Library of Legislative Assembly

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The Penticton Press

Library Legislative Assembly FEB 5 1909 VICTORIA, B. C.

VOL. 3. No. 29. PENTICTON, B.C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1909 $1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO ESTABLISHED 1867

B. E. WALKER, President
ALEX. LAIRD, General Manager

Paid-up Capital, $10,000,000
Reserve Fund, - 5,000,000

Branches throughout Canada, and in the United States and England

BANK MONEY ORDERS

ISSUED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

$5 and under	3 cents
Over $5 and not exceeding $10	6 cents
" $10 " " $30	10 cents
" $30 " " $50	15 cents

These Orders are payable at par at every office of a Chartered Bank in Canada (Yukon excepted), and at the principal banking points in the United States. They are negotiable at $4.90 to the £ sterling in Great Britain and Ireland.

They form an excellent method of remitting small sums of money with safety and at small cost, and may be obtained without delay. 116

Penticton Branch = = J. J. HUNTER, Manager.

A. B. Campbell. A. E. Kay.

Campbell & Kay

KILN DRIED LUMBER

Put in Your Flume Orders Now.

E. S. LAKE & Co.

CARD OF THANKS.

E. S. Lake & Co. wish to herrtily thank all those who so kindly assisted in the endeavor to save their stock of groceries on the night of the recent fire.

The Penticton

Large and well assorted stock.
Call and examine our LOW cash prices.

REPAIRS :--
Shoes and Harness
Promptly attended to.

Fire! Fire! Fire!
Insurance
The London Mutual Est. 1859
And the Anglo - American
Pay Losses promptly and cost you less to insure than any other companies represented here.

Saddlery CO. F. H. LeQuesne Mgr.

COMMERCIAL
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable
DIGNAN and WEEKS, Proprietors.

If you want a Stylish Outfit, this is the place to come. You can always get teams just when you want them. We make a specialty of keeping good horses, safe rigs, carrful drivers and also saddle and pack horses. We are also putting in Hay and Grain for sale, and as we buy for cash we get the best rates and our patrons get the benefit.

Special Attention To The Wants Of Commercial Men.

Penticton Stage and Livery Stables.

Stage Connects with Steamer "Okanagan" at Penticton, with Great Northern Railway at Keremeos, and with stage to Hedley and Princeton. Leaves at 6 a.m

Pianos and Furniture moved to all points, and a general Draying Business transacted.

Saddle and Pack Horses.

Top Buggies, Four-horse Rigs for Commercial Men.

W. E. Welby, Prop. Penticton.

Cocoa and Chocolate.

This is the season when a cup of either cocoa or chocolate seems to taste better than at other times. It induces that warm, comfortable feeling everyone tries to get when the weather is cold. We stock the best brands :—Van Houten's, Baker's, Fry's, and Ghirardelli's.

A. H. WADE

Groceries, Provisions, Boots, Shoes, Furnishings
Agent for Giant Powder Co.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Ballot Proved Very Close In Some Instances.

As a result of the poll on Monday, Penticton starts out with what should prove a most capable council. The four councillors elect are Messrs. H. Murk, John Power, L. C. Barnes and S. W. Hatch. For the six candidates the poll stood : Murk, 82; Power, 78; Barnes, 76; Hatch, 51; Hill, 50; Rathvon, 42. This being the first election, and there being no wards this year, the four candidates receiving the greatest number of votes are the ones that are entitled to sit on the council bench during 1909. Next year, as the law provides, the ward system will be adopted, that is each councillor, instead of being elected for the whole municipality, will represent only his own division, or ward.

The vote, in the present instance, may appear small to those unacquainted with the circumstances, but at the first election the law provides that only deeded property owners shall vote. As much of the property in the district is held by agreement of sale on the annual payment system, many of the residents were not qualified to vote. This was felt to be a hardship, but fortunately the restriction applies only to the first election. Next year the franchise will extend to those holding land under agreement of sale and to householders.

The competition for positions on the school trustee board was even more keen than that for the council. The five elected are Messrs. W. A. McKenzie, Thos. Roadhouse, J. R. Mitchell, C. L. Rogers and R. Wilton. W. A. McKenzie headed the poll for trustee as did H. Murk for councillor. The poll for the eleven candidates was : McKenzie, 68 ; Roadhouse, 62; Mitchell, 56; Wilton, 47; Latimer, 46; Mutch. 38; Carless, 37; Alcock, 25; and Beard, 21.

Little or no comment is required relative to the men who have been selected to manage the affairs of the school and the municipality for the coming year. All will agree that the electors exercised sound judgment, not merely in the election but in the nomination, for almost any selection from those nominated would have assured good reliable and representative bodies.

In the person of Mr. A. H. Wade Penticton will have an honest, careful and reliable reeve. Mr. Wade, during his long residence in Penticton has seen the place advance from the condition of an Indian settlement and cattle ranch to its present status among Okanagan towns. He is, consequently, in a position to know the place thoroughly and to be well acquainted with its many requirements.

Mr. H. Murk is truthfully credited with being a shrewd and careful business man. Having made a success of his own business, and having substantial property interests in Penticton, he should prove of valuable service in laying the foundations for the future welfare of the town and community. His firm stand upon the principle of taxation on land values only has won him the support of many who wish to see the application of the system in future assessments in Penticton.

The services of Mr. John Power on the council board would be indispensable, he having had a number of years experience in council work previous to coming to Penticton, while his knowledge of finance is not exceeded by any other member of the community.

Mr. L. C. Barnes has laid out a broad, comprehensive and progressive platform, the application of the various clauses of which to the government of the municipality, should prove of far reaching benefit. Mr. Barnes possesses the energy characteristic of the westerner, an asset of no little importance to a rapidly growing community.

Mr. S. W. Hatch, who, up to the present time, although standing the least in the public eye of any member of the board, is by no means behind any of them as regards business ability and capacity for managing public affairs. Being a man of means, and consequently of leisure, he will be enabled to devote his attention to the needs of the municipality probably to a greater degree than any of the other members.

Taken all round Penticton may congratulate itself upon having secured the services of so thoroughly honorable and capable a body of men as comprise its first council. In character every member is beyond reproach, while in ability they should prove equal to the trust that has been imposed upon them.

Scotch Concert.

On Wednesday evening a most successful dinner and concert was given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church, in commemoration of Robert Burns. The attendance was large, while the dinner, which was followed by a lengthy programme, was excellent. Rev. Jas. Hood occupied the chair, and the programme in full was as follows :

Solo, "The Star of Robby Burns," Mrs. H. W. D. Smith ;

Chorus, "Scots Wha Hae," Choir ;

Reading, "Eastern Canada," Rev. A. F. Baker ;

Quartette, "Flow Gently Sweet Afton," Messrs. Pryce, Price, Miller and Canning ;

Address, "Western Canada," Rev. R. W. Hibbert ;

Solo, "Castles in the Air," Mrs. H. W. D. Smith ;

"My First Recitation," Rev. J. A. Cleland ;

Solo, Rory O'Moore," Miss B. Thompson ;

Recitation, "Fighting Mac," W. A. McKenzie ;

Solo, "Jessie's Dream," Mrs. D. A. Stewart ;

Address, "England," J. Barker ;

"Wales' National Anthem," F. Pryce;

Address, "Scotland," Rev. Jas. Hood ;

Solo, "A Highland Toast," Miss F. Thompson.

