Some More Figures.
New Westminster has 19 miles of cement sidewalks, 73 miles of plank sidewalks, 44 miles of sewer, and 65 miles of water mains.

The NEW WESTMINSTER News

The Weather Today.
New Westminster and lower mainland: Light to moderate winds, chiefly cloudy with rain or snow. Not much change in temperature.

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ALLIES AND TURKS BUSY PREPARING FOR WAR

Delegates to Peace Conference Packing up and Saying Good-bye to London—Both Sides Say Opponents Are Bluffing—Allies Say Adrianople Must Fall Before They Will Discuss Terms of Peace.

London, Jan. 31—The Balkan allies and the Turks are making active preparations to resume hostilities in southeastern Europe.

The delegates of the allies to the peace conference here are saying farewell and packing their baggage preparatory to departing from London. A news agency dispatch received here today from Constantinople reported that the Turkish delegates had been ordered home, but the command has not been received. The good offices of the powers to avert a further resort to arms apparently have failed thus far.

Even at this late hour each side to the dispute is accusing the other of bluffing. The Turks declare that in their note to the powers Thursday the allies were given greater concessions as a basis for resuming the peace negotiations than they had expected would be made them at the commencement of the peace negotiations. The allies virtually admit this, but say the terms which would have been acceptable even a fortnight ago cannot be entertained now and that the Turkish game obviously is to lead them by the nose for months, counting on their possible exhaustion and hoping that complications will arise to favor Turkey.

Dr. Daneff, head of the Bulgarian delegation, said today that the feelings of the Balkan populations must be considered. Excitement among them, he declared, had reached the highest degree against their "fraudulent treatment by a handful of Young Turk conspirators" who had attempted to play with the decision of Europe and the honor, prestige and lives of the Balkan peoples.

A comparison between the Vatican and the Musselman's holy shrines in Adrianople, Dr. Daneff said, was inadmissible. The Italians, he said, made concessions to the Papacy after they had taken possession of Rome. In addition, Dr. Daneff said, the Vatican was the residence of the Pope and contained the tombs of apostles and former popes, while Adrianople, with the exception of its mosques had nothing absolutely vital to the Musselman people. Dr. Daneff repeated that nothing could stop a reopening of the war except the unconditional surrender of Adrianople and the Aegean Islands.

The Servian delegates bade farewell today to Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign minister. Stojan Novakovitch, head of the delegation, told Sir Edward that he considered a renewal of the war inevitable, as the Bulgarians would not be satisfied with anything short of the surrender of Adrianople. M. Novakovitch said to the Associated Press that he did not believe interference with the allies was possible.

"This time," he added, "the preliminaries to peace together with a new armistice will be signed after the fall of Adrianople, and on a drumhead on the battlefield. The conditions of peace will comprise not only a new Thracean frontier line, but the contemporaneous surrender of Scutari and Janina to Montenegro and Greece and also a war indemnity.

"I do not believe that I shall return to London for the drafting and signing of a definite treaty, which can be done more easily at Sofia or Constantinople. However, each of the Balkan delegations is leaving one of its members here to keep in touch with the ambassadorial conference and to give the ambassadors any necessary explanations regarding questions under discussion by them."

M. Venizeles, the Greek premier, in bidding farewell to friends today said he hoped soon to return to London for a definite conclusion of peace as the second period of the war would be very short.

M. Miyuakovitch, head of the Montenegrin delegation, went to Paris today but will return to London tomorrow and leave there direct for Cettinje next Wednesday.

The exchange of communications between the representatives of the powers was active today, but thus far it seems that no practical way has been found to avert a resumption of hostilities. The British government will be greatly disappointed if the conference results in a failure, especially after the optimistic statements uttered on several occasions by Premier Asquith.

Times is Hopeful.

London, Feb. 1.—The London morning papers appear hopeful that some means still will be found to avert a resumption of the war.

The Times publishes a despatch from Sofia which declares that the Turkish concessions have made a much more favorable impression there than on the Bulgarian delegates in London and thinks this favorable impression may be strengthened when it is found that it is generally shared in Europe. The Times therefore considers there still is a faint hope that peace will be preserved. It says that should the Young Turks decide to go a step further to meet the allies it is likely enough that the allies would respond.

In any event, says the Times, it is hoped if the fighting is resumed that it will be confined practically to a bombardment of Adrianople and that the fall of that city will bring about the conclusion of peace. The paper adds that it is believed Germany strongly disapproves of any monetary help being given either side.

The severe winter weather makes conditions most wretched for a resumption of the war, says the Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Mail.

WESTMINSTER WILL HAVE NO TROUBLE IN SECURING FORE SHORE RIGHTS

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—In the House of Commons, in committee today, on Mr. J. D. Taylor's bill to incorporate the New Westminster harbor measures, the promoter of the bill pointed out that it is planned to transfer the control and management of the harbor council to the new board. He said that it was planned to spend large sums of money on the harbor to make it capable of accommodating not only the traffic of today, but what the future years will bring as well.

Several members raised the question of the shore rights and on this the minister of marine, Hon. J. D. Hazen, made a statement. He said that the law concerning foreshores is that in those harbors that were public harbors at confederation the foreshore rights are vested in the crown through the governor general, but in those harbors created since confederation the foreshore rights are vested in the crown through the provinces. It was not clear, however, as to what might be regarded as a public harbor at confederation, whether one which was then used by ships or one that was then capable of being used by ships, if improved.

Clearly a Public Harbor.

As to New Westminster, it was clearly a public harbor at confederation and its foreshore rights were vested in the crown as represented by parliament. Under the common law those who have foreshore rights are those who have the riparian rights. He said that the custom is to grant foreshore rights only on joint report and recommendation of the minister of marine and the minister of public works.

The practice had been, in the case of municipalities, to give the foreshore rights at a nominal figure, but where they were sought by private parties to rent them and for the government in council to fix the rental. Each case was considered on its own merits and the practice that was being pursued at present was not to give quit-claims, but, instead, leases of 21 years with two possible renewals of 21 years each, but the rentals could be re-arranged on the occasion of renewals and if there was dispute the exchequer court settled it, he said that there were many applications before the department for foreshore rights, many of these rights having greatly enhanced in value during the years. The department was endeavoring to have them all dealt with as quickly as possible.

DISCUSS METHODS FOR KEEPING BOY ON FARM

Dairymen's Convention Comes to a Close—Members More Than Satisfied, Most Successful Session Ever Held Is Unanimous Opinion—Deeply Grateful to American Visitors—Importance of Pure Milk Emphasized.

At the second session of the Dairymen's Association yesterday, besides the valuable addresses given by the various lecturers on specific dairy matters, great stress was laid upon the importance of breeding good stock and thereby securing record yields of milk as inducements for boys to remain on the farm.

Time after time the speakers referred to this as a solution of a question which has often agitated economists as well as parents.

The presentation of the cups and medals won by members of the association by Dr. Rutherford and Dr. Tolmie was also an interesting feature of the day's meeting.

Mr. F. J. Bishop, president, occupied the chair and there was a large attendance present to listen to an admirable address upon the management of the dairy cow by Mr. van Pelt. The speaker treated his subject in an easy and intelligible style which, besides displaying his thorough knowledge of the animal, inspired his audience with something of his own enthusiasm, so much so indeed that the chairman declared he was ready to sacrifice his dinner to listen to more.

Mr. van Pelt specially impressed upon all the members of the association the importance of interesting their boys and girls in the occupation of the farm, and by advanced methods of breeding good stock and feeding for better results eliminate much of the drudgery.

Proper Feeding.

The speaker dwelt at great length upon the necessity of proper feeding, and gave an instance of his first experiment which had resulted in an increase of milk from 25 pounds to 60 4-10 pounds from a 750 pound cow. Proper housing and shelter from cold rains, heat and flies were other vital points he emphasized.

A number of questions were put to Mr. van Pelt on the subject of mixing and varying the food and answered satisfactorily.

Mr. Macdonald, the secretary, made a few observations in which he said that at first he feared he might be blamed for introducing so many gentlemen from the other side of the line, but from the enthusiastic reception given to them all and the manifest appreciation of the members present he was satisfied they were all as pleased as he was. (Applause.)

Mr. J. W. Berry took up the subject of compensation for cattle slaughtered for tuberculosis, and moved that the association go on record as favoring the following scale of compensation: Maximum for grade animals $100, and for pure breds $150, the government to pay two-thirds.

Mr. Berry was told that the Live Stockbreeders' Association had passed a resolution fixing the recompense at $150 for grades and $300 for pure breds.

In giving compensation the government was not giving them any more than they were entitled to, declared Mr. Berry. At the same time if he had a sick animal it was up to him to get rid of it. If it died they would get no compensation. He thought the stockbreeders were asking too much and that if they asked for the lower rate they would get it.

The motion was carried by a large majority.

Express Regret.

On the motion of Mr. W. R. McLeod it was resolved that the association, in session assembled at New Westminster, regret very much to learn of the unfortunate illness of the Hon. Price Ellison, minister of agriculture, and wish to express their deep sympathy with him and his family and join his host of friends in hoping for a speedy return to his usual good health.

The association then adjourned to the front of the court house where they were all photographed together.

The afternoon session began with an address by the secretary, Mr. W. T. Macdonald, on "Community Breeding." He said if they were going to accomplish anything they must co-operate. He referred eulogistically to Mr. Scribner's work in Wisconsin along these lines where it had proved a great success.

This co-operation was more valuable to agriculture than to other industries, declared the speaker. Farmers were too independent in this respect and prone too much to individual enterprise. They heard that farmers could not co-operate and this was founded upon the fact that many of these projects had failed. On the other hand he showed that it had been successful in European countries as well as in Wisconsin. Community breeding did not mean a definite organization, but a common purpose.

Stick to One Breed.

Mr. Macdonald advised his hearers to study utility rather than beauty. If they could not get both. While one breed is the ideal, was the ideal situation it was not absolutely essential. Farmers generally thought they might come to it successfully for three breeds. He instanced Pendor island where they changed their conditions to Jersey cattle on identifying the disappointment of other breeds where Jersey breeders would be induced to go for stock.

Mr. Macdonald then gave a humorous anecdote of his first deal over a horse which caused him to give up his ambition to be a store clerk and stick to the farm. His reference to the place of his nativity, Bruce county, raised great amusement, as that county seems to be a source of infinite merriment to Eastern Canadians.

Dr. Rutherford and Dr. Tolmie then presented the cups and medals won by members of the association, the former giving those in the dairy farm competition and the latter those in the Canadian record of performances. The names of the winners were published in the News yesterday.

Dr. Tolmie explained what the record of performance competition meant. Certain standards were set for the production of milk and butter in certain breeds. The record must cover 365 days and the cow drop a calf within that period. It was a great advantage for buyers to know the quantity and quality records of the animals they were buying, and they could find that out from the record of performances. It would also eliminate in time low testing cows.

They had also, explained the doctor, short tests from seventy to thirty days but these could not compare with

(Continued on Page Four.)

NEW MINISTER ARRIVES IN CITY

Rev. Arthur S. Lewis Takes up His Duties Tomorrow.

Succeeds Rev. A. F. Baker as Pastor of Olivet Baptist Church—Family Accompanies Him.

Rev. Arthur S. Lewis, the successor to Rev. A. F. Baker as pastor of the Olivet Baptist church, arrived in the city yesterday from his recent home in Yarmouth, N.S., and will assume his new duties on Sunday.

According to those who have heard him preach Mr. Lewis is a man of exceptional ability and New Westminster may be congratulated on securing his services. He is a native of Nova Scotia and was educated in Acadia University from which he graduated in 1901 and of the Newton Theological Institution, Massachusetts.

Mr. Lewis was ordained in 1901 and has held pastorates in Massachusetts and his home province, his latest charge being that of the Zion Baptist church, Yarmouth. He succeeds in New Westminster the Rev. A. F. Baker, who now occupies the pulpit of the Mount Pleasant Baptist church, Vancouver.

Interviewed yesterday Mr. Lewis declared that he was delighted with the country. "The progressive and optimistic spirit of the west has made a strong appeal to me," he remarked.

The pastor and Mrs. Lewis and family who accompanied him here are guests at the home of Mr. Thomas Corbett on First street.

WILL START WORK ON BRIDGE SOON

Structure Over the Pitt River Will Be Commenced This Year According to Minister.

In a statement given out yesterday by the Hon. Thomas Taylor, minister of public works, actual work on the bridge across the Pitt river will be started this year. This will only be on the superstructure, however, and it will be two years before the bridge itself is completed. This will not hinder the building of 20 miles of tracks for the Burrard, Westminster, Boundary Railway & Navigation company, between Stave Lake and the Pitt river connecting with a similar portion running out of Vancouver towards Mission.

Mr. William McNeill, general manager of the Western Canada Power Company, has been in Victoria during the past few days in connection with the Dewdney trunk road over or alongside which the proposed railway will run. Mr. McNeill also took up with the government the question of the Pitt river bridge, which brought out the above statement from the minister of public works.

Mr. McNeill stated in an interview in Victoria that the Stave lake plant was now selling 25,000 electric horse power in Vancouver and New Westminster, although the present capacity of the plant was only 30,000. Next year, however, they would have 50,000 horse power in harness.

Mr. McNeill left for Prince Rupert last evening where the company has he will go to New York to confer with financial firms connected with the power company.

On his return in the early spring it is expected that the general manager of the company will have important announcements to make regarding the policy of the company on the lower mainland.

TELEPHONE CO. WILL USE NEW CABLE TODAY.

The transfer from the old to the new telephone cable across the Fraser bridge will take place this morning at 10:30 o'clock. The new line has been installed above the bridge while the old one, which has given a great deal of trouble of late, is submerged in the waters of the Fraser.

The new line will serve practically the entire Fraser river district and will make connection with Seattle and other towns in Washington.

FILE PLANS FOR PART OF WORK

Start Construction at Once on Heaps Engineering Works.

Plans have been filed at the building inspector's office for part of the Heap's Engineering Works buildings to be erected on the site recently leased from the city on Lulu Island. The blue prints provide for a warehouse, machine shop, foundry, pattern shop, offices, boiler house, blacksmith shop, fuel house and siding.

The cost of the buildings has been placed at $25,000, but this does not include the machinery and equipment. The permit for the structures will probably be issued by the building inspector next week after the plans have been duly inspected.

The various buildings will be erected on the latest and most approved style and will be equipped with the most modern machinery for the expeditious handling of material. The warehouse will be rectangular in shape, the dimensions being 200x112 and 140x131 feet. The machine shop will measure 300x80 feet, the foundry 200x80, the pattern shop 94x99, offices 47x41, boiler house 59x23, blacksmith shop 39x60 and fuel house 29x29. The buildings will average about 45 feet in height.

As the Heap's company are supplied with their own saw mills and pile driver the work in its entirety will be done by themselves on the day labor system. Actual construction operations would have been started some time ago had the weather conditions been favorable. The company's pile driver is at present stationed at Ruskin unable to get down on account of the ice on the river, but a tug will be despatched for it Monday.

A notable feature of the new works will be the fact that the various buildings will be connected by heavy overhead cranes on rails which will be used in transporting machinery from one department to another. A B. C. Electric siding will run through the plant.

GREAT BRITAIN TO FINANCE THEIR STARS

Plan to Raise Big Sum for the Next Olympiad—$155,000 Mentioned.

London, Jan. 31.—With a view to enabling Great Britain to make a better showing in the Olympic games to be held in Berlin in 1916 than they did at Stockholm last year, it is announced that the Amateur Athletic Association has arranged a financial plan to assist the English athletes systematically to train for that event.

Shortly after the conclusion of the Olympic games last year Lord Desborough, presiding at a meeting of the athletic advisory club held to consider the poor showing of Great Britain's athletes, proposed that a fund of $35,000 should be raised in each of the next three years and $50,000 in 1916 to be used in preparing Englishmen to compete at Berlin.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle suggested that $125,000 be raised by public appeal.

NO RUGGER GAME THIS AFTERNOON

Owing to the thaw not yet being sufficient to take away the snow from off Queen's Park oval, the rugby game scheduled for this afternoon between the Westminsters and the Vancouver Firemen has been postponed.

A meeting of the league delegates will be held on Tuesday evening when a draw will be made for the Tisdall trophy. It is understood that the Royals will have to meet either the Highlanders, the Y. M. C. A. or the Native Sons in the first round of the knockout competition.

LLOYD GEORGE HAS NEW SCHEME

Investigate Conditions of Labor in the Rural Districts.

When Conditions Are Known Empire Will Be Shocked, Says the Chancellor.

London, Jan. 31.—"The foremost task of Liberalism in the near future is the regeneration of rural life—the emancipation of of the land of this country from the paralyzing grip of a rusty, effete and unprofitable system."

David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, made this momentous declaration tonight at the annual meeting of the National Liberal club. The land question has been one of Mr. Lloyd George's hobbies and the Conservatives have accused him of being ambitious to introduce the Henry George system of taxation in Great Britain. Recently they have been asserting that the cabinet had sidetracked his scheme, but tonight's address by the chancellor indicates that the government soon will grapple with perhaps the greatest problem in its extensive program of social reform.

The unofficial commission Mr. Lloyd George selected to investigate the relations between landlords and tenants has been attacked bitterly by the Conservative party, which is the party of the country squires, because its probings were in secret. Mr. Lloyd George said in his speech tonight that the results achieved by the commission had been startling. Speaking of the agricultural laborers, the chancellor said:

"When these reports are published they will prove conclusively that there are hundreds of thousands, if not millions of men, women and children living under conditions with regard to wages, housing and the rest of labor conditions, which ought to make this great empire hang its head in shame. They will prove by unchallengeable facts that this rich country does not provide decent homes for the laborers engaged in an occupation which is vital to our very existence."

Mr. Lloyd George also denounced what he called the land monopoly of towns.

INDIAN CONVICT DIES IN THE "PEN"

Johnny Peter, Was Serving Life Term—Efforts Were Being Made to Secure His Release.

While the warden was endeavoring to arrange for his return to spend his few remaining days at home, Johnny Peter, an Indian "trusty" convict, sent up for life a good many years ago, on a manslaughter charge, died at the penitentiary yesterday from tuberculosis.

The warden was unable to tell how long Johnny Peter had been a convict but it is understood that he was in prison about 20 years. He was a fairly familiar sight to some Westminster people as, being a trusty, he was allowed to go about with more freedom than the other prisoners.

Peter became sick with tuberculosis some time ago and the warden observing that he was in pretty bad condition had been negotiating to secure his release in order that he might spend the balance of his life at home on Vancouver Island.

Johnny was a very decent prisoner and worked hard all the time. He was trustworthy, civil and quiet and gave no trouble. His death is greatly regretted by the warden and officials at the prison.

Smith Pays Penalty.

Convict Joseph Smith was hanged at 8:30 a.m. yesterday morning for the murder of Guard Jowsey at Oakalla last. He showed [illegible] fear. The execution [illegible] first that has taken place within the precincts of the penitentiary [illegible] the twenty-third that has taken place in the city since 1881.

WEATHER RETARDS GROWTH OF CITY

General Falling Off in Receipts at Civic and Government Offices for Month of January.

Civic departmental and government office statistics, indicative of conditions generally, marked time with the weather during January. With the exception of the post office stamps and money order sales and the receipts of the city treasurer's department the figures generally show a decrease from the corresponding month of last year.

