Improved property on River road and new cut-off line. House and chicken houses; grand view of Gulf, etc. $10,000, on easy terms.

WHITE, SHILES & CO.

The Daily News

Library Legislative Assembly
NOV 16 1911
VICTORIA, B.C.

Forty lots on new cut-off line (west end); $50C. and up. Very easy terms.

WHITE, SHILES & CO.

VOLUME 6, NUMBER 213. NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15, 1911. PRICE FIVE CENTS

TO REDUCE RATES

Cable Charges Across Ocean to Be Less.

ANNOUNCEMENT SHORTLY

Question Was Discussed at Imperial Press Conference and Also Last Summer in London.

London, Nov. 14.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons yesterday, Captain Norton, assistant postmaster-general, said he hoped shortly to be in a position to make a statement regarding the reduction of cable rates between the United Kingdom and Canada, a matter which had been engaging the attention of His Majesty's Government for some time past.

The question of lower cable rates throughout the empire engaged the attention of the Imperial press conference held at London some time ago and also of the imperial conference of last summer. On the latter occasion the postmaster-general made a statement to the effect that his government would enter into negotiations with the cable companies, and it was suggested that if concessions could not be obtained from the companies controlling sub-Atlantic cables an imperial cable to be constructed and owned by the home and overseas government might be considered. It was suggested that Canada might contribute an overland connection for the Atlantic and Pacific Canadian ends of an all-red imperial cable.

LOSES RIGHT ARM IN HAY BAILER

The loss of his right arm from the elbow was the very serious result of an accident which occurred to Peter Peterson of Sunbury on Monday morning. Peterson was engaged in bailing hay and had barely started the bailer runing when part of his clothing caught in the fly wheel of the machine dragging his arm between the spokes.

The whole of the man's body was whirled round and round until mercifully the arm was severed, or he would have been killed. Thrown to the ground like a stone from a sling, he immediately rose to his feet and did not realize for quite a considerable time that he had lost a limb.

Mr. Peterson was then brought to the Royal Columbian Hospital, where he will have to remain for a week or two. His many friends, for Mr. Peterson is widely known and popular both in the city and throughout the district, will be grieved to hear of his terrible accident, and the more sympathy will be extended since Mr. Peterson was on the eve of his wedding.

A Correction.

Mr. Hardman, who spoke at the meeting of the city Council on Monday night in support of a petition against the proposed site of the Isolation Hospital, appeared in yesterday's issue of the Daily News, by a mere typographical error, as Mr. Hartman.

The evening contemporary, however, had no such excuse. In its case it was merely a matter of taking the story of the City Hall meeting practicaly wholesale from the columns of the Daily News.

This is a matter for simple verification by comparison of the paragraphs in the News story and those of the evening contemporary in which the name Hartman occurs. All who run may read!

ITALY REPULSES TURKISH TROOPS

Five Turks Killed—Italian Warship Pardo Bombards Forts—No Intervention Asked.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 14.—The State Department has heard from Italy or Turkey nothing that would suggest the extension of the good offices of the United States to terminate the present war since the notification from the Italian government of the annexation of Tripoli. Dispatches received from Tripoli at the Italian embassy today state that a battalion of Turks attacked the Italian forces yesterday but were repulsed, leaving five dead on the field. The Italians reported two wounded.

A second assault was repulsed by the Italian troops without loss of life.

Today the Italian man-of-war Pardo shelled the forts of Aiforea on the western coast at Benthezai. At Derna and Tourbk where troops have arrived the situation is reported unchanged.

London, Nov. 14.—A special dispatch from Athens says several Constantinople telegrams received there affirm that the Porte is disposed to treat with Italy with a view to peace. It is now beginning to be admitted in Constantinople that the Turkish troops and their allies, the Arabs, in Tripoli, despite their desperate attacks, have been everywhere repulsed with heavy losses and that prolonged resistance is useless.

SOON TO AUGMENT CANADIAN NAVY

Armored Cruiser Aboukir Said to Have Been Bought by Dominion Government.

London, Nov. 14.—The Express states that the armored cruiser Aboukir, launched in 1908 and having a displacement of 12,000 tons, will leave Malta about Nov. 25. It is stated that she has been sold to the Canadian Government.

The Aboukir is an armored cruiser of the new type, belonging to the same class as the Cressey, the Hague, the Sutlej and the Bacchante. She has a speed of 21 knots and armor plate six inches thick. Her battery consists of two 9.2 inch guns, twelve 6-inch guns, twelve 12-pounders and twelve small guns.

CELEBRATE TREATY WITH BIG BANQUET

Most Important Matter Discussed is That of Panama Canal and Rates.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 14.—With Champ Clark, speaker of the House of Representatives, Henry Stimson, secretary of war, and Judson L. R. Harmon, governor of Ohio, as guests of honor, the Commercial Clu bhere tonight commemmorated with a banquet the 107th anniversary of the consummation of the John R. Hay treaty. Because of the presence of Secretary Stimson and his chief of staff, Major-General Leonard Wood, the banquet was military in character. All officers and their aides appeared in the full dress of the service.

"The problems of the Panama Canal," was the subject upon which Secretary Stimson spoke. He pointed out that work was progressing rapidly on the big waterway and that its completion was not far distant. As a result of this state of affairs, he said, many problems were to be solved in the near future. Among these, he mentioned were:

What to do with the operation force when the canal was completed; how to operate the canal and exercise control over the surrounding zone; what tolls should be charged vessels using the canal.

Secretary Stimson spoke at some length on the rate feature. He favored giving the interstate Commerce Commission power to regulate the rates. Mr. Stimson said further that he opposed the establishment of a line of government owned steamers to ply the canal.

Champ Clark's subject was "Thomas Hart Benton," whom the speaker styled 'the great Missourian."

Governor Harmon's address dealt with the John Jay treaty. He did not touch on present day politics.

RODGERS TO RESUME NEXT TUESDAY

Injuries Though Many Were Not So Serious as at First Thought.

Los Angeles, Nov. 14.—Galbraith P. Rodgers, transcontinental aviator, who had such a narrow escape from death Sunday when he fell into a freshly plower field south of Compton, announced through his manager, H. Sanger tonight that he would finish his flight next Tuesday afternoon.

"I will take Rodgers to the field where he fell," said Mr. Sanger, "and place him in his machine. He will then finish his flight. It is only seven or eight miles to the Pacific Ocean, and Rodgers figures he will be strong enough to make the flight.

"The injuries Rodgers sustained," continued Mr. Sanger, "are not so serious as we first thought. Three ribs on his left side were broken, the left side of his face was badly cut, and both ankles sprained. There was no internal injuries and none to the skull.

"Rodgers was at least 1500 feet in the air when his engine stopped. He told me this. He said that in the darkness he could not tell whether he was falling or not, and knew nothing a moment after he heard his engine stop until he awoke in the hospital yesterday."

STEAMERS COLLIDE; ONE LIFE LOST

Portland, Ore., Nov. 14.—One life was probably lost as the result of the ramming of the steam schooner Westerner by the tank steamer W. S. Porter early today near Pilot Rock in the Lower Columbia River.

Gus Sweart, the second mate, was knocked into the water when the collision occurred and up to late today no trace of him had been found.

The Westerner will be raised and brought to this city for erpairs.

TO ENROLL SIKHS

Col. Huges Makes Statement at Ottawa.

TO RAISE TWO REGIMENTS

Hindus Said to Be Finest Soldiers in World—Many Here Have Served.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—Colonel Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, who returned from his western trip today, intimated steys may be taken in a short time to raise two militia regiments in the west from among foreigners who have made their homes in Canada. In Winnipeg, he said, Mayor Evans discussed a plan to raise a Galacian regiment which would be officered by Canadians. In Vancouver it is proposed to establish a regiment of Hindus. Proposals will be laid before the government for consideration.

DELTA BOARD OF TRADE HOLDS MEETING

Ladner, Nov. 14.—The Delta Board of Trade, at a meeting last night, passed a resolution congratulating Mr. Asahel Smith for his share in winning the $1000 prize and the Stillwell trophy, at New York. The board voted $20 for the purchase of a medal, or other sutiable souvenir of the important event for presentation to Mr. Smith. It was also agreed to invite Mr. Smith and Messrs. Stuart Wade and McClure Johnston to a banquet next month, in further celebration of so great a horticultural victory.

The report was received and the committee requested to go ahead.

Messrs. Douglas, J. McKeen and the secretary were appointed to purchase the proposed souvenirs for Mr. Asahel Smith. Messrs. S. W. Fraser and W. H. Smith were named to look after the arrangements for the banquet.

Train Connection With Vancouver.

The special committee appointed to interview parties interested in this subject reported progress. It was mentioned that the Western Canada Power Company had asked to be furnished with information including the acreage and population of Delta, the value of estimated commodities, assessed value, proposed route and right of way, the centre of population and whether the B. C. E. R. Company had any exclusive rights in the municipality.

To this the committee had replied that Delta had an acreage of 45,000 and a population of 4000. The center of population was Ladner, the estimated value of commodities $1,350,000 and the assessed value $6,550,500. The B. C. Electric Railway had no exclusive rights in Delta. The other points to which the Power Company wished an answer would be required to be submitted to the municipal council. The report was favorably received.

Proposed Railway Bridge.

Mr. H. A. Macdonald brought up the subject of the petition to the council requesting them to submit a by-law to the ratepayers asking authority to raise $250,000 for the construction of a railway bridge across the Fraser at Ladner. Mr. Macdonald explained that he had been successful in securing some thirty-five or thirty-six signatures of the largest land owners and farmers in the Delta to the petition. He was, however, struck by the fact that the majority of those he had tackled for signatures objected to the railway companies having any control over the bridge. They thought the British Columbia Electric Railway should be kept out of it, and the ownership vested in municipal and government hands. He asked the council to endorse the petition, having that in view.

The Chairman—"I take it that the people are not in favor of the joint stock proposition and are in favor of government and municipal ownership, and you want that recommendation from the board to the council added."

Mr. Macdonald assented.

Discussion ensued as to the practicability of eliminating the B. C. E. R. Company's co-operation in the scheme. Naturally, there was soon seen to be considerable difficulty in the way of this being done. Mr. Grant said the bridge was ostensibly for railroad purposes. It would take a million and a half to build it, and if the company were going to put money into the undertaking they would reasonably expect to have a voice in the management. They would find great difficulty in raising the money without the co-operation of the B. C. E. R. Company.

Mr. J. McKee pointed out that the difficulty would be obviated if the bridge were vested in municipal and government ownership. He moved that the Council be instructed to submit the by-law to the people, and the motion was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Lanning, discussing the appointing of a committee to support the petition before the council said it was up to the farmers and big landowners to take an active part in prosecuting this agitation.

Mr. Fisher said he was convinced that Ladner would be helped by direct communication with Vancouver.

A committee representative both of the landowning and business classes was appointed to support the petition. The members are: Messrs. T. E. Ladner, W. J. Lanning, R. S. Kittson and H. J. Hutcheson.

In the absence of President Durie, Mr. G. T. Calvert occupied the chair.

BEZOYK TO BE TRIED

Charge Was Changed in Court Yesterday.

NO LONGER BANK ROBBER

Will Be Tried for Having Stolen Goods in His Possession—Lavery Boy on Stand.

Yesterday morning in the city police court, John Bezoyk, without doubt the most talked of man in connection with the burglary committed on the Bank of Montreal on October 15 last, was committed for trial on a charge of receiving and retaining a sum of about five thousand dollars, knowing the same to have been stolen. At the time of his arrest, and for sometime afterwards, Bezoyk was regarded as one of the principals in the burglary, and he was so written of in the press of the entire country, till one Saturday little George Lavery, an 11-year-old newsboy, disclosed the fact that while playing truant one day, he had sought seclusion from prying eyes by retiring to the ravine under Carnarvon street bridge, and there found a package of banknotes which Bezoyk had afterwards induced him to hand over for a small consideration in real money. The story came out in the Daily News of the Monday following, and was hailed all over the country as a sensational development in the Bank of Montreal burglary case. Yesterday morning, in police court, this development of the case was ratified beyond question, when, at the close of the hearing on the charge on which Bezoyk has been committed for trial, a second charge implicating him in the actual robbery was withdrawn.

Bezoyk, unlike many prisoners, seems to thrive well in confinement. In court, yesterday, he conveyed the impression of being somewhat badly in need of a shave. Otherwise, however, he differed little in appearance from men in his class who hail from southeastern Europe, except, of course, that the blasting accident of which he was the victim some time ago had left him with but one eye and but one arm. He preserved an appearance of cheerfulness and unconcern in the dock, and the only occasion on which he evinced more than ordinary interest in the proceedings was when he interjected a remark disclaiming ownership of a grip.

During the early part of the hearing, Bank of Montreal dollar bills crisped and rustled, while Mr. W. H. Phipps, accountant, identified the contents of various packages which were put in as exhibits. Three of the bills he was unable to identify positively, on account of the numbers being partly obliterated.

The Vancouver Chapter.

John Jackson, inspector of detectives in the city of Vancouver, told the Vancouver end of Bezoyk's connection with the case. He said the accused was arrested in Market Alley, in that city, on the night of October 31, at about a quarter to twelve. Inspector McCrae, Sergeant McLeod and he met accused and another man in the alley. They stopped him and asked him to give an account of himself. He told them what his name was and where he lived. They arrested him on a charge of vagrancy and took him to the station. On searching him they found two hundred and odd dollars in his possession, amongst them several Bank of Montreal bills, also a watch, a chain and a loaded revolver. They recognized that some of the bills had been stolen from the Bank of Montreal, and witness told the accused that he would be charged with robbing the Bank of Montreal at New Westminster, and he did not need to say anything, because what he said might be used against him when he came to trial. Inspector McRae asked the prisoner if he understood that, and he said he did. Witness told the prisoner he was aware he had been passing a number of these bills in restaurants and gambling houses. Prisoner said, "Maybe, seven or eighth, maybe 10 or 12."

The police asked the prisoner if he had any more of the bills. He said he hadn't. They asked what he had in his room, and he said he had a trunk and a grip. They questioned him about what he had in them, and told him they were going down to see. He said he had money there, and when they asked him how much, he replied, "Maybe that much," indicating a bundle with his hands. They sent for Mr. Vessey, of the Bank of Montreal, to make sure the bills were those they were in search of; then, along with Mr. Vessey, they went down to the City hotel, where the prisoner had told them he was staying.

They found two grips in the room. When, at this point in the hearing, the grips were produced, the prisoner interjected the remark that the smaller grip was the wrong one.

His Worship: "Was there any money or anything of that nature in those grips?"

The witness replied that there was a cornet and some clothing. In the larger grip they found a large number of Bank of Montreal bills. Mr. Vessey identified the bills as those stolen. Some of the bills were $90 bills, some $100, and one $1000. They

(Continued on page four)

G.T.P. THREE MILES FROM B.C. LINE

Rivalry Between Two Transcontinental Lines—Both Near Boundary.

Edmonton, Nov. 14.—When track-laying ended Saturday night on the Grand Trunk Pacific, west of Edmonton, the steel was within three miles of the British Columbia boundary. The Canadian Northern have men at work also close to the British Columbia boundary line and keen rivalry exists between the construction gangs of the two transcontinentals.