The proceeds from the evening amounted to over one hundred dollars.

Literary Society.

(Contributed)

On Thursday evening last was held one of the most successful sessions of the Literary Society. A large attendance enjoyed the evening's programme, which was a departure, for the most part, from the regular style of literary evenings. On this occasion it consisted of a study of Kipling's "Recessional." Mr. W. J. Clement had undertaken the handling of the subject and his manner of doing so was of much credit to himself and of interest to the audience. A free discussion was carried on by the leader and audience along the line of the meaning of the poem as well as its literary character. The success of the evening proves the fact that things, after running in the same rut for a while, get somewhat tiresome and slow, and anything novel, properly handled, will surely be of interest.

The second part of the programme was of a musical character and was also much enjoyed. It consisted of a piano solo by Miss Lancaster, vocal solos by the Misses Mutch and B. Thompson and Mr. Miller. From beginning to end this may be set down as one of the red letter evenings of the Society.

A Fourth Teacher and High School Work.

As some dissatisfaction has been expressed at the action of the school trustee board for instructing that high school work be not taken up in the local public school during school hours, we publish the following letter from the Superintendent of Education, upon the authority of which the action was taken. It will readily be seen that the only recourse for the board was to direct that those wishing their children to be instructed in high school work make arrangements with the teacher to take up such work before and after school hours. There is nothing to prevent high school pupils remaining in their seats and studying by themselves during class hours, but the Department of Education insists that the time of public school teachers be given to public school scholars. As will be seen in the letter, there is no objection to a teacher having a few high school pupils provided that in teaching them the time which should be devoted to public school pupils is not encroached upon. In the Penticton school there are ten pupils taking up high school work in either the first or second years, so it will be seen that their instruction during hours must encroach very considerably upon the ordinary school work. The three departments of the school have become very crowded, and, as the Department of Education will not grant a fourth teacher until the attendance of the three rooms has reached 160 exclusive of high school pupils, it will be seen that the trustees took the only course that was open to them. The Department of Education will make no provision for a high school until there are twenty pupils qualified to attend such an institution. Following is the letter:—

Victoria, B.C., Dec. 14, 1908.

W. J. Clement, Esq.,
Sec'y School Board,
Penticton, B. C.

Sir,—I am in receipt of your letter of the 7th inst. With reference to the employment of a fourth teacher, I beg to say that if after the beginning of the next term it is found that the attendance in the three rooms is more than can be managed by the present staff, authority will be given to appoint a fourth teacher. In this connection, however, I would point out that no provision can be made for a fourth teacher in order to enable any member of the present staff to take up high school work with advanced pupils. There is no objection to a teacher having a few pupils for high school work provided he can attend to them without neglecting the work of the regular public school but no provision can be made for grant towards salary of teacher for high school work in a rural district.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
ALEXANDER ROBINSON,
Supt. of Education.

Subscription $1.00 Year.

Local and Personal

BORN—On January 28, to Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Mitchell, a daughter.

There will be no service in the English Church on Sunday owing to the pastor, Rev. J. A. Cleland, being absent in Keremeos.

Annual meeting Conservative Association, Tuesday evening in room over S. O. Land Co. office. Election of officers and other important business. All Conservatives come.

The four candidates who were elected to the municipal council were the four who put their cards or announcements in the PRESS. Moral,—Advertise.

The Summerland Choral Society will hold an entertainment in Empire Hall, Summerland, on the evening of Tuesday, Feb. 2. Tickets, 50 and 75 cts.

Prices for B. C. grown stock from HENRY'S catalog—freight costs about one cent each in 100 lots—3 to 4 foot apple trees, $12.00 per 100: 4 to 6 feet, $15.00 per 100, 500 for $60.00. No damage from fumigation. Send for catalog before placing your orders. See advertisement in this paper. 29-2

As a seal will be required by the newly organized municipality we would suggest that the council offer a small prize for the best design. The term "Peerless Penticton," has been applied to this locality. If this, or any other appropriate term, is to be used permanently, we would suggest that it be embodied in the design.

F. R. Harrison, of London, Eng. is at present a guest of Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Stevens, having arrived from Vancouver last Friday. He is looking over British Columbia with a view to finding a location for his own and a couple more families, of friends. He will remain in Penticton for some time at least and may decide to settle here.

One of Penticton's former residents, in the person of G. H. Feldtmann, returned the latter part of last week from Vancouver. He intends residing here permanently, having purchased a fruit lot last fall. He was accompanied by his friend, Mr. Nichol of Vancouver. Mr. Nichol is largely interested in companies operating in the Queen Charlotte Islands. He says that although the climate of those islands is very wet, it is very mild and the opportunities in the mining, lumbering and fishing industries are boundless.

Weather Report.

Observations at Dominion Government Meteorological Station at Penticton for the month of December, 1908 :

DATE	MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE	MINIMUM TEMPERATURE
1	30	14
2	32½	14
3	33½	29½
4	34½	22
5	39	13
6	31½	27
7	33	28
8	32½	21½
9	36	11½
10	33½	15
11	38½	31
12	44	32½
13	42½	30
14	38	29½
15	35½	24
16	35	17
17	28	23½
18	31	23
19	30	22
20	27½	22
21	30	22
22	31½	26
23	30	25
24	32	26
25	35½	24
26	39½	27
27	45	25
28	38½	19
29	27½	19
30	22	14½
31		

The total rainfall was .90 inches. Snowfall for month was 4.75.

THE PENTICTON PRESS

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY AT PENTICTON, B.C. BY

W. J. CLEMENT.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year in Advance. Foreign, $1.50.

Advertising Rates:

Transient Advertisements—Not exceeding one inch, one insertion, 50c.; for each additional insertion, 25c.

Lodge Notices, Professional Cards, &c. $1.00 per inch, per month.

Land and Timber Notices—30 days, $5; 60 days, $7.

Legal Advertising—First insertion, 10 cents per line; each subsequent insertion, 5c. per line.

Reading Notices in Local News Column 15c. per line, first insertion; 10c. per line, each subsequent insertion.

Contract Advertisements—Rates arranged according to space taken.

All changes in contract advertisements must be in the hands of the printer by Tuesday evening to ensure publication in the next issue.

The Culmination.

