Improved property on River road and new cut-off line. House and chicken houses; grand view of Gulf, etc. $10,000, on easy terms.

WHITE, SHILES & CO.

Legislative Assembly
DEC 7 - 1911
VICTORIA, B. C.

Forty lots on new cut-off line (west end); $500 and up. Very easy terms.

WHITE, SHILES & CO.

The Daily News

VOLUME 6, NUMBER 202. NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1911. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

PERIOD IS BETTER

Monthly Statistics Show Improvement.

OCTOBER AND SEPTEMBER

Customs Show Increase of Over $20,000 Over Corresponding Month Last Year.

The oft-repeated saying that statistics are uninteresting does not apply to the monthly statistical statement of the land office, reflecting, as it does, the progress of the city. The returns for October, made up by the land registry, customs and crown timber offices show gratifying increases over the same month last year. In the land registry office, a total of 1308 applications yielded receipts to the amount of $11,784.18, as compared with $4664.95 from 77 applications in October, 1910. This is a fairly reliable indication of the increase in the value of land, for whereas the applications have increased barely to twice the number, the receipts are nearly three times as great. More directly and immediately interesting is the fact that the figures for last month show an increase of about $4000 over the month of September of this year.

Customs Returns.

The customs returns for October show duty collected at $44,351.01 and other revenue $3600, or a total of $47,951.01. This is an increase over the corresponding month last year of $22,189.18.

Crown timber office returns show double the returns for the same figure last year.

Building Permits.

Building permits for the month necessarily show a decrease over those of the previous month. The season of the year explains the fact that there were no large buildings called for in the permits issued during the past month, but the permits showed a good, steady growth in the residencn section for the month of October. Following are the permits taken out since last Saturday, which total $4700:

Miller & Jewhurst, Eads street, five room bungalow, $1200.

Thomas Kirk, Henley street, story and a half frame building, $2000.

George Collins, Fourth avenue and Ninth street, six room, two story building, $1500.

Hospital for the Insane.

The returns for the month are as follows: In the hospital at the beginning of the month, 476 males, 182 females; admitted during the month, 31 males, 9 females; returned from probation, 1 male; discharged without probation, 7 males; discharged on probation, 9 males, 6 females; died, 3 males, 1 female; escaped, 3 males; in the hospital at the close of the month, 486 males, 184 females; on probation at the close of the month, 72 males, 37 females; total under treatment at the close of the month, 558 males, 221 females.

SEVEN GIRLS DIE IN AWFUL HOLOCAUST

Fire in Imperial Powder Company at Chehalis Takes Toll of Lives, All Women.

Chehalis, Wash., Nov. 1.—Fire which destroyed the powder factory of the Imperial Powder company at Chehalis late today caused seven young women to lose their lives and an eighth will die tonight at the hospital.

Only two girls escaped, though a dozen men were unhurt.

The cause of the fire is a mystery. One report is that a pot of paraffin in the mixing room was allowed to boil over by a careless workman and that part of it ran into some powder. A flash followed and soon the whole structure was ablaze.

The girls were hurled down together and owing to the rapid spread of the flames, could not escape from behind a counter where they were working. There was no explosion, the powder being of non-explosive character unless confined. A flash started the fatal fire. Four of the company's buildings were destroyed together with equipment and many tons of manufactured powder, entailing a financial loss of $20,000 or more.

Tonight seven bodies are at the Chehalis morgue, but none of the relatives are able to identify them. One girl's father picked out the body of his daughter by a ring she had worn.

Later—The eighth girl died.

Finance Minister's Seat.

Brockville, Ont., Nov. 1.—The Liberals of South Leeds have arranged to hold a convention at Delta Saturday to decide whether Hon. T. W. White, finance minister, will be allowed to sit for South Leeds without opposition.

SOME SIDELIGHTS ON FUTURITIES

Romance of the Sale of a Little Property in the Royal City—How Profits Accrue.

Yesterday D. D. Bourke, of New Westminster, sold nine lots on the west side of Twentieth avenue and on the south side of Eighth avenue, for about $750 apiece.

This, of course, in itself is in nowise remarkable—that is to say in the ordinary course of events it is not worth a place on the front page, but—

Ten years ago a man of the name of Robert Reid, who was then a struggling limb of the law (or if he wasn't he ought to have been if only to finish out the romance of this story) attended an auction sale of a bunch of lots in this very locality. The lots were then being sold by the land office because their owners were delinquent in taxes. Reid, as a speculation, bought a block of them at an average price of 15 cents apiece.

Within a very few hours this budding millionaire with remarkable acumen, and exhibiting a germ of financial genius which was abnormal, doubled his money, and sold his recent purchase for the magnificent sum of about 45 cents the lot.

Mr. Reid after that in all probability entirely forgot about the transaction, for doubtless the call of the law was upon him.

But—He had pinned his faith to these lots, and he had, in one transaction concerning them, made one hundred per cent. on his money.

And this fact burned in the dim recesses of his brain, the calls of the Blind Goddess notwithstanding.

And Mr. Reid came back.

Yesterday at Mr. Bourke's sale he repurchased two of his original lots at $750 apiece. He has repinned his faith to the same old property, and doubtless this time he will hold on.

Mr. Bourke bought his property about seven years ago and when asked what price he had paid for it he said, with a quiet little chuckle, that he had nothing to say "for publication."

He calls the site Buntzen Heights and has withdrawn it from the market, but he says that it rivals Shaughnessy Heights as an ideal residential spot. His sale yesterday netted him $6,500.

Mr. Robert Reid is now a well-known—or say a rather wellknown—lawyer in Vancouver.

CEASE FIGHTING

Negotiations to Be Opened With Rebels.

SHI KAI HAS FULL POWER

Expected that His Appointment Will Change the Entire Political Situation.

Peking, Nov. 1.—The appointment of Yuan Shi Kai today as premier of China will be followed by a cessation of hostilities on the part of the Imperialists and the opening of negotiations with General Li Yuen Heng, leader of the revolutionists at Hankow.

An Imperial edict providing for important administrative changes also accompanies the resignation of the ministers, but until Yuen Shi Kai returns to Peking, Prince Ching will continue to perform the duties of premier and the present cabinet will remain in office.

All the ministers attended a secret session of the national assembly today, which, it is understood, virtually agreed to the demands of the disaffected Manchus troops. A member of the war board was appointed to confer with the troops and express the assembly's views.

The assembly also discussed the recent loan for which arrangements had been made with a Belgian and French syndicate. The ministers explained that the loan was needed for carrying on field operations. The assembly thought there was a good prospect of the termination of hostilities and in that case the fund would not be necessary. It was finally decided to refer the matter by telegram to Yuan Shi Kai.

The newspapers are beginning to sum up the results of the 17 days' rebellion.

The Daily News considers that the appointment of Yuan Shi Kai will change the entire political complexion, restore peace, inspire the people with confidence, command the respect of foreign countries and place the empire on a sound basis.

Reports received here state that Yunan Fu, Nanking and several cities in the provinces of Yunan, Anhelw and Fukien have gone over to the rebels. The soldiers in North China are avowedly awaiting the action of Yuan Shi Kai.

The government troops and the Shan Shi rebels are encamped not far apart.

Apparently they do not intend to fight, at least not for the present.

FOOTBALL AND LICENSE LAWS OCCUPY TIME OF CITY FATHERS

Discuss Also Municipal Census, Slips at Street Ends, Grading of Sixth, and Appoint Mayor Lee, Alds. Grey and Dodd to Attend Municipal Convention.

The license laws came in for vigorous discussion at the meeting of the city council last night.

The question came up as a result of the resolution from the Local Option league which was submitted at the last meeting of the council and held over for a week, asking the council to endorse a resolution to the following purport:

"The municipal council of New Westminster agrees to the amendment of the Municipal Clauses Act, giving power to municipalities to reduce the number of liquor licenses within the municipality on a plebiscite by a majority of the votes cast; the said plebiscite to be taken on a petition signed by 15 per cent. of the said electorate."

Alderman Lynch moved that the resolution be referred to the meeting of the Union of Municipalities to be held at Victoria, November 15 and 16.

Alderman Johnston approved of the resolution. He thought majority rule should be followed in licenses and in everything else.

Alderman Lynch said he thought that during the next few years the number of licenses would have to be increased instead of reduced in New Westminster. More hotel accommodation was needed. He thought the delegates to the meeting in Victoria should not have their hands tied.

Alderman Dodd said the principle involved in the resolution appealed to him. He would like to see the principle of initiative, referendum and reform applied not only to this, but to every other question.

Alderman Johnston, replying to Alderman Lynch, said he hoped the time would never come when he would have to vote for more liquor licenses in New Westminster. If it was hotel accommodation that was needed he thought this should be secured by making hotels already in existence conform to a higher standard. If any hotelkeeper declined to conform the license should be taken away and given to some one who would. He moved that the resolution as received and forwarded to the convention at Victoria, through the delegates of the council, requesting for it favorable consideration.

In reply to a question, Mayor Lee said the law was already clear about the number of licenses which should be granted on a basis of population.

Alderman Bryson seconded Alderman Johnston's amendment.

Alderman Lynch asked who was the writer of this letter?

The reply came that the letter came from the Local Option league, of which Rev. Dr. Spencer is the secretary.

Alderman Gray said that if the resolution read that licenses should either be reduced or increased he would support it. As it was, he seconded Alderman Lynch's motion.

Alderman Campbell thought the people should have the choice either way.

Discussion then rambled over the whole stony field covered by the liquor question. Alderman Lynch remarked that Dr. Spencer was a paid agitator, and the house divided on the almost world-old problem whether the better man is he who leaves liquor alone, or he who takes it or leaves it at his pleasure, or on the insistence of his friends.

Finally Mayor Lee brought the meeting back to the motion and the amendment, and on a division Alderman Lynch's motion, that the resolution shall be referred to the municipal convention, was carried. In this form the resolution goes to the convention without the endorsation or the condemnation of the council.

Mayor Lee attends the convention by virtue of office, and Alderman Gray and Dodd were appointed to accompany him.

Census.

Alderman Johnston reported that the finance committee, on going into the matter of a municipal census, found that the council usually takes a census in the month of January. The committee was therefore of opinion that the question stand over till then. He moved accordingly. The motion was adopted.

Street End Slips.

It was agreed that a special meeting be held to inspect the various street ends for construction of slips.

Football on Queens Park.

Alderman Bryson brought up this matter. He said he understood the chairman of the parks committee was to report on this question. A communication had been received.

Alderman Lynch said no communication had been received. He received an application from a city football team for the use of the park. He did not know whether the council was willing to have football played there and he asked for instructions. The council had no opinion.

Alderman Bryson: "They referred the matter to the parks committee to report."

Alderman Lynch: "I asked the council what they thought about it."

Alderman Johnston said he was in the chair when this matter was brought up. There was some discussion whether football playing would injure the turf. Statements were made about the different sorts of boots various athletes wear and a resolution was made that the parks committee should report. The council was waiting for that report.

Alderman Dodd moved that football playing be permitted on Queens park.

Alderman Gray seconded. He asked whether the council had any power to prevent the playing of football on Queens park.

The mayor said the council could stop defacement of the park. He instanced the notice "keep off the grass."

Alderman Gray said 15 or 50 children might be found playing football on the park any time.

Alderman Lynch said there was some friction between the two associations, amateur and professional. He was trying to get them to arrange practice nights. He would not like to see them at Queens park. The other grounds were much better suited for football playing.

Mayor Lee: "The solution is that the parks by-law be passed to get the parks into proper shape."

Alderman Lynch moved that the matter be taken up by the parks committee at a future date. To pass the resolution just submitted would be working against what the parks committee were trying to bring about.

Alderman Bryson asked if Alderman Lynch proposed to bring this matter before the council tonight under new business.

Alderman Lynch said he did, and for the moment the question dropped.

Another Phase—Plebiscite.

Towards the close of the sitting, under the head of new business, Alderman Lynch moved that a plebiscite be taken on the question whether games for which an entrance fee is charged shall not be played at Moody park in preference to Queens park.

Alderman Henley made some remarks which Alderman Lynch appeared to construe as a reflection on the manner in which the affairs of the lacrosse club had been conducted with regard to the playing on Queens park. Alderman Lynch said his idea was that $[illegible] from Turkey [illegible] upper end of Moody park to put it into shape for matches of the sort indicated in the motion he had just made. The amateurs and juveniles could use the lower end. Unless the parks by-law passes, he said, he saw no means of obtaining Moody park, which was to his mind the only football oval in the city.

Mayor Lee was convincing in his correcting of any impression that the city council is averse to sport being played in the city. This was an entirely mistaken idea, said his worship.

Alderman Gray moved that it be left to the mayor, Alderman Lynch and Alderman Johnston to draft a form of resolution in which the question shall be submitted to the electors.

Grading of Sixth Street.

This matter, often thrashed out before, was discussed at some length again last evening.

Mayor Lee said that if there was a permanent grade established the B. C. E. R. company would have to comply with it. If there was to be a franchise the city must put the street into shape for it. The company was required to keep in repair eight inches of street on each side of the track.

Rebatement of Taxes.

Malins, Coulthard & Co. wrote asking discount of taxes of certain properties owned by English clients, and stating that it was impossible for them to receive tax notices in time for obtaining rebate.

Alderman Lynch moved that this letter be referred to the finance committee to act.

Alderman Johnston remarked that Mr. Malins had spoken to him. He had gone into the matter very carefully and found that the notice had been held at the city hall from the 1st to the 18th, probably in order to obtain the address of the people in England. It was then too late for payment to be made in time to secure the rebate. He suggested that the sum allowed on rebates be refunded.

Alderman Dodd said there were a number of people in the city in the same position as those people in England, but they were expected to make application at the city hall. He thought it would be a bad precedent to allow a rebate. He moved that the finance committee should report.

Alderman Bryson seconded the amendment. The notices had been sent out in August. It was now November.

Alderman Johnston said the second notice had only been received in England on September 18. If it would be satisfactory to the council the finance committee could report, but he did not see how the council could be in a position to report anything further.

Mayor Lee said he was certainly opposed to any report being given under the circumstances set forth. Applications for rebate had been received and refused, although backed by much stronger reasons. Those people should make some arrangement and appoint an agent to represent them. He did not know whether

(Continued on page four)

CEDAR SHINGLES PRODUCED IN B.C.

Number is Over One Half of Total Output of Dominion—Also White Pine.

Ten species of wood are used in the manufacture of shingles in Canada, of which cedar is the most important. Reports received by the forestry branch at Ottawa show that over nine-tenths of the two billion shingles produced in Canada during 1910 were of this species and that over one-half of these were western cedar cut in British Columbia. The consumption of spruce and white pine has decreased suddenly in 1910, 82 per cent. less of the former being made than in 1909, and scarcely one-fifth the usual amount of white pine being produced. Nova Scotia and Quebec cut most of the spruce shingles. The white pine shingles are mostly of the species Pinus monticola and are cut in British Columbia. Nearly three million more of hemlock shingles were produced in 1910 than during the year previous and of the total of fifteen million pieces, over nine-tenths was produced in Ontario and Quebec. The above four species furnished over 98 per cent. of the wood used in shingles. Balsam, douglas fir and jack pine, although of less importance were used during 1910 in increasing quantities and for the first time, tamarack and red pine were reported as shingle wood. There was less fluctuation in the value of the species than formerly. Balsam shingles were the cheapest at $1.48 per thousand and tamarack the most expensive at $2.49.

TO ENTER TRIPOLI

Turkish Commander Sends Word.

ITALIAN GENERAL TAKEN

Retaliation for Tripolitan Losses Riots in Alexandria.

