Special to The Journal)

Victoria, October 8.—Fire on Wednesday night swept almost the entire business block bounded by Government, Fort and Broad streets and Trounce Alley. At first it was estimated the loss would be $2,000,000. The fire chief now is confident that the loss sustained will not exceed $1,000,000. The Times office is practically the only building left standing.

The block is that in which Spencer's Arcade formed the centre and it was in that building the fire is believed to have originated. It was impossible to save anything of the buildings, the fire spreading quickly.

Spencers and Youngs, the two largest stores in the block, are preparing to erect larger stores at once. Others that have been burned out are awaiting the adjustment of the fire losses when new buildings will be planned.

The Times plant has been damaged very materially by water, but the building escaped. It is impossible to use the plant, but during the time that the place is being got in shape to use again, the Times will be issued from the Colonist office. J. S. H. Matson, proprietor of the Colonist, has placed his entire plant at the disposal of the Times so that there will be no lack of facilities for getting out the paper.

The walls of the ruined building are being torn down and the debris cleared away as fast as it can be done so as to allow for re-building.

The losers are Spencers, dry goods; Young Bros., dry goods; Wenger, jewellery; Williams, drugs; Bowness, hardware; Melrose, paint works; Day & Co., real estate; Bick, real estate; G.N.W. Telegraph company; Woodward, flower store; Royal Bank; Finch & Finch, gents furnishings; Ten Cent Store, novelties; Victoria Book and Stationery company; Great Northern Railway offices; the Grotto saloon; the Hub cigar store; Heisterman & Forman, insurance and real estate; Percy Brown, real estate; P. Linklater, tailor; A. B. McNeill, real estate; Lee & Fraser, real estate; Skene Lowe, photographer; Savannah, photographer, besides many architects, brokers and other offices.

For the most part the buildings included in the fire swept area were not very high in value. There were none of them of very modern design and did not exceed three storeys in height.

The Bowness Hardstore store was the most modern building although not a large one. It was only completed last summer.

The buildings not destroyed are so badly damaged and would require so much to repair that it is probable they will all be removed to make room for more modern building, the section being one of the oldest in the city and consequently occupied by buildings of low value.

In the Five Sisters' block at the corner of Fort and Government street was located the office of the Fire Underwriters, and by its loss inconvenience has arisen in adjusting losses.

The fire is the greatest in the history of the city. Valuable buildings surrounded the burned block were damaged, including the Driard Hotel which was separated by only a narrow street from Spencer's Arcade.

The new Pemberton block, built of re-inforced concrete, opposite to the fire suffered practically none at all except for the breaking of glass in the window fronts.

PREMIER IS COMING

Hon. Richard McBride Will Visit Prince Rupert Next Week.

Tentative Arrangements Are Made For a Short Stay in the City

By the Prince Rupert on Wednesday, Hon. Richard McBride will arrive in the city to spend a short time here inspecting the work that is in progress here and discussing with representative citizens of the city and surrounding country the requirements of the north. The representative of the district, William Manson, M.P.P., has received word that the Premier will be able to remain over only until Thursday night owing to pressing business in the south.

It has been the desire of the Premier to visit Prince Rupert all summer. He had on several occasions made arrangements to come, but other business interfered. Now he finds that his visit will have to be a very short one. He will not visit Stewart on this trip, finding it impossible to do so.

The arrangements made by the local member in connection with the visit will include a public meeting on Wednesday evening, which will be held in the Empress theatre.

During Thursday Premier McBride will have an opportunity of inspecting the government wharf and various parts of the city. He will also meet the city council when matters affecting the relations between the government and the city will come up. An opportunity will also be afforded to meet others who wish to bring matters to his attention.

On Thursday evening a smoker will likely be given in honor of the Premier by the Conservative Association and supporters of the government will be invited to attend this meeting, when Hon. Mr. McBride will have an opportunity to address them on questions of the day. The steamer Prince Rupert, it is hoped may be held over a few hours to allow the Premier to be present at this gathering. This will be held in McIntyre Hall.

These arrangements may have to be altered somewhat in order to suit the convenience of the Premier, but due notice of the final arrangements will be given.

The city council on Tuesday evening will consider the questions that they will present to him for consideration.

Miss E. M. Gleeson entertained a number of her friends at her home last evening.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

J. E. Merryfield's cash store will be closed on Monday, Thanksgiving day. Patrons are asked to bear this in mind and attend to their purchasing for Monday on Saturday.

—o—

The Methodists are "At Home" to all their friends at their annual banquet next Monday night at their church on Cathedral avenue, off Centre Road. You are invited. Come!

—o—

On Tuesday the public school will open at 9.30 instead of 9 o'clock as has been the practice during the summer. The closing hour will be half an hour earlier also.

—o—

There was a report from the light and telephone committee at last evening's sitting of the council recommending the turning over of about fifty poles that were too short for the lighting work to the telephone department. Ald. Mobley explained that they could be used as recommended.

—o—

Two petitions were referred to the streets committee last evening by the city council. One asked for a 16-foot plank way on Eleventh avenue in section eight from the junction of Hays Cove avenue and Conrad street. The other was from McLaughlin & McLeod asking permission to put up a sign.

A little boy, E. Clapp, fell from the plank roadway on Second avenue near Seventh street and was badly cut about the neck.

—o—

The Presbyterian Club at its meeting on Wednesday evening was treated to a specially instructive address by C. V. Bennett, on Sophocle's Theory of Life and Destiny. Refreshments were served during the evening.

—o—

Invitations have been sent out for the annual banquet to be held next Monday evening in the Methodist church. In case you have been inadvertently missed the committee extend to you this invitation. More seats are being provided than last year and they will do their best for you. Remember the hour, six forty-five, Monday next.

—o—

The programme and toast list are in the hands of the printer for the Thanksgiving banquet at the Methodist church, October 31. Following the history of former years this will be one of the first social events of the city. The banquet hour is 6.45 p.m.; the toast list and musical programme follow at 8 o'clock. There is no charge. A Thanksgiving offering in behalf of the church funds will be taken. You will be made welcome whether you are a new-comer or old-timer.

CATHOLIC BAZAAR

Contest for Magnificent Cane Promises to be Lively

The ladies of the Catholic church, under the efficient leadership of Mrs. J. F. Ritchie, will hold a bazaar on Friday, Nov. 4, opening at 3 p.m., and closing at 11 p.m.

Hustle, hustle, hustle for our bazaar! Attractive display of many fancy and useful articles donated by Catholic ladies and non-Catholic friends, delicious refreshments, good musical programme, fishing pond, raffle, popularity contest, all winding up in a dance.

Don't miss to come; here will be barrels of fun for old and young.

Have a look at the charming bridesmaid, donated by Hrs. J. T. Ritchie and exhibited at Miss Barbeau's millinery store. A gilt-edge opportunity for the lucky individual to win a doll which will make the delight of any girl.

A novel and lively feature of the bazaar will be a voting contest at ten cents a vote, between Mayor Stork and Ald. Vernon mith. The most popular candidate will be presented with a magnificent seventy-five-dollar gold-headed cane, the generous gift of Mr. J. Fred Ritchie. Go and see it exhibited at Keeley's drug store. It is a beauty.

The many friends of both candidates who so gracefully accepted, are preparing to make this contest a lively one. Join right in! Your votes will help.

TO RECEIVE RAINBOW

(Special to The Journal

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—Hon. W. Templeman may go west to represent the Ottawa government at the reception to the new cruiser Rainbow, due November 7.

Joe Pregent, a laborer, employed on the pile-driver which is being used in the construction of the G. T. P. wharf, was seriously hurt this afternoon as a result of the weight falling upon his chest. He was immediately removed to the hospital by boat where everything is being done to bring the man to consciousness. His companions are at a loss to understand how the accident happened, but conclude that he must have slipped on the wet boards, and fallen over the pile. It is not expected that he is fatally hurt.

WILL RAISE GRADE

Third Avenue Will Be Used as Dumping Ground for Waste Rock.

Dump Near Morse Creek Comes Up For Consideration—Will Be Left

Ald. Lynch at last evening sitting of the council raised the point relative to raising the grade of Third avenue. It would cost about $150 or $200 to raise the buildings. The property owners, it was felt, should bear the expense. It was found difficult to get the assurance in all cases. The committee felt that it would be wise to do it even if the city bore the expense. The place was needed as a dumping ground. About 19,000 yards could be dumped there. It would effect a saving of about $5,000 he believed. They did not want to establish a precedent however in the matter of doing this kind of work.

He moved that the solicitor and engineer be authorized to take steps to have the consent of the Lieutenant Governor in Council obtained to raise the grade on Third avenue between Seventh and Ninth streets.

Ald. Hilditch wished to have an agreement entered into with the property owners so that there could be no claim put up later.

Ald. Lynch said the most that could be charged would be the cost of raising the buildings.

Ald. Mobley while feeling that this was all right, felt that it would be safer to get the rate expected from each property owner.

His worship thought it best to have an understanding.

After some discussion it was decided to refer it back to the committee with power to act.

The question was raised by Ald. Hilditch as to why the dumping of rock could not be proceeded with on Second avenue below the junction near Morse Creek. There was lots of room for a dump there if it did not interfere with the railway plans or something else.

This was explained as being impossible in view of the fact that the railway had in view tracks up there. An overhead crossing would then be necessary.

His worship suggested that perhaps there would be no tracking on the near side of the creek but it was explained that there was provision for quite an elaborate system of trackage covering both sides of the creek.

D. A. Rankin, the railway contractor, is in the city.

INDIAN LAND TITLES

(Special to The Journal)

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—The Moral Reform Association is preparing to take to Hon. R. McBride's government its representations regarding the Indian land titles as suggested by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Arabi Pasha and His Egyptian Home

"On returning from a day or two spent at San Stefano in vain endeavor to see the prime minister, who, perhaps not unnaturally, was particularly busy at the hours of my visits," writes R. Hulme Beaman, "I found a letter waiting for me in a familiar Arabic handwriting. 'My dear and honored friend,' it ran, 'I welcome you on your return to Cairo, and hope that you will come and have a cup of tea with me at Heluan after twenty-eight years. My son, Hassan Bey Arabi, will accompany you whatever day and time you may choose,' and closed with the usual compliments.

"Although Ahmed Arabi Pasha has long since been little more than a vague memory, British readers may be interested in hearing the present situation of the man to whom Egypt indirectly owes its present transformation, and, therefore, I have thought it worth while to interleave this letter as a ghost from the past between those that have appeared and are to come on the present state of Egypt.

"As soon as the most torrid heat of the day was over, I drove to Babel-Suk and took the train which now runs hourly, and sometimes more frequently, between Heluan and the capital. Very shortly I was asking a cabman if he knew the house of Arabi Pasha. He professed to do so, and, in fact, took me to a former abode of the once famous colonel, and from there was directed to the real address. The house stands on the extreme edge of the desert, outside Heluan proper, and as soon as I stepped down from the carriage the usual scurry began inside which takes place whenever a male visitor unexpectedly presents himself. A couple of minutes were sufficient for all the gentle sex to disappear, and I was invited in, to be met at the threshold by a tall, thin figure in a white caftan and a small skull cap, who embraced me with effusions and led me to a seat on the divan. I had heard from many people that Arabi Pasha was in a sort of second childhood, but, physically at least the former rebel is still a fine specimen of a man at seventy.

"I never thought to see you again, my friend," he said, "after these many years, nineteen in Ceylon and nine now in Egypt. All the rest of us are dead now except Ali Fehmi Pasha. First Addul Ali went and then Mohamed Fehmi, then Mahmud Sami's wife, after which he married Yakub Sami's daughter and had four more children. Then Mahmud Sami died in Ceylon, and when we came back Tulbeh Pasha did not live long. So only Ali Fehmi and I are left. Ali Fehmi's house, which you lived in and fought the confiscation, has been sold for thirty thousand pounds. But he did not get much of it. Still he has enough to live on comfortably. As for me, you know I have fifty pounds a month, and I give ten pounds each to my three grown-up sons and my two married daughters. Altogether I have now fifty children and grandchildren alive and two are dead. I ought to be better off because my property is now worth at least six thousand a year. I have written to King George and to the Khedive and to all the ministers, but can get not even an answer, except a regret from the King. I owe it to him that I am now in Egypt. When his Majesty came to Ceylon as Prince of Wales I stood up before him and said: 'Now that I have seen you, Prince George, I am no longer a slave," and he nodded, with a grave smile. I said that my only wish was to return to die in the land of my fathers, and he nodded again. A fortnight afterwards came the order for our release from Kandy."

This property claim rather astonished me, as I had myself been more or less in charge of all his family and goods whilst he was in prison and departed, and I had never heard of so valuable lands.

"You remember, Pasha, when you were sent into exile, how the Princess Nazli made up a parcel of clothes, with a mosquito curtain and a prayer rug, which I sent down to you at Suez with Mr. Mark Napier, as youhad no money and no belongings?"

"Yes, I remember it well; but that had nothing to do with my land, seven hundred acres, that then brought in nearly three thousand a year and would now produce double. Instead of fifty pounds a month I ought to be receiving five hundred, or else get my land back. It was not stolen by me, but inherited from my father, and granted me by Said Pasha, my first lord, and it is unjust that it should be taken from me."

This was too sore a subject to be pursued, but it may as well be said that the truth probably is that Arabi Pasha, like most well-to-do fellahin—for he was a pure fellah by birth—had half a dozen acres as so in his family, and that he annexed a certain amount of waste land adjoining and was given a title to it by Said Pasha, the Viceroy before Ismail, in whose favor Arabi stood high. At the time of the confiscation the whole may perhaps have been worth, at an outside estimate £3,000, and its present value, unless it has been reclaimed, would not be perhaps very much greater. The sence of injustice under which Arabi Pasha now honestly labors is a very common one with Orientals, who never can allow more than one punishment for a crime. Arabi Pasha accepted his exile with comparative cheerfulness, and would also have stood before a firing party with equal fortitude, but that his land should be confiscated in addition is an incomprehensible hardship. And being a fellah with the love of the soil bred in his flesh and bones, the loss is even more bitter.

To divert his thoughts I began talking about the cotton crop and the worm, knowing that this was a subject after his own heart.

"They will never get rid of the worm and never have good cotton crops again like the old ones. Nowadays, if you take three cantars off a feddan you consider it a good yield, but in 1881 I myself saw twelve cantans from a feddan. There was a kind of cotton that we used to call the 'bamia cotton,' that grew flowers all the way up its shoots ten feet high. It was not very white, but gave enormous crops. But where are your twelve cantars today? The average is probably not more than two, and why? Because the ground is water-logged. You see clover now growing up to May, whereas it used to be ploughed up in March. The earth has not time to get baked through by the sun, which kills the worms. The fellah still ploughs his land twice or thrice, but all in a week or fortnight, perhaps, because he is in a hurry to take three or four crops off it."

I asked him if he took any further interest in politics, and he replied that he did not. He could not, in fact, even if he wanted to, as he was still an outlaw and had not citizen rights, not being able to buy or sell land or to mix on equal terms with his fellows.

