Legislative Library

LIBRARY, LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
APR 11 1912
VICTORIA, B. C.

The Daily News

VOLUME 7, NUMBER 29. NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1912. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BYLAW ARGUMENTS PUT IN NUTSHELL

Progress Club Exposes The Kernel---Appeals to Ratepayers ---Vote for Greater Westminster the Solid City of the Coast.

The Progress club is early earning its right to recognition as a live organization working in the city's interests. Yesterday was a busy day for the publicity committee ond a circular letter was drawn up and mailed to every voter in Westminster.

The letter puts the case for the by laws "in a nutshell" as it says itself. Here are its arguments:

"You are asked to vote for improved streets.

"The betterment of our electric light system so that applications for light can be promptly met.

The placing of our waterworks on a basis which will take care of the pressing demands which increased population creates.

"The putting of our exhibition buildings into shape to meet the competition of Vancouver and others.

"The erection of bunkers at good divisional points to economize in the handling of crushed rock.

"The equipping of our fire department to fight fire in the high buildings of the city.

"The purchase of two public parks—one in Sapperton and one in Queens borough.

"And last, the procuring of a site for a cemetery."

The letter ends up with an appeal for a "Greater Westminster, the solid city of the coast."

CRISIS IMMINENT IN FLOODED DISTRICTS

Loss Amounts to $10,000,000—Thirty Fatalities Is Conservative Estimate—Stirring Scenes.

Memphis, April 8.—The crisis in the Mississippi valley flood is imminent. The chief anxiety centres in the situation south of Memphis. If the dykes of Arkansas, Mississippi and Northern Louisana hold for another 36 hours then the valleys of the Delta and the Yazoo south of Memphis will be spared.

State and government officials say the dykes on the eastern bank of the Mississippi will withstand the tremendous pressure that will be exerted by the floods' crest. Nevertheless, they are apprehensive and fear of breaks along the western dykes is shown by the abandonment of homes and villages in the lowlands from Helena south.

Stirring stories of the rescue of the refugees in Upper Arkansas, have reached Memphis. One thousand or more persons marooned in Wyanoke, Ark., were brought to Memphis late yesterday afternoon, rescued by the initiative of a Memphis citizens' committee which made the trip to Wyanoke to investigate the stories of suffering. Reports were verified amply. In a church were found scores of refugees. As the water rose, they built scaffolding with poles and thus kept their heads above the surface. On high ground and in the attics of houses near Wyanoke hundreds were found. All were taken to Memphis.

Refugees from the Modoc district south of Memphis, who were taken to Helena and Memphis yesterday, said there had been some loss of life in that section. These reports are unverified and the mayor of Helena sent to the Associated Press an emphatic denial that there had been fatalities from the breaks south of his city.

Estimates of the damage vary widely. Many persons who knew every bend in the great river from New Orleans to Cairo say the loss will amount to ten millions. Others modify this estimate. Probably the heaviest specific loss must be estimated in the destruction of homes, the loss of live stock and damage to manufacturing plants in the upper flood districts. Thirty fatalities would be a conservative estimate.

GREAT SWIMMING EXHIBITION.

World's Record Equalled by Professor Callis—Boys Have Learned.

A large crowd of young men and boys gathered at the Y. M. C. A. building last evening to witness the swimming exhibition given by Professor Calls, who is in charge of the swimming classes to be held at the local association during the week.

The program was a varied one, speed exhibitions mixing in with the many ways of saving one's strength while in the water and also demonstrations of the correct way of rescuing a drowning person. Professor Callis showed a wonderful burst of speed in the 25 yards, making it in 11 1-5 seconds, the world's record being 11 1-5 seconds. His plunge for distance was also very good, going under water 42 feet 8 inches without a stroke, being under water nearly 20 seconds.

The swimming classes started in earnest yesterday morning, several of the boys of the city mastering the art in only one lesson. On Friday evening an exhibition will be given by Professor Callis and those who have become proficient in the art will take part in the program. This event is open to anyone, reserved seats having been set aside in the balcony over the tank.

Ice Jam Does Damage.

Toronto, April 8.—The ice on the Humber river has gone out. The piers of the new Grand Trunk railway bridge caused a jam which did considerable damage to boat houses, refreshment booths and other property along the banks of the river. Several launches were swept out into the lake when the jam broke.

ing for a new site. The location of the dock above the rapids will not be entertained by the new owners of the charter.

Mr. O'Boyle was unable to state the price paid by Mr. Clergue for the charter, but the former owners will receive a money consideration as well as stock in the new company. Mr. O'OBoyle is also responsible for the statement that the dock will be constructed along the original plans, and that another industry, closely associated with the drydock and shipbuilding, will be built, which will greatly increase the value of the proposition to the city, from an industrial standpoint. The plant itself will be considerably larger than was arranged for when the original company secured the franchise. Mr. Clergue is expected in the Soo this week, when it is expected that a formal announcement will be made by him, which will give the details now lacking.

BUNCO MEN WILL BE SORRY NOW

Tackled Vancouver Teamster and Found Him Hard Nut to Crack—Both Damaged.

Seattle, Wash., April 8.—The career of a pair of bunco men came to an abrupt end today when they met a tartar in the person of Al. Ryan, a husky young Vancouver, B. C., teamster. The youthful member of the pair is at large with a sadly marred face, while Frank Dunlap, 53 years of age, is in jail facing a grand larceny charge, having been run into a policeman's arms by his victim. Incidentally Ryan has his $150 roll back.

Ryan's story is that he arrived this morning from Vancouver and met a well dressed stranger about his own age. The man said his name was Williams and his father was a wealthy San Franciscan. Ryan also had lived in 'Frisco. An automobile ride was suggested and the pair started out. At Pike street they met Dunlap, who accosted them. He also confessed to being a stranger and a former resident of San Francisco. It was a happy trio of Native Sons thrown together.

As they wandered northward Williams suggested matching coins on the street. Behind the old man's back Williams suggested to Ryan that they teach him a lesson and take his thousand dollars to give him a little scare, but return it to him later.

They matched the old man for his whole thousand, but something went wrong in their arrangements and the old man won.

He demanded Ryan's money. The latter had $150 and passed it over with a grin—for he was to get it back of course.

Dunlap, however, refused. Then Ryan "smelled a rat."

Ryan knocked Williams down several times and chased Dunlap three blocks into the arms of Patrolman R. E. Benjamin.

Purchase Soo Dry Dock Charter.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 8.—Mr. John O'Boyle of the former Sault Dry Dock & Shipbuilding Company, has stated that arrangements had been made at a meeting between the members of the company and representatives of the Clergue interests, whereby the charter of the company passes into the hands of Mr. Clergue and his French and Belgium associates. Mr. Clergue left on Friday for New York, since which time the wires have been hot between the Soo and his private office there. At the meeting last night Mr. Clergue was represented by his engineer, Mr. Newman, and Dr. Casoretty, who will be Resident Engineer when the construction of the drydock is commenced, which Mr. O'Boyle is also responsible for the weather conditions permit.

The Clergue interests are negotiat-

Toronto Milk Up.

Toronto, April 8.—Toronto milk cream producers' association yesterday fixed the summer price of milk at $1.27 for an eight-gallon can. This is a slight advance over last year's prices.

SURREY COUNCIL CARES FOR ROADS

Total Sum of $12,720 Set Apart for Opening Up and Improving Highways.

A large number of appropriations for the upkeep of existing roads, and the opening up and improving of many others, was made by the Surrey municipal council at its meeting on Saturday afternoon last. The aggregate sum represented in this item of the proceedings amounts to $12,720.

There were no absentees from the council table and a number of communications were received and disposed of, among them being the plans, contracts and bonds from the contractor for the new municipal hall which were sent by the architect, Mr. C. H. Clow.

Mr. L. Pillath wrote concerning the condition of the Bon Accord road, and also the action of the Canadian Northern Construction company in refusing to allow the use of the wharf at the end of the road. This matter was referred to Councillor Inglis.

Other letters contained requests to have the North Bluff road opened to Ocean beach, and the Serpentine road opened west to the Clover Valley road in order to afford an outlet to Clayton station.

Accounts to the amount of $270.25 were passed and ordered paid.

The following appropriations were made: Ward 1—$1000 for the Coast Meridian road south of Town Line; $1000 for Town Line road; $350 for Serpentine road; $100 for Station road at Port Kells, and $30 for Hall's Prairie road. Ward 2—$500 for Newton road; $700 for Scott road; $300 for Hunt road; $100 for Gladstone road; $400 for Johnston road, and $100 for New Ladner road. Ward 3—$300 for Bose road; $300 for Woodward road; $500 for McLellan road; $100 for Mud Bay road; $100 for McBride road; $500 for Blackie Spit road; $500 for Newton road; $50 for Boothroyd road, and $150 for Johnston road. Ward 4—$400 for Hall's Prairie road north of the Yale road; $400 for Hall's Prairie road south of Yale road; $350 for Serpentine road; $400 for Lattimer road; $100 for Duark road; $400 for Coast Meridian road; $300 for Kensington and Mud Bay road and $50 for Boothroyd road. Ward 5—$500 for Ocean Park road; $500 for White Rock road; $500 for Hall's Prairie road; $500 for Campbell River road; $500 for Coast Meridian road; $300 for North Bluff road; $100 for McInnis road; $40 for Lawrence road, and $300 for Kensington and Mud Bay roads.

The next meeting of the council will be held on Saturday, April 20, at 2 p.m., at the old school house, Cloverdale.

CHAOTIC CONDITION OF MEXICAN STATE

Small Bands Looting—Rebel Victories at Various Points—Outrages Multiply Daily.

Culican, Sinaloa, Mexico, April 8.—This state is in a condition of chaos for lack of a governor and the city may be attacked by rebels any day. The larger bands of rebels are showing some sense of responsibility, but there are many small detachments whose sole object is looting. They respect nobody and stories of their outrages multiply every day.

In a recent fight at Quila, fifteen federals and seven rebels were killed, but the federal force was able to hold the field by the timely arrival of reinforcements.

In another engagement somewhere between the towns of Retes and Perisos 100 state and federal troops were defeated by a superior force of rebels. The loss of life is not known here, but a railroad employee on a morning train counted ten dead.

Seize Shipment of Arms.

Tucson, Ariz., April 8.—It became known tonight that a shipment of arms from Galveston, destined for Guaymas, Mexico, was seized here Saturday night by secret service men and is being held.

The arms were in a bonded car with other merchandise. It was said tonight that the Mexican secret service officials also knew of the shipment and had tried to seize it at Benson, but were driven away by American inspectors.

Vessels Held Up.

Norfolk, Va., April 8.—One hundred and fifteen vessels, steam and sailing, were awaiting berths today at the Norfolk and Newport coal piers. This condition was brought about by the European coal strikes and the suspension of coal operations in the United States.

Manager Has Stroke.

Toronto, April 8.—W. M. Begg, assistant manager of the head office of the Bank of Toronto, was seized by a stroke of apoplexy in his room in the Alexandra apartments, early this morning. His condition is serious.

CANADIAN LLOYD'S

Montreal Shipping Man to Form Association.

ST. LAWRENCE RATES HIGH

London Lloyd's Gives Better Terms to New York and Boston—Will Change This.

Montreal, April 8.—Shipping men and merchants of the Dominion, including a number of those most prominently engaged in marine circles of this city, will in all probability establish a Canadian Lloyd's, before many weeks have passed. For some time past the promoters of the project have been working quietly among the shipping interests here and have at last succeeded, it is stated, in obtaining sufficient financial support to insure the success of the project.

Plans have already been placed before the government at Ottawa and a definite reply is expected from the minister of marine within the next few days. The government has been asked either to subsidize the undertaking or to guarantee to the financial interests behind the scheme the difference between the insurance premiums charged on exports via the St. Lawrence and those in effect out of Boston or New York.

That the present high rates in force at Lloyd's, London, are a baneful influence on the development of the St. Lawrence shipping has for years been felt by Canadian shippers and marine men, and the news that the coming season would probably see an increase stirred shipping organizations to post a protest against further discrimination in favor of American seaports. Exporters using the St. Lawrence are compelled to pay over $300,000 annually on insurance rates over those enjoyed by shippers using the facilities of Boston or New York. The future of the port of Montreal is regarded as in jeopardy of losing rapidly the growing export business offering from the Canadian West.

VETERANS PLAN TO FORM ORGANIZATION

Old British Soldiers Wish to Get Together—For the Sake of Old Times.

Plans are being made to form a Veterans' Association in Westminster. There are many of the residents of the city who have seen service in the British army, and it is felt that it would be a good thing to get them together and to hold gatherings at different times of the year perhaps to talk over the bygone days when they were old soldiers together. Another idea is to have an organization which would render assistance to any old soldier who happens to wander into the city when in need, to provide him with a square meal and a decent bed to lie down on. Several cases have been reported during the past year where veterans have been compelled, through need of cash, to sleep in the local police station.

Although the movement is just in its infancy, it is probable that steps will shortly be taken to form such an association. The prime movers of the matter are Mr. Ed. Hoult, of the city hall, and Mr. Leslie, janitor of the provincial buildings.

TWENTY-ONE MILES OF DITCH ABOVE GROUND

Calgary, April 8.—Last week the contract for one of the biggest engineering feats in the history of the American continent was let in Calgary. This is the construction of a cement flume 21.2 miles long, 16 feet wide and 10 feet deep, which will be erected on pillars some 16 feet above the level of the ground. The work will cost in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. The flume will be erected in connection with the C. P. R. irrigation project at Bassano, and will be used to carry water across a valley 21.2 miles wide at the same level as the main irrigation ditch in order to keep the water flowing and fill the lesser ditches. At one point, six miles east of Brooks, the flume will dip under the railroad tracks coming up again on the other side. The dip will be known as "Syphone." The water will be forced under the tracks by the siphon method. The work practically means the construction of 21.2 miles of the main irrigation ditch 16 feet above the ground, and will be one of the biggest engineering feats in the world.

Old Country Football.

London, April 8.—Rugby International scores: England 18, France 8. Other scores: Swansea 18, Barbarians 8; Cardiff 11, Leicester 0; Bristol 8, London-Welsh 5. Association results: England 2, Belgium 1; Scottish Clyde 3, St. Mairen 0; Aberdeen 2; Third Lanark 0.

WHAT THE MAN ON THE STREET THINKS

He Discusses the Parks By-law—Two Different Views, But Two Similar Votes on Wednesday.

"Are you going to vote for the parks by-law tomorrow?"

"I should say not. What do they want to buy new parks for when they don't make any use of the old ones?"

Such was the opening of a street car conversation overheard yesterday afternoon.

"Well, I don't see that," replied number one. "Just because the council has neglected the parks in the past, I don't see why you should vote against the city buying new parks for the future which she will never be able to get so cheap again."

"But that park they want to get in Sapperton is no good for sport. It's only a swamp and a sidehill and the present playground is all Sapperton needs at present."

"Yes, all she needs at present, but we have got to look ahead. We don't want to be where Vancouver is today; without parks, and forced to pay huge sums for small little places that are not big enough to swing a cat in. Besides no one has said that they want the Sapperton park purely for athletics. Some day Sapperton will be an industrial centre and then they will need every open space they can get out there. That park may not be an ideal site, but it will make a good pleasure park and will, at any rate, be an open space. It's cheaper now than it ever will be again. Besides, if we vote against the Sapperton park, which will come in useful some day, we are voting against the Queensborough park too. Next year probably we will be voting in favor of buying the same parks and paying more for them if we turn down the by-law tomorrow."

"Well, there's something in what you say. But why can't they put Moody park in shape so that we can play games there properly? Why can't they cut down the bush on Queens park and not give it over altogether to the lacrosse club?"

Number One was there with a reply. "That's all true enough. But why turn down the by-law because of this. Let's pass the by-law and get all the parks we can cheap and then turn round and worry the council until they spend money on the old parks so that we can get some use out of them?"

"Um! I guess I'll think it over Perhaps I will vote for it after all, but they should use the parks they've got Moody square is a scandal and the Queens park bush is no good to anyone."

The Daily News representative had to get off here and hunt up another story that didn't come to anything, but the net result of the conversation seemed to be two votes for the parks by-law, where there would only have been one before.

OARSMEN OF ROYAL CITY ARE INVITED

To Raise Four Oared Crew and Compete in Vancouver Spring Regatta.

An invitation to form a crew and to take part in the opening regatta of the Vancouver Rowing club has been extended to the rowing men of Westminster at large.

Mr. R. P. Woodward, of the executive of the Vancouver club, stated yesterday that there are now several active members of his club at present residing in Westminster. "We are holding our spring regatta on April 27, two weeks from Saturday next," he said, "and I think that it would be a good thing if the Royal City could manage to send a four over to Vancouver, and show us that it can hold its own in boat racing as well as in field sports.

"There should be quite a number of rowing men in the city," he continued "It may be that this is rather short notice, but we are holding a regatta as we usually do in order to give the rowing season a send off. If you in Westminster can get four men together, you have two week-ends left, and by regatta time you will be in as good a shape as our crews."

The races will be rowed in coxwainless lapstreak fours over a short course. Any old rowing men interested may obtain further particulars at the office of the Daily News.

HARRY LAUDER GENEROUS.

Donates Handsome Mug to 45th Highlanders, Toronto.

Toronto, April 8.—Harry Lauder, the famous comedian, has presented the 45th Highlanders with a handsome silver cup, an exact replica of that donated by him to the Black Watch regiment, to be held by the winners in an annual shooting competition. The trophy has been formally accepted by the colonel on behalf of the officers and men. It will be transferred into the keeping of the mess immediately.

