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VOLUME 6, NUMBER 162. NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 5, 1911. PRICE FIVE CENTS

Only Ten Days Left For Double Votes In Our Contest

EXCESSIVE HEAT HAS DEADLY RESULT

TERRIBLE RESULTS OF WARM WAVE IN EASTERN STATES—NITRO-GLYCERINE AND GASOLINE EXPLODE—MANY DEATHS

Toronto, July 5.—So intense has been the heat here that no fewer than forty-three children have succumbed to the stifling atmosphere in the past three days. Owing to the continued heat the wells which have irrigated the fields of crops have failed, and it looks as if the customary fruit supply will also be seriously interferred with, unless there is a rain fall in the immediate future. The temperature at midnight fell to 92.

Marietta, Ohio, July 4.—Where the Mariette Torpedo company's nitroglycerine plant stood, three miles from this city, there is today a big hole in the ground. Six hundred quarts of the explosive were set off yesterday by the excessive heat and the plant was blown to atoms. This city was shaken and many windows were shattered, including expensive stained glass in several churches. Three men were slightly injured.

Butler, Pa., July 4.—A barrel of gasoline lying in the hot sun all day exploded at a garage here last night saturating the clothing of employees and patrons. The liquid spouted in the direction of a rubbish pile and in a twinkling there was a big fire. The men, with clothing aflame, rushed from the garage that had already become a mass of flames. But before the men could be rescued, Charles McForan, 25 years old, and Robert Leith, 17 years old, were fatally burned, and three others were seriously burned.

Washington, July 4.—The third day of the heat wave spread like a hot blanket from New England to Western Kansas, brings no hope of marked relief. A slight barometric disturbance, as the weather sharps say, now forming in the northwest, is the only hope now held out. Unless it grows to a full-fledged rainstorm, there is no immediate prospect of rescue from the abnormal temperatures and oppressive humidity which have collected a record-breaking toll of death and suffering.

New York, July 4—Fourteen deaths and more than 200 prostrations marked the beginning here today of the city's third holiday. The temperature today was more terrible than it has been for the past 48 hours. The thermometer registered 82 at eight o'clock, and was only 84 at ten o'clock, as against 94 at the same hour yesterday. A slight breeze, which sprang up early today, also eased the terrible suffering of the myriads on the lower East Side.

Chicago, July 4.—Forenoon temperatures indicated that today may be even hotter in Chicago than yesterday, for at ten o'clock the mercury registered 95 degrees, two higher than at the same time yesterday. Yesterday's high mark was 99.5 at 4 p.m.

Cleveland, July 4.—Including five infants, sixteen are dead here and scores are prostrated by the heat. The city's water supply is taxed to the limit and the city officials have given notice that, if the heat continues, regulations will be put in force limiting the amount to be allowed each family.

Montreal, July 4.—Yesterday's torrid wave continued today and Montreal sweltered in the broiling sun with the temperature around the 90 mark. This morning several prostrations were reported and one death, the first since the hot spell set in. A man named C. B. Alexander, a cook on the Delaware & Hudson dining car which arrived in the city this morning, was taken to the general hospital stricken with heat and died shortly afterwards.

R. S. Lea, the expert sewage engineer of Montreal, who has been studying local conditions here and in Vancouver, left yesterday for his home in the east, but before his departure paid a high compliment to the work of the city engineer of West minster, J. W. B. Blackman. Speaking to a Daily News representative, Mr. Lea said, "This is the only city in B. C. which has a city contour map, and maps of this nature are urgently required by every council or municipality. Westminster is likewise in the lead, as it is the only city in the province which has been resurveyed. When I return to Vancouver to take charge of some of that city's work I will strongly recommend that a rain guage be bought by the civic fathers. Westminster has, by procuring one of these trustworthy machines, come into line with the great eastern cities, and the adoption of this puts her in advance of many of the big cities in the western country."

WILL LAY FIRST STONE OF SIXTH AVENUE CHURCH

Honor Will Fall to George Cunningham, Senior, Tonight—Prominent Methodists Present.

This evening at seven o'clock the foundation stone of the new Sixth avenue Methodist church will be laid by George Cunningham, senior. The site is a good one facing south on the avenue, convenient to the car line on Twelfth street.

Mr. Cunningham, who is the oldest member of the congregation, will be presented with a special trowel for the occasion. Among those who will be present are Rev. A. E. Roberts, president, and for several terms secrteary of the B. C. conference, Rev. C. W. Brown, Rev. Dr. White and various Methodist laymen.

A handsome building, with all modern conveniences is being erected for the housing of this progressive and growing west end congregation.

Germans Unwelcome.

Mogador, Morocco, July 4.—The Agadir district is calm. The Kaids recently refused to sell their lands to the Germans as the Algeciras agreement made the consent of the sultan necessary to such sale.

FISHING SEASON TO START IN EARNEST

PREPARATIONS FOR RUN EXPECTED IN FRASER SHORTLY FEW CANNERIES TO OPERATE HERE THIS YEAR.

Preparations are under way for the run of salmon which is expected in the river in about a week or ten days, and which, although it is an off-run this season, will mean a busy period to hundreds in this district.

A few boats have been out in the river, but the fish have not yet come through in any quantity, and the rough weather will have a tendency to keep the salmon outside the heads. A thousand sockeyes were taken out of the traps on the Vancouver island side one day last week, and the traps on the American side are also reported to be busy. Rivers Inlet and the Skeena, the two other principal centres of the industry, have seen few fish yet, and they are earlier than the Fraser. It is expected that about eleven canneries will be operated on the river this year, the nearest to the city being the Industrial, Ewen's, and St. Mungo. Eight others in Canoe pass and on the Steveston side are declared as being likely to open this season. The pack, however, will not be large in any case.

Among the boats which will act as protectors for the fishermen will be the Georgia, Swan, Elk and Restless, the last named on her return to the Fraser at the end of the month. There will also be a small boat stationed at Hammond. These are all Dominion boats, and there will also be some similar provision made by the provincial government.

The fishermen are not hampered now by the troublesome arrangements which prevailed two years ago when the Dominion and provincial governments were at law over the control of the river. A straight $5 license is now necessary from each government. There will be but a few Indians down from the reserves for the fishing this season, as the lumber and allied industries pay them better than casual work on the river or in the canneries.

Seven pound salmon are bringing the fishermen now 35 cents each, at five cents a pound. These are the quotations at the canneries for fine good fish.

KING REVIEWS EMPIRE'S BOY SCOUTS

London, July 5.—At Windsor castle yesterday afternoon the king and queen reviewed boy scouts from all parts of the British empire. The sight was a magnificent one, and at the close of the ceremonies his majesty complimented the chief officers on the smart appearances of the future soldiers. The uniformed devotees of Major General Sir Robert Baden-Powell numbered 35,000.

THE EDRIE SEIZURE.

It is rumored that the projected auction of the American schooner Edrie will not take place, owing to an appeal to the courts by the owners, the Chlopec Fishing company, of Seattle. The boat was seized for illegally fishing for halibut within territorial waters early in the year, and was brought here to await events.

CITIZENS PICNIC STILL UNDECIDED

COMMITTEE UNABLE TO COME TO DEFINITE ARRANGEMENT OWING TO DIFFICULTY OF SECURING STEAMER.

At a meeting of the citizens picnic committee held yesterday in the board of trade room under the presidency of D. E. MacKenzie, the special committee on transportation reported that they had had an interview with H. W. Brodie, assistant general passenger agent of the C. P. R., and that official had put them in touch with Captain Troup, the company's representative for navigation on this coast. The result of this was that it would be possible to secure the steamer Princess Royal for Tuesday, July 20.

It was felt by members of the committee last night that the time in which to make the necessary arrangements was too limited, and the general concensus of opinion was that a date in August would find greater favor with those who annually take part in the outing.

In the event of an August date being decided upon at the next meeting, either Bellingham or Victoria will be visited, while some members of the committee thought that a trip to Chilliwack by the B. C. E. R. would prove acceptable.

Given, however, a suitable place, and date, and an available boat, it is very doubtful if the committee will break through the rule of previous years, to have a marine excursion.

The transportation committee was given further time to report.

TWO PERSONS INJURED IN CAFE EXPLOSION

Toronto, July 5.—Word having been sent to the gas company that a leak was manifesting itself in one of the pipes of Schiller's restaurant, employees were sent out, and were busily engaged hunting for the escape when a spark from an electric fan set up ignition. The interior of this well known cafe was totally wrecked, and so badly injured were Arthur Brady and Jessie Cartwright that their lives are despaired of.

The concussion was of such an extent as to wreck the frontages of three adjoining buildings.

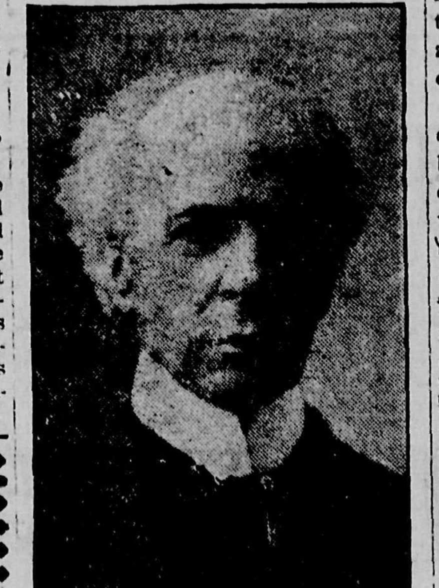
Broken Leg Seven Days.

Hoquiam, July 4.—Seven days at sea with a broken leg, suffering, in his bunk, terrible pain, is an experience Ted Olsen, sailor, had on the steamer Fillapa, which arrived in port today from San Francisco. Olsen was taken to the hospital. He was injured a few hours after the vessel put to sea by a falling gang plank.

PLANS GREAT RECEPTION FOR PREMIER LAURIER

Authorities at Montreal Will Give Canadian Prime Minister Record Welcome.

Montreal, July 5.—Arrangements have been practically completed in connection with the celebrations to be held when Sir Wilfrid Laurier touches Canadian territory on his return from the motherland on Monday next. The reception will eclipse anything of this nature ever before attempted in the Dominion. The plans, which were discussed at a meeting



held here last night, make provision for illuminations on the river at St. Heliers Island, Jacques Cartier square, Champ de Mars and the principal thoroughfares of the city. The premier will arrive from Quebec on a private yacht, and is due to reach the main wharf about seven o'clock in the evening.

TRUSTEES FILL STAFF VACANCIES

IMPORTANT APPOINTMENTS ARE MADE AFTER AN EXHAUSTIVE DISCUSSION OF CREDENTIALS —HIGH SCHOOL PRINCIPAL.

After two sessions, each extending to several hours in duration, the board of school trustees has decided to make the following appointments to the schools under their control, and have also named from some fourteen applications a secretary to succeed Rev. R. Lennie.

E. R. McMillan, M.A., acting principal of the High school for some months, to be principal vice H. M. Stramberg, retired.

Miss Margaret H. Strong, M.A., Hamilton, Ont., to be principal of the Girls' Central school, vice Miss Clark, who has removed to North Vancouver.

Secretary: E. C. Davey, late of the Northern Crown bank staff and secretary to E. J. Fader for some time, to take over duties August 1.

Girls' Central: Miss Bradley and Miss Davidson.

Boys' Central: Miss Forrester.

Lord Kelvin: Misses Mack and Peebles.

Sapperton: W. G. Gamble, first assistant; extra teacher, Miss Oliver.

Test Game Laws.

New York, July 4.—The Eastern Millinery association brought suit here today in the United States circuit court to test the constitutionality of the amended forest, fish and game law of this state. The section of the law objected to forbids the sale after July 1 of any plumage specified in the act, whether imported or not.

GENEROUS DONOR'S NEW GIFT TO McGILL

Montreal, July 5.—Sir William McDonald's gifts to the McGill university now amounts to the gigantic sum of ten million dollars, by the most recent purchase, which was completed yesterday afternoon, of the Molson and Law estates at a cost of $1,000,000. The property, which will assist in the proposed extension to the university, has been on the market for some little time.

Temporary connection having been made with the big main from Coquitlam lake, permission was last night granted by the water committee of the city council for ratepayers with permits to use water for irrigation purposes from 6:30 until 8:30 each evening until further notice. At this time of the season this news will be welcomed by those who take a delight in giving their gardens a bright appearance.

MANY LEADING SPEECHES AT BOARD OF TRADE DINNER

Second Banquet at Cloverdale—Reeve Weart on Municipal Progress Locally.

At the annual banquet of the Surrey board of trade held in the Columbia hotel, Cloverdale, on Monday evening a large party of Westminster citizens were present by invitation, chief among these being Reeve J. W. Weart, of Burnaby, and J. D. Taylor, M.P., and C. H. Stuart Wade, secretary of the Westminster board of trade. Captain Bose presided, and after the dinner a long toast list was entered upon.

Mr. Weart, whose name was coupled with that of the local member in the toast of the Dominion government, spoke at length on the good work which had been carried out by the municipality of Surrey. He took leave to bring to the front his own municipality of Burnaby, and gave facts and figures which proved even to the most skeptical that they in Burnaby were working on the same lines as their friends of Surrey. The Pacific highways which the Surrey ratepayers and residents were so proud of had done a deal of good to the municipality, and this would be further benefitted when the Burnaby roads were completed. It was a matter for deep regret that the committee which had had charge of the publicity campaign had fallen down on the scheme, with only $715 collected. A good idea, he thought, would be for a fresh start to be made.

Mr. Stuart Wade congratulated the municipality of Surrey on the splendid showing it had made in the agricultural field, and spoke of the good work accomplished by the board of trade of that district.

