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GRAPHIC STORY BY VOLTURNO SURVIVOR

Loss of Life Estimated at 136—Denies Captain's Statement That Two Life Boats Got Safely Away—Crew Behaved Badly—Men Crowd into Boats and Disregard Women and Children.

London, Oct. 13.—The latest accounts of the disaster to the steamship Volturno, burned and abandoned in mid-ocean on Friday morning, confirm that the loss of life will be limited to about 136. The Carmania, first of the rescuing ships to reach the burning steamer, arrived off Queenstown this morning, but owing to the gale proceeded to Fishguard, where she is due to arrive at 11 a.m.

A graphic story by the solitary survivor aboard the Carmania was received by wireless and presents a terrible picture of the horror, the panic and confusion aboard the burning liner. Walter Trintepohl, a German, who tells the story, however, is clearly suffering from the stress of illness and awful experiences and his story is too incoherent to be accepted in every detail. Most important, if true, is his denial that two boats got away from the Volturno.

Among other accounts Capt. Inch was the last to leave his vessel which was still burning late Friday night and was a danger to other navigation.

Survivor's Story.

Arthur Spurgeon, a passenger on the Carmania, in a wireless dispatch, supplements his own description of the burning vessel and the rescue of the passengers of the Volturno by the story told him by the survivor, Walter Trintepohl, who swam to the Carmania and was rescued in an exhausted condition. Since being taken on board the Carmania, Trintepohl has been in the ship's hospital, threatened with pneumonia. He told his story to Mr. Spurgeon before he became seriously ill. Trintepohl had been employed at Barcelona and took third class passage on the Volturno to secure a position offered him in New York.

"All went well," said Trintepohl, "until 6 o'clock in the morning when the fire alarm was sounded. We were aroused and told to go on deck as fire had broken out in the hold. On assembling life belts were handed out and much time was occupied in fastening them. We were told that the fire might soon be quenched, but the captain thought it was wise for all to have belts as a precaution. The fire frightened the captain, who cried bitterly. There were many babies in arms.

Crew Behaved Badly.

"The fire grew worse. We saw things blazing down below. About 10 o'clock there was a cry to lower the boats. The captain behaved splendidly and so did the officers who were English. I am sorry to say that the crew, who were Germans and Belgians, behaved very badly. The people rushed about wildly and the crew appeared to think they ought to have first place. Instead of quieting the passengers they made the panic worse.

"The first officer took charge of the first boat, but although he wanted the women and children saved first, a majority of those who entered the boat were members of the Crew. This boat was smashed against the ship's side. Just as it reached the water it broke in two and all were drowned.

Ropes Broke.

"Meanwhile attempts were made to lower the second boat. I cannot say who was in charge of this, but I do know that after the chief steward had thrown provisions in he jumped in himself. There were more men than women and children in this boat, which was broken against the ship. All were drowned. These two boats were amidships. Three others were put aft. The fourth officer was in one of them, but I cannot say which. All was confusion. The ropes broke and the people were thrown into the water and drowned or killed. When the captain saw what had happened he cut the tackle of the other boats so they could not be launched.

Carmania Sighted.

"We were so glad when we saw the Carmania coming, for we said 'Now we shall all be saved.'

"The firemen rushed up from below and refused to go back. The captain drew his revolver and drove them below, but soon after as the fire was spreading, they were obliged to abandon the engines.

"As soon as the Carmania was sighted the captain made all the women and children go to one side and the men to the other side. He had been compelled to leave the bridge and go aft because it was too hot. Women wept, shrieked, laughed and became hysterical.

"We had not thought of food, but in the afternoon we considered it better to get something to eat and went to the kitchens, which we found deserted, made coffee and helped ourselves to biscuit and beef. But most of the passengers refused to eat. We saw rafts sent from the Carmania, but nobody told us to jump in. In fact we knew not what they were there for. About o'clock the decks aft began to get hot. But we did not seem to feel the heat." When shown his boot with the sole half burned through, Trintepohl said: "I don't remember this, but it was awful when the flames burst open. Some of the men and women tore their hair, but others were quite still.

"After the explosion I thought it better to jump, for I am a good swimmer, and an English passenger and one of the crew said they would accompany me. I jumped first; they followed, but I never saw them again.

Jumped into Sea.

"I made for the German ship, but they did not hear me. Then I came towards the Carmania and shouted and was seen by aid of the searchlight. I was about an hour in the sea and became unconscious. I know not how I got out.

"During the day five sailors and one steward fell into the fire and were burned to death. I know nothing more. I came away because it was too hot to stay any longer and I feared the whole ship would blow up."

Denies Captain's Story.

When Trintepohl was told that according to the captain's wireless message six boats had been launched and two got away, he said:

"It is not so. I was there all the time and saw everything. No boat got away."

Mr. Spurgeon in his own account, tells of the attempts to get lifeboats alongside the Volturno.

"Nothing," he says, "was seen of the two boats launched with about 20 passengers each after they left the Volturno's side. Four other boats were smashed against the ship's side and the occupants either killed or drowned.

"At 9 o'clock Thursday night the captain of the Volturno sent a despairing message which said: 'For God's sake help us or we perish.'

By a miracle the flames did not spread to the after deck. Eventually the sea moderated and the boats saved 521 persons. The death roll numbers 136."

Total Loss 136.

The wireless operator on board the Carmania sends the following message: "Two boats were lowered from the Volturno before the Carmania arrived and 110 persons were lost. Disembarkment commenced before daylight. The total loss as far as known is 136.

A message from the captain of the Devonian, one of the rescuing steamers, says he has 59 survivors aboard, comprising 18 men, 20 women and 21 children. This is the same number previously reported.

A wireless message from the Seydlitz forwarded from Bremen, says she has aboard 46 survivors, instead of 36, as previously reported. This accounts for the ten supposed to have been aboard the Carmania, the latter steamer having been credited with 11 survivors, whereas she is bringing in only one.

Among the first class passengers on the Volturno, there were only to Americans, John Krug and Frieda Krug.

CITY DUMPS REFUSE IN MUNICIPALITY

Coquitlam Municipal Council Investigating—Prevent Polluting of Coquitlam River.

A report has been received by the Coquitlam council on the garbage dumping ground established by the neighboring city of Port Coquitlam, within the district municipality, from Dr. Sutherland, medical officer of health for both municipalities.

The report was in response to a complaint from F. H. Cunningham, chief inspector of fisheries, New Westminster, that the Coquitlam river was being polluted by the refuse deposited on the river banks and swept into the stream.

One Evil Remedied.

Dr. Sutherland stated that he had inspected the dumping ground in question and while he confessed that some time ago considerable garbage was dumped on the river bank, about two months ago he was instrumental in getting prohibitory signs displayed. The city of Port Coquitlam was now dumping its garbage in an excavation some 150 yards from the river bank.

Not Detrimental.

This place was not fouling the river water nor could it constitute a nuisance nor in any way be detrimental to the health of any community.

While admitting the above was not the best way of disposing of the city garbage Dr. Sutherland explained that the quantity was not sufficient to keep an incinerator constantly burning.

A copy of the report has been sent to the fisheries department.

Timothy L. Woodruff Dead.

New York, Oct. 12.—Timothy L. Woodruff, former lieutenant-governor of New York state, died at 9:25 tonight. He had lain in a critical condition for nearly two weeks after having been stricken with paralysis while addressing a Progressive party rally in this city. He was 55 years old.

Elected Chairman.

At the first meeting of the North Fraser harbor commission held in Vancouver Friday R. Abernethy, of Port Moody, was elected chairman.

TWO CHURCHES CONSIDER UNION

St. Andrew's and St Stephen's, Largest Presbyterian Congregations, May Unite.

The proposal to unite the two largest Presbyterian congregations of the city, those of St. Andrew's and St. Stephen's, which has been under discussion since Sept. 1, when Rev. J. S. Henderson, minister of the former, resigned to accept the post of secretary of social service of the church in British Columbia, will be threshed out by both congregations on Wednesday night, Oct. 22.

For the past few weeks the matter has been receiving the careful consideration of elders, managers, members and adherents of both churches and after several communications have passed backward and forward, it has been decided to submit the proposals to the congregations as a whole.

"It is too early to prophesy what will be the outcome," said a prominent Presbyterian to The News last evening, "but it shows the feeling of unity which prevails within the church that such a proposal should be put forward, and whether or not the idea is acted upon, the fact that it has gone so far is evidence of the unanimity of purpose obtaining in the minds and hearts of Presbyterians of New Westminster.

"It is my personal opinion that the majority in both congregations are for union, but I have not made any canvass of the situation and am speaking only from the views I have heard expressed. Of course, I have met several who are not in strong favor of the move, but every one of these to whom I have spoken so far has said that he is perfectly willing to abide by what the majority says, which I take as abundant evidence that the whole question is to be discussed in the right and proper spirit."

COLUMBUS DAY DULY CELEBRATED

Knights of Columbus Gather from Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

Banquet in St. Patrick's Hall—Scathing Attack on Socialism—Enemy of the Church.

October 12, the day set apart for the memory of Christopher Columbus, the discoverer of the American continent, was fittingly celebrated in St. Patrick's hall last evening when three hundred members of the Knights of Columbus order, representing the cities of New Westminster, Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle and Everett, gathered at the festive board to enjoy a splendid repast prepared by the ladies of St. Peter's parish and listen to a galaxy of speakers of international repute who held the audience throughout a four hour session.

This was perhaps the first occasion that such a gathering, representing five big cities on the north Pacific coast, had congregated in New Westminster and from the remarks passed by the visiting speakers, the hospitality of the Royal City is on a par if not better than they had ever before experienced.

Four hundred and twenty-one years have passed since Columbus came within sight of this continent with his little squadron of three vessels, but his memory is still dear to the order named after the great discoverer.

Degree Team from Seattle.

The ceremonies started yesterday afternoon when a large number of new candidates were initiated into the order, the degree team from Seattle having charge of the initiation. A feature, showing the fraternal spirit that exists among the members, was made known at the gathering when after learning that one of the prominent members of the Everett degree team had met with a serious accident thus crippling their chances of making the trip intact, the Seattle team came forward and packing their regalia, boarded the train in time to arrive yesterday morning for the ceremony.

Attack Socialism.

A scathing attack on Socialism and the growing spirit of unrest was made by Rev. Father Beck, rector of St. Peter's parish, who responded to the toast to "The Church." Father Beck first drew attention to the wonderful growth of the order during the past seven years, how, small at its infancy, it had been adding members by the hundreds and thousands until the Knights of Columbus were beginning to be felt in more quarters than one. It had undergone many trials, but the heavier the battle the greater the strength.

The Knights of Columbus have shown the national congress how they stand on this question of Socialism which is the greatest enemy the church has now to contend with. It should be the duty of every member of the organization to be able to answer every question on Socialism, which is a movement to bring us back to the dark ages. "You should study Social-

(Continued on Page Four.)

MANY WRECKS ON ALASKAN COAST

Details of Havoc Wreaked by Last Week's Big Storm.

TEN DEFINITELY KNOWN DROWNED

Many Ships and Gasoline Launches Sighted Along Shores—Log of Unknown Vessel.

Nome, Alaska, Oct. 12.—The gasoline steamer Nora, which sailed from St. Michael a few days before the big storm of last week, having on board Herbert Guisler, his native wife and three boys with several others unknown, was wrecked on the beach at Simrock, and all lost. Four bodies have been found.

The gasoline schooner Princess, which sailed from St. Michael with the Nora, was wrecked on the beach at Cape Prince of Wales. She was manned by Charles Green and Martin Bramble, who were undoubtedly lost.

The gasoline schooner Sea Wolf, which has just returned from Siberia, reports that the gasoline schooner El Susno, is a total wreck at Kalooch bay, Siberia. On board were Capt. Alex. Allen, E. T. McIntyre, Martin Morrison and a moving picture man, name unknown. It is believed all were drowned. The Eskimos say the El Susno was abandoned before she struck.

Found Log.

The Sea Wolf sighted the wrecked schooner Marie at Cape Prince of Wales. She reports many ships along with launches and other small boats, strewn along the Siberian and Alaskan coasts. The Sea Wolf picked up in St. Lawrence bay the log of an unknown vessel. The log which is typewritten, tells of a bad leak, with water rising in the hold at the rate of four and a half inches per hour in spite of the pumps. The log was supposed to be that of one of Stefansson's ships, because they are the only ones in the Arctic that are known to have type writers aboard. But as Stefansson's boats have all reached Point Barrow safely, this theory is not tenable.

MAY SETTLE DUBLIN LABOR TROUBLE TODAY

Dublin, Oct. 12.—The peace committee which was formed for the purpose of finding a way out of the labor deadlock, has secured the consent of both sides to confer with the committee on Monday and it is confidently hoped that a settlement will be reached on that day.

A majority of the employers are in favor of reinstating the locked out men and the strikers, provided they agree to handle all goods without discrimination. While this would involve the abandonment by the men of the doctrine of "tainted goods," it would equally involve the recognition of James Larkin and the Transport Workers union by the employers.

Ex-Chief Tried Suicide.

Portage la Prairie, Man., Oct. 12.—Wm. G. Taylor, ex-chief of police here, charged at the police court yesterday morning with attempting suicide by drinking poison, told the magistrate that he had been robbed of $17, his entire stock of money, the night before by a room mate. Taylor was released under suspended sentence, and helped by the court to the extent of $2.50.

W. J. Cooper, K.C., Dead.

Portage la Prairie, Man., Oct. 12.—W. J. Cooper, K.C., partner of Hon. Arthur Meighen, in the law firm of Cooper & Meighen, died yesterday at his residence here of heart trouble, aged 53.

NARROW ESCAPE OF KING AND QUEEN

Suffragettes Make Dash for Royal Carriage—Escape Arrest.

London, Oct. 11.—King George and Queen Mary, who attended a command performance at a London music hall tonight, had a narrow escape from being mobbed by suffragettes. The women, who had gathered in considerable numbers, made a lively dash for the royal carriage on its arrival at the theatre, shouting "Women are being tortured in prison."

They had almost reached the carriage when the police closed around and, with defiant shouts of "Votes for women" were hurled back.

The suffragettes were treated roughly, but managed to escape arrest.

Blue Funnel Freight.

A large consignment of Blue Funnel freight was brought into port here by the steamer Westham, from Vancouver. It was composed of some 60 tons of hardware, and a shipment of general goods.

FIFTY THOUSAND HEAR JOHN REDMOND

Describes Ulster's Warlike Preparations as "Price Raising" Tactics—Demonstration at Limerick.

Dublin, Oct. 12.—Fifty thousand people attended a home rule demonstration at Limerick today when John Redmond expressed agreement with the speech delivered by the Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill at Dundee last week, except the important clause regarding the separation of Ulster. Home rule offered no serious danger to Ulster, he said, and home rule must ultimately triumph. Britishers having made up their mind to accord this measure of self government to Ireland, they were not ready to submit to the insolent threats of the Carsonites. To stand firm against them would be a political earthquake.

As to the suggestion for a repeal of the minister, Mr. Redmond spoke threateningly regarding the prospects of the result of a violation of a national treaty. He described Ulster's warlike preparations as "price-raising" tactics and said those were responsible for them were obviously rebels. Mr. Redmond endorsed Mr. Churchill's declaration that there must not be any limit to efforts—save a bertayal of the principle of home rule—to concessions which would secure an absolutely united Ireland. The separation proposals that has been made, however, were totally impracticable, unworkable, irresponsible, intolerable, and has been put forward simply as a plan to wreck home rule.

MURDER TRIAL AROUSES INTEREST

Mystery in Russia Subject of Mass Meetings in Canada.

Life of Russian Jew at Stake for the Death of Boy—Body Found in Cave.

Winnipeg, Oct. 12.—Over 5000 people participated in a mass meeting this afternoon and passed a resolution condemning vehemently the Russian official responsible for the "ritual accusation against Mandel Beiliss, a Russian Jew on trial at Kieve for the murder of a Christian boy, Yushinsky. Similar resolutions have been passed in other western Canadian cities during the past week.

Sensation in Trial.

Kiev, Oct. 12.—The first sensation in the tiral of Mandel Beiliss, charged with the murder of the boy Yushinsky occurred toward the end of the sitting last night when a woman witness directly charged the notorious Vera Tcheberiak with trying to induce a boy witness to perjure himself and give false testimony against Beiliss. The witness swore that on the first day of the trial, while in the witness room she heard Vera Tcheberiak trying to induce the boy to say that when he and Yushinsky were playing in a brickyard Beiliss seized them. The boy refused to give such testimony, saying he would testify to the contrary and would tell the court what Vera had said to him. Six other witnesses could corroborate her statement, she said.

Several policemen testified to the finding of the body of the murdered boy in the cave, but showed loss of memory when pressed for details, or asked to reconcile their evidence with their statements made at the preliminary hearing.

Inspector Porgosky, a young official said that when he reached the cave about 100 persons were gathered at the entrance. At the preliminary examination he estimated the number at 10 to 15. He said he had found a portion of a pillow which the prosecution alleges was found in the pocket of Yushinsky's jacket, but could not say whether it was in the pocket, or whether he found Yushinsky's belt in the cave, nor could he describe the clothing on the body.

At the request of the prosecution, the court ordered the production of two rare books on ritual murder from the library at Vilna, one published in 1848 and the other in 1702.

A newspaper writer gave an account of a meeting in a restaurant between several newspaper men, a former detective named Vegernoff and Vera Tcheberiak, the alleged leader of a band of thieves who were reported in some cases to have murdered Yushinsky for the purpose of causing a pogrom at Kiev. He heard Vera state that Yushinsky had been killed by relatives.

"No one present," he said, "endeavored to persuade Vera to assume the guilt."

The landlady of the lodging house where Alexandra Bridhiko, the murdered boy's mother lived, rejected the probability that the murder might have been committed there. Her house, she said, was only of one story and any noise could be heard from one end to the other. The mother, she asserted, was deeply affected by the boy's death.

RUSSIAN EXPEDITION FINDS NEW CONTINENT

Uninhabited Mountainous Land Found North of Siberia—Latitude Eighty-one North, Longitude One Hundred and Four East—Took Possession in Name of Czar—Story of Discovery.

St. Michael, Alaska, Oct. 12.—The Russian flagship Taimyr and its consort, the Waygatch, which constitute a Russian Polar expedition under Commander Wilkitzky, which left Vladivostok June 10 of this year, reached St. Michael stormbound October 9, and brought to that port news of the discovery north of Siberia in latitude 81 north, longitude 104 east, of a new uninhabited mountainous land, possibly a continent. The expedition landed with difficulty on the new land, raised the Russian flag on it and took possession in the name of the czar. Commander Wilkitzky christened the new land "Nicholas Second Land."

Volcanic Activity.

The expedition from Vladivostok by way of Petropovlock and East Cape and thence westward along the Siberian coast to latitude 96 east.

Commander Wilkitzky says that the shore of the new country where the expedition landed and along which the vessels travelled is rocky, with high abrupt cliffs, formed evidently from volcanic activity. Volcanoes of the district possibly may have been in eruption recently. Many high peaks, he said, were disconcernible inland from the vessels and what seemed to be vapor could be seen arising from one of these. The temperature taken on the water near the shore line was 51.8 degrees fahrenheit, while that taken on shore was 62.6 degrees fahrenheit. The land was covered with snow almost to the sea.

Much Animal Life.

In July and August, the expedition saw much evidence of the presence on the land of reindeer. Many walrus were seen and bird life was plentiful. A number of Polar bears also were noticed. The vegetation on the new land, Commander Wilkitzky stated, was but scant. Twenty fathoms from shore a depth of water of 95 fathoms was sounded.

The expedition, Commander Wilkitzky stated, cruised northwesterly along the margin of the newly discovered land to latitude 81, longitude 96 east. It was forced to turn away from the land, which still extended in a northwesterly direction, by the solid ice pack. The expedition then followed the shore line in a southeasterly direction. At longitude 104 east, latitude 79, the coast turns northeasterly.

The expedition cruised along the shore line as far as possible. In latitude 76 degrees 40 minutes north, it was forced away from the land by ice and then it travelled eastward by Bennett, Jeanette and Henrietta islands. The locations of these islands, Commander Wilkitzky says, was exactly determined. Bennett island, he said, had been placed too far north by De Long, and is much smaller than had formerly been reported.

Severe Storm.

The expedition was in the open Polar sea and continued east to longitude 165 west, thence south through Behring straits, including a call at Amadiar bay, Siberia.

On October 3 the most severe gale experienced by the officers aboard drove the vessels east of the St. Lawrence islands. The storm continued with great violence until October 7. At one time the vessels stood at an angle of 59 degrees. There was no loss of life or serious damage on the vessels which are very staunchly built, equipped with the best machinery and manned by selected seamen.

The voyage in the Arctic was exceptionally pleasant. The only pack ice met during the westward journey was south of Wrangell island and along Nicholas Second Land.

North of Cape Cholyushin between the course pursued by the exploring ships Vega and Fram and Nicholas Second Land, the Russian expedition discovered several small islands. No evidence of mineral was seen on any of the newly discovered land.

The Taimyr and Waygatch will proceed from here directly to Vladivostok in a few days, having obtained an ample supply of coal here. The officers and crews of the ships are being entertained by the officers and men of the Thirtieth regiment, United States infantry, stationed here.

The great cordiality of the officers and men from the Russian ships created a very favorable impression. Commander Wilkitzky is a young man of attractive appearance and manners. He takes his honors modestly, giving full credit to his officers and seamen.

Most Important Discovery.

Washington, Oct. 12.—Members of the National Geographic society said here today that the [illegible] Russian discovery of a continent [illegible] miles north of Asia, if true, would be the last great discovery of lands. They pronounced it the most important discovery within the Arctic circle in the last century.

The report from St. Michael, Alaska, that Commander Wilkitzky in command of the Russian government steamers Taimyr and Waygatch had arrived there and announced the discovery of a body of land as large as Greenland, [illegible] 81 north and longitude 102 east, [illegible]

as a distinct surprise to the members of society.

