THE PAYSTREAK

Provincial Library

BOOK IV. SANDON, NOVEMBER ,18 1899. CHAPTER 7

HAPPENINGS IN BRIEF.

Geo. W. Hughes is in Spokane.

A. S. Farwell is in Sandon today.

Miss Vallance leaves this morning for a short visit in Vancouver.

Who will be mayor of Sandon for 1900, and who will the aldermen be?

W. T. Godsal, of Pincher Creek, Alberta, was a visitor in Sandon yesterday.

Our old friend Dr. Young, who is now a resident of Vancouver, is the happy father of twins.

J. K. Clark was up from New Denver this week. He reports everything beautiful at the Marion.

The Bank of B. C. was moved into its new quarters yesterday. It now has the best office in town.

W. E. Prager of the Bank of B. C. is on a two-weeks' holiday trip to Kamloops and Coast points.

David W. King, agent of the American smelter combine at Spokane is expected in the camp next week.

At this time last year there was a foot of snow on the townsite. It has held off longer than usual this autumn.

Mrs. Wm. Sudrow left for Los Angeles on Tuesday, having received word from Mr. Sudrow that his condition was critical.

Miss McQueen, formerly of the C. P. R. telegraph office here, and laterly of the Kaslo office, will be operator in the new telegraph office at Columbia.

The police magistrate of Nanaimo fined two men $10 each. and costs, for shaking dice for drinks in a saloon. The city probably needed the money.

A prominent and popular young gentlemen of Cody and a social leader among Sandon's fair sex are to be married next month At least, that's what the gossips say.

The Fire Brigade will give a ball and supper in Virginia hall on Tuesday evening, November 21st. The former successes of the Brigade in such affairs are sufficient guarantees that this one will be enjoyable.

A miners' union was organized at Slocan City on Tuesday night by James Wilkes, district organizer of the Western Federation of Miners, assisted by local members of the unions at Silverton and New Denver.

W. J. Bongough furnished two hours solid fun to an audience of 150 people at the St. Andrew's hall on Thursday evening. His local caricatures carried the house by storm, and his story telling and recitations were equally acceptable.

She wore men's clothes and when she appeared before "Judge" Lilly she said her name was Jack Gordon, but on cross-examination she said she was a woman and that they called her "Annie Rooney." It cost her $50 for wearing men's clothes.

C. H. Stratton, who has been manager of the Reco Hotel for some time, has resigned his position and left for Spokane yesterday. Mr. Geo. M. Tuttle. of Spokane, succeeds him as manager of the Reco. Mr. and Mrs. Stratton made many friends during their stay in Sandon

The appeal of the miners to have the alien labor law enforced is now in the hands of the department of justice at Ottawa. Detailed information on which the government can act has been furnished. The government agent at Nelson is also investigating the case.

T. Leo Peel has returned from a trip to Europe. He was in Paris while the Dryfus excitement was at its height. and in London witnessed the departure of Australian troops, who, while undergoing a course of training, volunteered for service in South Africa.—Tribune.

D. Sullivan and Miss Brown, who were married a few days ago at Rossland arrived in Kaslo last night (Thursday) on their return home to McGuigan. Mr. Sullivan has many mining interests in the Slocan, and his many friends wish the couple long life and much happiness.—Kaslo Kootenaian.

Two men for the Payne were brought in on Wednesday accompanied by two deputies. The deputies were sworn in at New Denver. This looks like a deliberate attempt to create sentiment at the expense of the miners. No deputies, Pinkertons or gun men are needed in this camp, nor ever have been. The miners are British subjects.

Mrs. Kate Barger, of the Waldorf Hotel. has become entangled with the law, A number of creditors who believed that she intended to leave the country without settling up, entered action against her and she was arrested on Wednesday and taken to Nelson in charge of Chas. Waterman. Edwin Cummings, of Kaslo, is the heavies creditor.

The latest faker to strike town was the "Great Australian Salesman," whose particular line is flash jewelery and a thorough understanding of the credulity of the human family. His game is too old to be worthy of description, but he found plenty of people who were willing to be divorced from their collateral. Now the boys have tin watches and an experience that comes too late. It is a very weak game that would no find a few easy marks in Sandon.

Mine Owners' Association to be Incorporated.

Victoria, November 16.—Application will be made at the next sitting of the legislature for the incorporation of a company to carry on the business of miners of every description, to advance and foster the mining intersts,especiallv the silver-lead mining interests of British Columbia, and numerous other powers, such as constructing ships, railways, machinery, churches, schools, etc., and supplying power and light. Frank L. Christie of Sandon is solicitor for the applicants.

SLOCAN MINES.

An ore bin is to be built at the Soverign.

The American Boy is putting on a few more men.

Payne stock is advancing again in Toronto and Montreal.

Five men have been put on at the Ajax to sink on the vein in to No. 2 tunnel.

It is reported that operations will be commenced at the Treasure Vault next week.

A crown grant is being applied for for the Crown Point mineral claim, in the Jackson basin.

A tunnel contract will be let on the Peoria, in Jackson basin. The company has recently been reorganized.

The Mine Owners Association.

A meeting of the Silver-Lead Mine Owners Association was held at the office of the organization on Tuesday evening. Besides the local members there were present Geo. Alexander, of Kaslo; M. R. W. Rathborn, of the Jackson mine; J. Roderick Robertson, of Nelson; Geo. H. Aylard, of New Denver; W. H Sandiford of the Bosun mine, New Denver, and E. A. Patterson, of the Wakefield, Silverton. As usual, the deliberations of the body were secret, and nothing is known positively of the outcome of the meeting. There are many rumors rife, but all lack authenticacy, and any stories of motions to disband or to resume operations are mere surmises.

Closer Connections With Spokane.

The rails of the Nelson & Bedlington have been connected with the Crow's Nest road, and through communication via the Kootenay Valley road will be offered to Spokane in a few days to Spokane in a few days. It is claimed that by this route there will be a saving of 24 hours between here and Spokane, and, with some changes in the time table of the K. & S. a run of 11 hours will set the Sandonite down in Spokane.

Licensing Tinhorns in Rossland.

Rossland, Nov. 12.—In connection with its policy of fining the sporting women of the city, the police department today made a sweeping innovation when it commenced licensing the tin-horn gamblers of the town. Twelve of them were brought into the police court and fined $20 each. They had been merely notified to be present and each of them came prepared with the amount of his fine.

The proceedings to eject the Chinamen from the coal mines of Vancouver Island have been begun at Nanaimo. Lawyer Cassidy represents the Dunsmuirs, and has succeeded in having the arbitration board sittings take place at Union as well as at Nanaimo.

The Church Opening.

The opening of the new Presbyterian church on Sunday last was largely attended, both by Sandon people and visitors. The morning service was conducted by Rev. A. M. Sanford, and the afternoon and evening services by Rev. Robt. Frew of Nelson.

The supper and concert given by the ladies on Monday evening was also very successful, a good evening's entertainment being furnished with satisfactory financial results. Besides local talent a number from outside points assisted in making up a most entertaining programme.

The new church is a very handsome and cosy little building with a seating capacity of nearly two hundred. The hall underneath, with a capacitp of 150, is a comfortable room for church entertainments of the usual order, and altogether the building is a very creditable addition to the city's architecture. Financially the affairs of the church are in a very favorable position, as only a small balance remains outstanding, which no doubt will soon be wiped off.

Mr. Cleland has finally decided to accept the call to Eugene, Ore., and will leave in a week or two for his new field. Sandon loses not only a good preacher but a genial and popular citizen by Mr. Cleland's departure. Preaching the gospel in a mining camp has from time immemorial been regarded as a difficult task, but Mr. Cleland has succeeded in gaining the respect and esteem of the many with whom his calling has brought him in contact. He is to be succeeded by Rev. Ferguson of Whitewater. Mr. Ferguson is already well known to Sandon people, and the unanimity of his call is evidence of the esteem in which he is held by his new congregation.