Howard Douglas, Dominion Park Commissioner, has returned to Edmonton from a trip west to Jasper Park. He reports the completion of the trail from Fiddle Creek Hot Springs from Mile 86, the location of Jasper Park Collieries. The trail is about fourteen miels in length. These hot springs, which will be directly accessible next season, are several degrees hotter than the famous hot springs at Banff. The Grand Trunk Pacific has planned the construction of a tourist hotel next year at a point not far distant from the hot springs.

FURTHER CENSUS FIGURES ISSUED

Department at Ottawa Publishes the Following Figures for Cities and Towns in B. C.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—The census bureau yesterday published the following figures for incorporated cities, towns and villages in British Columbia:

Comox-Atlin — Cumberland City, 1237; Prince Rupert, 4184, Alberni, 891.

Kootenay—Fernie, 1287; Fort Steele 276; Nelson (exclusive of suburbs), 4563; Rossland, 2827; Cranbrook, 2365; Trail, 1460; Slocan, 189; New Michel, 662; Old Michel, 1515; Revelstoke, 3010; Nakusp, 347; Golden, 932; Hosmer, 3691.

Nanaimo—Esquimalt, 4001; Nanaimo, 8305; Ladysmith (including South Oyster), 3295.

New Westminster—New Westminster, 13,394; Steveston, 1105; Chilliwack, 1657.

Victoria—Victoria, 31,620.

Yale-Cariboo—Grand Forks, 1577; Phoenix, 1512; Enderby, 835; Armstrong, 810; Kamloops, 3772; Kelowna, 1663; Vernon, 2671.

Vancouver — Vancouver, 100,333; North Vancouver, 7781; South Vancouver, 16,021; Point Grey, 4319.

LITTLE PROGRESS MADE WITH JURY

Sixth Panel of Veniremen Has Been Called—Six Tentative Jurors in Box.

Hall of Records, Los Angeles, Nov. 14—Because he asserted that his associate counsel, Lecompte Davis, had been discriminated against in a ruling by the court and assailed District Attorney Fredericks for, as he alleged, refusing the defence a privilege he himself had demanded only yesterday, Joseph Scott, as counsel for the defense in the McNamara murder case, was sharply reprimanded by Judge Bordwell today. The entire morning session of the trial seemed charged with electricity, the friction between the court and counsel on both sides being at times very manifest.

As a result of the morning session, another tentative juror was qualified. He is William J. Andre, a carpenter, and although Attorney Davis, examining for the defense, strove desperately to disqualify him, the objections of the district attorney, sustained by Judge Bordwell prevented any ground for challenge being developed, and finally Davis was forced to pass the juror. He is certain to be eliminated by the defense later on a peremptory challenge.

It was plain throughout the entire morning proceedings that Judge Bordwell was desirous of hurrying the case along and in many instances the objections of the district attorney and the court's ruling sustaining them, were promulgated before the attorneys for the defense had completed the question.

When the luncheon recess was ordered Darrow was interrogating G. H. Elliott, 75, a retired gardener.

Juror Andre proved a hard problem for Davis, especially as when he tried to pin him down to certain questions Fredericks would object and was promptly sustained by the court. Finally Davis asked Andre whether he had not told his wife he believed the Times was destroyed by labor men and that they had the right parties under arrest. The juror said he had never made any such statement and that he had neither impression nor opinion on the subject.

WANTS LONG TERM

Yuan Shi Kai Asks Lease of Premiership.

MAY PROPOSE REPUBLIC

Rebel Leader Would Then Support Him—Bank President Has Fled Chee Foo Foreigners Safe.

Peking, Nov. 14.—While the Imperial government is endeavoring to force the premiership on Yuan Shi Kai, China's "strongman" in his various conferences today at the Prince Regents palace, the acting Premier, Prince Ching, and other members of the nominal cabinet pointed out the insecurity of that office, the retention of which depends upon the caprice of the National Assembly. Yuan Shi Kai, if he accepts the premiership, desires a fixed term of office, and he so stated to the Regent. But he must obtain this through the National Assembly, as an edict would be likely to arouse suspicion. It is considered possible Yuan Shi Kai may be considering the alternative of a republic and may himself recommend the abdication of the Emperor. He reports that the rebel leader, General Li Yuen Heng, said he would obey his orders if Yuan would consent to become president, but would not recognize him as a Manchu premier. In his opinion, it would not be difficult to reconcile the provinces, most of which are giving the strongest evidences of a desire for peace. The complete constitution already pledged would satisfy the revolutionists except for the fear that Manchu intrigue would begin immediately arrangements were laid down.

One of the prominent members of the National Assembly today informed a foreign legation attache that although the assembly had committed itself to a constitution under the Manchu dynasty, a majority would prefer to organize the government on the lines of a republic.

The president of Ta Ching government bank has fled from the city. The vice president, Chang Chin Tao, who was recently in Europe in connection with a currency loan, is endeavoring to conduct the wrecked institution. As the provinces secede the various branches of this government bank have been confiscated. At only one or two treaty ports were the deposits saved by the hasty transfer to the foreign banks.

Financial stress is being felt by the administration.

Consular dispatches from several places have reached the legations. One from Chee Foo says that the rebel authorities have notified the consuls that they have taken over the administration and that they intend to protect foreigners. They ask that they be not interfered with. At New Chwang foreigners are organizing a defense league.

A Hankow dispatch says the Imperialists there are deserting steadily, some becoming rebels, while others are proceeding northward with their loot.

Shanghai, Nov. 14.—A large part of the Imperial fleet has joined the rebels, thirteen vessels of the fleet having gone over to them this morning. They hoisted the white flag of the revolution and one of them, a large cruiser, steamed up the river and saluted the foreign warships. None of the foreign ships replied. It would appear as though the situation in China has about reached a climax. The thoughtful and well-informed men of both sides are anxious for a settlement. The extremists and the ignorant masses are willing, even anxious to continue the struggle for supremacy though it would spell ruin, disruption and wholesale slaughter, which appear inevitable unless considerable conncessions are made by both parties.

All eyes are now turned on Peking, where Yuan Shi Kai doubtless will endeavor to demonstrate to the court the danger which threatens it. Throughout the newly reconstructed provinces business is being carried on spasmodically, but the tension is increasing as the scarcity of food is felt in the entire southern section.

BRITAIN SENDING TROOPS TO PERSIA

In Fulfillment of Warning Will Police Trade Routes in the South.

London, Nov. 14.—Two regiments of Indian troops were landed last week by order of the British government at Bushir, a seaport city on the Persian Gulf. The landing of British troops is in accordance with a statement made by Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons some time ago. The British foreign secretary warned Persia that unless the tribes of Southern Persia were kept in order, Britain would send Indian troops to guard the trade routes and would take over the policing of the southern districts.

Russia, last week augmented her forces in north Persia with strong reinforcements following her ultimatum to the Teheran government.

Wants

WANTED—A WORKING HOUSEkeeper; no washing. Apply Mrs. W. T. Reid, 51 Royal avenue.

WANTED — THREE FURNISHED housekeeping rooms. Box H, News office.

WANTED TO LEASE FOR ONE year, modern unfurnished four-roomed cottage, close in. References given. P. O. Box 123.

FOR EXCHANGE—ACREAGE ADjoining Port Mann; would take improved farm of 40 acres up in Fraser Valley. State what you have. Box C40, Daily News office.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply in the mornings at 115 Royal avenue.

TO EXCHANGE—A LARGE LOT IN Hastings Townsite for lumber of any kind. Box C. 50, Daily News office.

FOR EXCHANGE—A LARGE DOUble corner in Hastings Townsite for a lot or house in New Westminster. Box C50 News.

WANTED—I HAVE CLIENTS FOR houses and vacant property in Sapperton. Kindly send me your listings. Geo. E. Fleming, Room 6, 310 Columbia street.

WANTED—ROOMERS AND BOARDers. Apply 55 Royal Ave.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN wants work in house or store. Box 6, Daily News Office.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND. Used to gardening and horses. Apply Box S, Daily News.

WANTED KNOWN FULL INFORmation on divorce laws of Nevada and other states sent on receipt of 25c each. Western Information Bureau Goldfield, Nev.

WANTED—THE RESIDENTS to know that I am now operating the only pasteurized bottled milk plant in the city and will deliver either pasteurized milk or cream to any part of the city or district. Milk, 9 quarts for $1.00; cream, 30c a pint. Phone your order to R 873 or write Glen Tana Dairy, Queensboro, Lulu Island.

WANTED—LOTS AND ACREAGE to clear, landscape gardening. Apply J. S. McKinley, Edmonds.

WANTED—ROOMERS AND BOARDers. Apply Sixth avenue, Burnaby East.

TO RENT.

TO RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; hot and cold water. 422 Agnes St.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSEkeeping rooms. Apply 224 Seventh street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMED BUNgalow completely furnished, with all modern conveniences. Apply A. T. Cepperley, Burnaby Lake. Phone R554.

FOR RENT—MODERN HOUSE OF seven rooms on Fifth street. Electric light fittings, blinds and linoleum left in house. Furnace, bath and modern plumbing. Large lot. Rent $40 per month. Sherriff, Rose & Co., 648 Cclumbia street. Phone 832.

TO RENT—TWO FRONT BEDrooms, one double and one single. Fire place in each. 205 Carnarvon street.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, hot and cold water night and day. 543 Front street.

TO RENT, FOR SALE OR TRADE for building lots, nine-room house, modern at 338 Twelfth street; suitable for small boarding house. Apply on premises or write W. D., Daily News office.

FOR RENT — TWO BEDROOMS with sitting room to let to gentlemen only. Breakfast if desired. Telephone and modern conveniences. Five minutes from the post office. Terms moderate. Enquire Phone R 414.

Varden No. 19, Sons of Norway, meet in Eagles hall the first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

A. KROGSETH, President.
J. J. AUNE, Financial Secretary.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK AND WHITE SETter dog last Thursday. Answers to name of Duke. Return to 711 Queens avenue.

SPIRITUALISM

A Spiritual meeting will be held at Mr. J. Clark's residence, Inman avenue, Central Park, near station, Thursday evening at 8 p.m. All are welcome. Literature for sale. **

LAND REGISTRY

J. C. REID

LAND REGISTRY EXPERT

Titles Examined, Land Registry Tangles Straightened out.

Curtis Block City Box 482

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—SNAPS, 100 LOTS ADjoining Westminster city limits, $225 each, $100 below value, in blocks of ten; $5 down, $5 every two months; plan registered. Owner, Box J. H. W., Daily News office.

FOR SALE—50 FOOT LOT, TWO minutes walk from Edmonds station; fine view. $400 cash. National Finance Co., Ltd., 521 Columbia street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, including cook stove, heater, American organ, cheffonier, piano stool, Treadle sewing machine, crockery, etc.; also carpenter's bench with screw, and a quantity of builders' lumber. 812 Royal avenue.

FOR SALE—33 FOOT LOT, SIX blocks from Edmonds station. Good view. Two wide streets. $325. One-third cash, balance arranged. National Finance Co., Ltd., 521 Columbia street.

FOR SALE—MALLEABLE RANGES, $1 down and $1 a week; no interest; four styles; old stoves taken in exchange. Canada Malleable Range Co. Phone 996, Market Square.

FOR SALE—SIX OF THE CHEAPest lots in the west end, on Eighth avenue, having a southwest view facing the river and gulf. Lots 55x110 and 118. Very liberal terms. Phone L179, or call 1303 Eighth avenue.

FOR SALE—TWO 62x132 FOOT lots; very light clearing; two and a half blocks from Twelfth street tram. Fine view. $925 each; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. National Finance Co., Ltd., 521 Columbia street.

REID, CURTIS & DORGAN

706 Columbia Street.

HOUSE SIX ROOMS, CLOSE TO Columbia street car line, modern with large lot, well developed; also some outbuildings. $2750. $500 cash; balance as rent.

TWO LOTS, A CORNER, RIGHT between the Brunette and Columbia car lines, $1000; one-quarter cash; balance 6, 12 and 18 months. An exceptional buy.

EDMONDS—LOT 66x132, WITH lane, between the main line and cut-off; $500. $50 cash, balance $10 monthly.

132x158 FEET ON TWELFTH ST., double corner; offers ample ground for six modern homes, $4500. $1500 cash.

BEAUTIFUL LOT, 50x132. CLOSE to Orphanage on the East. $1050.

REID, CURTIS & DORGAN

Specialists in acreage and small improved ranches. Farm land to trade for city property.

706 Columbia Street.

Houses and Lots For Sale

No 1.—Seven room modern house; lot all cleared and in splendid location. Price for a short time $2700; on easy terms.

No. 2.—New seven room house; modern; corner lot; on car line. Price $3500; $500 cash, balance like rent. This is a snap.

Eight room modern house; must be sold at once. Price only $3200; $450 cash, balance $20 per month.

No. 3.—Six room house and two lots on Eleventh street, close to Queen's avenue. For a rush sale, price $4000; on easy terms.

No. 4.—Five-room cottage and lot on Dublin street. Price $1600; on easy terms.

A new eight room modern house; cement basement and finished in hard wood; splendid location. It must be sold within a few days. Only $4500; on easy terms. Call and see about this.

Seven room house on Fourth avenue, near Sixth street. For a quick sale price $3750; one-third cash, balance like rent.

If you are wanting a home on easy terms it will pay you to come in and look over our lists, or we will build to suit you.

Lots For Sale

Three lots; splendid location. Price for the three $1300; one-quarter cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

One lot on Tenth avenue, $650; one-third cash, balance monthly.

Half an acre, all cleared; on car line; good six room house, barn, buggie shed, etc. Price for a quick sale $1800. Small cash payment, balance $15 per month.

Lot corner on Fifth avenue and Third street. Price only $3500, on easy terms.

Three lots, corner of London and Eighth street. Price for a short time $2200; one-quarter cash, balance arranged.

Three lots on Dublin street. Only $750 each; one-quarter cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. This is the cheapest property in that portion of the city.

Two lots close to Sixth avenue, near Twelfth street; all cleared. Price only $950 each; on easy terms.

Ten room house, lot 66x132; splendid location on Columbia street at Crescent. Price only $15,500; on easy terms. For further particulars apply to

Joseph Travers

Real Estate and Auctioneer.

421 Columbia Street. Phone 703.

GIVES A MILLION FOR JOURNALISM

Will of Joseph Pulitzer Gives Million to Found School of Journalism at Columbia.

New York, Nov. 13.—The terms of the will of Joseph Pulitzer, which is to be filed for probate tomorrow, were made public tonight.

Its conspicuous features are the ratification of the gift of $1,000,000 to Columbia University for the establishment of a school of journalism, and also the ratification of an additional $1,000,000 subject to certain conditions which if not complied with by Columbia before the amount is paid will result in the sum going to Harvard University, one half of it for a school of journalism and one half for many unusual prizes and scholarships as set forth in the will.

In addition to outlining at length the school of journalism plans, the document sets forth a large number of interesting bequests not previously known.

The capital stock of the two newspapers, the New York World and the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, are left in trust for his sons., and their male issue during the lives of their two younger sons.

A codicil attached in 1909 divided these interests as follows: To Herbert, the youngest son, six tenths; to Ralph, two tenths; to Joseph, one-tenth, and the remainder to be held for the benefit of the principal editors and managers of the newspapers whom the trustees may regard as the most deserving and valuable from time to time and upon the expiration of the trust estate that one-tenth of the stock of each of the companies shall be sold to one or more of the principal editors or managers of each paper whom the trustees may consider most deserving in point of ability and integrity.