Major General A. W. Greeley, Arctic explorer and scientist, thinks some error must have been made in describing the location of the newly found continent. The general said today that on December 18, 1894, the Fram, on which Dr. Nansen drifted in the Arctic, was in latitude 82.50, longitude 104, just a little north of where the southern extremity of the land reported discovered is said to be.

Hardly Possible.

General Greeley suggested that it hardly seemed possible that a continent of the size of Greenland could exist between the drift path of the Fram and Cape Chelyuskin, the northernmost point of Asia, although he was not inclined to doubt that a discovery had been made.

That unexplored land about the size of Greenland does exist within the Arctic circle north of Alaska and Eastern Siberia, as distinguished from Western Siberia where the Russians are said to have discovered land has been the theory of scientists for years. Dr. Roland A. Harris, of the coast and geodetic survey, years ago put forth the so-called Harris theory that a large area of undiscovered land was located in the Arctic. His contention was based on tidal observation by Polar explorers, including Rear Admiral Peary. General Greeley arrived at the same conclusion about land to the westward of Grinnell land, but by a different method. His opinion was based on the prevalance in the Arctic ocean of large numbers of flat-topped icebergs. General Greeley reasoned that such bergs could only be formed on level land of considerable extent and that as they did not come from Spitzbergen, Greenland, or Grinnell land, they must come from an unknown land.

In a book written by him in 1906 he said that "within the main north polar basin, there is possibly an extended ice covered land to the north-northwest of Melville island."

SCHOOL PRINCIPALS WILL ORGANIZE

Object is to Make Work of all Departments Uniform—Meeting Tomorrow.

For the fourth time since the commencement of the fall school term the principals of all city schools will meet tomorrow to discuss school matters and means for bettering the school system here.

These meetings, now inaugurated in some of the larger cities of the Dominion, are a great factor in making uniform the work of all departments of all schools and are finding approbation in New Westminster. As yet no formal organization has been made here, Miss Strong, municipal inspector of schools, having charge of the meetings. It is likely that before long an organization will be formed and officers elected. In her first monthly report before the board of school trustees last week, the municipal inspector mentioned the success of these conferences between heads of the schools. Discussions upon managment, grading, discipline and the hundred other matters peculiar to shaping and directing a school policy are held at these meetings.

LOSE NO TIME ON CURRENCY BILL

President Wilson Does Not Favor a Recess of Congress—Wants Continuous Attention.

Washington, Oct. 12—President Wilson let it be known tonight that he did not favor a recess of congress at this time, but desired [illegible] consideration of the pending currency bill. Reports that the president was attempting to force the senate [illegible] speedily than it wished, [illegible] on the part of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

The News

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MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1913.

IMPOTENT MAN.

The Titanic disaster demonstrated man's littleness in comparison with the forces of nature; the holocaust of the Volturno has driven the lesson home.

In spite of his boasted skill, his vaunted wisdom, man, the greatest of creatures cannot build a vessel that will stand the shock of a collision with an iceberg or perfect a contrivance that can ride the waves to take the passengers from a doomed ship.

A Valencia, a Titanic or a Volturno wreck brings to its real level the measure of human progress and reveals the fact that, in spite of the so-called gigantic forward strides of science, man is still but an infinitesimal factor when placed in comparison with the forces of the world which he is pleased to say he rules.

The spectacles of the Titanic plunging to her rest beneath the iceberg of the North Atlantic, of the Valencia breaking up a hundred yards from shore and carrying down her human freight while hundreds looked on powerless to render aid, of a Volturno, a great flaming torch crowded with human lives, blazing their way to a watery grave, with nine ships riding close by unable to take even a babe from the decks marked for destruction—all these drive into a man the conviction of his nothingness, of his puny power and will and, for a few days at least, strip him of the pride of his paltry achievements.

In return for the doubtful benefits of British protected opium Asia has sent its brand of cholera across to Russia.

There is weeping and wailing among the Italian knights of the pick and shovel. The Austrian government has discovered its own people can make grades and lay tracks and the sign has been hung up in Vienna "No Italians need apply."

Wonder what will be Ulster's national anthem after home rule passes and independent government is announced in the kingdom of the "bloody hand." The Wearing of the Green is a good marching air, but Boyne Water looks like a favorite at this distance.

In the interests of humanity that young Sardinian doctor who believes he has discovered another cure for consumption should keep his mouth shut about it till it has been tested and found "Not wanting."

It looks like the irony of fate to read that Mexico had just finished celebrating the 103rd anniversary of her independence when Huerta jumped in, tied a can to the parliamentary tail and assumed the dictatorship.

Here's an idea for the retail clerks' association: The clerks of London held a mass meeting recently, each wearing a black mask. Under the disguise they felt free to say what they liked about their employers and, from all accounts, they said it.

Berlin, the kaiser's main stamping ground, has a population of 4,000,000. If all the German waiters went home, it would be doubled.

If Yuan Shi Kai, China's president, does all that's expected of him he'll have Hercules looking like a chore boy and Solon like a member of a first primer class.

BACK TO CHINA FOR SEVEN YEARS

Lady Missionary Sails for Another Long Spell in Foreign Missionary Field.

Victoria, Oct. 12.—Miss Wellwood, who seven years ago went out to Cheng-tu, province of Szu-Chuan, China, under the Women's Missionary board of the Methodist church of Canada, is returning to the orient by R. M. S. Empress of Russia after an eighteen months' furlough. For a few days till the Empress sailed she was staying here with her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Wellwood, Quadra street.

This time Miss Wellwood will go to Chung-King, which is in the same province, but further west, where she has been appointed until next June. During the intervening months she will make a close study of conditions there, particularly with reference to the improvement of facilities for carrying on the medical missionary work. This department was her particular work in Cheng-tu, where, for the five years of her work in China, she devoted her time principally to nursing in the hospital established there by the society which sent her out.

To Cheng-tu.

It is to Cheng-tu that she will return next June after leaving Chung-King, and for the past eighteen months she has been purchasing and shipping equipment for the new hospital which is to be erected there during the next year. This hospital, which is for women only, is to replace the previous building, and will be nearly three times as big and much more up-to-date in its equipment. The previous hospital held only twenty-five beds; the designs of the new building are planned to accommodate sixty-five, and this is being put up and fitted with the necessary furniture and instruments entirely by the Women's Missionary society of the Canadian Methodist church.

With the exception of the foreman, said Miss Wellwood, the building operations are in the hands of Chinese workmen. The staff is to consist of two lady physicians, Dr. Henry and Dr. Austin, and two nurses, who, in connection with their medical work, carry on extensive missionary work. This involves a double preparation which the average physician does not require. When the Chinese women go to the dispensary for medicine and surgical advice their attendants spend the first half-hour in teaching them from the Bible, and part of every day of a patient's stay in the hospital is devoted to lessons from the story of Christ.

A great majority of the poor Chinese women who go to the hospital for treatment suffer from eye diseases and a form of tuberculosis of the bones of the feet from the binding to which they have been subjected, and gratitude for the assistance which the missionaries give them in alleviating their pain often makes the patients willing to listen where they would otherwise be utterly indifferent to the teachings.

Only 100 Whites.

Cheng-tu has a population of about 100,000, with only about 100 occidentals in the entire city. In addition to the Methodist church of Canada mission, Miss Wellwood pointed out there were also other missions in the district: The Methodist Episcopal, the Friends, the Mission of England, the China-England mission, and the American Baptist mission. On the whole there was evidence of progress; sometimes the workers felt discouraged by the overwhelming number of unconverted souls and the adverse conditions of environment, and centuries of established customs, but taken in its entirety there was sufficient evidence of the good which their united efforts were producing to encourage the workers to continue. Often the discouraging elements were importations, and not only were there local vices to contend against, but the additional evils which civilization pushed among them. The British were guilty of much in sending in opium, while the British-American Tobacco company had its agents all over the country, she said.

Miss Wellwood, who has given nearly one hundred lectures during her term of furlough in this country, expects to arrive back in China about the middle of December, and intends remaining at her post there for the next seven years.

TELLS OF INTERIOR OF THIS PROVINCE

Mr. Scholefield Gives Impressions He Had Gained in Northern British Columbia.

Victoria, Oct. 12.—Under the auspices of the Victoria Natural History society, E. O. S. Scholefield, librarian to the legislature, delivered a lecture on "New Caledonia," as it was formerly called, or that part of North America which was the last to be explored by Europeans, now mainland part of British Columbia.

The lecturer explained the different lines of access to this land around the Fraser, and with the aid of his extensive maps, managed to convey to his hearers the exact routes which the different explorers took, and their means of getting to Fort McLeod, Fort St. James, Fort Fraser and Fort St. George. Mr. Scholefield read some interesting passages from the diary of the explorer, Mr. Daniel Williams Harman, a native of Connecticut, who had entered the services of the North West company. In 1807 Mr. Harman reached Fort St. George and the country occupied and partially explored in that year was situated between the coast range and the Rocky mountains, and according to the statements of the Rev. Father Morice, who lived there for many years, the limiting parallels were 51:30 and 57.

To enable his hearers to have some idea of the life, manners and customs of the natives in 1807, the speaker quoted quite extensively from Mr. Harman's diary, particularly with regard to the Carrier nation of the Dene stock—so called because all the widows of the tribe were forced to carry in bags on their backs the remains of their late husbands for a period of two years, unless relieved by some relative or friend who gave a "potlatch" to the departed.

Mr. Scholefield went on to speak of the agricultural resources, and the great stretches of rich poplar bottom land, which, with the opening of the Grand Trunk Pacific, and Pacific Great Eastern railways, will soon be cultivated and thickly settled. Mr. Scholefield stated that from the crops raised by the pioneer farmers this year, which he had himself seen, he is assured there is a bright future ahead for that particular district.

The name New Caledonia was, with several others, brought before the notice of the late Queen Victoria, by Lord Lytton, but as there was a French province already called Caledonia, her majesty desired that it should be called British Columbia.

CHATEAUGUAY GOES TO GOVERNMENT

Hon. Sydney Fisher Defeated by Conservative in Seat That Was 60 Years Liberal.

Montreal, Oct. 12.—The Conservatives won the victory in Chateauguay election, James Morris defeating Hon. Sydney Fisher by 135 majority. The seat has been consistently Liberal for sixty years.

The Liberals fought the election on the naval question and on reciprocity, particular emphasis being laid on the latter question by the ex-premier in his speeches. An illustration of this occurred in Sir Wilfrid's speech at St. John's last week, when he declared that Canada still needed reciprocity, but perhaps not so badly now that the Democrats had reduced the United States tariffs.

"Mr. Fisher," editorially declared the Montreal Herald before the contest, "is credited with having played an important part in inducing the senate to take the course it did on the naval question, the consequence of which action has been the present impotence of this country in the matter of imperial naval defence. The part which he played in the reciprocity fight of 1911, which ended so disastrously for his party is, of course, well known. The farmers of Canada did not support the Taft-Fielding trade agreement as the Liberal party expected they would, and it is to an electorate comprised almost entirely of farmers that Mr. Fisher is making his appeal."

Conservatives Rejoice.

Ottawa, Oct. 12.—The news tonight that the Conservative candidate had carried Chateauguay by 135 majority, with all polls in, caused great rejoicing in government circles.

Premier Borden at once wired congratulations to James Morris, the successful candidate. The Conservatives, although hoping to win, were none too sanguine of the success, and the size of the majority came as a complete surprise.

PLANS ARE LAID TO GOVERN ULSTER

Arrangements to Be Acted Upon Provided Home Rule Measure Goes Into Effect.

London, Oct. 12.—How far the Ulster Orangemen are prepared to go to resist the establishment of a home rule parliament in Dublin is indicated by the appointment of a provisional government containing a house of peers and a lower chamber.

The articles of government have been finally approved and plans completed:

(1) For repudiating and resisting the decrees of a Nationalist party.

(2) For taking over the government of the province in trust for the British nation.

Awaiting Home Rule.

The date upon which the provisional government will become operative, together with the necessary instructions to Orangemen, will be made public on the date upon which the home rule bill is placed upon the statute book, or such other day as may be determined on, and when it shall be deemed expedient.

All power as the central authority has been delegated to the standing committee of the Ulster Unionist council. Sir Edward Carson was appointed chairman of the central authority, and his parliamentary colleague, Mr. J. H. Campbell, K. C., was given the post of "assessor."

"Houses of Parliament."

The following names appear in a long list constituting the Ulster provisional government:

The "Upper House"—Duke of Abercorn, Lard Dartrey, Lord Londonderry, Lord Deramore, Lord Charles Beresford, Lord Dunleath, Lord Annesley, Lord Farnham, Lord Arran, Lord Claud Hamilton, Lord Bangor, Lord Kilmorey, Lord Castlereagh, M.P., Lord Leitrim, Lord Clanwilliam, Lord Templetown, Lord Crichton, Lord Erne.

The "Lower House"—Sir E. Carson, K.C., M.P., Mr. R. McMordie, M.P., Sir J. Lonsdale, M.P., Mr. Chambers, K.C., M.P., Capt. Craig, M.P., Mr. R. Thompson, M.P., Mr. C. Craig, M.P., Mr. W. MacCaw, M.P., Hon. A. O'Neill, M.P., Mr. H. T. Barrie, M.P., Mr. P. Kerr Smiley, M.P., Mr. J. Gordon, K.C., M.P., Major McCalmont, M.P., Mr. Horner, K.C., M.P., Col. Hickman, M.P., Mr. W. Moore, K.C., M.P., Mr. Fetherstonha, K.C., M.P.

All the foregoing M.P.'s, with the exception of Sir Edward Carson (who sits for Dublin university) and Col. Hickman, Tory M.P. for South Wolverhampton, are Ulster Unionist representatives. Most of the titled ones are, or have been, large owners of land in Ireland, and several have benefited largely by sales to tenants.

The list also includes the names of representatives of various industries in Ulster.

Departments.

Among other steps taken in the appointment of the following:

Ulster Volunteer committee.
Finance and Business committee.
Legal committee.
Education committee.
Publication and Literary committee.
Customs, Excises and Postoffice committee.

In the brief respite before the Home Rule bill becomes a law the Taxation committee will doubtless attempt to tackle the knotty problem as to whether taxes are to be imposed on the Nationalist half of Ulster, and if so, how they are to be levied.

A number of boards have been elected in connection with finance, railways, transport, supply and medicine. The Rev. Canon Pounden, D.D., and the Rev. W. Wright, D.D., were elected chaplains to the provisional government.

Sir Edward and Coercion.

Sir Edward Carson says surrender is out of the question.

"We do not want chaos," he declared. "We must set up some form of government, which will scientifically, deliberately and carefully work out a plan which at the same time will make it impossible, if there is a parliament in Dublin, for them or their executive to govern this province, and will at the same time set up such forms and such procedure as will enable us as far as possible to provide substitutes.

"We may, perhaps we will be, coerced in the long run into submission. I say we may, because, of course, they have got the army and the navy. If England, with a majority of 32 against home rule, allows the army and the navy to be used, we may be coerced into submission, but if we are we will be governed as a conquered community and nothing else."

BAD COMPANY PUTS HIM IN THE PEN

Young Man From Bellingham Takes to Stealing and Gets Two Years' Sentence.

Victoria, Oct. 12.—The evil effects of bad company brought a young man named C. L. Harden of Bellingham, Wash., before Magistrate Jay yesterday morning charged as an accomplice with John Macaulay, who was served a term at Walla Walla penitentiary, with the theft of numerous articles of personal apparel and jewelry from rooms in this city which they entered.

Harden was given a sentence of two years in the penitentiary, and Macaulay two years for the thefts, and a similar period for breaking into a Blanchard street residence.

The only case to which they refused to plead was that of pawning a kodak camera, secured from C. H. Smith & Co., on the deposit of a ring, which proved to be of only half the value represented to the assistant at that store. Evidence given by the owner and Miss Jefferson (the assistant), and Detective Heather, proved this case, and also proved that the camera was subsequently pawned with Jacob Aaaronson, together with a watch.

The two men, who are both in the twenties, arrived from Seattle on Tuesday, and calling at 855 Vancouver street, a rooming house, they purloined a number of suits of clothes, wearing apparel and other articles from a room. Entering Arlington chambers, Fort street, by a false key, they took a gold watch and pin from the room of Miss Mary Gathard. At 1011 McClure street the watch belonging to Percy Cross was stolen. At 2652 Blanchard street property belonging to Mrs. Hackett disappeared, and from C. H. Hogg's room a chain and other property.

Next the camera was obtained, but at that stage the detectives, guided by a description from a young man at the Y. M. C. A., intervened and arrested the men as they came out of the Aaronson second-hand store.

In their room at the Vernon hotel were found three shotguns which had been rented.

The court declined to believe a story that they had come to Victoria to go shooting and had hired the guns for that purpose, particularly as the younger prisoner had checked some of the clothing at the Dominion Express company for transfer to Vancouver.

FEUDAL MONOPOLY GHASTLY FAILURE

Lloyd George on British Land System —Drastic Measures Must Be Taken.

London, Oct. 12.—Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George opened his land campaign yesterday at Bedford. In the course of his speech the chancellor of the exchequer proceeded to tell of the ghastly failure of the land system in Great Britain.

"The percentage of cultivated land here is lower than in any other country in Europe," he said. "This state of affairs is due to the fatuous and unbusinesslike methods of the landlords.

"The agricultural laborers of the British Isles receive lower pay and work longer hours than any others. It is a scandal that 90 per cent. of the farm laborers of this country are in receipt of a scale of living lower than that of the average poor house. The entire wages of the farm laborers of England and Wales amount to only $12,500,000 a year, whereas the parson and the landlord get $185,000,000 out of the land.

Pay Laborer First.

"Much as I love the parson, I would pay the laborer first. It is no wonder that scores of thousands are fleeing across the seas from such a land of mean bondage."

The chancellor in unfolding the government's scheme for the improvement of the land system, pointed out that the financial aid of the state would have to be invoked in order to deal firmly, thoroughly and drastically with the monopoly.

"The country must choose," he continued, "between the power of the land owners and the prosperity of the laborers. It is no use tinkering. All the conditions of the monopoly must be recast and put on a fair business footing before considering the purchase of the land, which might involve an enormous endowment to the present owners and burden the community with a debt which it would take a long time to liquidate.

Reduce Game Reserves.

"The game reserves in the British Isles must be reduced by two-thirds, and the best labor must be drawn to the land by a real living wage, shorter hours and comfortable homes. The laborer must have land enough to provide himself and his family with garden produce, and the prospect of ultimately attaining a small farm. Experts must be provided to instruct the cultivator, facilities given him to market his produce cheaply, and an end put to the system by which certain railroads give undue preference to foreign produce.

"The system of rating must be changed, and greater facilities given to the state to acquire land on terms fair to the community as well as to the owner. Powerful aid from the state, both by legislation, administration and finance, will be evoked to carry out the purpose and to put them into effective operation."

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L. O. O. M., NO. 854.—MEETS ON first, second, third and fourth Wednesday in each month at 8 p. m. in the Moose Home. H. J. Leamy dictator; P. E. Jones, secretary Headquarters of lodge in Sea House corner of Fourth and Carnarvon streets

I. O. O. F. AMITY LODGE NO. 17—The regular meeting of Amity lodge No 27, I. O. O. F., is held every Monday night at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows' Hall corner Carnarvon and Eighth streets Visiting brethern cordially invited R. A. Merrithew, N.G.; H. W. Sangster, V. G.; W. C. Cootham, P. G., recording secretary; J. W. MacDonald, financial secretary.

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Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee will be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

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News of Happenings In Other Provinces

WESTERN ONTARIO.

James Hull of Princeton, 85 years of age, fell down the cellar stairs and broke his neck.

A midnight fire in Sudbury completely gutted the home of Postmaster Kelly and the barns of Mayor Henry.

Eugent O'Keefe, the prominent brewer, founder of St. Augustine's Roman Catholic seminary, and a generally well-known citizen, died at Toronto.

Mayor Hocken of Toronto announced that the Toronto Electric Light company proposed to spend several million dollars if the city did not purchase.

John Grady, 55 years of age, whose home was said to be in Toronto, dropped dead from heart disease as he was leaving his room in a hotel at Tonawanda, N. Y.

John Price, 61 years of age, a prominent farmer of Elmstead, lies at the point of death as the result of injuries received when a cider press struck him on the head.

One of Galt's oldest and most highly respected women passed to her reward in the person of Susan Rennie, the widow of the late James Scott in her 90th year.

D. Snyder, a Woolwich township farmer, was fined $10 and costs by Magistrate Weir in Berlin on a charge of allowing a 13-year-old boy in his employ to smoke.

Six months in Central Prison was the sentence administered by Mr. Justice Meredith to James Dickenson, convicted at Toronto of manslaughter in killing Lucy Ives.

An old resident of Scarboro township, and one of the oldest surviving natives of Niagara-on-the-Lake, died in Toronto in the person of Mrs. Mary Jane Rennie, widow of Robert Rennie, aged 88.

Mrs. Bridget Horne, past 80, and with a long and honorable career as a nurse in the Crimean war, where she served under Florence Nightingale, lies at the home of the friendless in Windsor.

At a meeting of local option workers in Brantford Y. M. C. A., it was decided to abandon the fight proposed for next January. Organization will be effected in 1914 and the contest waged a year hence.

Miss Mary Ward, 16 years old, Hamilton, who was found in her home in an unconscious condition as a result of escaping gas from a stove three weeks ago, died Monday. She never regained consciousness.

J. Lockie Wilson, superintendent of the Fall Fairs associations, is complaining loudly against the laxity of local magistrates in punishing itinerant fakirs who conduct illegal gambling devices at the rural exhibitions.

In the presence of a large concourse of Odd Fellows, the beautiful memorial recently erected in the order's plot at Avondale cemetery, Stratford, was unveiled by Grand Master Dr. P. T. Coupland of St. Mary's.

