The New Westminster Times.

No. 3. vol. iii. New Westminster, Saturday, October 6, 1860. Price, 1s.

THE POPE'S IRISH BRIGADE.

(*From the London Times.*)

Punishment in the case of the Pope's Irish Brigade has not hobbled up with her proverbially halting steps. The old beldam, for once, has come upon her victims swift and straight as an arrow from a bow. The wretched creatures who were kidnapped by the recruiting agents of the Roman Pontiff have learnt, to their cost, that there are worse creatures in the world than the well-abused Anglo-Saxons, on whom they have been venting their picturesque discontent ever since we were all little boys together; and, oh! but it is grand to hear the Pope taken in hand by "His Own!" it is not we who say it—not we but a returned recruit, who loved the Pope so that he went to shed his blood in his defence. Here is a sketch from life for you:—"Rome is a small place, and the streets are narrow, and so filthy that every one is like a stench-hole, while the beggars that follow you everywhere look so miserable and wretched that they nearly break your heart to hear them cry for 'Bread, bread,' while the priests are seen everywhere eating, drinking, and smoking, as if they had nothing else in the world to do. Oh! how my heart panted for Old Ireland, and how I prayed to be away from this accursed place!" Many other travellers had arrived at the same conclusion as the Pope's Irish recruit; but they were heretics, and, of course, their testimony did not go for much. It is curious enough that just side by side with the 'impressions de voyage' of the Pope's Irish recruit we have a report of some statistical proceedings which have just taken place in the county of Cork. From these it appears that within the last twenty years there has been an increase in the county of Cork of one hundred thousand acres of land producing food crops. Pigs have slightly decreased, but horned cattle within the twenty years have more than doubled in number. The exports of butter in annual value amount to one million pounds sterling. Contrast the condition of Ireland with that of the Pope's peculiar city. Let us, however, for the moment confine ourselves to the adventures of the Pope's Own. One hundred and sixteen of these unfortunates turned up last week at the office of the 'Nation,' bent upon having an interview with Mr. Sullivan, who had led them to believe that if they would join the Pope's army they would receive two shillings a day and the 'heighth of treatment.' Mr. Sullivan however most judiciously would have nothing to say them. The Dublin priests shut their doors in the faces of the starvelings who had gone to fight for their spiritual chief, but had returned in rags, without glory, and without having struck one blow for the true faith. The substance of the statements made by these wretched creatures may be given as follows: They were recruited in Dublin by Mr. Sullivan, and each got twelve shillings and sixpence as his passage money to Liverpool. At Liverpool they were taken in hand by a certain Father O'Reilly, who forwarded them on to Hull. It was on an unlucky day for themselves that they quitted the shores of England, for from the moment they were passed on board the Antwerp steamer as deck passengers their real sufferings began. From Antwerp they were drafted on to Rome in due course, but they were much dissatisfied with their treatment during the transit. They were put to sleep on the floors and stables of watch-houses. Their food was black bread and beer, diversified with Maccaroni soup, and occasionally a slice of 'stinking German sausage' for a relish. Even these delicacies were administered only twice during the twenty-four hours, and in such small quantities and of such bad quality 'that they served rather as emetics than as satisfiers of the appetite.' The recruits admit, or rather loudly declare, that English work-house paupers are treated as gentlemen in comparison with the treatment they received at the hands of the Roman Pontiff's recruiting sergeants. All this was hard enough of endurance, but it was not until they were fairly within the Papal dominions that they discovered there was a deeper depth of misery even than this.