WHIST DRIVES ILLEGAL.

Greatest Card Game Held to Be One of Chance.

Whist drives are illegal. This was the decision of the Salford (Eng.) Stipendiary the other day, who held that whist was a game of chance, and that in certain circumstances whist drives constituted an offence against the law.

In the case was one in which two men were prosecuted for conducting whist drives, and counsel for the defence pointed out that if the decision went against his clients a curious situation would arise. This form of entertainment had often been promoted by the police, and if it were illegal those officers who had not taken part in drives would have to arrest those who had.

Both defendants were fined 10s. and costs. Notice of appeal was given.

The decision recalls a humorist's story of the game of "Old Sledge," which was the basis of a gambling prosecution. It was suggested that the jury should retire and test whether "Old Sledge" were a game of chance or skill, by playing with acknowledged exponents of it.

After a brief interval the jury sent out to borrow money from the judge. The expectant court beguiled the tedium by speculating what was going on in the inner room. Some indication was furnished by another appeal for funds by the jurymen, and at the end of a protracted sitting, a procession of sad-visaged jurors filed into court and declared that whatever chance there might be in "Old Sledge" they had had none whatever.

Probably the whist players of this country would welcome a test case on similar lines.

Brothers in Arms.

Sir Francis Wingate, Sirdar of the Soudan, and Lord Kitchener, who have both departed for Egypt, are old brothers-in-arms, and have been through many campaigns together. When he was a major in the British Army Sir Francis was considered one of the best-looking officers, and during his adventurous travels through Egypt and the Soudan has gathered together some of the most complete collections of Dervish weapons and curios in the world.

SAGE TEA WILL DARKEN THE HAIR

Restore Faded and Gray Hair to Natural Color—Dandruff Quickly Removed.

There is nothing new about the idea of using sage for restoring the color of the hair. Our great-grandmothers kept their locks soft, dark and glossy by using a "sage tea." Whenever their hair fell out or took on a dull, faded or streaked appearance they made a brew of sage leaves and applied it to their hair, with wonderfully beneficial effect.

Nowadays we don't have to resort to old-time, tiresome methods of gathering the herbs and making the tea. This is done by skillful chemists better than we could do it ourselves, and all we have to do is to call for the ready-made product, Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, containing sage in the proper strength, with the addition of sulphur, another old-time scalp remedy.

The manufacturers of this remedy authorize druggists to sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if it fails to do exactly as represented.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists

Special agents, D. S. Curtis and H. Ryall.

$25 Secures 160 Acres of Agricultural Land At Government Prices.

SEE ME AT ONCE

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING

J. F. R. BALLOCH

650 COLUMBIA STREET ROOM 3

BANK OF ENGLAND.

German Book of History Translated.

The National Monetary Commission has published a translation of Dr. Eugen von Philippovich's "The Bank of England and its financial Services to the State," which, though well known to students of banking, has hitherto only been accessible in the German language. Dr. Philippovich, says the Monetary Times, does not study the Bank of England as a factor in the economic growth of the nation, but rather the "relations between the bank and the English financial administration, and the form which they present today."

A Bank of Evolution.

Some banks, of which the German Reichsbank and the Bank of Japan are examples, have been organized out of hand by legislative enactment to aid in the administration of government finnace and to provide banking resources for industry and convenience. The origin of the immense powers of the Bank of England was quite different. Although the Bank of England was founded in 1694 it did not gain its present intimate connection with government finance until the nineteenth century. The present powers of the bank were acquired as experience showed government officials that the facilities of the bank could be used to advantage in the administration of the public receipts and expenditures. In many cases the bank was first made use of by finance ministers and paymasters, and the legal authority followed, therefore, we have the best possible example of the development of an institution that has, little by little, taken on new functions and new public responsibilities as experience showed these powers to be economically desirable.

Origin of the Bank.

In 1694 William Paterson and associates advanced the government £6,000,000 in return for £500,000 a year, and the privilege of forming a corporation under the title, "the Governor and Company of the Bank of England." The corporation was allowed to deal in bills of exchange, to buy and sell gold and silver bullion, to lend money on security, with the right of selling the security, with three months after maturity of the debt formed the capital stock and the bank was allowed to issue notes up to that amount. There is nothing in the law establishing the bank that indicates any intention of turning the management of the public debt over to it. None of the functions of the exchequer were to be exercised by it. However, the bank at once showed its importance in relation to the government credit by cashing the bills representing the public debt.

Increased Capital Stock.

In 1697 a new bank act allowed the Bank of England to increase its capital stock by taking subscriptions in bank notes and government bills. In 1708 the capital stock was again increased through a loan to the government and the monopoly of the bank was protected by a provision prohibiting companies of more than six persons from issuing bills or notes which were payable within six months of the date of issue. These two acts, together with the original act of establishing, "formed the basis of the Bank of England's position until the beginning of the nineteenth century."

TRUTHFUL ADVERTISING THE BASIS OF SUCCESS.

Since the Ingredients Entering Peruna Are Known, Its Power as a Catarrh Remedy and Tonic is Understood.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.—The active ingredients entering the most popular household remedy in the world have been made known to the public. This means a new era in the advertising of popular family medicines—Peruna leads.

Peruna contains among other things, golden seal, powerful in its effect upon the mucous membranes. Cedron seed, a rare medicine and unsurpassed tonic. Cubebs, valuable in nasal catarrh and affections of the kidneys and bladder. Stone root, valuable for the nerves, mucous membranes as well as in dropsy and indigestion.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Friday, the 1st day of December, 1911, for the purchase of the following described property, viz.: Part (5 acres) of the East half of the West half of the Southerly portion of D.L. 380, Group 1, New Westminster District of the Province of British Columbia (close to C. P. R. Station at New Westminster Junction).

Terms cash. The highest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1911.

W. F. Hansford, P. O. Box 285, New Westminster, B. C.

Solicitor for Executor Estate of late Alexander Stewart McLean, deceased.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claim against the estate of the late Alexander Stewart McLean of the Municipality of Coquitlam, who died on or about the 31st day of August, 1911, at New Westminster, B. C., are required on or before the 1st day of December 1911, to send by post prepaid to the undersigned solicitor for Joseph Travers, Esquire, the Executor of the said estate, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims in writing and a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them and such statement shall be verified by statutory declaration.

And take notice that after the 1st day of December, 1911, Joseph Travers, Esquire, will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the class of which he shall then have had notice, and will not be liable to any person of whose claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 1st day of November, 1911.

W. F. Hansford, New Westminster, B. C., Solicitor for said Executor.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY NEWS

Try The Taste Test

Try Mooney Biscuits with any others. Let the taste of each be the judge and decide which you like the best. Mooney Biscuits have the largest sale in Canada. Their incomparable flavor alone would command it. Their appetizing crispness and inviting deliciousness is simply irresistible.

Here in our famous sunlit sanitary factory, with its hundreds of skilled employes—its 640 windows—its 3 miles of floor space, we create this perfect soda cracker.

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

In six short years Mooney Biscuits have jumped into popular favor throughout the entire Dominion. You will understand why when you eat them for the first time.

You can get Mooney Biscuits at your grocer's, fresh and flaky in damp-proof wax paper lined packages.

Try some today—their taste will please you.

The Mooney Biscuit & Candy Co., Ltd., Stratford, Canada

(13)

RUSSIA INSPECTS ALL THE LETTERS

Note Made of Contents If They Look Anyway Suspicious.

In Russia the postoffice is a very busy place. Not only do the employes distribute the letters, but they also make notes of the contents if they look in the least bit suspicious. One of the ingenious methods in force is to slit the top of the envelope. The letter is then abstracted, copied and re placed. The envelope is finally inserted in a machine which welds the two split edges so cleverly together again that it is practically impossible to see that they have even been forced apart. Sometimes, it is said, in fits of absent-mindedness letters are put back in the wrong envelopes, which is apt occasionally to cause a little confusion.

In Lapland, among the Samoyedes who inhabit the tundras of the north, we find the mails traveling in sledges drawn by a picturesque turnout of four reindeer, writes Mrs. Herbert Vivian, in the Standard. The tundras are swamps on which strange snow-white moss and lichen flourish. In summer the district is an inaccessible morass covered with wild fowl and its own wonderful flora, but in winter it is frozen hard, and can easily be crossed. Indeed, such is the severity of the climate in these parts that the soil, only one or two feet below the surface, is frozen all the year around.

The reindeer will flourish where no other beast can. A horse must have a certain amount of his accustomed fodder even in Arctic regions, but a reindeer does not even need the dried fish that a dog will put up with. He is the most accommodating beast, and will seek his own provender, lichen or seaweed, shoveling the snow on the side with his great flat horns and scrapping the moss from the frozen surface.

The harnessing of the reindeer mail sledge is quite unique. First goes a reindeer, and then comes a boat-shaped sleigh, in which a man sits. Next comes another reindeer, followed by a sleigh filled with letters and packages. Single reindeer and sledges follow alternately, the rear being brought up by a reindeer.

In the wild mountains of the Caucasus the postman holds a post of some danger,for he must be protected not only against savage brigands, but also against the inclemency of the skies. There are few practicable routes across the precipitous ranges, and Mount Elbruz, the loftiest peak, is over 18,000 feet high. Nowhere in the world are there so many peoples, nations, languages and religions, and you will scarcely find so many daredevil ruffians elsewhere.

In marshy parts of Asiatic Russia we may find the buffalo post. Great shaggy beasts draw antediluvian-looking two-wheeled wagon, while men almost as shaggy, in long, rough, white garments and astrachan caps, act as postmen. The carts sometimes carry a passenger as well, but it need hardly be said that progress by this mail coach is neither rapid nor agreeable. Buffalo are far more powerful than oxen, and are useful in the swamps of Siberia. They can tread with ease where most animals would fear to venture, for their broad splay feet seem made on purpose to wade through mud and morass.

In Kamschatka and on Lake Baikal the post bags are carried in sledges drawn by a whole army of dogs, intelligent creatures of the same race as those which dragged Peary to the Pole. One of them acts as leader and goes on ahead unharnessed and quite alone to encourage and point out the way to his companions. He is really just as good as a postillion, for he requires little guiding beyond being told right or left, fast or slow.

A Mail Service of Dogs.

This mail service of dogs can do a hundred miles in 24 hours and, moreover, take two travelers with luggage. A team will often do 60 miles a day after day without fatigue. They are only fed once in 24 hours, usually at night, when the journey is over. A good deal of fighting goes on among the dogs, and when an Eskimo dog is thoroughly annoyed no tiger can equal him in the ferocity of his expression. He does not bark, but he gives a long and hideous howl, the real wolf cry.

Another strangely picturesque post travels across Asiatic Turkey from Alepoo to Karaman. The country is mountainous and romantic, and the little, gayly-caparisoned group of horsemen is even more romantic still. This is the Tartar post. Three unmounted horses, laden with packages and letters, fill the middle of the picture. Behold them gallop the postmen, whip in hand, as if their lives depended on their speed. No doubt they often do, for that wild country teems with brigands and warring tribes. At the head and tail of the procession ride zaptiehs, or Turkish policemen to guard the mail.

There is something mysterious and impressive about a procession of camel, and in the dreary desert of the Tarantas a slow, stately procession makes it deliberate way at appointed times, carrying the post across the sandy wastes. All camels have not, however, the distinguished appearance of the fleet dromedary.

Then there is the postman of the Isle of Formosa, called Ch'icu li ma, or the horse of a thousand miles. This hard-working person often has to carry 160 pounds at a trot for many days and nights. He must not only be smart and strong that he alone is capable of tackling half a dozen brigands, but he must moreover, be ready to face a ghost if necessary. In Formosa the natives are so superstitious and timorous that if they see or hear the smallest sign of anything uncanny they will not only run away as fast as they can, but they will throw down anything that hampers their flight in the least degree. In order to be more hardy and enduring, the horse of a thousand miles never eats a full meal, but when he is hungry he will "eat himself seven-tenths full." Another way of training for fitness is to learn to run with bags of sand fixed to his ankles.

Next come the swimming postman of Ondia and the skiing postman of the Andes. The former frequents a district where rivers abound and bridges are few, so that to avoid extensive detours he must be ready at any moment to take to the water. He is equipped as a swimmer and wears as uniform only a sketchy bathing costume, a turban and life belt.

The Argentine government imports Norwegians to carry the posts in winter across the Andes on skis. This is probably the most perilous task known to the postal service of the world. The men travel at heights from 3000 to 18,000 feet above the plain. They never know what is beneath their feet. They may be standing on tableland or they may be crossing a canyon filled with thousands of feet of snow. If they loiter they may sink, and nothing can save them. Extraordinary courage and daring are required and many find their deaths in the chasms.

IN THE WORLD OF THE MOSLEMS

One of the most dangerous aspects of Italy's invasion of Tripoli is its effect on the Moslem world. Already in South Africa and in India, in Constantinople and in London, loud protests have come from Mohammedans against Italy's brigandage, and Mr. E. Morel has pointed out the difficult position in which King Geoge may find himself when he shortly visits India—where so many millions of his Mohammedan subjects have been affronted by this action of Italy.

In London, Lord Lamington, late governor of Bombay, has presided over a meeting of Moslems at which a resolution was carried "placing absolute confidence in the justice and humanity characteristic of the British nation and religion, unfailing regard of the British Government for the religious Foreign Affairs, to use its good offices for securing the early conclusion of peace on the status quo and the integrity of the Turkish empire."

The Moslem world according to the latest estimates, includes about 220,000 000 people, and the story of what Italy has done to Turkey will spread among these millions.

Dr. S. M. Zwemer who knows the Moslem world so intimately, writes in the Moslem World an interesting article in which he points out the world-wide influence of the Moslems.

"The Mohammedan world has three capitals: Mecca, Cairo and Constantinople," he says. "Mecca has been the heart of the Moslem world for many centuries. It is today the pulse that throbs with a religious life which finds an outlet to the farthest limits of the Moslem Empire. Cairo is the head, where religious thought and education, controversy and Moslem propagandism through the press, have their centre. And Constantinople has, since the Ottoman Turks made it their capital, been the hand, the center of Mohammedan political power; and not only of political power, but of grievous political persecution. These three capitals, knit together by the warp and woof of their cosmopolitan influence, weld the great Mohammedan world into a surprising solidarity.

"Mecca has a stationary population of scarcely 60,000, but the number of pilgrims that visit it annually has increased rapidly in recent years, until in 1907 the Turkish official estimates put the number at no less than 281,000. The Hajj is not only one of the pillars of the religion of Islam, but it has the Beit Allah and the Black Stone: one vast Moslem brotherhood kneeling in concentric circles toward the great religious capital of Islam.

"Constantinople, by its very location on the Bosphorus, facing two continents and two great civilizations, will always be of political and commercial importance. All other factors which add to the glory of this metropolis are insignificant in comparison with its politico-religious importance in relation to the Moslem world. The position of Turkey and of the Ottoman Empire is unique among the Moslem countries of the world.

"For centuries it has stood before the world as the one great temporal power of Islam, with its laws and usages built upon the tenets and traditions of the Prophet, the Islam el Muslimim, the supreme pontiff of the church state called Islam. The Sultan of Turkey as the caliph of the Moslem world is the custodian not only of the sacred cities, but of the sacred relics of Islam. In the hall of the Holy Garment on the Bosphorus are kept the mantle of the prophet Mohammed, his staff, his sabre, and his standard and although all Moslems pray toward Mecca the vast majority of the Moslem world pray for the caliph who resides at Stamboul.