What Do These Things Indicate?

The Seattle employment agencies have taken down their signs of "Miners Wanted," and are employ- no more men for the Slocan. The advertisments for "2500 Miners at $3 a day" are disappearing from the newspapers. A consignment of 800 pounds of beef and 7000 pounds of groceries was sent up to the Payne yesterday. A small consignment of groceries was packed up to the Last Chance yesterday. Payne stock is going up in Toronto and Montreal. Overtures have been made to the Miners' Union. The Ajax is employing men at $3-50 a shift. R. F. Tolmie, secretary of the Mine Owners Association, packed his trunk and left for Nelson on Thursday,

Scott Fleming goes to Spokane tomorrow.

The beautitul snow has come to stay.

Wm. Walmsley and Tom Jones returned from the Halcyon Springs last night.

The Coming Platform.

The following is advanced by the Toronto World as the platform which will, before long, be adopted by the party that is to sweep Canada at forthcoming elections:

Rounding off Confederation by taking in Newfoundland.

Imperial Fedepation and preferential Trade between the various sections of the Empire.

Protection to Canadian industries and a reciprocity of tariffs as between us and those who tax Canadian products. Export duties sufficient to compel the manufacture in Canada of Canadian logs, wood, pulp, ores, metals. Custom duties or bounties sufficient to build up a great iron industry in Canada.

State-owned cables between Britain and Canada, and between Canada and Australia.

Nationalization of the Canadian telegraph and telephone systems as a part of the post office.

A national fast Atlantic service between the nearest available Canadian and British ports.

Canadian railways to have their Atlantic terminals in Canadian ports.

Maintenance of the independence of the Canadian national railway (the Intercolonial) and its gradual extension westward. This national railway to be the complement of the fast Atlantic service.

A strong and impratial Railway Commission to regulate rates, the relations of railways one with the other and with municipalities and individuals.

No railway subsidies without corresponding control and ownership of the roads subsidized.

Laws to effectually regulate trusts, corporations, trade combinations and holders of patents, in their treatment of the public.

A Lesson in Economics.

The owner of a business block in Milwaukee is charging $20 a month for allowing the sunlight to pass over his building into the window of a neighbor. The latter had rented a room in his building on condition that it be provided with natural light. This was effected by cutting a window in the wall overlooking the property of this enterprising landlord, who promptly shut off the light with a tight wooden screen. When remonstrated with he took the position that the light was his, and that as he had a right to erect a building on his lot he had a right to put up any kind of a structure permitted by law. An inquiry by the attorney for the other party developed no flaw in the position taken by the light purveyor, and his terms of $20 per month had to be met. His neighbors, he said, could have nothing belonging to him without paying for it. According to recognized legal authorities the title to real property conveys a part of the universe in the form of a pyramid with its apex at the centre of the earth and its base at the outmost bounds of space. Thus the sunlight did not pass over but through the property of the light purveyor. An earlier decision that a meteor belongs to the man on whose property it falls has a bearing on the point.

The boys of the Canadian contingent have one advantage. They do not have to read all the poetry that has been published about them.

Manipulating Copper Shares.

Of late a disastrous change has come over the copper sharemarket. Stocks have been tumbling in dire confusion, and the great Amalgamation itself has not been able to maintain the dignity it ventured to assume in the eyes of the world. The general shrinkage in copper share values has been something enormous, and, if we pay heed to the quid nunes of the street, the end is not yet.

Now, in the real copper situation there is nothing to justify the rapid decline in values that is, if former prices were based upon actual conditions rather than upon deliberate manipulation. All traders in the metal are agreed that this year's production cannot have any marked influence on the price. They understand that the projected combination of the leading copper companies failed to realize its proclaimed object. The output of the mines does not keep pace with the demand, and while consumers may have fair supplies on hand, the time is approaching when their orders must be increased. Consequently, it is fair to assume, as John Stanton says, that all the facts are favorable to a bull market. Taking this for granted, what is the matter with coppers? Conditions point to a steady market, and yet copper stocks are either naturally gravitating or are being forced to a lower level. The American Mining News learns from a reliable source that the combine which boomed coppers early in the year is now using its vast machinations to suppress them. Its informant writes: "The combine intends to reduce the price of copper, if possible, demoralize copper shares, make it difficult to carry Amalgamated on loans, and raise sheol generally with the mining and stock market. While this is going on, the combine will load up at its own prices. Then about January 1st Amalgamated and Anaconda will come forward with dividends that will send their stocks booming, and the combine will unload and make money both ways"

About Smelters.

In building smelters there are many things to be taken into consideration. A smelter costing $100,000 would require $500,000 worth of ore on hand before it could be blown in, and contracts for ore to keep the reserve intact. The building of a smelter is a small portion of the outlay. There are many smelters scattered over the country, a number of which were never blown, and others which have been a continual source of expense to the owners.

The conditions for the profitable smelting of ore do not exist in all mining regions. The smelter must be located where the various fluxes are easily obtained. The Tacoma smelter draws its ores from Australia, Central America, Alaska, Colorado and British Columbia. There was a time when the Everett smelter paid for the transportation of silicia carrying no value, from Euston, Washington, to its smelter.

"For the first year of his married life he came to dinner in evening clothes."

"What does he do now?"

"Now he comes to breakfast in them."

E. R. ATHERTON Co., Ltd.

NOTICE The bargains in our Windows. This line of Shoes is just the thing for Winter, to wear inside of Rubbers and Overshoes.

REMEMBER The line of $2 All Wool underwear in our windows is just the same as you have always paid $3.00 and $3.50 a suit for.

OUR LINE of Rubber Goods is so large and our Windows are so small that we did not undertake to display it.

BUT we have all sizes and kinds for Infants, Girls, Boys, Men and Women, and a lot of fine Kurr Rubber boots (light weight) for Children and Ladies.

A GREAT MISTAKE.

Many men make a great mistake by sending east for clothing prices without ever going to a local clothing store to ask their prices.

We today can and will sell you a suit as cheap as you can buy it in the east, if you will give us the opportunity. We have added $2,000.00 worth of clothing to our stock this fall.

E. R. ATHERTON Co., Ltd.

UNION AT NEW DENVER

New Denver Ledge.

A meeting was called for last Friday night for the purpose of organizing a union in New Denver, a branch of the Western Federation of Miners. The Clever Hall was comfortably filled with miners and businessmen, about 250 being present, and Organizer Wilkes, the speaker of the evening, was very enthusiastically received. The band was in attendance and enlivened the meeting by rendering several selections.

The address of Organizer Wilkes was a simple statement of facts, showing the causes that made necessary the organization of co-operative unions among the miners, and the good results that had been achieved for the metalliferous miners of the mining sections of the Northwest by the Federation. Mr. Wilkes is a plain, impassionate speaker and talks as a workingman to workingmen. He brought out many good points in relation to the eight-hour law that thoroughly pleased his audience, and stated that he had received letters from politicians on the coast, of both the government party and the opposition, pledging their support to the law, and stating that it would never be repealed.

Mr. Wilkes was particularly careful to warn the men who would be members of the union to be organized against any action that might be construed as an infraction of the law. Let the other side do that, said he.