In the death of Peter McGregor Grant, Haldimand county loses one of its oldest and most respected pioneer residents. Born in Inverness, Scotland, in 1821, he went to Canada in 1844, settling in Dunn township, where he had resided since.

Chief Kimmins of Niagara Falls, Ont., captured what is believed to be a gang of cheque "artists," who have been carrying on operations in the various Canadian cities. Mrs. Clara Knapp of Toronto, W. E. Walker of Toronto and Mr. and Mrs. A. Allen of Erie, Pa., were locked up.

On the evening of her 104th birthday, there died at East Hawkesbury, Ont., recently Mrs. Margaret Gray, who undoubtedly was the oldest person in eastern Ontario. Deceased was born in 1809 in England and went to Canada shortly after her marriage in 1830.

Benjamin Oldani of Windsor and Walter C. Wigle of Amherstburg have been awarded a contract for the construction of the Long Marsh drain. It will commence at the turnpike road in Malden and run into the Canard river in Anderton, in all a distance of about eight miles. The tender accepted was $13.84 a rod, or $38,000 for the complete work.

EASTERN ONTARIO.

At the fall convocation of Queen's university on the 15th of October, Hon. W. T. White, minister of finance, will be the principal speaker.

The assessor gives the population of Kingston as 21,015, an increase of 1308 over last year. The assessment is $11,949,577, an increase of a million and a half dollars.

An ovation was accorded Sir Gilbert Parker, British parliamentarian and novelist, in Belleville, his home town, when he delivered an address at a public meeting in the armories.

Mrs. Emma MacLaurin, wife of Colin MacLaurin, formerly of Vankleek hill, committed suicide in Ottawa, by taking carbolic acid. Beside her was found a note saying she had taken the acid in order to end her life. She had been ill. Her husband, who is in Vancouver, and seven children survive.

NEW ONTARIO.

Dr. Thomas H. Hanson, medical officer for the Indians of Kenora district, died aged 67.

Port Arthur Assessment Commissioner Boyd reports a population of 17,615. One year ago the figure was 15,674, an increase approximately of 2000 in 12 months.

A special train enabled leading bankers of Canada to see grain handling facilities at the head of great lakes. They visited Port Arthur and Fort William and were cordially received.

The Imperial Construction company commenced work at Capreol, 22 miles north of Sudbury on the construction of a 15-stall roundhouse for the Canadian Northern divisional point, also machine shop and residences of officials.

QUEBEC.

Sister St. Dosithee, aged 90, and Sister Marie Marguerite, 81, who had been respectively 68 and 51 years in the order of Notre Dame, died at Montreal on the same day.

Deputy Chief Herbert will sever his connection with the Montreal city police department and leave immediately for Sherbrooke to take up his new duties as head of the police force and fire brigade there.

The remains of the eight child victims of the recent St. Saveur fire were buried. The funeral was the largest ever witnessed in the French-Canadian section of Quebec. The whole population turned out to show their sympathy, and thousands were unable to gai nentrance into the parish church. The eight bodies were in five white caskets and four children's hearses were used.

MANITOBA.

Mayor Deacon, presiding at formal opening of Winnipeg General hospital, paid a high tribute to that institution.

William Wise of Stonewall was fatally burned by the explosion of giant powder in a building of the Winnipeg Supply company.

Many Winnipeggers are forced to pay beyond their means to get houses to live in notwithstanding the building boom.

Telephone exemption in Winnipeg has resulted in saving of $50,000 to Manitoba government in five years.

The Royal Sanitary institute has organized its third branch in Canada in Winnipeg, the other two branches being in Montreal and Toronto.

Unless all signs fail Winnipeg is to have a full-fledged professional symphony orchestra as soon as sufficient has been done to arouse public interest.

Mrs. Hanna Staratt Argue, widow of the well-known Methodist minister, Thomas Argue, who died in Winnipeg was born in Brampton, Ont., and went west in 1881.

That improved farming facilities for handling the western grain crop this year is helping to a considerable extent the early marketing of the grain is the opinion of Charles F. Roland, commissioner of the Winnipeg Industrial bureau. Mr. Roland took an automobile trip through a good part of the province and come to this conclusion.

ALBERTA.

Calgary's municipal street railway report shows the year's earnings $64,092, after paying all fixed charges.

Rapid progress is being made on new railroad to Peace River country, 85 miles having been laid so far; and over 80 miles of telegraph strung.

The new Jesuit college in Edmonton, which has cost over $70,000, opened for boarders October 2. It is one of the finest educational institutions in the province.

The new seven-story packing plant of P. Burns, which opened Tuesday at Edmonton, will have a daily capacity of 200 head of cattle, 1000 hogs and 1000 sheep, besides handling tons of poultry, butter and eggs.

The mayor of Redcliff and members of the board of trade are at Edmonton to interview the government on the question of bonusing industries. Opposition will be raised in the legislature to the clause in the Redcliff charter providing for bonuses.

Arthur Bullen, homesteader, 65 miles north of Medicine Hat, died suddenly on his homestead. His wife, when going to get help from the nearest neighbor got lost and was on the prairie for hours. In the meantime a team of Bullen's brother ran away and the driver's leg was broken.

SASKACTHEWAN.

Alex Dunbar, who farms six miles west of North Portal, received returns from a car of wheat shipped to Fort William. The car graded No. 1 hard.

Twenty-four Anglican bishops will be spending next week in Saskatoon during the sessions of the board of management of the M. S. C. E. on October 9 and 10.

Under the authority of the Dominion government, a sale of town lots will be held at Chanin on the main line of the C. P. R., 32 miles west of Moose Jaw, on October 15.

When about to start for home Sunday morning from Rabbit lake, 46 miles from Saskatoon, in an automobile, A. W. Gratias of Saskatoon, and president of the Gratias Land company was accidentally shot.

Confident that the natural gas field that underlies the western plains extends far to the eastward of the points at which boring operations have hitherto been carried on, M. L. Hovis of Gibsonburg, Ohio, driller for the Calgary Petroleum Products company at Black Diamond, Alberta, and W. R. Martin of Medicine Hat, are preparing to place before Regina proposals for the drilling of a municipal well near the city.

BRITAIN HAS DOUBTS.

London Paper Wonders if Shooting is Declining.

The cream of British marksmanship is represented annually at the Bisley meeting, where volunteer-soldiers from all parts of the country, and from the Colonies, shoot off for pride of place in the various competitions, the greatest of which is, of course, the King's Prize, says London Ideas.

This is a time in which the question naturally arises: Is Britain doing as much as it should do to foster and encourage the art of rifle shooting The answer is in the negative.

"Teaching the young idea how to shoot" is a phrase which has lost much of its practical significance, and it is astonishing (writes an Ideas investigator) that so many parents, who would be extremely annoyed if you called them unpatriotic, object to their boys handling a rifle on the ground that it produces a desire to kill. As a matter of expediency and precaution every boy ought to be made acquainted with firearms, or the chances are that he will, in his ignorance, one day kill himself. Rifle shooting is a sport just as football, cricket and tennis are sports, and thousands of youngsters could be trained annually through their own desire to excel as marksmen if they had greater facilities and more official encouragement. Other nations realize the value of marksmanship—why should not we?

In 1893 France provided instruction in rifle shooting for boys of ten years and upward in the primary schools. During 1908 she spent £20,000 for ammunition alone for schoolboy rifle clubs. The aNtional Union of Shooting Societies of France has something like 2,300 asociated societies, with a total membership of 300,000.

Canada insists upon a course of marksmanship as part of her public school curriculum.

Australia annually appropriates £100,000 for her reserve force of 50,000 civilian riflemen, and railways carry free of charge rifle club members to and from rifle ranges. All the public schools are the proud possessors of cadet corps, the total membership being 40,000, which is supplied with arms, ammunition and instruction by the Government free of cost.

All the universities and public schools in Hungary have a course of rifle practice and maintain camps of instruction for them.

In Sweden even the smallest villages have their rifle ranges, and although the population of the whole country is only about five-and-a-half millions, there were over 148,000 active riflemen in 1911. Every year the Government allows over £40,000 for civilian rifle practice, and three years ago there were over two thousand rifle clubs, with a total membership of 130,000.

Little Switzerland, with a population of only three and a half millions, boasts of no less than 2,800 rifle ranges, and 3,600 shooting societies, containing 214,000 members, and Italy, Greece, and Austria have not been slow to realize the importance of rifle practice and are keeping pace with their neighbors in ear-marking annual grants for this purpose.

Mr. Asquith's Birthplace.

Morley, in Yorkshire, was en fete recently, when Mr. Asquith visited it to receive the freedom of his native town. Yorkshire, Mr. Asquith once declared had produced men in every walk of life who had contributed in a greater degree than the people of any other county in England to the making of history and the service of mankind; and, however this may be, none will be disposed to deny that Mr. Asquith himself is a worthy representative of his county. But, though born in Yorkshire, Mr. Asquith is a Cockney by adoption, and it was at the City of London School, as most people will be aware, that he laid the foundation of his future fame.

Long before the birth of the future Prime Minister, Asquith was a name honorably known in Morley, and Mr. Asquith's father and grandfather were very prominent personalities in the town. He himself has told us that one of his earliest recollections centres round the carrying of a flag in a Sunday school procession after the Crimean War.

London's Actors' Church.

Covene Garden is one of the sights of London, but few visitors go to see St. Paul's, Covent Garden, which has been called the "Actors' church," yet probably next to Westminster abbey and St. Paul's cathedral here is the church of greatest interest to the historian, for its famous dead number among them not only actors and dramatists, but famous people in every walk of life, Butler of "Hudibras" fame; Claude Duval, the highwayman; Lely, the painter; Macklin, the actor; Arne, the musicians; Grinling Gibbons, the sculptor, are but representative of the celebrated folk buried in St. Paul's.—London Cor. New York Sun.

Motor Power From the Sun.

Charles Dickens called the sun "our servant of all work"; and, indeed, all power is derived from the sun, though we sometimes forget it, since it comes indirectly. The sun-motor is a successful attempt to obtain power direct from the sun. In the tropics much of the heat of the sun, especially in the sandy deserts, is never used at all, and it has been calculated that the sun's rays on one square foot of the earth's surface can produce one-third of a horse power. The question men have racked their brains to solve is how to collect this energy.

Chamberlin Honored.

E. J. Chamberlin, president of the Grand Trunk System, has received a communication from Sir Herbert C. Perrott, Bart., secretary-general of the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England, informing him of his admission as Honorary Knight of Grace.

It Doesn't Follow.

To say a man is happy because he is rich is as unwarranted as to say a man is healthy because he has enough to eat.

Bank of England Notes.

Bank of England notes are numbered backwards—that is, from 1 to 10,000. Hence the figures 00.001.

ROPED SEA LION WAS A FIGHTER

Explorers Had Lively Time With Him —Discover Wingless Mosquito in Siberia.

Seattle, Oct. 12.—"A sharp tussle with a 2175-pound sea lion furnished the liveliest thrill of our Siberian and Arctic expedition, which returned to Seattle yesterday after an absence of five and one-half months," says Capt. Frank E. Klineschmidt, who is a guest at a local hotel.

"We were approaching a herd of sea lions when the big brute charged us and we did not succeed in roping him until he was within 10 feet of me. The lion put up the hardest scrap of any animal I have ever roped. The big fellow finally gave one terrific lunge that snapped the inch and a half rope as if it were a mere thread.

Half an hour later the big lion was again sighted, this time in the water. We got another rope on him and finally completed the moving picture. We had roped him in order to 'film' the struggle.

"Unlike the expedition of last year, the one this year was my own personal venture. The immense collection of specimens obtained, numbering more than 4000, is the most complete ever made on Siberian and Alaskan shores. I have specimens of all the big game, birds, flowers, mosses, insects and mamals that we came across, among them scores of new species.

"In Siberia, we discovered a new species of Arctic mountain sheep. This species is almost black, not white like other Arctic sheep. Otherwise the sheep did not differ materially from its white cousin. Several new species of beautiful butterflies, flowers and mosses were found and specimens collected. Most of the specimens will go to three large museums in the east, and the collections were made with this end in view. We traveled about 20,000 miles."

Among the freaks collected by Captain Kleinschmidt is a wingless mosquito. This species was found both in Alaska and Siberia. The captain reports the finding of the first nest of eggs of the kittlitz murrelet, an exceedingly rare bird. Gig game was plentiful, the captain having killed five brown bears in one day. Five polar bears were killed, each of the sportsmen in the party getting one or more.

The party, consisting of eighteen men, left here in the power schooner P. J. Abler on May 3 and proceeded up the Inside passage, collecting specimens and hunting brown bears on the way north. The coast of Alaska was followed fairly closely to the Aleution islands, where several side trips were made. On leaving Nome for Siberia the party encountered a severe storm in which the rudder of the power schooner was broken, and the ship compelled to put back for repairs. This was the only untoward incident of the trip.

In Siberia two large polar bears were slain and immediately packed in ice. They were brought back here frozen solid without as much as a knife having touched them. They were sent to Pittsburg in a refrigerator car. There they will be turned over to the Carnegie museum.

The point farthest north reached by the party was 72 degrees 23 minutes. Two trips were made to the Siberian coast and each time the party had trouble with the ice pack. Marshall Scull, A. M. Collins and Gilpin Lovering, Philadelphia millionaires who accompanied the party north, remained at Seward to hunt moose. Captain Kleinschmidt's family accompanied him.

UP TO YUAN TO PULL CHINA OUT

New President Looked Upon as Strong Man Who Will Build up Her Credit.

Seattle, Oct. 12.—That Yuan Shi Kai would be chosen first president of the Chinese republic against all comers was the expectation in Peking when D. J. Hervey left Peking. Mr. Hervey, who is accompanied by Mrs. Hervey, was a passenger on the Awa Maru from the orient. He is attached to the American legation in Peking. He was, therefore, not surprised at the national assembly's choice.

Mr. Hervey says the financial condition of China, without foreign money to develop the resources of the country, is serious, and the lack of a stable currency is also a great detriment to the business transactions, owing to the changing value of the Mexican dollar. Merchants buy a commodity when it has one value and sell when the market has changed, and thereby currency is completely disorganized. The business interests, however, he states, are sympathetic to the present administration. He feels there is an opportunity for stable government, and as the new president is the one strong man, he thinks there is no doubt that the choice will be generally approved.

Mr. Hervey expressed the opinion that the failure of the last rising practically extinguished Dr. Sun Yat Sen as a practical force in Chinese politics. In fact, stated Mr. Hervey, he is a fugitive with a price on his head. The unsatisfactory state of things over the finances subscribed for the revolution which the revolutionary leader did not clear up have had a great effect on the masses.

Mr. Hervey stated that one of the western provinces, Sze Chuan, was reported to have revolted just before he sailed, and it was thought the theatre of military operations might move from the Yangtse-Kiang valley to the southwest. However, the whole situation was such that the future of China required a stable and efficient administration. As Yuan Shi Kai the strongest man in China has been selected for the vacant post, Mr. Hervey thinks, and he is fully expecting to hear of recognition by the powers of the national assembly's choice.

Advertising Is the Best Policy

RETAILERS no longer consider it a question as to whether or not advertising pays. The question is how to advertise so that the greatest number of people may be constantly informed of the ever changing and interesting store news.

Retailers agree that the best medium through which their advertising may be circulated is newspapers like THE NEWS---newspapers with an influential home circulation.

Advertising in newspapers has come to be such a recognized factor in all shopping transactions in this vicinity that many of our readers would actually resent it, and the paper would lose a great part of its value, if we should suddenly stop printing advertisements.

Good retailing develops advertising --- Advertising develops good retailing.

A BREAKFAST IN CEYLON

would not bring you a more delicious cup of tea than you may have at your own table by using

"SALADA"

It is the world's choicest tea, at its best—the finest hill-grown Ceylon—in sealed lead packets.

BLACK, GREEN or MIXED

Fresh Water and Salt

WESTMINSTER PORT :-: PACIFIC COAST

TWO MEN DROWN IN PITT RIVER

Three Employees at Small & Bucklin's Camp Hurled from Slab—One Escapes.

Thrown from the slab on which they were crossing the Pitt river at the head of Pitt lake, Charles Woods, of New Westminster, and Robert Vaughan, were swept to death at 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

Woods was a chaser, and Vaughan the foreman at Small & Bucklin's logging camp. In company with John Reynolds, also an employee at the camp, the three put out on the slab to get across the upper Pitt river. Woods and Vaughan were at the front end of the slab, which struck a boom-stick, hurling them into the river.

Reynolds stood at the hind end of the slab and managed to clutch hold of the boom-stick, and ultimately reached the bank in safety. He lives on Fife street, this city.

Reynolds stated that there was a very swift current running at the spot, and after Woods was precipitated into the river he saw nothing more of him, deceased apparently going under the water and not coming up again. Vaughan came to the surface of the water, swimming about some five minutes before going down in a big eddy.

The engineer and a man named Kenneth McKay were on the opposite side of the river, and when they saw what had happened put out a boat and made for the scene, but although they rowed about for a considerable time nothing further was seen of the two men. On arrival in the city Reynolds at once notified the police and Coroner McQuarrie.

Late last night Coroner Dr. McQuarrie had received no word of the finding of the bodies.

TUG FIREFLY SINKS AT MOUTH OF RIVER

Not Yet Announced Whether She Will Be Raised—Boat Was 13 Years Old and Worth $2500.

It has not yet been announced whether the tug Firefly which foundered in about 40 feet of water at the mouth of the river Saturday morning will be raised. The boat is owned by J. H. Draney, but was on a six months' charter to Broley & Martin for work on the new Fraser river jetty.

Three men were employed on the Firefly, but when, early in the morning she sprung a leak at her moorings no one but the engineer was aboard and he escaped in time.

The Firefly was built by the Royal City mills 13 years ayo; is 80 feet long, has an 18-foot beam and drew 9 inches of water. She was bought from her builders after being in use some time, by Duffy & Saul, later to be purchased by Mr. Draney. She was valued recently at $2500 and since first launched has been running on the Fraser river.

The Firefly was the only tug attached to Broley & Martin's fleet working on the new jetty.

Adanac Sails.

The power cruiser Adanac, employed by the government in boiler inspection work is now in Victoria. She recently came to the Fraser from an eleven weeks' trip up the coast, and last week was at work in the river here.

TIDE TABLE—FRASER RIVER.

For the Week Ending Sunday, Oct. 19.

	Westminster. Time. High.	Low.	Sand Heads. High. Time. Ht.	Low. Time. Ht.
13	5:20	0:45	4:21 10.4	10:12 5.9
	17:15	12:25	16:18 11.7	22:56 4.3
14	6:10	1:25	5:08 11.0	10:50 6.4
	17:40	12:35	16:38 11.6	23:20 3.7
15	6:50	2:05	5:53 11.5	11:27 7.1
	17:55	12:50	16:57 11.5	23:46 3.2
16	7:35	2:33	6:37 11.8	12:03 7.8
	18:15	13:35	17:16 11.4	
17	8:20	3:20	7:22 12.0	0:17 2.7
	18:35	14:00	17:34 11.5	12:40 8.6
18	9:10	3:55	8:10 12.1	0:49 2.3
	18:55	14:30	17:53 11.5	13:19 9.2
19	10:05	4:30	9:03 12.1	1:25 2.0
	19:15	15:05	18:13 11.5	10:04 9.9

WE HAVE A FULL LINE

of Foster Clarke's soups and custards which we got from their display at the exhibition.

Soups in all flavors, small tins, 2 for 25c.; large tins, each 25c.

Custard Powders in 10c. and 25c. tins.

Sago, 4 lbs .....25c.
Tapioca, 4 lbs. .....25c.
White Beans, 4 lbs. .....25c.
Lentils, 3 lbs. .....25c.
Local Cranberries, 3 lbs. .....25c.
Cape Cod Cranberries, per lb....15c.
Cooking apples, 5 lbs. .....25c.
Sweet Potatoes, 6 lbs. .....25c.

A few crates of Preserving Peaches left at per crate $1.00.

Choice Eastern Butter, 3 lbs. $1.00
Eastern Fresh Eggs, 2 doz. .....75c.

The Store for Quality and Service.

Dean's Grocery

Phone 383.
Burr Block. Columbia Street.

SIGNALS FIXED FOR SUBMARINE BELL

Official Announcement Tells Stroke to Be Used on New Arrangement at Sandheads Lightship.

In its latest issue the B. C. Gazette contains formal announcement of the establishment of the much-talked of submarine bell at the Sandheads lightship. The announcement as it appears in the Gazette reads:

Submarine bell to be established—The lightship is to be fitted with a submarine bell which will strike the number 22 every 16 seconds, as follows: stroke, interval of two seconds; stroke, interval of four seconds; stroke, interval of two seconds; stroke, interval of eight seconds.

At the present time there are but half a dozen vessels on this coast whose pilot houses are fitted with receiving instruments for the new system, but it is now certain that others will take advantage of the new arrangement and install receivers.

Among experienced mariners nothing but commendation is being heard of the government's action in placing this convenience in use. The bell, the sound of which can be picked up for miles out to sea will register the position of the lightship in any weather, and is bound to be a factor in avoiding accidents at the shoals at the mouth of the river.

SMALL SALMON RUN AT RIVERS INLET

Cold and Wet Season Has Made it 50 Per Cent. Below Normal Catch.

"The salmon catch in the Rivers inlet district this year has fallen far below expectations, and few more than half the normal number of fish have been taken during the late run, according to Judge A. S. Hood, magistrate and coroner of that section, who has just returned from the north, following the closing down of the canneries for the season.