We look with satisfaction upon the culmination of the efforts of the PRESS to educate the citizens of Penticton to the assumption of the powers of municipal self-government. It is further gratifying to note that upon the council board are those who vigorously opposed incorporation in its initial stages. All have since come to see that we were right as we trust they will yet come to see as regards many other things we have advocated. Many times it would have paid us better to have taken a different stand to what we have done, and, in a number of instances, we have lost money by speaking plainly when we were convinced that it was to the interests of the community that we should do so. We have advocated what we believed to be for the welfare of Penticton, not only for the present but for the years to come, with the conviction that, while some of our business friends would probably go back on us, the great majority would stand by us even though they did not see eye to eye with us in everything.

We think we have a fairly clear vision of the future for Penticton, and we believe that that future may be moulded to a certain extent by this journal. We are in the field to stay, knowing that we have the confidence of the great majority of the community. We may lose financially in the future in our endeavor to serve the public intererts, but we are not trying to get rich in a day. There are things of more value than money--although that is a very important factor in the publishing of a paper, as in any other line of business. We may get ahead of public opinion occasionally and offend some, but we believe that we have never advocated and never will advocate anything that will not eventually be brought about. If anybody don't believe what we are saying, let them wait and see.

Though we have full confidence in our newly-elected council, it may be necessary, to criticize them severely at times. Every body of men, as every individual, may make mistakes and we trust that any criticisms we may make will be taken in the friendly spirit in which they will be given.

Sunset in a Cloud.

No better admission of defeat could be penned by any editor than that appearing in the Saturday Sunset of the 23rd inst. In a feeble and futile endeavor to answer the arguments of the PRESS re the Chilliwack license case that journal falls over itself, calls the PRESS nasty names, misquotes our statements and shelves the question at issue.

The Sunset states that we accused it of gross ignorance. We did nothing of the kind. We said that it displayed a lack of knowledge that was inexcusable in a journal of its class. No doubt the Sunset being convinced in its own mind of its gross ignorance brooded over the matter to such an extent that it finally came to believe that we had made the remark. We pity the Sunset in its dilemma, and, although we fully agree with it as to unconscious admission, we had no intention of forcing it into such an uncomfortable position.

The stuff dished up by the Sunset for argument is not worthy a reply for it contains nothing new and throws no new light on the subject. The editor sees that he is wrong, will not consider the question fairly, and makes a final play to the gallery. This gallery play works well occasionally, and the Sunset is quite proficient in that kind of bluff, but it is poor policy for a paper that poses as a leader of thought and a champion of right.

The Sunset says: "Bear in mind this matter is not a local option issue in any sense." Then why be so anxious to drag in local option principles and insist that the Commissioners acted according to law in taking a plebiscite? It asks why the temperance people do not instruct their lawyer to prosecute the offending hotels. We ask in turn, should private individuals be put to the trouble and expense of enforcing the laws of the land—and this a British country too?

Verily, Sunset, your head must be fuddled or your judgment distorted.

Light the Streets.

One of the first requirements to which the municipal council should give its attention is the lighting of the streets. Penticton is all right during the day or on moonlight nights, but on nights in which the moon does not shine it is about as dark and dismal a place as can be found anywhere.

An electric lighting system is out of the question, for the present at least, besides there is no immediate necessity for such a system. There are other kinds of lights that give good service for street lighting purposes. The streets of many small towns are very successfully lighted by gasoline. Kelowna, up to Christmas, at which time the electric plant of that town was installed, had its streets lighted by gasoline lamps. We understand that that town now wishes to dispose of the six lamps for which it has no further use. They could, doubtless, be procured at a very reasonable figure, and would, if in proper working condition, solve the street lighting proposition for the time being at least. It might be worth while for the council to make enquiries.

Public Reading Room.

We publish in another column a contributed letter dealing with the necessity for a public reading room in Penticton. We may say that we are fully in accord with the sentiments expressed therein. The time has now arrived when a public reading room is not merely a necessity but its establishment and maintenance should be within the range of practicability. We purpose going fully into the question and obtaining information upon which to work. It will probably be in order, to call a public meeting to discuss the question and arrange details, but in the meantime we invite further discussion of the subject through our columns.

ALLEN GROVE.

About six inches of snow fell in this locality last week.

Alex. Ford spent Wednesday calling on his friends here.

Mrs. W. J. Farleigh spent a number of days in Penticton last week.

We extend our congratulations to the editor of the PRESS upon his marriage, and wish him and his bride health, happiness and prosperity through life.

Messrs. L. A. Clarke and R. L. Allen were at Penticton last week.

STOCK-TAKING SALE!

Here is another list of goods at bargain prices :--

DRY GOODS

All Knitted Woollen Goods at cost.

Ladies' Cashmere Hose, regular 60c., for ..... $ .45

Ladies' Cashmere Hose, regular 50c., for ..... .40

Ladies' Wool Toques, regular 35c., for ..... .25

Infants' Hand-Knit Wool Jackets, regular 65c., for ..... .45

Children's and Misses' $1.50 Muffs for 1.00

Bootees, regular 25c. for ..... .15

Infantees, regular 25c., for ..... .20

Infants' Wool Caps, regular 60c., for .40

Wool Gloves ¼ off.

Ladies' Front Pad Belt Hose Supporters, extra strong elastic .. .25

Misses' and Children's Velvet Grip Garters, new stock ..... .15 and .20

Darning Wool, 2 cards for ..... .50

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Cotton Gloves, 15c., 2 prs for 25c.

Leather Gloves, regular 90c., ... for 60c.

" " " 75c., ... for 50c.

Heather Mixture Worsted Hose, regular 40c., ... for 30c.

Natural Wool Hose, regular 35c., .. for 25c.

Heavy Wool Hose, regular 35c., ... for 25c.

Men's All Wool Flannel Shirts, double stitched with silk thread, watch and handkerchief pockets, roomy cut shirts, regular $2.50 ..... for $1.75

This is a snap; price is less than cost to us.

CLOTHING at cost price.

CROCKERY at less than cost.

Sale will continue until further notice.

TERMS CASH.

W. R. King & Co.

Phone 25. **Ellis Street.**

JUST ARRIVED

Another car of

McLaughlin Carriages

Also a

Car of Cockshutt Goods

Comprising the following :—

Adams' Log Trucks, Adams' Teaming Trucks, Adams' one-horse Wagons (low wheels), Adams' Lorries and Drays.

Cockshutt 3, 2, and 1-horse Plows.

Cockshutt Drag and Lever and Spring-Tooth Harrows.

Cockshutt Wheel Scrapers and Drag Scrapers.

Cockshutt 1-horse Cultivators.

Cockshutt Potato Diggers.

Also Bolster Springs, Light and Heavy Harness, Sharples Cream Separators, I. H. C. Gas Engines, Ideal Pumping Plants, etc.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

S. T. ELLIOTT,

KELOWNA, B. C.

PENTICTON & OROVILLE STAGE

Via Fairview

Leaves Penticton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:30 a.m., arriving at Oroville the same day at 6 p. m.

