The Daily News

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Revolutionists Prepare to Wipe Out Russian Monarchy

BRING ALL CLASSES INTO ORGANIZATION

Victim of Cruel Tyranny Who Has Price on His Head Leads in Movement and Declares That Thousands Of Men in the Army are Ready to Take Part In the Uprising.

New York, April 7.—Some inside facts in connection with the new revolutionary movement in Russia were told to a Times reporter yesterday by one of its chief agents who for the last five weeks has been in hiding in this city with a price of $50,000 roubles on his head laid by the Czar's government.

Although only 36 years old, this man, who for the present appears as Ivan Narodny, has made Russian revolutionary history for the last seventeen years under half a dozen different names.

Family Murdered.

He was the leader of the Cronstadt uprising last October and was head of the provisional republic, which, unknown to the outside world, existed in the Baltic provinces during the three weeks in November and December last until it was snuffed in an orgy of blood and excesses by the Cossacks who killed Nardny's wife and two children and burned his home.

It was then that the price was set on Narodny's head. Prior to that he had spent four years in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, the bastile of the Czar's capitol.

Strong Revolutionary Movement.

N. Narodny who, despite his youth, is one of the most impressive figures of "Underground Russia," comes to this country with credentials from the Russian military revolutionists, composed largely of officers and men from the army and navy, from the League of Leagues, and the Russian Peasant party, for the purpose of raising funds to render effective the new Russian revolution. In this he will be aided by Nicholas Tehaikoffsky, who is known as the "Father of the Russian Revolution," and by Maxim Gorky the writer who has been the soul of the movement.

It is largely on the representations of Narodny that Gorky, who is due here next week, is crossing the Atlantic.

Rebels Will Sweep Country.

"Our next move," said H. Larodny, in speaking to the reporter: "Will be more far reaching and entirely different from any of the movements that have preceded it There have been little revolts, but this will be an armed revolution. The revolts that have gone before have been more or less local in nature and generally started by some party or organization. This movement will sweep the country and will have behind it every organization working for separate reform. Its ultimate goal will be not a constitutional monarchy, but a republic.

Nothing Short of Republic.

"That is the programme. A few months ago many of the liberal organizations would have been satisfied with a constitutional assembly and a constitution. Now we will not stop short of a republic. On that point there is complete unanimity among all the revolutionary bodies who now for the first time are working harmoniously together through a central committee.

"The underground propaganda and work of reorganization is progressing satisfactorily in every part of Russia and in many other countries including this and when we set the flag of freedom next fall we will have behind it men with weapons in hand in sufficient numbers to make victory assured. Russia will be free."

Sympathy in the Army.

"Here is a peculiar thing," continued M. Narodyn. "In the coming revolution we place most of our chief reliance on the army. If we could not do so an armed uprising would be a folly. But the army is more prone to start revolution than almost any part of the Russian people. I know the army very well for I have been in intimate touch with it for many years. A majority of the officers and the men in practically every infantry and artillery regiment in St. Petersburg and in Northern Russia are in sympathy with our movement now, and others will be won over before fall. The only uncertain element is the Cossacks and the crack cavalry regiments of the guards. But even the latter have been reached by our propaganda."

COLD WEATHER COMING

Victoria April 7.—Since yesterday an ocean low barmometer area has spread inland across this province to the Rockies, it has caused rain on the coast, the Lower Mainland and in Cariboo and fresh to strong westerly winds on the strait of Juan de Fuca. The weather remains fair and mild in Alberta.

Forecasts ending 5 p. m. Sunday on the Lower Mainland: Gradually clearing, and colder at night.

INSURANCE OFFICIAL PUTS ON BOLD FRONT

Andrew C. Fields Returns to New York to Challenge His Accusers.

New York, April 6.—Andrew C. Fields, former legislative agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Company, who returned last night from California, where he remained the past winter, gave out a statement at Dobbs Ferry today through his physician, Dr. Judson, in which he said he never gave a bribe in his career; that he was prepared to vindicate himself completely; that he intended to tell the whole truth, and that he has saved the Mutual hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Fields declares that the stories concerning the House of Mirth at Albany are malicious lies and that he never had any business relations with Andrew Hamilton. The contingent fund of $600,000, Fields said, will be satisfactorily explained. In his statement Mr. Fields says:

"All of these trustees of the Mutual who are now pointing the finger of scorn at me are aware of all I was doing in connection with legislative work for the Mutual, and when they say that they were ignorant of the character of my work they are saying what is untrue.

"I am here to challenge them in every such statement they may make or have made. I don't propose that the men associated with me in the Mutual shall destroy my reputation to further their own private ends. I am prepared to tell the truth, no matter whom it may hurt, be his position high or low."

Empress Leaves Yokohama.

Montreal, April 7.—The Empress of China left Yokohama for Vancouver yesterday.

JOSEPH YOUNGHEART DECLARES HIMSELF

Objects to Vigilance of Local Official But Registers Objection in Wrong Place.

Joseph Youngheart, the famous commercial traveler from Montreal, was in the city yesterday. Most of the clothing merchants of the city were made aware of that fact within a remarkably short time from the date of his arrival, and before the sun had risen to its fullest height certain provincial officials were also aware of the fact.

Joe, like the rest of the drummer fraternity labors under a license fee when in British Columbia, but accompanying him was an assistant whose duty it is to pack and unpack goods, and occassionally help the worthy Joe to round up the merchants at the sample room. This assistant ran foul of the provincial police, who demanded his license, whereupon he explained that he was merely an assistant to Mr. Youngheart, and that the latter held the necessary paper. This did not look good to the police official, but after considerable discussion the matter was dropped.

The assitant then reported to his chief, whereupon the indignant Joe, hied himself to the city hal, where he asked for the license inspector. Being informed that the gentlemen was out at that time he informed the clerk that he wished a message delivered to the inspector, to the effect, that the latter was troubled with foolishness, whereupon he turned upon his heel and walked out, without throwing out any more valuable hints.

Joseph should have gone to the provincial police with his objections concerning the man who held up his assistant, as the city license inspector has nothing whatever to do with the collection of the license fee in question.

CAMBRIDGE CREW DEFEATS OXFORD IN EXCITING RACE

Losers Struggle Gamely in the Rear All Along the Course, And Several of Them Collapse at the Finish Of the Hopeless Struggle.

London, April 7.—The 63rd annual boat race between crews representing the universities of Oxford and Cambridge was rowed today over the usual course from Putney to Mortlake on the Thames, a distance of a little over four and a half miles, and was won by Cambridge by three and a half lengths after an exciting race. Time 19 minutes, 24 seconds.

Collapse at Finish.

Cambridge took the lead from the start and was never in the slightest doubt or danger of being overhauled. The Oxford men struggled gamely to the end but the work was so punishing that several of them collapsed at the finish.

Seldom has the weather been so perfect for the great English boat race. The day was bright and sunny, the wind was very light, the water was smooth, and there was very little choice in the stations. Enormous crowds thronged all parts of the course.

Steadily Gain.

Oxford won the toss and chose the Surrey side. The two boats got away nearly at 2.03 p .m. Cambridge struck the water first, pulling 28 strokes during the first minute to the Oxford's 27. The nose of the Cambridge boat quickly showed in front and at the half mile point Cambridge was half a length to the good. The leaders were rowing in lovely style and with perfect finish to their strokes. They increased their lead to a full length before Graven Steps, about ¾ of a mile from the start, was reached. Thereafter Cambridge drew away on every stroke.

Oxford Boat Rolls.

At Hammersmith bridge, a mile and three quarters from the start, Cambridge already had the race well in hand with a lead of over two lengths. The Oxford boat at that stage of the race was rolling badly.

Shortly afterwards the Oxford men spurted a little and took their rivals water but from that time on it was merely a procession though the Oxford oarsmen stuck to their work in a most persevering manner.

Winners Finish Easily.

Cambridge shot by Barnes Bridge, a little over three and a half miles from the start, about five lengths in front of the Oxford boat some of whose oarsmen were showing evident signs of distress. Cambridge could have practically won by any distance they liked but their stroke slowed down on nearing the finish and they passed the final mark the easiest of winners.

Today's Oxford-Cambridge boat race was the sixty-third contest between crews of the two great English universities. Since 1853 the races have been held annually. Between 1829 the year of the first aquatic contest between these universities and 1905 Oxford won 34 and Cambridge 27 times. The race in 1877 resulted in a dead heat, last year Oxford won by three lengths, rowing the course from Putney to Mortlake in 20 minutes 35 seconds.

At the outset this season Oxford was regarded as having the better chance of winning, her oarsmen being superior in weight and physique to those of Cambridge. Later however, several members of the Oxford crew were incapacitated and in the betting yesterday Cambridge was the favorite.

MEETS SUDDEN DEATH WHILE ROLLING LOGS

William N. Campbell Instantly Killed While at Work in Lumber Camp on Burrard Inlet Opposite Port Moody.

William Norman Campbell, a former resident of this city, was killed instantly at Robert's lumber camp on Burrard Inlet immediately opposite Port Moody last evening. He was working on the rolling tier on a large log which had become stuck in some way, and was endeavoring to get it on to the skid when the huge log suddenly gave way and rolled on him killing him instantly.

The deceased was well and favorably known in this city and was one of the fire laddies prior to the big fire in 1898, when Captain Ackerman, now of the Georgia, was captain of the brigade.

Mr. Campbell was a most capable lumberman and during his life time had run several large camps of his own. He had only been for a few months connected with Robert's lumber camp. He was connected both with the local Masonic and the Orange orders. Of the latter lodge he was District Grand Master. Both the Masons and the Orangemen, it is expected, will assist in the funeral rites.

The deceased who was about 45 years of age served his time with the Gordon Highlanders in his younger days and on leaving the army married Miss Eleanor Johnson, daughter of the caretaker of the local Orange hall who survives her husband, in company with one son, about 12 years of age.

Stipendiary Magistrate Pittendrigh conducted an inquest this morning at Port Moody and was assisted by Chief Constable Spain and Chief McIntosh. The verdict, after due deliberation was "Accidental death."

QUIETLY MARRIED.

Thomas Dunn and Miss Freda Quinn of Vancouver Surprise Friends.

When pretty Miss Freda Quinn left the parental home at 1052 Pender street this morning, she did not inform her father, Mr. F. J. Quinn where she was going nor what she was going to do. She tripped gaily along the street and met her lover, Thomas Dunn, secretary to the Vancouver collector of customs and together they boarded the New Westminster interurban car and were safely carried to the Royal City.

Mr. Dunn had in his pocket a marriage licence and a plain gold ring already adjusted to Miss Freda's hand. Together they climbed the hill past the Roman Catholic church and eventually reached the home of Rev. J. S. Henderson. They stayed there a few minute and when they left they were one in the eyes of the law. Word was immediately sent to Papa Quinn and the bride and bridegroom left on the first train for Seattle where they will enjoy their honeymoon. They will eventually return to their new home at 1044 Melville street, Vancouver.

CITY WILL SUPPLY WATER FOR ENGINES

C. P. R. Officials Make Arrangements With Civic Committee to Have Hydrant Installed.

Ed. Gonlet, local agent for the C. P. R., and T. Stewart, C. P. R. building inspector, had a conference yesterday with the water committee of the city council and made arrangements to be supplied with city water.

Hitherto the company's engines have received their water supply from Westminster Junction. The press of traffic and the vast increase of the company's business make it an impossibility to go so far for water. A hydrant is to be placed as soon as possible in the vicinity of the round house.

The early trip which the trains have to make to Millside in the morning and extra service during the day have caused during the past two years an actual increase of business to the extent of fifty per cent.

Real Estate Men Meet.

The local real estate agents met in the board of trade rooms last night for the discussion of routine business, and with the object of organizing the association upon a basis laid down by the property holders of Victoria. The object in adopting the constitution of the Victoria Property Holders association is to secure uniformity, and to make generally satisfactory the business relations of the members of the local association.

Other matters being thoroughly discussed, the meeting adjourned, until Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, when the election of officers will take place.

Among those present were: H. T. Thrift who presided, and Messrs. Hart, Eastman, Turnbull, Kerr, Vidal, Baachus, Mark, McLeod, and Greame.

New Cabinet Formed.

Vienna, April 7.—A Hungarian cabinet has been formed under the premiership of Dr. Alexander Wekerle. The principal portfolios are held by Count Albert Appolnyi, Count Julius Andrassy and Francis Kossuth.

Sir V. Y. Kebals Dead.

London, April 7.—Sir V. Y. Kebals, president of the Royal Society of British Artists, since 1888, died here suddenly during the night of heart disease.

WINNIPEG STRIKE HAS BEEN SETTLED

Men Accept an Increase of One Cent Per Hour on Their Pay.

Winnipeg, Man. ,April 7.—The street railway strike was declared off at noon today. The men are to receive an advance of one cent an hour, They had asked for two cents.

There is no arbitration clause or recognition of the union inserted in the agreement.

Trunk Lines Cut Rates.

New York, April 7.—The Journal of Commerce says: In order to put a stop to the constantly increasing inroads of the Gulf and Canadian routes on import traffic the trunk lines yesterday decided to make some very radical cuts on import commodity rates. These cut rates will be effective from Philadelphia to Baltimore April 16 and from New York on April 12.

Trade Increases.

London, April 7.—The March statement of the board of trade shows increase of $21,436,000 in imports, and $17,201,300 in exports.

Arrives With Refugees.

New York, April 7.—The steamer Rugia which before the war between Russia and Japan, carried Russian troops from Vladivostok to Odessa, arrived here today with 650 Russian refugees among her passengers.

Big Business by Wire.

Washington, D. C., April 7.—Alaskan cable and telegraph tolls paid to the United States government in March aggregated $14,500 and exceeded the receipts for any previous month.

RUSSIAN GOVERNOR KILLED BY A BOMB

Reactionary Official Meets Death on Main Street in Town of Tver.

Tver, Province of Tver, Russia, April 7.—While the governor of Tver, M. Sleptzoff, was passing through the principal street of the town today he was killed by the explosion of a bomb.

Governor Sleptzoff was regarded as a very reactionary official and was held responsible for the beatings administered to the intelligencia by the "blackhundreds" last fall.

Completes Contract.

W. A. Gilley completed his pile driving contract for Mr. Cousins of Steveston yesterday and the work of erecting the cannery buildings will now be rushed along as rapidly as possible. The company will be hereafter known as the Great West Canning Company. The pile driver and crew are expected back to New Westminster tomorrow, and next week will commence on their new contract of driving the foundation piles for additions to the Small & Bucklin buildings on Monday.

Oil Works Destroyed.

Casper, Wyo., April 7.—Snow melting in the foot hills combined with the heavy fall of moisture during the past ten days, has caused unprecedented damage in Central Wyoming. The Belgo-American O licompany is the principal loser. Its great oil receiver, situated on the Little Hope river has been completely destroyd and 100,000 barris of oil lost. The Belgo-American company has sustained other losses which will bring the damage high into the thousands.