"An extraordinarily wet summer has been the main cause of the small run," said Judge Hood, "acting adversely on the catch in two ways. The excessive rainfall which visited the northern coast of the mainland was accompanied by a continued low temperature, which, in the opinion of the cannerymen, caused the fish to remain in the warmer strata of waters, deep down, and out of reach of the nets. Then again, the cold season prevented many of the fish from reaching their usual size, and fishermen said that quite a few slipped through the nets. In proof of this assertion fishermen displayed many fish that showed marks of a struggle to get through the nets, and certainly the general average size was well below that of former sockeye years."

There are seven canneries in the district and the small catch will mean a considerable loss to a large number of employes. Except for the canneries there is no other industry in the district, and even the hospital, which is operated by the Methodist mission, is closed down after the fishing season.

Judge Hood was called upon as magistrate to hold a preliminary inquiry into the murder of three Indian men and one squaw which followed a debauch and culminated in the arrest of Stikine Joe and George Wilson, now awaiting trial at New Westminster on a capital charge. This inquiry involved a journey of 270 miles, the magistrate going to Kimsquit and returning by way of Bella Coola and Namu to take depositions.

One of the most interesting scenes in this neighborhood, according to Judge Hood, is the Dominion fish hatchery at Owekayno lake. Six expert pisciculturists are employed at this station all the year round, and thousands of salmon fry are turned into the inland waters annually.

COSTS MILLIONS TO FEED PASSENGERS

North German Lloyd Company Spent $4,920,000 on Provisions for Ships Last Year.

In these days, when the high cost of living is so much in the public mind, it is interesting to know what it costs a steamship company to provide the necessities of life to the hordes of passengers who cross and recross the Atlantic. The annual statement of the North German Lloyd for 1912, just issued, throws some interesting light on the subject.

Last year the company's bill for provisions alone was $4,920,000, while during the same period the coal man was paid $7,376,735 for 1,758,740 tons of coal which were shoveled into the maws of the ship's furnaces during the twelve months. For these two items alone—provisions and coal—the company paid the enormous sum of $12,296,735.

That seasickness does not always interfere with the appetite of ocean travelers is evidenced by the expenditure of almost $5,000,000 for provisions. The butcher, as usual, reaped the greatest harvest in the matter of provisions, his bill to the North German Lloyd for the year having been $1,685,000. This does not include fish and game; for the former the company paid an additional $239,660, while the bill for the game amounted to $412,360, a total of $652,020. These two items added to the bill for meat proper, brought the amount up to $2,367,020.

On local household expenditures people are not likely to pay much attention to the cost of preserves, and yet the North German Lloyd spent $255,760, over a quarter of a million dollars, for these sweets during the year. The bill for fresh vegetables amounted to $128,110, while for "sundries," including bread, flour, spices, fruits and the thousand and one articles that are used in the kitchen, the company paid $1,688,890.

More potatoes were consumed during the year than any other single article, the total amount having been 17,875,873 pounds. Flour ranked next, with 6,313,152 pounds, fresh beef third with 5,769,134 pounds, while the bread was fourth, with 2,353,083 pounds. The passengers consumed 7,098,560 eggs, 4,271,000 oranges and lemons, 707,625 pounds of onions and 983,802 pounds of salt. They used 465,340 pounds of coffee and 41,729 pounds of tea and 529,619 cans of sterilized milk, to say nothing of 14,918 bottles of fresh cream.

It was necessary to provide 19,119,212 pounds of ice to keep things cool, and 12,097 boxes of matches were carried. In the bakery 3000 pounds of yeast were used, while the quantity of butter necessary during the year was 1,056,057 pounds.

Of wines Rheine and Moselle were popular, heading the list with 112,211 bottles, as against 35,987 bottles of champagne. Beer, of course, was the favorite beverage, 302,521 bottles having been consumed in addition to 1,720,634 litres of beer in barrels, a litre equal to about one quart.

From these figures some idea may be obtained of what it really costs to provision a great steamship line and of the vast quantity of food consumed.

COLUMBUS DAY DULY CELEBRATED

(Continued from Page One.)

ism and what it stands for," said Father Beck. "When you are staying indoors during the winter time smoking your pipe or cigar get busy and look up this question which is agitating the world at the present time. The waves are coming and unless we are prepared they will swallow us up. Social reforms are necessary, but Socialism is not." The pastor's remarks were frequently punctuated with applause.

Father O'Boyle.

"Ideals" was the theme of Rev. Father O'Boyle, late rector of St. Peter's and now of Holy Rosary church, Vancouver.

The respected former citizen opened his address by stating that he always looked with love on the city of New Westminster, which received him seven years ago and that the city had not lost his loyalty even though he had been taken away to another field. Father O'Boyle first told his hearers that the duty of laymen did not stop with contributing to and attending church. The times had changed with the introduction of this democratic life and everyone must go down into the arena of life if his work was to be felt.

The speaker touched upon the revival of the church on the western coast which he stated was but an echo of the great work going on in other lands.

Touching upon their fight for recognition and the formation of a Catholic union in British Columbia Father O'Boyle said: "We are going to have our share of the sunshine and to be ruled by the majority and not by any clique. We are strong and if kept together will beat out the enemy."

"Knighthood in B. C." formed an interesting topic for Alderman Fred J. Lynch to handle, the past grand knight reviewing the work of six years during which time councils had been formed in practically every town of importance in the interior towns.

Address of Welcome.

Peter Byrne, district deputy, made the address of welcome, mentioning the presence of brother knights from the United States and from all sections of the province. New Westminster greeted such visitors and he hoped they would remember their short stay in the city.

Toasts were drunk to His Holiness the Pope, and the King.

A. G. Bagley, state deputy, of Vancouver, and J. Wilwerding, grand knight of Seattle council, answered the toast of "Fraternity," the latter bringing back to memory an event of five years ago when he helped to initiate a class in New Westminster. This time he was able to still further congratulate the local council.

"Old Members" brought out J. D. Byrne, of Vancouver, who exorted the younger members to take an interest in the order. Mr. Byrne also touched on the Socialist question mentioning that the church was the target and will be so, of the social unrest. "Every book, newspaper, or play is permeated with church unbelief," said the speaker. "We are living in a secular atmosphere."

Mention of the home rule fight being wage in Ireland was touched upon by J. J. Dutton, grand knight, Vancouver, who stated that the men of Ulster would know something of this great organization, the church, before the present struggle was ended.

Frank Egan, of Seattle, made a breezy speech full of compliments to New Westminster when called upon to respond to "Our Visitors."

"Knightly Aspirations" by Martin Griffin of Vancouver; "The Ladies" by A. A. Killeen of Essondale; "Sister Councils" by William Sweeney of Victoria, and "New Members," by Rev. Father Bessette, A. J. Leamy and C. J. Wilkes together with responses from the press ended the program.

Vocal and musical selections were rendered by J. Houle and an orchestra.

On motion of Alderman Lynch, a vote of thanks was passed to the ladies of the parish for their work in preparing the banquet and also in assisting to decorate the hall. An international aspect was given to the assembly room by the intertwining of American and Canadian flags.

James I. Keary, grand master, occupied the chair and introduced the different speakers.

SUNDAY'S SERMONS IN CITY CHURCHES

Farewell Sermon.

The first declaration of the apostles' creed, "I believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth" provided the text yesterday morning for a powerful sermon by Rev. M. Gordon Melvin, minister of St. Stephen's Presbyterian church. In a convincing address he showed the necessity of a guiding hand in worldly affairs, even drawing his proof from the theories of Darwin and other members of the school which point to evolution as the solution of the problem of man.

He pointed to the fact that even the most ignorant heathen tribes had some conception of a deity. It might be distorted and wholly wrong, but this showed proof that man was essentially a religious animal.

That there was a God, that there must be a God, the minister held was abundantly proved, but what blocked some men's path to accepting Christianity was their inability to believe in the direct revelation through Jesus Christ, something that could come only by a man's testing for himself the actuality of the Almighty.

Holy Trinity Cathedral.

Taking his theme from Daniel 3, 16, 17 and 18, Canon d'Easum at Holy Trinity cathedral yesterday morning preached a sermon on "Worldliness." He first depicted the scene at Babylon as it overlooked the populous and prosperous plains of Judah, as to how Nebuchadnezzar in the hour of his success and his control as a world's power had erected the collossal golden image standing 100 feet in height. Such a work as this golden image was an illustration of worldliness. New idols the preacher pointed out are being set up every day for men to worship. In many ways, fashions, new sects and latest fads. These things go to work to seduce men and women supporters of worldliness.

The golden image mentioned in Daniel was erected at royal command, aristocracy sanctioned it, the music was sensious and no doubt a gorgeous and brilliant ceremony marked the unveiling. In the chapter people read that there was just three men in the kingdom who refused to bow down to the image. Nebuchadnezzar gave a compromise to these three men. He told them to fall down and worship the image but yet they did not have to believe. If the world cannot win us by fair means then it will by foul. It can ostracise men and women from society. It can threaten poverty. The three men, Shadrach, Meshach and Abed-Nego, showed absolute faith in God's omnipotence. The lesson is a valuable one for all. God does not always save us from falling into trouble but He can deliver us when we are in trouble. The character is developed, new schemes are being evolved but the import is just the same.

St. Mary's Church.

At St. Mary's Anglican church, 115 Columbia street, Sapperton, the vicar, Rev. Frank Plaskett, preached yesterday. Harvest Thanksgiving services were held and the congregations both morning and evening were large.

St. Barnabas'

Rev. E. R. Bartlett preached at both services at St. Barnabas' church, Tenth avenue and Napana street. In the morning he showed the benefits of harvest; how the great harvest now garnered in was proof of the truism that all riches came from the earth, and while in B. C. all those who lived in the rich farming districts had enough and to spare, in the cities there were people who went hungry and were unable to get food. At night in his sermon, which was to some extent a continuation of the morning subject, the preacher said that those who lived in Christ and sowed the seeds of righteousness would be the ones to profit in the great and last harvest to come.

St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal.

Harvest Thanksgiving services were held at St. Paul's morning and evening. Special music was given and the church decorated fittingly with flowers and fruit. The sermon by Rev. C. E. Wincott, had as its theme the verse from John 15 which reads "My Father is the husbandman." A solo was given by Miss Eileen Gilled, "The Lory is My Shepherd." In the evening the choir sang as an anthem "He shall dwell in the Lord." Solos were rendered by Miss Lucie Sheppard and H. Jobe.

St. Andrew's.

A man may be profoundly wise in religious matters and not be a follower of Christ; he may have official standing in the church and yet not be a true Christian; he may even be a teacher of the word of God and not know what it means to be a child of God. Those were some of the statements made by Rev. Dr. Pidgeon in preaching to the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church last night.

As a text the preacher took John 3 1-3, but using as well other parts of the chapter which tells of the coming, by night, of Nicodemus, the ruler of the Jews, to Christ in his search for truth. When this man had been told by Christ that he must be born again, with all his learning he could not conceive of such a thing. Like many others today he was unconscious of the power of God whereby man was born again. Not until a man believed could he be born into spiritual life; once, however, he believed and trusted, in a moment would come God's own light.

West End Methodist.

Harvest festival was yesterday celebrated at the West End Methodist church, 1107 Sixth avenue, and special music to which children of the Sunday school contributed, marked the day. By telling of the harvests of the past, the present and the future, the pastor, Rev. W. S. A. Crux drew a clear picture of how invariably the seeds sown would bear fruit of like kind, no matter whether sown in the fields or in the heart of man. Those who now planted seeds of good in their hearts and minds would profit by the result—that of a harvest similar to the seeds sown in the past. This result was inevitable, he said. In the morning among the children who took part in the singing were Nora Barnard and Francis O'Connor.

QUEER "LAWYERS" IN THAT TOWN

Take Money to Defend Clients and Fail to Put in Appearance in Court.

Montreal, Oct. 12.—"Shyster" lawyears, or men representing themselves to be lawyers, exist in every large city as blots on the municipal escutcheon, and it appears from recent statements by unfortunates that Montreal is not free from the breed.

Two stories have within the past few days reached the ears of the authorities which go to show that money has most heartlessly and unprofessionally been extorted from prisoners awaiting trial.

The first is a particularly pitiable case, if the allegation be true. A Montreal workingman was arrested on a minor charge and taken to jail. He had not enough money to secure bail and therefore had to remain in the lock-up until his case came up for trial.

He was visited the morning after his arrest by his wife, who conversed with him through the bars of his cell. He said he had a part of his wages on him and handed his wife $20 for food and legal expenses, if necessary.

The wife had been gone only a few minutes when a man, claiming to be a local attorney, entered and offered to defend the prisoner. He found the man had given his money to his wife, but he was persuaded to hand his "advocate" and "protector" an order on his wife for cash. She lived a long distance from the city hall and the lawyer insisted the man hand over the dollar he had retained in his pocket, to enable the attorney to hire a cab and get some cash. He is said to have seen the wife, extracted $10 from her, and promised her he would have her spouse home, safe and sound, that night.

When the case was called in court the man looked in vain for his attorney. He told the judge he had paid a man to defend him, but the man failed to appear. The defendant was found guilty and sentenced to twelve days in jail. The charge against him was stealing 85 cents.

The other tsory is about a supposed lawyer who is charged with obtaining money similarly, but on a larger scale. The defendant in this case alleges a local member of the legal profession accepted $100 in advance, as part payment for his services, and also was given a gold watch as security that more would be forthcoming. This was supposed to cover the initial costs.

When the case was called the person engaged failed to appear. The man, who was acquitted, states that he will lay a formal complaint against this attorney before the local bar society.

EARL GREY STRONG AGAINST HOME RULE

Answers His Canadian Critics—Says Enforcement of Measure Would Lead to Disunion.

London, Oct. 12.—Earl Grey replies to his Canadian critics who have expressed surprise at his approval of Sir Edward Carson's campaign.

"It is, I believe," he says, "the general opinion of the Canadian people that the ministerial measure confers upon the Irish the same powers of local self-government as they enjoy. That they should hold this opinion is only natural.

"When T. P. O'Connor came to Ottawa in 1910 he conveyed the impression that the policy of Mr. Asquith and Mr. Redmond was to give to the Irish equal, but not greater powers of local self-government than those enjoyed by the nine provinces of the dominion. If this had been the object and effect of the ministerial measure of home rule it would have found me an enthusiastic supporter.

What would be said in Canada if the Canadian government proposed to apply the principles of the present home rule bill to the provinces of either Novia Scotia or New Brunswick. The combined population of these provinces is much smaller than those of the four northeast counties of Ulster.

What would be said by the people of Novia Scotia and New Brunswick if they were to be told that their local affairs were to be managed for them against their will by the electors of the province of Quebec, and that the government of Quebec would be able to regulate their customs and to fix the design upon their postage stamps.

The great mistake the present government is committing," continued Earl Grey, "is in attempting to settle the question, not on federal lines, but on a nationalist basis, which will inevitably lead to disunion."

Was Smooth One.

Toronto, Oct. 11.—A bold thief operated in the Simpson store yesterday shortly before noon, and his efforts were rewarded by cash to the extent of about $100. He had completed his work and escaped before the store officials knew of his operations, and, although the police have a good description of him, his arrest had not been effected last night. He went to a number of counters where cash registers are used and told the girls to count their cash, as the machines were to be changed. He came around a short while afterwards and gathered in the money from eight different counters, the girls thinking that he was an employe of the store. It was when the girls ran short of change that the theft was discovered, but the man had gone.

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Have you got those sporting Boots yet? You'll need them for the 15th to go gunning for game. We're gunning for business and have the goods to suit you. We've been getting ready for the sporting season and now have everything in high leather boots and gum boots for the season at the price, the right price for you.

October Specials

Hi Boots for men, 12-inch top, McKellar make $3.95
Gum boots for men, knee length..... 2.95

Hi boots, California oil tanned boots, 14-inch top, pearl grey chrom Elk boots, made in Vancouver; Storm King sporting gum boots, the famous Maple Leaf; Hip gum boots, pure gum, snag proof, every size; Maple Leaf Brand.

Other Specials

Ladies' 75c. rubber footholds for .....25c.
Men's $1,25 Bulldog rubbers, all sizes .....50c.
Gum boots for city wear for boys, girls and ladies from $1.95
Ladies 350 pairs of ladies $3, $4 and $5 boots from the stock of M. E. Price, your pick $1.95
Men, 150 pairs of $4, $5 and $6 boots, broken price $2.95
Strong boots for kiddies, sizes 7to 10 .....$1.25
Strong boots for youths, sizes 11 to 13 1-2 .....$1.45
Big Boys' Scotch Pram boots sizes 1 to 5 .....$1.75

Slater boots (F. W.), Leckie's boys' and men's Hi Cuts, K. Boots, The world famous for men, Hi and Low cut; $30,000 stock to select from and prices right on everything.

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News' Sport Page That Everybody Reads

HOCKEY :-: FOOTBALL :-: BASEBALL :-: BOXING

ATHLETICS MAKE SHORT WORK OF N. Y. GIANTS

Connie Mack's Bunch Come Back After Year's Absence and Grab World's Series.

New York, Oct. 12.—The Philadelphia Athletics won the baseball championship of the world for 1913 at the Polo grounds yesterday by defeating the New York Giants, 3-1, in the fifth and deciding game of the series. With the score of games standing 3 to 1 in their favor, the American league representatives went in to cinch the series and before the masterly playing of the Mack men the National league team had no chance.

Victims of Vicious Hitting.

Connie Mack, anxious to finish the struggle on the final day of the week sent Eddie Plank, his veteran southpaw, to the mound and John McGraw, his back to the wall, called upon Christy Mathewson to check the victorious rush of the Athletics and thus gain for his team a breathing spell. Both old masters of curve and break responded nobly to the call of their manager and club, but the Giants, unable to help Mathewson by even mediocre batting, fell victims to the vicious hitting, fast fielding combination which has again raised the standard of the American league over that of the National organization. The victory was a personal triumph for Plank but the downfall of the Giants carried no odium for Mathewson, who besides pitching an excellent game with but two days' rest since his victory of Wednesday, made one of the two hits scored against his rival in the box.

Official Box Score.

Philadelphia—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Murphy, rf	3	1	2	3	0	0
Oldring, lf	4	2	0	3	0	0
Collins, 2b	3	0	1	2	3	0
Baker, 3b	3	0	2	0	2	0
McInnis, 1b	2	0	0	14	0	0
Strunk, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Barry, ss	4	0	0	2	7	0
Schang, c	4	0	1	1	0	0
Plank, p	3	0	0	0	1	1
Totals	30	3	6	27	13	1

New York—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Herzog, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	0	1	7	1
Fletcher, ss	3	0	0	2	3	0
Burns, lf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Shafer, cf	2	1	0	2	0	0
Murray, rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
McLean, c	3	0	1	3	1	0
Merkle, 1b	3	0	0	13	0	0
Mathewson, p	2	0	1	0	2	0
xCrandall	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	1	2	27	15	2

xBatted for Mathewson in ninth.

Score by innings—

Philadelphia .....192 000 000—3
New York .....000 010 000—1

Summary: Sacrifice hits—Collins, McInnis. Sacrifice flies—Baker, McInnis. Double plays—Collins, Barry and McInnis, Barry, Collins and McInnis. Left on bases—Philadelphia 5, New York 1. First base on balls—Off Plank 1, off Mathewson 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia 1, New York 1. Struck out—By Plank 1, by Mathewson 1. Time of game—1:29. Umpires—At plate Klem, on bases Egan, left field Rigler, right field Connolly.

BLACKBURN ROVERS

Add Another Victory to Enviable Seasen's Record—Saturday's British Cootball.

Eight games without a defeat, seven of which are chalked up as victories, is the present record of Blackburn Rovers in the first division of English football and critics are already pointing to them winning the championship. Playing on their own grounds before a home crowd the Lancastrians are practically unbeatable, while on Saturday they turned the trick by defeating Manchester City on the latter's grounds.

The Blackburn-City game was one of three where the home team lost, both promoted clubs, Preston North End and Burnley meeting with disaster before home crowds.

The following are the results of Saturday's games in the big leagues in the old country, together with the standings of the first division clubs:

League Standing.

	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
Blackburn	7	0	1	15
Manchester United	6	1	0	12
Tottenham Hotspurs	4	2	2	10
West Bromwich A.	3	1	3	9
Oldham Athletic	4	2	1	9
Bolton Wanderers	3	2	2	8
Bradford City	2	0	4	8
Sunderland	3	3	2	8
Burnley	2	3	3	7
Everton	3	3	1	7
Sheffield United	3	4	1	7
Newcastle United	3	3	1	7
Sheffield Wednesday	3	5	0	6
Derby County	1	2	4	6
Aston Villa	2	3	2	6
Liverpool	2	3	2	6
Middlesborough	1	3	3	5
Manchester City	1	4	2	4
Chelsea	1	5	1	3
Preston N. End	0	5	3	3

Saturday's Games.

First Division.

Aston Villa 2, Sheffield Wednesday 0
Burnley 1, Manchester United 2.
Derby County 1, Sunderland 1.
Liverpool 3, Bolton Wanderers 1.
Manchester City 1, Blackburn Rovers 2.
Middlesbrough 3, West Bromwich Albion 0.
Newcastle United 1, Chelsea 0.
Preston North End 0, Oldham Athletic 1.
Sheffield United 4, Everton 1.
Tottenham Hotspur 0, Bradford City 0.

Second Division.

Barnsley 1, Birmingham 1.
Bradford 0, Stockport County 2.
Bury 3, Grimsby Town 1.
Fulham 0, Blackpool 0.
Huddersfield Town, Woolwich Arsenal 2.
Hull City 0, Bristol City 1.
Leicester Fosse 1, Clapton Orient 0.
Lincoln City 1, Notts Forest 0.
Notts County 2, Glossop 2.
Wolverhampton Wanderers 1, Leeds City 3.

Southern League.

Bristol City 0, Crystal Palace 1.
Merthyr Town 0, Reading 0.
Westham United 3, Southampton 1.
Queens Park Rangers 0, Plymouth Argyle 0.
Swindon Town 0, Coventry City 1.
Cardiff City 2, Watford 0.
Exeter City 0, Norwich City 1.
Millwall Athletic 0, Gillingham 0.
Portsmouth 3, Northampton 0.
Brighton and Hove Athletic 1, South End 1.