The unusual weather conditions during the month is the main reason for this condition of affairs. Building operations were practically impossible and as a result the building permits for the month were away below those of January, 1912. Timber cutting operations were brought to a standstill on account of the snow and as a result the timber office receipts fell behind accordingly.

Contrary to the general trend of things the receipts of the city treasury as a whole showed a good advance, a 25 per cent. increase being shown in the water receipts and 24 per cent. in the light.

Bank clearings for the week ending yesterday totalled $295,309, and for the month $2,544,640. These are the first monthly clearings issued since the establishment of the New Westminster clearing house and therefore no comparisons can be made.

The building permits for the month were $33,725 as compared with $111,288 for the corresponding period of last year.

According to the building inspector the indications for February are very good, three large permits pending for this coming week alone.

Some Figures.

The receipts of the city treasurer's office were:

	Jan. 1912.	Jan. 1913.
Water	$9,360.00	$11,562.34
Light	9,972.40	12,395.88
Building permits	122.70	43.33
Police department	285.20	521.75
Plumbing inspect'r		22.25
Garbage collect's		378.55

The receipts from stamp sales at the post office during January were $3691.70, as compared with $3506.20 for the corresponding period last year. The money order department showed increased sales. The total value of orders issued were $2388, as against $2040 for the same month last year. The commissions from money order sales were $304.88 as against $228.37.

The receipts of the crown timber office for the month were $[illegible], showing a decline from the total of $3040.13 for the corresponding month last year.

The crown lands office revenue also dropped behind somewhat for January also on account of the weather. The receipts from Dominion lands for January were $173.75 as against [illegible] $266.80 for the same period in 1912. The mining land revenue was $[illegible] as against $1449 for the month previous last year.

The vital statistics show that [illegible] births occurred during the month, [illegible] compared with [illegible] last year. Seventy-seven births were recorded as against [illegible] last year, and [illegible] marriages as against [illegible] the corresponding month in 1912.

R. A. & I. DIRECTORS APPOINT COMMITTEES

City Members Meet and Divide Up Work to Be Done to Ensure Success of 1913 Exhibition.

The city directors of the Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society met yesterday afternoon for the purpose of appointing the various committees which will preside over the destinies of the provincial exhibition, New Westminster, for 1913. The selection was as follows:

Executive committee—C. A. Welsh, president; Nels Nelson, vice-president; G. D. Brymner, honorary treasurer; D. E. MacKenzie, manager; his worship Mayor A. W. Gray; Aldermen A. E. Kellington, F. J. Lynch, W. Dodd and J. B. Jardine; John A. Lee, L. A. Lewis, T. J. Armstrong, W. R. Gilley, F. H. Cunningham, L. Williams, Dr. J. G. McKay, Dr. F. P. Smith, Rev. J. S. Henderson and S. H. Shannon.

Finance committee—His worship Mayor Gray, C. A. Welsh, president; G. D. Brymner, honorary treasurer; John A. Lee, L. A. Lewis and Dr. J. G. McKay.

Special feature committee—T. J. Armstrong, Alderman A. E. Kellington and W. A. Gilley.

Horse show committee—F. H. Cunningham, Dr. C. E. Doherty, Alderman A. E. Kellington, L. W. Williams and Reeve D. C. McGregor.

Children's day committee—His worship Mayor Gray, E. R. McMillan and F. O. Canfield.

Children's day auto parade and carnival committee—C. E. Bourne and Ed. Savage.

Music committee—Alderman A. E. White, chairman.

Decoration committee—Alderman J. B. Jardine, chairman.

Lacrosse committee — Dr. F. P. Smith, chairman.

Grounds committee—J. G. Brymner, chairman.

Reception committee—President C. A. Welsh, chairman.

THE BANK CLEARINGS FOR MONTH OF JANUARY

Toronto, Jan. 31.—The Canadian bank clearings for the month of January, with the comparative month of last year are as follows:

City	1913	1912
Montreal	$247,932,102	$207,216,549
Toronto	196,761,436	175,019,986
Winnipeg	134,993,452	110,993,506
Vancouver	52,481,327	48,371,226
Calgary	20,680,990	18,599,428
Ottawa	19,292,073	22,028,048
Edmonton	18,394,721	14,238,480
Victoria	15,987,507	11,908,519
Hamilton	15,936,304	12,670,922
Quebec	13,576,592	11,631,964
Regina	11,691,180	7,860,842
Saskatoon	9,096,067	8,011,043
Halifax	9,322,578	8,747,845
St. John	8,383,391	6,918,209
London	8,387,037	6,904,516
Moose Jaw	5,996,706	3,979,906
Ft. William	3,609,351	2,425,250
Lethbridge	2,469,794	2,669,025
Brandon	3,025,814	2,498,257
Brantford	2,891,098	2,178,805
Westminster	2,544,640	.....
Totals	$801,819,510	$684,955,507

LONE BANDIT ROBS EXPRESS CAR IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Jan. 31.—A bandit, disguised by a handkerchief tied over the ower part of his face, robbed the safe of an express car here tonight and escaped with a bag of currency, thought to contain several thousand dollars. The car was attached to a local special express train of the Pennsylvania railroad.

The bandit compelled the express messenger to open the safe at the point of a revolver. The conductor of the train seized the thief as he was about to jump from the car, but the man felled him with a blow of his fist. The conductor fired two shots at the robber but he apparently was unhurt.

The robbed train is known as the "stockyards special." It is used to carry money and valuable express matter between the Union stockyards and the downtown district.

The NEW WESTMINSTER News

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TO CORRESPONDENTS—No letters will be published in The News except over the writer's signature. The editor reserves the right to refuse the publication of any letter.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1913.

YELLOW OR WHITE?

The intimation from Ottawa that the Immigration department intends to obtain photographs and other data relating to every individual Chinaman in Canada, may indicate that the Chinese Commission held two years ago in Vancouver has had some effect in bestirring the authorities to take action.

We are told that there are no less than 50,000 Chinese in the Dominion. In this province alone there were 15,000 two years ago, and even that private enumeration did not take into consideration numbers of the yellow men who were scattered over the province in various transient occupations such as working upon the railways. It is fairly safe to hazard a guess that there are by now quite 20,000 in British Columbia.

We believe in a white British Columbia, but we recognize that that ideal has its limitations. If we cannot be rid of the Asiatic peoples within our gates, by all means let us control them, although the very act of so controlling them is contrary to that spirit of democracy of which we hear so much.

If now it has been found expedient to have every Chinaman properly registered, so it may be presumed, it is necessary to have every Japanese and native of India, also properly accounted for. As a people the Chinese are quite the equals, and by many are considered the superiors, of their fellow Asiatics.

We recognize that the Asiatic question in Canada, and especially in this province is of a most complicated nature, that it has a bearing upon Imperial relations with foreign powers, but, until the man and the hour arrive—if ever we are to be rid of our yellow incubus—we would prefer to see the Dominion government institute a department which would have complete control over the Asiatics now domiciled in Canada.

Its officers should be men who have first hand knowledge of the people they would supervise. There would then be less of the gambling raid laurels to be handed out to the police forces, less of the lying and crime that marks the path of the fractious Sikh or Japanese.

What British Columbia needs is absolute exclusion of any additional oriental immigration, be it British born, British allied, or not. This in addition to proper supervision or repatriation of those Orientals now in the province. The day may be as far off as the millenium, but we do not think so.

THE DECLINE OF ISLAM.

Islam has been crushed in Europe and in Africa. The great Mahometan movement that threatened to engulf the world in the middle ages was headed off at the battle of Chalons in France by Charles Martel before the Norman Conquest, but Mahometanism and the Moors were not driven out of Spain until a few years before Columbus' voyage.

At the same time as Islam was being driven out of Spain, 1470, the Turks captured Constantinople and have held it ever since. More than this, they pressed upon the Austrians and reached Vienna, where once more Christendom triumphed under John Sobieski, the Pole, in 1663.

Mahometanism in 1470 covered the African shore of the Mediterranean sea, including in its domain Egypt, Tunis, Tripoli, Algeria and Morocco and spread its influence far into the interior where the negroes for centuries were taught to bow to Mecca. The church of Mohamet spread over Asia with prayer-rug and sword, a lesser Mahomet Ali conquering the very capital of Delhi.

India is still in some danger of Mahometan sway. It spread into the table-lands of Asia to the Gobi desert. It seized the Balkans and made the ancient teriitory of the gods of Greece its very own.

This phenomenon of the successful conquest of Mahometanism over Christendom and Buddah's realms is attributed by modern historians to the superior temperance teachings of the Koran to the absence of internecine strife and to the unity of the faith which rejected the three-in-one theories of Plato and turned aside from the worship of icons.

However this may be, the Mahometans, Moorish in Spain, and Turkish in Constantinople, bore the lamps of enlightenment, of art, science, industry and invention throughout the dark ages. So deep is the impression of their civilization that from them we derive our Gothic architecture, our musical nomenclature, our chemistry, our metal art craft, our inventions in navigation, and a score of other important branches of human application.

But the great empire of Mahomet has crumpled until today not more than 250,000,000 people profess this religion, and the people who profess it are markedly inferior to the former Moor and the early Saracen and Turk.

The real dismemberment of the Turkish empire has taken place within the past fifty years. Greece won her independence in 1829. Algeria was taken by the French in 1830. Servia was granted her independence in 1878, Roumania, Montenegro in the same year. Bosnia and Herzegovina were grabbed by Austria in 1908. Cyprus was taken over by Britain in 1878.

Tunis was ceded to the French in 1881. Egypt was taken by Britain in 1882. Crete was granted autonomy in 1898. Tripoli and a score of important islands in the Mediterranean have just fallen into the hands of Italy and Macedonia, Albania, Thrace, Thessaly and the very capital itself seem now at the mercy of the Balkan armies.

The loss of political prestige will also be accompanied by a loss of Mahometan prestige, for conquest customarily means a change of deities and formulas, so that we are witnessing not merely the passing of the Turk in Europe, but the decay of Islam on the Mediterranean.—Winnipeg *Tribune*.

THE IMMINENT ORATOR.

Men who are sitting smugly in high places, and those who add to their incomes by their power to influence governments to tax where there should be no tax, should give heed to warnings.

There are common laws in the world that apply to all nations. Where common conditions exist, the same common laws will finally prevail. There is a striking similarity between certain laws in Canada and the United States, the laws that impose burdens on the poorer to benefit the richer.

So, when a prophet speaks in the republic, the wise man in Canada will ask himself the question, does this warning apply to me and my country. The prophets of old were not British subjects, yet their words are as applicable to our times as they were in the days of Elijah.

United States President-elect Wilson's warning that another orator may be coming is one that has been expressed before. The coming orator, preaching his own cause with power, telling the version of the something wrong in his nation, calling to arms in the sense at least of a great uprising to attempt its cure, is imminent. It is safe to prophesy him.

"The conditions are perfect," says a great American newspaper, the New York Mail, "to the last faggot, for a flaming tongue, and nothing is lacking but the tongue. The hardship of prices, the exasperating pictures of display daily chronicled by 'society,'—all this is waiting for the tongue of the orator. That Mr. Wilson sees it, and utters his warning is because he has been very close to ambitious youth in colleges.

"The boy from the woods is now, in many instances, in college, dreaming his dream. But it is more likely that he is too poor to go to college. He is sitting on a rail fence, and while he muses the fire burns. He is the born orator. He is going to get down from that fence, and when he does there will be something doing that all the money, all the police machinery of government, cannot stop.

"Let us thank Wilson and take heed. Let us get to work on radical rightings that will leave no texts for crusades. Remember that the orator for reform fears nothing. He is ready to be shot. But to shoot him would be like scattering burning oil."

How many in Canada today are asking the question, when a great reform leader will arise—an Asquith, or a Lloyd-George, or a Wilson? The present unrest will yet produce the man. We need "radical rightings" in Canada, just as much as the change is needed in the republic. We have copied an immense amount of the badness of the republic, perhaps unconsciously. The right-about-face period must soon come. All the vicious taxes, the combines, the extravagance in administration, to say nothing of other evils, are ripe for removal.—Winnipeg Tribune.

THIS DAY IN CANADIAN HISTORY.

FEBRUARY FIRST.

After every other man concerned in the rebellion of 1837 had been allowed to return home, Wm. Lyon Mackenzie still remained an outlawed exile in the United States, because, it was said, the English ministry believed that the origin of the rebellion was due to him.

But he had a good friend in England in Joseph Hame, an untiring laborer in many directions, and an untiring foe to special privileges. Writing to Mackenzie in 1848 Hume stated that though he had "condemned the attempt at revolution" he could not forget Mackenzie's endeavors to put an end quietly and in a constitutional way to misrule and consequent discontent in Upper Canada.

Therefore he had six times applied to the British ministers to grant a general amnesty to all political offenders in Canada, and at last had obtained a promise that any resolution from the Canadian government on Mackenzie's behalf would be received favorably. Finally, urged by Hume and others, the Canadian government originated a measure for the complete amnesty desired.

This passed unanimously through both houses, and received the assent of Lord Elgin, representing the Queen on February 1, 1849. On Mackenzie's arrival in Toronto however, there was a Tory riot.

FIRST THINGS.

Freedom of Discussion.

The first step toward making the House of Commons of Engand a really independent and powerful legislative body was taken at the instigation of Sir Edward Coke, who was born 361 years ago today, Feb. 1, 1552.

It was the eminent lawyer who led the Commons in the decisive action of entering on the journal of the House the immortal petition of 1621, insisting on the freedom of parliamentary discussion, and the liberty of speech of every individual member. For this revolutionary action Sir Edward was thrown into confinement.

Upon his release he returned to parliament, and took a most important part in drawing up the great Petition of Right. Harsh and cruel as he was, as judge and lawyer, his faults have been forgiven because of his great services to humanity. He found the Commons a body of cowards, subservient king and lords, and he started it on the career which ended with the lords playing second fiddle to the triumphant commoners.

THE HUMAN PROCESSION.
(By O. Terence.)

Clara Butt, Eng'and's Sweet Voiced Giantess, is 40 Today.

Fair and forty, but not fat, although "divinely tall," is Mme. Clara Butt, the celebrated English contralto who last month began an American tour. Mme. Butt, otherwise Mrs. Kennerly Rumford, and a happy wife and mother as well as a world-famous queen of song, was born forty years ago today, February 1, 1873, at Southwick, a little Sussex city, and was educated at the Royal College of Music in London.

She is a feminine giantess, standing six feet and two and a half inches and her commanding height alone would be a remarkable figure in any assemblage. But when she opens her mouth and sings, everything is forgotten but the voice, wonderful in its fulness, baritone in the lower register, but in the upper tones clear as a bell and sweet as imagined music of the spheres.

Mme. Butt made her debut at a Royal College of Music student's performance at the Lyceum theatre in London twenty years ago. The Prince of Wales, later King Edward, was entranced by the voice of the young giantess, and led the wild applause that followed her part in the program. She paid her first visit to America thirteen years ago, and made as many admirers on this side of the Atlantic as in England, where her ability is universally recognized.

When she appeared in Carnegie hall New York, last month she was given an enthusiastic welcome and greeted with tumultuous approval. Mme. Butt will extend her tour to the Pacific coast, and expects to spend some time in California.

London was the birthplace, fifty-three years ago today, of Henry Miller, the distinguished actor. He was reared and educated at Toronto, and the Ontario metropolis was the scene of his dramatic premiere. It is said that he determined upon a stage career after reading an article about the early struggles of Henry Irving. The theatrical bee began buzzing when Mr Miller was only fifteen, and for four years he studied elocution and frequented the galleries of the Toronto theatres, observing the methods of all the famous actors that visited that city.

He was nineteen when the manager of a stock company gave him the coveted chance to appear on the stage of a Toronto playhouse. His premiere was in "Macbeth" and before the close of the season he was appearing in leading juvenile parts in classic drama.

The following season he was with Mojeska, in minor roles, and soon afterwards he was given an engagement by Adelaide Neilson. In 1882, shortly after his twenty-second birthday, Augustin Daly engaged him for "Odette" in New York. His first appearance as a star was in 1896 in "Heartsease." Since then he has become one of the leading actor-managers of America.

A daughter of England who has become prominent on the American stage is Miss Rose Coughlan, who, in private life, is Mrs. Augustus Pitou, jr. Miss Coughlan will celebrate her thirty-seventh birthday today. Her father Charles Coughlan, was a well known actor, and her aunt, Rose Coughlan, once a burlesque beauty, was long a star in the legitimate and immensely popular on both sides of the Atlantic. Gertrude Coughlan studied painting in London, but, visiting America with her father, she decided to follow his profession.

Her first appearance, at the age of sixteen, was in "Diplomacy," at Detroit. Last month she appeared in the four star production of "Fine Feathers" in New York, with Robert Edeson, Max Figman and Wilton Lackaye.

OUR POET'S CORNER.

THE SMALL DREAMS.

When I was a young girl I dreamed great dreams
Of giant castles fashioned on a hill of gold;
The gold is but a gorse-bush, and haply it seems
My castle's but a cottage, now that I am old.

Now that I am old, I dream small dreams
Of tiny feet that falter, and tiny songs unsung,
Though I heard the trumpet blare and saw red gleams
From the flying feet of Cherubim, when I was young.

When I was a young girl I dreamed long dreams,
Of ever-flowing rivers of earth and sky unrolled;
My sky's a window square, the rivers are but streams,
And the earth is a hedged meadow, now that I am old.

Now that I am old I dream short dreams
Of small warm woods and little paths among;
I who saw stretched shadows and the sun's long beams
On the cedar trees of Lebanon, when I was young.

And youth is a memory with its long, deep dreams,
Its venture unadventured, the glory still untold;
But I can keep forever, unashamed it seems,
The small dear dreams of comfort, now that I am old.

LEND A HAND.

Good fellowship o'er all the earth
Is but an unshed tear;
At home sweet charity has birth;
Good friend, your home is here!

I am no preacher; nay, nor saint,
But this I do believe;
For all your folly, all your taint,
Give, and you will reprieve!

Who gives his mite, perchance he lays
Up stores for his own peace;
But here, I think, who gives but pays
The interest on his lease!

If in your hands a candle lit,
And you the holder be,
The people that in darkness sit
A sudden light may see!
—Stephen Chalmers, in New York Times.

SCRAP BOOK FOR TODAY.

Br'er Groundhog Will Decide Length of Winter Tomorrow.

If Candlemas day be clear and bright
Winter will take another flight;
If Candlemas day be dull and gray,
Winter will quickly haste away.

Tomorrow will be Candlemas day, and it is up to Br'er Groundhog, whose speciality is to enlighten the world when to put the furs away with the mothballs. In most parts of the world the winter has been exceptionally mild, and few sections of North America and Europe have known the rigors that aforetime accompanied the "old-fashioned winter." In New York, several days in January were the warmest since the weather sharps began keeping records.

In the middle of January the grass was green in Central Park. London also enjoyed a mild January for the most part. The Atlantic was very boisterous during the early part of last month, and a number of transatlantic liners had difficult passages.

If the groundhog doesn't see his shadow tomorrow, this winter may be on the whole as mild as the winters of 1889-1890, when the average temperature in New York was 41.8, and 1891-1892, which was exceptionally mild all over North America.

Looking back over the weather records for February, we find that this month 30 years ago was ushered in by terrible storms which resulted in disastrous floods, especially in Ohio, Indiana and Western Pennsylvania.