"So I stand on one side and let others work if they will. In his report, Lord Cromer says that my movement was directed against the brutal oppression of the Turk, and Colvin said the same. I wrote to Lord Cromer to thank him for having recognized my motives, and to point out that I was still suffering from the tyranny of the Egyptian government. But is there an Egyptian government, and it is not England that has to right wrongs? However, Lord Cromer replied that he was sorry he could do nothing for me now. And everybody English I wrote to said the same, whilst none of the Egyptians ever took any notice of my letters. Have you seen Mr. Broadley lately? He is a good man, who does not forget his friends. He always kept up his correspondence with me. Now that his mother is dead, two years ago, I dare say he will come out here again."

Here a long wisp of a girl, with henna-dyed hair and clothed solely in a chintz shift, brought in a tray with tea and biscuits, and we battled again over the famous Broadley trial at which I assisted to watch the case on behalf of the British government, with Sir Charles Wilson.

The house in which Arabi Pasha now lives belongs to one of his "sons-in-law" (which term Arabi used in English, of which he has picked up a certain amount), Tewfik Bey, son of an engineer and member of the Mixed courts. One of his sons is employed in the police, with Harvey Pasha, at £6 a month, but the others have not been able to find work. Arabi said that his name was sufficient to debar them; but I rather doubt this being the case. One of the younger boys is now at the Gordon College at Khartum, and two of the girls have married fairly well. The sun westering behind the Nile warned me that time had flown, and I had already missed the train I intended to return by. So, with many pressing apeals to come back again, I was allowed to depart, and driving across the sand I looked back and saw the tall, white figure standing on the balcony and waving a good-bye to the first English friend he had ever had. Poor Arabi Pasha! Whether his grievances be well founded or not, both England and Egypt owe a heavy debt to the now solitary and almost forgotten hermit of Heluan.

LABOR SITUATION

How Fruit Growers View the Position of Affairs in That Industry.

This Season, Secretary Says, There Has Been Handicapping of B. C. Orchardists

Mr. R. M. Winslow, secretary of the British Columbia Fruit Growers' association, has made the following report to his association,

Dear Sir.—Re shortage of labor in British Columbia.

The executive of his association after full discussion at a recent meeting, came to the unanimous decision that the labor question has been the most pressing one confronting our fruit industry.

This year our fruit districts have been much handicapped by lack of labor for the harvesting of their bumper crop. The canneries and jam factories have had their output curtailed fifty per cent, largely for lack of labor. The cost of labor is now so high that the majority of our fruit growers have found their profits materially reduced, in some cases seriously so. Irrigration projects and municipal enterprises requiring labor are being retarded or are not even being undertaken because of the scarcity of labor.

In the timbered districts of the province, as is well known, land clearing has been almost at a standstill since about 1902. In the dairy and general farming districts the labor scarcity is one of the most pressing problems.

British Columbia is at the present time very favorably regarded in Great Britain as a place for the investment of capital, but in too large a percentage of recent instances the knowledge of the actual labor conditions has prevented investment. Intending settlers with means are being deterred from purchasing because of the unduly high cost of development and agricultural and fruitgrowing propositions.

An increased fruit crop, such as can be normally expected next year, will find conditions much more acute than this year, entailing greater costs in handling the croy. A few figures on costs in Oregon and Washington may be intersting. On Vashon Island, our foremost competitor in strawberries, the manager of the association informed me that they figured on growing a crate of strawberries for 30c, picking for 30c, packing for 22c, and paid 20c for the crate. The average price received per 24-lb crate this year was $1.30, and the acreage in berries at this price is increasing. In Hood River the manager of the union informed me that it cost them to grow strawberries 30c to pick and pack 50c, and crates cost 20c. Any strawberry grower who compares these costs and prices with ours will see what a handicap our high cost of labor is. In Puyallup, the most important raspberry section in Washington, it cost, according to the manager of the association, 40c per 22-lb. crate to pick, the cost of the crate was 16c, the average price received for berries f.o.b. the cars was $1.55, at which price and costs the acreage is increasing. Our raspberry growers should note these figures. In Puyallup, high class day labor, white, costs $2 for ten-hour day, and labor per month received $40 with board; man and team, ten-hours, $5.

In the Rogue river valley, Southern Oregon, a team costs $4 to $5 a day; day labor $1.50 to $1.75, labor by the month, $30 with board; by the year, $20 to $30 a month, with board. The average cost of packing apples is 6c to 7c a box, the boxes cost 10c to 11c and growers figure that they can produce apples and load them on the cars at a cost of 50c per box for No. 1 apples.

In the apple districts of Eastern Washington prices are somewhat in advance of these, but as a rule prices for labor and boxes are 25c cheaper than in British Columbia. Our selling prices must be based, nevertheless, on those of our competitors in Oregon and Washington. This means that before next season we should have made at least some progress in solving the labor problem at reasonable prices.

While the fruit grower and especially the small holder, who cannot directly import labor in quantity, is most effected, it is quite true that all our agricultural industries are being retarded from lack of labor. No organization which aims to develop any part of British Columbia can afford to ignore this most pressing question. More labor is especially essential to the growth of our dairy, poultry and fruit industries. The question is so large and so important that every influence should be brought to bear to insure that action is taken to procure the necessary labor.

The secretary of this association has been directed to collect information from all sources calculated to show the handicaps imposed upon us by our lack of labor. This information and the evidence of prominent fruit growers over the whole of the province will be presented at the annual meeting of this association held in Victoria in January next. The recommendations of the association will then be presented to the provincial government and any other action which seems advisable will be taken.

Your co-operation in the solution of the labor question is asked in the full confidence of a cordial response. There are many opinions as to the solution. There can be but one opinion as to the urgent necessity for concerted action.

FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK

Sum of $15,000 Pledged For Advancement of Operations

The feature of the closing of the British Columbia Sunday School convention held in Vancouver was a practical blackboard demonstration of the best method of gathering subscriptions, conducted by Rev. Hugh C. Gibson. On this blackboard had been drawn 150 squares each to represent $25, that is, the first payment upon the $100 fee required for life membership in the Sunday School Association. Cards were distributed on which those desiring to become life members might write their names. These were handed in to Treasurer C. E. Mahon, while Mr. J. W. Spencer officiated at the blackboard, placing a cross in one of the squares as each life membership came in. Rev. Hugh C. Gibson in the pulpit acted as auctioneer for the sale of squares, each of which meant practically the gift of $100 within the course of four years. In less than an hour each one of the 150 squares was occupied by a cross, and $15,000 had been pledged for Sunday school work in the province of British Columbia.

The election of officers for the coming year resulted as follows:—Honorary president, Mr. Noah Shakespeare and Mr. George Carter, Victoria; president, Mr. W. J. White, Vancouver; vice-president, Mr. T. H. Tripp, Kamloops; recording secretary, Mr. J. W. H. King, Victoria, treasurer, Mr. C. E. Mahon, Vancouver; international committeeman, Mr. Noah Shakespeare, Victoria; international vice-president, Mr. Geo. Carter, Victoria; general secretary, Rev. I. W. Williamson, Vancouver; executive and central committee, Mr. H. J. Knott, Rev. R. J. Wilson, Rev. Dr. Osterhout, Rev. S. Everton, Rev. H. S. Carson, Rev. H. D. B. Owen, Mr. W. T. Clark, Dr. George Telford, Mr. W. C. Findlay, Mr. J. W. Spencer, Mr. George H McBain, Mr. J. S. Ranikn, Mr. George A. Gall, Mr. T. Allardyce, Mr. A. Calendar, Mr. James Main, Mr. Charles Trotter, Mr. W. J. Faris, Mr. J. R. Robertson, Mr. W. A. Rutherford, Mr. J. A. Rennie, Mr. W. T. Reed, Mr. W. A. Gleason, Mr. C. C. Munn, Dr. W. Russell, Mr. John Meston, Mr. J. W. Davey, Mr. W. T. Andrews, Mr. J. W. Campbell, Mr. J. E. T. Powers, Mr. Alexander Warwick, Mr. W. J. Jemson, Dr. Gillespie, Mr. E. A. Wells, Mr. Cowan, Mr. George Morris, Mr. R. H. Cairns, Mr. Cox, Mr. W. M. White, Mr. A. Thompson, Dr. Archibald, Mr. A. C. Taylor. Superintendents: A.B.C. department, Mr. George Carter, Victoria; elementary, Mrs. Dr. McKay, Vancouver; temperance, Mr. A. Thompson, Dewdney; home, Rev. J. H. Cameron; teacher training, Rev. O. M. Sandford, Kamloops; missionary, Rev. J. R. Robertson, Nanaimo.

Unless Dr. Johnson's house in Goughsquare, off Fleet street, London, is purchased shortly, it is probable that it will be assigned again to commercial purposes, and at the expiration of the next lease destroyed, to make room for business premises. Appeals are being made for the £3,500 necessary for the purchase money.

LOTS FOR SALE

IN

Ellison

AND

Prince Rupert

Houses, Stores, Offices to Rent.

MONEY TO LOAN

C. D. NEWTON

Real Estate Exchange Block Notary Public

The Best Publicity Channel

Subscription $2.00 a Year

THE JOURNAL

Is the Official Advertising Medium for the City of Prince Rupert

FOLLOW THE TREND OF THE CITY'S PROGRESS BY SUBSCRIBING FOR THE PAPER

The Journal aims at keeping Prince Rupert and new B.C. ever before the public eye. Send it to your friends and any whom you wish to interest in the coming Metropolis of the North.

IS NOW IN ENGLAND

Ex-King Manuel of Portugal is With His Uncle the Duc d' Orleans.

His Kinsman is the Pretender to the Throne of France and Hopes to Reign

ExKing Manuel of Portugal has taken up his residence in England, and at the moment England would seem to be about the only country where he would be suffered to dwell in peace. His mother is related by marriage to the royal house of Austria, but it is doubtful if Manuel would seek asylum there, since, after the death of Franz Josef, there are likely to be stirring times for the Hapsburgs. He is also connected with King Leopold of Belgium, but the French influence would tend to discourage Manuel's presence. In Spain and France and Italy he would be persona non grata. The natural haven for Manuel and his mother is England.

There he will probably dwell with his uncle, the Duc d'Orleans, at his beautiful country house, Wood Norton, near Evesham, which is said to be one of the finest places in England. Then there would beu nder the same roof an exiled king and an exiled pretender to a throne. The title pretender is usually restricted to the Spanish claimant, for the Duc d'Orleans never makes any public claims to his hereditary right as King of France, yet he believes his chances of reigning to be excellent. The Duc has no thought of leading a revolution to overthrow the republic. He hopes, however, that he will live to see the day when the people of France will tire of their present form of government, and will summon him to occupy the throne that his forefathers as Capets, Valois, and Bourbons, held for more than eight hundred years.

It is not his own merits that the Duc counts upon to make him a king. He is more likely to appear as the lesser of two evils, the other evil being Socialism. Under a monarchy, he says, Socialism can be better kept in hand than under a republican form of government. The Duc says that the great financial powers in France are strong advocates of constitutional monarchy, which is better calculated to safeguard property rights than is a republic. As long as a Gambetta, a Clemenceau, or a Waldeck-Rousseau is the virtual dictator the moneyed interests are satisfied, for which each of these statesmen gained power by making concessions to Socialism, all became its resolute opponents once their place was secure.

The Duc d'Orleans is certain that affairs in France, sooner or later, will reach a crisis that will result in his recall. In the meantime, he is very well content to live the life of an English country gentleman who dabbles in science and arts and sport, and whose chief regret is that he cannot be engaged in military service. He went through the Sandhurst Military college, and there gave promise of unusual gifts. For a year or two he was stationed with his regiment in India, and on his return presented himself suddenly in France, where he claimed the right, as a French citizen, to do his term of service in the French army. He was immediately arrested and sentenced to serve six months in prison for having disobeyed the law that forbids possible claimants to a throne in France from entering the country. He served his time, but has not set foot in France since then.

Queen Marie Amelie, mother of Manuel, is the sister of the Duc d'Orleans, and both she and her son have visited Wood Norton. Indeed the Duc has entertained visitors quite as distinguished as those that he might expect to receive as king. King Edward and Queen Alexandra have enjoyed his hospitality, as well as King Leopold. Being a noted sportsman, he is also popular with many members of the British aristocracy generally. There should be small reason to sympathize with Manuel if he takes up his residence with his uncle, the French pretender. The Portuguese people are likely to be liberal with him in the matter of settlement, and even if he were penniless, the House of Orleans is very wealthy. Young and healthy, with abundant means at his disposal, and relieved of the cares and responsibilities of ruling over a sullen, half-starved people, he might well be congratulated on his good fortune. If he desires to make a brilliant match, his eligibility will be considered hardly less than it was a month ago. Royalty has shown no particular desire to mate with him, but there is a fine assortment of semi-royalty to choose from. The Duc d'Orleans, a man of less rank, married into the house of Hapsburg.

ACKNOWLEDGES GIFT

Earl Grey Pleased With the Gift of a Wapiti Head to Rideau Hall

In a letter which has just reached the provincial premier, Hon. Richard McBride, from His Excellency Earl Grey, governor-general of Canada, the following grateful acknowledgment is made of a fine wapiti (elk) head recently sent from this province to adorn the halls of the federal government house at Ottawa, where it will serve also, indirectly, as a handsome advertisement of British Columbia's magnificent asset in big game, and, no doubt, excite the admiration and sportsmanlike deal of many distinguished visitors:—

"My dear Mr. McBride.

"I have returned to Ottawa and found a fine wapiti head which you and your colleagues of the executive council have been kind enough to present to Rideau Hall, to hang there as a permanent representation of big game of British Columbia. I greatly appreciate this generous action on the part of your province. I am glad that the head will hang in Government house during the last winter of my residence therein, and I trust this example and liberality of British Columbia may stimulate other provinces to follow in your footsteps. I remain, yours very truly,

GREY"

TO MEET IN THE WEST

General Synod of Anglican Church Will Convene in Vancouver.

Choice Between London, Ont., And Pacific Coast Resulted in Favor of the Latter

The General Synod of the Anglican church in Canada will be held in Vancouver next September. This announcement was made in Vancouver by Archdeacon Pentreath, who with Mrs. Pentreath has just returned from a two months' visit to the East.

At the last General Synod the choice between Vancouver and London, Ontario, was left to a committee which decided in favor of London on the ground of expense and possible small attendance. Mr. J. Edmund Jones, K.C., of Toronto, and Archdeacon Pentreath obtained the signatures of forty-three bishops and delegates to the Synod to a petition asking reconsideration. At a meeting in Toronto, Dr. L. H. Davidson, K.C., of Montreal presented the petition and it is now announced that the session will be held in Vancouver.

The synod numbers about 220 bishops, clergy, and laymen, and among the latter are some of the most prominent professional and business men in Canada.

The archdeacon states he is confident Vancouver will give this distinguished body a royal reception and that the synod will be the most memorable one in its history. Steps will shortly be taken to arrange a complete organization to look after the details. The archdeacon has pledged hospitality for the laymen and feels sure that from the number that have relatives and friends here there will be no difficulty in this matter.

UNIVERSITY FOR CHINA

Months of laborous negotiations in connection with the establishment of the great West China Union University were consumated so far as the Methodist church is concerned, with the confirmation of the draft constitution of the university by the General Mission board of the Methodist church in Canada. The ratification was made after a lengthy discussion, upon the recommendation of the Foreign Missions committee, the first report of which was presented by Rev. D. W. Snider.