GREAT RACE ENDED

Malamutes Driven By Allan First at Nome.

SEVERE STORMS AND COLD

Leader in All-Alaska Sweepstakes Hard Pressed Till Home Stretch—Purse for $5000.

Nome, Alaska, April 8.—Allan, driving Mrs. Darling's malamutes, was first into Nome after one of the hardest struggles in the history of the race. His time for the 412 miles from Nome to Candle and return was 87 hours and 32 minutes, five hours and 52 minutes longer than his time last year when he won the race with the same team.

Alexander Holmson, driving John Johnson's team of Siberian wolf hounds, holder of the record of 71 hours, 14 minutes and 20 seconds, was second, driving into Nome one hour behind Allan. Charles Johnson, driving Fox Ramsay's dogs, was third, arriving half an hour after Holmson. The Oliver dogs, driven by O. Blatchford, were in such poor condition from the long drive over the hard snow trail that they were hopelessly outdistanced and did not show in the final dash of 50 miles.

The race was one of the hardest in the history of the sweepstakes. Allan was pressed hard by the three leaders during the greater part of the drive and it was not until he was on the 50 miles that his dogs showed their superiority and kept up a pace that gave him a safe margin of victory, making an average of seven miles an hour on the home stretch. His dogs were in good condition and all were on their feet at the finish.

In spite of the cold and the early hour the stands were filled when the dogs came in. Word that Allan was coming was telephoned two hours before he arrived and everybody in town turned out to see the finish. Although the Darling dogs were the favorites from the first, betting was heavy and a large amount of money changed hands. The purse for this year's race was $5000.

The contestants had a trying time Saturday night. A severe storm was raging and progress was made with difficulty. Blatchford was lost three hours in Death valley. Natives went in search of him and guided him back to the trail, but the delay put him so far behind that he was hopelessly out of the race. Holmson lost a dog in the storm and spent two hours finding it. He drove hard Sunday morning and caught Allan only to be outdistanced when the malamutes made their final burst of speed. Johnson had difficulty keeping the trail in the storm and finally made camp, waiting until daylight Sunday, when he resumed the drive and caught up with the leaders before noon.

SECOND MAIN FOR RICHMOND.

Reeve Bridge to Draw Up Agreement with Westminster Council.

Richmond, April 8.—The construction of another main across the Fraser river as a duplicate to the one already in use, is proposed by the Richmond council to prevent any water famine in the district should a break occur in the single main which supplies Richmond with water from the Westminster supply. Reeve Bridge has been empowered by the council to draw up an agreement with the Westminster city officials whereby the Richmond municipality will bear half the cost of the installation.

The matter of paving the main road with bitulithic has been postponed for a time, the petition for same not being regarded as favorable.

POLICE "MOVE ON" PICKETING I. W. W'S.

Protection for Tacoma Mill Workers—Employees Show no Inclination to Join in Strike.

Tacoma, Wash., April 8.—It was announced at the close of a meeting of Mayor W. W. Seymour and the city commission today that enough policemen would be stationed on the Eleventh street bridge, leading to the St. Paul mill, to keep the picketing Industrial Workers on the move. Parades are prohibited, but there is no intention to bar street speaking. The mill employees have shown no sympathy with the attempts of the Industrial Workers to get them to strike.

AMERICANS ON MEXICAN ROAD WILL WALK OUT

Mexico City, April 8.—American conductors and engineers employed by the National railways of Mexico City will walk out on April 15 unless some unforeseen circumstance intervenes.

The railroad managers refused today the demands of the men. The latter already had voted to strike if the companies reply was unfavorable. Nearly 800 employees are affected.

Wants

HELP WANTED—SMALL FAMILY, comfortable home. Apply C. H. Stuart Wade, City Hall.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM FOR a gentleman in private family. 814 Third avenue.

WANTED—NURSE FOR TWO CHILdren, ages 2 and 4; an older woman preferred. Apply evenings, Mrs David Cambie, 731 Sixth street.

WANTED—BOARDERS, COMFORTable home for working men. Apply 525 Tenth street, city.

WANTED — A WAITRESS. APPLY Bohemian cafe, opposite C. P. R. depot.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSE AND cafe business doing first class trade, in good locality. Apply H. Sworder, two gentlemen in private family. 814 Third avenue.

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED BARred Rock Cockerels. Laying strain $2.25 delivered in New Westminster. C. A. Mitchell, Aliceville, Barnet.

STAVE LAKE DISTRICT—10 ACRES of excellent fruit land, easy to clear, in southwest one-quarter section 26, T. P. 15; only one mile from proposed tramway. Price $110 per acre, payable 20 per cent cash, balance by four half yearly instalments. Apply Alexander Phillip, broker, Club block, Esplanade, North Vancouver.

LANGLEY DISTRICT—25 LOTS OF land near Murrayfield and Great Northern Railway station: small holdings for fruit and chicken farms to suit small purses; soil of very best; near two sawmills where work can be got. Areas from 2 to 3½ acres; one block has seven-room house. For price lists and full particulars apply to Alexander Philip, Real Estate Agent, Club Block, Esplanade, North Vancouver.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—THE STIRLING ROOMS, corner Royal avenue and Tenth street, are now open for business. The most modern and up-to-date rooming house in the city. Single rooms and housekeeping flats. A dining room will be run in connection with this establishment on or about the 15th inst.

HOUSE TO RENT, $10—LARGE house, barn and garden ground, on river front, near Sunbury, to rent by the month for $10. Apply "X," P. O. Box 304, New Westminster, B. C.

FOR RENT—MODERN FIVE-ROOM house; rent $25 per month; furniture for sale. Phone R1140.

LOST.

LOST—DIAMOND RING BETWEEN Columbia street and Clarkson, on McKenzie, between 2:30 and 3 p.m. Monday, March 18. Reward given on returning same to Royal pool rooms.

LOST—ON GOOD FRIDAY, GOLD brooch with amythest and pearl setting. Finder please return to this office and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—DARK BROWN COLLIE dog. Owner can have same by defraying expenses. Apply G. Grady, poundkeeper, Edmonds.

FOUND—PAIR OF SPECTACLES ON McKenzie street, near Daily News office. Owner may secure same by proving possession and pay for this advertisement. Call News office.

Curtis & Dorgan
706 Columbia Street.
City and Suburban.

EDMONDS—Two lots 80x204 on graded street just off Douglas road, near city car; a grand home site. $1200; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

TENTH AVENUE, CITY—Just off Twelfth street, 50x132 foot lot. $850; one-third cash.

FINE HOME SACRIFICED—Eight rooms, thoroughly modern, on car line, a double corner comprising three large lots; good barn, fruit trees, etc. $8500; long terms. The lots are worth the money.

QUEENS AVENUE—Near park, magnificent modern home, nine rooms, basement, furnace, etc. $8500.

SIXTH STREET, near Eight avenue —Five roomed modern home, full basement; lot developed to fruit. $3150; $900 cash.

LONDON STREET—Lot 50x132, close to Twelfth street. $1050; one-quarter cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

BURNABY—Two lots on Sixth avenue, just off the car line; all cleared. $725; one-third cash.

Curtis & Dorgan
706 Columbia Street.

REMOVAL NOTICE
D. V. Lewthwaite
CABINET MAKER AND UPHOLSTERER.
New Westminster, B. C.
Workshop 611 Victoria Street.
(Over Daily News.)

"MY STOMACH IS FINE
Since Taking Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets"

Mrs. J. Merkhuger, Waterloo, Ont., enthusiastically recommends Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets. Her experience with them, as she outlines it, explains why.

"I was greatly troubled with my stomach", she writes. "I had taken so much medicine that I might say to take any more would only be making it worse. My stomach just felt raw. I read of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets, and a lady friend told me they were very easy to take, so I thought I would give them a trial and really they worked wonders. Anyone having anything wrong with his stomach should give Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets a trial, they will do the rest. My stomach is fine now and I can eat any food."

One of the many good features of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets is that they are so pleasant and easy to take. The relief they give from heartburn, flatulence, biliousness and dyspepsia is prompt and permanent. Try one after each meal—they'll make you feel like a new person.

50c. a box at your druggist's compounded by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal. 143

DON'T BURN
Waste Paper or Rags.
Phone 475 and we will collect, free of charge.
H. P. VIDAL & CO.

The People's Trust Co., Ltd.
451 Columbia Street. Phone 669

DOUBLE CORNER on Seventh avenue, close to Queens park, $2200; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18. No. 369.

52x150; beautiful lot on Fourth street, all cleared. $1200; one-quarter cash, balance 6. 12 and 18. No. 228.

ON FIFTH STREET, widest street in city. Price $1100; one-third cash, balance 6 and 12. This is a snap. No. 42.

ANOTHER SNAP. On Tenth, close to Agnes street; snap at $11,000; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18. No. 85.

DOUBLE CORNER, Fifth street and Eighth avenue, all cleared, good buy. $3150; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18. No. 324.

The People's Trust Co., Ltd.
451 Columbia Street. Phone 669.

TO CANADIAN ARCHITECTS:

Competition for new University buildings to be erected at Point Grey, near Vancouver, British Columbia.

The Government of British Columbia invite competitive plans for the general scheme and design for the proposed new University, together with more detailed plans for the buildings to be erected first at an estimated cost of $1,500,000.

Prizes of $10,000 will be given for the most successful designs submitted.

Particulars of the competition and plan of site may be obtained on request from the undersigned.

The designs to be sent in by July 31, 1912, addressed to

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION,
Parliament Buildings,
Victoria, British Columbia.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Notice is hereby given that I shall at the expiration of thirty days from the date of the first publication hereof cancel from the books of the Land Registry Office, New Westminster, B. C., a certain agreement for sale, dated the twenty-fifth day of February, 1910, existing between Chas. S. Brown as Vendor, of Vancouver, B. C., and Moulton Shank as Purchaser, formerly of Vancouver, B. C., said agreement for sale covering the east half of lot 8, and the west half of lot 9, block 1, being a subdivision of east half of lot 158, group 1, New Westminster District.

DISTRICT REGISTRAR,
New Westminster.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, New Westminster, B. C., this 3rd day of April, 1912, to Moulton Shank, Esq.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re part (10 acres) of lot 38, Group 1, formerly in Yale Division of Yale District, in the District of New Westminster.

Whereas proof of the loss of certificate of title No. 10955F, issued in the name of Francis W. Ford, has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, in a daily newspaper published in the City of New Westminster, issue a duplicate of the said certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles.

Land Registry office, New Westminster, B. C., March 9, 1912.

SEVERE INDICTMENT OF MADERO'S RULE

Rebel Leader's Commissioners in New York Present Revolutionists' Case —President Wrecking Country.

New York, April 8.—The three special commissioners from General Orozco, leader of the Mexican revolutionists, who arrived here last week to present to the American people the revolutionists' side of the present trouble in their country, in a long statement given out last night by Manual L. Lujan, head of the commission, bitterly assailed the administration of President Madero, and said his tactics in the government of Mexico were slowly wrecking the nation.

Madero is charged with violating every oath he made to the men that helped to overthrow Diaz. He is charged with misuse of government funds, with making it impossible to walk the highways of Mexico in safety and not protecting the interests of foreign business, nor the people of his country.

"The present revolution is not a new one," the statement says. "It is merely a continuance of the revolution which began when the rule of President Diaz became unbearable. It is intended to carry out the reforms that it was hoped would result from the success of the revolution a year ago, the failure of which is a sad disappointment to patriotic Mexicans as well as to the Americans and other foreigners who have their business interests in Mexico."

Madero, the commissioners said, was not called to the presidency by the people, but was accepted by the revolutionists because no one else came forward. "To have repudiated him would have been fatal for the cause," they said, "although it was known that the man who would claim the reward was unfit."

The statement continues:

"Madero, by what was almost his first official act, violated the very principle we had won. By his use of the army, he not only intimidated congress into calling an election at such an early date as to prevent any opposition, but also intimidated the people and crushed out all opposition to himself.

"When President Diaz resigned his office there was $36,500,000 gold in the treasury of Mexico. Within six months' time that money was almost entirely gone and Mexico had not one single benefit to show from its expenditures. But Mexico does know where part of it went. Upon the abdication of President Diaz, a commission was appointed to adjust any and all claims that might be pressed against the new government.

It is positively known that the government by President Madero's orders has arranged to purchase from his uncle, Lorenzo Gonzales Trevino, a tract of land known as the San Carlos territory. For that the sum of 7,000,000 pesos ($3,500,000) will be paid, yet it is well known the property could never be sold for even three million pesos.

"Madero has all but accomplished the complete ruin of Mexico. He has created a condition that never before existed. Whatever may be said against Diaz, he protected people and property. Never, before Madero became president, was it unsafe for a man to travel the roads of Mexico. Today it is. Never before was business ruined as has since been the case. Never before was there a head of the government of Mexico who had lost all control of the country and who dared not even protect the property or the persons of foreigners."

General Orozco, the commissioners assert, is not a candidate for the presidency, but intends upon the establishment of peace to call an election "when for the first time in years Mexico will enjoy a free ballot to elect those in whom it has confidence."

TRADE CONDITIONS GOOD.

West Is Flourishing — Huge Crops Prophesied.

Montreal, April 8.—"Trade conditions in the Canadian Northwest are excellent, and evidences of prosperity are to be found everywhere," said Mr. James Carruthers just returned from a three week's visit to the west.

"An encouraging factor in connection with the growth of our great west is the large number of settlers who are coming into the country, and authorities say that all records will be broken this spring. The extent of this immigration may be gathered when I say that I saw the arrangements made for the entry into Canada of 600 carloads of settlers and settlers' effects from Minneapolis with the opening of the spring.

"Wholesale houses in the west report good orders, and commercial travelers say that they have not had such good business for many years. Collections are also improving, with dealers meeting their notes as they come due.

"As to the grain situation, the receipts inspected at Winnipeg every day show that the railways are moving forward a lot of grain despite the fact that there is such a cry over the congestion. A lot of this wheat, of course, is from the country elevators, where until recently there was as much as 25,000,000 bushels of wheat on record. The farmers there are hoping for a rather late spring, with continued good weather, which they prefer to an early spring with the usual break in the conditions.

Wheat Via Vancouver.

"While in the west I had a long chat with one of the highest railway officials there, who predicted that in 1915 western Canada would have a wheat crop of 350,000,000 bushels. It will then be necessary to use the Panama Canal, which will result in the export of a large amount of wheat via Vancouver.

"Accommodation is hard to get in the western cities, owing to the volume of business doing, and this will be greatly increased with the advent of milder weather.

"The west is prosperous, and there is nothing on the horizon to indicate any setback."

TENDERS FOR SEVENTH AVENUE SCHOOL.

Sealed tenders, superscribed "Tender for Seventh Avenue School" and addressed to L. Avory White, Esq., Secretary New Westminster School Board, will be received up to 5 p.m. of Monday, 8th of April, 1912, for the erection and completion of a three storey school to be erected on Seventh avenue, New Westminster.

Separate tenders will be received for, 1, Concrete, Brick and Carpenter work, etc.; 2, Plumber and Tinner work; 3, Painter work; 4, Electric Light, etc.

Plans and specifications can be obtained on application to the undersigned on receipt of a deposit of $10, which will be refunded on the return of plans. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank in Canada, made payable to the Secretary of the New Westminster School Board, for a sum equal to five (5) per cent. of his tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the signing of the contract.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

GARDNER & MERCER.
Architects to the School Trustees.
New Westminster, B. C.

Extension of Time.

The above time mentioned for receiving tenders has been extended to 12 noon of Friday, the 12th inst.

"Oh, How I Itched"

What long nerve-racking days of constant torture — what sleepless nights of terrible agony—itch—itch—itch, constant itch, until it seemed that I must tear off my very skin—then

Instant relief—my skin cooled, soothed and healed!

The very first drops of D. D. D. Prescription for Eczema stopped that awful itch instantly; yes, the very moment D. D. D. touched the burning skin the torture ceased.

D. D. D. has been known for years as the only absolutely reliable eczema remedy, for it washes away the disease germs and leaves the skin as clear and healthy as that of a child.

If you will come to our store, we have had the agency for this remedy for so many years that we can tell you all about D. D. D. Prescription and how it cures eczema.

Or you can get a free trial bottle by writing D. D. D. Laboratories, 49 Colborne St., Toronto. F. J. MacKenzie, Druggist.

GOLD DUST will
sterilize your kitchen things and make them wholesome and sanitary

Soap only cleans; GOLD DUST cleans and sterilizes.

Soap washes over the surface, leaving a greasy film behind it; GOLD DUST digs deep after germs and impurities, and insures purity and safety.

Soap needs muscle help (as an exerciser, it's fine); GOLD DUST does all the hard part of the work without your assistance, leaving you to take your exercise in a more enjoyable manner.

GOLD DUST is a good, honest, vegetable oil soap, to which is added other purifying materials in just the right proportions to cleanse easily, vigorously, and without harm to fabric, utensil or hands.

"Let the GOLD DUST Twins do your work."

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
Makers of FAIRY SOAP, the oval cake.

Important to Grocers and Consumers!

Registered Trade-Mark

The absolute purity and healthfulness of

BAKER'S COCOA and CHOCOLATE

are guaranteed under the pure food laws of Canada. Made by a perfect mechanical process, they are unequaled for delicacy of flavor and food value.