Through Fare - $6.00

Arnott & Hine,

FAIRVIEW, B. C.

HARRIS NURSERY CO., *Penticton.*

Beautify your lot with some of our shade trees.

We have Elm, Ash, Maple, Catalpa, Mulberry, Black Walnut, and Ash Leaved Maple.

Some perennial shrubs and apple trees left.

THE Penticton Bakery

—FOR—

Good Wholesome Bread, Cakes and Pastry.

GIVE US A TRIAL AND WE WILL PLEASE YOU.

L. T. ROBERGE.

OREGON FRUIT TREES!

Send me your full bill for my estimate.

R. T. HESELWOOD,

P. O. Box 364,

Kelowna, - B. C.

I furnish the very finest grade of Nursery Stock at as low prices as other responsible firms furnish the same grade of stock.

YEARLING APPLE TRESS

on 3 year old roots:

McIntosh Red, Jonathan, Wealthy, Spitzenburgh, Yellow Newtown Pippin.

All First-Class Trees, 3 feet to 4 feet grade. Price $22.50 per 100; 500 at 19 cents each. Freight prepaid.

R. T. HESELWOOD, Kelowna,

Agent for Albany Nurseries. Inc., Albany, Oregon.

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Trees Trees Trees

—FROM—

Layritz Nurseries,

Victoria, B. C.

We have a fine stock of all the leading varieties on hand.

All stock is propagated from fruiting trees rendering practically no risk regarding untrueness to name.

GIVE US A TRIAL - OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

Write for catalogue and price list to our local representative

A. E. BOYER,

KELOWNA, - B. C.

M. C. KENDALL, Notary Public. G. R. MASON.

Kendall & Mason

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

Large blocks with good water rights, from $10.00 per acre.

10-acre lots wholly or partly planted with trees bearing 1909.

10-acre lots near town, unimproved.

Acre lots, planted with fruit trees or unimproved. Main St. and other good locations.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

HOUSES TO LET.

If YOU MUST HAVE A GOOD CUP of COFFEE

Try our "NABOB" Only to be had at

ARMSTRONG'S

FEED WHEAT CRACKED CORN

For the Chickens.

FALL GOODS TO HAND

Ranges, Cooking Stoves, Heating Stoves.

General - Hardware

PENTICTON HARDWARE CO.

DIRECTORY.

CHURCH SERVICES

St. Saviour's Church, Fairview Avenue; Vicar, Rev. J. A. Cleland. Celebration of Holy Communion the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month after 11 o'clock matins; the 2nd Sunday at 8 a. m. Morning prayer at 11 a.m. Evensong at 7:30 p.m.

Presbyterian services each Sunday in Steward's Hall at 11 a.m. or 7:30 p.m. Rev. Jas. Hood, pastor.

Baptist services each Sunday in Steward's Hall, at 11 a. m. or 7:30 p. m. Rev. A. S. Baker, pastor.

Presbyterian and Baptist services alternate, morning and evening.

Methodist services in church each Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sunday School 2:45 p.m. Prayer meetings 8 p.m. on Wednesday. Rev. R. W. Hibbert, pastor.

Young Peoples' Christian Union meets in the Methodist church every Tuesday at 8 p.m.

SOCIETIES

A. F. & A. M. meet in Mason's Hall, Main St., 1st Wednesday in each month at 8 p.m.

W. O. W. meet in Woodmens' Hall, Ellis St., 2nd and 4th Saturday in each month at 8 p.m.

I. O. O. F. meet in Odd Fellows' Hall, Main St., every Monday at 8 p.m.

L. O. L. meet in Woodmen's Hall 2nd and 4th Friday in each month at 8 p. m.

School Board meets 1st Monday in each month at 8 p.m.

Board of Trade—Annual general meeting, 2nd Wednesday in January of each year. General quarterly meetings, 2nd Wednesdays in January, April, July and October at 8 p.m.

STAGES

Stage leaves for Keremeos, Hedley and Princeton, at 6 a. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Returns on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Stage leaves for Fairview and Oroville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:30 a. m. Returns on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m.

POST OFFICE.

Hours 9 a. m. to 6. p. m.

Registered Letter and Money Order wicket closes 5 p. m.

Wicket opened for half an hour after mail is distributed.

Arrivals—Per Str. Okanagan: Daily except Sunday 6 p. m.; Per stage from Hedley, Keremeos, Olalla, Allen Grove, Oroville, Fairview, and White Lake: Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m,

Closing—For boat and stages: 8 p. m. daily except Friday and Saturday. On Friday 9 p. m., and for Monday's boat and stages: 8.45 p. m. Sundays.

C. P. R. TIME TABLE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN BRANCH

Daily both ways except Sunday.

SOUTH BOUND	STATION	NORTH BOUND
7.30 a. m	Sicamous	6.00 p.m.
6.27 "	Enderby	4.48 "
8.52 "	Armstrong	4.08 "
8.39 "	....ar.....Vernon.....lv....	3.30 "
9.30 "	....lv.....Vernon.....ar....	2.30 "
9.45 "	....ar...Ok. Landing ...lv....	2.15 "
10.00 p. m	....lv...Ok. Landing . .ar....	11.00 a.m
11.10 "	Kelowna	8.20 "
3.00 "	Peachland	7.25 "
4.45 "	Summerland	6.30 "
6.00 "	Penticton	6.00 "

HOTEL PENTICTON.

First-Class Accommodation For Tourists or Commercial Men.

RATES $2.50 PER DAY

A. Barnes - - Prop.

PENTICTON, B.C.

W. H. T. GAHAN

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR

NOTARY PUBLIC

PENTICTON, - - B.C.

R. B. KERR,

BARRISTER & SOLICITOR

Notary Public.

KELOWNA, - - B. C.

Dr. C. A. JACKSON

DENTIST

S. O. Land Company's Block

PENTICTON, B. C.

'Phone 11.

CHAS. WERE

Accountant & Auditor,

Notary Public

PENTICTON, B. C.

HENRY'S NURSERIES

FOR THE SPRING TRADE:

Tested Stock—Seeds for Farm, Garden or Conservatory—from the best growers in England, France, Holland, United States and Canada.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

Small Fruits, home grown.

Fertilizers, Bee Supplies, Spraying Materials, Cut Flowers.

140 page Catalogue Free.

Office, Greenhouses and Seedhouse :--

3010 Westminster Road,

VANCOUVER, - B. C.

Branch Nursery, S. Vancouver.

D. W. Crowley & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Butchers

Goods Delivered to any part of the Town on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

WE GIVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS

J. F. PARKINS, Manager.

The

Plow Woman

By ELEANOR GATES,

Author of "The Biography of a Prairie Girl."

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They looked and saw a black funneled bulk floating across the watery strip mantled by the blaze.

"Maybe they thought it'd burn," suggested Marylyn. "See, there's sparks flying that way."

