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THE LEADING WEEKLY NEWSPAPER OF NORTHERN BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Omineca Miner

VOL. VI, NO. 28 HAZELTON, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1917 PRICE $2.00 A YEAR

PATRIOTIC FUND REPORT

Hazelton's Contributions Will be Kept Up to Present Standard

A general meeting of Hazelton branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund was held in the courtroom last evening. Government Agent Hoskins, as district treasurer, was in the chair and gave a comprehensive report on the activities of the local committee during the last year. It was shown that contributions to the fund had been on a generous scale, over $4000 having been paid in by the people of Hazelton and immediate vicinity, while subscriptions for the current year gave promise of maintaining the record. After an interesting discussion of the report, which was received with favor, the following were elected to serve with the district treasurer on the local committee for the current year: J. E. Kirby, R. E. Allen, J. K. Frost, J. R. Barker, S. J. Martin, J.G. Powell. The meeting closed with expressions of thanks to the officers and committee for the past year.

Red Cross Work

The executive of the Red Cross held its regular monthly meeting on Monday, when a very satisfactory report was heard.

A case of socks, consisting of 96 pairs, in assorted sizes, is ready for shipment. The appeal for socks is still being made, and it is hoped that another case will be ready shortly.

The membership list now contains 94 names, of which two are life members.

Cash donations for the month were $35. A remittance of $100 was ordered sent to headquarters.

Local Firm Branching Out

Ruddy & MacKay have extended their business by taking over the hotel and store at Skeena Crossing from the B. R. Jones Co., Ltd. Having large freight contracts to handle at the bridge town, the local contractors found it advisable to take this step in order to provide accomodation for their employees. They expect the Crossing to develop into an important point as mining operations are extended.

The food restrictions passed by the government will not affect B.C. salmon. Shipment for military purposes will be continued as formerly.

Four American consuls are being detained in Germany, while the Berlin government awaits advices that all German consuls in the United States have been allowed to leave.

St. Paul: A large number of German-Americans, constituting one fourth of the Minnesota national guard, are under suspicion, following the arrest of a German private for treason.

WILL ARM MERCHANT VESSELS

U. S. GUNS TO STAND OFF HUN SUBMARINES--- CRITICAL SITUATION CONFRONTS BRITAIN

London: There is no news of importance from any of the theaters of war today.

Washington: President Wilson today announced his decision to arm American ships immediately, for the purpose of protecting the lives and property of Americans on the high seas. Simultaneously he issued a call for an extra session of congress, to begin April 16, to render the support he needs in all matters collateral to the defence of the U. S. merchant marine,

Henceforth the government's steps will be more secret. The names of the vessels to be armed will not be made public. The president does not state whether the government will furnish gunners as well as guns to merchant ships. This will probably be disclosed soon by Secretary Daniels.

The president was ordered by his physician to remain in bed today.

Senator Stone refuses to resign his chairmanship of the foreign relations committee. His deposition might cause a split in the Democratic ranks.

London: British complacency endured a series of severe shocks yesterday. The Dardanelles report showed that the late government had entered in haphazard fashion upon the costly adventure of Gallipoli; the Irish Nationalists appeal to another tribunal consisting of the American president and the overseas premiers, and Sir Edward Carson hinted at possible famine. All three came at a psychological moment, as dissatisfaction has been growing rapidly, although criticism of the present government is still restrained. The Northcliffe press is silent and the premier's course may not be upheld by the Times and Mail.

There is great unrest in Lancashire over the imposition of a tax on cotton goods.

Amsterdam: The Germans are facing a food famine. A ministerial speech blames the Almighty because crops were below the official estimate. The situation is admittedly serious.

Count Zeppelin is dead. Germany will continue the building of his airships.

Ottawa: Britain may purchase Canada's surplus wheat en bloc, for war purposes.

A large demand for war scrip continues. Four million dollars in war certificates have been issued.

Tokio: China favors an open rupture with Germany, which would give her an opportunity to revise her treaties and escape payment of the heavy Boxer indemity. Such a move would give the Chinese a prestige they have long sought. Japan is non-committal on the subject.

London: The Labor party is uneasy, fearing that industrial conscription is coming in Britain.

Washington: The U. S. has placed 400 marines in Santiago, to protect property and keep order.