Three years later, in 1886, February brought a snowstorm which covered the whole North American continent east of the Rockies. Even the southern states were snowed under. Railroads throughout the United States and Canada were generally blocked, and many lives were lost.

Europe now knows nothing like the "old-fashioned winters" which in past centuries brought widespread suffering and death in their wake. In the year 401, and again in 763, the Black Sea was entirely frozen over, and in 860 the Adriatic was frozen. In 1281 nearly all of the houses in Austria were buried under snow, and in 1691 the winter in Austria was so cold that the starved wolves, made ferocious by hunger, entered Vienna by thousands and attacked the inhabitants. No such winters as these have been known in modern times.

Under a new regulation to be put into effect today by the London Local Government Board, non-pulmonary tuberculosis is included in the list of compulsory notifiable diseases. In explaining this unprecedented ruling, the boards points out that more than half the deaths from that disease in London are those of children under five years of age.

It is believed that notification by physicians of all such cases may enable the board to bring about an improvement of the conditions under which the children live. The national insurance act is also expected to bring about great improvements in the London slums, by penalizing the owners of unsanitary tenements, and its in these slums that the white plague finds the majority of its victims.

With the permission of the republican authorities, Portuguese royalists will today hold memorial services in honor of King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz, who were assassinated five years ago today. The remains of the royal victims of the anarchists lie buried in the Cathedral of St. Vincent, Lisbon, where requiem masses will be offered.

COLORS 120 YEARS OLD.

Dublin Fusiliers Attend Removal of Trophies for Repair.

London, Jan. 31.—The old colors of the Queen's Own Royal regiment (now the 4th Battalion Royal Dublin Fusiliers) have been removed from St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, to be repaired, as owing to their great age they were falling to pieces. These colors were carried by the regiment for over 80 years, were several times in action, and were deposited in the cathedral over 40 years ago.

A guard of honor, under the command of Capt. Walan E. E. Dickie, attended at the cathedral, and the dean handed the colors of Lieuts. Persse and Colles. Captain Dickie promised, on behalf of the regiment, that the colors would be returned when repaired, and the party returned to the barracks.

During the period in which these colors were carried by the regiment the battalion, or detachments from it, served in the Peninsular campaign, the Irish rebellion and the Crimean War.

PICTURES BY TELEPHONE.

Sent Over Long Distances by the New Method of a French Inventor.

Paris, Jan. 31.—Edouard Belin, a French inventor, has succeeded in telegraphing a photograph from Bordeaux to Paris in the record time of four minutes.

M. Belin's process differs radically from Korn's method. Instead of using selinium he prepares a photographic plate, the basis of which is bichromatic gelatine and the surface of which is uneven.

A small metal point, passing over the uneven surface of the plate, causes a variation of the electric current, which renders possible the transmission over a telegraphic or telephone wire of the lights and shades of half tone plates and is attended with remarkable regularity and speed.

The most interesting feature of M. Belin's invention is that it is possible to carry about a small apparatus, weighing about sixteen pounds, and immediately attach it at any telephone station. This renders possible the telephoning of pictures over long distances.

SIX MONTHS QUESTION.

Labor Difficulties May Be Solved By Visits of British Workers.

London, Jan. 31.—That a partial solution of Canada's labor problem may be found in sending to the Dominion large numbers of workmen from this country who would work during the spring and summer, and return to the old country in the winter, is the belief of Sir Charles Hunter, M.P., who recently returned from Canada.

Now that the transit is growing so cheap, he believed we should find a large number of men going out to Canada for the summer—say March to October—and then returning to England.

This would be a big asset, not only to Canada but also to this country. They would come back with their pockets full and tell everyone how much better things were in Canada.

COWBOYS RACE FOR BRIDE ACROSS ENGLISH FIELDS

London, Jan. 31.—Two cowboys, performing with a company at Colchester, engaged in a cross-country race at Colchester, the prize being the hand of a lady rider in the same company.

She declared herself unable to decide as to the merits of the rival suitors, and a race being suggested as a way out of the difficulty, the trio agreed to abide by the result, the winner to marry the lady and the loser to be the best man.

The race was an exciting one, and was won by a neck in the presence of a big crowd of soldiers and cilians.

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There are twelve different subjects to choose from, every one of them fine examples of high art color printing and well worth framing.

Any one given away free to customers purchasing goods to the value of one dollar and upwards.

All our regular customers can have one by calling, whether making purchases or not. Also all those who left their names about Christmas time might call and receive whatever one they want, as while we will keep one for them it may not be just what you would like. So call early and get your own particular choice.

The OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE

661 Columbia St. J. Stewart, Prop.

The Management OF THE Fraser Cafe

has been taken over by the proprietors of the Fraser Hotel and will be run in connection with the hotel. It will be opened this morning. Both American and European plan of the first class. Meals very reasonable.

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For Vancouver, via Central Park—At 5:00 and 5:45 a.m., and every 15 minutes until 9 p.m. From 9 p.m. until midnight half hourly service.

Sundays—At 6:00, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00 and 8:30 a.m., week day service prevailing thereafter.

For Vancouver via Burnaby—At 5:45, 6:45 and 8:00 a.m. with hourly service thereafter until 10:00 p.m., and late car at 11:30 p.m.

Sundays—First car at 8:00 a.m., with week day service thereafter.

For Vancouver via Eburne—At 7:00 a.m. and hourly until 11:00 p.m.

Sunday—First car at 8:00 a.m., regular week day service thereafter.

(Connection with cars to Steveston and other points on Lulu Island is made at Eburne.

For Chilliwack and Points in South Fraser Valley—At 9:30 a.m., 1:20 p.m. and 6:10 p.m.

For Huntingdon and Way Points—At 4:05 p.m.

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L. O. O. M., NO. 854—MEETS ON first, second and third Wednesdays in each month in K. of P. Hall at 8 p.m. H. J. Leamy, dictator; J. H. Price, secretary.

I. O. O. F. AMITY LODGE NO. 17—The regular meeting of Amity lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F., is held every Monday night at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Carnarvon and Eighth streets. Visiting brethern cordially invited. C. B. Bryson, N. G.; R. A. Merrithew, V. G.; W. C. Coatham, P. G., recording secretary; H. W. Sangster, financial secretary.

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BOARD OF TRADE.

BOARD OF TRADE—NEW WESTMINSTER Board of Trade meets in the board room, City Hall, as follows: Third Friday of each month; quarterly meeting on the third Friday of February, May, August and November at 8 p.m. Annual meetings on the third Friday of February. H. H. Stevens, Walsh, secretary.

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SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS.

COAL MINING rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lease will be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

For Rent

7-roomed house, fully modern with furnace and kitchen range, linoleum and blinds. Lease if required, $25.00 per month.

8-room house, one block from car, $16.00 per month.

5-room house, modern, with basement, $20.00

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How the King Travels By Rail in Britain

London, Jan. 31.—When the king and queen and their suite travel by train, not only are the most elaborate precautions taken to guard their safety, but every effort is made to protect their majesties from the slightest annoyance or inconvenience. It is a time of dreadful anxiety for the railway officials, and few of them breathe freely until the royal special has passed.

Most minute and detailed instructions are issued to station masters, engine drivers, guards, platelayers, signalmen and all who have anything to do with the route over which the royal train must pass. These are printed in red ink, must be kept strictly private, and must be communicated only to those in the service of the company, who, in the discharge of their duty, require to know and act upon them.

And these persons must not give any information whatever respecting the knowledge of which they have become possessed. Immediately these "sealed orders" are received they have to be acknowledged by wire to the superintendent of the line.

"Line Clear" and Points Locked.

The line over which the royal train will run has to be cleared, and all facing points clamped and padlocked a quarter of an hour before the special is due. Nothing must be allowed to foul it until the royal train has gone by. Often the train consists of a brake van, then a salon, the queen's salon, the king's salon, a dining car, another special salon, and another brake van.

One guard, provided with a hand lamp and detonators, whose duty it is to go back and protect the train if needful, rides with the rear guard and there is another man, similarly equipped, whose mission is to afford protection forward, in case of necessity. Artificers, provided with all the needful materials and appliances, accompany the train, and the whole of the carriages are subjected to a most thorough examination before the train starts and at each place where it calls.

The engine, in charge of a trusted driver, carries four lamps by day—one at the foot of the smokestack, one at each end of the buffer beam, and one in the centre of the beam. After dark, and during foggy weather or falling snow, four powerful white lights are carried in the same positions.

The Railroad Patrol.

Competent telegraph men, under the charge of the superintendent of telegraphs, accompany the train, with instruments and appliances by which communication can be at once established at any place in case of need. The call signal of the train in any case of emergency is "K.T." and messages sent from the train are prefixed "R. L." these taking precedence of all other messages, except those bearing the prefix "D. M."

Even shunting operations on or adjoining the line on which the royal special will run have to be suspended half an hour before his approach, and all trains and engines other than passenger trains must be brought to a standstill before the train bearing its kingly and queenly burden is due. Passenger trains are allowed to proceed, but their drivers are expressly forbidden to whistle, and, if possible, they must reduce their speed to ten miles an hour.

At the various stations passed en route, work which might in any way affect the line on which the royal train will run must cease, and all engineering work near to or on the line, whether in the hands of a contractor of the company's staff, is suspended half an hour before the train is due. Every driver must prevent his engine emitting smoke.

All the approaches to the stations have to be carefully watched, and nothing is allowed to pass over the line at a level crossing for nearly half an hour before their majesties come speeding along.

The most elaborate precautions, too, are exercised in patrolling the line. Men are stationed along the railway at intervals of about a quarter of a mile and patrol it, each man walking about a furlong in each direction and meeting his neighbor, so that in the event of anything happening, such as goods falling from passing trains, any obstruction would certainly be noticed.

Each opening of all underbridges is examined by the patrols as they pass these structures. The men take up their positions an hour in advance and remain there until the train has passed, to see that everything is in proper order.

Guardians of the Tunnel.

Naturally, tunnels are a source of great anxiety to the officials. But so stringent are the precautions that the possibility of an assassin concealing himself is reduced to a minimum. At each end of the tunnel, a competent man, with the necessary hand lamp, is placed an hour before the train is due, and his duty is to prevent any unauthorized person being upon the railway in or near the tunnel. Men are also stationed at the top of each ventilating shaft, and remain there until recalled by the man stationed at the end of the tunnel when the royal train has emerged.

So far as possible, the people are excluded from the company's premises unless they are on business, and the servants of the company have strict instructions to perform the necessary work on the platform without noise. Should they be desirous of giving vent to those feelings of enthusiastic loyalty which are difficult to control when anyone catches a first glimpse of a royal train, they must restrain their impulses, for in no circumstances is cheering or any other demonstration allowed.

TO KEEP CHECK ON ALL CHINESE

Ottawa Requires Photos and Records of Those in Canada.

Elaborate System of Identification Should Prevent Smuggling—Great Value to Police.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—The immigration department is completing plans to provide an effective check upon the movement of the Chinese population of Canada and the influx and exodus of the Oriental peoples.

For some time the matter has been under consideration and officials are still reticent to discuss what will be done, but it is understood that an attempt will be made to secure as complete identification records as possible by the Bertillion system, including two photographs of each Chinaman, full face and profile, records of age, occupation, financial standing, family connection, marital relationship, etc. Records will also be kept of body marks which may assist in identification.

Indeed, the project is on a larger scale than ever attempted by any government and is expected to stop much of the fraud known to exist in connection with the Oriental immigration, but for which no effective means of discovery and protection has heretofore been offered.

For some time the work has been conducted in a small way, but the department has been thoroughly aroused to the importance of dealing with the Chinese problem and is determined to exert every effort in coping with the situation. The first step is to secure the records by which the Chinese may be identified.

Value to Police.

Not only to the Dominion government will the records be of inestimable value, but to the provincial authorities and the police of every city and town. Heretofore it has been found extremely difficult, if not entirely impossible, to connect suspects with crimes committed by Chinese.

The average Anglo-Saxon is incapable of distinguishing with any degree of certainty different members of the Chinese race. He only knows that the man before him is a Chinaman, with the characteristic eyes, features, pigmentation and gibberish of the Oriental. The difficulty is only increased by the Chinaman's notorious disregard of the truth, and low estimate of his oath.

Photography and body marks should assist greatly in the identification of Chinese criminals and in the administration of justice to these, the most elusive of wrongdoers.

Fifty Thousand Here.

Some idea of the magnitude of the undertaking may be obtained from a consideration of the the following statistics. There are no less than fifty thousand Chinese in Canada.

Two photographs of each will mean at least 100,000 negatives. The co-operation of provincial and municipal authorities may be asked to secure these pictures, but full details of how they are to be obtained have not yet been arranged. Once the Chinese now in the country are photographed, the work will be confined to the ports of entry, while records of births and deaths will be secured from the local authorities.

Toronto has between 1700 and 1800 Chinese. Vancouver leads the Canadian cities with 6000, Victoria is a good second with nearly 5000; then follow Montreal, 2000; Winnipeg with 1500; Calgary, 1200, etc.

Scarcely a town of two or three hundred people but has one or more Chinese merchants or laundrymen. A number are also engaged as cooks and cookees for construction gangs on the frontier.

In so far as practicable the local immigration agent will be empowered to conduct the investigation and receive the affidavit. He has also power to examine the premises from cellar to garret of any Chinaman and to take evidence upon oath. Formerly this power was vested solely in a notary public.

Not Easy Here.

The obstacles to the scheme are enormous, but not insurmountable, it is believed. In cities like Ottawa or Toronto it is thought that the records may be secured without as much trouble as might be expected, but it will probably not be so easy a task on the Pacific coast.

Advice has already been sent to the various local agents that the work is to be undertaken and extensive preparations have been made with the utmost secrecy.

The immigration authorities state that the greatest difficulty in handling Chinese investigation,—and much work along this line has already been done—is in securing truthful statements from the celestial. Many applications are received from Chinamen in various parts of China asking for the admission of their wives and families.

The cases are carefully investigated and action taken by the department. A bona fide merchant is entitled to have his wife and children admitted, but a laundryman does not enjoy the same privilege. Here too much fraud has existed in the past, but the department has devised a very efficient remedy.

A list of some thirty five questions, some checks upon the others, are asked of each Chinese applicant.

The answers are taken in English and also written in Chinese in a parallel column. The latter is detached and sent to Vancouver or the port of entry and the same questions asked of those who are admitted upon the application of the father or husband already domiciled here. A very great deal of perjury and wrong doing has been discovered in this way.

Swapping Wives.

Chinamen are known to have sent their wives back to China on the ground that they are "too old" and to have brought out young girls of 18 years or so. Moreover, they are admitted, if they can pass the immigration inspectors, as wives of Chinese merchants domiciled in Canada, without payment of the $500 head tax and many bigamous relations have been disclosed.

There are many Orientals in Canada whose presence here has mystified the officials and of whose admission there is no record. The records will do much to prevent the illicit trade in Chinese laundrymen, cooks and others.

Chinamen who wish to return to their native land for a short time will be required to apply to the nearest immigration agent, who will identify the man, look up his record and furnish him with an identification card. The holder will deposit this with the officers at the port from which he sails.

It will serve as a complete means of identification upon his return and the Chinaman will then be admitted without being required to pay the head tax a second time. The scheme is one of enormous proportions, but the immigration officials are convinced of the necessity of such identification records and are determined to give the plan a thorough trial.

QUEEN APPRECIATES GIRL'S BRAVE DEED

Saves Life of Her Aunt by Giving Square Foot of Her Skin for Grafting.

London, Jan. 31.—The queen's appreciation of the courage of Miss Lily Headford of Lodge road, West Croydon, is shown in the following letter written to a friend of the young lady who brought the facts to her majesty's notice:

"Buckingham Palace.

"Madame—I have received the queen's commands to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, and to say that her majesty is much interested to hear of the incident of self-sacrifice to which you refer.

"Perhaps you may be able to find an opportunity of privately conveying to Miss Headford her majesty's deep sense of appreciation of the queen's hope that she will speedily recover. I am yours faithfully, E. W. Wallington."

Miss Headford, who is only 22, still suffers intense pain at times from the effects of her heroic self-sacrifice in permitting no less than a square foot of her skin to be grafted on the head of her aunt, Mrs. Solomon, of Kingston-on-Thames, who was completely scalped by a shafting accident at her husband's laundry last spring.

Mrs. Solomon was removed to the London hospital, where the doctors took as much skin as possible from her body to graft on her scalp. More was wanted if she was to recover, and Miss Headford, directly she heard, volunteered all the live skin necessary. On May 30 aunt and niece were placed side by side on chairs in the operating room of the London hospital. Miss Headford was put under an anaesthetic, and 43 pieces of her skin were grafted on Mrs. Solomon's head.

Miss Headford lay unconscious for several hours afterwards, and suffered intense agony during the waking hours which followed. For three months she remained an invalid, staying with friends in the Isle of Wight and at Thorton Heath, only returning home to Croydon in the autumn. Until the last few weeks she had been unable to do any work.

HOLLAND REGAINS HER FORMER GLORY

Hemmed in by Powerful Nations Dutch Have Progressed Far in Past Century.

London, Jan. 31.—This year the little kingdom of Holland celebrated a hundred years of progress, after years of despair. In 1813 Holland was a cripple.

The nation which has been one of the teachers of Europe, which despite its small size had been the cradle of the arts and sciences, which boasted great painters like Rembrandt, Hals and De Hoogh, great dialecticians like Erasmus and scholars like Grotius—this nation had sunk almost to the level of a neglected province.

But in the hundred years that have gone by Holland, despite reverses both at home and abroad, has reasserted herself, and the Dutch, though a small people hemmed in by large military governments, hold a high place among the nations.

In the nineteenth and twentieth centuries Europe has been their debtor for lessons in science, in international law, of which the Dutch were the founders; in horticulture and agriculture.

Her ancient University of Leyden has produced in the last generation De Sitter and Kamerlingh Onnes, who equefied helium, and at her northern University of Groningen the great Kapteyn sits in the chair of astronomy—whence proceeded the twentieth century theory of the double drift of the stars.

It is not surprising that Holland should seize the opportunity of commemorating her hundred years of remarkable progress by holding a centenary. The chief feature of this centenary will be the inauguration of the peace palace at The Hague.

HEIR TO THRONE TO PAY CALL ON KAISER

Berlin, Jan. 31.—It is stated that the Prince of Wales, after his present term at Oxford, will call on the Kaiser at Potsdam, after which he will visit several German cities.

He will then be received officially at Potsdam by the Emperor, who will confer upon him the Cross of the Black Eagle.

It is understood that there is the greatest interest in court and society circles in the visit of "the blonde prince," as the son of the English king is known in Germany, and extensive preparations are on foot to give him a good time.

Society

Mrs. Charleson entertained informally at the tea hour yesterday afternoon.

* * *

Miss Dorothy Lloyd, of Everett, Wash., is on a visit to her aunt, Mrs. J. E. Insley.

* * *

Miss Marion Martin has been spending a few days in Vancouver as the guest of Mrs. Jukes.

* * *

Mrs. Lyall who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. George Cassidy, for several months, has returned to her home in Winnipeg.

* * *

Among the bevy of native daughters who will make their debut at the Native Sons' ball which takes place on Monday evening, will be the Misses Thelma and Hazel Insley and Miss Ralph.