He regretted that the country, and particularly this section, should be forced to suffer because of the lockout, and sincerely hoped the question would soon be settled. He was confident that the managers could have averted the trouble had they in the first place treated their employes like men. He had lived for fifteen years in a mining community where the employers always treated with the men direct in questions of differences between them, and in all that time there had been perfect harmony. And it was his belief, that had the mine managers gone to the miners with their case at the inception of the eight-hour law, instead of getting together in secret and issuing their ultimatum, they would never have forced upon the Slocan the past four months of depression. The difficulties that the mine managers claim the law thrusts upon them are large imaginary, said he. They must be imaginary, for they have never tried the law and could not speak with authority. If the managers' union and the miners' union understood each other better, if each would try to understand the other, and treat the other in a spirit of conciliation, he was confident that all friction between them would disappear and harmony would prevail. To bring this condition of affairs about Mr. Wilkes said the union would do its utmost, and he predicted that, if the managers would do as much, the difficulty now existing would soon be overcome.

Taking up the question of the importation of Italians, Mr. Wilkes said he was not at all worried about that move. He knew that such action by the mine owners engaged in the business would be unanimously condemned by the citizens of British Columbia, and would strengthen the arm of labor. Moreover, he could assure his hearers that no more Italian laborers would be imported as steps had already been taken to prevent it. He said the union would use every legitimate means to secure the enactment of legislation that would help them to better their condition, to make themselves and the community more prosperous, and to keep out of the mines of Kootenay the ignorant class of workmen who are not and will not become citizens of Canada. The union, he said, was striving to bring its members to the highest standard of proficiency as workmen and citizens, and it would do it. They all, or nearly all, were voters and they would see that the political pledges made to them before election would be carried out when the office was secured.

The speaker said he was at a loss to see wherein the eight-hour law was at fault for the present conditions. He very well knew what the mine managers and their political allies said was wrong with it, but, on the other hand, these very same men will say they are heartily in accord with the principle of the eight-hour law. In accord with the principle, but opposed to anything that will make the principle operative! They were not deceived by these fawning, smooth-tongued politicians. They believe in the principle, they believe in high wages, they believe in unionism! Then what in the name of reason is the matter?

In conclusion Mr. Wilkes predicted the early settlement of the present trouble. He was very glad to come to New Denver and organize a union, and hoped its members would so conduct themselves that their union would be a recognized power for good in the peaceable settlement of all questions affecting labor and capital. He thanked the band, the business men and citizens generally for according him a hearing, and especially the press for the fair treatment the question has received.

In conclusion of his remarks those not eligible to membership dispersed and the organization of the New Denver Miner's Union was effected, with 52 names on the membership roll. The following officers were elected: President, D. J. Weir; vice-president, Julius Wolfe; secretary, C. M. Nesbitt; treasurer, Peter Lindquist; warden, Geo. M. Davis; conductor, T Lloyd.

DUNCAN CITY NOTES.

Since the closing down of the C. P. R. operations, the town has been much quieter, and quite a number have left.

The Duncan sawmill has not been running regularly of late owing to the scarcity of logs and the breaking up of the crew.

The K. & S. has increased their force and everything indicates that they mean to push along the road as rapidly as possible.

Harry Swan, the K. & S. Ry bridge superintendent, is here and will start work on the bridge as soon as the mill can turn out the required material.

H. H. Dunbar for some time proprietor of the Duncan House, leased him by the Simpson Bros., has assigned to the latter firm. Last accounts he was in Seattle.

Jack Carmichael has rented the barroom of the Victoria House. He has until recently been running the Twelve Mile House between here and Trout Lake City.

Capt. Cameron has struck it rich on the opposite side of the lake from this city. His claims are seemingly rich in copper. He has already had offers for the property.

Jack Lowes our well-known and popular hotelman, has left, intending to spend the winter in the cent belt. Jack will regain his health and we hope that he may return in the near future.

The city of Duncan will not be far behind its sister towns. It is to be the headquarters for the K. & S. The C. P. R. may also have a station here, and both companies have orders out for steamers to ply on the lake and upper river. It is doubtful if the K. & S. will build further than to this point for some years.

SLOCAN CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

J. M. Williams has returned to town from a business trip to the Old Country.

W. J. Goepel, provincial auditor, inspected the books of the local record office on Monday.

The new schoolhouse will be finished in about ten days. The building is large and particularly well lighted and ventilated.

The necessary alterations are to be made to the Church of England building so that services may be held early next month.

The management of the Chapleau is bringing in 10 head of pack animals, to be used in freighting to and from the mine. A large stable will be built at Lemon siding.

Lumber Men Combine.

After months of negotiation, a big lumber company has been floated to acquire several Kootenay and Boundary creek saw mills. The capitalization of the company is $500,000, and the head office will be located in Greenwood. The incorporators are A. Fisher and L. Blue, who own mills at Greenwood and Rossland, and Messrs Geneile and Poupore, the well-known Kootenay lumbermen, whose mills are at Nakusp and Robson. The new company will operate mills at Nakusp, Robson, Greenwood, Phoenix, Eholt, Rock Creek and Long Lake. Mr. Poupore is general manager, while Mr Fisher will manage the mills in the Boundary creek district.

APHORISMS.

Avoid popularity; it has many snares and no real benefit.—Penn.

When the judgment is weak the prejudice is strong.—O'Hara.

Politeness is good nature regulated by good sense.—Sydney Smith.

Those who are greedy of praise prove they are poor in merit.—Plutarch.

An acre of performance is worth the whole world of promise.—Howell.

Pride is increased by ignorance; those assume the most who know the least.—Gay.

The higher we rise, the more isolated we become; all elevations are cold.—De Bouffices.

Punctuality is the stern virtue of men of business, and the graceful courtesy of princes.—Bulwer.

He travels safe and not unpleasantly who is guarded by poverty and guided by love.—Sir P. Sidney.

There are no persons more solicitous about the preservation of rank than those who have no rank at all.—Shenstone.

Pleasure is very seldom found where it is sought. Our brightest blazes of gladness are commonly kindled by unexpected sparks.—Johnson.

Wanted Too Much.

"Please, sir," said the bellboy to a Texas hotelkeeper, "No. 40 says there ain't no towel in his room."

"Tell him to use one of the window curtains."

"He says, too, that there ain't no pillows."

"Tell him to put his coat and vest under his head."

"And he also wants a pitcher of water."

"Grumbler! He's the worst I ever saw in my life. Carry him up the horse-pail."

"He wants to know if he can have a light."

"Here, confound him! give him this lantern, and ask him if he wants the earth, and if he'll have it fried on only one side or turned over."

Lady, to milkman—How is it that your milk is so poor and thin?

Milkman—Why, mum, the cow 'as just lost 'er calf, an' she shed a few tears in the pail afore I could prevent 'er!

Hunter Bros.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Dry Goods,

MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HARDWARE, CARPETS, BOOTS & SHOES, TINWARE, LINOLEUMS, HATS & CAPS, CROCKERY, WINDOW SHADES, CLOTHING.

We carry the best lines that money can buy, and, buying in large quantities, save you the extra profit.

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WM. MACADAMS.

SANDON, B. C., NOV. 18, 1899.

CHEAP LABOR, CHEAP PEOPLE.

The mine owners of West Kootenay over-reached themselves when they imported a lot of Italians from the United States to work in the mines. British Columbia has no need of Italians to work in her mines. The merchant, the manufacturer, the artisan, the laborer, the capitalist, all have reason to oppose such a move. The future of British Columbia depends upon her masses. If all labor is to come down to the basis of Chinese and Italian wages, the days of prosperity in British Columbia will soon be over. Good wages mean good times and more rapid development of every resource of the country. The money earned by the Italian and Chinaman is sent away. It is never invested in homes and home improvements. Not a dollar of it is spent in public spirited enterprise. They are a class that absorb but never give up. The bare necessities of life keep them, and very little of their money circulates in the legitimate channels of trade. One white man working at good wages is better for a community than 20 Chinks or Dagoes.—Cranbrook Herald.

