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THE LEADING WEEKLY NEWSPAPER OF NORTHERN BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Omineca Miner

VOL. V, NO. 37 HAZELTON, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1916 PRICE $2.00 A YEAR

AMONG THE MINING MEN

News Of Development From Various Properties in Hazelton District

A favorable report having been received from Alex. Sharp, who examined the Hazelton View and Indian groups for the Smith interests, preparations are being made to proceed with the development of these promising properties. In a letter to Duke Harris, A. Erskine Smith states that Dalby Morkill will survey the claims, and on completion of the work mining will be resumed. Five tons of ore will be shipped for a test. The ore is arsenical, carrying good values in gold, with some nickel, a little silver and no copper.

George Jennings is preparing for active development on the Daly West property, and expects to have a crew at work on the tunnel next week. A gasoline engine, compressor and power drill are to be installed without delay.

A deal has been completed by which a half-interest in the Comeau group, near Carnaby, passes to Magnus Johnson and Gus. Norberg. D. J. Comeau, the locator of the claims, has cut the vein at 75 feet in his tunnel, and has drifted ten feet on the lead. This drift is to be continued by Johnson and Norberg.

New machinery which will increase the capacity of the Rocher de Boule plant is expected to be on the ground in a few days. Cars will be available this week, it is reported, and shipments will be resumed.

R. P. Trimble and Frank Brown have gone to Zumgozli lake, to locate a pole line for power transmission to Brown's Buck river mining property.

Al. Harris and Gordon McLennan returned yesterday from a visit to McLennan's claims on Twenty-mile creek. Snow still lies on the ground, and no thorough examination is yet possible. The veins on the property carry a high grade antimony ore.

The Silver Standard is to increase its force to thirty men in the near future, it is reported.

Simpson Bros. have four tons of very high-grade copper ore ready to ship from their Howson Basin property.

Free Miners' Licenses

Mining Recorder Kirby calls attention to the expiration of all free miners' certificates on May 31. Holders of miners' licenses should not neglect to secure renewals before that date. The number issued in this district last year was an even 700, a decrease of nearly 100 as compared with the previous year. This was accounted for by the number of prospectors who enlisted. The revival in mining should stimulate prospecting, and it is to be expected that this year's figures will exceed those of last year.

BLOCKADE A BIG FACTOR IN WAR

GERMANY NOW FEELS PINCH OF WANT--- HEAVY ENGAGEMENT ON BRITISH FRONT

London: The Chronicle states all news from Germany indicates that the British blockade is likely to prove the decisive factor in the war. The economic pinch has become intolerably severe. The masses of the people are half-starved, while the middle classes and rich are suffering greatly. Confirmation of this statement is gleaned from the German press, despite censorship. Neutral diplomats in Germany and neutral visitors to that country all bring back the same story of an unfed population, stagnant industry, war weariness and a deperate yearning for peace. Rich women are taking their children to Holland to get enough milk for them.

London: The Germans have begun a heavy offensive against the British lines in the vicinity of Hulluch. A heavy bombardment, as usual, preceded a fierce infantry attack at Vermeilles. The Germans occupied 500 yards of first line trench, part of which was retaken by an immediate counter-attack.

Berlin claims to have captured prisoners and machine guns in this action.

The British front now extends from a point north of Ypres to near the River Somme.

Paris: The French trenches south-west of the old fort of Douamont were violently bombarded, but attacks by German infantry were repulsed. Artillery fighting continues on the left bank of the Meuse.

In anticipation of early victory landlords of apartments fronting on the Champs Elysees are inserting in all leases a reservation of the right to sublet windows and balconies "when the victorious armies of France and her Allies march past in triumph."

London: Premier Asquith's sudden visit to Dublin is hailed as a stroke of genius, having the effect of assuaging political passions. There is now a feeling of comparative calm and the restoration of civil law is regarded as imminent. General Maxwell and the premier reviewed the troops today.

London: It has been decided that eligible members of parliament shall be subject to conscription.

Local and District News

Barclay Bonthorne, the Vancouver mining man, spent the weekend in Hazelton, leaving on Monday for a visit to the Bulkley Valley.