The New Mills at Montreal are now in operation and for the convenience of the Canadian trade we have established **Distributing Points at Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver**

WALTER BAKER & CO. LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.
Canadian Mills at 1000 ALBERT STREET, MONTREAL

INTENSELY INTERESTING

Are the Bargains Offered During This Final Wind-Up of the

Gordon Bankrupt Stock

GORDON'S 25c COTTON VOILES, Yard, 8 1-3c.	GORDON'S 25c BROWN HOLLAND, Yard, 12½c.	GORDON'S 10c NARROW LACES, Yard, 2c.
GORDON'S 25c JAP CREPE, Yard, 15c.	GORDON'S 35c HUCK TOWELING, Yard, 15c.	GORDON'S $10.00 LONG COATS, Large Sizes, Each, $3.75.
25c EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, Each, 12½c.	GORDON'S 15c PILLOW CASES, Each, 10c.	GORDON'S 17c CHINA CREPE DRAPERIES, Yard, 7½c.
GORDON'S $5.00 JACKETS, Each, $1.95.	GORDON'S 60c FIGURED LUSTRE, Yard. 32c.	GORDON'S 12½c PRINTS, Yard, 8 1-3c.

FRED DAVIS
The Man Who Saves You Money

Cliff Block Sixth Street near Columbia

NECKWEAR HINTS,

Practical Bows That Can Be Washed Like Handkerchiefs.

USES OF LACE AND LAWN.

The New Neck Ruche Is a Delightful Dress Accessory For the Girl to Whom It Is Becoming—This Style Generally a Trying One.

Lives there a woman who does not appreciate a sensible economy and to whom it is not at times a blessing to have something to put on in a hurry? Practical neck bows that can be washed and ironed flat like handkerchiefs and in a minute or so be plaited up in the center and tied with a knot will be a boon not only to the busy working girl, but to her housekeeping sister as well. In the shops we find an almost endless variety of fascinating neckwear, but few of the bows found there can be laundered with any degree of satisfaction.

Pretty, dainty bits of lace, combined with embroidery on batiste, lawn or

THE NEW NECK RUCHE.

fine linen, with perhaps a twist or loop of satin, are only soiled when sent to the laundry, but are utter wrecks when they return.

Even when one has time and has the ability to wash such bits of finery oneself the result is often far from desirable, so that the average woman will enjoy making herself several attractive neck bows that will withstand the ravages of the washtub. Embroidered or lace edged handkerchiefs afford a source from which a large variety of collars and bows can be made.

A clever needlewoman, given a dainty handkerchief, scissors, needle and cotton, can in a few minutes fashion for herself a most fetching piece of neckwear.

From two handkerchiefs of crossbar linen with small coin spots embroidered in the corners, for example, are made a collar, jabot and tie.

Fold one of the handkerchiefs into quarters with the embroidery sides uppermost. Cut off one-quarter and hem the cut edge. Stitch the folded edge of the remaining three-quarters across the top, allowing the hemmed edge and embroidered corners to open in a fan-like jabot. One inch from the top in the center work a buttonhole and through this slip the other portion of the handkerchief, tie it in the center in a firm, flat knot and let the ends spread like a bow.

The other handkerchief of the same pattern is folded in small plaits, with one edge laid over as a turnover collar would be. Jabot and collar are pinned together and are ready to wear.

When laundering, simply detach the jabot, untie the bow portion and iron straight as you would a plain handkerchief. Fold in place and press.

Quite the newest thing in neckwear is the wide plaited ruche which is seen in the cut. The stock is of tucked black satin, and to it is attached a plaited ruffle of fillet net lace. A turnover of the same lace finishes the natty little bit of finery.

Stain Proof.

"At a formal afternoon tea," remarked the woman who keeps bachelor hall as she put the kettle on and filled an oval plate with cheese straws, "whoever presides is generally fairly on guard against spilling tea on the embroidered cloth, but when one has it every afternoon, as I do, it doesn't pay to use fine white linen and delicate needlework to array the table. Yet one likes to have it attractive. I had two of my prettiest drawnwork tea cloths badly spotted before I had the inspiration I wanted. Then I deliberately stained a bit of white linen with the kind of tea I generally use and let it dry so. Then I took that tea stained bit downtown and searched until I found a heavy linen of that precise tint. It was the odd, twilled weave that you see, and I found the silks that harmonized with it for the simple drawnwork edge that you were admiring on this one, for a scallop with a design of maidenhair ferns above on a second and for a little running pattern of clover leaves and an occasional blossom that secures the deep hem of my third one. The dull gray green of the material and the clearer fern and clover colors make a thoroughly artistic setting for my white china and bits of old silver, to say nothing of the antique candlestick.

VERY UP TO DATE.

A Course Dinner Without Any Maid Service.

"One day when company came on the maid's day out we followed this plan of serving our dinner of four courses," said the woman who studied housekeeping problems. "We have a nest of tables which match the dining room furniture. The two largest were placed each at the left of the person at the head and foot of the table. We omitted a soup course and served meat, salad, dessert and nut courses.

"The meat and condiments were the only dishes on the table. On one of our side tables we placed the vegetables on trays for passing, and the salad with its accessories, dressing and cheese; on the other side table were the dessert and nuts, changes of plates and a pitcher of water. At the end of the meat course the soiled dishes and meat platter changed places with the salad paraphernalia and a napkin covered the used dishes. At the end of the salad course it and its accompaniments changed places with the dessert and serving dishes. At the end of this course an exchange was made with the nuts.

"On a third nest table in our living room we had previously placed our coffee percolator and cups and saucers, and to that room we adjourned for our after dinner coffee after lifting the two small tables containing all the soiled dishes into the butler's pantry. To get the cloth off the dining table and leave the room, which opens into our living room, in perfect order was the work of but two minutes. By following this plan we found it unnecessary to leave the table once during the meal, and we did not have the annoyance of having the table filled with food that should not appear in a mass."

Your Easter Hat.

While the first hats of changeable taffeta were considered hideous by many, the makers have been experimenting, and now they have found a few models of truly artistic appearance. One is a tailor shape, perfectly round, with a nice little turned up

MODEL IN TAFFETA SILK.

round brim, with both the edge of the crown and the edge of the brim finished with a cording of the taffeta. Only the simplest bit of trimming—perhaps a fluff of feathers or a "brush"—is needed.

The pretty little hat illustrated is of cream white taffeta applied in shirrings over crown and brim. At the edge of the upturned rolling brim there is a quilling of black velvet ribbon put on in organ pipe fashion. The Francis I. feather is of black and white Gourah plumes.

A charming French hat made for Easter wear is of smoke gray hemp, with a wide brim turned up and crushed in at one side and faced with row after row of very small, dark red roses, the petals of which have their edges just "smoked," the lightest bit, with gray. They as put on evenly and closely, so that they entirely conceal the hemp on the under side.

The Housekeeper's Creed.

"I don't see how Mrs. Brown understands housekeeping so well," said a curious matron the other day of a bride whom she had had under observation. "You know she was a teacher until she married."

It did not occur to her that Mrs. Brown was just applying the same system which she used in her teaching to her home. She was always very systematic in her school work; consequently it was an easy matter for her to have the housekeeping wheels running without friction.

There is an immense reward for the woman who will apply businesslike methods to the ordering of her home. Many a man knows that if his business were run as slipshod as his home he would go into bankruptcy.

In a certain school of housewifery where cookery and cleaning on the most modern lines are taught a "housewives' creed" hangs on the walls. Here are some extracts from it:

"I believe housekeeping and cooking are and should be interesting and worthy work and that the majority of women would enjoy them if they had the opportunity to know more of their science.

"If a man is not ashamed of his profession or work there is no reason why a woman should be of hers.

"I believe before marriage every woman should show to the man whom she is to marry that she thoroughly understands the work of making and keeping the home on a perfectly systematic and business basis, as much as the man has shown her that he has a profession or business capable of providing an adequate income."

MANY WOMEN SMUGGLE.

Smuggling is a crime. Many women are smugglers. Therefore, there are many women criminals, says Elinor Ames in the Seattle P.-I.

Sounds ugly, doesn't it? But knowing the facts, how else can one interpret them?

Nearly every incoming steamer adds to the United States record of smuggling.

Sometimes the record is tinged with humor, sometimes with pathos, occasionally with tragedy, as the other day when Mrs. Blanche Carson, a rich woman who had confessed to smuggling jewels, committed suicide.

Psychologically, the woman smuggler offers an interesting study. In nine cases out of ten she is a most respectable and scrupulous person, who would go a block to return a postage stamp she had borrowed, and who has positive horror of an untruth.

Yet with the utmost nonchalance she stuffs her bodice full of laces and gems, sews silk stockings to her petticoats and fills her coiffure and the inside of her hat with as many trinkets as she can find room for.

"Why?" I asked Collector Loeb.

"For the same reason as men," he responded; "for gain."

"Then you don't think women smuggle more than men?"

He smiled.

"We really haven't the records so arranged that I could tell," he replied. "Of course, women do smuggle. They have had hard work to see that smuggling is a criminal violation of a law. It is punishable by a fine, by confiscation of property and by a prison term."

"But the tariff seems to be such a nonunderstandable thing to the average woman," I suggested.

"I grant you they don't seem to understand the why and wherefore," he admitted, "but you see we are not here to explain the laws, nor to make them, but to see that they are enforced.

"This great United States tries in every way to protect its people, and to do so it must have a revenue, and the tariff serves both purposes.

"Women have a greater opportunity to smuggle than men. We can't go through their luggage as thoroughly as we can a man's, and we don't want to subject them to any more annoyance than necessary.

"It is only when we have the strongest possible reason for suspecting them that we put them through what they term 'an outrageous examination.'

"I think the average woman of education is more scrupulous than the average man of similar education.

"Some women are naturally crafty, but they are not the high type.

"Perhaps recently we have noticed a revolt against man-made laws. Several suffragettes announced they'd pay no duties. But I think a good many have."

The collector smiled rather grimly.

"I know an old lady," I told him, "the soul of honor and honesty, who declares that she will bring in something free from duty every trip she makes, if it isn't more than a dollar's worth, just to show her contempt for the tariff."

Mr. Loeb laughed.

"I will tell you a most peculiar case," he said. "A charming woman—who does not live in New York—and her husband arrived here and declared some $500 worth of goods. As she stood on the dock one of the inspectors noticed something unusual about her costume. Examination proved she had concealed about $500 worth of gems in her bodice.

"Her husband was ignorant of it. When he learned the facts he was heartbroken. He felt disgraced. She was at first defiant.

"I argued and explained. Finally I said that as it was her first offense I'd let her go with a fine of $500, though I could put her in prison.

"'A fine!' she screamed. 'Then I am convicted of smuggling?'

"All in a moment she went to pieces. 'I am a smuggler!' she moaned, and she was in such a mental state that I would not have been surprised at any tragic ending. However, she finally grew calm, though she felt she could never mention her trip abroad."

"Why do women smuggle?" I asked Dr. R. Foster Kennedy, authority on neurasthenics. "Is there any psychological reason?"

"Centuries of nonparticipation in lawmaking has somewhat blunted their sense of legal liability," he said, after a moment's thought. "Women are by environment and constitution more used to concealment than men.

"Then for years they have had to be on the defensive. I am sure that their standards of morals are as keen as men's, but they don't look at things just as men do."

Lastly, I went to a society woman.

"Don't use my name," she said, "and I'll tell you. Just for the sport. Tell a woman she shall not do a thing and what's the result? Why, she's crazy to do it, of course. She doesn't stop to think of right or wrong.

"Smuggling is the modern application of 'stolen sweets.'"

Motors for Dawson.

Dawson, April 8.—The long series of experiments by the White Pass as to the best means of handling freight on the overland trail with motor cars is being continued. Supt. Herbert Wheeler has tried out an automobile or two. One proved a great success in road construction, and in certain light traveling. Now a freighter is wanted, and President Dickeson has purchased a motor truck in Chicago.

It will be used in handling freight between White Horse and Yukon Crossing prior to the opening of Lake Labarge. The company has had "caterpillars" engaged in road construction and freighting on that division, but they have not proved exactly what was desired.

The new truck may fill the bill, and if successful may be followed by others for the same stretch.

DRY GOODS FURNITURE

LEES LIMITED

"We Furnish Your Home Complete."

FURNITURE DRY GOODS

HOUSE CLEANING

Can Best Be Done With a

Santo Vacuum Cleaner

IT FAIRLY EATS UP THE DIRT

Easy Cleaning

The SANTO Vacuum Cleaner keeps your house clean, dustless and sanitary at a cost of only 10c a week.

It reduces the work of cleaning from hours to minutes, weighs only 50 lbs.—a child can use it.

It cleans not only your draperies, but your carpets, rugs, and everything else in your home without removing them from their accustomed places.

The SANTO is the ORIGINAL round cleaner—complete, handsome and durable. Sold under a binding guaranty bond.

A trial costs you nothing. Write, 'phone or call and we will send you a SANTO. Do it now.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS

Consult us as to your needs in Interior Decorating and House Furnishings, as we have trained assistants capable of relieving you of a lot of worry and bother, and the expense is light. Maybe you will need new Window Shades. Our Shade department is capable of giving you the best service in the West, and our prices are always the lowest. Try us.

LEES LIMITED

Spring lamb, Beef, Pork Mutton, and Veal

AT THE

Central Meat Market

BOWELL & ODDY

Corner Eighth St. and Fifth Avenue

PHONE 370.

Brunette Saw Mills Company, Ltd.

New Westminster, B. C.

Are well stocked up with all kinds and grades of

LUMBER FOR HOUSE BUILDING

A specially large stock of Laths, Shingles and No. 2 Common Boards and Dimension.

Now is the time to build for sale or rent while prices are low

Madam—This Delicious Dessert Saves Time

Instead of spending hours over a hot stove preparing dessert, try Mooney's Sugar Wafers. Their delicious flavor will surprise and please the whole family.

It cost us thousands of dollars and took years to perfect this dainty. Taste it once and you will say that both time and money were well spent.

Here are just three of *many* reasons why you should at least *try* Mooney's Sugar Wafers. *First*—their delicious spicy and appetizing taste. *Second*—it takes no time to serve them—they are always ready—always good. *Third*—they cost but little.

Mooney's Sugar Wafers

Canada's Most Popular Dessert

Mooney's Sugar Wafers are made in the finest bakery in the country. We use nothing but the best ingredients. Our flour is a special blend. Our butter and cream are from the finest dairies in Western Ontario. We get the best because we pay top prices. Then there is the incomparable Mooney Method—the Method that gave to the Dominion, Perfection Cream Sodas—the standard soda cracker. The same high quality standard that has made ours the fastest growing business in Canada goes into our greatest creation—Mooney's Sugar Wafers.

(18) At your grocer's, in dainty, dust and damp-proof tins. 10 and 25 cents. Try them today.

The Mooney Biscuit and Candy Company, Ltd.

The Daily News

Published by The Daily News Publishing Company, Limited, at their offices, corner of McKenzie and Victoria Streets.

UNION LABEL 4

TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1912.

VOTE FOR THE BY-LAWS.

Everybody knows by now what the by-laws are and most people are convinced that the only thing to do for the good of the city is to vote for them. With these by-laws is bound up the future progress of the town. If they fail to pass tomorrow, it will mean that everything will be at a standstill for another year. Every year the city stands still, it will become harder for it to strike boldly into the road of progress. Competitors will have passed away in the distance and nothing but their dust will be left as Westminster's share of their prosperity.

Development without money is impossible. That is a good reason for voting the by-laws. The sum asked. $409,000, is not an extravagant one to spend. The very fact that it is raised on the old assessment is a proof of its conservatism. The expenditure of the money will so increase the value of property that the next assessment is sure to show more than a proportionate gain.

A city cannot do without streets. No one can argue that streets are a bad thing. But streets cannct be built without money. Of course a city can go in for street building on an extravagant scale. But Westminster is not proposing to do this. Anyone who has carefully studied the proposed street improvement scheme, which is to take up $250,000 of the proposed $409,000, will know that that scheme has been most carefully thought out and is calculated to serve the interests of the city in the most economical way possible. Paving for the central and business streets, macadamizing for the through highways and upper level streets, that is the policy. It is a policy that will make every part of the city accessible. It is a policy that will allow the business men, the commercial rigs and heavy transfer wagons to carry on their business cheaply and expeditiously. It is a policy that will allow the children to go to school able wives and daughters to go about without getting mired, that will enwinter and summer, in comfort. It is a policy that will benefit every individual intimately in his business and home life. Such being the case how can anyone vote against the by-law?

It is the same, too, with the other by-laws. To study them is to be convinced of their necessity. Some are concerned with development, others, such as the bunkers by-law, simply with economic administration. But all have their importance in some way or other and it can truly be said with the Progress Club that "a vote for the by-laws is a vote for progress."

MISLEADING EXHIBITS.

Missionaries Often Give Wrong Idea of Japanese Religion.

"I am not at all opposed to missionary exhibition if it is properly undertaken. Great care, however, should be taken not to mislead people, otherwise the whole enterprise would be valueless. We still need missionaries, but we do not want any assistance if it can be obtained only at the expense of our national dignity. I sincerely appeal to my Canadian friends and the mission boards and would ask them to study the east a little more deeply instead of satisfying themselves with a superfluous and childish information such as we had demonstrated at the recent exhibition."

These statements are contained in a letter received by the Globe from Mr. K. Kioke, a Japanese resident of Toronto, and in which he criticized severely missionary exhibitions held from time to time, more especially the Japanese sections of them, on the ground that they imperfectly present conditions in regard to Japan's religions, and that they thus create misapprehensions damaging to his country and its people.