Constantinople, Nov. 1.—The chamber loudly cheered today the reading of a telegram from the deputy of Tripoli, Suliman El Baruni, commanding the Arab volunteers. The telegram was dated October 28, and said:

"I reached the coast accompanied by the volunteers October 26 and delivered a formidable assault upon the enemy who were driven out from their entrenchments. Today I am marching on Tripoli. Thanks to divine assistance I shall enter the town."

Alexandria, Egypt, Nov. 1.—Reports of Turkish victories at Tripoli were echoed here during the night in a tumult which at one time threatened to be serious. The natives turned out in thousands, calling upon Allah to confound "the infidels."

Caneva Reported Captured.

Constantinople, Nov. 1.—War Minister Chifket Pasha today officially announced that General Caneva, commanding the Italian army in Tripoli has been captured by the Turks. Foreign diplomats here doubt the statement.

The Turkish despatch reports that Caneva was captured in a desperate battle between Turks and Arabs on one side and Italians on the other, on the outskirts of Tripoli.

Chefket Pasha today announced also that official despatches assert that the Turks are steadily pushing the Italians back to the coast and he expressed confidence that they would soon be captured or forced to board their warships lying off the city of Tripoli.

Chefket Pasha declares the Turks have captured five more forts at Tripoli after a three hours' battle despite the fire from the Italian torpedo boats off shore. The war minister says the Italians are being reinforced daily, but that the Arabs, flocking from the interior to join the Turkish army, more than offset the Italian numerical gains.

Last Criminal Case.

The hearing in the last case on the docket of the criminal assizes, and the verdict of the jury following the hearing were reached yesterday. In this case, Harry Brock, a fisherman, was charged with having stolen 174 salmon, the property of the Scandia Trading company, from a boat on the river. Explanations of how the fish came into the possession of the prisoner were freely offered by him, but they were unconvincing and were not accepted by the jury. He was found guilty, but the intelligent jury strongly recommended him to mercy. Sentence was deferred, till witnesses are heard this morning regarding the good character of the prisoner.

King's Printer Appointed.

Victoria, Nov. 1.—Mr. W. H. Cullin, formerly assistant, was today appointed King's printer.

ROYAL BANK BUYS

Premises of Bank of Toronto Acquired.

DEAL GOES THROUGH TODAY

Purchasers Said to Have Taken Over Whole Premises from Nels Nelson—Agents Reticent.

News of one of the most important real estate transactions which has been carried through in New Westmin for some time leaked out yesterday when it became known in business circles that the site leased by the bank of Toronto in this city was purchased by the Royal Bank of Canada. The Bank of Toronto has been established here for three years. The property is owned by Nels Nelson of the brewery, and probably by some associates. It is described as Lot 19, Block 13.

This property has changed hands before, but not so recently that the price of recent transfers was either determined or affected by the conditions which now obtain; so that, necessarily, their is a wide difference between the prices paid on previous occasions and the price paid in this instance. The property fronts on Columbia street, between Mr. W. Sinclair's shoestore and Mrs. Birch's millinery and ladies wear establishment. It is understood that the deal includes the site of adjoining properties, and that the figure paid is a high one.

Mr. Crosbie, of the Vancouver branch of the Royal Bank of Canada, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Richardson, manager of the Royal Bank of Canada in this city, seen yesterday afternoon, declined to discuss the deal. He would not deny that it was in progress, but declined to say whether he was aware of the extent of property involved, the stage at which matters had arrived or the plans of the Royal Bank with regard to the property.

Mr. Bourne, of J. J. Johnston, real estate broker, who is acting as agent for Nels Nelson in the sale, refused to make any statement last night. He said the deal was a cash one, and the absence from the city of one of the [illegible] being carried through yesterday. It is probable that it will be completed today.

It is stated that the purchase price is in the hands of the legal advisers of the parties and that the deeds only lack the signature of one party.

GREAT JOURNALIST IS LAID TO REST

While Eulogy Is Read Over Body of Late Joseph Pulitzer Two Great Journals Stop Work.

New York, Nov. 1.—Crowds of thousands of people, unable to secure admission to St. Thomas Episcopal church today during the funeral service over the body of Joseph Pulitzer, surrounded the edifice while the services were going on.

And for five minutes this afternoon the great newspaper presses in the New York World and the St. Louis Post-Dispatch stopped and all work in the buildings ceased, during the time the eulogy was being read over the body.

CANADA'S NAVY TO BE CONVERTIBLES

So Report Has It—Will Be Cargo Ships Easily Transformed to Cruisers.

Ottawa, Nov. 1.—The Evening Free Press claims to know that the building of commercial vessels which can serve as cruisers in time of trouble is likely to be the eventual policy of the Canadian government. It says that this plan is now under consideration and that if a plebiscite is taken on the navy one of the questions to be asked the electors will be whether they want the government to promote, by subsidy, a fleet of cruisers which will serve commerce in time of peace and the British navy in time of war. In ministerial circles it is said that the navy question has not yet engaged the serious attention of the government.

A minister of the crown, when questioned as to various solutions of the naval question which have appeared in the press, said that they were all guesswork, that the matter had not yet received the consideration of the government. It is altogether probable that before any naval program is officially outlined, Hon. J. D. Hazen, minister of the navy, and perhaps another minister, will go to London to confer with the admiralty.

Wants

WANTED — PARLOR, BEDROOM and bath, in private family, by bachelor. State terms in answering, care of Box 50 Daily News.

WANTED — COMPETENT WOMAN for general housework. Must be good plain cook. Apply 31 Columbia street, city.

WANTED — TABLE BOARDERS. Good home cooking, terms moderate. Apply 55 Royal Avenue.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR OUTside position; steady work year round; must be hustler. Apply personally after 6 p. m. 55 Mackenzie street.

WANTED — NIGHT ORDERLY with some experience for Royal Columbian Hospital, New Westminster; salary $35 per month raising to $40, board and lodging. Apply to the superintendent.

WANTED—SITUATION AS COOK general servant by young Scotch woman; two years' experience. Apply Box 99.

WANTED — LOTS CLEARED BY contract; blasting, excavating, concreting, etc. F. Webb & Co., 102 Tenth street, city.

WANTED KNOWN FULL INFORmation on divorce laws of Nevada and other states sent on receipt of 25c each. Western Information Bureau Goldfield, Nev.

WANTED—THE RESIDENTS to know that I am now operating the only pasteurized bottled milk plant in the city and will deliver either pasteurized milk or cream to any part of the city or district. Milk, 9 quarts for $1.00; cream, 30c a pint. Phone your order to R 873 or write Glen Tana Dairy, Queensboro, Lulu Island.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND, by the hour or day, by single man, not using liquor or tobacco. Box 100 this office.

WANTED—LOTS AND ACREAGE to clear, landscape gardening. Apply J. S. McKinley, Edmonds.

WANTED—ROOMERS AND BOARDers. Apply Sixth avenue, Burnaby East.

TO RENT.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, 213 Seventh street.

FOR RENT.—Seven room cottage; modern, at 108 Queen's avenue. Apply G. L. Brown, Daily News office.

TO RENT.—Furnished housekeeping rooms at 224 Seventh street.

TO RENT SEVEN-ROOM MODERN house, furnished, on Third avenue near Fifth street. Apply M. D., Daily News office.

TO LET—TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms; modern, heated. 37 Agnes street. Phone L 38.

FOR RENT—WELL FURNISHED room for young gentleman in refined home; rent $10. Write Box 11 News office.

TO RENT—A MODERN SEVENroom house, bath, toilet, etc. Apply 1412 Fifth avenue.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE to rent, 319 Regina street, $22 a month.

FOR RENT — TWO BEDROOMS with sitting room to let to gentlemen only. Breakfast if desired. Telephone and modern conveniences. Five minutes from the post office. Terms moderate. Enquire Phone R 414.

Varden No. 19, Sons of Norway, meet in Eagles hall the first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

A. KROGSETH, President.
J. J. AUNE, Financial Secretary.

VIOLIN

Mr. Holroyd Paull, violin virtuoso and teacher, pupil of Prof. Sevcik, Prague M. Cesar Thomson, Brussels now receives pupils. Terms and full particulars from Mr. C. W. Openshaw, Room 8 Ellis Block, 552 Columbia street.

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LAND REGISTRY EXPERT

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WESTMINSTER TRUST BLOCK.

Phone 661. Box 772

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

SPIRITUALISM

A Spiritual meeting will be held at Mr. J. Clark's residence, Inman avenue, Central Park, near station, Thursday evening at 8 p.m. All are welcome. Literature for sale. **

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—MALLEABLE RANGES, $1 down and $1 a week; no interest; four styles; old stoves taken in exchange. Canada Malleable Range Co. Phone 996.

FOR SALE OR RENT—SIX ROOM modern house; lot 52x124 on easy terms. Apply 1009 Leith St.

FOR SALE—SIX OF THE CHEAPest lots in the west end, on Eighth avenue, having a southwest view, facing the river and gulf. Lots 55x110 and 118. Very liberal terms. Phone L 179, or call 1303 Eighth avenue.

$350 takes a high grade $600 Vose piano, at Vidal's Warehouse, Market Square.

REID, CURTIS & DORGAN

706 Columbia Street.

QUARTER ACRE at Edmonds, with 60 feet on main road; a remarkable speculation at $1000.00.

TWO LOTS cleared on Sykes road, Edmonds, close to municipal hall, just north of Vancouver road; $375, $75 cash, balance $10 per month.

THREE LOTS with light alder bush, 66x132, close to Edmonds station, in D.L. 53; $475, $50 cash, balance $10 per month.

LULU ISLAND, 50x160 foot lots just off Ewen avenue, in city; $550, $100 cash, balance in 24 months.

LULU ISLAND, 44x185 foot lots, on Ewen avenue; $650, $125 cash, balance 24 months.

REID, CURTIS & DORGAN

Specialists in acreage and small improved ranches. Farm land to trade for city property.

706 Columbia Street.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK SPANIEL, FAT, 12 years old, answers to name "Dope," near Kensington. Finder rewarded. G. A. Mitchell, Bank of Montreal, Cloverdale.

LOST—BLACK AND WHITE ENGlish setter dog. Owners name and address engraved on collar. Finder return to W. Thompson, care Leafs' store, East Burnaby. Reward. Anyone found having dog after this date will be prosecuted.

LOST — TAKEN FROM SIXTH street slip between 8:30 and 9:30 Sunday morning, shooting coat, shell vest and shells. Finder please return to this office.

Very New Very Stylish

TAKE another look at this style. It's fresh from the studio of one of the greatest designers in America. See the full front, the nice lapels, the smooth shoulders. Another exclusive 20th Century Brand creation. We are the sole agents.

M. J. Phillips

THE WARDROBE CLOTHIER

671 Columbia St. New Westminster.

PEACOCK THRONE FOR KING AT DELHI

Durbar Will Be Most Magnificent Spectacle Ever Witnessed—Camps Will Cover Many Square Miles.

London, Nov. 1.—The Imperial Durbar, for the purpose of making known the solemnity of the coronation of King George V. as Emperor of India, promises to be one of unparalleled magnificence, surpassing the long series of pageants that mark the gorgeous history of Hindustan. The King, as already announced in The Joural, will sail from Portsmouth on November 9, in a vessel especially fitted for the royal party, and the actual ceremonies of the Durbar will take place on December 12. Festivities and ceremonial functions will, however, prolong the Royal visit until January.

Assembly of Warships.

One or two interesting functions will mark the passage through the Mediterranean and Red Seas. There will be an assembly of warships of the Mediterranean command at Gibraltar and Malta to greet the Royal travellers, and it is thought likely that there will be an exchange of compliments somewhere in the neighborhood of Malta between King George and King Victor. In the Suez Canal it is also probable that the Khedive and Lord Kitchener will go on board the Royal vessel to pay their respects to his majesty.

The Delhi Celebration.

Bombay will be reached early in December, and the first important event of the tour will be the welcome given to the King-Emperor on his landing. No time will, however, be lost on the journey northwards, for the state entry into the ancient capital of the Moguls is fixed for December 7. This will be one of the most imposing ceremonies connected with the Durbar celebrations. Their majesties will detrain at Selingarh, where in the surrounding camp will be assembled all the ruling princes and official representatives of every province, state and agency in India.

His majesty, according to the official arrangements, will himself ride through the "Shadi Darwazda," or the "King's Gate," an historic passage used only by the great Mogul Emperors. Lord Hardinge, the Viceroy, and the members of his council will receive the King-Emperor at the fort, the inner fortified citadel, which till the mutiny was the residence of the Emperors and the home of the dazzling peacock throne, one of the wonders of the eastern world. Here, also, one of the most historic ground in all India, "on the edge of that plain of Paniput, on which Empire has more than once been lost and won," the King-Emperor will ascend his throne and will receive the homage of the rulers of over two hundred millions of his subjects.

"If on earth there be a paradise it is this, it is this!" is the proud inscription on the richly gilded, lacquered and inlaid marble walls, and the scene that will unfold itself before his majesty—the turbans and the flowing robes, the spears and the silver maces, the elephants with their canopies of state, the gorgeous palanquin of the prince and the close litter of the noble lady—will indeed be one of splendid magnificence.

The Great Camp.

The festivities at Delhi will extend over a week, and the program includes an imposing state procession on the occasion of the people's fete day. The illuminations, decorations and firework displays are to be on a scale never before attempted in India, and a prominent feature of the celebrations will be the part the children will play.

Some idea of the magnitude of the arrangements may be gathered from the following details of the Durbar camp. In all there are 437 camps, and the ground covered exceeds 25 square miles, accommodation being provided for over 200,000 people. The whole of this vast space has been specially levelled and prepared, drainage and water supply systems and electric light installation laid down, and every part of the camp is connected by light railways. A large central market and three subsidiary markets have been erected for the supply of food and other necessaries at ordinary prices, and in one way and another an army of over one hundred thousand men have been kept busily employed for the past six months.

The Durbar Itself.

In the presence of the ruling chiefs and the high officials of every province, state and agency, from the Himalayas to the Indian ocean, and from the borders of Baluchistan to the Bay of Bengal, the Durbar itself will take place on December 12. To attempt to describe that brilliant ceremony would prove an impossible task. Without doubt it will be one of the most gorgeous and magnificent spectacles ever witnessed in the gorgeous east. The chief event of the day will be the reading by the King-Emperor of a Royal Proclamation, in which it is expected that certain "boons' or "concessions" will be made to the Indian people in the form of some remission of taxation release of prisoners, and so on.

Simutaneously the Royal Proclamation will be read in every town and village throughout India.

The musical arrangements for the Durbar ceremonies are worthy of the importance of the occasion. There will be a massed band made up of seventeen bands from each British cavalry regiment in India with twenty-two musicians of every regiment of infantry, British and Indian.

An investiture on the 14th and a large conferment of honors will bring the Delhi program to a close. Then the King-Emperor goes tiger shooting to Nepal, and the Queen proceeds to Agra.

Calcutta's Welcome.

After this hunting trip in Nepal the King, accompanied by the Queen, goes to Calcutta, where the splendors of the Delhi Durbar will be repeated. Their majesties will arrive at Howrah station at the beginning of January, and then proceed to Princeps Ghat.

At Princeps Ghat there will be a brilliant reception by the government. Their majesties will then drive in procession to Government House, attended by an imposing escort, through streets which will be most gorgeously decorated and lined by 25,000 school children.

But the great thing at Calcutta is to be the Pageant which Mr. Frank Lascelles is to organize. The scenes that will be witnessed will rank amongst the most dazzling ever seen in the Orient. The period of history covered will extend from the seventeenth century back to the remote past. The processions alone will be four miles long, and will include two hundred elephants, and as many camels and dromedaries, and there will be no fewer than 6000 performers, all attired in the most picturesque costumes of Indian history.