* * *

On Monday evening Miss Mabel Purvis entertained a number of her friends at cards, music and a contest. Miss Foster and Mr. Holmes won the first prizes, and the consolation prizes were given to Miss L. Wray and Mr. J. Mowat.

* * *

Mrs. Corbould entertained at a small "work tea" on Wednesday afternoon, when those present were: Madame Gauvreau, Mrs. Gwynn, Mrs. Charleson, Mrs. S. B. Martin, Mrs. W. Norman Bole and Mrs. Coulthard (Victoria).

* * *

Mrs. Ardagh invited a few in for progressive "rum" on Wednesday evening, when Miss Josephine Martin and Mr. Pelly won the prizes. Those present were Miss Corbould, Miss Rand, Miss Josephine Martin, Miss Elenor Martin, Mr. Lloyd, Mr. Reed, Mr. Stacey, Mr. Pelly and Mr. Darrell Shildrick.

* * *

Another hostess of the week was Mrs. D. H. Macgowan, who asked a few friends in for tea on Thursday in honor of Mrs. Pope (Charlottetown). Among those invited were Mrs. A. J. Hill, Mrs. Collister, Mrs. Sinclair, Mrs. Trapp, Mrs. Corbould, Mrs. R. E. Walker, Mrs. Charleson, Mrs. Creighton, Mrs. Greame, Mrs. R. C. Hill, Mrs. Ballock and Miss Pope.

* * *

Mrs. Charleson entertained at the tea hour on Friday afternoon. There was a contest during the afternoon when the first prize was won by Miss Corbould and the second by Mrs. Eddy. Among those present were Mrs. Corbould, Mrs. Pope, Mrs. D. H. Macgowan, Miss Pope, Mrs. C. N. Macdonald, Mrs. Curtis, Mrs. R. E. Walker, Mrs. Doherty, Mrs. Motherwell, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Ardagh, Mrs. Neville Smith, Mrs. J. E. Allen, Mrs. Balloch, Mrs. Eddy, Mrs. Frank Ellis, Mrs. Cotton, Mrs. M. M. English, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. Haines, Mrs. Doyle, Mrs. G. A. Allen, Mrs. J. H. Jones and Miss Corbould.

AGED MOTHER FINDS SON ON PRAIRIES

Farmer Thought She Was Dead So Stopped Writing—Now Returns to Scotland.

Edmonton, Alta., Jan. 31.—After a nine month's search for her only son, Mrs. Martha Foster, a widow, has found him at last on a homestead in the far north, and is now on her way back to her little farm at Blackwater Foot, in Northern Argyleshire, Scotland.

Widowed several years ago, Mrs. Foster had hard work making a living from her barren little place. Two years ago, her only son, Robert, left for Canada, and for several months he wrote home regularly, enclosing cheques from time to time to make life easier for his aged mother.

Fifteen months ago the letters ceased, and all enquiries from Scotland failed to reveal any trace of the man.

Greatly alarmed, the mother at length set out for Canada, in the hope of finding her son alive. Though herself sixty-six years, she spent months in following him from place to place, her travels including a three days' tramp alone in the Peace River district. Eventually she located Robert ten miles west of Fort St. John.

"Robert is doing nicely, but this country is too cold for me," she said, adding that she expected her son home in nine months. She explained that her son had been told by friends in the old country that his mother was dead, and as he was far away from postal facilities his letters had ceased.

AN ARMY RECORD.

One Yorkshire Family That Has Served Britain Well.

London, Jan. 31.—The following remarkable record of his family's service in the 15th East Yorkshire regiment, beginning nearly a hundred years ago, is contributed to The Army and Navy Gazette by Peter McKenna, who holds an appointment under the education committee of the East Riding County Council:

Grandfather, joined 1830, served 25 years; Uncle John, joined 1841, served 15 years; Uncle James, joined 1853, served 22 years; father, joined 1854, served 23 years; Brother John, joined 1872, served 6 years; Brother Joseph, joined 1874, served 23 years; Brother Edward, joined 1876, served 21 years; Brother Peter, joined 1882, served 22 years; Brother Owen, joined 1888, served 18 years; Nephew Edward, joined 1895, served 9 years; Nephew Jesse, joined 1901, served 11 years; Nephew Reginald, joined 1906, served 3 years; making a total of 209 years.

Mr. McKenna adds that of this 209 years' service roughly 103 years were spent abroad. The connection of the family with the regiment is likely to continue for 20 years at least longer, as the three nephews last mentioned are still serving, and Mr. McKenna has four boys to join.

For Evening Wear

For the Native Sons' Ball and many other events throughout the season, it is necessary that you should wear a full dress suit. When you buy it be sure it is a good one, because good evening clothes last many years.

It is splendid courtesy to the fair sex to dress for evening affairs.

The 20th Century kind speaks for itself

$35.00 and $40.00

We carry everything necessary for dress affairs

M. J. PHILLIPS

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CHURCH NEWS

CATHEDRAL OF THE HOLY TRINITY—Rev. Canon G. C. d'Easum, M.A., rector; Rev. George A. Ray, M. A., assistant curate. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Matins, Holy Communion, plain, and sermon; 2:30 p.m., Sunday school; 7 p.m., Evensong and sermon. Ash Wednesday: 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7:30 p.m., Evensong and sermon.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH (Church of England), Sapperton—Rev. Frank Plaskett, M.A., vicar. Holy communion 8 a.m.; Matins and sermon 11 a.m. Evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.; Sunday school 2:30 p. m.

ST. STEPHEN'S PRESBYTERIAN, corner of Fourth Ave. and Seventh St. Rev. M. G. Melvin, B. A., minister. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30 p.m.; Guild, Monday, 8 p.m..

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. J. S. Henderson, pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sabbath school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m.

QUEENS AVENUE METHODIST CHURCH—Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor, W. W. Abbott, B.D., will preach at both services. Morning subject, "What Is Our Aim?" Evening subject, "Does Religion Pay?" Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at close of both morning and evening services. Monday evening ex-Mayor Lee will address the Epworth League on "The Development of Municipal Resources by Municipal Enterprise." All are invited. The quarterly official board will meet at the close of the Prayer Meeting Wednesday night.

OLIVET BAPTIST CHURCH—The morning subject, "Apprehension of Character and Service." Evening subject, "The Christian Program." The new pastor, Rev. A. S. Lewis, will preach both morning and evening.

EDITOR OF "PINK-UN" FINED

Convicted of Sending Indecent Prints Through Mails.

London, Jan. 31.—H. de Wenton Fenton, the editor of the Sporting Times, generally known as the "Pink-Un," was fined $475.50 today for "sending indecent prints through the mails."

Mr. Fenton's lawyer urged in his defence that the "Pink-Un" was a paper for men of the world, not for boys.

VETERAN CROSSES LONG TRAIL WITH MEDALS ON

Montreal, Jan. 31.—Five minutes after he had asked for his medals to be pinned on his breast, Michael Cummings, a South African veteran, died of consumption in the Grace Dart hospital here.

Cummings was a private in the 18th South Lancashire regiment, with which he went through the entire South African campaign, and the Second Royal Canadian regiment.

T. H. McCORMICK

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Singer Sewing Machines. Small Musical Goods of all Kinds. PHONE 606.

RUGS!

Entire Stock of Room-Size Rugs, Wiltons, Axminsters, Brussels, Tapestry in all sizes and colors at

20 Per Cent. OFF

FURNITURE

We are overstocked in some lines; also odds and ends of lines we are discontinuing. These are all marked AWAY DOWN. Note THESE PRICES:

A full Set of Diners	$12.50
Kitchen Rockers	1.25
Sideboards, three only	14.50
Five piece Parlor Suites	31.50
Dressers, Oak Finish	9.75
Solid Oak Dressers	16.75
Quartered Oak Wash Stands, worth $7.50; very special at	3.75

DENNY & ROSS

The Big Furniture Store

ON SECOND ROUND OF ENGLISH CUP

Sixteen Teams Still in Competition—Many Interesting Games Down for Decision Today.

(The Potter.)

The English cup competition enters on its second round this afternoon when the 32 clubs that survived the first round will decide who shall pass on to the next.

There are some especially interesting games in the second round. Barnsley, the cup holders, and the Blackburn Rovers, last year's champions, and senior cup finalists, will do battle at Barnsley. This should provide one of the tit-bits of the competition. The Rovers have taken a slump for the past few weeks, but when the English cup is mentioned the Lancashire boys are right on the job.

Manchester City and Sunderland, however, should see the best game and on this the interest is principally centred. Manchester has the advantage of the ground, but so well has Sunderland been doing not only at home, but on the road, that this does not mean a great deal.

Newcastle, for a change, have to travel to Hull, where they will find the Dockers a stiff obstacle. Aston Villa, at home, should emerge into the third round from Westham, although it took three games before West Bromwich got knocked out by the London club and this shows they will be no mean team for the Villans to tackle.

Reading and Tottenham meet in the biscuit town and the former, by disposing of Stoke in a replay will make the 'Spurs hustle if they are to win. Last year Reading knocked out Aston Villa.

Manchester United are likely to get knocked out at Plymouth, while Everton will have to step lively at Brighton.

The draw is as follows:

Barnsley vs. Blackburn Rovers.
Hull vs. Newcastle.
Brighton and Hove vs. Everton.
Bradford vs. Wolverhampton.
Aston Villa vs. West Ham.
Huddersfield vs. Swindon.
Oldham vs. Notts. Forest.
Bristol Rovers vs. Norwich.
Plymouth vs. Manchester United
Middlesbrough vs. Queens P. R
Woolwich vs. Liverpool.
Reading vs. Tottenham.
Chelsea vs. Sheffield Wednesday.
Crystal Palace vs. Southampton.
Burnley vs. Gainsborough.
Manchester vs. Sunderland.

ALL AFTER THORPE TO PLAY BASEBALL

New York Giants Latest to Try and Sign Carlisle Indian—Others Lay Claim.

New York, Jan. 31.—"Thorpe will be here tomorrow at 2 o'clock when he will sign a contract at the club's office to play with the Giants," said Manager John J. McGraw today. He added that he first thought of engaging Thorpe yesterday when the publicity given the Indian's disbarment from the Amateur Athletic Union and the statement that several western managers were trying to sign him, put the idea into the manager's head.

"I got Thrope on the long distance telephone in Carlisle, Pa.," said Mr. McGraw, "and he accepted my offer. Later I got a telegram from him confirming his verbal acceptance. He preferred to come to New York and I offered more money than the others, too."

McGraw would not discuss the salary offer.

"Thorpe ought to make a good all-round man," McGraw added. "I think he will accompany the team south when the spring training season opens and then we'll try him out and see where he can do his best work."

James R. Sullivan, secretary of the A. A. U., announced tonight that he had received the challenge trophies won by Thorpe in the Olympic games last year, and would send them tomorrow to Kristian Hellstrom, secretary of the Swedish Olympic committee. Mr. Sullivan said also that the all-round trophy, won by Thorpe at Celtic Park last September, had been sent from Carlisle with the Olympic trophies and was now in the possession of the A. A. U. It will go to Bredomus, formerly of Princeton university, who was second to Thorpe in the Celtic Park games.

Texas Claims Him.

Beaumont, Tex., Jan. 31.—The Beaumont baseball club of the Texas league has a reserve contract claim on James Thorpe, the Indian athlete, according to Manager Wheeler of that club. Beaumont's franchise was purchased from Oklahoma City last year and it is claimed Thorpe was among the players reserved by that club.

Manager Wheeler has telegraphed Secretary Farrell of the National Association, to protect the Beaumont club in its claim to Thorpe's services.

Among the Alfalfa.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Jan. 31.—Abner Davis, president of the Oklahoma City club of the Texas league, when the franchise was transferred to Beaumont last spring, could not be reached tonight to verify the claim set up by the Beaumont club to James Thorpe. According to a former secretary of the club, however, efforts were made to sign Thorpe in 1911 but without avail as Thorpe refused to play professional ball. He then was touring the state with an amateur team.

Down in Dixie.

Raleigh, N.C., Jan. 31.—C. H. Napier, owner of the Fayetteville baseball club before the dissolution of the Eastern Carolina league, declared in an interview here today that Thorpe would play with Fayetteville this season. He said that Ban Johnson's decision that Thorpe was the property of the Fayetteville club settled the matter. Mr. Napier is confident the Eastern Carolina league will be revived.

Discuss Methods for Keeping Boy on Farm

(Continued from page one)

those of 365 days, as they had a tendency to mislead buyers. He appealed to breeders in B. C. to take an active interest in the work and enter some cows.

Dr. Rutherford advanced the record of performances as one of those things that would interest young men and induce them to remain on the farm. Their interest would be stimulated by those competitions. Let them have charge of the cow, feed and take care of it and keep the record. I would beat Mr. Macdonald's plan of buying the colt. (Laughter.)

Mr. Scribner next gave a most interesting and instructive address on cow management and received the usual vote of thanks.

The evening Program.

In the evening Dr. A. P. Proctor, chairman of the royal milk commission, made a most valuable contribution in a paper on "Milk and its products in relation to public health."

Dr. Proctor said they could not go from end to end of the province without realizing what over 16,000 milk cattle, valued at $1,700,000, without including young stock and breed bulls, meant to the province and the milk industry. Vancouver consumed annually about 3,000,000 gallons of milk at something like 50 cents a gallon, which meant about $1,500,000 annually for its milk supply.

What to the speaker was of paramount importance, however, was milk in its relation to public health. He paid a tribute to the farmer on his public spirit in his desire to supply the people with pure milk, even among those who suffered serious loss financially.

There was not a single article of food of the same value, said Dr. Proctor, as milk. One quart of pure milk was equal in value to three pounds of fresh coffee, one pound of round beef steak, two pounds of sale cod fish, or one pound of oysters. Good milk was the cheapest food one could buy and people would have to realize that if they wanted a properly safe guarded and produced milk supply they would have to pay for it, and when they understood the question he did not think they would object.

Blames the Milk.

Bad milk was the greatest single factor in the enormous death rate of infants under one year of age, continued the doctor, and it figured largely in the production of typhoid and scarlet fever, diphtheria and tuberculosis, especially under certain conditions of temperature.

The chief cause of infantile diarrhoea was infected milk. Under a properly produced milk supply kept and delivered at a temperature below 50 fr. it largely disappeared.

The most frequent channel for the transmission of tuberculosis was infected milk. Typhoid fever had on many instances been traced to contaminated milk. The house fly, one in the filthiest scavengers, was often the disseminator of disease by inoculating unprotected milk with millions of bacteria of various kinds. On the farm and in the city protected milk was the exception rather than the rule.

As to scarlet fever the doctor said he need not go farther than New Westminster, where during this very month they had had from 50 to 55 cases, shown to the satisfaction of the city health officer to be due to an infected milk supply.

Describing the appalling conditions under which milk is produced in some places, Dr. Proctor asked was there a practicable remedy? He believed there was. Care and cleanliness and a knowledge of what was necessary They did not expect farmers to build colony farms. If present prices were too low to secure a safe milk supply then the people must pay the increased cost and he did not think they would object.

In the commission investigation it was found the farmer got 21 cents and the milk dealer from 50 to 80 cents, an advance in price of from 29 to 59 cents. A few cents of that might be accounted for by freight and handling, the rest was clear profit for some one—outside the farmer. At these prices the public had a right to demand a safe milk supply. In that he knew they had the sympathy of the Dairymen's Assocation.

A sympathetic discussion followed One member said he knew the Jubilee hospital in Victoria was supplied with milk from untested cows.

W. T. Forster advocated the city monopolizing and distributing the milk supply and establishing large depots and necessary machinery, just like they monopolized the water and other things.

Mr. Scribner strongly supported the doctor's views, unconsciously, as he was not present when that gentleman delivered his address.

A vote of thanks was heartily accorded Dr. Proctor.

The business meeting was then resumed.

On motion of Mr. D. E. MacKenzie the constitution was amended so as to leave the fixing of future places of meeting to the directors.

Another motion abolishing evening sessions was abandoned for one leaving the matter in the hands of the directors.

Thanks City Council.

A vote of thanks to the mayor and council for the use of the city hall and their cordial reception of the association terminated the convention of 1913, admitted by all to have been the most successful ever held in its history.

At 9:30 an adjournment was made to the Royal cafe where the members and their guests sat down to and enjoyed a sumptuous banquet. The toasts were very appropriately drunk in milk, dubbed facetiously "Shannon's Best" in recognition of Messrs Shannon brothers, Surrey.

Mr. F. J. Bishop, president, took the head of the table, and the secretary, Mr. W. T. Macdonald, made an ideal toastmaster. They were supported by Messrs. Scribner, van Pelt, Hanson, Drs. Rutherford, Tolmie and Doherty, A. D. Paterson, president of the Stockbreeders' Association, and T. J. Trapp.

After the health of the King had been honored Mr. W. Duncan proposed the City of New Westminster, which was replied to by Mr. Trapp.

Dr. Rutherford toasted the "Live Stock Interests" in an eloquent and witty speech in which he eulogized the great services of the three American experts, Messrs. Scribner, van Pelt and Hanson, who had greatly enhanced the success of the convention.

Mr. A. D. Paterson, president of the Stockbreeders' Association for the seventh time in succession, replied.

The "Dairy Interests," was proposed by Mr. D. E. MacKenzie and responded to by the president of the association, Mr. F. J. Bishop, and Mr. Rowe, secretary.

The toast of "Our American Brothers," Messrs. Scriber, van Pelt and Hanson, was given by Dr. Tolmie who eloquently voiced the indebtedness of every individual of the association to the valuable and educative addresses of these gentlemen and the deep regard they had inspired in all

Messrs. Scribner, van Pelt and Hanson made suitable replies, fully reciprocating the kind wishes of their hosts.

A distinguishing feature of the speeches was the number of humorous stories told, chiefly Scottish, enlivening the orations and setting the table in a roar.

MANX NEWS.

The body of Margaret Karran, 55, a domestic, was found on the beach of Castletown Bay.

The death of Mrs. Clara Cregeen Wood, widow of the late Albert C. Wood, the youngest daughter of the late Dr. Archibald Cregeen, of Castletown, occurred at Brisbane, Australia.

The Manx Oddfellows and their friends of the Radical-Socialist Party are still demanding the extension of the Lloyd George Insurance Act to the Isle of Man, or, in default of that, an Insular measure "on the same lines."

The death occurred after a short illness, of John Kneale, Captain of the Parish of Andreas. Up to within the last fortnight or so Mr. Kneale enjoyed good health, and had been wonderfully smart and active for his 87 years.

The distribution of nearly 60 dolls and over 600 toys by Lady Raglan at The Palace presented one of the most remarkable scenes ever witnessed in the Isle of Man. The conveyance of the cripples and infirm by special tramcars, provided free of charge by the corporation, was especially pathetic.

Mrs. Sarah Hall Caine, the mother of the novelist who died at the residence of her daughter, Miss Lily Hall Caine, the actress, was not herself of Manx parentage, being descended from an old Quaker family of Ralph Hall's, china manufacturer (whose lustre ware is esteemed of the collector), and first settled in Cumberland

The death of Mrs. Corbett, wife of J. J. Corbett, Andreas, a well-known Northside farmer, was tragic. She was handling some Christmas cards received by the family, when she collapsed, and died in three or four hours. Mrs. Corbett was highly liked and esteemed, and was a member of a well-known Northside family, the Teares of Ballabene.