Scottish League.

Motherwell 0, Airdrieonians 1.
Clyde 0, St. Mirren 3.
Dundee 1, Hamilton Academicals 0.
Falkirk 1, Morton 1.
Hearts of Midlothian 1, Partick Thistle 0.
Dumbarton 0, Hibernians 3.
Queens Park 2, Ayr United 2.
Kilmarnock 3, Raith Rovers 1.
Aberdeen 1, Celtic 1.

In the Glasgow cup final played today the Rangers disposed of Third Lanark by the score of three goals to nil.

LOCAL RUGGERS WIN

Defeat Highlanders Three to Nil—McGill Defeat Welshmen— Crusaders Down Y. M. C. A.

Standing of the Teams.

	W.	L.	Dr.	Pts.
Welsh	2	1	0	4
Crusaders	2	1	0	4
Y. M. C. A.	2	1	0	4
Westminster	1	1	0	2
McGill	1	1	0	2
Rowing Club	1	1	0	2
Highlanders	0	3	0	0

The Westminster rugby team has broken the hodoo and climbed from the foot of the league table on Saturday afternoon when they defeated the Highlanders of Vancouver three points to nil. Such a score, however, does not represent the play, for in the last half with the Royals booting down hill, the pigskin was almost invariably in the opposition ground and an even slice of luck, more tries would have been scored. As it was the ball was continually being sent over the line with a Highlander falling on the ball with only inches to spare.

The three points were scored by Jack Smith, of Columbian college, and was the result of a beautiful run on the left wing, four of the Kilties making a stab at downing him. The try went unconverted.

Saturday's win was the result of an almost unanimous feeling among the players to work in harmony with each other, there being little of the selfish motives of any individual to corral all the glory. The forward pack in particular played a wonderful game and not only held their own in the scrum, but were vastly superior to their opponents in the art of dribbling. Dunford and Dart handled the half back positions far better than usual and got more than an even break during the scrum work and also the lineouts.

Broke Rib.

In the first half with the Highlanders playing down hill, their full back was in fine shape to make heavy gains by kicking into touch, but whenever danger threatened, the Royal forward pack always managed to squirm out of the zone. Towards the end of the half one of the visitors was forced to retire with a broken rib sustained in a mix-up between the forwards. Dr. McQuarrie was called and the man was able to leave with his team-mates on the special car after the game.

Playing down hill the Royals in the second half forced the play to the limit Smith eventually wading through with the lone try.

The victory of the locals has instilled no small amount of enthusiasm among the players and with several others anxious for a try-out with the bunch, the next few weeks will undoubtedly show a vast difference of play as exhibited in the early part of the season.

A. B. Lloyd handled the whistle for the first time, his decisions meeting with favor on both sides, there being no semblance of dispute throughout the whole of the 90 minutes of play.

McGill 16, Welsh 0.

The victory of McGill over the Welshmen was the chief surprise of the Vancouver union, the students playing a game with plenty of ginger that kept their opponents from looking dangerous for three parts of the game. The students led 3-0 at half time, but after that went through for 13 more points.

Crusaders 15, Y. M. C. A. 10.

In a hard fought game the champion Crusaders defeated the Y's at Brockton Point Saturday afternoon 15 points to 10. The Crusaders scored their points before the Y's got really going, but in the last half of the second period the latter put up a stubborn fight which gained them two converted tries.

Vancouver Soccer Results.

B. C. E. R. 1, V. A. C. 1.
Celtics 1, Cedar Cottage 1.
Coquitlam 2, South Hill 0.
Riverview 3, Highlanders 0.

FEW SURPRISES

Favorites Wiin Saturday's Soccer Games—Rovers Slaughter the Electrics.

Few surprises were handed out in the local soccer world on Saturday afternoon, the Rovers getting away with an easy victory over the Electrics, Sapperton and Burnaby making a draw, while the Bankers managed to save their face against the City by scoring the winning goal with one minute to play.

Rovers 9, B. C. E. R. 1.

At Moody park the Rovers-B.C.E.R. game was nothing but a slaughter from start to finish, Manager Grant's aggregation scoring at will throughout the whole session and had not the team let up on several occasions a record would probably have been made. For some unaccountable reason the Electrics were forced to field a weak team, nine men taking the field when the face-off was made, two more joining them later, although one had to leave before the game ended. The final score was 9 to 1 in favor of the Rovers.

Sapperton 2, Burnaby 2.

Trouble will undoubtedly arise as to the outcome of the Sapperton-Burnaby game at the former's grounds, which ended in a draw 2-2. Mills, who was suspended by the league for two games by reason of rough play against the Bankers, was allowed on the field, although Burnaby protested. There was little to choose between the two teams, both forward divisions losing opportunities to score. The protest will be considered at Tuesday's meeting of the league.

Bankers 2, City 1.

The one surprise of the afternoon's play was the game between the Bankers and the City, the former nosing out a win in the last minute of play when it looked as if the City defence was staunch enough to repel all attacks. This contest was the one best bet from a spectators standpoint and the crowd that graced the sidelines warmed up when they saw these two evenly matched elevens fighting for honors. Play was even in the first half, Wilson scoring for the Bankers while the City equalized before the half time whistle sounded. In the second period the City had the better of play and had the forward division been anything like the strength of the defence, a different tale might be told. Everything pointed a draw until, with a minute to go, the financial students made one dash down the field, Wilson scoring his second goal of the match and placing the issue on ice.

OPENING GAME IN SCHOOL SOCCER LEAGUE

Standing of the Teams.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
Lord Kelvin	1	1	0	0	2
John Robson	1	1	0	0	2
St. Louis College	1	1	0	0	2
Herbert Spencer	1	0	1	0	0
High School	1	0	1	0	0
Richard McBride	1	0	1	0	0

Three interesting school soccer games were staged on the city parks Saturday morning, these being the first of the season amongst the youngsters. St. Louis college kept up their last year record by defeating the High school eleven by a lone goal. This was the best game of the trio, both teams fielding representative elevens. The high school failed to convert a penalty kick in the second half. F. O. Canfield, of the Lord Kelvin school, officiated.

The John Robson boys made a run away race from the Richard McBride team, scoring four goals to nil, while at Moody park Lord Kelvin simply slaughtered the boys from the Herbert Spencer school, the final score being 5-0.

Americans in Lead.

St. Louis, Oct. 12.—The local Americans won both games of a double header from the Nationals here today in the series to decide the city championship. The American league team now has three games to its credit and the Nationals two.

First game:	R.	H.	E.
Nationals	6	10	1
Americans	7	13	0

Batteries: Sallee and Snyder; Wellman, Baumgardner and Agnew.

Second game:	R.	H.	E.
Nationals	2	8	3
Americans	6	11	1

Batteries: Perritt and Snyder; Leverenz and Agnew.

ROYAL CITY HIGH SCHOOL LEAD JUNIOR ALLIANCE

Standing of the Teams.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
R. C. H. S.	2	2	0	0	4
Kits. Baptists	3	2	1	0	4
McLean Park	3	1	2	0	2
B. C. E. R.	2	1	1	0	2
Cedar Cottage	2	1	1	0	2
Kits. Presbyterians	3	0	3	0	0
Seaforth Cadets	1	1	0	0	2

Although they have lost almost half of last year's players, the Royal City High school appear to be having their own way in the Junior Alliance, McLean Park being the latest victims to the tune of four goals to nil. The game was played at Moody park Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, the locals having no difficulty in bombarding the visitors net and sagging the netting on four occasions.

In the other game Cedar Cottage defeated Kitsilano Baptists three goals to nil, while the Seaforth Cadets nosed out a 1-0 victory over the Kitsilano Presbyterians.

Ice Hockey Meeting.

A meeting of the Sapperton ice hockey club will be held this evening in room 201, Westminster Trust block for the purpose of completing arrangements in the matter of a team for the city league.

Will Talk Soccer.

The city soccer league delegates will meet in Herb Ryall's office on Tuesday evening when several matters of importance will be brought up for discussion. Every representative is requested to be on hand.

Bowling League Meets.

Bowlers of the city are requested to turn out to the meeting of the House league to be held in the Club alleys at 8 o'clock this evening when officers will be elected and a schedule drawn up for the coming season. The management of the alleys are planning a big contest for Friday and Saturday of this week, which will be open to all the ten pin artists in the city. A turkey, just in time for Thanksgiving day will be the prize for high score

White Sox Are Ahead.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Benz pitched invincible ball for the Chicago Americans against the Chicago Nationals and the former gained a game for the title of city champions. The score was 2 to 0 and the battle went 11 innings. Over 27,000 persons saw the game. Owner Comiskey's team put across two runs in the eleventh.

The official count of those present was 27,463. The total receipts was $18,997.25. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Americans	2	10	0
Nationals	0	3	1

Batteries: Benz and Schalk; Cheney and Archer.

Nationals Get This One.

Cleveland, Oct. 12.—Pittsburg defeated Cleveland 3 to 0 here today, making their post season series 3 games to 2 in favor of the National leaguers. The game was played in a drizzling rain. Robinson had the Cleveland batters at his mercy, allowing them but three hits. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	3	9	2
Cleveland	0	3	0

Batteries: Robinson and Wilson; Falkenberg and Carisch.

Argos Defeat Montreal.

Toronto, Oct. 12.—The Argonauts defeated Montreal Saturday at Rosedale by 23 to 11. It was due to the Argonauts' mistakes that the visitors scored at all.

McGill Swamps Queens.

Montreal, Oct. 12.—In a game replete with brilliant runs, clever line plunging and sensational kicking on the part of Don. Brophy, a newcomer in senior college ranks, McGill opened the inter-collegiate season by winning an easy victory over Queens, beating them 49 to 2.

All Blacks Win Again.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—Another victory, the third since they arrived on the coast, was obtained by the New Zealand All Blacks rugby team yesterday when they defeated the Barbarians by a score of 30 to 0. The visitors had the upper hand at all stages, their three-quarter line being especially speedy on the hard dry ground. So far the visitors have yet to be scored upon, although their coming struggle with Stanford university, scheduled for this week, will be a real test of their prowess.

SPORT CHATTER.

(By the Potter.)

That victory of the rugby club got around town pretty swift Saturday p.m. After watching them perform, the large crowd of critics had to admit that the Royals well deserved their victory.

Lord Northcliffe finds fault with newspaper editing in Canada, but after perusing some of the baseball dope of the past few days, he must admit there are some fellows living around New York and Philadelphia who can sling the slang as she ought to be slung. What league did this Northcliffe fellow ever play in anyway?

Scotty Grant is out with the suggestion that about four teams in the city soccer league amalgamate. After peruusing the score sheet one has to admit that Mr. Grant's solution to the problem of close games is worthy of being taken up.

Using eleven men in the series, one has to take off the lid to Connie Mack. Quite a few people are paying their bets, while some are—not.

The All Black aggregation from New Zealand is following the record made by the Australian cricket club this summer. The latter lost but one game while the rugger players have nailed three wins to their mast already and have only just got their land legs.

BLUE SILK ONES FOR ROYAL BRIDE

Princess Mary Knits Garters for Her Cousin's Wedding Next Wednesday.

London, Oct. 12.—The Duchess of Fife would not be a true Scotswoman if she were not superstitious. She wants the "something new and something blue" of the song, which all lucky brides should wear on their wedding day, and told this to Princess Mary. Her Royal Highness, it seems, also learned from a cottager on the Balmoral estate that garters are the luckiest things you can offer a bride, so she set promptly about knitting a pair of blue silk garters for her cousin.

Like her mother, the queen, she is a clever knitter, and between them they evolved a pretty design, in which the thistle appears in its natural coloring. They will be fastened with turquoise and amethyst clasps.

After the engagement of the Duchess of Fife was announced the head gardner of Mar Lodge planted some white heather sprigs, which will be at their best about the time of the wedding.

The tendency is nowadays for royal personages to dispense as far as possible with official attendance in their households. It was stated the other day that maids of honor have as much to do at Queen Mary's court as in the reign of Queen Victoria. This is certainly not the case, for very often at Buckingham palace during their "waits" the queen's maids of honor do not see her majesty from one week's end to the other after the morning service on Sundays. At Windsor and Balmoral, where they "live in," ladies of the court are, however, kept much busier, which they thoroughly enjoy. Queen Alexandra made an exception this summer to her usual rule of having no member of her household resident at Mariborough house except Miss Charlotte Knollys.

WOMEN WAR ON HIGH CAR STEP

Ladies Petition Spokane Commissioners to Order Change Immediately.

Spokane, Oct. 12.—The near side stop for street cars in the residential districts of Spokane is doomed.

The high step, too, gets a jolt at the hands of 200 women.

A speedy end for the system which was introduced by the street car companies here last spring was written all over the faces of 200 determined women who, with a few men, visited the council meeting yesterday to protest.

It was a great meeting. It will go down as a sad letter day in the history of the city. Practically everything was discussed from pathos to politics, from the slit skirt to the public service commission, and from baby cabs to municipal ownership.

"It used to be that the wind was the only thing which raised the women's dresses," commented Commissioner D. C. Coates, when the question of high steps was up for discussion, "but now I see the street car steps are coming in for some of the blame."

"Women cannot get on the cars with these high steps without exposing their hosiery," said Mrs. R. A. Hutchinson, "and right out in the middle of the street at that. You commissioners try to regulate dancing, but it seems that here is something to regulate."

A committee was appointed by the council to confer with the street car companies with a view of abolishing near side stop and provide lower steps.

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LIMITED
Declaration of Dividend No. 19

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum upon the paid up Capital Stock of this company has been declared for the six months ending the 30th of September, 1913, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office of the Company on Columbia Street, in this city, on and after the 15th October, 1913, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 30th September, 1913. By order of the Board,

J. A. RENNIE, Secretary-Treasurer.
Head Office: Columbia and Begbie Streets.

WESTMINSTER TRUST, LIMITED
J. J. JONES, Managing Director.
Columbia Street, New Westminster, B.C.
Agents for D. E. Brown, Hope & Macaulay, Ltd., Gener Railway and Steam hip Agents, of Vancouver, B. C.

The Bank of Vancouver
HEAD OFFICE: VANCOUVER, B.C.
Branches Throughout the Province of British Columbia.
Savings Department at all Branches Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received and interest at the highest current rate paid or credited half yearly.
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
Drafts and Travellers' Cheques sold, payable in all parts of the world.
CHAS. G. PENNOCK, General Manager.
New Westminster Branch: A. W. BLACK, Manager.

VANCOUVER--NANAIMO
New Submarine Telephone Cable
FURNISHES FIRST-CLASS LONG DISTANCE SERVICE BETWEEN VANCOUVER ISLAND AND THE MAINLAND.
Long Distance Calls Now Received for:

ALBERNI	LADYSMITH
COMOX	NANAIMO
COURTENAY	PARKSVILLE
CUMBERLAND	SIDNEY
DUNCANS	UNION

VICTORIA and all other Island Offices
CALL LONG DISTANCE
WHO WILL GLADLY QUOTE THE TARIFFS.
BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE CO., LTD.

This Coupon Worth
10c--TEN CENTS--10c
If presented at the ticket office of the ROYAL THEATRE on Monday or Thursday Afternoon of This Week
Chas. E. Royal's Popular Players
Are presenting Some of the Best Comedies and Dramas Ever Staged
We want the ladies and children of New Westminster to see every change of program. That is why we are making this generous offer.
THE MATINEE PROGRAM
The above Coupon will admit [illegible] 10c additional will [illegible]

Classified Advertising

AGENCIES.

CLASSIFIED ADS WILL BE received for The News at the following places: F. T. Hill's drug store, 528 Columbia street; A. Sprice, Queensborough, Lulu Island.

RATES.

Classified—One cent per word per day; 4c per word per week; 15c per month; 5,000 words, to be used as required within one year from date of contract, $25.00.

UNION LABEL 4

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—SECOND HAND JAW OR gyratory crushers, steam or air drills, boilers and portable air compressors. Warren Construction Co., 717 Dominion Trust building, Vancouver, B.C. (2221)

WANTED—DOMESTIC HELP; references required, qualifications, good plain cooking and tidy housekeeping. Mrs. James Cunningham, 727 Third avenue. (2197)

WANTED—JAPANESE BOY WANTS housework. Apply Japanese mission, Sapperton. (2190)

GOOD PAINTER WANTS WORK OF any kind. H. Fisher, Edmonds. (2195)

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF LABORers' supplies. Oriental Contracting Company, 413 Westminster Trust building. (2120)

WANTED — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture in large or small quantities for spot cash. Will give full value or will sell your household goods and effects by auction. Will guarantee to realize value or no commission charged. H. J. Russell, Westminster Auction House, King's hotel block, Columbia street. (2164)

TO RENT

FOUR ROOMED HOUSE TO RENT, Alderson avenue, Burquitlam, $10 monthly, seven minutes walk from Sapperton car terminus, sidewalk all way. Apply Alderson, North road. (2223)

TO RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, private family, to couple without children; bath toilet and electric light; one minute to car. Apply Box 2191 News office. (2191)

TO RENT—HOUSEKEEPING AND furnished bedrooms. Apply 420 St. George street. (2192)

FURNISHED COMPLETE, HOUSEkeeping rooms, $10 and $15 per month at 224 Seventh street. (2163)

COLLECTIONS.

BAD DEBTS COLLECTED EVERYwhere. No collection, no charge. American-Vancouver Mercantile Agency, 336 Hastings street west, Vancouver, B.C. (2162)

AUCTION SALES.

FURNITURE, STORE STOCKS AND farm sales conducted. Furniture bought for cash. P. B. Brown, 17 Begbie street, New Westminster. (2171)

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Re Lots 28 and 29, Block 1, Sub-division of Lot 398, Group 1, Port Haney, in the District of New Westminster.

Whereas, proof of the loss of Certificate of Title Number 2238 F, issued in the name of Alice May Dorman has been filed in this office.

Notice is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof, in a daily newspaper published in the City of New Westminster, issue a duplicate of the said certificate, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing.

J. C. GWYNN,
District Registrar of Titles.

Land Registry Office, New Westminster, B.C., 13th September, 1913. (2078)

CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

PURSUANT to Section 50, Sub-section 1 of the British Columbia Railway Act, 1911, notice is hereby given that there has been deposited with the Registrar at New Westminster, a plan shewing proposed extension of Dock Spur from Road No. 19 to Canal street, Mileage 3.9 A. to Mileage 4.9 A, Lulu Island Branch, and under the powers given to it by statute the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway company will take, and if necessary expropriate the lands required for its right-of-way.

T. H. WHITE,
(2130) Chief Engineer.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Corporation of the City of New Westminster has deposited with the Minister of Public Works and in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the District of New Westminster, British Columbia, plans and descriptions of centre line of proposed Sapperton Sewer outfall crossing Brunette River in said district.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Corporation of the City of New Westminster will after one month from the first publication of this notice apply to the Governor General in Council for approval of such works.

DATED at New Westminster, B. C., this 27th day of September, 1913.

McQUARRIE, MARTIN & CASSIDY, Solicitors for the Corporation of the City of New Westminster. (2141)

HERBERT P. VIDAL & CO. LIMITED
STEAMSHIP AGENTS — CUSTOMS BROKERS & FORWARDERS — WAREHOUSING
H.P. V & Co
STORAGE

FOR SALE

LOST — ON COLUMBIA STREET Saturday afternoon small parcel of lace. Finder please leave at Gaskell's book store. (2218)

FOR SALE — SAW TABLE AND saws, foot power mortising machine, grindstone. Box 2222 News office. (2222)

FOR SALE—PAIR OF AUTOMOBILE skates attached to No. 7 shoes. Set is in good condition. What offer? P. O. Box 239. (2224)

FURNITURE OF SIX ROOM HOUSE for sale cheap; house for rent; 35 Dufferin street. Phone 1293R. (2200)

FOR SALE—THAT VERY DESIRable store, the California Fruit House, 714 Columbia street. One of the best stands in the city for fruit, tobacco, confectionery and light refreshments. Bargain price for cash. Apply to manager on premises. (2193)

FOR SALE — HOUSE PARTLY finished, and large cleared lot, Edmonds. Clear deed. Cheap for cash. Apply owner, George Warne, Eighteenth avenue, Edmonds. (2140)

ACREAGE NEAR NEWTON, JUST 8 miles out, less than 30 minutes' ride on B. C. Electric from New Westminster; soil excellent, bottom or upland as desired; tram frontage $150 an acre and remainder just back of frontage lots $100 and $125. Terms quarter cash, two years for balance. This is a sacrifice; estate to be cleaned up at once. Sole agents, Curtis & Dorgan, New Westminster. Phone 466. No trades. (2131)

FOR SALE—$1.00 DOWN, $1.00 PER week, Canada's Pride Malleable Ranges; every one guaranteed. Market square. (2160)

RE PEOPLE'S TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the official liquidators of the above company will, after twenty-one days from the date hereof, proceed to open certain deposit boxes in the vaults of the said company, unless in the meantime the persons renting such boxes name a date and time on which they propose to attend and take out any documents or securities deposited in such boxes.

After the said boxes have been opened, the owners of any securities deposited in said deposit boxes may receive such securities at the office of the official liquidators, the Westminster Trust, Limited, situate at Westminster Trust building, New Westminster, B. C.

DATED this 6th day of October, A. D. 1913.

ADAM SMITH JOHNSTON,
(2185) New Westminster, B. C.
Solicitor for Official Liquidator.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Province of British Columbia, County of Westminster.