This educational enterprise has been promoted by four of the greatest missionary forces in China. The City of Chengtu has been chosen as the centre for the university, and operations have been proceeding for some time in the erection of the buildings of the Methodist church, as well as of the other denominations. The teaching has been carried on for some months and when the buildings are completed it will be organized on a basis so thorough and extensive that Chengtu will become the seat of learning in the great empire of the Orient.

THE BRITISH FLAG

Judge McInnes Speaks of Cultivating Natural Resources.

He Pleads for Maintaining High Ideals Respecting the Empire—Enjoining Loyalty on All

Speaking at a Trafalgar Day celebration in Vancouver a few days ago Judge McInnes expressed his views relative to the empire.

Judge McInnes, in opening, expressed his pleasure in supporting a movement for the establishing of a training ship for boys in this port, as such a thing would tend towards what was needed at all times in our national life—the moulding of manly character. It was a pleasure, also, to take part in a celebration that made for the development of national sentiment.

"As a race, we Britishers are inclined to be too cold and phlegmatic," he declared. "I don't believe in that noisy firecracker patriotism such as we see in some other countries, but we are falling short of our opportunities and short of our duties when we fail to respond to the call of great national occasions such as this day celebrates. Not only that, but we are allowing conditions to exist in our midst that are sapping our national life, and I believe the time has come to speak out. (Cheers) We see it around us every day. We cannot visit our cafes or our theatres without having the flags and national airs of other countries forced upon us. (Applause.) I have no fault to find with the man whose heart swells when he hears the songs of his country sung in another land; but I do complain, I do protest against the men who conduct these places catering to that feeling under the flag under which they are making their living. (Applause.) We cannot view these things without protest, and we Britishers, when we have occasion to assert our nationality, cannot sit down in indifference and let these things be." (Cheers.)

He continued that we in Canada were adding to our population at an enormous rate, and with millions coming among us from foreign countries to keep our flag, our country and our king pre-eminent among them. (Applause.) For his part he would rather have Canada remain a population of seven million Britishers than seventeen million non-Britishers. (Cheers.)

"If Nelson were alive today," he declared, "he would say 'The Empire expects every man to do his duty.'" (Cheers.) He continued that in Canada, which he believed was destined to become the great part of the British empire, we had a tremendous responsibility. We must continue to preserve the freedom of those institutions which more than armies and navies, had made for the true greatness of the empire. We should keep ringing clear the note of imperialism, and strangers coming here should be made to realize that they are not coming to British Columbia or to Canada, but to the British empire. (Cheers.)

"There are those who contend that the British empire is beginnig to totter. These croakers are oblivious to everything but their own miserable wish. (Applause.) The British empire is only commencing its history. Empires in the past have disappeared, it is true, but they were empires founded upon conquest and greed. What a difference between them and the British empire, an empire founded upon love and freedom and common tradition. (Cheers.) They point to the Roman empire. Well, our own Britain was once a colony of Rome, but it brought no strength but rather weakness to that empire. It had to be garrisoned and guarded that it might be kept. How different in the British empire! Its colonies are no longer a drag upon the mother empire, but whether the empire is at peace or at war the colonies are her main strength and stay. (Cheers.)

"In thirty years from now I believe you will see Canada with greater population and greater wealth than the old country itself. Australia will be a good second, New Zealand and South Africa will follow, and these, with all her colonies, should make the British empire invincible. (Applause.) None can grasp the power and dignity of the British empire when that day comes. When that day comes it will guarantee peace and civilization, not only to its people, but to the rest of the world. (Cheers.)

"Then let us again on this evening of Trafalgar day draw inspiration from the glories of the past and the promise of the future, and let us resolve on truer loyalty and greater service to our empire and our king." (Loud and continued applause.)

BUFFALO HERD

Canadian Government Has Added to the Collection at National Park

The second shipment of buffalo from Pablo's buffalo ranch on the Flathead reservation has been taken from Ravalli by the Canadian government, and in charge of two government guards. This shipment consists of twenty-nine head of buffalo and was sent to Wainwright, Alta., which is near where the Canadian national park is located.

The rounding up of the buffalo was a hard and dangerous task, as several of the outlaw bulls proved very irritable and gave several men narrow escapes from death. James Lacazar narrowly escaped a horrible death, when one of the bulls charged his horse and gored it before Lacazar could turn to avoid the rush. Lacazar wask nocked from his horse and the bull rushed at him. Three times he managed to dodge the rush of the bull and finally reached a tree, which he ascended after avoiding a rush that sent the bull some distance past him.

The animals were brought into Ravalli, where they were loaded on Northern Pacific cars and will go first to Kallispel, and then on to the Great Northern tracks to their destination. They were put in frame wagons about fifteen feet long, constructed of heavy timber. The wagons did not allow the buffalo much play and proved a successful method of transporting them. Several buffalo became so hard to control that it was decided to leave them on the reservation, where they will be slaughtered.

The herd consists mainly of cows and salves.

PHONE 138

Letter Heads, Envelopes,
Statements, Business Cards
Visiting Cards, etc., etc.

Prince Rupert Journal

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next Session for an Act to incorporate a company with power to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line or lines of railway of standard guage with any kind of motive power for the conveyance of passengers and freight, and with all the powers contained in the "Model Railway Bill": Commencing from a point at or near Port Simpson, or Work Channel, in the Coast District, British Columbia, by the most feasible, desirable and practicable route to a point on the Eastern boundary of the Province of British Columbia, via the South-west side of Work Channel to the Skeena River; thence up the North side of the Skeena River to a point near Hazelton; thence to the junction of the Bulkley River; thence up the right bank of this River eight (8) miles to the Suskewa River; thence up this River by a low divide to the head of Babine Lake; thence to the north end of Stuart Lake; thence north of McLeod Lake to the Misnichinca River; thence up the Misnichinca River by Summet Lake to Pine River Pass; thence north-westerly to head of Pine River, and down this River to Moberley Lake; and thence by the Peace River to the Eastern boundary of the said Province of British Columbia; and with power to construct, operate and maintain all necessary bridges, roads, ways and ferries; and to build, acquire, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection therewith; and to build, acquire, own, equip and maintain steam and other vessels and boats, and to operate the same on any navigable waters; and with power to build, equip, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said Railway and branches, and to transmit messages for commercial purposes, and to charge tolls therefor; and to generate and to sell electricity for the supply of light, heat and power; and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the Company; and to acquire lands, money bonuses, privileges or other aids from any Government, municipal corporation or other persons or bodies; and to levy and collect tolls from all persons using, and on all freight passing over any of such roads, railways, ferries, wharves and vessels built by the Company; and with power to connect with and make traffic or other arrangements with railway, steamboat, or other companies:

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 11th day of August, 1910

BARNARD & ROBERTSON,
A19. Solicitors for the Applicants.

COAL NOTICES

Skeena Land District—District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that I, K. M. McInnes, of Prince Rupert, occupation mariner, intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the south shore of Crow Bay, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to post marked K.M.McI.'s S.E. corner.

Dated August 18th, 1910.
S16 KENZIE McLEOD McINNES.

Skeena Land District—District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that I, K. M. McInnes, of Prince Rupert, occupation mariner, intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum over the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the south shore of Crow Bay, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to post marked K.M.McI.'s S.W. corner.

Dated August 18th, 1910.
S16 KENZIE McLEOD McINNES.

Skeena Land District—District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that I, K. M. McInnes, of Prince Rupert, occupation mariner, intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the south short of Crow Bay, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to post marked K.M.McI.'s N.E. corner.

Dated August 18th, 1910.
S16 KENZIE McLEOD McINNES.

Skeena Land District—District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that I, K. M. McInnes, of Prince Rupert, occupation mariner, intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum over the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the south shore of Crow Lake, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to post marked K.M.McI.'s N.W. corner.

Dated August 18th, 1910.
S16 KENZIE McLEOD McINNES.

Skeena Land District—District of Cassiar.

TAKE NOTICE that Reginald Davey, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation machinist, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands, in the vicinity of Kitwancool or Chean Wein Valley:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-west corner and about 6¼ miles distant in a north-westerly direction from the north end of Kitwancool Lake, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, chains, thence west 40 chains to a point of commencement, and containing 480 acres (more or less).

REGINALD DAVEY.
James W. Smith, Agent.
Dated May 30, 1910. Jy8

COAL CLAIMS

Skeena District—Queen Charlotte Islands.

To all to whom it may concern:—

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned, intend to apply for a license to prospect for Coal and Petroleum upon the following lands situate on Graham Island, one of the Queen Charlotte Group, in the Province of British Columbia, and more particularly described as follows, viz: Commencing at a stake planted one and a quarter miles west of the north-east corner of Louis Inlet, and marked "P. C. Coates' S. E. Corner Claim No. 1," thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to the place of commencement.

Staked June 14th, 1910.
Dated this 28th day of July, 1910.
P. C. COATES,
By his Agent, Wm. Edward Laird
A9

COAL CLAIMS

Skeena District—Queen Charlotte Islands.

To all to whom it may concern:—

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned intend to apply for a license to prospect for Coal and Petroleum upon the following lands, situated on Graham Island, one of the Queen Charlotte group, in the Province of British Columbia, and more particularly described as follows, viz:—Comemncing at a stake planked at the S. E. corner of P. C. Coates' Claim No. 1, and marked "Wm. Penman's S. W. Corner, Claim No. 1," thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south, 80 chains to the place of commencement.

Staked, June 14th, 1910.
Dated this 28th days of July, 1910.
WM. PENMAN.
By his Agent, Wm. Edward Laird.
A9

LAND PURCHASE NOTICES

Coast Land District—District of Skeena.

TAKE NOTICE that I, J. Adolph Perry, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation book-keeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of the Skeena River, about a mile west of Lot 31, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains to lot 31, thence south 40 chains to bank of Skeena River, thence west about 80 chains following north bank of Skeena River to point of commencement, and containing about 320 acres.

J. ADOLPH PERRY, Locator.
Wm. A. Roney, Agent.
Dated July 16th, 1910. Jy22

Coast Land District—District of Skeena.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Mary M. Roney, of Stillwater, Minnesota, U. S.A., occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands. Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of the Skeena River at the south-east corner of Geo. T. Church's pre-emption, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south to the bank of the Skeena River, thence south-west following the Skeena River to the place of beginning and containing about 120 acres.

MARY M. ROENY, Locator.
W. A. Roney, Agent.
Dated July 8th, 1910. Jy22

Skeena Land District—District of Cassiar.

TAKE NOTICE that William Hume Grant, of Stewart, B.C., occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post marked W.H.G.'s S.W. Cor., and planted adjoining Alfred Manson's corner post, thence 80 chains north, along W. N. Harrison's west line, thense east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, following Alfred Manson's north line to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

WILLIAM HUME GRANT.
Frank R. Strolm, Agent.
Dated July 2, 1910. Jy22

Skeena Land District—District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that The Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Company, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation mercantile and manufacturing, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of lot 34, Range 5, Coast District, thence south 20 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 25 chains more or less to the shore line, thence following along the shore line to the point of commencement and containing 90 acres, more or less.

The Canadian Fish & Cold Storage Company Limited
J. H. Pillsbury, Agent.
Dated July 14, 1910. Jy15

Coast Land District—District of Skeena.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Ernestine A. Roney, of Prince Rupert, occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of the Skeena River about half a mile south of Geo. T. Church's pre-emption, thence west 10 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east to the Skeena River; thence south-west following the bank of the Skeena River to the place of beginning, and containing about 80 acres.

ERNESTINE A. RONEY, Locator.
W. A. Roney, Agent.
Dated July 7th, 1910. Jy22

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte.

TAKE NOTICE that the Queen Charlotte Whaling Company Limited, of Victoria, British Columbia, occupation manufacturers, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about fifteen chains south of a small creek on the west side of Rose Harbour, Moresby Island, thence west forty chains, thence north forty chains, thence east forty chains, thence southerly following the sinuosities of the foreshore line forty chains, to the point of commencement.

Queen Charlotte Whaling Company Limited.
Per Sydney Charles Ruck, Agent
Dated July 14th, 1910.
Rose Harbour, Q.C.I. A8

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Arthur A. Wilson, of Fort William, Ont., occupation banker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south from the southeast corner of Lot 227 and 1½ miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

ARTHUR A. WILSON.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Coast

TAKE NOTICE that I, William David Allen, of Victoria, B.C., agent, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described land:—Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of Lot 542, Range 5 Coast (Skeena), thence east 60 chains to the inner part of Kinnealon Inlet, thence south 80 chains to south east corner of said lot, thence west 80 chains to westerly limit of said lot, thence north and at right angles to the southerly limit of said lot to the shore line, thence north along the shore line of said Inlet to place of beginning: containing about 600 acres, more or less.

WILLIAM DAVID ALLEN.
Robert Mason, Agent.
Dated Sept. 23. S23

Prince Rupert Journal
Telephone 138

Published twice a week on Tuesdays and Fridays from the office of publication, Third Avenue near McBride St.

Subscription rate to any point in Canada, $2.00 a year; to points outside of Canada, $3.00 a year.

Advertising rate furnished on application.

O. H. NELSON,
EDITOR.

Friday, October 28, 1910.

THE LIGHTING QUESTION

Prince Rupert seems destined to have trouble over the lighting proposition. It has been before the council ever since that body of men assumed office and is yet unsettled. A good rate of progress is being made on the station on Market Place and light should soon be available.

But with the coming of the light will also come heavy costs. The providing of electric light in this city under the conditions prevailing will be attended with exceedingly high charges being necessary. Ald. Mobley, the chairman of the committee in charge of that department of work has never held out any hopes of cheap civic lighting under the system to be employed. On the contrary he has advised that it would cost a lot of money. This is said to be coming true and that before the lights are going the council will be back very closely to the old Milne estimate which was submitted early in the history of the city and which was then turned down as too costly.

After months of investigation it looks as though the city would go back very closely to the Milne estimates which were described at the time as too expensive to allow of its being used privately as a means of lighting.

With magnificent avenues for the investment of money in the way of improving streets, putting in water and providing sewers, it seems questionable indeed if the city of Prince Rupert can afford to take up the control of the public utilities such as providing electricity for lighting and power, tramway services, etc. It is said that $80,000 will be necessary before the electric lighting system is running. What will that amount represent in the way of a permanent plant? None will provide us streets outside of the citizens themselves. There are companies that will supply light. The question to be considered is whether value will be got from the expenditure of such large sums upon lighting when every dollar is needed in order to get the city in shape for commercial business.

PROMISING OUTLOOK

Lead King on Nine Mile Mountain Will be Worked all Winter

F. A. Brown, superintendent of the Lead King on Nine Mile, reports that everything is in first class shape for a long winter's work, says the Omineca Herald. Provisions, tools, and powder enough to last five or six men all winter have been laid down at the cabins. The tunnel is going ahead at a good rate, being driven on ore.

Mr. Brown stopped at the Harris brothers' claims on his way down the mountain and says he considers the showing a winner. They have done a remarkably large amount of work in the last month and have the veins stripped for several hundred feet, showing ore all the way.