To the Manx literary list composed of T. E. Brown, "Cushag," John Quine, Will Meyrick, P. M. C. Kermode, Miss Morrison, J. J. Kneen, W. H. Gill, Arthur Moore, and William Cubbon, one must now add the name of Christopher R. Shimmin, the author of "The Charm" and "Illiam Kodhere's Will," two little plays in the Manx dialect which have been performed in the Centenary Hall. Peel, and in Ramsey, with great success.

VETERAN CROSSES LONG TRAIL WITH MEDALS ON

Montreal, Jan. 31.—Five minutes after he had asked for his medals to be pinned on his breast, Michael Cummings, a South African veteran, died of consumption in the Grace Dart hospital here.

Cummings was a private in the 18th South Lancashire regiment, with which he went through the entire South African campaign, and the Second Royal Canadian regiment.

IMPORTATION OF TREES AND PLANTS INTO CANADA

All persons who are accustomed, or intend, to import trees, shrubs, plants and other kinds of vegetation into Canada, or to ship such trees and plants from one province to another, should make themselves thoroughly familiar with the regulations of the Dominion and Provincial Governments in this matter. If this is not done inconvenience and possible loss may result owing to the neglect to comply with the requirements of Dominion or Provincial governments, which requirements are necessitated by the danger, always present, of the importation of dangerous pests into Canada or their spread from one province to another.

The regulations governing the importation of vegetation of various kinds into Canada and the Dominion and Provincial laws under which they have been passed have been collected in a convenient form and published as a bulletin with explanatory notes by the Dominion Entomologist, Dr. C. Gordon Hewcitt. This bulletin, entitled, "Legislation in Canada to prevent the intrduction and spread of Insects, Pests and Disease destructive to vegetation with Regulations regarding the importation of vegetation into Canada" is published as Bulletin No. 11, Second Series, of the Experimental Farms Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

It also forms Entomological Bulletin No. 6 of the Division of Entomology. It may be obtained free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. The laws and regulations of the Dominion Government and of the governments of those provinces possessing such legislation, namely, British Columbia, Nova Scotia, Ontario and Prince Edward Island are given. A full explanation is given of the regulations which must be observed by persons importing nursery stock, which comprises trees, shrubs, plants, vines, etc., into Canada and into the provinces mentioned.

A perusal of this bulletin, even by those who do not import or intend to import plants, will afford the reader an excellent idea of the strict supervision and care that is being exercised to prevent the introduction of further insect pests into Canada. More than half of the serious pests of Canada are not native to the country, but have been introduced or have migrated hither.

The object of this legislation is to prevent further introduction and spreading and the benefit which is resulting from the careful inspection and treatment when necessary, of imported plants is incalculable and is the means of saving the country enormous losses.

The Market.

Due no doubt to reports of good prices being secured during the past few weeks the market yesterday was loaded with chickens. The ranchers had apparently cleaned out their runs in the hope of getting in while the good prices reigned. Consequent upon the increased supply poultry fluctuated downward, a loss of from 3 to 4 cents on the quotations of the previous week being recorded. Despite the unusual supplies all birds offering were sold at fair prices.

A supply of produce arrived on the 8:45 tram from Abbotsford and way points. Included in the cargo were some 40 coops of chickens, 70 boxes of apples, 14 dressed hogs and half a dozen veal. The veal, pork and apples found a very ready sale at the prevailing prices. At the close apples were not procurable.

The vegetable department was in the same dull state that has characterized it for some weeks past. Cabbage found a ready market, but the potatoes greatly exceeded the demand.

Taking it throughout the market was the largest since Christmas, a great improvement in the attendance, stocks, and business being shown. It is expected that from now on things will improve greatly.

Fruit.

Apples, per box	75c to $1.25

Vegetables, Wholesale.

Beets, per sack	$1.00
Carrots, per sack	75c
Turnips, per sack	60c
Potatoes, per sack	75c
Potatoes, per ton	$13 to $14

Vegetables, Retail.

Beets, per bunch	5c
Onions, per lb.	5c
Carrots, per bunch	5c
Cabbage, per lb.	3c
Turnips, each	5c

Eggs and Butter.

Eggs, wholesale, per doz.	40c to 42c
Eggs, retail, per doz.	50c
Butter, retail, per lb.	40c to 45c
Butter, wholesale, per lb.	30c

Fish.

Pink Spring Salmon, per lb.	15c
White Spring Salmon, per lb.	8c
Flounders, per lb.	10c
Sturgeon, per lb.	15c
Halibut, per lb.	10c
Steelhead, per lb.	15c
Smelts, per lb.	10c

Retail Meats.

Beef, best rib roasts	15c to 18c
Beef, loin	18c to 22c
Beef, round steak	20c
Boiling beef	10c to 14c
Veal	15c to 25c
Pork	12c to 13½c
Sugar cured bacon	25c
Mutton	12c to 20c
Dressed Chicken, per lb.	25c

Wholesale Meats.

Veal, large	9c to 10c
Veal, small	14c to 14½c
Beef, front quarter	11c to 12c
Beef, hind quarter	13c to 14c
Spring lamb	15c
Mutton	10c to 12½c
Pork	13c to 13½c

Poultry.

Hens, small, per doz.	$6 to $8
Hens, large, per doz.	$8 to $10
Chickens, per doz.	$4 to $5.50
Broilers, per doz.	$3 to $4
Hens, live, per lb.	20c
Chickens, live, per lb.	20c to 22c
Ducks, per dozen	$12 to $15
Ducks, live, per lb.	20c to 23c
Turkeys, live, per lb.	33c to 35c
Turkeys, dressed, per lb.	39c to 40c

FIT-RITE PARLORS

Saturday Special

Our offer of 20 per Cent. discount on all *Fit-Rite* Clothing for the month of January will be good for Saturday, February 1st.

We also include Full Dress Suits, Prince Alberts and Dinner Coats in "FIT RITE" CLOTHES. You will find every refinement of design, fabric and tailoring—conforming in every respect to the style mandates of London and New York, with the distinctive touches peculiar to the "FIT RITE" Tailoring System. Yet "FITE RITE" prices are no more than you would have to pay for ordinary clothes.

FIT-RITE Parlors are noted for correct wearing apparel.

Richardson & Humphries

709 Columbia St. Westminster Trust Block.

P.O. Box 34 Daily News Bldg.
J. T. BURNETT'S PRINT SHOP
JOB PRINTING
of all kinds.
Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed.
59 McKenzie St.

Billiards and Pool
Biggest and best line of Pipes, Cigars and Smoking requisites.
Wholesale and retail.
J. L. Duncan, Ltd.
609 Columbia St.

The Popular Shoe Store

Open Evenings Till 9 O'clock 641 Front Street
OUT OF THE HIGH RENTAL DISTRICT
CHEAPER THAN OTHER FIRM'S SALE PRICES.

RUBBER BARGAINS

Ladies' Storm Rubber Footholds. Reg. 75c. All Sizes ..... 35c.
Gents' Neverslip Rubbers, Reg. $1.25. All Sizes 45c.
Ladies' City Gum Boots $2.45
Men's Gum Boots $2.85

Sole agents for Westminster for the famous K Boots. Depot for Leckie's Boots and Ahren's School Shoes.

A $20,000 Stock to Select From

EDISON THEATRE

SPECIAL
Friday and Saturday.
Kalem, an Historical Drama in Two Parts
"The Wives of Jamestown"
Produced in Ireland and at Jamestown, Virginia.
PATHE WEEKLY NEWS.

Coming Monday and Tuesday
Special—Selig Presents
"The Kings of the Forest"
The Animal Sensation.

Good Buys in City With Easy Terms

Six roomed house on Alberta Street, Sapperton, close to Columbia Street. Price $2800; $500 cash, balance $25 per month.

Six roomed house, new, on Eighth Avenue, close to Sixth Street car line. Full sized basement, furnace, fireplace, and laundry tubs. Price $3700; $800 cash, balance arranged.

Three roomed house on Dublin Street, close to Twelfth Street car line. Large lot in fruit. Chicken house and runs. Price $1800; one-quarter cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months.

Five roomed bungalow on Hamilton Street, modern, furnace, fireplace, laundry tubs, electric light fixtures, cement walks. Price $3800; $800 cash, balance arranged over two years.

The Peoples Trust Co., Ltd.
451 Columbia Street Phone 669

BIG PROGRAMME AT "Y" TONIGHT

Vancouver Basketball and Indoor Baseball Teams Will Take Part in Events to Be Staged.

An interesting program has been prepared by the Y. M. C. A. officials which will be placed before the public this evening. This includes gymnastics, basketball games between aVncouver and Westminster, an indoor baseball game between the two cities and swimming races of all kinds. In the social room a guessing contest will be conducted and refreshments doled out.

The instructors are now preparing for an indoor track meet among the members of the association which will be run off sometime in February. Medals will be awarded to the individual winners while handsome souvenirs have been gotten for first and second in the all round championship.

The following is the program for this evening:

Gymnasium.

Basketball match, Vancouver vs. Westminster.

Baseball match, Vancouver vs. New Westminster.

Group games.

Pyramids, Westminster Juniors, Vancouver Juniors.

Relay race (obstacle) Vancouver vs. Westminster.

Swimming Pool.

Relay race (one or two lengths) four boys each; 25 yard swim individual; long plunge or dive; fancy dive; swimming.

Social Room.

Guessing contest; refreshments.

SPORTOGRAPHY.
(By "Gravy.")

FAR EASTERN OLYMPIAD BEGINS IN PHILIPPINES.

Manila will be the scene today of a gathering of all the athletes of the Orient to take part in the Far Eastern Olympiad, to be held in the Philippine capital during the first ten days of February. China will be represented in the track and field sports, swimming, basketball, tennis and volley ball.

Try-outs to choose the representatives of the new republic were held in Shanghai, Pekin, Hankow and Tientsin, and it is reported that their competitors will have to go some to beat the yellow men. Japan has sent not only track and field teams but golf and tennis players and a picked baseball team. The Philippines will be strongly represented in all departments, the athletes of the islands including natives, half-breeds, Chinese, Japs and Americans. Siam will also be represented, although athletic sports have not made as much progress there as in other oriental countries.

The Olympiad will be divided into three sections: First, games for the Philippine championship; second, the Far Eastern championships, open to natives of China, Japan, Siam and the Philippines, and third, a series open to all residents of the Orient regardless of color or nationality. The Amateur Athletic Federation of the Philippines is behind this ambitious attempt to hold an eastern replica of the western Olympiad. It is quite possible that the winners in this series of games will be sent to Berlin to compete in the 1916 Olympic games.

Forty per cent of the entire population of the world, or a total of almost 600 millions, live in the part of the globe from which the Far Eastern Olympiad will draw its material. Athletic sports have made remarkable progress n the Orient in the last few years. On this point the Olympic committee says:

"It seems well worth while to arouse the Oriental millions to a realization of their athletic possibilities—both from the standpoint of individual competition and general athletic development—and to place them on a footing of athletic equality with the rest of the world.

TODAY IN PUGILISTIC ANNALS.

1809—Jem Belcher, who had relinquished the heavyweight title six years before, attempted to come back, but was defeated by Tom Cribb in 35 rounds at Epsom Downs, England.

1900—Terrible Terry McGovern knocked out Eddie Santry in fifth round at Chicago.

1904—Abe Attell knocked out Harry Forbes in fifth round at St. Louis.

1908—Jimmy Clabby knocked out Kid Leonard in second round at Milwaukee.

1911—Porky Flynn, American, defeated Jack Burns, American, in 20 rounds in London.

1911—Harry Lewis, American, outpointed Blink McCloskey in three rounds in Paris.

ZBYSZKO WINS BOUT AGAINST CONNOLY

British Champion Wins the Handicap, Although He Was Pinned Five Minutes Over Time Limit.

Vancouver, Jan. 31.—Although Zbyszko, the giant Pole, won the wrestling match against Pat Connolly, the British champion, at the Vancouver Athletic club this evening, the latter saved the handicap by staying the full hour with only one fall. This came after fifty minutes of hard and fast work. The large crowd gave the Irishman a good hand out when he got past the time limit with only one fall marked against him, but the great strength of the Pole soon wore his opponent's strength down, the second fall being secured fifteen minutes from the first, or five minutes after the hour.

Barney Goss refereed the bout.

Y. M. C. A. QUINTETTE CHAMPIONS OF CITY

Defeat Hustlers Last Evening by a Heavy Score—Collumbian College Wins Preliminary.

Heading their opponents at every stage of the game, the quintette wearing Y. M. C. A. colors defeated the Hustlers basketball team last evening on the Armories court and also won the championship of the city in that line of sport. The final score was 32-9.

The defeat of the Sangsters was a score blow to their supporters who were confident they would win the championship, but they were up against a heavier set of players who took advantage of their weight at every opportunity, while at the same time appeared more at home in caging the sphere from all angles.

The game opened with a rush, Storme, the big centre of the Y's netting a foul while Rufus Sangster came through with two pretty field goals. After that the Hustlers were never in the running.

Storme was the bright star for the victors, keeping on the move every minute of pay, while his goals were all secured from different angles. Swanson, although scoring the most field goals, showed a tendency to rough things a little which for the most part was overlooked by Tuck, the Vancouver official in charge of the game.

As a preliminary the Columbian College second team defeated the Y.M.C.A. "A" team by a score of 28-22.

The following is the lineup and results of the big contest:

Y.M.C.A.	Hustlers
Guards	
Horne	R. Sangster
Dougherty	P. Sangster
Centre.	
Storme	W. Sangster
Forwards.	
Swanson	L. Sangster
Smith	G. Sangster

Goss from field—Y.M.C.A.: Swanson 5, Storme 4, Smith 4, Dougherty 2; Hustlers: R. Sangster 2, L. Sangster 1.

Goals from foul—Storme 2; W. Sangster 1, G. Sangster 2.

Referee, G. Tuck, Vancouver.

LET SOMEONE READ THE RIOT ACT QUICK

Local Hockey Team Loses Another to Victoria—Are the Players Doing Their Best?

Failure to attend strictly to business as regards training resulted in New Westminster getting another defeat chalked up against them in the Coast Hockey league last evening when the Victoria septette on their own ice defeated the Royals to the tune of seven goals to three.

Ill-luck and lack of a rink of their own has been mentioned heretofore as the result of the local professional team losing out with a monotony which is just about getting tiresome to Westminster hockey enthusiasts, but the public is beginning to get wise to the fact that unless the team takes a brace, get down strictly to business and really do something to the credit of the Royal City, professional hockey will get a black eye from which it will take two or three season to recover.

This makes six defeats that have been handed to New Westminster so far this season, while one victory has been chalked up; quite enough for any team to suffer from without having it go any further. That they are not by any means third-raters in the hockey world was demonstrated last season when they won the Paterson cup and again only a week ago when they trounced Victoria on the Terminal City ice, having the better of play during the entire 60 minutes.

Next Friday night the first game will be played in the Queen's Park enclosure. The team has four clear days to get into the best of shape, will they arise to the demand and show the local and Vancouver fans that New Westminster has a team which while having no chance for the championship of 1913, can defeat either of the other teams that comprise the league.

But to return to the game of last evening. Advices which reached us, state that the Royals were a beaten team after the scoring of the first goal by Lester Patrick, who by the way, was the particular star of the evening, notching four of the seven tallies for the Capitals. Oatman was the only man who was effective for the Royals, the former Quebec star mixing things in great style.. The following tells the tale:

Goal Summary.

First period—L. Patrick (Vic.) 14; Dunderdale (Vic.) 3:46; Smail (Vic.) :55.

Second period.—Dunderdale (Vic.) 3:00; Oatman (West.) 4:33; L. Patrick (Vic.) 12:14.

Third period—L. Patrick (Vic.) 1:32; L. Patrick (Vic.) 4:45; Oatman (West.) 8:58; Mallen (West.) 2:30.

Penalties.

Rowe (Vic.), Poulin (Vic.) 6 min. each; Johnson, Oatman (West.), Prodgers, (Vic.) 3 min. each.

Officials—J. McDonald and C. Kendall.

Warmest Ever.

Boston, Jan. 31—The warmest January in the history of the weather service in Boston went out today in a blaze of sunshine with the thermometer reaching a maximum for the day of 63 degrees.

We Sell Skates and Skating Shoes

McCulloch and Automobile Tube Skates. Also large assortment of other makers such as Starr Manufacturing Company and Bokers Special Boys' Hockey Skates at 75c per pair. McPherson's Lightning Hitch Hockey Boots, $4.00 per pair. Skates screwed on boots free of charge.

M. J. KNIGHT & CO., Ltd.
55 SIXTH STREET. PHONE 237.

We Have Moved

into our new office on the Corner of Begbie and Columbia streets, in the new Westminster Trust Building. We cordially invite the public to inspect our new offices and vaults.

WESTMINSTER TRUST, LIMITED
J. J. JONES, Managing Director.

ARENA
---Ice Skating---
Two Sessions Daily
ADMISSION—
Afternoon Session: *Children 15c., Adults 25c.*
Evenings: *Everybody 40c.*

ROYAL THEATRE UP-TO-DATE VAUDEVILLE
A BILL OF BIG FEATURES
TODAY
Sailor Comedy Four
Leon Wadele
IMPERSONATOR OF THE "FAIR SEX."
Reno, Vail and Reno
SINGERS, DANCERS AND COMEDIANS.
3-NEW PHOTO PLAYS-3

Royal City Decorating Co.
Wall Paper, Burlaps and Paints. Paper Hanging our Specialty. Work guaranteed.
Chas. Mannering 34 Begbie Street. Phone 288. Ed. Allcock.

WEEK-END SPECIALS

This will be your last chance to secure a "Fashion Craft" or "Society Brand" Suit at these greatly reduced prices. We must make space for new goods already en route. Look at the regular prices plainly marked or stamped on every suit, then note saving

No. 1
Any Suit in the shop, values to $25.00, Saturday for - - - - **$15.00**

No. 3
Any Suit in the shop, values to $38.00, for - - - - - - - - **$25.00**

No. 2
Any Overcoat in the shop, Burberry's excepted, values to $35 **$15.00**

No. 4
Hats, soft and stiff, values to $4.00 for - - - - - - - - **$1.75**

SEE WINDOWS

Every garment sold with our guarantee

A. S. MILLS & CO.
Smart Apparel for the Younger Men 16 to 30.

25 per Cent. off Burberry Coats

Classified Advertising

RATES.

Classified—One cent per word per day; 4c per word per week; 15c per month; 5,000 words, to be used as required within one year from date of contract, $25.00.

Birth or Marriage Notices 50c. Death Notice 50c or with Funeral Notice $1.00. Card of Thanks 50c per inch.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A SMART WAITRESS. Apply Fraser hotel, Mrs. Withyman. (595)

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 422 Third street. (585)

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—ONE ROOMED HOUSE on cleared lot on Alberta street, Sapperton; $950, $100 down, balance $20 a month. Phone L 616, or call at 1317 Eighth avenue. (589)

FOR SALE—FINE CLEARED LOT on Princess street, between Sixth and Eighth streets. Ready to build on. Price $1000; one-third cash, balance in 6, 12 and 18 months. F. A. Rose, 202 Westminster Trust building. (588)

CORDWOOD FOR SALE 530 TENTH street. (582)

FOR SALE—A NEW MODERN house on lot 66x119, at Edmonds, or would exchange for vacant property. Apply Owner, J. Bone, Colonial Pool Hall, or Box 797. (575)

SEE THE EVOLUTION OF A COOK Stove, Canada's Pride Malleable Ranges $1.00 down, $1.00 per week. Canada Range Co., Market square. (399)

FOR RENT.