JAPANESE BOARDING HOUSE BURNT OUT IN WEST END

Fire Destroys Old Shack Used by Mill Workers—Probably Not Rebuilt.

A Japanese boarding house situate in the Walsh Sash and Door factory's yard, and belonging to the Small & Bucklin Lumber company, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

The inmates had a number of personal belongings scattered round upstairs, and for these a wild rush was made by the owners, and a large quantity was saved.

Nos. 1, 2 and 5 halls responded to the call, and five streams from three standpipes and a hydrant were soon at work. The fire was brought under control within 25 minutes. Several stoves had been in use, and from them the outbreak is supposed to have arisen. The place was old and of dry lumber, and quickly burst in flames once it took fire.

It is doubtful if the boarding house will be rebuilt, as it was located in a dangerous place for the lumber yards round, and perhaps a very serious fire would have resulted from this minor outbreak had the building taken ignition during the night time.

The loss has not been estimated, but will not be heavy.

FEWER FATALITIES ON FOURTH OF JULY

SANER CELEBRATION OF INDEPENDENCE DAY — RECORDS SHOW THIRTEEN DEATHS AND THREE HUNDRED INJURED.

Washington, July 5.—The wide-spread movement for a sane Fourth of July is proving its worth, and the death roll this year is greatly decreased from previous celebrations. From actual figures compiled at a late hour last evening, there were but thirteen deaths reported, while the accident list contains only 294 names, this showing a big falling off from previous years.

Louis Fred, an Italian, was found by the police with a revolver on Front street yesterday, and as he had some resemblance to Elias Pilato, a fellow countryman who is wanted for shooting Charles Geiser at Vancouver, he was held pending a visit from the Terminal City officers. A detective came over during the evening, and failed to identify him as the man wanted. He will, therefore, have to face a charge this morning of carrying concealed weapons.

A VETERAN COUPLE.

Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Holt on 58th Anniversary.

A pleasant function occurred at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Fales Holt at 1412 Fifth avenue, last evening when the fifty-eighth anniversary of their wedding was celebrated by a gathering of the surviving daughters, Mrs. J. T. Butterfield, and Mrs. Russell Smither, representatives of the 19 grandchildren and 20 great grandchildren. Mr. and Mrs. Holt had a family of five, three of whom are dead. They were married in 1853 at Bath, Maine, both being Nova Scotians, Mr. Holt, who is 84, being a native of Colchester county, and Mrs. Holt, aged 83, belonging to Halifax county. They lived in their early married life in Nova Scotia, and about 1866 came west by way of the Panama Isthmus. They stayed a few years in California, and then came north in 1877, being residents of the Royal City ever since.

Both the octogenarians are in good health, and were able to enjoy the company of their kinsfolk.

BASEBALL.

Tuesday, July 4.

At Tacoma—Vancouver 4-0, Tacoma 3-4.

At Seattle—Portland 4-5, Seattle 12-4.

At Spokane—Spokane 3-5, Victoria 6-0.

FIRE AFTER CELEBRATION.

Kansas City, July 5.—At a late hour last night telephonic messages were received in official quarters that the neighboring town of Princeton was half consumed by fire as the result of Fourth of July celebrations. It is believed that the fire has spread to the residential district. Special trains were ordered by the authorities, and left well supplied with fire fighters and apparatus. Help is also being sent from Trenton.

OUTLINES METHOD OF WHITE PLAGUE WAR

DR. FAGAN DEALS WITH HISTORY OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST CONSUMPTION IN B.C.—THE TRANQUILLE SANATORIUM.

Paper read by Dr. Fagan at the Tuberculosis meeting held in New Westminster on June 26:

Consumption is no less a domestic problem in Canada than it is in other and less favored lands. It is a problem with which all the civilized communities of the world are struggling today. It has at all times attracted attention because of its malignant influence upon the lives and well-being of the people.

Consumption is a peculiar disease. It is as secret as it is deadly, and gives no definite sign, until, too often, it has taken firm hold and got, to more or less extent, beyond control. It has moreover the assistance of the prevailing public ignorance, prejudice and superstition as to its nature, so much so that even at this day the true knowledge as to its cause and effect will remain obscured by the old-fashioned fictions of former years. In late years it has forced itself upon the notice of the authorities for the reason that we now know what its cause is and how it spreads; how it may be cured and how it can be prevented. This knowledge places power in our hands and the responsibility is ours if we neglect to use it.

With Pasteur's discovery of micro-organic life, the medical world entered upon a new epoch. Many mysteries were explained and certain diseases were brought within the control of man on a rational and exact basis.

Discovery of Cause.

In the year 1882 Koch discovered the cause of consumption, the bacillus tuberculosis. Heretofore we were led to believe it was hereditary; we now know that pre-disposition may come from our parents, but not the disease. We were also told that it came from the hand of Providence and was inevitable. What an insult to our creator when we so frequently see indifference, ignorance and neglect of the common ordinary laws and cleanliness and sanitary reform contributing so largely to the spread of consumption.

Koch has proved, and it is now accepted as an absolute fact, that the one and only cause of consumption is a germ, that is that the consumption germ has to enter and live and multiply in the body to start consumption. Here then is a fact of overwhelming importance; it is the one fact around which all practical action revolves.

Since 1882 thousands of scientists have studied the life of the consumption germ, and as a result we know under what conditions it lives and thrives, and how, under conditions, it weakens and dies.

Sunlight is its greatest enemy, for five minutes exposure to direct rays will kill the germ. When it is deposited in clean, dry and well-lighted quarters it will soon fade and die, whereas dark, moist and ill-ventilated places will hold the germ alive and active for lengthened periods.

Briefly, such is its history outside the body, and experience tells us when it enters the human system a similar life history may be noted.

If the body into which the germ has gained entrance is not debilitated by hereditary weakness, by sickness or worry, by over-work of body or mind, by sleeping in rooms or working in places over-crowded and in which the air is not sufficiently changed and purified by entry of fresh air and sunlight, by unreasonable excesses, there is small likelihood, unless the exposure is continued, that the germ will live or become active in such a body, while on the other hand the presence of any of the above conditions together with the presence of the germ, may lead to the development of the disease.

Entrance of Germ.

There are two main ways through which the germ usually finds an entrance, by breathing or by swallowing. I will now briefly refer to each.

The means of entry of the animal germ is most usually through milk, butter or cream. The stomach and intestines of adults are not so liable to admit the germ to the system as children. For children there is great danger, and while it is but right that the demand for pure milk be pressed, yet it must be remembered that the milk supplied to children may by pasteurization be rendered harmless as a consumption carrier. In saying this I must not be misunderstood as advocating that all dairy requirements are met by the adoption of pasteurization. I do not think so, but I do advance the plea for true pasteurization of milk as it is supplied today for the food of children. By this means the transference of consumption through milk to children is checked.

Let us now touch lightly on the transmission of consumption from man to man. It is now established and universally accepted that in the sputum, or spit of the consumptive,

(Continued on Page Two.)

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS BIG DOUBLE VOTE OFFER NOW IT WILL NOT LAST FOR EVER

Candidates In the Daily News Big Automobile Contest Must Work Now While Votes Are Being Given Away at the Ratio of Two for One—This Offer Closes One Week From Saturday.

The $1750 Auto is on Display at T. A. Muir & Co's. Drug Store. The $500 Piano Can be Seen at the Columbia Piano House. The Furniture Sets Can be Seen at Galloway & Lewis. The Watches Can Be Seen At T. Gifford's Jewelry Store. The Scholarships Were Purchased From The Westminster Modern Business School.

CONTEST DEPARTMENT
Open Every Evening.

The contest department will be open every evening until 8 o'clock from now on for the benefit of those who cannot call during the day. Also all day Saturdays.

Never before has an offer been instituted in any struggle for prizes that has contained as many advantages or as many opportunities for vote getting as this big Special Double vote offer now being run in the Daily News' $3,000 contest. The magnitude of its generosity outrivals and excells any previous attempts ever inaugurated n this paper or any other. The double vote alone should serve as sufficient inducement to a great many of you towards reserving your spare time for the purpose of gathering the needed votes with which to catch any of your competitors who, either by an earlier start or more persistant display of effort, have been a little more fortunate than yourself and have consequently obtained a slight lead over you.

Remember that you have probably just as many friends as the above mentioned leader who are just as willing to help YOU as hers were herself, and all that they want and are waiting for it to be asked for their subscriptions. They want to see you win and are perfectly satisfied to assist you in securing one of the coveted prizes through the medium of their needed votes but they do NOT want to come to you and tell you about it. They would rather that you first show them that you entertain the desire yourself to get out and win and by a display of effort, to announce to the public that you are sincere in that desire. They would not think for a minute of giving you a subscription if they supposed that you were not going to use it as an inspiration to your ambitions, and that you were not going to add more to it and make their contribution to the results of your labors count for something; a link in the chain of success, so to speak.

A Problem in Mathematics.

First, we have the canidate who from the very start has put her whole heart and soul into the contest; who from day to day has made a continual canvass of her friends and acquaintances and has made her efforts bear fruit and count for something. She stands among the leaders in the race today, works with confidence and a persistent display of energy and realizes that she stands just as much chance as her rival when the goal posts come in view. On the other hand, consider the contestant who has worked from start to finish in a half-hearted manner and an I-don't-care fashion; who has relied on her friends for what votes she has secured and who is naturally rather dubious as to whether she is going to receive even a minor reward for the efforts she put forth. Why shouldn't she be entitled to just what she earns? Not what she is able to do but what he actually does. Nor is it necessary for her to stick to the do class, when by exerting herself a little further it would be an easy matter to change over to the other side.

Do likewise Miss Candidate, and get busy now. Work night and day for the short time remaining and secure every available vote. If you do not, there is going to be a mighty difference between you and your competitor's opportunities and that difference will be a McLaughlin auto, a piano, a scholarship, a furniture set or a gold watch.

How to Get Votes.

There are two methods of securing votes. One is a slow way and the other is fast. But neither should be neglected by a candidate who wishes and expects to win.

The slow way is to clip the coupons published every day in the News. At first these coupons will be worth ten votes each. Later they will be reduced to five votes and finally to one.

The fast way of getting votes is, of course, the subscription method. The scale published below shows just how many votes are allowed on each subscription to the News. The outside of the back cover of your subscription blank book also bears this scale. If you are an active candidate you will soon know it by heart.

Several of the rules of the contest published on this page have a distinct bearing on the voting power of subscriptions. Read them carefully.

Remember that the final count for the awarding of the big prizes will be made on a basis of the number of votes secured and not upon the amount of cash this or that candidate has turned in.

Future Subscriptions.

Contestants may find in some cases friends who wish to help them in the contest by subscribing for the Daily News, but are already taking a local paper, which is paid in advance and do not desire to receive more than one local daily in their home at the same time. The contest department has arranged to accept and issue votes on all such subscriptions, the paper to start at any future date that the subscriber may designate.

Securing Subscriptions.

Candidates in any certain district are in no way restricted from securing subscribers in any locality that they may wish. For instance, a candidate in District 1 may secure subscriptions in District No. 1 and District No. 2 may secure subscriptions in District No. 1; in fact, candidates may secure subscribers wherever they can get them.

Unpaid Subscriptions Count.

All subscribers to the Daily News who are in arrears on their subscription account, and who settle same, are entitled to votes according to the schedule. When you pay your subscription be sure you receive the votes to which you are entitled.

A Prize for an Effort.

This is your opportunity to secure one of the eleven costly and desirable gifts absolutely free. Nothing is ever gained by standing back and allowing others to secure the prizes of life. Here is an exceptional offer in which many valuable prizes will be awarded to popular ladies strictly on their ambition and energy.

Standing of Candidates.

Nominations for the big automobile contest are published below, and show the growing interest in the competition. Look them through, and see if you cannot add that of a friend.

District No. 1—All territory west of east side of Sixth street, within New Westminster city limits.

	Votes.
Miss Laura Lavery	15800
Miss Ethel Buckland	2240
Miss Brooks	3840
Miss May Kitson	1070
Miss Annie Tidy	2840
Miss Irene Eickhoff	1370
Miss Mary Eastman	26230
Miss Johnson	1460
Mrs. W. E. Fales	25650
Miss Ethel Ennis	10610
Miss Helen Shaw	13890
Mrs. E. Sterling	9450
Mrs. Thompson	1300
Miss Violet McGuffen	16880
Miss Elizabeth Orr	1240
Mrs. J. E. Insley	30820
Miss Olive Archibald	7550
Mrs. R. Collier	2780
Mrs. L. MacLean	3100
Miss McAdam	1060
Mrs. Walter Thompson	13520
Miss Clarice Osborne	14070
Miss Mabel Purvis	6890

District No. 2—All territory east of west side of Sixth street, including Sapperton.

Mis Sinclair	1290
Miss Hosana Beveridge	1620
Miss Florence McLeod	2720
Miss Bell Hood	1650
Miss M. Elley	1340
Miss Helen C. Day	14920
Mrs. Poingdestre	10000
Miss Genevieve Driscoll	7050
Miss Katie Muir	7420
Miss Hazel Kenny	1210
Miss Vera Gilley	7060
Miss Winnie Keary	1260
Miss Marie Morrow	1200
Miss Lillian Jenkins	10300
Miss Ruby Fletcher	11320
Miss Ruth Robinson	4450
Miss Rogers	1680
Miss Daisy Dawe	1670
Miss Kathleen We'sh	1850
Miss Naomi Rolph	17560
Miss Adele Bilodeau	17000
Miss G. Corrigan	1490
Mrs. Winnie Tait	51900
Miss Evelyn Cunningham	30270
Miss C. Boule	1640
Mrs. E. Thompson	4660
Mrs. C. S. Davies	13490

District No. 3—All territory covered by the Daily and Weekly News outside the city limits of New Westminster.