Mr. Kioke at the outset explained that he is not prejudiced against the foreign missionary movement or missionary exhibitions, but on the contrary believes that the Oriental people need Christian teaching in its purest and broadest sense, and that those who send out missionaries must know the condition of the field into which their missionaries are sent.

He said: "I do not for a moment doubt that the exhibition has some educational value, but it exerts more harmful influence upon the public unless it is planned very carefully." It was his regret, he said, to have witnessed from time to time several misstatements made by missionaries of different denominations. Their mistake was due to ignorance and not to prejudice. He cited a recent exhibition where in the Japanese department there was a miniature Shinto shrine. He said the idea was accentuated in this exhibit that Shintoism exerted a powerful influence upon the moral and religious life of Japan. This was misleading. Said Mr. Kioke: "No Canadian would tolerate it should I show a picture of the Temple of St. Anne de Beaupre in Quebec to represent religious faith in Canada, or a street scene in 'the Ward' to represent the city of Toronto." Continuing, he pointed out that eastern civilization and western civilization were widely diverse. "Must a missionary," he asked, "consider a country with different development and civilization 'barbarian?' Why not show the bright side of the people? By doing so it does not at all lessen the necessity of Christian education among the Japanese people."

In concluding Mr. Kioke said: "I shall be very grateful if any of you would favor me by expressing your opinion."

SMUGGLING BY MOTOR.

New Methods on Belgian Frontier—Wonderful Organization.

The motor car has become the indispensable accessory to the modern criminal. London, Paris and New York have had in turn a succession of audacious bank and jewel robberies executed with the aid of taxicabs and motor cars. And the motor car is revolutionizing another branch of crime, one of the most ancient forms of criminal activity in the world—namely, smuggling.

The Franco-Belgian frontier has long been the happy hunting ground of the smuggler. Smuggling, amateur and professional, is practiced to an extraordinary extent. Owing to the abnormally high duties on tobacco, this commodity is the principal object of the smuggling trade, but coffee and spirits are also introduced in a hundred ingenious ways.

An extraordinary collection of variegated objects hanging in the customs museum at Lille, which I visited in the course of a trip I have just made to the Franco-Belgian frontier, says G. Valentine Williams in the London Daily Mail, gives an eloquent idea of the tricks employed by a generation of smugglers now fast passing away. There are chairs, brushes, pitchforks, masons' hods, widows' mourning bonnets, wheelbarrows, saws, and even boots, all hollowed out for stowing away tobacco.

There are stacks of government papers concealing a zinc tobacco receptacle, hollow roulette wheels for coffee and workingmen's drinking cans with only a few inches of liquor in a little metal receptacle beneath the cork, the rest of the tin being intended for tobacco. There is a whole series of spiked armor, spiked collars and harness furnished with a number of sharp spears, worn by the dogs trained by the smugglers to dash across from Belgium into France by night and thus protected against the dogs sent in pursuit by the French excisemen.

The smugglers train these dogs by treating them with persistent brutality in Belgium and with every kindness in France, so that the moment a dog is released he makes straight for the refuge in France, where he knows caresses and delicacies await him.

In the course of many talks I had with the courteous, tenacious French douaniers—a splendid type of French official, faithful, devoted and magnificently courageous—I heard strange stories of the extraordinary devices employed by these smugglers of the old school. A captain of douanes told me that when he was on duty in the Ardennes an entire funeral procession came across the frontier—hearse with the coffin buried in wreaths, acolytes with lighted candles, weeping relatives, and even the cure in his soutane and surplice.

But when, despite the lachrymose indignation of the bereaved family, my friend insisted on opening the coffin he found that the dear departed was simply several hundred pounds of Belgian tobacco.

But times have changed. The country folk along the straggling frontier of the department of the Nord, stretching from Dunkirk to Valenciennes, still engage, it is true, in smuggling, but the professional smugglers recruited in low taverns in lonely places on Belgian territory are no longer adventurous peasants, but simply criminals, refugees from the French penal settlements, ex-convicts, desperate men willing to take any risk to earn large sums of money without much trouble.

They are seldom the principals. They are merely the employees of dark figures who keep in the background and who are in possession of the large funds required for carrying on the contraband, many of whom have been able to retire to villas at Ostend or the south of France with large fortunes amassed by this illicit traffic.

They have regular stables of fast horses for "rushing" the douane station, and of dogs for solitary excursions by night; a splendidly organized spy service in France for watching the movements of the customs men and giving timely warning of raids, and a whole network of receiving stations in the mining districts of France, where the contraband tobacco is sold.

The coming of the motor car is rapidly changing the old methods of smuggling. The petite contrebande is diminishing yearly, while la grande fraude, according to the customs statistics, is mounting by leaps and bounds. Contraband raids with motor cars were first practiced in the vicinity of Dunkirk and Valenciennes about three years ago, but it is only within the last two years that the "phantom autos," as they are called in the district, began to make their appearance in the rich and densely populated triangle inclosed in three great manufacturing towns of Lille, Roubaix and Tourcoing.

The advent of the smuggling car in the Lille district is due to a particular circumstance. The three towns are joined by a superb boulevard—known as Le Grand Boulevard du Nord—a magnificent highroad 160 feet broad with a splendid surface. The Grand boulevard runs straight through to Lille, a distance of seven and a half miles, which the tramway cars cover in twenty-five minutes, with a branch forking off to Tourcoing.

It is an ideal motor road, such curves as there are being wide; there is little traffic, and cars can safely travel at full speed the entire length of the chaussee. When it is pointed out that another road running parallel to the Grand boulevard and easily accessible to it enables a man acquainted with the lay of the land to dodge the Lille octroi, it will be seen that this great highway, running from the Belgian frontier clear into France, is an ideal route for the modern smuggler comfortably ensconced in a high power motor car.

The new system is all to the advantage of the large scale contraband runner. It does away with the costly and risky system of relays of smugglers, since a big car can carry a cargo of tobacco or matches from the center of Belgium well into the heart of France; it enables the contraband runner to smuggle large quantities at a time, and therefore to buy cheaper, and it practically does away with the risks of infidelity among the contraband runner's employees.

Before the day of the motor car the premium of 40 per cent granted by the customs on the value of the contraband to the informer often proved an irresistible bait. A scribbled note handed under cover of darkness to a douanier bidding the excise man be at a certain place at a certain hour sufficed for a smuggler, tiring of his life of adventure, to come into possession of a respectable sum of money.

But today the contraband runner has only to give his chauffeur instructions to drive the smuggling car from a certain place in Belgium to a certain place in France, with orders to go straight through any obstacles en route. At the first halt in France a telegram awaits the chauffeur with fresh instructions, and so on from place to place, so that the driver is kept in continual ignorance of his ultimate destination.

The general expense of these motor car raids, once the initial outlay for the car has been met, is far less than under the old system. The customs authorities are almost powerless to hold up these contraband cars, and the smugglers' profits are so large that the traffic is increasing yearly in volume.

EXPLOSIVE ENGINES.

Their History and Development—Wonderful Strides.

Although the ideal principle of explosive powder was conceived some 200 years since and experiments made with gunpowder as the explosive element, it was not until the last years of the eighteenth century that the idea took a patentable shape and not until about 1826 (Brown's gas vacuum engine) that a further progress was made in England by condensing the products of combustion by a jet of water, thus creating a partial vacuum, says a writer in the Seattle P.-I.

Although the engine of Brown was bulky and unwieldy it was the first explosive engine that accomplished anything, but its clumsiness placed it among the failures of the past. Until about 1840 no approach to active explosive effect in the cylinder was reached in practice, although many ingenious devices were connected.

The first engine to compress the charge before exploding was that of Barnett in England. This was in 1838 and in the subsequent years until 1860 a few patents were issued in the United States for gas engines and many more in Europe. Progress was slow, however, and little was accomplished toward practical use for ordinary power purposes.

In 1860 the Lenoir motor was produced in France and soon after was introduced in the United States. Although this was the first upon which practical improvements appear to have been made, it did not meet requirements and was followed two years later by the Hugon motor in France and then by Beau de Rocha's four-cycle idea, which a long series of inventors by experiemtnal trials have tediously developed. Otto and Langdon made progress rapidly and many patents were issued in England, France and Germany, but although the United States showed an increasing interest in the evolution few patents were issued.

Improvements came rapidly after 1870, the greater portion of which were on the valve gear and precision for governing for variable load.

The advancement of efficiency was greatly retarded in the early years by the belief that slow combustion was a necessity, and De Rocha's suggestions in 1862 were not regarded seriously until it was proved that the basis of success in explosive motors was the rapidity of action in both combustion and expansion.

After this knowledge was obtained the increase was enormous in the manufacture of gas engines in both Europe and America. Improvements came rapidly on the details of this cheap and efficient prime moved and it attained the dignity of a standard motor and rivaled the steam engine for small powers, with bright prospects of increasing its individual units to a hundred horsepower if not more in a single engine. To genius was given a well-earned tribute when the name of Otto was bestowed on the compression engine, in recognition of the German's efforts in developing the four-cycle engine.

During the last thirty years more than 1400 patents have been issued in the United States alone, and these have had a great tendency toward simplifying the construction and bringing the gas engine to its present high degree of economy and causing its widespread adoption as a prime mover. The American spirit of enterprise was adapted to the best European ideas in perfecting deails of construction and in the application of the best material for wear in all parts.

NEW RIFLE DESIGNED.

British Army Will Be Re-armed in Seven Years.

London, April 8.—Viscount Haldane's definite statement concerning the manufacture of a new rifle for the British army has been received in all quarters with much interest. The need for a new rifle became apparent in 1906, when the high-power cartridges on the Continent proved their value and demonstrated that the Lee-Enfield rifle was out of date, inasmuch as its breech would not stand the modern explosive charge which Japan, Germany, France and the United States place behind the bullet. The desiderata of a rifle and ammunition were demonstrated to be as follows:

1. Powder to give a 26,000 feet per second velocity to the bullet so as to keep it low and make it effective over a wide zone of flight with a fixed sight.
2. A bullet under 200 grains in weight.
3. A breech action of the German or Austrian pattern, strong enough to bear the pressure of such a powder charge.
4. Better sights, after the American type.

It has taken nearly five years to arrive at a decision to meet these requirements, and during that time a make-shift alteration was ordered, so that the old rifle might be retained for a further period.

The manufacture of a new rifle involves a delay of nearly two years before the troops can be armed with it, which means that from the date of the change becoming inevitable to the date of the issue to the troops of the new rifle a space of nearly seven years will have elapsed. A general issue cannot take place before the autumn of 1913, although some troops will have the rifle this year for experimental practice. It is understood that the new rifle will have a modification of the Mauser breech action, an aperture sight, a new wind gauge sight, and clip loading, such as the Boers used with the Mauser, only much more rapid. The ammunition for this new small arm will include a lighter bullet than the one now in use.

Grafted New Brain.

Baltimore, Md., April 8.—Extracting part of the brain of an ill man and replacing it with that taken from a still-born infant, was the operation recently performed by Dr. Harvey Cushing.

It is said to be the first operation of its kind ever performed, and it is thought it will be successful, for the man is still living.

The patient is William Buckner, a real estate dealer of Cincinnati, Ohio, 48 years of age. Coming to the hospital on November 23, he was treated for several months before the operation was attempted. He had suffered for some time from a peculiar affection of the brain which caused him to be continually drowsy.

IS ROMANTIC PLAY.

"The White Sister" Throbs With Human Interest—Religious Setting.

The three greatest and most successful church or religious plays of the past twenty years are "The Christian," "The Rosary" and "The White Sister," and of the 3, the largest individual money-maker is Viola Allen's latest success "The White Sister," in which Miss Jeanne Towler is announced to appear at the Opera House tonight.

Although "The White Sister" has a religious setting and an uplifting theme it is not essentially a religious play but partakes more of the nature and spirit of the romantic. It is that fact that sustains its popularity with the general public. It is a human story with flesh and blood characters showing the same strength and weaknesses that all human nature is subject to. The scenes are laid in Italy and the actors in the story are Italians, but it could be laid just as well in Canada with a Canadian hero and heroine. The prototypes of the characters are moving amongst us every day and often the same problem that presented itself to the "White Sister" has presented itself to a Canadian girl.

Miss Towler will have the same advantages of scenic production and special music that was given Viola Allen by Liebler & Co. The seat sale begins at Tidy, the Florist, 47 Sixth street. Phone L184.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

WESTMINSTER OPERA HOUSE

HARRY TIDY, Manager.

ONE NIGHT

Tuesday, April 9.

FIRST TIME HERE.

Viola Allen's Greatest Success.

THE WHITE SISTER

From F. Marion Crawford's Novel, presented by a remarkable company including

Jeanne Towler

"America's Most Beautiful Emotional Actress."

Seats on Sale at Tidy, the Florist's, 47 Sixth Street. Phone L 184.

TWO SNAPS

Five Acres on the Austin Road, near the Golf Links. Price for a few days only $500 per acre; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

One Lot 50x120, near Eighth Avenue, in Sapperton, for $350. Terms one-third cash, balance in 6, 12 and 18 months.

McGILL & DILL

Phone 1004. Room 5, Bank of Commerce Building.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

Special Easter Excursion

$2.70

VICTORIA and Return

By the big, comfortable S.S. "PRINCE GEORGE."

Leave Vancouver, midnight, April 6th; returning, leave Victoria, 10 a.m., April 8th.

Special excursions to Eastern destinations in May, June, July, August and September.

Regular sailing for Prince Rupert (direct service) every Monday at midnight.

City Ticket Office: 527 Granville Street, Vancouver, B. C.
Dock Office: Foot of Main Street.

White Star-Dominion Canadian Service

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool (Summer).
Portland, Me.-Halifax (Westbound Liverpool (Winter).
No trouble with Customs, baggage bonded through to steamer.

Largest and Finest Mail Steamers from Canada

ONLY FOUR DAYS AT SEA.
New Triple-Screw *S.S. Laurentic. 14,892 gross tons.
New Twin-Screw S.S. Megantic. 14,788 gross tons.
*Turbine and Reciprocating Engines.
Last word in shipbuilding. Electric elevators, electric heaters, skilled orchestra, wireless and deep sea signaling apparatus.
First-class, $92.50; second-class, $53.75; third-class, (closed rooms), $32.50.
Comfort at moderate rates by excellent one-class (I I) cabin service.
S.S. Twin-Screw *TEUTONIC, 582 feet long.
S.S. Twin-Screw CANADA, 514 feet long.
*Largest, fastest steamer Canadian-Liverpool I one-class (II) cabin service.
Best accommodation given $50.00 up, third-class (closed rooms), $31.25.
Company's Office, Room "B" Bailey Building, Second and Cherry Sts., Seattle, or H. E. Goulet, C.P.R. Agent, and W. F. Butcher, G. N. R.

Do Not Waste Money

Save a little systematically, for it is the stuff that the foundations of wealth and happiness are built of.

Money may be used in two ways; to spend for what is needed now and to invest for what shall be needed in the future. Money cannot be invested until it is first saved.

PROTECT YOUR FUTURE WITH A SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

The Bank of Vancouver

Authorized Capital, $2,000,000. Columbia, corner Eighth street.
A. L. DEWAR, General Manager D. R. DONLEY, Local Manager.

Tree Sprays

Lime and Sulphur Quassia Chips
Whale Oil Soap, Arsenate of Lead, Etc.
AT
RYALL'S DRUG STORE
EYES TESTED BY OPTICIAN.
'PHONE 57 WESTMINSTER TRUST BLOCK

JEANNE TOWLER
In "The White Sister" at the Opera House Tuesday Evening, April 9.

SPORTS

REFEREE QUESTION IS IMPORTANT ONE

Easterners Unable to Accept—Not Likely that Charlie Cullen Will Act This Year.

The referee question will be an important one to be discussed at the next meeting of the B. C. L. A. which will be held in Vancouver on Thursday evening. Although tempting offers were made to the Eastern referees by the Western official who has also been signing on a few of the star players of the East, they were unable to accept owing to business reasons. The suggestion was made some weeks ago that Charlie Cullen be engaged to handle the whistle in the championship, but according to one prominent in local lacrosse circles, the Honorable Charles will not be seen on the playing field this season at least if the Westminster executive have their way. The appointment of a commission to govern the sport on the coast will also be taken up, with other matters such as the adoption of the schedule, etc.

GREAT LACROSSE LIKELY.

Harry Hyland Signed Up by Westminster—Con Jones Optimistic.

The statement given out by Con Jones a few weeks ago that he would make it hot for the Eastern lacrosse magnates, following his break with Charlie Querrie is already taking effect. Despite the latest from the East stating that the players who were scheduled to play on the coast this season had all signed with their old clubs, the Vancouver line-up, according to Jones, will be the strongest he has ever had and Alderman Gray, the local manager, is not a bit less optimistic about the Salmon Bellies.

Harry Hyland, who as a member of the Westminster hockey team, helped to bring the Patterson cup to this city, is the latest to sign with the lacrosse team. Harry made a name for himself on the Shamrock team, and if his work with a lacrosse stick is anywhere in comparison with his hockey abilities, the local management have certainly made a find. It is extremely probable that successful overtures will be made by the local team to Bun Clark and Harry Pickering within the next few days. These players were released by the Vancouver magnate last Wednesday, he not being able to come to terms regarding salary. It is thought that with the return of Alderman Gray from Portland this morning, the local situation in lacrosse will be cleared somewhat.

S. A. L. Club Meets.

The Senior Amateur Lacrosse club will hold a meeting tomorrow evening at 8:15 in the Conservative club rooms for the purpose of electing officers and completing arrangements for the coming season. Prospects for the future are of the rosiest; most of the old players have already signed up, many new ones are in sight and the club is determined to make a strong bid for the possession of the Mann cup.