Dallas leaned back against the door. "I guess that's it," she said slowly. Then after a moment: "But why didn't they bring her straight across? There's no place to tie up down stream."

"Why, there's fire breaking out all over now," cried the younger girl, forgetting to be afraid in her wonder and excitement. "See! One of the little houses is caught!"

It was the first cabin of Clothespin row. Two or three men were near it. At that distance they seemed gayly posturing to each other in a dance.

"If anything is wrong," Dallas said, "Mr. Lounsbury'll come back."

"Mr. Lounsbury?" repeated Marylyn. "Was he here?"

"On this side, by the grove. I saw him start for the fort."

And so their going was delayed.

Nevertheless Dallas' sense of coming danger was acute, and when before long she heard the trumpet again and saw the troopers fall away from the pyres, leaving the flames to their work, she lit the lantern and held it to where were stored her treasures: a lock of her mother's hair, her father's pipe, the letter she had received from Lounsbury.

"You take the cartridge belt," she called to Marylyn.

The other obeyed.

"Ready?" said Dallas and lifted the lantern to shake it.

She got no reply. Instead, gasping in alarm, Marylyn came headlong to her, pinioning her arms with wildly clinging ones. "Dallas! Oh, help"—

Outside there was a sound of rapid running. Dallas flung herself against the door, driving it shut. A second and a weight was hurled against the outer battens. Then came four raps.

"Don't open! Don't!" cried Marylyn. "Maybe it ain't Charley!"

But Dallas, undoubting, swung the door back and into the room leaped a stooping figure.

It was Squaw Charley.

He crouched and moved his head from side to side as if expecting a blow or a [illegible] from behind. His right hand held a bow, his left a bundle of arrows. With these he beckoned violently, shaking the water from his tattered clothes and pointing over his shoulder to the west.

"We're coming, Charley. Dearie, stand up. Now, now!" Marylyn was dragged to her feet. The light was quenched. The outcast faced about, and the three headed for the river, with Charley leading at a trot.

They paused for the last time near the river end of the corn and close to the coulee crossing. From there Dallas saw that the pyres were lower and that other buildings of the row were ablaze; the roof of a scout hut, too, and the prairie, over which traveled widening crescents of gold. But the fire was the only thing that was moving, for not a single man was in sight.

Charley was not watching toward Brannon, only along the nearer bank to the south.

Of a sudden as their eyes followed his a gun shot rang out from the cottonwood grove.

"Mr. Lounsbury!" cried Dallas, starting forward.

"No, he's gone"—

That moment they saw between them and the landing the silhouette of a figure.

It was not Lounsbury's. It was too short and thickset for his. Moreover, it seemed to be casting aside clothes as it ran.

Like one, Squaw Charley and Marylyn bolted for the coulee. Dallas hesitated, then followed. Near the brink they missed the steep road and went slipping, sliding and rolling down the sumac grown side. Then they struck the bristling bottom, righted, turned their feet up it and fled.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

HIS face as blanched as a dead man's, his voice pealing out above the babel like a bell, Oliver stood to windward of the double furnace, giving quick orders on right and left.

"Two men there on the major's quarters. Let the guardhouse go. Use your blanket, Flaherty; use your blanket. Sergeant," as Kippis passed close by, "clear the row and bring 'em all down here. Don't let 'em stop for anything. Boys, boys, turn out those horses!"

A trooper rushed up and leaned, yelling, to his captain's ear. "They won't go, sir; they're hamstrung!"

Once more Oliver gave tongue, and directions were sent to the stockade and to the line. A signal light communicated with the lookouts on the bluffs.

Kippis was already fulfilling his charge. Through a gap in the northward sweeping prairie fire—a gap fought out and kept open by a line of men—were coming the women of Clothespin row, each carrying a child and dragging a coat by the hand. Behind them scuttled the papoose cumbered squaws from the scouts' huts. At their [illegible] ged the sergeant, [illegible] anything no longer, but [illegible] where his naked feet touched the hot and smoldering ground.

"To headquarters!" shouted the captain at the foremost laundress in the rout. Then he turned to his trumpeter. A moment after, the fires and the perishing horses were deserted, and the troopers, weapons in hand, ran out upon the parade ground, obeying a call to arms.

Oliver led them. As he approached the flagstaff the voice of a woman hailed him from the gallery of the nearest house. He sprang that way and was up the steps at a bound.

Mrs. Cummings, who had sought refuge in her own home, met him at the top. "The colonel's library is stripped!"

So it was. One hurried look by the light of a lamp showed that not a bow, not an arrow, remained on the walls.

But there was no time for exclaiming or conjecturing. Oliver rushed back to the gallery and bade all the women and children collect and keep within quarters. Around it, under Sergeant Kippis, he stationed a cordon. Next, and while the house was being thoroughly wet down, the ammunition stores were drawn upon, and extra guns and cartridges were carried into the long reception room, where the women could assist in reloading. Barely three minutes had passed since Oliver sent his messengers. But headquarters was fixed to withstand an assault and to protect its inmates. And now, still ignorant of what had befallen, he ordered the remainder of his men into line.

At this point, with the detachment about to move, a volley of rifle shots sounded from the stockade, another and another. Then up went a great hubbub: "The Indians, the Indians!"

Oliver started his troopers double quick across the square. At the hospital one of the stockade guard stopped them.

"The Indians?" croaked Oliver.

"Gone!"

Oliver turned back.

They met a second man, black faced, staggering, frenzied with alarm. It was Fraser. He caught at the captain's ragged sleeve.

"Shot—other side—they're over there—those girls—those girls"— His breath failed him.

Oliver saw the need. "To the ferry," he commanded.

Like one man they bounded headlong across the parade, through the red smoke pouring from barracks and stables and on, only to come short upon a boatless landing, where they crowded upon each other and cursed.

Fraser was half crazed. Oliver took him forcibly in hand. No man of them all, even if not burdened with a gun, could stem the river's current.

"There's one chance yet," he said "the night herd." He turned to his trumpeter. "Sound the recall and keep sounding it!"

Again and again the familiar strain rang out. All looked northward to where they knew the herd had been, to where the long curves of the prairie fire were still moving.

But the minutes went, and there was no answering beat of hoofs. Where were the herders? Why did they not obey?

Again, again and again!

Then to the south a reply! Above the spiteful crackling of the tindery buildings, out of the thinning dark, came a clear, eager neigh!

That way the troopers rushed. Gathering at the flagstaff they saw by the light of the burning piles a single horse come galloping toward them from the direction of the stockade. Her dun neck was arched like a charger's. As she swung proudly into an imaginary line the men greeted her with a cheer.

That greeting was echoed. Until now the Indians had been quiet, as quiet as a flock of scurrying grouse. But the river was between them and their enemy, and they felt secure from pursuit. Moreover, whisky was working. They were boisterous with it. Casting caution aside when they heard that cheer, they answered with defiant whoops.