Miss Pearl Brice, Ladner,	1160
Mrs. H. Cooper, Langley,	1240
Mrs. G. W. Sterling, Le Roche Landing	1150
Mrs. Rawlinson, Langley	1000
Mrs. F. E. Herring, Fords Landing	3680
Miss Stewart, Fraser Mills	1540
Miss Kathleen McBride, Port Guichon	1400
Miss Katie Neilson, South Vancouver	1000
Miss Annie Hambrook, South Vancouver	1200
Miss Rosy Philcox, Mission	4720
Miss Christie McGregor, Ladner	1500
Miss Florence Lord, Ladner	1000
Miss Ruby Kirkland, Ladner	7540
Miss Maggie Gilchrist, Ladner	1270
Miss Lily Burr, Ladner	1000
Miss Vera Gillanders, Ladner	1300
Miss Emma Chiddell, Ladner	1000
Miss Juanita McClusky, Ladner.	1400
Miss Olive Alexander, Sunbury.	1300
Miss Lillian Coggins, Sunbury	1280
Miss Martha Pybus, Ladner	5600
Miss Edith Falk, Westham Island	1000
Miss G. Dove, North Vancouver	6240
Miss M. Peterson, 1510 Charles St., Vancouver	1000
Mrs. Kennedy, Fraser Mills	1000
Miss Helga Johnson, 1761 Fifth Ave. East, Vancouver	1000
Mrs. E. W. Money, Burquitlam	1000
Miss Grace Morrison, Edmonds.	25600
Mrs. W. T. McGilvray, Chilliwack	2580
Miss Huff, Chilliwack	5620
Miss Ethel McCabe, Chilliwack	2500
Miss K. Smith, Abbotsford	1220
Miss Effie Wooler, Abbotsford	1560
Miss May Musgrave, Earl's Road	1050
Miss Gertrude Voigt, East Collingwood	2700
Miss Murray, Central Park	1070
Miss White, Port Kells	1800
Miss Mary Peterman, Fraser Mills	6500
Miss Martha Nelson, Coquitlam.	1560
Miss Georgia McLean, Coquitlam	1000
Miss Fitzgerald, Huntingdon	1340
Miss White, Cloverdale	2500
Miss Hutchins, Milner	1240
Miss Gladys Slack, Hatzic	1000
Miss Natalie Reuleau, Miss City	1000

The Prizes.

Eleven in all. Two grand prizes and nine district prizes will be divided into the three districts as follows:

The Candidate receiving the greatest number of votes in the three districts combined will be awarded the $1750 McLaughlin Buick touring car, to be seen at T. A. Muir's drug store, Columbia St.

The candidate receiving the most votes in the remaining three districts will be awarded the $500 piano. This piano was purchased from the Columbia piano house and is on display at their store, the Walker block, 425 Columbia street.

The candidates getting the greatest number of votes after the winners of the grand prizes will be given their choice of the district prizes.

The Nine District Prizes.

Three scholarships purchased from the Westminster Modern Business college. They are good for eight months tuition and worth $96 each.

Three handsome furniture sets worth $75 each purchased from Galloway & Lewis and can be seen at their store, corner Fourth and Columbia streets.

Three beautiful solid 14k. gold watches worth $40 each, purchased from and on display at T. Gifford's jewelry store on Columbia street.

The District.

In order to give every candidate an equal chance to become the possessor of one of these valuable prizes the territory has been divided into three districts as follows:

District No. 1—All territory west of east side of Sixth street, within New Westminster city limits.

District No. 2—All territory east of west side of Sixth street, including Sapperton.

District No 3—All territory covered by the Daily and Weekly News outside the city limits of New Westminster.

THE ONE BEST OPPORTUNITY

During Daily News $3,000 Auto Contest

Double Votes on All Subscriptions of One Year or Over Until July 15, at 9 p.m.

This Offer Will Not be Increased or Repeated at Any Time During the Contest

No Increase of Votes on Subscriptions of Less Than One Year

Daily News Schedule of Votes

Daily News by Carrier—		Daily News by mail—	
Three months, $1.00	500 votes	Six months, $1.50	1,500 votes
Six months, $2.00	1,500 votes	Twelve months, $3.00	4,000 votes
Twelve months, $4.00	4,000 votes	Two years, $6.00	10,000 votes
Two years, $8.00	10,000 votes	Three years, $9.00	20,000 votes
Three years, $12.00	20,000 votes	Four years, $12,00	40,000 votes
Four years, $16.00	40,000 votes	Five years, $15.00	80,000 votes
Five years, $20.00	80,000 votes		

For ten years subscription to the Daily News by carrier at $40.00, we will allow 250,000 votes.

For ten years subscription to the Daily News by mail, at $30.00, we will allow 200,000 votes.

WEEKLY NEWS SCHEDULE OF VOTES.

One years, $1.00	500 votes
Two years, $2.00	1,500 votes
Three years, $3.00	3,000 votes
Four years, $4.00	4,000 votes
Five years, $5.00	5,000 votes

For ten years subscriptions to the Weekly News at $10.00 we will give 15,000 votes.

The Above Schedule of Votes Doubled Until JULY 15th, at 9 p.m.

Address all communications to the Contest Manager, care of Daily News.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, Dorothy Fry, of Seattle, Wash., occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one mile east of Theodosia lake, at T. L. 31562, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commence, and containing 640 acres more or less.

DOROTHY FRY.
Duncan O'Hara, Agent.
May 19, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, R. B. Francis, of Vancouver, occupation merchant, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one mile east of T. L. 32454, and two miles from Haslam Lake, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

R. B. FRANCIS,
Duncan O'Hara, Agent.
May 2, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, A. L. Dwar, of Vancouver, occupation banker, intend to apply for permission to purcase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one mile east of T. L. 32454, and two miles from Haslam Lake, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

A. L. DWAR,
Duncan O'Hara, Agent.
May 2, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, H. M. Dwar, of Vancouver, occupation merchant, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one mile east of T. L. 32454, and two miles from Haslam Lake, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

H. M. DWAR,
Duncan O'Hara, Agent.
May 2, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster, B. C.—Take notice that Harry Tinn, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation Broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at a point on the westerly shore of Green lake, which point is situate about sixty (60) chains south-westerly from the northerly end of the said Green lake, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains more or less to the shore of Green lake, thence northerly following the shore of Gren lake to the point of commencement, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less.

HARRY TINN
Thomas Greer, Agent.
Dated April 22, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, James A. Forrester, of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, occupation broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of the Green Point Indian reserve, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, containing 320 acres more or less.

JAMES ADAM FORRESTER,
Boone Kerlin, Agent.
Dated April 19th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, C. Johnson, of Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, occupation carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast side of the south end of Read Island and at the northeast corner of T. L. 37502 thence west 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, containing 320 acres more or less.

CHARLES JOHNSON,
Bert Warren, Agent
Dated April 10th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, James Walker, of Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan occupation broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted 20 chains west of the southeast corner of lot 117 Cortez Island, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 60 chains to salt water, thence following shore line in southwesterly direction to northeast corner of Squirell Cove Indian reserve, thence west 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres more or less.

JAMES WALKER,
Bert Warren, Agent.
Dated April 6th, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRIST—District of New Westminster, B.C.—Take notice that Charles Evelyn Falkner, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at northeast point of unchartered island, thence following the shore to point of commencement, containing three acres more or less, about two miles south of Pender Harbor at Point Francis, and about 150 feet southwest from lot 997, and 200 feet southeast from lot 2792.

CHARLES EVELYN FALKNER...
May 29th, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, W. E. Fry, of Seattle, Wash., occupation broker, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one mile east of Theodosia lake, at T. L. 31562, thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

W. E. FRY.
Duncan O'Hara, Agent.
May 19, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of COAST—Take notice that I, George Osborn, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation carpenter, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted 10 chains north of the southeast corner of lot 111, thence east 60 chains, thence south 60 chains, thence west 60 chains, thence north 60 chains, containing 360 acres.

GEORGE OSBORN,
Boone Kerlin, Agent.
Dated April 13th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, Emma Dick, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of W. P. S. 142, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 320 acres more or less.

EMMA DICK,
Bert Warren, Agent.
Dated April 12th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, Christopher Rowland, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation broker, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of T. L. 40884, thence west 40 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 60 chains, thence east 60 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 20 chains, thence south 40 chains, containing 480 acres.

CHRISTOPHER ROWLAND,
Boone Kerlin, Agent.
Dated April 16th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, Agnes Dick, of Calgary, Alberta, occupation married woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of lot 380, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, containing 480 acres more or less.

AGNES DICK,
Bert Warren, Agent.
Dated April 16th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, George Howard Dick, of Calgary, Alberta, occupation real estate, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted southeast corner of T. L. 31792, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 10 chains to lake shore, thence following lake shore in southwesterly direction to point of commencement, containing 320 acres more or less.

GEORGE HOWARD DICK.
Bert Warren, Agent.
Dated April 16th, 1911.

COAST LAND DISTRICT—District of Coast—Take notice that I, Hannah Buehler, of Calgary, Alberta, occupation spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of T. L. 31792, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

HANNA BUEHLER,
Boone Kerlin, Agent.
Dated April 16th, 1911.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS, CANADA.

HUDSON BAY RAILWAY.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for construction of Hudson Bay Railway," will be received at this office, until 16 o'clock on Tuesday, the 1st of August, for a section of about 185 miles from Pas Mission to Thicket Portage.

Plans, specifications and form of contract to be entered into can be seen on and after Wednesday, May 31, at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Hudson Bay Railway, Winnipeg, at which places forms of tender may be obtained.

Parties tendering will be required to accept the fair wages schedule prepared or to be prepared by the Department of Labor, which schedule will form part of the contract.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind, that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and in the case of firms, unless there are attached the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm.

An accepted bank cheque for the sum of $200,000.00 made payable to the order of the Minister of Railways and Canals must accompany each tender, which sum will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work, at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheques thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose tenders are not accepted.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be held as security, or part security, for the due fulfilment of the contract to be entered into.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals
Ottawa, May 26, 1911.
(Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.)

WATER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a licence in the Burnaby Division of New Westminster district.

(a). The name, address and occupation of the applicant—C. E.Cotching, Burquitlam, B. C., rancher.

(b). The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is)—Unnamed, running through northwest and southwest portions of block 8, Burnaby.

(c). The point of division—About 100 feet from Hamilton road on southwest portion of block 8, Burnaby.

(d). The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second)—1-10 cubic foot per second.

(e).The character of the proposed works—Hydraulic ram and pipe.

(f). The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—Southwest portion of block 8, Burnaby.

(g). The purposes for which the water is to be used—Domestic and agricultural.

(k). This notice was posted on the 12th day of June, 1911, and application will be made to the commissioner on the 14th day of July, 1911, at 2:30 p. m.

(l). Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet—Mr. Rowe, Johnson, road. Burquitlam, B. C.; Mr. White, Hamilton road; Mr. Freeman Bunting, Gunn road.

C. E. COTCHING,
Burquit'am, B. C.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, Mabel Lucy Paige, of New Westminster, occupation, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about two miles north of T. L. 916 on the west shore of Haslam Lake, thence west 80 chains, thencesouth 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MABEL LUCY PAIGE,
O'Gerle, Agent.
Date June 6, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, James Fergus O'Connor Wood, of North Vancouver, occupation merchant, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about three miles north of T. L. 916 on the west shore of Haslam Lake, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

JAMES FERGUS O'CONNOR WOOD,
O'Gerle, Agent.
Date June 6, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT.—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, James Charles Wood, of North Vancouver, occupation merchant, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about three miles north of T. L. 916 on the west shore of Haslam lake, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

JAMES CHARLES WOOD,
O'Gerle, Agent.
Dated June 6th, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that I, J. I. Dwar, of Vancouver, occupation merchant, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about one mile east of T. L. 32454, and two miles from Haslam Lake, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

J. I. DWAR.
Duncan O'Hara, Agent.
May 2, 1911.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re Lots 7 and 8, Block 11, Steveston.

Whereas proof of the loss of certificate of title number 7105A, issued in the name of John Herbert Turner has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, in a daily newspaper published in the City of New Westminster, issue a duplicate of the said certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office, New Westminster, B.C., June 19th, 1911.

Phone 699. P. O. Box 501.
Snider & Brethour
General Contractors
Westminster Trust Building.

FRESH WATER LOBSTER LANDED IN NEW YORK

Saranac Lake, N. Y., July 3.—While angling for bullheads, J. R. Tait and Charles Wendlekin hooked and landed a strange crayfish, which has since been called a lobster by persons who say they know what they are talking about.

It has the claws, tail, legs and long smellers and is the color of a lobster. It is a young one, and has attracted much attention because it is the first of its kind ever caught in the fresh waters of the Adirondacks.

L. R. Bolton, of Boston, formerly interested in Maine lobsteries, says the fish is a lobster and the first he ever knew to be found in fresh water. He says there must be others in the Upper Saranac, and the catch will be brought to the attention of the state culturist.

Russian Naval Visit.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—The ministry of marine is considering a plan to send a Russian squadron to America in 1913 to mark the fiftieth anniversary of the visit of the Russian squadron, under the command of Admiral Lyssovsky, to New York in 1863. The visit of 1913 would serve at the same time as a return of the call recently made at Kronstadt by the American battleships.