A Shamrock Tea

To celebrate St. Patrick's Day, which comes on Saturday next, the ladies of the W.A. are giving a tea for the benefit of the Soldiers' Aid in St. Andrew's Hall from 3 to 5 p.m.

The ladies of the town and surrounding district, members and others, are invited to assist by sending refreshments, and are requested to hand in their gifts in the morning of the 17th, between 10:30 and 11:30, or in the afternoon, at St. Andrew's Hall.

A charge of 25 cents will be made. Come and bring your friends. Don't forget the date, Saturday, March 17.

Soldiers' Aid Dance

A dance for the benefit of the Soldiers' Aid will be given in Assembly Hall on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17. All are invited to attend and enjoy themselves while helping in the good cause.

Capital and labor in England have agreed to observe an industrial truce after the war and all the great industrial plants of Great Britain will be utilized to regain the nation's place in the markets of the world and possibly attain new supremacy.

NEWS OF OUR BOYS IN KHAKI

Writing from the 2nd Southern General Hospital, Southmead, Bristol, England, Colin Munro, in a letter to James Latham, says he is beginning to feel like himself, and while his arm is still weak, he hopes to regain its use. Speaking of the Red Cross, he says "It sure is a great organization, and anyone who helps the cause, in any part of the Empire, is doing his bit. It gives the boys heart to go into it when they know if they fall there is someone to fix them up. You will see it at the front as well as in the hospitals, and every penny you people in Canada add to it helps some poor devil of a Canadian that's far from home.".

Hopes for the safety of Harold Findlay, who has been on the missing list since the taking of Regina trench, have been dispelled. Jack Frost has received word from his comrades of the 16th that Findlay was with the center, which reached the objective, and was mortally wounded by a grenade. The flanks were unable to come up, and when the center retired Findlay could not be taken back. Next day the trench was finally taken, but Findlay was not reported among the wounded.

Lance-corp. Harry James, writing to "Cap" Hood, states that George McKay is still in hospital, his left arm being paralyzed by his wound. George Rex is in hospital with rheumatic fever. Roy Clothier has recovered from his wounds, and has been recommended for a commission. The other Hazelton men in the 1st Pioneers were all right when the letter was written.

Sergt. J. W. Campbell, formerly of the Hudson's Bay staff and a member of Hazelton Rifle Association, is now news editor of the Listening Post, one of the brightest and best-known trench papers.

W. A.

The ladies of the W.A. will meet at the Mission House next Thursday afternoon, March 15, at three o'clock.

The third Canadian war loan of $150,000,000, will be launched on Monday.

London: Premier Borden and his colleagues are visiting the battlefront in France. They will return to London on Monday.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHS

Items Of General Interest From Hazelton and Surrounding District

A. Aaron, of Edmonton, was in town this week.

Don't forget the Soldiers' Aid Dance, March 17.

Edgar Harris is visiting relatives in Vancouver.

J. S. Bagg, of Skeena Crossing, was here on Tuesday.

C. H. Keithly came up from Rupert on Wednesday.

Jas. MacKay spent the week-end at Skeena Crossing.

J. F. Maguire is expected back from Vancouver tonight.

A. W. Healy, of Prince Rupert, was here during the week.

D. E. Carroll, of Smithers, was among the week's visitors here.

J. O'Shea returned on Wednesday from a business trip to Port Essington.

Dr. Maclean brought a patient from Smithers to the Hospital on Tuesday.

Wm. Grant returned on Wednesday from a business trip to Skeena Crossing.

It is reported that the Carroll property, on Hudson Bay mountain has been taken over by Calgary capitalists.

George Beirnes' ore freighting outfit was brought up from Pacific on Tuesday, the Price contract having been completed.

The sale of the Emerald and Grandview groups, in the Sibola district, is reported. These properties are owned, in part, by local men.

Robert Fornace, a colored man, was brought from Vanderhoof on Tuesday by Constable Wood for medical attention, but died on the following day.

H. D. Cameron returned from Edmonton on Thursday. This evening he will go up to Lake Kathlyn to inspect the workings on the Lone Star group, which is being operated by himself and his associates.

A general meeting of Hazelton Progress Club will be held on Tuesday evening at 8, in the rooms of the Club. All members and citizens generally are requested to attend. Important business will be taken up.