The cheers of the troopers changed to anguished groans. One, wildly repeating a girl's name, sprang toward the waiting Buckskin. From headquarters came the sobbing of women, the whimpering of frightened children, and then, nearer and nearer, a dull pounding that swelled into the steady plud, plud of unshod hoofs.

Once more a cheer went up. A moment and a cavalcade swept in, a riderless cavalcade, with ropes dangling. It was the night herd, the discarded second choice mounts of the regiment's officers, a motley band that had served their country through more than one enlistment, and that, hearing the familiar summons—some limping, some hobbling—had followed the dun cayuse to answer it.

Now nooses were twisted about the noses of the horses. The troopers mounted. The trumpet sounded the advance.

Again came whoops from across the Missouri. They were farther away than the first.

"Go up—go up to the crossing!" Oliver ordered. "Fraser! Fraser!"

But the buckskin mare, with her master, far in advance of the twenty others, was already plunging down the bank and into a black, roily whirl.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

FOR all that the way was hard, rough with stones and choked by a tangle of rank growth, the three in the coulee made fast progress over the first two miles. Charley led. After him came Marylyn, to whom the loathed split in the plain was become a place of refuge. In the rear, covering her sister against possible attack, followed Dallas.

The strain told first on the younger girl. Before three miles had been traveled, as she sank in a shallow pool to wet her tips her strength utterly failed her. She could not rise and pleaded faintly for rest.

"Just a minute, Dallas, please. I can't go. My side hurts."

Dallas helped her through a hindering weave of pond weeds and lilies and laid her upon some marsh grass beyond. Meanwhile Charley stole back a short distance. But the respite was brief, for he returned straightway and twitched at their dresses, when the elder girl lifted the younger to her feet, whispering encouragement.

Once more they pressed forward. The lightning had ceased. With a last grumble and a scatter of drops the clouds were pulling apart. Here and there a few stars shone. These thinned the darkness considerably, and at a point where the coulee shallowed Dallas was able dimly to see the toiling shapes ahead. Marylyn was wavering.

"Spunky little girl!" urged the elder girl. Lifting the rifle to her left shoulder she came alongside to give the support of an arm.

"Where's the cartridge belt?" she whispered.

"Heavy," panted the other. "Dropped it."

And now despite Dallas' aid Marylyn straggled weakly. Another mile and with scarcely a sigh of warning she sank again exhausted.

"Charley," called Dallas. The Indian joined them. "You take one arm—that's it." She took the other. Thus they proceeded.

Finally Dallas stopped. "Hide, hide," she counseled between breaths. "A dark place"—

Down the bank and into a black, roily whirl.

Ignoring the advice, the outcast thrust his bow and arrows into her hands, then, squatting before Marylyn, he seized her wrist, drew her, limp and half dead, upon his back and staggered on.

"Hold to Charley, dear," begged Dallas. "He's carrying you pickapack."

The younger girl murmured gratefully and locked her hands beneath the Indian's chin. This left his arms free to part a path through the thickets of burweed and plantain that choked the defile, and for fully a half hour he kept a good jog. But, well worn and hampered as he was, he began then to wabble.

Dallas gave him the weapons and received Marylyn upon her own shoulders. Notwithstanding the long way her vigor remained splendid. And when there came a tendency to lag she fought it stoutly. Not until her limbs refused their service did she drop down.

Under her wild rye made a cool, stiff couch. She reached through it and dug her fingers into the wet earth. Marylyn toppled over back and lay beside her, prone. Charley leaned on an elbow, breathing hard, watching—

When, far behind, down the shadowy crack through which they had come, sounded wild whoops.

They scrambled up, terror stricken. Like hunted deer they whipped away again, knowing that in their wake, instead of the one man they had seen, was a horde!

Once more, though after brave effort, it was Marylyn who compelled a halt. Dallas strove to rouse her. "Try a little longer, honey. Come on, come on!" But the other only sobbed hysterically until Charley put his hand upon her mouth.

"Can't we crawl out?" demanded Dallas. "Quick, they'll pass!"

The outcast shook his head, coming close that she might see his answer.

"No use?"

He shook his head again and signed that their pursuers had horses.

It was a moment of supreme despair. She laid her arms upon her knees, her face upon her arms. Their puny human power had failed. Where else could they look for succor? Would Lounsbury or the troopers come—in time?

Then, tearfully, prayerfully, in this utmost need, she raised her eyes to the sky. "It's not for me," she faltered. "It's for Marylyn."

That upward glance was not in vain. In front of her, lifting their plumelike tops against the heavens, she saw the clump of burial trees. Instantly she took heart, for her quick brain devised a plan—to hide in the cottonwoods!

But all three might not stay, for however much the Sioux avoided the laden boughs they would stop to search them if there were not those ahead to draw them past. And one of those ahead must be a woman.

So she decided. Bending to her sister, she lifted her to a sitting position. "Honey," she said firmly, "you see the big trees there? The Indians are afraid of 'em, remember. They'll go by. We'll put you up on a limb, and you keep quiet. You'll be safe. We'll go on for help."

"Yes, yes, Dallas, only I can't walk."

"Charley!" The elder girl bade him assist. Without understanding fully he obeyed. Together they carried Marylyn toward the cottonwoods, out of which several lank, gray bodies shifted into view and shot away. Dallas chose a tree that grew close to the steep bank. Here in the narrow space between trunk and rooty wall she ordered Charley to get down on all fours. Then, taking Marylyn upon her shoulders as before and steadying herself with both hands, she stood on the Indian's back. Little by little, bracing with legs and arms, he raised his load. Marylyn was now below a thick branch. By reaching up and summoning the remnant of her strength she was able to clasp it, to put a foot over, to get astride.

"Lie down," continued Dallas. "They won't stop. Don't speak."

Hurriedly she and Charley resumed their way up the wolf haunted bottom, over rocks, through puddles, into pigmy forests of cherry and plum. But now, careless of lost time, Dallas ran with backward looks and frequent haltings, giving strict heed to the whereabouts of those behind.

They had traveled a good distance when she judged that the savages were nearing the burial place, that the the time for her ruse was come. Letting the outcast go on, she paused for breath; then lifted her voice and sent back through the night a long, inviting call.

Down the wind came instant answer, a great howl of glee. And as if her presence ahead was unexpected, as if it tempted to a better speed, a jargon of cries swelled hideously and drew on.

"She's safe!" shouted Dallas exultantly. "Charley, she's safe!"

Another yowl from a score of throats.

And now began a race.

From the start it was unequal and the gain on the side of the pursuers. Gradually but surely the rods decreased between quarry and pack.

The sweat dreening from their faces, Squaw Charley and Dallas strained forward. A little while and she whispered, "Can't go—stop—can't"—

Every breath was sawing at her sore lungs. She tottered, pitched forward and went down.