"In view of all these facts, it requires no demonstration to show that Constantinople, wth its seething population of 1,106,000 souls constitutes not only the political capital of Islam but one of its most strategic centers.

"Cairo with a population of 654,486, is not only the capital of Egypt and the metropolis of all Africa, but the literary centre of the Moslem world, as Mecca is its religious, and Constantinople its political centre. The Earl of Cromer not without reason described the Ulema of Cairo as the 'guardians of the citadel of Islam.' No other city in the Moslem world has so many students of Moslem theology and law or pours out such a flood of Moslem literature as does Cairo. Millions of pages of the Koran, commentaries by the hundred thousand and scores of books attacking the Christian faith, defending Islam or propagating its teachings, some ceaselessly year after year from the Moslem presses of this great centre of Moslem learning.

"Books printed in Cairo are read by the camp fires of the Sahara, in the market place of Timbuctoo, under the very shadow of the Kaaba, and are treasured in the mosques of Java and Western China. There is no speech or fanguage in the Moslem world where the voice of the Cairo press is not heard. Their line has gone out through all the earth and their words to the end of the world."—Public Opinion.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

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Large, light, deliciously flavored loaves--more loaves and more quality to the sack than from any other flour.

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A money-back guarantee in every sack.

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are guaranteed under the pure food laws of Canada. Made by a perfect mechanical process, they are unequaled for delicacy of flavor and food value.

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Canadian Mills at 1000 ALBERT STREET, MONTREAL

GOLD DUST will

sterilize your kitchen things and make them wholesome and sanitary

Soap only cleans; GOLD DUST cleans and sterilizes.

Soap washes over the surface, leaving a greasy film behind it; GOLD DUST digs deep after germs and impurities, and insures purity and safety.

Soap needs muscle help (as an exerciser, it's fine); GOLD DUST does all the hard part of the work without your assistance, leaving you to take your exercise in a more enjoyable manner.

GOLD DUST is a good, honest, vegetable oil soap, to which is added other purifying materials in just the right proportions to cleanse easily, vigorously, and without harm to fabric, utensil or hands.

"Let the GOLD DUST Twins do your work."

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You take no chances when you use St. Charles Cream. It is as good for any purpose as the best milk or cream produced by the best dairy anywhere. For many purposes it is far superior. It never curdles. It agrees with the most delicate stomach. All it needs is the addition of pure water to make it the best food on earth—best for the nursery—best for the kitchen.

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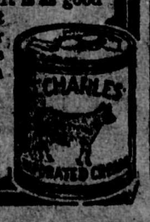

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THE DAILY NEWS

The Daily News

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E. A. Paige.....Managing Director

UNION LABEL 4

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1911.

EARL GREY'S FUTURE.

In remarking upon a resolution which the recent Governor-General has made the Evening Journal says:

If anything Earl Grey has made en reputation Earl Grey has made for himself his latest announcement is well calculated to do so. Instead of assuming an exalted and lucrative post such as his abilities and experience would warrant, Canada's distinguished ex-Governor states that he will devote the next ten years of his life to slum-land and to helping the workingmen to attain a sounder economic position and a happier environment.

From the representative of the British Crown in the empire's greatest dominion to a slum-woker in Whitechapel is a long way to travel at one step. Those for whom such social and imperial honors as Earl Grey enjoyed would be the summit of their ambitions, will doubtless be greatly shocked by the news. But there are many citizens of Canada who will experience little surprise at the noble pro-consul's decision. During his seven years' residence in the Capital he was indefatigable in the public service, particularly in aiding philanthropic causes most in need of such help. His active and cordial support of the movement for better houses, to name but one example, amply showed how warmly his heart, beat for the less fortunate classes of society.

Earl Grey, in dedicating the prime of his life to social uplift, proves himself a greater man than many realized. His inspiring example would tell us that after all the "summum bonum" of life is to serve the people.

A MAN TO HONOR.

All Canada does well to mourn the passing of Sir John Carling, of London. One of the pioneer type of Canadians, this man labored in public office and out of it for his country's good at a time when effort meant much more to the individual than is the case today. His day of greatest activity was the day when the toilsome clearing work had to be done and the foundations laid well and true for the Canada that now is and yet will be, and to him and others of his calibre we of this day, and those who are to come after us, owe more than may be at the moment realized.

The story of this man's public life-work is a story which should act as a stimulus to young men who have dreams of public service. They cannot do better than pattern their course from the chart left by this and other of the fathers of Canada, who toiled side by side toward a goal which they knew it would not be their privilege to view, but which they had had a prophet's glimpse of, and were content to labor for in the hope, not misplaced, that others coming after them and taking up the burden, would achieve what they in their wisdom commenced. It would be no more than fitting that the memory of such men should be perpetuated in bronze or stone, and we hope that this will be done in the case of Sir John Carling.

FLORAL TRIBUTES TO THE LATE JAMES LAWRENCE

Among the floral tributes at the funeral of James Lawrence on Sunday, the following were noted: Pillow, the family; anchor, Mr. and Mrs. J. Burr and family; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Mark; sprays, Mr. and Mrs. William Johnston, Surrey; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Johnston, city; Mr. and Mrs. James Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Tidy; crescent, Mr. and Miss Tidy; J. L. Eagles; spray, Dorothy and Blythe; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Warren, Dawson; wreath, B. and B. Galbraith; pillow, The Boys; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. E. Monteith; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. J. Guthrie; pillow, employees of the Royal City Factory; three links (the Oddfellows' emblem), Royal City Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.; heart, Mr. and Mrs. Bradbury; heart, employees Royal City Mills; sprays, Mr. and Mrs. (Captain) Fenton, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Insley, Mrs. Bent; cross, Mr. and Mrs. James Gray; spray, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Jackson; wreath, Mrs. William Johnson and family.

A Village Mystery.

A visitor in a village on the east coast of England caused a commotion by saying that the bodies of three children had been washed ashore. His statement was doubted and inquiries were made. "I tell you they were," continued the visitor when he was questioned. "They were washed ashore by their mother. You don't suppose she would take 'em out into the middle of the ocean to wash 'em, do you?"

Bezoyk To Be Tried

(Continued from page one)

were all in small envelopes. Accused said afterwards that he had put them in these envelopes, because he was going to send them away.

The witness, continuing, said that when the prisoner was asked how he came by the bills, he said that on the morning the bank was robbed he met a fellow at the hotel at the foot of the steps. He was selling papers, and the fellow said, "What do you go around selling papers for, a big fellow like you?" The prisoner said it was because he was a cripple. "I am sorry for you," said the fellow. "I will give you lots of money. You need not have to work for two or three years."

"I asked him what this fellow looked like," continued the witness. "He said he was a big fellow with a red moustache. He said he believed he was an Irishman, but he did not remember very much now; sometimes his head troubled him. He was quite willing to talk, and he repeated on two or three occasions that it was an Irishman that gave him the money."

On November 2 or 3, proceeded the witness, the prisoner sent for Inspector McRae about 11 o'clock in the day, and said he wished to be taken to New Westminster and he would find some more money. "About 3 o'clock in the afternoon he wanted to get over here the worst way. He said on the way over that if we let him go into New Westminster alone, not following him too close, he would get one boy, and this boy would go with him, he said, and he would get more money."

Witness said the prisoner told the Vancouver police that he had seen three men come out of the bank, carrying three white canvas sacks, about 8 o'clock in the morning. When prisoner was asked if it was dark then, he answered, "Yes, dark."

Chinaman's Evidence.

C. S. Shue, who said he kept a Chinese grocery store, testified that about 10:30 on the night the prisoner was arrested, he saw Jackson, McRae and McLeod on the corner of Pender street and Columbia avenue, and he told them he knew a man who spent a bunch of banknotes.

"Why did you tell them that?" asked the prosecuting counsel.

Witness: "Because I want them to catch that man; I tell them the place where to find him."

Witness said he saw the prisoner spending the banknotes, and he knew they were stolen because his partner got the numbers of the stolen Bank of Montreal notes from the Northern Crown Bank.

Had Bezoyk Guilty Knowledge?

The prosecution's answer to this question is the evidence of Quon Malidomis, a Greek, who keeps a fruit store or stall, on the corner of Twelfth street and Columbia. He testified, in effect, that the prisoner had been in the habit of going to his place and buying fruit. The prisoner brought him a list of the numbers of the banknotes stolen. The list was on paper. The paper had been destroyed and the witness had transcribed the numbers on to a piece of wood, which was produced in court.

Last of All, George Lavery.

Under examination by the court, George Lavery, the next witness, pleaded guilty to being eleven years of age. He further admitted that he went to school—that is, of course, as a rule—to Sunday school, and even to church. But he did not know the nature of an oath. He did know, however, that it is wrong to tell lies and that punishment follows the telling of lies. So George's unsworn testimony was accepted. The evidence was something like this:

Mr. Bloomfield, as representing the Bank of Montreal, and as acting city prosecutor in the absence of Mr. McQuarrie, who had gone to attend the county court: "Now, George, you know the accused man, Bezoyk?"

Witness: "Yes."

Mr. Bloomfield: "How long have you known him?"

Witness: "I just met him the time we went down to the market there."

Mr. Bloomfield: "Where did you meet him in the first place?"

Witness: "I met him before that when he was selling papers."

Mr. Bloomfield: "How long ago?"

Witness: "I saw him pretty nearly every day."

Mr. Bloomfield: "For how long:

Witness: "I don't know how long."

Mr. Bloomfield: "A month or two?"

Witness: "I think so."

Mr. Bloomfield: "You remember the time you heard about the Bank of Montreal robbery?"

Witness: "Yes."

Mr. Bloomfield: "What happened that morning?"

Witness: "I met him and told him the bank was robbed."

His Worship: "You told him the bank was robbed?"

Witness: "No. He told me.'

Mr. Bloomfield: "That was the morning when you first heard about it?"

Witness: "Yes."

Mr. Bloomfield: "Did you find anything that morning?"

Witness: "Yes, I found the money that morning."

Mr. Bloomfield: "Where did you find it?"

"Below the Carnarvon bridge."

"What did you do?"

"I was going to see if I could find my father when I met him (the prisoner). I told him I had got the money, and I asked him if they were any good. He said they were, and then I took him to the bridge. He took some of the money under his coat, and I took some under my coat.'

"How much did he take?"

"We took it all."

"How much, compared with what he took, did you take?"

A pause of apparent puzzlement by the witness.

His Worship: "Between them they took it all down to the accused's room."

"Mr. Bloomfield: "What happened then?"

"He started to count the money. He quit and went to Vancouver."

Mr. Bloomfield: "What did you see as you were going past the Bank of Montreal that morning?"

Witness: "I looked into the bank and saw them counting the money."

Mr. Bloomfield: "Was the accused with you then?"

Witness: "Yes; we were going up to get the money."

Mr. Bloomfield: "When was it he told you that about the bank being robbed?"

Witness: "Some time that day."

Mr. Bloomfield: "That is all thank you."

The Defence.

Mr. J. Goodstone, of Vancouver, who appeared for the prisoner, entered several objections, which he asked to be recorded. His last objection was that the charge against the prisoner was one on which a conviction could not be made on unsworn evidenc, if it was uncorroborated.

He had nothing to say in answer to the charge, and the prisoner was committed for trial at the next court of competent jurisdiction.

As has been stated, the charge of theft was withdrawn.

RUSSIAN HEADS THE BALLET IN PARIS

Widespread interest was aroused in Paris when the announcement was made that the ballet master of the National Opera for the coming season would be a Russian, Ivan Clustine. That a foreigner, especially one with such radical ideas concerning dancing matters as M. Clustine was known to advocate, should be chosen to preside over the destinies of the national subsidized opera house of France was considered by the conservative element as nothing short of a scandal.

Fortunately, however, the progressive element triumphed and Messrs. Messager and Broussau's initiative received official sanction. So Parisians will witness this winter on their national stage the rare spectacle of the time-worn traditional ballet obeying the dictates of an ardent partisan of "natural dancing" which has, so far, never been characteristic of ballets at the Paris Opera.

Many have been the sensational changes predicted by M. Clustine's adversaries, but in an interview granted this week to Musical America he denied the possibility of such "extravagances." M. Clustine has danced for twenty-five years as first dancer and the rest of the time as ballet master.

"The capital reform which I shall try to carry out will be that concerning the choice of the dancers," said M. Clustine. "Henceforth masculine characters will be interpreted by men only. This will, I hope, lead to the suppression of the so-called 'travesti,' which is illogical and gives the whole ballet an awkward and artificial appearance which is quite unbearable. I am at present busily engaged staging a new ballet, 'Roussalka,' composed by Louis Lambert on a Russian theme. I hope to show the Paris public upon the very first performance of this new work, the first to which I shall apply my personal methods, what my exact conception of the art of dancing is.

"Long skirts," continued M. Clustine prophetically, "contribute greatly to the grace of a dancer's movements in any role, and I should not be astonished if future innovations in the world of dance should bear along this line."

Fishing and Lying.

Paraphrasing Horace Greeley's famous remark about horse thieves and Democrats, the popular estimation of the truthfulness of fishermen would run something like this: All liars may not be fishermen, but it is at least significant that all fishermen are liars. These be harsh words, my brethren, and do great injustice to a large and worthy body.

Perhaps fishermen do not always stick closely to the narrow paths of truth. What of that? Those who walk always in rectilinear ways may be surest of reaching their destination at the appointed time, but once in a while it is pleasant to stray idly along the woodland paths, without regard to considerations of whither or whence. It is then that the imagination waxes strong and the world takes on new and brighter colors.

Since the day when the first man went a-fishing the rod and line have stimulated the plays of the imagination. Men whose minds at other times never rise to higher flights of fancy than are comprehended in the mechanism of a cash register or the semi-annual inventory find themselves waxing poetical—and therefore extravagant—beside the stream or on the still waters of a lake.

It is the imagination that responds most readily to the lure of the singing reel and it is the imagination that dominates when memory turns back to the fish of other days. This is not lying, my masters; it is but the flowering of the fancy.

It was a staid, successful business man who strove to describe the numbers of trout that haunted a certain stream in British Columbia. Every other standard of comparison failing him, he threw the reins on the neck of his imagination and this was the result:

"Why, there were so many fish in that stream," he said, "that I had to hide behind a tree to tie on a fresh fly."

There are truths enough in the world already to satisfy the most accurate, but one could ill spare such a flower of the fancy as this.—Outing.

HARVESTING SEAWEED.

The Crop Is Used In Northern France to Enrich the Soil.

Among the important features of the agricultural industries along the northern coast of France is the harvesting of seaweed.

As soon as the receding waters permit the seaweed gatherers fall diligently to work. Soon every rock and ledge is shaven of its brown, slimy fleece and left as bare as the back of a shorn sheep.

Then preparations are made for an attack on the reefs, so numerous along the southern coast of the English channel. Everything that will float is pressed into service. Huge rafts are constructed, and next morning, with the current of the ebbing tide in their favor, they are towed by the people in the boats eight or ten miles out from the coast.

Low water leaves them stranded on the reefs and all hands make the best of their time. The worker kneels on the dripping weeds, grasping a handful in the left hand and with a sickle in the right cuts it off close to the rock and places it in a bag. As soon as he has cut as much as he can carry the sack is taken on his back to the raft, upon which it is received by men with pitchforks, stacked and and securely roped.