Lieut. A Berner, of the 223rd Canadian Scandinavians, is here recruiting for the British Columbia platoon which is to be added to his corps. The platoon will be mobilized in Vancouver and will then join the battalion at Portage la Prairie.

Coming Events

March 13—General Meeting of Hazelton Progress Club, 8 p.m.

March 15—W. A. Meeting, Mission House, 3 p.m.

March 17—W. A. Afternoon Tea. Dance in Evening for Soldiers' Aid.

The Omineca Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT HAZELTON, THE CENTER OF THE GREAT OMINECA DISTRICT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A. R. Macdonald, Publisher and Proprietor.

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VOL. VI. SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1917 NO. 28

One of the most interesting and valuable publications yet issued by the provincial mines department has just come to hand, in the report of John D. Galloway, assistant mineralogist, on the Hazelton-Telkwa district. This bulletin shows how, from small beginnings in 1913, when the mineral production of this district was barely $40,000, shipments have increased to the considerable figure of $579,676 for 1916. Mr. Galloway says:

"Mining in this district now seems to be in a healthy condition and promises well for the future. It is true that as yet there are only two important shippers—the Rocher de Boule and the Silver Standard—but the encouraging thing is that development work is being carried out in many places, and the writer has no hesitation in expressing his conviction that many of these properties now being developed will eventually become productive mines.

"As a rule the ore-bodies in this district may be considered as small bodies of medium to high-grade ore as distinguished from the large low-grade ore-bodies found in other parts of the province. For this reason this section should prove attractive to small mining syndicates and individual operators, as such large amounts of capital are not required as in developing and equipping low-grade mines. At the same time it may be pointed out that any form of mining is an expensive business and that even a small mine requires quite an initial outlay. A prospect which gives promise of developing into a small high-grade mine can usually be tested out with a small expenditure, and in such a case, if successful, returns on the investment come quickly.

"The writer would like to reiterate and to emphasize that this district contains a vast area which is as yet virtually unprospected, and which can be classed as a distinctly promising field for exploration. The whole Babine range, which has not been much prospected as yet, would seem to be a likely section in which to find mineral in paying quantities. A large tract of country which should be a likely field for prospecting lies in the "big loop" of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway from Copper City to Telkwa. This territory is drained by the Zymoetz, Kitsequekla and Telkwa rivers and many smaller streams; the country adjacent to these rivers has been run over, but much still remains back from the main streams which has scarcely been looked at.

"In the mountains on both sides of the Skeena river below Pacific station the rocks of the Kitselas series are of frequent occurrence. In this formation many showings of copper ore have been discovered, but as a rule they are irregular and not continuous. It is possible, though, that some of these may later be shown to have enough copper minerals disseminated through a large area of rock-matter to constitute a large low-grade ore-body."

CANADA'S MINES FOR CANADIANS

In an informative address before the Vancouver Chamber of Mines the other day, Alexander Sharp, M.E., stated that American capitalists were eager to acquire copper areas in British Columbia and said that one company had already secured thirty square miles of copper area, another 152 mineral claims direct and indirect, because they, the Americans, realize that there will not be a slump in copper after the war as they believe that the industries of peace must continue to use copper in great quantities.

"But I hope," continued the speaker, "that Canada will wake up before it is too late and guard against what will probably become the greatest copper area in the world, the Canadian Rocky Mountain Belt, 1600 miles long by 400 miles wide, being controlled entirely by outside capital.

"I have no objection," he added, "to American companies mining in British Columbia, or any other part of Canada, as no more large-hearted companies ever mined in any land than the American companies at present mining here. But, nevertheless, I warn the Canadian people, especially the governments, of these happenings, and if they already know, then they don't appear to realize the full significance and ultimate effect it will have upon the province, Dominion and Empire. A foreign nation, however friendly, in control of our mining and metallurgical industry would be a serious national blunder."

The speaker then stated that "with the exception of the Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, with smelter at Trail, and mines at Rossland and elsewhere, all the important producers of copper and copper ore in British Columbia are controlled by United States capital. That is to say, only about 10 per cent of the copper production of the province—indeed the whole of Canada—is home-controlled."