THE CORRECT PRINCIPLE.

New Denver Ledge.

The Miners' Union of New Denver starts off well. Its membership roll has 52 names upon it, and its officers are men of sterling character, conservative in all their dealings with public questions and dignified in conducting any business they take hold of. Another feature in favor of the new organization is that all of its members are men who are actually engaged in mining for a livelihood. Men who are not so engaged are not eligible to membership and are refused admission, however strong their inclinations may be in that direction.

This is the correct principle, and is the only basis upon which to build a successful labor organization--one that will be of assistance to its members and of permanent good to the community in which it is organized. Men who are not engaged in mining for a livelihood have no more right to be in a miners union that has a carpenter in a printers' union, or a tailor in a blacksmiths' union, and it is contrary to all principles of unionism for them to be admitted. It is more for personal gain that they are there, and the union that permits them to enter does so at tremendous risk.

This has been proven time and again in years past, and the history of any union that has permitted it has had written across its charter the word failure. Repeated weeding out must be done even in the best labor organizations, and what must the result be when every Tom, Dick and Harry is admitted to membership?

As an illustration of what can be done by a conservative organization the International Typogr..phical Union may be named as the most successful. This organization has ever observed the strictest investigation of the merits of an applicant for admission and it is next to impossible for a man who not a practical printer to become a member. As a result of this close scrutiny that organization heads the list as the most conservative of all trades unions, and yet it is the strongest and most successful. They accomplish their ends by lawful, intelligent action, and employers all over the United States and Canada are glad to put their composing rooms under the union, because, as the Spokesman-Review puts it, they feel that in return for fair wages they will receive fair treatment and efficient service, their newspapers will be printed on time 365 days in the year, and their materials and machinery will be well cared for. As a result, employe and employer enjoy mutual respect and confidence, and each is glad to advance the other's prosperity.

MULE WHACKERS TO THE FRONT.

Commenting upon the disaster tl at befell a part of General White's command at Ladysmith in the recent brush with the Boers, the blame for which was laid upon the old army mules, who cannot talk, the Toronto Telegram says: "It would be just as well for Canada to remember in this hour of grief and calamity that the foundations of the British Empire are not to be shaken by the results which followed the bad behavior of a few army mules. Canada is prepared to do her duty to the Empire up to the hilt, but England is not so short of men that this country need plunge uninvited into the work of raising an other regiment. When Britain wants another regiment she has only to say so, and Canada will answer. Meanwhile the British in South Africa seem to be suffering from a lack of accomplished mule-whackers. It might be well for the Laurier government to ask whether the War Office would not appreciate the help of a corps of trained diplomats who have learned how to reason with mules on the pack trails of British Columbia."

THE NEWSPAPER HABIT.

There is no hope for the newspaper jacklegs of the Slocan. You can't cure a man of the newspaper habit. This is the story Jake Admire's son used to tell on him: Jake swore off on the newspaper habit and went into business. The son took the print shop and the old man was so relieved that he would not even enter the office. By and by the boy began to notice that the back door of the office would be open of mornings, but nothing was stolen. After this had been repeated several times, he determined to watch for the intruder. In the early morning, when the roosters began making their toilets, the young man noticed his father slip out of the back door of the family home and come sneaking along to the rear of the office. Jake entered and the young man followed. Jake simply went and sat down by the ink keg and smelled it. The newspaper habit had not been cured.

LOVE AND MARRIAGE.

The Philosopher tells us that early weddings are the parents of early divorce, and this is undoubtedly true where divorce is the easy and accepted remedy for all matrimonial eruptions. America is afflicted with sentimental influenza. Sentiment is a good thing; so is vanilla, but they are both nothing but flavors. All cake and no bread will not do. Rose water is sweeter than Limburger cheese, but the cheese is more useful. Look at that young pair making love in a luxurious parlor. Are they thinking of the future? See those two spooning and turning their s om achs into ice-cream freezers Are they dreaming of what is to come? Young people should be made to do their love-making in a retail grocery. The hams, bacon, tea and coffee would keep in view the practical and more enduring side of married life—the grocery bill. Sentiment hinges on digestion. You may as well try to be intellectual with an empty head or respectable with an empty pocket. We should prescribe for love-sick young people an extended diet of sauerkraut. We attribute the proverbial happiness of German married life to this union of perfume and cabbage. When single, stay so or economize for the future. In time of peace prepare for war. Will "what will keep one keep two?" Certainly, it will keep them—hungry. Love is not a heart affection, it is a brain disease, an insanity whose asylum is too often a stuffy, little, third-story, back room, with horse-hair furniture, a "God Bless Our Home" on the wall, and no visitors but babies and collectors.

DIGNITY VERSUS REASON.

The mine managers, it is claimed, are averse to giving in to the Miners Union in the wage trouble because a certain element have persistently heaped indignities upon them. The managers certainly have a position to hold that entitles them to respect, but no more so than the Miners' Union. It is not with the few individuals that the managers are dealing, but with the Western Federation of Miners, an organization that is more powerful than many associations like that of the managers of the Slocan. The actions of a few of the miners are no more commendable than the actions of a few of the mine managers, who, when the trouble began, made the assertion that "we can get all the men we want at $3, and we'll shoot the fir t union man that steps foot on our ground to interfere with them." Such rash statements are quite as bad as anything that a few radical union men may have done. On the whole, the mine managers cannot complain of the treatment they have received at the hands of the Union. They were not prepared to fight so formidable an organization as the Federation, and all their plans that looked so feasible to their inexperienced eyes at the Association meetings faded dismally when confronted by the old experienced labor leaders of the Federation. Many a good general has had to capitulate to save his army, and the mine managers should not allow their dignity to stand in the way of reason. It is no disgrace to be upset by a superior foeman, and they may as well crawl down now as two months later.—The Ledge.

LIGHT AND BREEZY.

An old Scotch gravedigger was remonstrated with one day at a funeral for making a serious overcharge for digging a grave. "Well, ye see, sir," said the old man in explanation, making a motion with his thumb toward the grave, "him and me had a bit o' a tift twa or three years syne ower a braw watch I selt him, an' I never been able to get the money out o' him yet. 'Now,' says I to myself, 'this is my last chance, and I'll better tak it.'"

§

Scene: Cabstand near London. Lady distributing tracts, hands one to cabby, who glances at it, hands it back, and says, politely:

"Thank you, lady, but I'm a married man."

Lady, nervously looking at the title and reading, "Abide With Me," hurriedly departs, to the great delight of the cabby.

§

"Tell me," says Larry, "what the Unoited Shtates has iver done for the Oirish."

"A good dale," spoke up Dinny, "she's had her paper money made grane on wan soide."

Verily, verily, it does seem as if christianity, modernized by man, were stepping to hell to waltz time. The church that is up-to-date thinks nothing of taking a hand with the devil at his most popular game. It will not be surprising to see, within the next decade, church services wound up with a dance.

At least forty American lawyers are endeavoring to earn a livelihood in Manila.

ONE DAY.

Some day, some day, you or I alone,
Must look upon the scenes we two have known;
Must tread the self-same paths we two have trod,
And cry in vain to one who is with God,
To lean down from the Silent Realms and say,
"I love you," in the old familiar way.

Some day—and each day, beauteous though it be,
Brings closer that dread hour for you or me,
Fleet-footed Joy, who hurries time along,
Is yet a secret foe who does us wrong,
Speeding us gaily, though he well doth know
Of yonder pathway, where but one may go.

Oh, heart of mine, through all these perfect days,
Whether of white Decembers or green Mays,
There runs a dark thought like a creeping snake,
Or like a black thread, on which by some mistake
Life has strung the pearls of happy years;
A thought which borders all my joy with tears.