A Wonderful Casket.

Bombay will give their majesties an equally memorable reception. Here there will be a great children's day, an exhibition of Old Bombay, and naval and military parades. The Bombay Corporation are having prepared a wonderful casket to contain the Coronation address to their majesties, which is to cost Rs. 16,000 (about $5120), and the chasing of which alone will occupy twenty skilled workers over three months. The government, moreover, have had struck 675 000 medals for the school children of the Presidency, and another one, 175,000 for the children of the native states.

The celebrations at Delhi, Calcutta, and Bombay will be on a more elaborate scale than anywhere else, but throughout the length and breadth of India every little community is making a united and enthusiastic effort to make the day the most memorable of their lives.

ODD PLACE FOR STOLEN LETTERS

Deposited in Roof of German Postoffice Where They Lay Three Hundred Years.

A very curious discovery which throws some interesting side lights on the life of sixteenth century Europe was made some time ago when the contents of the old postoffice at Frankfort-on-Main were transferred to the new premises. A complete mail bag full of letters and apparently officially sealed was discovered hidden among the rafters of the old postoffice, where it had lain forgotten for over 300 years.

The bag was at first deposited intact among the state archives, but it has recently been handed over to the Imperial Postal Museum, where the curator, Dr. Sautter, has been occupied in examining the contents. Dr Sautter has published the results of his examination in the Imperial Postal and Telegraph Archives.

The mail comprised 175 packages containing in all 272 letters; in some instances several different letters were enclosed in one package, either for the sake of economy or in the hope of greater security.

Most of the letters were addressed to persons residing in Aix-la-Chapelle, Cologne and Antwerp besides a number intended to reach officers and soldiers of the Spanish army then operating in the Netherlands.

One can but vainly speculate upon the disappointments, quarrels and losses, that may have resulted from the miscarriage of all these messages. They were no doubt serious, for in those days letter writing was too costly and troublesome to be undertaken without real need. Dr. Sautter has classified the letters and published a selection of those that contain items of general interest.

The "aviso" or despatch note found in the bags is written in Italian, though signed by the Spanish postmaster at Milan. It is dated May 16. 1585, and consigns the mail to resident in Cologne. The letters themselves are dated from various towns in northern Italy.

It is impossible now to say how these letters came to be deposited in the roof of the Frankfort postoffice, though there can be little doubt that it was the result of some mail robbery—which was no uncommon event at that period. The peculiar fact remains, however, that the thieves selected a postoffice for the concealment of their haul.—Chambers' Journal.

OH, HOW I ITCHED!

What long nerve-racking days of constant torture—what sleepless nights of terrible agong—itch—itch—itch, **Constant itch**, until it seemed that I must tear **off my very skin** —then—

Instant relief—my skin cooled soothed and healed! The very first drops of D. D. D. stopped that awful itch instantly, yes, the very moment D. D. D. touched my skin the torture ceased.

D. D. D. has been known for years as the only absolutely reliable Eczema cure. Just a mild, soothing, pleasant wash made of Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients, but the instant relief D. D. D. gives to all kinds of skin troubles seems like a miracle, and when used with D. D. D. Soap keeps the skin in perfect condition.

If you have any kind of skin trouble—Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, no matter what it is—yes, even pimples, investigate the wonderful D. D. D. Prescription. We know what D. D. D. has done—we vouch for it. D. D. D. never fails to do exactly as is claimed.

The D. D. D. Laboratories, Dept. N. N., 49 Colborne St., Toronto, will gladly send you a trial bottle if you write them, or call at our store and get a bottle. It will relieve all skin trouble at once. For sale by F. J. McKenzie, Columbia street.

GOLD DUST will

sterilize your kitchen things and make them wholesome and sanitary

Soap only cleans; GOLD DUST cleans and sterilizes.

Soap washes over the surface, leaving a greasy film behind it; GOLD DUST digs deep after germs and impurities, and insures purity and safety.

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GOLD DUST is a good, honest, vegetable oil soap, to which is added other purifying materials in just the right proportions to cleanse easily, vigorously, and without harm to fabric, utensil or hands.

"Let the GOLD DUST Twins do your work."

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Makers of FAIRY SOAP, the oval cake.

HOW THIS POOR WOMAN SUFFERED

Saved By A Friend

RESTLESS AND NERVOUS AND SLEEPLESS MY NIGHTS.

There is a lesson in this letter of Miss Balcombe's that should be taken to heart by every woman who is weak and nervous—who is tortured with Headaches and Backaches—and especially if she knows she has Kidney or Bladder Troubles.

Hundreds and hundreds of women are well and strong today solely because they did just what Miss Balcombe did.

PORT DUFFERIN, N.S.

"I was troubled with Kidney Disease for several years. My back was weak. I had terrible headaches, and was so restless that I could not sleep at night. At last, a friend told me about Gin Pills. I, at once, got a box and after taking them, I felt better—after taking three boxes, I was cured. I would advise everyone suffering from Kidney Trouble, to take Gin Pills".

ETHEL BALCOMBE.

You don't even have to buy Gin Pills to try them. We have such faith in their wonderful curative properties that we will send you a trial sample, absolutely free. Simply write us that you have Kidney Trouble, Bladder Disease, Pain in the Back, Swollen Joints, Neuralgia or Headaches, Rheumatism or Lumbago—and we will mail you a free sample of Gin Pills. You can thus see for yourself just what they will do. Then buy the regular size boxes at your dealer's and continue the treatment until Gin Pills cure you. 50c. a box—6 for $2.50—and remember this—every box of Gin Pills is sold on a positive guarantee of money back if they fail to cure. Buy six boxes at your dealer's and take them according to the directions on enclosed wrapper. If after taking the six boxes, you feel that Gin Pills have not helped you in any way, take the empty boxes to your dealer, and your money will be returned without question. We rely on your sense of fair play and will take your word for it. National Drug and Chemical Co. Dept. B.C. Toronto. 80

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Handsome booklet of valuable information to mothers and nurses sent free upon application.

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Who Said

BOVRIL ?

GERMANY LEARNS FROM PRESENT WAR

Strong Navy Essential in Making World Power—Use of Aeroplanes Studied Carefully.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—While the war between Italy and Turkey has been rather of the character of opera bouffe, it nevertheless is likely to have a strong influence on Germany's naval policy.

Perhaps nowhere are the relative strength and merits of the armies of Italy and Turkey so thoroughly well known as in Berlin, and the best informed military men here have no hestitation in expressing the opinion, privately, that had it been possible to bring the belligerents together on land that there would have been a different story to tell.

The war has drawn home to the minds of the kaiser, and to a greater extent to the minds of the German people, the truth of the proposition that for a nation to be a world power in these days a fleet powerful enough to hold the seas is indispensable.

As a result, the naval program will be radically extended until within the next seven or eight years Germany will have a fleet which will be able to hold its own against any sea force which may be brought against her.

Another phase of the war in Tripoli which will be watched by German army experts with the keenest interest will be the use of aeroplanes under active service conditions.

This is the first time an opportunity has arisen to give these new engines an actual war test, and it is believed that their use in locating the hostile desert tribes in the Tripolitan land will teach many most useful lessons.

Big Socialistic Gain.

The success of the Socialist candidate in the recent election of Dusseldorf has come as a distinct shock to officialdom here. The center party has held this seat since the Reichstag was instituted, and that it should have been captured by the Socialists by a strong majority indicates a growth of Socialism which is far from assuring.

The suicide of Countess Helene von Doenneges at Munich is of rather more than usual interest to America, as she lived for some years in that country with her last husband, Baron Serge Schevitsch, an exiled Russian nobleman, who was editor of a Socialist daily paper in New York, and who was known among the more radical labor leaders throughout the United States.

The baroness was herself a famous actress and authoress.

Old Love Story.

The story of the love affair of Ferdinand Lassalle, the famous Socialist, and Countess von Doenneges forms the theme of Meredith's novel, "The Tragic Comedians." The countess published two volumes of memoirs one of them, which was widely read, being entitled, "My Relations With Ferdinand Lassalle." She was 65. Grief at the death of her husband and straitened means are supposed to have been the motives for her act. The last of the many romantic incidents connected with Ferdinand Lassalle, most brilliant of Jewish writers, is closed with the death of the countess.

Lassalle, a wealthy youth, who had first come into prominence by his remarkable championship of the Countess Hatzfeld, whose cause he fought before thirty-six different tribunals, studying law expressly for that purpose, was the brilliant founder of German social democracy, and in him Bismarck found one of the most formidable opponents.

Lassalle'e meeting with Fraulein von Doenneges at a fashionable Berlin salon led to his death. The first meeting was in 1863, and he at once felt a passion for her which was ardently reciprocated. In the summer of 1864 he met her again on the Rigi, when they resolved to marry.

Ardent Lover Killed.

She was a young lady of 20, decidedly unconventional and original in character, but the daughter of a Bavarian diplomatist, who would have nothing to do with Lassalle. The lady was imprisoned in her room, and soon apparently under the influence of very questionable pressure, renounced Lassalle in favor of another admirer. Count von Racowitza, a Wallachian. Lassalle sent a challenge both to the lady's father and her betrothed, which was accepted by the latter. At the Caronge, a suburb of Geneva, the meeting took place on Aug. 28, 1864, when Lassalle was mortally wounded. His funeral was that of a martyr, and by many of his adherents he has been regarded with feelings almost of religious devotion. He was only 25.

Marriage with Racowitza followed, and after his death she united to the Hungarian actor, Siegwart Friedmarn—under whose auspices she went upon the German stage, and from whom she separated, the marriage being legally void—and in the United States, where she pursued both a literary and a stage career, to the Prussian writer, Baron von Schevitsch. Her third husband died recently at Munich, and a few days later, overcome, it is said, by grief and by financial difficulties, she committed suicide by taking chloral hydrate.

Cutting Off Their Queues.

San Francisco, Nov. 1.—Two hundred and forty Chinese members of the crew of a passenger steamship plying between this city and Oriental ports voluntarily had their queues shaved off here today as an expression of their opposition to the Manchu regime. The hair-cutting took place within a short time after the vessel had docked. Many Chinese in the local quarter have got rid of their queues during the past three weeks.

PTOMAIN POISON IS NOT COMMON

Term is Inexactly Used—Food Poisoning Due to Specific Toxins of Bacteria.

Like many names given hastily or carelessly, the term ptomain poisoning is now known to be inexact, as generally applied. There are such things as ptomains, and they are poisonous; they are chemical products of decomposition in animal tissue; but the symptoms of poisoning often attributable to the consumption of some atricle of food, are not due to them, but to toxins formed by bacteria. Sometimes these toxins are in the food before it is eaten, but often only the bacteria themselves are there, and it is their activity in the digestive organs that causes the serious or even fatal symptoms usually described as "ptomain" poisoning This is brought out clearly in an article contributed to the Hospital (London, August 19) by Dr. H. J. Hutchens, Professor of Bacteriology in the University of Durham. He writes:

"The term ptomain poisoning is inexact, because it leads by inference to the assumption that the symptoms are due to ptomains, while, in fact, as will be shown, these substances are not the cause of the disease. The word ptomain was introduced by the Italian toxicologist Selmi,to describe certain chemical substances more or less allied to the vegetable alkaloids which had been found in putrescent meat and decomposing albuminous matter.

"They are found in only very small amounts in decomposing animal matter, and it is only when meat is in so advanced a stage of decomposition as to be totally unfit for human food that they are present at all. Moreover, many of the ptomains are non-poisonous, and the maority of those that are poisonous exert their influence on the nervous system rather than on the alimentary system.

"Food poisoning is, therefore, the result of the action of the specific toxins of bacteria on persons who consume meat or other food infected with living organisms or their toxins, or both. The non-specific products should also, perhaps, be included; for though the evidence so far available is aginst the view that they take any part in the production of food poisoning, it cannot be stated as a definitely ascertained fact that they never exert any influence. This definition at once excludes from the category of food poisoning all cases of poisoning following the consumption of food containing arsenic, lead, strychnine or other well-defined chemical substance, whether, administered intentionally for criminal purposes or taken by accident. On the other hand the generally accepted use of the term does not include such diseases as enteric fever, Malta fever, etc., though these are also the direct result of eating food specifically contaminated with the organisms of those diseases."

ROADS OF FRANCE NEARLY PERFECT

I find something disheartening in these straight and splendid roads of France, ruled like white lines across the country, with their rows of trees, thousands and thousands in a row, placed with the regularity of railway sleepers. Such roads were made for armies, not for natural men and women. On such a road, when you come to a hilltop you see before you, perhaps for five miles, a straight white ribbon lying across the plain; before you traversed it all backwards with your eyes, have traveled in your imagination to its farthest limit, have seen all there is to be seen, so that there remains nothing but the mere physical business of moving your body along the remaining four and a half miles. The engineering is magnificent, but there is something unfriendly in it. I remember once starting to walk with a friend from Dieppe to Paris, and taking too long a stage on the first day. The distance, I think, was twenty-five miles. We did everything we should have done. We loitered in the early part of the day, we wandered into forests by the roadside, we ate hungrily and too well at a country inn, we talked continuously, with the result that near nightfall too miserable, dust-covered figures began the descent into the Normandy town of Neufchatel-en-Bray. The approach to this town, which lies at the foot of a hill, is a triumph of engineering. The national road winds down in a gentle spirit, by a hardly preceptible gradient, round the vast circumference of the hill. Below us, a stone's throw away, twinkled the welcoming lights of the town; a jump would almost have landed us upon its roofs. But the broad road, in obedience to the laws of mathematics, curved grandly away from it, fetched a great compass and entered from the other side. And yard by yard, and perch by perch, did we limp down this vast avenue, examing its surface before each footstep lest there should be a stone or inequality which would further mortify our bruised members. I thought on that occasion, and think still, that it would have been kinder if the French engineers, in making such grand military avenues, had also cut a little path, straight and deep, whereby the ordinary mortal might reach his shelter for the night. Perhaps if we had looked we should have found some such natural path, but we dared not leave the certainty of the main road on a mere chance, with the risk of perhaps adding to our footseps and finding no other way. The short cut, if there was one, would probably have been steep and rough, as most cuts are; but I think we should have put up with greater pain to the feet for the sake of greater ease to the mind.—London Saturday Review.

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UNION LABEL 4

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1911.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

The News, of Toronto, has a timely article on the matter of employees' liability, or the fruits of it, which is worth quoting. In part the News says:

Steps are being taken to secure a solution of the problem of workmen's compensation, and there appears to be a strong element in favor of the system adopted in England. Every workingman who is injured while following his trade should be entitled to compensation. This should apply to the independent worker as well as to the employee. In cases where accidents prove fatal, those dependent on the victims should receive compensation. And all compensation should be paid promptly.

There is one more axiomatic point to be considered when framing laws for workmen's compensation; injured workmen should receive the bulk of what is paid for their benefit and administrative expenses should form a very small percentage. If these principles be admitted, the English system as in force today will not suit Canada. For in England the independent workman receives nothing, there is generally considerable delay before any compensation is paid and injured workmen only receive a small proportion of the money expended for their benefit by employers.

Nearly every employer in England protects himself against claims by insurance. If a small employer of labor fails to do this, there is a risk that he may be unable to meet a big claim for compensation. If the compensation fund were controlled by a commission composed of representatives of workers and employers, acting under the government, an injured man could receive necessary relief from the time of his accident, and the full measure of compensation could be awarded with comparatively little cost for administration. This scheme would have the additional advantage of bringing employers and employees into co-operation, instead of making them opponents in expensive law suits. There would then be a general fund from which compensation would be drawn.