PLANK ROADS

City Council Pass Upon Some Pressing Portions of Work

The streets committee in its report last night made disposition of the petition for a sidewalk on Alfred street for a plank road. The committee recommended that the plank taken off an adjoining street be put in at $16 a thousand and that the time for repayment by the owners be limited to one year only.

Ald. Lynch said in explanation of this that Ald. Naden had said that the work could be done for $67. This was on the basis that the lumber would be donated. It had been found best to follow the usual plan and make each part self-suporting. Accordingly the work would cost not more than about $175.

Ald. Pattullo moved in favor of calling for tenders for a plank road way on Sixth avenue from Fulton to Taylor. To grade it permanently would, it was estimated, cost $26,000 which was more than the finances would stand he thought. A little grading might be necessary to give an easy rise, but the cost would not be great.

This was agreed to.

Personals

Harry Smith of Stewart left last night for his home in the northern mining camp after spending a few days here.

* * *

Duncan Ross, railway contractor on the line of the G.T.P., went south last night for the winter. He does not expect to return to Hazelton until the spring.

* * *

C. E. Banghart, of Westenhaver Bros., has gone south for a few months. He wil visit California, and remain in Seattle for some little time.

* * *

Mr. D. S. Hobbis, local C.P.R. ticket agent, left for the south last evening to resume duties at Victoria. While in this city Mr. Hobbis made many friends.

* * *

J. T. Phelan, superintendent of the Dominion government telegraph lines, is in this northern part of the country in connection with the construction of the Stewart line. Twenty three miles of the section from Kitsumkalum is now up.

* * *

A pretty wedding ceremony was solemnized in the Wallace street Methodist church, Nanaimo, on Thursday afternoon, Oct. 20, the contracting parties being Charles C. Perry, Indian agent of the Naas district, and Miss Catharine Kate, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Manson of Nanaimo. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Margaret, the groom being supported by the Rev. B. C. Freeman of Cumberland. Mr. and Mrs. Perry left on the afternoon train for Victoria on their honeymoon tour, after which they will take up their residenrce in Metlahkatla. Mr. and Mrs. Perry have both many friends here who will welcome them to the north. Mrs. Perry was formerly connected with the hospital at Port Simpson. She is a niece of the member for this district.

* * *

The friends of Miss Edith Wilkerson, of Victoria, whose marriage to Mr. F Lins, of the Empress hotel, Stewart, B. C., will take place on November 8, assembled at the pretty home of Mr. and Mrs. Costello, 519 Toronto street, and surprised her with a linen shower. Miss May Kirk and Mr. Mason were the winners of the first prizes in a progressive five hundred contest, and to Miss Pool and G. Shepherd were awarded the consolation prizes. Miss Jennie Wilkerson, sister of the prospective bride served refreshments, assisted by Miss Shore and Messrs. Kennedy and Shepherd. A charming musical programme was rendered by Miss Wilkerson, accompanied by Miss Crane and Miss Ulin. Among those invited were: Mrs. Wilkerson, sr.; Mr. and Mrs. Wilkerson, jr., Mrs. G. Elrick, Mr. and Mrs. Whitman, jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. Island, Mr. and Mrs. Pettingale, Mr. and Mrs. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Winkler, Miss Brown, Miss E. Wilkerson, Miss Flossie Wilkerson, Miss Vincent, Miss O. Vincent, Miss Mernice Strathy, Miss May Kirk, Miss Norma Hall, Miss O'Brien, Mrs. Norma Jones, Miss Sarah Johnson, Misses Edith and Jennie Wilkerson, Misses Marjorie Carne, Grant, O. Grant, Flora Shore, Helman, C Helman, Pool, Lins, Katherine Costello, O'Kell; Messrs. W. Paterson, Lucas, Beeton, Adair, Carss, Grothe, Ranall, Duncan, McCarter, McBeth, A. Raymur, Tuson, T. Mason, H. McKenzie, Daffield, Roy Pendray, W. Kennedy, George hepherd, Pool, and a number of others.

SPORTS

CLAIMS TO MANN CUP

That the claims of the Vancouver amateur lacrosse team in regard to the Mann cup are not without foundation is evident from the attitude of the eastern press. The Toronto Globe comments on the forcical series as follows under the caption: "Send the cup to Vancouver":—

The Vancouver lacrosse team went home last week feeling that they had been shabbily treated in the blundering and farcical "management" of the Mann cup competition The representations on which they made their long journey were not carried out, and their complaint seems to have must justice in it. Under the anticipation that they were to meet representative teams for "the amateur championship of the world"—the latter being wholly gratuitous, since nobody around here has the disposing of championships in this haphazard fashion—they were put into a competition with teams that represented nothing except inability to win in their own company. The Young Torontos had failed to win their series, and were not eligible to play for the cup under the trustees' own announcement. The Maitlands had not won anything, and the playing of the seniors under the right of the juniors, who had won in the city league, was something more than a farce. It was an imposition on the Vancouver team. Of the ridiculous aggregation passing under the name of Cornwall, and furnishing only a practice game for the Maitlands, the less said the better.

Where the Vancouver team have the geratest cause to feel that their long and expensive journey was useless, lies in the fact that the other teams allowed to play for the cup had no right to be in the competition, unless the trustees made some other condition after declaring to be Canadian Lacrosse association that "the trustees are now open to accept challenges for the Mann cup from any club which has won its series with players who can qualify as amateurs under the following rules."

Inasmuch as the Young Torontos did not win their series at all, it seems only just to the Vancouver team, who did meet the conditions, that the trustees should send the cup, when it is made, to the boys from the Pacific coast. It will not represent a chamiponship in any case, since championships are not manufactured by the say-so of any self-apopinted committee, but it is the trophy they came here to play for, and they are the only team that seem to have any claim on it.

BENDRODT IN AUSTRALIA

After a tour of Australia lasting upwards of seven months, J. G. Bendrodt, a well known athlete of Victoria, who was especially prominent as an expert roller skater, a rugby player and an oarsman, has returned to Victoria.

When he left Victoria, Bendrodt's idea was to enter some of the roller skating competitions—speed, endurance and fancy—held in the different large auditoriums of Australia. The Victorian, however, found plenty to do in giving exhibitions of fancy skating. He appeared in Sydney, Melbourne and other centres and everywhere was eindered the warmest welcome.

He participated in one notable endurance race, and did so well that his reputation was assured, and his place in the esteem of the sportsmen of the land of the southern cross attained. His competitor was "Billy" Eckard, who holds the world's championship as a twenty-four hour skater, and against whom few care to measure themselves. Bendrodt, however, was game.

For a full day in the Sydney auditorium the track which makes the mile in twelve laps, they hammered away, the crowd coming and going, and always remaining exceptionally large. Owing to Eckard's record it was not thought that the Victorian would be able to finish anywhere within reach. But they remained together throughout the period specified and only on the sprint, a desperate one at that, was the champion able to leave Bendrodt. The margin of his victory was something like one hundred feet.

By this time there was a huge throng in attendance and when the situation was realized nothing was too good for the competitors. The town was theirs, figuratively speaking and one of the results was the appointment of Bendrodt to the management of an Australian amusement syndicate, on whose business he is now engaged.

ATTENDANCE AT BASEBALL

Baseball is this year more justly called America's "national sport" than ever before. Statistics given out here show that the attendance record in the two big leagues in the season just closed exceeded all previous records by more than a million. The following figures show the hold baseball has on the American people:

National—Chicago, 980,420; New York, 937,640; Boston, 720,100; Philadelphia, 620,160; St. Louis, 610,190; Pittsburg, 505,000; Cincinnati, 590,000; Brooklyn, 510,000; Total, 5,373,510.

American—New York, 620,714; Philadelphia, 520,180; Chicago 510,290; Boston, 490,610; Detroit, 450,000; St. Louis, 410,000; Cleveland, 370,000; Washington, 360,000. Total 3,731,794.

The total for both leagues was 9,105,304, as compared with 7,978,108 in 1909. The increase over last year, therefore, was 1,127,196.

The approximate salary lists of the two leagues show that the Chicago Nationals are the best paid major league players. The Philadelphia Americans, who look like world's champions, are the second cheapest team in the country. The figures:

National—Chicago $120,000; New York, $95,000; Pittsburg, $90,000; Philadelphia, $75,000; Brooklyn, $75,000; Cincinnati, $65,000; St. Louis, $65,000; Boston, $55,000.

merican—Detroit, $75,000; New York, $70,000; Boston, $70,000; Cleveland, $66,000; Chicago, $60,000; St. Louis, $55,000; Philadelphia, $50,000; Washington, $48,000.

DINED THE CHAMPIONS

The world's champions of the lacrosse field were the guests of honor at an "At Home" given by Post No 4 of the Native Sons of British Columbia in the K. of P. hall, New Westminster. That the evening did not pass without the lacrosse heroes of the Royal City being overwhelmed with eulogy goes without saying and the Minto Cup, once the pride of Eastern Canada, now guarded by the sons of the West, standing in lonely dignity in the centre of the table, lent inspiration to the speakers of the evening.

THE RUSSIAN LION

George Hackenschmidt, the Russian Lion, former wrestling champion of Europe, wil larrive in Canada next month and will be matched against the best the country can produce. Whether he will visit the Pacific coast has not yet been determined. George Kennedy, of Montreal, who will be the manager of the Canadian tour, not giving any information on this score.

The Russian Lion's first encounter will take place at Sohmer park, Montreal, and after that he will come westward, but how far is not disclosed. When he has finished his Canadian battles he will go south, Jack Curley, of Chicago, having undertaken his management in the United States. "There is not the slightest doubt about his coming," said Mr. Curley. "He signed a year's contract with me just before I left England, and Hackenschmidt always lives up to what he undertakes. Just now he is at a German health resort resting up. He will do no wrestling until he comes across. That is part of the contract I have with him.

When he finishes the tour on this continent he will sail for South Arrica. It is said that he has been engaged at the largest sum ever offered a European wrestler for a tour in this country. In conclusion, Mr. Curley said: "First and foremost I want to get Hack matched with oGtch once more. We will drop everything for such a match if we can get it."

The British Columbia Company
LIMITED.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL $100,000.:: PAID UP CAPITAL $41,500
DIRECTORS:—Reginald C. Brown, President; J. C. Maclure, Vice-President; H. E. Marks, Managing Director; Capt. E. Nash, William McNair, R. A. Bevan, and F. C. Williams, Secretary. :-: :-:
INTEREST 4 PER CENT. DEPOSITS
This Company acts as Executors, Administrators, Transferees and Secretaries to Public Companies. Commercial, Industrial and other business propositions underwritten. Issues made on the London and New York Stock Exchanges.
TIMBER, COAL, LANDS, and COMPANY ORGANIZATION
Head Office for Canada, 203, 208, 210, 215 Carter-Cotton Building,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

The Staneland Co. Ltd
IS THE
Paint Supply House of British Columbia
ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED
WRITE FOR PRICES AND SAMPLES
The Staneland Co. Ltd
836-840 Fort Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC
GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS
For VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, SEATTLE.
Connecting with Eastbound Trains
Prince Rupert sails every Thursday, 8.30 p.m.
Prince George sails every Monday, 8.30 p.m.
FOR STEWART:
"Bruno" sails every Sunday after the arrival of the "Prince George" and returning Monday evening will connect with the same steamer southbound.
"Bruno" sails Wednesday after the arrival of the "Prince Rupert," returning Thursday evening, connecting with the same steamer southbound.
FOR MASSET—Bruno sails 10 p.m. every Monday, returning Tuesday night, and for Skidegate and other Moresby Island Ports, Bruno sails 10 p.m. Thursday, returning Saturday.
Tickets, reservations and information from
A. E. McMASTER
Freight and Passenger Agent, G. T. P. Wharf.

FOR FIRST CLASS
GROCERIES
CALL AT
MERRYFIELD'S CASH GROCERY
CORNER 3rd AVENUE AND 5th STREET

Look! Look! Look!
Prince Rupert
Cafe
Newly Opened
(Under New Management)
Best Meal in Town
FOR THE WORKINGMAN
25c.
Corner Sixth and Fraser Streets

Atlantic Steamship Agency
Through tickets and excursion rates to
England, France, Germany,
and all
Scandinavian Ports.
Call or write for rates to any part of the world. I am also agent for all American steamers to and from Prince Rupert; Northern Pacific Railway; Alaska Pacific Express.
J. H. ROGERS
General Steamship and Railway Agent, Prince Rupert, B.C.

Union Steamship Co'y of B.C. Ltd.
The new Steel Passenger Steamer
"Camosun"
PRINCE RUPERT every Sunday at 9 a.m. for Vancouver, arriving Monday afternoon.
For Stewart City on arrival from Vancouver Friday night.
Northbound, leaves Vancouver Wednesdays at 9 p.m.
Steerage Fare $5.00
The "Camosun" is the only steamer on the run having water-tight bulkheads and double bottom, thus ensuring safety of passengers in case of collission or wreck.
J. H. ROGERS, Ticket Agent

HAYNOR BROS.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
and
PROFESSIONAL EMBALMERS

DR. W. B. CLAYTON
DENTIST
Office in the Westenhaver Block, Over Orme's Drug Store. Prince Rupert

WM. S. HALL, L. D. S. D. D. S.
:-: DENTIST :-:
Crown and Bridge Work a specialty. All dental operations skillfully treated. Gas and local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth. Consultation free. Offices, Helgerson Bk., Prince Rupert

G. W. NICKERSON & CO.
CUSTOMS AND MERCHANDISE
Brokers, Forwarding Agents, Storage, etc.

J. W. POTTER
ARCHITECT AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEER
Re-inforced Concrete a Specialty
Law-Butler Building - Prince Rupert

The Thompson Hardware Co.
—SECOND AVENUE—
Paints. General Hardware, Oils, Stoves and Ranges.

Clarmont Rooms
Sixth Avenue near Fulton Street
Comfortable, Homelike Rooms; Newly Furnished Throughout; Bath Rooms with Hot and Cold Water
Rates, $3.00 a Week and Upwards
Mrs. Annie McGrath, Proprietoress

The Roland Rooms
Splendid Accommodations
Newly Furnished
Hot baths; right down town; good table board all round
RATES, FIFTY CENTS AND UP
Corner Eighth and Fraser Streets

Clinton Rooms
Newly remodelled and furnished. Board and lodging. Home cooking a specialty. Mrs. Anderson, Prop.
Rooms, $3 Per Week

WANTED—To buy cheap lots in Prince Rupert direct from owners. Price must be right. Give description, price and terms. Address X, Journal Office

ROGERS' ADDITION TO ELLISON! — ROGERS' ADDITION TO ELLISON!

The future commercial centre and distributing point of the Bulkley, Kispiox and Skeena River Valleys, is now platted and lots offered to the investor on the most liberal terms.

Rogers' Addition to this new G. T. P. Town of Ellison is located on high level land only seven blocks from the propsed station and depot grounds.

The G.T.P. Railway Company expects to reach this town early next summer with the rails and property will then advance by leaps and bounds.

There is no investment like Real Estate; it is safe, certain and profitable. We have all had this experience in the past and have but recently experienced the marvellous increase made on investment here in Prince Rupert.

TERMS:
Cash $10.00; Balance Easy Payments

Another opportunity is now before you. Do not fail to take advantage of this; get in on the ground floor and reap the benefit of advance.