Ay, one will go. To go is sweet, I wis—
Yet God must needs invade some special bliss
To make His Paradise seem very dear
To one who goes and leaves the other here,
To sever souls so bound by love and time,
For any one but God would be a crime.

Yet Death will entertain his own, I think;
To one who stays, life gives the gall to drink.
To one who stays, or be it you or me,
There waits the Garden of Gethsemane.
O dark, inevitable and awful day,
When one of us must go and one must stay!

—Pall Mall Magazine.

ABOUT ADVERTISING.

There is good advertising, there is advertising which is poor because it does not bring results, and there is bad advertising which is not only poor advertising but is actually injurious to the business which it is supposed to further.

Under any of these heads there are numerous subdivisions. It is very hard to tell in which class any advertisement belongs until it shall have been tested for a considerable time.

But there are two styles of advertising practiced by retail stores, which stand out in strong contrast from everything else and it is essential that every man consider carefully which class he wishes to use. Here are some of the principal differences between bargain and special sale advertising, and the quiet, modest advertisement which is used day after day.

We use the term bargain advertising not as applying to the legitimate special prices which a store is honestly enabled to occasionally offer, but to that class of advertisements which by using startling announcements and promising some remarkable saving, have as their ultimate object the bringing of people into the store.

Generally some misfortune has happened to some one. The manufacturer, or the shipper, or the buyer has made some mistake for which he must suffer.

This kind of advertising appeals principally to people who think themselves too sharp to be cheated. Their best judgment tells them that such an advertisement is largely a misrepresentation. After the excitement has died away and they realize that they have been bamboozled into paying full value, they very naturally decide never to patronize the store again, and are apt to advise their friends of the deception.

While business is on the rush at such a store there is big profit in it, but there is also a great deal of dissatisfaction among the customers.

There are legitimate reasons arising in the ordinary course of business which occasionally induce a merchant to give unusual values. If his reputation has been spoiled by faky advertising his honest announcement of real bargains will have little weight.

The second style of advertising is much slower in producing results and when the merchant has among his competitors an advertiser of the first sort he is apt to feel that his advertising is not paying. His course is perfectly plain. Continue straightforward talks, taking up each little point which local conditions of trade make possible and offering in each advertisement articles of superior merit and so reasonable in price that they are instantly recognized as being honest bargains. That is all.

Presenting bargains of this kind you will find that people are not dissatisfied, that they will tell their friends that your advertising is truthful. Their repeated coming and continued buying will insure your success

The advertising with a big hurrah brings many people—once. The truthful, straightforward advertising brings less people on the given day but they come time after time and bring their friends with them.

It is no use for the man who has established a reputation as a fakir to attempt the more quiet edvertising. Like the man addicted to cocaine, his only salvation is to continue on the same lines, increasing the dose from time to time until he has exhausted his territory. This result is inevitable.—W. D. Curtis.

TOO MUCH PREACHING.

The following suggestive sentiment is expressed by an exchange: "Preaching is a good thing if it is not overdone. The pulpit has not lost its power nor will it as long as the world stands but it is crippled sometimes by undertaking too much This town is a fair sample. Here there is preaching upon preaching. The result is that the town is put to sleep spiritually, the sermons get thin and the preachers get their brain-pans exhausted. Fewer sermons with more in them would be lighter work for the preacher and more helpful for the congregations.

"The average preacher is expected to prepare two strong, sane and serious sermons for Sunday and a sermonet for Wednesday evening prayer meeting. Then he must do a round of social visiting that is interminable He must conduct funerals and weddings. He must stir up his church officers, keep a look out upon all the organizations of the church, assist all reform movements dine out, go to religious associations and study between times. This sort of business results in blue Mondays for the preacher and sometimes for the people. It is wearing on the nerves and not strengthening to spiritual nature.

"The Sabbath was given as a day of rest. It has been turned into a day of hard work with half a dozen meetings and a big dinner. Between digesting the sermons and the big dinner, attending the services and reading the newspapers, the average religiously inclined citizen is a dishrag on Monday morning. One good, strong, thoughtful, inspiring sermon on each Sabbath morning, a Bible school earlier or in the late afternoon, then if you please, a twilight prayer service, and the Sabbath will be nearer its original intent than under the present hop, skip and jump fashion."

WHEN I HAVE TIME.

When I have time I'll pause and turn aside;
I'll take the narrow way; forsake the wide;
I'll shun the thoroughfares where traffic grinds
Forever and anon.
Where lucre's sheen the soul of mankind blinds,
But drives and shoves him on;
And guides his fingers to his neighbor's purse,
And sinks him to perdition's depths or worse;
I'll quit these scenes, some day—
When I have time.

When I have time, at home I'll spend it more;
I'll kiss the face that greets me at the door;
And by my tired wife I'll take my place,
Her burdens will I share.
I'll smooth her way; I'll banish from her face
The shad'wy clouds of care.
I'll hie me to the byways; the oppressed I'll aid; I'll comfort the distressed.
These things I'll do, and more—
When I have time.

When I have time I'll make my peace with God;
I'll tread the paths that other saints have trod;
I'll take my dusty Bible from its shelf,
And read it through and through.
I'll learn to love my neighbor as myself
(A precept learned by few),
And then, some day, I'll lay me down to rest,
Well satisfied that I have done my best
—Some day: not now; not yet;
When I have time.

—L P. Hext.

WILL GIVE PROTECTION.

In response to a telegraphic enquiry sent by the Kamloops Sentinel as to what steps the government would take to enforce the Alien Labor law in the Slocan and so frustrate the efforts of the Silver-Lead Mine Owners' Association to import cheap foreign labor, Sir Wilfred Laurier wired that the government had not as yet received the detailed information which had been sent forward from the Slocan, but from the tone of Sir Wilfrid's dispatch it is safe to assume that the government will not hesitate to give the Canadian residents of the Slocan the protection they asked for.

CAPELLA LOOKS FINE.

Work on the Capella, on Goat mountain, was resumed last week. What is known as the lower or ruby silver lead was opened up, and it has proven to be something far better than any of the leads yet tapped on this promising group. A tunnel is being driven in on the lead, which is carrying very high-grade ore from the grass roots. In facing-up preparatory to starting in, ore that will yield $200 or $300 was taken out. The lead runs up the hill and has been traced several hundred feet. It is the owners' intention to work all winter, taking out and shipping the ore.—The Ledge.

New Inventions.

Below is a list of new inventions recently patented by various inventors, through the agency of Messrs Marion & Marion, New York Life building, Montreal:

64,555, J. E. Janelle, St. Phillippe de LaPrairie, device for protecting trees from caterpillars; 64,563, Allan H. Tattles, Oneonta, N.Y., nut; 64,539, Joseph Lemire, Drummondville, stump extractor; 632,060, F. Ponton and P. Grenier; Marieville, drain ditching plow; 633,244, L. M. Labelle, St. Jacques l'achigan, fertilizer distributor; 633,204, C. M. Maynard and E. Frederick, Campbellford, Ont., Cycle propelling mechanism; 633,926, A. Tremblay, Arcadia, Oregon, rail joint; 633,800, H. R. Casgrain, of Quebec, carburettor; 633,981, C. I. Bergeron, St. Gregoire, clothes pin.

Since the American occupation over 400 saloons have been opened in Manila alone.

KOOTENAY RAILWAY & NAVIGATION CO.

Operating Kaslo & Slocan Railway, International Navigation & Trading Company.

KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY.
Schedule of Time. Pacific Standard —Time—

Passenger train for Sandon and way stations leaves Kaslo at 8:00 a m. daily, returning, leaves Sandon at 1:15 p. m., arriving at aslo at 3:55 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING CO., operating on Kootenay Lake and River.