Three and four roomed suites with bath, steam heat, $25 and $30 per month unfurnished; one furnished $35.

Bradley Apartments,
1218 Fifth Avenue. Phone 750.

CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Pursuant to Section 7, of the British Columbia Railway Act, 1911, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Registrar in New Westminster, plan, profile and book of Reference of the location of the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway, mileage 5 to 15, Lulu Island, approved by the Minister of Railways of British Columbia. (469)

T. H. WHITE,
Chief Engineer.

INVESTORS' INVESTMENT CO.
Curtis Block, New Westminster, B.C.
Telephone 295. P. O. Box 777.

$3800 cash buys two full sized lots, each 66x132, two house; one four rooms, one eight rooms; semi-modern. $4000 on terms. This is one of the biggest snaps in the city.

$2800 buys six roomed house in West End. Lot 50x150; all cleared. One-quarter cash. Terms. No. 75.

$1250 buys small, all plastered house, large cleared lot in East Burnaby, on Eleventh avenue. $350 cash. $20 per month. Renting $10 per month. No. 37.

$4000 buys good eight roomed house near Sixth street car line and Fourth avenue; excellent condition. Terms to suit. No. 72.

$10,000 and **$9000** respectively will buy two of the choicest modern houses on Third avenue. Fine lots and generous terms. No. 66 and No. 73.

INVESTORS' INVESTMENT CO.
Fire, Accident, Plate Glass, Automobile, Burglary, Employer's Liability Insurance.

For Excelence in Shaving, Haircutting and Shampooing give the
EXCELSIOR BARBER SHOP
35 Eighth St. David Boyle, Prop.
a trial. Four skilled workmen. Our system of treating the scalp for dandruff and falling hair cannot be improved upon. Try it.
Face Massaging a speciality.

WHEN IN NEED OF HELP
PHONE R 1031.
CLARK-FRASER
Employment Agency
Prompt attention given to orders.
607 Front St., New Westminster, B.C.

POOL AND CIGARS.
King's Hotel Pool Room
Best Pool Tables in the city. Fine line of Cigars and Tobacco. Sporting events bulletined.
A. G. BEATON, Proprietor.

Well Built Modern 5-Roomed Bungalow
Just off Sixth Street car line, with hot water heat. $3150.00; $1000.00 cash, balance to arrange.

T. D. COLDICUTT
Coldicutt Block, Fourth Avenue
Phone 719 East Burnaby, B.C.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSEkeeping rooms. 1020 Third avenue. (586)

FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING suit, ground floor; bath, phone, etc., at 224 Seventh street. (540)

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—Three rooms, pantry, closet, bath, etc. Close to Central school. Enquire at 224 Seventh street. (535)

TO RENT—SUITE OF THREE rooms. Apply at Coldicutt block, Sixth street and Thirteenth avenue, East Burnaby. (532)

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSEkeeping rooms, hot and cold water. Apply room 9, Knights of Pythias hall, corner Eighth street and Agnes street. (398)

TO RENT—TWO LARGE AND TWO small rooms over the News office. Suitable for club or light manufacturing purposes. Will lease for two or three year term, singly or en bloc Apply to Manager the News.

NEWS CLASSIFIED ADS BRING seller and buyer together.

ENGINEER WANTED.

Applications for the position of Engineer will be received at the Secretary's Office not later than noon on Thursday, February 6th. The applicant must be competent to exercise general supervision over the school heating and ventilating plants and general care of buildings and be able to make repairs on same. Applicant must possess at least a third class B. C. certificate and must state age and send testimonials showing previous experience. Salary $110 per month.

L. AVORY WHITE,
Secretary Board of School Trustees,
New Westminster, B.C. (593)

MUNICIPAL SCHOOL INSPECTOR WANTED.

Applications for the position of Municipal School Inspector will be received at the Secretary's Office not later than Thursday, February 13th. The applicant must state age and educational qualifications and must enclose testimonials showing experience.

L. AVORY WHITE,
Secretary Board of School Trustees,
New Westminster, B.C. (591)

JANITOR WANTED.

Applications for the position of Janitor at the Lord Lister School will be received at the Secretary's Office not later than noon on Thursday, February 13th. Applicant must state age and salary required and must send testimonials.

L. AVORY WHITE,
Secretary Board of School Trustees,
New Westminster, B.C. (592)

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re Lots 4, 5, 7 (except the southwesterly 32 feet by 54¼ feet of said lot 7) of portion of lots 1, 2 and 5 and a portion of 20 feet by 106 feet marked "Lane," of Lot 5, Block 34, Map 904, in the City of New Westminster.

Whereas proof of the loss of Certificate of Title Number 12868 F, issued in the name of Robert Lennie, has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof in a daily newspaper published in the City of New Westminster, issue a duplicate of the said Certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

C. S. KEITH,
District Registrar of Titles.
Land Registry Office,
New Westminster, B.C., January 3, 1903. (407)

DREDGING.

Extension of Time.

Notice is hereby given that the time for reception of tenders for Dredging at False Creek, Vancouver, B. C., is extended to Monday, February 17, 1913.

By order
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, January 13, 1913. (534)

HOTEL FRASER
Eighty Rooms, New and Modern.
The most comfortable rooms in the city. Hot and cold water and steam radiator in each. Bar and first class cafe run in connection.
THOS. WITHYMAN, Prop.
Cor. Front and Begbie St. Phone 186

Phone R524 619 Hamilton St
D. McELROY
Chimney Sweeping,
Eavetrough Cleaning,
Sewer Connecting,
Cesspools, Septic Tanks, Etc.

SUITS
for Ladies and Men
GALVIN THE TAILOR
46 Lorne Street New Westminster

PREFERS CHILDREN TO MUSICAL FAME

Mme Calve Would Rather Have Crooned Over Babes Than Achieved Present Success.

Paris, Jan. 31.—A letter from Emma Calve, written in St. Paul, Minn., in which the famous diva says she would rather be the mother of five or six children than have all the fame her voice has brought her, has attracted much editorial attention in the Paris press. The letter written to a woman friend, was published in Le Temps.

"Let me assure you that my health is not bad. My darling, beautiful voice, always strong and sonorous, is more touching and intensely more sensitive than before. Alas, like me, it is in the autumn of life. It will go little by little reluctantly and as it weakens I shall weep for it as I would for my sister.

"I have come to treat my voice as some winged mysterious being, independent of myself. I believe that even if I lost it, it would return to me on my deathbed, so that I might sing with my last breath."

Mme Calve refers to her operatic successes, and adds:

"But, after all, that is not happiness. I would have perferred to be the mother of five or six children, whom my voice might have lulled to sleep."

TIME FOR NATIONAL THEATRE NOT YET

Says London Playwright—Cites Failure of Scheme in America as Proof.

London, Jan. 31.—Henry Arthur Jones, the playwright, is back from America feeling, as he expresses it, "like his own grandson," after a surgical operation that has freed him as if by magic from a long-borne burden of ill health.

Mr. Jones brought some new ideas as well as health back with him from the United States. He is greatly interested in the establishment of a national theatre in England, but his experiences in America have changed his mind somewhat on this point.

"I have been closely watching the history of America's first national theatre, its establishment and its failure," he says, "and I think it may be a very good object lesson to use Englishmen.

"Its failure was due to the simple reason that the American public was not ready for it, did not want it. It was a 'millionaire's theatre,' and not a people's theatre. And are we ready for it? Personally, I have very strong doubts on the subject.

"No, I do not think that the puritanic temperament is really against a great dramatic spirit in the nation. It is merely that the externals of puritanism are against the externals of our present-day theatre. I myself, I need hardly tell you, was born and bred a puritan, of puritan stock, a fact for which I am eternally grateful. There is nothing anti-dramatic in puritanism; only anti-theatrical. I still think John Bunyan was one of the greatest potential dramatists who ever lived.

"The truth seems to me to be that puritanism—which is, after all, but a few hundred years old— is just one form that the grit and stamina of our race had taken. It is the very sign of the strong, independent, self-reliant man that he should put a check upon himself, just as it is a sign of him that he should resist external power. Why or in what connection does not matter. The international conflict of strong will and of strong impulse is the very essence of drama. It existed in Shakespeare, in King David, in Burns —in every one who has given us great and virile art."

"DEAD" MAN COMES BACK TO CONSCIOUSNESS

London, Jan. 31.—Kells, county Meath, is much excited over the coming to life of a supposed dead man. Phillip Fitzpatrick, a cattle drover, dropped, apparently dead, in a field, and the body was removed to the local hospital. There arrangements were made for the funeral, and the body was afterwards taken to the workhouse mortuary.

Meantime a telegram had been sent to the "dead" man's brother asking him to come to Kells. The message was considerately worded, "Brother dying," but while on his journey he overhead two travelers talking about the sudden death in Kells.

He asked the name of the dead man, and receiving information of his suspicion, he hurried to Kells. On his arrival, however, he was agreeably surprised to learn that so far from being dead his brother was very much alive.

It is stated that while a cord which Fitzpatrick wore round his neck was being cut preparatory to his being "laid out," the man woke. He had been some three hours "dead" at the time, and, naturally, his unexpected return to life gave those by the bedside a more or less severe shock.

The doctor was summoned, and the supposed dead man hopes soon to be able to resume his ordinary vocation.

FOUGHT FOR JOB OF RESCUING SEAMEN

London, Jan. 31.—Never has the launch of a life boat caused such a scene as that which was witnessed at Appledore, Devonshire, recently.

In response to signals from a vessel in distress the lifeboat was launched and sufficient men to man it were soon obtained, badges guaranteeing payment for their services being distributed. Other men then arrived on the scene and attempted to take possession of the badges.

The rivals fought like madmen, the second party biting and cutting their opponent's hands with knives in an endeavor to make them release their hold. The police were called, but it was only by threatening to draw their truncheons that they eventually quelled the riot.

USED HIS FEET TO STEER SMALL CRAFT

Skipper of Tug Relates Terrible Experiences in Big Blow Off Cape Finisterre.

London, Jan. 31.—Thrilling details of the voyage from Falmouth to Rio de Janeiro of a small steam tug were told when the master (Captain J. W. Carver) of the boat returned to England by the steamer Orita.

The tug, of only four tons register, was built at Falmouth for towing canal barges out to steamers calling at Rio. She left Falmouth on Sept. 22. When within nineteen miles of Cape Finisterre the full force of a gale was encountered.

"It was one of the worst gales I have ever been through," said the captain. "On Oct. 1 we shipped one gigantic wave which carried away the wheel shelter, wrecked the only compass we possessed, and smashed the wheel.

"The second engineer had four fingers torn away, the man at the wheel had his ribs badly injured, and one of the crew sustained a fractured thigh. At last we got to Brest. During the voyage I was kept at the partly repaired wheel steering with my feet for three days and nights.

The only food I could get consisted of a few biscuits which were handed up to me. On Oct. 12 I began the second portion of the voyage without my chief officer and with a foreign crew The crew had gone below, so I locked them in, and told them it was a case of 'no work no food.'

I did allow them one biscuit each day. Within 30 miles of Teneriffe the fuel again gave out, but we were sighted by the Spanish mail boat Luis Viviens, and this vessel spared us a ton of coal, which carried us into the port.

I got twenty-two tons of coal, but lost my second crew by desertion, and as the men who had previously refused to work also got ashore, the cook and I navigated the tub to St. Vincent, where we obtained another set of men, all foreigners, none of whom had ever been to sea before.

"We got to Pernambuco, and arrived safely at Rio de Janeiro on Dec. 12."

LIGHT ON WESLEY.

More Shorthand Manuscripts Found in Archives of Church.

London, Jan. 31.—The Rev. Nehemiah Curnock, editor of the new official edition of John Wesley's Journals, has made a surprising discovery of Wesley manuscripts. The chief of these is a diary in shorthand covering the greater part of the last ten years of Wesley's life.

This diary, found in the old strong room in City Road, London, where are kept the archives of nearly two centuries of Methodism, has been hidden in the last pages of a little book known as "Wesley's last account book," and until Mr. Curnock re-examined it no one suspected that the hieroglphics at the end were priceless notes written by Wesley himself in his old age.

On Aug. 8, 1741, the diaries found in what is known as the "Colman collection" ceased, and the story in this particular form remains untold until it is resumed in a few stray leaves in the library of Headingley College, dated from Feb. 15, 1790, and continued until within about fourteen days of Wesley's death. The newly-found diary carries the day-by-day story back to the close of the year 1782, thus covering a period during which the printed journal is imperfect.

The book shows in minute detail how the old man, almost to the very last, kept his accounts "exactly," ending the record with the often quoted sentence, written with a tremulous hand, "I will not attempt it any longer being satisfied with the continual conviction that I save all I can, and give all I can, that is, all I have"

POISON MYSTERY.

Is Talk of London—Body Now Exhumed.

London, Jan. 31.—A second inquest was opened today into the mysterious death of Hugh Eric Trevanion, a grandson of Sir Danie Cooper, who died suddenly after taking some veronal tablets and who left all his money to his male friend, Roe, with whom he shared a luxurious flat. The relatives of the young man are fighting his will which leaves all his money to his friend Roe.

At today's inquest it was incidentally revealed that he was buried in a silk nightgown on which there was a gold bangle and an umbrella-shaped gunmetal brooch.

Dr. Willcox, the analyst of the Home Office, expressed the opinion that Mr. Trevanion must have taken at least 150 garins of veronal, and that the drug was either wilfully taken or wilfully administered by some other person.

A LAZY MOTHER.

Went to Bed and Refused to Get Out for Two Weeks.

London, Jan. 31.—The problem of a woman who went to bed on Dec. 26 and refused to get up for a fortnight, though apparently in good health, was dealt with by the Exeter magistrates. Mrs. Margaret Whatley appeared on an adjourned charge of neglecting her two children.

The husband said that his wife went to bed on Dec. 26, and he had not seen her up until she came to the court. It had been suggested that he should leave her without food, but he did not like to see her starve. As far as he knew, there was nothing the matter with her.

The magistrate sent the woman to prison for four months' with hard labor, specially requesting the medical officer and chaplain to look after her in the hope that regular discipline would restore her, mentally and physically.

Haileybury Fire Swept.

Haileybury, Ont., Jan. 31.—Five thousand dollars damage was done by fire early this morning to the Ferguson Avenue Block, Haileybury. The principal losers are R. W. Woods, the Jamiesson Meat Company, Jory & Young, druggists, and R. T. Shillington, M. P. P.

EDUCATING FARMERS BY MOVING PICTURES

Professor Dean Advocates Their Use for Showing Methods of Farming ing and Dairying.

Woodstock, Jan. 31.—The use of the moving picture and the drama for the purpose of educating farmers, in agricultural and dairy methods, has a champion in H. H. Dean, professor of dairy husbandry, at the Ontario Agricultural College, whose paper on "Cheese, Investigation of Experimental of College During Past Three Years," was read by George W. McKay, at the recent Dairymen's convention on Thursday.

Prof. Dean, was delayed and did not arrive until nearly noon, and only dealt with his suggestion very briefly Prof. Dean's address pointed out the educative value of picture show drama, with fitting music, which showed all the different processes of farming or dairying.

The stage, he said, had often somewhat degenerated from its original high standard, but it could be made to serve a great purpose by showing the different processes of dairying from the hauling of the milk to the consumption of the cheese, in foreign lands.

These would include scenes on the farm, in which family and hired man would take part, the making, refining and inspection, the loading upon the steamers, the landing in England and receiving into the warehouses, and then the pleasure or dissatisfatcion of the consumer.

DUTCH QUEEN AIDS WOMEN IN FACTORIES

Many of Them Married and Compelled To Work Through Inability of Husbands.

The Hague, Holland, Jan. 31.—Queen Wilhelmina ordered the statistical department of Holland last summer to investigate the extent to which married women are employed in factories and industrial occupations in the Netherlands. The investigation was made, says the New York Sun, by women factory inspectors and the report has just been published.

The investigators visited and talked with 5620 married women employed in 1154 working places, three-fourths of whom were between the ages of 20 and 40. The average earning of those employed in steady work does not exceed $3 a week while those employed in seasonal trades do not average above $1.93.

One-fourth of the number investigated work because of the insufficient earnings of their husbands, the husbands of 10 per cent. were out of work and 20 per cent. were widows or divorced or abandoned by their husbands. The remainder worked because their husbands were either ill or drunkards.

Eight per cent. worked to save money, 45 per cent. did all their own housework, 15 per cent. did their housework with the assistance of a woman relative or child, 10 per cent. did only the family laundry, while the remainder confided the housework to hired help, or the mother of either husband or wife.

STOLE HANDBAG IN VIEW OF MAGISTRATE

Exploit of French Girl While Awaiting Examination—Lady Witness is Loser.

Paris, Jan. 31.—There was a peculiar exhibition of theft in the court here today. Yvonne Motte, aged 22, was in court on a charge of shoplifting, and was waiting her turn for examination by the investigating magistrate under the eye of a sleepy Republican guard.

A well dressed lady who was waiting to testify in another case sat on the bench near by. The confidence inspired by her surroundings caused the lady to leave her reticule by her side. There was great excitement later when it was found that the handbag had disappeared.

The police started a search and found that the youthful Yvonne had succeeded in abstracting the handbag and concealing it under her blouse. Yvonne will now have to answer a second charge of attempted theft in the palace of justice in the presence of a magistrate and the police.

HOMES REUNITED.

By Working of Association—Great Success in Toronto.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—The statement of the governing committee of Imperial Home Re-union association was embodied in the first annual report of the work of that organization which was submitted at the annual meeting today. It disclosed the following:

During the year 1912 $76,397.55 has been expended in bringing to Toronto the wives and families and dependents of the British working men. Of this amount $9839 was prepaid by the applicants themselves.

Of the amount advanced $14,934.51 has been repaid in instalments, including interest, as arranged between the applicants and the committee, and $12,661.13 remains outstanding, but not yet due.

Malay States Battleship.

London, Jan. 31.—The contract for the battleship which the Malay States will present to the admiralty has been placed, and it is expected to be in commission by 1915.

AMERICANS ANXIOUS TO SECURE DESIGNS

Of British Trade Processes—Accusation Made at Nottingham Chamber of Commerce.

London, Jan. 31.—At a meeting of Nottingham Chamber of Commerce, a leading manufacturer, B. F. Stiebel, accused certain local designers of accepting bribes to supply American and continental competitors with copies of the drawing at the same time as these were supplied to Nottingham firms.

At a previous meeting of the Chamber of Commerce grave complaints were made of the pirating of English designs by foreign manufacturers and it was announced that an international conference, representatives of seven nations, was to be held at Manchester to cope with the evil.

Mr. Stiebel now said that he had received information that American and continental houses bribed English draughtsmen to supply copies of their draughts simultaneously. He described it as one of the vilest and foulest pieces of corruption that could possibly be committed against the manufacturing interests.

Every manufacturer should make the closest inquiry, and if it were possible to institute prosecutions, it should be done without the slightest hesitation.

WELSH NEWS.