LOOKS LIKE PEACE FOR SOFT COAL MEN

Nine Firms in the Pittsburg District Sign Agreement With Mine Workers Union—Railway Employees Ordered to Report For Work

Pittsburg, Pa., April 7.—With only one idle mine controlled by the Pittsburg Coal company in the Pittsburg district, the disruption of the "standpat" organization of the Independents last night, and a break in the ranks of the strikers in the Iowan fields, the miners' strike so far as the bituminuous coal fields of Western Pennsylvania are concerned is practically over.

Following last night's action of the independents in dissolving the mutual compact not to sign the scale of 1903, announcement was made today by the officials of the Mine Workers' union that nine firms had placed their names to the agreement. Among those signing were the Pittsburg Buffalo company, producing 1,000,000 and the Carnegie Coal company, 600,000. All the companies represent a total of nearly 3,000,000 tons and employ 5,000 men.

During the past week they have had their mines cleared and repaired and work will be resumed on Monday.

South McAllister, Indian Territory, April 7.—The McAllister-Galveston Coal company, a small producer near here, signed the union scale yesterday, being the first in this section to agree to the demands of the miners.

Shamokin, Pa., April 7.—A number of Pennsylvania railroad employees who were laid off this week owing to the suspension of mining were today ordered to report for duty next Monday.

The miners believe that this is an indication that the operators intend making some move which will cause President Mitchell to order the men to return to work.

Work on Reservoir.

Twenty men, and a number of teams are pushing work to a speedy completion at the reservoir. The work is under the direction of Wm. Scot and John Ankers, who are rushing the job along with remarkable speed. The excavation for the new reservoir is almost completed, and when finished the water will be turned from the old to the new reservoir, while the former is thoroughly cleaned. It is also the intention to raise the old reservoir two feet, which will give an additional capacity of 500,000 gallons.

With the present fine weather, the entire job will be completed at a very early date.

Passenger Steamer Held Up By Pirates

Hong Kong, April 7.—Chinese pirates on April 3 held up three passenger boats fourteen miles from San Shui not far from Canton and robbed the Rev. Charles B. Hager, an American missionary.

In an interview here today Dr. Hager said: "Our boat and two others were anchored off a village on the Tung river when they were simultaneously attacked at night by forty pirates armed with mauser rifles. They fired at us and narrowly missed me. The boats were riddled with bullets. I was divested of my clothing, cash and surgical instruments. I have reported the matter to the American consul at Canton."

Dr. Hager and his wife reside in Hong Kong. They are Congregationalists and under the orders of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions.

Algeciras, April 7.—The Moroccan convention was signed this afternoon and the conference adjourned.

Strikers Put Price On Engineers' Heads

Paris, April 7.—The Gaulois today says that the striking miners in the coal regions of the Pas de Calais are reported to have placed a price on the heads of the engineers of the Courriers mines where the recent great disaster occurred and to have designated those who are to assassinate them. The engineers have been warned and have adopted extreme precautions.

Lenz, France, April 7.—Eleven more bodies were brought up from the Courriers mine.

Another live horse was found but no more living men have been rescued.

The indignation of the population against the mine managers and engineers increases.

The striking miners are comparatively calm though numerous small depredations continue to be reported.

The numbers of strikers are diminishing in some sections and disorderly bands who crossed the Belgian frontier were forced back by Belgian gendarmes.

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SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIAL

A Discount of 20 Per Cent on all Tan Shoes in Stock. We offer this Extraordinary Discount in order to make room for our $4,000 Stock of Genuine **Slater Shoe**, which have just arrived. Latest Styles, Dressy Shapes, at Montreal and Toronto Prices : : : : : : : : :

Don't Overlook the Ladies Shoe, Another Dandy, The QUEEN QUALITY

W. E. SINCLAIR - - - The Leading Shoe Store

SCHOOL TRUSTEES PRESS THE COUNCIL

Ratepayers Will Be Asked to Vote on Questionof $10,000 Addition to Central School---Medical Health Officer Complains of Indifference.

Several matters of general interest came before the council in committee last night, chief among which was a communication from the secretary of the school board, incorporating the sum of $10,000 in the school estimates for the construction of a new wing to the Central school. This proposition places the city in a very embarrassing position, owing to the heavy financial difficulties under which the council is now laboring. According to the act, it will be necessary to submit the proposal to the people in the form of a by-law, which it carried, will mean an extra assessment of 5 mills or the sale of debentures to the amount of money required by the board. On motion it was decided to submit the proposal to the people within thirty days, but it is thought by the majority of the council that the affair will not be passed by popular vote, owing to the condition of the city treasury at present, unless the rate payers are willing to submit to the additional assessment of 5 mills, which is considered unlikely.

Sanitary Improvements.

Five thousand dollars is also incorporated in the school estimates for sanitary improvements to the schools, and this measure, while looked upon as something of a burden at the present time, did not meet with any opposition at the hands of the councilmen. A regrettable part of the affair last night was the fact that neither the secretary nor any of the members of the school board were present to consult with the council, they evidently preferring to shoulder the responsibility of the movement on the council.

Health Officer Ignored.

In the report of the Health Officer, Dr. DeWolf Smith, the laxity of the school board came in for further discussion, and no little criticism on the part of the members of the council. It seems that the health officer in the pursuit of his duties is expected to inspect sanitary conditions at the schools, but he not wishing to step in where he was not wanted, wrote the board twice, suggesting that he inspect conditions at the schools. Up-to-date no response had been received, and consequently he did not feel justified in visiting the schools under the circumstances. He had also spoken to Trustees Creighton and Cunningham regarding this inspection, but they had shown very little interest in the matter, and consequently he considered himself still further justified in avoiding the schools in the performance of his duties as health officer.

The health officer also recommended that the council adopt the provincial regulations of the sanitary act, with regard to the drainage, and plumbing systems installed throughout the city, particularly in the case of new buildings. The provincial act provides that all plumbing shall be subject to the approval of the health officer, and that the work must be done in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Milk Tests.

Quarters in the city hall will be provided for the health officer, and a room in the upper portion of the building will be provided for the installation of the milk testing apparatus to be used by the officer, who will place the product of all the dairies under his personla supervision, subject to such examinations, and tests as he may see fit to impose. He and Alderman Garrett were instructed to investigate as to the probable cost of intsalling the apparatus, and to report on the same at the next meeting of the council.

Second Hand Goods.

Alderman Davies, chairman of the light committee submitted a report from the city electrician regarding the purchase of a number of transformers. The electrician stated that he could obtain second hand transformers at about one-third the price of the new ones, and that he would recommend the purchase of the same. Acting upon the suggestion of His Worship, Alderman Davies moved that the electrician be permitted to purchase the old transformers. Carried.

Lacrosse Club's Request.

Alderman Garrett stated that he had been approached by the Lacrosse club, who asked that the council refund the sum of $37.50, the same being one-half the amount expended on the care of the grounds last year. Later it developed that the council had paid $75 to the park ranger for the care of the grounds, and that up to date nothing had been paid by the club. The proposition originally was, that the club should contribute $75 for this purpose, and that the council would be responsible for the work. This amount was paid out of the treasury, and now the club comes forward asking that they be only obliged to pay one-half of the amount, and asking the city to stand the other half. It was pointed out that since the club had the free use of the park grounds, and that the Agricultural Society had granted the club $1,100 last season for exhibition games that it was scarcely fair to ask the council to bear the additional expense of taking care of the grounds. The council did not care to stand this expense, and yet it did not like to stint the club in any way, but several of the members thought that the proposition should be laid aside for the time being, and accordingly this was done and Alderman Garrett was requested to inform the club of the action taken by the council.

The estimates were considered, but the council being unable to pass finally upon them, the various committees are at present unable to report anything but "progress."

Tenders were to have been submitted for the construction of the Carnarvon street bridge, but no bids were placed before the council owing to the inability of the contractors to obtain labor.

Higher Pay for Laborers.

The same conditions exist in obtaining city laborers, and Superintendant Furniss who was present at the meeting, recommended that the city grant an increase to $2.50 per day for common laborers in the hope that some men might be obtained. Thirty-five or forty men can be used now, and steady work is assured, and yet the city is unable to obtain anything like the number of men desired.

Acting upon the recommendation of Mr. Furniss, it was moved that he be allowed to advertise for men immediately, all applications being made to him personally.

No other business being before the council, the meeting was adjourned.

DOWIE SAYS HE WILL PERFORM A MIRACLE

Promises to Return to Faithful in Zion With Gold and Parchments.

Chicago, April 6.—The Daily News today says that John Alexander Dowie has announced in a private telegram to one of his deacons that he will return to Zion City late Monday night and "perform a miracle."

He promises, among other things, to bring to the "faithful" in Zion $10,000,000 in gold and several scrolls of parchment upon which are written the five books of Moses.

In the message, which was sent from the City of Mexico, Dowie declared that he is "now greater than he ever was believed to be."

Dowie's alleged domestic tyranny was laid bare before 250 overseers, elders, deacons, deaconesses and teachers at a meeting in the Zion University building last night. Nearly every officer of the church addressed the meeting, which lasted five hours without intermission.

Mrs. Jane Dowie, wife of the deposed "first apostle," told in detail Dowie's conduct toward her during the past two years. At the close of her recital the officers were called upon to decide by vote whether the course adopted by the overseers should be carried out. Only one vote was tacking to make approval unanimous. One official asked for further time to consider the matter before placing himself on record.

Mrs. Dowie related at the meeting her husband's alleged efforts to convert her to the idea of plural marriage. It was to further his plans for polygamy, she declared, that he developed the "Paradise Plantation" project to be carried out in Mexico.

Dowie Leaves Mexico.

Mexico City, April 6.—John Alexander Dowie left here with his party last night for Chicago, where he will confront the local leaders who have disowned him. Dr. Dowie was in good health and spirits. He had, he said, received many telegrams of loyal assurances from England and the United States and offers of financial aid if required.

The trouble, he said, came to a climax as a result in part of his Mexican undertakings. His wife and son agreed with those who made objections. He added that his son, although not a bad man, did not walk in his father's ways. He said that his followers thought he was going to die and, in fact, seemed a little sorry that he did not. He ridiculed the idea that those he had appointed could dismiss him who had appointed them.

He warmly refuted the charge that he had been extravagant and declared that he owned today the majority of shares in the Zion City Bank and that when the accounts were adjusted he would have a goodly balance to his credit.

He then took up the charge of tyranny, and remarked that, like all business employers, he did not and would not tolerate incompetency. He had been charged with injustice, but he said he had during the last two years from his own personal resources made gifts to his people aggregating $200,000. It was said he was extravagant, when he had not drawn from Zion City's funds $1,000 during the past six months, but on the contrary had loaned Zion City from outside resources $10,000.

Dowie then took up the charges of mismanagement brought against him, and stated that the creation of assets over and above all liabilities of twenty million dollars in four years was hardly to be considered a stupendous failure. Land which had cost him less than $250 an acre he had never sold at less than $3,000 an acre, and some as high as $12,000.

Concerning the charges of polygamous teachings Dr. Dowie stated that in none of his literature published was there any support of this doctrine. He said he was a sincere monogamist, and had not contemplated introducing polygamy into his Mexican colonies.

Nothing, he said, could keep him from going to Chicago to face criminal or other charges which had not the slightest basis in fact.

Market Quotations.

Yesterday's market prices were as follows:

Beef—Hind quarters, 6@9c per pound; fore quarter, 6@6½c per pound.
Mutton—12c per pound.
Veal—10c per pound.
Pork—9@9½c per pound.
Potatoes—9@9½c per pound.
Carrots—Per ton, $8.
Turnips—Per sack, 75c.
Parsnips—Per sack, 75c.
Beets—Per sack, 75c.
Mangolds—Per ton, $8.
Onions—Per sack, $1.50.
Hay—Per ton, $10.
Eggs—Per doz., 25c.

How Exclamations Originate.

"Halloo" and "hurrah," which are among the exclamations in common use, can be traced to curious origins. The author of "The Queen's English" tells us that the people of Carnwood forest, Leicestershire, when they wish to hail any one at a distance call out not "halloo," but "halloup." This, he takes it, is a survival of the times when one cried to another "A loup! A loup!" or, as we should say, "A wolf! A wolf!" "Hurrah," according to high authority, is derived from the Slavonic "huraj," "to paradise," a battle cry which voiced the prevailing belief that all soldiers who fell in the fight went straight up to paradise.—Pearson's Weekly.

An Eye For an Aye.

"Mr. Speaker," said the congressman, "I have tried vainly to catch your eye and"—

"Sit down!" thundered the speaker. "I have tried vainly to catch your 'aye' several times when it was needed."—Philadelphia Ledger.

So They Do.

"Some men are born great." Yes, but gracious, how some of them do shrink!—London Tit-Bits.

The highest compact we can make with our fellow is, let there be truth between us forevermore.—Emerson.

WHEN GAS WAS NEW.

President of First Company Made "Daring" Experiment.

Gas had as much difficulty in making its way in New York city apparently as did the steel framed skyscraper. In each case it required a man who had the courage of his convictions to prove that it was safe, but when once it was shown that the benefits were greater than the dangers gas and skyscrapers took their places as necessities. In the case of the skyscraper the designer had to convince the owner, who had become somewhat fearful of the success of his venture because of the comments of his friends, by signing a lease for an office on the top floor for a long term of years. In the case of gas, although it had been used in London and other American cities before it was introduced into New York, Samuel Leggett, the president of the company that proposed to bring the much feared illuminant into use here, had to prove its harmlessness in his own house. This was in 1823.

His heroism attracted a good deal of attention and proved to be a good advertisement, for hundreds if not thousands of persons visited the house to see the illuminant which was said to be so much better than candles and fish oil lamps. The house was in the uptown fashionable quarter of the city, on Cherry hill. It was at 7 Cherry street, only a few doors below the big, square Franklin House, in which President Washington lived when New York was the capital, and near the celebrated Cherry gardens. It was a narrow, three story and attic brick structure with two dormer windows. An abutment of the Brooklyn bridge now occupies the site.

Stories of the explosive character of gas had spread without the aid of a press agent, and persons hesitated about having the pipes run through their houses. They were willing to have some one else make the experiment, however, and curious enough to visit the house of the venturesome one to see what happened. For the time being all roads in the evening seemed to lead to Mr. Leggett's house. Groups gathered outside in the darkened street to witness the process of "lighting up." Many a couple from the other fashionable quarter, State street and the foot of Broadway, gave up the evening walk along the Battery to wend their way up Pearl street in the moonlight to 7 Cherry street to see the novelty. There were eager visitors from surrounding towns. Mr. Leggett was not averse to showing people how much better gas was than any other form of illuminant by taking them through the house. This fact, becoming known throughout the city, added to the number of visitors, and not infrequently when Mr. Leggett, basking in the light of notoriety in his drawing room, saw faces peering in at him from the outer darkness he would go to the door and invite those without to come in. It was several years before the prejudice against gas could be altogether wiped out.—New York Tribune.