The present officials are as follows: President, J. W. Mahoney; vice-president, F. J. MacKenzie, M.L.A.; secretary, James I. Keary; manager, George Grimstone.

FLEMING TALKS.

Has Signed Up Whole Lacrosse World for East.

Toronto, April 8.—Eddie Powers, the famous lacrosse player who was slated to go to the coast, signed a contract with the Torontos this morning. George Kalls, also wanted by Vancouver, has decided to stay with his old club. Billy Fitzgerald appears still undecided. If he has not already signed with Jones the chances are, it is said, that he, too, will play with the Torontos.

The Globe this morning says that Gibbons, of Vancouver, Harry Pickering, of Vancouver, and Marshall and Spring, of New Westminster, will all be in the line-up of the Torontos when the whistle blows for the first game.

LOCAL TALENT WILL FIGHT IN VANCOUVER

Some stellar events have been arranged at the British Columbia boxing championship meet which will take place on Thursday and Friday evening of this week at the Vancouver Athletic club. The feature event of Thursday night will be a special bout between Ernie Barrieu, the provincial champion, who originally hailed from this city, and Jimmy Mofton, the pride of the 104th regiment. Jimmy took the measure of Barrieu two years ago and is one of the very few who have acquired a decision over the V. A. C. idol. He has been training for some little time for this encounter and reports himself in the pink of condition. The local militia will also be represented in Frank Horne, who has been entered in the 125 pound class.

SPORT NOTES.

The finals in the house league basketball series will be pulled off at the Y. M. C. A. this evening.

The Ladner Athletic club will stage a bout between Pete Muldoon, of Vancouver, and B. Rickard, of Chicago, this evening at their club rooms in Ladner. Pete, who was trainer for the Westminster hockey team the past winter, has been aching for some time to take a crack at the Windy City guy and the ten rounds scheduled for this evening should furnish some sport for the feverish fans.

THE ACORN IN THE JAR.

Bobbie and his mother were taking a long walk in the park that afternoon. It was Saturday, and Bobbie was wishing that every day could be a holiday from school. "I just hate school, anyway," he stoutly declared, "and I don't believe it does me any good to study the old books and maps and things!"

His mother had scarcely time to begin an explanation of the many benefits of school when Bobbie ran from the path to pick up a handful of acorns which had fallen from a great oak. They were something new to him, and he was full of questions about oaks and acorns until they reached home.

"And does a big oak tree grow from one of these little acorns?" asked Bobbie.

"Certainly, my dear," said his mother, "just as a big man grows from a little boy."

A few days later in cleaning up Bobbie's room his mother came upon a small glass jar with one of the acorns in it. Nothing else was in the jar—just the little acorn, and the cover tightly fastened on. She asked him about it when he came from school that night.

"Well, you see," explained Bobbie carefully, "I want one of those big oak trees like the one in the park, and so I put the acorn in the jar, where I can watch it grow and where it will be safe."

His mother looked at him thoughtfully for a moment, and then she took him in her lap. "That is not the way that an oak tree grows from an acorn," she said. "It must first be planted in the warm earth, and then it must have sun and air and rain for many years before it will become such an oak as we saw in the park. That is the law of nature, and an acorn in a jar will never become an oak. And it is just the same with a boy as with an acorn."

"What do you mean?" broke in Bobbie.

"I mean that the boy must go to school and learn many things before he can become the right kind of man," answered his mother. "The boy has to have the years of school, just as the acorn has to have the years of warm earth and sunshine and rain. In both cases it is the law of nature, and there is no other way. Do you understand?"

"Yes; I think I do," said Bobbie slowly. "I never thought before that we grow the same way the trees and plants do. I suppose if I didn't study and learn things I would always be like a little boy and not know things like father."

The next morning he carefully planted his acorn in a sunny corner of the garden and then whistled cheerfully as he started off for school.—Youth's Companion.

Microscopical Writing.

For some years there has been shown in San Francisco a piece of paper 13 by 7½ inches, on which there are written 126,000 words. This writing is the work of Kobo Taishi, a Buddhist of Japan, who lived 1,100 years ago. Before his time his countrymen used only Chinese characters in writing, and he evolved the idea of the Japanese alphabet.

The writing on the paper is so fine that a microscope has to be used to decipher the intricate Japanese characters. It is an exact copy of eight books of the Buddhist Bible and was written by the author as a sort of penance to purify his spirit. It is the property of a descendant of the writer and has passed as a sacred heirloom from father to son for a thousand years. Every precaution has been taken to insure the safety of the document. In a case of white wood is a beautiful lacquered box wrapped in green silk. Within the lacquered box is another made of a very light porous wood that is extensively used in the manufacture of cabinets in which to store treasures. In this box is the precious writing. — St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Cupid's Klondike.

This is a pretty game, not hard to prepare. It requires first of all a good sized grocery box, which should be painted with pink or white enamel paint. Dry seashore sand is the best filling, as it carries out the Klondike idea, but if this is not obtainable dry sawdust can be used.

Next get a sheet of gilt paper, such as is sold for Christmas tree decorations, and paste it smoothly on a sheet of thin cardboard. Then cut letters out of this gilt cardboard, one for each member of the party or more if you choose. Bury the gold letters through the sand or sawdust so that none is visible. Each player in turn is conducted to Cupid's Klondike, there to find the initial of the name of his or her partner for life.

Each man or girl is entitled to a single shovelful. This is done by dipping up the sand with a toy sand shovel or large spoon. The letter found in this is the one beginning the great names. If there is no letter he or she will have single blessedness.

Game of Hot Cockles.

Hot cockles is fun. To play it one sits down, and another, blindfolded, kneels and hides his face on the sitter's lap, placing his open hand on his own back. He cries, "Hot cockles, hot!" Another strikes his open hand. The blindfolded one tries to guess who struck his hand, and if he guesses wrong he must pay a forfeit, and another player takes his place.

THE Acme's
$15.00 SUITS SATISFY
731 COLUMBIA STREET

BASEBALL SEASON OPENS.

Shake-up of Managements — Last Year's Stars Will Shine Again.

New York, April 8.—The American and National leagues, the American Association and the Cotton States and Southern leagues open the baseball season this week. This year more than 300 recognized clubs of professional players throughout the country will battle for honors in nearly two score leagues.

In the west, the Pacific Coast league has stolen its usual march on the other baseball sections by already "getting into the game," but by Wednesday the enthusiasts of the middle west will start "rooting" for their favorites in the American Association circuits, and on Thursday, the opening day, enthusiasm will have spread to the Atlantic coast, reaching a climax in eight of the major league localities. In quick order follow all the minors.

Although the big leagues retain most of the veteran players, and the younger idols of last season, the change in managements which seven of the clubs underwent this year, is the greatest shake-up within memory. The American league has five such changes. Clark Griffith has left Cincinnati and taken charge of the Washington team; Harry Wolverton has come from the Pacific Coast to put new life into the New York Americans; Jake Stahl, the Boston American first baseman, has come back after a year's retirement to manage the team; Harry Davis, the Philadelphia American's famous first sacker, has gone to Cleveland to run the club and the Chicago Americans are to be led generally by Jimmy Callahan, the old-timer, whose "come back" last season surprised the enthusiasts.

In the National league there are two changes in management. Johnny Kling, former star catcher of the Chicago Cubs, is promoted to the management of Boston after a season's work behind the bat there. In Cincinnati there will be the novelty of an umpire turning manager, as "Hank" O'Day, a National league arbiter for years, has undertaken to lead that team.

President Thomas J. Lynch of the National league, is optimistic about the coming season. "I look for the best season the National league ever has enjoyed," he said. "With so many of the clubs strengthened, it should be a keen race. New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and Pittsburg are sure to have close competition among themselves, and this season, Brooklyn, Cincinnati, Boston and St. Louis look stronger than last year."

BASEBALL GOSSIP.

World's Champions Make Few Changes.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 8.—The Philadelphia Americans, the world's champions, will start the season of 1912 without a change outside of the batteries.

In the pitching line Manager Mack has secured some promising talent in Brown, Houck and Salmon, while Catcher Egan of the Baltimore Internationals will assist Lapp and Thomas. The regular pitching staff will be the same as in 1911, namely Render, Coombs, Plank, Morgan, Krause and Danforth.

The local National league team has signed a number of pitchers, but the rest of the team remains the same as in 1911.

Cravath will take Magee's place in left field temporarily owing to the injury to the star left fielder.

Nationals in Form.

St. Louis, April 8.—The St. Louis National league baseball team, although handicapped by rains at one training place and snows at two others, is in good shape for the opening of the National season here Thursday when it meets Pittsburg.

The team won the inter-league series from the American league team which closed today. The Nationals, owned by a woman, will begin the season with three new pitchers, "Billy" Bell, six feet four inches in height; Joe Willis, a lefthander, and Eugene Dale.

Frank Gilhooly, a diminutive player, also is a new man. He was signed to cover right field. Catcher "Hickory" Johnson, was added to the team principally because he is a pinch hitter.

Chicago Americans.

Chicago, April 8.—Under new leadership with three new recruits in the lineup, the Chicago Americans appear to be a much improved team. New members of the club are Mattick, right fielder; Weaver, shortstop, and Rath, second baseman.

St. Louis will oppose Chicago in the opening game here Thursday. Manager Callahan has announced that Walsh probably will pitch and Sullivan will be behind the bat.

Lee Tannehill will be retained as utility infielder, and Matty McIntyre as utility outfielder. McIntyre reported only last week, and therefore, is not in condition to play in the opening game.

Cincinnati Features.

Cincinnati, Ohio., April 8.—Local baseball fans will see several new conditions here on Thursday when the Chicago team opens the National league season in this city. A new grandstand that is said to compare favorably with any structure of its kind will welcome them, while the team will be headed by a new manager, "Hank" O'Day, erstwhile umpire in the National organization. Few new faces will be found in the opening game. Probably Humphreys or Suggs will pitch, while McLean will catch.

Americans Are Stronger.

St. Louis, Mo., April 8.—Prepared to invade Chicago on Thursday, the St. Louis Americans are rapidly getting in to shape. In the inter-league series with the Nationals, the Americans showed great improvement over last year. Outside of the pitchers the team is considered extra strong.

The acquiring of George Stovall, formerly of Cleveland, who will play first base, has strengthened the team.

Pitcher Sold.

New York, April 8.—The New York Nationals sold George Price, a recruit pitcher, to the Chicago Nationals today.

SAM HUGHES AND HAZEN COMING WEST THIS SUMMER

Ottawa, Ont., April 8.—It is said to be likely that Col. Sam Hughes and J. D. Hazen, who propose to visit the west this summer will go as far as the Yukon. Hazen's plans, of course, will depend on how long he is detained in England when he crosses the Atlantic to confer with the admiralty with regard to Canada's naval plans. Just when Hazen will leave for London is not known, but the date will probably not be fixed until Premier Borden returns.

A REAL SHOW.

Manager Gillis Offering Original Turns at Royal Theatre.

A real show from the word go is what Manager Gillis, of the Royal theatre, is offering his patrons for the first three days of this week. The first house was well crowded before the show started and before it was over people were gathered in front of the theatre waiting for the second performance. Welch and Maitland, comedy contortionists and trapeze artists, opened the program. They have one of the most novel acts that has been seen in this theatre. Miss Maitland does some very artistic dancing on the high-kicking style and the audience wasn't slow to appreciate it. Mr. Welch does some dislocations which makes one wonder for a long time after how he can do it. Enough cannot be said of this clever team; they have to be seen in order to appreciate how difficult their tricks are. Guilfoyle and Hosom (don't know where they got the names) are a pair of rapid-fire conversationalists who have the stamp of "big-time act" on everything they do. It is the kind of a turn that one is always glad to see. Everybody was glad to see and hear them last night. Last, but not least come the Three Clippers presenting a novelty musical comedy entitled "The Great White Way." They carry their own special scenery which represents a stage entrance to a theatre. The three sing very nicely together and the young man who portrays the bell boy puts over a solo that went well Taken as a whole it is an act that will always make good in any spot on the program. The pictures are of a varied type; there being an educational, scenic, comedy and a drama of a very high quality.

A multi-millionaire in a fashionable restaurant, pointed to a line on the menu and said to the waiter:

"I'll have some of that, please."

"I am sorry, sir," the waiter answered, "but the band is playing that."

ROYAL THEATRE
AL. W. GILLIS, manager.
Week of April 8.
Big European Novelty
LES GUSTAD TRIO
Globe Rollers.
GUILFOYLE & HOSOM
Comedy Entertainers.
KANE.
The Different Ventriloquist.
3—CLIPPERS—3
Singing, Talking and Dancing
The Flexible Pair
WELCH & MAITLAND
Contortionists.
NICHOLS & SHERWOOD
Comedy Skit, entitled
"Trimming a Rube."
LOUISE BYRD
Illustrated Song.
3 UNSURPASSED PHOTO-PLAYS 3
Three Shows Daily—3:00, 7:15, 9:00. Extra Show Saturdays and Holidays.
10c—ADMISSION—20c.
CHILDREN HALF PRICE.

A Cheap Home On Easy Terms
House and lot in Sapperton for sale. House is small but well-built and comfortable. Lot is large size and well situated. Price $1800, with only $400 cash and balance as rent.
The Westminster Trust and Safe Deposit Co., Ltd.
J. J. JONES, Mgr.-Dir.
28 Lorne Street New Westminster

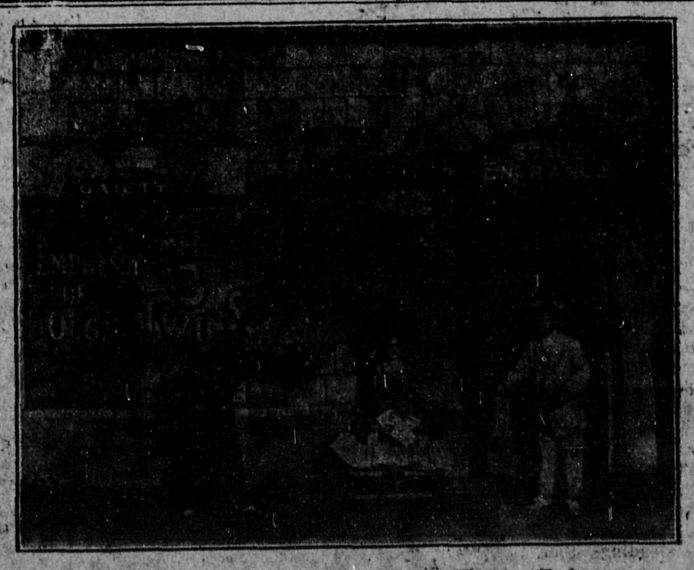
W. R. GILLEY, Phone 122. G. E. GILLEY, Phone 291.
Phones, Office 15 and 16.
Gilley Bros. Ltd.
COLUMBIA STREET WEST.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coal
CEMENT, LIME, SEWER PIPE, DRAIN TILE, CRUSHED ROCK, WASHED GRAVEL AND CLEAN SAND, PRESSED BRICK AND FIRE BRICK.

CROWN
Timber & Trading Co'y., Ltd.
BRUNETTE STREET, SAPPERTON.
Lumber, Mouldings, Laths and Shingles
WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS
PHONE 904. PROMPT DELIVERY

Must Be Sold Before April 13
66x132 feet, corner of Ash and Clute streets and Third avenue. Price $3500; terms, one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Price after April 13 will be $4000.
REGINA STREET.—Seven roomed modern house, lot cleared and ready for garden. Price $2800; terms, $600 cash, balance $20 per month. This house rents at $25 per month.
P. Peebles
Real Estate and Insurance Agent.
620 Columbia Street. Phone 307.

Choice List of City Lots
One extra good lot on Seventh avenue, partly cleared; $1400; one-quarter cash; terms.
We also have some splendid lots in various parts of city, cheap.
Acreage Near Port Mann
Three five-acre blocks at $200 per acre; easy to clear; near school and church; near G.N.R. station and shingle mill; good water; electric light available; excellent for fruit and truck gardening. Terms easy.
INVESTORS' INVESTMENT CO.
Office Over Curtis' Drug Store.
P. O. BOX 777. TELEPHONE 295.

FOR CHOICE
FISH LAMB
OYSTERS BEEF
CHICKENS MUTTON
GO TO
P. BURNS' MARKET
FOR THE HIGHEST QUALITY MEATS



The Three Clippers at the Royal Theatre Today.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

"Exhibition Building Loan By-Law 1912."

By-Law No.—

A By-law to enable the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster to raise by Loan the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars ($20,000.00) for the purpose of etxending and improving the Exhibition Buildings at Queens Park in the City of New Westminster:

WHEREAS it is necessary to extend and improve the Exhibition Buildings at Queens Park in the City of New Westminster, and the cost of such extension and improvements will be Twenty Thousand Dollars ($20,000.00).

AND WHEREAS it appears that if the said sum of $20,000.00 be appropriated from the general revenue of the City for the current year the rate of taxation will be excessive, and it is expedient that such excessive taxation should be avoided, and the said sum be raised on the credit of the Corporation and that debentures should be issued for that amount.

AND WHEREAS for the payment of interest on the debentures proposed to be issued under this By-law, and for creating a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures when due it will be necessary to raise by special rate in addition to all other rates each year during the currency of the said debentures the sum of Sixteen Hundred and Forty-four and 32-100 Dollars ($1644.32).

AND WHEREAS in order to raise the said yearly sum of $1644.32 an equal special rate on the dollar will be required to be levied on the whole rateable property of the City of New Westminster.