LOCATION OF FIRE ALARM BOXES

5—Asylum.
6—Royal City Mills.
7—Carnarvon and Tenth.
8—Opera House, Lorne street.
9—Fifth avenue and Twelfth.
12—St. Mary's Hospital.
13—Second and Park Row.
14—Columbia and Dufferin.
15—Burnett Mills, Sapperton.
16—Royal Columbian Hospital.
21—Queen's avenue and Third.
23—Queen's avenue and Sixth.
24—Third avenue and Second.
25—Fifth avenue and Fourth.
26—Fifth avenue and Eighth.
27—Third avenue and Tenth.
32—Agnes and Sixth.
34—Schaake Machine Works.
35—Columbia and McKenzie.
36—C. P. R. Station.
42—Small and Bucklin Mills.
43—B. C. E. R. Railway Car Shops.
45—Eighth avenue and Twelfth.
46—Sixth avenue and Tenth.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

Tenders for Sewer Pipes.

The Corporation invites tenders for "Vitrified Sewer Pipes" for the easterly portion of the west end sewer. The following sizes will be required: 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 and 18 inches with the necessary bends, Y's, etc.

Specifications and particulars can be obtained from the office of the City Engineer. Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 5 p.m. on the 10th day of July next, tenders to be accompanied by a certified check, five per cent. (5) of the amount of tender.

W. A. DUNCAN, City Clerk.
New Westminster, B. C., City Hall,
June 28, 1911.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Public Building, Chilliwack, B.C.," will be received at this office until 4 p.m. on Monday, July 24, 1911, for the construction of a Public Building, Chilliwack, B.C.

Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of Mr. William Henderson, resident architect, Victoria, B.C., at the Post Office, Chilliwack, B.C., and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. (10) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, June 29, 1911.
Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

COAL
New Wellington
JOSEPH MAYERS
Phone 105. P. O. Box 345.
Office, Front St., Foot of Sixth.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BOARD OF TRADE—NEW WESTminster Board of Trade meets in the board room, City Hall, as follows: Third Thursday of each month; quarterly meeting on the third Thursday of February, May, August and November, at 8 p.m. Annual meetings on the third Thursday of February. New members may be proposed and elected at any monthly or quarterly meeting. C. H Stuart-Wade, secretary.

I. O. O. F. AMITY LODGE, NO. 27—The regular meetings of this lodge are held in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Carnarvon and Eighth streets, every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. George Adams, N.G.; W. C. Coatham, P.G., recording secretary; J. W. MacDonald, financial secretary.

PROFESSIONAL.

J. STILWELL CLUTE, barrister-at-law, solicitor, etc; corner Columbia and McKenzie streets, New Westminster, B. C. P. O. Box 112. Telephone 710.

WHITESIDE, EDMONDS & JOHNston, barristers and solicitors, Westminster Trust Block, Columbia street, New Westminster. W. J Whiteside, H. L. Edmonds, Adam S Johnston.

WADE, WHEALLER, McQUARRIE & MARTIN—Barristers and Solicitors. Westminster offices, Rooms 7 and 8 Guichon block, corner Columbia and McKenzie streets; Vancouver offices, Williams building, 41 Granville street. F. C. Wade, K. C.; A. Whealler, W. G. McQuarrie, G. E Martin.

J. P. HAMPTON BOLE, BARRISTER, solicitor and notary, 610 Columbia street. Over C. P. R. Telegraph.

FREEMAN BUNTING, ROOM 22 Curtis Block. P. O. Box 694.

FISH AND GAME.

AYLING & SWAIN, FISH, FRUIT, Game, Vegetables, etc. Dean Block, next to Bank of Montreal.

AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT.

H. J. A. BURNETT, AUDITOR AND Accountant. Tel. R 128. Room, Trapp block.

STENOGRAPHY & TYPEWRITING

MISS M. BROTEN, public stenographer; specifications, business letters, etc.; circular work taken. Phone 415. Rear of Major and Savage's office, Columbia St.

NEW WESTMINSTER MAIL SERVICE

Time of Arrival:	Time of Closing:
20:00—United States via C. P. R. (daily except Sunday)	23:00
8:00—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	8:00
13:00—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:15
18:00—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	16:00
8:00—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	8:00
13:00—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:15
7:30—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	9.45
15:15—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	16:00
10:18—All points east and Europe (daily)	8:30
22:30—All points east and Europe (daily)	14:00
10:18—Sapperton and Fraser Mills (daily except Sunday)	8:30
20:00—Sapperton and Fraser mills (daily except Sunday)	14:00
10:48—Coquitlam (daily except Sunday)	8:30
13:00—Central Park and Edmonds (daily except Sunday)	11.15
1400—East Burnaby (daily ex-Sunday)	13:30
10:00—Timberland (Tuesday and Friday)	13:30
10:00—Ladner, Port Guichon, Westham Island	14:30
10:00—Annieville, Sunbury (daily except Sunday)	14:30
10:00—Woodwards (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday)	14:30
10:50—Vancouver, Piper's Siding via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	14:20
11:30—Cloverdale and Port Kells via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	14:00
11:30—Clayton (Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday	14:00
11:30—Tynehead (Tuesday and Friday)	14:00
8:30—Burnaby Lake (daily except Sunday	16:00
10:00—Abbotsford, Matsqui, Huntington, etc. (daily except Sunday)	23:00
15:15—Crescent, White Rock and Blaine (daily except Sunday)	9:45
15:15—Hall's Prairie, Fern Ridge and Hazlemere (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	9:45
11:30—Chilliwack, Milner, Mt. Lehman, Aldergrove, Otter, Shortreed, Upper Sumas, Surrey Centre, Cloverdale, Langley Prairie, Murrayville, Strawberry Hill, South Westminster, Clover Valley, Coghlan, via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	8:30

YOUR GRAY HAIRS QUICKLY VANISH

A Harmless Remedy, Made from Garden Sage, Restores Color to Gray Hair.

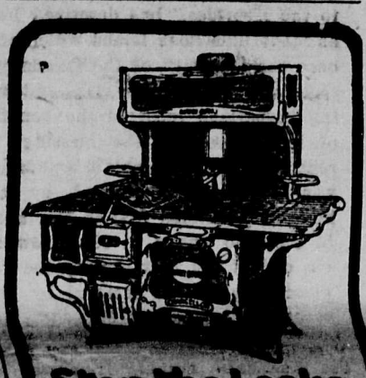
A feeling of sadness accompanies the discovery of the first gray hairs, which, unfortunately, are looked upon as heralds of advancing age. Gray hairs, however, are not always an indication of advancing age, for many people have gray hairs quite early in life. Of course, it is unnatural, and indicates that there is something wrong with the individual, and that Nature needs assistance in correcting the trouble. The same is true of hair that is constantly falling out and becoming thinner every day. If everything is right with Nature, the hair, even in comparatively elderly people, should be long, thick and glossy, without even a streak of gray.

The ideal assistant to Nature in restoring and preserving the hair is Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy, a clean and wholesome dressing for daily use. It not only removes dandruff, but strengthens weak, thin and falling hair and promotes its growth. A few applications will restore faded or gray hair to its natural color.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agents, D. S. Curtis and H. Ryall.

Mineral Waters
Aerated Waters
Manufactured by
J. HENLEY
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Telephone R 113. Office: Princess St.



Stop the Leaks in Your Coal Bill

Use a **Gurney-Oxford** range and save 20 per cent. of your coal bill.

The "Chancellor" shown here is the finest steel range made by the well known **Gurney-Oxford** Company. There's no **better** to be had in the country. Made in more styles and sizes than any steel range on the market, with every late device for economy and convenience.

Material is the **best** to be had, inside and out. With or without reservoir on either end. Guard on ash door. Braced oven bottom. Drop door on warming closet. Divided oven flue, to insure even baking. Broiler top. Thermometer on oven door if desired. Made for coal or wood. **Besides** these special features—

The OXFORD ECONOMIZER

will keep your fire going at lowest possible cost for fuel. Will save at least 20 per cent. of the coal you now use and will take all cooking odors up the chimney.

You'll save money every day you use a Gurney-Oxford. And always get more satisfactory results from your cooking.

Let us demonstrate to you the "Economizer," and the other Gurney-Oxford points of superiority. See how perfect a good range can be. We will also show you other Gurney-Oxford stoves and ranges for every purpose and for any kind of fuel. On display on our floors all the time.

Get acquainted with the best known, best liked stoves and ranges in all Canada. And do it now—for the good of your pocketbook.

T. J. TRAPP & CO.
681 Columbia Street.

GURNEY-OXFORD

The Daily News

Published by The Daily News Publishing Company, Limited, at their offices, corner of McKenzie and Victoria Streets.

E. A. Paige.....Managing Director

UNION LABEL 4

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1911.

ST. AIDAN.

St. Aidan, to whom the West End Presbyterian church has just been dedicated, is one of the lesser known lights of the saints' calendar, but is nevertheless an important personage among the array of those who make up the history of good and holy men. He was the founder of the Northumbrian church, in Saxon times, being sent from Iona in 635 A.D. in answer to King Oswald's summons, to become the Bishop of Northumbria. He established himself in the Island of Lindisfarne, and thence making missionary journeys to the mainland achieved a great work in spite of the ravages of Penda, the heathen ruler of Mercia. St. Aidan died at Bamborough, Yorks, August, 651.

So much for the life and work of the sainted man of Northumbria. But his place of origin, the wild and beautiful Iona, which forms one of the Hebrides group, has associations which are not without interest to the people of British Columbia. It was on this romantic spot that Columbia landed in 563 A.D., after leaving the shores of Ireland, with twelve disciples, and founded a famous monastry. From the sixth to the end of the eighth century this foundation was scarcely second to any in the British Isles. Dr. Johnson, in his "Journey to the Hebrides," has described Iona as "that illustrious island which was once the lumniary of the Caledonian regions, whence savage clans and roving barbarians received the benefits of knowledge and the blessings of religion." St. Columbia's foundation was sacked and destroyed by the heathen Norsemen first in 795, again in 802, and finally in 986. Towards the end of the next century the venerated fabric was restored by Margaret, the queen of Malcolm Canmore. The ruins of the Benedictine cathedral erected in 1203 still exist, but practically nothing remains of the ancient monastery of St. Columbia.

A CONSISTENT POLITICIAN.

Few men are better known or more widely honored and respected in this province than the Hon. William Templeman, minister of inland revenue and member for Comox-Atlin. The fact that he is an ardent supporter of the Liberal policy, esteemed by all as a sturdy member of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's government and as the representative of British Columbia in the cabinet will be sufficient to ensure careful attention to his speech at the mass meeting at St. Patrick's hall on Thursday evening.

Mr. Templeman gives and has given, from the beginning, his consistent support to the policy of reciprocity with the United States. There are no reservations, nor exceptions, nor any half-hearted approval on his part of the reciprocity agreement. He believes and says that this will be for the benefit of the Dominion at large, and as one having a life-long connection with the work and affairs of British Columbia he says it will be a good thing for this province if the agreement is carried into effect. For the lumberman and the fruit grower, the poultryman and the market gardener he declares reciprocity will be an advantage and a gain. Mr. Templeman's activities in the past have proved him to be deliberate in his conclusions and sincere in acting upon these, and his views on this important question must therefore be such as to command universal respect.

Looking at this question of reciprocity in a broad and reasonable way it is difficult to understand how any fair minded and unbiassed person can do other than approve of an agreement which permits of the free interchange of natural products, and which make for closer friendship between two great branches of the English-speaking race. As President Taft said the other day, "The closer we can come together commercially and socially the better for us both." And again, as Senator Dandurand remarked to the Canadians gathered together at the coronation banquet of the Canadian society of New York, "We have travelled far and wide to extend our markets and it is childish to try and say that it is an unwise policy to trade with our next door neighbor." The logic is an applicable to Canada as it is to the United States.

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Outline Method Of White Plague War

(Continued from Page Three)

thorities runs as high as 70 and 80 per cent.

As to relapses. No doubt, there are many. Why? Because the patient is often compelled to return to overcrowded and ill-ventilated living rooms and workshops, and may be subjected to strain or over-fatigue. or his resolve to lead a more wholesome life fails, and he returns to old evil habits of drink, excitement and consequent worry, etc. Of course he is then ready for a fresh infection or the old infected centres break down. In this connection it must be remembered that no amount of fresh air during work will compensate for the lack of sufficient nourishing food or bad accommodation during the rest of the day.

These conditions, happily, do not prevail in Canada to the same extent as they do in older and more populous countries. It presents an aspect, however, of the problem which can and must be met if we are to continue to claim the title of civilized people.

Methods of Handling.

Let us then consider what is the best method of handling our consumptives. As I said before, the Germans lead the world in actual results obtained, and statistics show that the death rate from consumption has been reduced 62 per cent during the last 20 years. I understand their sanitary laws are actively administered and they have more sanatoria for the treatment of consumptives than any other country in the world. The insurance companies, too, finance and control a number of sanatoria and are increasing the accommodation. Is this from philanthropic motives or good finance?

There is no chronic disease requiring more persistent and watchful care, more absolute personal control on the part of the physician, than consumption. The doctor must regulate every little detail of the patient's life, must enjoy his entire confidence, must inspire him with his own enthusiasm. Upon these principles, and the skillful application of remedies to meet complications, the modern and successful treatment of consumption depends.

In a sanatorium no fanciful theories, untried methods or mere experiments are proposed. The simple God-given remedies, viz., fresh air, suitable food, rest and exercise under expert supervision, and suitable cheerful surroundings, have more than proved their efficiency.