C. H. French, district manager of the Hudson's Bay Co., returned on Tuesday from a visit to the interior posts, and left for Victoria on Thursday.

G. W. McKay, of the telegraph service, has returned from the coast. During his vacation he endeavored to join the signal corps for active service, but failed to pass the eyesight test.

Capt. A. M. Tyson, inspector of Indian agencies, arrived from Vancouver on Thursday, and will spend some days in this district, paying his annual visit of inspection to the various Indian villages.

A. Blayney, the Francois Lake rancher, came in on Thursday, on business connected with the Kirkpatrick estate, which is being placed in the hands of Government Agent Hoskins, as public administrator.

The ladies of the Red Cross branch who were responsible for the Tea on Thursday afternoon have every reason to be gratified with the success of the affair. There was a good attendance, and the proceeds were $32. The handsomely decorated candy table was especially popular.

"Preparedness" Parade

New York, May 13:—Advocates of preparedness to the number of 145,000 men and women paraded today.

Methodist Church

Rev. W. M. Scott will preach tomorrow evening on the subject: "The Necessity of a Margin", and "The Glory of the Second Mile". All are most cordially invited.

FOR BENEFIT OF THE PROSPECTOR

Victoria, May 8:—That it is the intention of the government to extend free assays to prospectors, to send engineers into mineral regions to obtain accurate and up-to-date information of the mineral resources of B. C., these engineers to give free advice to prospectors, and to take up the question of providing assistance to claim owners in preliminary development work, was announced by Hon. Lorne Campbell, minister of mines.

The minister filed answers to questions put on the order paper some days ago by L. W. Shatford, regarding proposals of the government with regard to mining. Mr. Shatford had asked if the government intended to provide aid to prospectors in the way of free assays or assays at nominal prices; if it intended to give financial assistance to prospectors whose claims warranted preliminary development; if the government considered improving its method of securing more detailed information with regard to the mineral resources of the province and if it had considered the advisability of dividing the province into mineral areas under the charge of engineers whose duty it would be to investigate and examine all mineral showings.

The minister of mines stated that bona fide prospectors, particularly in out-of-the-way places, had already free assays and it was the intention of the government to extend this by giving two free assays for each assessment record. The government is considering the advisability of making a further extension of the privilege later on. The aid to the extent of two free assays for each assessment record becomes effective at once. The government, states the minister, is now considering whether or not further assistance can be given the prospector in the way of developing mineral showings. If assistance along this line is decided upon, steps will be taken at this session of the House to make it effective at once. The government is also considering the advisability of improving the methods adopted for getting detailed information of the provincial mineral resources. The improvement will probably be carried out as soon as weather conditions permit. It is the intention of the government to put at least four parties in the field, and more if required.

The minister also announces that it is the plan of the government to keep the engineers who are to be engaged in reporting on the mineral resources of B. C. in the various districts during the field season, when their advice will be free to prospectors. This work is to be started as soon as suitable men can be obtained and weather conditions permit.

Vancouver Election Frauds

Victoria, May 11:—Before the select committee of inquiry into Vancouver election frauds, Robert Gosden testified that he was to receive $2000 for his efforts on behalf of M. A. Macdonald. He told of his work, for which he received $400 and expenses and was to receive $20 a week. This he was unable to get after the by-election, but Mr. Macdonald, he said, finally promised to pay him, and after Easter gave him $50.

Victoria, May 13:—Late last night R. Gosden was arrested on a charge of perjury, at the instance of M. A. Macdonald. This action will tie up a number of witnesses till the case is settled, and is regarded as an effort to check investigation.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHS

Items Of General Interest From Hazelton and Surrounding District

J. R. Milne, of Smithers, was here on Tuesday.

F. M. Dockrill was down from Telkwa yesterday.

W. H. Larmer returned from Smithers on Friday.

J. A. Sampare was up from Gitwangak yesterday.

Mrs. H. A. Harris is visiting relatives on the prairies.

J. A. LeBlanc, of Pacific, was in town for a day or two.

Dr. Eggert, of Prince Rupert, was in town on Thursday.

F. B. Chettleburgh returned from Burns Lake yesterday.

Mrs. A. M. Fortier, of Prince Rupert, arrived on Thursday.