TO WIT:

Under and by virtue of warrants of execution, etc., etc., to me directed and delivered against the goods and chattels of A. Gabriel at the suit of McMeneny & Anderson, Kelly Douglas & Co., and others, I have seized and will sell at the Melbourne hotel, Twelfth street, New Westminster, B. C., on Thursday, the 16th day of October, 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and costs herein:

Three show cases, soda fountain, two cash registers, two pair scales, lot of groceries, office deck and chair, lot of tables and chairs in ice cream parlor, one cooking range, lot dishes, cooking utensils, dining room furniture, crockery, glassware, cutlery, etc., bedsteads, bedding and furniture, etc., in 26 rooms.

The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms of sale cash.

T. J. ARMSTRONG, Sheriff.
New Westminster, Oct. 10, 1913. (2212)

WESTMINSTER IRON WORKS.

Telephones: Office 53, Residence 429
JOHN REID, Proprietor.
GENERAL MACHINE WORK, ENGINEERING AND BLACKSMITHING.
Agents Palmer Bros.' Gasoline Engines, Marine Engines and Automobile Repairs.
Office and Works: Tenth St.
P.O. Box 474. New Westminster, B.C

CANADIAN PACIFIC
B. C. Coast Service

Leaves Vancouver for Victoria 10 a. m., 2 p. m. and 11:45.

Leaves Vancouver for Seattle 10 a. m. and 11 p. m.

Leaves Vancouver for Nanaimo 10 a. m. and 6:30 p. m.

Leaves Vancouver for Prince Rupert and Northern Points 10 p. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11 p. m.

ED. GOULET, Agent, New Westminster
H. W. BRODIE, G. P. A., Vancouver.

Subscribe for
The Daily News

Northern Towns Are In a Sorry Plight

Nome and Other Places Wrecked as Result of Recent Storm—800 Whites and 300 Natives Homeless.

Seattle, Oct. 12.—The news from Nome is to the effect that Solomon, situated 40 miles to the eastward and with a population of about 300 people, has been completely blotted from the map. The telephone lines along the surf-scourged coast line are all down, but the news from Solomon indicates that the settlements at Penny River, Cripple, Quartz, Sinrock, Safety and many other places have suffered. The suffering will be keen among the natives at these places.

Natives Forget Warning.

When Nome was built the natives warned the white man against putting their buildings too close to the shore line, but the white men assured them it was all right. Gradually the Eskimos, who have abundant faith in the knowledge of the white man, began to build their homes closer to the beach. There is no longer any doubt that practically every native village—except a few which are situated on high bluffs—has been destroyed.

Snow is still falling at Nome, and the wreckage along the beach, much of which was being salved by the inhabitants, is now covered. It will be impossible to find many of the chattels washed up on the shore until next June, when the spring suns melt the snow. Heavy waves are still crashing on the beach and swirling through the wreckage, which is strewn along the coast for a distance of 20 miles, but the wind has died down.

Still undaunted by the awful effects of the tempest, Nomeites are making strenuous efforts to clear up the wreckage on the south side of Front street. Already they have subdued the fires and have placed their pumping and fire-fighting plant in order.

In response to telegrams from Delegate James Wickersham from the Seattle chamber of commerce and others, the United States Treasury department has ordered every revenue cutter in the north to report at Nome and convey the sufferers to Seattle or Juneau. Doubtless many of them will elect to stop off at Juneau, as there is plenty of work there for miners.

Hall Houses Homeless.

Many of the homeless are housed in Eagle hall, and others are finding a temporary residence in vacant buildings, which are situated on high ground back on the tundra.

"Wire the people of Nome that they may use the White House for lodgings if they need it," wired A. Lamoreux, owner of the hotel and a former Nomeite, to the Seattle chamber of commerce yesterday. Lamoreux is now at Victoria, B. C.

Lodge Sends Relief.

Five hundred dollars was wired last night to the Anvil lodge, A. F. & A. M., at Nome, by the grand lodge of this state, to be used in relieving the suffering among those who are Masons. The money was sent by Grand Master A. H. Hankinson of Seattle.

Mayor W. W. Seymour and Controller John F. Meads of Tacoma last night announced at a mass meeting at the city hall that the city would contribute $500 for the relief of the storm sufferers, provided a similar amount is donated by Tacoma merchants.

While the local subscription has not been totaled, it is estimated at the chamber that it will reach $10,000 or $11,000 before the day closes. A considerable sum already has been transmitted to Nome by cable, and the steamship Senator is taking 40,000 feet of lumber, doors and windows, building papers of various kinds and a large amount of food and supplies for the relief of the stricken people. The space for Nome cargo was donated by the Pacific Coast Steamship company, owner of the Senator.

Shortly after noon Friday Colonel Perkins, chairman of the Alaska bureau of the chamber of commerce, received the following message from Doctor Mustard at Nome.

"Eight hundred whites and 300 natives destitute. Many more homeless. Six hundred houses destroyed. All stocks of provisions and clothing saved. Money urgently needed to relieve destitution."

During the past five years many natives have encamped on the sandspit, north of Snake river, and as this spit was covered completely by the onrushing seas, there is no doubt that their winter supply of food, which was laid up during the summer months, was washed away.

Humphrey Wires Particulars.

Congressman Will E. Humphrey this afternoon wired full particulars of the Nome disaster to Congressman Albert Johnson, who is endeavoring to obtain a government appropriation for the relief of the sufferers. The message follows:

"Need for government aid to Nome is imperative. Two miles of waterfront is devasted. All buildings are completely destroyed. Eight hundred whites and 300 natives are homeless. Loss of property is estimated at $1,000,000. A community of 2500 people cannot support this large number of destitute through the approaching winter. Navigation closes in Bering sea November 1. The last passenger and freight steamer will leave Seattle for Nome October 20."

RUSSIA BUILDING UP POWERFUL NEW NAVY

The arrival at Portland of a powerful squadron of Russian battleships, cruisers and torpedo craft will direct prominent attention to the very remarkable movement which is now in progress for the rehabilitation of Russia as one of the leading naval powers of the world, writes a correspondent in a recent issue of the London Standard. Between the emperor, the ministers and the duma there is complete accord, and simultaneously ships are being built, the administration reformed, and the personnel trained. The nation has in its present marine minister, Admiral Grigorovitch, an officer whose career has inspired confidence. He is a sailor and a statesman, and under his authority energetic measures have already been taken to provide Russia with a fleet corresponding to her great maritime interests. The visit of the Russian fleet of Portland if, of course, without political significance, otherwise it would not have been planned at a moment when the British home fleet is represented in this roadstead by less than a dozen men-of-war, when the first lord of the admiralty and a number of his colleagues are absent, and when, after exhausting manoeuvres the whole British navy is in no condition to extend hospitality on a fitting scale to guests, however welcome. By the request of the Russian government, the visit will be marked by no festivities; the ships are merely making Portland a port of call during an instructional cruise.

A Powerful Force.

The visiting squadron, under the orders of the officer who, by reason of his comparative youthfulness, may be regarded as the hope of Russian sea power, consists of practically all the effective ships in the Baltic which fly the ensign of the Czar. The admiral has his flag in the armored cruiser Ruirk, which was built by Messrs. Vickers (London) at Barrow-in-Furness and completed in 1907. For her displacement of just over 15,000 tons she is an exceedingly powerful man-of-war. The squadron also includes four other battleships, four armored cruisers, four destroyers and a transport.

Admiral Von Essen's command is a powerful collection of men-of-war of the pre-Dreadnought era, which, with capable and well-manned crews, could give account of themselves against any force of approximately contemporary date, and might do even a squadron of Dreadnoughts considerable damage in a battle action. The Russian squadron reflects, however, the spirit of the old regime. This is effectively illustrated by the fact that the Andrei Pervosvannyi and Pavel I. were designed before the British Dreadnought appeared on the scene, and yet they are today the most modern battleships under the Russian ensign, while the dreadnought now has twenty-six sister vessels in commission.

The Spirit of Reform.

But a new spirit now animates the whole Russian administration, both ashore and afloat, and in a few years' time the measures being taken to resuscitate the sea power of the empire will have reached fruition, then rank once more as a seagoing nation, able to use the great maritime highways and particularly the Baltic and Black seas—in order to make its will effective. If the new navy were arising merely on the command of the emperor we might regard its future as uncertain. But it is being expanded in response to the determined will of the nation, expressed through the duma by overwhelming majorities, and the task of making this national desire for naval power effective has been entrusted to a minister of initiative, administrative skill, courage, and high professional repute. Pari passu ship building and naval training are being carried out with ceaseless energy; the activities of the yards and factories are reflected in the men-of-war at sea, and when the new vessels are ready for service the department will have competent officers and men with which to commission them.

Admiral Grigorovitch has fought and defeated the politicians who urged that Russia should be content to adopt a purely defensive naval policy depending upon the activity of torpedo craft. He has embarked on the creation of a high-sea fleet which will be able to defend Russian interests in the Baltic or any other sea as circumstances may dictate. While it will probably be based on the Baltic ports, it will be able to issue forth into the North sea and even penetrate into the Mediterranean. The work is at present only in its initial stage, but when the whole scheme has been consummated and Russia possesses twenty-four battleships besides a dozen armored (or battle) cruisers and twenty-four scouts, 108 destroyers and thirty-six submarines and these ships are manned with full crews, the naval situation in Europe will undergo a dramatic change.

The virtue of Admiral Grigorovitch's regime lies in his insistence on shipbuilding going hand in hand with a thorough training of the personnel, and it is the latter phase of his policy which has brought Admiral von Essen and his imposing squadron into the English channel.

WEARY WAITING FOR YOUNG SANDS

He's Some Soldier and, If Stories Are True, He's a High Financier as Well.

Seattle, Oct. 12.—Brig. Gen. Clifford Sands of Seattle, 22 years old, soldier, adventurer and collegian, who served with distinction with Estrada in the Nicaraguan rebellion and had a miraculous escape from death as a rebel after his capture by Zelaya forces, is involved in what California authorities believe to have been a Wallingford scheme warranting their investigation.

Ten young men from as many states have waited vainly since October 7 for Gen. Sands to keep his tryst with them at a secluded spot on Catalina island, off the coast of California, whence he promised to lead them on a treasure-hunting expedition into Peru. They say they subscribed $35 each for the venture in search of the gold of the ancient Incas, answering Sands' advertisement. They were instructed to proceed to Los Angeles and wait for the youthful leader.

Outlines His Plan.

Gen. Sands, who won his military title in the Estrada uprising in Nicaragua, is in New Orleans, according to a telegram received in this city a few days ago. He left this city September 17, hoping to sail from New Orleans for Colon with fifty men armed with Winchesters. His plan, as he outlined it in a monthly magazine, was to cross the isthmus by rail, sail for Mollendo, Peru, and proceed thence by rail to Puno, on Lake Titicaca, and finally to the Inca treasure trove in the mountains, as he believed he had accurate information of its whereabouts.

The ten would-be treasure hunters on Catalina island said they sent $35 each to Sands at 826 East Fifty-sixth street, Seattle, his home. Six of the young men gave their addresses in Los Angeles yesterday as follows:

Walter Blosy, Milwaukee; Ben Dishing, Ohio; J. E. Robbins, Dayton, O.; N. B. Barnum, Boston; J. A. Alsdorf, St. Paul, and O. W. Davenport, Portland. The others declined to disclose their identity.

"The only change that may be made in the proposed route for the treasure is that, if most of the men are coming from the western states, the starting point will be San Francisco instead of New Orleans," wrote Sands in his advertisement in a popular magazine for August.

Visits Doctor Who Saved Him.

He was in New Orleans this week, where he had proposed to visit Dr. Clarence Bergheim, present Nicaraguan consul at New Orleans, the man who saved him from death three years ago in the town of Principala, Nicaragua, refusing to giving medical aid to the federals unless Sands, who had been condemned to be shot, was released.

Sands was graduated from the Lincoln high school at the age of 19 years, and before the close of his school days held a commission as lieutenant in the regular army. He gave up his commission to seek his fortune in the turbulent Central American states.

He attended the state university last year in the Liberal Arts college, and became a fraternity man and a well-known collegian.

Sands, in his letters and advertisements to those who wished to join him, proposed to file a large number of quartz claims after reaching Cuzco, Peru, and guaranteed to his confreres $2000 each for their mining rights. The men were to act as guards and agents for forwarding machinery for a short time. This mining venture, Sands pointed out, was to insure his comrades against returning empty-handed in case the treasure was not found. Sands was to receive one-fourth of any treasure discovered.

Before leaving Seattle Sands declined to state how he came into possession of the knowledge of the Incas' hidden treasure.

Sands' telegram to his parents, received here and dated at New Orleans, said nothing about his future plans.

VISITS EVERY HOME IN S.S. MOVEMENT

Large Plan Suggested in Victoria for Increasing Sunday School Attendance.

Victoria, Oct. 12.—A thorough house-to-house canvass, which will lead the representatives of the organization into practically every house in Victoria and suburbs, will be undertaken early in November, consequent on a report submitted by Horace J. Knott to the Victoria District Sunday School association at the twelfth annual convention.

Mr. Knott advocated a canvass which would be the most thorough one of its nature ever undertaken in Victoria. He proposed that the city be divided into districts, each of which would be covered by a denomination. The canvassers would have the householders in each instance fill in cards showing the number of people in the house, their religious affiliation, the number of children of Sunday school age and the number of such children who attend and who do not attend any Sunday school. From the facts thus gathered the Sunday School association would gather a more accurate knowledge of the conditions obtaining in this city than has ever before been the case. Besides showing the number of Sunday school children, the statistics would indicate the religious beliefs of the entire population of the city and suburbs, and would thus be a comprehensive religious census as well as a Sunday school census.

United Movement.

Though the statistics would be gathered by a single denomination in each district, the report advised that the cards of those affiliated with each denomination be turned over to that denomination. Thus the Presbyterians would receive cards dealing with Presbyterians in the city; the Methodists would have all cards relating to Methodists, etc. Using the mass of information thus gathered it was suggested that each denomination could find out exactly where it stood with regard to the total number of its members and adherents in the city. It was pointed out that if any denomination found that the total number of people professing adherence to it in the city were much greater than the total attendance at services, as is expected to be the case, it would have an excellent means of pursuing extension work.

The report of Mr. Knott was one of the most important to be offered to the convention this year, advocating as it did a radical departure in the operation of the organization, and it was listened to with careful attention by all the delegates present.

Graded union was the subject of a report from H. G. Penman. He advised that, although in the past the organization had controlled the grading of Sunday school teachers, the handling of the matter be given over to the individual denominations. His report was a lucid outline of the system he proposed should be followed, and was the subject of much attention.

WHEN THE FOG LIFTED OVER IN HOLLAND

Howard Bok, editor of the Ladies' Home Journal, had an experience some time ago that had a moral.

Mr. Bok was taking a trip to Holland, and an interesting companion was the president of one of the large insurance companies, who was in search of a short but complete rest. He had always been anxious to visit Holland, but had never been able to get there, although he knew the Strand and Champs Elysees as well as Fifth avenue.

His desire to see Holland was almost boyish. He asked the captain of the steamship to be sure to warn him in ample time before the coast was approached. As he was about to retire he was informed that the coast would be visible about 4 o'clock the next morning.

The president of the insurance company, in his eagerness to get a glimpse of the windmills and dykes—picturesque Holland as it had been impressed upon his mind—braved the chill morning air and patiently awaited the lifting of the veil of morning fog that hung as a curtain before him.

As the fog lifted the rays of an early morning sun acted as a spot light on a tremendous sign advertising an American typewriter.

The extent of the disgust of the executive who controlled a great institution was shown by the first cable he sent to New York. It gave positive instructions to cancel all orders and deliveries of the typewriters named on the tremendous signboard, and to have no further transactions with the makers. Eighty typewriters had been ordered and were ready for delivery when the cable was received in New York.

When lovers of nature band together and refuse to use the products of those who utilize nature's greatest beauties for their private gain, without the slightest consideration of those who are seeking freedom from constant commercialism, then there will be an awakening.

JAPS HAVE DESIGNS IN THE FAR EAST

London, Oct. 12.—A Pekin dispatch to the Daily Telegraph says:

Japan is preparing to make China a battleground. Her rivalry with Russia was not settled by the late war. No Russia-Japanese agreements exist whatever covering Mongolia or corelated moves. The Japanese policy has been devoted to preserving the status quo in Manchuria, thus leaving her free to take any necessary countervailing steps.

The Japanese policy in China summed up means the planting of garrisons without territorial leases, thereby guaranteeing the integrity of China by forestalling others.

At Hankow the garrison of 2000 men will be retained. Another probably will be planted at the great Tayehi iron mines nearby. Special Japanese concessions under police control will be demanded at Nanking, which policy will be repeated at Fu Chow, Amoy and elsewhere. In case of trouble the railways in which it was hoped British capital would be interested, also will be demanded.

Pekin is no longer the capital in the old sense, the loss of Mongolia and the absence of the usual intercourse rendering it impotent, and transferring the power to the south. Japan, with practically the whole Chinese revolutionary party under lock and key in Tokio, holds out her hand to England, knowing that the alliance is more important and necessary than ever.

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital paid up	$5,000,000
Reserve Fund	$6,000,000
Total Assets	$76,000,000

Financial Headway

of the sure and permanent kind is rarely made without the assistance of a Savings Bank Account. It stimulates saving, keeps the money in absolute safety, increases it with interest, and provides the ready cash to take advantage of the business opportunities which come ones way.

NEW WESTMINSTER BRANCH: G. H. MATHEWSON, Manager.

BOILERS Riveted Steel Pipes **TANKS**
BURN OIL
VULCAN IRON WORKS, LTD.
P. O. BOX 442 TELEPHONE 324

The Instructive Idea of Advertising

"Where shall I go?"
"What shall I do?"
"What shall I wear?"
"What shall I eat?"
"Where shall I live?"

And so on down the long list of human every-day questions. You will find them all answered in the pages of the modern progressive newspaper.

People read advertising now for instruction and information as well as for its "bargain" possibilities.

New ideas, new thoughts, inspirations and suggestions constantly come to you if you take advantage of the advertising columns of this newspaper. Don't neglect your ad. reading.

City of New Westminster

"New Westminster Debenture Interest Conversion Bylaw 1913."

BYLAW NO......

A BYLAW TO AMEND BYLAWS NUMBERS 151, 152 AND 153.

WHEREAS the municipal council of the corporation of the city of New Westminster did with the assent of the electors on the third day of July, 1912, finally pass Bylaw No. 151, being a bylaw to enable the municipal council of the corporation of the city of New Westminster to raise by loan the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) for the purpose of constructing a new reservoir and enlarging the existing reservoir and extending the waterworks system in the city of New Westminster, the said bylaw being known as "Waterworks Extension Debenture Bylaw, 1912, No. 2."

AND WHEREAS the corporation by the said bylaw authorized the issue of debentures to the amount of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) to be payable on the first day of July, 1962, and to bear interest at the rate of four and one-half (4 1-2) per centum per annum payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each year.

AND WHEREAS the municipal council of the corporation of the city of New Westminster did with the assent of the electors on the third day of July, 1912, finally pass bylaw No. 152, being a bylaw to enable the municipal council of the city of New Westminster to raise by loan the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) for the purpose of granting the same to the Royal Columbian hospital in addition to the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) granted under "Hospital Debenture Bylaw, 1909," the said bylaw being known as "Hospital Debenture Bylaw, 1912."

AND WHEREAS the corporation by the said bylaw authorized the issue of debentures to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) to be payable on the first day of July, 1962, and to bear interest at the rate of four and one-half (4 1-2) per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each year.

AND WHEREAS the municipal council of the corporation of the city of New Westminster with the assent of the electors did on the third day of July, 1912, finally pass bylaw No. 153, being a bylaw to enable the municipal council of the corporation of the city of New Westminster to raise by loan the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) for the purpose of improving the city parks, being known as "Parks Improvement Debenture Bylaw, 1912."

AND WHEREAS the corporation of the city of New Westminster authorized the issue of debentures to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) to be payable on the first day of July, 1962, and to bear interest at the rate of four and one-half (4 1-2) per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each year.

AND WHEREAS the debentures authorized by the said bylaws, Nos. 151, 152 and 153 have not been sold, and owing to an advance in the rate of interest for money since the passing of the said bylaws, the said debentures thereby authorized cannot be sold and disposed of except at a discount involving a substantial reduction in the amount required to be provided for, and it is necessary to pass this bylaw authorizing the debentures to the said amounts to bear interest at the rate of five (5) per centum per annum.

AND WHEREAS it will be necessary under the said bylaw No. 151 to raise annually by special rate the sum of six hundred and sixty-one and 65-100 dollars ($661.65) to form a sinking fund for the payment of the principal and the sum of three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars ($3750) for interest, making together a total amount annually of four thousand four hundred and eleven and 65-100 dollars ($4411.65) for the term of forty-nine (49) years for the repayment of the said loan and interest thereon as hereinafter mentioned, the amount of six hundred and sixty-four and 98-100 dollars ($664.98) having been raised for the first year's sinking fund.

AND WHEREAS it will be necessary under the said bylaw No. 152 to raise annually by special rate the sum of eight hundred and sixty-eight and 80-100 dollars ($868.80) to form a sinking fund for the payment of the principal, and the sum of five thousand dollars ($5000) for interest, making together a total amount annually of five thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight and 80-100 dollars ($5868.80) for the term of forty-nine (49) years for the repayment of the said loan and interest thereon as hereinafter mentioned, the amount of eight hundred and eighty-six and 55-100 dollars ($886.55) having been raised for the first year's sinking fund.

AND WHEREAS it will be necessary under said bylaw No. 153 to raise annually by special rate the sum of two hundred and seventeen and 20-100 dollars ($217.20) to form a sinking fund for the payment of the principal and the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars ($1250) for interest, making together a total amount annually of one thousand four hundred and sixty-seven and 20-100 dollars ($1467.20) for the term of forty-nine (49) years for the repayment of the said loan and interest thereon as hereinafter mentioned, the amount of two hundred and twenty-one and 64-100 dollars ($221.64) having been raised for the first year's sinking fund.