S. S. INTERNATIONAL.

Leaves Kaslo for Nelson at 6:00 a. m., daily except Sunday. Returning leaves Nelson at 4:30 p. m., calling at Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and all way points.

Connections with S. F. & N. train to and from Spokane at Five Mile Point; also with str. Alberta to and from Bonner's Ferry, Idaho.

S. S. ALBERTA.

Leaves Nelson for Bonner's Ferry, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a m., connecting with steamer International from Kaslo at Pilot Bay. Returning leaves Bonner's Ferry at 7:00 a. m., Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays, connecting with str. International for Kaslo, Lardo and Argenta. Direct connections made at Bonner's Ferry with Great Northern Railway for all points east and west.

LARDO-DUNCAN DIVISION.

Steamer International leaves Kaslo for Lardo and Argenta at 8:45 p. m. Wednesdays and Fridays. Steamer Alberta leaves Kaslo for Lardo and Argenta at 8 p.m. Sundays.

Steamers call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points wher signalled.

Tickets sold to all points in Canada and the United Statas. To ascertain rates and full information, address—

ROBERT IRVING, Manager.
S. CAMPBELL, Kaslo, B. C.
Freight and Ticket Agt., Sandon.

MINING RECORDS

The following is a complete list of the mining transactions recorded during the week in the several mining divisions of the Slocan. Those of New Denver were as follows:—

LOCATIONS.

Nov 3—Night Hawk, nr Rosebery, J H McAulay.

4—Mother Hingly, McGuigan basin, J C Ryan.

6—Number One, Noble Five mt, J A Whittier. Number Two, same, same. Seattle Fraction, near Bear Lake, W. Flager. Nonpareil Fraction, same, W C McLean.

7—Central, on Carpenter creek, G H Main. Black Hawk Fraction, Noble Five mt, F C Baker. Single Tax, near Cody, J B Huey.

10—Sunset, Kaslo road, H Anderson. Four Mile, Four Mile cr, F Liebscher.

ASSESSMENTS.

Nov 1—Speculator, Elk, Consolidated, Virginia. 2—Turris, Chambers, Wellington, Jay Gould, Eureka, L H C. 3—Far Away. 6—Edna Kate and No 3 Fractions. 8—Marco Polo, Drumlummon, Home Stake. 9—Rico, Royal City, Royal City Fraction, and Texas Boy Fraction, all for 3 years, Chico. 10—Mikado Fraction, Alice, Sunrise No 6. 11—Concord, Boston. 13—Mollie.

TRANSFERS.

Oct 23—Oom Paul ½, W H Brandon to C Kloffer, Oct 23.

Golden Chariot and Willard ⅓, M E Bragdon to D F Burk, Sept 9.

Gibraltar all, E M Quirk to W P Dickson, Oct 3.

Cliff Extension ¼, P Daly to M R W Rathborne, Sept 20; $140.

Chicago No 2 1-16, F P O'Neill to B Goodwin, Oct 12; $1125.

Cody and Joker Fractions 5-24, F H Lantz to John McQuillan, Oct 11.

27—Deception, Lone Star and Colonel Sellers ¼, L H 608-1000, W Hunter to J Tinling.

30—L D Fraction ½, C Freeman to J Wilson.

Same ¼, same to L W Toms.

Cawnpore Fraction all, E Harrop to C Gates, Sept 26.

Iselin all, E M Sandilands to C H Thompson, Oct 16.

Mowitch all, A E Fauquier to J H Moran, Oct 30.

Nov 2—Rustler, all, Frank Watson to W W Spink, July 4.

8—Tramp Planet, all, C Dart to A S Farwell, Nov 6.

Brunswick 1-6, W H Robertson to H Wilson, Oct 21.

9—Chico ½, James O'Brien to John Brinen, April 3; $50.

11—Mountain Scenery and Continual 1-16, J C Butler to H C Wheeler and F Liebscher, Oct 31.

Mineral King ¾, Mary Mackay to J Sheridan, May 22.

13—Emma No 2 ¼, H D McDonald to T H Hoben, May 30.

Grand View all, J M Kelly to F T Kelly, Oct 3.

Willard, 1-6 each, G M Willard and P Perkins to J G Gordon, Oct 4; $150.

Willard ⅓, J G Gordon to D F Burke, Nov 11.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

Oct 23—M E Bragdon to James Bowes, July 19.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Oct 24—Centaur, Eagle Fraction, Midnight, Iron Clad, Emily Edith Fraction, Eagle, Irene Fraction.

28—St Charles.

SLOCAN CITY DIVISION.

LOCATIONS.

Nov 1—Shannon, Robson cr, J A McKinnon.

Guy Mannering, 4th s f Lemon, C E Miller. Annie Mac, Twelve Mile, Walter Clough.

4—White Star, bet Springer and Lemon cr, J T Beauchesne. 404, reloc Olympia, Mrs T Sloan. Copper, reloc Topaz, J A Anderson.

6—Black Jack, Springer cr, Fred Clement.

8—Silver Plate, Dayton creek, J T Tipping.

9—Zoe, reloc Lode, A E Rothermel.

11—Argo, reloc Arena, P Nolan.

ASSESSMENTS.

Nov 1—Legal Tender No 3. 2—Carson. 3—Bonanza. 7—Louise Fraction. 8—Snow Bird.

CERTIFICATES OF IMPROVEMENT.

Nov 2—Erin.

TRANSFERS.

Nov 7—Black Cloud ⅓, E M Brindle to P W Ellis.

Golden Belt ¼, J B Thompson to Chas Faas.

9—I and U ½ J Anderson to J Woodcock.

10—Biwabick 2-9, J A Powers to Wm Hunter.

11—Saddle Rock and Gold Crown, all, B F McNaught to N F McNaught; $5000.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

Nov 11—B F McNaught to N F McNaught, to Saddle Rock and Gold Crown claims.

AINSWORTH DIVISION.

LOCATIONS.

Oct 11—Ainslie, Bear Trap cr, J A Mitchell. Happy Thought, same, J B Anderson.

12—May, John, Puddingbowl cr, J M Anderson.

16—Lakeview, Houser lake, A E Doucet. Chiefton, same, W Leavell. Gordon, same, Jno Chapman.

17—Jay, Bear Trap cr, L Hagglund

20—Redemption, Blue Ridge, N F Mackay. Kaslo, Meadow cr, A Campbell, A W Palmer, F E King, Geo M Gilbert. Central, same.

23—B C fr, nr London m c, John Bassett.

28—Copper Queen, Alice, Davis cr, H D Curtis. Eva, Cedar cr, J F Westby. Duncan, American river, Guss Leaf.

30—Examiner, Goat cr, W Enanlse.

31—Mascot, Goat cr, A O Rebel. Marguerite, Kaslo cr, A O Rebel.

Nov 1—Montezuma fr, Hot Springs Camp, F E Perry. Bertha fr, Camp Mansfield, E Mansfield.

ASSESSMENTS.

Oct 18—Kitchener, Ottawa, Mountain Goat. 20—Blue Bird, St John, Boss, Black Diamond, Bright Hope, Truant 21—Morning. 23—Hidden Treasure. 24—Crown Point, Sand and Sinco, Opher No 3. 27—Sailor Boy, Salute, Bob Reid, Gem fr. 28—Chieftain, Little Johnny, Alma fr. 30—Superior. 31—Mona fr, Riverside. Nov 1—Free Silver, Ida C fr.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Oct 30—Phoenix to Mahoney & Adams. Daisy, California and Black Fox to Jas Dunsmuir.