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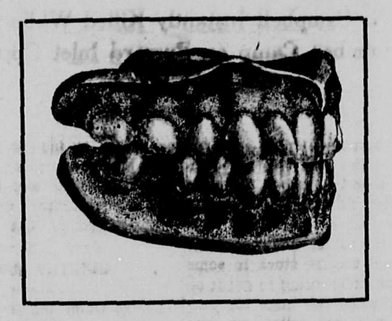

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MENTAL REACTION.

The Mind's Quickness of Operation and How It Is Measured.

Let a dozen or twenty persons take hold of hands in a ring. Each is to press the hand of his right hand neighbor as soon as he receives a pressure from the left. One person starts the pressure going and at the same instant observes the position of the second hand of a watch. The pressure passes all around the circle, and when it arrives at the originator he notes how many seconds were required for the given number of persons in succession to receive an impression and make up their minds to act in response. The total time is then divided by the number of persons. This is a crude illustration of the reaction time which we measure with great accuracy on single persons.

As the mental portion of the reaction time becomes more complicated the time becomes longer. For example the processes of mental discrimination and choice require times of their own. The way we get these "higher" mental processes can be illustrated in a simple way. A person placed in a quiet room is to tap a telegraph key every time he sees a red light, which can be produced at the will of the experimenter in the recording room. The interval of time between the actual appearance of the light and the moment the key is tapped is accurately measured. For awhile nothing but the red light is used, this to obtain the simple reaction time. Then red and yellow lights are turned on in irregular succession. The person has now to discriminate between two colors and to choose between action and nonaction. The increase of time required over the simple reaction time gives the discrimination time for two colors. In another set of experiments three colors are used, then four colors. As the discrimination and choice become more complicated more time is required.

The importance of rapid and accurate reaction and discrimination is evident. Astronomers have difficulty in recording the moment at which a star passes a line in the telescope. The sportsman must pull the trigger at just the proper moment. The football player, the fencer and the boxer are trained in rapidity of discrimination and reaction. It is very evident that a player or a pugilist who takes a long time for discrimination, choice and volition will give a decided advantage to a quick opponent.—Forum.

DISRAELI'S MAXIMS.

Every one loves power, even if he does not know what to do with it.

Always have distinguished friends. Never have fools for friends. They are of no use.

To govern men you must either excel them in their accomplishments or despise them.

To rule men we must be men. Our wisdom must be concealed under folly and our constancy under caprice.

Next to knowing when to seize an opportunity the most important thing in life is to know when to forego an advantage.

The divine right of kings may have been a plea for feeble tyrants, but the divine right of government is the keystone of human progress.

Talk to women as much as you can. This is the way to gain fluency, because you need not care what you say and had better not be sensible.

They Didn't Play.

A monster political parade was held in Philadelphia during one of the campaigns. It was headed by a band of thirty-five discoursing stirring marching tunes. The leader of the band had contracted in advance to supply that many players, but when he came to count noses he found eight missing. It did not take him long to decide what to do. After some hustling he secured eight men, not one of whom could play a note of music, and decked them out in the regulation band uniform. He placed instruments and music in their hands and paraded the full number. "Did they play?" was asked. "Yes," said the band leader, "but not music. I put a cork in each of the eight instruments."

Vinegar.

Vinegar is fatal to many kinds of bacteria. We read that during the great plague in London a couple earned fabulous sums in nursing the wealthy and that their own means of defense was swathing the lower part of the face with cloths dipped in strong vinegar. Some one says, "My grandmother used a gargle of salt and pepper with vinegar for all us children, and she didn't have to go to a sanitary club to learn it." True, no doubt, a timely though utterly empirical use of that gargle has saved many lives.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Sensible.

That was both a kind and a wise man who, when about to marry for the second time, settled $10,000 upon his unmarried daughter. "I should like to have her go on living at home," he said, "but who can tell whether she and her stepmother will be harmonious and quite happy together? She shall feel that she is free to go or stay." The consequence was mutally happy relations, since both women knew there was no dependence or necessity for them to live in closer relations than might prove agreeable.

The Dominant Air.

As through an opera runs the rhythm of one dominant air, so through men's lives there rings a dominant note, soft in youth, strong in manhood and soft again in old age. But it is always there, and, whether soft in the gentler periods or strong amid the noise of the perihelion, it dominates always and gives its tone to the whole life.

His Happiest Hour.

He—Do you remember the night I asked you to marry me? She—Yes, dear. He—For a whole hour we sat there and not a word did you speak. Ah, that was the happiest hour of my life!—Translated For Tales From Echo de Paris.

Pain Through Ignorance.

All our misery, all our pain, is traceable to ignorance and misuse of our forces. Enlightenment is the sovereign cure alike for physical and moral ills.—Horatio W. Dresser.

A MOHAMMEDAN FUNERAL.

Ceremonies With Which a Body Is Consigned to the Grave.

When the life of a Mohammedan is ebbing away a distinguished reader of the Koran is summoned to recite aloud its chapter on the resurrection, so that the spirit of the person, on hearing it, may have an easy death. The Mohammedan believes that the vital principles of the whole system are concentrated in the head, when death is the result. The watchers at the bedside also read some passages, and then a drink of sherbet is given to the patient to lessen the pangs of death. As soon as the spark of life has fled, the two great toes are tied together with a thin strip of cloth, the mouth is closed, and incense is burned near the body.

The interment follows a few hours after death. The "washers" are men and women who wash and shroud the body and dig a hole in the earth to hold the water, so that it cannot spread very much, as it is considered unlucky to tread on this water. The washing is a great ceremony, and when finished the body is shrouded with even more ceremony. If there is a widow of the deceased, she returns the dowry her husband had given her. If the deceased's mother is present, she says, "The milk with which I suckled thee I freely bestow upon thee." Thus she resigns the debt of the deceased to her. When flowers have been placed on the body it is carried to the grave on a bier or, if the relatives can afford it, in a coffin. At the grave four creeds are recited, and the body, with the head to the north and the face looking toward Mecca, is laid on its back in its tomb. The grave is about seven feet long for both sexes, but the depth for a man is measured by the distance between his feet and chest; for a woman, between her feet and waist. If the body is too long for the grave, it is believed that the deceased must have been a great sinner.

Before the body is covered the Mohammedan takes a little earth and, throwing it into the grave, says, "We created you of earth, and we return you to the earth, and we shall raise you out of the earth on the day of resurrection." Then a mound is built to keep the earth in the grave from crushing the body, and water is sprinkled on it in three lines. Special prayers for the safe voyage of the deceased are offered after the burial. As in the case of a Hindoo funeral, the poor are not forgotten, both remembering the needy by distributing money, salt, rice and wheat among them after the funeral.

The Prague Clock.

Since the middle of the fifteenth century the city of Prague has possessed a remarkable clock, the machinery of which is most complicated. The dial, which is between six and eight feet across, has a number of hands, which mark not only the minutes and the hours, but also the days, months, years and centuries. Of this clock a poet tells us:

At the left of the dial a skeleton stands,
And aloft hangs a musical bell in the tower,
Which he rings by a rope that he holds in his hands
In his punctual function of striking the hour.
But the funniest sight of the numerous sights
Which the clock has to show to the people below
Is the holy apostles, in tunics and tights,
Who revolve in a ring or proceed in a row.

Wonders About Skin Pores.

Each square inch of the human skin contains no less than 3,500 sweating tubes, or perspiration pores. Each of these tubes, although wonderfully minute, is about one-fourth of an inch in length. Each of these sweat tubes may be likened to a tiny drainttile. We find that the average adult has about 2,000 square inches of skin on the surface of his body. Each square inch of this outer cuticle is, as we have said, literally permeated with its 3,500 quarter inch perspiration ditches. If we could put each of these little tubes end to end we would find that they would extend a distance of not less than 201,166 feet. Had you ever before stopped to consider the fact that the aggregate length of the tile ditches for draining the human body is almost forty miles?

Schliemann's Luck.

It is told of Schliemann, the exhumer of buried cities of the ancient world, that he was pursued by ill luck in his earlier undertakings. Mentioning the fact to a friend, the latter asked him which leg and arm he first inserted in trousers and coat. Schliemann said he habitually inserted the right. "That is the cause of your misfortunes," said his friend. "You have offended the left hand fairies, and they take out their vengeance on you. Reverse your habit and see." "And," said Schliemann in telling the incident in his later and prosperous years, "you see how it changed my luck."

Nicotiana Affinis.

Nicotiana affinis, the border flower, which opens about 6 o'clock and gives a powerful and pleasant fragrance during the night, takes its name from the botanical term for the tobacco plant, nicotiana, which was named in honor of John Nicot of Nismes, ambassador from the king of France to Portugal, who procured the first seeds from a Dutchman, who had them from Florida.

His Plans.

"Did the architect carry out your plans?"

"Guess he must have. I haven't been able to find any of them about the house."—Cleveland Leader.

We never see the target a man aims at in life; we see only the target he hits.—Jordon.

Arab Steeds as Churns.

The noble Arabian steed is sometimes put to ignoble uses. A traveler with iconoclastic ideas said: "You have heard of the Arabian horse's beauty, its docility, its intelligence, its endurance. Did you know that it churned the family butter? Among the desert tribes when butter is needed the milk is put in a sheepskin bag and tied by a short rope to the horse's saddle. The horse is then urged into a trot, and this gait is kept up until the milk in the sheepskin is joggled into butter. A fine, firm, smooth butter it is."

PROBLEMS IN COLORS

WHITE IS COOL, YET ARCTIC ANIMALS AS A RULE ARE WHITE.

Why Are Land Birds Mostly Dark and Sea Birds, In Many Cases, White?—Why Have Nearly All Purple Blossoms Poisonous Properties?

In summer weather ladies, and men, too, when possible wear white. Why? To keep cool, of course, you will say.

If this be so, why, then, are almost all the creatures that live in arctic regions clothed in white? The usual reply is that the white color is for protective purposes—in order, in fact, to make them invisible to their enemies in the midst of the wastes of snow.

But, consider, again, is this reasonable? From whom does the polar bear need to hide? He has no enemies to fear. And as for the birds which assume a white plumage when they migrate north, surely they also have far fewer foes in the polar regions than when farther south.

Again, if white be a cool color this is surely another reason against the inhabitants of the coldest regions turning white at the approach of winter. It is easy to strengthen this argument. Visit the tropics, and you will find hardly any white animals or birds. In the very hottest regions of the globe not only is man, as a rule, black, but the birds and beasts are either very dark or else extremely brilliant in color. Of tropical birds the commonest colors run as follows: Brown, dark green and dark blue, emerald green, reds and yellows.

Speaking of the birds again, why is it that land birds are mostly dark hued while so many sea birds are white?

Here is another color puzzle. Almost all song birds are somber in hue, while the brightly colored species, such as the jays, the parrots and birds of paradise, have naturally harsh voices.

The colors of flowers and leaves offer numbers of interesting problems. No one quite knows why the prevailing tint of early spring flowers is either white or yellow. Yellow, indeed, holds its own to some extent all through the summer, but the typical color of summer blooms is pink, while as the autumn advances richer crimsons and all the rich, glowing hues of dahlias and chrysanthemums are seen.

Horticulturists have produced popples of pretty nearly every shade under the sun, and with many other flowers they seem able to alter the colors almost as they please. Yet the blue rose, the black tulip and the green carnation seem as far off as ever they were in spite of constant efforts to arrive at them. Nearly three centuries ago Dutch gardeners imagined themselves on the verge of inventing a black tulip.

The colors of the blossom of fruit trees are limited to white, pink, bright scarlet and purple. The reason no one knows. Nor is it clear why nearly all plants with purple blossoms have poisonous properties. The deadly nightshade is an instance which will be familiar to all country readers.

It used to be said and many still imagine that intensity of color depends upon intensity of light. The brilliancy of a tropical landscape seems in some measure to bear this out. But any amount of arguments may be deduced against it. Rubies, opals and other exquisitely colored gems are dug from the depths of the earth.

The rays of the sun have never touched them. The pulp of some fruits is more richly tinted than the outer rind, while the crimson blood of animals is hidden from the light. What could be more rich and magnificent in color than the wings of many moths? Yet these are all night flying creatures.

Speaking of moths, it seems odd that there is no blue moth. Very few show even a touch or spot of blue. The colorings of butterflies present many problems, for there seems no order or method in their hues and markings, and a strange point is the absolute difference in these points between species otherwise closely allied.

Why do autumn leaves turn yellow? Here is a question which is more easily answered than some that have already been suggested. The popular reply is, "The frost does it." This is only partly correct. If a really hard frost were to happen early in autumn there would be no tints at all. All the leaves would turn brown at once. The really gorgeous colors are produced by a slow and gradual fall of temperature, of course, without too much wind or rain. The cold causes a chemical ferment, which attacks the color compounds in the cells of the leaf. It is those leaves which contain most sugar which oxidize most rapidly and of which, consequently, the color becomes most rich and brilliant.

A question which is often asked is, "Why do lobsters, shrimps and certain other similar shellfish turn red when boiled?" It seems that the black coloring matter which colors the shell of the lobster during life is an iron compound. We know that iron rust is red. The effect of boiling is practically to turn this iron compound in the lobster shell to a highly oxidized rust.

The dislike of certain creatures for certain colors is strange. If a number of earthworms be placed in an oblong box, of which one half is covered with red and the other with blue glass, they will with one accord crawl away from the blue light and take refuge under the red glass. Many other higher creatures share the same dislike to blue rays.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Terrible Mistake.

There are women who are smart and intelligent, yet they labor under the delusion that no man can tell them a lie and look them straight in the eye at the same time.—Mansfield News.

Joy's recollection is no longer joy while sorrow's memory is sorrow still.—Byron.

"Home, Sweet Home."

"Home, Sweet Home," Payne's song, was originally a number in the opera "Clari, the Maid of Milan," a production brought out in 1823. The opera was a failure, and nothing is now known of it save the one song, which became instantly popular. Over 100,000 copies were sold in the first year of its publication, and the sale in one form or another has been constant ever since the first appearance of this beautiful theme. The melody is a Sicilian folk song and was adapted to the words by Payne himself.

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SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1906.

OUR HOPES AND FEARS.

Among the evil effects of the boom, which visited this city some years ago, one is still with us. A burned child dreads the fire, and the fear of a repetition of those days has made many of our best citizens exceedingly cautious. While great caution is necessary when undertaking important work, the result of which it is difficult to foresee, yet as soon as a man sees that he has the situation sized up accurately, his caution and timidity generally give place to hope and activity. Disaster has often followed continued excessive caution; even kings have been known to lose their crowns by adopting means suggested by it. Notwithstanding the bad effects of "boom days," notwithstanding the disastrous fire and the dull times through which New Westminster has passed since then, there are good and convincing reasons why this excessive caution should now disappear.