A limited number of these lots are now offered at the low price of,

$100.00 TO $125.00
for corner lots

Size of lots are 33 by 120 feet, street alleys and blocks all conform to the Main Townsite of Ellison.

FOR MAPS AND FURTHER PARTICULARS CALL OR ADDRESS

The Christiansen-Brandt Company

Financial Agents — **Corner 3rd Ave. and 5th St.** — **Prince Rupert, B.C.**

MARINE NEWS

To Arrive

Friday, Oct. 28.—Camosun from Vancouver.
City of Seattle from Seattle.
Saturday, Oct. 29.—Princess Royal from Skagway.
Prince Albert from Queen Charlotte City.
Humboldt from Skagway.
Sunday, Oct. 30.—Camosun from Stewart.
Prince George from Vancouver.
Cottage City from Skagway.
Monday, Oct. 31.—Prince Albert from Stewart.
Princess Beatrice from Vancouver.
Tuesday, Nov. 1.—Prince Albert from Masset.
Wednesday, Nov. 2.—City of Seattle from Skagway.
Prince Rupert from Vancouver.
Thursday, Nov. 3.—Prince Albert from Stewart.

To Depart

Friday, Oct. 28.—Camosun for Stewart.
City of Seattle for Skagway.
Saturday, Oct. 29.—Princess Royal for Vancouver.
Humboldt for Seattle.
Sunday, Oct. 30.—Camosun for Vancouver.
Prince Albert for Stewart.
Cottage City for Seattle.
Monday, Oct. 31.—Prince George for Vancouver.
Princess Beatrice for Skagway.
Prince Albert for Masset.
Wednesday, Nov. 2.—Prince Albert for Stewart.
City of Seattle for Seattle.
Thursday, Nov. 3.—Prince Rupert for Vancouver.
Prince Albert for Skidegate.

RIVER NAVIGATION

The Hazelton is in port today awaiting milder weather before starting up the river. She is loaded with freight for ports as far up as Hardscrabble. It is expected that she will be able to make this point. The Port Simpson and Inlander are reported to be making very good progress. Practically all of the lower river freight has been forwarded, the camps being well supplied for the winter.

WHALING SEASON

In all probability the whaling season in British Columbia waters will close in about three or four weeks time as heavy weather is becoming general and the catches at Sechart, Kyuquot and Rose Harbor are growing smaller each week.

While the exact figures are not available it is expected that the catch for the season will approximate 1,200 whales, which will include nearly forty sperm, the most valuable variety taken on this coast. The west coast whalers have taken about 1,000 whales during the year, while the Rose Harbor station, which has only been in operation since midsummer, has over 200 to its credit.

The steamer Otter, which has been under charter to the Pacific Whaling Company during the year, has been turned back to the C.P.R. Most of the oil from the west coast and Rose Harbor has been taken to Victoria and several thousand barrels are awaiting shipment by the Holt liners. The steamer Amur on her last trip took 84 drums and 59 barrels of oil from Rose Harbor in addition to 3,500 cases of salmon which wil also be shipped by the Teucer.

The Princess Ena carried from Rose Harbor 736 barrels and drums of oil and 2,496 sacks of fertilizer last week. It is expected that the five whalers will return to Victoria next month and will be overhauled during the winter Plans for the utilization of five new vessels ordered by the new owners of the Pacific Whaling Company, which will be here in February and March next, are now being made.

HARBORMASTER FOR PORT

An order-in-council has been passed at Ottawa declaring Prince Rupert a public harbor. Capt. T. H. Alcock has been appointed harbor master at this port.

A NEW LIGHT

Modern System is Introduced Into Vancouver—G.T.P. Uses It

A new lighting system, tried for the first time in Vancouver, is now being installed in the city ticket offices of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway system, on Granville street. By this system the offices, though as light as day, show no electric, gas or other kind of artificial light.

The new system, which has been tried in the east and pronounced the nearest thing to daylight, works on the mirror principle. Chandeliers, with the lights on the upper side guarded from view by the sides of the chandelier, throw the light on the ceiling, which in turn reflects it on the floor. The ceiling in the rGand Trunk Pacific offices is of metal, painted a pure white, which acts as a perfect reflector. By the new lighting system there are no visible lights to bother or injure the eyes of the office staff. This system has been tried in various eastern cities, in the larger hotels and public buildings, and has been pronounced a great success.

How would this do for Prince Rupert?

POPULAR GOVERNMENT

Albert, Prince of Monaco, again bowed to the will of his handful of sbjects and, accepting the terms of the popular ultimatum, granted the establishment of a national treasury, through the operation of which the revenues of the principality and those of the prince will be kept distinct. He also agreed to the resignation of Governor d'Hautefeuille.

Until March 28 last Prince Albert was the absolute ruler of Monaco. At that time, upon the insistent demand of the population, he decreed the election of a parliament through universal suffrage.

Recently there has been dissatisfaction in the management of the finances of the country and the people demanded the action taken now.

The population of the country is about 10,000, while an average of 7,000 visitors are in the country, attracted to a great extent by the famous gambling casino at Monte Carlo.

HOME RULE FOR ALL

T. P. O'Connor's Views on the Question of Local Parliaments in Empire.

Noted Irish Leader Uses Financial Position in British Columbia as Reason for View

Ireland's hope, her nearness to the attainment of self-government, the need of home rule in England to enable that country properly to deal with great social and international questions continually arising, and incidentally an appeal for "Home rule all round the British Empire," were the characteristic notes sounded by Mr. T P. O'Connor, M.P., in his address before the Canadian Club in the city of Victoria on his recent visit.

The spirit of toleration in England's government of Ireland during the past twenty-five years he looked upon as an almost certain augury that self-government will be extended in the very near future.

His address dealt with far more than the hopeful outlook for Ireland and its affairs. He made a strong appeal for home rule for England, citing instances illustrative of how the great social issues in the mother country can be better dealt with by what would be a purely local government.

On the question of an Imperial parliament and its composition he ventured no opinion, but he staunchly advocated "home rule all round" as the best means towards assurance of the future prosperity and continuity of the empire.

The vote of thanks was proposed by Premier McBride whom Mr. O'Connor counts among his dearest personal friends and of whom he is a great admirer.

Dealing with the advantages of self-government in his address, Mr. O'Connor said impressively: "Do I want any proof of the success of self-government? I take up your newspaper today and find an announcement that in British Columbia you have now a surplus in the bank to pay off every penny of the province's debt. Nine years ago, I believe the province was almost without credit. Perhaps this highly satisfactory condition of affairs may be largely due to the fact that you have had the good sense to choose as the head of your government, an Irishman. But like all members of that gentle race, I suppose he wil disclaim al credit and say that your prosperity is due to the fact that you have government of yourselves by yourselves."

Provincial Electoral Act

SKEENA ELECTORAL DISTRICT

TAKE NOTICE that I have received objections in writing to the retention of the following names on the Register of Voters for the Skeena Electoral District, on the grounds stated below;

AND TAKE NOTICE that at a Court of Revision to be held on the 7th day of November, 1910, at the Court House, Prince Rupert, B.C., at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, I shall hear and determine the said objections, and unless such named persons or some other Provincial Voter on their behalf satisfies me that such objections are not well founded, I shall strike such names off the said Register.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1910.

J. H. McMULLIN,
Registrar of Voters.

The following persons are reported absent from the District:

No.	NAME	PLACE
20	ALLEN, THOMAS A.	Bella Coola
142	BIRKS, THOMAS W.,	Rivers Inlet
270	CAMERON, NORMAN	Bella Coola
280	CAMERON, JOHN ALLEN	Bella Coola
329	CHAMBERS, ROBERT	Rivers Inlet
386	COLLINS, THOMAS	Bella Coola
402	COOK, HORACE GREELY	Bella Coola
664	FIELD, ARCH M.,	Rivers Inlet
794	GRANT, DONALD	Bella Coola
834	HAGE, EDWARD A.,	Bella Coola
1155	LAWTON, ERNEST,	Namo
1758	OLIVER, ROBERT	Rivers Inlet
2027	SIMISTER, JOHN	Bella Coola
2221	TODD, WILLIAM BENSON	Bella Coola

The following persons are reported deceased:

No.	NAME	PLACE
344	CHRISTIENSON, HAGAN B.,	Bella Coola
361	CLAYTON, JOHN	Bella Coola
1741	NORDSCHOW, ERIC	Hagensborg
1743	NYGAARD, JACOB J,	Bella Coola
1880	RAMSTAD, PETER A.,	Bella Coola
1976	SANGSTAD, OLE O.,	Bella Coola
2352	WILHELM, HERBERT	Francois Lake
2360	WILLIAMS, RICHARD A.	Bella Coola

The following persons are reported duplicated on the Register:

No.	NAME	PLACE
84	BARKE, JOHN L.	Francois Lake
153	BLAYNEY, AMROSS,	Hagensborg
779	GORDON, OLAF	Bella Coola
1197	LOKKEN, OLE J.	Bella Coola

NOTICE

In the County Court of Atlin, holden at Prince Rupert.

In the matter of Francis Patrick Murphy, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Dated 24th day of October, A.D. 1910

UPON reading the affidavits of John Hugh McMullin, and the certificate of death of the deceased, it is ordered, that John Hugh McMullin, Official Administrator for the County Court District of Atlin embracing Skeena and Queen Charlotte Divisions, shall be Administrator of all and singular the estate and effects of Francis Patrick Murphy, deceased, intestate, and that this Order is published in the Prince Rupert Journal for two issues.

J. McB. YOUNG, J.

RATES ON ORE

A. B. Mackenzie Trying to Obtain Favorable Terms

Writing under date of October 12, A. B. Mackenzie of Rossland says that he is negotiating with the Trial smelter regarding a favorable freight and treatment rate for the available ores of the Hazelton district and hopes it will not be long until lead stacks are justified in that vicinity.

Mr. Mackenzie has always been a consistent friend of the mining industry in British Columbia and was one of the prime movers in securing the Dominion government bounty on lead.

SALE OF CROWN GRANTED MINERAL CLAIMS IN THE ATLIN ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FOR UNPAID TAXES

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on Monday, the seventh day of November, A.D. 1910, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court Room, Atlin, I shall offer for sale by public auction the mineral claims in the list hereinafter set out, of the persons in the said list hereinafter set out for which Crown Grants have been issued, for all unpaid taxes accrued, due and payable on the thirtieth day of June, A.D. 1910, or on any previous date, and for the costs of advertising and other expenses.

If the taxes and expenses, including the costs of advertising, as set out in said list, are not paid to me before the day of sale, the claims may be sold to the highest bidder, and a conveyance executed to the purchaser of all right and interest in said claims legally alienated by the Crown Grants thereof.

In the event of there being no purchaser, or the price offered shall not be sufficient to pay the taxes and expenses, the land shall absolutely revert to the Crown, and the Crown Grants thereof shall be deemed void and cancelled.

List Above Mentioned

Name of Claim	Lot No.	Registered Owner or Grantee	Taxes Payable 30th June 1910	Expenses and Costs	Total Amount Due
'Etta Extension'	276	C. F.O. Beeame	$6.50	$2.00	$8.50
"At Last"	277	William Gass	6.50	2.00	8.50
"White Baby"	278	William Gass	9.50	2.00	11.50
Total			$22.50	$6.00	$28.50

Dated at Atlin, B. C., this 30th day of September, A.D. 1910.

J. A. FRASER,
Assessor, Atlin Assessment District.

Atlin Post Office, B. C.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Items of General Interest From Centres in British Columbia.

GREAT REVIVAL

Fernie.—The great evangelical campaign throughout East Kootenay is now in full progress. Rev. Dr. Patterson, D.D., for a long time pastor of Cook's church, Toronto is in charge of the movement and is personally conducting the Fernie meetings in conjunction with Mr W. W. Weaver, of Ada, Ohio, who has charge of the musical part of the exercises. Dr. Patterson was for a long time pastor of Bethany Presbyterian church of Philadelphia, and numbered among his congregation Mr. John Wannamaker, the well-known Sunday school worker and once a cabinet minister in the Washington government.

Mr. Weaver is wel known to Fernie churchgoers, having been connected with the great revival held here a year ago last April. The meetings here were opened in Knox church last Sunday evening and will continue for at least two weeks. The large new church was filled at the first meeting, and as all the churches are dispensing with their regular weekly meetings the church is sure to be well filled every night throughout the week.

The reverend doctor directs the campaign being waged in all parts of East Kootenay from here, and when it has been closed he will move to West Kootenay and repeat his meetings.

It is on the programme to cover the entire province during the coming winter, and Vancouver people wil lbe having these missionaries in their midst before many weeks have gone by. This movement is an outgrowth of the Chapman-Alexander campaign so successfully waged throughout the Kootenays and the boundary country in the spring of 1909.

Back of the movement is the committee of evangelism of the Presbyterian church, and thousands of dollars have been contributed for the purpose by eastern people interested in home misisonary work.

CARIBOO MINES

Quesnel.—The quartz deposits of the Quesnel district have at last attracted the definite and serious interest of the mining expert and capitalist. V ry substantial progress has been made the past week. A painstaking investigation has been made by a noted mining expert, Morse Davis, of the gold quartz claims on the Quesnel river at Deacon's, thirteen miles east of Quesnel.

The party that left for the claims consisted of Mr. I. H. Shaw, of the noted firm of Shaw & Campbell, mining brokers, of London; Morse Davis, mining expert, who for seven years was chief of the mining engineers for W. A. Clark of Montana, and for five years held the same position with Augustus Heinze, of Butte, Montana, and George Davis of Victoria, who is acting promoter.

From what could be learned it would appear thus far they were pleased with the showing and it is most probable that some arrangement will be made with the claim holders on the river to develop and purchase the holdings.

The gentlemen left in an auto early Wednesday morning for Victoria, where assays will be made of samples taken from the outcroppings and pits. A definite statement as to the showing and what may be the outcome will no doubt be forthcoming shortly.

The claims along the river which will probably be taken, should everything be arranged amicably, are those belonging to W. L. Collins, A. W. Cameron, Leo St. Laurent, Mrs. Anderson, James Deacon, Nels P. Nelson and Henry Moffat, seven in numbber.

DEATH OF PIONEER

Ashcroft.—The death of James Stone occurred at Barkerville last week.

Deceased was born in Kidderminster, England, February 10th, 1843. He entered the R. M. L. I. in 1859, serving on many ships of the Royal navy, and was one of the marines stationed on San Juan island before the ownership of that island was decided by the arbitration of Emperor William I. of Germany. Mr. Stone left the service in 1872, and the same year became telegraph operator and postmaster at Lytton. The following year he was transferred to Quesnel where he filled the same position until 1880, when he was transferred to Barkerville, where he was postmaster, telegraph operator, express and stage agent, meteorological observer and justice of the peace. He was a shareholder in the Waverly Hydraulic Mining Co., and its secretary for many years.

In him the old time telegraphers and historical association loses one of its few members in British Columbia, and Cariboo Lodge A. F. & A. M., mourns the passing of a trusty mainstay. He was a past master of the lodge, and was deputy grand master for many years prior to his death.

Mrs. Stone and one daughter, Mrs. Geo. Walker, wife of the Barkerville government agent, are left to mourn the loss of a devoted husband and loving father.