A remedy for this condition has to be found, said Mr. Sharp. He added that if a little closer attention was paid to Canadian lode mining by those in authority the number of successful developments in the country would have been much greater. He stated that scores of small companies were forced to sell out or close down because conditions were against them. They were liable to many smelter deductions and excessive charges for marketing and consequently did not get adequate remuneration for their work. But in Australia foreign nations are having a hard time to retain their interests in the mining metallurgy of the Commonwealth, because Premier Hughes is making it possible for the small capitalist to mine in that country.

"The government of Australia" continued Mr. Sharp, "in order to encourage greater mining efforts and to make the Australian companies less dependent on outside help, lately organized the ore shippers into a corporation of Associated Smelters Limited, with only shippers being eligible for membership. The small companies, unable to contribute financially, are admitted on exactly the same terms in regard to smelting and refining as the most important members, the charges being the actual cost over a stated period.

"Many mines as great, if not greater, than those now being operated, will yet be discovered in this country. Some doubtless are now being opened up and others are yet to be discovered by Canadian prospectors, recommended to local companies by Canadian engineers. I would urge the leaders of our country to follow the example set by Premier Hughes and and the government of Australia. Then one Canadian company after another would be added to the list of shippers until we would be mining and refining all the metals required within the Empire. Then Canada would become a world power—would be in a position to write a declaration of industrial independence."

Three-quarters of a million dollars have been advanced so far to farmers of the province under the agricultural credits act which was initiated last year.

The Australian government goes out of office on June 30. Anzac soldiers will vote at the front. All aliens will be barred from the polls.

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YOU CAN AT LEAST
STAND BEHIND THE MAN WHO FIGHTS FOR YOU !

THE CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

Which assists the wives and families of Canada's gallant soldiers, requires millions of dollars to keep the soldiers' home fires burning.

District Treasurer: Stephen H. Hoskins, Government Agent

Hazelton Committee:

J. E. Kirby, H. H. Little, R.E. Allen, J. Naylor, Wm. Ware and C. V. Smith. Monthly Subscriptions are Solicited

THE CANADIAN RED CROSS

The Hazelton Branch requests the support of all in its efforts to assist in the noble work of this great humanitarian organization.

Honorary Presidents: Mrs. (Rev.) John Field; Mrs. (Rev.) W. Hogan

Chairman: Dr. H. C. Wrinch

Vice-Presidents: S. H. Hoskins; Mrs. E. R. Cox; W. J. Carr

Honorary Secretary: Miss J. C. Grant

Honorary Treasurer: H. H. Little, Manager Union Bank

Executive Committee:

Mrs. H. C. Wrinch, Mrs. R. G. Moseley, Mrs. Chas. Reid, Miss Hogan, Rev. John Field, Rev. M. Pike, H. H. Phillips

Large or Small Contributions will be Gratefully Received

SOLDIERS' AID & EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE

Endeavors to supply soldiers from Hazelton district with such comforts and necessities as cannot be readily obtained at the front, and will assist them to re-establish themselves in civil life when they return. The Committee is acting in co-operation with the Provincial Returned Soldiers' Commission and the Military Hospitals Commission

Contributions to the Soldiers' Aid Tobacco Fund are Welcome

Chairman: A. R. Macdonald

Honorary Secretary-Treasurer: R.E. Allen, District Forester

S. H. Hoskins, A. E. Player, Wm. Ware, Jos. Naylor, H. H. Little, J. K. Frost, F. B. Chettleburgh

SOME CAN FIGHT, SOME CAN WORK OR PAY ... ALL CAN SERVE

The World's Doings in Brief

News Notes from Many Sources

The war is costing Canada a million a day.

Germans are permitting Americans to leave Belgium.

William Blakemore, editor of the Victoria Week, is dead.

Seattle has the champion team of the Coast Hockey League.

It is probable that 1917 will be a close season for grouse in B. C.

The past winter was the coldest for twenty years in Manitoba.

More arrests in connection with the German plot are expected in New York.

The Ontario legislature will pass a bill giving women the right to vote.

New submarines for the United States are to be built on the Pacific coast.

Twelve firemen were caught under falling walls while fighting a fire in Detroit.

Ships to the value of more than $8,000,000 are now under construction in Vancouver.

A new hospital is to be erected at Esquimalt, to serve the military needs of the Pacific coast.

Seven hotel proprietors in Vancouver are charged with serving liquor in prohibited hours.

Canada's revenue shows a large increase. February alone brought an additional three millions.