Football and License Laws Occupy Time of City Fathers

(Continued from page one)

the council could legally allow a rebate by resolution.

Alderman Campbell: "Why not let it stand without referring it to the committee? Let them pay their taxes in full."

Alderman Dodd said the committee could at least find out if the council could grant a rebate. The committee could report from this point of view. The amendment was carried.

R. H. Bath, poundkeeper, wrote suggesting that the city pound be placed in the pest house grounds, and that suitable buildings be provided for the poundkeeper and for cattle impounded. Referred to the police committee to report.

D. C. Patterson, of Edmonds, wrote proposing that immediate steps be taken to form an association representing each municipality and city from Coquitlam to Point Grey, having for its principal object the laying out of proper highways to serve the entire peninsula, giving proper communication east and west, north and south; seeking to have adequate telegraph and telephone systems and other public utilities. Received and referred to the Greater Vancouver harbor scheme committee to report.

Other communications dealt with conveniences sought by citizens resident on streets in newer parts of the city. These were only referred to the various committee under whose purview they fall.

Queensborough.

It was agreed that the council meet with the Queensborough Improvement association on Wednesday afternoon next, at four o'clock.

Cemetery accommodation being urgently needed, it was agreed that a committee be appointed to take the matter up.

KING OF GREECE PAYS HIS DOG TAX

Athens, Nov. 1.—An amusing story is told of King George of Greece and the payment of his dog tax. When the circular asking for payment of the tax was sent to the king it got lost among his private papers. Further advices were sent to his majesty, but still no payment was made. Great was the king's surprise, therefore, when he was informed that a bailiff wished to speak to him regarding the nonpayment of his tax. The bailiff was admitted to the royal presence and began reading a long "screed," demanding that his majesty, George I. of Greece, should pay to the royal office of taxes appointed by His Majesty George I. of Greece," etc., which was interrupted by the king bursting into laughter and promptly paying up.

CLEVER SCHEME NETS MUCH COIN

Convict Assumes Uniform and Ribbon—Travels Large Part of France in Assumed Role.

Paris, Nov. 1.—Germany's famous "Captain of Kopenick," who by posing in a uniform took possession of a town a year or two ago and held a military review, has been outdone in France.

An ex-convict named Cognel has just been arrested after posing for several months as a high official of the colonial ministry and receiving all honors due to that position. All he had to show was a gorgeous uniform and a bogus Legion of Honor decoration.

Under the name of Durand de Belleford this brazen scamp appeared at the town of Coutances and announced his intention of establishing a school there to train young men for service in the colonies. Very naturally, there was nothing in the town too good for him.

A visit to the general commanding a detachment of the French army stationed nearby was but one of his picturesque escapades. The Legion of Honor decoration won him entry into exclusive homes.

After exhausting the social side of the situation the "official" proceeded to establish his school by appointing as head master the father of the woman with whom he had found lodgings.

Not until this week did the trusting town people begin to suspect—and even now they will not admit they were fooled except when they gaze at the unpaid bills that have sprung up from all sides. But the police records show their distinguished visitor had had an eventful career, eclipsing that of the world famous Mme. Humbert in its cleverness and daring of his operations.

Nearly ten years ago the convict Cognel started the Mutual Benefit Society in Paris, but soon fled with $7000 of the society's money. Later, under another name, he opened a bank in Mano, where he handled funds estimated at $20,000,000. He lived in great style for a time and then fled with $100,000. He escaped from officers who had arrested him by leaping from a boat and in swimming ashore. Two years later he was again captured and sent to prison for three years.

The resourceful fellow began operations again as soon as he was free by representing himself as an agent for the Peruvian government to sell securities. He inveigled hundreds to investing, some heavily, but got away before the fraudulent nature of the securities were discovered. His next appearance was at Coutances.

POLICY OF PARTY IS OUTLINED

Speaking at Haddington, Scotland, recently, Mr. A. J. Balfour, leader of the Unionist party of Great Britain, outlined the future policy of his party. He stated that those who held the opinion that the Unionist party were inadequately provided with a constructive policy held that opinion rather hastily. He was not going through the program, but he would mention one or two items. There was the increase of small ownership—not a simple policy, and one that would require all the resources of their legislative skill to see that the increase of small ownership meant a diminution and not an increase of agricultural distress.

Then there was the Poor Law, and he believed that out of the reports of the roval commission a policy could be constructed which would do much for those whose lot cannot be left entirely to provision for accidents or provision for old age or insurance.

The Second Chamber.

Further, there was the subject of the second chamber. The Unionist party could never leave the constitution in the mud where the government had put it. It must be rebuilt, but they ought not to attempt to rebuild precisely on the old lines. Their second chamber must be a strengthened second chamber, having in it a representative element strong enough to do the work which in other free countries was thrown upon a second chamber; strong enough in certain cases to say the people had to be consulted upon this or that great change. Nor must it be at the mercy of a government which thought, apparently, that the prerogative of the sovereign was in the hands of advisers of the sovereign, in order to coerce the second chamber.

Tariff Reform.

Tariff reform was not a simple matter. It was no mere manipulation of duties. It was intimately bound up with foreign affairs. It was a policy which was even more intimately bound up with the whole future of the empire. Might their people approach this question in the same broad spirit which had animated the Canadian people! (Loud cheers). The Canadian decision was going to be fruitful of great results of the empire. He wanted them to understand how impossible it was after recent events in Canada to hope that their present system could be maintained. (Cheers.) He could assure them that whatever else was going to happen, it was impossible that the present system could last.

Until a government arose which recognized that they must bring the colonies into a commercial system, as well as into a system of defence—unless and until such a government arose, he thought the commercial future of this country and the unity of this empire were most seriously imperilled.

Discussing the Insurance Bill, Mr. Balfour said he believed the measure was brought forward with the best of intentions, but if it was passed in anything like its present shape he thought both the friendly societies and the trade unions would suffer a steady decay and become a mere government department.

The Cook always feels confident of pure and wholesome food when using

DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Baking Powder

Made from Grapes

No Alum No Lime Phosphate

TERRIBLE CRIME OF SPANISH WOMAN

Stabs Would-Be Lover and Then Cuts Up Body, as Police Arrive on Scene.

Madrid, Nov. 1.—In the small town of Yoste, near Albacte, a terrible tragedy has just occurred, which has created a profound sensation. A married woman named Maravillas Blasquez, about 28 years of age and exceedingly pretty, had for some time past been annoyed by the attentions of a cousin named Aniceto Blazquez.

Senora Maravillas had systematically discouraged him and ordered him to desist, and finally she threatened to disclose the fact of his attentions to her husband.

As Aniceto at this threat ceased to call at her home, she did not say anything to her husband, but some time ago the husband was summoned away from his cottage home on business. The cousin thereupon resumed his attentions. The young wife again refused to listen to him and evinced only supreme contempt and disgust for him.

Some days ago a violent scene occurred between them. Aniceto violently threatening the woman, who since then had been careful to keep her house door locked.

On Thursday, however, Aniceto found some means of entering the home, and, surprising the young woman, threatened to strangle her if she resisted him. Seeing herself in danger of instant death, Maravillas ceased to struggle, but swore that she would have revenge.

In a moment she managed to free herself from her persecutor, and at once killed him by stabbing him with a knife. Then in a state of frenzy she began cutting the body pieces. When the police arrived and arrested her she allowed herself to be led away to prison quite quietly, but she said to her little children, "Never mind, I shall soon be back if there is justice on earth."

The murdered man leaves a wife and eight young children.

COLORADO IS LEADER IN GOLD PRODUCTION

While attention has been diverted in a measure to other regions, Colorado during the past few years has gone quietly forward, and, perhaps, unknown to many, has up to the present held its place as the leader in gold production.

The figures compiled by the United States Geological Survey for the year 1910 give Colorado a production of $20,507,058; California, $19,715,440, and Nevada $18,878,864.

Doubtless when the figures for the present year are compiled it will be found that an even closer tie is apparent between the three principal gold-producing states. There have been several large sales of gold mining property in California during the present year, and extensive plans are being worked out which will result in much greater production next year. For the current year, however, reports would not indicate any very marked increase in gold production.

On the other hand, both Colorado and Nevada have shown greater returns from the established camps, which will add to the total output. In Nevada there are a number of properties just entering the list of producers. Wonder, Fairview and Manhattan are each making a greater record than in 1910, with prospects much better for the coming year. Other camps are also coming forward with greater records, and in all it is evident that Nevada will show a material advance this year over last.

In Colorado the other camps have shown a marked activity during the present year, with rapid extension of work at properties long idle and the opening of new properties.

During 1910 the Cripple Creek district was, of course, in the lead as the principal producing section, with its record of $11,002,253. San Miguel county comes second, according to the survey figures, with a production of $2,494,793; Ouray third, $2,195,847, and Lake fourth with $1,213,134. San Juan County is credited with $710,527.

The heaviest increase in 1910 as compared with the previous year was made in the counties of La Plata, San Miguel and Gunnison. For the present year La Plata will show a further increase, as possibly will the other two. The greater increase will undoubtedly come, however, from the Cripple Creek district, where the lowering of the water level, through a practical completion of the drainage tunnel, has made possible the opening of new ore bodies. Gilpin county is also advancing steadily, as are most if not all the gold-producing counties of Colorado.

The race between these three states—Colorado, California and Nevada—will therefore apparently be, as stated, even closer this year than ever before.—Tonopah Bonanza.

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ON PROPERTIES WHICH ARE NOT MORTGAGED

PROMPT ATTENTION

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REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE

4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS, SUBJECT TO CHEQUE CREDITED MONTHLY

317-321 Cambie St.

Vancouver, B.C.

Beautiful New Modern House

Ten rooms, full sized cement basement, furnace, large lot on Fifth street; unfurnished. $5450; furnished $6000. One-third cash, balance over 3½ years at 6 per cent. interest.

Sapperton Lots

Beautifully situated; $500 each; on good terms.

We have the best list of west end lots in the city.

KELLINGTON & HENDRY

BANK OF VANCOUVER BUILDING

CORNER OF COLUMBIA AND EIGHTH STREETS

NOTICE!

George Adams, late proprietor of the Public Supply Stores, Columbia street, New Westminster, hereby requests that all accounts owing to him be paid as early as possible, at his new offices in the Odd Fellows' block, 716 Carnarvon street, New Westminster. ••

Do Not Waste Money

Save a little systematically, for it is the stuff that the foundations of wealth and happiness are built of.

Money may be used in two ways; to spend for what is needed now and to invest for what shall be needed in the future. Money cannot be invested until it is first saved.

PROTECT YOUR FUTURE WITH A SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

The Bank of Vancouver

Authorized Capital, $2,000,000. Columbia, corner Eighth street.

A. L. DEWAR, General Manager D. R. DONLEY, Local Manager.

FOR SALE

New six room modern house; large basement, well finished in every way, on corner lot, only 200 feet from Columbia street car line. Price $2750, $650 cash, balance to arrange.

Double corner on Eighth avenue and Fourteenth street; 132x132; nearly all cleared. Price $3000; terms to arrange. This is a good investment.

Corner lot on London street, $800; terms to arrange.

Lot on Columbia street east, 45x115 to 16 foot lane, $1050; one-half cash, balance 6 and 12 months. A snap.

Lot on Fourth street, between Third and Fourth avenues. Price $1700 for a few days only.

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REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Phone 1064. Room 5, Bank of Commerce Building.

B.C. Mills Timber and Trading Co.

Manufacturers and Dealers in All Kinds of LUMEBR, LATH, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, INTERIOR FINISH, TURNED WORK, FISH BOXES. LARGE STOCK PLAIN AND FANCY GLASS.

Royal City Planing Mills Branch

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Fresh Sealshipt Oysters

are again on sale by P. Burns & Co., Limited. Try a quart and be assured they are the best you have ever had.

P. BURNS' MARKET

FOR THE HIGHEST QUALITY MEATS

ST. ANN'S

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

A Boarding and Day School for Young Girls.

The curriculum includes preparatory, intermediate, grammar and academic, or high school grades. Pupils prepared for high school entrance and provincial teachers examinations. The Commercial Department embraces bookkeeping, shorthand (Isaac Pitman system) and touch typewriting. Music a specialty. For prospectus and terms address to the SISTER SUPERIOR.

BURN OIL

The Western Steam and Oil Plants Ltd.

210 Carter-Cotton Blk. Phone Seymour 7676. or Phone 324, New Westminster.

MATTERS MARTIAL

BY GARETH

It has been announced that the new minister of militia is coming west in the course of a few days to look into certain conditions which exist in regard to the matter of drill halls and which need immediate attention. There is no doubt that urgent need is being felt at present all through the west, and on the Pacific coast especially, for increased accommodation. In Vancouver the present hall was erected to hold six companies of the Sixth regiment, and armouries were fitted up for that number. Now, however, the establishment of that regiment has been augmented by two additional companies transferred to headquarters from New Westminster, making eight in all. The 72nd Highlanders of Canada have been formed with the same number. The Eighteenth field ambulance with an establishment of 102 of all ranks, has also sprung into existence and what was originally intended to hold about three hundred men must now do for about eight hundred and fifty. The Highlanders have had to find a home in the horse show building *pro tem*, and the Sixth regiment are kicking like steers at being crowded out by the medical men. Altogether it will be a great relief to all concerned to hear that the long discussed new drill hall is likely to become "un fait accompli" especially as one is constantly hearing rumors anent the promotion of a mounted unit and an army service corps company.

It is to be earnestly hoped that Colonel Hughes will find time to visit New Westminster and look into things here a bit. The old drill shed certainly needs a considerable amount of refixing and if the regiment is remodelled on the lines anticipated (somewhat furtively by those in the know), increased accommodation in the shape of armouries will be necessary.

There is a great amount of activity in militia circles in the Terminal City just now, about eighty officers and non-commissioned officers being taken through a qualifying course by Sergeants Instructor Youngman and McDonald from Work Point.

Another rumor is afloat to the effect that the 104th are to start drill again shortly. One is inclined to say "seeing is believing." It is a pity that something is not done by the city to induce those in authority to get ahead and make a move of some sort towards getting a regiment together. As things stand at present it is nothing more nor less than a joke at the taxpayers expense. I don't suppose any regiment in the Canadian militia formed of recent years, has had so many difficulties to buck against in starting, but these little things are sent to try us and must be borne philosophically. There are splendid indications from an athletic point of view and given a fair show there should be a good regiment here before many years are out. But, of course, without support from the authorities, and from the citizens, nothing much can be done. There are several adverse conditions against which the corps is laboring at present which must needs be adjusted before any good showing can result. But those conditions will never be noticed by the militia department unless rubbed forcibly against their noses. An ordinary person blessed with the usual range of vision could not see from Ottawa, or even Victoria to New Westminster, so one can hardly expect a militia official to do so and the only way is to bring these matters so persistently before them that they can see nothing else. A militia officer in command of a unit is very differently placed from his comrade in the regulars. He has no reason to fear officialdom because his living does not depend on his appointment, and what he asks for, if he asks loudly and persistently enough, will assuredly be forthcoming.

I hope Colonel Hughes will brave the wrath of the short-sighted moral reformers who have screamed themselves into such power of late, that they were able to close up Tommy's canteen in the militia camps, and that he will reintroduce these excellent institutions. The amount of crime brought about by this foolish attempt to enforce teetotallism is beyond comprehension. I do not think the drunkard is of any use as a soldier, or as anything else for that matter, but I do think the moderate drinker is every bit as good a man as the teetotaller, indeed, the probability is that he is a firmer character altogether.