TRANSFERS.

Oct 18—Lucky Strike, ½, H Allen to R Stewart, $200.

20—Truant and Bright Hope, ⅛ each, Thos Workman to Alec Grant, $500.

24—Mountain Rose, ½, Jas Anderson to Wm Black.

25—Hazel, H Williams to Hazel Mining and Development Co.

26—Climax, ⅛, A O Mooers to W P Dickson, $111.75.

28—Old Mock, A Erickson to A C Van Markeake.

True Blue and Peacock, ½, M A Stephenson to Mrs Maggie Stephenson.

Dunean, ½, G Leaf to Chas Grant.

30—Multonah, F T Aitkins to R Heddle.

31—Mona, R Green to Excelsior Gold Mines B C Ltd.

Nov 1—Laura F, A D Westby to J B Townsend.

Treadwell, W H Crawford to C Plowman, $1,500.

John A, R R McFarlane to C Plowman, $950.

PRODUCTION OF COPPER.

Half a century ago the north shore of Lake Superior was an important mining section, and produced great quantities of copper. Appearances indicate that the region will again rank as a large producer of copper. The Parry Sound district is also coming to the front, and while copper mining there is as yet in its initial stages the indications are most favorable. The demand for the metal is almost unlimited. During the first six months of 1899 the output of copper in the United States reached the total of 124,487 tons, or an average of 20,748 tons per month. The mines in Europe within the same period have produced a total of 43,629 tons. In Europe, notwithstanding the bulk produced since January 1, the entire stock of copper does not exceed 16,000 tons. Within five years the price of copper has advanced from 10 cents to 18½ and 19 cents per pound. In 1891 copper was produced from the best mines and delivered in New York at about 8 cents a pound Today the cost of production and delivery is near to 6 cents per pound. The constantly increasing use of copper in electric devices and appliances of every sort has swelled the demand for the metal wherever electricity is being introduced. Since 1894 the demand has increased 50 per cent. Previous to that date there was an annual increase in production of about 10 per cent., but thence forward it has averaged a fraction less than 4 per cent. Meanwhile the demand from abroad has been constantly augmented, and since January 1, 63,420 tons of copper have been exported from America.

Want to Follow the Dip.

Application was made before Judge Forin of Nelson last week by the defendants in the case of Braden vs. the American Boy Mining Company, for security for costs. The order was made. This is a case in which Braden, as owner of the Treasure Vault mineral claim, is seeking to set aside the crown grant to the American Boy mineral claim and restrain that company from working the American Boy vein, the apex of which it is claimed is on the Treasure Vault ground. The Treasure Vault is an 1891 location, and under the Mineral Act of that year its owners have the right to follow the dip of any veins that may have their apex within the side lines of their ground.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

Pi is the name of the editor of the Mensajero Catolico.

Daily concerts are to be given by the governor's band in Guam.

Traces of gold have been found in the province of Puerto Principe.

Five Havana newspapers advocate annexation to the United States.

The Havana Advertiser says that what the city most needs is a S.P.C.A.

At least forty American lawyers are endeavoring to earn a livelihood in Manila.

Since the American occupation over 400 saloons have been opened in Manila alone

Half a dozen American women are earning a living as stenographers in Havana.

Saloonkeepers complain because they cannot sell liquor to private soldiers in Cuba.

Nine-tenths of the islanders at Guam can read and write, and it is reported they are rapidly learning English

Paymasters and commissariat officials of the German army receive special training in examining the quality of food supplied to the army.

Got off easily—"When I asked for a rise, I told my employer I had grown grey in his service." "What did he say?" "He said if I had worked anywhere else I probably would have got bald."

Baseball games are played daily in Havana.

SANDON BOTTLING CO

M. W. DAY, Proprietor.

—Manufacturer of all—

Kinds of CARBONATED DRINKS

Syphons, Ginger Ale,

Sarsaparilla, Etc., Etc.

Sandon, B.C.

Patronize home industry when you want the best

P. BURNS,

DEALER IN

MEATS

AT

SANDON, ROSSLAND, NELSON, KASLO, PILOT BAY

THREE FORKS, SLOCAN CITY.

ONTARIO'S FOOL POLICY.

Locking Up its Mineral Resources for the Benefit rf Foreigners.

One example of how Ontario's mining laws work out is furnished by the Mining Gazette.

Speaking of the Canada Copper Company, an Ohio corporation in which several Standard Oil millionaires are heavily interested, it says:

"Every acre of nickel land on which they could get an option has been optioned and locked up. What they could not option or secure an interest in has been purchased outright and locked up, and so to-day they control some 30,000 acres of the most valuable mineral lands in the world, work a mere fraction thereof, avowedly for the benefit of American workmen in American smelters, to whom they pay $3.50 in wages for every $1 spent in Canada, and hold the balance, not for any useful purpose, but simply to prevent home or other capitalists from interfering with the valuable monopoly they hold, and the payment of 70 per cent dividends."

When it comes to a matter of mining policy, there are more fools to the square inch in the Ontario government than in any lunatic asylum on earth.

Joe Tyrell to Explore Slave Lake Country.

J. W. Tyrell, the well-known explorer, who has probably travelled through more miles of wilderness than any other living man, has been chosen by the Dominion Government to explore the unknown Keewatin district, to the east of Slave Lake, in the North-West Territories, as far as Chesterfield Inlet on the Hudson Bay. A few years ago Mr Tyrell explored the region north from Lake Athabasca to Chesterfield Inlet, and the result of his labors was of great value to the Government. As far back as 1834 Sir George Back explored to the east of the Great Slave Lake, but stopped there on his march eastward, so that there is an open field for Mr. Tyrell's investigations. Mr. Tyrell will leave Edmonton about January 1, and expects to reach Fort Resolution late in March. He will be accompanied by the Rev. Archdeacon Lofthouse of Fort Churchill, and Mr. Fairchild of Simcoe. He will be away eight or ten months.

To Run Automobiles on the Cariboo Road.

There is now being built at Messrs. Armstrong & Morrison's iron works, Vancover, a motor-car stage coach, which will run on the Ashcroft-Cariboo road. The coach or automobile will be in readiness by the early spring, and will prove a great boon to miners and the travelling public generally. For years back travel from Ashcroft to Cariboo has been not only a slow journey, but decidedly tiresome. With the automobile the distance will be covered in one-half the time.

An American company is applying for incorporation at the next session of the Local legislature for the purpose of building a road into the Omineca district, on which automobiles will be used both for passengers and freight.

The latest Ottawa despatches indicate that the Dominion parliament will be called together at a much earlier date than usual.

Hon. Jos. Martin is mentioned as a probable candidate for Saskatchewan at the next Dominion elections.

The Ottawa government is considering the advisability of leasing the line of the Atlantic & Lake Superior railway, and granting assistance to the Paspebiac terminns.

CHURCH NOTICES.

METHODIST CHURCH:—

Rev. A. M. Sanford, B. A., Pastor.

Regular services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30. p m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH:—

Divine service will be held in Virginia Hall at 7:30 p. m. Rev J. A. Cleland, Minister.

MINERS' HOTEL

WATERLAND & WESTERBERG
Proprietors.

SANDON, B. C.

Headquarters for Miners.
Well stocked bar in connection.
First class accommodations. Board by the lay or week.

M. L. GRIMMETT.
L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Pnblic, Etc.

SANDON, - - B. C.

F. L. CHRISTIE, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.
Notary Public.
SANDON, B. C.

Established 1895.

E. M. SANDILANDS.
Slocan Mines.
SANDON, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Mining Stocks bought and Sold. General Agent for Slocan Properties. Promising Prospects For Sale.