SINGLE TAX IDEA

New Westminster.—The adoption of the single tax system promulgated by Henry George, by the city of New Westminster is advocated by Mayor Lee and if he is re-elected to the position of chief magistrate of the city for another term this is probably one of the first matters which he will bring up for consideration by the new city council and the citizens generally. The system in its entirety is not favored by the mayor, but only insofar as it provides for the taxation of land only and exempts imporvements. This will tend to place a premium on improvements in the city while discouraging the holding of unimproved city property for speculative purposes.

Mayor Lee is now looking fo, two men qualified to undertake the reassessment of the city. A short time ago he brought to the attention of the city council the need of a more equitable assessment and at the last meeting he was authorized to suggest the names of men qualified to undertake the work. His idea is that two experienced men should be secured who would proceed with the work forthwith in order that it might be completed early next year.

To a representative of the British Columbian Mayor Lee pointed out that at the present time the assessment of the city is not at all equitable. In some cases property is assessed up to nearly its full selling value while in other cases only a small percentage of the value is assessed. Assessment Commissioner Frank Broad is doing something on the assessment for next year and it is the idea of the council that the experts engaged should revise the work already done and place everything on a proper basis.

The tax rate for this year and, indeed, for some time past, has been 24 mills on the dollars. His Worship is of the opinion that with the readjustment of assessment of property in the city this rate may be considerably reduced this year. If, however, improvements are exempt from taxation netx year the possible reduction in the tax rate is not likely to be so great. Upon the appointment of assessment specialists the city council will decide what proportion of the selling value of property is to be assessed.

MYSTERY CLEARED UP

Victoria.—The unknown man whose bullet-perforated body was found in the outskirts of Victoria on the 9th inst, is declared to be John Cavaleri, a street preacher. Cavaleri lived alone in a little cottage in Garvanza, Los Angeles.

ACQUITTED ON THIRD TRIAL

Vernon.—At the assizes, before Mr. Justice Gregory, Walker, a white man, and Chinley, an Indian, were acquitted on the charge of murdering an Indian woman at Quesnel in June, 1909. This was their third trial. They were convicted at Clinton and sentenced to be hanged. A reprieve and a new trial were granted and the second trial resulted in a disagreemnt of the jury. A change of venue brought the case to Vernon, and the jury, after being out an hour, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The crown was represented by Mr. H. A. McLean, and Mr. Stuart Henderson, of Ashcroft, conducted the defence.

MILLS AT CROFTON

Victoria.—Construction will be immediately commenced from Crofton of the Cowichan Lake branch of the E. & N. railway. This announcement follows the completion of the agreement between the officials of the C. P. R. and the American Securities company, whereby a subsidiary company of the latter organization will construct a mill, to cost $1,000,000, at Crofton to exploit the 52,000 acres of timber land in the Cowichan Valley, purchased by the Securities company from the railway corporation

The deal was made some time ago, but arrangements for the erection of the mille at Crofton have only recently been completed. One hundred and fifty acres of land have recently been purchased on the north boundary of Crofton townsite, adjoining the old smelter property on Osborne Bay.

Docks will be constructed along the long tidal flat which is found at this point, and a large area will be piled and used for yards and sidings.

The company will spend nearly $1,000,000upon the mill, which will be the largest in the province, and one of the largest in the world.

Construction of the twenty-five miles o railway to Cowichan Lake will be comemnced from the Crofton end. The 52,000 acres of timber land in the Cowichan Valley is accounted about the choicest timber on Vancouver Island.

FIREBUGS FEARED

Nanaimo.—Since the close of the herring season at the end of 1909, no less than eleven of the salteries engaged in the business have been destroyed by fire, the last serious blaze occurring last week when three salteries, together with all their contents, went up in smoke, the property loss amounting to over $15,000.

The insurance companies affected by the loss believe the fires to have been of an incendiary origin and have offered a reward of $100 for information leading to the conviction of the party or parties responsible.

CAPITAL OF AUSTRALIA

After Long Fight Question Has Now Been Finally Decided

After many days of bitter fighting the capital site question for the Australian Commonwealth has been definitely settled in the senate. On a test vote it has been decided that the work of establishing the city should be proceeded with at Yass-Canberra.

The matter has engaged the attention of federal members of the present parliament for weeks. The question was brought under notice by the government submitting in the estimates a proposal to spend £45,000 on the establishment of a city in the territory ceded to the Commonwealth by New outh Wales.

In the house of representatives a big effort was made to reduce the item by £1 for the purpose of intimating to the government that members desired the matter of the selection reopened. This amendment was defeated by a substantial majority and the appropriation bill was sent up to the senate.

It was in this chamber that the real struggle was expected, and members were not disappointed. Every scheme that could be thought of was brought into operation to defeat the intentions of the government in going on with the work of building the capital.

In the chamber is a band of senators who will stop at nothing to hinder the settlement of this question, and it was the leader of this party —"the win, tie, or wrangle brigade" as they are called—that made the first hostile move. He proposed to amend the item which appeared on the schedule by reducing the amount by £1.

That started the ball rolling, and for days the battle went on. Never in the history of the senate has there been such an amount of wire-pulling and lobbing as took place over this matter. It was well known that the division would be close. In fact, from the start a tie was looked on as the most likely result, and the most strenuous efforts were put forward to swing the doubtful votes.

A DAISY SECTION

Farmer From Lawn Hill Has Gone to Vancouver for the Winter

Among the visitors to Prince Rupert this week has been T. J. Drain of Lawn Point, Queen Charlotte Islands. He is on his way to Vancouver where he will spend the winter.

Mr. Drain is engaged in mixed farming and is well pleased with the results of his two years work there. The soil is very productive and he believes it will be a splendid field for mixed farming.

One disadvantage under which the settlers work he points out is that there have been no experimenta conducted to prove what are the best methods to pursue so as to get the best results. He is an advocate of the government placing an experienced farmer on the islands to conduct experimnts and ascertain what is the best course to follow.

Mr. Drain in his two years experience has had to do his own experimenting and while the results have been very satisfactory, yet a great saving could have been made had there been exact information along the lines suggested.

As to the future of the northern part of the Islands, Mr. Drain thinks that it will become a great dairy section. The soil is very productive and in no part of the world has he seen cattle become so fat on the native grasses. By the use of ensilage for winter feeding which is unnecessary for young cattle the cows could be made very profitable in the line of milk and butter.

It is all in the point of view. The milkman thinks folks who sleep till six o'clock are Lazy Laurences.

LADYSMITH
COAL
H. B. ROCHESTER, - Centre Street

LAND PURCHASE NOTICE

Coast Land District—District of Skeena.

TAKE NOTICE that we, George Hie and Robert Corlett, of Little Canyon, B.C., occupation farmer and farmer, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south-east portion of an island situated and lying about two miles below Little Canyon, near the south bank of the Skeena river, Range V, Skeena Land District, District of Coast, thence northerly, thence easterly, thence southerly around the shores of the island back to the point of beginning and inclosing 30 acres, more or less

GEORGE HIE,
ROBERT CORLETT.
Dated August 1, 1910. A19

LAND PURCHASE NOTICES

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Charles Rubidge Dunsford, of Fort William, Ont., occupation retired, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about seven miles south of the southeast corner of lot 227 and 1½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

CHARLES RUBIDGE DUNSFORD.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Norman M. Patterson, of Fort William, Ont., occupation grain merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south from southeast corner of Lot 227, and 1½ miles west from short line, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres

NORMAN M. PATTERSON.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Benjamin Ostrander, of Fort William, Ont., occupation grain merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south from southeast corner of Lot 227, and 3½ miles west of shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containinfi 640 acres.

BENJAMIN OSTRANDER.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

LAND PURCHASE NOTICES

Omineca Land District—District of Coast, Range Five.

TAKE NOTICE that E. Lucas, of West Carnie, Ont., occupation banker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 2287, District of Coast, Range Five, and marked E.L.'s N.W. corner, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

E. LUCAS,
Steven McNeill, Agent.
Dated Sept. 22, 1910. S27.

Omineca Land District—District of Coast, Range Five.

TAKE NOTICE that W. G. Whitesides, of South Bend, Ont., occupation bank clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of lot 1729, District of Coast, Range Five, and marked G.G.W.'s N.E. corner, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 320 acres, more or less.

W. G. WHITESIDES,
Steven McNeill, Agent.
Dated Sept. 22, 1910. S27

LAND PURCHASE NOTICES

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Thomas Samuel Smith, of Fort William, Ont., occupation contractor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south of the southeast corner of ot 227, and 5½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

THOMAS SAMUEL SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Nelson Noel Smith, of Winnipeg, Man., occupation contractor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 9 miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 5½ miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

NELSON NOEL SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that E. N. Ensworth, of Fort William, Ont., occupation accountant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 9 miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 5½ miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

E. N. ENSWORTH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Mary Smith, of Fort William, Ont., occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 5½ miles west from the shore line, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains north to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

MARY SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Frederick Babe, of Fort William, Ont., occupation barrister, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about five miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227 and two miles west from shore line, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

FREDERICK BABE.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that James Murphy, of Fort William, Ont., occupation coal merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about five miles south from the southeast corner of Lot 227, and two miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

JAMES MURPHY.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Arthur A. Vickers, of Fort William, Ont., occupation agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about five miles south from the southeast corner of Lot 227, and two miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

ARTHUR A. VICKERS.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that John C. Murray, of Fort William, Ont., occupation capitalist, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about five miles south from the southeast corner of Lot 227 and two miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

JOHN C. MURRAY.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Alexander C. Moffat, of Fort William, Ont., occupation agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about seven miles south from southeast corner of Lot 227 and 1½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

ALEXANDER C. MOFFAT.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Edward Robert Wayland, of Fort William, Ont., occupation grain merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south from southeast corner of lot 227, and 3½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

EDWARD ROBERT WAYLAND.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that William Curtis Lillie, of Fort William, Ont., occupation agent, intends to apply for permisison to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 7 miles south from southeast corner of Lot 227, and 3½ miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

WILLIAM CURTIS LILLIE.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that John Russel Smith, of Fort William, Ont., occupation grain merchant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about seven miles south from southeast corner of Lot 227, and 3½ miles west from short line, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

JOHN RUSSEL SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Agnes Smith, of Fort William, Ont., occupation widow, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 9 miles south from the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 3½ miles west from shore line, thencfe east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

AGNES SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Sidney Smith, of Fort William, Ont., occupation gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about nine miles south from the southeast corner of lot 227, and 3½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres

SIDNEY SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Ardagh Smith, of Fort William, Ont., occupation agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about nine miles south from southeast corner of Lot 227 and 3½ miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

ARDAGH SMITH
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that John L. Davidson, of Victoria, B.C., occupation agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 9 miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 3½ miles west from shore line, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

JOHN L. DAVIDSON.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that Josephine J. Davidson, of Victoria, B. C., occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 9 miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 5½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

JOSEPHINE J. DAVIDSON.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910. S30

Skeena Land District—District of Queen Charlotte Islands.

TAKE NOTICE that James Henry Smith, of Victoria, B.C., occupation agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 9 miles south of the southeast corner of Lot 227, and 5½ miles west from shore line, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

JAMES HENRY SMITH.
Arthur Robertson, Agent.
Dated August 20th, 1910.

THE SEASON'S WORK

Review of What Has Been Done on Mining Fields About Hazelton.

Local Paper Tells of the Development of the Different Prospects in That District

Although the snow is far up the mountain sides and has scarcely begun to reach into the timber the summer's activity in the search for and development of the minerals of the district is about over where preparations are not made for winter; and stock may be taken of the results achieved this year, says the Omineca Herald of Hazelton.

In the immediate vicinity of Hazelton the number of prospects with indications of becoming shipping mines with the construction of the railway has vastly increased in the past twelve months. Where a year ago Nine Mile mountain had a known mineralized area of two miles and a half long by a mile wide with no work done beyond assessments; there are now five tunnels driven varying distances up to two hundred feet with every indication of work being carried on on three properties all winter. The net result of this developmnt has been to establish thus far the permanency of the veins and the width and value of the ore. Small shipments have been made with flattering results in one case where the returns have been received from the smelter. Assessment work has improved the showings on almost every one of the prospects and there is much good ore in sight. Four groups of properties are now under bond or being operated by limted liability companies.

Four Mile hill has been the sensation of the year. At this time last year only one claim had profitable ore, always considering it from a standpoint of railway transportation, and the owner did not know it until assays were made late in the winter. Starting on a foot of ore in a shaft as the principal showing when the bond was taken early in the spring, this year's operations have uncovered the largest body of silver lead ore yet found in this vicinity, the solid ore reaching a width of upward of ten and a half feet on the surface. Good ore has been found on several other groups, of five and three claims respectively, are under bond with substantial payments made. One property will work all winter, having buildings completed and supplies on hand.

Galena ore was discovered at Robinson lake about five miles north of town and at an elevation of only a few hundred feet above the Skeena, about the middle of the summer and surface work has been in progress most of the time since. Several veins with workable ore have been uncovered and values are very gratifying to the owners. One of the best features of these discoveries is the low elevation and nearness to town. Snow will lie on the claims not to exceed four months in the year and the country is well timbered. Option for a bond has been given on one group.

The latest discovery is at the head of Two Mile creek, not more than five or six miles from town and establishes as mineral bearing the western slopes of Nine Mile mountain where nothing has been found before. The veins are of a good width and while the ore is of a coarser crystalization than on other parts of the mountain the values in silver are about two and a half ounces to the unit of lead; which may be called an average for this part of the Omineca district. These claims are in heavy timber and at a low elevation, present work being done at about 2200 feet above Hazelton, near the center of the property.

There is room for a great deal of prospecting yet on Nine Mile mountain and its foot hills. Vacant ground is practically all covered with timber or moss and earth and loose rock several feet deep. This means work in uncovering the veins and that all of them will not be found in one year.

Another surprise was the discovery of galena and copper ore on Rocher de Boule mountain and the location of a number of very promising claims. The galena carries good values in silver and the copper is high grade, one claim showing thirty per cent ore more than four feet wide, with small values in gold and silver. Two groups are under bond to American capital. Many claims were staked late in the summer on widely separated parts of the mountain, too late for any work to be done this year. The whole mountain is within easy reaching distance of the railway line and should be an attractive field for prospectors for years to come.

On Bear river, which empties into the Bulkley about twelve miles above Hazelton, numerous discoveries of good surface ore were reported during the season, some of them being of great promise. The ores are galena and arsenical iron, carrying, besides silver and lead, gold values up to $25 a ton. With the exception of one property, where a tunnel was driven about fifty feet, nothing more than surface work has been done.

Serious attempts to undertake the work of opening up a mine have been few; the district is still in a prospecting stage. The high average value of the ore is attracting attention and prospects offering such great promise of profit from the extraction and shipment of ore cannot fail to receive the necessary funds for development purposes. No property has been proven at depth but the work being carried on on Nine Mile mountain at the present time should go a long way to determine this point by next spring.

The handicap placed on the district by transportation difficulties is still keenly felt and the country is years behind what it would have been had the Skeena been a more accommodating stream. Supplies have been high, and the expense of getting into the country great. In the immediate vicinity of Hazelton more men engaged in the search for mineral this year than in all other years put together.