By depriving Tommy of his glass of beer in the camp you send him down town to a saloon where some filthy rotgut is served out to him that soon lands him into trouble of one sort or another, whilst in the canteen he can come to no harm, and is not allowed to drink himself into stupidity, as he is generally induced to do by dishonest saloonkeepers.

A man cannot be made a teetotaller by act of parliament, in spite of the hysterical vapourings of the ultra-religious maniacs who are striving to shriek themselves into notoriety in order that they may continue to prey upon the pockets of their feeble-minded supporters.

SPORTS

Senior Amateurs to Meet.

There will be a meeting of the executive of the senior amateur soccer team in Herb Ryall's drug store tonight at eight o'clock when the important business to be discussed will be the arrangements for playing of the cup tie on Saturday at the Cambie street grounds in Vancouver. The match is against the redoubtable Thistles.

BOWLING.

The weekly inter-urban match was played in Vancouver last night and resulted in favor of the home five. The score:

Westminster.

A. Chamberlin	181	175	188—544
J. Chamberlin	200	147	184—531
F. Dill	140	170	142—452
L. O'Connor	155	168	159—482
H. S. Walsh	150	141	151—442
			2451

Vancouver.

McFarland	221	182	167—570
Grant	166	157	199—522
McKay	184	180	174—538
Morris	144	166	209—519
Lockhart	127	172	157—456
			2605

The winners of the monthly prizes at the Front street alleys are as follows. The greatest number of two hundreds scored during month, prize five dollars, F. Dill, with 33. Other scorers of two hundreds were J. C. Chamberlin 29, R. H. Corbett, 28, L. O'Connor 18, A. B. Chamberlin 13, B. Pike 8, C. P. Latham 7, W. Sloan 5, C. Winquist 4, R. Wilson 3, King and Lockhart two each, and Chappell, Harrison, Grant, Mills, Burrows, Guthro, Ayerst and Alberts one each.

The prize of five dollars for the highest score was won by C. P. Latham with the creditable score of 254.

DISCOVERS HITHERTO UNHEARD OF PEOPLE

Winnipeg, Nov. 1.— Right Rev. Dr. Holmes, Bishop of Athabasca, who has just returned from a voyage down the Great Mackenzie river, announces the existence of a hitherto unknown tribe of 1000 Eskimos, living west of the Mackenzie river and between Great Bear Lake and the Arctic ocean. The Eskimos still hunt with bow and arrows and use stone implements.

The bishop said the Eskimos had a higher intelligence than ordinary Indians and were apt and eager to learn, but at present there were only two teachers among them, 1200 miles from the Mackenzie. The bishop was received cordially wherever he went.

The Eskimos tell stories of wonderful discoveries, which, if investigated, the bishop said, would startle the world of science.

AEROPLANES WORK WITH FRENCH ARMY

Prove Efficient Scouts in Manoeuvers as Adjuncts to Artillery—Remarkable Tests.

Paris, Nov. 1.—Whatever may be the relative strength of the navies of the world, there is no question of the great superiority of France in the matter of air craft. She not only has available for war purposes a great number of aeroplanes, but by far the strongest corps of expert military aviators in the world. It is on this superiority that France rests her supreme confidence in her ability to hold her own in any European conflict which may arise. And she means to maintain her lead at any cost.

France also has gone far ahead in perfecting the aeroplane for military use. Experiments with aeroplanes working in conjunction with artillery have just been carried out with great success near Verdun. Commanders of batteries who could not locate the enemy owing to hills in front made signals to the aerial scouts hovering above them. The latter swooped down and dropped written descriptions and sketch maps of the position of the enemy's main body. The guns were thus enabled to open accurate fire on great bodies of troops completely invisible to the gunners.

Marks Epoch in War.

The commander-in-chief of the First Army Corps said to the gunners after these experiments: "Gentlemen, remember this date. It marks the greatest step forward in our artillery methods for many years."

An armored aeroplane has just been tested at the military camp at Chalons. It is intended for service with the French army, and has been very strongly built. From tip to tip of the wings it measures 50 feet, its length is 36 feet, and surface measurement 56 square yards. The pilot and his passenger are protected by an armoured turret which has loopholes and spaces at the bottom enabling the pilot to see his way. Though the armor is only of aluminum, which would not resist a rifle bullet, it is considered to afford relative protection to the aviators and the motor.

Used for Inspection.

General Roques, chief of the Aeronautical Corps of the French army, made a tour of inspection by air of a number of army aviation centers near Paris. The general flew in a biplane piloted by Captain Fteve to the Etampes military airmanship center. Captain Marie, acting as guide to his chief, flew in another biplane piloted by Lieutenant Cheutin. Two aeroplanes left St. Cyr at 4:45 a. m. and landed at Etampes an hour later.

General Roques witnessed a number of flights by army airmen, and finally made a tour of the environs of Etampes on a Bleriot monoplane.

He expressed himself as highly pleased with the state of efficiency of the corps.

Vigorous Health —the power to enjoy to the full life's work and pleasure—comes only with a good digestion.

NA-DRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

tone up weak stomachs—supply the digestive juices which are lacking—ensure your food being properly converted into brawn and sinew, red blood and active brain. 50c. a box at your druggist's or from 32

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, ... Montreal.

GRUMBLEOMETER WILL KEEP YOUR COURAGE UP

Paris, Nov. 1.—The "grumbleometer" is the latest device for keeping cheerful. It is the invention of K. Emil Deutsch de la Meurthe, and consists in a list of all the evils which might conceivably befall an ordinary person. To obtain relief from life's little worries and over-indulgence in one's own pet grievances one has to pull out the list and consult it. Reflection upon the horrors that might have fallen is guaranteed to restore the patient's equanimity.

A French journal has started a competition to discover the twelve worries which its readers judge to be the most vexatious in life. The winning list starts with the death of dear ones, and goes on through unhappy marriage, treachery of friends, illness, money worries, dishonor, paternal cares, disappointments, wounded pride, family quarrels and servitude to indigestion, which closes the list.

Makes Hair Grow.

Ryall has an invigorator that will grow hair or money back.

The time to take care of your hair is when you have hair to take care of.

If your hair is getting thin, gradually falling out, it cannot be long before the spot appears.

The greatest remedy to stop the hair from falling is SALVIA, the Great American Hair Grower, first discovered in England. SALVIA furnishes nourishment to the hair roots and acts so quickly that people are amazed.

And remember, it destroys the Dandruff germ, the little pest that saps the life that should go to the hair from the roots.

SALVIA is sold by Ryall under a positive guarantee to cure Dandruff, stop Falling Hair and Itching Scalp in ten days, or money back. A large bottle costs 50c. The word "SALVIA" (Latin for sage) is on every bottle.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Meet every Monday in Labor hall, 8, p.m.

F. H. Johnson, business agent office. Blair's Cigar store. Office phone L 508, Residence phone 501.

CONVERTIBLE COLLAR COAT

A BIG, roomy, warm, stylish single-breasted model, with the new convertible collar - - - no unnecessary hardware, just turn it up and button it over for the stormy weather. 20th Century Brand of course. We are exclusive agents.

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THE WARDROBE CLOTHIER

891 Columbia St. New Westminster.

A SNAP!

4-Roomed House at corner of Cumberland Road and Seventh Avenue in Burnaby. Lot 54x169, all cleared and fenced and in garden.

Price $1,300

$350 Cash, balance same as rent.

Water and light services under construction.

EXCLUSIVELY BY

New Westminster City Specialist.

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Phone 696. 622 Columbia street.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE — IN — THE DAILY NEWS.

25% On Your Money

We are offering for sale at $3500 a business property that produces the above yearly income in rentals.

This is situated in a growing town close to this city, and is an A1 investment which will soon be snapped up.

The Westminster Trust and Safe Deposit Co., Ltd.

J. J. JONES, Mgr.-Dir.

28 Lorne Street New Westminster

Brunette Saw Mills Company, Ltd.

New Westminster, B. C.

Are well stocked up with all kinds and grades of **LUMBER FOR HOUSE BUILDING**

A specially large stock of Laths, Shingles and No. 2 Common Boards and Dimension.

Now is the time to build for sale or rent while prices are low

WATER FRONTAGE

Three acres in city limits with 250 feet waterfrontage. $25,000; one-quarter cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

McBRIDE & CLARKE

Phone 929. Room 16, Collister Block.

W. R. GILLEY, Phone 122. G. E. GILLEY, Phone 291.
Phones, Office 15 and 16.

Gilley Bros. Ltd.

COLUMBIA STREET WEST.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coal

CEMENT, LIME, SEWER PIPE, DRAIN TILE, CRUSHED ROCK, WASHED GRAVEL AND CLEAN SAND, PRESSED BRICK AND FIRE BRICK.

A New Lumber Yard

COME TO US FOR

Lumber, Mouldings, Laths and Shingles

OUR STOCK IS LARGE AND COMPLETE.

CROWN TIMBER AND TRADING CO., LTD.

PHONE 904. (Old Glass Works Factory. SAPPERTON.

XMAS PRESENTS

Pay a small deposit on any article of Furniture, then a little each week up till Xmas, and have it delivered just when you want it. This is the easiest way to purchase Xmas presents. We will store any article for you, and deliver when required.

USEFUL GIFTS

UNDER $5.00.	$5.00 TO $10.00.	$10.00 TO $25.00.
Jardiniere Stands	Music Cabinet	Writing Desk
Umbrella stand	Parlor Table	Hall Stand
Parlor Table	Morris Chair	Hall Table
Rocker	Easy Chair	Library Table
Pictures	Rocker	Book Case
Comforter	Odd Parlor Chair	Child's Crib
Table Cover	Down Comforters	Easy Chair
Arch Curtains	Blankets	Morris Chair
Carpet Sweepers	Portieres	Chiffonier
Piano Stool	Dressing Table	Set of Dining Chairs
Blankets	Easy Chair	Dining Room Table
Lace Curtains	Couch	China Cabinet
Hearth Rug	Writing Desk	Parlor Square
Bed Spread	Bedroom Square	Dressing Table
Pillows	Chiffoniere	New Linoleum
	Bed	
	Mattress	

Denny & Ross

HONEST PRICES CASH OR CREDIT

43, 45, 47 Sixth St., New Westminster. Phone 588

EARNINGS AT BISLEY

WHAT A GOOD MARKSMAN CAN WIN AT MEET.

The Promoters In Charge of the Great Imperial Shooting Matches Provide Prizes for Every Sort of Skill In Marksmanship From Mere Beginners to Old Seasoned Experts—Miniature Rifle Competitions.

Fifty years ago the National Rifle Association was founded to encourage rifle shooting amongst volunteers throughout the British Empire. In that year—1860—the number of prizes offered was sixty-seven, the total value of which amounted to £2,238. Last year the total had reached 6,663, valued at no less than £15,502 12s. 5d., an increase which proves the popularity of the N.R.A. meetings.

While, however, the primary object of the N.R.A. was to encourage shooting amongst service men, it has also offered every encouragement to the civilian rifleman. There are some fifty competitions for revolver and rifle shooting open to all comers—ladies as well as gentlemen—with prizes ranging from 10s. to £30 and £40 each. Further still, there are competitions for beginners. There is the Revolver Tyro Competition, for instance, in which, for an entrance fee of 2s., competitors stand a chance of winning cases of revolvers valued at from £6 to £8. In another revolver tyro competition cash prizes to the extent of £30 are offered for the same entrance fee, six shots in each case being allowed, at a distance of 20yds. from a stationary target.

For beginners in rifle-shooting there is the Spectators' Rifle Club's Tyro Competition, in which the first prize is five rifles, and the Handsworth Tyro Competition, in which the first prize is a rifle and £20. In the latter competition 100 prizes, valued at £180, are offered, but in each case a competitor must be a member of the Territorials or a member of a rifle club affiliated to the N.R.A. A competitor is regarded as a tyro providing he has not won a prize valued at £2 or upwards at one of the annual prize meetings of the association.

Perhaps one of the most interesting Bisley competitions for civilian members of rifle clubs is that for the Donegall Challenge Cup. Every year the National Rifle Asociation present to the best shot in every rifle club in the kingdom what is known as the Donegall badge, and it is only winners of these badges who may compete for the Challenge Cup and the 122 other prizes, ranging in value from £1 to £10, and gold and silver badges. The winners are decided on the aggregate points scored at 300 yards and 600 yards, seven shots being allowed at the the first-mentioned distance and ten at the latter. The entrance fee is five shillings.

Altogether there are six special competitions open to miniature rifle shots, one of which—the "Ladies' "—is open to the fair sex only. In this competition ten shots are allowed at 50 yards, three souvenir prizes being given by the N.R.A. Of the other competitions for miniature rifles, the most popular are the "Two-Twenty" and the "Hindhead," which prizes ranging from 5s to £5 are offered, the entrance fee in each case being 1s. The popularity of these competitions may be judged from the fact that last year there were 343 entries for the "Hindhead" and 400 for the "Two-Twenty."

In regard to the service rifle competions, it is interesting to note that no fewer than 1,195 crack shots entered for the King's Prize last year. The entrance fee is 25s., the prizes, of which there are 400, amounting to £2,220. The lowest prize is £2 and the highest £250, given by His Majesty, and a gold medal.

This competition is open only to Territorials and retired Territorials, but there are several others in which good prizes are offered, and which are open to all comers. The civilian who fancies his skill with the service rifle might, for instance, enter the Stock Exchange competition, which is open to all British subjects, the entrance fee being but 5s. There are 188 prizes to be won in this competition, the lowest being £1 and the highest £20. Nearly 1,300 competitors entered this competition last year, and there were over 1,200 entries for each of The Daily Telegraph and Graphic Cups. In each of these competitions, which are open to all comers, 131 prizes are offered, valued at £350; so that there is plenty of scope for prize winners.

Another excellent competition is the Alexandra, in which £1,000 is divided into 325 prizes. Any man can enter by paying an entrance fee of one guinea, and is allowed seven shots at 200 yards and 600 yards respectively. Many riflemen enter the four competitions—the Alexandra, Daily Graphic, Daily Telegraph and Graphic—in order to try and secure the £250 challenge cup which is offered to the competitor whose respective scores in the four competitions make up the highest aggregate. There are 124 additional prizes offered in what is known as the "All Comers' Aggregate."

Naturally the question arises, does it pay the civilian rifleman of average skill to expend money in entrance fees in these competitions in the hope of winning a pound here and there? It all depends, of course, on the man's skill with the rifle. He must be a bit above the average if he intends to clear his expenses. A skillful shot can not only do this and have an enjoyable time at Bisley, but may return with £15 or £20 in his pocket; for, as has already been pointed out, there are close upon 6,000 prizes to be won, and competitions are arranged to suit practically every class of shot.—London Tit-Bits.

Foiled Again.

"You are false!" he hissed. "You are the artificial product of the artificial age. Even your figure is not your own."

"Liar!" she cried triumphantly. "I paid the last instalment on it this morning."

He slunk away.

HE HAD HIS HAIR CUT.

And It Took a Long, Long Time to Find Out by Whom.

One of the most elaborate and sustained practical jokes on record was that played on J. M. Langford—commonly known as "Joe" — some fifty years ago. According to the version given in the "Life of Sir William Russell," Langford was in the Garrick Club in London when Albert Smith accosted him: "Hello, Joe! Who has cut your hair?" Joe was in a dignified mood and resented the query. "I really don't see," he replied, "how it can interest you who cut my hair." Smith went downstairs and stood in the hall. The next member who came up to the morning room sauntered up to Langford with: "I see you've been having your hair cut. Who did it?" Joe very sternly replied, "I can't imagine why you ask me." Then he ordered a glass of sherry and bitters. The waiter brought it and gave a little start of surprise as he presented it with a "Beg pardon, sir! It's along of your 'air, sir; it looks unusual." Joe went to the glass and saw nothing remarkable, but as he was considering his face Charles burst upon him with, "Where on earth did you get your hair cut, my dear Joe?"