AND WHEREAS the net value of the whole rateable land in the municipality, according to the last assessment roll amounts to seventeen millions, one hundred and fifty-seven thousand, nine hundred and forty dollars ($17,157,940).

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the corporation of the city of New Westminster enacts as follows:

1. That the said debentures authorised by said bylaws 151, 152 and 153 shall bear interest at the rate of five (5) per centum per annum computed from the first day of July, 1913, and such interest shall be payable half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in each year during the currency thereof and the said debentures shall have attached thereto coupons for the payment of the said interest which shall bear the signature of the mayor and clerk, and such signature may be either written, stamped or lithographed.

2. There shall be raised and levied annually during the currency of the said debentures authorised by said bylaw No. 151 by special rate sufficient therefor upon all the rateable land within the limits of the said municipality in addition to the annual sums required by the said bylaw No. 151 in the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars ($375) to pay the additional interest authorised by this bylaw, the same to be in addition to all rates to be levied and created in the said municipality.

3. There shall be raised and levied annually during the currency of the said debentures authorised by said bylaw No. 152 by special rate sufficient therefor upon all the rateable land within the limits of the said municipality in addition to the annual sums required by the said bylaw No. 152 the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) to pay the additional interest authorised by this bylaw, the same to be in addition to all rates to be levied and created in the said municipality.

4. There shall be raised and levied annually during the currency of the said debentures authorised by said bylaw No. 153 by special rate sufficient therefor upon all the rateable land within the limits of the said municipality in addition to the annual sums required by the said bylaw No. 153, the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125) to pay the additional interest authorised by this bylaw, the same to be in addition to all rates to be levied and created in the said municipality.

5. This bylaw shall come into effect on its receiving the assent of the lieutenant-governor in council.

6. This bylaw may be cited for all purposes as "NEW WESTMINSTER DEBENTURE INTEREST CONVERSION BYLAW, 1913."

DONE AND PASSED in open council the (6th) sixth day of October, 1913.

RECEIVED the assent of the electors the day of October, 1913.

RECONSIDERED and finally passed the day of October, 1913.

Mayor.

City Clerk.

RECEIVED the assent of the lieutenant-governor in council the day of October, 1913.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed bylaw upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken on the 18th day of October, 1913, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. at the following places, viz.:

The council chamber, city hall.

No. 4 fire hall, Sapperton.

No. 5 fire hall, Thirteenth street, and at Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN, City Clerk.

City hall, New Westminster, October 7, 1913. (2198)

City of New Westminster

THIS AGREEMENT, made the day of , one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

BETWEEN:

VANCOUVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED, hereinafter called the "Power Company" of the *first part*;

and

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, hereinafter called "the Corporation" of the *second part*;

Whereas, the power company on the 20th day of April, 1903, obtained under the provisions of the Water Clauses Consolidation act (Chap. 190 R. S. B. C. 1897) a grant of 10,000 inches of water out of Coquitlam lake subject to certain conditions endorsed on the record of such grant.

And Whereas, these conditions provided, among other things, as follows, namely:

"That in addition to the water which the city of New Westminster is entitled to take from Coquitlam lake for its waterworks system, the company shall without cost, surrender to the city of New Westminster 1000 inches of water, if and when, required, or such less number of inches from time to time as may be required, but so that the whole number of inches so surrendered shall not exceed 1000 inches.

"The company shall pay the annual fees for such 1000 inches, both before and after surrender, and shall enter into a binding agreement with the said city to surrender said 1000 inches of water to the city without cost to the city, and to pay the annual fees in respect thereof."

And Whereas, the corporation has requested the power company to surrender to the corporation the said 1000 inches of water.

Now it is agreed by and between the parties hereto as follows:

The power company for itself, its successors and assigns hereby surrenders to the corporation 1000 inches of water out of the said grant of 10,000 inches which 1000 inches is to be in addition to such water as the corporation may be entitled to take from Coquitlam lake for its waterworks system.

The power company for itself, its successors and assigns agrees to pay the annual fees payable from time to time in respect of the 1000 inches so surrendered and hereby warrants that the annual fees in respect of the said 1000 inches up to the date of this agreement have been duly paid by the company.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have caused these presents to be executed.

Witness:

Take notice that a referendum as to whether it is advisable for the corporation to enter into the above agreement will be submitted to the vote of the electors on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. at the following places, viz.:

The council chamber, city hall.

No. 4 fire hall, Sapperton.

No. 5 fire hall, Thirteenth street, and at Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN, City Clerk.

City hall, New Westminster, October 13, 1913. (2216)

City of New Westminster

AGREEMENT made in diplicate this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

BETWEEN:

HIS MAJESTY THE KING, represented by the Honorable William James Roche, His Majesty's Minister of the Interior of Canada, hereinafter called "the Crown,"

and

VANCOUVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED, a body corporate duly incorporated, hereinafter called "the Company,"

and

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER, a City Municipality in the Province of British Columbia, hereinafter called "the City."

Whereas, by petition of right dated the third day of March, 1910, filed in the exchequer court of Canada and duly served, the city and one Matthew Marshall sought inter alia certain proprietary rights in the lands and premises therein described and the company and the crown duly filed and served a defence to the said petition, and the city filed and duly served a reply, and the issues in said action have hitherto been standing for trial;

And Whereas, on the 24th day of March, A.D. 1910, an agreement was executed between the crown and the company with respect to the company's application for permission to build a dam at Coquitlam lake and to execute certain other works for the purpose of developing water power in connection with the said dam, a copy of which agreement is hereunto annexed;

And Whereas, the construction of the said work is continuing under the terms of the agreement last referred to;

And Whereas, the object of the city in the litigation first above referred to was to secure both the quantity and purity of water required for the supply of the city of New Westminster;

And Whereas, the company has by agreement of even date herewith surrendered to the city 1000 inches of water out of the grant of 10,000 inches of water out of Coquitlam lake granted to the company on the 30th day of April, 1903, under the provisions of the Water Clauses Consolidation act, 1897 (Chap. 190 R. S. B. C. 1897) which 1000 inches is to be in addition to such water as the city may be entitled to take from Coquitlam lake for its waterworks system.

And Whereas, the parties to the above litigation subject to the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General in council did agree to settle all matters in difference between them by entering into the agreement herein contained;

Now this agreement witnesseth and it is hereby agreed that the agreement of March 24, 1910, hereinbefore referred to shall, subject to the approval above mentioned, be amended and altered to the following extent, that is to say;

(*a*) The city shall be considered the party of the third part to the said agreement, and the said agreement shall be read accordingly.

(*b*) The following words shall be added to Clause 1 of the said agreement, viz., "the word 'City' shall mean and include the Corporation of the City of New Westminster."

(*c*) The following shall be added after Clause 13 of the said agreement: "13a. The company shall keep pure and maintain the purity of the water supply for the city at and above the intake pipe for the city."

(*d*) In case of any dispute between the company and the city or between the company and the city's engineer touching any matter provided for by these presents in respect of the requirements on the part of the city for the preservation or securing of the purity and sufficiency of the water supply for the city, such dispute shall be decided by the minister of lands or acting minister of lands of the province of British Columbia for the time being or by such person or persons as may be appointed by him to hear and decide such dispute or in case of the inability or unwillingness of such minister of lands or acting minister of lands of the province of British Columbia for the time being to act or to appoint some other person or persons as aforesaid (a letter from himself or his deputy signifying such inability or unwillingness being conclusive proof thereof) such dispute shall be decided by the minister of the interior or by such other person or persons as may be appointed by the minister of the interior to hear and decide such dispute, and the decision of the minister of lands or acting minister of lands of the province of British Columbia or the person or persons appointed by him as aforesaid or the minister of the interior or the person or persons appointed by him as aforesaid as the case may be, shall be final and conclusive, *subject, however*, to an appeal to the lieutenant-governor in council of the province of British Columbia.

(*e*) The company agrees to pay all the out-of-pocket expenses of the city incurred by reason of the litigation as aforesaid, together with the proper costs and charges of solicitors and counsel fees incurred by the city, the whole not to exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), such payment to be made on or before the first day of December, 1913, and the company shall on or before the first day of December, 1913, pay to the city the further sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) and shall also pay to the city the further sum of one thousand dollars ($1000) a year hereafter on the first day of January in each and every year during the construction and operation or maintenance of the said dam, the first of such payments to be made on the first day of January, 1914.

(*f*) For the better protection and conservation of the supply of water to the city and for the company, the Coquitlam reserve, comprising an area of fifty-six thousand (56,000) acres more or less and as constituted by order in council dated the fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and ten, shall be continued and the minister shall make and enforce all necessary rules and regulations governing the said lands so reserved so that the same may be preserved for the protection and conservation of the supply of water to the city and for the company, and so that the purity of the water supply of the city may be maintained.

(*g*) The city shall have the right at any time to apply to the parliament of Canada or to the legislative assembly of the province of British Columbia or both to confirm this agreement or to empower it to carry out any of the terms thereof or to enforce this agreement, or to do and perform any matter or thing therein contained. *Provided*, that the company shall be at liberty to take such objections to such application or legislation as it may deem advisable.

In witness whereof, His Majesty the King has caused his seal to be affixed by the Honorable William James Roche, and the company and the city have hereunto affixed their corporate seals under the hands of their proper officers.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

Take notice that a reefrendum as to whether it is advisable for the corporation to enter into the above agreement will be submitted to the vote of the electors on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. at the following places, viz.:

The council chamber, city hall.

No. 4 fire hall, Sapperton.

No. 5 fire hall, Thirteenth street, and at Queensborough.

W. A. DUNCAN, City Clerk.

City hall, New Westminster, October 13, 1913. (2215)

GREAT FAITH IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Victorian, Returned From Europe, Tells of Confidence There in This Province.

Victoria, Oct. 12.—Arthur Lineham has just returned from an extended tour, after sojourning at all the favorite residential cities of the old world.

In a journey from Naples through Germany and France to England, he had many opportunities of inquiring as to the possible increase of immigration following the opening of the Panama canal, and he believes that the old lure of the west is just as potent in Europe today as it was in America 20 and more years ago.

"The Panama canal will bring thousands of people to British Columbia from all over Europe," said Mr. Lineham, "and I believe will lead to the establishment of industrial enterprises along the coastline. I do not see how their coming can fail to be a benefit to this province, if we are alive to our opportunities. These people must be housed and fed, and, being drawn, as the majority will be, from a thrifty peasant class, they will either spread over the land or create an industrial condition which will have to be solved by the creation of new industrial and manufacturing concerns.

Inquiries About Province.

"With the internal politics of Great Britain I was not brought into very close touch, but everywhere I went in England and Scotland I found men and women anxious to learn more of British Columbia and to get a first-hand knowledge of our possibilities and resources. The only criticism I heard, and it found fairly general expression, was among financial men, and those who watched the development of the country very closely, to the effect that too much outside acreage had been sold along the lines of the railways in the middle west at a price which would mean many years of waiting for the purchasers before it reached its traded value."

Enormous Wheat Trains.

Such criticisms, Mr. Lineham said, were never accompanied by any lack of faith in the ultimate future of this province. On the return journey between Fort William and Winnipeg, he saw what was practically a continuous train of freight cars hauling wheat to the elevators. The C. P. R., he said, was dispatching a freight train every ten minutes of the day, and every train had from 40 to 45 cars coupled on, with every car loaded to capacity.

"It looked like an endless procession of wheat-laden cars, which spoke better than any words ever printed of a wonderful harvest, and seemed to hum a message of British Columbia prosperity with every turn of the wheels.

"But we who stay too long in this wonderland of the west hav a tendency to become somewhat narrow by a constant comparison of our former less roseate environment with the swift changes with which we are daily brought face to face, and so, by a system of auto-suggestion, we gradually convince ourselves that Victoria is the pivot of the world's commerce, the pin on which the escapement balance of the trade of nations is poised."

When through old age the bodily functions become sluggish, **Na-Dru-Co Laxatives** give gentle, timely and effective aid, without discomfort or distress. 25c. a box at your Druggist's. 173

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

Doctor Would Upset Sanatorium Theory

Exposing Patients to Cold, Damp Air, Though Fresh, Is Cruel Not Beneficial.

London, Oct. 12.—Does the open air treatment of consumption constitute an error in medical judgment? Is the serious question directly raised by a remarkable article contributed by Dr. Thomas Dutton, M.D., M.R.C.P., to the Medical Times on the therapeutical value of pure air.

"I must ask the reader clearly to understand," writes Dr. Dutton, "that the value of pure air in the treatment of disease has nothing to do with the so-called open air treatment, the advocates of which have usurped the phrase 'sanatorium treatment.' This treatment is supposed to be fresh air treatment, which they advise poor tuberculosis patients, and also convalescent patients, and even workhouse patients to be exposed to night and day, when all these patients are really ill through being unable to create sufficient heat in their bodies and require warm, pure, dry air.

"The great difference between pure air and fresh air is, the former contains a large percentage of ozone, free from moisture and dust laden manure particles, whereas fresh air, although it may contain ozone, may also be cold, impregnated with moisture, full of manure dust laden particles, which it generally is in London and other large towns."

Dr. Dutton further contends that no hospitals should be allowed in large towns. He contends that "to expose poor tuberculous children, patients at the hospital and poor law infirmaries, who are in a low vital condition and unable to manufacture in their bodies sufficient heat, to cold, damp air, day and night, is unkind and cruel, without any benefit."

He dwells on the beneficial effect of the sun's rays in pure air, and states his belief that the sun's rays can be used instead of X-rays or radium. Finally, Dr. Dutton indorses the opinion of Dr. McWalter "that sanatorium treatment has been an absolute failure," and he regards it as "a fraud upon the ratepayers to continue it."

One of the best known publicists on scientific and medical matters, when asked his opinion on Dr. Dutton's views, while not giving his name for publication, supported his theories.

"It must generally be admitted now," he said, "that the curative value of sanatoria is practically nil. Of course, when the open air treatment was first started it was definitely believed that an actual cure had been discovered. Experience, however, has since proved that this is not the case. As a result, we find in Germany, where the sanatoria idea first flourished, that the sanatoria which used to be crowded with patients are now rapidly emptying.

"I will not deny that sanatorium treatment, properly administered, retards the progress of the disease, but the chief merit of the sanatorium is that it induces patients to adopt the habits of a healthy life. Another merit—not unimportant to the general community—is that it segregates persons afflicted with tuberculosis. A third merit is the fact that the majority of sanatorium patients enjoy the life they live there. All this, of course, is to the good. On the other hand, we must now confess the truth that the sanatorium treatment is purely palliative at its best, and not curative."

An official of the London County council, however, spoke highly of the improvement wrought in the physical condition of children admitted to the council's open air schools.

"The demonstration of the results obtained in the special defects which had resulted in the children's admission is made somewhat difficult because of the varying conceptions which differnt observers have of the term 'tuberculosis.' Broadly speaking, it may be said that this year's work agrees with previous experience, and furnishes further evidence of the benefits of open air school life in strengthening the debilitated condition of children."

Another well-known medical man who is a specialist in tubercular complaints could not subscribe to Dr. Dutton's views.

"The records of the sanatoria," he remarked, "are their justification. When a sanatorium is established on the summit of a high hill remote from the common roads, it surely cannot be maintained that the patients there are subjected to air that is full of manure dust laden particles. As regards the question of sun rays, the profession has long recognized their curative value, and for this reason our sanatoria are so designed as to allow every possible particle of sunlight to penetrate to the patients. The establishment of sanatoria has done more than anything else in the world to lessen the scourge of tuberculosis."

TERROR TO CROOKS HAS RESIGNED

The "Lawyer of Scotland Yard" Retires After Twenty-Six Years' Service.

A wonderfully interesting life story is hidden behind the bald announcement in recent police orders that ex-Inspector Kemp had tendered his resignation after 26 years' service in the Metropolitan police, says the London Chronicle.

He was known as the "Lawyer of Scotland Yard," a title which eminently fitted him, for in his position as aide-de-camp to the superintendent of the criminal investigation department he has interviewed earls and countesses, solicitors and all kinds of professional men, even the "professional" crook and thief who have called at the head police office for advice. Further there is not a police force in the world whose representative has not at some time or other called at the "Yard" for advice from Mr. Kemp.

Outside he also did good work and the clever pickpocket had as good cause to regret the simple-looking man in clerical attire who seized him with an iron hand when in the act of stealing a gold watch from a nobleman's pocket as the housebreaker did when the innocent-looking man with a hot potato barrow spoilt a clever "coup" at a jeweler's establishment.

Trafalgar Square Riots.

Mr. William Brewster Kemp, who is a native of Sandy, Beds, is the son of the parish clerk, and his mother has been for over half a century the organist in the parish church there. He joined the force in April, 1887, on the nomination of the late Lord Peel, speaker of the house of commons. Shortly afterwards he was placed on special duty during the Trafalgar square riots and at Buckingham palace during the Jubilee celebrations of Queen Victoria.

For some years he has been stationed at Scotland Yard, and when Superintendent Froest retired a short time since he personally thanked Mr. Kemp for his valuable assistance.

When he joined the service he was stationed at Bethal-green, the east end at that time being infested with gangs of coiners, housebreakers and thieves of the worst description. He was on special duty when Queen Victoria opened the People's palace and within seven years of joining the force he had not only been transferred to the detective department, but had twice received public testimonials for ability displayed in breaking up gangs of receivers and thieves.

"Guilty," Yet Not Guilty.

On promotion to sergeant he was transferred to the Borough, where highway robberies and garrotting were rife. It fell to his lot to arrest Chapman, alias Severino Klgovowski, the publican, for the murder of Maud Marsh by antimony poisoning at the Crown in the Borough High street. Chapman, whom it was afterwards found had poisoned two wives, was arrested by Mr. Kemp under dramatic circumstances just as the coronation procession of King Edward was passing the house.

A curious fact is recalled by this conviction. When Mr. Kemp searched Chapman's rooms he found a number of banknotes which just previously the man had charged a friend with stealing and had actually got him convicted. Of course, the result of the find was that the innocent prisoner was immediately released.

Promoted to the rank of inspector, Mr. Kemp did good work at the "Yard." One of his duties was the guarding of the famous Cullinan diamond when in transit from the Bank of England to Sandringham for presentation to the late king, and its subsequent safe care at Scotland Yard until the bank reopened.

He served under no fewer than five commissioners, and has received over a hundred commendations and rewards from judges, commissioners, magistrates and the director of public prosecutions.

He was the terror of pickpockets at the principal race meetings throughout England.

He intends to devote his energies and experience to private inquiry work.

NAVAL BASES FOR AUSTRALIA

Imperial Representative Will Inspect Purposed Sites in Commonwealth.

London, Oct. 12.—The commonwealth government having established the Australian naval unit and organized the initial arrangements for training, is now proceeding with the formation and expansion of naval bases as recommended in Admiral Henderson's scheme.

In pursuance of this program the commonwealth government asked the admiralty for the services of an eminent engineer, who should be an expert in works connected with naval dockyards, and as a result Sir Maurice Fitzmaurice was selected, and is about to leave for Australia on an important mission.

New Naval Base.

Sir Maurice has lately been acting as chairman of the admiralty committee on British naval bases. In the course of his mission he will visit Fremantle and report upon the proposed works there for the construction of a naval base.

Sir Maurice Fitzmaurice will doubtless also visit Western Port in Victoria, where the establishment of a torpedo naval base is contemplated. He will also report upon Jervoise bay in New South Wales, the sea outlet for the new federal capital and also the site of the naval college.

Growing Expenditure.

An official memorandum has recently been drawn up dealing with the splendid progress that has been made in Australian naval defence. While the expenditure for this purpose amounted to $7,280,355 in 1910-1911, the estimates for 1912-1913 are no less than $11,748,575. On June 1 of this year the naval personnel numbered 3400, as against a total of 248 in 1910.

The first Australian unit is now complete except for two submarines which are under construction in England, and the additional three destroyers and the cruiser now building at Sydney.

It is regarded as probable that the commonwealth government will take steps to obtain from the imperial government an admiral on the active list to act as head of the Australian naval board.

A POETESS' TOMB.

Body of Pauline Johnson is Laid in City Park.

At the foot of a single tall silver birch tree in Stanley Park, Vancouver, B.C., repose the ashes of Pauline Johnson. Resting over the spot is a small boulder, and enclosing a small extent of ground on three sides is a rough wooden guard attached to the birch and to a huge cedar log sheltering the north side.

This quiet resting place lies at the curve of the main road and another leading to Siwash Rock. It is scarcely discernable to the passer-by, but there is an entrance from either road, and some ten feet from each, through the luxuriant growth of forest giants of cedar and fir, where the underwood has been cleared, one comes to the flower-wreathed boulder.

Fallen cedar logs, moss-grown a century ago, upturned stumps, from out of which other great trees thrust their tangle of uncovered roots into the rich soil, lie here and there as nature or nature's children, the Indians, left them. Mosses, and clusters of ferns, tall and broad of front, and peering out of the dark green of their leaves, line and outline this sacred chapel of the forest, the floor of which is nature's carpet of earth and crumbling cedar wood; the dome a riot of branches of the "whispering cedars" the quiet sleeper loved and immoratalized in verse.

It is as if one enters a cathedral—a holy of holies a sanctuary of the people. Many motor cars halt close by, and as their occupants ascend the slight rise to the entrance, laughter and jest cease as they pass in; children hush their voices; and pedestrians come quietly into the sacred precinct, the men uncovering as they enter.

Within sight of Siwash Rock, famous for centuries in Indian lore, and to which Pauline Johnson has given an added touch of historic romance in that legand which the great Chief of the Capilanos related to her, she sleeps, this Indian girl who came from the land of the rising run to rest at the gate of "the rose-gold westland." A few yards to the west of the tomb the blue waters of the Pacific lash, or gently lap in lazy melody, the rocky shore. To the near north are piled the everlasting mountains, their heads white with the eternal snows. Filmy white and misty vapory grey clouds hang low like cobwebs adown their empurpled slopes, emerald foliaged as they near the sea and swathed in velvet-soft verdure.