Both Australian houses of parliament are taking steps to go to the country in the near future.

Thirteen were injured, three seriously, in a rear-end collision on the C. P. R. at Chaplin, Sask.

The Standard Oil Co. is asking for indemnity for the destruction of its oil properties in Roumania.

Premier Borden visited Canadian wounded in English hospitals, being warmly greeted by the men.

The Canadian government plans to float a war loan of $150,000,000 to be placed on the market this month.

The Eastern Forwarding Co., of Baltimore, formed to exploit German undersea boats, has been dissolved.

All grain ground into flour in Germany will be milled to 92 per cent instead of 60 per cent as in peace time.

One man was killed and four seriously injured in an explosion in the Ford auto assembling plant at Cincinnati.

Officials at Ottawa deny the truth of the statements recently made regarding the enforcement of the militia act.

Traffic has been demoralized in Quebec as the result of a fifty-mile gale which swept over the country this week.

Mayor Mitchell of New York has appealed to the rich to buy carefully, eat moderately, and not waste any food.

A new pension plan has been introduced for the British army under which a general increase in pensions will be allowed.

An emergency appropriation of three million dollars was rushed through the house at Washington this week, to allow work on the Alaskan railway to be continued.

Australian ministers who are to attend the Imperial conference have received threatening letters from labor agitators.

The Irish question again looms large in British politics. It is the general opinion that a settlement must be effected soon.

General Gomez, leader of the Cuban rebellion, is under arrest. He may be executed for his part in the German-planned revolt.

Villa agents on the border state that Villa will join Germany in the event of hostilities between Germany and the United States.

Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the noted socialist, has been barred from practicing law in Germany, the charge being attempted treason.

England is to grant every man a vote. No one may cast more than two ballots if the report of the electoral reform committee is carried out.

It is thought that the delay in holding the Imperial conference in London will result in an all-summer session of the Canadian house of commons.

Plans are now being prepared for a tunnel under the English Channel, work on which will probably be started at the conclusion of the war.

It is believed Holland will tie up her ships rather than expose them to the dangers of the submarine zone. The Entente powers would consider such action unneutral and might requisition Dutch vessels in Allied harbors.

S. M. NEWTON

The Prince Rupert Empire man, who is a candidate for the house of commons for this Riding.

This is to introduce the man who always fights for the rights and interests of the masses rather than for partyism.

MINERAL ACT

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

HAZELTON VIEW, LEAD PICK, MOOSE, ELK MINERAL CLAIMS, situate in the Omineca Mining Division of Cassiar District.

Where located:—On the West slope of Rocher de Boule Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Dalby B. Morkill, of Hazelton, B.C., B.C. Land Surveyor, acting as agent for New Hazelton Gold-Cobalt Mines, Limited, (N. P. L.), Free Miner's Certificate No. 5598C, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. 21-29

Dated this 15th day of January, A. D. 1917.

D. B. Morkill

MINERAL ACT

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

AJAX MINERAL CLAIM, situated in Omineca mining division of Omineca district; located on Rocher de Boule mountain, on Juniper creek, adjoining the Iowa mineral claim on the south.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Jas. E. Dean of Hazelton, Free Miner's Certificate No. 43174B, acting as agent for Charles F. Booth, Free Miner's Certificate No. 43178B, intend sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant for the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this second day of December, A.D. 1916. Jas. E. Dean.

Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations.

COAL mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
—58782

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Arrive Prince Rupert from the South every Wednesday at 10:30 A. M.

Eastbound trains leave Hazelton: Passenger, Wednesday and Saturday, 7:10 P.M. Mixed 1:56 P.M. Tuesday. Wayfreight 12:30 P.M. Saturday.

Westbound trains leave Hazelton: Passenger Tuesday and Thursday, 9:46 A.M. Mixed 6 A.M. Sunday. Wayfreight 11:35 A.M. Sunday.

For further information apply to any Grand Trunk Pacific Agent, or to **G. A. McNicholl,** Asst. Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent, **Prince Rupert, B.C.**

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Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

THE MINER WAR BULLETINS

MONDAY, MARCH 5

London : Against stubborn German resistance the British troops have advanced their lines north of the Ancre, in France, an average depth of a quarter of a mile on a front of nearly five miles. A British advance has also been made north of Puisieux au Mont and east of Gommecourt. A German bombing attack forced the British to evacuate a trench east of Sailly-Saillisel, but the lost ground was later regained by a counter-attack.