After raiding the hen-roost of the Bishop of St. Aaph, a fox was caught prowling round the workhouse, was put in a sack, and removed to the Cefn kennels of the Flint and Denbigh Hunt.

The Great Western Railway has placed a contract for the rection of a wireless station on Pencw Height, overlooking Fishguard Harbor. The radius will be 200 miles in daylight and 400 at night. Four of the company's cross-channel turbine steamers are to be fitted with wireless.

A number of archaeologists, including a Cambridge professor, are engaged in exploring the caves of Gower in search of antiquities. Their searches have so far been rewarded by the discovery of many bones of prehistoric animals, similar to those discovered many years ago, when the caves were last systematically explored.

A message has been recived from Buenos Ayres announcing the death of the Rev. Robert Jones, of Tryddyn, near Mold, who went out some twenty or more years ago to minister to the Welsh colony in Patagonia. Mr. Jones who was advanced in years, had journeyed from the Welsh colony to Buenos Ayres to undergo a surgical operation. He was connected with the Calvinistic Methodist denomination.

C. D. Thompson, J. P., of Wenvoe, agent for the Wenvoe Castle and Romilly estates, has sent out circulars to leaseholders or those estates offering to extend the original term of 99 years to 999 years on the same condition as at present, subject only to a small charge based upon the present reversion. A large portion of the land in the town is, however, held by syndicates, and in those cases the term remains as hitherto—viz., 99 years.

The Welsh Insurance Commissioners recently advertised for an assistant secretary with, among other qualifications, ability to read, write and speak the Welsh language. No candidate among those who applied was considered suitable for the post. The commissioners thereupon invited Percey Emerson Watkins, Registrar of the University College of South Wales and Monmouthshire, to the vacancy, and he has accepted the invitation.

At a meeting of school managers at Pontypool a discussion arose on the question of repayment by parents of the cost of feeding school children during the recent coal strike. A long list of names of parents indebted to the county authority was sent to the managers, with the request that the managers should do their best to collect the money. The county authority had served notices direct through the attendance officers, and in one district 890 claims were served, but only 12s. 7d. had been collected.

RUSSIAN FENCING MASTER KILLED BY OWN WIFE

Moscow, Jan .31.—Ivan Putokin, the fencing master, has been killed in a duel by his own wife. The husband had challenged a lieutenant, who was paying attention to Mme. Putokin. Before the duel began she appeared and demanded that Putokin fight her before the lieutenant.

The strange combat was agreed to, and Mme. Putokin made a furious lunge at her husband, running the rapier through his heart. She and eight officers, who were spectators, were arrested.

CORPORATION OF BURNABY.

Engineering Department.
Tenders for Tools and Supplies.

Sealed Tenders endorsed Tools and Supplies will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon on Monday, February 3rd, 1913.

Copy of specifications and form of tender can be had on application at the Engineer's Office.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied and must be accompanied by a marked cheque for One Hundred Dollars ($100.00).

W. GRIFFITHS, Comptroller.
Municipal Hall, Edmonds, B. C.,
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FRECKLES

By Gene Stratton-Porter

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(CONTINUED.)

When Freckles started for the trail next morning the shining new specimen box flashed on his back. The black "chicken," a mere speck in the blue, caught the gleam of it and wondered what it was. The folded net hung by the boy's hatchet, and the bird book was in the box. He walked the line and tested each section scrupulously, watching every foot of the trail, for he was determined not to slight his work. But if ever a boy "made haste slowly" in a hurry it was Freckles that morning. When at last he reached the space he had cleared out and fitted up around his case his heart swelled with the pride of possessing even so much that he could call his own.

He had made a large room with the door of the case set even with one side of it. On three sides fine big bushes of wild rose climbed to the lower branches of the trees. Part of his walls were mallow, part alder, thorn, willow and dogwood. Below there filled in a solid mass of pale pink sheep laurel and yellow St. John's wort, while the amber threads of the dodder interlaced everywhere. At one side the swamp came close and cattails grew in profusion. In front of them he had planted a row of water hyacinths without disturbing in the least the state of their azure bloom, and where the ground rose higher for his door a row of foxfire that would soon be open.

To the left he had discovered a queer natural arrangement of the trees that grew to giant size and were set in a gradually narrowing space so that a long, open vista stretched away until lost in the dim recesses of the swamp. A little trimming back of underbush rolling out of dead logs, leveling of floor and carpeting of moss, made it easy to understand why Freckles had named this the "cathedral," yet he had never been taught that "the groves were God's first temples."

On either side of the trees that constituted the first arch of this dim vista in the swamp he planted ferns that grew waist high this early in the season, and so skillfully had the work been done that not a frond drooped because of the change. Opposite he cleared a space and made a flowerbed. Every day saw the addition of new specimens.

On the line side he left the bushes thick for concealment and entered by a narrow path he and Duncan had cleared in setting up the case. He called this the front door, though he used every precaution to hide it. He built rustic seats between several of the trees, leveled the floor and thickly carpeted it with rank, heavy woolly dog moss. About the case he planted wild clematis, bittersweet and wild grapevines and trained them over it until it was almost covered.

This morning Freckles walked straight to his case, unlocked it and set his apparatus and dinner inside. He took out the birdbook, turned to the section headed "V." Past "veery" and "vireo" he went, on down the line until his finger, trembling with eagerness, stopped at "vulture."

"'Great black California vulture,'" he read.

"Humph! This side the Rockies will do for us."

"'Common turkey buzzard.'"

"Well, we ain't hunting common turkeys. McLean said chickens, and what he says goes."

"'Black vulture of the south.'"

"Here we are arrived at once."

Freckles' finger followed the line and he read scraps aloud.

"'Common in the south. Sometimes called Jim Crow. Nearest equivalent to C-a-t-h-a-r-t-e-s A-t-r-a-t-a.'"

"'— the Pharaoh's chickens of European species. Sometimes stray north as far as Virginia and Kentucky'"—

"And sometimes farther," interpolated Freckles, "cos I got them right here in Indiana so like these pictures I can just see me big chicken bobbing up to get his ears boxed. Hey?"

"'Light blue eggs'"—

"Golly, I got to be seeing them!"

"'— big as a common turkey's, but shaped like a hen's, heavily splotched with chocolate'"—

"Caramels, I suppose. And"—

"'— in hollow logs or stumps.'"

"Oh, bagging! Wasn't I barking up the wrong tree though? Ought to been looking near the ground all this time. Now it's all to do over, and I suspect the sooner I start the sooner I'll be likely to find them."

Freckles ate and drank his last drop of water. He sat resting a little and watching the sky to see if his big chicken was hanging up there. But he came to the earth abruptly, for there were steps coming down the trail that were neither McLean's nor Duncan's, and there never had been others. Freckles' heart leaped hotly. He ran a quick hand over his belt to feel if his revolver and hatchet were there, caught up his cudgel and laid it across his knees, then sat quietly waiting. Was it Black Jack, or some one even worse? Forced to do something to brace his nerves, he puckered his stiffening lips and began whistling a tune he had led in his clear tenor every year of his life at the home Christmas exercises.

His quick Irish wit roused to the ridiculousness of it and he burst into a laugh that steadied him amazingly.

Through the bushes he caught a glimpse of the oncoming figure. His heart flooded with joy, for it was a man from the gang. Wessner had been his bunk mate the night he came down the corduroy. This was no timber thief. Freckles sprang up and called cheerily, a warm welcome on his face.

"Well, it's good telling if you're glad to see me," said Wessner. "We been hearing down at the camp you were so mighty touchy you didn't allow a man within a rod of the line."

"No more do I," answered Freckles "if he's a stranger, but you're from McLean, ain't you?"

"Oh, curse McLean!" said Wessner.

Freckles gripped the cudgel.

"And are you really saying so?" he inquired with elaborate politeness.

"Yes, I am," said Wessner. "So would every other man of the gang if they wasn't too big cowards to say anything unless maybe that other slobbering old Scotchman Duncan. Grinding the lives out of us! Working us like dogs and paying us starvation wages, while he rolls up his millions and lives like a prince!"

Green lights began to play through the gray of Freckles' eyes.

"Wessner," he said impressively "you'd make a fine pattern for the father of liars! Every man on that gang is strong and filthy, paid all he earns and treated with the courtesy of a gentleman. As for the boss living like a prince, he shares fare with you every day of your lives."

Wessner was not a born diplomat but he saw he was on the wrong tack and he tried another.

"Freckles, old fellow," he said, "if you let me give you a pointer I can put you on to making a cool five hundred without stepping out of your tracks."

Freckles drew back.

"You needn't be afraid of speaking up," he said. "There isn't a soul in the Limberlost save the birds and the beasts unless some of your sort's come along and's crowding the privileges of the legal tinlints."

"None of my friends along," said Wessner. "Nobody knew I came but Black J—I mean a friend of mine. If you want to hear sense and act with reason he can see you later, but it ain't necessary. We can make all the plans needed. The trick's so dead small and easy."

"Must be if you have the engineering of it," said Freckles. But he heard with a sigh of relief that they were alone.

Wessner was impervious. "You just bet it is! Why, only think, Freckles, slavin' away at a measly little $30 a month, and here is a chance to clear $500 in a day! You surely won't be the fool to miss it!"

"And how was you proposing for me to stale it?" inquired Freckles. "Or am I just to find it laying in me path about the line?"

"That's it, Freckles," blustered the Dutchman, "you're just to find it. You needn't know a thing. You name a morning when you will walk up the west side of the swamp and then turn round and walk back down the same side again and the money is yours. Couldn't anything be easier than that, could it?"

"Depinds entirely on the man," said Freckles. The lilt of a lark hanging above the swale beside them was not sweeter than the sweetness of his voice. "To some it would seem to come aisy as breathing, and to some wringin' the last drop of their hearts' blood couldn't force thim! I'm not the man that goes into a scheme like that with the blindfold over me eyes, for, you see, it manes to break trust with the boss, and I've served him faithful as I knew. You'll have to be making the thing very clear to me understandin'."

(To Be Continued.)

LIGHT ON "MAN OF DESTINY'S" ILLNESSES

London, Jan. 31.—Soon after the death of the eminent surgeon, Sir Astley Cooper, in 1841, his collection of 1500 specimens of diseased structures were acquired by the Royal College of Surgeons, of England, and among them were two portions of small intestine labeled "Incipient Fungus in the Glands of an Intestine." Napoleon, Barry O'Meara to Sir Asteley Cooper.

Professor Keith, the curator of the College Museum, delievered a lecture upon these specimens before the Hunterian society recently, and showed as a result of the application to them of modern methods of microscopical research, that they afford evidence of Napoleon's having suffered from lymphoidal disease, incidental to some of the infections current in tropical climates, before he became the subject of the cancer of the stomach from which he died.

It was an open question whether it was the Malta fever or the cancer which actually killed him, and the best that can be said is that, whether in St. Helena or elsewhere, the cancer must ultimately have terminated his career.

Lincoln Memorial.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The House adopted without amendment late yesterday the joint resolution approving plans of the "fine arts commission" for a $2,000,000 memorial in this city to the memory of Abraham Lincoln. The resolution has been adopted by the senate and will now go to the president for his signature.

Local Train Spill.

Virden, Man., Jan. 31.—The eastbound local ran off the track yesterday afternoon while coming down the grade past Ivan Landing, three miles west of Virden. No serious injuries are reported.

Youth and Age Wed.

London, Jan. 31.—Sir William Coddington, an octogenarian baronet, married Miss Aimee Josephine Barker Strakey at the Chapel Royal, Savoy, yesterday. The bridegroom is 83 years old and his bride 25. He is a very wealthy man and one of the cotton lords of Lancashire.

HUNTERS MUST BE DRESSED IN WHITE

Saskatchewan Makes Drastic Regulations to Prevent Recurrence of Frequent Shooting Accidents.

Prince Albert, Sask., Jan. 31.—Some important alterations have been effected in the game laws and in the regulations for big game hunting. The new regulations are now virtually in operation and have been placed in the statute book of the province mainly through the activity of J. E. Bradshaw, member for Prince Albert.

One of the most important of the new regulations is that all big game hunters will henceforth be required to wear a white uniform while out shooting in the forest.

This regulation has been brought about through the increasingly large number of serious and fatal shooting accidents that have taken place through one hunter mistaking another for a deer or a moose, and by another season a license will be issued only on condition that the wearing of a white tunic and cap be conformed to.

It had been suggested that red would be a more distinctive dress than white, but inquiry by the government from experienced big game hunters, showed that a great majority favored white as the more distinctive.

Severe penalties are also to be imposed on those who through carelessness or neglect of this regulation shoot and wound another hunter. Every person who while hunting or apparently hunting any game, shoots at or wounds any other person whether accident, mistake or otherwise under circumstances which would not constitute a crime under the criminal code of Canada, shall be guilty of offence, and be fined not less than $50 and not more than 1000, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned for not more than six months, and his license shall be forfeited and to the person so sentenced a license shall not be issued for the following ten years.

Alterations which have been effected in the season for game shooting makes the season for shooting deer from November 15 to November 30, instead of December 1 to 15. The reason for the change is that many of the deer loose their horns after November and hunters are liable in shooting such animals to infringe the law, which makes it illegal to shoot does.

The opening date for chicken and duck shooting will now be the same, November 15.

INDIAN CHIEF'S CLAIM TO OLD AGE RECORD

Seattle Jan. 31.—Wah-Hah-Gun-Ta, which translated into English means Wiley Wimpuss, chief firemaker, the 131-year-old Blackfoot Indian from Glacier reservation, will soon celebrate another birthday. Chief firemaker is said to be the oldest human being in the world, having been born in the region now known as Glacier National park in 1781, according to well authenticated tradition.

He was the first red man in the territory to visit the great white father, and the journey to the national capital, when President Jefferson was in the White House, was a memorable event in his life. He is regarded in his tribe as an oracle.

At the time of his birth, so the Indian legend goes, the father of all spirits, standing on a mountain, shot an arrow near his father's tepee. The prophecy as interpreted by the medicine men is that he would live forever and assist the gods in their councils. The aged Indian is a chieftain of his tribe and in his younger days was a fine shot and athlete.

WAS A "WISE OLD OWL."

Former Turkish Sultan Knew What Would Follow Balkan Alliance.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—The February number of the Review Nord Und Sud prints extracts from the diary of the former Sultan Abdul Hamid of Turkey, in which he is frequently aphoristic.

Some of the extracts are:

"The English are more to be feared than any other nation; there is no promise to 'holy' them.

"Our rule in Europe is based on divisions in the Balkan States."

DONKEY TOOK MASTER STRAIGHT TO LOCK-UP

London, Jan. 31.—An intelligent donkey was commended by the magistrate at West Ham police court. Giving evidence against a carrier, charged with being drunk while in charge of a donkey barrow, a constable said that the donkey, attached to a barrow, stopped outside the Plaistow police station, and would not go on till the man was arrested.

The witness, going to see the cause of the stop, found that the driver was drunk. The magistrate fined the man 5s., or five days, remarking: "I think the donkey ought to be commended for assisting the police."

HUNDRED SUFFERING FROM EATING BUNS

Wesleyan Sunday School Picnic Has Unfortunate Sequel—Cream Suspected as Cause.

London, Jan. 31.—An epidemic of poisoning affecting nearly 100 people, mostly school children, of the hamlet of New Scarborough, midway between Leeds and Bradford, has been reported to the local government board. The symptoms, according to the district medical officer, are undoubtedly those of poisoning, though not ptomaine poisoning.

A party of 130, mostly Sunday school teachers and scholars, had tea together at the Park View Wesleyan school, and the chapel organist and choirmaster, who acted as host, himself shared the ill effects which followed. The chapel keeper was likewise a victim, but the children were the chief sufferers. The majority have recovered, but there are still two or three serious cases.

Although the doctor has stated that he had reason to suspect the cream in the confectionery as the cause of the mischief, he cannot speak with certainty on that point, as none of it was left. The cream was used in a paste on buns. Those who had no buns were not affected.

The vendor of the buns expains that no ill-effects followed the consumption of buns supplied to other parties, and the vendor of the cream at a Leeds dairy states he sold 30 gallons the same day to other parties with no evil consequences. The purity of the water used has been questioned.

MIRACULOUS GIFT OF LITTLE GIRL

Can Tell Time of Watch in Pocket of Person Yards Away.

Providence, R.I., Jan. 31.—The remarkable feats of Beulah Miller, the ten year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Miller, of the town of Warren, have so stirred the little country place that they are a common topic of conversation in every household.

And the fame of the little girl who can see through your pocket into your huntingcase watch and tell you just what time it is by your own particular reliable timepiece without ever coming within ten feet of you has spread beyond the borders of her own town and state until people who are interested in her peculiar gift, as her mother calls it, have come from as far away as Boston to see her demonstrate it.

In the old Salem days Beulah would have undoubtedly been looked upon as a candidate for a "hot stake" by the superstitious Puritans, but her neighbors in Warren, though they regard her powers as a little uncanny, are too thoroughly interested in watching her and in testing them to waste time in superstitions.

The minister, the family doctor, and numerous friends and acquaintances have all taken a turn at trying to "stump" her with some trick or question, but apparently unconscious that there was any attempt to trip her the little girl has surprised them all by her answers.

According to Mrs. Miller, her mother, mind reading does not run in the family, yet Beulah easily tells one the dates on coins, which they have in their pockets, tells them the sum of money they have concealed about their person, and how it is distributed in the several pockets.

"Already," said one of the Miller family's neighbors today, "she has the John and Eva Fay stunt lashed to the mast, and if her powers increase in years to come in the same proportion that education broadens her knowledge, there is no telling what she may be able to do in a few years hence."

JEWELS IN RAGS.

Fortune Found by Pickers While Sorting Paper in Mill.

Cornwall, Ont. Jan. 31.—While employees in the rag room of the St. Lawrence Paper company at Mille Roches, were engaged in their regular occupation of sorting paper and rags, they came across one lot which contained numerous precious stones.

The waste paper, which is shipped to the factory in bales, arived a few days ago from New York. The find consisted of a few rings and a large number of uncut stones. The discovers brought their find to Cornwall and a local jeweler pronounced them genuine. The diamonds are worth several thousand dollars.

NAKED MAN RUNS WILD AMONG TRAINS

Terribly Lacerated by Escaping From Prison—Dropped in Old Bag and Returned.

London, Jan. 31.—The story of a Liverpool man's escapade was told to the London and Northwestern railway police at Crewe.

Shortly after midnight a railway shunter working on the great network of railways south of Crewe noticed a figure crawl between a standing train and on approaching it, found a man with only a portion of a shirt covering his shoulders. The man was bleeding profusely from the neck and legs, and presented a ghastly sight.

His legs were lacerated from thigh to ankles, and there were several deep gashes across his neck and face. His feet were like pieces of raw meat. Railway police were sent for and detectives procured an old bag, in which the man was conveyed to the police station.

It appears that the man escaped from Nantwich workhouse, stripped of all his clothing, he climbed over the cemetery rails, and became almost impaled, but, succeeding in extricating himself.

He crawled through many hedges and ditches, and his arms and legs were terribly torn by thorns. At Willeston he got on the railway and in bare feet ran along the rough macadam ballast for nearly three miles. on the way he met three trains and had to cling to the side of an embankment.

A signalman saw the man rushing madly along the line, but was powerless to stop him. Reaching the great goods junction at Crewe he ran about among the moving trains climbing over them and crawling beneath wagons. When he reached the police station he was terribly emaciated and in an exhausted condition.