Joe could stand it no longer. He went off to his chambers in Raymond's buildings, Gray's Inn. Next day he saw an advertisement in the Times: "J.M.L.—Say, who cut it? Was it your own hand or the deed of another? Confess ere it be too late." It was only the first of a series of similar announcements, and the ingenuity of his tormentors devised continual surprises for him. On the day he went down to Chertsey races he saw the walls placarded with enormous posters, yellow and black: "J.M.L.—Once more, who cut? You must speak!" A band of Ethiopian minstrels was furnished with a melody to sing outside Raymond's buildings to the air of "What Are the Wild Waves Saying?" then very popular. And the refrain was:

What are de wild waves saying as dey
lap de Waterloo stair?
What are dem wild waves saying? Dey
say, Who cut Joe's hair?

In despair, Langford went abroad, and when, at Chamonix, he climbed to the Cascade des Pelerins he found plastered in front of him a huge yellow poster bearing the words: "J.M.L.—Confess, reveal, or be forever lost! Who cut it?" Joe's spirit was broken. He sat down and wrote a humble letter to Albert Smith: "I yield. Spare me. My hair was cut in St. Martin's court at the barber's on the left hand side. His charge was threepence. I am quite beaten."

Air Sickness.

Most everybody knows about seasickness, and its kindred woes that come from riding in trains or climbing mountains, but very few know what it is to be airsick, the aviator's ailment. Air sickness, as experienced by aviators, is quite different from ordinary mountain sickness. It is well known that many mountain climbers experience a certain sickness when reaching an elevation of 6,000 feet.

Aviators are affected in a similar way, but much sooner, when they have reached heights of, say, only 3,000 feet to 4,000 feet. The respiration is shortened, the pulse beats quicker, and headache follows. A general feeling of sickness is the result, and the stomach is sometimes upset.

The dangers of high flying, therefore, are immensely increased, as the aviator has not only to manage the equilibrium of his machine and watch the motor, but has also to battle against physiological difficulties which are almost insurmountable. The air sickness reaches its maximum, not when rising but when descending.

His Proclamations.

A divorce trial in Paris which was decided a few weeks ago brought to light this remarkable situation: The husband, a bank employe, decided in 1908 to cease speaking to his wife and to make his wishes known by "proclamations" which he fastened to the wall of their living room. The first of them was to the effect that every husband should pay his share of the living expenses, but no more. "I shall pay my half; my wife must pay her share," he wrote. "To prove expense account correct, bills must be shown. I shall take my meals out of the house and when inclined to eat at home shall provide the material and do the cooking." The proclamations also contained lectures on moral questions and threats of punishment. According to the deposition of the wife, the last one read, "Adele, I'm going away." The court gave the woman her freedom.

Real Hades.

The golf bug's soul came back from a little range around Satan's preserve wth a smile as wide as the Amazon river. "I say," it exclanmed, "I don't call this much of a hell. They have the finest golf course out there I ever saw in my life."

A droll-looking old soul who was sitting on the safety valve looked up. "But did you see anybody playing on it?" he asked.

"No," the newcomer admitted. "I didn't."

The old-timer chuckled. "That's it," he said. "He won't let anybody play on it."

Price Set on Shah's Head.

The price of $100,000 has been set on the head of Persia's ex-Shah, and one of $25,000 each on the heads of Salared Dowleh and Shua es Sultaneh, the two Kadjar princes who are his principal supporters. Evidently the Persians fully intend that the head of their former ruler shall not rest easy even though it no longer wears a crown.

Eskimo Mourning Customs.

All Eskimos are superstitious about death, and, although they hold festivals in memory of departed friends, they will usually carry a dying person to some abandoned hut, there to drag out his remaining days without food, medicine, water or attendance. After the death of a husband or a wife the survivor cuts the front hair short and fasts for twenty-five days.

PUZZLED ALL AROUND.

A Russian's First Encounter With English In London.

A Russian tells a funny story of his first encounter with the English language. The day after his arrival in London he made a call on a friend in Park lane and on leaving inscribed in his notebook what he supposed to be the correct address.

The next day, desiring to go to the same place again, he called a cabman and pointed to the address that he had written down. The cabman looked him over, cracked his whip and drove away without him.

This experience being repeated with two or three other cabmen, the Russian turned indignantly to the police, with no better results. One officer would laugh, another would tap his head and make a motion imitating the revolution of a wheel and so on.

Finally the poor foreigner gave it up and with a great deal of difficulty, recalling the landmarks which he had observed the day before, found his way to his friend's house. Arrived there and in company with one who could understand him he delivered himself of a severe condemnation of the cabmen and the police of London for their impertinence and discourtesy.

His friend asked for a look at the mirth-provoking address and the mystery was solved. This was the entry: "Ring the Bell."

The Russian had with great care copied, character for character, the legend on the gatepost, supposing that it indicated the house and street.

"You Are So Different."

Fancy not that the flirt is brainless. She must have the wits of the wisest, else her prey escapes. She is to each man what that man most adores. If he is dull, she is not too bright. If he is clever, she must sparkle. If he is bookish she reads all the day that she may modestly display knowledge when he calls at night and, drawing a beloved volume from his pocket, begins to tell her of his vellum-bound treasures. If he loves horses and dogs she dares not tell him of her motor-car. Should he chance to say that woman, like the angels, should dress in white she appears only in snowy raiment. To be so keen and tactful requires something more than mentality. it calls for the intuition of a witch and the depths of a philosopher.

The flirt must have a sense of humor, but this she must keep concealed. The first sentence in man's primer of love-making is: "You are so different," and even though the joke maker and the librettist of the comic opera have endeavored to show man that woman is wise to the emptiness of this remark, man still uses it shamelessly. If a woman follows her impulse she will laugh. She will say that little Sammy whom she loved at the tender age of seven began his conquest by saying: "You ain't like th' other girls." That would offend. It would place man in an unflattering light. He would appear as if minus originality. And that is what he is. One man's love making is a carbon copy of another's and that is the pleasure of flirting. One seeks always the man-wonder who will say "I love you" so that it really sounds as if it were new instead of something renovated or made over.

One never finds him.

A Very Pertinent Question.

An Irishman on his way home at night was in the habit of cutting through a cemetery in order to shorten the distance. A group of his friends evolved a scheme to have some fun at his expense. Accordingly they found a sunken grave across which his path lay, dug it out and covered it with boards in such a manner that he must fall into the yawning cavity.

The Irishman came along and everything happened as per schedule. While he was still squirming about in the bottom of the hole, striving to extricate himself, three or four of his friends, attired in white sheets and other ghostly accoutrements, suddenly made their appearance. Pat was frightened out of his wits and almost fainted when one of them said:

"What are you doing in my grave?"

The tone was sepulchral. It made the Irishman's hair stand almost on end, but he could not forego a witty retort.

"Faith, and what are you doing out of it?" he asked.

Old English Tracts.

English tracts and sermons of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries are decidedly interesting on account of the strange phraseology—a kind of religious slang—which they reveal. Their titles exemplify this slang well, and the following are a few examples of them:

"The Spiritual Mustard Pot, to Make the Soul Sneeze With Devotion."

"The Snuffers of Divine Love."

"*Crumbs of Comfort For Hungry Hoseas.*"

"Biscuits Baked in the Oven of Charity, Carefully Conserved For Chickens of the Church, Sparrows of the Spirit and Sweet Swallows of Salvation."

He Was In Bad.

There is in a certain town a judge who occasionally hits the flowing bowl until it puts him down and out. One morning, following an unusually swift encounter with the alcoholic foe, he appeared in his office looking sad and shaken up.

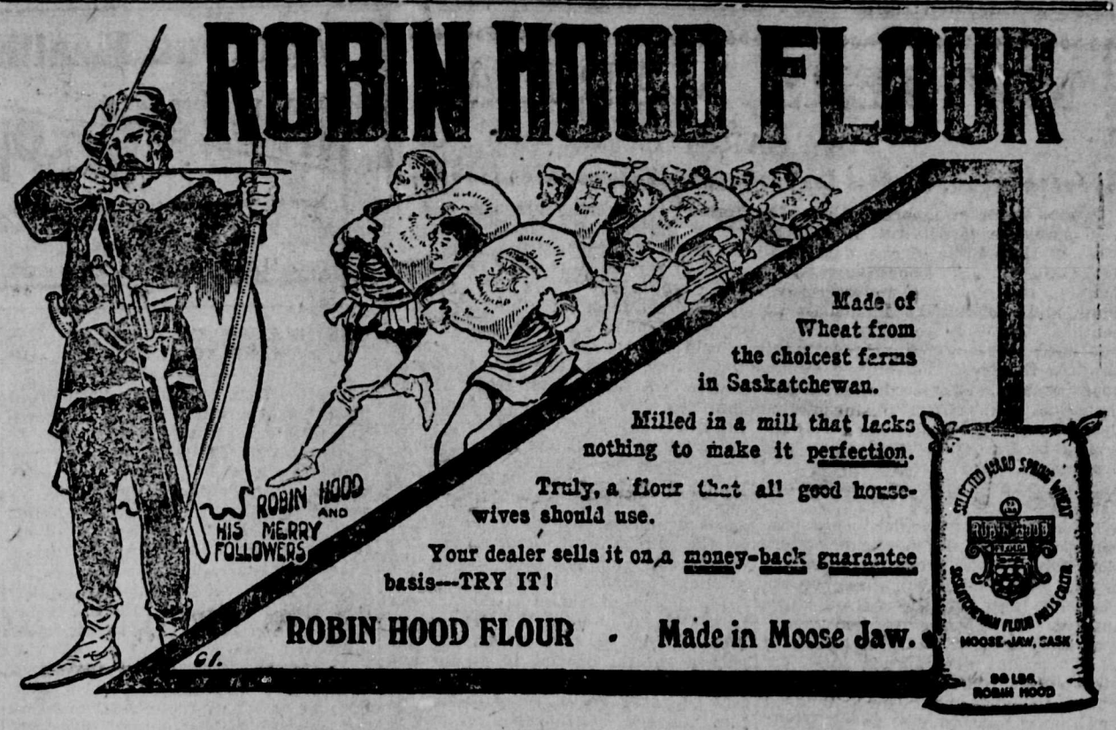
"How are you this morning, Sam?" inquired a friend.

"Worse than I've ever been," replied the judge with a groan. "I'm in bad at home. When I left the house a little while ago the children were calling me Sam and my wife was addressing me as Mister."

The Elements of Character.

Greatness of character is a communicable attribute. It has nothing exclusive in its nature. It cannot be the monopoly of an individual, for it is the enlarged and generous action of faculties and affections which enter into and constitute all minds—I mean reason, conscience and love—so that its elements exist in all.—William Ellery Channing.

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR



Made of Wheat from the choicest farms in Saskatchewan.

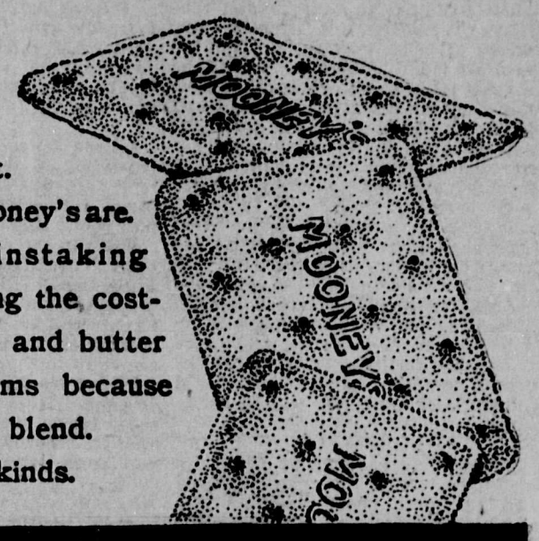
Milled in a mill that lacks nothing to make it perfection.

Truly, a flour that all good housewives should use.

Your dealer sells it on a money-back guarantee basis—TRY IT!

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR . Made in Moose Jaw.

Learn the Difference



Try Mooney's Biscuits with all the rest.

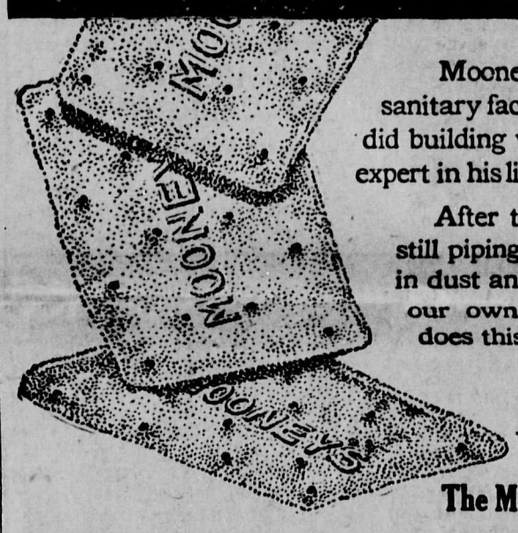
See how much more flavory, crisper Mooney's are.

Their superiority is due to our painstaking methods—our modern facilities and using the costliest materials. We get the finest cream and butter from the famous Western Ontario farms because we pay top prices. Our flour is a special blend.

Yet they cost no more than common kinds.

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

Canada's Standard Soda Crackers



Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas are made in our large sanitary factory amid a flood of sunshine. Here in this splendid building with its hundreds of skilled employees—each an expert in his line—we create this delicious and nourishing biscuit.

After these biscuits leave the ovens and while they are still piping hot, with all their oven aroma, they are packed in dust and damp-proof packages. We even ship them in our own private cars. No other biscuit manufacturer does this.

So they reach your table—whole, flaky, and fresh.

Try them today. At your grocer's. (10)

The Mooney Biscuit & Candy Co., Ltd.,

TWO DESPERATE CASES

These Two Men Owe Their Lives To GIN PILLS.

Stone in the bladder is a direct result of kidney trouble—one of the results of neglecting the kidneys that have taken cold or are slightly out of order. Mr. Herman and Mr. Lessard whose letters are given below, were in a bad way until they tried GIN PILLS which cured their trouble by removing the cause.

There is no other kidney pill anywhere that has the merits of GIN PILLS. Sick and diseased kidneys respond quickly to their treatment. Many a case of incipient Brights or Diabetes has been cured by them. They cleanse, restore and build up the entire urinary tract.

573 JAMES ST. NORTH, HAMILTON, ONT.

Gentlemen,

Four years ago I was taken down with Inflammation of the Bladder. During the attacks, which occurred more and more frequently, the agony was unbearable, and I became so weak I could not walk across the floor. The doctors could do nothing to relieve or cure me.

My wife sent for a box of GIN PILLS to try and see if they would help me. From the first they did me good—the pain was relieved at once, and the attacks began to come at longer intervals. I continued taking the pills for six weeks, and then, to my surprise and delight, the stone I sent you some time ago came from me and my pain stopped. It is now three years since GIN PILLS cured me. I have had no return of the trouble, and I have not lost a day's work on account of it since.

There is not the slightest doubt that GIN PILLS saved my life. Yours gratefully, JOHN HERMAN.

JOLIETTE, P.Q.

"During August last, I went to Montreal to consult a specialist as I had been suffering terribly with stone in the Bladder.

He decided to operate but said the stone was too large to remove and too hard to crush. I returned home and was recommended by a friend to try GIN PILLS.

They relieved the pain. I took two boxes and went back to the specialist. He said the stone was smaller but he could not remove it although he tried for two hours and a half. I returned home and continued to take GIN PILLS, and to my great surprise and joy, I passed the stone.

GIN PILLS are the best medicine in the world and because they did me so much good, I will recommend them all the rest of my life".

J. ALBERT LESSARD.

GIN PILLS are no un-tried, doubtful remedy. GIN PILLS have been used for years by thousands in every section of Canada. They are guaranteed by the largest wholesale drug houses in the world—and your money will be promptly refunded if GIN PILLS fail to give relief as guaranteed. 50c. a box—6 for $2.50. Sent on receipt of regular retail price if you are unable to get GIN PILLS in your neighborhood. Sample box absolutely free to all sufferers from kidney and bladder troubles. Pain in the back in the region of the kidneys, swollen joints, Rheumatism, Lumbago, non-retention of urine, Brick Dust Deposits, Mucous or Bloody urine etc., if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Dept . Toronto, Ont. 83.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

I. O. O. F. AMITY LODGE NO. 27.—The regular meetings of this lodge are held in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Carnarvon and Eighth streets, every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. C. J. Purvis, N.G.; W. C. Coatham, P. G. recording secretary; R. Purdy, financial secretary

STENOGRAPHY & TYPEWRITING

MISS M. BROTEN, public stenographer; specifications, business letters, etc.; circular work taken. Phone 415. Rear of Major and Savage's office. Columbia St.

FISH AND GAME.

AYLING & SWAIN, FISH, FRUIT, Game, Vegetables, etc. Dean Block, next to Bank of Montreal.

AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT.

H. J. A. BURNETT, AUDITOR AND Accountant. Tel. R 128. Room. Trapp block.

PROFESSIONAL.

J. STILWELL CLUTE, barrister-at-law, solicitor, etc; corner Columbia and McKenzie streets, New Westminster, B. C. P. O. Box 112. Telephone 710.

WADE, WHEALLER, McQUARRIE & MARTIN—Barristers and Solicitors. Westminster offices, Rooms 7 and 8 Guichon block, corner Columbia and McKenzie streets; Vancouver offices, Williams building, 41 Granville street. F. C. Wade, K. C.; A. Whealler, W. G. McQuarrie, G. E Martin.

J. P. HAMPTON BOLE, BARRISTER, solicitor and notary, 610 Columbia street. Over C. P. R. Telegraph.

BOARD OF TRADE—New Westminster Board of Trade meets in the board room, City Hall, as follows: Third Thursday of each month; quarterly meeting on the third Thursday of February, May, August and November, at 8 p.m. Annual meetings on the third Thursday of February. New members may be proposed and elected at any monthly or quarterly meeting. C. H. Stuart-Wade, secretary.

NEW WESTMINSTER MAIL SERVICE

Time of Arrival:	Time of Closing:
20:00—United States via C. P. R. (daily except Sunday)	23:00
7:40—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:15
12:00—Vancouver via. B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	16:00
—Vancouver via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	22:30
—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:45
—Victoria via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	11:15
—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	9.45
15—United States via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	16:00
10:18—All points east and Europe (daily)	8:30
22:30—All points east and Europe (daily)	14:00
10:18—Sapperton and Fraser Mills (daily except Sunday)	8:30
20:00—Sapperton and Fraser mills (daily except Sunday)	14:00
10:18—Coquitlam (daily except Sunday)	8:30
12:00—Central Park and Edmonds (daily except Sunday)	11.15
1400—East Burnaby (daily ex-Sunday)	18:30
10:00—Timberland (Tuesday and Friday)	13:30
10:30—Barnston Islands arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday	14:00
10:00—Ladner, Port Guichon, Westham Island, Burr Villa	12:30
20:00—Annieville, Sunbury (daily except Sunday)	13:30
10:00—Woodwards (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday)	13:30
10:50—Vancouver, Piper's Siding via G. N. R. (daily except Sunday)	14:30
11:30—Cloverdale and Port Kells via G. N. R. (daily ex-(daily except Sunday)	14:00
11:30—Clayton (Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday	14:00
11:30—Tynehead (Tuesday and Friday)	14:00
8:30—Burnaby Lake (daily except Sunday	16:00
20:00—Abbotsford, Matsqui, Huntington, etc. (daily except Sunday)	23:00
15:15—Crescent, White Rock and Blaine (daily except Sunday)	9:45
15:15—Hall's Prairie, Fern Ridge and Hazlemere (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	9:45
11:20—Chilliwack, Milner, Mt. Lehman, Aldergrove, Otter, Shortreed, Upper Sumas, Surrey Centre, Cloverdale, Langley Prairie, Murrayville, Strawberry Hill, South Westminster, Clover Valley, Coghlan, Sardis, Majuba Hill, Rand, via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	9:00
11:20—Rand, Majuba Hill via B. C. E. R. (Monday Wednesday and Friday	9:00
20:30—Chilliwack via B. C. E. R. (daily except Sunday)	17:30
(daily except Sunday)	20:30
11:20—Abbotsford via B.C.E.R. (daily except Sunday)	17:30
15:50—Cloverdale via B.C.E.R. (daily except Sunday)	17:40

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

"Parks Improvement By-Law, 1911." (No.)

A By-law to enable the Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster to raise by loan the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000.00) to provide for improvement of parks in the City of New Westminster.

Whereas it is necessary to provide for improvement of parks in the City of New Westminster and the cost of such improvement will be thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000.00.)

And whereas it appears that if the said sum of $35,000.00 be appropriated from the general revenue of the city for the current year the rate of taxation will be excessive and it is expedient that such excessive taxation should be avoided and the said sum should be raised on the credit of the Corporation and that debentures should be issued for that amount.

And whereas in order to raise the terest on the debentures proposed to be issued under this By-law and for creating a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures when due it will be necessary to raise by special rate in addition to all other rates each year during the currency of the said debentures the sum of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and 30-100 dollars ($1.885.30).

And whears in order to raise the said yearly sum of $1,885.30 an equal special rate on the dollar will be required to be levied on the whole rateable property of the City of New Westminster.

And whereas the whole rateable property of the said city according to the last revised assessment roll thereof is nine million five hundred and ninety-two-thousand nine hundred and thirty-two dollars ($9,592,932.00).

And whereas the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said city is two million one hundred and one thousand three hundred dollars $(2,101,300.00) irrespective of the sum of sixty-four thousand dollars (64,000.00) proposed to be raised under this By-law and the "Health and Garbage By-law 1911"; "Isolation Hospital By-law 1911"; "Public Lavatory By-law 1911"; and Horse Show Building By-law 1911," of which none of the principal or interest is in arrears.

Now therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000.00 and to cause the same to be paid into the treasury of the said city for the purposes mentioned herein.

2. It shall be lawful for the Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35.000.00 for such sums of money as may be required not less than $100.00 each or an equivalent expressed in pounds sterling of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland at a value of 4.866 to the pound sterling; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer thereof, or by such other person or persons as may be thereunto lawfully authorized.

3. The said debentures shall be payable on the first day of January 1962, at such place or places as the Council of the said Corporation may from time to time appoint with the approval of the holders thereof, and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each and every year, and the debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, which said coupons shall be signed by the said Mayor.

4. A special rate on the dollar shall be levied and raised in each year, in addition to all other rates, on all the rateable property of the city, sufficient to pay the interest upon the debentures and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof when due, subject to any Act or enactment respecting the same.

5.—Subject as aforesaid there shall be raised annually by special rate as aforesaid during the currency of the said debentures the sum of one thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars ($1,575.00) for the payment of interest thereon, and the sum of three hundred and ten and 30-100 dollars ($31.30) to provide for the repayment of the principal.

6. The proceeds of the sale of the said debentures shall be applied as follows and not otherwise: Towards paying the cost of the passing of this By-law and the issue and sale of the debentures therein referred to and all expenses connected with the issuance of the said loan, and the balance shall be paid over from time to time as required by the City Treasurer to the several persons to whom moneys are payable.

7. This By-law shall take effect on the first day of December, A. D. 1911.

8. This By-law before the final passing thereof shall receive the assent of the electors of the said city in the manner required by law.

9. This By-law may be cited as the "Parks Improvement By-law, 1911."

Received the assent of the electors on the day of A. D. 1911.

Reconsidered and finally passed in open council the day of A. D. 1911.

.....
Mayor.

.....
City Clerk.

Notice.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken on the 3rd day of November, 1911, between the hours of nine o'clock a.m. and seven o'clock p.m., at the following places, viz: The Council Chamber, City Hall; No. 4 Fire Hall, Sapperton; and No. 5 Fire Hall, 13th street.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

"Isolation Hospital By-law, 1911." (No. .....)

A By-law to enable the Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster to raise by loan the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) to provide for an Isolation Hospital in the City of New Westminster.

Whereas it is necessary to provide an Isolation Hospital in the City of New Westminster and the cost of such Isolation Hospital will be Six Thousand Dollars ($6,000.00).

And whereas it appears that if the said sum of $6,000.00 be appropriated from the general revenue of the city for the current year the rate of taxation will be excessive and it is expedient that such excessive taxation should be avoided and the said sum should be raised on the credit of the Corporation, and that debentures should be issued for that amount.

And whereas for the payment of interest on the debentures proposed to be issued under this By-law and for creating a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures when due it will be necessary to raise by special rate in addition to all other rates each year during the currency of the said debentures the sum of four hundred and ninety-three and 30-100 dollars $(493.30).

And whereas in order to raise the said yearly sum of $493.30 an equal special rate on the dollar will be required to be levied on the whole rateable property of the City of New Westminster.

And whereas the whole rateable property of the said city according to the last revised assessment roll thereof, is nine million five hundred and ninety-two thousand nine hundred and thirty-two dollars ($9,592,932.00).

And whereas the total amount of the existing debenture debt of the said city is two million one hundred and one thousand three hundred dollars $(2,101,300.00) irrespective of the sum of sixty-four thousand dollars $64,000.00) proposed to be raised under this By-law and the "Health and Garbage By-law 1911"; "Public Lavatory By-law 1911"; "Horse Show Building By-law 1911," and the "Parks Improvement By-law 1911," of which none of the principal or interest is in arrears.

Now therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $6,000.00 and to cause the same to eb paid into the treasury of the said city for the purposes mentioned herein.

2. It shall be lawful for the Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made not exceeding in the whole the sum of $6,000.00 for such sums of money as may be required, not less than $100.00 each or an equivalent expressed in pounds sterling of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland at a value of 4.866 to the pound sterling; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer thereof, or by such other person or persons as may be thereunto lawfully authorized.

3. The said debentures shall be payable on the first day of January, 1932, at such place or places as the Council of the said Corporation may from time to time appoint with the approval of the holders thereof, and shall bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each and every year, and the debentures shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, which said coupons shall be signed by the said Mayor.

4. A special rate on the dollar shall be levied and raised in each year, in addition to all other rates, on all the rateable property of the city, sufficient to pay the interest upon the debentures and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof when due, subject to any Act or enactment respecting the same.

5. Subject as aforesaid, there shall be raised annually by special rate as aforesaid, during the currency of the said debentures the sum of two hundred and seventy dollars $270.00) for the payment of interest thereon, and the sum of two hundred and twenty-three and 30-100 dollars ($223.30) to provide for the repayment of the principal.

6. The proceeds of the sale of the said debentures shall be applied as follows and not otherwise: Towards paying the cost of the passing of this By-law and the issue and sale of the debentures therein referred to and all expenses connected with the issuance of the said loan, and the balance shall be paid over from time to time as required by the City Treasurer to the several persons to whom moneys are payable.

7. This By-law shall take effect on the first day of December, A. D. 1911.

8. This By-law before the final passing thereof shall receive the assent of the electors of the said city in the manner required by law.

9. This By-law may be cited as the "Isolation Hospital By-law, 1911."

Received the assent of the electors on the day of A. D. 1911.

Reconsidered and finally passed in open Council the day of A. D. 1911.

Mayor.
City Clerk.

Notice.

Take notice thaat the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken on the 3rd day of November, 1911, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m., and seven o'clock p. m., at the following places, viz: The Council Chamber, City Hall; No. 4 Fire Hall, Sapperton; and No. 5 Fire Hall, 13th street.

W. A. DUNCAN,
City Clerk.

LAND ACT.

New Westminster Land District, District of New Westminster.

Take notice that I. Walter S. Rose, of New Westminster, B. C., occupation broker, intend to apply for permission to lease the following described land.

Commencing at a post planted one and a half miles from Lillooet river on the east bank of Twenty Five Mile creek, running 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

Date, September 18th, 1911.

WALTER S. ROSE,
Name of Applicant (in full).
JAMES G. McRAE.
Agent.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re lots 2, 3, 4 and 9, block 2, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 12, block 3, lots 1. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10, block 4, of section 30, block 5 north, range 2 west, in the District of New Westminster, Map 454.

Whereas proof of the loss of certificate of title number 1725 F., issued in the name of Aulay Morrison, has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, in a daily newspaper published in the City of New Westminster, issue a duplicate of the said certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office, New Westminster, B.C., October 7, 1911.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAND DISTRICT—District of New Westminster.—Take notice that John Gould, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at a point on the westerly shore of Green lake, which point is situate about 60 chains southwesterly from the northerly end of the said Green lake; thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains more or less, to the shore of Green lake, thence northerly following the shore of Green lake to the point of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

JOHN GREER,
Agent for John Gould.
Dated August 28, 1911.

J. Newsome & Sons
Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators
Estimates Given.
214 Sixth Avenue. Phone 567
NEW WESTMINSTER : B.C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
B. C. Coast Service
FROM VANCOUVER.
For Victoria.
10:00 A .M.....Daily except Tuesday
1:00 P. M.....Daily
12:00 Midnight.....Saturday Only
For Seattle.
10:00 A. M.....Daily
11:00 P. M.....Daily
For Prince Rupert and Alaska
11:00 P. M...Nov. 4th, 12th, Dec. 8th.
For Queen Charlotte Islands.
11:00 P. M...Oct. 31, Nov. 11th, 25th
For Hardy Bay.
8:30 A. M.....Wednesdays
For Upper Fraser River Points.
Leave New Westminster, 8:00 A.M., Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Leave Chilliwack. 7:00 A. M., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
For Gulf Islands Points.
7:00 A. M. Friday for Victoria, calling at Galiano, Mayne, Id., Hope Bay, Port Washington, Ganes Hr. Guicheon Cove, Beaver Point, Fulford and Sidney Id.
to ED. GOULET,
Agent, New Westminster.
H. W. BRODIE,
G. P. A. Vancouver

PALMER GASOLINE ENGINES
3½ to 25 H. P.
2 and 4 Cycle.
Local Agents
Westminster Iron Works
Phone 53.
Tenth St., New Westminster.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
THANKSGIVING DAY
Round Trip tickets for ONE FARE and ONE THIRD will be on sale Oct. 27th to 30th, Inc. Good to return until Nov. 1st.
ED. GOULET, Agent.
New Westminster.
Or H. W. Brodie, G.P.A., Vancouver

Canadian Northern Steamships, Ltd.
THE ROYAL LINE
MONTREAL—QUEBEC.
TO BRISTOL, ENGLAND
Shortest Route to London on 12,000 Ton Floating Palaces.
Next Sailings from Montreal:
ROYAL GEORGE .....OCT. 18
ROYAL EDWARD .....NOV. 1
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Xmas Sailing from Halifax.
ROYAL EDWARD.....NOV. 29
ROYAL GEORGE.....DEC. 13
Rates of Passage:
1st Class, $92.50, and upwards.
2nd Class, $53.75, and upwards.
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Further information from Ed Goulet, C. P. R. Agent, or write
A. H. Davis, General Agent
272 Main St., Winnipeg.

COAL
New Wellington
JOSEPH MAYERS
Phone 105. P. O. Box 345.
Office, Front St., Foot of Sixth.

Westminster Transfer Co.
Office 'Phone 13a. Barn 'Phone 13
Begbie Street.
Baggage delivered promptly to any part of the city.
Light and Heavy Hauling
OFFICE—TEAM DEPOT
CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C

The Royal Bank of Canada
Capital paid up.....$6,200,000
Reserve 7,200,000
The Bank has over 200 branches, extending in Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in Cuba throughout the island; also in Porto Rico, Bahamas, Barbados, Jamaica, Trinidad, New York and London,, Eng.
Drafts issued without delay on all the principal towns and cities in the world. These excelent connections afford every banking facility.
New Westminster Branch,
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Learn To Dance
Classes every Monday and Wednesday night, 8 o'clock, 318 Royal avenue. Advanced class and invitation dance in St. Patrick's Hall. Friday, Oct. 27, continuing every Friday. Class at 7:30. Dancing 9 to 2. C. W. Openshaw's orchestra. Private lessons by appointment.
J. B. BARNETT, 318 Royal Avenue
Phone L 575.

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General Contractors
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The Bank of Toronto offers to all such people the facilities of their large and strong banking organization.
Interest is paid on Savings Balances half-yearly. :: ::
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INCORPORATED 1855
ASSETS $48,000,000
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C. BRANCH
618 Columbia Street.

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM
Pacific Coast Fleet
DOCK AT JOHNSON'S WHARF, FOOT OF COLUMBIA AVE.
SS. "PRINCE RUPERT" leaves Vancouver at 12 midnight every Saturday for Victoria and Seattle.
SS. "PRINCE RUPERT" leaves Vancouver at 12 midnight every Monday for Prince Rupert.
SS. "PRINCE JOHN" leaves Prince Rupert at 1 p.m. every Wednesday for Stewart; at 10 p.m. Thursday, November 2, 16, 30, December 14. 28, for Queen Charlotte City, Skidegate, Lockport, Rose Harbor, etc., and at 10:00 p.m. Thursday, November 9, 23, December 7. 21, for Massett and Naden Harbor.
GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY runs trains three times a week from Prince Rupert to end of track (100 miles).
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
(The Double Track Route)
Through tickets from Vancouver to all points east of Chicago in Canada and the United States, also to Europe. Make your reservations now for the holidays. Standard and tourist sleepers—meals "Pay as you order."
H. G. SMITH, C. P. & T. A.
Phone Seymour 7100.
L. V. DRUCE, Commercial Agent.
Phone Seymour 3060.
527 Granville Street, Vancouver.

Save the Cost of Your Winter Outfit
By having dresses, etc., dry cleaned or dyed the dark shades now fashionable. We will be glad to show you how well this work can be done.
PHONE R278
Gents' Suits Pressed 75c
Gents' Suits Cleaned $1.50 up
ROYAL CITY CHEMICAL CLEANERS AND DYERS
F. BALDWIN, - Proprietor.
354 Columbia Street.

Choice Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Pork and Veal
AT THE
Central Meat Market
BOWELL & ODDY
Corner Eighth St. and Fifth Avenue.
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Phone 388. P. O. Box 557.
JACKSON PRINTING CO.
Fine Office Stationery
Job Printing of Every Description - - - Butter Wrappers a Specialty
Market Square, New Westminster.

HORSE BLANKETS
WE have on hand a full line of Horse Blankets, Buggy Rugs and Waterfront Covers. The Prices are Right and the Quality is Guaranteed.
T. J. TRAPP & COMPANY, LIMITED.
Phone 38, New Westminster, B. C.

Heating Stoves
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REGAL FRANKLIN OPEN GRATES

We have the most complete in the city call and see our stock before you buy

ANDERSON & LUSBY

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Chimney Sweeping,
Eavetrough Cleaning,
Sewer Connecting,
Cesspools, Septic Tanks, Etc.

It is of great importance to you—that you give this question of insurance some serious thought. How often have you suffered loss through lack of it? Better come in and talk it over with me.

Alfred W. McLeod

The INSURANCE Man

657 Columbia St.,
Phone 62. New Westminster.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

A Swell
LINE OF
Hand Bags

Just to hand, direct from the factory. Good values from $1.50 to $12.00. You may not need one now, but have a look at them, you will probably need one later.

Curtis Drug Store

For
PHOTO GOODS
SPECTACLES
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Phone 43: L. D. 71: Res. 72.
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Seely's
Invisible Cream
WITH PROXIDE
Whitens the Skin
AND
Insures Good Complexion
AT
MUIR'S DRUG STORE
Deane Block. 441 Columbia St.
New Westminster, B.C.

CITY NEWS

Mrs Chilver will not receive today, but will be at home on the first Thursday in December.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Richardson and family returned yesterday morning from an extended trip in the east.

This evening the women of the Methodist church will hold a social at the home of Mrs. Bandewater on Fifth avenue.

Take the steamer Transfer for a round trip Saturday afternoon. Leaves Blackman-Ker wharf at 2 o'clock. **

W. F. Edmonds, the insurance specialist, has returned from a hunting trip up country. "Bob" reports he shot 120 ducks besides a variety of other game.

Eyes tested for glasses; satisfaction guaranteed by W. Gifford, graduate optician. Optician parlors in T. Gifford's jewelry store.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Sharpe, Vancouver, have returned to their home, 773 Bidwell street, after spending a week here with Mrs. J. E. Insley.

The Coronation will be the subject of a lecture in the Methodist church tonight by Rev. Robert Hughes. It will be illustrated.

A meeting of the Women's Equality league will be held in St. Stephen's church this afternoon at three o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by Mrs. Kemp, of Vancouver.

Mr. Jack Insley, jr., and party have returned from a very successful hunting trip to Pitt lake. They brought with them a big bag of mallard and canvass back ducks.

Lulu Island lots, all cleared, 50x160 feet and larger, 66 foot street, 16 foot lanes, on and joining Ewen avenue, $550.00 and up. Easy terms. Reid, Curtis & Dorgan, 706 Columbia street. **

Young Hicks and Green Hicks, two brothers, have been committed by his honor, Judge Howay, on the effete charge of cattle rustling. Hope is alleged to have been the scene of the crime. The brothers come up for speedy trial on November 16.

At a meeting of the executive of the New Westminster Liberal association held recently, Friday evening, November 24, was fixed as the date of the annual general meeting. The purpose of the meeting is for the election of officers and it will be held in the Eagles hall. It is interesting to note that it will be exactly a year ago from this date that the last annual meeting of the Liberal association was held.

In the direction of harbor improvement, which is the question of the hour and of several weeks ahead, in New Westminster, comes the businesslike statement that advertisements calling for tenders for the construction of the first seven thousand feet of the jetty at the month of the Fraser will appear in the local papers in a short time. The Dominion minister of public works seems sensitive to the representations being made by public men on the question.

STUART—ROSS.

A marriage was solemnized last evening between William J. Stewart and Miss Jane Ross, both of New Westminster, at which the Rev. A. E. Vert officiated. The bride was attended by Miss Alice Carriere, of Vancouver, and the groomsman was Mr. Charles M. Hughes. The newly married pair will make their home in New Westminster.

Choral Society.

A very enthusiastic meeting of the New Westminster Choral and Orchestral society was held in St. George's hall on Tuesday evening. As a result of this meeting the first practice has been called for Tuesday evening, November 14, when intending members may enroll and at which time also music will be provided.

Further notices will be given in the early part of next week as to the place of meeting. An invitation is extended to all choir members of the city and district and all others interested to attend the practices. To defray the small expenses in connection with the society it is proposed to charge members an initial fee of one dollar and a subscription of 25 cents per month.

The following is a list of the music which it is proposed to buy as a commencement: "Hymn to Music," Buck; "Good Night Beloved," Pinsuti; "Songs of the Vikings," Flaming; "Hail Smiling Morn," Spofforth; "Bells of St. Michael's Tower," Stewart, and the "Chimes of Oberwesel," Bauer.

WHITE ROCK NOTES.

Thankgiving Day at White Rock was thoroughly enjoyed by the large number of visitors who came down from town to spend a few hours on the sands and by the sea waves.

The weather was all that could be desired, and White Rock put on its gala dress for the occasion.

Among those who spent the week-end at their summer residences here might be mentioned Mr. and Mrs. Henley and house party, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Travers, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Rennie, Miss James, Miss Ross, Miss McIntyre and Miss Wells.

Mr. and Mrs. Thornbur also opened house and entertained guests, as did Mr. and Mrs. Reece, Mr. and Mrs. Chapman and the Misses Marshall. Mr. and Mrs. Barr and family, Mr. Munson, Miss Munson and Mr. and Mrs. Ainstey and family from Vancouver. Other Vancouverities consisted of Mr. Schieffer and son, A. E. Pard, George Wade, W. Sleeman, J. B. Buchanan, H. Murphy and Mr. Sohrman.

Captain Burton Grant and bride (nee Miss Kerr of Burnaby), spent their honeymoon here last week, and Mr. E. Vashon of Vancouver, drove over from the Terminal City on Thursday last.

Mr. Grant was also a visitor and entertained a party of friends at his bungalo "Rest" during the week.

Several of the visitors brought their guns but the attractions of the salt water and beach proved too strong and the number of birds that were bagged was small.

Development work in the way of clearing lots and making other improvements on the townsite or townsite additions is much in evidence these days owing to the continued spell of fine wtather suitable for just such work.

"Lady Van" of Saturday Sunset fame, as well as several other Vancouver and Westminster parties have recently purchased lots here, and a Mr. Bowers of Winnipeg, was down on Monday inspecting some property which he bought some time back.

Mr. John Pearson and Mr. A. Naismith of Vancouver, spent the week-end as guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Pocock.

A Russian aeronaut is operating his aeroplane on the basis of a taximeter, and is doing so much business that he will extend it by getting more machines to take passengers on short runs.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

LOTS

Fifth St. near Seventh Ave.
$1050; Good Terms.

Seventh Avenue
$950; one-third cash, balance six and twelve months.

Cor. 12th St. and 5th Ave.
80x140; $4200; Good Terms.

Major & Savage
550 COLUMBIA STREET

B. & M.
FISH MARKET
537 Front St. - Phone 301

Fresh Salmon (half or whole)	9c lb.
Fresh Halibut (half or whole)	8c lb.
Fresh Cod (half or whole)	7c lb.
Fresh Herring, 4 lbs. for	25c
Smelts	10c lb.
Kippered and Smoked Salmon	15c lb.
Smoked Halibut	15c lb.
Kippers and Bloaters	10c lb
Finnan Haddie 2 lbs. for	25c
Rabbits	35c each

Terms—Cash.

Opposite Brackman-Ker Wharf, Front St.

The T. H. SMITH Co. LIMITED

Our Attractive Array of NEW COATS

There are a great many popular garments in this attractive line of stylish coats. The materials are of two-faced heavy cloaking cloths in different tones of grey and fawns; with facings and panels of reverse cloth that is used to splendid advantage in the trimming. There is also a wide range of heavy homespun coatings. The coats are cut on roomy and graceful lines and show a variety in the treatment of the shoulders, some of which are raglin kind, some kimona and some with the new set-in sleeve. On some coats the collars are of shawl variety, while others have snug fitting college collars butttoning high at the throat.

AT $18.50 —A pretty coat of brown reversible coating; collar and revers of self color; patch pocket effect; with flap on cuffs.

AT $20.00 —Very stylish coat of grey or fawn tweed; buttoned to throat or open neck with long lapel effect; stitched collar edge with leather buttons to match; patch pockets; raglin shoulder and double yoke effect.

AT $25.00 —Popular coat of dark grey tweed; buttoned to throat; deep double collar effect and reversible cloth; cuffs to match; slash pockets; panel effect at back.

AT $35.00 —Charming new coat of heavy tweed; in shade of brown and green mixture; patch pocket with button fastening; belt at back; deep collar; cuffs trimmed with two small flaps fastened with buttons.

Beautiful New Opera Coats

Direct from the style centres come these charming new coats, demonstrating smart styles for the up-to-date woman; shown are the new shoulder and collar effects pronouncedly in vogue; every garment is a leader at the price. Such values that are sure to please the most careful buyer. See these lovely new things.

Stylish Opera Coat of French Broadcloth
Shade of pearl; cape collar; with edge of black satin; over collar of black velvet; cuffs and buttons of black satin. Price $30.00

Opera Coat of Rose Broadcloth
Frog fastening; stitched down reverse and collar trimmed with small brass buttons and inverted V of net; cuffs trimmed to match; kimona sleeve effect. Price $50.00

Evening Coat of Fine Broadcloth
Shade of pastille blue; deep shawl collar and revers; elaborately trimmed with braid; lined throughout with silk. Price $25.00

Chiffon Broadcloth Coat
Shade of Copenhagen; trimmed with black braid; deep silk revers; double belt effect; lined throughout with white duchesse silk. Price $50.00

Bank of Montreal
ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL	$14,400,000.00
RESERVE	12,000,000.00

Branches throughout Canada and Newfoundland, and in London, England, New York, Chicago and Spokane, U.S.A., and Mexico City. A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available with correspondents in all parts of the world.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits received in sums of $1 and upward, and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum (present rate).

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NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH,
G. D. BRYMNER, Manager.

MESH BAGS
STERLING Silver, $25.00 to $40.00 each
GERMAN Silver, $5.00 to $15.00 each
Child's Purses, $1.75 and $2,00 each.

Chamberlin THE JEWELER
Official Time Inspector for C.P.R. and B.C.E. R'y

EYE COMFORT
is obtainable through the aid of perfect fitting glasses. Our spectacles and lenses are guaranteed perfect in fit and focus.

Ryall's Drug Store
EYES TESTED BY OPTICIAN.
'PHONE 57 WESTMINSTER TRUST BLOCK.
CALL AND SEE THE LATEST IN TORIC BIFOCALS.

NEW MODERN HOUSE

(911) On St. Patrick's street, new six room modern house with three bedrooms and full basement. This house was carefully built by the owner of first class materials.

$800 Cash

will secure possession. A portion of the balance is covered by a three year mortgage and the remaining portion may be paid semi-annually or monthly. Ask for price and full particulars.

Established 1891, Incorporated 1905.

THE FRASER VALLEY F. J. HART & CO. LTD. FARM LAND SPECIALISTS

F. J. Hart & Co., Ltd.
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Head Office, New Westminster. Branches at Vancouver Victoria, Chilliwack and Aldergrove, B.C.

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LUMBER CO., LTD.
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
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Phones No. 7 and 877. Shingles, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

INTERURBAN TRAMS.

Westminster branch. — Cars leave for Vancouver at 5, 5:45 a.m. and every 15 minutes thereafter until 11 p.m. Last car 12 p.m. Sunday leaves at 6, 7, 8 a.m. and every 15 minutes thereafter.

Lulu Island branch. — Cars leave for Vancouver every hour from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. connecting at Eburne for Steveston.

Burnaby line.—Cars leave for Vancouver every hour from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Fraser Valley line.— Cars leave for Chilliwack and way points at 9.30 a.m., 1.20 and 6.10 p.m.

Huntingdon and way points, leaves at 4.05 p.m.

EXCURSION TO CHILLIWACK

The B. C. E. R. Co. offers reduced rates of a fare and a third for week end trips to all points on its Fraser Valley line.

Tickets will be on sale on Saturday and Sunday, good for return until Monday.

MAKE YOUR PLANS TO TAKE THIS ENJOYABLE TRIP.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.