The hum, the rush of the great city does not reach this peaceful nook. Ships sail out of the harbor to the Orient, and ships come slowly in from those distant lands, silently slipping to and fro within close hailing distance of Pauline Johnson's home port.

The mountains, the sea, the forest, the things she loved—all nature lies round and about where sleeps this daughter of Canada, this child of the redman, this sweet songstress of the people; whose spirit she reminded us would ever hover near—just across the Great Divide.

Minnesota Women Try Dress Reform.

Declaring that the present styles in dresses are not fit for modest women, and those who refuse to wear tight skirts are obliged to do without new garments, the Fourth district of the Federation of Women's clubs of Minnesota has stated a dress reform which it is proposed to make nation wide.

Recently the board wrote to every manufacturer and buyer of ready made clothing for women and to every manufacturer and publisher of dress patterns making an appeal for modification of the present styles. The letter being sent to the clothing manufacturers reads:

"The executive board of the Fourth district of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs, at the request of a number of women, ask that, beginning with the next season, there be furnished some very attractive, up to date garments where the width at the bottom of the skirts shall be two yards for a woman of thirty-six inch bust measure, well proportioned, not drawing tight across the form at any part, and reaching within three inches of the shoe; other sizes in proportion.

"Many women under protest have been obliged to use the present styles of ready made clothing, but very many have informed us that they have done without new garments rather than buy such as have been offered during the last few months. We ask for some different styles for modest gentlewomen from those suited to the demimondaine."

The appeal to the manufacturers and publishers of patterns is worded the same, except that the letter states that few women who use patterns are competent to make changes in them and that many object seriously to the styles furnished during the last few months and ask relief. The pattern makers are asked to change their product for the next month's issue of patterns.

The Signal.

"How do you endure listening to Biggins' funny stories? He spoils them by laughing at them himself."

"That's what I like about him. You don't have to listen in order to laugh at the right time. All you have to do is to wait till he gives the signal."—Washington Star.

Amended.

An English official once said to Father Healy, the famous Irish wit: "Healy, I've got a crow to pick with you."

"Make it a turkey," said Father Healy, as quick as a wink, "and I'll join you at 6 sharp."

[illegible]

"Has Jack ever kissed you?"

"Never once."

"I know that. Jack isn't given to taking single kisses."—[illegible]

[illegible]

MISSIONARY PRINCE VERY PRACTICAL

Marries Wife in United States and Saves His Father Thirty Cows.

New York, Oct. 12.—Nadikane Q. Cele, Jr., a genuine Zulu prince from Durban, Natal, South Africa, will sail for South Africa on November 1 as a missionary from Hampton institute. An American negress will sail with the prince as his bride. Practical as well as romantic, the price has decided to marry the lady, whose home is in Danville, Va., as an American wife costs nothing, whereas if he married in his own country his father would have to hand over at least 25 or 30 cows. This is the usual cost of a Zulu wife.

The prince's father, a governor under the Zulu king, who rules over three or four million people, was converted to Christianity about thirty years ago and wanted to give one of his sons a Christian education. Prince Nadikane was chosen and came to this country nine years ago to study. He completed a course in the Slater Industrial school, North Carolina, and later at Hampton institute, Virginia. He then made a lecture tour about the country for Hampton, for which services the school will pay his salary as a missionary in South Africa.

He explains the work waiting for him in Zululand by describing some of the customs among his people, which he desires to change. At present a Zulu man in order to be a "big man" in his tribe, must have from 10 to 25 wives, who do all the work for the lord of the household. For each wife, however, he must give from 12 to 40 cows and $25 or $30 to her father. Lucky and rich is the father there who has many daughters, but very poor, and recognized as such, said the prince, is the man blessed only with sons.

To Kill Polygamy.

This polygamy the prince hopes to wipe out, as well as the native form of worship. The Zulus, he said, have three gods for the sole reason that they do not wish to tire one by praying to him or her all the time. Also, they pray to their gods once in every three months, for each man is supposed to be so good that he needs prayer no more frequently. In order to effect these reforms by education and religious teaching, he will build an industrial school as an addition to the only academy at which Zulu students are boarded in South Africa. For this he is raising $10,000 by lecturing.

There is great hope, the prince said, for good results from this educational work, because the Zulus are naturally skillful, very religious, and easily taught. At present there are about 100 mission stations in Zululand, and the white and native leaders have made great progress. One of the signs of the Zulu's conversion, he said, was the wearing of clothes. That the native tailors were beginning to do a real business, he added, was one of the indications of advancing civilization in Zululand.

The prince says he will be married on October 20 to Julia I. Smith, a Hampton institute girl, at Danville, Va. "You see," he says, "if I wait until I get home to marry I would have to marry the daughter of a governor—that is, a princess—and that would cost my father about 25 or 30 cows, so I thought I might as well marry here. My wife will help me in the missionary work among the women."

IDENTIFIED BODY AS HIS OWN CORPSE

Insurance Fakir in Toils—Mystery of Broken Rib Looks Bad for Him.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 12.—James C. La France, who confesses having defrauded fraternal insurance companies of nearly $16,000 by false representation of death, sat at the opening of his trial in the circuit court yesterday and heard himself identified as the stranger who had led four fishermen to a spot on the Clackamas river, near Estacada, and pointed out to them the body which he claimed to have just discovered, and which bore the clothing and effects which led to his identification as that of La France.

Aside from this, the most interesting development of the first day of the trial was the declaration by Deputy District Attorney McGuire that evidence has been discovered indicating that the man whose body La France passed as his own had met death by violence, a broken rib in the body being the chief basis of the theory. [illegible]

C. E. Walsh, deputy coroner of Clackamas county, testified that he had examined the body and believed the rib had been broken by a bullet. [illegible]

Grocery Bulletin

White Swan soap, 7 full weight bars ..... 25¢
Capitol Naptha soap, 5 for 25¢
Taylor's soap powder, 4-pound package ..... 25¢
White Bear brand borax soap flakes, 2 for ..... 25¢
Soap chips in bulk, lb. ..... 10¢
Lux, 3 packages ..... 25¢
Ammonia, 2 bottles ..... 25¢
Old Dutch Cleanser, 3 tins 25¢
Best creamery butter, 2 lbs. 75¢
Local new laid eggs, doz. ..... 55¢
Not-a-Seed raisins, 2 for ..... 25¢
Reclaaned currants, lb. ..... 10¢

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MATHESON & JACOBSON.
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2nd St. and 15th Ave.

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Greater Westminster

All notices of meetings, entertainments, sales of work, etc., in this column are charged for at the rate of 10 cents per line. Please do not ask members of the staff to break this rule, as their instructions are positive.

Euchre Party.

A euchre party in aid of the Maillardville brass band will be held in the church hall on Tuesday evening, Oct. 14.

Issue Gun Licenses.

Gun licenses are being taken out at the government agent's office in preparation for the opening of the hunting season on Wednesday.

Money to loan on first mortgages, improved city and farm property, 9 per cent. Alfred W. McLeod. (2159)

Rebate Period Extended.

The rebate period within which ratepayers of Coquitlam paying their taxes can secure a remission of 10 per cent has been extended until Oct. 31.

Meet Tomorrow.

The Ladies' association of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church meets tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the church school room.

Young People to Meet.

Young peoples' societies of churches in the city will hold a meeting this week in Sixth Avenue Methodist church, and will be addressed by Dr. Sanford.

Organist Back.

Mrs. F. Cameron, organist of the West End Methodist church, was again in her place at the keyboard yesterday after an absence of several months.

Folk dances and gymnastics. Miss Goddards' childrens' class Monday, 4 p.m., St. George's hall. Adults 8 p.m. Adult dancing class St. Mary's hall, Sapperton, Thursday, October 16. 8 p.m. (2213)

Y. W. C. A. Classes.

Succcess is greeting the efforts to form physical culture classes at the Y. W. C. A. no less than 40 having made application for membership. The classes are in charge of Mrs. Lambert, of Vancouver.

Burnaby Summer Flower Show.

The first annual meeting of the Burnaby Horticultural society will be held in Moreton hall, Edmonds, on Thursday evening, Oct. 23, when a report of the summer flower show will be made and officers elected for the ensuing year.

C. H. Diamond's barber shop in now located at 741 Columbia street, in the store formerly occupied by S. F. Mark having been moved from 36 Begbie street. (2213)

Like Its Looks.

A white coating recently applied to the east side of the Westminster Trust building is an improvement. At least this is the opinion expressed by most Columbia street habitants.

Hotel Contract Signed.

The contract for the addition to the Liverpool Arms hotel is understood to have been signed between Talmage Campbell, proprietor, and W. J. Sloan, of the firm of Sloan & Harrison, on Saturday morning. Work will be started on the building this week.

Pie for Them.

A pumpkin pie dinner will be held tonight in St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church in connection with yesterday's harvest Thanksgiving service. After the dinner the quarterly congregational meeting will take place.

H. J. Russell, proprietor of the Westminster Auction house, has secured the contract for the entire furnishing of the Depot hotel on Columbia street. The hotel contains 72 rooms and Mr. Russell who has only been in business in the Kings hotel block for the past eight weeks, is to be congratulated on securing the contract.

To Resume Sittings.

R. A. Stoney, a member of the royal commission on labor, received word Saturday morning that the commission would resume its sittings in Victoria on Wednesday, Oct. 22. One session will be held in Victoria and in Duncans. After that the commissioners will gather in Victoria in order to prepare their report to be presented at the next session of the provincial legislature.

For all building supplies and fuel oil apply to the B. C. Transport Co., Ltd., 505 Westminster Trust building. Office phone 826, wharf phone 880. (2158)

New Organists.

Late last week members of the choir of St. Paul's Episcopal church met at the rectory to bid farewell to the organist, Percy Bell. Short speeches in praise of Mr. and Mrs. Bell were made by Rev. C. E. Wincott, A. Sheppard, Miss Vera Gilley, Miss Henry and Miss Coates. H. Jobe has been appointed to take Mr. Bell's place, the latter becoming organist at Olivet Baptist church.

Dominion hotel rooms now open under new management. All rooms furnished completely, steam heated, also hot and cold water in each room. Special rates to weekly or monthly tenants. Miss Bass, manageress. (2204)

To Talk Dollars.

The board of school trustees will hold a special meeting tonight in connection with the new Duke of Connaught high school. The work on the new building was examined by the trustees on Saturday and tonight a course of action relating to settling financial matters between the contractors and the board will be discussed.

Reception to College Students.

On Friday, Oct. 10, a reception was tendered to the students of Columbian college, New Westminster, by Principal and Mrs. Sanford. The hall was tastefully decorated and the animated scene within the college precincts was in great contrast to the inclement weather without. Between the promenading a choice program was rendered by college and local artists. After partaking of light refreshments and singing the National Anthem, hearty cheers were given for Principal and Mrs. Sanford, followed by the college yell and the singing of "Good Night Ladies."

$1,000,000 Burnaby Loan.

The agreement between the Burnaby municipality and Boulton Bros., the London financiers, will probably be brought up at the meeting of the council this evening. The loan of one million dollars which has just been negotiated, was over-subscribed on the London market last week, so that this sum will be available within the next two weeks.

Insure with Alfred W. McLeod, the insurance man. All kinds written. Hundreds of millions to pay losses. (2159)

Lecture on Child Culture.

A meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Wm. McAdam, 1022, Seventh avenue, the address to be made by Mrs. (Rev.) T. H. Wright, recording secretary, Jubilee. Mothers are invited to bring their children who will be cared for in an adjoining room. Mrs. Wright will lecture on "Child Culture."

Local Council of Women.

The regular meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in St. Stephen's church. Special business is on the agenda including voting to be taken for the election of a director on the Royal Columbian hospital board. The report of the committee that handled the hospital tea tent at the recent provincial exhibition will also be received.

Round trip fare $39.60 New Westminster to San Francisco, Cal., via Great Northern railway account Portola celebration, October 22-25th, on sale October 18th to 20th, return limit good November 10th. (2187)

Lecture This Evening.

Rev. Dr. A. M. Sanford, principal of Columbian college, will deliver an address in the Queen's Avenue Methodist church at 8 o'clock this evening, the occasion being in connection with the rally of Christian Endeavor societies in the city. Election of officers will take place at the meeting.

Form More Unions.

Representatives of the New Westminster Trades and Labor council will journey to Vancouver to take up matters in connection with organizing several more unions in this city who have members affiliated at the present time with the Vancouver locals.

30 Days Campaign.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, are making an urgent appeal to their present subscribers to send in renewal subscriptions during October and relieve the enormous rush at the close of the year. It is a reasonable request from a newspaper in such great demand, and subscribers have nothing to lose by complying. The Family Herald and Weekly Star is looking for a bigger season than ever before. It is indeed a big dollar's worth.

For plumbing, heating and sheet metal work consult Merrithew & Ramsay, Eighth and Carnarvon streets. Phone 586. (2148)

Rural Mail Delivery.

A meeting of the rural mail delivery committee appointed by the Coquitlam ratepayers was held at Reeve Barth's residence, Pitt River road, last week, when the work of marking the maps at the points of delivery, and making out the list of those persons to be accommodated, was completed. Reeve Barth has forwarded the documents to the postoffice authorities and upon receipt of any definite communication from them will call a public meeting.

Coming Civic Elections.

The opening gun in the civic elections will probably be fired in St. Mary's hall, Sapperton, on Tuesday evening when the Sapperton Ratepayers' association hold their regular meeting. Several important discussions are on the agenda including the raising of fares on the B. C. E. R. and also the bylaw and plebiscite to be voted on next Saturday, October 18. It is reported that mention will be made as to the coming civic elections many of the Sapperton ratepayers being of the belief that they should have more representation on the city council and school board.

Underwent Successful Operation

Fred and William Marshall, sons of A. G. Marshall, South Westminster, returned home on Thursday night from a visit to England. F. Marshall, a young man, went to the old country chiefly to consult the best surgeons in London regarding a troublesome lameness in one of his limbs, resulting from a severe fever. The result of several severe operations in St. Thomas' hospital has been most beneficial and there is every reason to believe that a permanent cure has been effected. The lads enjoyed their trip, otherwise, immensely, revisiting their friends and the scenes of their more youthful days, and their return, stout and hearty with the good results attending, have gladdened the hearts not only of their parents but of their many friends.

Social *and* Personal

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Swan left Friday evening for a visit to Eeastern Canada. They will remain about a month, returning by way of the States.

Mr. Bernard Corbould who returned last week from Hazelton, left on Saturday evening for Toronto where he will resume his studies at the School of Practical Science.

Miss C. P. Wright left for Victoria on Thursday evening and will be the guests of Mrs. A. S. Scholefield.

At the ladies' monthly medal competition at the Vancouver Golf and Country club this month, the senior spoon was won by Miss Peele and the junior by Miss DeWolf Smith.

WORRIES COQUITLAM COUNCIL

Red Light Area in Precincts of Municipality—Frequenters Escape

The blot of a red light area in the district municipality of Coquitlam, just over the border of Port Coquitlam city limits is giving the rural council deep concern. On Saturday two women pleaded guilty to keeping disorderly houses and were fined $50 and $40. Three female inmates were fined $5 each. The penalties carried $3.50 costs in addition.

Police Magistrate Smith expressed regret that the lack of accommodation in the provincial jail at New Westminster prevented his sending the women to prison, but warned them that the new act provided for $200 fines to lessees of such houses, as well as more drastic penalties against inmates and frequenters. The municipality was determined to stamp out the evil from their midst and he did not believe in hauling them up every five or six weeks and letting them run these places in the intervals.

OBITUARY.

RENAUX—The funeral of Charles Barome Renaux, aged 37 years, who died at Maillardville, on Friday afternoon, took place yesterday in the Catholic cemetery, Sapperton. Rev. Father Garon celebrated a requiem mass in the Maillardville church yesterday morning.

Deceased was for a considerable time mining in the Klondike and after a protracted illness died at the residence of his brother-in-law, G. A. Brunette.

CAMERON—The death of Charles Christy Cameron occurred at his home, 315 Sherbrooke street, on Saturday evening. Deceased was 65 years of age and was a former resident of Cloverdale. The funeral will be held under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence.

DANBY—The funeral of Frank, the eight months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Danby, 1023 Fourth avenue, will be held this afternoon. Interment will take place in the Church of England cemetery.

I. O. O. F.

FUNERAL NOTICE:

Royal City lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F., is requested to meet at the Odd Fellows' hall at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday, October 14, 1913, for the purpose of attending the funeral of late Brother C. C. Cameron, of Cloverdale lodge No. 5, from the residence, Sheppard street. Members of Amity lodge No. 27 and sister lodges are expected to attend.

S. BOWELL,
Noble Grand.
(2225)

City of New Westminster

PUBLIC MEETING

A public meeting will be held at the council chamber, city hall, on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 8 p. m. to discuss the "New Westminster Gas Company Purchase Bylaw 1913;" the "New Westminster Debenture Interest Conversion Bylaw 1913," and also the proposed agreement between the Vancouver Power company, the Dominion government and the city of New Westminster in respect to Coquitlam dam.

A. W. GRAY, Mayor.
Mayor's office, Oct. 11, 1913. (2217)

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Men's Fleece Lined Underwear—Union make; heavy fleece; strong, durable quality; all sizes. Per garment **65¢.**

Natural Wool Underwear—Penangle superior quality garments, of standard repute for both wear and satisfaction; every size. Per garment **$1.25.**

Heavy Ribbed Wool Underwear—A strong wearing garment; for out-of-doors wear; made in ample sizes. Per garment **$1.25.**

Scotch Wool Underwear—A heavy weight; very warm and comfortable; all sizes. Special value at per garment **$1.25.**

Extra Heavy Ribbed Underwear—Elastic knit; thick and warm; all sizes. Per garment **$1.50.**

All the finer makes of Stanfield's popular underwear for particular men; both in two-piece and combination garments; all sizes. Priced, per garment from **$1.25** to **$3.75.**

Wolsey Underwear for men; higher in price, but the acme of value. This is one of the best medium weight underwear made today. Ask to see it in our department; stocked in all sizes, single garment style, per garment **$3.00.** Combination Suits, per garment **$6.00.**

BOYS' UNDERWEAR AND JERSEYS.

Boys' fleece lined underwear; union suits; made for hard wear; all sizes. Priced, per garment at **45¢.** to **50¢.**

Boys' wool cashmere and knit Jerseys; a full stock of sizes and different colors to select from; some very special values. Priced from **75¢.** to **$1.25**

Boys' sweater coats; all sizes; every color. Priced from **$1.00** to **$4.50.**

Children's wool knit suits in the smaller sizes; suits complete, priced **$2.50** and **$2.75.**

Children's Hygenian fleece lined sleeping combinations for 1 year to 8 years at **75¢.**, **$1.00** and **$1.25.**

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

Ladies' white and natural colored heavy fleece lined vest; open and closed drawers, **35¢.**, **50¢.**, **65¢.**, **75¢.**

Ladies' fine white union wool underwear; vests and open and closed drawers; all sizes **85¢.** and **$1.00.**

Ladies' superfine natural wool Penangle two-piece underwear; all sizes. Per garment **$1.50.**

Ladies' superfine natural wool Penangle combination suits. Price **$3.00.**

Ladies fine all wool two-piece underwear. Price **$1.50.**

Ladies' white and natural colored combinations at **85¢.**, **$1.00** and **$1.25.**

Ladies' white and natural union wool combinations at **$1.50** and **$1.75.**

Ladies' superfine white wool combinations; all sizes at **$2.00**, **$2.50**, and **$2.75.**

Children's natural colored fleece lined two-piece underwear; sizes 1 to 14 years at **15¢.** to **45¢.**

Children's superfine natural wool Penman's vests and drawers; sizes 4 years to 15 years. Price **$1.00**, **$1.15** and **$1.25.**

Misses' fine natural wool combination suits at **$1.00** and **$1.15.**

LARGEST STOCK OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S NEW FALL COATS IN THIS CITY.

Coat buying time is right on us now and this store has a very large assortment ready for you to choose from; hundreds of coats for women and children; smart and useful coats in new tweeds and coatings; leatherette and corded velour motor coats; rich coats in silk, velvet and plush and dainty coats for evening and semi-evening wear, and for the misses and children. We give you a broad assortment, in every size and many pretty styles to select from; popular cash store prices on every garment. It will well repay you to visit this selection before purchasing.

Special Prices on Warm Bedding, Blankets, Pillows and Comforters

All wool blankets; in full double bed size, 64x54; six pounds to the pair; either blue or pink border. This is a grand value at, per pair **$5.50.**

A special sale of Comforters, in various new chintz; different colorings. These are well filled. Special for this week, each at **75¢.**

A full double bed size comforter; in new design chintz; well made and filled. A great value at each **$1.25.**

Feather Pillows; full size, in art ticks; guaranteed purified feathers. Special values at **75¢.**, **95¢.** and **$1.25.**

White Grecian Bedspreads in a good heavy weight; full bed size. Very special value at **$1.25.**

Extra Values in Folding Go-Carts and Buggies

Just received, a splendid assortment of Folding Go-Carts and Prams, in many different styles, both with upright sitting and lay-down carriages; some with hoods. Special prices for this shipment at **$3.00**, **$3.50**, **$5.75** and **$5.95.**

Also a number of better grade carts, with very superior fittings and well upholstered; a good variety to choose from. Prices **$9.75** to **$20.00.**

English Prams, for particular parents; with easy riding springs and carriage upholstering; absolutely the best quality and finish. These are priced at **$19.00** to **$35.00.**

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Fresh Eastern eggs, doz. .40c. to 50c.
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SUNDAYS—6, 7, 7.30 8 and 8.30 and every 15 minutes until 11 p.m. with late car at midnight.

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RUSH HOUR SPECIALS—7.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.
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FOR HUNTINGDON AND WAY POINTS—4.05 p.m.

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