KICKED IN HEAD BY MULE RECOVERS MEMORY.

Enid, Okla., Jan. 30.—A kick on the head by a mule was worth $3500 to John Allen, a farmer living near here. Immediately after Allen was operated on today for a fracture of the skull which the mule's heels had inflicted last Saturday, he remembered where he had buried that amount of money in the financial panic of 1907.

Allen's memory was impaired by an injury he received when his team ran away and threw him out of a wagon a few days after he had buried the money. It was known that he had withdrawn the money from a bank and several persons suspected of stealing Allen's hoard were arrested, but none were convicted.

After the operation made necessary by the mule's kick, Allen recovered his memory.

HOW TO BEHAVE IN REJUVENATED CHINA

Hong Kong, Jan. 30.—Code of manners has been issued by President Yuan Shi Kai of China, including the following articles:

1. To salute take off hat and bow.
2. At important ceremonies, such as funerals, marriages, and national festivities, take off hat and bow three times.
3. At everyday ceremonies, take off hat and bow once.
4. When meeting friends in the street, take off hat without bowing.
5. Women must obey articles 1 and 2, but they will not take off their hats.

The same decree fixes the style of costumes to be worn by men and women.

Serious Costly Sickness

is far too sure to come when your bodily strength has been undermined by the poison of bile. Headaches, sour stomach, unpleasant breath, nervousness, and a wish to do nothing are all signs of biliousness—signs, too, that your system needs help. Just the right help is given and the bodily condition which invites serious sickness

Is Prevented By

timely use of Beecham's Pills. This famous vegetable, and always efficient family remedy will clear your system, regulate your bowels, stimulate your liver, tone your nerves. Your digestion will be so improved, your food will nourish you and you will be strong to DO and to resist. You will feel greater vigor and vitality, as well as buoyant spirits—after you know and use

Beecham's Pills

The directions with every box are valuable—especially to women. Sold everywhere, in boxes, 25c.

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Through tickets to all Eastern destinations and to Europe. Your choice of rail and ocean lines.

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E. H. BUCKLIN, Pres. and Genl. Mgr. N. BEARDSLEE, Vice-President. W. F. H. BUCKLIN, Sec. and Treas.

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$1.75 LADIES' PLAIN TAILORED SUITS

CLEANED and PRESSED

Ladies' and Gents' Suits dyed $3.00

Overcoats Cleaned and Pressed $1.50

New Velvet Collar 75c

We do repairs at a small additional charge.

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We Will Show You How!

If you have ideas—if you can think—we will show you the secrets of this fascinating new profession. Positively no experience or literary excellence necessary. No flowery language" is wanted.

The demand for photoplays is practically unlimited. The big film manufacturers are "moving heaven and earth" in their attempts to get enough good plots to supply the ever increasing demand. They are offering $100 and more, for single scenarios, or written ideas.

We have received many letters from the film manufacturers, such as VITAGRAPH, EDISON, ESSANAY, LUBIN, SOLAX, IMP REX, RELIANCE, CHAMPION, COMET, MELIES, ETC., urging us to send photoplays to them. We want moree writers and we'll gladly teach you the secrets of success.

We are selling photoplays writen by people who "never before wrote a line for publication.

Perhaps we can do the same for you. If you can think of only one good idea every week, and will write it out as directed by us, and it sells for only $25, a low figure,

YOU WILL EARN $100 MONTHLY FOR SPARE TIME WORK

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Per sack $1.70
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No. 1 Cooking Eggs, 3 doz. $1.00
A little better .....3 doz. $1.10

DELICATESSEN.

Milk Fed Chicken, local product, dressed, per lb. 30c
Ayrshire Bacon, sliced, lb. ..35c
New Headcheese, bowl 15c
New Sausage, lb. 20c
Corn on Cob, per gal. can ..50c

VEGETABLES.

All Fresh.

Celery, per head 15c
Head Lettuce, per head 10c
Cauliflower, per head 20c
Cabbage, per lb. 4c
Green Onions, per bunch 5c
Turnips and Carrots.

FRUIT.

Grape Fruit .....3 for 25c
Oranges, per doz. ..25c, 35c, 40c
Apples, No. 1 .....$1.50
Try 3 lbs. of Springbank Butter for $1.00

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Public Supply Stores
L. L. ADAMS S. K. BRIGGS
PHONE 2.

Neglected Making A Will

What happened?

Why, the law stepped in, sold the property and divided the proceeds.

A spendthrift to whom he had meant to leave a small income got his share in a lump sum.

A wealthy relative to whom he had meant to leave nothing got a share he did not need.

The real beneficiaries he had meant to provide for got sadly reduced shares, and were left without the protection of a capable and experienced executor.

Have your will drawn after consulting the officers of this Company.

Dominion Trust Company, Ltd.

Paid Up Capital and Surplus $2,500,000.00

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We will continue to give you better Drug Store Service than you ever had before.

After Feb. 1st we will be located at

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Chemist and Druggist. Phone 66.
Dominion Trust Building.
New Westminster, B.C.

LOCAL NOTES

UNION LABEL 4

Miss Lillian Burns will give a recital in the assembly room at the Columbian college on Friday, February 7, under the auspices of the Women's Educational Club.

Skates sharpened and set at Geo. R. Speck's, 626 Columbia St. (395)

Dick J. Lawrence, teacher of banjo, mandolin and guitar. Telephone 694. (559)

It is expected that the new aerial truck for the fire department will arrive some time next month. Chief Watson has received notification that it was shipped from Toronto on January 23.

A. Hardman, the cake man. Get good bread. Eighth Street Bakery. Telephone 281. (394)

Before leaving for Ireland on Thursday, Mrs. Tubman in a message to the Orangemen and True Blues of New Westminster expressed her heartfelt thanks for the assistance rendered herself and family following the death of her husband.

It will pay you to visit Morey's Big Book Store any time during the next few weeks as their sweeping removal sale is in full swing; but it will pay you better to look around the establishment at once. Bargains all over the store, and they are being snapped up. 707 Columbia street. (594)

A branch of the Union Bank of Canada was opened for business on Saturday, January 4, in the premises recently vacated by W. E. Sinclair 611 Columbia street. (387)

Mrs. T. Wilson, of East Delta, who was severely burned about the body some three months ago, is now reported to be well on the road to recovery in the Royal Columbian hospital. At one time Mrs. Wilson's condition was very serious and it was necessary to graft considerable skin on her body to save her life.

Do you know we have a first class barber shop and pool room in the Sapperton hotel, corner of Brunette and Columbia streets. Hands & Tyler, proprietors. (583)

Miss Anderson Hughes will give her illustrated lecture on Palestine Friday, February 7, in Sixth Avenue Methodist church. Miss Hughes is an Auckland young lady who has made a name for herself in Australasia and Great Britain as a lecturer on Temperance and Prohibition. Come and hear her. Admission 25 cents. (590)

Two permits to the total value of $5200 were issued at the building inspector's office yesterday. The largest, a $4000 one, was issued to Thomas Meredith for the construction of a dwelling at the corner of Sixth street and Fifth avenue. The other, amounting to $1200, was taken out by the provincial government for repairs to the approach to the Westminster end of the Fraser bridge.

The Hotel Dominion, a fire-proof building, is thoroughly equipped with modern improvements, including elevator. Moderate rates by day or week. Corner of Columbia and Sixth street. (538)

Morning Skating Session.

An extra skating session will be held this morning from 10 to 12 o'clock so as to enable the youngsters and also the adults who have yet to learn to skate, to practice. This was decided upon yesterday by the management and will no doubt be taken advantage of by many who have been wishing for such a chance. The band will be in attendance this evening.

Put Through Large Deal.

Two large waterfrontage deals have been put through by the firm of Dadds & Blane during the past few days aggregating half a million dollars. One or the buyers is said to hail from Los Angeles, although his name is at present being withheld.

City Theatre Meetings.

The gospel will be preached by J. H. Fleming Sunday evening at 7:30 in the City theatre. Subject, "Goodness of God to Runaway Slave."

In Cunningham's hall, 39 Sixth street, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Letters to Seven Churches," illustrated by chart.

WANT CITY WATER.

Water Committee Meet Representatives of Terminal Company.

Representatives of the Coquitlam Terminal Company met the members of the civic water committee yesterday with respect to the application for a supply of water from the city for the company's works in Coquitlam. A tentative agreement was drawn up and will be submitted to the management of the company for approval.

Any agreement the city makes with the firm will only hold good until the municipality of Coquitlam is incorporated.

The rate at which the city proposes to supply water to the company has not been disclosed, but it is understood to approach the usual manufacturers' rate.

DELEGATIONS EXPECT TO LEAVE ON TUESDAY

The delegation appointed at the council meeting on Monday to request the government to enact legislation legalizing and approving the proposed sewer agreement between New Westminster and Burnaby expect to leave on Tuesday for Victoria.

The deputation will also call to the attention of the proper authorities the congested state of affairs in the land registry office and the lack of accommodation in the court house here.

A deputation appointed by the Progressive association and the Board of Trade to take up the matter of the land registry office with Premier McBride will accompany the council members to Victoria.

MADAME NORDICA SCORES TRIUMPH

Great Singer Receives Warm Welcome From Music Lovers of Westminster and Vancouver.

A rich musical treat was provided at the opera house last night by Madame Lillian Nordica, and as was only to be expected the hall was filled in every part by music lovers of this city and Vancouver.

Assembled in expectation of great things, the fare provided in the program could not fail to satisfy. It comprised many styles, ranging from the brilliant dramatic, the lightsome and more dainty, to the plaintive and sad, and included numbers in German, French and Italian as well as English. In each in its turn Madame Nordica has a delightful at-home-ness and she carries her audience with her, whither she will, her little characteristic gestures at intervals only helping in this respect. She lives each song as she sings it and takes the company entirely into her confidence in a charming manner.

Enthusiastic appreciation was the keynote of the evening and the people were not slow in expressing their keen delight in the various numbers rendered.

Madame Nordica's first items were: (a) When Cherries Bloomed, (b) At the Feast of the Dead, two Japanese songs by Wakefield Cadman; (c) Ich Grolli Nicht, Schumann; (d) Damon, Stange.

In response to an encore she sang "The Years at the Spring."

After her next item, a group of French songs by Viday, Debussy and Demberg, all of the modern school, she was recalled again and again and sang "Mighty Like the Rose," and as a double encore to which she generously responded, she gave "When Love Is Kind."

The Second Part

In the second part of the program the Aria from Tannhauser was substituted by the Aria from Madame Butterfly, at the special request of pointment of some who were present. This was received with perhaps even greater pleasure than the preceding numbers and after repeated recalls the prima donna sang "mattinata," by Leoncavala. Her last group of songs were again very different, also of the modern school and were much appreciated. After this group and a brief consultation with her accompanist she sang the always favorite "Home, Sweet Home."

The closing item was a very dramatic rendering of Schubert's "Erlking." The contrasts of tone and the delightful manner of singing the part of The Erlking himself when he addresses the child, were specially enjoyable.

Mention must also be made of the items which Madame Nordica sang with violin obligato, played by Mr. Rummell. Le Nile, by Leroux, and a charming work they gave in response to a most vociferous encore.

As a contrast and variety to the vocal numbers in the program Mr William Morse Rummell played several violin solos, which were a real pleasure to all present. The possessor of a fine technique, he plays the most difficult and intricate passages with perfect ease and command of tone. His double stopping and pizzicato work were very fine and the smooth and velvety tone of his harmonies was delightful. Of his items perhaps the most appreciated were Berceuse (Aulin), Moment Musical (Schubert), Hungarian Dance (Brahms), after which he was obliged to respond to a hearty encore.

His last numbers also, notably the Tarantell of Sacasate, called for another, a work of sparkling brilliance and fairly bristling with difficulties, but which vanished like magic under the capable fingers and bow of Mr. Rummell.

Herr Homayne Simmons was a brilliant and efficient accompanist.

TWELVE FIRES IN CITY DURING MONTH OF JANUARY

A small fire occurred in a residence and store at the corner of Seventh avenue and Sixteenth street yesterday, some $200 damage being done. A partition in the dwelling portion of the house was partially destroyed The blaze was extinguished by the firemen from halls 3 and 5. The building was owned by Mr. Frank Geal.

This fire makes a total of twelve for the month of January, but thanks to the promptitude of the fire department n responding to all calls none were of a serious nature.

Build Brick Works Here.

Mr. T. H. Pearson and Mr. H. Goodson have arrived in this city and will take charge of the erection of a brick works for the B. C. Transport Company. Mr. Pearson recently resigned a position in charge of a large brick works in England and is expected to announce the site of the new plant just as soon as he can make an inspection of the company's properties. His assistant, Mr. Goodson, was associated with him for several years in the old country.

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20 PER CENT

Reduction on all lines.
(except Gramophones and Records)
during the remainder of this month.

This is a bona fide offer and it will pay you to investigate.

THE FAIR
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In The Courts

The case of Gunder Lande vs. Nels. Nelson, fishermen, in which plaintiff claims $1000 damages for a broken jaw, alleged to have been the result of a blow inflicted by Nelson, occupied a couple of hours of Judge Howay's time yesterday.

While the defendant, Nelson, was being cross-examined his honor adjourned the case until Feb. 3.

Mr. H. L. Edmonds conducted the plaintiff's case and Mr. Potter appeared for the defendant.

Is Allowed Bail.

Shezoti Yoshikawa, cherged with the manslaughter of Ruby Gilroy, five years of age, was allowed bail by Judge Howay yesterday, in a personal surety of $1000 and two collateral securities of $1000 each. The little girl was killed in her home at Beaver Creek, Langley, by a felled tree crashing through it. It is alleged that owing to ignorance or carelessness the tree was cut down in a line with the house.

Judge Howay, in fixing the bail as above, said there did not seem to be a very strong case exhibited so far and he would just fix the amount to reasonably assure the accused's appearance at the trial.

Mr. Adam S. Johnston appeared for the accused and Mr. J. R. Grant represented the crown.

Gets Judgment.

W. A. Jaynes, gasoline supplies merchant and machinist sued A. Zetterman, fisherman, for $176, for repairs and supplies to the latter's boat. After the evidence was in Judge Howay gave judgment for $146 with costs. A counter claim for $484 for negligence and damages to the boat in repairing it was dismissed.

Mr. Potter appearing for Adam S. Johnston, represented plaintiff. Mr. J. R. Grant represented the defendant.

Cook Was the Attraction.

G. W. Carlson, engineer, Mt. Lehman, sued his employers, Messrs. Ross & Lapp, mill -owners, for a month's wages and board, $125.

Carlson, the plaintiff, was dismissed upon a week's notice and claimed that he was hired for the month and was, therefore, entitled to a month's notice or wages in lieu thereof.

The defence was neglect of duty and that plaintiff was fired because he would leave his engine for 20 minutes at a time and go to the cookhouse. Witnesses alleged that the lady cook was the attraction and that he used to make an excuse that he had to go up there for water.

Judgment was given for the defendant with costs. Mr. J. R. Grant appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. H. L. Edmonds for the defendants.

The Cheese Again.

John and James Gillies who were recently lying in durance vile, on a charge of the theft of cheeses to the value of about $13 from George Leaf, merchant, Burnaby, elected for speedy trial, yesterday, before Judge Howay in the county court. The trial was fixed for the 10th inst. The men then returned to jail.

The circumstances of the alleged theft are peculiar inasmuch as the accused are stated to have picked up the cheese which had fallen from Mr. Leaf's wagon.

In the afternoon Judge Howay sent for the accused again and said to them that after reading the depositions he had decided to let them out on their personal undertaking to appear for trial on the 10th inst. The judge remarked that that was no time to comment upon the case.

Nine Months for Smith.

For the abduction of Clara Ulrich, under 16 years of age, from her parents home, near Chilliwack, Charles Smith, a colored man, was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment yesterday by Judge Howay in the county court. His honor found extenuating circumstances in the case.

In answer to the court Registrar Cambridge said that inquiries had been made as to Smith's character. The chief of poice at Chilliwack gave him a good character. There was nothing known against him.

Judge Howay in passing sentence said the statute provided five years penal servitude for this offence and the only thing he had to consider was what he should do in the way of reducing that sentence. The idea of the statute, of course, was to preserve the sanctity of the homes of the people and to prevent any person from interfering with the morals of young girls.

"Giving the benefit of everything you said and you defended yourself well at the trial, I admit," said his honor, "the evidence shows that you intended to marry the girl and I think you did. Nevertheless it was certainly a very strange way of showing your love for her to adopt a course of conduct which injured her reputation in the community. You are 24 years of age and she is only 15. I think, however, considering the good character you bore up there, that, perhaps the ends of justice will be met by the imposition of a sentence of nine months imprisonment in the common jail. I must protect the people of the country and I think it will be a warning to you and other people, hereafter, to leave the sanctity of the home alone."

OBITUARY.

CHAGALIS—The funeral of Savis Chagalis, who died on Tuesday will take place this morning at 11 o'clock from Fales' chapel to the Oddfellows' cemetery.

PAGE—The funeral of the late Geo. Page who died on Wednesday, will take place on Sunday morning at 9:30 to the Oddfellows' cemetery.

BEGGS—John Beggs, a resident of New Westminster for the past 21 years passed away at the Royal Columbian hospital yesterday from bronchitis. The deceased was 84 years of age and a native of Scotland. He was well known throughout the district. The family residence is at 411 Eighth street.

Forty years in use, 20 years the Standard, prescribed and recommended by physicians. For Women's Ailments, Dr. Martel's Female Pills, at your druggist.

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Five Great Floors Filled With the Most Complete Assortments of Home Furnishings to be had in B.C.

We have trained men to hang your shades and curtains; men to lay your carpets and linoleums; men to repair and repolish your fine furniture; men to make anything you need in upholstered chairs, couches, cushions. A most complete electrical department, competent to care for any contract they are favored with. If you need quick service, Phone 73.

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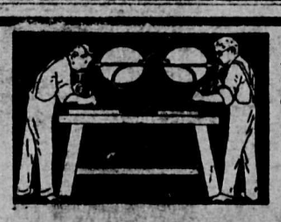

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These are all in good locations and are good investments at the prices they can be bought for now.

1359—FIFTH STREET near Eighth avenue; 50x132 to lane; a good buy at $1,000; one-third cash.

1195—SEVENTH AVENUE near 4th street; two lots; upper side; 50x130 all cleared and graded; price $1275 each.

1397—66 FOOT LOT corner of Sixth avenue and Ash street; price $4000 on easy terms.

1393—KNOX STREET, SAPPERTON 66 foot lot in good location; just off Columbia street; price $1200 on easy terms.

1398—5 LOTS ON TWELFTH AVE., near Sixth street car line; 50x150 each; some are cleared; street is graded; price $3000 on good terms

F. J. HART & CO., LTD.

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THE DOMINION BANK

Sir Edmund B. Osler, M.P., President. W. D. Matthews, Vice-President.
C. A. Bogert, General Manager.
Head Office ..... Toronto, Ont.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	$ 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND	6,000,000
TOTAL ASSETS	75,000,000

A branch of this Bank has been established in New Westminster at the corner of Columbia and Sixth Streets, opposite the Post Office.
A General Banking Business Transacted.
G. H. MATHEWSON, Manager.