Dr. Badgero, the dentist, will return to Hazelton on May 17.

Mrs. R. Tomlinson left on Monday for a visit to Toronto.

Miss Dorcas McDougall is visiting friends in Prince Rupert.

H. J. Hughes, of South Fort George, was among Tuesday's arrivals.

Duke Harris returned on Tuesday from a brief business visit to Smithers.

Mrs. Jas. MacKay and daughter have gone to Calgary for a month's visit.

Arthur Griswold, who spent several months in the coast cities, returned this week.

J. D. McDougall, fire warden for the Hazelton district, began his work this week.

Stuart J. Martin, the assayer, returned on Thursday from a visit to Prince Rupert.

J. M. Campbell, formerly of The Miner staff, has gone to the front with the 62nd Battalion.

It is reported the G. T. P. will run three regular passenger trains, beginning next month.

Robert Duff, who will reside at Tyee lake this summer, spent a couple of days in town this week.

Ralph O'Brien left this week for an extended vacation, which he will spend in Washington state.

J. A. Thorne, of the Yukon telegraphs, left on Thursday for Prince Rupert, en route for Telegraph Creek.

Rev. W. M. Scott and John Newick expect to leave next Tuesday for Vancouver to attend the Methodist conference.

Gordon Hoskins, the youngest son of the government agent, is very seriously ill, the physicians holding out no hope of his recovery.

Rev. H. L. Morrison, of Prince George, and Rev. W. C. Frank, of Smithers, attended the district meeting of the Methodist Church, held here on Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Omineca Miner

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A. R. Macdonald, Publisher and Proprietor.

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In a recent statement in the Dominion parliament, Sir George Foster presented a plan for the promotion of Canada's trade after the war which is of great interest and which only requires proper administration to prove of the greatest value to the Dominion. Following are the essentials of the projected system:

The creation of a Canadian bureau of commercial information, which would be a clearing house for commercial and business information for Canada and foreign countries;

Officials of the bureau to be in a position to answer all inquiries in regard to our agricultural, mineral, forest and fishery resources, and our ability to supply the markets of the world along various lines;

Exhibition in connection with the bureau of samples of home manufactures, of samples of goods made for or consumed in foreign countries which might be made in Canada, also exhibits of the the natural resources of the country, including all raw materials;

Chemical research and scientific manufacture to be encouraged;

A conference of the biggest business men in the country, representing transportation, manufacturing, financial, agricultural, banking, engineering, and other interests, to be called in Ottawa to formulate trade plans for the future;

The selection of four or five business men of recognized capacity, to form an honorary commission to visit Europe at Government expense to study openings for Canadian trade and to report on the new conditions brought about by the war;

The extension of the commercial intelligence branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce, and the appointment of special trade commissioners for Britain, France, Russia and Italy.

What Teddy Thinks Of Us

In his latest book, Colonel Roosevelt, referring to Canada's part in the great war, says:

"Canada has faced the time that tries men's souls, and with gallant heroism she has risen level to the time's need. Mighty days have come to her, and she has been equal to the mighty days. Greatness comes only through labor and courage, and through the iron willingness to face sorrow and death, the tears of women and the blood of men, if only thereby it is possible to serve a lofty ideal. Canada has won that honorable place among the nations of the past and the present, which can only come to the people whose sons are willing and able to dare and do and die at need."

Testing of Dairy Products

The price of success is attention to detail. This fact is distinctly emphasized in a bulletin recently issued by the dairy and cold storage branch of the federal department of agriculture under the title of "The Testing of Milk, Cream and Dairy By-products by Means of the Babcock Test" and written by J. F. Singleton, chief inspector of dairy products. Without being profuse, Mr. Singleton tells in plain language about all that is to be told of the practical application of the test, the care that should be taken of the component parts of the apparatus, the measurements advisable and the methods that should be employed. The qualities naturally most emphasized are exactness, cleanliness and temperature. The commissioner in his introduction says there is nothing fundamentally new in the bulletin, but that the contents are presented with such clearness of diction and the processes so aptly set forth that the result is a reliable handbook for those who value information on the testing of milk, cream and so on. A number of exact and plain illustrations lend additional worth to a notable bulletin, the number of which is 45 of the dairy and cold storage series and that can be had post-free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Asquith in Ireland

Dublin: Premier Asquith arrived today, to take personal charge of Irish affairs until a new Secretary is appointed. It is expected martial law will soon end.