The important Persian city of Hamadani, which has been the center of much fighting, has been recaptured by the Russians. The way is now cleared for a Russian advance into Mesopotamia to aid in the operations for the capture of Bagdad. The admiralty reports that in Mesopotamia operations British river gunboats are inflicting heavy losses on the retreating Turkish troops, which are passing in great numbers.

Paris: All branches of artillery have been active between the Oise and Aisne south of Neuvron, and in Alsace, in the sector of Burnhaupt. All is calm on the rest of front.

Extreme cold is being experienced at present.

Tokio: The Japanese foreign office has issued a statement claiming that frequent attempts have been made by Germany to sow seeds of distrust between Japan, Great Britain and the United States. Japan is quite confident, however, that she is not distrusted.

Rome: Activity on the Italian front yesterday was confined to artillery firing, which took place intermittently.

Washington: Wilson's "armed neutrality" bill is being blocked by a small group of Progressive Republicans. The naval appropriation bill has passed both senate and congress.

Evidence in connection with the destruction of the Laconia, now in the hands of the state department, shows that three Americans were killed and the lives of twenty-five others put in jeopardy.

New York: The Belgian relief ship Samland and the Dutch ship Bomberg report being stopped by a new type of German submarine which examined their papers and allowed them to proceed. It was a new type of underwater craft, especially constructed for submarine blockade, with hardly enough deck-space upon which to stand.

Stockholm: The government was defeated on a joint ballot of the two chambers on a request for an appropriation of thirty million crowns, to be used for preserving Sweden's neutrality.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6

Paris: A violent German attack was made on a front of a mile and three-quarters, repeated assaults being repulsed, with heavy losses to the Germans. The enemy forces failed to get a footing anywhere except in a few advanced positions north of Corrieres wood.

London: Semi-official despatches from Bulgarian press agencies declare that the Bulgarian government will shortly send a note to the United States explaining the adherence of Bulgaria to Germany, and instructing the Bulgarian minister at Washington to demand his passports.

The Germans still continue to retreat north of the Ancre, aided by low visibility.

Copenhagen: The Kaiser has issued a proclamation to the German Empire, announcing that all railway systems are now under military control.

That part of Belgium now in Germany's hands has been divided into three provinces, with the cities of Brussels, Namur and Stapus designated as the capitals. This scheme of the government is the same as when Germany occupied Poland.

Pekin: The Chinese prime minister resigned when the president refused to give his sanction to the cabinet's recommendation that China sever relations with Germany.

Berlin: Germany's offer of an alliance with Mexico is an act of self-defence, and may reveal to Americans the danger to which Wilson is leading them. It is a duty to enlist as an ally America's bitterest enemy.

Washington: President Wilson, in his inaugural speech yesterday, warned the United States that a more immediate association with the war may be required than one of mere armed neutrality.

President Wilson demands a radical change in the senate rules, and is bitterly disappointed over the holding up of the "armed neutrality" measure. The president has no power to arm ships without the senate's sanction. He stated that the nation is with him, but a few men in the senate are able to defeat the will of the nation.

WEDNES., MARCH 7

London: British aviators yesterday dropped bombs on German blast furnaces at Brebach.

One reason why the Germans retreated along the Ancre was because it was fast becoming a garrison of lunatics. The mud, which was bottomless in places, and the ceaseless pounding of the British guns had turned their positions into pits too horrible for human nerves to stand.

Bonar Law, in reply to critics, says the government will not withdraw the Saloniki expedition and that Roumania was not forced to enter the war.

The Swedish government has resigned, following the refusal of an appropriation of thirty million crowns for preserving Sweden's neutrality. The ministry now faces a crisis.

Paris: Desperate fighting continues in the region of Caurrieres wood and Douaumont, but the French refuse to be dislodged from the captured trenches.

Washington: The senate yesterday turned down the "armed neutrality" bill, claiming that it had died with the sixty-fourth congress on Sunday last.

Austria's reply to the United States respecting unrestricted submarine warfare declares that she cannot give up her right to sink enemy merchantmen. She does not include neutral merchant ships under this head. Authorities here feel that Austria has stretched a point in order to meet the American effort to avoid a break.