A further advantage connected with such an institution is that the admission of a patient means the removal of one source of contagion from the general community; and when, after treatment, such person is returned cured, or otherwise, to the ranks of the public, he or she is an educational centre of first importance, because the first principle impressed on a patient on entering a sanatorium is the care he should exercise in his personal habits; the necessity for cleanliness, for care in disposal of anything about him which would spread, or even be likely to spread, contagion; in a word, he is persisently taught to move and live so that no other human being shall be likely, in the remotest sense, to suffer on account of any thoughtlessness on his part in the care of himself. Such a person, when discharged from the institution, is by his training in the sanatorium not only impressed with the necessity for continuing such caution, but, because of his knowledge so gained, becomes in his family and general surroundings an educational influence infinitely more effective than all the literature and arguments of physicians and authorities on the subject. Need more be said in support of the view that the sanatorium is the best place for the consumptive?

I know of no other objection to the construction of sanitoria than that of cost. Of course, if money considerations compare with lives, valuable to the community and capable of being saved at reasonable cost, then argument becomes useless.

The Germans paid over forty-five million dollars prior to 1905 for handling consumptives and carrying out sanitary reforms with special reference to consumption, and thus reduced their death rate 62 per cent. This reduction means the saving of some 200,000 lives.

The Germans are not sentimental, but are practical philosophers, and that they are correct, is I think, more than proved by the following figures adopted from Marshall Leighton and worked out by Dr. Richer, of Montreal:

A human life at the period of industrial usefulness is worth $6000, distributed as follows:

To the federal government, $1000 (which is the universally accepted figure).

To the provincial government $500.

To the municipal government $500.

To the community and family $4000.

The above calculations have been made from the 'rationale" of productiveness, based upon the expectancy of life at the period of industrial usefulness as follows: At 25 years, the average age at which tuberculosis is fatal, the expectancy of industrial usefulness is twenty years, the average earning capacity $500 per year, five per cent of which goes to the provincial and five to the municipal government, making a total of $500 to each in the course of twenty years. These contributions are both direct and indirect, and according to the law of mutuality, represent a sum superior to $500, but this sum-total, if it errs, does so on the side of conservatism.

In conclusion, let me bring home the facts that a duty is cast on the community as a body, rich and poor alike, to lend not merely an apathetic assistance to this movement; not that the rich man should write out his cheque for his subscription, nor that the poor man should pay his dollar, and that then both should sit back complacently and say "My duty is done."

Humanity first, mutual safety second, calls for united action between the north and south poles of society. Millionaire and working man, master and servant, are equal in this greatest of modern missions among mankind; there is no distinction of class or quality; disease and death bring all men to a common level; we cannot, either by united or any other effort, defeat death ultimately, but we have it in our power to combat disease, some kinds partially, some effectually. That the work we have commenced is necessary, cannot be denied; that it is effective is amply proved. The man, the woman ,the father, the mother, the brother, the sister, who stands aloof, says in effect: "Let danger surround me, let those sink who cannot swim." The one without family, without kindred, who adopts a similar stand says: "What is society or what is my brother man to me?" In short, they stand on the banks of a river into which people have fallen, and when they could save them by stretching forth a helping hand, they allow them to perish miserably and hopelessly. To do this actually, would be criminal, to do it morally, is almost the same. The person capable with positions reversed, would be the first to cry out for assistance. I cannot believe there is such a one in Canada, and am satisfied it is only thoughtlessness or ignorance of Christ's command as given through the Bible that hinders any citizen from doing his part, be it great or small.

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Mass Meeting

Under Auspices of New Westminster Liberal Association

A mass meeting of city and district electors, to which all are invited, will be held in St. Patrick's hall, Blackwood street,

THURSDAY EVENING JULY 6

at Eight O'clock.

The meeting will be addressed by Hon. William Templeman, M.P.
Dr. Clark, M.P.
J. W. Weart, Esq., Liberal candidate
George Kennedy, Esq., President of Liberal Association, in chair.

The chief national questions of the day will be discussed. Admission free.

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SECOND MEETING OF LIGHTWEIGHTS RESULTS IN OWEN MORAN'S DEFEAT

Plucky Britisher's Science Offset By Michigan Bearcat Rushes—Winner Deluged With Challenges—Contest Goes Fifty Minutes—Knockout in Thirteenth Round

San Francisco, July 4—After a bout lasting twelve and a half rounds today Owen Moran, the British aspirant to the lightweight crown worn by Bearcat Wolgast, had to succumb to terrible punishment meted out by the American champion, and although Jeff Perry claimed on behalf of the Englishman that he had been fouled, Referee Jack Welsh disallowed the protest, and had no option but to award the decision to Adolph, who once again proved that youth will be served. Although but four years divide the two representatives, the American has only been before the sporting public for a little less than five years, while on the other hand, Moran has been in the public gaze since 1899.

The contest under note was one of the few for which Moran trained steadily. He has a big love for hitting the high spots, and this has taken much of the stamina from his make-up, and told today when in the eleventh round he fell to pieces. Although he recovered wonderfully in the following three minutes fighting it was plain that he was a loser, and it was only a matter of time before the American would pierce through and land on the vulnerable spot. And so it happened. If anything the Englishman had the better of the exchanges in the twelfth, but to ringsiders Wolgast did not seem to be greatly exerting himself, and was apparently content to block the blows delivered by the challenger. Wolgast did not appear to be in any eagerness to put forth his terrible hooks and even when at close quarters he missed with both hands, this it was which gave the partisans of the Britisher more heart.

No Police Trouble.

The contest was noteworthy for the laxitude allowed by the referee to Moran, who was repeatedly cautioned for too freely using his bent elbow to Wolgast. Clinching also was of too great frequence to be enjoyed by the huge crowd.

Rumors were afloat that the police would raid the arena immediately before the commencement of the bout, but although there was a large number of uniformed and plain clothes officers present, no steps were taken by them to call a halt to the proceedings, which were carried through in an orderly manner.

The contest by rounds follows:

First Round.

After instructions from the third man in the ring, the rivals shook hands, stepped back and then Moran felt out with a short left. Both went to clinch, coming out of which Wolgast visited the other's ear with a hard blow. A second clinch immediately afterwards, and in this Wolgast dug to Moran's kidneys thrice before they broke. Both were apparently out for the shortest route to the long end of the purse, and the roughing tactics plainly showed that no love was lost between the pair. Wolgast using fine judgment whisked the left to the mark and the right glove at the same moment found the jaw. A lengthy clinch in which Moran was severely mauled, followed and on the call to break from Welsh, Wolgast threw a wicked right to the left temple and the message almost toppled the little Britisher. First blood for the American was signalled when at long range and feinting for an opening it was seen that Moran's mouth was bleeding profusely. When the gong sounded, the referee had to get between the lads.

Second Round.

The gong had but sounded for the resumption when both jumped to the middle and clinched. They failed to break on the call and the referee had to prize them apart. When this was repeated, Wolgast, who seemed to be hitting the stronger, thumped the kidneys, Moran wriggling clear. Wolgast chased him to his own corner and again they came to a fondle. Breaking ground, Wolgast delivered a cross to the jaw and remaining inside Moran's guard, hooked the left again to the point and followed this up with a punch with the dexter glove swaying the Englishman's head. A fourth attempt to find the jaw failed, but nothing daunted the Michigan Bearcat came back and only a fraction divided his right glove from Moran's nose. In two fast clinches, Wolgast, who had a big lead on points, half armed to the mark and the blows staggered the other, who jumped back, but the leader was on him as fast as lightning and again visited downstairs with the right, Moran going to a clinch to save himself. In the open again, Moran spurted, and two swift messages seemed to surprise the American. Owen sent a rapid fire series of blows to the mouth, two hooks to the jaw and one to the stomach, and the bell rang with the couple in an embrace.

Third Round.

Wolgast slowed down at starting and missed a left to the face. Moran warming to his work returned and several short arm blows raised his stock. Both swung at the same moment to the jaw, but it was plain that the power behind the blows was all in favor of the Yankee. Moran marking time on the other's right eye, soon had it discolored and swollen. A subsequent, and what looked like a deliberate butt, did not improve the look of the optic. In a clinch to recover, Wolgast covered the blows from the Britisher falling on the other's gloves. Coming from a clinch Wolgast shot a hard one to the ear and Moran almost fell back. He went to the ropes and the rebound brought him up against his opponent, who went in to finish, but a series of clinches spoiled his chances, Moran carefully covering when at close quarters. The latter made a wrong use of his elbow, and clipped a hard smash to Wolgast's right cheek, being cautioned by Welsh. Although he continued to freely use his elbows against the other, the referee did not speak to him, incurring the wrath of ringsiders for not interferring. Moran brought a long left into action for the first time and its introduction bothered Wolgast.

Fourth Round.

From their corners to a prolonged clinch in which both played on the kidneys, Moran having the better of the work and pinking Wolgast plainly behind. Moran feinted and then weaving in essayed for the jaw, but the blow was wide. Moran nothing daunted bored in, but Wolgast sidestepped and clinched. The champion visited the jaw with looped punches at quarter length and the visits told on the receiver, whose head went back. At close range Moran again brought his elbows into action and Welsh loudly told him to desist. Moran countered prettily, but seemed to be sparring for the gong. Wolgast just before the timekeeper got busy found the other's eye and a heavy smash worried the Englishman, who did not reply, but instead clinched, and again used his elbows. In his own corner and when receiving attention from his seconds, Welsh walked over and told Moran he must not again fight foul, the referee's action being loudly cheered.

Fifth Round.

Inside work from both characterized the opening of the round, with Wolgast having the better of the exchanges. From each break Wolgast swung a short jab to the face, but Moran retaliated by stabbing the other's upper body. Wolgast showed that he had in his previous contests been under-rated, as a double handed contestant; he used both members with precision and seemed to have an equally hard punch with either glove. He kept up a fusilade with the left on Moran's stomach, Owen thrice dropping his guard to protect. From a clinch, Moran threw his opponent back, Wolgast reeling against the ropes momentarily. Doubtless fancying he had his man beaten, the Englishman rushed, but Wolgast sidestepped and planted a hook to the jaw, Moran clinching. After some fast exchanges, Moran was the receiver of a terrible left to the point, the blow catching the visitor square on the jaw. Moran was a bit sick and sparred at long range, but each time Wolgast came in Moran covered. Just as the bell rang Wolgast fooled his opponent and instead of hooking with the left as Moran fancied he would Wolgast changed his tactics and a full powerful blow to the mark steadied the other, who was assisted to his corner.

Sixth Round.

Immediately they resumed with Moran greatly refreshed, he missed badly twice, Wolgast easily skipping from the danger zone. The champion too eager possibly likewise failed to connect his right with the jaw, but a second attempt was more successful, the visit to the kidneys distressing Moran. Despite repeated cautions, the Englishman again made use of his elbows, but Welsh was on the wrong side and did not see the foul action. A straight left from Moran on the break was a points getter for the Birmingham representative, the blow smashing home to the nose and momentarily blinding the receiver. Wolgast broke ground for a moment, but again came in and beat the other down with a rain of blows to the stomach and face. Moran held and refused to leave hold on the call. Wolgast appealed to the referee, who forced Moran off. Two uppercuts from Wolgast to the point and a reply from the other directed to the ear brought the pair to a hug until the bell.

Seventh Round.

A deal of time was spent in feinting. Thrice they looked like business, but on each occasion Wolgast adroitly side-stepped and was apparently content to tire his opponent out. The pace they had been travelling was telling on the footwork which was a degree slower than heretofore. Wolgast, on instructions from his corner, went into his man with heavy guns and hooked twice to the jaw and thrice to the stomach without reply. Wolgast from a clinch went to Moran's corner and here the Englishman used both hands to advantage, his straight lefts being splendid expositions of the old English style, which her representative was not using in that manner which had in the past won so many battles. Once when Wolgast had missed a wicked left Moran took a big hand in the engagement and had the leader looking badly in need of a rest. Unmercifully did Moran belabor his antagonist and Wolgast failed for once to get away from danger, the other hemming him in and sending a succession of blows to the other face, body and in clinches, to the kidneys. Coming back after a twenty second clinch, Wolgast was the master and his work on the kidneys showed that he was a past master of this branch of the sport.

Eighth Round.

Moran was unlucky to connect a strong left with the ear, the blow falling short by a fraction. Coming back he found the nose and brought blood streaming from that organ. The Englishman looked to be fresh and escaped many dangerous visits by his pretty footwork. In a clinch, Moran was seen to advantage. He protected better than previously and saved himself from the kidney blows in a manner which brought cheers from the British crowd on the bleachers. It was only for a brief period that Moran had a lead, as Wolgast taking advantage of his opponent rebounding from the ropes, smashed the face and followed this up with a severe clip to the mark and without a halt again swung to the ribs, the trio of visits badly bothering Moran, who went to safety by clinching, but freeing himself, Wolgast, thoroughly roused, hooked to the stomach, the blow doubling the Britisher and partially sending him through the ropes. The round was one of the best in the whole contest and was Wolgast's.

Ninth Round.

In the opening clinch, body blows were plied by either, but without telling effect, both being careful to cover. Wolgast hooked a left to the jaw, but the blow carried little or no steam behind it. Moran wakened up and two straight lefts steadied the leader for a moment. Immediately afterwards Moran temporarily lost control of himself and almost wrestled the champion through the ropes, being soundly hissed for his action. Even work by both was seen for a brief spell, Wolgast's hooks being offset by Moran's straight lefts. Contesting every inch of the rink Moran was seen to advantage in the closing minute of the round, his work being cleaner and more effective than that from the American. The round was Moran's.

Tenth Round.

Moran took up the running and worried the other by his persistent attacks, the visitor did not ease up for a moment and followed up every opening, swinging to the point and hooking with the right in the clinches and on the breakaways. Wolgast half way through the round pulled the speedier traveller up with a sharp

(Continued on Page Eight.)