Mysterious Steamer Sunk

San Francisco: The steamer Roanoke, manned by a scratch crew and heavily loaded with explosives for an unknown destination, was sunk by an explosion. It is rumored the vessel was carrying munitions to meet a German commerce destroyer.

Wilhelm Wants Peace

Amsterdam: At Easter the Kaiser sent an autograph letter to the Pope, suggesting that the pontiff and the King of Spain inaugurate peace negotiations.

THE POULTRY-RAISER'S GREAT OPPORTUNITY

From present indications Great Britain will require all the eggs and poultry Canada can produce during 1916. Last year, as a result of greatly increased production, Canada was able to ship to Great Britain the largest quantity of eggs exported since 1902, and at the same time reduced her imports for home consumption by nearly a million dozen.

Canadian eggs have found favor on the British market, and the prospects are that, providing they are available, much larger quantities will be shipped this year. The unusually high prices prevailing at the present time are largely due to this anticipated export demand.

Prices for poultry are also high and will likely continue so for the rest of the season. Last fall and winter all the surplus Canadian poultry was exported at highly profitable prices. Between fifty and sixty cars of live poultry were shipped from Western Ontario to the Eastern States alone, and in the Maritime Provinces, particularly in Prince Edward Island, the export demand for canned poultry has greatly enhanced prices to producers.

Although some uneasiness has existed on the part of the trade as regards transportation facilities, in view of the high freight rates and the shortage of boats, it is now reasonably certain that an even greater demand for Canadian poultry and eggs will occur this year. It is important therefore, that every poultry producer takes steps to profit thereby, by hatching as many chickens as possible this spring.

Now is the time, by hatching early, by hatching everything possible in the month of May, to guard against the marketing of so much small, undersized, poorly finished poultry, which annually becomes a drug on the market in the fall of the year. Again, it is only by hatching now, and giving the chickens every possible chance to thrive and grow, that a maximum of eggs can be obtained in the winter-time.

Given their proportionate amount of attention, the growing of poultry brings quick and profitable returns to the farmer. With the increasing cost of meats, milk butter, etc., there is a constantly increasing demand for poultry and eggs. The labor problem is not critical, as the boys and girls on the farm can readily take care of the poultry. The cost of feed is nominal, prices for poultry and eggs are high—the highest in fact for many years. It is obvious therefore, that Canadians have a patriotic, as well as an economic duty to perform in making the year 1916 the banner year for poultry production in Canada.

Using Entire Army

Washington: All U.S. regulars are now in Mexico or on the border.

HAZELTON

The Distributing Point for the Great Northern Interior

Prospectors, Miners, Landseekers, Surveyors and Sportsmen will find the merchants of Hazelton prepared to meet every requirement in outfit and supplies. Having been engaged for many years in outfitting parties for the Northern Interior, Hazelton business men are qualified to give valuable advice and assistance to newcomers.

Hazelton is situated at the confluence of the Bulkley and Skeena rivers, a mile and a quarter from Hazelton station on the Grand Trunk Pacific railway. Enquiries may be addressed to

The Omineca Miner

Hazelton, B. C.

The World's Doings in Brief

News Notes from Many Sources

Great Britain may nationalize the liquor industry.

Half a million troops from India are at the front.

Ontario has imposed a ten per cent tax on amusements.

Chicago's clothing trade strike is growing in seriousness.

Russia has ordered nine million pairs of boots in England.

The Allies have seized or captured 450 enemy ships.

Mount Katami and Mount Iliamna, Alaska, are in eruption.

In March the total scale of sawlogs in B. C. was 43,858,794 feet.

American suffragettes are talk- of a woman candidate for president.

Canadian schoolchildren have $300,000 on deposit in penny banks.

The C.N.R. has taken an option on a $250,000 hotel site in Vancouver.

A storm of unusual violence swept over eastern Oregon on Sunday.