Towing the heavily-laden rafts to the shore is tedious work, and progress is slow. The wet harvesters are soon chilled to the bone by the keen east wind that always prevails in this latitude during the month of March, the harvesting season for seaweed.

The morning ebb tide leaves the rafts and their spoils of seaweed high and dry on the smooth, white beach.

They are instantly surrounded by a crowd of people with all descriptions of vehicles. All work together hauling the weed to the field already prepared to receive the precious fertilizer. That it may be most effective the seaweed must be got into the ground as soon as possible after it leaves its native element.

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The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

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SIX LARGE LOTS ON EIGHTH AVENUE, West End. Price $3600, one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

TWO LOTS ON ELEVENTH STREET, between Queen's and Third avenue, 100x180, with lane at back, good house. Price $3200, $1200 cash, balance 6, 12, 18 and 24 months.

CORNER LOT ON THIRD STREET AND FIFTH AVENUE, all cleared $2200, one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

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Do Not Waste Money

Save a little systematically, for it is the stuff that the foundations of wealth and happiness are built of.

Money may be used in two ways; to spend for what is needed now and to invest for what shall be needed in the future. Money cannot be invested until it is first saved.

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Authorized Capital, $2,000,000. Columbia, corner Eighth street.
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FOR THE HIGHEST QUALITY MEATS

Brunette Saw Mills Company, Ltd.
New Westminster, B. C.
Are well stocked up with all kinds and grades of
LUMBER FOR HOUSE BUILDING
A specially large stock of Laths, Shingles and No. 2 Common Boards and Dimension.
Now is the time to build for sale or rent while prices are low

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SPORTS

ROYAL CITY IN HOCKEY LEAGUE

Known the World Over as the Home of Sport, She is in on Hockey.

It was not to be expected that the Royal City would be unreprsented in the Western Canada Ice Hockey League. Frank Patrick, who, with his brother, Lester, and his father, is one of the men most interested in the Western Canada League, was in this city last Thursday arranging the details for the taking over of the franchise of one of the Vancouver clubs by a Westminster club. A number of local men, well known in professional and business circles, were interested in the scheme, and these have decided to act as sponsors for the first Westminster Hockey Club. The names of the local men are withheld for the present, but will be given out towards the end of this week, after the organization has been perfected and officers elected.

Vancouver and Victoria will have teams led by Frank and Lester Patrick and it is about definitely assured that the Royal City will have the third team managed by Hugh Lehman, the Berlin, Ont., goaltender. Arrangements are under way for the erection of an ice rink in New Westminster for next year though, of course, it will be impossible for Westminster to have a rink this season, but the Westminster will play its home games on Vancouver ice. It was at first intended to have two Vancouve rteams in the new league but after mature consideration the plan of including Westminster in the league has been deemed the best, the idea being to inject the lacrosse rivalry into the winter pastime.

Ernie Johnston, who will play coverpoint for the Westminster team, left Montreal last Thursday morning, and is due in Vancouver today. He will be followed by Harry Hyland, Pud Glass and Jimmy Gardner, all of whom will play on the Royal City team. With Lehman this makes five players already signed for this team and Frank Patrick is angling for a couple of others.

Paddy Moran of Quebec, who is considered the best goaltender in the National Hockey League, will likely play goal for the Vancouver team. He has been offered a nice sum of money to come west and has about made up his mind to accept. If he comes only one more player will be required to round out the Vancouver team. Frank Patrick and Si Griffiths will complete the defence and the forward line will be made up of Tom Phillips, Newsy Lalonde, Sibby Nichols and the new man. Harris of the Kenora Thistles is coming west and will probably be secured for spare man.

A goaltender and two forwards are still required for the Victoria team. There are four players now in the capital, Lester Patrick, point; Walter Small, coverpoint; Donald Smith and Bobby Rowe, forwards. According to dispatches from the east, the National Hockey Association has given Smith to Wanderers and Rowe to Toronto, but neither of these players will be found in the east this winter.

The National Hockey Association is evidently getting alarmed at the way its star players are being grabbed up by the Western Canada League, for it has passed a resolution barring for life players who come west. The National Lacrosse Union adopted a similar rule several years ago, yet Newsy Lalonde had no trouble in getting back when he desired, while Jimmy Hogan and Shaun O'Reilly also played just when they felt like it. Now Johnny Howard is said to be slated for a job with Tronto. The N. L. U. rule was made for intimidation purposes only, and it is apparent that the Hockey Association is trying the same tactics. But that will not prevent the west from getting the players it wants. The money is out here, and where the money is the players will be found.

"Newsy" Lalonde and Dot Phelan will leave for the Coast on November 25. Phelan is some hockey player as well as a lacrosse expert, and will likely catch on with the Westminster team. There will be quite an exodus of players from Montreal on that date, for Glass, Hyland, Gardner and the other players who will round out the Western Canada League will start the long journey that day.

CAN "TOMMY COME BACK FAR ENOUGH

Auckland, Nov. 14.—Tommy Burns has arrived here. In an interview Burns stated that he was anxious to meet Johnson anywhere in the world, preferably in Australia, in a contest with clean breaks. He says he is willing to accept almost any terms, and only wants a chance to enter the ring with the big black, with the stipulation that no clinches be allowed.

COMING BATTLE OF LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPS

Los Angeles, Nov. 14.—Jack Welch will referee the Wolgast-Welch fight here on Thanksgiving Day for the lightweight championship of the world, if the articles of agreement are carried out. There has been some question as to the selection of a referee, not a few believing the articles would be overthrown and another man selected.

"The articles called for either Eddie Smith or Jack Welch," said Tom McCarrey, manager of the Vernon Club, where the fight will occur, "and as Eddie Smith is dead, I can't see what else they can do except to take Welch. I hardly think they will disregard the articles of agreement, as in doing this they would leave open the question of weight, appearance money and all other matters pertaining to the contest. I am sure this will never be done."

Wolgast arrived in Los Angeles yesterday from the east, and today after purchasing a small arsenal, consisting of rifles, shotguns, shells, a big hunting knife, left with his trainers for the mountains. He will hunt and fish for a week or ten days and then return to finish his training in a camp near the Vernon arena.

"This is the way I train," said Wolgast, as he picked out a pot of baked beans, a big sandwich of rare roast beef and a pickle, at a cafe today. "Welch says he is a vegetarian. All right, so am I; but the only difference between us is that he is a better advertiser than I am. I'll eat what ever I want. I'm going up in the mountains and while there will eat whatever I want also. Don't worry, I'll be in good condition all right, and if Welch stands up and fights it will all be over inside of fifteen rounds."

Freddie Welch is now in his training quarters at Venice near the sea. He refuses to talk about the coming battle.

BOWLING.

Last night at the local alley a couple of pick-up teams locked horns, but nothing sensational occurred with the exception that Joe Foster paid his initial visit to the drives and made a splendid attempt to pull the losers out of the hole. As it was he carried off both high score (226) and high average (187).

Chamberlin J	177	139	183	499—166
B. Fisher	143	129	142	414—138
J. Foster	139	226	196	561—187
Corbett	150	162	126	438—146
Walsh	145	177	178	500—167
	754	833	825	2412
O'Connor	[illegible]	19[illegible]	181	538—179
Steele	137	184	165	486—162
Mills	160	142	166	468—156
Winguest	176	167	140	483—161
Haiglen	144	140	213	497—166
	779	828	865	2472

The team which will represent New Westminster in the intercity match at Vancouver tonight will be as follows: Winguest, Steele, Corbett, Willette and O'Connor.

MINERS WILL VOTE NEXT THURSDAY

Fernie, Nov. 14.—The miners did not vote on the proposed agreement today as was expected they would, but will vote on Thursday. The cold weather has brought a great deal of suffering among the strikers especialy among the women and children. Today for the first time provisions were distributed. A man of the name of Sweeney, who was arrested during the rioting and who was accused of intimidation was sentenced to thirty days in prison.

OPERATES IN GALE; SAVES MAN'S LIFE

Montreal, Nov. 14.—The steamer Lake Manitoba arrived here four days overdue owing to a storm. During the height of the hurricane the ship's doctor performed an operation on one of the passengers. He removed an abscess and thereby saved the man's life. The ship was hove to during the operation.

FIRE IN DETROIT.

Destroys Quarter Million Dollars Worth of Property.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 14.—A fire which threatened Detroit's business district broke out early tonight on the fourth floor of a wholesale concern on Jefferson avenue. The blaze for a time was thought to be beyond control as a blizzard hampered the firemen. After two hours' fighting, however, the fire men succeeded in saving costly adjoining blocks and getting the blaze under control. It is estimated that the loss will reach $250,000.

To Change Name.

It is announced that the C. P. R. Company has resolved to change the name of Westminster Junction to Coquitlam. The change is to be made in deference to the representatives of the municipality of Coquitlam and its public bodies. The former name is said to have frequently caused inconvenience and even loss, through confusion with New Westminster. Coquitlam, it is explained, is an old Indian name and signifies "small red salmon,' a variety of the premier fish of British Columbia with which the river which runs through the municipality used to abound.

French Wit.

Metivert, the French caricaturist, made this incident, fictitious or otherwise, the subject of one of his best illustrations: A diffident and embarrased poet had been forcibly dragged into a salon in the Faubourg St. Germain to be the lion at some social function. He felt so out of place that he lost his tongue completely. At last his hostess who had hoped that he would show off better than he was doing, tried to get him to say something poetical. "Come, my dear poet," she cooed, "say something to us." The poet was entirely at a loss for a subject of conversation, so he selected the first one that came to hand. "Have you remarked, duchess,' he remarked bashfully, "that this year's pawn tickets are pink?" Vebert has a picture of a society episode which is in another spirit. A gentleman is shaking his cane at a calm and self-possessed man in front of him. "Is it true, monsieur," he asks, "that at a house where people were good enough to say that I had wit, you declared that I hadn't any?" "I assure you," returned the other, "that there is not a word of truth in it. I have never been in a house where people said that you had wit."

Salvation Army Appointment.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 14.—Major Greener of the Salvation Army has been appointed provincial commander for British Columbia.

Children Often Need a laxative—but you cannot be too careful what you give them. Harsh purgatives injure the bowels and pave the way for life-long troubles. The new evacuant in

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

does the work most effectively without irritating the bowels or causing any discomfort. The children like them for they taste like candy. One of the most popular of the NA-DRU-CO preparations. 25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them. 20
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The latest patterns in fine, neat stripes. Prices $1.00 to $2.50
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W.G. & R. and Arrow Collars in quarter sizes
The Best 50c Necktie in the City

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GARBAGE STRIKERS INVOLVE OTHERS

New York in Dread Lest 20,000 Teamsters Also Walk Out—City in Bad Condition.

New York, Nov. 14.—William Ashton's threat to call out the 20,000 teamsters in the union of which he is the head in an effort to bring the city of New York to terms and win the strike for the garbage collectors is being opposed by the members of the union and it is has frightened all New York.

Many teamsters threaten to depose Ashton if he forces the programme through, as the teamsters do not feel they are called upon to take an active part in the trouble between the garbage men and the city. They declare further the street cleaners were not justified in striking in sympathy with the garbage men.

Mayor Gaynor and Street Commissioner Edwards continue to use strike breakers in an effort to remedy the putrid condition to which the strike has reduced the city. They are making some progress in ridding the avenues of heaps of filth.

FEUD IS ENDED.

Chiefs of Clan Macdonald Settle Long-Standing Dispute.

London, Nov. 13.—The three chiefs of the Clan Macdonald have settled by a seolemn treaty the 500-year-old feud regarding the senior chieftainship. While none of them renounces his claims they have agreed to bury the hatched and live in amity. On occasions when their claims for precedency clash the question is to be settled on that occasion only by "tossing up."

The official announcement was made by Sir Alexander Bosville Macdonald at a clan gathering at Glasgow.

The Clan Macdonald, one of the leading Scotch clans, has its home in Inverness and Ross-shire. Three clansmen, the Chief of Sleat, the Chief of Glengarry, and the Chief of Clanranald, all claimed the supreme chieftainship, with the result that jealousy had become almost an hereditary instinct. Amongst the kinsmen bearing the name Macdonald Sir Alexander Bosville Macdonald of the Isles, Kent, is chief of the Sleat branch, whilst the chief of Clanranald is in Russia and the chief of Glengarry in South Africa. Notwithstanding their widely separated temporary residence a treaty has been signed which ends the feud.

Uncanny Statue.

While visiting recently the Duke of Westminster at his London home Molly Elliott Seawell greatly admired a statue of Marie Antoinette, the work of Lord Donald Gower, a well-known amateur sculptor. So great was her enthusiasm that Lord Ronald offered to send her a miniature copy of the statue in terra cotta, saying at the time, "I have given away a number of these statuettes, but it is an extraordinary thing that every one has arrived with the head cut off. At first I thought it was due to bad packing on the part of the man who moulds the things, but he assured me that he took every pains."

"Tell him,' cautioned Miss Seawell, "that mine is to go to America and that he should take extra precautions in the packing."

Some months after Miss Seawell's return to this country the statue arrived and was opened before her in the customs house. The figure was most carefully put in cotton and every feature and finger and detail were perfect, but the head of Marie Antoinette was separated from the body.

Rescue Jap Fishermen.

Seattle, Nov. 13.—A wireless message from Captain J. E. Baughman of the steamship Humbodit, en route from Seattle to Skagway, Alaska, tells of the rescue today of two Japanese fishermen from a power fishin schooner which became disabled in yesterday's gale in the Gulf of Georgia. The Humbodit observed the fishing vessel flying a signal of distress and picked up th two men who said the rest of the crew had taken to the boats. The wireless despatch did not give the name of the schooner or the number who had put out in small boats.

To Spend Two Million.

Winnipeg, Nov. 14.—The C. P. R. announces that the company will spend two million dollars here in extending its present holdings and laying out new yards as freight terminals.

Dolls That Change Color.

The principle uses of cobalt in the United States are in making glass and pottery. A beautiful blue is given to glass by the oxide of cobalt. Sympathetic inks, according to a report of the United States Geological Survey, are made from cobalt acetate, chloride and nitrate that are colored when heated or colorless when cold. This interesting phenomenon is due to the change in color of the salts on the absorption of water. When dry they are blue and easily seen on paper; when damp they are pink; and when dilute, colorless. A puzzling application of this principle may be in a doll whose dress is blue in dry weather or when the doll is held in the steam of a tea kettle. Artificial flowers are made to show the same effect.

Which is Different.

The editor was trying to placate an indignant statesman.

"All we said about you in the paper, Mr. Krakajak," he assured him, "was that you seemed to have an inadequate sense of proportion.'

"Not by a blamed sight!" roared the caller. "What you said about me was that I seemed to have an inadequate proportion of sense!"

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED

There is no need for you to suffer another day with the awful itch from Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, or any other skin disease. D.D.D. Prescription for Eczema stops the itch instantly! Yes, the instant the first few drops are applied to the burning skin the itch is stopped—not in half an hour, not in 10 minutes, but in 10 seconds!

You can have no idea of the wonderful effect of D.D.D. until your suffering is instantly relieved by this wonderful remedy, and when used with D.D.D. Soap, it keeps the skin in perfect condition.