The boom of other days was simply an exchange of paper, titles and money, with conditions entirely different from what they are now. To-day we see the evidence of solidity and permanency in new and costly residences rising in all parts of the city, we see industries springing up on every side, giving us increased circulation of money, increased population and increased values of property. We see the surrounding district being cleared, brought under cultivation and settled by new arrivals at a rate so rapid as to cause astonishment. In a few years at most, where lately we drove through miles of wild forest, we shall be cantering past green fields and orchards and dainty cottages, all bespeaking comfort and happiness in the home and prosperity in the country. We see a rush of homeseekers from other lands drawn here by our mild climate and by the wonderful natural resources of our province, and as this rush is only in its infancy we can scarcely imagine what it shall be when it matures. Let us then forget the mistakes and misfortunes of other days and grapple with the splendid opportunities knocking loudly at our door.

This is the growing season for Canada, especially for Western Canada and there is no reason why New Westminster should not participate in the general prosperity. We have no club to boom our city, but we have eight thousand people, every one of whom should form himself into a committee of one to advance its interest. And each can do so in his own way. Every one may not be able to write an article or make a speech or hob-nob with artistocrats with the object of inviting attention to our city, but every one can have a good word to say for it, or he can paint his fence or his house, or plant a few ornamental trees, or take out a stump or remove an unsightly shack and in any of these humble ways he can prove himself a worthy citizen.

God might have made a nicer place on earth than New Westminster but he did not, at least if he did we have never seen it though we have seen cities all along from ocean to ocean. Let the reader transport himself in thought to the home of some rich man, say, in Winnipeg. That home may be as beautiful as wealth can make it, but then, where is the view? A few hundred feet away are large buildings, checking the vision and giving one the feelings of a caged bird. With longing heart the visitor would yearn to get back to New Westminster where sitting at his front door he gets a view of river, valley, sea and mountain.

Yes, our prospects are bright, brighter and surer than they have ever been before, and there is no season why any citizen should allow his zeal in the city's interest to lie cooled by an excess of caution.

THE LICENCE LAW.

The changes contemplated in our license law are deserving of very serious consideration. Many a good cause has been wrecked by undue haste. It should be the aim of every good citizen to aid in advancing the moral as well as the material welfare of the community in which he lives. In giving this aid men will be guided by their convictions. But opinions precede convictions and as opinions differ so much on many important questions there must be an interchange of views before men can draw satisfactory conclusions. Men may agree as to the existence of an evil, they may be agreed in the desire to remove the evil, but they may differ as to the means that should be employed. In discussing those means the public mind is enlightened, opinions are changed by the force of reason, and sound conclusions are drawn. It is only when enlightened public opinion is behind legislation that the latter can be efficiently administered. The Scott Act was, generally speaking, a failure. And why? Because the public mind has not been prepared for it in advance.

There is just now a bill before the Ontario legislature dealing with this question of high license. The opponents of the bill contend that it will concentrate the trade in the hands of the more wealthy, raise the price of liquor, force an illicit traffic in which "the hole in the wall" will figure as it did a quarter of a century ago, introduce chemically-made liquor which often sends those unfortunates afflicted with whisky fever to insane asylums, and all this without lessening the evil or the expenditure in liquor.

Legislative bodies dealing with this question should feel reasonably assured that any change made shall be in the direction of lessening the evil of intemperance, and should feel doubly assured that it does not increase the evil. We are not expressing our own views at present for or against the proposed change, but we may say this much, that any speculation with this question for the financial gain obtainable, rather than for the moral effects which may follow, is not in line with the high ideals of a respectable community.

The substance of the Ontario bill is as follows:

"In cities having a population of more than 100,000 the fees proposed are as follows: Tavern licenses, $1,200; shop licenses, $1,000. In cities smaller than 100,000 population and larger than 30,000, tavern and shop licenses will cost $700. In places of more than 10,000 and not more than 30,000 the fees for both class of license is $500. From 5,000 to 10,000 $450, shop and tavern. From 3,000 to 5,000, $300. Village tavern licenses $250. Village and shop license $270. Township tavern license $120; township shop license $200. In districts, except in cities, towns and villages, tavern license $120. For a shop license in any city, town, village, or other municipality or in unorganized territory in these districts the fee is $500. For beer and wine licenses the fee is three-fourths of that imposed for tavern license in the same locality. The Lieutenant Governor in Council may increase the fees in both tavern and shop licenses in districts to any amount."

SNAKES OF SARAWAK.

The Pythons Are Enormous and Feed on Pigs and Children.

In the Sarawak Gazette is an article on the snakes of that part of Boraeo Of the poisonous repties it says: "The cobra (Naja tripudians) is a black snake which raises its head to strike when irritated, at the same time expanding the hood at either side of the neck. It spits at intruders and hisses like a cat, whence it is known as "ular tedong puss;" in some parts, too as "tedong mata hari." The word "tedong" in Sarawak is apparently applied to all large snakes which Malays consider to be poisonous, and, as our Malays are but ill acquainted with these animals, quite a number of large but harmless forms are designated by this term. The hamadryad (Naja bungarus) is a brown snake, considerably bigger but rarer than the cobra. It is rather shy, but when cornered, like the cobra, it raises its head and expands the hood before striking. Its food is chiefly other snakes.

"Less dangerous than these najas are the vipers, of which the most common species is the green viper which reaches a length of two feet or more. The head is large and shaped like an ace of spades. This creature is a tree snake and very sluggish. The 'bungarus' are of several species, one Bungarus fasciatus, of length up to four feet, being black with yellow rings. It is called the 'ular buku tebu' (sugar cane joints) by natives. There are also sea snakes of many species. The tail of a sea snake is flattened and oarlike."

Sarawak has other snakes: "Of the pythons there are two species. Python reticulatus grows to an enormous size, over twenty feet. It is very fond of pigs, but varies its diet by various animals, including even children. The oil of this snake is used by Malays as an embrocation for bruises. The other species of python, Python curtus, is interesting in that its flesh tastes like that of fowl—at least, so Dyaks say, and they are authorities on snake flesh, for they eat a number of the large snakes."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some people are simply acting natural when they are kicking.

Do the right thing by all of your friends, and you haven't anything but the core of the apple left.

People with real troubles do not care as much for sympathy as they do to have their trials as inconspicuous as possible.

When a man says that he has not a friend in the town where he lives you can depend on it that the town is not to blame.

Don't forget that your actions are measured as critically all through life as is the borrowed butter you return to a neighbor.

With all due consideration for the sober second thought, we notice that the longer we aim the more liable we are to miss the mark.—Atchison Globe.

Froude's Youthful Terrors.

Of the youthful hardships endured by James Anthony Froude a biographer says: "Conceiving that the child wanted spirit, Hurrell, his elder brother, once took him up by the heels and stirred with his head the mud at the bottom of a stream. Another time he threw him into deep water out of a boat to make him manly. But he was not satisfied by inspiring physical terror. Invoking the aid of the preternatural, he taught his brother that the hollow behind the house was haunted by a monstrous and malevolent phantom, to which in the plenitude of his imagination he gave the name of Peningre. Gradually the child discovered that Peningre was an illusion and began to suspect that other ideas of Hurrell's might be illustons too."

PARISH REGISTERS.

The Sort of Entries They Kept In the Old Days in England.

A vicar, John Printer of Worle, is accused in 1584 of having got so drunk "at a Taverne in London, being the howse and signe of the Swann in old Fysh Street," that he had to be "caried to his Lodginge, or some other convenient place, (he) being so dronck, not hable hym-sealf to goo"—that is, walk. He is also charged with being "a common player at Bowles in the churchyard of Worle (his own parish) and a common haunter of Tavernes, alehouses, Bearbeatinge (baiting) and Bul-beatinge, yea, upon the Sabbaoth daies, and an usual plaier at Tables (backgammon) & Cardes in the alehouses and Tavernes."

On Sept. 25, 1621, John Brock of Dundry is presented.

"For usuallie playing of the fines and cudgills in the churchyard theare on Sabbaoth dales and holie daies, as namelie hee, with others, did soe uppon St. Marke's daie past, and being reproved by the churchwarden for the same, hee gaue him a froward answer saytinge, 'wee are at exercise to doe the kings service, & you will not suffer us, but the whiles you cutt your neighbors throats.'

"That on Sonndale, 1 Julij, & on Sonndale 24 Junij ult., hee, Arthur Payton, and Edward Ward, tayler, did daunce in the churchyard thereof," and Richard Hulvord "played upon his instrument to those that usuallie daunce in the churchyard theare."—London Academy.

The Lucky Number

13

Is a Lucky number when it represents an income of 13 per cent on your money.

The owner of a Royal Avenue property has ordered a quick sale, which means that we must move, and move quickly.

This is a renting proposition and its net income exceeds thirteen per cent on price asked. Only $500 cash required.

F. J. HART & CO., LTD.

LADIES!

There is a new lot of

WOOD TO BURN

—AT—

H. MOREY & CO.

NOTICE

Take notice that the Great West Packing Company Limited have deposited plans and application for the erection of a wharf on the Fraser River, British Columbia, on the foreshore of Section 12 and Fractional Section 13, Block 3, North Range 7, West.

Dated at New Westminster, B. C., this 15th March, 1906.

GREAT WEST PACKING COMPANY LIMITED.

W. R. Gilley, 'Phone 1-2-2. J. R. Gilley, 'Phone 1-4-9

Gilley Bros.

Dealers in

Coal, Lime, Brick, Sand, Cement, Fire Brick, Fire Clay and Crushed Rock.

Also agents B. C. Pottery Co. sewer pipe, etc.
Local agents Vancouver Portland Cement Co.

Office, Front Street, New Westminster, B.C., Near C.P.R. Depot

'Phone 1-6

FRUIT TREES

THE FINEST VARIETIES THAT MONEY CAN BUY.

Apples, Pears, Cherries, Plums, Prunes. Peaches, Crabs, Small Fruits of all kinds

Ornamental trees and shrubs in great variety, evergreen and golden from 2 to 6 feet. Roses, paeonies, rhododendrons, privet, evergreen, and broad leaved for hedges. Catalogues free.

D. M. Robertson & Sons

Tynehead Nurseries. NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

TENDERS.

Tenders addressed to the undersigned at Ottawa and marked on the envelope "Tender for the construction of a Hydrographic Steel Twin Screw Steamer," will be received up to the first day of May next, for the construction of a Steel Twin Screw Steamer for the Hydrographic Service in British Columbia waters.

Specifications, plans and forms of tender can be seen at the office of the Agent of the Department of Marine and Fisheries at Victoria, B. C., at the Custom House at Vancouver, B. C., and at the Department here.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque equal to 10 per cent. of the whole amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person sending the accepted tender declines to enter into a contract with the Department. Cheques accompanying tenders which are not accepted will be returned immediately after a decision has been arrived at.

Newspapers copying this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid.

F. GOURDEAU
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 28th March, 1906.

J. H. Todd

Dealer in

Pianos, Organs, Piano Players,

Columbia Gramaphones and Records, Zithers, etc.

J. H. TODD, Burr Block.

Columbia Street.
Call or write for prices.

REFORM RESTAURANT

Carnarvon St., between 10th and McInnis.

First Class Meals at all Hours, English, Japanese and Chinese Styles.

From 15c. up.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

Mrs. Lizzie Chan,
PROPRIETRESS.

SPROTT-SHAW
Business Institute
336 Hastings Street W., Vancouver

Commercial, Pitman and Gregg Shorthand. Telegraphy and Engineering (Civil, Marine and Stationary) Courses. THE BEST of courses, the BEST of teachers (eight) and the BEST of salaries.

R. J. SPROTT, B.A., Principal,
H. A. SCRIVEN, B.A., Vice-Principal.

WM. KARRMANN
Practical Piano Tuner
Prices Moderate
ADDRESS EAST BURNABY P. O.

EMERSON'S DRY DOCK

Foot of 4th Ave. Cor. 16th Street
New Westminster, B. C.

All kinds of Ship repair work.

Ship and Scow Building a specialty.

Estimates promptly furnished.

W. E. EMERSON
Residence:
124 Eighth St., New Westminster, B.C.

Westminster Transfer Co.

Office—Tram Depot
Columbia St.

Baggage delivered promptly to any part of the city.

Light and Heavy Hauling

Office 'Phone 185. Barn 'Phone 137

BUY YOUR WALL PAPER
In New Westminster

I carry the most complete stock in the City. Spring designs arriving daily.

Also complete line of room mouldings and plate rails.

I. HUDSON,
House Painter and Decorator
Sixth St., Columbian Block

Specials To-night

Tooke's Collars	5 Cents
White Cambric Handkerchiefs	5 Cents
35 cent Ties (Men's)	15 Cents
Men's Suspenders	15 Cents
Men's Suits and Overcoats	Half Price
Boys' Suits	Half Price
Nightshirts	55 Cents
Flannelette Blankets	75 Cents

HURRY!

They Won't Last Forever.
These prices will be the
Talk of the Town.

Westminster Clothing Co.,
D. GROSSMAN, Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL

MARTIN, WEART & McQUARRIE, barristers, solicitors, etc. Offices: New Westminster, Trapp Blk., corner Clarkson and Lorne streets, Vancouver, rooms 21 to 24, 445 Granville street. Joseph Martin, K. C., J. W. Weart, W. G. McQuarrie, H. A. Bourne. Mr. Martin will be in the Westminster offices every Friday afternoon.

HOWAY, REID & BOWES, Barristers, solicitors, etc., 42 Lorne street, opposite Court House, New Westminster. J. H. Bowes, P. O. Box 241.

WHITESIDE & EDMONDS, Barristers and solicitors, Blackie Blk., Columbia street, New Westminster. W. J. Whiteside, H. L. Edmonds.

MR. J. P. HAMPTON BOLE, solicitor of the supreme court. Offices Canadian Bank of Commerce building, Columbia street, opposite post-office, New Westminster. Money to loan.

GEORGE E. MARTIN, Barrister and Solicitor, Guichon block, Columbia and McKenzie streets, New Westminster, B. C.

SECRET SOCIETIES

UNION LODGE, NO. 9, A. F. & A. M.—The regular meeting of this is held on the First Wednesday in each month, at 8 o'clock p. m., in the Masonic Temple. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend. Dr. W. A. DeWolf Smith, Secretary.

KING SOLOMON LODGE, NO. 17, A. F. & A. M.—Regular communications of this lodge are held on the second Tuesday in each month in Masonic Temple, at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. D. W. Gilchrist, Sec.

ROYAL CITY PRECEPTORY, No. 459 R. B. K. of L., meets second and fourth Friday of each month, at 8 p. m., in Orange hall, corner of Royal avenue and John street. Sojourning Sir Knights cordially invited to attend. W. E. Dunlop, W. P.; E. E. Matthias, Reg.