A fire in the business section of Winnipeg caused a loss of $400,000.

Congress proposes to appropriate $3,000,000 for submarine bases at Panama.

Great Britain has purchased Norway's entire output of animal and fish oils.

Six battalions of of B.C. troops will be concentrated at Vernon this summer.

General Townshend's sick and wounded are to be exchanged for Turkish prisoners.

Alberta labor men want a compensation bill modeled on the new B.C. measure.

Chicago is preparing for the national Republican convention, which will open on June 7.

The federal legislation to aid provinces to enforce prohibition passed the senate by a vote of 33-5.

A sensation has been caused by the arrest of Swedish merchants in Berlin. The charges are not known.

Great Britain and Germany have agreed on the exchange of wounded prisoners, through Switzerland.

Leading dye concerns in Germany are forming a combination to protect their interests after the war.

A despatch says Germany will seize all German vessels in home ports on June 1. The object is not disclosed.

A plot to kidnap Sir Edward Carson at a holiday resort in the county of Antrim, Ireland, has been discovered.

After being on strike for a day Vancouver milk drivers returned to work, the dispute being submitted to arbitration.

General Alderson is retnrning to England. He will be succeeded in command of the Canadian army by General Byng.

Robert Fay and Walter Scholtz were convicted at New York of conspiracy to destroy munitions ships, and were sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Paul Dash was given two years.

A new gun, smokeless and noiseless, with a range of seven miles, has been invented by an American woman.

The New South Wales cabinet has resigned rather than abolish the upper house at the demand of the labor party.

At Sudbury the police have rounded up a gang of cheque swindlers who have been operating throughout Ontario.

In New York prominent men, including Roosevelt, head an organization to furnish funds and supplies for Allied hospitals.

A new American expedition has crossed the Mexican border in pursuit of the bandits who committed outrages in Texas.

Norway has formally notified France and Britain that she holds the seizure of parcel mails to be contrary to the Hague convention.

At least four men were killed and one hundred injured in an explosion at the Atlas powder works, Hopatcong, N.J., on Tuesday.

Three Swedish Socialistic editors have been sent to jail for three years for advising soldiers to go on strike if Sweden enters the war.

In order to complete its business before the end of the month, the provincial legislature will hold night sittings, beginning next week.

Thirty-seven unarmed British merchant ships and 22 neutral vessels were torpedoed without warning between April 7 and May 7.

Swift & Co., the meat packers, have been found guilty of infractions of the interstate commerce laws, and now face possible fines of $525,000.

It is reported in Ottawa that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will relinquish the leadership of the Liberal party, as a result of difficulties over the bi-lingual dispute.

The great tunnel through the Selkirks at Rogers Pass, on the C. P. R., is expected to be completed in September. The main heading has been driven 4¾ miles.

France has an aeroplane of new design, which has twice beaten all records for speed. These machines are declared to be far superior to Germany's best planes.

At Wyandotte, where hundreds of employees of the Michigan Alkali Co. are on strike, one man was killed and six injured in a battle between strikers and deputy sheriffs.

Abnormal weather conditions in California culminated in a killing frost on Sunday. The damage to grapes and vegetables, estimated at $2,500,000, is the greatest on record in the state.

The number of casualties among civilians in the uprising in Ireland is given as 180 killed and 614 wounded. Fourteen rebels have been executed. Seventy-three received sentences of penal servitude and six imprisonment with hard labor.

Servia has now a navy, having purchased the destroyer Velika from Italy. At the end of the war, it is is reported, Servia is to have a port, and each of the Allies will present King Peter with two vessels as the nucleus of a navy.

The senate is considering a motion providing that when a government measure is rejected in the senate during two consecutive sessions, the commons shall have the power at the next ensuing session to pass such bill without further reference to the senate.

The Anti-German League of Toronto proposes the prohibition of all German and Austrian importations during the war and the imposition of a 75 per cent surtax on enemy goods after the close of hostilities. The barring of German immigrants in the future is also urged.