New York: Dr. Chakiaberty, Hindu, and Dr. Sckunner, German, are under arrest, charged with "setting on foot a military expedition against a friendly nation." The Hindu physician and the German admit having received $60,000 to start a revolution in India, the money being paid by Wolff von Igel, who is now aboard the Frederick VIII, travelling on a safe conduct pass.

A two-million-dollar propaganda fund has been left by Bernstorff in the States.

Concrete evidence is accumulating here that the U-boat menace is a rank failure. Neutral correspondents are startled by the unrestricted opportunity to view the food stores in Great Britain. Everywhere the docks are piled mountain-high with provisions.

London: After Saturday Holland will be compelled to prohibit the export of bread to Belgium on account of the German submarine warfare.

London: The German government has sent a wireless message to Bernstorff at sea asking him to explain how the German note in regard to bringing Mexico and Japan into war with the Uuited States was divulged.

Washington: The U.S. supreme court has awarded the steamer Appam to her British owners.

THURSDAY, MARCH 8

London: British forces in Mesopotamia have approached almost within range of Bagdad.

On the western front British troops have made further progress northwest of Irles and north of Puisieux au Mont.

Paris: French forces raided German trenches between Disne and the Aisne, taking prisoners. The enemy attempted several raids near St. Mihiel and Fleury, but were checked by our curtain of fire and retired with heavy losses.

London: Twenty-six vessels were sunk during the past week, out of 2528 ships arriving and 2477 sailing.

New York: It is reported that the British captured 48 German submarines between Feb. 1 and Feb. 16.

Washington: The action of the senators who blocked the armament bill has aroused a storm of protest. Senator Stone may be deposed as chairman of the foreign relations committee, while Democrats in St. Louis demand his resignation from the senate. The Cleveland Press says Stone is one of "The Kaiser's Dozen" and can no longer be trusted or respected. It also urges that the other eleven senators be not forgotten, and publishes their pictures alongside that of Benedict Arnold. The state legislature denounces their course as treasonable.

The Washington Times says Stone's action was treasonable.

All the filibusters are condemned by their constituents and the country generally.

The senate will pass a two-thirds closure rule, providing that on a two-thirds vote of the senate debate on any measure may be limited to one hour for each member.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9

London: Continuing their victorious advance in Mesopotamia, the British are now within twelve miles of the city of Bagdad.

Paris: Our forces took German prisoners in actions at three different places on the western front. Artillery is very active between the Oise and the Aisne.

London: That the blockade will ensure the defeat of the Germans was the declaration of Winston Churchill, speaking in parliament. He gave an outline of the British view of the situation, stating that the steady and relentless economic pressure of the Allies must force the Teutons to take the initiative. He favored the slow but sure process rather than a sudden desperate drive. The British will thus force the enemy fleet into action, and the destruction of German naval power, he held, was essential to complete victory.

Sir Edward Carson deplored the impatience of those who were ready to gamble with the British navy. If we failed, he said, it would mean the end of the British Empire. England would fight and endure despite German measures.

The report of the Dardanelles commission states that certain important political advantages were gained by the expedition, although the main object was not attained. The three weeks' delay was costly.

Washington: It is regarded as certain that the senate rules will be amended. The opposition to the change is so small that it will be easily overborne, the filibusters being forced to talk themselves out. Opposition to Stone's retention of the foreign committee chairmanship is strong. Press attacks on his action are heated. The New York Sun says his continuance in office is a menace to the States. An editorial in the Washington Times headed "Slacker Bill Must Go" charges Stone with displaying pro-German tendencies and a "yellow streak."

Germany's India plot involved the Panama Canal. The Huns hoped at Panama to strike a severe blow at the United States, using Hindus in place of Germans. The plot revealed to the secret service would include India, Guam, the Phillipines, Mexico and Central American states.

A German plan to operate U-boats from Peruvian bases has been nipped by the British, who arrested the German agents.

Sydney: A German raider of 4000 tons, with a torpedo tube in addition to guns and a seaplane, and fully equipped for sinking vessels, is operating on the Colombia and Aden sea lanes.

Laredo: Evidence of Hun perfidy has been disclosed. The Germans played Villa against Carranza to embroil the U. S. The Tampico oilfield was one objective. Villistas were to sporadically invade the border states.

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