HAMMOND BROS. CO., Ltd,
SANDON.
PACKERS and FORWARDERS

Sleighs, Cutters, Teams and Saddle Horses for Hire.

The Strike

Has not affected the Job Department of THE PAYSTREAK. Our Mechanics are steadily employed, turning out work in large installments. A heavy Consignment of Fine Stationeay has been added to our already Large Shock, and we are now prepared to fill any order, large or small. for COMMERCIAL JOB PRINTING.

SANDON MINERS' UNION
[Western Federation of Miners.]

Meets every Saturday Evening at 8 o'clock in Miners' Union Hall.

Pres, GEO. SMITH.
Vice-Pres, HOWARD THOMPSON.
Fin Sec, W. L. HAGLER.

SANDON MINERS' UNION
Ho spial.

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

Subscribers, $1.00 per month. Private Patients $2.00 per day, exclusive of expense of physician or surgeon and drugs.

J. D. MCLAUGHLIN, President.
W. L. HAGLER, Secretary.
DR. W. E. GOMM, Attendant Physician.
MISS S. M. CHISHOLM, Matron.
GRANT COX, WM. DONAHUE. J. V. MARTIN, WM. GARBITP and P. H. MURPHY, Management Committee.

A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communication of ALTA LODGE, U. D., held first Thursday in each Month, in Masonic Hall, Sandon, at 8 P. M. Sojourning brethern cordially invited.

W. H. LILLY,
Secretary.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY AND SOO LINE.

DAILY DAILY

The Direct Route From
KOOTENAY COUNTRY
To All Points

EAST WEST

First Clas Sleepers on all Trains from REVELSTOKE & KOOTENAY LANDING.

Tourist Cars pass Medicine Hat Daily for ST. PAUL. Sundays and Wednesdays for TORONTO, Fridays for MONTREAL and BOSTON. Same cars pass Revelstoke one day earlier.

DAILY TRAIN
8:00 Lv. SANDON Arr. 16:30

CONNECTIONS.
Daily to Points Reached via. Nakusp.
Daily except Sunday to Points reached via Rosebery and Slocan City.

Tickets Issued Through and Baggage Checked to Destination.

S. A. COURTNEY,
Agent, Sandon.

E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. Agt., Vancouver,
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Be sure that your ticket reads via the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

THE VOTERS' LIST.

How the Kootenaian Sizes it Up.

The Kootenaian says: The voters list of the Slocan Riding as closed in June, 1898, contained 1505 names. At the revision of November 6, 1899, there were added 427 names, making a total of 1932. The old list contained the names of 550 miners, the names added were 166, making a total of 716 miners and 1216 of other occupations. The residence of the miners is given as follows:

Kaslo, 167; Ainsworth, 75; New Denver, 49; Sandon 115; Three Forks, 70; Silverton 69; Whitewater, 64; Slocan City, 63; Deer Park, 16; Pilot Bay, 6; Duncan City, 6; Rosebery, 3; Argenta, 3; Balfour, 4; total 716.

As no names have ever been removed from the list it is safe to assume that of the total of 1932 names not more thon 1500 are of men now living in the Riding. Of the absentees more than a pro rata are miners, so that it may be assumed that there are about 500 miners in the Riding who are voters. As the Riding has been, prior to the recent revision, thoroughly cavassed by J. D. Maore, inspector of roads and tlails, on behalf of the government party, and by W. J. Twiss on behalf of the opposition, it is pretty certain that the list is now fairly up to date.

How the Tribune Sees It.

(Nelson Tribune.)

With the War Eagle mine at Rossland increasing its output, which will increase the size or the frequency of its dividends and the Payne mine at Sandon standing idle, its owners hunting for lawyers to attack the validity of the law under which the War Eagle is being worked successfully, is an object lesson well worth the consideration of thinking people. Surely a law that is not retarding the working of dividend-paying mines cannot work harm to mines like the Payne and Last Chance and the Slocan Star in the Slocan, mines whose owners have made fortunes out of them without any financial risk.

Manitoba Election to take Place in December.

Winnipeg, November 16.—The writ for the Manitoba provincial elections was issued today. Nominations take place on November 30th: polling on December 7th. Many eastern politicans are expected here shortly to take part in the fight.

The following appointment is announced in the current number of the B, C. Gazette:

William John Gopel, Nelson, Inspector of Offices, to perform the duties of the undermentioned offices during the absence upon leave of John A. Turner, S. M., namely: Gold Commissioner for the Nelson, Ainsworth, Arrow Lake and Goat River mining division of the West Kootenay Electoral District; Government Agent; Assistant Commissioner of Lands and works; Judge of the Court of Revision and Appeal under the Assessment Act, and to receive applications for registration and record under the Land Registry act, for the Nelson Division of West Kootenay: such appointment to take effect on November 16th.

SILVER-ZINC-LEA ORES.

THE HOEPFNER REFINING COMPANY, Hamilton, Ontario, are prepared to pay cash for ores containing high percentages of lead and zinc, and will be pleased to have samples and prices forwarded them at Hamilton.

Laboring Men Attention.

Beware of all agents and advertisements for the employment of men in the Slocan country.

The trouble between Miners and Mine Owners is not yet settled, and you are requested to stay away. You will be duly notified when matters are adjusted.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
Sandon Miners' Union.

The FILBERT CIGAR Store

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes,
Smokers' Sundries.
Cards and Chips.

JAS. WILLIAMSON.

Hamilton Watches

Are the best for Hard Service, being the favorite Railroad Watch of North America, largely taking the place of other watches where accurate time is required. The Jewels in these Wstches are Jewels, not imitation, and set in Gold. The Higher Grades have Sapphire Pallets. Everything that goes to make the finest Timekeeper is to be found in these Watches.

Seventeen Jewel Grades from $20 to $55. Twenty-one Jewels from $40 to $60. Call and see them.

I also handle the famous Hampden Watch. I state only facts and can back up every assertion made.

G. W. GRIMMETT.
Jeweller and Optician

Gales' Barber Shop and Bath House, The Best In Slocan.

RECO AVE. SANDON.

FREE LUNCH AT THE FILBERT TO-NIGHT.

A Snap Shot

In spite of the quiet times, the "Old Time Grocery Firm" of

H. GIEGERICH

Is kept busy in selling and shipping goods.

Fine Groceries by the carload arriving and more on the way. Fine fresh Vegetables of all kinds. Fresh cooking and eating apples from Ontario and Washington orchards. Car of Hams and Bacon just in, all of Swift & Co,'s famed brands. Other toothsome delicacies on the shelves and arriving. Step in see for yourself.

STOVES! STOVES!

WE HAVE THE FINEST LINE OF

Coal Heaters

EVER DISPLAYED IN SANDON.

Sole Agents for The Famous **Cole's Hot Blast Heater.**

Our claims for this Heater are that it is adapted to any kind of coal, CROW'S NEST, LETHBRIDGE, or ANTHRACITE, burning all kinds equally well. Kindly call and inspect our lines.

H. BYERS & Co.

Donaldson's Rheumatic Cure.

It has Cured Others,
It Will Cure You.

F. J. DONALDSON, DRUGGIST.
RECO AVENUE, SANDON, B C.

Folliott & McMillan.

Contractors and Builders.
Dealers in Dressed and Rough Lumber.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, etc., Made to Order at Lowest Possible Prices. Mine and Dimension Timber always in Stock. Plans, Estimates and Specifications furnished for all Classes of Building.

SHOPS OPPOSITE C. P. R. FREIGHT SHED.
RAILROAD AVE. - - - - SANDON.

The Gardens Of Ceylon

Supply the

BEST TEA OBTAINABLE

And You Can Get It In

HONDI CEYLON TEA

From **Stein Bros.,**
Sandon.