SPEAKS WELL OF HAZELTON MINES

(Vancouver Province)

Alexander Sharp, mining engineer, has returned from making an examination of the Hazelton View and Indian groups of mineral claims on behalf of the Vancouver owners of these properties. These claims are situated on the well known Rocher de Boule mountain near the town of Hazelton and indeed adjoin the latter property. A number of veins have been located on the Hazelton View and Indian groups containing high gold values and as they are of the true fissure variety, being found in granite, strong hopes are entertained that successful operations will speedily result. The men behind this venture are among the best known in Vancouver and the management will be guided by Mr. Sharp's report.

Mr. Sharp did not hesitate to express his appreciation of mining conditions on Rocher de Boule mountain, which he describes as really a ridge of mountains extending for between nine and ten miles. In this zone the prevailing mineral conditions comprise ledges of copper-gold ore carrying considerable values in the precious metal and high percentages of copper. This is in strong distinction to the high grade silver-lead ores of the same camp, but lying in the opposite direction. Mr. Sharp indicates that there will probably be quite an active season there this year, as the camp is receiving considerable attention from the outside mining world.

Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations.

COAL mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. —58782.

Headgear For Children

A complete stock of summer hats and caps for children, comprising all the newest styles in straws, felts, cloth and tulle, in various colors and at all prices, has just been placed on display at the store of R. Cunningham & Son, Ltd.

THE ROYAL LUNCH

Gives the Best Meal
For the Lowest Price

Opp. Police Office, Hazelton

LEE JACKMAN : : Prop.

DENTISTRY

Dr. BADGERO will be located in Hazelton, beginning May 17, 1916.

Hudson's Bay Company

HAZELTON, B. C.

Dry-Goods, Boots & Shoes, Wholesale Liquors.

We have just received a shipment of

H. B. RUM

Look at these prices:

SCREEN DOORS at $1.50, $1.25 and $1.00

Take a look at our

ALCOWAX HEATERS

COMPANION; CHAFING DISH; NICKEL KETTLE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Lowest rates Prince Rupert to all Eastern Points via steamer to Vancouver and Canadian Pacific Railway. Meals and berth included on steamer

For VANCOUVER, VICTORIA and SEATTLE

S.S. "Princess Maquinna" leaves Prince Rupert every SUNDAY, at 6 p.m. S. S. "Princess Sophia" leaves Prince Rupert on April 21st; May 1st, 12th, 23rd and June 2nd.

J. I. Peters, General Agent, 3rd Ave. & 4th St., **Prince Rupert, B.C**

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LIVERY and STAGES We are prepared to supply private and public conveyances day and night. Our stages meet all trains at South Hazelton or New Hazelton.

BEST DRY BIRCH, $5.50 A CORD

Consign your shipments in Our Care for Storage or Delivery.

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GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY and STEAMSHIPS

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

Steamers sailing between Prince Rupert, Anyox, Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

Steamers South from Prince Rupert every Tuesday at 7 P. M. and Saturday at 9 A. M. North to Anyox every Thursday at midnight

Steamers arrive Prince Rupert from the South at 7 P.M. every Sunday and 9 A.M. every Thursday. From Anyox 5 P.M. every Friday.

Passenger trains leave Hazelton Eastbound at 6:08 P.M. every Monday and Thursday. Mixed train leaves at 2:30 P.M. every Saturday.

Passenger trains leave Hazelton Westbound at 10:48 A. M. every Tuesday and Friday. Mixed train leaves at 4:48 A.M. every Thursday.

ALASKAN SERVICE

Commencing Thursday, March 30, and every Thursday thereafter, Steamer will sail at 12 noon for Ketchican, Wrangell, Juneau, Skagway.

Connections made between Trains and Steamers.

For further information apply to any Grand Trunk Pacific Agent, or to **G. A. McNicholl,** Asst. Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent, **Prince Rupert, B.C.**

THE MINER WAR BULLETINS

MON., MAY 8

Another Violent Attack

Paris: The Germans have resumed the offensive in the Verdun region, and for several days have conducted a bombardment of extreme violence in the vicinity of Hill 304. By reason of the heavy fire, the French were forced to evacuate some of their advanced trenches on the northern slope of the hill. The enemy was unable to advance because of the French fire, and was checked in attacks to the north and west. The enemy was driven from positions east of the hill. Enemy losses have been very heavy.