We are confident that D.D.D. will cure any case of Eczema or skin trouble of any other kind. Get a trial bottle from the D.D.D. Laboratories, Dept. N. N., 49 Colborne St., Toronto, or call and see us about it. F. J. MacKenzie, Columbia street.

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290 acres in one of the most favored sections of the valley. Lands level and unexcelled for fruit growing, one-half mile frontage on navigable river, close to Kootenay Lake. C. P. R. runs through the property. Excellent subdivision proposition which ought to bring $100 per acre. Price $10,000, on easy terms.

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NOTICE!

George Adams, late proprietor of the Public Supply Stores, Columbia street, New Westminster, hereby requests that all accounts owing to him be paid as early as possible, at his new offices in the Odd Fellows' block, 716 Carnarvon street, New Westminster.

A Snap

4-Roomed House at corner of Cumberland Road and Seventh Avenue in Burnaby. Lot 54x169, all cleared and fenced and in garden.

Price $1,300

$350 Cash, balance same as rent.

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CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision on the Householders' Voters' List will be held on Wednesday the 15th day of November, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Council Chamber, City Hall, New Westminster, B. C.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1911.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

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ANDREW CLAUSEN
541 Front St. Near the Market

Learn To Dance Classes every Monday and Thursday night. 8 o'clock, at 318 Royal avenue. Those receiving invitation cards for the Friday evening dances in St. Patrick's hall will please notice that invitations are good for the season. Dancing 9 to 2. C. W. Openshaw's four-piece orchestra. Phone 1376. J. R. Barnett, Manager.

WOMAN IN THE EAST.

Even in Mohammedan Countries, the Sex Aspires.

The attempt of a Persian deputy to introduce the question of woman's suffrage into a Parliamentary debate is perhaps the most remarkable phase of the later development of the feminist movement.

It is not surprising in view of the position assighed to women in Moslem countries, writes a correspondent of the London Standard, that his declaration that a woman has a soul and civic rights was received with horrified silence by the Chamber, all orthodox Mohammedans, or that they ordered the exclsion of the "unfortunate incident" from the records of the House.

The deputy was probably a member of the Babist movement, founded by Mirza Ali Mahomet, who declared himself to be the "Bab" (or gate through which the faithful might communicate with the "hidden Imam," a prophet who, according to Shiah beliefs, will some day appear t rule the world. "Babism," a mixture of Mohammedanism, Christianity and the philosophical precepts of the older religions, unlike Mahometanism gives to women a prominent place in its councils.

The Vogue in the West.

For some time it enjoyed a vogue in England and the United States, and it is said to have a very large secret following in Persia, including some of the higher officials and prominent members of parliament. That the new movement among women, which even in Persia has already begun, should find support in this quarter is not at all astonishing, and as this sect is expected to play a leading part in the future development of the country an extension of the woman's movement may be expected, a development which is also foreshadowed in other eastern countries.

In the east, as in the west, the women are asking for the openings of the doors to intellectual advancement; are claiming a larger share in the world's work and an ampler choice of sphere. In Persia and India, Turkey and Egypt, where the women are under the sway of the Oriental tradition of passive obedience and virtual slavery, the movement is almost, if not entirely, confined to the weathier classes, and its mainspring is education. During the last decade or two English, French and German governesses have been the constant companions of the ladies of the harems, among whom western ideas have found a place.

Turkish ladies have put on the garb of western thought with their Parisian dresses. Educated as are few of their sex in less favored circumstances in England and America, in France and Germany, they have grown discontented with their seclusion. Book knowledge has given them a keen desire to see the outside world.

In India, in Egypt and in Persia the admission of European governesses and missionaries, the reading of Western books and journals may also be said to be the main factors in the production of what is perhaps the most significant development of modern times, the universal cry of women for equality with man.

A Woman's View.

"The usual thing!" a lady observed when the Persian incident was brought to her notice. "The Persian women, as a matter of fact, have been doing a lot of political work for some time now. They have been taking the national point of view very strongly. They showed an active interest, for instance, in the Persian loan last year, and are really intelligently interested in the condition of the country, and are opposing everything which they consider would further enslave Persia by the use of a very definite and direct influence."

As in Persia, so Turkey, political life has not been without feminine direction. The better class of Turkish women took a large part in the revolution which ousted Abdul Hamid from his throne. They dropped the yashmak in many cases, and in some instances even addressed public meetings. Indian women are copying western customs and absorbing western ideals. There are now native doctors and one lady lawyer.

The age of marriage is being raised in enlightened quarters to something approaching the European standard. The lot of the child widow is being made happier, and efforts are now being made to secure sanction for remarriage. In Egypt there is evidence of a desire for more education and greater freedom to develop and use the intellectual faculties to the fullest extent.

Chinese and Japanese.

The Chinese women are allowing their feet to grow to normal size, and, unfortunately, though it is systematic of the change are adopting European dress. The Japanese are asking for teachers and are sending their girls to high schools, and they, too, are discarding the picturesque costume of their mothers.

Everywhere, in fact, east and west, the same unrest and longing for change, for the wider outlook and a larger life, are abundantly manifest. Persia is only, for the moment, the most interesting because Persia is the last to join the movement.

Persian Superstitions.

No nation and few individuals, are entirely free from superstition of some kind, but in Persia this feeling extends to all classes of society and governs all the actions of daily life to an extent unknown in western lands.

The well known superstition that to sneeze once is a bad omen seriously interferes with many of the duties and pleasures of the Persian. When he is so unfortunate as to sneeze once he quickly says "sabr amad" (a time for waiting has come) and for at least two hours thereafter he cannot be persuaded to take medicine, start on a journey or begin any now or important work. A missionary surgeon who has more than once had to postpone an operation because he or the patient sneezed once says: "I have now become an adept at producing double sneezes."

A patient on consulting a doctor invariably asks if he shall eat hot or cold food. The words "hot" and "cold" as he uses them do not, however, refer to the temperature, but rather to kinds of food. The distinction between these, moreover, is sometimes so fine as to quite incomprehensible to the western mind.

The superstition of thirteen seems to be world-wide. In Persia it is so strong that in counting it is customary to say: "Eleven, twelve, not thirteen," etc.

Another of their superstitions relates to bread. They think it a bad omen to destroy a piece of bread, though they would not think it so to destroy anything else that they did not need or want. Again, it is unlucky to cut bread; they always tear it into pieces.

On one day in early spring everybody must go outside the city gates "to carry away the bad luck of the year." A piece of white muslin to be used as a shroud must never be folded, but is carried from the bazaar crumpled up in the hands. The wearing of amulets and charms is universal. For this purpose nothing is thought quite so efficacious as the Koran. This is printed in very small type on circular paper about two inches in diameter and bound in leather cases, which is worn on the arm.

Written prayers are often sewed up in cases of leather or beads or silk and worn about the neck. The most approved way of using written prayers, however, is to put the paper in water and after the ink has faded from the paper, to drink the water.

It is easy at this distance of time and space to write somewhat lightly on this subject, but I remember, writes Mary A. Colquhoun in the Los Angles Times, that my feelings were very different when some poor, disheartened woman asked me to write for her a prayer that her husband might love her, that he might not take another wife, that God would give her a son so that she might retain her husband's favor, or that her sick baby might be restored to health.

There are few rivers in Persia and not many of these are bridged. Years ago a weathy woman built a bridge over a stream near the capital city, and then, thinking that this should have been done by the shah, she pronounced a curse upon any king who should ever cross the bridge. It is said that no Persian ruler has ever had the hardihood to venture upon it.

One is thought to be very lucky to be the bearer of good news and equally unlucky to be obliged to be the bearer of evil tidings. Indeed there is such a prejudice against telling bad news that it is always concealed as long as possible from those most interested.

In the early days of missions in Persia the people were naturally suspicious of the missionaries and were constantly on the lookout for something in their houses which would exert a baleful influence upon native visitors. A Persian lady calling one day on an American lady missionary wished to sit in a rocking chair, which was something she had never seen before. She got up into it with her feet and attempted to squat upon her heels, as she would have done upon the floor, with the result that she and the chair both took a tumble backward. Hence there went abroad a report that the missionaries kept in their houses a machine for converting people to Christianity.

The great superstition is what is known as the "evil eye." You must not say to some one whom you meet: "How well you are looking!" For if you do, and that person is taken ill, it will be because you gave him the evil eye. You must not say to a mother: "What a pretty baby!" "What a bright child!" For if you do, and anything unfortunate happens to that child you will be considered responsible. Many mothers let their children go dirty and poorly clothed in order that they may not attract favable attention.

The sign which is thought to have some power to avert the evil eye consists in holding the second and third fingers of both hands close to the palms with the thumbs, while the other fingers are extended straight out. Then, with the hands behind you, you make a downward movement three times.

Fortune telers do a big business in Persia. Some read the palm; others read the stars; still others consult Koran, for so firmly is superstition mixed even with their religion that "suras" or passages from their sacred book are marked "lucky" or "unlucky." Should a Persian be in doubt as to the advisability of starting on a journey or undertaking any enterprise he might visit a fortune teller and ask him to consult the Koran. Should he, opening the book at random, chance upon a sura marked "unlucky" it would be a divine indication that the project must be abandoned.

Did not our ancestors consult the Bible in much the same way? For them the indications were not quite so certain, for the translators of our Scriptures failed to mark passages for the purpose of fortunetelling, but the spirit was the same.

Charms and love potions are commonly resorted to. There is a story told of one man who did not believe in love potions. In order to prove to several friends that there was nothing in it he bribed the maid of a prominent wealthy married woman to give her mistress a potion which was designed to make her fall in love with him. A few hours afterward the servant of this lady appeared at his house, saying: "My mistress wants to see you." Whereupon the man became frightened and fled.

FRASER RIVER REVIEW

Summary of news published for investors who are interested in developments on the Fraser and Pitt Rivers, in the vicinity of Port Mann and Coquitlam

VOL. I. No. 3.

LAY STEEL NEXT WEEK

WEDNESDAY, MAY 31.

It is learned today from official sources that it is the intention of the Canadian Northern Pacific to start laying steel east from Port Mann early next week, probably on Monday and for this purpose the first C.N.P. rolling stock to reach the coast was landed here early this week and is now lying in the C. P. R. yards. The equipment consists of two engines and cabooses, and a number of flat cars. Today the engines are being tested under pressure by the provincial inspector of boilers and machinery, and if all is satisfactory the outfit will be shipped to Port Mann by the G. N. R. old line, from which a spur has been run to the point at which the first steel will be laid.

At the same time, a start will be made with the work of grading the yards at Port Mann, and for this purpose a steam shovel has been shipped on the G. N. R. from the Eastern States, and is expected to arrive in the city tonight. This will also be landed in Port Mann without delay, and will soon be making the dirt fly. —Columbian, New Westminster.

PROGRESS AT PORT MANN

Publicity Commissioner Wade Describes Conditions—Filling in Big Flat.

FRIDAY, JUNE 10.

The city's publicity commissioner, C. H. Stuart-Wade, on Tuesday paid a visit to Port Mann and was greatly impressed with the amount of work that is being done there and the speed with which it is progressing. The railway company are turning between fifteen and twenty flat cars into movable bunkhouses, but the stability of which would indicate that they will aferwards be used as stores. The low lying flat along the river bank is being rapidly filled in. An enormous amount of clearing has already been done, and a large quantity of material is already on the ground.—Columbian, New Westminster.

C. N. LINE TO PORT MANN

Company Makes Official Announcement at Winnipeg of Plans for Present Season

Winnipeg, June 13.—The Canadian Northern railway today announced that extensions and improvements would be made this summer amounting to $30,000,000. The extensions include a new line to the Brazeau river Coal Mines in Alberta, a line from Athabasca Landing to North Battleford and one from Edmonton to Port Mann, the Company's Pacific terminal.—News-Advertiser, June 14.

GREATER THAN ANGUS SHOPS

This is the Future of Coquitlam as a C. P. R. Pacific Terminal—Evidence Before Commission.

Coquitlam, Sept. 2.—A review of the evidence brought before the Railway Commission by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will furnish all who have an interest in the future of Coquitlam a great dael of satisfaction. Mr. McMullen, for the Canadian Pacific Railway, declared that the railway were building for the future in aquiring a shop and switching track area greater than that of the Angus Shops in Montreal. That is in itself significant of what the C. P. R. plans for Westminster Junction as their pacific freight terminal town, implies.

The Pitt River Lumber Company, through their counsel, S. S .Taylor, K. C., and through Mr. Shields, the president, who took the witness stand considered that the C. P. R. was go-into the townsite business and the lands which they sought to expropriate were required for speculative rather than improvement purposes.

The contention of the C. P. R. representative was that all the land which they sought to expropriate would be required by the company for legitimate extension and not for speculative purposes.

Coquitlam is to be the C. P. R. switching terminus, and all their shunting of cars, making up trains, etc., will in the not distant future be done here instead of at Vancouver. The switching yard is to be two and a half miles long and a mile wide between the Pitt and Coquitlam rivers, the yards lying on either side of the main railway track. This area will embrace a net-work of ninety-five miles of switching tracks, and a full equipment of work-shops, turntables, etc., such as are to be found in all the most up-to-date railway yards.

The people of Coquitlam have been waiting for just such a movement as this for a long time, and they feel and very justly that they are now coming into their own. They have made application to have the name of Westminster Junction changed to Coquitlam and should they succeed in their plea, it will not be very long before the name of Coquitlam is known as well the world over as Winnipeg or Vancouver. —Columbian, New Westminster, Sept. 2.

BIG MILLS ARE BUSY

Two Large Ships Loading Foreign Shipments at Millside—A Hive of Industry

Millside, the home of the Canadian Western Lumber Company's magnificent plant, better known as the Fraser River Mills, is a veritable hive of industry. Never before were so many men employed and never before was the daily output of lumber so great as at the present time. The vast plant is a practical exposition of all that is most modern and up-to-date in the saw mills industry. The whole plant is so arranged that no single act is done by hand that can possibly be done by machinery, and the huge forest monsters are handled by the jammers are taking on cargoes at schoolboy handles a baseball bat.

At the present time two large windjammers are taking ojn cargoes at Millside. The Freda Mahn, a three-master, hailing from Rostock, Germany, has almost secured her cargo of a million feet of lumber. Captain Nieumann stated that they were now some five months away from home and did not know when they would be goin gback to their home port. The cargo they are taking on board is destined for Capetown, where they are under contract to deliver the product of the Fraser Valley. The Freda expects to have a full load aboard and to sail next week.

The second vessel is the Holt Hill, of Liverpool. She is one of the largest of her kind, and has four masts, carrying a crew of thirty-two men. Captain Braze is in charge of the Holt, and in a few weeks they will leave port with a cargo of 2,000,000 feet of lumber aboard for Delagoa Bay, Portuguese East Africa.

In order to meet with the growing needs of their business, the Western Canada Lumber Co has started on the building of two large and powerful tugs for the Howe Sound and North Arm work. These two tugs will both be built according to the same plans, and may safely be called twin boats. They will each be about 86 feet in length with 18-foot beam and will draw about seven feet of water. They will be propelled by screws, and it is expected that they will be ready for launching in September. The building is being carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. Watson, an experienced shipbuilder from Victoria. — Columbian, New Westminster, June 6.

PORT MANN SURVEYS

One Party Now Laying Out Yards and Local Firm Making Topographical Survey.