LOYAL ORANGE LODGE, NO. 1160—Meets in Orange hall first and third Friday in each month at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. E. E. Matthias, W. M.; J. Humphries, Rec.-Sec.

I. O. O. F.—AMITY LODGE, No. 27—The regular meetings of this lodge are held in Oddfellows' hall, Columbia street, every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. S. J. May, N. G.; W. C. Coatham, Rec.-Sec.

A. O. U. W.—FRASER LODGE No. 3—Meetings the first and third Tuesday in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. Lodge room, A. O. U. W. hall, Oddfellows' block, Clarkson street. C. S. Corrigan, recorder; Louis Witt, master workman.

FOSE OF COLUMBIA LODGE No. 115, SONS OF ENGLAND, B. S.—Red Rose Degree meets Second and Fourth Wednesday of each month in K. of P. Hall, Columbia St., at 8 p. m., White Rose Degree, Fourth Wednesday in each month, same time and place. Visiting Brethren cordially invited. E. B. Stinchcombe, Pres., H. Disney, Secretary.

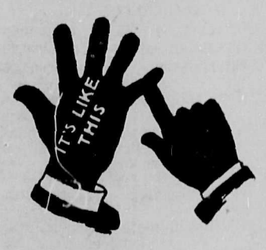
COURT BRUNETTE, No. 4099, I.O.F.—Meets the Fourth Friday in the month at 8 o'clock, in the small hall, Oddfellows' block. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. J. B. Rushton, C. R.; F. P. Maxwell, R. S.

COURT ROYAL COLUMBIA, No. 8808, A. O. F.—The regular meetings of this Lodge are held on the Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in the Oddfellows' Hall. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend. E. C. Firth, C. R.; F. P. Maxwell, Sec.

THE ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE meet every Wednesday at 8 o'clock p. m., in Oddfellows Hall, Columbia street. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend. J. S. Bryson, S. C.; J. McD. Campbell, Sec.

SONS OF SCOTLAND BENEFIT ASSOCIATION, LORD OF THE ISLES CAMP, 191.—Meets on the First and Third Tuesday of every month in K. of P. Hall. John McNiven, Chief; J. J. Forrester, Rec. Sec.

BOARD OF TRADE.—New Westminster Board of Trade meets in the Board Room, City Hall, as follows: Second Wednesday of each month. Quarterly meetings on the second Wednesday of February, May, August and November, at 8 p. m. Annual meetings on the second Wednesday of February. New members may be proposed and elected at any monthly or quarterly meeting. A. E. White, Sec.



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"B. C." OR "OLD SPORT"

Manufactured by the B. C. Cigar Factory, who also make The "Brilantes" (in three sizes.)

WILBERG & WOLZ, Props.,
Factory and Office, Brine Block,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Paint Quality--What Is It?

What is Paint Quality? Paint quality is the distinguishing mark of good paint over all other paint. It is in the paint itself, the material used, the conditions of manufacture and the skill of the paint-maker. **Sherwin-Williams Paint,** prepared, is paint quality through and through. It is made of the best Linseed Oil and manufactured with the skill of 40 years of the best paint-making. Paint quality and S.W.P. are the same. Each stands for the other. If you are about to paint your house these facts ought to interest you. You can obtain further information at

KIRK'S HARDWARE

Typewriters...

Underwood--Visible Writing
Empire--Visible Writing

GIVE PLEASURE *and* PROFIT IN USING.
FOR SALE BY

J. J. MACKAY,

Booksellers, Stationers, Etc. 235 Columbia Street.

Not on Top, But Still in the Ring.

House Cleaning Time

And you may possibly need a carpet. We have the greatest range of them and can guarantee to save you money and give you better satisfaction than you can get in any other place. For instance, a good body Brussels, paper for underneath, sewed and laid for one dollar a yard up. Old carpets taken up, cleaned and relayed for ten cents a yard. We have the largest stock and the finest show rooms and the finest prices. Come and see us. It will pay you to see our stock before placing your order elsewhere.

W. E. FALES,

716 and 718 Columbia St. Four Floors. Rear Extension, Front Street.

PLACE YOUR ORDERS IN TOWN

S. J. DAVISON

ESTABLISHED 1895

Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery

Front St. next Daily News

New Westminster, - B. C.

Repairing of all descriptions.

Saturday Night Special

We will deliver on Monday all orders Placed Tonight for

90c No. 1 Potatoes at 90c

The City Grocery,

Telephone 97. - - - - ADAMS & DEANS.

Should a Horse be Clipped?

Clipping in the early spring is recommended by leading veterinaries. Clipping improves the health of a horse, makes him feel better, work better and increases his value.

Our 20th Century Clipper

costs very little more than the old fashioned two hand clipper, but does 100 times the work. We also keep in stock 1902 Clipper and the Stewart Patent new 1904 Model Sheep Shearing Machine. They shear clean, saving 1 to 1-2 pounds of wool to a fleece.

BEE SUPPLIES KEPT ON HAND.

T. J. Trapp & Co, Ltd.

DIAMONDS!
DIAMONDS!
DIAMONDS!

Largest Stock in the City.
Mounted in any Style you Desire.
Come and Inspect Them.

W. C. Chamberlin
The Jeweler, - Columbia St.

80 ACRES

On Port Moody Road. The tram is expected to run through this place, it will then double in value,

$30 per acre, $1000 cash.

Also will give lease of a good Chicken Ranch, lots of chicken houses, 20 acres cultivated, for two years free to purchaser of the above land.

McLeod, Mark & Co., *Real Estate, Fire & Life Insurance Tel. 273. Near Tram Office*

Local News Briefly Told

P. O'Birrel was a passenger on the steamer Transfer to Grant's mill this afternoon.

L. Bartridge returned home on the steamer Transfer this afternoon after a short stay in the city.

System stenography and typewriting. The Province office, Armstrong block. 'Phone 62.

F. McTavish was a passenger on the steamer Ramona to Marshes Landing this morning after a short stay in the city.

The stock of spring and summer two-piece suits at Richmond Bros.' are certainly masterpieces in the art of tailoring.

Robert Scott arrived from Calgary this morning on the C. P. R. with a large herd of superior beef cattle for the local butchers.

The Beaver brought down today besides her usual cargo eight hundred sacks of potatoes from Chilliwack to be shipped to Vancouver and Victoria.

D. W. Holden and C. W. Wood arrived in the city from Bellingham on the G. N. R. this afternoon. They will be employed by the Small & Bucklin lumber mills.

The Reichenbach Company, Ltd., is offering crushed bones as a fertilizer for the garden. Those who have used this method know how to produce a prolific display.

The Vulcan boiler works owned by D. C. Patterson has just completed a 50 foot smoke stack, for the new cannery at Steveston owned by Messrs. Cousins and Boutlier.

The largest catches of spring salmon to be made this season were caught last night, some boats averaging from fifteen to twenty fish. The run of Oolicans is also very large.

A. Archibald, a well known teamster of this city lost one of his valuable mares last evening. A vetinary surgeon was summoned from Vancouver, but too late to be of any service. The animal has been ill for some time.

The Beaver came down river this afternoon with quite a heavy passenger list. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. W. Workins, J. Clay, G. I. Ashwell, T. Nelson, H Harvey of Chilliwack and A. Manzer of Ruskin.

The Hindoo forces at the Fraser River mills are divided. The Mohammedans are still out on strike, while the Sikhs, who are the devotees of Buddha are staying with their job. The two factions do not intermingle, but maintain a dignified aloofness.

A Hindoo with an unpronounclable name, in the employ of the Fraser River Mills Co., had one of his fingers injured this morning. A heavy plank fell on the finger and smashed it at the first joint in such a manner as to make amputation necessary.

The following made up the Ramona's up river passenger list this morning: G. Z. Smith, Aldergrove; George Bates, Mt. Lehman; J. W. Stoney, Port Hammond; H. Phillips, Chilliwack; E. G. Campbell, Mt. Lehman; C. Conley, Chilliwack; Ralph Chanley, Barnston Island; J. McGregor, Patterson's Landing.

The following passengers arriver in New Westminster from down river points on the steamer Transfer this morning: J. Standen, C. Bassette, Ladner; T. Wolfendon, J. C. Deane, Ladner; J. Robertson, Westham Island; L. Bartlet, Mrs. Hayes, Miss Kirkland, Miss Hutcherson, Ladner; W. McKenzie, Woodwards Landing; M. Smith, Ladner; W. Bain, C. Peterson, and Miss Quaggan, Sunbury.

Officer Patterson last night arrested a hobo named Alexander Gorley whom he found hidden in a smoke stack loaded on a flat car in the railway yards about midnight. The man was unable to give a satisfactory account of himself, and was cacordingly taken in. Before Magistrate Corbould this morning the man stated that he had recently left Bellingham, intending to obtain work in Vancouver, but that having no money he was obliged to seek the best shelter possible under the circumstances. He was given one hour in which to leave the city, and within a very short time was seen to leave by way of the B. C. Electric Co.'s tracks, afoot and alone.

CLIMATE AND SPEECH.

Soft Language and Tropical Weather Seem to Go Together.

Gutturals predominate in Norway and Russia, whereas far to the southward in sunny Italy there is a profusion of such euphonious names as Palermo, Verona, Campobello, etc. Even in the British isles, covering so few degrees of latitude, there is a marked difference between the "burr" of the highlander and the soft speech of the native of southern England.

A theory which may partly account for these climatic effects is based upon the contrast of the stillness which usually pervades southern lands with the stormy inquietude of northern countries. Cloudless skies for months at a time characterize the climates of Italy, while a firmament entirely free from clouds is rare in Norway.

It requires, of course, greater effort to be heard in the regions which are swept by winds and storms than in still southern latitudes, and to be heard distinctly amid the noise and confusion of the elements words must be used which contain many consonants.

Among the inhabitants of more tropical climes the tendency is toward soft and musical cadence, and travelers relate that in regions in South America, such as Peru and Venezuela, where atmospheric disturbances are rare, the natives almost chant the phrases of salutation.—London Saturday Review.

BABIES IN HOLES.

Where Uganda Infants Rest While Their Mothers Hoe.

I have gone into a field in Uganda and there found one of our women at work with a hoe, writes a missionary sister in Donahoe's. I asked her where her baby Maria was, and she pointed to a spot at some distance where the banana trees were thick. I walked under the shade, and in vain I sought the infant. The mother was greatly amused and urged me to search further, assuring me that the little one was not far away and was fast asleep. I had to "give up," so the mother took me by the hand and led me to a bit of bark cloth on the ground. Under this rag was the crown of the baby's head, while the body was in a hole deep enough for the feet to rest on the ground. To my surprise and expostulations she said in her own language: "This is a good custom. When a Uganda woman goes to hoe it is not good for her baby to lie asleep on the ground, as it might injure itself by rolling, or, if it awoke, it might crawl away. Therefore we make a hole like this and line it with soft, clean leaves and put our baby safely into it so that it can neither crawl out nor roll away, and we know exactly where to find it when we come from the fields." She said it was perfectly safe from wild beasts, because it was midday.

In the High Sierras.

Coming down from the high Sierras into the Yosemite valley one passes from almost arctic cold to the warmth of the late spring, and the difference in temperature is easily traceable by the character of the foliage. On the high peaks no green thing flourishes. Gradually stunted pines and tamaracks appear, and still lower the maple and laurel are just beginning to unfold their leaves, and then in a half a day's journey the wild flowers come. Hundreds and hundreds of them of all shapes and colors are found here, and as you approach the rim of the wonderful Yosemite the air is heavy laden with the scent of the azaleas, and the trail is lined with wild lilac, wild cherry and dogwood—a perfect riot of flowering shrubbery.—Recreation.

Oil In Hair a Betrayer.

"Tell the lady we can't take that hat back. It's been worn," said the manager of a department store, handing a fragile creation of lace and feathers back to the saleswoman after examining it carefully.

"Will you tell me how you discovered that fact?" asked a curious bystander.

"By the sense of smell," replied the manager. "The peculiarity of macassar oil—the oil that is in the hair—is that its color is imparted to anything it comes in contact with, and, although there wasn't a spot on that hat, I knew it had been worn by this slight odor which had clung to the lining. The purchaser of that extravagant bit of millinery probably couldn't afford anything so expensive—wanted to cut a dash at the opera with her best young man perhaps, trusting to exchange the hat the next day for a tailor made suit or something she really needed."—New York Press.

THE BIRD OF DEATH.

It Is the Only Venomous Member of the Feathered Tribe.

Among all the thousands of feathered creatures classified by the trained ornithologists but one, the rpir n'doob, or "bird of death," is known to be venomous. This queer and deadly species of the winged and feathered tribe is a native of the island of Papua, or New Guinea. The bird is described as being about the size of a common tame pigeon, of gray plumage and a tail of extraordinary length, ending in a tip of brilliant scarlet red. It is a marsh bird and is found to inhabit only the immense stagnant pools adjoining the lakes of the interior of the island. The rpir has a hooked beak as sharp as a cock's spur and hollow. The venom with which it inoculates is distilled in a set of organs which nature has provided for that purpose and which lie in the upper mandible, just below the openings of the nostrils. Under this poison secreting laboratory in the roof of the mouth is a small fleshy knob. When the bird sets its beak in the flesh of a victim this knob receives a pressure which liberates the venom and inoculates the wound. No man, native or otherwise, was ever known to recover from a bite inflicted by a rpir n'doob. The suffering in such cases is said to be much more agonizing than in cases of rattlesnake and Gila monster bites.

A Persistent Nest Builder.

One of the most energetic nest builders is the marsh wren. In fact, he has the habit to such a degree that he cannot stop with one nest, but goes on building four or five in rapid succession. And there is nothing slovenly about his work either. Look among the cattails in the nearest marsh, even within the limits of a great city, and you will find his little woven balls of reed stems, with a tiny round hole in one side. There is a certain method even in his madness, for the nest in which his wife is brooding her seven or eight eggs is less likely to be found when there are so many empty ones around. Then, too, he uses the others as roosting places for himself.—London Opinion.

The American Chameleon.

The American chameleon, a small lizard (Anolis carolinensis), inhabits various parts of the southern United States. The little animal has the remarkable habit of quickly and completely changing its colors, varying from brown to yellow or pale green. Its food consists of insects. The little animal is perfectly harmless to higher forms of life, is often kept as a pet and has been worn attached to a chain as an ornament.

The toes are provided with adhesive pads, which enable the lizard to run upon smooth vertical surfaces.—St. Nicholas.

Romance of a Song.

"Yes, the Die Is Cast," has a romantic history. It was written by Colonel Paul Pestel of the Russian army, who, with others, conspired against the Russian government in 1826. The plot was discovered, he was arrested, imprisoned, tried and on July 11, 1826, was hanged. During the interval between his trial and execution he composed the words and music of this song and with a bit of iron scratched them on the wall of his cell, where the song was found some years after his death.

Heart and Lungs.