Yesterday's fighting equalled in intensity the opening attacks in this district. Four attacks were made on a 2000-yard front east of the Meuse, each being led by a different Prussian regiment. A whole army corps is being employed in the effort to crush the French lines on the 1½-mile front between Hill 304 and Mort Homme. The fighting is still in progress. General Nieville is in command at Verdun.

On British Front

London: Last night, under cover of a bombardment, we made a successful raid on the enemy's trenches near Authuille. Our casualties were slight. Five prisoners were brought back, ten killed and many wounded. The enemy raided and entered our trenches southeast of Armentieres, after a bombardment. He was immediately driven out. An attack on our trenches east of Cabaret Rouge was repulsed.

Punishing Rebels

Dublin: Many branches of the postoffice are honeycombed with disloyalty. The residence of a high postal official was used as an arsenal for the rebels. The basement was a magazine of explosives, arms and ammunition.

Countess Markievicz and Henry O'Hanehan, condemned to death, have had their sentences commuted to penal servitude for life Casement will appear in police court on Wednesday for preliminary trial on a charge of high treason.

Justice is being dealt out on pure facts, proved by testimony regarding active participation in the rebellion.

Huns At Smyrna

London: Von Sanders, with the German fifth army, has arrived at Smyrna, bringing much Austrian heavy artillery. All vessels in the harbor have been beached to prevent secret departure, and no officials are allowed to leave the city.

TUES., MAY 9

German Reply Accepted

Washington: The American reply to Germany's latest note has been sent to Berlin and will be given out for publication today. It is understood Germany is informed that so long as the new instructions to submarine commanders are observed diplomatic relations will be continued, the Kaiser's government being informed, at the same time, that the United States cannot allow Germany to dictate concerning American negotiations with Great Britain.

The Verdun Conflict

Paris: Terrific fighting continues on the Verdun front. The enemy attempted an early morning attack on Hill 304, after the usual violent bombardment. The assailants were completely repulsed by the French, rows of machine guns in the trenches inflicting heavy loss on the enemy.

Counter attacks by French east of the Meuse drove the Germans from certain captured positions, with much loss.

Artillery preparations foreshadow fresh attacks on both banks of the Meuse and possibly on Wœvre plateau. The enemy has been reinforced from the Russian front and from other portions of the western front, and has ceased attacking the British positions.

One division of Prussians suffered fifty per cent casualties in Sunday's fighting.

General Petain has been promoted to command the group of central armies holding the sector from Soissons to Verdun.

Britain Has Airships

London: Great Britain is constructing airships of the zeppelin type. The number possessed by the Empire has not been made known.

White Star Boat Sunk

London: The steamer Cymric, of the White Star line, was torpedoed without warning and sank at 3 a.m. Five of the crew were killed. The Cymric had a cargo of munitions and carried no passengers.

WED., MAY 10

Huns' Terrible Losses

Paris: The German offensive in the Verdun region has again resulted in complete failure. A whole corps of fresh troops, summoned hastily by the crown prince to reinforce the one which had already fought at Verdun, merely succeeded in increasing the tremendous number of casualties inflicted by the terrible fire of the French artillery and machine guns. Wave after wave the grey-coated men, to the number of 25,000, advanced, to be blown to pieces by the impassable curtain of fire. How many Germans lie dead in the neutral ground it is impossible to estimate, but it is certain the victims lost their lives in a useless attempt.

The French lines are being defended by machine guns, with comparatively few men, and their use has been brought to a high pitch of efficiency. The enemy's artillery fire is now lessening.

A Danish Opinion

London: The Danish newspaper Ribestifts Tidende, after a month of investigation in Germany, states that the belief is prevalent that Germany cannot continue the war beyond the end of 1916. The rations of the soldiers were reduced six weeks ago; desertions are numerous; Socialism is spreading among the troops, resulting in slackness of discipline. Shortage of horses has reduced the gun teams. Munitions and arms are still being produced in incredible quantities. Two firms are producing steel by a new rapid process, without wolfram.