It was then that Charley pointed to the front and as if to a vantage place. Dallas looked and saw at the end of sheer walls an oblong opening of grayish light. She hailed it dumbly. There was where the coulee narrowed until a man standing in its bed with arms outstretched could place the tips of his fingers against either rocky wall.

(To be continued.)

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia at its next session for an Act to incorporate The Kettle River Valley Railway Company, with power to build, construct, maintain and operate a line of railway of standard guage, to be operated by steam, electricity, or any other power, for the carrying of freight, passengers and express: Commencing at a point at or near Midway, B. C., thence to Penticton, by the most feasible route, a distance of 120 miles, more or less; and commencing at a point at or near Penticton on Okanagan Lake, thence to a point at or near Nicola, by the most feasible route, a distance of about 150 miles, more or less, with power to construct and operate telegraph and telephone lines, for the purpose of its business, and for the public, with power to own, use and operate water powers convenient to the road, for railway and other purposes, and with such powers and privileses as are usually given to railway companies, and with power to lease and operate any other line of railway incorporated by the Province of British Columbia.

Dated at Vancouver, B. C., this 19th day of December, 1908.

COWAN & PARKES,
26-6 Solicitors for the Applicants.

NOTICE

The Kettle River Valley Railway Co. will apply to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for an Act authorizing it to construct a railway from a point at or near Penticton, on Okanagan Lake, in the Province of British Columbia, to a point at or near Nicola on the line of railway of the Nicola, Kamloops & Similkameen Coal & Railway Company, in the said Province.

E. C. MYERS,
Secretary.
The Kettle River Valley Railway Co.
25-5 Toronto, Ont.

STRAYED

Came to my place about June, 1908, three stray horses:—

One dark brown mare, strip in face, one white hind foot, small white spot on left front foot, brand swallow fork with points down on left shoulder, weight about 1000 pounds.

One bright bay mare, strip on nose, white left hind foot, brand S (reversed) on left shoulder, weight about 800 lbs.

One dark bay gelding, brand double hook (grappling) on left shoulder, weight about 700 pounds.

Owner can pay charges and take away.

JOHN PRATHER.
Penticton, B. C., January 18th, 1909.

NOTICE

FRUIT TREES—Well-grown stock. Large quantity of apple trees for sale, only few choice varieties grown: also small stock of ornamental trees. Apply for varieties and price to Manager, COLDSTREAM ESTATE CO., Ltd.,
15-tf Vernon, B. C.

The Winter Housing of Swine.

It is at this season of the year that the housing of swine becomes a more or less difficult problem. This is more particularly true in regard to the housing of sows due to farrow in the spring. It is chiefly on the housing that the vigor of spring litters depends. The revised edition of Bulletin No. 10 of the Live Stock Branch, Ottawa, treats this question in a very practical manner. It says:—

"Much of the success of hog-raising depends upon suitable housing. Suitable housing does not, however, demand expensively built houses and pens designed so as to provide summer temperature during the winter season. In an ambitious desire to treat swine with due consideration for their comfort many progressive hog raisers have, during the past few years, practically wasted large sums of money in building elaborate warm houses for their herds. Having wintered their stock of all ages and conditions in these structures for one or two seasons the mistake they had made became apparent by reason of the fact that the swine, instead of showing greater vigor, exhibited signs of ill-health in the form of coughing, lameness, scurfiness of skin, and other evidences of lack of thrift. The chief difficulty from these close houses is due to the lack of exercise taken by the swine kept in them. After rising from their comfortable beds to take their food, which is usually provided regularly, near at hand and in palatable condition, the pigs fill themselves and again return to their resting places. This mode of living followed for weeks and months at a season of year when outdoor life is uninviting, even should the pen door be left open, is attended with indigestion, constipation and other forms of sluggishness, causing weak litters, lack of a good milk flow in dams, stunted weanlings and slow gains in older hogs. Exercise is one essential for swine of all ages if hog raising is to be made a success, and it is in not providing this that the warm pen used for both sleeping and feeding fails. For young litters coming in cold weather a warm pen is necessary, and rather close quarters are also conductive to the most profitable gains during a hog's final fattening period, but at no other time in a hog's life is close housing advantageous.

"For brood sows due to farrow in the late winter or early spring months there is no better shelter than the movable cabin. A number of these can be ranged side by side in or near the barn yard. If kept comfortably bedded four or five large sows will lie very comfortably in a cabin constructed according to directions given further on. The old style of rail creep beneath a straw stack, so long as it is closed on three sides, affords a fine bed for breeding sows or even growing pigs. On some of the most extensive hog breeding establishments the only shelter given the sows in winter is an old barn or shed, lined up to keep the draughts out, and having a constantly open door which affords free and unlimited access to the open air. The feeding is done in the open, which compels the herd to take a good amount of daily exercise, upon which good health so much depends. Sows thus housed and fed on food composed of pulped roots and chopped grain, bran, etc., given in a rather dry consistency, will maintain a fine condition for successful motherhood."

The bulletin then goes on to describe in detail the plan, construction and management of various styles of houses that are in successful operation in different parts of Canada. Copies of this excellent bulletin, which should be in the hands of every swine raiser, may be secured free by making application to J. G. Rutherford, Live Stock Commissioner, Ottawa.

Sheep Husbandry in Canada.

A timely bulletin entitled "Sheep Husbandry in Canada," by Mr. J. B. Spencer, B. S. A., has been issued by the Live Stock Branch at Ottawa. Mr. Spencer has taken up the task from practically all the standpoints that concern the sheep raiser in whatever province he may dwell. After describing the ideal mutton sheep he gives a brief, but comprehensive, history and description of eleven of the popular breeds. Next he covers in a practical way the establishing of a commercial breeding flock. Mutton production as a highly specialized industry is dealt with by reviewing the methods in vogue in Great Britain. Following this are appropriately described the various systems of finishing for the market in Canada. Nor does the treatment of the subject stop when the animal is fattened for it is followed right through the butchering and curing processes until the joint is ready for the cook. Then come sections on handling, dipping, wethering, feeds and feeding, housing, weed destroying, enemies, etc., each subject exhaustively treated according to the practice of the most successful shepherds.

Evidently recognizing that the industry differs in the various provinces by reason of climatic and other conditions the author treats each separately. The section devoted to diseases will appeal to thousands of sheep men. This chapter, covering upwards of twenty of the common ailments, and accidents, was personally prepared by the Live Stock Commissioner who is also Veterinary Director General. As a practical home doctor book for the flockmaster this work will undoubtedly become a helpful standby. A review of the wool industry concludes the text of the work of more than 125 pages of reading matter. The book is profusely illustrated by some sixty beautiful plate illustrations printed in sepia and a number of line drawings. This attractive, comprehensive, and practical "Bulletin No. 12 of the Live Stock Branch" is ready for free distribution to all those interested in the sheep or its products who care to apply for it to J. G. Rutherford, Live Stock Commissioner, Ottawa.