A year ago it was said there was the making of a good camp somewhere about here: it is now felt that it may easily become one of the greatest the province has yet seen.

MILLIONS INVOLVED

Suits Against Corporations in United States to be Heard This Month

Consequences so enormous that they can hardly be fully comprehended depend upon the outcome of the two suits which are on the calendar of the United States supreme court for the October term, but which may go over for another term on account of the recent death of Solicitor-General Lloyd Bowers. The vast and varied extent of the interests involved makes these two suits the most important of any that have appealed to this court of last resort.

The suits are the ones which the United States government recently instituted against the Tobacco Trust and the Standard Oil. If only the corporate existence of these two corporations were involved, if only the dissolution or the integrity of the two depended upon the issue, the result, great as these two corporations are, would be comparatively of little consequence—would be relatively as nothing in comparison with what an adverse decision would mean to the numerous other "holding" companies of this country.

When one thinks of the enormous accumulation of wealth the mind reverts instinctively to the Standard Oil and its subsidiaries. The capital of the Tobacco Trust also runs into the hundred millions. But even the combined wealth of these two great corporations sinks into utter insignificance in comparison to that represented by the 1,198 other corporations and their 8,110 subsidiary companies, every one of which is prima facie in defiance and under the ban of the Sherman anti-trust act in identically the same way as are the tw corporations against which the government has brought suit.

It therefore follows than an order dissolving these two would mean the dissolution of 1,198 other corporations These 1,198 corporations have a capitalization that reaches to the gigantic sum of $13,000,000,000—an amount equal to about one-third of the total wealth of the German Empire.

Upon the fate of the Standard Oil and the Tobacco Trust hangs that of the United States Steel corporation with its $950,000,000 of capital, and its eighty-nine subsidiary corporations; upon the outcome of the two suits depends the Amalgamated Copper company and is $155,000,000, the International Mercantile Marine and its $120,000,000, the American Smelting and Refining company and its $100,000, the Sugar Trust and its $90,000,000, the American Telephone and Telegraph company and its $300,000,000, the Interborough and its $155,000,000, the Western Union and its $125,000,000, the Consolidated Gas company and its $100,000,000, the General Electric and its $80,000,000, the Mackay companies and their $100,000,000, the Pullman company and its $100,000,000, the Westinghouse Electric and its $60,000,000, and so on throughout the eleven hundred and odd others who are equally involved with the Standard Oil and the Tobacco trust.

FIGHTS FREE TRADE

Sir Joseph Lawrence Meets Claims Put Forward By His Opponents.

He Advocates Tariff Reform For Great Britain to Meet Situation

In a ringing speech before the Empire club at McConkey's, Toronto, a few days ago, Sir Joseph Lawrence, ex-M.P. of England, and leading tariff reformer, replied to the free trade speeches of Sir Alfred Mond, delivered in Toronto and Ottawa.

So stirred was Sir Joseph by the Canadian speeches of his old free trade antagonist that he broke in on his holiday and consented to come to this city to address the Empire club. Throughout, it was a fighting speech, full of challenges and indignant denials.

Bolding alleging that Sir Alfred had "reveled in an orgy of misrepresentation and misapplication of statistics," Sir Joseph, point by point, took up and answered the alleged misstatements of his antagonist.

Applause greeted his mention of his old chieftain, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, and his charge that the spirit of Cobdenism was antagonistic to the colonial system—as antagonistic today as in the days of yore.

Sir Joseph began by pointing out how impossible it was to reply as he would wish to Sir Alfred Mond's speeches, when one of them alone required one hour and a half to deliver it. He said he impeached every material statement made by Sir Alfred, and if time permitted, he would like to take them up seriatim: they could be "proved false up to the hilt."

"Sir Alfred Mond's speeches," continued the speaker, warming rapidly to his subject, "are a colossal and grotesque misapplication of statistics to bolster up his free trade cause. I strongly suspect that they are part of an organized crusade of political disingenuousness among the Canadian people.

"Sir Alfred has been revelling in an orgy of misrepresentation and abuse of the aims and methods of tariff reform party with a view to its reflex action on the impending general election in Great Britain. And I would like to say in passing that even the speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the west have been exploited by the free trade press and party. They have been saying that he was not only a follower of Cobden, Bright and Gladstone, but that Canada herself, under his leadership, was turning in the direction of free trade, of which reciprocity is the first step.

"I have charged that this free trade crusade is disingenuous, and I can prove it. Sir Alfred, while apparently guarding himself against interference with the fiscal system or policy in Canada, has not hesitated to commend to you the example of Gladstone and Peel in remitting taxes. He does this at a time when you ought to be left free and unprejudiced in the negotiations you are about to enter upon with the United States.

"His obvious purpose is that his speeches and reception in Canada may be telegraphed back to England, showing how much you are in sympathy with free trade, and so enable the free trade party to thwart the policy of closer commercial relations with the Empire."

At this point Sir oJseph analyzed briefly Sir Alfred Mond's facts and figures, vigorously challenging him upon every point.

"He painted England to you as an Eldorado," Sir Joseph continued, "and boasted that the predictions of the Cobdenite school had been vindicated, whereas the facts prove the reverse. Every prediction of Cobden has been falsified by events, and today we are presented with the example of a country in which millions are unemployed and under-fed, and in which both capital and people are fleeing to other countries (all protectionist), where both capital and labor receive a better reward.

"And Sir Alfred claims that the free trade party is in sympathy with the colonies as much as the tariff reform party. But they are Little Englanders all the same. They have never repudiated the doctrine of Cobden, and the people of Canada ought to be reminded that it was he who in 1865 wanted to shake off the colonies.

"Writing to Colonel Cole, Cobden said he was interested in the Confederation scheme, because he thought it 'was a step in the direction of an amicable separation,' thus confirming the view he expressed in 1842. (See Morley's life of Cobden.)

"The colonial system, with all its appeal to the people can never be got rid of except by the indirect process of free trade, which will gradually and imperceptibly loose the bands which united our colonies to us by a mistaken notion of self-interest.

"The free trade Cobdenites," continued the speaker, "may deem it necessary and advisable to trim their sails for the moemnt, because colonial preference is popular; but, all the same, they show the cloven foot whenever the can by being the friends of all empires and countries but their own. The letter of thinks has changed, but the spirit remains, and it is the narrow Little Englander spirit that we are determined to fight to the end."

—o—

Riley—What would you rather be run over by a trolley car or an automobile?

Flanenry—"Nayther; me choice would be an airship.

The Westholme Lumber Company, Ld.

We carry the largest stock of Building Supplies in the North.

Quotations given on short notice in all lines.

Rough and Dressed Lumber
Shingles and Lath
Mouldings and Cases
Doors and Windows

We handle Plaster and Lime at reasonable prices

Get our quotations for all classes of buildings.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES . . . . . FIRST AVENUE

SHERWIN & WILLIAMS
PAINTS
COVER THE EARTH.
WE ARE SOLE AGENTS
CARLOAD JUST ARRIVED

Ready Mixed Paints,
Paints Ground in Oil,
Paints Ground in Japan,
Varnishes, Shellac, etc.

Water Stains and Decotint IN ALL COLORS

Prince Rupert Hardware & Supply Company, Ltd. THOS. DUNN, Mgr.

The Washington Cafe
A PLACE TO EAT
Seats For Ladies
Everything Clean and Tasty
Prices Reasonable
W. F. CARPENTER, PROPRIETOR
Second Avenue, near Seventh Street

Portland Canal Short Line Railway

Pursuant to Section 7 of the Navigable Waters Protection Act (R. S. Can. cap 115) notice is hereby given that there has been deposited in the office of the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and a duplicate in the Office of the Registrar of Titles at Prince Rupert, plans and description of the site and side elevation of a proposed railway wharf and trestle approach thereto to be constructed near the mouth of Bear River at Stewart, British Columbia, and that one month after the first insertion of this notice the Company will apply to the Governor-in-Council for the approval thereof.

Dated at Victoria, British Columbia, this 16th day of September, 1910.

GERARD RUEL,
Chief Solicitor.
EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Agents at Victoria, B.C.

S23

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF ATLIN HOLDEN AT ATLIN

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas D. Kearns, deceased, intestate

All parties having claims against the above Estate are required to forward the same, with full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the undersigned, not later than the sixteenth day of February, 1911, after which said date the Estate of the said deceased will be distributed amongst those entitled thereto.

Dated at Atlin, B.C., this nineteenth day of August, A.D. 1910.

PATRICK FOLEY,
Administrator.

A6-08

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Graham Island School

SEALED TENDERS, superscribed "Tender for Graham Island School," will be received by the Honourable the Minister of Public Works up to and including Monday, the 10th day of October, 1910, for the erection and completion of a small one-room school building at Graham Island, one of the Queen Charlotte Islands, Skeena Electoral District.

Plans, specifications, contract and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 12th day of September, 1910, at the offices of John L. Barge, Secretary to the School Board, Queen Charlotte City; the Government Agent, Prince Rupert; the Mining Recorder, Jedway; and the Department of Public Works, Victoria.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for the sum of $125, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contrac. when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer.
Public Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., September 7, 1910.

EXAMINATION FOR INSPECTOR OF STEAM BOILERS AND MACHINERY

Examinations for the position of Inspector of Steam Boilers and Machinery, under the "Steam Boilers Inspection Act, 1901," will be held at the Parliament Buildings, Victoria, commencing November 7th, 1910. Application and instruction forms can be had on application to the undersigned, to whom the former must be returned correctly filled in, not later than October 24th, 1910. Salary $130 per month, increasing at the rate of $5 per month each year to a maximum of $180.

JOHN PECK,
Chief Inspector of Machinery,
New Westminster, B.C.

—THE—
Oliver Typewriter
—FOR—
Seventeen Cents a Day

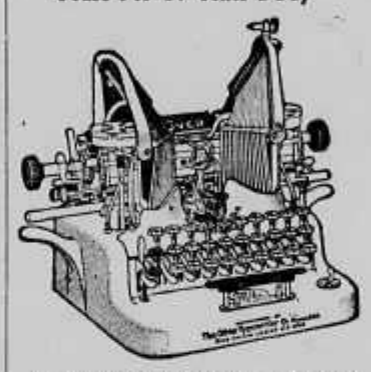
Please read the headline over again. Then its tremendous significance will dawn upon you.

An Oliver Typewriter—the standard visible writer—the most highly perfected typewriter on the market—yours for 17 cents a day!

The typewriter whose conquest of the commercial world is a matter of business history—yours for 17 cents a day!

The typewriter that is equipped with scores of such conveniences as "The Balance Shift"—"The Ruling Device"—"The Double Release"—"The Locomotive Base"—"The Automatic Spacer"—"The Automatic Tabulator"—"The Disappearing Indicator"—"The Adjustable Paper Fingers"—"The Scientific Condensed Keyboard"—all

Yours For 17 Cents a Day



We announced this new sales plan recently, just to feel the pulse of the people. Simply a small cash payment—then 17 cents a day. That is the plan in a nutshell.

The result has been such a deluge of applications for machines that we are simply astounded.

The demand comes from people of all classes, all ages, all occupations.

The majority of inquiries has come from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition. An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

A startling confirmation of our belief that the Era of Universal Typewriting is at hand.

A Quarter of a Million People are Making Money With

The OLIVER Typewriter

The Standard Visible Writer

The Oliver Typewriter is a money-maker, right from the word "go!" So easy to run that beginners soon get in the "expert" class. Earn as you learn. Let the machine pay the 17 cents a day—and all above that is yours.

Wherever you are, there's work to be done and money to be made by using the Oliver. The business world is calling for Oliver operators. There are not enough to supply the demand. Their salaries are considerably above those of many classes of workers.

"An Oliver Typewriter in Every Home!"

That is our battle cry today. We have made the Oliver supreme in usefulness and absolutely indispensable in business. Now comes the conquest of the home.

The simplicity and strength of the Oliver fit it for family use. It is becoming an important factor in the home training of young people. An educator as well as a money maker.

Our new selling plan puts the Oliver on the threshold of every home in America. Will you close the door of your home or office on this remarkable Oliver opportunity?

Write for further details of our easy offer and a free copy of the new Oliver catalogue. Address:

R. C. BEAN
Prince Rupert Agent
General Offices: Oliver Typewriter Building, Chicago, Ill.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing on Crown lands in the vicinity of Babine Lake, and situate in Cassiar District, notice of which bearing date June 30th, 1909, was published in the British Columbia Gazette, dated July 2nd, 1908, is cancelled.

ROBERT A. RENWICK,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands.
Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C., June 16th, 1910
(First insertion July 5.)

C.N.P. ISLAND LINE

Route Selected for Mackenzie & Mann Railway From City of Victoria.

Will Skirt Sooke Harbor, Cowichan Lake, And End at Present at Alberni

Details of the route selected for the first important section of the Canadian Northern Pacific railway, which, while forming an important integral part of the new transcontinental system, will, at the same time, be a first link in a railway from end to end of Vancouver island, have been announced by Premier McBride, following an interview last week with Mr. William Mackenzie.

As adopted this Vancouver Island section of the Canadian Northern, as provided for under the railway legislation of last session, contains approximately 153 miles, 100 miles of which was contemplated in the plan first considered, and upon which last session's legislation and bond guarantees were based.

Victoria is the southern terminal the line taking a course from that city apparently around Portage Inlet, the head of the Gorge by way of Esquimalt Harbor and crossing the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway at the southeastern corner of Langford lake. Thence the line runs due south to the head of Pedder Bay, making a curve at that point westerly, and proceeding via Mathieson Lake to Sooke inlet, the northerly shore of which is followed to Sooke river, which is crossed near the mouth.

Sooke river is ascended on the west bank to its origin in Sooke Lake the railway skirting the western side its entire length, then swinging slightly to the east, and first touching Shawnigan Lake at its extreme southwest corner. Shawnigan Lake is also skirted on the western shore, and this lake being left behind, the line runs approximately due north, and crosses the Koksilah river about eight or nine miles from its mouth. Swinging to the northwest the line reaches the Cowichan River four or five miles above Duncan, and adheres to the Cowichan for six miles, then crossing and skirting the north bank until it reaches the lake near the mouth of Mead Creek. Cowichan Lake is followed on its northern shore the entire length, the line at the western end of the lake swinging southerly, and then northerly to the Nitinat river, which is then followed down on the western bank to within three miles of Nitinat Lake.

From this point the line swings north to the head of the Coleman Creek, th valley of which is followed to its outlet in Barclay Sound, whence the line follows the sinuosities of the Alberni Canal to Alberni.

Surveyors ar now in the field along the greater part of this route, completing the necessary data, which must be available before construction proceeds. Instructions have been given by President Mackenzie to Mr. T. G. Holt, financial and executive agent of the company in British Columbia, to call for tenders just as soon as the imperative engineering data is available, and to award contracts and see the work under way with the least possible delay.

The instructions of the Canadian Northern Pacific president to his representatives in this province ar that the road from Victoria to the west coast is to be completed with all possible despatch.

In the selection of the route indicated above, the fact has been ever kept in mind that a line must be up to the transcontinental standard in alignment, curves, gradient and rise and fall; the Victoria & Barclay Sound division being a part, and an important part of the transcontinental scheme.