LIBERAL CONVENTION

A convention representing the Liberals of British Columbia will be held in the city of Vancouver commencing Aug. 30, 1911.

Each provincial constituency is entitled to send ten delegates for each member which such constituency is entitled to elect to the legislature.

C. J. McINTOSH,
Secretary.

JOHN OLIVER,
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TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $2 per week. Trapp block, corner of Lorne and Columbia streets.

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TO RENT—SPLENDID NEWLY furnished rooms in Cliff block, on Sixth street, one block from Columbia street. Apply the Misses Chapman, room 2, third floor.

TO RENT — GOOD FURNISHED rooms, with board. Apply 55 Royal avenue.

TO RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. Apply to A. H. Ferguson, Pythian Hall Building.

FOR RENT—GOOD BOARD AND room; convenient location. 47 Columbia street.

J. NEWSOME & SONS
Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators
Estimates Given.
214 Sixth Avenue. Phone 567
NEW WESTMINSTER : B.C.

PALMER GASOLINE ENGINES
3½ to 25 H. P.
2 and 4 Cycle.
Local Agents
Westminster Iron Works
Phone 53.
Tenth St., New Westminster.

The
Royal Bank of Canada
Capital paid up $6,200,000
Reserve 6,900,000
The Bank has 175 branches, extending in Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific; in Cuba, throughout the Island, also in Porto Rico, Trinidad, Bahamas, NEW YORK and LONDON, ENGLAND.
Drafts issued without delay on all the principal Towns and Cities in the World.
These excellent connections afford every banking facility.
New Westminster Branch,
LAWFORD RICHARDSON, Mgr.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Meet every Monday in Labor hall, 8, p.m.
F. H. Johnson, business agent office. Blair's Cigar store. Office phone L 508, Residence phone 501.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to 1 p.m. on Saturday, July the 15th, 1911, for the position of City Auditor.
W. A. DUNCAN, City Clerk.
New Westminster, B. C., City Hall, June 28, 1911.

SEE McELROY
for sewer connections
'Phone R672

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
Eastern Excursions
TICKETS ON SALE:
July 4, 5, 6, 19, 20, 26, 27, 28.
August 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 30.
September 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7.
Going Limit, Fifteen Days.
Final Return Limit, October 31, 1911.
For rates and full information apply to
H. W. BRODIE, A. G. P. A. Vancouver.
E. GOULET, Local Agent.

Sheriff's Sale

Province of British Columbia, County of Westminster.

To Wit:

Under and by virtue of a writ of fi fa to me directed and delivered against the goods and chattels of W. Beadle at the suit o f Montelius Piano House, Limited, I have seized and well sell at Vidal's warehouse, Thompson block, Columbia street, New Westminster, on Wednesday, the 5th day of July, 1911, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the following, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and costs herein:

ONE BELL PIANO

Terms of Sale—$50.00 cash, balance $15.00 per month, with interest payable quarterly at 7 per cent., secured by lien note on piano.

T. J. ARMSTRONG, Sheriff.
New Westminster, June 28th, 1911.

Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Pork and Veal
AT THE
Central Meat Market
BOWELL & ODDY
Corner Eighth St. and Fifth Avenue.
PHONE 370.

THE
Bank of Toronto
NEW BANKING ACCOUNTS
Many People who have never before been in a position to do so, may now be ready to open a bank account.
The Bank of Toronto offers to all such people the facilities of their laage and strong banking organization.
Interest is paid on Savings Balances half-yearly. :: ::
Business Accounts opened on favorable terms. :: ::
INCORPORATED 1855
ASSETS $48,000,000
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
BRANCH
615 Columbia Street.

Outlines Method Of White Plague War

(Continued from Page One.)

the tubercle bacillus, the germ (the only cause of the disease) abounds in countless numbers (one spit contains millions of germs). When the sputum dries and is broken up by sweeping or other means, the germs are carried through the air and so may be lodged in the throat or breathed into the lungs. To realize this, let it be remembered how small are these germs. It takes thousands packed together to be capable ofbeing seen by the naked eye. It will then be easily understood how such a minute body as one or two of these germs attaching themselves to dust particles may float in the air. In order to fully understand the importance of this fact, look at the illuminating path of a ray of sunlight passing through a small opening into a darkened room. The small dust particles may be seen floating in such numbers that it can readily be understood how impossible it is to avoid breathing them; and when consumption germs, derived from the spit of the careless consumptive are attached, it will further be seen how consumption is spread and why so many authorities term it a "House Disease."

Quarter of Century's Work.

The full significance of Dr. Koch's discoveries bearing on the prevention of tuberculosis has been but slowly comprehended. These discoveries were made twenty-six years ago and even now a part of the medical profession and a large proportion of the public have failed to grasp its vast influence on the happiness and prosperity of the human race. The animal aspect will never be effectively handled unless under government control, and this will not be done until popular demand compels. The spread from man to man depends on knowledge and sense of responsibility in persons afflicted with tuberculosis. As already indicated, the sputum is the channel through which the germ passes from man to man. I hesitate to use the word "spit." It sounds objectionable and its use almost calls for an apology. If the mere word is offensive, how much more so must the act be?

The filthy and dangerous habit of spitting cannot be too severely condemned. If the dictates of decency will not influence, then common humanity should guide, for there are many diseases, other than consumption, conveyed through the spit.

Expectoration.

The injury done to many by spitting is a matter of indifference to some people. As a result it is now contrary to law to spit on floors in public places, or in cars, on on sidewalks. The law is necessary for the careless and ignorant, but it is expected that thoughtful and honest-minded citizens will desist from acquiring the habit. When it is absolutely necessary to spit, do so in such a manner that persons are not liable to carry it on the soles of boots or on long skirts into their homes. There is little doubt that many deaths have resulted from carelessness in this respect.

The breath of the consumptive does not contain the germs, nor can they get into the air around him except through the drying of his sputum, or by coughing without covering the mouth. A consumptive is, therefore, not in any way dangerous to speak to or sit with so long as he is scrupulously clean in his habits, catches and destroys every particle of expectoration, always coughs into a paper napkin or cloth and properly disposes.

From the above broad and brief statements of fact we can readily see why consumption is now termed a communicable disease, and that it can be prevented, and it is then with every assurance of ultimate success that we may enter upon the task of controlling and eventually exterminating this terrible malady.

Apart from the humane and pathetic side, which to any thinking human must appeal, there i sthe business or economic side, which we as a nation, cannot afford to neglect. The life of every citizen has its fixed proportionate value to the state, based upon the extent of his earning capacity and productive working power. The force, therefore, whatever it may be, which has power to sweep our wage-earners and workers, in thousands, to the grave, and to reduce by its enervating influence the working capacity of tens of thousands more, is a force which in ordinary self-defence must be fought against by every conceivable means —and such is tuberculosis.

To its death roll Canada contributes 12,000 lives every year, one-seventh of the total of all deaths; and one in every three deaths between the ages of 15 and 35 is due to consumption. Add to these the accepted calculation that, at the lowest estimate, five cases of the disease are in evidence for every one death occurring.

Communicable Disease.

These are bad facts, but when in conjunction with them, as we know, that consumption is a communicable, preventable and curable disease, it is a cause for wonder and pain when such numbers of otherwise kind-hearted human beings and pious Christians calmly look on and never lift a hand to assist in a fight against a huge evil, which science and experience tell us can be conquered. I am satisfied this neglect is due to lack of knowledge or thoughtlessness.

(Continued on Paze Three).

CANADIAN PACIFIC B. C. Coast Service
VANCOUVER TO VICTORIA.
1:00 p. m..... Daily
TO SEATTLE.
11:30 p. m..... Daily
10 a. m. Daily via Victoria
TO NANAIMO.
2:00 p. m.....Daily except Sunday
TO UNION AND COMOX.
9:00 a.m. .....Thursday and Saturday
TO PRINCE RUPERT AND ALASKA
11 p. m. May 6, 16, 27, April 4, 15, 25
TO QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS.
11:00 p. m.....
WESTMINSTER TO CHILLIWACK.
SS. Beaver.
8 a.m. ....Monday, Wednesday, Friday
CHILLIWACK TO WESTMINSTER.
7 a.m....Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
For Other Sailings and Rates Apply to ED. GOULET, Agent, New Westminster.
H. W. BRODIE, G. P. A., Vancouver

The Best Baker in Canada

A good oven is the housekeeper's delight. A poor one is the despair of her life. That's why we want to tell you about this Chancellor.
A special divided flue makes the oven a **perfect** baker. There is not a range in the country can beat it.
Baking day instead of being a trial and a disappointment is a pleasure, a satisfaction.
Come in the store when you're down town and let us explain to you just how this flue distributes the heat evenly over the whole oven. Bakes in front just as well as back—under crust as well as upper

The GURNEY OXFORD STEEL TOP
means a marked saving in fuel, and better baking results. The Chancellor not only does its work **better** but **at less cost** than other ranges.
We can demonstrate to you the whole superior Chancellor principle of **economy** and **efficiency** in ten minutes.
Isn't it worth that much of your time right now ?
The Chancellor is made for either coal or wood. Other **Gurney-Oxford** designs of every sort, for every purpose and all kinds of fuel, on display on our floor.
Special demonstration now.
GURNEY-OXFORD
T. J. TRAPP & CO., Ltd.
681 Columbia Street
GURNEY-OXFORD

SAGE AND SULPHUR
Made Her Look Twenty Years Younger

READ MRS. HERRICK'S SWORN STATEMENT

STATE OF NEW YORK } ss.: ROCHESTER, N. Y.
COUNTY OF MONROE }

Nancy A. Herrick, being duly sworn, deposes and says: When I was a girl I had a head of heavy, long, dark brown hair which was the envy of my friends and which attracted the attention and remarks of strangers, but as I grew older it commenced to come out. When my hair was quite thin and gray, I was induced by the many good reports I had heard of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur to try a bottle; and you can imagine my satisfaction when I found my hair was fast coming back to its natural condition. I continued to use Sage and Sulphur until my hair was as heavy, dark and smooth as when I was a girl of sixteen. It is now four years since I began using Sage and Sulphur and my hair is in splendid condition.

HENRY W. HALL NOTARY PUBLIC MONROE COUNTY N.Y.
Sworn to before me this 14th day of July, 1908.
Notary Public.
Nancy A. Herrick

You Can Look Years Younger by Using
WYETH'S SAGE AND SULPHUR HAIR REMEDY
It is an Elegant, Refreshing Dressing
It Makes the Hair Soft and Glossy It Quickly Removes Dandruff
It Stops Hair Falling and Makes the Hair Grow
It Restores Gray Hair to Natural Color
PRICE 50c. AND $1.00 A BOTTLE AT ALL DRUGGISTS
If your druggist does not keep it, send us the price in stamps, and we will send you a large bottle, express prepaid.
Wyeth Chemical Company, 74 Cortlandt St., New York, N. Y.
FREE A 25c Cake of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Toilet Soap Free to anyone who will send us this advertisement with 10c in stamps to cover cost of wrapping and mailing the soap.

F. G. GARDINER. A. L. MERCER
Gardiner, Mercer & Gardiner,
M. S. A.
ARCHITECTS
WESTMINSTER TRUST BLOCK.
Phone 661. Box 772
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Bank of Montreal
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL $14,400,000.00
RESERVE 12,000,000.00
Branches throughout Canada and Newfoundland, and in London, England, New York, Chicago and Spokane, U.S.A., and Mexico City. A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available with correspondents in all parts of the world.
Savings Bank Department—Deposits received in sums of $1 and upward, and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum (present rate).
Total Assets over $186,000,000.00
NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH,
G. D. BRYMNER. Manager.

Westminster
Transfer Co.
Office 'Phone 188. Barn 'Phone 137
Begbie Street.
Baggage delivered promptly to any part of the city.
Light and Heavy Hauling
OFFICE—TRAM DEPOT.
CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, $3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Outlines Method Of White Plague War

(Continued from Page Two.)

Consumption causes the death of one Canadian citizen every hour during the day and every half hour during the night, and at an age when they are most useful to their families and the community. Mildly put, this is serious, but when we further know that it is within our power to lessen this morality at once by united action, and eventually to stop it, we cannot be otherwise than distressed at the suggestion that anyone refuses to take his or her stand in rendering such assistance as is reasonably within their power.

As I said before, the fight against consumption is one with which all civilized communities are now engaged. Germany leads and already can show great results. The government and the people spent money liberally and methodically in preventive measures. The Germans were the first to adopt special treatment in hospitals and sanatoria. The home treatment was closely attended to by improving general sanitation and bettering conditions of living. The public were educated how to live and the spread of the disease was checked by looking after those affected. The result was a reduction of the death rate from tuberculosis by 62 per cent during the last twenty years.

In opposition to this excellent showing we find that up to the last few years certain countries have taken no action. I could name one in which the consumption death rate has increased in twenty years 15 per cent, and another in which it has doubled in the last six years. Need more be said?

I would, however, like to point what kind of acttion our shrewd cousins in the south are taking. On January the 1st, 1905, twenty-four associations, 115 sanatoria, and nineteen tuberculosis dispensaries were in action. On January the 1st, 1911, there were 394 associations, 386 sanatoria, and 215 tuberculosis dispensaries. It is thus evident that our cousins have risen to a feeling of responsibility. Let us pray this feeling will extend to the north.

In face of such facts as these, who can entertain a doubt as to what is our manifest duty.

Provincial Problem.

The tuberculosis problem in British Columbia is one of grave importance and considerable difficulty, owing largely to a scattered population and great distances. It is, in other respects, pretty much on the same basis of proportion as elsewhere.