The action of the heart, lungs and digestive system is involuntary, for the reason that it is indispensable to life and must be carried on under all circumstances. If a man had to think of his heart or had to remember that he must breathe or that his food must digest he would have no time to do anything else, and if by chance he should forget to keep his heart going or his lungs in operation he would fall dead on the spot.

Doomed.

"Emily, if William today asks you to marry him you must tell him to speak to me."

"Yes, mamma. But if he does not?"

"Then tell him I want to speak to him."—Fliegende Blatter.

Can it be true, as is so constantly affirmed, that there is no sex in souls? I doubt it exceedingly.—Coleridge.

All Settled.

Mistress—Going to leave, are you? Tired of working for a living? What are you going to do then? Maid—Nothing, ma'am. The fortune teller tells me I'm going to marry money.

Honey! Honey!

HONEY!

Don't be Deceived! All Honey is not the real thing, but what we have is the

Genuine Article

Comb Honey in 1 pound squares, Strained Honey in bottles and also in crystallized form in jars. Try a cake for Sunday breakfast.

C. A. Welsh,
The People's Grocer

Wanted—Thirty able-bodied men to work for the Corporation on the Board of Works. For information as to wages and employment apply to Mr. Furness, Supt. of Works.

For Sale—40 acres, 15 acres cleared, Good building. Apply Donald McClure, Port Kells.

Lost—On or near corner of Queen's avenue and 6th street, a photo of young gentleman with name on back. Finder please return to this office.

For Sale—Modern 7-roomed house on fine corner in West End; two lots stable and fruit trees. Cheap. Apply X, this office.

Found—Pair Gentleman's Kid Glove and a black silf handkerchief. Owner may have by applying to Th Westminster Clothing House.

For Sale—Young Ayrshire Bulls pure bred, ready for service, W. R. Austin, Sapperton.

Eggs for Setting—Pure Barred Rock $1.00 per setting. J. W. Austin, Sapperton.

Lost—Small purse with small sum of money at foot of Cemetery street Sapperton. Return to Mrs. Cigonier, Front street, or Daily News.

"EUREKA"

You will exclaim with the early seekers after gold. No we have no gold lying around for you to pick up---but you will find something just as good. You will find articles at prices that will save you some of your hard earned cash. Think of it!

Those $17.50 Sideboards we are Selling for $15.00
Those $16.50 Dressers and Stands for $12.50

Elm Golden Finish, Best Mirror, 3 Drawers in Dresser.

Carpets—a beautiful line. Hygenic Carpet, Underlay and Stair Pads—Felt—something new and the best yet.

LEE'S FURNITURE EMPORIUM,

236 to 242 Columbia and 229 to 241 Front Streets, Dupont Block,

A Matter Of Great Importance

Your Easter Hat

A visit to our show rooms will repay you. Beautiful display of Trimmed Hats, made by our skilled Milliner, Miss Taylor.

By Express To-day, Latest in

Ready to Wear Hats

Prices to Suit Any Purse.

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WE CAN PLEASE YOU.

Are you satisfied with the quality of Tea you are getting for the price you are paying? If not we would ask you to try our

MAPLE LEAF TEA.

We are confident that this Tea will give you entire satisfaction.

35 cents per lb. or 3 lbs. for $1.00

TRY IT.

GEO. ADAMS.

FOR YOUR GARDEN

Crushed Bone as Fertilizer

Produces Big Results

At Prices to Suit the Lightest Pocket

Reichenbach Co., Ltd.

Wanted—Lady chocolate dipper. Competent and willing to teach. State experience and salary expected. D. L. Allen Scott, P. O. Box 1120, Calgary, Alberta.

Eggs for Hatching—Barred Rocks, Ringlet Cockerel, S. C. W. Leghorns, Wyckoff strain. Large grass runs. Fertility guaranteed or settings replaced. $2 per 13. 1521 6th avenue or Box 557.

Wanted—2000 Cords of Hemlock Bark at the Fraser River Tannery, Ltd., taken in lots from 25 cords up. For particulars apply to the manager at Tannery or P. O. box 187, New Westminster.

For Sale—Two fine Jersey cows, and one Shorthorn, fresh milking. One two year old heifer, and one six months. Apply W. H. Madill, Douglas Road, or Daily News office.

For Sale—Old papers suitable for wrapping up parcels, etc. Apply News office.

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Nurseries, Greenhouses and Seed Houses

VANCOUVER, B. C.

Headquarters for PACIFIC Coast GROWN Garden, Field and Flower Seeds. New crop now in stock ready for distribution; ask your merchant for them in sealed packets. If he does not handle them we will prepay to your nearest postoffice, fifty 5c packets, our selection of good varieties, for $1.00 to introduce them.

Large stock of HOME GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Trees now matured for the spring trade.

No expense, loss or delay of fumigation or inspection.

Let me price your list before placing your order. Greenhouse Plants, Floral Work, Bee Supplies, Fruit Packages, Fertilizers, etc. Catalogue Free.

M. J. HENRY,
3010 Westminster Road,
Vancouver, B. C.

CLEVER SWINDLER IN CUSTODY AGAIN

Fake Lord Passes Some More Bad Cheques on Unsuspecting Americans.

Boston, April 7.—Charles F. Richards, also known as "Lord Ashburton," whom the police say has served sentences in several prisons in England and America for extensive and clever swindling, was arrested here last night on suspicion of having passed worthless checks. The man was located at one of the larger hotels and was taken into custody while dining with several friends. He at first denied that he was Richards, but later admitted it, the police say.

Richards is said to have operated extensively in this country many years ago, and more recently to have been in the Bank of England and later appeared in England. When a young man he was employed as a clerk in New York with considerable money. In Troy and other places he was charged with many forgeries, swindles and counterfeiting, and in most instances he evaded arrest.

At the time John L. Sullivan was in the ring, Richards posed as a backer of the former champion and is alleged to have swindled many well-known sports.

The police say that in 1878 Richards, under the name of Lord Ashburton, was accorded a public reception in San Francisco and that after his departure spurious notes and letters of credit with a total face value of $250,000 were found to be in circulation. Two years later he was arrested in San Francisco for swindling.

HAS WEIRD METHOD OF RAISING MONEY

Chinese Monk Tortues Himself in Public View in City of Chefoo.

New York, April 7.—A new method of raising funds for the erection of a church is furnished by a native Chinese in Chefoo, a Taoist monk or priest, who came down from Chinanfu to collect money. The incident is related by the Rev. W. O. Eltherich, a Presbyterian missionary in China, who says that the monk made a vow not to eat, drink or sleep until he had secured enough money to erect a temple to his gods. He lived in a cage, or little wooden box, which was stationed outside of the poorhouse in the native city.

The cage resembled a pigeon cote, with an opening of a few square inches to admit sufficient air to keep the fellow from suffocating. Through all the four walls of his house iron nails about ten inches long had been driven at an elevation with the man's eyes. The long, sharp prongs surrounded his head like a halo, the points of the nails being only an inch or so from his skull. They would certainly remind the fanatic should he bceome drewsy.

So far as could be seen, there was but one door in the cage, and that had been nailed up when the "saint" entered. Besides this, the lock was sealed with paper covered with Chinese characters. When Mr. Elterich told of the matter the man had passed seven nights and days in the cage without touching food and without sleep. He looked sickly and much worn out, and spectators were inclined to believe that if he continued his task he would not nave much chance of surviving to see his temple built. In front of the cage was a basket in which offerings were deposited, as well as a book in which donors might inscribe their names.

Prefers Death to Idleness.

St. Louis, Mo., April 6.—After spending all day yesterday at the headquarters of his union, where he learned that there was no prospect of a settle ment of the building trades strike, John McMann, a stone mason, returned home last night and swallowed carbolic acid after declaring to his wife that he would rather be dead than idle. He died within a few minutes. He had been forced into idleness for a month because of the strike.

Millionaire in Jail.

San Raefael, Cal., April 6.—Superior Judge Carroll Cook has denied the aged Corte Madera millionaire W. D. Bradbury, his motion for a new trial and an arrest of judgment on a perjury charge. Bradbury was tried and convicted some time ago.

The perjury charge grew out of a civil action between J. S. McCue and Bradbury. Judge Cook sentenced Bradbury to one year in state prison. Bradbury took an appeal, and pending the appeal he was allowed his freedom on giving a bond for $10,000.

APACHES THREATEN TO DEFY AUTHORITY

Feel Sore Because They Are Not Allowed to Join Wild West Show.

Washington, April 6.—The nature of the trouble that has been brewing among the Apache captives at Fort Sill incidental to which is the threat of the Indians to forcibly break away from the post, is explained at the war department as the result of the refusal of the authorities to let the Indians go on the road with a "Wild West" show.

These Indians, under their old chief, Geronimo, have been technical captives at the army post for many years past, but in fact they have had almost as much liberty of action as the Indians on the reservations. They were not confined in close quarters, but were only required to stay within the military reservation. Many of the Indians were permitted to go out on passes to visit other tribes and for other purposes.

Wild West Show Spoils Them.

They have been getting along very well—so well, indeed, that when the army officers a year ago proposed that the Indians be turned over to the interior department and placed on a reservation, as other Indians are, strong protests were made by some of the Eastern humanitarian societies, who take pride in the improvements of the Apache captives.

But last year many of the Indians were permitted to join a "Wild West" show, which traveled over the country. When they came back to the post it was seen that many of them had learned to gamble and had picked up other bad habits. So when application was made this spring for permission to provide another contingent of Indians for a show, the war department, to which the request was referred, upon advice of the officers at the post, declined to issue a permit.

Dreaded Punishment.

There was one exception, and that was in the case of Geronimo himself. He had been well behaved and the officials decided that he might go with the show. That made trouble, for the other Indians felt that they had been discriminated against. Hence they are threatening to leave the post. It is not believed thy will do so, however, for they are aware that they will be soon rounded up and returned and confined in closer quarters, and that is the most dreaded of punishments to an Indian.

Sporting News and Comment.

Local Wrestling Bout.

Devotees of the wrestling game will shortly be treated to a splendid exhibition of the art, the contestants being Dave Fisher, of Vancouver, and Tommy Cunningham, the local lad. Negotiations have been pending for some time, but it remained for the energetic fire chief to close the deal whereby the men will meet in St. George's hall on the night of April 16, Easter Monday.

The bout will be for the possession of a handsome cup, now on exhibition at T. Gifford's jewelry store, the entire proceeds, after expenses are paid, to be given to the building fund of the new Royal Columbian hospital. This will be done at the express request of Mr. Cunningham, who states that he is not after the money, but is only out for the sport of the evening, and incidentally the scalp of Mr. Fisher.

The match has been long desired not only by local enthusiasts but by those of Vancouver as well, and when the men meet it means some pretty fast work. Fisher is training at the Vancouver fire hall, and Cunningham is working out with local talent, of which there is an abundance, and all first class too.

Every night the favored few who have had the pleasure of seeing "Tommy" work, are heard to express their admiration for the clever way in which he handles himself, and all unite in the statement that he will give Fisher a prety hard deal. Several good preliminaries will also be put on, although the names of the contestants are not known as yet.

Vancouver Tennis Affairs.

The annual meeting of the Vancouver Lawn Tennis club, was held in the rooms of the Tourist association, last night, routine business being transacted, and the following were elected officers: C. M. Beecher, president for a fourth term; Messrs. E. Lewis and A. McC. Creery, first and second vice-presidents; and the committee as follows: E. C. B. Cave, F. G. Crickmay, W. H. Kerr, W. B. Ferrie, J. P. Nicolls, Dr. Pearson and T. D. Stevens.

Oarsmen May Go East.

There is a great deal of talk lately about sending the crew of the J. B. A. A. of Victoria, to St. Catharines this summer to compete for the Canadian championship at the big regatta. A meeting will be held shortly to consider the subject. The proposal seems to be a good one, as the advertising resulting from the trip certainly ought to pay any and all expense to which the club or city becomes subject in making the trip.

The "Big Four", can certainly deliver the goods when it comes to going up against the Pacific Coast talent, and there is little doubt but what they would make a decidedly creditable showing should they go after the Canadian championship.

Championships Settled.

San Francisco, Cal., April 7.—In the National Amateur Boxing association tournament last night under the auspices of the Olympic Athletic club all the championships went to members of the club, as follows:

105 pounds class (bantam) Jimmy Carrol.

115 pound class (featherweight) Harry Baker.

125 pound class (special) William Lequard.

135 pound class (lightweight) Lew Powell.

145 pound class (welter weight) W. D. McDonald.

158 pound class (middleweight) Henry Fiencke.

168 pound class (light heavyweight) Tad Riordan.

Heavyweight class, Walter Schulken.

FARM SEEDS

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Clover, Mammoth
Clover, White
Clover, Alsyke
Clover, Alfalfa
Rye Grass, Perennial
Rye Grass, Italian
Red Top
Orchard Grass
Rape Seed, Dwarf Essex
Vetches
Millet, Golden
Oats, Swedish
Oats, Tartar King
Wheat, Island Spring
Barley, 2-Rowed
Barley, 6-Rowed

All Selected & Tested

Last year the Finest Crops in B. C. were produced from our seed

Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.
The Front
New Westminster.
B.-K. 850

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re part of Lot 280 Group 1, New Westminster District. Whereas proof of the loss of Certificate of....Title number 2164A, issued in the name of Daniel Callaghan has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, issue a duplicate of the said Certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, B. C.
March 30, 1906.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re Lot 9, 10, and 13 of Lot 16 of Suburban Block 10, Map 200, New Westminster City.

Whereas proof of the loss of Certificate of ..... Title Number 1074 a, issued in the name of Jane Howay has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, issue a duplicate of the said Certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, B. C., April 4, 1906.

Tenders for a Licence to Cut Timber on Domonion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Timber and Mines Branch, Department of the Interior, and marked on the envelope "Tender for Timber Berth No. 471," will be received at this Department until noon on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May, 1906, for a licence to cut timber on Berth No. 471, situate in the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, commencing at the southeast corner of Section 14, Township 5. Range 27, West of the 6th Meridian; thence North 44 chains; thence West 80 chains; thence South 20 chains; thence West 20 chains; thence South 24 chains more or less to the North boundary of Section 10; thence East along the North boundary of Sections 10 and 11, 100 chains more or less, to the point of commencement, containing an area of 400 acres more or less.

The regulations under which a licence will be issued, also printed forms of tender and envelope, may be obtained at this Department or at the office of the Crown Timber Agent at New Westminster, B. C.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank in favor of the Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, for the amount of the bonus which the applicant is prepared to pay for a licence.

No tender by telegraph will be entertained.

PERLEY G. KEYES,
Secretary
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, March 20th, 1906.

Synopsis of Regulations for Disposal of Minerals on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory.

COAL—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

QUARTZ—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miners' certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1500x1500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end of the line of the lode, or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if ocated within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2½ per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

PLACER MINING—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory: Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square, entry fee $5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, not exceeding 1000 feet. Where steam power is used claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the Rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged beds or bars of the river below any low water mark, and subfor first year and $10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty same as placer mining.