FOR SALE

Business block on Main Street; two storey with two compartments downstairs and hall upstairs, $2,500. Lot 63, seven and one-half acres on Fairview Road, $2,200. J. D. McDONALD,
12-tf Potlatch, Idaho.

NOTICE

Osoyoos Land District. District of Yale.

TAKE NOTICE that T. R. Whitfield, of Summerland, occupation farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot 3952, thence west 20 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence south 20 chains to point of commencement, and containing 40 acres, more or less.

THOMAS ROBERT WHITFIELD.
Dated 28th December, 1908.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Eastern capital ready to investigate legitimate investments—lands, timber or mines—in British Columbia. Address in first instance with full particulars, "CAPITAL,"
Care of Noble & Co., Molson Bank Building, Vancouver, B. C. 28-6

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THE PENTICTON DAIRY

Daily delivery of Fresh Milk to all parts of the town.

H. M. McNeill, . Prop.

COMMUNICATIONS

(We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of correspondents.)

To the Editor of THE PENTICTON PRESS:

DEAR Sir,—Would you permit me to ventilate a real need through the medium of your valuable paper: Why is it that in a town the size of Penticton there is no public reading room and library? Such a place would be a real boon to most of the men in Penticton, and especially to bachelors. There is always a considerable number of bachelors in this town living in shacks and tents, where they have none of the refinements of life, and who live a too self-centered existence. The only place for a bachelor to go to meet his fellow men is in other shacks, or where there is drinking, thus exposing him to temptation. Outside of the litirary society we have to depend almost entirely on the hotels for our recreation. A warm, cheerful reading room would be well attended, and would promote a higher standard of life amongst the young men of Penticton; they would keep themselves in touch with the outer world, by reading the papers, and get better acquainted with their fellow townsmen. I am convinced that the expense of such an institution would be comparatively small, and the benefit to our town incalculable. But cooperation is necessary, and I should like to see some steps taken with regard to it. Other towns on the lake have reading rooms, and why not Penticton?

Yours truly,
ONE OF THE BACHELORS.

PEACHLAND.

Mr. John Robinson is enjoying a visit from his daughter, Mrs. Ashdown and her two children, of Frank, Alberta.

Miss Florence Needham returned home Thursday after a lengthy visit with friends at Penticton.

The result of the municipal elections was as follows:

Reeve—W. A. Lang.

Councillors—C. G. Elliott, M. N. Morrison, L. D. McCall and F. Callendar.

School trustees—J. McLaughlan, P. Dorland, Wm. Douglas, F. Hicks and Mr. Drought.

Wm. Logan, J. Morrin and W. A. Lang attended the bonspeil held at Vernon, this week.

Coasting is in full swing here and every night the young people take advantage of the fine roads and go out for two or three hours' thorough enjoyment.

Mr. Paul Murray, principal of the Public School returned from Kelowna where he has been convalescing after an attack of typhoid fever. During his absence his place has been filled by C. G. Elliott.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lupton, a daughter, on 26th inst.

A debate was held in the Presbyterian church on Tuesday. The subject was: "Resolved that the daily press is beneficial." The affirmative was taken by A. Angus and J. Whitacker, and the negative by R. Angus and J. Arbuckle, The negative won after much consideration on the part of the judges.

WANTED

Team of Horses; about 1200 lbs.
GILFORD.
29-1* Care of S. O. Land Co,

STRAYED.

Strayed to my premises, a red steer calf. Owner requested to pay expenses and take same away.
28-3 ALEX. BEATTY.

FOR SALE.

$225 cash buys lot and shack on Van Horne Street, Penticton, lot 23, block 20. Apply VINCENT MORRISON,
28-4 Box 7, Medicine Hat, Alta.

IT Pays to Advertise

The Southern Okanagan Land Company, Limited

LANDS

Our Irrigation system having been completed for the Lake Skaha benches we are now offering under this water system some 300 acres in five and ten acre tracts, at $100.00 to $150.00 per acre.

On the Penticton benches we still have for sale irrigated about 160 acres, at from $100.oo to $125.oo per acre. All our bench lands are admirably adapted for fruit.

On the Penticton flats we have open clean meadow suitable for small fruits, vegetable and hay, at $150.oo per acre.

Uncleared land suitable for fruit (but stoney and wooded) $5o.oo to $1oo.oo per acre.

Uncleared land quite free of stone, suitable for hay or garden stuff, $1oo.oo per acre.

Terms on all the above one quarter down, one quarter each year with interest at 6 per cent. on deferred payments.

ACRE LOTS

In Penticton and on Okanagan Lake Beach $3oo.oo to $45o.oo. On Lake Skaha Beach $4oo.oo.

TOWN LOTS

We have a great many excellent buys in town property (business and residential). Anything we show you will advance in value 5o per cent. within a year. Get in now, you can make money and take no chances by purchasing our lands.

FRUIT LAND FOR SALE

J. R. MITCHELL'S Bargain List

Very choice residential subdivision, close in, half-acre lots, price $300 per lot. ¼ cash; balance 6, 12 and 18 months; 6 per cent.; Price good for 30 days only.

Main Street lot, north of Steward's for $800; terms.

7 roomed cottage in desirable residental district, for sale very cheap.

Main, Ellis, Martin and Winnipeg Street lots for sale.

18 Acres, 10 below main ditch; 9 under good cultivation. Only $3,000. Fenced.

4 Acres, Main St., near School, suitable for sub-division. Price very low in block.

10 Acres on Main Street, 2¾ miles south, good hay land, only $2,100.

10 Acres, near Dog Lake, $1,700.

18 Acres, near Dog Lake, $2,000.

C. P. R. LAND For Sale.

FIRE INSURANCE

The SUN, of London, England.
LONDON & LANCASHIRE.
NATIONAL.

Why not insure in the best—they cost no more.

OFFICE, - Main Street - PENTICTON, B. C.

BUSINESS MEN!

Look over your supply of printng, and place your order with the PRESS for anything you may lack. Spring will soon be here, and with it will come a rush of work that may render it impossible for us to fill orders promptly.

Grasp the Opportunity!

It will cost you no more money, and much less inconvenience, if you place your orders now. You want the stationery, and, we guarantee satisfaction. Don't be caught napping. When a rush of work comes we are obliged to fill orders in turn. This means delay, and business men cannot afford delays.

In order to cope with the trade of the new year, we have put in a COMPLETE STOCK

of stationery: Bond and white wove papers, envelopes, bill heads, note heads, statements, card boards, business and calling cards, wedding cabinets, invitation cards, memorial and programme stationery, book, cover and poster papers. We can print you bank cheque forms on safety paper, deed or agreement forms, private postcards, articles of incorporation for joint stock companies or anything else you may require.

CALL ON **THE PENTICTON PRESS.**

Advertise your Town by paying close attention to your advertising space.