AND WHEREAS the whole rateable property of the said City according to the last revised Assessment Roll thereof is Nine Million Five Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-two Dollars ($9,592,932.00).

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said City is Two Million Four Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Dollars ($2,452,900.00) irrespective of the sums proposed to be raised under this by-law and the "Street Improvement Debenture By-law 1912" Electric Light Extension Debenture By-law 1912," "Water Extension Debenture By-Law 1912," "Parks Purchase Debenture By-Law 1912," "Cemetery Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Fire Appartus Purchase Debenture By-law 1912" and the "Bunkers Debenture By-law 1912," of which none of the principal or interest is in arrears.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars ($20,000.00) and to cause the same to be paid into the Treasury of the said City for the purposes mentioned herein.

2. It shall be lawful for the Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made not exceeding in the whole the sum of $20,000.00 for such sum of money as may be required, not less than $100.00 each or an equivalent expresed in pounds Sterling of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, at a value of 4.866 to the pound Sterling; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the Seal of the Corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer thereof, or by such other person or persons as may be thereunto lawfully authorized.

3. The said debentures shall be payable on the first day of May, 1932 at such place or places as the Council of the said Corporation may from time to time appoint with the approval of the holders thereof, and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each and every year, and the debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, which said coupons shall be signed by the said Mayor.

4. A special rate on the dollar shall be levied and raised in each year in addition to all other rates on all the rateable property of the City sufficient to pay the interest upon the debentures and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof when due, subject to any Act or enactment respecting the same.

5. Subject as aforesaid, there shall be raised annually by special rate as aforesaid during the currency of the said debentures the sum of $900.00 for the payment of interest thereon, and the sum of $744.32 to provide for the repayment of the principal.

6. The proceeds of the sale of the said debentures shall be applied as follows and not otherwise: Towards paying the cost of the passing of this By-law and the issue and sale of the debentures therein referred to and all expenses connected with the issuance of the said loan, and the balance shall be paid over from time to time as required by the City Treasurer to the several persons to whom moneys are payable.

7. This By-law shall take effect on the first day of May, 1912, and may be cited as the EXHIBITION BUILDING LOAN BY-LAW 1912."

8. This By-law before the final passing thereof shall receive the assent of the Electors of the said City in the manner required by law.

DONE AND PASSED in open Council the—day of ————, 1912.

RECEIVED the assent of the Electors on the — day of ————, 1912.

RECONSIDERED and finally passed the — day of ————, 1912.

City Clerk. Mayor.

NOTICE!

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a True Copy of the proposed By-law upon which the Vote of the Municipality will be taken on the 10th day of April 1912, between the hours of Nine o'Clock a. m. and Seven o'Clock p.m., at the following places, viz.:

The Council Chamber, City Hall.
No. 4 Firehall, Sapperton.
No. 5 Firehall, 13th Street.
And Crane's Building. Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

City Hall, New Westminster, March 27th, 1912.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

"Bunkers Debenture By-law, 1912."

By-law No.—.

A By-law to enable the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of New Westminster to raise by Loan the sum of Six Thousand Dollars ($6000.00) to erect Bunkers for the Storage of Crushed Rock. Sand and other materials in the City of New Westminster:

WHEREAS it is necessary to erect bunkers for the storage of crushed rock, sand and other materials in the City of New Westminster, and the cost of such bunkers will be six thousand dollars ($6000.00).

AND WHEREAS it appears that if the said sum of $6000.00 be appropriated from the general revenue of the City for the current year the rate of taxation will be excessive, and it is expedient that such excessive taxation should be avoided, and the said sum should be raised on the credit of the Corporation and that debentures should be issued for that amount.

AND WHEREAS forthe payment of interest on the debentures proposed to be issued under this By-law, and for creating a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures when due it will be necessary to raise by special rate in addition to all other rates each year during the currency of the said debentures the sum of Four Hundred and Ninety-three and 30-100 Dolars ($493.30).

AND WHEREAS in order to raise the said yearly sum of $493.30 an equal special rate on the dollar will be required to be levied on the whole rateable property of the City of New Westminster,

AND WHEREAS the whole rateable property of the said City according to the last revised Assessment Roll thereof is Nine Million Five Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-two Dollars ($9,592,932.00).

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said City is Two Million Four Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Dollars ($2,452,900.00) irrespective of the sums proposed to be raised under this By-law and the "Street Improvement Debenture By-law 1912," "Electric Light Extension Debenture By-law 1912," "Water Extension Debenture By-law 1912," "Parks Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Cemetery Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," the "Fire Apparatus Purchase Debenture By-law 1912" and "Exhibition Building Loan By-law 1912," of which none of the principal or interest is in arrears.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of Six Thousand Dollars ($6000.00) and to cause the same to be paid into the Treasury of the said City for the purposes mentioned herein.

2. It shall be lawful for the Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made not exceeding in the whole the sum of $6000.00 for such sum of money as may be required, not less than $100.00 each or an equivalent expressed in pounds Sterling of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, at a value of 4.866 to the pound Sterling; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the Seal of the Corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer thereof, or by such other person or persons as may be thereunto lawfully authorized.

3. The said debentures shall be payable on the first day of May, 1932, at such place or places as the Council of the said Corporation may from time to time apoint with the approval of the holders thereof, and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each and every year, and the debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, which said coupons shall be signed by the said Mayor.

4. A special rate on the dollar shall be levied and raised in each year in addition to all other rates on all the rateable porperty of the City sufficient to pay the interest upon the debentures and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof when due, subject to any Act or enactment respecting the same.

5. Subject as aforesaid, there shall be raised annually by special rate as aforsesaid during the currency of the said debentures the sum of Two Hundred and Seventy Dollars ($270.00) for the payment of interest thereon, and the sum of Two Hundred and Twenty-three and 30-100 ($223.30) to provide for the repayment of the principal.

6. The proceeds of the sale of the said debentures shall be applied as follows and not otherwise: Towards paying the cost of the passing of this By-law and the issue and sale of the debentures therein referred to and all expenses connected with the issuance of the said loan, and the balance shall be paid over from time to time as required by the City Treasurer to the several persons to whom moneys are payable.

7. This By-law shall take effect on the 1st day of May, 1912, and may be cited as the "BUNKERS DEBENTURE BY-LAW, 1912."

8. This By-law before the final passing thereof shall receive the assent of the Electors of the said City in the manner required by law.

DONE AND PASSED in open Council the — day of ————, 1912.

RECEIVED the assent of the Electors on the — day of ————, 1912.

DONE AND PASSED in open Council the — day of ————, 1912.

RECONSIDERED and finally passed the — day of ————, 1912.

City Clerk. Mayor.

NOTICE!

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a True Copy of the proposed By-law upon which the Vote of the Municipality will be taken on the 10th day of April, 1912, between the hours of Nine o'Clock a. m. and Seven o'Clock p. m., at the following places, viz.:

The Council Chamber, City Hall.
No. 4 Firehall, Sapperton.
No. 5 Firehall, 13th Street.
And Crane's Building, Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

City Hall, New Westminster, March 27th, 1912.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

"Cemetery Purchase Debenture By-Law 1912."

By-law No. —.

A By-law to enable the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of New Westminster to raise by Loan the sum of Nineteen Thousand Dollars ($19,000.00) to purchase Site for a Cemetery within the City of New Westminster, and to Clear, Grade, Improve and Survey the same:

WHEREAS it is desirable to purchase site for a Cemetery within the City of New Westminster and to clear, grade, improve and survey the same, and the cost of such Site and improvements will be the sum of $19,000.00.

AND WHEREAS it appears that if the said sum of $19,000.00 be appropriated from the general revenue of the City for the current year the rate of taxation will be excessive, and it is expedient that such excessive taxation should be avoided and the said sum should be raised on the credit of the Corporation and that debentures should be issued for that amount.

AND WHEREAS for the payment of interest on the debentures proposed to be issued under this By-law, and for creating a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures when due it will be necessary to raise by special rate in addition to all other rates each year during the currency of the said debentures the sum of Four Thousand Four Hundred and Thirty-three and 65-100 Dollars ($4433.65)

AND WHEREAS in order to raise the said yearly sum of $4433.65 an equal special rate on the dollar will be required to be levied on the whole rateable property of the City of New Westminster.

AND WHEREAS the whole rateable property of the said City according to the last revised Assessment Roll thereof is Nine Million Five Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty- two Dollars ($9,592,932.00).

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said City is Two Million Four Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Dollars ($2,452,900.00), irrespective of the sums proposed to be raised under this By-law and the "Street Improvement Debenture By-law 1912," "Electric Light Extension Debenture By-law 1912," "Water Extension Debenture By-law 1912," "Parks Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Fire Apparatus Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Bunkers Debenture By-law 1912," and "Exhibition Building Loan By-law 1912," of which none of the principal or interest is in arrears.

NOW THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of Nineteen Thousand Dollars ($19,000.00) and to cause the same to be paid into the Treasury of the said City for the purposes mentioned herein.

2. It shall be lawful for the Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made not exceeding in the whole the sum of Nineteen Thousand Dollars ($19,000.00) for such sums of money as may be required, not less than $100.00 each or an equivalent expressed in pounds Sterling of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, at a value of 4.866 to the pound Sterling and all such debentures shall be sealed with the Seal of Corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer thereof, or by such other person or persons as may thereunto lawfully authorized.

3. The said debentures shall be payable on the first day of May, 1917 at such place or places as the Council of the said Corporation may from time to time appoint with the approval of the holders thereof and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each and every year and the debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest which said coupons shall be signed by the Mayor.

4. A special rate on the dollar shall be levied and raised in each year in addition to all other rates on all the rateable property of the City sufficient to pay the interest upon the debentures and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof when due. subject to any Act or enactment respecting the same.

5. Subject as aforesaid there shall be raised annually by special rate as aforesaid during the currency of the said debentures the sum of $855.00 for the payment of interest thereon, and the sum of $3578.65 to provide for the repayment of the principal.

6. The proceeds of the sale of the said debentures shall be applied as follows and not otherwise: Towards paying the cost of the passing of this By-law and the issue and sale of the debentures therein referred to and all expenses connected with the issuance of the said loan, and the balance shall be paid over from time to time as required by the City Treasurer to the several persons to whom moneys are payable.

7. This By-law shall take effect on the 1st day of May, 1912, and may be cited as the "CEMETERY PURCHASE DEBENTURE BY-LAW, 1912."

8. This By-law before the final passing thereof shall receive the assent of the Electors of the said City in the manner required by law.

RECEIVED the assent of the Electors on — day of ————, 1912.

DONE AND PASSED in open Council the — day of ————, 1912.

RECONSIDERED and finally passed the — day of ————, 1912.

City Clerk. Mayor.

NOTICE!

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a True Copy of the proposed By-law upon which the Vote of the Municipality will be taken on the 10th day of April 1912, between the hours of Nine o'Clock a. m. and Seven o'Clock p. m at the following places. viz.:

The Council Chamber, City Hall.
No. 4 Firehall, Sapperton.
No. 5 Firehall, 13th Street.
Crane's Building, Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN.
City Clerk.

City Hall, New Westminster, March 27th, 1912.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

"Water Extension Debenture By-Law 1912."

By-law No. —.

A By-law to enable the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of New Westminster to raise by Loan the sum of Forty Thousand Dollars ($40,000.00) for the purpose of extending the Water Works System in the City of New Westminster;

WHEREAS applications are made from time to time to The Corporation of the City of New Westminster for the extension of the Water Works System in the City and the laying of new water mains along streets where residents are being erected, and it is impossible to pay the cost of such extension out of the general revenue of the City for the current year, and it is expedient to raise by loan the sum of Forty Thousand Dollars ($40,000.00) for the extension of the said Water Works System.

AND WHEREAS it appears that if the said sum of $40,000.00 be appropriated from the general revenue of the City for the current year the rate of taxation will be excessive, and it is expedient that such excessive taxation should be avoided, and the said sum should be raised on the credit of the Corporation and that debentures should be issued for that amount.

AND WHEREAS for the payment of interest on the debentures proposed to be issued under this By-law, and for creating a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures when due, it will be necessary to raise by special rate in addition to all other rates each year during the currency of the said debentures the sum of Two Thousand One Hundred and Fifty-four and 62-100 ($2154.62).

AND WHEREAS in order to raise the said yearly sum of $2154.62 an equal special rate on the dollar will be required to be levied on the whole rateable property of the City of New Westminster.

AND WHEREAS the whole rateable property of the said City according to the last revised Assessment Roll thereof, is Nine Million Five Hundred and Ninety-two Thousand Nine Hundred and Thiry-two Dollars ($9,592,932.00).

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said City is Two Million Four Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Dollars ($2,452,900.00) irrespective of the sums proposed to be raised under this By-law and the "Street Improvement Debenture By-law 1912," "Electric Light Extension Debenture By-law 1912," "Parks Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Cemetery Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Fire Apparatus Purchase Debenture By-law 1912," "Bunkers Debenture By-law 1912," and "Exhibition Building Loan By-law 1912," of which none of the principal or interest is in arrears.

NOW THEREFORE the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $40,000.00 and to cause the same to be paid into the Tresury of the said City for the purposes mentioned herein.

2. It shall be lawful for the Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made not exceeding in the whole the sum of $40,000.00 for such sums of money as may be required, not less than $100.00 each or an equivalent expressed in pounds Sterling of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland at a value of 4.866 to the pound sterling; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the Seal of the Corporation signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer thereof, or by such other persons as may be thereunto lawfully authorized.

3. The said debentures shall be payable on the first day of May, 1962 at such place or places as the Council of the said Corporation may from time to time appoint with the approval of the holders thereof, and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each and every year, and the debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, which said coupons shall be signed by the Mayor.

4. A special rate on the dollar shall be levied and raised in each year in addition to all other rates on all the rateable property of the City sufficient to pay the interest upon the debentures and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof when due, subject to any Act or enactment respecting the same.

5. Subject as aforesaid, there shall be raised annually by special rate as aforesaid during the currency of the said debentures the sum of $1800.00 for the payment of interest thereon, and the sum of $354.62 to provide for the repayment of the principal.

6. The proceeds of the sale of the said debentures shall be applied as follows and not otherwise: Towards paying the cost of the passing of this By-law and the issue and sale of the debentures therein referred to and all expenses connected with the issuance of the said loan, and the balance shall be paid over from time to time as required by the City Treasurer to the several persons to whom moneys are payable.

7. This By-law shall take effect on the first day of May, 1912, and may be cited as the "WATER EXTENSION DEBENTURE BY-LAW 1912."

8. This By-law before the final passing thereof shall receive the assent of the Electors of the said City in the manner required by law.

RECEIVED the assent of the Electors on — day of ————, 1912.

DONE AND PASSED in open Council the — day of ———— 1912.

RECONSIDERED and finally passed the — day of ————, 1912.

City Clerk. Mayor.

NOTICE!

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the Vote of the Municipality will be taken on the 10th day of April, -1912, between the hours of Nine o'Clock a. m. and Seven o'Clock p. m. at the following places viz.:

The Council Chamber, City Hall.
No. 4 Firehall, Sapperton.
No. 5 Firehall, 13th Street.
Crane's Building, Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

City Hall, New Westminster, March 27th, 1912.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT NOTICE.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster having by Resolution determined and specified that it is desirable to carry out the following works, that is to say:

To pave Alexander Street from Columbia Street to Carnarvon Street with stone setts, and that said works shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the "Local Improvement General Bylaw 1909."

And the City Engineer and City Assessor having reported to the Council in accordance with the provisions of the said bylaw upon the said works, giving statements showing the amounts estimated to be chargeable against the various portions of real property to be benefited by the said works and other particulars, and the said reports of the said City Engineer and City Assessor having been adopted by the Council.

Notice is hereby given that the said reports are open for inspection at the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C., and that unless a petition against the proposed works above mentioned, signed by a majority of the owners of the land or real property to be assessed or charged in respect of such works representing at least one-half in value thereof is presented to the Council within fifteen days from the date of the first publication of this notice the Council will proceed with the proposed improvements under such terms and conditions as to the payment of the cost of such improvements as the Council may by by-law in that behalf regulate and determine and also to make the said assessment.

Dated this 27th day of March A. D. 1912.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

Date of first publication March 28th, 1912.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

NOTICE is hereby given that the first meeting of the Court of Revision of the Assessment Roll of the City of New Westminster will be held in the City Hall, New Westminster, on Wednesday, April 24, 1912, at 10 a. m.

All appeals against the Assessment must be in writing, and delivered to the Assessor at least ten days previous to the sitting of the Court of Revision.

Dated at New Westminster, B. C., this 12th day of March. 1912.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned as the "NEW WESTMINSTER GARAGE COMPANY," Carnarvon Street, in the City of New Westminster, Province of British Columbia, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to John Dobson at Carnarvon Street, New Westminster, British Columbia, aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said John Dobson by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at the City of New Westminster, B. C., this 21st day of March, A. D. 1912.

JOHN DOBSON. L.S.

The People's Trust Co. Ltd. G. W. N. Boulton, Secretary-Treasurer. Frank C. Cook. General Manager. L. S.

WITNESS—
CHAS. H. RODDIS.

The
Royal Bank of Canada
Capital paid up.....$6,200,000
Reserve 7,200,000
The Bank has over 200 branches, extending in Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in Cuba throughout the island; also in Porto Rico, Bahamas, Barbados, Jamaica, Trinidad, New York and London,, Eng.
Drafts issued without delay on all the principal towns and cities in the world. These excelent connections afford every banking facility.
New Westminster Branch,
Lawford Richardson, Mgr.