Placer mining in the Yukon Territory—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1000 to 2000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days if the claim is within ten miles of the mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1000 feet in length, aand if the party consists of two, 1500 feet altogether, on the output on which no royalty shall be charged the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee $10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the ject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee can dredge to high-water mark on each alternative leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction thereof is sufficient. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds $10.000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of 20 years; also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bar or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental $100 per mile Yukon Territory to be paid to the comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of $2. A claim may be abandoned and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least $200.

A certificate that work has been not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropiated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory, are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 1920 acres for such period as he may decide, the length of which shall not exceed three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the prospector at the rate of $1 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely, 1280 acres, will be sold at the rate of $3 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Dept. Interior.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the Northwest Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres more or less.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate, or if the homesteader desires, he may, on application to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, the Commissioner of Immigration, Winnipeg or the local agent receive authority for some one to make entry for him.

The homesteader is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans.

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of the homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Six months' notice in writing should be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

Canadian Pacific Railway Company

Easter Holiday Excursion

Round trip tickets to all local points at a **fare and one-third.** Sold on April 11th to April 16th. Good to return up to April 17th.

For further particulars apply to
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THE COMFORTABLE WAY
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Daily Leave	NEW WESTMINSTER	Daily Arrive
9:20 am 4:35 pm	Blaine, Bellingham Burlington, Mt. Vernon, Everett, Seattle and Portland.	3:00 pm 6:35pm
4:35 pm	Spokane, St. Paul and all points East.	3:00 pm
9.20 am	Anacortes, Woolley, and Rockport.	3:00 pm
3:00 pm 9:35 pm	Vancouver	9:20 am 4:35 pm

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The only all rail route between all points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson and intermediate points, connecting at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co.
Connects at Rossland with the Canadian Pacific Railway for Boundary Creek points.
Connects at Meyers Falls with stage daily for Republic.
Buffet service on trains between Spokane and Nelson.
Effective Sunday, November 10, 1901.

Leave	Day Train	Arrive
9.20 a.m.	.... Spokane	7.15 p.m.
12.25 p.m.	....Rossland	4.10 p.m.
9.40 a.m.	.....Nelson	6.45 p.m.

H. A. JACKSON,
General Passenger Agent

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.
British Columbia Coast Line Service.
TIME TABLE
(Subject to change without notice.)
VICTORIA-SEATTLE ROUTE
Princess Beatrice Daily
Leaves Port Townsend 12 p. m.
Leaves Victoria 9 p.m.
Arrive Seattle 5 a.m.
Leave Seattle 9.30 a.m.
Arrive Port Towsend 12.30 noon.
Arrive Victoria 3.30 p.m.
VANCOUVER-VICTORIA ROUTE.
S. S. Princess Victoria.
Daily.
Leave Vancouver 1 p. m.
Leave Victoria 1 a. m.
VICTORIA-NEW WESTMINSTED ROUTE.
STR. CHARMER.
Leaves Victoria, 1 a. m., Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves New Westminster, 7 a. m., Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Calling at Maynean d Steveston.
VANCOUVER-NANAIMO ROUTE.
S.S. Joan leaves Nanaimo daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 7 a.m. Saturday 8 a. m.
Leaves Vancouver daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 1.30 p.m. Saturday 2.30 p. m.
WESTCOAST ROUTE.
S. S. Queen City.
Leave Victoria 11 p. m. 1st, 10th and 20th of each month for Ahousett and way points.
Leave Victoria 10th of each month for Quatsino and way points.
Leave Victoria 20th of each month for Cape Scott and way points including Quatsino.
LOWER FRASER RIVER ROUTE.
Steamer Transfer.
Leaves New Westminster every day.
Additional trip leaves New Westminster 5 a. m. Sunday.
Leaves Steveston Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7 a. m. Friday 6 a. m. Additional trip Saturday 5 p. m.
UPPER FRASER RIVER ROUTE.
Steamer Beaver.
Leave New Westminster 8 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Leave Chilliwack 7 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Satrdays, calling at landing between New Westminster and Chilliwack.
NORTHERN B. C. ROUTE.
S. S. Tees.
Leaves Vancouver at 2 p. m. 2nd and 16th of each month calling at Skidegate on first trip and Bella Coola on second trip.
Times on arrivals and departure are approximate.
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Arrive New Westminster 11.35 daily.
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Lv. New West. . 8.30; ar. Seattle 16.50.
Lv. Seattle 10; ar. New West. 18.40.
C. P. R. WESTR. JUNCTION.
Lv. New West. 10.35 and 17.35.
Ar .New West. 9.35 and 16.40.
C. P. R. MILLSIDE SPECIAL.
Lv. New Westminster 6.30 a. m.
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
Lv. N. W. 9.20 a.m.; ar. Seattle 4 p.m.
Lv. N. W. 4.35 p.m.; ar. Seattle 10 p.m.
Lv. Seattle 8.30 a.m.; ar. N. W. 3 p.m.
Lv. Seattle 4.20 p.m.; ar. N. W. 9.35 p.m.
V., W. & Y.—VANCOUVER.
Lv. N. W. 3 p.m. and 9.35 p.m.
Lv. Vancouver 8.35 a.m., and 4 p.m.
G. N. R.—PORT GUICHON.
Lv. N. W. 9.20 a.m.; ar. Guichon 2.20 p.m.
Lv. Guichon 2.40 p.m.; ar. N. W. 9.35 p.m.
Mondays only.
B. C. ELECTRIC—VANCOUVER.
Lv. New West. 5.50 a.m., 6.50, 8 and hourly until 11 p.m., with half-hourly between 12.30 and 6.30 p.m. Saturday half-hourly noon to 11 p.m. Sunday hourly 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.; with half-hourly bet. noon and 7 p.m.
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Beaver—
From N. W. Mon. Wed. Frid. 8 a.m.
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Ramona—
From N. W. Tu., Th., Sat. 8 a.m.
From Chwk. Sun., Wed., Fri., 7 a.m.
Favorite—
From N. W. daily, ex. Sun., 2.15 p.m.
From Mt. Lehman, 7 a.m.
DOWN RIVER.
Transfer—
From N. W. daily, ex. Sun., 2 p.m.
Add. trip, Monday, 5 a.m.
From Steveston, 7 a.m. (Fri. 6 a.m.)
Add. trip Saturday, 5 p.m.
VICTORIA AND ISLANDS.
City of Nanaimo—
From N. W. Sunday 7 a.m.
From Victoria Saturday 7 a.m.

Mail Service

	Close.	Received
Seattle, via Sumas	10.00 p.m.	6.45 p.m.
Sap'n & Millside...	10.00 p.m.	6.45 p.m.
Vancouver..	10.00 p.m.	9.00 a.m.
Cloverdale, Blaine, Seattle, etc.. ..	8.45 a.m.	3.30 p.m.
Van. & Cent. Park...	10.30 a.m.	2 p.m.
Victoria..	10.30 a.m.	10.00 a.m.
East Burnaby.. ..	1.15 p.m.	1.15 p.m.
Steveston, etc....	1.30 p.m.	10.30 a.m.
East, via C.P.R...	3.00 p.m.	12.00 m
Sap., Mill, Coq'm..	5.00 p.m.	12.00 m
Van. & Burnaby..	3.30 p.m.	6.00 p.m.

TAKE
The White Pass and Yukon Route
for CONRAD, CARCROSS, ATLIN, WHITE HORSE, DAWSON and FAIRBANKS. Daily trains (except Sunday) carrying passengers, mail, express and freight connect with stages at Carcross and White Horse, maintaining a through winter service.
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J. H. ROGERS, Traffic Manager,
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SPECIAL

Full line of Neckwear.
Hats all sizes in stock. See our Irish Poplin Hats in Blue and Brown at

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YOUR SPRING

Will Afford Pleasure in the wearing.

Suit

SPRING IS HERE

We have the fullest line of Spring and Summer 2 Piece Suits ever shown in the City.

We are always pleased to show goods whether you buy or not. Come in and let us get acquainted . . . . .

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Latest Styles in Furnishings for Men

Royal City Fish Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fresh and Frozen Fish

Game In Season

We deliver to all parts of the City. Telephone 40. P.O.Box 72.

Front Street,

Next Daily News. *New Westminster, B. C.*

THOS. R. PEARSON Can Arrange Terms For You.

823—One hundred and sixty acres, beautifully situated on the southern slope of the Serpentine Valley; first-class land, fronting on the Clover Valley Road; near the railroad and river; good road; land is very productive; about 60 acres in first-class condition. Good and convenient buildings. All necessary implements and stock. This is well worth investigation. **Price, $90 per acre.**

1027—An unusually good buy. One hundred and sixty acres; 60 to 75 acres under first-class cultivation; 9 acres under hops, all in good shape; 10-roomed dwelling in good condition, barn 60x100; hop kiln and baling room in good condition; the buildings on the place are worth at least $3,000. Bertand Creek runs through the property. This is a most desirable farm; from $2,500 to $3,500 per year can be taken off it. **Price, $7,500 cash.**

Carruthers Manufacturing Com'y.

Manufacturers of

Show Cases, Store Fittings and Bar Fixtures

The Carruthers Manufacturing Co.

VANCOUVER, B. C.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Beginning, February 15th, 1906

Through Tourist Sleepers

Every Day in the Year

Between Seattle and Chicago

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"The Comfortable Way" *Route of the Famous Oriental Limited*

For detailed information, rates, etc., call on or address

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Boilers and Pumps.

Before placing your orders for NEW STEAM PLANT, write for quotations. We have the LARGEST and BEST equipped BOILER PLANT in Canada : : :

"Canada" Heaters and Separators
Cochrane Patents.

"Canada" Return Tubular Boilers
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Full Stock of Pumps carried at Vancouver and Rossland : :

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Address: 527 and 529 Granville St., Vancouver, B. C.

Chatham Incubators

Now is the time ts Purchase Them

60 Egg Incubators Costs $14, 120 Egg Incubators $21, 240 Egg Incubators $29.

These terms are Cash with the Order. Terms can be arranged payable in November, 1906, on a slight advance over cash prices.

BROODERS $11.00 TO $13.00

THOS. ELLIOTT, Manager,

Box 165, New Westminster, B. C.

Write for Circuiar and Mention the Daily News.

Shingle and Saw Mill Machinery

The Schaake Machine Works, Ltd.,

New Westminster, B. C.

Advertise in The News

SPREAD OF STRIKE BOTHERS MILL MEN

Shingle Manufacturers of Washington Expect Serious Trouble With Federation of Labor.

Seattle, Wash., April 6.—A fight with shingle mill employes that will eventually spread throughout the state is expected by shingle manufacturers. The trouble at Ballard has been followed by small strikes in a dozen shingle mill centers, and eventually the effort of the American Federation of Labor to control the shingle situtation is expected to affect all the manufacturers.

Ballard, the largest shingle manufacturing town in the state, is bearing the brunt of the first fight. Shingle manufacturers had anticipated, that some of the smaller towns, farther removed from the labor market, would be attacked first. But if the struggle at Ballard is won, it will strengthen the mill employees materially.

Asiatic Labor Affected..

C. O. Young, an organizer for the American Federation of Labor, is organizing the shingle employees throughout the state. Thus far neither Mr. Young nor those working with him have presented any demands to the manufacturers, and Young's claim to the mill men has been that he is merely bringing the mill employes into the big parent organization.

Shingle manufacturers believe the work of the American Federation is in anticipation of a struggle over the Asiatic labor question. They expect peremptory demands to follow the adjustment of the big strikes in the East that are now pending. Few of the mills in this state are employing foreign labor now, but mill men understand that there will be an influx of Japanese labor for new railroad work. From two to five years later these men will have completed their work, and it is argued the American Federation is preparing to resist an attempt to keep the Asiatic labor in this country.

One Japanese Strike.

One of the strikes of mill men was caused by the employment of Asiatic labor. The Atlas Lumber Company was employing Japanese in its yards at McMurray. The white laborers struck, but their places have been filled. At Stanwood the shingle employees struck for more wages. Two strikes have occurred in Bellingham mills. The Aberdeen Lumber & Shingle Co. has two mills affected by strikes growing out of an increase in wages given packers. At Elma there is a minor strike and trouble is reported at various points.

Growing out of the Ballard strike is expected to be an advance in prices for stars. The Ballard output is about 18 per cent. of the state's total.

MYSTERIOUSLY MURDERED.

Bullets From the Dark Kill Switchman in View of Passengers.

Chicago, April 6.—In full view of the passengers on an outgoing Monon Railroad train, which was halted at the Taylor street crossing last night, Samuel Richardson, 60 years old, a switchman, was shot and killed. He was dead before the train crew and other persons who were attracted by the sound of shots could reach him.

Richardson, who has been employed for more than twenty years by the Monon Railroad Company, left his shanty near the crossing at midnight to warn possible pedestrians of the approach of the train. The train halted near the crossing and Richardson was walking up the track opposite the train, when two shots were heard. Richardson fell on the tracks. A search was made through the neighborhood but no trace of any person could be found, except Jules Rocci, an Italian employed as watchman by the Monon road. Rocci had no revolver, but he was arrested and will be held pending an investigation. No motive for the crime could be decided by the police.

Langley News Notes.

Langley, April 5.—Wm. Rothwell had a barn raising on Tuesday, at which all the neighbors were present from miles around. Even the services of the stalwart beachen, Mr. Plaxton, were requisitioned. The barn will be the finest in the neighborhood, being about 60x60, including sheds. The frame is made of squared timbers with rafters of peeled cedar poles.

Mr. James Child, who was burned out some three weks ago, has the frame up for a new home. Mr. and Mrs. Childs, who are quite advanced in years, deserve every one's sympathy in their misfortune.

Annadale schoolhouse will be the scene of an entertainment on Thursday next in aid of the organ fund of the Methodist church. Tea will be served from 6 to 8 p. m. and will be followed by an excellent programme of songs, dialogues and recitations.

D. Robertson of the Tynehead nursery, has a very large assortment of plants, comprising thousands of small fruit trees. This nursery is about seven miles from town and nearby is the school house and church. Mr. Robertson also keeps the postoffice.

GETS OUT OF ASYLUM AND STARTS TROUBLE

Mrs. Day-Woolsey Charges Husband of "Little Georgia Magnet" With Bigamy.

Tacoma , April 7.—Mrs. Lulu F. Day-Woolsey has sworn to a warrant charging her husband, Myron H. Woolsey, with recently marrying Annie Abbott, an actress, known on the stage as the "Little Georgia Magnet," while he was her lawful husband. Woolsey was arrested the first part of the week by federal authorities on the charge of violating the postal laws. Woolsey declares he was never married to Mrs. Day Woolsey. In reply to this Mrs. Day-Woolsey has submitted to Police Judge Linck a certificate showing that she and Woolsey were married in Seattle in 1904.