There are nevertheless special features which serve to increase the chances of infection and the spread of the trouble. The chief of these is the necessary herding together of men in considerable numbers in insanitary and ill-ventilated quarters in bunkhouses which constitute a feature of the principal industries of the country. The airtight heater has taken the place of the open fire-place and everywhere, more or less, the modern methods of living fight on the side of the disease.

Public interest in the Anti-Tuberculosis movement commenced in the year 1904 and since have been gradually increasing. It was at the commencement of that year that, in sympathy with the world-wide campaign, the British Columbia Anti-Tuberculosis society was formed under the auspices of the lieutenant-governor, the mayor of Victoria and a few leading citizens. Active operations were shortly entered upon and a plan of campaign was inaugurated which claimed as its ambitious objects:

1. The eventual eradication of tuberculosis.
2. The education of the people as to its cause and its prevention.
3. The care or alleviation of suffering.
4. The care and safe disposal of advanced cases, dangerous in their immediate surroundings and a menace to the community at large.

Formation of Society.

The society was formally incorporated by an act passed by the Legislative Assembly during the session of 1907. It is controlled by a court of governors and managed by a board of directors comprising many of the leading men of the province. It was honored with the patronage of his late majesty, King Edward, and the same distinction was extended to the enterprise by his excellency the governor-general of Canada and his honor the lieutenant-governor of the province. The movement has the strong moral and financial support of the Provincial government and to a large extent, of the municipal authorities and the citizens of the province generally, who have treated it with sympathy and generosity, the list of contributors is now being prepared and will be printed and published before the end of the present year.

As the best means of circulating a knowledge of the disease and its possibilities, together with the methods to be adopted to prevent its spread, and with a view to the discovery and prompt treatment of local cases, as well as the more extensive collection of funds, branch societies to the number of 29 have been formed throughout the provincial centers, working like the parent society under an established constitution, and tributary to the latter.

As another sure means of circulating information, literature appropriate to its various uses has been forwarded to every school in the province for distribution to the children, and addresses and appeals have been sent to the clergy, the teachers and all leaders of industry and employers of labor and heads of trade, institutions and friendly societies with the object of engaging their sympathy and co-operation.

In addition to pamphlets sent in such numbers that every child attending school could receive one, a special chapter on tuberculosis has been added to our official text book on hygine. This book is used in every school in the province.

Kamloops Sanatorium.

The first development of activity in the anti-tuberculosis campaign in British Columbia was the purchase by the Society of a property in the Kamloops vicinity at a cost of $58,000 for the purposes of a sanatorium for the treatment of incipient consumption.

The property consists of 600 acres of productive and well-watered land, with 8000 acres of grazing leased from the Dominion government at a nominal rental.

The name of the place is appropriately called Tranquille, and the group of houses on the property, which, after the necessary alterations and additions to adapt them to the purpose, form the nucleus of the institution which is known as the Tranquille Sanatorium.

Tranquille is situated on the north side of Kamloops Lake, about eight miles west of the town of Kamloops and 250 miles east of Vancouver. It has a southerly aspect and an elevation of 1100 feet. It is fairly well protected from the prevailing southeast winds which though sometimes strong, are seldom cold, and also from the northwest, whence at times the wind blows up the lake both cold and strong. The highest recorded precipitation is 10.6 inches, eight inches being in the form of rain and the remainder snow. The average highest temperature for a number of years is 97 degrees, and the lowest six below zero. The mean temperature is 47 degrees. The average relative humidity is about 80 degrees in the winter and 60 degrees in summer, and the average pressure of vapor is about 190 degrees in winter and 350 degrees in summer.

Here then, as will be apparent is an institution surrounded by its own farm land which provides the necessary food supply of known purity in milk, meat, butter, eggs and vegetables. Here the sufferer is given a fair fighting chance of life under the best conditions in our power to present.

Institution's Work.

The institution was open to receive patients on November 28, 1907. Our first accommodations was for sixteen patients. We now handle sixty, and in the coming September will be able to accommodate 96 consumptives.

During last year 97 patients received treatment, and all those who have passed through the institution only 20 percent were able to pay in full; 58 per cent paid in part, from $3.00 to $10.00 per week, and the remaining 22 per cent were unable to pay at all. Thus taken in the aggregate the patients themselves contributed 88c per day of the cost of maintenance.

The cost per patient has amounted to $2.00 per day. This is met from the following sources, viz:

(a) Provincial government hospital grant, at the percapita average rate of $.60 per diem.

(b) Municipal grants.

(c) Fees from patients, charges being modified in accordance with their means, with a maximum charge of $15 per week.

(d) Contributions from local societies.

The work has been an arduous one and sometimes very trying and difficult. Individuals ignorant of exact conditions are liable to interfere, criticise and look for impossible results. It is, however, with no little satisfaction that we are able to say that the result has been, on the whole, of a most encouraging nature, notwithstanding inadequate accommodation.

During the period of ten and one-half years since this work has been in progress, the thought and energies of the directorate have been concentrated upon the construction of an institutional building adequate to the full requirements of the province, and every means has been employed to raise funds for this purpose.

After careful inspection by the society's architect of kindred institutions in eastern Canada and America, a plan was decided upon in which is sought to embody all the latest scientific ideas suitable to our purpose, and the result has been that we have now a building of a type recognized in construction. This building is not yet completely furnished because of lack of funds. To meet this and other necessaries an appeal is now made.

There are many proposals as to what is the best method of handling consumptives. Some people advocate that the consumptive be treated in his own home; others think that dispensory advice, providing when necessary, tents or shacks, is sufficient; while others look on special hospitals as too expensive for the results obtained. These views arise from two causes:

1. The enormity of the problem and the consequent apparent impossibility of affecting the desired end.
2. The failure to cure a majority of patients and the relapse of many who were thought to be cured.

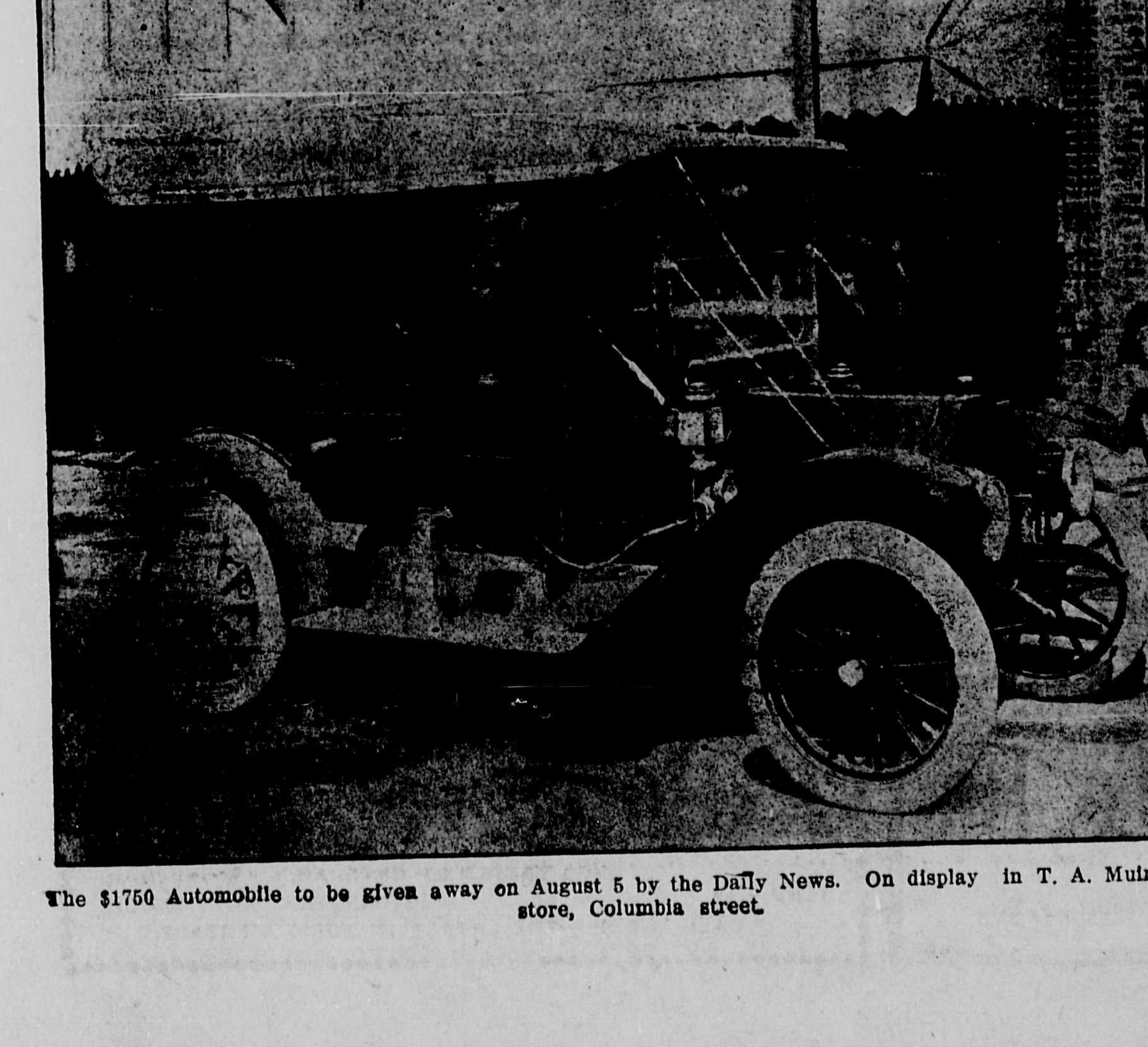
Two Out of Seven.

The magnitude of the problem is certainly appalling, for we know that two out of every seven deaths occurring between the ages of 16 and 35 are due to consumption. The great civil war in the United States destroyed 650,000 persons in four years. The cause of this war was just, but the destruction of human life is looked on with horror. We know that 600,000 persons perish from consumption every four years in the United States. This, unlike the civil war, is not justified, because it can be prevented. Of course, then, the contemplation of the problem is almost paralyzing, but, to meet the difficulty, we will look in vain to inaction. A policy of drift cannot be permitted in the present stage of progress and knowledge.

As to the question of failure to cure consumptive patients. No doubt in too many instances, the unfortunate patient is beyond help; but why? Once consumption gets a strong hold on an enfeebled constitution it is rarely cured. Its progress may be checked, but the patient need not expect to be physically reconstructed. He may be patched, but he can never be made whole again.

It is, however, different with a case recognized in its very early stage. If the constitution be good and if what is termed the "resisting power" be high, then the results are most satisfactory and the actual percentage of cures vouched for by reliable au-

(Continued on page four)



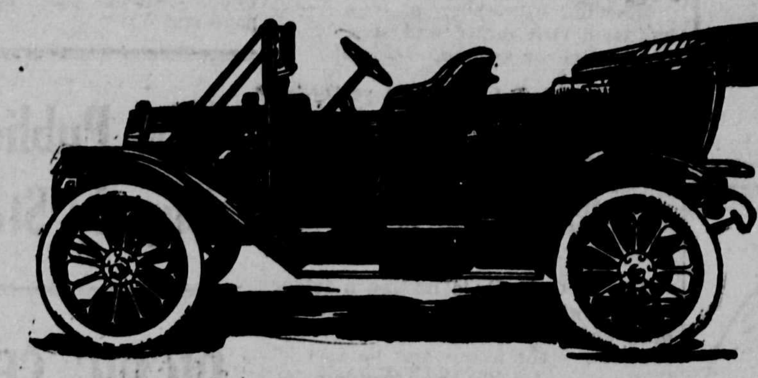
The $1750 Automobile to be given away on August 5 by the Daily News. On display in T. A. Muir's drug store, Columbia street.

The Auto that will be given away by the Daily News, Aug. 5, was purchased from the McLaughlin Carriage Co., Ltd.

B. C. BRANCH: 1285 PENDER STREET WEST, CORNER JERVIS, VANCOUVER.

Machine on display at T. A. Muir & Co's Drug Store

441 COLUMBIA STREET.



"Model 27" Price Complete, $1750

Specifications of the McLaughlin-Buick Five Passenger Fore Door Touring Car Which Will be Given Away as First Grand Prize by The Daily News:

Body—Very carefully designed for comfort and beauty of outline. Extralarge doors easy of access.
Seat—Five passengers.
Upholstering — Hand-buffed leather; easy spring backs and spring cushions.
Wheel Base—106 inches.
Gauge—56 inches.
Tires—3½x32 quick detachable.
Brakes—Two on rear hub, internal expanding; also external contracting.
Springs—Easy scroll Elliptic on rear; semi-Elliptic on front.
Frame—Pressed steel. 3½ inches drop.
Horse Power—26.
Cylinders—Four with valves in head. 4x4 inches.
Motor Suspension—Sub-frame.
Cooling—Water, centrifugal pump and fan.
Ignition—Jump spark.
Current Supply—"Splitdorf" Magneto and dry cells.
Carburetor—"Schebler" automatic.
Lubrication—Splash system, gear pump forcing oil to all engine bearings automatically.
Motor Control—On top of steering wheel.
Clutch—multiple Disc—Bronze and hardened steel plates.
Drive—Shaft.
Color—Dark blue with gray wheels, or all cherry red.

Price—$1750 f. o. b. factroy, includ ing oil tail and side lamps, two gas head lamps, horn, wheel jack, pump and tool equipment, robe rail rail in tonneau, half length foot rail in front. Top and glass front.