There are now four parties of surveyors in the field at Port Mann. In addition to the party of C. N. R. transit-wielders, who are surveying and laying out the yards, Mr. H. Neville Smith has three parties engaged in making a preliminary topographical survey for the use of the landscape architect, who will plan the subdivision of the townsite, and particularly the residential portion thereof, in such a manner as to take full advantage of the lay of the land.—Columbian, New Westminster, June 27.

BIG VALUES ON FRASER

Many Capitalists Trying to Get Good Waterfrontage.

Investors seem keen these days to seize any available waterfrontage on the Fraser. The development at Coquitlam and Port Mann seem to focus the attention of capitalists on that fine piece of fresh water harbor between Lulu Island and the Pitt river. It is known that negotiations are proceeding for several very valuable pieces at the present time, the prospective purchasers having in mind the fact that railway companies, when they have once acquired waterfrontage, never part with it. The fact that away down on Lulu Island, along the South Arm of the Fraser, a property of ninety-two acres with almost no waterfrontage, recently sold for $100,000, indicates values that may be looked for in the vicinity of Westminster, Coquitlam and Port Mann.—World, Nov. 7.

BIG PORT MANN DEAL

Nearly Quarter Million Paid for Quarter Section Cornering on New Townsite.

A real estate deal involving a sum not much short of a quarter of a million, paid for a quarter section—near Port Mann—is reported from Vancouver. The acreage in question is that locally known as the old Jock Smith ranch, and corners on the Port Mann townsite, its legal description being quarter section 22, block 5 north, range 2 west. Some little time ago this property was bought by a Vancouver syndicate at the price of $700 per acre, and the syndicate has now sold it for just double that figure —the total price being $224,000. Messrs. Marriott & Fellows of Vancouver, were agents in the sale.—New Westminster Columbian, Oct. 9, 1911.

Two Great Railway Companies Have Chosen Opposite Sides of the Same Section of the Fraser River for Their Terminal Cities.

Can You Make a Better Investment Than Fraser River Waterfrontage and Acreage AT YOUR OWN PRICE ?

WATCH FOR YOUR OPPORTUNITY

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

I. O. O. F. AMITY LODGE NO. 27.—The regular meetings of this lodge are held in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Carnarvon and Eighth streets, every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. C. J. Purvis, N.G.; W. C. Coatham, P. G. recording secretary; R. Purdy, financial secretary

STENOGRAPHY & TYPEWRITING

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AYLING & SWAIN, FISH, FRUIT, Game, Vegetables, etc. Dean Block, next to Bank of Montreal.

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H. J. A. BURNETT, AUDITOR AND Accountant. Tel. R 128. Room, Trapp block.

PROFESSIONAL.

J. STILWELL CLUTE, barrister-at-law, solicitor, etc; corner Columbia and McKenzie streets, New Westminster, B. C. P. O. Box 112. Telephone 710.

WADE, WHEALLER, McQUARRIE & MARTIN—Barristers and Solicitors. Westminster offices, Rooms 7 and 8 Guichon block, corner Columbia and McKenzie streets; Vancouver offices, Williams building, 41 Granville street. F. C. Wade, K. C.; A. Whealler, W. G. McQuarrie, G. E. Martin.

J. P. HAMPTON BOLE, BARRISTER, solicitor and notary, 610 Columbia street. Over C. P. R. Telegraph.

BOARD OF TRADE—NEW WESTminster Board of Trade meets in the board room, City Hall, as follows: Third Thursday of each month; quarterly meeting on the third Thursday of February, May, August and November, at 8 p.m. Annual meetings on the third Thursday of February. New members may be proposed and elected at any monthly or quarterly meeting. C. H. Stuart-Wade, secretary.

NEW WESTMINSTER MAIL SERVICE

Time of Arrival:	Time of Closing:
20:00—United States via C. P. R. (daily except Sunday)	23:00
7:40—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:15
12:00—Vancouver via. B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	16:00
18:00—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	20:30
7:40—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:45
12:00—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:15
7:30—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	9.45
15:15—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	16:00
10:18—All points east and Europe (daily)	8:30
22:30—All points east and Europe (daily)	14:00
10:18—Sapperton and Fraser Mills (daily except Sunday)	8:30
20:00—Sapperton and Fraser mills (daily except Sunday)	14:00
10:18—Coquitlam (daily except Sunday)	8:30
12:00—Central Park and Edmonds (daily except Sunday)	11.15
1400—East Burnaby (daily ex-Sunday)	13:30
10:00—Timberland (Tuesday and Friday)	13:30
10:30—Barnston Islands arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday	14:00
10:00—Ladner, Port Guichon, Westham Island, Burr Villa	13:30
10:00—Annieville, Sunbury (daily except Sunday)	13:30
10:00—Woodwards (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday)	13:30
10:50—Vancouver, Piper's Siding via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	14:20
11:30—Cloverdale and Port Kells via G. N. R. (daily ex- (daily except Sunday)	14:00
11:30—Clayton (Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday	14:00
11:30—Tynehead (Tuesday and Friday)	14:00
8:30—Burnaby Lake (daily except Sunday	16:00
20:00—Abbotsford, Matsqui, Huntington, etc. (daily except Sunday)	23:00
15:15—Crescent, White Rock and Blaine (daily except Sunday)	9:45
15:15—Hall's Prairie, Fern Ridge and Hazlemere (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	9:45
11:20—Chilliwack, Milner, Mt. Lehman, Aldergrove, Otter, Shortreed, Upper Sumas, Surrey Centre, Cloverdale, Langley Prairie, Murrayville, Strawberry Hill, South Westminster, Clover Valley, Coghlan, Sardis, Majuba Hill, Rand, via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	9:00
11:20—Rand, Majuba Hill via B. C. E. R. (Monday Wednesday and Friday	9:00
20:30—Chilliwack via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	17:30
(daily except Sunday)	20:30
11:20—Abbotsford via B.C.E.R. (daily except Sunday)	17:30
15:50—Cloverdale via B.C.E.R. (daily except Sunday)	17:10

AUTO VALUABLE AS PLOW.

North Texan Farmer Finds That It Also Speedily Pays For Itself.

I can tell you seven reasons in seven seconds why the automobile is an absolute necessity to the farmer, says a contributor from North Texas in the Farm and Ranch. Here they are all neatly jotted down for your perusal:

First.—My automobile put me on the scene at critical times when an hour meant profit or loss.

Second.—My automobile is a great factor in establishing good will and co-operation between my renters and me.

Third.—It has made possible the development on my farm of a social center, from which it has resulted that I have secured my pick of farm renters for my land. It has enabled me to go in for scientific agriculture, long sighted methods and prizes which will mean a still higher reputation for my acreage.

Fourth.—Day and night errands and the delivery of products on schedule time have resulted from the possession of a machine.

Fifth.—My family, my renters and I now enjoy the advantages of both city and country life, with very few disadvantages of either.

Sixth.—My automobile has brought about great improvement in our roads, which is an asset to our whole community.

Seventh.—It enables us to care for our sick and wounded safely and promptly with surgeons and physicians when the emergency demands.

Before I bought my automobile nobody loved a horse better than I did. Since without prejudice I had been

AUTO AS DAIRY WAGON.
[By courtesy Kansas State Agricultural college.]

kicked and bitten by favorite horses, had gone through runaways and discussed situations with balky animals I was quite sure that nothing could break my attachment for a good driving horse.

When it came to the automobile I did not have much faith in my experiment. I had made up my mind that it was liable to break down at any time; that all my neighbors would be set against me because their horses would be afraid of the machines; that altogether the outcome could scarcely be pleasant.

Here's my experience.

The automobile never complains nor fails to respond, except when abused by reckless driving over rough places, while it delights in going at high speed where the roads are good.

Many farmers suppose that the automobile is for the wealthy man, when it is really the friend of the poor man—much cheaper than horses and good vehicles if managed with the same care. I believe that it is a valuable investment, just as is the plow or mower.

Let me illustrate how auto owning works. One day I was in Sherman when a phone message came that something had gone wrong with the cattle and no one knew what to do. It was up to me to be on the ground immediately. With a horse this would have required at least an hour, and I probably would have had to hire a rig in the city and pay $5 for it. Instead of that I answered "Coming," clapped the receiver up, ran out, cranked the machine, jumped in and well within half an hour was working with the cattle.

That one instance was worth a great many dollars, and I could cite twenty like it of quick trips about the farm. That is one reason why I say that in three months last winter my machine earned enough to pay for itself in ways not expected by me when I bought it.

The average landlord sets down his renters in their little shacks on this and that hilltop, sees them once a month and allows a spirit of misunderstanding, envy, distrust and ignorant farming to "take" his farm. Although I use the greatest care in choosing my renters, this would have been my fate but for my automobile.

GROOM YOUR STEED.

Grooming the horse every day not only cleans the skin, but prevents parasitic diseases as well. The modern horse is an artificial product living under artificial conditions. In order to do his best he needs the care of man.

A Rockefeller Rotation.

The more corn the more stock, the more stock the richer the land, the richer the land the more corn, and there you have the secret of a rotation that is sure to bring success.

Dollar a Bushel or Word?

Most farmers are content to raise corn at $1 a bushel, but there are a few who would rather write about how to raise two ears where one grew before at $1 a word.

I REMEMBER, I REMEMBER.

I remember, I remember,
The house where I was born.
The sight of that lopsided shack
Today would make me mourn—
The crooked little brick paved walk,
The henhouse in the rear,
With cabbage growing at the side
And pigsty rather near.

I remember, I remember,
The corncob father had.
((A five cent piece of navy plug
In those days made him glad);
The old stove in the kitchen
And father's stockinged feet,
All that was ere prosperity
Swept us on Easy street.

I remember, I remember,
The pump in our back yard,
Where father watered all the stock
And found it rather hard.
But now he has another way
And needs no trough or pump—
He waters stock down in the street
And makes the lambkins jump.

I remember, I remember—
But, oh, the changes wrought
Are queerer than the little duke
That Sister Helen bought!
Since father goes to twenty clubs,
And mother has her set
We have no use for mem'ry's art—
We're trying to forget
—Jacob J. Leibson in Kansas City Star.

To Renew Acquaintance.

"Goodby, dear boy. Do come to see us in town."

Monogamy Is Explained.

A woman missionary in China was taking tea with a mandarin's eight wives. The Chinese ladies examined her clothing, her hair, her teeth, and so on, but her feet especially amazed them.

"Why," cried one, "you can walk and run as well as a man!"

"Yes, to be sure," said the missionary.

"Can you ride a horse and swim too?"

"Yes."

"Then you must be as strong as a man."

"I am."

"And you wouldn't let a man beat you, not even if he was your husband, would you?"

"Indeed, I wouldn't," said the missionary.

The mandarin's eight ladies looked at one another, nodding their heads. Then the oldest said softly:

"Now I understand why the foreign devil never has more than one wife. He is afraid."—Detroit Free Press.

Too Public For Him.

He was a mild mannered little man, short, with gray hair and spectacles. It was noon on Washington street, and, as usual, the crowds were shoving and pushing to get somewhere. The little man was trying to worm his way through the crowds.

A well dressed woman, accompanied by a small boy, was mixed up in the crowd. She wanted to cross the street. The boy stopped to look in a window.

The lady reached down and grasped a hand, saying, "Take my hand, dear."

"Not right here on the public street," she was startled to hear some one reply.

Looking down, she saw that she was clasping the hand of the very inoffensive little man, who seemed to be much confused and embarrassed.

"Sir," said she haughtily, "I don't want you; I want my son!"—Boston Traveler.

Making It Legal.

"We didn't know what to do about the Piute Pete," said the Crimson Gulch citizen. "He was a real good feller, but he would be careless about shootin' up the populace."

"Did you straighten out the matter?"

"To some extent. We elected him sheriff, thereby makin' it look a little more legal."—Washington Star.

Hubby Gets Orders.

Wife—What's that white stuff on your shoulder?

Husband—Chalk, from a billiard cue, you know.

Wife (sniffing)—Hereafter I wish you to use chalk that doesn't smell like toilet powder.—New York Weekly.

No Improvements.

Johnny—They're makin' shingles out o' cement nowadays."

Dickey—I don't mind that so much, but if ma ever gets a pair of cement slippers I'm goin' to run away!"—Brooklyn Life.

To Get Facts.

"I wish I knew which one of those young men to marry. I believe I shall consult a fortune teller."

"That's a good idea. Consult Bradstreet's."—Houston Post.

Any One Knows.

"Oh, Bill, what's the knight of the Bath?"

"Why, Saturday, you bonehead!"—Yale Record.

LAND ACT.

New Westminster Land District, District of New Westminster.

Take notice that I, Walter S. Rose, of New Westminster, B. C., occupation broker, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described land.

Commencing at a post planted one and a half miles from Lillooet river on the east bank of Twenty Five Mile creek, running 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

Date, September 18th, 1911.
WALTER S. ROSE,
Name of Applicant (in full).
JAMES G. McRAE.
Agent.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re a part (10 acres) of a portion of Lot 273, Group 2, New Westminster District:

Whereas proof of the loss of certificate of Title Number 1199F, issued in the name of George Carter, has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, in a daily newspaper published in the City of New Westminster, issue a duplicate of the said Certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office, New Westminster, B. C., Oct. 31, 1911.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
B. C. Coast Service

FROM VANCOUVER.

For Victoria.
10:00 A .M.....Daily except Tuesday
1:00 P. M.....Daily
12:00 Midnight.....Saturday Only

For Seattle.
10:00 A. M.....Daily
11:00 P. M.....Daily

For Prince Rupert and Alaska
11:00 P. M...Nov. 4th, 12th, Dec. 8th.

For Queen Charlotte Islands.
11:00 P. M...Oct. 31, Nov. 11th, 25th

For Hardy Bay.
8:30 A. M.....Wednesdays

For Upper Fraser River Points.
Leave New Westminster, 8:00 A.M., Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Leave Chilliwack, 7:00 A. M., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For Gulf Islands Points.
7:00 A. M. Friday for Victoria, calling at Galiano, Mayne, Id., Hope Bay, Port Washington, Ganes Hr. Guicheon Cove, Beaver Point, Fulford and Sidney Id.

to ED. GOULET,
Agent, New Westminster.
H. W. BRODIE,
G. P. A., Vancouver

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Winter Schedule

In effect at 24:01, November 5, 1911.

Trains Will Leave as Follows:

Toronto Express at 8:55
Soo Express at 13:50
Imperial Limited at 19:40

For tickets and other particulars apply to

ED. GOULET, Agent.
New Westminster.
Or H. W. Brodie, G.P.A., Vancouver

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Meet every Monday in Labor hall, 8, p.m.

F. H. Johnson, business agent office. Blair's Cigar store. Office phone L 508, Residence phone 501.

F. G. GARDINER. A. L. MERCER
Gardiner & Mercer
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Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators
Estimates Given.
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Hire's Root Beer
Mineral Waters, Aerated Waters
Manufactured by
J. HENLEY
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Telephone R 113 Office: Princess St

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Canadian Northern Steamships, Ltd.
THE ROYAL LINE
MONTREAL—QUEBEC.
TO BRISTOL, ENGLAND
Shortest Route to London on 12,000 Ton Floating Palaces.

Xmas Sailing from Halifax.
ROYAL EDWARD.....NOV. 29
ROYAL GEORGE.....DEC. 13

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Further information from Ed Goulet, C. P. R. Agent, or write
A. H. Davis, General Agent
272 Main St., Winnipeg.