Bank of Montreal
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL (Paid-Up) ...$15,413,000.00
RESERVE $15,000,000.00
Branches througnout Canada and Newfoundland, and in London, England, New York, Chicago and Spokane, U.S.A., and Mexico City. A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available with correspondents in all parts of the world.
Savings Bank Department—Deposits received in sums of $1 and upward, and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum (present rate).
Total Assets over $186,000,000.00
NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH,
G. D. BRYMNER, Manager.

Sole agent for
Hire's Root Beer
Mineral Waters, Aerated Waters
Manufactured by
J. HENLEY
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Telephone R 113. Office: Princess St.

Phone 388. P. O. Box 557.
JACKSON PRINTING CO.
Fine Office Stationery
Job Printing of Every
Description - - - Butter
Wrappers a Specialty
Market Square, New Westminster.

WE WANT YOUR ORDER
CASH IF YOU CAN.
CREDIT IF YOU CAN'T.
We have no hot air to peddle; just legitimate tailoring.
J. N. AITCHISON
MERCHANT TAILOR
38 Begbie Street.

J. Newsome & Sons
Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators
Estimates Given.
214 Sixth Avenue. Phone 567
NEW WESTMINSTER : B.C.

The Continuous Growth of a Bank
CAN MEAN BUT ONE THING —THAT THE SERVICE IT RENDERS ITS CUSTOMERS MAKES FOR PERMANENT BUSINESS RELATIONS.
THE
Bank of Toronto
WITH MORE THAN 55 YEARS OF CONTINUOUS GROWTH AND SATISFACTORY SERVICE, INVITES
SAVINGS AND BUSINESS ACCOUNTS
CAPITAL $4,600,000
REST $5,600,000
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C. BRANCH
J. GRACEY, MANAGER.

How the Jewels Were Carried Off

By EDNA G. WHITNEY

"There's a good deal of blundering in your business, isn't there?" I said to Leonard Kelp, a detective of high standing.

"Well, I reckon I've done my share of it," he replied. "The crooks study to beat us and we study to beat them. It's to be expected that we'll get the worst of it sometimes. It's like other things one has to learn, a matter of experience. When I began I got fooled lots o' times. The trouble with me was that I was too smart."

"Tell me about one of your curious cases."

"One I had only a few years ago had some points of interest in it. We got an anonymous letter stating that the butler and lady's maid at a swell house in a suburban town would run away on a certain night carrying a lot of plunder in jewels with them. We were cautioned, however, against giving away the information. All we were expected to do was to be on hand and take 'em in when they started out.

"Well, I concluded to go by the letter I received. It's best not to take a matter of that kind into your own hands lest you spoil it all. We went to the place an hour before the expected exit and waited till an hour after the time. I was getting pretty tired and was about to give it up, thinking the case was one of those bits of false information detective agents get so much of, when I saw a figure moving along the side of the house staggering under something. I couldn't tell what. Getting nearer, I saw him put a ladder up to one of the back windows, then throw a handful of gravel against the panes.

"I waited and in a few minutes saw something white waving in the window. The sash had been put up, but so carefully that I hadn't heard any noise. The next thing I could distinguish was something dark coming down the ladder, but it was so dark I couldn't see things continuously. I heard a slight sound, which I judged to be the ladder removed from under the window, then saw or heard nothing more till two figures passed within a few yards of where I was standing behind a tree. I followed in their wake, and when they got out in the road I could see that they were a man and a woman, the man carrying a suit case.

"They took the direction of the railway station, and when they reached the street leading down to it they diverged, and I knew just what they were going to do. There was only one train leading into the city at that hour of the night, and they had timed their exit to take it.

"They reached the station ten minutes before the schedule time for the train, and I went up on to the platform as though intending to take the train myself. I made up my mind as soon as I looked at them that I had a slick pair to deal with. They were made up first class. No one would ever have taken the butler for anything, but a gentleman, and the maid must have been prettier than her mistress. They were both in traveling rig, and, though they probably had on their master's and mistress' clothes, their costumes fitted perfectly.

"I thought it best to take them in before the train came along, so I walked up to them and said to the man, 'I'll trouble you for that suit case.' There was a scene, of course, but I had an assistant ready and called him. I took the suit case from the hands of the butler and demanded the key. He gave it to me at once, and, opening the case, there, sure enough, were the jewels mixed in with women's lingerie.

"'See here,' said the fellow, 'this is a robbery at an unfrequented railway station at midnight. Now, I'll make you an offer. We are eloping, and I've got a hundred dollars in my pocket I'll give you rather than be exposed. Let us go with our property and the money is yours.'

"I laughed at him, telling him that I had been informed of the 'elopement' and was not to be fooled by his story. The lady's maid was about to go into hysterics when two girls and two fellows rushed out from a dark corner, one of the girls shouting: 'It's all right, Mr. Detective. I put up a joke on them. I wrote that letter, knowing they were going to elope, but I didn't know Kit, you'd take it so hard.'

"She put her arms around the eloping girl and tried to quiet her, which was no easy job. The groom looked as though he would like to kill this joking friend who had brought her friends with her to see the fun.

"As soon as I saw that it was a genuine elopement, with a frolic of youngsters added, I took the matter in good part, pronounced it a capital joke and interceded with the bride and groom for the joker's forgiveness. She was the bride's sister, and it was all in the family. But there wasn't much time to make up, for the train whistled and in a few moments pulled up to the station. The elopers got aboard, and the young scamps who had played the joke fired a volley of rice and old shoes at them as the train pulled out.

"That's the biggest sell on me I ever had in this detective business."

"It was a pretty serious joke to play, wasn't it?"

"Serious! Did you ever hear of a young toadcap like that taking anything seriously? That girl wouldn't stop at anything. And it's all right too. They get into the serious business of life soon enough. They have to crowd the fun into a mighty few years."

A WONDERFUL FRIENDSH'P.

There is a story of Berettini, generally called Pietro de Cortona, who was born in 1596 at Cortona, in Tuscany. He was a little shepherd boy twelve years of age when one fine morning he left his flock and went off to Florence, where his only acquaintance was another little boy of his own age, who had left Cortona to become a scullion in the kitchen of Cardinal Sachetti. Pietro wanted to get to Florence to learn how to be an artist, for he knew there was an academy and school for painting there. So he went to the palace of the cardinal and, waiting till the cardinal's dinner was served, went to the kitchen door and asked to see his friend Tomaso, who welcomed him with joy.

"I am come to Florence to study painting," said Pietro.

"Why not learn cooking, like me?" said Tomaso. "Then you won't die of hunger."

"If you have so much to eat you can spare me a little. I will give you my appetite, and you shall give me some of your food."

"All right," said Tomaso. "Come right in," and he took poor, hungry Pietro to his garret and fed him well.

When Pietro had finished his supper Tomaso said to him:

"How are you going to set to work?"

"As all artists do, with paper and pencils."

"But," said Tomaso, "have you any money to buy paper and pencils?"

"Is it I? Nothing at all. But you have."

"No, indeed! I have plenty of food, but I shall have to wait three years before I get any wages."

There was no help for it. Pietro must be satisfied. The walls of the garret were white. Tomaso gave Pietro some pieces of coal, and Pietro set to work covering the walls with sketches. One day a guest, passing the little scullion, dropped a coin into his hand. He hurried to his friend with it. Now he could have pencil and paper. Pietro started at the break of day and went to study the pictures in the churches, the public monuments and the landscapes around Florence and returned at night to the garret, where Tomaso had hidden his dinner under the mattress to keep it warm.

One day the cardinal, about to repair his palace, came to inspect with his architect the upper stories and entered the scullion's garret. Pietro, of course, was not there, and the cardinal and architect, struck by the boldness of the sketches, sent for Tomaso to compliment him on his talent. The poor

"HOW ARE YOU GOING TO SET TO WORK?"

boy, when he heard that the cardinal had been in his garret and seen the scribblings of his friend Pietro, thought he was to be dismissed and fell at the feet of the cardinal, saying, "My lord, what will become of Pietro if you send me away?"

The cardinal asked him what he meant and learned that the sketches were the work of a poor shepherd boy who, determined to exercise the talent that he felt within him, had had the courage to leave his work and to struggle to study in Florence, where he had been secretly housed in the palace for two years.

"Bring him to me on his return this evening," said the cardinal, smiling at the mistake of Tomaso and granting him a free pardon.

He was brought to the cardinal, who received him most kindly and placed him in the school of one of the best painters of Rome, where his keen and arduous study soon raised him to eminence in his art. Through the interest of Cardinal Sachetti he was employed on a room of the Barbetrini palace, and his success there gave him a place among the first artists of his day.

He was immediately engaged to work in the Vatican and the principal churches of Rome.

Fifty years from the day of Pietro's first visit to the garret of Tomaso two old men were living together like brothers in one of the handsomest houses of Florence. Of one it was said, "There goes the greatest painter of our age," and of the other, "There goes a model of friendship for every age."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Cookery Points

How to Cook Prunes.

A housewife has this to say about prunes:

"Seldom have I found even so called stewed prunes properly cooked abroad. They should never be boiled. That spoils the flavor. This is the way we western cooks stew them: Cleanse thoroughly, soak in water ten or twelve hours, adding a little granulated sugar when putting to soak, for, although the fruit is sweet enough, yet experience has shown that the added sugar changes by chemical process into fruit sugar and brings out better the flavor of the fruit. After soaking the fruit will assume its full size and is ready to be simmered on the back of the stove. Do not boil prunes. That is what spoils them. Simmer, simmer only. Keep lid on. Shake gently. Do not stir and never let boil. When tender they are ready for the table.

"Serve cold, and a little cream will make them more delicious. Added just before simmering, a little sliced lemon or orange gives a rich color and flavor to the sirup. Many housekeepers think that if they pay a fancy price for large prunes they secure fruit of better flavor, but the small varieties are frequently just as sweet and just as finely flavored."

One Woman's Way.

"A new dish every day" was the self imposed task of a young wife who was in possession of a new home and plenty of time.

Although she had never cooked before in her life, her shining new kitchen was a lure she could not resist, much to the delight of her husband and friends.

She bought cookbooks, studied ingredients and proportions and devoured magazines devoted to things culinary. In the end she developed into a real wizard of a cook, and she originated dainties that sent the most blase of epicures into ecstasies of enjoyment.

She discovered that possibilities of food combinations are practically inexhaustible, and she still pursues the rule of "something new every day"—a rule entailing very little extra labor and a world of enjoyment.

Parsnips With Cream.

Take some nice fresh parsnips, peel and wash them, then cut them into the shape of olives, using only the outside part for the purpose. Put them into a saucepan and cover them with cold water seasoned with a little salt and lemon juice. Bring to a boil, then strain and put into a clean saucepan with two heaping tablespoonfuls of butter. Add half a cupful cream, a little pepper and salt and a quarter of a cupful of white sauce. Put the lid on the pan and cook very gently for thirty minutes. Sprinkle with a little finely chopped parsley and the strained juice of half a lemon and turn out on to a hot dish and serve at once.

Compote of Rice With Pears.

Wash two-thirds of a cupful of rice, add one cupful of boiling water and steam until the rice has absorbed the water. Then add one and one-third of a cupful of hot milk, one teaspoonful of salt and one-fourth of a cupful of sugar. Cook until the rice is soft and turn into a slightly buttered, round, shallow mold. When shaped remove from the mold to a serving dish and arrange on top section of cooked pears, drained from their sirup and dipped in macaroon dust. Garnish between sections with candied cherries and pour over the pear sirup.

Peach Jelly.

Peel and stone a peck of peaches, slicing or cutting them, and add to them a dozen cracked peach pits. Cook until the fruit is broken and soft, then strain and measure. Return to the fire, add the juice of a lemon and boil for twenty minutes. Stir in a pound of heated sugar for each pint of juice, boil up once and pour into glasses. This will make a delicious jelly.

Sweet Potatoes on Brochotte.

Wash and pare potatoes and cut in one-third inch slices. Arrange on skewers in groups of three or four, parboil six minutes and drain. Brush over with melted butter, sprinkle with brown sugar and bake in a hot oven until well browned.

Sweet Potato Croquettes.

To two cupfuls of hot riced sweet potatoes add three tablespoonfuls of butter, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a few grains of pepper and one beaten egg. Shape into croquettes, dip in crumbs, egg and crumbs again, fry in deep fat and drain.

Sweet Potatoes, Southern Style.

Bake six medium sized sweet potatoes, remove from oven, cut in halves lengthwise and scoop out inside. Mash, add two tablespoonfuls of butter and cream to moisten. Season with salt, refill skins and bake five minutes in hot oven.

Salt With Vegetables.

A good vegetable rule is salt with vegetables that are green, no salt in those containing starch or grown underground. Most vegetables are put on in boiling water, though some housewives make exceptions to this rule.

GRANDMOTHERS USED SAGE TEA

To Darken the Hair and Restore Gray and Faded Hair to Its Natural Color.

It is easier to preserve the color of the hair than to restore it, although it is possible to do both. Our grandmothers understood the secret. They made a "sage tea," and their dark, glossy hair long after middle life was due to this fact. Our mothers have gray hairs before they are fifty, but they are beginning to appreciate the wisdom of our grandmothers in using "sage tea" for their hair and are fast following suit.

The present generation has the advantage of the past in that it can get a ready-to-use preparation called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy. As a scalp tonic and color restorer this preparation is vastly superior to the ordinary "sage tea" made by our grandmothers.

The growth and beauty of the hair depends on a healthy condition of the scalp. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy quickly kills the dandruff germs which rob the hair of its life, color and lustre, makes the scalp clean and healthy, gives the hair strength, color and beauty, and makes it grow.

Get a 50 cent bottle from your druggist today. He will give your money back if you are not satisfied after a fair trial.

Special agents, D. S. Curtis.

Notice!

THE NEW WESTMINSTER OFFICE OF THE VANCOUVER DAILY PROVINCE HAS BEEN MOVED FROM 622 COLUMBIA STREET TO 746 COLUMBIA STREET.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSER, B.C.

Board of Health Department.

The Board of Health Department is about to start a campaign for the cleaning up of all back yards and vacant lots in the city, and the hearty co-operation of the citizens in general is asked in this regard.

A clean city is one of the best ads we can have, and we feel sure that the citizens appreciate this to the fullest extent. The burning up of all waste paper, etc., the cleaning away of ashes and other refuse, and a thorough cleaning up will go a long way towards giving us a city beautiful.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH DEP.
S. . PEARCE,
Health Inspector.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT NOTICE

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster having by Resolution determined and specified that it is desirable to carry out the folowing works, that is to say:

(a) To pave Front street from Eighth street to the northerly end of the Schaake Machine Works for a width of 19 feet; lay water mains, gutters, instal electric street lighting system, and any other works contingent thereto.

(b) To construct sanitary and storm sewers from Lot 1 to Lot 15, City Block seven (7).

And that the said works shall be caried out in acoordance with the provisions of the "Local Improvement General By-law 1909."

And the City Engineer and the City Assessor having reported to the Council in acordance with the provisions of the said by-law upon the said works, giving statements, showing the amounts to be chargeable against the various portions of real property to be benefited by the said works and other particulars, and the said reports of the said City Engineer and City Assessor having been adopted by the Council.

Notice is hereby given that the sai reports are open for inspection to the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Columbia street, New Westminster, B. C., and that unless a petition against the proposed works above mentioned signed by a majority of the owners of the land or real property to be assessed or charged in respect of such works representing at least one-half in value thereof is presented to the Council within fifteen days from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Council will proceed with the proposed improvements under such terms and conditions as to payment of the cost of such improvements as the Council may by By-law in that behalf regulate and determine and also to make the said assessment.

Dated this twentieth day of March A. D. 1912.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

Date of first publication twenty-first day of March A. D. 1912.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Special low rates to all Eastern points will be on sale commencing May 2; good to return up to October 31. These rates can be used for passengers going to the Old Country.

For particulars and reservations

ED. GOULET, Agent
New Westminster

Or H. W. Brodie, G.P.A., Vancouver

NEW WESTMINSTER MAIL

Arrival: Closing:

10:50—Vancouver via G. N. R. 23:00
7:40—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday).11:15
12:00—Vancouver via. B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday).16:00
18:00—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday).20:30
7:40—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday).11.15
10:50—Victoria via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday).11:15
7:30—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday).. 9.45
15:15—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)..16:00
11:40—All points east and Europe (daily) 8:15
22:43—All points east and Europe (daily) 13:15
11:40—Sapperton and Fraser Mills (daily except Sunday) 8:15
18:10—Sapperton and Fraser mills (daily except Sunday) 14:00
11:40—Coquitlam (daily except Sunday) 8:15
12:00—Central Park, McKay and Edmonds (daily except Sunday) 11.15
14:00—East Burnaby (daily except Sunday 14:30
10:00—Timberland (Tuesday and Friday) 13:30
10:30—Barnston Islands arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday 14:00
0:00—Ladner, Port Guichon, Westham Island, Burt Villa 13:30
10:00—Annieville and Sunbury (daily except Sunday).13:30
.0:00—Woodwards (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday) 13:30
16:45—Vancouver, Piper's Siding via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)..14:20
15:50—Cloverdale and Port Kells via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday).....14:00
11:20—Clayton (Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Satday 14:00
11:20—Tynehead (Tuesday and Friday) 14:00
7:40—Burnaby Lake (daily except Sunday 16:00
18:10—Abbotsford, Upper Sumas, Matsqui, Huntingdon, etc. (daily except Sunday) 23:00
15:15—Crescent, White Rock and Blaine (daily except Sunday) 9:45
5:15—Hall's Prairie, Fern Ridge and Hazlemere (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 9:45
11:20—Chilliwack, Milner, Mt. Lehman, Aldergrove, Otter, Shortreed, Surrey Centre, Cloverdale, Langley Prairie, Murrayville, Strawberry Hill, South Westminster, Clover Valley, Coghlan, Sardis, Sperling Station, Bradner, Bellerose, via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday) 9:00
11:20—Rand, Majuba Hill via B. C. E. R. (Monday Wednesday and Friday 9:00
20:30—Chilliwack via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday).17:30
11:20—Abbotsford, Huntingdon, via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday) 17:30
15:50—Cloverdale via B.C.E.R. (daily except Sunday).17:30
12:00—Fraser Arm 23:00

JUST OPENED UP

Summer Goods for Suiting

Hee Chung
Merchant Tailor
701 Front Street

Perfect fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Westminster
Transfer Co.