THE 2nd GRAND PRIZE is an Upright Crand $500.00 style A. Colonial Design WORMWITH PIANO

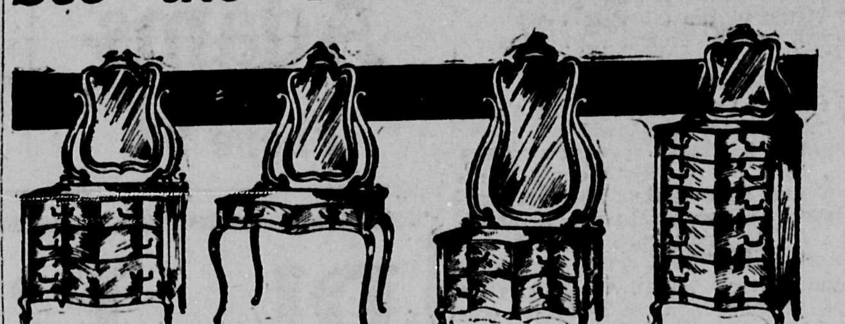
This piano was purchased from **The Columbia Piano Co.,** 425 Columbia Street.

DESCRIPTION.

New improved scale with heavy iron plate. Double veneered in figured walnut or mahogany. Carved top panels. Full-length swinging music desk. Three pedals. Sustaining pedal. Rolling fall, continuous hinges throughout. Trichord over-strung scale. Elastic repeating action. Ivory keys. 7⅓ octaves. Patent noiseless pedal action.

DIMENSIONS Height, 4 feet 6 inches. Width, 5 feet 1½ inches. Depth, 2 feet 3 in

See the Three Beautiful Furniture Sets



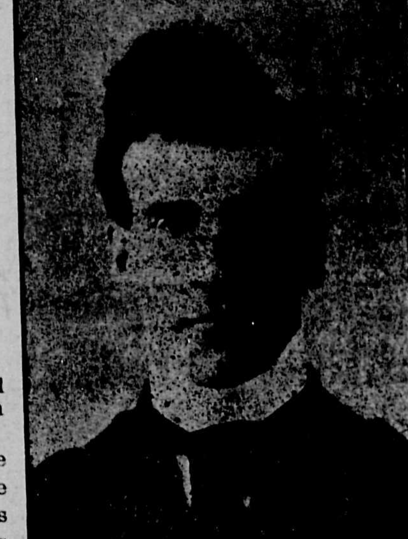
That the Daily News is giving away August 5th. They were purchased from

Galloway & Lewis

4th and Columbia Streets

Three $96.00 Scholarships in the Westminster Modern Business College

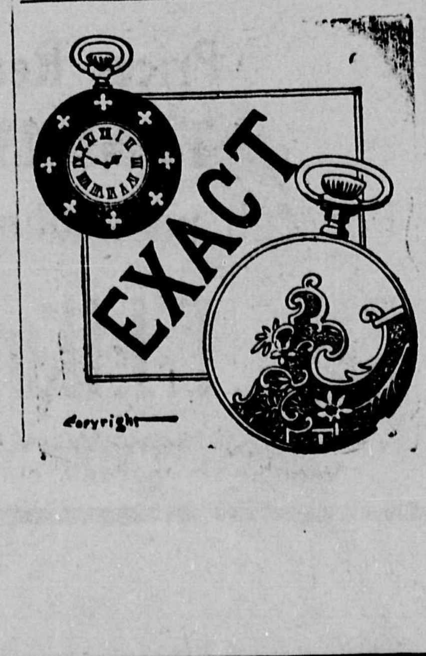
Will be given away by the Daily News August 5th, 1911.



Our premises are large and airy, occupying the upper floor of the Cunningham building, which is situated in the busiest business section of the city. This is no small advantage. It is most central for business men who wish to call on us to obtain office help, and as all car lines pass our doors it is most conveniently located for all students from the suburban districts.

Attention is especially called to the excellent teaching staff and to the splendid facilities afforded students to secure an extrance into business life after graduation.

Three 14 k. Solid Gold Watches



Also prizes in the Daily News Auto Contest; one for each of the three districts. **They are on display at T. Gifford's** Jewelry Store, Columbia Street

Do you want to swing ?

We have Hammocks

ANDERSON & LUSBY

When the Fire Bell Rings

Your first thought "is that my home on fire." Why worry; take out a policy in one of the quick settlement companies which I represent.

A. W. McLeod

THE INSURANCE MAN

Churns

We are selling our entire stock of Daisy churns

At Cost

Now is the time to make your purchase while they are cheap.

JAMES & McCLUGHAN

553 Front Street

E. J. Boughen

Architect and Builder

See me about your new house.

HOMES FOR SALE.

Room 5 Trapp Block.

Phones 715 and 537.

You Auto

See our line of

Toilet Articles

Tooth, hair, nail, shaving and cloth brushes, face creams and lotion sof all kinds. Shaving requisites, etc., etc.

AT

MUIR'S DRUG STORE

Deane Block. 441 Columbia St.

New Westminster, B.C.

CITY NEWS

Mrs. W. S. Rose will not receive today, or again this season.

Mrs. P. B. Brown will not receive today, or again for some time.

Strawberries fresh from the patch. Phone up 876. **

Miss Davey, milliner, Sixth street, has removed to 204 Agnes street, corner of Elliott. **

The baseball game of the local season will be played at Queens park on Saturday when the Balmorals and Alerts clash. **

Miss Ida Newlands, of New York, has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Purdy, Queens avenue.

Ira Reid left for Seattle yesterday to meet his sister, Mrs. Nicholas Flood Davin, and a cousin, Miss Spittal, of Ottawa.

For spring plants and cut flowers phone Davies and Son, florists. Phone 897. **

The B. C. E. R. is issuing a folder dealing with the Chilliwack, Lulu island and Westminster lines. It will comprise eight pages, and be specially illustrated with new photographs.

James McMilliam, the shoemaker, late of Carnarvon and McKenzie streets, has removed to Sinclair's shoe store, where he will be glad to see all his old customers. **

Herbert D. Mackness, of this city, has been elected on the executive committee of the B. C. chapter of the American Guild of Organists, which has been inaugurated at a meeting in Victoria.

Wood! Wood! Wood! Call and secure our special rices on ten load orders of kiln dried fire wood. The best wood in the world. Walsh Sash & Door Factory. Phone 413. **

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Murchie (nee Robinson), on their return from their honeymoon, have taken up their residence in the Murchie block, corner of Sixth and Clarkson street. Mr. and Mrs. Murchie were married at Christ church, Vancouver, on June 21, by the Rev. C. C. Owen, and afterwards went south for two weeks.

Wood! Wood! Wood! Call and secure our special prices on ten load orders of kiln dried fire wood. The best wood in the world. Walsh Sash & Door Factory. Phone 413. **

J. J. Dewar, of Phoenix, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

Everyone is going to the big baseball match at Queens park on Saturday between the Balmorals and Alert Join the throng. **

We have buyers for several good building lots in west end and want a few good listings to submit. Reid, Curtis & Dorgan, 706 Columbia St. **

The magnificent McLaughlin-Buick automobile, to be given away by the Daily News, is to be seen in the window at T. A. Muir's drug store, Columbia street. Full particulars on page six. **

Meeting of Lightweights Results In Moran's Defeat

(Continued from Page Five.)

jolt on the chin and this may be said to have taken much of the fire out of Moran's after work. The blow was a short arm jab and caught the Britisher square on the point sending his head back. Taking full advantage of this Wolgast weaved in and almost upset the other coming from a clinch. Moran picked out four pretty pointers without reply and a long clinch ensued. Missing a heavy hook, gave Moran an opening of which he took full advantage and although he lacked the steam of the other in the blows he was in the front with cleaner work.

Eleventh Round.

Fourteen times did the pair clinch in this round, and while Wolgast fought at hurricane speed during the first half, Moran picked out his attack and showed that he had the science. Wolgast paid special attention to Moran's stomach, which was red from the blows which had been rained there. Moran at close range was responsible for a series of face smashes, while Wolgast's ear was swollen and bore testimony to the visits paid by the plucky Englishman. The round was a fairly even one with Wolgast a shade leader.

Twelfth Round.

Wolgast had not got into attitude before Moran sent a straight left, but quick as a shot the champion escaped the message by a side step and a reply found Moran wanting. Keeping his blows centred to the mark, Wolgast smothered the little man, but it was not for long as after a bit of by play when he tried to fool the other by turning on his heel, Moran suddenly wheeled and caught Wolgast on the left jaw with the right and on the mark with the left, dazing the American wonder. On a break Moran sent his followers into the heavens of delight by non-plussing the other and getting five times to the face without Wolgast scoring a single point. Wolgast seemed to tire, but before the round closed he found the kidneys with cruel punches and regained some of his points, but the round was easily Moran's.

Thirteenth and Last Round.

A clinch followed the bell, and coming free Wolgast thumped the stomach, the blowing winding Moran, who danced round for recovery. Against the ropes Wolgast again got to the mark twice without a reply from Moran. For a brief moment Wolgast stood back and then finding that he had his opponent beaten went back to finish the battle. Three smashes to the stomach and a weak right to the jaw took all the heart from Moran and despite the shouts from his corner to get away from danger, Moran could not and collapsed to the ground. Just as he was toppling, Wolgast uppercut to the jaw and this half stopped the Englishman for a brief second. Then the end came. With a far away look in his eyes, Moran sank down and took the count of "nine-out." A foul was claimed, but Referee Welsh disallowed it.

The Public Supply Stores

PICNIC SEASON

Has Arrived

Save yourself the trouble and worry of cooking for them by taking along some of our cold sliced meats.

Jellied Veal
Ox Tongue
Chipped Beef
Cold Boiled Ham

and many other lines, all sliced by our perfect machine; clean, Tasty and Wholesome

Geo. Adams

Phone 92

BOHEMIAN CAFE

Is now under new management. Meals at all hours, night and day.

Merchant's Dinner from 11.30 up to 8 o'clock; 25c.

The cafe is centrally located, being opposite the C. P. R. station; also B. C. E. R. station. Electric cars running to Vancouver, Chilliwack and Steveston leaving opposite the cafe.

LEW LUND, Proprietor.
Corner of Columbia and Eighth Sts.

Blackie Spit

The demand for lots at this high-class summer resort has exceeded our most sanguine expectations.

Many prominent Westminster people have secured lots and will erect summer houses there this year.

Only those who have visited Blackie Spit can appreciate its many advantages. The unobstructed view from every lot, the wide sandy bathing beach, safe boating, large lots, pure spring water, available for every lot, and the transportation marks Blackie Spit as an ideal seaside summer homesite.

Prices Reasonable
Terms Moderate

For full particulars call or 'phone

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We're Ready for the Great Rush

Wednesday and Thursday

The crowds of bargain seekers that have crowded this store during the past few days seem to be getting larger each day, as they learn of the wonderful buying opportunities this sale offers. So don't delay in paying this store a visit. You can expect bargains that never have been equalled in B. C.

DRESSES; SPLENDID VALUES.

Women's one-piece Dresses; in mulls, mercerized linens, cotton foulards, vestings, lawns and ginghams. New Summer styles; regular to $8.50. Sale Price, each $4.25

VOILE SKIRTS TO CLEAR.

Women's Voile Skirts in Fine French Voile; pleated and gored styles, trimmed with strappings of satin; regular to $15.000. Sale Price, each $7.50

WAIST SPECIAL.

Women's Peter Pan and Sailor Waists of Repp and Linen Body; in white with contrasting colors on collar, cuffs and pocket. Extra Special, ... $1.50

WASH SKIRTS FOR QUICK SELLING.

Women's Wash Skirts in Linen, Duck and Repp and Shrunk Cotton; new narrow skirt, trimmed with strappings of self panel back and front; regular to $2.00. Special, each $1.25

GLOVES, EXTRA VALUES.

Women's French Kid and Dog Skin Gloves; with one or two spring button; values to $1.25. Sale Price, each 60c

WASH GOODS SLAUGHTERED FOR BIG SALE.

Beautiful Repp and Batiste Suitings; in light and medium shades, fancy stripes, checks and self colors; widths about 29 inches; values regular 25c. Sale Price, per yard 15c

MUSLINS AND CHALLIES AT HALF PRICE.

Black and Navy Shades of Dress Muslins and challies; with fancy white figures, rings and spot effects; width 28 inches; values regular 25c. Sale Price, 8 yards for $1.00

LINEN SUITINGS PRICED FOR THE BIG SALE.

Lovely Silk Finished Linen Suitings; in self colors of helio, mauve, tan, natural, navy, etc.; width 28 inches; regular 35c. Friday Bargain, per yd., 25c

LINENS; BIG BARGAINS.

Damask Table Cloths; size 66x82 inches; good patterns and weights; regular $1.75. Sale Price each $1.25

Damask Table Napkins; size 22x22; hemmed ready for use. Exceptional values; regular $1.75. Sale Price, per dozen $1.25

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A Five-Days' Cruise to the Northland, $44.00, Including Meals and Berth.

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Interurban Time Table

NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH.

Trains leave New Westminster for Vancouver, 5, 5:45, and every fifteen minutes thereafter until 11 p. m.

SUNDAY SERVICE.

Trains leave New Westminster for Vancouver at 6, 7, 8 and every fifteen minutes until 11 p. m.

FREIGHT EXPRESS SCHEDULE.

Express cars leave New Westminster for Vancouver at 7:20 a.m., 11:20 a.m., and 3:20 p.m.

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Trains leave New Westminster for Vancouver 7 a.m. and every hour thereafter up to 11 p.m., connecting at Eburne Junction for Steveston.

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To Chilliwack and all way points—Leave New Westminster 9:00 a.m., 1:05, 4:05 and 6:10 p.m.

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