Due consideration has also been given, necessarily, to the traffic-producing capabilities of the line; its colonization possibilities and probable usefulness in the plans of industrial development for the island, in which Mr. Mackenzie and his associates aim to play an important part henceforward.

INVESTIGATED MINES

Well Known Mining Man Invests in Hazelton District Properties

Harry Howson, a well known mining man on this coast, went south last night after paying a visit to the Hazelton district. He went thoroughly over a large part of the mining area covering Nine Mile Mountain very fully. He has taken a large number of samples south to be assayed and on the strength of these assays will depend his future active relations to the properties.

He has taken options on some prospects and may possibly make further investments, being pleased with the outlook there.

WANT BYLAW PRINTED

Finance Committee Will Reconsider the Matter

Although the finance committee reported against the printing of the building bylaw at last night's council meeting, it was urged that the matter was of importance and should be done. Accordingly while the report was only a verbal one, it was decided to reconsider the matter and it is highly probable that it will be done.

Ald. Pattullo reported verbally that in view of the fact that it would cost quite a sum to print these bylaws i would be better to allow it to stand over. He believed the building for the season was pretty well over anyway.

Ald. Hilditch thought this building bylaw should be printed if possible. It was reported to be working a hardship on some not having these. If there were not the funds it would have to stand over.

Ald. Lynch agreed with Ald. Hilditch. She finance committe, e he feared, did not realize the importance of having it done. Every architect, plumber, etc., should have these. He thought perhaps the printers could be allowed to have advertising in it.

His worship said that as the building season was nearly over now and as it would cost considerable to print these, he favored avoiding paying more than could be helped.

Ald. Pattullo said that if it was absolutely necessary a point could be strained and the money be forthcoming.

Ald. Lynch said that the greatest need was in connection with small buildings, rather than large ones. Small dwelling would go up. There were about twenty buildings to be moved off streets and lanes. He thought it should be done.

Ald. Pattullo felt that in view of what Ald. Lynch said he would feel like having them printed.

Ald. Barrow urged the printing also.

The matter was allowed to stand over to be further considered by the finance committee.

C. C. Van Arsdol, of the G. T. P., has returned to the city.

* * *

J. Trodden, in charge of the federal government work, is in the city.

* * *

W. H. Dempster, G.T.P. right of way official, left for the south last evening.

In September, China will entertain twenty-four representatives of the eight associated chambers of commerce of the Pacific Coast. Governor-General Forbes, of the Phillipine Islands, has asked them to visit Manila. The Honolulu Chamber of Commerce wil send three representatives with the party.

Watch This Space!

We wish to make the following announcement, which should be of interest to all readers of the Journal, viz., that in order to introduce some of our lines more extensively in British Columbia we are going to offer at VICTORIA PRICES certain articles laid down in Prince Rupert at Victoria prices, all goods guaranteed as represented or same can be returned at our expense, and money refunded.

WATCH OUR AD IN THE NEXT ISSUE

Watson & McGregor

647 Johnson Street VICTORIA, B.C.

FAREWELL BANQUET

(Continued from Page One)

citizens of a country. It was incumbent upon all to do their duty in building up a country. The guest of the eevning had done much to build up this northrn part. He was a citizen it was a great pity to lose. Mr. Morrow was a public-spirited man. In a new city like Prince Rupert they could not have too many men with great public spirit. He joined with all present in wishing Mr. Morrow well. He hoped to see him come back and help build up Prince Rupert.

Guest of the Evening

The guest of the evening was proposed by G. R. T. Sawle. He referred to his association with Mr. Morrow in business and said it was well to judge a man by his critics. Mr. Morrow had the talent to take his critics and use them to his own advantage. He was the friend of all however. He was the best fighter the speaker ever met, hitting from all sides at once.

The toast was drunk with a hearty good will, followed by "For he's a jolly good fellow."

Mr. Morrow was greeted with applause in rising to respond. He addressed himself to the chairman, the toastmaster and gentlemen, and added "I can safely say my friends." He appreciated the feeling which was manifest that they thought enough of him to tender such a banquet. Prince Rupert had entertained many distinguished men. It never had a more distinguished gathering present than on this occasion. It was un? necessary he said to introduce himself. He had been pretty well advertised, thanks to the newspapers. He took criticism, however, as part of the game. He had not the slightest feeling against those who expressed any sentiments against himself. He regretted leaving the northern country. He felt for the sake of his family that it was necessary to move as far as residence was concerned. He had been successful in many of his enterprises in the country and they al knew of his ventures that were successful. There were other ventures that were not successful. He had met in Prince Rupert and northern British Columbia men whom he would always respect. His heart would ever be with Prince Rupert as strongly as ever. He hoped the time would come when he might return. At the banquet he was glad to see some of the first to land here. Mr. Pillsbury and Mr. Casey were mentioned and he recalled their landing at Metlahkatla when he was able to give them the best he had. He hoped these men would live to see Prince Rupert a city of 100,000 people. To build up a city required not only enterprise and labor but capital.

Advice For Citizens

He devoted his attention then to some points that he thought might result in benefitting the place. In order to make the best progress the city must work hand in hand with the G. T. P. railway. The G. T. P. could not build a city as well alone as it could working together with the city. He believed the G. T. P. should have an executive agent here. Men coming here to engage in business either large or smal requird a man here who was in a position to deal with them. There had in the past been no one to get down to business with them representing the company, which was discouraging. Some questions had been handled by the G.T.P. which had not been handled as a business man would have done it.

The interests of the city were such he felt that it should deal liberally and honorably with the company. The sooner the questions wuth the G.T.P. were settled the better for Prince Rupert.

If the G.T.P. mean what they say with respect to spending millions here he would be liberal. If $1,000,000 would be spent by the company annually for ten years in the enterprises sugegsted he would as a taxpayer be agreeable to absolutely exempt the company from taxation. If the G. T. P. was sincere in this offer it would be possible to make such an arrangement.

Mr. Morrow referred to the last municipal election when he was a contestant. Fortunately he was defeated. He believed the council had been given a little too much unfair criticism. There was not a man in the council he felt but what was doing his work honestly and believing the course followed to be in the best interests of the city. The most serious mistake made was when the council turned down the newspapers which should have been helped as far as possible. There was no medium that had done more to advance the city than the newspapers. Prince Rupert wanted to keep before the world what was being done here. This was accomplished only through the medium of tne papers published in the city.

He appreciated the kindness now shown from the bottom of his heart.

He resumed his seat amid applause.

Toastmaster Tite interposed that they were getting to know Mr. Morrow better. If he returned to Prince Rupert there would be a banquet of welcome.

Prince Rupert

The toast of Prince Rupert was proposed by Ald. McIntyre who expressed sorrow at the removal of Mr. Morrow. It would be a loss to the city to lose a man of the calibre of him. He was such a man as the city needed. They could spare all the pessimists but none of the optimists. Mr. Morrow had put up a gallant fight at election time. He was defeated because the people thought they knew him. He (Dr. McIntyre) had been elected because the people did not know him. Now they regretted the course taken. He believed in the defeat of Mr. Morrow there was nothing personal. He had so many irons in the fire and the people defeated him because they did not know that he could play twelve strings as well as one. It was fortunate he was going to Vancouver for no one would live there who could help it.

Ald. Pattullo in response expressed regret at losing such a citizen as Mr. Morrow. It was suffering a large loss also in population.

Ald. Barrow said it was not necessary to agree with a man to appreciate his good qualities. He had known Mr. Morrow a long time. He had a name for hospitality as he (the speaker) had occasion to know.

Will Come Back

Ald. Hilditch lauded Prince Rupert. He would make his home here. He was in Vancouver when it was little larger than Prince Rupert was now although Vancouver was then many years older than Prince Rupert is. He believed that in ten years Prince Rupert would be larger than Vancouver was now. The first time he saw Mr. Morrow he admired him. He was not a quitter. If he was knocked down he was up again.

A voice: "He's never knocked down."

Ald. Hilditch felt that in twelve months he would be back. A man who lived in Prince Rupert could not live in Vancouver.

Ald. Lynch did not feel so sanguine that Mr. Morrow would return until Prince Rupert developed into a greater commercial centre. A metropolis had a spell to draw from the frontier. That spell could not be counteracted in one year. Successful men sought a large field. He joined in wishing Mr. Morrow success.

Mrs. Morrow's Part

Dr. Clayton introduced the toast of the ladies and in so doing made special mention of Mrs. Morrow. She had had her part in the early history of the city. There was a lot coming to her. She had borne her responsibilities, had shared in the discomforts and had played an important part.

The toast was duly honored by singing "She's a jolly good fellow."

J. F. Macdonald in replying to the toast paid a compliment to Mrs. Morrow who had a special claim to his esteem as she was Scotch like himself. He pleaded guilty to knowing little about the ladies. Referring to Mr. Morrow he said he would have stayed here until election time and gone into the council this year had he been Mr. Morrow.

The toast of "The Industries of Prince Rupert was proposed by A. J. Morris, who praised the work done by Mr. Morrow in the city, and alluded to the field for investment here.

Replying to the toast Thomas Dunn paid a compliment to Mr. Morrow as a fighter. He was never ready to give up, but fought to the last. He was sorry Mr. Morrow was leaving and said it was a great mistake on his part to leave the best part of the province at this time. Mr. Dunn said he himself had faith that Prince Rupert would soon be as large as Vancouver.

Canada's Transcontinental

The toast of "Canada's Transcontinental," was put in the hands of Vernor W. Smith, who in spite of the fact that he had only a few minutes' warning that he was to speak to it, made a highly creditable speech, and one which conveyed some valuable information to the citizens present. He dwelt on the immense cost that attended the construction of the Pacific end of the enterprise. The cost of the first 100 miles of that road had represented an expenditure of about $7,000,000. In Prince Rupert itself over $1,000,000 had been spent and taking into view the many many millions which was being spent by the G. T. P. to get into this city he felt the citizens should feel satisfied that the company was going to make this a great port. He paid a compliment to Mr. Morrow's work.

Duncan Ross responding to the toast added to what had been said with respect to the magnitude of the undertaking of the G.T.P. The splendid road bed and easy grades would put the line in a class by itself, and Prince Rupert as the terminus would reap the benefit. While he and Mr. Manson differed in politics they were good friends. He had to differ with the gentleman as to the government of British Columbia.

Other Toasts

"The Press" was proposed by S. M. Newton, and was responded to by Charles Sawle.

Mr. Morrow also added a few words.

The singing of "God Save the King" and "Auld Lang Syne" brought the banquet to a close.

Tenders are to be called at once by the city council for grading the remaining parts of section one, and for a number of other street improvement plans that have been approved of. The report of the streets committee was on motion of Ald. Pattullo adopted, and it was also moved that they call for tenders at once also so as to expedite matters.

Municipal Notice

TENDERS FOR STREET GRADING

Sealed Tenders will be received by the City Clerk until 12 O'CLOCK NOON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3rd, 1910, for the grading of Third Avenue and adjoining streets, from McBride street south-westerly.

Plans and specifications may be seen, and forms of tender obtained at the office of the City Engineer from 10 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ERNEST A. WOODS,
Wm. Mahlon Davis, City Clerk.
City Engineer. O14-N1

CITY VOTER'S LIST

TAKE NOTICE that all persons wishing to have their names entered on the Voter's List of the Municipality of the City of Prince Rupert, as householders or as holders of a trade license, must, during the month of October, apply to the City Clerk to have their names so entered on the Voter's List, by delivering to the City Clerk a statutory declaration as required by the Municipal Election's Act. Copies of such declaration may be obtained from the City Clerk.

All persons who are not assessed owners of property, must make a new application in order to qualify as a Voter in the coming election.

ERNEST A. WOODS,
O14-O28 City Clerk.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made by the City of Prince Rupert at the next sitting of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act amending the City of Prince Rupert Incorporation Act, 1910, so as to enable the City to borrow and raise money by the issue of inscribed stock to convert debentures already issued into such stock, and to consolidate debts provided for by individual by-laws so that consecutive debentures or inscribed stock may be issued for such debts as consolidated.

Dated at Prince Rupert, this 14th day of October, 1910.

WILLIAMS & MANSON,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

LAND PURCHASE NOTICES

Coast Land District—District of Skeena—Range Five.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Chas. F. Perry, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation contractor, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of the Skeena river at the southwest corner of Lot 530, thence north 40 chains, thence west about 40 chains to line of Cassiar Cannery, thence south to the Skeena River, thence east about 40 chains following the shore of the Skeena River to the place of beginning, and containing about 160 acres.

CHAS. F. PERRY, Locator.
R. F. Perry, Agent.
Dated Sept. 28, 1910. O18

LAND LEASE NOTICE

Skeena Land District—District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that The Canadian Fish & Cold Storage Company Ltd., of Vancouver, occupation Mercantile and Manufacturing, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described land:—Commencing at a post planted at high water mark on the westerly side of Prince Rupert Harbor and distant about 110 chains from the north-east corner of Lot 443, thence west 20 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence east 5 chains, more or less to high water mark, thence following along the high water mark to the point of commencement and containing 20 acres more or less.

The Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Company, Limited,
J. H. Pillsbury, Agent.
Dated June 20th, 1910. Jy12

Good Goods

In many departments; big stock in each department at right prices.

THE

BIG FURNITURE STORE

HANDLES HOUSE FURNISHINGS COMPLETE

Entrance 6th St., near cor. 2nd Ave

Prince Rupert Private Detective Agency

N. McDonald, Manager

All kinds of legitimate detective work handled for companies and individuals. Business strictly confidential.

P. O. Box 893 — Phone 210

Some Rock Bottom Prices

See Us For Investmen

Rupert City Realty & Information Bureau, Ltd.

PRINCE RUPERT, B.C.

Don't Forget

THAT CLARKE BROS.

Importers and Wholesalers of

Wines and Liquors

Are making a specialty of the FAMILY TRADE We are sole agents in Northern British Columbia for

Budweiser

the acknowledged champion of American Beers. For those who prefer a local beer we have

Nanaimo Beer

the best local beer on the market. We also carry a complete stock of all standard brands of

WHISKY, BRANDY, GIN, etc. etc., and our WINES

are selected by an expert.

CLARKE BROS.

Christiansen & Brandt Bld. Third Avenue

LINDSAY'S CARTAGE & STORAGE

G. T. P. CARTAGE AGENTS
Office at H. B. Rochester, Centre St.

LADYSMITH COAL

is handled by us. All orders receive prompt attention. Phone No 68.

Fred Stork

General Hardware

...Complete Line of...

VALVES

Pipe and Pipe Fittings

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing on Crown lands in the vicinity of Babine Lake, situate in Range 5, Coast District, notice of which was published in the British Columbia Gazette, dated December 17, 1908, is cancelled in so far as said reserve relates to lots numbered 1519, 1518, 1517, 1516, 1515, 1510, 1507, 1506, 1506A, 1503 1501, 1502, 1512, 1511, 1505, 1504, 1513, 1514, 1509, 1508, 1530, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1536, 1538, 1540, 1541, 1544, 1543, 1545, 1546, 1542, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, and 1551.

ROBERT A. RENWICK,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands.
Lands Department,
Victoria, B. C., June 16th, 1910.
(First insertion July 5.)

GRAHAM ISLAND — "The surest sign of the progress of a town or district is its newspaper—live, active, hustling." "The Masset Review," Masset, Q.C.I.