COAL
New Wellington
JOSEPH MAYERS
Phone 105. P. O. Box 345.
Office, Front St., Foot of Sixth.

Westminster
Transfer Co.
Office 'Phone 188. Barn 'Phone 13
Begbie Street.
Baggage delivered promptly to any part of the city.
Light and Heavy Hauling
OFFICE—TRAM DEPOT.
CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C

The
Royal Bank of Canada
Capital paid up.....$6,200,000
Reserve 7,200,000

The Bank has over 200 branches, extending in Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in Cuba throughout the island; also in Porto Rico, Bahamas, Barbados, Jamaica, Trinidad, New York and London,, Eng.

Drafts issued without delay on all the principal towns and cities in the world. These excelent connections afford every banking facility.

New Westminster Branch,
Lawford Richardson, Mgr.

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GASOLINE ENGINES
3½ to 25 H. P.
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Tenth St., New Westminster.

Phone 699. P. O. Box 501.
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General Contractors
Westminster Trust Building.

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Bank of Toronto
NEW BANKING ACCOUNTS

Many People who have never before been in a position to do so, may now be ready to open a bank account.

The Bank of Toronto offers to all such people the facilities of their large and strong banking organization.

Interest is paid on Savings Balances half-yearly. :: ::
Business Accounts opened on favorable terms. :: ::

INCORPORATED 1855
ASSETS $48,000,000

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618 Columbia Street.

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM
Pacific Coast Fleet
DOCK AT JOHNSON'S WHARF, FOOT OF COLUMBIA AVE.

SS. "PRINCE RUPERT" leaves Vancouver at 12 midnight every Saturday for Victoria and Seattle.

SS. "PRINCE RUPERT" leaves Vancouver at 12 midnight every Monday for Prince Rupert.

SS. "PRINCE JOHN" leaves Prince Rupert at 1 p.m. every Wednesday for Stewart; at 10 p.m. Thursday, November 2, 16, 30, December 14, 28, for Queen Charlotte City, Skidegate, Lockport, Rose Harbor, etc., and at 10:00 p.m. Thursday, November 9, 23, December 7, 21, for Massett and Naden Harbor.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY runs trains three times a week from Prince Rupert to end of track (100 miles).

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
(The Double Track Route)
Through tickets from Vancouver to all points east of Chicago in Canada and the United States, also to Europe. Make your reservations now for the holidays. Standard and tourist sleepers—meals "Pay as you order."

H. G. SMITH, C. P. & T. A.
Phone Seymour 7100.
L. V. DRUCE, Commercial Agent.
Phone Seymour 3060.
527 Granville Street, Vancouver.

YES, WE CAN CLEAN IT

Our process of Dry Cleaning and Dying is MARVELLOUS.

We can reclaim many garments you might decide to cast aside.

Phone R278 for the Best Work.

Gent's Suits Pressed - 75c
Gent's Suits Cleaned $1.50 up

ROYAL CITY
CHEMICAL
Cleaners & Dyers
G. F. BALDWIN, PROP.
345 Columbia Street.

Phone 388. P. O. Box 557.
JACKSON PRINTING CO.
Fine Office Stationery
Job Printing of Every Description - - - Butter Wrappers a Specialty
Market Square, New Westminster.

Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Pork and Veal
AT THE
Central Meat Market
BOWELL & ODDY
Corner Eighth St. and Fifth Avenue.
PHONE 370.

HORSE BLANKETS

WE have on hand a full line of Horse Blankets, Buggy Rugs and Waterfront Covers. The Prices are Right and the Quality is Guaranteed.

T. J. TRAPP & COMPANY, LIMITED.
Phone 80, New Westminster, B. C.

Heating Stoves and REGAL FRANKLIN OPEN GRATES

We have the most complete in the city call and see our stock before you buy

ANDERSON & LUSBY

Phone R672. 619 Hamilton St.

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Chimney Sweeping,
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Sewer Connecting,
Cesspools, Septic Tanks, Etc.

About what you would do suddenly should you be overtaken with a grave accident or serious illness. Make the financial independence of your family an assured thing by taking out a life, accident and health policy. It is the best investment any family man can make.

Alfred W. McLeod

THE INSURANCE MAN

657 Columbia St.,
Phone 62. New Westminster.

Dress Suits

The season has arrived when there will be many occasions to don correct evening attire, and no man would think of placing himself out of harmony with his surroundings at a social event by appearing in anything but a DRESS Suit made expressly for himself.

Some men appear ungainly, out of place and not a whit attractive in a Dress Suit, but that is because it was not made to their measure by a tailor personally acquainted with their requirements.

Consult me at once about your Dress Suit. I make them correct in every way and BECOMING.

$35.00 Up.

LADIES' TOP COATS

Still a beautiful range of faced cloths, and heavy tweed effects to select from.

$28.00 to $35.00

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LADIES AND MEN'S TAILOR

46 Lorne Street, New Westminster.

SEASONABLE GOODS

Muir's White Pine Cough Cure, Cold Cream, Witch Hazel and other Lotions, Catarrh Cures, Etc.

AT

MUIR'S DRUG STORE

Dean Block - 441 Columbia St.
New Westminster, B.C.

CITY NEWS

Mrs. S. R. Conner, Cloverdale, is staying at the Windsor.

Don't forget the big masquerade at the Pythian Roller Rink on Thursday evening. Admission 10c, skates 25c. *

Mrs. W. H. G. Phipps will not receive until after the New Year.

Mr. George J. Gray, of Portland, Ore., is visiting the city. He is a guest at the Windsor.

Modern 6-room house, near car, $2,750; $500 cash; balance as rent. Reid, Curtis & Dorgan. *

A meeting of the Ladies' Aid of Olivet Baptist Church will be held at Mrs. Wilbur Smith's, 236 Sixth street, on Thursday, November 16, at 3 o'clock. All the ladies are requested to be present.

Fifty foot lot two minutes walk from Edmonds station. Good view. Practically cleared. $400 cash. National Finance Co., Ltd., 521 Columbia street. **

Mr. G. A. Hankey, the well known financial man of Vernon, has returned home after spending a few days at the Russell.

Do you want any fresh carnations roses, chrysanthemums? If so, ring up Phone 1037 and have them delivered at your home. **

Eyes tested for glasses; satisfaction guaranteed by W. Gifford, graduate optician. Optician parlors in T. Gifford's jewelry store. **

A meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis Association will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the Board of Trade rooms. Dr. Fagan of Victoria is expected to be present and to address the meeting. It is urgently requested that all members of the association as well as all others interested in the work will make it a point to be present. Matters of the greatest moment are to be discussed.

Don't forget to come and hear Miss Hammer, the great Norwegian singer, at St. Patrick's Hall, Thursday night, at 8 o'clock, Nov. 16. She will sing in English and Norwegian. Tickets 50 cents. **

Two lots 62x132 feet, two and a half blocks from Twelfth street tram Seventh avenue. Very light clearing. $925 each; one-third cash, balance arranged. National Finance Co., Ltd., 521 Columbia street. **

A ripple of surprise ran over the faces of the members of the City Council on Monday evening when an application was read out as from a lady for the position of caretaker of the garbage grounds. It is explained that the signature of a lady was appended to the covering letter. The application was on behalf of the lady's husband.

We beg to announce that we will open, starting Monday morning, a cut flower depot in MacKenzie's drug store, where we will handle the best roses, carnations, chrysanthemum's etc. that the market will produce. Tidy, the florist. **

The Fraser Mills closed down on Monday because of the huge accumulation of snow which lay on the logs thus preventing them from being lifted into the mill. It was thought well to take advantage of the opportunity to do some slight overhauling, and this, as is often the case, grew into larger dimensions than had been anticipated. Therefore the two-day lay off. The latest word is to the effect that the mill will start up again this morning.

Do you want any fresh cut carnations, roses or chrysanthemums? If so, ring up Tidy, the florist. Telephone No. L184. **

Take the steamer Transfer for a round trip Saturday afternoon. Leaves Blackman-Ker wharf at 2 o'clock. **

At a bright tea given by Mrs. Dauphinee at her home in Cedar Cottage on Saturday afternoon, Mrs. Drew of New Westminster received with the hostess, and little Miss Catherine Drew admitted the guests. The decorations of the drawing-room was an effective arrangement of yellow chrysanthemums, and the tea room was equally tastefully decorated with red carnations. Assisting in the drawing room were Miss Dauphinee, Miss Ethel Dauphinee and Miss De Bon, Mrs. T. Green and Mrs. B. S. Curtis (New Westminster) poured the tea and coffee for the first hour, and Mrs. J. C. Farish and Mrs. C. Watson of New Westminster during the latter half of the afternoon. The young ladies assisting were Miss Jessie Drew, Miss J. O. Watson, Miss Ida De Bon, Miss Florence Farish, Miss I. L. Bain, Miss U. Hall and the Misses Grace and Kate Dauphinee.

Local W. C. T. U.

The local W. C. T. U. greatly regrets that the very stormy weather prevented the Sunday school temperance rally planned for the "World's Temperance Sunday," Nov. 12, 1911, from becoming an accomplished fact. Eleven or more of the different Sunday schools of the city intimated their willingness to be present and join in the services, had the day been suitable.

Many thanks are due to everyone concerned—to the Sunday schools for their co-operation, to the managers of Queen's Avenue Methodist Church for permission to use their church, to the reverend gentlemen who were to take part in the program; to the singers, to the press, and others. It will probably be thought advisable to carry out similar plans when the weather becomes more settled.

MRS. F. B. FADDEN,
Cor.-Sec.

A Work of Art! Free!

The finest Jewelry Catalogue produced in America can be had free for the asking. It contains 124 pages of Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut Glass, Leather Goods and Novelties—some of the articles being reproduced in as many as fourteen colors.

Write for it today—it makes gift choosing easy. You run no risk whatever in selecting any article, for we forward it at our expense, guarantee safe delivery, and cheerfully refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied.

Ryrie Bros., Limited
Canada's Largest Jewelry House
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Dublin Street, near 10th Street
Price $750
One-quarter Cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

Tenth Avenue, near Henley
Price $750
$150 Cash, balance $25 per month.

Corner Dublin and Eighth street
Price $1000
One-quarter Cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

Major & Savage
550 COLUMBIA STREET

B. & M. FISH MARKET

537 Front St. - Phone 301

Fresh Salmon (half or whole), lb.	10c
Fresh Salmon, sliced....2 lbs. for	25c
Fresh Halibut (half or whole), lb.	8c
Halibut, sliced, lb.	10c
Fresh Smelts, 2 lbs.	25c
Shrimps, lb.	20c
Kippered Salmon, lb.	15c
Smoked Salmon and Halibut, lb.	15c
Bloaters and Kippers, lb.	10c
Large Rabbits, each	35c
Mallards, per brace	$1.25

Delivery 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Terms—Cash.

Opposite Brackman-Ker Wharf, Front St.

Bank of Montreal

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL $14,400,000.00
RESERVE 12,000,000.00

Branches throughout Canada and Newfoundland, and in London, England, New York, Chicago and Spokane, U.S.A., and Mexico City. A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available with correspondents in all parts of the world.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits received in sums of $1 and upward, and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum (present rate).

Total Assets over $186,000,000.00

NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH,
G. D. BRYMNER, Manager.

A SNAP IN LOTS

(969) Sixteen large lots fronting on a graded street and just off Second street, one of the widest streets in this city. These lots are almost cleared and offer an exceptional opportunity as an investment or for a contractor in search of cheap sites for inexpensive cottages.

Price $500 Each

Terms: $100 Cash, balance 5, 12, 18 and 24 months.

Building is active in this district where over forty houses have been built during the past year and every one has been sold or rented. For sale en bloc or in single lots.

Established 1891, Incorporated 1905.

THE FRASER VALLEY F. J. HART & CO. LTD. FARM LAND SPECIALISTS

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New Westminster

Head Office, New Westminster. Branches at Vancouver Victoria, Chilliwack and Aldergrove, B.C.

WARM GLOVES — **The T. H. SMITH Co. LIMITED** — AVIATION CAPS.

HERE'S COMFORT FROM THE SMITH STORE

Against November's Chill

Some Interesting Values in Women's and Children's Sweaters.

Women's Heavy Wool Golfers; fashioned; buttoned partly down front; deep collar, with fancy check edge; cuffs nad bottom band to match; in shades of navy, moss, brown and myrtle; also plain coat sweater with two pockets; in navy, gray, white and red; same style with combination trimmings of navy and red, grey and red, and red and white; all sizes in the lot; values regular to $3.50. Special offer, each $2.75

Great Sale on Children's Sweaters, $1.75 Each

Children's Heavy Knitted Wool Sweater; buttoned shoulder and down side; with large white pearl buttons; self shades of grey, red, white and navy; combination shades of navy, trimmed with white, red and white, white and cardinal, and grey and navy; values regular to $3.75. Special offer, each..... $1.75

Boys' Jerseys

Boys' pull-over Jerseys; buttoned on shoulder; in shades of navy and reseda; heavy knit quality; sizes fitting 4 to 10 years. Special values, each ..... $1.00 to $1.25

Women's Winter Underwear in All Weights and Styles

Woomen's ribbed wool; mixture vests; full length sleeve; button front; in natural or white; drawers ankle length; in both styles to match vests. Our leader..... Three for $1.00

Women's extra grade of ribbed vests; in white or natural; long sleeves; front lace trimmed; drawers to match; ankle length; open or closed styles, in natural or white. Special values, each.....50c

Children's Vests and Drawers

Fitting from 3 to 12 years; vests of heavy natural fleece; extra good weight. Special, each ....25c to 35c

Drawers to match vests; sizes from 3 to 12 years. Special, each..... 25c

MESH BAGS

STERLING Silver, $25.00 to $40.00 each
GERMAN Silver, $5.00 to $15.00 each
Child's Purses, $1.75 and $2.00 each.

Chamberlin THE JEWELER
Official Time Inspector for C.P.R. and B.C.E. R'y

NEW ARRIVALS

Orchid Talcum, Orchid Cold Cream, Orchid Perfume
Orchid Almond Cream.
ADONIS HED RUB

RYALL'S DRUG STORE

EYES TESTED BY OPTICIAN.
'PHONE 57 WESTMINSTER TRUST BLOCK.
CALL AND SEE THE LATEST IN TORIC BIFOCALS.

E. H. BUCKLIN, Pres. and Genl. Mgr. — N. BEARDSLEE, Vice-President. — W. F. H. BUCKLIN, Sec. and Treas.

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Phones No. 7 and 877. Shingles, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

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Westminster branch. — Cars leave for Vancouver at 5, 5:45 a.m. and every 15 minutes thereafter until 11 p.m. Last car 12 p.m. Sunday leaves at 6, 7, 8 a.m. and every 15 minutes thereafter.

Lulu Island branch. — Cars leave for Vancouver every hour from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. connecting at Eburne for Steveston.

Burnaby line.—Cars leave for Vancouver every hour from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Fraser Valley line. — Cars leave for Chilliwack and way points at 9.30 a.m., 1.20 and 6.10 p.m.

Huntingdon and way points, leaves at 4.05 p.m.

EXCURSION TO CHILLIWACK

The B. C. E. R. Co. offers reduced rates of a fare and a third for week end trips to all points on its Fraser Valley line.

Tickets will be on sale on Saturday and Sunday, good for return until Monday.

MAKE YOUR PLANS TO TAKE THIS ENJOYABLE TRIP.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.