Treat Prisoners Well

London: Khalil Pasha, commander of the Turkish forces at Kut-el-Amara, is showing the utmost consideration to the surrendered force, and has expressed admiration for Townshend's defence. The soldiers subsisted on four ounces of flour a day until supplies were exhausted and the horses killed.

THURS., MAY 11

Huns Attack Canadians

London: On the Verdun front there is diminished activity. On the west of the Meuse artillery action has greatly lessened, while the bombardment on the east of the river is intermittent. Hand grenade skirmishes occurred during the night at Avocourt and south of Fort Douamont. The French made gains at Mort Homme.

Intensely violent artillery engagements continue on the Canadian front in Flanders. Combats at close quarters have been regular for the last month, and the enemy appears determined to wrest the crater positions from the Canadians, whose battalions relieve each other every 48 hours.

Major-General Byng is now in command of the Canadian troops.

Seven hundred Canadians have been admitted to the Canadian Red Cross hospital at Cliveden since the beginning of the crater fighting. Two hundred arrived last week.

More Lenient Mersures

London: Premier Asquith told the commons he believed there would be no further necessity to take extreme measures with Irish rebels. Lord Wimbourne, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, has resigned.

Lord Hardinge, Justice Shearman and Sir Mackenzie Chalmers have been appointed commissioners to investigate the uprising.

Italians Make Progress

Rome: General Cadorna's persistent efforts are proving successful. After fighting for every foot of ground, the Italians are within sixteen miles of Trent.

Admit Attack on Sussex

Washington: Ambassador Gerard has been handed a German official note admitting the torpedoing of the Sussex and stating that the submarine commander responsible has been punished.

FRI., MAY 12

Verdun Fight Continues

Paris: Two more attacks on the French lines before Verdun were made last night, the Germans attempting to recapture positions on the west slope of Mort Homme. French artillery fire frustrated the enemy design. Artillery fighting continues at Avocourt wood and between Douamont and Vaux.

The French forces are making vigorous attacks on the German lines at various points.

Attacks on Russians

London: On the eastern front the Russian lines are being made the objects of occasional sharp thrusts by the Teutons.

War Resumed In Balkans

London: Increased activity is reported from the Balkans. There has been much firing by heavy artillery, and infantry clashes are reported from the Macedonian frontier.

Activity on Italian Front

Athens: Brisk fighting in the region north of Avlona is reported, indicating that the Austrians are about to assume the offensive against the Italians.

Don't Believe Huns

London: Germany's declaration that the submarine commander who torpedoed the Sussex has been punished is received with scepticism. It is generally believed he has been promoted.

Captain Boy-Ed, former naval attache at Washington and chief conspirator in connection with bomb outrages and the plot to destroy the Welland canal and invade Canada, has been decorated with the order of the Red Eagle and presented with a sword of honor, in reward for distinguished service.

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Production and Thrift

CANADA'S CALL FOR SERVICE AT HOME

Produce More and Save More

The Empire needs food. If you are not in the fighting line you may be in the producing line. Labour is limited—all the more reason to do more than ever before. Grow food for the men who are fighting for you. The Allies need all the food that you can produce. Every little helps. You are responsible for your own work. If you cannot produce as much as you would like, produce all you can. Work with the right spirit. Put fighting energy into your effort and produce now when it counts. The more you produce the more you can save. Producing and saving are war-service.

Make Your Labour Efficient

In war-time do not waste time and energy on unimportant and unprofitable work. Economize labour. Put off unproductive work till after the war, and, if possible, help in producing something needed now. Let us not waste labour. Canada needs it all. If possible help to feed the Allies. Make your backyard a productive garden. Cultivate it with a will. Make your labour count for as much as possible.

Do Not Waste Materials

There should be no waste in war-time. Canada could pay the annual interest on her war expenditure out of what we waste on our farms, in our factories, in our homes. Every pound of food saved from waste is as good as a pound of increased production. The way for a nation to save is for every individual to save. France is strong to-day because of thrift in time of peace. The men and women of Great Britain are not only "doing" but are learning to "do without."

Spend Your Money Wisely

Practise economy in the home by eliminating luxuries. Wasting our dollars here weakens our strength at the Front. Your savings will help Canada to finance the war. Save your money for the next Dominion War issue. There can be no better investment.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

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THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE