The Daily News

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Library Legislative Assembly Provincial Library APR 19 1906 VICTORIA, B. C.

Bloody Battle in Mining Town

DEPUTIES QUELL MINERS' RIOT WITH STORM OF BULLETS

Arrest of Disorderly Strikers At Windber Pa., Leads to A Clash Between Desperate Mob and Armed Authority---Attack on Jail Repulsed With Fatal Effect---Trouble Caused By Foreigners.

Johnstown, Pa., April 17.—After weeks of anxiety, the situation brought about by the controversy of the coal miners with the operators culminated last night in a riot at Windber near this city which finally ended in bloodshed.

Four are dead and a number are injured and throughout the night the town was patrolled by armed guards.

The shooting was brought on by an assault upon the jail, made by striking miners who attempted to rescue comrades who had been placed under arrest.

Night of Terror.

The riot occurred in the early hours of the night and continued for several hours, working the residents to such a pitch that the night was one of terror.

The dead are principally foreigners and were miners who were out on strike. They are Pietro Martini, Antonio Mazuea, Paul Zills, who was the leader of the mob, and Curtis Kester, ten years old, a bystander during the trouble, who was shot in the abdomen and was taken to the hospital where he died shortly after midnight.

Bodies Left on Street.

When the deputies fired on the mob they fled leaving three of their number on the ground dead and as the strikers refused to permit the undertakers to remove the bodies, the latter remained where they fell until an early hour this morning.

The rioters were for the most part of the foreign element who had been celebrating Easter Monday a holiday that always has been greatly observed in this section by them.

Whisky to Blame.

Yesterday the streets of Windber presented a carnival appearance. There was much liquor consumed and many men under the influence of liquor. When the trouble broke out the state constabulary, that was at Greenburg, was immediately ordered to Windber and a special was procured and rushed toward the scene of the riot. A few miles west of this city however, the train was blocked by a freight wreck and the troops did not reach Windber until after 4 o'clock in the morning.

Patrol the Town.

At that time the town had quieted and no demonstration was made. The constabulary relieved some of the deputies who were patrolling the town and the beats were placed at fifty yards. There were many altercations and boisterous arguments on the streets throughout yesterday but no serious clash occurred and even a large mass meeting was held without any disorder until Deputy Sheriff W. M. McMullen appeared.

Seize Deputy Sheriff.

The foreigners are apparently antagonistic to McMullen and have an old standing antipathy to him. He was for five years chief of police of Windber and during his administration, it is said, made himself unpopular with the miners. The sight of McMullen infuriated some of them and he was looked on as a spy. Many of the men rushed for him and threats were made against his life and he fled taking refuge in the home of Charles Davis.

Storm House and Jail.

The crowd however gave chase and soon a mob of 2,500 surrounded the Davis home and stoned it. The occupants were compelled to seek refuge with neighbors. During this riot about 20 of the miners were placed under arrest and landed in jail, under the leadership of Paul Zills who was shot dead. Subsequently the mob assailed the jail throwing stones and any missiles that were at hand.

Deputies Open Fire.

The deputies surrounded the jail and with the aid of the fire department tried to restore order. The mob was persistent and refused to listen to cooler heads who advised them to disperse and go home, and closing in on the jail began to assail the deputies. The latter tried to stop the onslaught with bayonets and when it seemed that the deputies and firemen would go down before the infuriated men the deputies fired. This was not done however, before knives and revolvers appeared in the hands of the strikers. But one volley was fired and at the sound of the guns the mob broke and fled.

APACHE CHIEF'S PRAYER

Lawton, O. T., April 17.—Geronimo, chief of the Apache tribe is critically ill at his home on the Fort Hill military reservation and the tribe decided yesterday that he could live only a few days.

When his biographer called on him Sunday, Geronimo said, "I am praying to the white man's God who has made me a man fit for heaven, to spare my life for a few years longer until I am freed from custody and see my people in free homes. God knows my heart is good, but I am telling him my people need me here more than I am needed in a better world."

Geronimo is 76 years old. He is living with his eighth wife to whom he was married on last Christmas Day.

CONVICT PERFORMS HEROIC WORK ON COLUMBIA STREET

Guides Runaway Horses Past Several Dangers and Thinks of Everything But the Safety of His Own Life---One Nasty Collision Occurs.

Holding with all his strength to a team of runaway horses, endeavoring with great presence of mind to avert disaster to others, and apparently oblivious to his own danger, a convict of the British Columbia penitentiary, heroically distinguished himself on Columbia street this morning.

The convict, accompanied by others and a guard, was driving a penitentiary team down the main thoroughfare when the horses became frightened at the approach of the Electric Railway company's repair car, and taking their bits in their strong teeth started on a mad gallop down the street on which there were a number of vehicles and pedestrians.

Passes Several Dangers.

The driver though unable to check the speed of the runaways stuck to his post and endeavored to guide them out of the way of collision which he did in several cases by the narrowest possible margins.

One Bad Collision.

After being guided safely past several delivery wagons that were in their path the runaways collided with a team belonging to T. S. Annandale, grocer, making a partial wreck of the delivery rig, and knocking the attached horses down on the road.

The collision jolted the penitentiary wagon so roughly that the driver was almost knocked off his seat, but he held to his dangerous work, and tried to exert more restraining strength on the reckless team.

Bang Into Wall.

The runaways, however, were not impeded, and kept up their terrific pace till, by a strategic move on the part of the fearless driver, they were sharply turned at the Royal City hotel corner up the hill, and steered head-on into a bill board. The tongue of the wagon pierced a plank, and the heads of the horses coming in forcible contact with the wall the runaway was stopped with the driver safe on his seat, and showing scarcely any sign of excitement.

Heroism Admired.

The guard who was in the wagon, and several citizens who witnessed the excitement state that several serious collisions, which might have resulted in injury or loss of life, were only avoided by the heroism of the driver and his masterly handling of the runaways. His conduct, they say, was most admirable.

One of the Annandale horses was seriously injured and will require considerable attention at the hands of a veterinary surgeon.

COOK LAYS CHARGES AGAINST POLICEMAN

Declares That He Is Innocent and That Officer Johnston Is Guilty of Misconduct---Bail Stands and Cases Will Be Heard Next Tuesday.

A. G. Cook, the man who took Officer Johnston's baton away from him and beat him over the head with it while the later was trying to handcuff him on Columbia street early Sunday morning, and who was later arrested by Detective Bradshaw, is not only determined to fight on all of the three charges laid against him, but he also means, if possible, to prove to the satisfaction of the police magistrate that the officer was guilty of assault and pointing firearms.

Cook Says "Not Guilty."

Cook appeared in court this morning with his counsel, W. J. Whiteside, and when asked to plead to charges of disorderly conduct, willful destruction of property, and assaulting a police officer, said he was not guilty. Mr. Whiteside asked that the hearing of the cases be set for Tuesday of next week, and also that the cases against the officer be heard on the same day. He said the witnesses for his client would be the same in all of the cases.

Chief of Police McIntosh, for the prosecution of Cook agreed, and the magistrate accordingly adjourned the cases to the date selected by Mr. Whiteside.

Objects to Procedure.

Mr. Whiteside then asked that the cash bail of $50 be returned and that Cook be allowed his liberty on his own recognizance.

"Why?" queried the magistrate.

"Because the object of bail is to secure the attendance of the accused, and Mr. Cook is going to be here."

Mr. Whiteside went on to say that there was no necessity in the first place for issuing a warrant for Cook, that he was a resident of the city, that he had never yet attempted to skip out, and that the service of a summons would have been the proper procedure under the circumstances. The case was not serious enough to have his client held in cash bail.

Cash Bail Stands.

The court held that a charge of assaulting a police officer was quite serious enough to justify the security as it stood.

Mr. Whiteside said that the seriousness of such a charge depended on circumstances, and that the circumstances of the case in question did not warrant either an arrest or a demand for cash bail.

The magistrate replied that, as yet he could know nothing of the circumstances, he would order the bail to stand as it was.

CUNNINGHAM THROWS THE VANCOUVER MAN

Local Amateur Wrestler Wins Championship and Silver Trophy After Long and Hard Tussle---Preliminary Performers Put Up a Good Exhibition.

By two straight falls, both of which were obtained only after long and hard tussles, Tom Cunningham of New Westminster defeated Dave Fisher of Vancouver last night for amateur championship honors and the possession of a handsome silver trophy put up by local admirers of the game of wrestling.

As many people as could find any kind of space in St. George's hall witnessed the match, and the unanimous verdict of the spectators was that the best man won.

The First Fall.

While it took Cunningham 57 minutes and 45 seconds to secure the first fall yet there was no time in the round that Fisher had any advantage. He played on the defensive all through occassionally making a quick grab for his opponent's neck or legs, but never gaining an effective hold. Wriggling off the mat on one occasion saved him from being pinned down earlier than he was.

Becomes Desperate.

In the early part of the second round Fisher was more aggressive and for a while he fought desperately. Twice he rushed Cunningham against the wall and dove for his legs, calling for interference each time on the part of the referee who returned the contestants to the center of the mat.

On another occasion the Vancouver man in a rush landed on Cunningham's jaw sending him, slightly groggy, to the floor on his knees. Fisher attempted to follow up this advantage but was prevented by the referee who warned him against a repetition of such tactics.

The Final Trick.

From then on the game was all Cunningham's and at the end of 24 minutes and 45 seconds Fisher was pinned flat on his back, and the decision was given to Cunningham.

Both falls were obtained by a half Nelson and crotch, the first hold being changed from a full Nelson.

Fisher's weight was 157 pounds, and Cunningham's 153.

Fred Lynch was referee, and acquitted himself to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. Ed. Hughes was time keeper.

Preliminary Excitement.

A preliminary bout between A. McDonald and A. Wise, both local amateurs, was won by Wise who secured two falls out of three. The preliminary performers were both quick and anxious, and took even turns at the hard work. Their contest was closer and more exciting than that between the principals of the evening. McDonald secured the first fall in 2 minutes, and Wise the other two in 5 minutes and 15 seconds, and 10 minutes and 30 seconds respectively.

Schooner Sails Into Dynamite Laden Ship

Seattle, Wash., April 16.—Scores of lives were imperiled in a collision between the steamer Melville Dollar, carrying twenty-five tons of dynamite and the halibut fishing schooner Daisy, off Race Rocks, near Victoria, at 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning. Ad that prevented both vessels being totally wrecked with a large loss of life was the fact that the dynamite did not shift. The Melville Dollar was in command of Capt. C. J. Fosen and the schooer Daisy in command of Capt. Albert Lindvog.

As a result of the accident, the schooner Daisy is now lying at the San Juan Fish company's dock, with her stem smashed in, her bulwarks broken and splintered and her forerigging in a jumbled mass on the forward deck.

Reckoning Was Off.

The accident, it is said, resulted from Second Mate Thomas E. Barron, of the Melville Dollar, miscalculating the speed at which the schooner was traveling. The latter vessel was beating down the straits to the fishing banks off Cape Flattery, bowling along on the starboard tack at a rapid rate.

Capt. Lindvog says he thought the steamer would pass his stern, and, as he had the right-of-way, according to the rules, he kept on his course. Second Mate Barron believed the schooner would put about on the port tack before reaching his vessel instead of keeping right on.

Just as the two came within a short distance of each other Second Mate Barron ordered the helm of the Melville Dollar thrown "hard-a-port." This act saved the schoner from being run down by the steamer and cut in two.

Crashes Into Steamer's Side.

As the Melville Dollar swung around in obedience to her helm, the schooner laying over under the force of the gale, crashed full tilt into the steamer's side. A wild scramble for safety on board the schooner followed. Capt. Lindvoy at once ordered all hands to keep his vessel clear of the steamer's propeller.

Al of those on board the schooner were thrown violently to the deck when the impact came. Capt. Lindvog was thrown from the wheel, where he had been standing, clear to the forward hatch. Nearly all received slight bruises resulting from being thrown against obstacles on deck.

Explosion of Dynamite Feared.

Twenty-five tons of dynamite stored in the hold of the Melville Dollar caused the officers and crew of that vessel to "sweat blood" for the space of a moment. Her officers say that had the schooner been heavier, a serious accident might have resulted. Luckily the dynamite did not explode. If it had both vessels and their crews would have gone to the bottom.

The Melville Dollar, immediately after the accident, passed a line to the Daisy and towed her to this port. The schooner will be surveyed today and the damage ascertained.

DENBY ADMONISHES SENATE COMMITTEE

Says Chinese Boycott Is Apparently Dead But There Is Yet Danger.

Washington, D. C., April 17.—The senate committee on immigration listened today to Charles Denby on the Chinese boycott of American goods. Mr. Denby who was in China for 20 years, attached to the American legation or holding office under the Chinese government, said the movement became apparent in 1904, that it had been organized by some intelligent Chinese who had visited America, possibly former Minister Wu, though he had no direct information implicating Wu.

While the boycott is now apparently dead, it might easily be stirred to life and fury.

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY IN ANNUAL SESSION

New Officers Are Elected at Meeting This Afternoon—Address by Mayor.

The annual meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of the Royal Columbian hospital was held this afternoon in the Sunday school room of the Queen's Avenue Methodist church. About thirty ladies were present.

Reports of a gratifying character were received from the retiring president and the various committees.

Election of officers resulted as follows:

Prsident—Mrs. C. A. Welsh.

First vice president—Mrs. Dockrill.

Second vice president—Mrs. Lawrence.

Third vice president—Mrs. Briggs.

Secretary—Mrs. W. Johnston.

Treasurer—Mrs. Goulet.

GETS OUT OF TOWN TO AVOID TROUBLE

Young Man of Bad Habits Ignores Summons to Attend Police Court.

Detective Bradshaw, armed with a warrant, searched the city today for a well known young man who failed to appear in the police court this morning in answer to a summons in which he was charged with being a frequenter of a house of ill fame, but the search resulted only in the conclusion that the accused had left the city shortly after the blue paper was served on him.

The young man belongs to good family, and according to the police, he is one of the characters who need constant watching by officers of the law. The charge was only laid against him after repeated warnings that his conduct was disgraceful and would eventually lead to a prosecution which it was hoped could be avoided, and now that he has disappeared from the city, the police are probably better satisfied than if they had him in their keeping.

Three women of the restricted district, one of whom claims the fugitive as "her man" were in court this morning, and two of them were fined for keeping and being an inmate of a house of ill fame respectively. The third was wanted merely as a witness but her services were not required.

Frenchmen at Athens.

Athens, April 17.—The French athletic team which is to participate in the Olympic games beginning here April 22, arrived in this city yesterday.

OPERATORS DECIDE TO HOLD THEIR OWN

Will Reject Absolutely the Latest Proposition of the Mine Workers.

New York, April 17.—The anthracite operators who are meeting here today are reported to have decided to reject absolutely the miners' latest proposition and to adhere to their own former proposition.

The operators are authority for the statement.

New York, April 17.—According to the Tribune the announcement was made yesterday on behalf of the anthracite coal carrying companies that a general movement has been begun among them to resume work at the washeries.

Honor For King Edward On Franklin's Birthday

Philadelphia, Pa., April 17.—King Edward VII of Great Britain through Sir Mortimer Durand, his ambassador, will receive the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Pennsylvania on Thursday at the university observance of the bi-centenary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin.

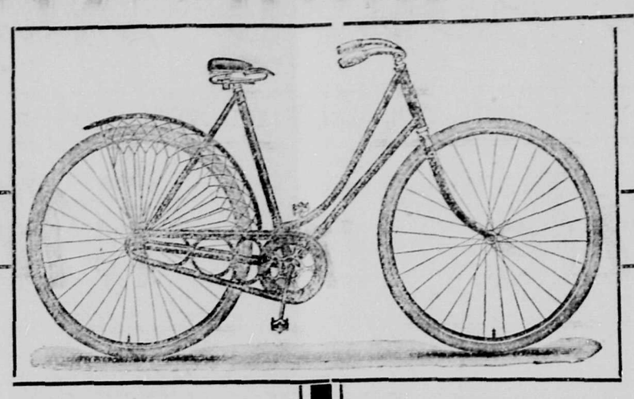
Andrew Carnegie, Sir Howard Darwin, professor of astronomy and experimental philosophy of the University of Cambridge, England; Guglielmo Marconi, inventor; E. Rutherford, professor of physics, McGill university, Montreal; Edward L. Nichols, professor of physics, Cornell university; A Brand, Royal Academy of Science, Berlin; H. A. Lountz, a distinguished physician of Holland, will also receive honorary degrees.

Decision on Divorces Causes a Legal Chaos

Chicago, Ills., April 17.—It is estimated by Chicago lawyers that the decision of the supreme court of the United States holding illegal all divorces except those where both parties to the suit reside within the same jurisdiction will make illegal 500 divorces that have been granted in this city alone and pave the way for all manner of complications in the next generation over inheritance and the rights to property.

Several prominent attorneys declared that the decision simply means chaos in regard to the title to personal property as in cases where a man who was, in the sight of the decision, illegally divorced and remarried his property must of necessity go to his legal heirs and cannot be held by any children of any woman he may have married subsequently to his divorce.

Easy Terms



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LESSON ON THE SERPENT

Sermon by Rev. A. J. Brace, West End Methodist church, Sunday, April 15.

"And as Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness even so must the Son of Man be lifted up, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have eternal life." John 3:14-15.

One of the most suggestive and striking dictions of scripture is Paul's truism "The wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord."

The episode in the lesson of the evening (Numbers 21, the brazen serpent in the wilderness) is typical of the crucifixion of Christ in at least three ways:

I. The remedy for sin is found in the midst of danger.

When the rebellious Israelites bitten with the fiery serpents cried to Moses to pray for them and God answered the prayer Moses constructed the serpent, upon which they were to gaze for a cure, out of brass because of the abundance of that metal in that locality wherein they rebelled against God. So Jesus Christ was born in the midst of the perverse world. He came to correct. He was born under the law that He might redeem those under the law. Blessed providence that which permitted Christ to be born of woman and live the humble, clean, conquering life amid temptation, sin and sorrow, that sorrowing humanity might see in Him a pattern and know "that He was tempted in every point like as we are yet without sin."

What complete humiliation is known to the Son of Man when He allows himself to be compared to the serpent of brass.

The serpent is terribly suggestive of the deadly character of sin. The very articulation of the word sin seems to sound like the hiss of what John calls "that old serpent, the Devil." We need to emphasize the deadly character of sin today as much as to emphasize the love of God. Too often sin is explained away in the parlance, mistake, error in judgment, etc., and the real and terrible character of sin, so hated by God, compromised with. Its deadly virus permeates society today and quenches the work of the spirit. This death by sin was not in the original arrangement of the universe; it came after creation and was not accounted for in the economy of down in its infancy. Through the long period of time which the coming of the second Adam the world's need was, provision to counteract the effects of sin and restore the forfeited heritage of immortality to man. The coming of Christ, his life and vicarious sacrifice supplied the need. "Behold the Lamb of God which taketh away the sin of the world."

II. "Lifted up that all might see."

Provision was made for the cure of all from the serpent bite. The brazen serpent was hung highly on the wooden cross in the center of the camp that all might see.

Blessed provisons of the gospel of Christ hold gloriously true is the analogy in this case. There is the upper ten and lower five of society in every day life but not so with Christ Men may corner wheat on Wall street and manipulate the bulls and bears of the stock exchange, but no church or sect has a monopoly of Christ and his gospel of love and power and hope.

Oftimes down to date hospitals with all their modern equipment and advanced medical science are found to say to the patient: "Sorry, but we cannot help your case." The divine physician never knew a case He could not heal, "He saves to the uttermost."

In Switzerland huge crosses are built marking the path down the steep mountain sides, so large that the heaviest snow storms cannot cover them and in the depth of winter the traveller may in safety scale the treacherous mountains by following the crosses. So the traveller on life's high way is ever safe in "the way of the cross.

III. "Life for a Look."

The one condition of cure from the venomous bite was to look at the provided saviour—the raised emblem of sin on the pole. True today. Sure is the cure of the sin-sick soul who will look at the crucified Saviour and steadily gaze and gazing believe and appreciate the new life so freely given to the earnest seeker. It must be a personal look. No Israelite could look for another and thus cure the other. Mothers lifted their bitten children to look at the cross of salvation, husbands raised their smitten wives, friend helped friend, but each had to look personally and receive individual blessing. Very true regarding salvation today. One may earnestly assist a friend and lead to the cross, but there must be an individual seeking and seeing the crucified Christ as a personal saviour. A certain man who had listened to his wife's pleadings in vain to attend church and who told her to "go to God. Yet by it mankind was cut church for him and pray for him" dreamed one night that he stood at heaven's door but the angel in charge only found the name of his wife and replied: "She can go in for you." The dream led to his personal decision. God allows no substitutes for salvation.

Worthy of Nature Is the Word "Life."

"Life for a look." Life always means growth; it can mean nothing else. To produce life is God's prerogative. Scientist have tried and failed. Man's province is to combine and embellish and sometimes to resuscitate, but never to produce life either in the animal or vegetable or spiritual realms. God alone produces life and through the vicarious sacrifice of Jesus Christ He has made possible to man life eternal. In regard to the blessings of the faithful surely pregnant expressions as "everlasting life" and "life more abundant" are freely used in scripture, but for the unfaithful their future is never referred to as life, but "everlasting contempt" and "everlasting destruction."

The Easter bride with the incarnation of spring, with bursting bud and flowering blossom forcibly reminds of Christ's triumph and resurrection from the grave and its attendant blessings and is the opportune time for showing a practical appreciation of its multiplied blessings by a personal decision and swearing of allegiance to Christ as personal Lord and Saviour.

Mining Dividend.

Rossland, April 16.—The Canadian Goldfields Syndicate, Limited, has declared a dividend of 1¾ per cent. on its $600,000 of the issued capital stock of the company. The dividend is for the quarter ending March 31, and is payable on May 1.

The dividend amounts to $10,500 and the total of its dividends to date is $93,000.

The Canadian Goldfields Syndicate is the owner of 4,260 shares of the Consolidated Mining & Smelting company of Canada, limited, which at the present valuation of the shares is equal to about $600,000, or ten cents a share, which is the par value of the Goldfields Syndicate. Besides this stock, the Canadian Goldfields owns several valuable mining properties, and is accumulating a fund out of its dividends with which to operate them.

Boring for Oil.

Neepawa, Man., April 16.—The oil-boring operations here give most encouraging results and a company has been formed to develop the proposition. A shaft is down 290 feet, and indications continually improve. The substance brought up now, burns readily.

SOLDIERS TURN OUT TO PROTECT NEGROES

Race Excitement Runs High in Springfield, Mo., Where Blacks Were Lynched.

Kansas City, Mo., April 16.—A special to the Star written by a staff writer sent to Springfield, Mo., says:

Notwithstanding the presence of armed troops, the fact that a grand jury has been called to indict the leaders of Saturday night's mob which lynched three negroes, that the governor has orderd the militia to arrest the mob leaders, taht the county prosecutor had promised to issue warrants during the day and the citizens have decried the lynching, the streets are full of people who approve the work of the mob and who curse all negroes and advise that they be run out of town.

All danger of mob violence is not passed. Hundreds of men openly curse and jeer the soldiers. Hundreds of them boldly utter the threat that if arrests are made the people will arise and rescue the arrested men and drive the militia as well as the negroes from the city. Everywhere this threat is heard:

"This town is too small for negroes and whites to live in. One or the other must go."

Threats by a Negro.

An incident showing the trend of the feeling took place near the court house today, where hundreds of people were gathered, walking aimlessly about. A negro, leaning against the court house with the troops nearby made the remark in a swagger, "give the colored men the guns and we'll show you."

Several white men threatened to close in upon the negro when the officers hustled the man away to jail. In another minute he would have been trampled to death. These are the things feared by the conservative citizens. They know how deep-seated is the hatred here toward the whole negro race and how trivial an incident may start a riot.

Judge Lincoln of the crimnal court today ordered a special grand jury convened on Tuesday morning. The jury will be instructed to make a thorough investigation of the lynching and the other acts of the mob and to indict all the leaders who may be apprehended. The better class of citizens were strong today in their demands that the rioters be punished to the full extent of the law, and every effort will be made to secure convictions.

Soldiers Pitch Tents.

Under the direction of Capt. Willis of Company H of Nevada, Mo., who is the officer of the day, the soldiers pitched their tents today. Outposts were maintained during the night on all the principal streets leading to the jail.

Today the negroes who fled to the woods returned to their homes, and many others who had hidden themselves in their homes made bold to appear on the streets.

Warrants for twenty-five persons, charging them with being leaders in the mob, were issued this afternoon, and a force of deputies was sent out to make arrests.

The last of the state militia sent here by Gov. Folk arrived early today and six companies now patrol the streets.

With the first appearance of the soldiers last evening there came a revulsion of sentiment. Before midnight a decided reaction had set in and many began to condemn the action of the mob that lynched the three negroes. Today this feeling gained strength, especially when it became thoroughly appreciated that Mabel Edmondson, the white domestic, had declared positively that Duncan and Copeland, two of the negroes lynched, were not her assailants.

Sends a Prosecutor.

This was also heightened by the arrival from Jefferson City of an assistant attorney-general sent by Gov. Folk to aid the county officials in ferreting out and prosecuting the members of the mob, the names of many of whom are known.

Following the lynching of Duncan and Copeland Saturday night some one suggested that Will Allen and two other negroes in jail should also be lynched. The mob, bloodthirsty and wrought up to the highest pitch of excitement, readily took up the cry, and soon the body of a third victim lay beneath the statue of the Goddess of Liberty. The others had escaped.

Allen and a negro named Cain were being held upon suspicion of having murdered O. P. Ruark. Their work finally accomplished, the mob quietly dispersed. But Sunday crowds filled the streets, making threats of further trouble.

All but six prisoners out of more than fifty who were locked in the jail made their escape. The inside of the jail is completely wrecked, the mob continuing their work of destruction until practically all the prison bars were down. About $3,000 damage was done in the prison alone, while in the sheriff's residence the damage is fully as much.

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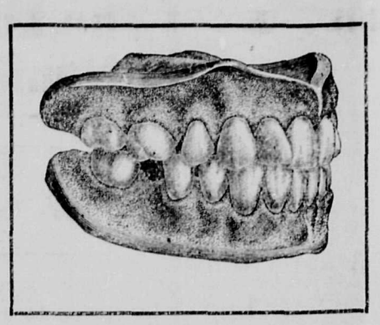

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The Use of Sarcasm.

For many years one of the states was represented in the senate by a man who possessed many fine qualities, but who frequently injured the causes he advocated and alienated those who desired to be friendly by his sarcastic manner both in speaking and in writing. The senator had an intimate friend who had written to him to urge the appointment of another friend to a position under the government. To this letter the senator returned a very sarcastic answer, declining at the same time to recommend the appointment. It is said that he never forgot the merited rebuke he received from the friend who had suggested the appointment.

"My Dear Senator—I think it would be well for you to reserve your sarcasm for the rapidly increasing number of your enemies instead of offering it to the decreasing number of your friends, of whom I am one."

Soon after the senator received this communication he brought about the desired appointment.

A Prehistoric Monument.

In southern California, in the county of San Luis Obispo, there is situated one of the most remarkable prehistoric monuments known to the archaeologists. From a distance it looks like an immense rock rising from the plains of Carissa, but upon nearer approach it is seen to be a temple of extraordinary dimensions and of unknown antiquity. The inner court has a level floor 225 feet long and 125 feet wide, and the ceiling is from 60 to 100 feet high, according to situation. The building was evidently used by prehistoric man, but for what purpose and how long ghose no one knows. It has been suggested, however, that it was either a temple of worship or the capitol of some ancient government. The walls and portions of the ceiling are beautifully decorated with paintings in colors red, white and black, many of them supposed to have some symbolic meaning.

Christmas In England.

When Cromwell ruled England he issued an edict against all festivities at Christmas. The festival was altogether abolished, and the displaying of holly and mistletoe and other emblems of the happy time was held to be seditious. In 1644 the long parliament commanded that Christmas day should be observed as a strict fast, when all people should think over and deplore the great sin of which they and their forefathers had been guilty in making merry at that season. This act so provoked the people that on the following natal day the law was violently resisted in many places. Though these scenes were disgraceful, they served their purpose and put an end to an unjust order. When Charles II. regained the throne the populace once more made Christmastide a time of rejoicing.

The Simple Life.

For a cultured person to relinquish his wonted mode of life, to dwell in a three roomed cottage, to be clad in corduroy or fustian and to fare sumptuously every day on beans, cabbage soup and black bread would not be a return to the simple but to the sordid life. One can live a simple life just as well in a castle as in a cottage.—Race Builder.

WINGLESS BIRDS.

New Zealand Swarmed With Them Before Its Occupation by Man.

For ages before its occupation by man New Zealand swarmed with great wingless birds, which found there no carnivorous enemies, but an abundance of vegetable food. The moas not only existed in vast numbers and for thousands of years, but had such diversity of form as to embrace no less than seven genera containing twenty-five species, a remarkable fact which is unparalleled in any other part of the world. The commonest kinds in the North island were only from two and one-half to four feet high. Those of the South island were mostly from four to six feet tall, while the giant forms, reaching twelve and thirteen feet, were always rare.

Immense deposits of moa bones have been found in localities to which they appear to have been washed from the hills in tertiary times. Skeletons on the surface of the ground, with skin and ligaments still attached, have given the impression that these birds have been exterminated in very recent years, but other facts point to a different conclusion. Tradition seems to show, according to F. M. Hutton, that the moa became extinct in the North island soon after the arrival of Maoris in New Zealand—that is, not less than 400 to 500 years ago, and in the South island about 100 years later.

The fresh appearing skin and ligaments are supposed to have been preserved by unusually favorable conditions.

CAT SUPERSTITIONS.

Queer Beliefs of People of Ancient Egypt Regarding Puss.

The inhabitants of ancient Egypt are believed to have been the first people to attempt to domesticate the wild species of felinae now represented by the common house cat. This belief is based upon the fact that sculptured representations of such animals are found upon their monuments of the year 2000 B. C., more than 1,200 years before they appear on European monuments. An Egyptian tomb of the year 1300 B. C. is the first to show a sculptured representation of the cat as a domesticated animal, those of the greater age first mentioned probably representing the creature in its wild state. In the relief sketch of the date last mentioned, 1300 B. C., it is unmistakably a pet, being shown as seated beneath a chair. The Egyptians of that age mummified dead cats just as they did human beings and in many instances entombed hundreds of thousands of them in a single pyramid or pit. Bubastis was the Egyptian cat goddess and was always represented as having a cat's head. Among that queer people puss was regarded as an emblem of the sun, its eyes being supposed to vary in color and in the size of their pupils with the progress of that luminary across the heavens.

Herodotus tells us that when an Egyptian cat died a natural death its owner went into mourning and shaved off his eyebrows.

Irving and Thinness.

Sir Henry Irving was the first actor to make slenderness acceptable or tolerable on the English stage. He was very thin in his earlier middle age, and theater goers of that day wondered whether they could endure to see a long figure and legs, both unpadded. Until then fatness had been obligatory. It is difficult to realize now the full convention of chest and shoulders and calves. Comparatively lately a man of stage experience was urgent with a company of English amateurs that all the thin women and all the lean men should be made plump. "Nothing," he said, "is so impossible on the stage as thinness." Irving changed all this because his genius was wedded to uncompromising thinness.

Denmark Claims Nelson.

The Danes maintain that Admiral Nelson was one of their race, despite the fact that he was born in England. They point out that the name is Danish and that many Danes were settlers in East Anglia. They consoled themselves over their defeat at the battle of Copenhagen with the thought that the victor was one of their own race. At least one Scandinavian historian refers to his family as "one of the most brilliant examples of noble English families descended from the Northmen."

Discouraging.

At the close of an address during an electioneering campaign in Ireland questions were invited. A man was making for the platform when he received a whack over the head with a stick. He was stunned and had to be carried out amid an uproar. When order was restored the chairman rose and blandly asked:

"Is there any other gentleman who would like to ask a question?"

Needless to say, there was not.

Curiosity.

Irate Parent (who has been trying to satisfy John's curiosity on every known subject under the sun)—Now, Johnnie, if you ask me another question I'll whip you on the spot. Johnnie (whose undying curiosity overcomes even the dread of punishment)—Wh-wh-what spot, papa?

His Advantage.

First Man—How do you do? Second Man—Beg pardon, but you have the advantage of me. First Man—Yes, I guess I have. We were engaged to the same girl, but you married her.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

All affectations of knowledge are more odious than any lack of knowledge can be.—Sprat.

About Breathing.

In the ordinary respiration of man sixteen or seventeen cubic inches of atmospheric air pass into the lungs twenty times a minute, or a cubic foot every five and one-quarter minutes, 274 cubic feet in twenty-four hours. The lungs hold 2.80 cubic feet. At each respiration 1.375 of oxygen is converted into carbonic acid gas. The nitrogen inspired and expired is exactly equal. During the act of inspiration the lungs have been found to be the coldest parts of the body.

SUSPENSION BRIDGES.

Used by Man Hundreds of Years Ago For Crossing Streams.

The towline is doubtless the earliest, as it is still the simplest, application of a rope for the removal of material. Hitched to a floating log, the genesis of all water craft, canoe or sledge, it was used before history learned the art of writing or mankind the art of reading.

The towline was combined with the suspension cable as a means of crossing streams in the mountains of Hindustan at a very remote period. The suspension cable, often several hundred feet in length, was made of twisted fibers or slender stalks of climbing vines. This was solidly secured to large trees or masses of rocks on the banks of the chasms to be crossed. On this cable a wooden block, grooved underneath, was placed, suspended from which was a small rude platform or at times a simple loop of rope for the passenger or baggage. The wooden block, with its attached load, was pulled across the chasm in either direction by a towline attached to the block. This rude contrivance is the genesis of the most refined aerial ropeways of the present day and of the suspension bridge also, which is, of a crude form, of very great antiquity.

When the Spaniards first visited Peru they found suspension bridges which could be traversed by men and burdened animals. Some of these bridges were of over 200 feet span and were formed of half a dozen cables of twisted osiers stretched from bank to bank and passed over wooden supports. These cables were bound together by smaller ropes and were covered with a layer of bamboo, which formed a support for the roadway.

THE SOMALI.

They Are Habitually Idle and Always Merry—Their Peculiar Headdress.

By nature Somali are alternately docile and savage, nearly always merry and habitually idle. Even in busy Aden they work as little as possible and then do no manual work, for their inherent pride forbids that. Cab driving, boat manning and grooming are the general crafts of the Aden Somali. In the interior of his own country his principal occupations are plundering and cattle lifting, at which latter pursuit he is said to be unparalleled in skill. In religion they are all Mohammedans.

The great peculiarity of the Somali is, however, his hair, for, contrary to the custom of most races professing Islam, he does not shave his head, but allows his locks to run wild. Nor is his hair the wool of the negro, for instead of growing in one dense cluster all over his head, as is the case of the Galla, for instance, it tangles into long cords, not unlike those of a poodle, which, parted over his forehead, hangs down on both cheeks, often projecting almost as far as his shoulders.

Not content with the show of hair that nature and neglect insure him, he plasters his head with a peculiar light clay, which has the effect of bleaching its blackness to a light reddish hue, and a Somali in a new tobe, as their winding sheet of a garment is called, and a freshly clayed head is the very acme of dandyism.—Blackwood's Magazine.

An English Mantrap.

A mantrap has been found in Alford, Lincolnshire, England, which shows the barbarity of a century or so ago. It is probably the largest mantrap in existence. It is seventy-six inches in length, and its jaws, with teeth protruding two inches, will open fully two feet two inches by eighteen inches. Old time landlords who chose to insist upon their rights in their entirety, as they often did, were at liberty to plant these barbarous engines about in the undergrowth of their inclosed land for the benefit of any trespasser or possible poacher who might chance to set foot near them. Their use was abolished by law in 1827.

Not a Lottery.

Deacon De Good—It won't do; it won't do. We must not have games of chance at our church fairs.

Mrs. De Good—But this is not a game of chance.

"You propose to sell tickets and give prizes."

"Oh, no; you are mistaken. We shall sell the tickets, of course, but we can't give any prizes, you know, because we haven't any to give. There is no chance about it."—New York Weekly.

Heavy Wedding Rings.

There are some heavy old wedding rings at Kirk Braddan, in the Isle of Man, such as might be handy when the flustered bridegroom loses the ring. Leaning against the north wall are some very ancient rings of stone, through which, in days of long ago, before the jewelers' windows glistened with wedding rings at all prices, the bride and bridegroom joined hands, it is said, and were wedded.

For Her Own Protection.

"Yes, madam," said the salesman, "this is the most exquisite dinner set we ever handled. The price is $150."

"I'll take it," said Mrs. Richley, "if you'll agree to mark it 'Imitation; price, $6.90.' "

"Of course, but—er—that's rather an odd request."

"Yes, but I want to deceive our servant girl."—Philadelphia Press.

Bunkoed.

"Bilkins says there's nothing in these get-rich-quick schemes."

"What's happened to him?"

"I think he's married to a stingy heiress."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"I've had a lot of trouble during my life," an old man says in a recent book, "but most of it never happened."

True to the Saying.

"All the world's a stage," quoted one misanthrope.

"Yes," replied another, "and it's the same old story. A lot o' fellers that's cut out fer supers is tryin' ter star."

Dream Extravagance.

"Don't the Highflyers live beyond their income?"

"Dear me, why, they live beyond the income they wish they had."—Life.

"Psyche" was the first English opera. It was produced in 1673

JUDICIAL DECISION RADICAL ON DIVORCE

Judge of United States Supreme Court Knocks Out Numerous Decrees.

Washington, April 16.—In an opinion by Justice White, the supreme court of the United States today decided the case of John W. Haddock vs. Harriet Haddock, a divorce proceeding instituted in the courts of New York city, in favor of the woman.

The Haddocks were married in 1868, and the husband claimed to have been an unwilling participant in the ceremony. He says, in his answer to the woman's complaint, that he left immediately after the marriage rites were performed and during the time that has intervened has seen her only three times.

In 1881 he secured a divorce in the state of Connecticut, where he then resided, and in 1882 was married there to another woman.

The New York supreme court held the Connecticut marriage to be illegal, decreed the first wife to be still the legal wife and directed Haddock to pay her an annuity of $780.

The finding was sustained by today's decison, which held that Mrs. Haddock was without the jurisdiction of the Connecticut court.

Justice White, in deciding the case, laid down the general principle that a state in which only one party to a divorce proceeding resides has no right to dissolve a marriage tie which all other states must respect.

Justices Harlan, Brewer and Brown united in dissenting opinons, which were delivered by Justice Brown. They took the position that the Connecticut divorce proceeding was regular and is entitled to due credence in other states. Justice Brown declared in his opinion that the court had taken a backward step in this direction.

Justice Holmes also dissented from the decison of the court, but delivered an independent opinion. He said the result of the decison would be to illegitimatize many children, but added that he would not go so far as to predict that civlization would come to an end, whatever the conclusion in the case.

THE MALIGNED REPORTER.

Newspaper Men Desist Scandal, but Public Demands It.

A common charge brought against newspaper reporters is that they are heartless; that they revel in laying before the world the closely guarded secrets of individuals. It constantly happens that a reporter must do unpleasant things because others have been guilty of those violations of custom, law or convention that make news. The opprobrium that belongs to the real offender is not infrequently heaped upon the innocent news gatherer.

There is no work a reporter detests so much as that involving a social scandal, and there is no story that a large percentage of readers will devour more eagerly. There isn't a good reporter living who has not been guilty of that blackest, least forgivable of all jourinalistic crimes, "throwing down" his newspaper, to protect a helpless person innocently involved in a legitimate news story that is a matter of public record. On the whole, the news gatherers are a tender hearted folk and generous, and that which often passes for cynicism is an intense hatred and contempt for shame.

If they appear suspicious it is because long experience has taught them that they must constantly guard against deception. There is no walk of life a good reporter is not compelled, sooner or later, to invade, and his position is the trying one of being compelled either to gain the confidence of or outwit those he meets there.—Hartley Davis in "Reporters of Today" in Everybody Magazine.

Invention Kills Two.

New York, April 16.—A double tragedy in which mother and son were killed through an electric apparatus used to operate a chicken incubator, the invention of the young man himself, occurred yesterday at Croton Falls. The victims of the accident were Daniel Jeungst, jr., aged 30 years, and his mother, Mrs. Anna Jeungst, aged 50 years.

Jeungst, in experimenting with the incubator, caught hold of a live wire and 3,000 volts of electricity shot through his body, killing him instantly. His mother, who accompanied him to the incubator, seized the wire to pull it away. She too was instantly killed.

Crooks in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 16.—The police tonight gathered in a gang of six "crooks" from south of the border, and believe they have now in their toils men responsible for the recent series of robbries and daring pocket-picking.

THE DAILY NEWS

Published by The Daily News Publishing Company, Limited, at their offices corner of Sixth and Front Streets, New Westminster, B. C.

Editor and Mgr. Edward D. Sawyer

Advertising Rates.

Transient display advertising, 10 cents per line (nonpariel) 12 lines to the inch. Five cents per line for subsequent insertions.

Reading notices bold face type, 20 cents per line, brevier or nonpariel, 10 cents per line.

For time contracts, special positions, apply to advertising manager.

Notices of births, marriages or deaths, 50c. Wants, for sales, lost or found, rooms to let, etc., one cent per word. No advertisement taken for less than 25 cents.

Patent or proprietary medicine advertisements inserted at rate of 50 cents per inch per issue (display) or if reading notices, 25 cents per line per issue. No deviation from this rate for term contracts.

Telephones.

Business office 22

Manager's residence 251

TUESDAY, APRIL 17, 1906.

EASTERN CATALOGUES AGAIN

Another bunch of the eastern catalogues have arrived in the city and now that the summer season is on when new hats, dresses, etc., will be in order, for the ladies and children, an effort should be made by the local merchant to make his prices suit the purses of all classes of people who are tempted to patronize the eastern catalogue grafter and the people in turn should use the leaves of Mr. Catalogue man's book to cover up the tender plants, and protect them from the frosts that usually occur at this season of the year. No necessity to look over the catalogue at all, just gaze on the beautiful windows in all the dry goods merchants' stores and see samples of goods that the eastern catalogue man cannot possibly duplicate for the price, then the happy condition also presents itself that you have patronized local markets and kept your money at home, just where it belongs. We have taken the liberty of comparing some of the eastern prices with the local ones and are prepared to candidly say, we cannot see any necessity at all for leaving our own city to make purchases in the east. Our merchants have the same styles, same designs, identical outfits as the big departmental store in Toronto and Montreal and allowing for postage, freight or express the cost exactly the same, or in fact a shade in favor of the local man. 'Tis true, the local merchant may not have the immense stock to select from the eastern man has and no wonder at that. He don't get the encouragement from the citizens to carry it, and if the proper disposition was shown him on the part of the townsmen, there is not a merchant in the city but would double or triple his stock, and taking another view of the subject, if we compared the population of our city and surroundings with Toronto, Montreal and their surroundings, and make an honest comparison of the circumstances, it would be found New Westminster merchants carried a considerably larger stock than the eastern man, and with just as great a variety to select from. At any rate give the local man the preference by all means.

FOOD.

Next in importance to the salvation of the soul is the health of the body. There is, therefore, no other material question that should so awaken serious thought as the science of food in all its aspects. Although unable ourselves to speak scientifically on this question we are of opinion that if more attention were given this matter of food along scientific lines, and more knowledge gained regarding its purity, its preparation, its proper and proportionate quantity in sustaining the human system under all the varied conditions to which man is subject, many of the evils that afflict society today would disappear. There would surely be less sickness, and as man became healthier, his mind would become clearer, his thoughts purer and his will stronger. Under those changed and favorable conditions he would be better able to hold the animal desires of his nature in legitimate restraint, and thus keep himself in subjection to the laws of God and man. The inebriate is generally a gormandizer who indulges to excess in anything which his unnaturally created appetite craves. This indulgence intensifies still further his cravings, and so the unfortunate victim is day by day supplying the fuel that means his own certain destruction. Were his diet regulated on scientific principles he would have a fighting chance, so to speak, to conquer his appetite and reform.

A distinguished scientist of the United States, R. O. Brooks, has a well-written and instructive article in the current number of the Review of Reviews on "Food Science and the Pure Food Question" from which we take a few extracts. He writes:

"There is not a person of intelligence in the country who does not need to possess a more or less general knowledge of food science. * * To get the chemistry, manufacture, sale, and utilization of foodstuffs upon an exact, honest, scentific basis is a worthy ambition for our greatest merchants, statesmen, economists, hygienists and scientists. The 'pure food question' itself is but a detail of the legitimate aim of food science."

This writer treats at much length the question of adulterated food in the United States and shows to what extent the evil has been checked by legislation. In the state of Massachusetts in 1883 "the percentage of adulterated products in those foodstuffs liable to be adulterated was found to be exactly 57 per cent." In 1894 this per centage has been reduced to 31.2 per cent. and in 1902 to 26.7 per cent. The following extract is consoling:

"Considering the alarming extent to which the adulteration of foodstuffs is practiced, it is indeed fortunate that the character of the adulteration is generally harmless except from the very important economic and moral standpoints." The hygienic aspect of this adulteration is, he says, "relatively unimportant although the most talked of." From the economic standpoint he views with alarm the extent to which adulteration is practiced. "If," he says, "for example, ground cocoanut shells are sold for pepper to the extent of 70 and 80 per cent., as is the case more frequently than otherwise, we have then an unnatural, inflated value established with a resulting economic loss. Money is spent for utterly worthless material which might have been spent for articles of value." The cost of pepper is a small item in each household but when this cost is multiplied by 15,000,000, the estimated number of families in the United States, the figures are significant. And pepper is only one of many adulterated articles. He estimates the yearly economic loss in all adulterated foods at $150,000,000—an enormous sum even for a nation. In a list of twenty-seven articles of adulterated food which he gives as being tested, ginger gave the smallest percentage 26.4, and Vanilla extract the highest, 100, these extracts being nothing more than Vanillin and Coumarin.

This phase of the subject concerns us but slightly at present. Canada is fortunate in its comparative immunity from this evil. But this is the growing period for Canada and we may expect to see bad fruit growing up with good fruit, especially in our cities as they become more populous. And as the cities of our Coast are destined at no distant day to become populous and interprising we shall surely see the arts applied to bad as well as to good uses. Let us profit by the experience of New York and other large cities. "To be forewarned is to be forearmed." Let us then make a study of this question so that we may utilize our foodstuffs to the best possible advantage and be able to distinguish between the genuine and fraudulent article when the occasion arises.

CHINESE PHILOSOPHY.

Some of the Clever Epigrams of the Flowery Kingdom.

Their proverbial philosophy shows that the Chinese are very thoughtful. Here are a few specimens: "The best and strongest man in the world finds that he cannot escape the two words 'No continuance.'" "Happiness consists in a medium station." "When you are sitting quietly and alone, think of your faults; when conversing with others, do not talk of the faults of others." "Correct yourself on the same principle that you correct others, and excuse others on the same principle that you excuse yourself." "He who requires much from himself and little from others will keep himself from being the object of resentment." "He who pursues a stag regards not hares." "A gem cannot be polished without friction or a man perfected without adversity." "The gods cannot help a man who loses opportunities."

The Chinese call a harmless blusterer "a paper tiger," and compare a man overestimating himself to a rat falling into a scale and weighing itself. Overdoing a thing is a hunchback making a bow.

You have only to watch their story and fortune tellers in the streets to see that the Chinese are natural orators. You can see that by their gestures, even if you do not understand what they say. They use very apt illustrations.—From "John Chinaman at Home," by E. J. Hardy.

OUTWITTED THE BOERS.

Rhodes' Clever Scheme to Avoid Giving the Enemy Information.

Lord Harris tells an interesting story of how Colonel Frank Rhodes outwitted the Boers. It concerns the relief of Mafeking. As Colonel Mahon approached Mafeking from the south Colonel Plumer was approaching it from the north, and Colonel Mahon received the following questions from Colonel Plumer by heliograph: First—What is your strength? Second—How many guns have you? Third—How are you off for stores and provisions?

Colonel Mahon would not allow any answer to be sent for fear of the Boers trapping it on the way, until Colonel Frank Rhodes suggested the following replies, which were approved. The key is attached in brackets: Naval and military multiplied by ten. [The number of the Navy and Military club in Piccadilly is 94, multiplied by ten approximated their strength of 1,000.] As many as there are boys in the Ward family. [Lord Dudley and his brothers.]

Colonel Mahon protested as regards this that there would be no one who would know, but Colonel Rhodes assured him that Colonel Weston Jarvis, who was with Colonel Plumer, would be sure to. Officer commanding Ninth lancers. [Colonel Little, known as "Small" Little.]

The answers were received and correctly decoded.

MEMORY OF TURTLES.

Lay Their Eggs Almost In the Same Place Year After Year.

During the summer months from May to August the big sea turtles lay their eggs on the beach. They come possibly hundreds of miles, and if undisturbed will land within a few yards of the same place year after year. They crawl up the beach in the night and make their nest in the sand just above high water mark. I have watched them from behind a sandhill but a few feet away.

They dig the hole with their hind flippers, and after covering it over, first filling it with eggs, they will go a few feet and make another place. I always thought as a blind, for one looks just like the other. They lay each month, usually during the high tides of that month, beginning in May and ending in August, from 90 to 185 eggs.

During the summer I found and brought into camp 2,755 eggs. I put some in the sand near our camp, and in twenty-seven days the top eggs hatched, the rest in three days more. The little turtles would dig out, raise their little heads and sniff the air a moment, then start for the river, 100 yards away. It was always a mystery to me how a turtle could find the same place on the shore when a short distance out at sea it all looks alike—just sandy ridges, with scrub palmetto and coarse grass.—Forest and Stream.

The Lucky Number 13

Is a Lucky number when it represents an income of 13 per cent on your money.

The owner of a Royal Avenue property has ordered a quick sale, which means that we must move, and move quickly.

This is a renting proposition and its net income exceeds thirteen per cent on price asked. Only $500 cash required.

F. J. HART & CO., LTD.

S. G. TIDY, ...FLORIST

Plants and Annuals of all kinds, cut flowers and floral designs, Dahlias 50c per dozen.

Telephone A184 or address 4th Avenue and 10th Street.

W. R. Gilley, 'Phone 1-2-2. J. R. Gilley, 'Phone 1-4-9

Gilley Bros.

Dealers in

Coal, Lime, Brick, Sand, Cement, Fire Brick, Fire Clay and Crushed Rock.

Also agents B. C. Pottery Co. sewer pipe, etc. Local agents Vancouver Portland Cement Co.

Office, Front Street, New Westminster, B.C., Near C.P.R. Depot

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Westminster Transfer Co.

Office—Tram Depot Columbia St.

Baggage delivered promptly to any part of the city.

Light and Heavy Hauling

Office 'Phone 185. Barn 'Phone 157

Royal Bank of Canada

Capital $3,000,000. Reserve $3,437,162

Total Assets $36,373,579.

Branches and correspondents in all the principal cities of the world. General banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

It opens an account. Interest added half yearly.

Collections made at lowest rates.

Open Saturday nights from 8 to 9 o'clock

NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH F. B. Lyle, Manager.

Wedding Presents

English China Tea Sets from $6.50 up

—AT—

H. MOREY & CO.

NOTICE

Take notice that the Great West Packing Company Limited have deposited plans and application for the erection of a wharf on the Fraser River, British Columbia, on the foreshore of Section 12 and Fractional Section 13, Block 3, North Range 7, West.

Dated at New Westminster, B. C., this 15th March, 1906.

GREAT WEST PACKING COMPANY LIMITED.

How's This?

Tan Shoes are out of fashion bring them to me and I will dye them as black as the blackest black . . . . . .

William Dawson

At DeGrey's Barber Shop.

Everybody Wears Black Uns.

Johnston's Big Shoe House

Gentlemen...

Buy your Brown Shoes Here.
More popular this Summer than ever.
We have them in large quantities.

Ladies' Tan Shoes

In the chocolate shades. We sold more tan shoes for ladies during Easter week than in any other week in the history of our business. They are strictly in style and are sold by every first class shoe store.

Canvas Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen.

New Colors and in New Shapes

We Have the Best Goods that Money Can Buy . . . . . .

Have you noticed that all the people are wearing tan shoes this spring. We are the only advertisers and sellers of tan shoes this season. We have the goods and the prices are right.

This is a sample of our American Shoe in Tan and Black that sells for

$3.50

The best shoe on the market for the money.

Our Packard Shoe in Tan and Black

$4.50 —and— $5.00

A Pair.

Be up to date. The shoe news we give you is the latest. We cater to the wants of the people . . . . .

Wm. Johnston's Big Shoe House

S. W. P. Saves Money

Is there Paint economy in buying S. W. P.? Sherwin-Williams Paint Prepared is true Paint economy. It costs no more than good Paint ought to cost. Is always full measure and has consistent quality throughout. It has a large covering capacity. Is easy working and saves the painter's time and the need of re-painting too soon. S. W. P. adds to property value in the handsome appearance it gives and the protection it affords against sun, wind and rain. S. W. P. saves you money, it insures you satisfaction.

Are you interested in the best Paint proposition? If so, talk to—

H. T. KIRK, Hardware and Tinsmithing

Just arrived—a new stock of

TOILET SETTS

Prices $2.50 up

Also "Blue Yeddo" and "Green Arcadia" stock patterns in Dinnerware. If you are using either of these patterns and require more to complete your set, now is your opportunity.

The City Grocery,

Telephone 97. - - - - ADAMS & DEANS.

Should a Horse be Clipped?

Clipping in the early spring is recommended by leading veterinaries. Clipping improves the health of a horse, makes him feel better, work better and increases his value.

Our 20th Century Clipper

costs very little more than the old fashioned two hand clipper, but does 100 times the work. We also keep in stock 1902 Clipper and the Stewart Patent new 1904 Model Sheep Shearing Machine. They shear clean, saving 1 to 1-2 pounds of wool to a fleece.

BEE SUPPLIES KEPT ON HAND.

T. J. Trapp & Co, Ltd.

Account Books

Our Spring Stock is nearly all in. Comprises the Largest Variety of Rulings We Have Ever Carried.

FULL LINE OF OFFICE SUPPLIES AND GENERAL STATIONERY

J. J. MACKAY,

Booksellers, Stationers, Etc. 235 Columbia Street.

A. HARDMAN J. S. BRYSON

Hardman & Bryson

Practical Sanitarians

Complete line of Granite, Aluminum and Tinwares. Estimates furnished on all Classes of Plumbing Work.

Columbia Street NEW WESTMINSTER — 823 Granville Street VANCOUVER

Sole Agents Monarch Ranges.

Not on Top, But Still in the Ring.

House Cleaning Time

And you may possibly need a carpet. We have the greatest range of them and can guarantee to save you money and give you better satisfaction than you can get in any other place. For instance, a good body Brussels, paper for underneath, sewed and laid for one dollar a yard up. Old carpets taken up, cleaned and relayed for ten cents a yard. We have the largest stock and the finest show rooms and the finest prices. Come and see us. It will pay you to see our stock before placing your order elsewhere.

W. E. FALES,

716 and 718 Columbia St. Four Floors. Rear Extension, Front Street.

DIAMONDS!
DIAMONDS!
DIAMONDS!

Largest Stock in the City. Mounted in any Style you Desire. Come and Inspect Them.

W. C. Chamberlin

The Jeweler, - Columbia St.

Watch Our Ads. For Reasonable Figures...

1 lot fenced and drained on Agnes Street, $650, 1-3 Cash.
1 lot, cleared, Royal Avenue; overlooks the bridge, fine situation; $525, 1-3 Cash.
2 lots on 1st Street near the Park, $500, 1-3 Cash.

McLeod, Mark & Co., *Real Estate, Fire & Life Insurance* Tel. 272. *Near Tram Office*

Local News Briefly Told

The city council will meet for the transaction of business tonight.

Onion Sets 5c lb. Wm. Rennie Co., Ltd., 66 Hastings St. W., Vancouver.

G. Turner of this city went up river this morning on the steamer Ramona to Langley for a short while.

One can buy a bicycle on easy terms of payment at Alex Speck's. The sign of the "Man on the wheel".

Pat. O'Briel returned down river this afternoon on the steamer Transfer to the Industrial cannery.

James Trim was a passenger on the Transfer to Westham Island this afternoon.

J. Israel was a passenger on the steamer Ramona to Mt. Lehman this morning.

The regular summer time table will come into force on the C. P. R. lines on May 6.

This is the regular drill night at the armouries and the officers look for a full attendance of the men.

The Momyji club will hold a social hop in St. George's hall tomorrow night.

Alex Speck has received an excellent grade of bicycles for the coming season, attention is called to the ad. in this issue.

C. C. Dunn returned on the G. N. R. Flyer from Blaine last night where he spent the day on business.

L. G. McKam, representing the Atkins Saw company, left this morning for Portland on the G. N. R.

W. G. McQuarrie left this morning on a business trip to Clayton via the G. N. R.

Racycles seem to be one of the favorite makes of bicycles this summer, Alex. Speck has certainly got some beauties.

Rev. J. P. Bowell returned home this morning on the Transfer after spending a short time down river.

J. C. Chappel returned to the city this morning on the Transfer after spending a short time in Ladner on business.

R. J. E. Brodie returned to Ladner this afternoon on the steamer Transfer after spending the morning in town.

The little three and a half year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lund of Port Hammond died on the 15th instant from an attack of lung fever.

At the sign of the "Man on the wheel" Alex Speck is selling bicycles on easy terms, and second hand from $15.00 up.

Gilley Bros. have received another carload of pipes from the B. C. pottery works at Victoria. The pipes will be used for the new Fourth street sewer.

The Moore Preserve company shipped a carload of canned prunes this afternoon to the W. H. Malkin company wholesale grocers of Vancouver, via the G. N. R.

The tug Burt is lying at the Columbia Packing company's wharf undergoing a thorough overhauling. When in order it will be operated by one of the Northern cannery companies.

The G. N. R. car ferry Sidney left this morning for Sidney in tow of the tug Fearless. The cargo was made up of a car of paint, a car of canned milk and several others all from the east.

Rev. Mr. Betts of Ladner arrived in New Westminster this morning on the steamer Transfer to attend a meeting of the board of managers of the Columbian college.

The home of H. C. Major is quarantined on account of diphtheria. The victim is the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Major. The attack is a very mild one and the little lad is not considered to be in any great danger.

The following are registered at the Guichon: Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Mulenaux, Cloverdale; R. Chancy, Montreal; Mrs. E. D. McLaren, Toronto; Mrs. H. McDonell, Vancouver; Miss Penny, Regina; Mrs. J. C. Allen, Toronto.

Superintendent Furniss, the foreman of the board of works, is a busy man these days since work was started on the big sewer and he has provided himself with a handsome horse and rig so as to be able to attend to all the calls of duty promptly.

River Pilot Capt. Rogers has returned from the Sandheads light ship having become tired of waiting for the arrival of the Vallore which he went out to meet. He will remain in the city until he receives the information that it is ready to leave Victoria and start on her up river journey.

A very neat job was done by the Gilley Bros.' floating steam crane this afternoon in lowering a Halande water tube boiler into the little tug boat Lora owned by the St. Mungo Packing company. The job which was rather a delicate one was performed without a hitch of any kind.

The pile driver Rustler owned by Gilley Bros. has just returned from Westham Island and is busy repairing the dock of the Great Northern company's freight shed. The job will engage the driver for a few days, after which it will be engaged at the Small & Bucklin saw mills.

At the regular monthly drawing of the Pacific Loan Company, Ltd., Vancouver, the fortunate man was George S. McArthur of New Westminster, motorman on the B. C. E. Ry. Mr. McArthur has the refusal of $100. bonus over all moneys paid in for his matured contract. Mr. T. R. Pearson is the local agent.

Word was received yesterday by Chief Constable Spain's department that the Emerson Lumber company's new mill at Port Moody had been burned down at eleven o'clock on Sunday night. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin as there was no fire in use in any part of the structure. There seems at present to be absolutely no clew as to the origin of the conflagration.

The following names made up the list of the Transfer's morning passengers from down river points: S. Brodie, Miss Cook, Miss Davies, Miss Jordan, Mrs. Purdy, Mrs. Follis, Mrs. McKenzie, Mrs. Foster, H. Trim, E. Hutcherson, A. W. White, W. Baker, Miss Webb, Miss Clarke, S. Fenton, Miss Kerr, Miss Montgomery, Mrs. McKenzie, S. B. Peele, Mrs. Philpots, and Miss Moffat.

Chief Constable Spain returned today from Agassiz whither he had been in connection with the aftermath of the Gabriel Pierre stabbing affray of recent date. M. M. Lemon the saloon keeper who sold the liquor to Gabriel and his companions has been given until next December, when the licensing board will sit, to get out of the hotel altogether. This will wind up the case against Lemon. Gabriel's victims are progressing favorably and will soon be ready to appear against the accused.

Where It Belonged.

An amateur authoress who had submitted a story to a magazine waited for several weeks without hearing from the editor concerning it. Finally she sent him a note requesting an early decision, because, as she said, she "had other irons in the fire."

Shortly after came the editor's reply: "Dear Madam—I have read your story, and I should advise you to put it with the other irons."—Harper's Weekly.

Merely a Trifle.

"I suppose your late uncle didn't fail to remember you in his will?" said the sympathetic friend.

"You could hardly call it a remembrance," replied the poor relation. "It was more like a faint recollection."—Chicago News.

The Point of View.

"It all depends on the point of view," he said reflectively.

"What do you mean?" she asked.

"Well, by way of illustration," he answered, "there's Mrs. Jones next door, who sings all day long. Looking at it from one point of view, we say, 'Happy woman!' and from another, 'Unhappy neighbors!'"

Important to Shoppers!

Come and get the choice of our well chosen stock of Easter groceries. You will eat more heartily and with more relish. We keep everything, and lots to choose from. Up to the moment in every respect. You will find our prices right and our Clerks attentive and obliging.

We are selling tonight only as a Special strictly

Fresh Eggs 20c per doz.

C. A. Welsh,

The People's Grocer

P. S.—Lots of Fruit and Green Vegetables.

HAPPINESS.

The Ambition of the Seeker and Where It Led Him.

In the sunrise of life a youth said: "I will attain greatness. I will mount to the high places, above the groveling throng, and wealth, power and happiness shall be added unto me."

In the flush of the morning he strove for all those things. At high noon he had acquired wealth, and in the afternoon power and fame came to him. It was as he had said, save that he, with all the generations of men, found not happiness. There had been friendships and smiles and hand clasps and embraces, but none of these things secured for him the thing he sought.

In the evening he sat by an open grave and pondered. Wayfarers saw him there and wondered much. "He is one of the mighty of earth," they said. "He has lands and tenements and goods. He has friends and servitors and fawning sycophants about him. Though we seek in vain, he must have found happiness."

They could not know that his palaces sheltered blasted hopes, that tares grew in his gardens, that the acclaim of the mob jangled harshly in his ears. They did not see his yearning, the dead dreams within him, the ashes in his heart.

His search had ended at an open grave. He drew his mantle about him and descended into it, while the passing throng swirled by.

At last, and without his knowledge, he had found that happiness which he long had sought.—New York American.

A POPGUN PLANT.

Witch Hazel Shoots Its Seeds Away Ten or Fifteen Feet.

Do you know that the witch hazel shoots its seeds ten or fifteen feet? If you want a brand new sensation, bring home some branches of witch hazel having both flowers and unopened seed pods on them and put them in vases of water. The pods burst at the most unexpected times, waking you in the night and peppering you with their hard, shiny, black seeds. Branches that are to be used for a party must be selected with care to be sure of having perfectly fresh flowers and seed pods that have not opened. If it is possible to do so, cut them the same day they are needed. If they must be cut the day before they are needed, put them in a cold place in water and wrap a damp cloth around the branches in order to prevent the flowers from withering and to keep the seeds from being expelled too soon.

There will be great excitement when the seed pods open with a snap and the seeds come pattering down. It is well to rehearse this performance, for natural objects often refuse to "show off" when you want them to.—Country Life In America.

The Fly.

The fly's capacity for crime is extended by its strength, which is relatively nearly seven times that of a horse, for it can lift twenty times its own weight. It can absorb enormous quantities of oxygen and is, in fact, a confirmed oxygen toper.

The reprehensible habit of walking upside down on the ceiling, to which the fly is addicted, is due to its habit of exuding gum from each of the 1,200 hollow hairs in its feet.

The fly, too, has an evil eye, which is divisible into several other eyes. It has also 1,700 or 1,800 parts all connected with the olfactory nerves and therefore possesses complete equipment for detecting unsound meat, such as is given to no other living creature.—Lecture of H. Hill in London.

Novel Desert Bath.

One of the wonders of the California desert is the hot sand bath, famous from the times of the first Spanish pioneers. The surface water is only a few inches deep. Beneath is black sand, constantly in gentle motion. The bather does not touch bottom. His body sinks to the shoulders and with the aid of a crossbar of timber is then sustained in a position of perpendicular flotation. The temperature is just as warm as can be comfortably borne, and the sensation, like that of soft massaging, is delightful.

John Brown's Cottonwood.

One day in 1857 John Brown rode up to the Benton place near Ellingham, Atchison county, Kan., and dismounted. He carried in his hand a switch which he had cut from a cottonwood tree. This he tossed aside, and later Mrs. Benton stuck it in the ground at the back door of her little house. It took root and grew. It is now a huge tree and is known in the neighborhood as "the John Brown cottonwood."—Atchison Globe.

Ought to Be Happy.

Towne—I hear Marryat and his bride are no longer living at that boarding house of yours. Browne—No; they've gone to housekeeping. Towne—Ah, their home life now will bring them much closer together, and— Browne—You bet it will! They've taken a flat.—Boston Advertiser.

Evil Enough.

There is evil enough in man, God knows. But it is not the mission of every young man and woman to detail and report it all. Keep the atmosphere as pure as possible and fragrant with gentleness and charity.—Dr. John Hall.

His Place In Natural History.

"Were you a bull or a bear?" asked an acquaintance of a speculator.

"Neither," he replied. "I was an ass."

Sheik Saadi, the Persian philosopher and poet, said, "Ten dervishes can dwell in peace on one rug, but two princes cannot live in one empire."

No Doubt.

Jack—What seemed to be the hardest thing to you in learning to ride the bicycle? Tom—The ground.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wanted—Young girl for part care of child and housework. Apply Mrs. Sawyer 7th st and 5th ave, after 6.

Additional Want Ads on Page Seven.

We Are On Top As Usual

In every way. We havd the goods in the variety and at the prices that keep us here.

Carpets! Carpets!! Carpets!!!

Hundreds of Squares to choose from—from $4.00 each up to $50.00.

Have you seen our line of Brussels Squares, 3x3 yards for $15 genuine Brussels—easily worth $18 and sold at that price elsewhere. We have them in all sizes. We have also some handsome Velvet, Milton and Axminster Squares, all sizes, green, fawn and Turkish. Carpets by the thousands of yards in all kinds. We do not consider it a trouble to show the goods. Call and Inspect.

LEE'S FURNITURE EMPORIUM,

236 to 242 Columbia and 229 to 241 Front Streets, Dupont Block,

SOMETHING TASTY

Laing's Jellied Veal

In 1 and 2 Pound Tins. Try it, it is Delicious.

GEO. ADAMS.

Public Supply Store, Columbia St.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits

Shades of Blue, Green, Black, Cream

PRICES $7.50 to $12

Latest in Allover Lace Blouses, See Them

GORDON'S DRY GOODS HOUSE

Mutual Life Assurance Co. of Canada

Amount of Policies now in force exceeds.. ... ...$44,000,000.00
Amount of Assets, legitimate and solid, now exceeds....$9,000,000.00

This is a company of policy-holders, by policy-holders, for policy-holders.

OUR MOTTO: The largest amount of Assurance for the Least Possible Outlay.

S. W. BODLEY, District Manager.

New Westminster, B. C. 'Phone 85.

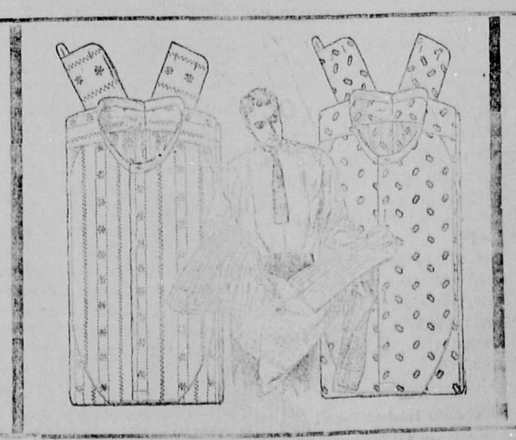
THOS. R. PEARSON Can Arrange Terms For You.

823—One hundred and sixty acres, beautifully situated on the southern slope of the Serpentine Valley; first-class land, fronting on the Clover Valley Road; near the railroad and river; good road; land is very productive; about 60 acres in first-class condition. Good and convenient buildings. All necessary implements and stock. This is well worth investigation. Price, $90 per acre.

1027—An unusually good buy. One hundred and sixty acres; 60 to 75 acres under first-class cultivation; 9 acres under hops, all in good shape; 10-roomed dwelling in good condition, barn 60x100; hop kiln and baling room in good condition; the buildings on the place are worth at least $3,000. Bertand Creek runs through the property. This is a most desirable farm; from $2,500 to $3,500 per year can be taken off it. Price, $7,500 cash.

The Latest In New

SPRING



SHIRTS

Soft Front, Starched Front and Negligee From the Celebrated Factories of W. G. & R. and Tooke Limited. Prices

75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50

PHILLIPS,

The Cash Clothi

Sporting News and Comment.

Gun Club Prize Winners.

The following is the list of prize-winners at the shoot held at Moody Park on Good Friday, under the auspices of the New Westminster Gun club:

First match (ten singles)—Frank E. P. Smith, Frank Trapp, D. Galbraith and George Holland.

Second match (ten singles)—Frank Trites, W. Miller, George Cunningham and L. A. Lewis.

Third match for non-members (fifteen singles)—Captain Manson, Jas. Sharpe, D. H. Macgowan and George McDonald.

Fourth match (five doubles)—George Holland, James McMartin, B. Galbraith and Guy Johnstone.

Fifth match (fifteen singles—G. A. Allen, Jas. McMartin, F. P. Smith and Capt. Manson.

Sixth match (fifteen singles)—E. P. Smith, D. Galbraith, J. H. Vidal and F. Reichenbach.

Seventh match (ten singles)—G. A. Allan, B. Galbraith and W. Miller.

The highest average prize was won by F. P. Smith, and the consolation prize was awarded to Arthur Malins.

Lacrosse Meeting.

A meeting of the executive of the New Westminster Senior Lacrosse club will be held on Thursday evening for the purpose of instructing the delegates who will attend the annual meeting of the British Columbia Amateur Lacrosse association here on Saturday afternoon.

New Ones for Vancouver.

"Box" Brown, a star player from Ontario, has arrived in the city and has thrown in his lot with the new Mount Pleasant club. McCuaig, Hendron and another player whose name has not yet been announced, have also been signed to play on the hill.—News-Advertiser.

Training for Henley.

Toronto, April 16.—The Argonauts' Henley eight have already settled down to active training, the crew having been on the water twice since Friday. Starting tomorrow, Joe Wright will have his stalwarts out twice daily and it will not be his fault if the eight fails to show good enough form to warrant being sent after the Grand Challenge cup.

Cricket at Nelson.

Nelson, April 16.—The first cricket match of the season of the Kootenay league, Proctor vs. Nelson, played here this afternoon, resulted in a victory for the former by 75 runs.

Child Fatally Burned.

Fernie, April 16.—Last Thursday afternoon at about 2:30 little Ethel Goddard, of Blairmore, met with a most painful and fatal accident. It appears that the little one was with some other children of about her own age, near the family residence, and they having found matches had started a small bonfire. In playing round the fire Baby Ethel came to near the flame, and her dress caught fire. The child ran screaming and Mr. Vasseur, who was working on a building near, hearing her cries, came to the rescue. He tore the burning clothes from the child and in doing so had his hands badly burned. The child died next morning.

Prizes for Wheat.

Winnipeg, April 16.—As a due recognition of wheat-growing as the leading industry of Western Canada, the Winnipeg Industrial Fair board will hang up prizes for the cereal this year aggregating $500. The first prize will be $200, which is believed to be the largest award for an exhibit of grain made at any fair on the continent. This will be for Red Fyfe only. The prizes will range down to $35 for fifth place. Provision will also be made for Alberta Red Winted wheat, but all white varieties will be excluded from the honor list.

Mosquito Harbor Boom.

Victoria, April 16.—The big cedar mill at Mosquito Harbor will probably start cutting in June, and will employ a hundred whites at the outset. A hundred and fifty men are now engaged in erecting the mill and installing the machinery. The plant will be able to ship two or three cargoes per week. It will be the largest cedar mill in Canada. A school, postoffice and customs office are being established at Mosquito Harbor.

Americans Cheat.

Winnipeg, April 16.—Manitoba millers have discovered a ruse by which San Francisco competitors are endeavoring to evade the Chinese boycott and capture the Canadian trade. They are bagging their flour in bags stamped "Made in Canada." The matter will be brought to the attention of the Canadian government.

GREEKS SHOW HATRED OF CHRIST'S BETRAYER

Hang Judas Iscarriot in Effigy and Pump Lead Into the Dummy.

Astoria, April 16.—Easter was observed by the Greek colony at Clifton today in accordance with an ancient and peculiar custom of that nation by hanging "Judas, the betrayer of Christ," in effigy and filling the body with hundreds of bullets.

At 10 o'clock yesterday a gathering of 300 Greeks, men, women and children, collected in front of the small chapel, and, led by a priest bearing aloft a crucifix, and two men carrying the effigy, marched to the end of the street, where a tall tree stands.

Here the image was strung up, and when the priest had spoken a few words in the Greek tongue the crowd fired perhaps 100 shots into the effigy.

This ended the demonstration, and the Greeks dispersed. The authorities, being familiar with the custom, did not endeavor to interfere.

Newspapers Must Pay.

St. Paul, April 16.—Judge Bunn, in the district court of Ramsey county, today filed an order upholding the indictments brought by the grand jury against the St. Paul Dispatch, the Pioneer-Press and the Daily News for publishing detailed stories of the hanging of William Williams, a murderer, who was executed in the county jail here March 13.

The newspapers were indicted under what is known as the John Day-Smith law, which forbids the publication in newspapers of the details of any public execution. The newspapers demurred to the indictment and attacked the constitutionality of the law.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re Lot 9, 10, and 13 of Lot 16 of Suburban Block 10, Map 209, New Westminster City.

Whereas proof of the loss of Certificate of ..... Title Number 1074 a, issued in the name of Jane Howay has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, issue a duplicate of the said Certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, B. C., April 4, 1906.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re part of Lot 289 Group 1, New Westminster District. Whereas proof of the loss of Certificate of....Title number 2164A, issued in the name of Daniel Callaghan has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, issue a duplicate of the said Certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, B. C.
March 30, 1906.

TENDERS.

Tenders addressed to the under signed at Ottawa and marked on th envelope "Tender for the construction of a Hydrographic Steel Twin Screw Steamer," will be received up to the first day of May next, for the construction of a Steel Twin Screw Steamer for the Hydrographic Service in British Columbia waters.

Specifications, plans and forms of tender can be seen at the office of the Agent of the Department of Marin and Fisheries at Victoria, B. C., at the Custom House at Vancouver, B. C., and at the Department here.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque equal to 10 per cent. of the whole amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person sending the accepted tender declines to enter into a contract with the Department. Cheques accompanying tenders which are not accepted will be returned immediately after a decision has been arrived at.

Newspapers copying this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid.

F. GOURDEAU
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 28th March, 1906.

Tenders for a Licence to Cut Timber on Domonion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Timber and Mines Branch, Department of the Interior, and marked on the envelope "Tender for Timber Berth No. 471," will be received at this Department until noon on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May, 1906, for a licence to cut timber on Berth No. 471, situate in the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, commencing at the southeast corner of Section 14, Township 5, Range 27, West of the 6th Meridian; thence North 44 chains; thence West 80 chains; thence South 20 chains; thence West 20 chains; thence South 24 chains more or less to the North boundary of Section 10; thence East along the North boundary of Sections 10 and 11, 100 chains more or less, to the point of commencement, containing an area of 400 acres more or less.

The regulations under which a licence will be issued, also printed forms of tender and envelope, may be obtained at this Department or at the office of the Crown Timber Agent at New Westminster, B. C.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank in favor of the Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, for the amount of the bonus which the applicant is prepared to pay for a licence.

No tender by telegraph will be entertained.

PERLEY G. KEYES,
Secretary
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, March 20th, 1906.

WARNING GLANDERS.

In districts where the existence of glanders is suspected and especially in neighborhoods where actual outbreaks have occurred the adoption of the following precautions by owners of horses and others interested will do much to prevent the spread of the disease and the establishment of fresh centres of infection.

1. Horses or mules having a nasal discharge or other supicious symptoms should not be admitted to livery or feed stables or yards, blacksmith shops, church or school sheds, railway stock yards, private stables or other places where they are likely come into direct or indirect contact with animals of the equine species.

2. All stables, yards, or sheds used for the accommodation of horses or mules should be regularly and frequently cleansed and disinfected in the manner prescribed below.

3. After cleansing the premises thoroughly, and burning all debris, the interior should be well gone over with hot steam, or boiling water, adding to the latter at least one quart of crude carbolic acid to each five gallons after which the entire surface should be thickly coated with a hot solution of fresh lime wash, to which crude carbolic acid has been added in the above mentioned proportion.

Outbuildings, fences and tying posts with which infected animals have been in contact should also, when possible, be thoroughly treated in a similar manner.

All ordinary harness and stables utensils, which have been in contact with infected animals or infected premises, should be thoroughly soaked in a hot solution of crude carbolic acid of a strength of one part to twenty.

Materials which might be injured by the above treatment such as valuable harness, robes, cushions, etc., which have been in contact with infection should be placed in an air tight room and fumigated with Formaldehyde after which they should be thoroughly cleaned.

4. In stables where outbreaks have occurred or where diseased animals have, inadvertently or otherwise, been stabled, even temporarily, the cleansing and disinfection should be especially thorough and in such cases it is safest to remove and burn feed boxes and mangers when of wood; iron articles can be rendered harmless by passing them through fire or by immersing them for some time in boiling water. All litter from suspected animals should be burned or carefully fenced until used.

5. Farmers and others should, whenever possible, avoid admitting strange horses or mules to the premises occupied by their own animals especially of the same species. It is a good plan to reserve an isolated building for outside horses or mules but where this is impossible they may be accommodated in cow stables, cattle not being subject to glanders infection. Such horses and mules should be watered from special pails, which, together with all other stable utensils used on or about them, should be carefully cleansed and disinfected before being used for other animals. Stalls occupied by strange horses or mules should be well cleansed and disinfected and, if at all possible, left unoccupied for some time.

6. Where new horses or mules are purchased in or from districts where glanders exists, they should, unless carefully tested with Mallein prior to purchase, be stabled apart and closely watched for some time before being brought in contact with other animals of the equine species.

7. It must be borne in mind that while nasal discharge, or ulceration, enlarged glands, the presence of farcy buds, unaccountable swelling of the limbs and general unthriftiness often characterize cases of glanders, the disease exists in many animals without, for the time being, any external manifestations whatever, the only means of detection in such cases being the Mallein test, and that these occult or latent cases are in some respects the most dangerous because unsuspected. Our experience shows that it is possible for animals of this class to convey infection to others without themselves developing acute symptoms. It is therefore plain that great caution should be exercised in the purchase or handling of strange horses or mules especially in those districts where the disease has become established.

8. The carcases of animals dying from onslaughtered as being axected with glanders should, when possible, be burned or, failing this, buried at least six feet beneath the surface.

9. Owners of premises where outbreaks have been dealt with should bear in mind that Inspectors cannot recommend release from quarantine unless disinfection has been carried out in a satisfactory manner and that compensation for animals slaughtered cannot be paid until a certificate of cleansing and disinfection has been received by the Minister of Agriculture.

10. Horse owners should have no hesitation in reporting to this Department or to its inspectors the existence of actual or suspected cases of glanders. The disease has been spreading rapidly of late years and it is a matter of public interest that every fresh centre of infection should be discovered and dealt with as promptly as possible.

J. G. RUTHERFORD,
Veterinary Director General.
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, March, 1906.

Synopsis of Canadian Homestead Regulations

Any available Dominion Lands within the Railway Belt in British Columbia, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate, or if the homesteader desires, he may, on application to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, the Commissioner of Immigration, Winnipeg or the local agent receive authority for some one to make entry for him.

The homesteader is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans.

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of the homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Six months' notice in writing should be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Synopsis of Regulations for Disposal of Minerals on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory.

COAL—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

QUARTZ—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miners' certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x1500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end of the line of the lode, or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if ocated within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2½ per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

PLACER MINING—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory: Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square, entry fee $5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, not exceeding 1000 feet. Where steam power is used claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the Rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged beds or bars of the river below any low water mark, and subfor first year and $10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty same as placer mining.

Placer mining in the Yukon Territory—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1000 to 2000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days if the claim is within ten miles of the mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1000 feet in length, aand if the party consists of two, 1500 feet altogether, on the output on which no royalty shall be charged the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee $10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the ject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee can dredge to high-water mark on each alternative leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction thereof is sufficient. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds $10.000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of 20 years; also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bar or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental $100 per mile Yukon Territory to be paid to the comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of $2. A claim may be abandoned and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least $200.

A certificate that work has been not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, anad open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropiated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory, are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 1920 acres for such period as he may decide, the length of which shall not exceed three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the prospector at the rate of $1 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely, 1280 acres, will be sold at the rate of $3 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Dept. Interior.

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Daily Leave	NEW WESTMINSTER	Daily Arrive
9:20 am 4:35 pm	Blaine, Bellingham Burlington, Mt. Vernon, Everett, Seattle and Portland.	3:00 pm 9:35pm
4:35 pm	Spokane, St. Paul and all points East.	3:00 pm
9.20 am	Anacortes, Woolley, and Rockport.	3:00 pm
3:00 pm 9:35 pm	Vancouver	9:20 am 4:35 pm

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Connects at Meyers Falls with stage daily for Republic.
Buffet service on trains between Spokane and Nelson.
Effective Sunday, November 10, 1901.

Leave	Day Train	Arrive
9.20 a.m.	.... Spokane	7.15 p.m.
12.25 p.m.	....Rossland	4.10 p.m.
9.40 a.m.	.....Nelson	6.45 p.m.

H. A. JACKSON.
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Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

British Columbia Coast Line Service.

TIME TABLE
(Subject to change without notice.)

VICTORIA-SEATTLE ROUTE
Princess Beatrice Daily
Leaves Port Townsend 12 p. m.
Leaves Victoria 9 p.m.
Arrive Seattle 5 a.m.
Leave Seattle 9.30 a.m.
Arrive Port Towsend 12.30 noon.
Arrive Victoria 3.30 p.m.

VANCOUVER-VICTORIA ROUTE.
S. S. Princess Victoria.
Daily.
Leave Vancouver 1 p. m.
Leave Victoria 1 a. m.

VICTORIA-NEW WESTMINSTED ROUTE.
STR. CHARMER.
Leaves Victoria, 1 a. m., Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves New Westminster, 7 a. m., Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Calling at Maynean d Steveston.

VANCOUVER-NANAIMO ROUTE.
S.S. Joan leaves Nanaimo daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 7 a.m. Saturday 8 a. m.
Leaves Vancouver daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 1.30 p.m. Saturday 2.30 p. m.

WESTCOAST ROUTE.
S. S. Queen City.
Leave Victoria 11 p. m. 1st, 10th and 20th of each month for Ahousett and way points.
Leave Victoria 10th of each month for Quatsino and way points.
Leave Victoria 20th of each month for Cape Scott and way points including Quatsino.

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Additional trip leaves New Westminster 5 a. m. Sunday.
Leaves Steveston Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7 a. m. Friday 6 a. m. Additional trip Saturday 5 p. m.

UPPER FRASER RIVER ROUTE.
Steamer Beaver.
Leave New Westminster 8 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Leave Chilliwack 7 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Satrdays, calling at landing between New Westminster and Chilliwack.

NORTHERN B. C. ROUTE.
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Leaves Vancouver at 2 p. m. 2nd and 16th of each month calling at Skidegate on first trip and Bella Coola on second trip.
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Lv. Seattle 10; ar. New West. 18.40.
C. P. R. WESTR. JUNCTION.
Lv. New West. 10.35 and 17.35.
Ar .New West. 9.35 and 16.40.
C. P. R. MILLSIDE SPECIAL.
Lv. New Westminster 6.30 a. m.
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
Lv. N. W. 9.20 a.m.; ar. Seattle 4 p.m.
Lv. N. W. 4.35 p.m.; ar. Seattle 10 p.m.
Lv. Seattle 8.30 a.m.; ar. N. W. 3 p.m.
Lv. Seattle 4.20 p.m.; ar. N. W. 9.35 p.m.
V., W. & Y.—VANCOUVER.
Lv. N. W. 3 p.m. and 9.35 p.m.
Lv. Vancouver 8.35 a.m., and 4 p.m.
G. N. R.—PORT GUICHON.
Lv. N. W. 9.20 a.m.; ar. Guichon 2.20 p.m.
Lv. Guichon 2.40 p.m.; ar. N. W. 9.35 p.m.
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Ramona—
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From Chwk. Sun., Wed., Fri., 7 a.m.
Favorite—
From N. W. daily, ex. Sun., 2.15 p.m.
From Mt. Lehman, 7 a.m.
DOWN RIVER.
Transfer—
From N. W. daily, ex. Sun., 2 p.m.
Add. trip, Monday, 5 a.m.
From Steveston, 7 a.m. (Fri. 6 a.m.)
Add. trip Saturday 5 p.m.
VICTORIA AND ISLANDS.
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From Victoria Saturday 7 a.m.

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Sap'n & Millside...	10.00 p.m.	6.45 p.m.
Vancouver..	10.00 p.m.	9.00 a.m.
Cloverdale, Blaine, Seattle, etc.. ..	8.45 a.m.	3.30 p.m.
Van. & Cent. Park...	10.30 a.m.	2 p.m.
Victoria..	10.30 a.m.	10.00 a.m.
East Burnaby.. ..	1.15 p.m.	1.15 p.m.
Steveston, etc....	1.30 p.m.	10.30 a.m.
East, via C.P.R...	3.00 p.m.	12.00 m
Sap., Mill, Coq'm..	3.00 p.m.	12.00 m
Van. & Burnaby..	3.30 p.m.	6.00 p.m.

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SECRET SOCIETIES

UNION LODGE, NO. 9, A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this is held on the First Wednesday in each month, at 8 o'clock p. m., in the Masonic Temple. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend. Dr. W. A. DeWolf Smith, Secretary.

KING SOLOMON LODGE, NO. 17, A. F. & A. M.—Regular communications of this lodge are held on the second Tuesday in each month in Masonic Temple, at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. D. W. Gilchrist, Sec.

ROYAL CITY PRECEPTORY, No. 459 R. B. K. of L., meets second and fourth Friday of each month, at 8 p. m., in Orange hall, corner of Royal avenue and John street. Sojourning Sir Knights cordially invited to attend. W. E. Dunlop, W. P.; E. E. Matthias, Reg.

LOYAL ORANGE LODGE, NO. 1150—Meets in Orange hall first and third Friday in each month at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. E. E. Matthias, W. M.; J. Humphries, Rec.-Sec.

I. O. O. F.—AMITY LODGE, No. 27—The regular meetings of this lodge are held in Oddfellows' hall, Columbia street, every Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. S. J. May, N. G.; W. C. Coatham, Rec.-Sec.

A. O. U. W.—FRASER LODGE No. 3—Meetings the first and third Tuesday in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. Lodge room, A. O. U. W. hall, Oddfellows' block, Clarkson street, C. S. Corrigan, recorder; Louis Witt, master workman.

FOSE OF COLUMBIA LODGE No. 115, SONS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Red Rose Degree meets Second and Fourth Wednesday of each month, in K. of P. Hall, Columbia St., at 8 p. m., White Rose Degree, Fourth Wednesday in each month, same time and place. Visiting Brethren cordially invited. E. B. Stinchcombe, Pres., H. Disney, Secretary.

COURT BRUNETTE, No. 4099, I.O.F.—Meets the Fourth Friday in the month at 8 o'clock, in the small hall, Oddfellows' block. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. J. B. Rushton, C. R.; F. P. Maxwell, R. S.

COURT ROYAL COLUMBIA, No. 8808, A. O. F.—The regular meetings of this Lodge are held on the Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in the Oddfellows' Hall. Visiting Brethren are cordialy invited to attend. E. C. Firth, C. R.; F. P. Maxwell, Sec.

THE ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE meet every Wednesday at 8 o'clock p. m., in Oddfellows' Hall, Columbia street. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend. J. S. Bryson, S. C.; J. McD. Campbell, Sec.

SONS OF SCOTLAND BENEFIT ASSOCIATION, LORD OF THE ISLES CAMP, 191.—Meets on the First and Third Tuesday of every month in K. of P. Hall. John McNiven, Chief; J. J. Forrester, Rec. Sec.

BOARD OF TRADE.—New Westminster Board of Trade meets in the Board Room, City Hall, as follows: Second Wednesday of each month. Quarterly meetings on the second Wednesday of February, May, August and November, at 8 p. m. Annual meetings on the second Wednesday of February. New members may be proposed and elected at any monthly or quarterly meeting. A. E. White, Sec.

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For Sale—Modern 7-roomed house on fine corner in West End; two lots stable and fruit trees. Cheap. Appl. X, this office.

Lost—Small purse with small sum of money at foot of Cemetery street Sapperton. Return to Mrs. Cigonier, Front street, or Daily News.

Wanted—2000 Cords of Hemlock Bark at the Fraser River Tannery, Ltd., taken in lots from 25 cords up. For particulars apply to the manager at Tannery or P. O. box 187, New Westminster.

Wanted—Fresh milch cow. Apply P. O. Box 332 or Daily News Office, City.

For Sale—50 Egg Chatham Incubator Cheap. Only used once. Apply 199 Sixth avenue or P. O. Box 502, City

For Sale—Old papers suitable for wrapping up parcels, etc. Apply News office.

Found—A house key in "Tipperary". Apply Daily News Office.

For Sale—Young Cow and Calf, newly calved. Mrs. T. Hembrough, 14th st. and 5th ave.

Wanted—Boys from 14 to 17 years of age to work in Box Factory, also box nailers. Apply B. C. Manufacturing Co. end of Lulu Island bridge City.

For Sale—Half interest in a livery business near Seattle, Washington. Chance of a life time. Apply Advertising Manager, Daily News.

For Sale—Young Ayrshire Bulls pure bred, ready for service, W. R. Austin, Sapperton.

Eggs for Setting—Pure Barred Rock $1.00 per setting. J. W. Austin, Sapperton.

Whole Lot About Ducks.

Few farmers or their wives realize the money-making possibilities in a few ducks. Many a woman in the vicinity sells ducklings to the amount of thirty to eighty dollars in three or four months, beginning in May and trying to have them all sold early in August. From three to ten or twelve are kept to raise from the next year.

As ducks (that is, Pekin ducks, which are by far the most profitable variety to raise for market) rarely sit and are very prolific, a large flock of old ones is unnecessary. Five ducks will average four eggs a day in April and May. They lay nearly as many in March, and some in June and February. We have had ducks to lay every month in the year except December, but the bulk of the eggs is produced in March, April and May. The price of the duckling varies from fifteen to twenty cents a pound in May and June to eight and twelve cents in July and August. We have sold them in May that brought from to pieces all at once," like the wonderful one hoss shay. So in warm weather it may save trouble to look at the nests every three or four days and remove the rotten ones. You will soon learn to detect them both by sight and smell.

The little ducklings remain in the shell much longer after pipping it than the chick does, forty-eight hours. They are very helpless when first hatched and many are killed in the nest. They spread themselves out so flat and their necks are so long that the hen is very likely to put her foot on a neck, and then shortly there is a dead duck.

Some people think that lice never trouble ducks, but they do. If possible have the hen free from lice before you set her, at any rate, get rid of ninety cents to one dollar each. Last year our February and March duck eggs were nearly all fertile, much to our surprise. Usually a large per cent. of the early eggs are nonfertile; the summer eggs also have a low per cent. of fertility and little ducklings do not grow so fast in hot weather. March, April and May eggs hatch the best. In May and June one drake to six ducks is sufficient. One to three or four is said to give better results in February and March. The usual mating is five ducks to ne drake, but they may be kept in pairs or trios.

It takes a god sized hen to cover ten or eleven duck eggs. They hatch in from twenty-six to thirty days, the warmer the weather the sooner they hatch. Nothing can become so rotten as a duck egg—in warm weather especially, the contents of a rotten egg will ooze out through the shell, and you can smell it some distance away. These eggs have a faculty of "going them before th ducks hatch. When they are strong and dry we take them from the nest and rub each one's head, neck and throat and around the vent with alcohol in which fish berries have been soaking, a handful of berries to a pint of alcohol. This is the best remedy we have ever found for lice. We have never had to apply it more than once to a duckling or gosling and rarely oftener to a chick. It is clean, not soiling or discoloring them in the least, and does not cause them to catch cold. Indeed, it seems a preventive of colds and it is sure death to lice and mites.

Ducklings require very different feeding from chickens. They should be fed almost entirely on ground feed, and it should be mixed with enough milk or water to make it quite soft. If you haven't milk you should use some kind of meat. We use meat for the first two weeks—then beef scraps. Animal food is more necessary to ducks than to any other fowl. When they are given free range along streams and in low wet grass lands they will capture their meat.

They must have green food. If you can let them run on grass, the green food problem is solved. If you can't do that, give them lettuce, the weeds you pull from the garden, green corn stalks, etc.

Grit is essential. Coarse sharp sand or gravel is all right. As we have neither, we use mica crystal grit and oyster shell.

They must have water to drink with every meal. It must be deep enough t o run their bills in up to their eyes. In this way they keep their nostrils clean; if they become clogged up, the duckling will sicken and may become blind and die. Never give them milk to drink.

They should be fed four or five times a day until six weeks old, when three times is sufficient. They will not eat so much after they are feathered and grown. We have them weigh five and six pounds each before they are two months old—they have to consume considerable food in order to grow so fast.

Shade is a necessity. They lose their appetites and sometimes take convulsions when exposed to the sun in hot weather. If a duckling should have the misfortune to get on its back, it can not get up without help.

Ducklings do better if kept in small yards until six weeks old. They grow so fast that a hen need not stay with them longer than two or three weeks. Some take the hen away at once, but they are easily chilled the first week. Their coops can be of the simplest. We use a coffee box laid down on its side, tarred paper nailed on the front. The floor needs to be kept dry. Sawdust, probably, makes the best bedding. They need frequent cleaning. A twelve inch board on each side of the coop, and kept in place by stakes driven in the ground, and extending in front of the coop at the other end of the two boards and make another run in front of that. If two coops open into one run all of the ducks will crowd into one coop. When the runs are dirty (and they won't stay clean long), move the coops and boards to a fresh spot. When two or three weeks old, the hens may be taken away and forty or more ducks kept together. They will then require a larger yard and larger shelter. When they are feathered which is at about six weeks they no longer need shelter and can run at large. We find it a difficult matter to get grown ducks to go under shelter even in severe weather. We do not pick them and their thick coats or down and feathers are proof against cold and wet. Their feet are their weak point. Cold feet affect a duck like a frozen comb does a hen.

From June until January they are fed twice a day with three measures of bran, one of meal and one of shorts mixed soft. From January until June one measure of clover and one of beef scraps are added. Corn in the ear is fed once and sometimes twice a day in cold weather. Grit and oyster sell are kept where they can help themselves.—The Homemaker.

MEDICAL MEN INDICTED.

Newspapers Warned Not to Publish Their Advertisements.

The postal authorities and the police in New York have rounded up fifty-two "medical" concerns that obtained their customers through newspaper advertising. The New York World, Herald and Telegram were warned that unless the announcements were discontinued at once the papers would be excluded from the mails. The papers discontinued the ads. The advertisers who are accused of announcing their willingness to perform criminal operations will not be allowed to use the mails in future.

Three of the advertisers have been indicted by the federal grand jury in New York. Others fled to Canada when they got wind of the official crusade against them. Ohers still were defiant and are trying to continue their trade by changing the form of their advertisements.

In order to get evidence a decoy letter was sent from Boston by the postal authorities.

The letter got fifty-two replies, one from every concern to which it was sent. Then all mail going to them in care of "general delivery" was stopped, and a formal notice was sent to each one requirng identification of the addresses before the delivery of the mail. The notice brought representatives of forty-three out of the fifty-two concerns to the New York postoffice building. Before they knew what they confronted the "doctors" and "experienced specialists" had confessed damaging facts about themselves.

BURIED LIVING PERSONS.

Horrible Custom of Japanese Prior to Year 646 A. D.

Prior to the year 646 A. D. the Japanese had one of the most horrible burial customs that can be imagined—that of burying all the immediate friends and retainers of a prince or other person of note in a standing position around the potentate's grave and leaving them in the earth up to their necks to perish of thirst and hunger.

The custom cannot be said to have been general as late as the date given, for the Japanese records prove that in the time of the Emperor Suinin (97-30 B. C.) the burial rites of royal personages were so modified as to partially abolish former cruelties. Speaking of a young brother of Suinin, who died and had his retinue buried standing around his grave, the old record says: "For many days they died not, but wept and cried aloud. At last they died. Dogs and crows assembled and ate off their heads. The emperor's compassion was aroused, and he desired to change the manner of burial. When the empress died, soon after, the mikado inquired of his officers if something in the way of a change could not be suggested, and one proposed to make clay figures of men and bury them as substitutes."

That this did not entirely do away with the former custom is proved by an edict issued in the year 646 A. D., the date given first above, which forbid the burial of living persons and provided a penalty for further adherence to the awful rite.—St. Louis Republic.

VAMPIRE BATS.

They Are Fond of Veal Blood and Cause Death of Many Calves.

Vampire bats are found by thousands in Veragua and Ciriqui. They are particularly fond of veal blood, but older stock and horses, colts, mules and burros all suffer. I did not catch a vampire at his work, though I saw hundreds of them, but the cattlemen all tell the same story. The vampire settles somewhere on the back of the beast in the pasture at night and then, while slowly fanning its wings to and fro, cuts a circular piece of skin one-quarter of an inch in diameter. Through this hole he sucks the blood till satisfied.

One wound would be of little consequence, nor would the loss of blood do much damage were that all, but half a dozen vampires may feast on one poor calf or on the back of a saddle horse in one night. The calf is badly weakened by the loss of blood, while a saddle horse so served is worthless until the wounds are entirely healed. But that is not the worst result of the bite. The region swarms with a pestiferous fly that soon after daylight finds the wound and lays eggs in it. Unless the wound is properly cleaned and dressed with a waxy salve within forty-eight hours after the vampire's attack the animal will be destroyed by the progeny of the fly. The percentage of calves thus killed is large in spite of the watchfulness of the cow herders.—Panama Correspondent.

Smoking Customs.

Among the Bechuanas of Africa it is the custom for the people when smoking to take a limber twig, which they bend into the form of a semicircle and then bury in mud. This is well pounded down, and when the earth is sufficiently set the twig is withdrawn, leaving a hole which answers the purpose of a pipestem. Tobacco is placed in the excavation.

The Hawaiian natives habitually swallow the smoke, and a few whiffs are enough to produce intoxication. This drawback, however, has its compensating advantage, since the exhaustion of a single pipe is enough to produce wholesale inebriation, as it is passed from mouth to mouth.

The Kaffirs smoke dagha tobacco, a species of hemp, in a water pipe resembling the hookah.

A Solemn Occasion.

When a certain well know comedian, who prided himself on his fun making ability, was "starring" in Edinburgh his landlord, who seldom attended any public place save the kirk, asked him if he would oblige him with a "pass for the playhoos." This favor was readily granted, and the "gude man" donned his best black suit and witnessed the comedian's two greatest humorous impersonations. Meeting his landlord the next morning, the comedian asked how he liked the performance.

"Weel," said the Scotsman, "it pleased me in fac' gey weel, and I conseeder you played unco' natural-like, but neigh, man, I had a hard job to keep mysel' frae laughing."

Holmes on Poetry.

When I feel inclined to read poetry, I take down my dictionary. The poetry of words is quite as beautiful as that of sentences. The author may arrange the gems effectively, but their shape and luster have been given by the attrition of ages. Bring me the finest simile from the whole range of imaginative writing, and I will show you a single word which conveys a more profound, a more accurate and a more eloquent analogy.—"Autocrat of the Breakfast Table."

The Family Scrapbook.

Mrs. Sauers (to Willy, as minister calls to see Mr. Sauers)—Willy, is your father in? Willy—Yes, he's upstairs looking over your scrapbook. Mrs. Sauers (puzzled)—You mean my family account book? Willy—Well, it's all the same. He and you always have a scrap every time he goes over it.

Never Gives Up.

He—My motto is, "Never give up." She—Yes; I've frequently noticed it in a crowded street car.—Philadelphia Record.

Woman's Right.

Mamie—I believe in woman's rights. Gertie—Then you think every woman should have a vote? Mamie—No, but I think every woman should have a voter.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Economy.

"The under crust of this apple pie is too tough to eat."

"That's the intention. It can be used again, you know."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HOTELS SHUT OUT GORKY AND WOMAN

Russian Revolutionist and Female Companion Find It Hard to Secure Accommodation.

New York, April 16.—The Tribune today says:

Maxim Gorky and his woman companion were not found by newspaper men in this city yesterday. Their baggage, it was ascertained, was shipped to Chicago on a morning train and there was ome reason to believe they had gone on the same train with the baggage, together with Nikolay Pieschoff, Gorkq's adopted son.

After being turned away from the Lafayette-Brevoort Hotel on Saturday evening, they went to a socialistic meeting at the Grand Central Palace with the understanding that they were to have rooms at the Rhinelander. When they got to the Rhinelander an hour before midnight, however, they were told by Frank Geraty, the manager, that hey could not stay there and that heir baggage must be removed immediately.

Gorky and the woman who has been traveling with im as his wife then went to No. 3 Fifth avenue, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Scott, while the baggage was sent to the Victoria Hotel in charge of Gorky's adopted son.

An attempt to get rooms at the Victoria failed and the baggage was taken to the Grand Central station and left in the gaggage room over night. At the Grand Central station yesterday it was said that the baggage had ben shipped to Chicago, but nobody would say positively whether or not Gorky and his companions were on the train as passengers.

Friends Offered Hous .

H. Gaylord Wiltshire, who was responsible for the appearance of the Gorkys at the Hotel Belleclaire, said last night that he did not know what had become of them. He was unable to communicate with the Scotts or the Gorkys yesterday.

"I wanted Gorky to come to my house," he said. "I told him that he would not be able to get rooms in any hotel in the city with his companion, when it was known that his real wife and children were in Russia, and I think the trouble he is encountering will teach him a lesson. He will find out that he cannot accomplish anything in this country except with the aid of the socialists."

Abraham Cahan, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward, said last night that Gorky had arranged to go out o f the city for a few days and keep out of sight in a quiet place, where he could write in peace. In that way, Mr. Cahan said, the Russian author and revolutionist could get ready some speeches he intended to deliver in this country, and in the meantime the trouble over his companion would abate.

JAILED FOR CONTEMPT.

Col. J. Hamilton Lewis Sentenced to Serve Sixty Days.

Springfield, Ill., April 16.—Judge Humphrey in the United States circuit court today declared Col. James Hamilton Lewis, corporation counsel of Chicago, in contempt of court in the Alton Water Works' case, and sentenced him to sixty days imprisonment in the Sangamon county jail.

The sentence is to be remitted if Col. Lewis dismisses suits, which he brought in the county court in behalf of the Boston (Mass.) Water and Light company against the Alton Water Works company and others to foreclose on second mortgage bonds.

Judge Humphrey had held that the Alton Water Works company is the property of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company as holder of first mortgage bonds and had issued an injunction restraining anyone from interfering with the operation of the plant.

Chicago, April 16.—When Mr. Lewis heard of the sentence that had been pronounced against him by Judge Humphrey he said that he would be governed entirely by the wishes of his clients.

Stabbed to Death.

New York, April 16.—Antonio Drillio, aged 34 years, an ironworker, was shot and stabbed to death at his Cherry street home early today. Alphonse Drillio, 24 years old, a brother of the dead man, is under arrest. Alphonse Pornea, Salvatore Pornea, brothers, and Pietro Leotti are also locked up in connection with the killing. None of the prisoners would talk about the death of Drillio, who is said to have been killed in a quarrel.

Police Barracks Fire.

Prince Albert, Sask., April 16.—This morning fire destroyed the R. N. W. M. P. canteen and recreation room, together with the contents, which included many cups, trophies and heirlooms of the force. The total loss will be about $4,000, upon which there is $600 insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

SOMETHING TASTY

TO ENTICE THE APPETITE

Fresh Celery, 10c. per stick. Nice and crisp.
Fresh Lettuce, nice big heads. 5c. per head.
Potatoes, the best you ever saw. $1.00 per sack.

T. S. ANNANDALE OUR GROCER. **West End Grocery** D. W. Gilchrist, Mgr.

Fire Insurance. Life Insurance.

We have been appointed agents for the Union Assurance Society of London, England, which has been carrying on fire insurance business since 1714 A. D., and which has a capital and accumulated funds of $20,000,000.

The National Life Assurance Co. of Canada, assurance record:

Dec. 31st, 1899 (5 months)	Assurance in force	$60,400.	Prem.	$22,954.60
" 1900	Assurance in force	$1,792,500.	Premiums $	62,605.96
" 1901	" "	2,554,904.	"	92,029.30
" 1902	" "	3,425,897.	"	126,695.21
" 1903	" "	4,086,112.	"	150,644.68
" 1904	" "	4,509,754.	"	166,384.20

MONEY TO LOAN. **McQUARRIE & CO.,** Real Estate Brokers and Contractors
186 Columbia Street, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

McInnes & Kerr

Farms That Pay

24 acres, 7 acres in thorough cultivation. 100 fruit trees, 1 1-2 acres strawberries, small fruit and rhubarb. Good house, pump in house, woodshed, 2 chicken houses and barn. Close to school, church, etc.

Price Only $2,400

10, 20 or 50 acre blocks of the best black loam in British Columbia. Ready for plough.

Only $50.00 Per Acre.

A Number One 8 Roomed House For Rent At $15.00

This house is not for sale.

Give us a call in our new office. We can interest you.

278 Columbia Street.

McINNES & KERR
Real Estate Brokers,
Telephone 170.
NEW WESTMINSTER

Walker—Simpson.

Dave Walker's home on Sixth street was the scene last night of the marriage of his brother, Albert Wal er and Miss P. A. Simpson, both of whom are residents of the litt'e town of Ladner. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Barraclough in the presence of a few of the friends of the contracting parties. The bride was attended by little Miss Ellen Walker, daughter of the house, while J. Walker a brother of the happy bridegroom acted in the capacity of best man. D. Walker gave the bride away. The couple will make their home in Ladner.

Report of Big Deal.

City of Mexico, Mex., April 17.—It is again reported that the electric street lines of this city have been sold to the Great Canadian Light and Power company here which is reported to have bought the controlling interests of Wehner, Bait & Co., for eight million dollars gold.

Poundkeeper Resigns.

R. G. Patterson who lately resigned from the police force to accept the position of poundkeeper has resigned from the latter position. Mr. Patterson's action is in consequence of a dispute over the impounding of cattle in which he was not upheld by his superiors

FRISKY HORSE MAKES TROUBLE FOR DRIVER

Tries Its Speed Across the Bridge and J. D. Cameron Pays Fine in Court.

J. D. Cameron came before Stipendiary Magistrate Pittendrigh this morning to answer to the charge of furious driving across the Fraser River bridge. The defendant expressed himself as being sorry that the affair had happened. His horse, he said was a little frisky and he himself was a little excited at the time and the horse got the better of him. He promised that he would not allow the matter to occur again.

In reply, his worship called attention to the danger of life occassioned by furious driving on the bridge where it was almost impossible for pedestrians to get away from trouble of that description. Then again there was great danger of injuring the bridge itself on account of the rythmical action of the horse's hoofs as it ran away. His worship said that he might impose a penalty of $50 but as it was a first offence he would charge the defendant $10 fine and $5.80 costs. The amount of the fine was duly paid.

Weather Prospects.

Victoria, April 17.—An extensive high barometer area accompanied by fine weather covers the Pacific Slope and moderate winds are reported on the coast. Rain has fallen in Cariboo and in Northern Alberta while from Southern Alberta to Manitoba, the weather is fine and warm.

Forecasts for 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Wednesday on the Lower Mainland: Light to moderate winds, generally fair and warm during the day.

New Fog Alarm.

Nanaimo, April 16.—Harbormaster Knarston has been advised that the fog alarm to be placed on Protection Island will arrive this week and will be immediately installed. The alarm will be in the form of an automatic ringing bell.

The Beaver arrived down from up river points this afternoon with the following passengers: R. J. McLeod, Miss McKenzie, J. Hill, of Chilliwack; John Israel, Mrs. and Mr. Caddel, Mrs. Patterson, Miss McDonald, G. Vennetta of Whonnock; G. H. Turner, Miss and Mrs. Simock, Rev. Wilkson, Rev. H. Wilson and James Burnett of Langley.

Tide Table—Fraser River

For Week Ending April 22
NEW WESTMINSTER.

Date	High Water Time	Low Water Time
Monday	1.05	7.00
	11.15	20.20
Tuesday	2.05	8.35
	13.05	20.50
Wednesday	2.55	9.50
	14.20	21.45
Thursday	3.40	10.55
	15.35	22.35
Friday	4.15	11.35
	16.35	23.05
Saturday	4.50	12.30
	17.15	23.40
Sunday	5.15	13.00
	18.10	....

SAND HEADS.

Monday	0.27	12.6	6.32	8.5
	10.36	9.7	17.49	2.8
Tuesday	1.26	12.7	7.54	7.9
	12.23	9.2	18.53	3.5
Wednesday	2.16	12.7	8.51	7.1
	13.38	9.3	19.55	4.0
Thursday	3.00	12.6	9.39	6.1
	14.58	9.7	20.52	4.6
Friday	3.37	12.5	10.16	5.2
	15.56	10.1	21.42	5.1
Saturday	4.08	12.2	10.43	4.5
	16.45	10.6	22.25	5.7
Sunday	4.33	12.0	11.07	3.9
	17.32	11.1	23.04	6.3

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH ANNUAL MEETING

Reports Show Growth and Advancement—Resignation of Rector Regretfully Accepted.

The annual meeting of St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church was held last night. The gathering was very representative, in the neighborhood of a hundred being present. The acting rector Rev. J. Allan Seymour occupied the chair and the meeting opened with singing the hymn, "Blest be the tie that binds."

Reports were received from the different branches of the church's work and in every department was observed a gratifying growth and advancement.

The treasurer reported as follows:

Cash received from all sources	$1,204.96
Disbursements	1,166.87
Cash on hand	38.09
Total assets	4,277.00
Liabilities	230.00
Total assets over liabilities	$4,047.00

Election of Officers.

Election of officers resulted as follows:

Vestry—Messrs. S. J. Pearce, W. S. Collister, A. Thornber, C. Warwick, F. Johnston, F. P. Maxwell, B. Burr, J. A. Mountain, H. A. Oakley, J. J. Johnston.

St. Paul's Church.

Peoples' Warden—L. Thornber.
Rector's Warden—S. J. Pearce.
Secretary-treasurer—J. J. Johnston.

Rector's Resignation.

The rector tendered his resignation on the grounds that he wished to gain more experience in the world and its ways by working elsewhere for a season. He expressed his great interest in and his great love for St. Paul's and its people. The resignation was regretfully accepted and the congregation are already thinking hard along the line of securing a successor to Mr. Seymour.

Votes of Thanks.

A vote of thanks was passed in acknowledgment of the faithful services of the rector to which he replied.

A vote of thanks to the Ladies' Aid was replied to by Mrs. Levar.

Other votes of thanks were passed and replied to as follows: To Jos. Burr for his faithful work as custodian of the church, to which Mr. Burr replied; to the superintendent of the Sunday school, to which F. P. Maxwell replied; to the choir, to which F. Johnston replied; and to the secretary treasurer, J. J. Johnston, to which that gentleman replied in his usual humorous and happy style.

Young Ladies Take Charge.

The meeting adjourned with the benediction pronounced by the rector. The young ladies of the church then took charge of affairs and served refreshments and assisted in making an hour pass very pleasantly.

PHONE 88

and get particulars

ABOUT THOSE BUYS ON COLUMBIA ST., EAST

Fine corner with stone wall; fine view; 6 roomed house. This is a property that will grow into money quickly. Rents for $15.00 per month.

$500.00

Cash deposite secures this.

$350.00

cash down secures new house on Columbia Street near approach to the bridge.

Enquire at Once.

F. J Hart & Co., Ltd.

PAUPER PROBLEM BOTHERS TORONTO

Care of Sick and Indigent From Old Country Becomes Serious Business.

Toronto, April 16.—The board of trade is taking up the question of the dumping of undesirable immigrants in Canada. A prominent member of the board, who returned to Toronto from England in March, forwarded to Frank G. Morley, the secretary, clippings from British papers, reporting the Poor Law guardians there as sending paupers to Canada. Mr. Morley was instructed by the board to bring the matter to the attention of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The premier replied, stating that the complaint had been referred to the minister of the interior.

The superintendent of immigration, W. D. Scott, wrote on April 12, that the complaint had been sent to the high commissioner in London. The board of trade followed the correspondence up, by securing the co-operation of Dr. Sheard, medical health officer, who says that the arrival of helpless or indigent immigrants in Toronto is getting serious.

Mr. Morley today received a letter from Dr. Sheard furnishing a list of 67 persons of eleven nationalities, who have applied as indigents for hospital maintenance, chargeable to the city since July 1, 1905. The letter reads: "The number of applicants for relief, other than hospital relief, who have been less than three months in Toronto, is 359. A large number of immigrants daily infest the casual ward of the House of Industry over and above those included in the list.

Mr. Morley says that the board of trade will, if necessary, follow this matter up to the high commissioner's office in London.

WILL APPEAL TO GODDESS.

Entries for the Temple of Fame Honors Are Numerous.

The Temple of Fame entertainment to be given in St. Patrick's hall next Thursday evening and for which preparations have been in progress for a long time past promises to be of a most unique character and one of the most interesting ever given in New Westminster. The ladies who are to represent the different characters who will appeal to the Goddess of Fame have taken great pains both in the preparation of their costumes and appeals. A glance over the subjoined list of entries should be sufficient to indicate what the entertainment will be:

Goddess of Fame (who hears all competitors and awards the crown)—Miss M. Millichamp.

Isabella, Queen of Spain (the most distinguished woman of her day)—Miss E. Matthias.

Queen Elizabeth (well-known in English history)—Miss M. Mills.

Empress Josephine (the ambitious and loving wife of Napoleon)—Mrs. McKane.

Bridget O'Flanigan (slightly Irish)—Mrs. Nicholson.

Joan of Arc (the Shepherd Warrior Maid(of Orleans)—Miss B. Wintemute.

Hypatia (Chas. Kingsley's celebrated character)—Miss C. Brett.

Patti (the world's greatest singer)—Miss E. Dauphinee.

Harriet B. Stowe and Topsy (of Uncle Tom's Cabin fame)—Mrs. A. E. Stephenson.

Martha Washington (wife of the Father of America)—Mrs. C. F. Tupper.

Xautippe (the celebrated Scold, wife of Socrates)—Miss J. Marshall.

Pocohontas (distinguished Indian Chief's daughter)—Miss B. McDonald.

Miriam and her maids (sister of Moses)—Mrs. A. G. Stevens.

Rosa Bonheur (great animal painter)—Miss B. Hardman.

Josiah Allen's Wife (who will speak for herself)—Miss A. Dean.

Florence Nightingale (nurse in the Crimean War)—Miss E. Hardman.

Portia (one of Shakespeare's finest characters)—Miss M. Sutherland.

Helen of Troy (Grecian Princess)—Miss M. McKane.

Cleopatra (distinguished Egyptian Queen)—Miss L. Watson.

Mother (we all know and love her)—Mrs. W. J. Sippreil.

Jeptha's Daughter (the sacrificed Jewish Maiden)—Miss E. Woodward.

Canada ("Our Home, God Bless Her")—Miss M. Hardman.

Tabitta Primrose (Komikal Karakter)—Miss L. Davis.

Grace Darling (the daring life saver) Miss V. Hembrough.

Harriet Hosmer (famous sculptor)—Miss G. Kelly.

Elizabeth-Browing (exquisite English poetess)—Miss L. Atkinson.

Sappho (Grecian character—Miss G. O'Connor.

Mother Goose (of nursery rhyme fame)—Miss B. Breen.

Melba (distinguished prima donna)—Miss E. McCrossan.

Barbara Freitche (of American pioneer days)—Miss J. Fisher.

Frances Willard (world's temperance leader)—Miss R. Tupper.

Deaconess (going about doing good)—Mrs. A. P. Halliday.

Maggie Mucklebackit (Scotish fish wife)—Mrs. W. Cummings.

Laura Secord Canadian heroine of 1812)—Miss M. Cruikshanks

Mrs. Partington and Ike (a writer of repute, "paragorically speaking") Miss Killmore.

Girl of Twenty-first Century (as she is supposed to be 100 years hence)—Miss E. Chamberlain.

Goddess Awards the Crown to the One Deemed Most Worthy.

Chorus—"God Save the King." (Pianist, Mrs. A. J. Brace.)

Additional assistants and attendants, bugler, page, heralds, guards, maids and chorus children—seventy persons in all.

The Silver Lining.

The situation is seldom quite as bad as it might be. Happy is the spirit that recognizes this truth and takes comfort to itself in the thought of what is spared. The Irishman whose tale of calamity is related in the Birmingham (England) Post belongs to this choice class of fortunates.

Cassidy had just been injured in a blast.

"Poor b'y!" exclaimed O'Hara consolingly. "'Tis tough luck to have yer hand blowed off."

"Och! Faith, it might have been worse," replied Cassidy. "Suppose Ol'd had me week's wages in it at the toime!"

Pulverized Diamond.

According to the Mohammedans of southern India, pulverized diamond is the least painful, the most active and the most certain of all poisons. According to "Wilke's History," the powder of diamonds is kept on hand (by the wealthy only presumably) as a last resource. But a belief in the poisonous character of the diamond also existed in Italy in the sixteenth century.

Yellow Fever.

There is a marked peculiarity about yellow fever which distinguishes it from most epidemics. It is essentially a disease of a hot climate, and it takes a certain amount and duration of heat to awaken it to life. It is said that it can never prevail where Indian corn will not ripen.

The Poor Poets.

"Poets are born, sir," said the bard to the editor.

"Yes, I know they weren't hatched from duck eggs," answered the editor. "But the question is, 'Why are they born?'"—Cleveland Leader.

Wanted Her Reformed.

Mamma—Why did you pray that God should stop your sister from telling stories? Small Son—Because she promised me she wouldn't tell that I took the cakes, and she did tell.

There are more talkers than thinkers. Here you have the solution of gossip.

Good Tools

Nothing so unsatisfactory to work with as poor tools. Every mechanic knows this.

We carry the best makes and our stock is well assorted.

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It will be worth your while to see our stock of new wash fabrics this season.

Exceptional Values - Unequalled Assortment

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25 pieces of fancy colored muslins in pleasing designs, equal in beauty to the better goods, and colors are fast, a special line of this

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New lines of colored spot muslins, prints, nainsooks, English prints, ducks, fancy ginghams, etc.

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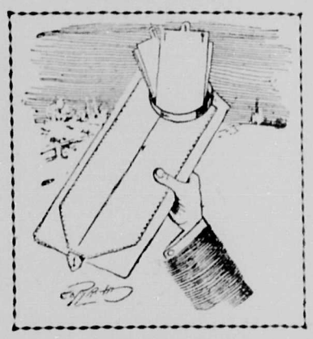

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City Limits Line—Service from 6.30 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.

20 Minute Service—No transfer. Between 12 and 2 and 5 and 7.

30 Minute Service during remainder of day. Transfer at Leopold Place.

Sunday Service half-hourly between 8 a. m. and 10 p. m.

City and Sapperton.

Sapperton Line—15 Minute Service, except between 12 and 2, and 5 and 7, during which hours the service will be half-hourly.

Sunday Service half-hourly between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

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