Office Phone 185. Barn Phone 137
Begbie Street.

Baggage Delivered Promptly to any part of the city.

Light and Heavy Hauling

OFFICE—TRAM DEPOT.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C

D. McAulay
ARCHITECT

Tel. 761. Cor. 6th and Columbia

PALMER
GASOLINE ENGINES
3½ to 25 H. P.
2 and 4 Cycle.

Local Agents
Westminster Iron Works
Phone 53.
Tenth St., New Westminster.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

FRATERNAL.

I. O. O. F. AMITY LODGE NO. 17—The regular meeting of Amity lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., is held every Monday night at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows hall, corner Carnarvon and Eighth street. Visiting brethern cordially invited. H. W. Harrison, N. G.; C. B. Bryson, V. G.; James Ferguson, P. G., recording secretary; R. B. Purdy, financial secretary.

STENOGRAPHY & TYPEWRITING

MISS M. BROTEN, public stenographer; specifications, business letters, etc.; circular work taken. Phone 415. Rear of Major and Savage's office. Columbia St.

AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT.

H. J. A. BURNETT. AUDITOR AND Accountant. Tel. R 128. Room, Trapp block.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOHNSTON & JACKSON, barristers-at-law, solicitors, etc. Offices, Rooms 6 and 7 Ellis block, Columbia street. Cable Address "Stonack." Code: Western Union. Telephone, 1070. Adam Smith Johnston and Frank Alexander Jackson.

WHITESIDE & EDMONDS—Barristers and Solicitors, Westminster Trust block, Columbia street, New Westminster, B.C. Cable address "Whiteside," Western Union. P.O. Drawer 200. Telephone 69. W. J. Whiteside, H. L. Edmonds.

I. P. HAMPTON BOLE, BARRISTER, solicitor and notary, 610 Columbia street. Over C. P. R. Telegraph.

WADE, WHEALLER, McQUARRIE & MARTIN—Barristers and Solicitors. Westminster offices, Rooms 7 and 8 Guichon block, corner Columbia and McKenzie streets; Vancouver offices, Williams building, 41 Granville street. F. C. Wade, K. C.; A. Whealler, W. G. McQuarrie, G. E. Martin, Geo. Cassady.

J. STILWELL CLUTE, barrister-at-law, solicitor, etc; corner Columbia and McKenzie streets, New Westminster, B. C. P. O. Box 112. Telephone 710.

BOARD OF TRADE—NEW WESTminster Board of Trade meets in the board room, City Hall, as follows: Third Friday of each month; quarterly meeting on the third Friday of February, May, August and November at 8 p.m. Annual meetings on the third Friday of February. New members may be proposed and elected at any monthly or quarterly meeting. S. H. Stuart Wade, secretary.

F. G. GARDINER. A. L. MERCER
Gardiner & Mercer
M. S. A.
ARCHITECTS
WESTMINSTER TRUST BLOCK.
Phone 661. Box 772
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Phone R672. 619 Hamilton St.
D. McELROY
Chimney Sweeping,
Eavetrough Cleaning,
Sewer Connecting,
Cesspools, Septic Tanks, Etc.

Westminster Junk Company

Will give you a square deal on all junk, and highest price.

207 and 208 Front Street.
Phone R 619.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
B. C. Coast Service

New additional steamer to Prince Rupert, Goose Bay and other points leaves Vancouver every Wednesday at 10 p.m. Additional April 8 and 19.

For Victoria.
10:00 A. M.....Daily except Tuesday
1:00 P. M.....Daily
12:00 Midnight.....Saturday Only

For Nanaimo.
2 p.m.....Daily except Sunday

For Seattle.
10 a.m. and 11 p.m. Daily.

Chilliwack from Westminster 8 a.m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

ED. GOULET,
Agent, New Westminster.
H. W. BRODIE,
G. P. A., Vancouver

TRY TRY TRY
On Chong Co.
Merchant Tailors

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Suit Made-to-Order at reasonable prices. Spring Goods just arrived. First-Class Fit and Work Guaranteed.

ON GHONG CO.
Merchant Tailors
24 McInnis St., City.

MAPLE LEAF

PAINTS VARNISHES and STAINS

Brushes and Painters' Supplies

Sold and Guaranteed by

ANDERSON & LUSBY

B. & M. FISH

Fresh Salmon .....2 lbs, for 25c
Fresh Cod (half or whole), per lb. 8c
Fresh Halibut (half or whole), lb...8c
Salt Salmonbellies, per lb. 10c
Salt Labrador Herring, per doz...50c
Large Rabbits, each 35c
Dill Pickles, per doz. 25c

537 Front St. - Phone 301

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO TO EDUCATE YOUR CHILDREN WHEN YOUR HUSBAND DIES? HE IS CERTAINLY GOING TO DIE SOME TIME, AND CAN YOU TELL WHEN? WHY NOT SHOW HIM HOW NECESSARY IT IS THAT HE TAKE OUT A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY FOR YOUR BENEFIT. PERHAPS HE HAS NEVER THOUGHT OF IT BEFORE. ASK HIM TO COME IN AND TALK IT OVER WITH ME.

Alfred W. McLeod

THE INSURANCE MAN

657 Columbia St.,

Phone 62. New Westminster.

We Give You MONEY to build Your Own Home

IF you are going to build, want to pay off a mortgage, wish to buy a lot or have payments to meet, see us.

Write For Our FREE BOOKLET

It explains our methods. Better stil, give us a call or have one of our representatives call on you. Our office is in the People's Trust Building.

The Universal Home Security Co. Ltd. HEAD OFFICE— NEW WESTMINSTER B.C.

Gentlemen!

We Have Everything in

Shaving Necessities

Brushes, Razors, Strops, After-shave Creams, powders, ect.

See our window display.

MUIR'S DRUG STORE

Dispensing Chemists, Etc.

Deane Block. 441 Columbia St.

New Westminster. B.C.

CITY NEWS

Mrs. Frank Pearson, 422 Third street, will not receive today.

Ice cream on hand Ira A. Reid, next tram office. Phone 310. **

Mr. J. W. Wilkinson, of Chilliwack, paid a business visit to the city yesterday.

Fresh cut flowers and Easter plants for sale, corner Sixth and Agnes streets, Davies and Son. Phone 897. **

Among the world's best things to drink is "SALADA" Tea. Its purity, flavor and deliciousness stand unrivalled.

St. Patrick's hall, Wednesday, April 10, at 8:30, violin-vocal recital by Mr. Holroyd Paull and Miss Hettie Franklin. At the piano, Mr. C. W. Openshaw. Tickets $1.00 at Frank Major's music store. **

"Where will you be tonight?" "Why, at the opera house seeing the White Lady. I am going to reserve my tickets at Tidy, the florist's, today. 47 Sixth street. Phone L 184." **

The Local Council of Women will meet at 3 p.m. and not in the evening as previously announced. The meeting will be held in the Odd Fellows' hall.

Dr. H. K. Hope, D. O. Eye Specialist, can be consulted daily from 9:30 to 12 and 1 to 6 (or later by appointment), at room 2, Collister Block. Phone 1121. **

A meeting has been called by the aldermen to discuss the loan by-laws tonight in the Johnston hall, Sapperton. The proceedings will be opened at 8 p.m. It is hoped that as many ratepayers as possible will attend to consider these important by-laws.

Holroyd Paull, the celebrated violin virtuoso from the Salle de la Grande Harmonie concerts, Brussels, who will appear in St. Patrick's Hall next Wednesday, is described by the critic of the Petit Bleu, as being, "Always musical, refined and full of temperament." **

An interesting old relic has been unearthed during excavation operations for the new addition of the Fraser hotel. Workmen yesterday came across an immense rock embedded in which was an iron ring. It is probable that it was used in the early days, when Westminster was first founded and was really new, as an anchor for river boats.

Miss Jeanne Towler, gifted American actress, is playing "The White Sister" at the opera house tonight. Go and see it. Buy your tickets at Tidy, the florist's, or reserve them by phone L 184. **

While the wire gang on the B. C. E. R. and the city were engaged in changing the power wires on Carnarvon street yesterday afternoon, one of the cables parted, breaking one of the large glass fronts of the Russell hotel.

Dr. Welsh, of Ashcroft, an old time resident in Westminster, has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. D. J. McQuarrie, during the last few days. Dr. Welsh came to this city in 1873 and lived here until the fire. He naturally notices wonderful changes since he was last in the city. The doctor has been spending his winter in California and leaves tomorrow to return to his home in Ashcroft.

Columbia street in the vicinity of the New Westminster Trust company's block has lost some of its attractiveness to the lounger for yesterday the last girder was placed in position and the machinery, which has been used for hoisting the unwieldly steel work, is being dismantled and removed. The concrete work around the girders and the floors is proceeding with all haste and it is expected that the work of building the outer walls will be started some time this week.

A Death.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Anderson lost their infant boy yesterday. Mr. Anderson is an old timer of Westminster, but he is living at present in South Vancouver. The funeral arrangements have been left in the hands of Mr. Fales and the baby will be buried in the Masonic cemetery this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. Mallen will officiate.

BISHOP GOES EAST TO IMPORTANT MEETING

Bishop and Mrs. de Pencier left for Toronto last evening to attend several meetings in connection with the Anglican church. The bishop will attend the half-yearly meeting of the Ecclesiastical dignitaries from the whole of the Dominion and will also take in the committee meetings called for the revision of the Prayer book. Mrs. de Pencier, who represents the Dominion Women's Auxiliary for British Columbia, will attend the annual gathering to be held in Hamilton. The bishop will preach in Ottawa on April 21, returning to Nelson on May 1, and visiting many of the boundary points before going to Mission on May 12. He is expected to return to this city on May 13.

Championship Match.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 8.—Ad Wolgast and Joe Rivers, the local Mexican lightweight, were matched late today to fight 20 rounds in the Vernon arena July 4, for the lightweight championship of the world.

SAM LANGFORD BEAT McVEY ON POINTS

American Heavyweight Too Strong for California Boy in Twenty Round Battle.

Sydney, N. S. W., April 8.—Sam Langford, the American heavyweight, today defeated Sam McVey, of California, in a 20 round fight on points. Langford and McVey fought in the stadium before 15,000 spectators and after a hard contest in which honors were fairly even until the last few rounds, Langford succeeded in reversing his defeat at McVey's hands on December 26 last.

The betting was 10 to 9 on McVey. The fight opened at a fast pace. In the second round Langford landed three heavy rights on the body in a clinch, after which McVey protested and the police interferred, barring kidney punches in the clinches. Langford had somewhat the better of the first few rounds and the betting veered to 5 to 4 in his favor. Both men put up a savage fight and the referee constantly was engaged in separating them. By clever sparring McVey managed to keep his stronger adversary off until after the seventeenth round, when the furious pace began to tell on both. Langford was in the better condition at the end, although not good enough to land a knockout.

The spectators cheered the referee's decision and obviously were delighted at what they considered a hard and fairly fought battle.

First American tourist in a Paris cafe—What shall we order?

Second Ditto—I dunno. Wait. I noticed in one of the papers that snails have nearly doubled in price. Let's have a snail."—Cleveland Plain dealer.

Ladies of Culture and Refinement Use Salvia Hair Tonic. It Makes the Hair Beautiful.

At last a remedy has been discovered that will positively destroy this pest.

That Dandruff is caused by germs is accepted by every sensible person.

Dandruff is the root of all hair evils.

SALVIA will kill the dandruff germs and remove Dandruff in ten days, or money back.

Ryall guarantees it. It will grow hair, stop itching scalp, falling hair, and make the hair thick and abundant. It prevents hair from turning gray, and adds life and lustre.

SALVIA is a hair dressing that has become the favorite with women of taste and culture, who know the social value of beautiful hair. A large, generous bottle costs only 50c, at leading druggists everywhere, and in New Westminster by Ryall. The word "SALVIA" (Latin for sage) is on every bottle.

Miss Cave-Browne-Cave

L. R. A. M. A. R. C. M.

Member of the Incorporated Society of Musicians (England).

(Successor to Mrs. Reginald Dodd.)

Teacher of Pianoforte, Violin, Singing, Theory, Harmony, Counterpoint and Musical Form.

LESSONS BY CORRESPONDENCE

For terms, etc., apply 51 Dufferin Street, New Westminster. Phone R411.

The T. H. SMITH Co. LIMITED

Original and Supremely Attractive Coats

Exclusive conceptions of individual merit, produced in beautiful shades of tans, grey, brown, blue, panama and pongee silk; black all-over lace; one-sided effect; large roll collar with deep fringe trimmings. Prices ..... $15.00 to $25.00

Superb Suits and Coats

A Great Many Exclusive New Models Have Just Been Added to Our Spring Show

The Suits express a desire to please those who prefer plain tailored effects; and also those to whom fancier styles appeal.

SPRING COATS—Greater numbers of new styles and all of them are notably different. If you cannot be fitted from our regular stock we can make your suit to order—fit guaranteed.

New Striped and Plain Shantella, 25c Per Yard

A splendid wash material in plain shades and self stripes; in cream, navy, reseda, sky, pink, tan, pongee and brown shades; 27 to 29 inches wide. Special, per yard.....25c

Beautiful Cotton Foulards

In many pretty patterns and shades; regular 35c to 50c per yard. Special price, per yard 30c

Interesting News from Dress Goods Section

Mannish Tweed Suitings are in high favor; smart shades of grey, tan, brown and blue mixtures; 52 to 58 inches wide. Prices, per yard ..$1.00 to $2.75

Colored Pongee Silks in new shades of rose, pink, lavender, sky, navy, wedgewood, tan, reseda, etc.; 24 to 27 inches wide; regular 60c per yard. Price, per yard 50c

FURNITURE

Bought and Sold.
Highest Price Given.

Auction Sales

Conducted on Commission.

Joseph Travers

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
421 Columbia St.

Burnaby Home

Full 66 Ft. Lot Cleared

Good six roomed house, chicken house and run, near Twelfth street, at city boundary.

$1800, Small Cash Payment. See

WHITE, SHILES & CO.

THE CHEAPEST

10 ACRES

On The Market

We have for sale in Langley one and a half miles from the electric tram depot, postoffice and store, 10 acres of excellent clay loam fruit soil, high and dry, with gentle slope, overlooking Langley Prairie, for $100 per acre.

In order to close up an estate we are enabled to offer this land at the above price in a locality where land is selling at $150 per acre and up. This is an unusual opportunity, and is a good speculation, though we prefer to sell to an actual settler. Very reasonable terms can be arranged.

Established 1891, Incorporated 1905.

THE FRASER VALLEY F. J. HART & CO. LTD. FARM LAND SPECIALISTS

F. J. Hart & Co., Ltd.

New Westminster

Head Office, New Westminster. Branches at Vancouver Victoria, Chilliwack and Alderprove, B.C.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Gold Souvenir Jewelry

See Window Display

CHAMBERLIN THE JEWELER

Official Time Inspector for C. P. R. and B. C. Electric Railway.

E. H. BUCKLIN, Pres. and Genl. Mgr. N. BEARDSLEE, Vice-President. W. F. H. BUCKLIN, Sec. and Treas.

SMALL-BUCKLIN

LUMBER CO., LTD.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Fir, Cedar and Spruce Lumber

Phones No. 7 and 877. Shingles, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

INTERURBAN TRAMS

Westminster Branch. — Cars leave B. C. E. R. Co. station for Vancouver at 5:00, 5:45 and 6:45 a.m. and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:00 p.m. After 10:00 p.m. half hourly service until midnight.

Sunday Service.—Cars leave for Vancouver at 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00 and 9:30 a.m. Regular week day service prevailing thereafter.

Freight Service.—Cars leave New Westminster for Vancouver at 7:20, 11:20, 12:20 and 15:20.

Burnaby Branch.—Cars leave B .C. E. R. Co. station for Vancouver at 5:45, 6:45 and 8:00 a.m., with hourly service thereafter until 10 p. m. and late car at 11:30 p. m.

after and late car at 11:30 p.m. leaves at 8:00 a.m. Regular week day service thereafter.

Freight Service.—Leave New Westminster for Vancouver at 8:20.

Lulu Island Branch.—(To Vancouver via Eburne)—Cars leave B. C. E. R. Co. station at 7:00 a.m. and hourly thereafter until 11:00 p.m.

Sunday Service.—First car leaves at 8:00 a.m. Regular week day service thereafter.

Freight Service.—Leave New Westminster for Van. at 10:00.

Fraser Valley Branch.— Cars leave B. C. E. R. Co. station for Chilliwack and way points at 9:30 a.m., 1:20 and 6:10. For Huntingdon and way points at 4:05 p.m.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.