The Day-Woolsey case is a peculiar and aggravated one and has given the federal authorities much trouble. Several years ago Woolsey stopped for a time with a friend here by the name of Day. Not long afterward Day complained that Woolsey estranged his wife's affections and later the two were divorced. Then Woolsey and Mrs. Day were married, according to witnesses and documents she has produced in court, and lived together in Tacoma until a year ago. Woolsey then became the business manager of the "Little Georgia Magnet," and took to the road. Trouble between him and Mrs. Day-Woolsey broke out and Woolsey had her sent to the insane asylum at Steilacoom. Six weeks ago he was arrested by the federal authorities and convicted at Portland of violating the postal laws and fined $100. Then Mrs. Day-Woolsey was released by the asylum authorities as cured. This enraged Woolsey beyond measures and he wrote what the federal authorities allege is a very defamatory letter to Superintendent Van Zandt, upbraiding him for giving his wife her freedom. Superintendent Van Zandt turned the missive over to the United States marshal's office here and deputy marshals, after a long chase around a vaudeville circuit, ran Woolsey down and arrested him at Centralia. The federal authorities charge Woolsey also with marrying Mrs. Day-Woolsey within six months after she had been divorced from Day, which is contrary to the state statutes. The new charge of bigamy against Woolsey will probaly take precedence of the others.

SOMETHING TASTY

TO ENTICE THE APPETITE

Fresh Celery, 10c. per stick. Nice and crisp.

Fresh Lettuce, nice big heads. 5c. per head.

Potatoes, the best you ever saw. $1.00 per sack.

T. S. ANNANDALE OUR GROCER. | **West End Grocery** D. W. Gilchrist, Mgr.

Fire Insurance. Life Insurance.

We have been appointed agents for the Union Assurance Society of London, England, which has been carrying on fire insurance business since 1714 A. D., and which has a capital and accumulated funds of $20,000,000.

The National Life Assurance Co. of Canada, assurance record:

Dec. 31st, 1899 (5 months)	Assurance in force	$60,400.	Prem.	$22,954.60
" 1900	Assurance in force	$1,792,500.	Premiums	$ 62,605.96
" 1901	" "	2,554,904.	"	92,029.30
" 1902	" "	3,425,897.	"	126,695.21
" 1903	" "	4,086,112.	"	150,644.68
" 1904	" "	4,509,754.	"	166,384.20

MONEY TO LOAN. **McQUARRIE & CO.,** Real Estate Brokers and Contractors

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Complete line of Granite, Aluminum and Tinwares.
Estimates furnished on all Classes of Plumbing Work.

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Mutual Life Assurance Co. of Canada

Amount of Policies now in force exceeds..... $44,000,000.00
Amount of Assets, legitimate and solid, now exceeds.... $9,000,000.00

This is a company of policy-holders, by policy-holders, for policy-holders.

OUR MOTTO: The largest amount of Assurance for the Least Possible Outlay.

S. W. BODLEY, District Manager.

New Westminster, B. C. 'Phone 85.

A WORD ABOUT CORSETS

There is no reason why we should not sell Corsets as well as whitewear during these busy days. Trashy Corsets are not only a "delusion and a snare" but a source of great annoyance to the wearer.

We handle the famous old reliable

Crompton Corset.

There are none better or more satisfactory.

The White House

A. J. BIRTCH. 275 Columbia Street

Advertise in the News

IT PAYS

Electric Plants

FOR

Mills and Factories

Electric Supplies. Wires, Cords, Etc.
Incandescent and Arc Lamps.

Write us for Estimates on complete Plant.

Large Stock of Supplies and Apparatus carried at Vancouver and Rossland.

Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd.

VANCOUVER, B. C.

CHURCH SERVICES

Sunday, April 8

Holy Trintiy Cathedral—Rev. A. Shildrick rector. Morning prayer, litany and sermon, 11 a. m. Sunday school, 2:30; evening song and sermon 7 p. m.

St. Barnabas Episcopal church—Rev. C. W. Houghton, rector. Morning prayer, litany and sermon 11 a. m. Sunday school, 2:30. Evening song and sermon, 7 p. m.

Olivet Baptist Church.—There will be preaching at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. by Rev. M. L. Rugg, D. D. Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30 p. m. Y. er meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Subject of sermons: Morning, "Letters of Christ"; evening, "The Value of a Man." Young People's meeting on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

West Presbyterian Church—Rev. T. Wardlan Taylor, M. A., Ph. D., minister. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed at the morning service.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.—Rev. J. S. Henderson, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school and Bible cuass, 2:30 p. m Y. P. S. C. E. Monday, 8 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 p. m.; morning subject: "The Gospel of Doing Without." Evening subject, "Building in Faith."

Queen's Avenue Methodist—Rev. W. H. Barraclough, B. A., pastor. Regular services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The Rev. A. Carman, D. D., of Toronto, general superintendent of the Methodist church, will preach in the morning, and the pastor in the evening. Sunday school and bible class at 2:30 p. m.

The New Gospel Hall, corner Sixth avenue and Ninth street—11 a. m. Breaking of Bread; 3 p. m. Sunday school and bible reading; 7 p. m., Gospel meeting. A hearty invitation to all.

West End Methodist church—Rev. A. J. Brace pastor. The morning service will be withdrawn to give the congregation an opportunity of hearing the Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist church of Canada in the Queen's Avenue Methodist church. Evening sermon: "The Responsibility of the Church."

CROWS HELP FOX HUNTERS

They Follow the Alert Birds When Reynard Is Roaming.

For some reason crows have seated and mortal antipathy to foxes. As crows build their nests in trees, where no fox can climb, and as an adult crow can escape from any fox by flying, we cannot understand why all crows seek to harass and destroy every fox they see. But we know this to be a fact, as we have watched the performances of crows when foxes were near many times.

We have seen crows watch for running foxes on such occasions for hours at a time, and as soon as a fox emerged from the thick woods and let a crow get a glimpse of its body every bird would hover over the running beast and peck at it and scold it and show marked evidence of a bitter hatred. Several fox hunters whom we know make a practice of following the alert crows when the foxes are roaming across back lots, claiming that the birds are fully as reliable as hounds and less trouble to maintain.—Bangor News.

The Tramp.

The curse of the man who will not work has always been with us. In Henry VIII.'s reign he was not allowed to beg the bread that belonged to honest folk, for a statute was made by which the old and impotent were granted licenses to beg, and any one found begging without one was soundly flogged and sent home to his own parish. In this way as many as a hundred in one day in Elizabeth's time were sent "back to the land." The begging license seems to work well enough abroad, where the row of authorized beggars is a familiar sight outside every church and where the halt and maimed are seldom seen anywhere else. The rise of the vagrant in England no doubt took place after the destruction of the monasteries and before any other relief giving body took their place.—London Chronicle.

No Harm Done.

The customer at the five cent lunch counter, with some exertion, had dug a spoonful from the contents of the side dish.

"Waiter," he said, "this tastes different somehow from the mashed potatoes I usually get here."

"It is different," said the waiter, inspecting it. "It's the chunk of putty for a broken window pane that the old man has been making a fuss about for the last ten minutes. He'll be glad to get it back. Thanks."—Chicago Tribune.

The Origin of a Familiar Saying.

When Aurelius Paulus, the Roman consul, desired a divorce from his wife some friends reasoning with him asked: "Is she not beautiful and virtuous and of noble family and great wealth? What fault, then, can you find with her?"

And the consul stooped down, unfastened his shoe and, showing it to them, answered: "Is it not of fine material? Is it not well made? Does it not appear to fit excellently? Yet none of you knows where it pinches me."

MEN WHO WILL WORK ARE NOW IN DEMAND

Labor Supply Is Scarce in New Westminster and Other B. C. Cities.

At no time in the history of New Westminster has the demand for labor been so great, and the supply so small. The city can use forty workmen immediately, but are unable to obtain scarcely any. Conditions are the same at the mills, and along the waterfront, and everywhere the cry may be heard for "labor," but apparently without effect.

Heretofore the city has been able to obtain workmen from the ranks of ranch and farm laborers, and fishermen, but the reverse is the case this season. The farmers are busily engaged in clearing land, and otherwise preparing for the season's work, and the spring run of salmon has been so satisfactory that it is impossible to obtain labor from the ranks of the fishermen. Higher wages are offered in the city than ever before, but apparently the workmen are the sought after, and not the seekers, as has frequently been the case in the past.

Chinese Scarce.

Even the Hindoos have deserted the city in search of higher wages in the various railroad camps throughout the interior, and Chinese labor is out of the question, even in the mills. It is with the greatest difficulty that the mills are able to obtain labor, and it is with still greater difficulty that they are able to hold the men after they are obtained.

The labor famine is truly an appalling one, to the larger employers, as every available man, good bad and indifferent, is being snatched up as fast as he appears on the scene, and yet the cry of "Labor, more labor" continues, without avail.

Same Thing Everywhere.

Men are wanted on the waterfront, the boats, the ranches, surveys, and in the mills, to say nothing of the number of workmen required for city work. Apparently the same conditions exist in Vancouver, and other places, and employers being forbidden under the Alien law to import men from the other side of the line, the question arises concerning the employer, "What can be done?" Even the cheapest and poorest kind of laborers are not to be found, and as for high-class workmen, they are gems of great price, practicably unobtainable.

With conditions as they are so early in the season, the prospect for the employer in mid-summer is truly a cheerless one, unless an unexpected supply of men drifts into the city from some source at present unknown to the "man hunters."

Look South and East.

A few Canadians, who are at present across the line, are expected to arrive here shortly, they having tired of the life beneath the Stars and Stripes, and with the advent of these men, the situation will be somewhat relieved, although even then the outlook will not be altogether as bright as the employers would wish.

Later in the season it is thought that men will arrive from the East, and with this thought in view the employers are endeavoring to console themselves, and await developments in the labor problem with the best grace possible under the circumstances.

Extraditable Offences.

London, April 7.—The Lord Chancellor, Sir Robert Threshie Reid, introduced a bill in the house of lords today making bribery and bankruptcy extraditable offences in accordance with the Anglo-American convention.

PHONE 88

and get particulars

ABOUT THOSE BUYS ON COLUMBIA ST., EAST

Fine corner with stone wall; fine view; 6 roomed house. This is a property that will grow into money quickly. Rents for $15.00 per month.

$500.00

Cash deposite secures this.

$350.00

cash down secures new house on Columbia Street near approach to the bridge.

Enquire at Once.

F. J. Hart & Co., Ltd.

Now is the Season to Buy ....Your....

Lawn Mower

By getting one now you will have the full season's use of it. Our stock includes the

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ANDERSON & LUSBY

WEST END SNAPS.

3 fine Lots for Residence site, in St. Andrew's Square
For $500

3 Lots, well situated on Tenth St. with orchard in full bearing,
$600

2 Corner Lots, 4th Avenue and 11th Street.
$275 and $300

1 1-3 Lots on Eighth street, facing Moody Square.
Only $225

Several more almost as tempting on our list. Call and inspect,

Malins, Coulthard & Co.

Financial, Insurance & Real Estate Agents. Tel. 106. Columbia St.

Is This What You Want?

3 Lots all cleared; Chicken House and run; 6 roomed dwelling, with bathroom, pantry and washroom. On car line.

$1250.00

A. E. WHITE, 260 Columbia St.

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10 acres of rich black loam soil, first class for fruits and vegetables. All under cultivation.
Prics $500. Terms.

25 acres, good land, all under cultivation.
Price $50 an acre

50 acres of No. 1 level land. 40 acres ready for the plough, balance small hardack. Close to school, church, P. O., store and R. R. depot, all at **$2.500.**

How is this for a snap? 15 acres rich black loam land, three acres cleared and cultivated. Fruit trees and strawberries, four roomed house, large barn. All for only **$550, very easy terms**

We have the choicest selection of farming land to be had, and cordially invite your inspection of some of these properties.

Note our address.

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NEW WESTMINSTER

EASTER HATS.

We don't care where the next best millinery is—we have the best. In nothing is a woman's taste so distinctly arbitrary, and in nothing have we been so thoroughly successful,

Our showing of fine millinery this season discounts everything in the past and the more you make comparison the more you will appreciate our values now.

We're making a special feature of *Trimmed Hats* to sell at popular prices, with new styles coming all the time.

JUST OPENED UP.

Just passed through customs, a large shipment of Spring Hats now open and on display. The ready to wear styles of this lot are sure to appeal to those in search of the newest hats.

W. S. COLLISTER & CO.

It's About Now

It's just about now that nearly every Man has the Spring Suit question on his mind.

Many will come to us without any urging on our part.

Sometimes an old Customer drops out; perhaps tries a high-priced Tailor but he comes back again and tells us frankly that he likes our Clothing—likes the fit—the style—the fabric—the workmanship and our prices.

We have built up our reputation for selling the best of Clothes by handling only the best productions of the

World's Best Clothing Makers

Clothing we can back with our strongest guarantee of 'Money back, if anything goes wrong."

Come, see our handsome Spring Suits and learn how much Suit goodness you can get here for $10, $12, $15, $18, to $20.

H. L. DeBECK, THE CASH CLOTHIER

MAKING PROGRESS

On modern lines even in backward old China. We have heard that the Racycle Bicycle has been seen on the streets of Shanghai. We handle the Racycle and Perfect Bicycles, the two best bicycles made in Canada or the United States, Whatever wheel you buy here it is value for your money, We also do all kinds of bicycle and other repairing. Bring your lawn mower to get sharpened and put in shape. Don't mistake the place.

Alex. Speck,

Speck Block. Sign---Man on Wheel.

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PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS for PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS

Prescriptions a Specialty.

Ellard Block,

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Watchmaker and Manufactvring Jeweler.

Acquired a through knowledge of the business in England with 10 years experience. Later was 7 years manager of the watch repairing department of Savage, Lyman & Co., Montreal, Henry Birk's business manager part of the time.

English, Swiss, American and all complicated watches cleaned, repaired, made like new and adjusted.

Charges Reasonable.

Two Doors from Geo. Adams Grocery

FASHION STABLES

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Latest Styles in Rubber Tired Hacks and Rigs.

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Manufacturer of

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Inter-urban Line.

Cars for Vancouver and way stations at 5.50 and 6.50 a.m., and every hour thereafter between 8 a.m. and 11 p.m.

Half-hour cars from 12m. to 7 p.m.

Cars leave Vancouver for Westminster at same hours.

Last car Saturday at 11 p.m.

City Limits Line—Service from 6.30 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.

20 Minute Service—No transfer. Between 12 and 2 and 5 and 7.

30 Minute Service during remainder of day. Transfer at Leopold Place.

Sunday Service half-hourly between 8 a. m. and 10 p. m.

City and Sapperton.

Sapperton Line—15 Minute Service, except between 12 and 2, and 5 and 7, during which hours the service will be half-hourly.

Sunday Service half-hourly between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

British Columbia Electric Ry. Co., Ltd.