On their march from Macerata to Rome the weather was so hot that they could scarcely stand up against it. They say they were called upon to march an average of forty miles a day on one meal of brown bread and bad soup. This was bad enough, but, as though it had been seriously intended to mock the men in their misery, there was a certain Dr. O'Loughlin, from Waterford, who accompanied the forlorn Brigade but the rev. gentleman had taken care to provide himself with what the poor men called a 'car' with a pair of horses. They remained at Rome three weeks in a state of utter wretchedness; strong men sank under the treatment, but there was no redress; the beggars begged of them as if they had anything to bestow, and the Priests laughed at them. How could they have been such fools as to come here at all. 'The priests,' say the recruits, 'appear to be both hated and despised by the soldiers and people of Rome, and we soon found, to our cost, what a set of hollow wretches they were.' Something of the same sort, though in more courteous terms, we ventured to hint before their departure, but, of course, ours were merely the suggestions of heretical envy, hatred and malice. Had the Irish known how infinitely superior was the position of the poorest wretch in Ireland to that of thousands upon thousands of the miserable creatures who live under the dominion of the priests, they certainly would not have sought to better their condition by throwing in their lot with the defenders of Pius IX. To do them but simple justice, we do not believe that, if they had known the real state of the case, they would, even for the consideration 2s. per diem and the 'heighth of good treatment,' have given their aid in perpetuation of such dire suffering and oppression. Where were the Irish recruits to turn in the midst of their misery? They went, as we always supposed they would go, to the English Consul, although they were told that if they applied to him they would be shot. Shooting or no shooting, however, they could hold out no longer, and so crept to the Consul's house at night and stated their case. From this gentleman they found help, although they admit themselves that they had forfeited all claim to it. Some of them feigned illness; some of them cut their legs; some of them maimed themselves, in order that they might get into hospital, and be sent home. They were willing to suffer anything 'rather than remain in that horrible service.' Such is the story which the Pope's recruits tell of the treatment they met with from his agents.

VICTORIA DRY GOODS STORE.

K. GAMBITZ,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

at his FIRE-PROOF STORE, where he is constantly supplied with NEW GOODS by every steamer, and has always on hand a splendid assortment of

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,

Silk, Velvet, and Cloth. Also a large variety of fine Silks and Bonnets.

An excellent variety of Alexander's KID GLOVES, and a full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, fine Frock Coats; Dress Coats; Over Coats; Vests and Pantaloons of different colors; Fashionable Silk Hats. Gilt Cornices, Curtain Rings, Window Shades, of all colors, French Cassimeres, Broadcloth, Beaver, and Pilot. Also—a full assortment of Tailors' Trimmings.

FAMILY FURNISHING GOODS.

Shawls, Alpacas, Merinos, DeLaines, Furs, Gloves, Riding Hats, Gauntlets, Cloaks, Mantillas, Velvets, Embroideries, Ribbons, Laces, Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil-Cloths, Paper Hangings, Mattings, etc., etc., and all other goods pertaining to the business, at the lowest prices.

N. B.—All orders from British Columbia, Oregon, or Washington Territory, by express or otherwise, will be promptly attended to.

m10-1y K. GAMBITZ.

PHILLIP HICK,

Government Bakery,

Has the best quality of Breads, Pies and Cakes.

KEEPS on hand a good assortment of Flour for country Trade also Pilot Bread, Soda, Sugar, and Butter Crackers.

A good assortment of family Groceries, and everything necessary for Bakers' use in the upper country, such as Fruit, Lard, &c., &c.

J. D. CARROLL, Yates-street, between Wharf and Government-streets, Victoria, Importer and Wholesale a Retail dealer in Wines and Liquors.

m17-3m

TRUETT, JONES, & ARRINGTON,

60, FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS and Importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, Cordials, Syrups, and every article in his line.

Dealers who may favor us with orders, may rest assured that we will endeavor to give satisfaction in the article, and dispatch in forwarding. n19-tc

GROVER & BAKER'S

New style noiseless

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

From $75 upwards.

THEY were awarded Two Premiums at the State Fair! One for machine sewing, and the only Premium for Fancy Quilting and Embroidery.

These machines sew from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no re-winding of thread, and finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand needle, as is required by other machines. On account of their simplicity, durability, ease of management, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing, they execute either heavy or fine work with equal facility, and without special adjustment.

The new machines introduced by the Grover & Baker Sewing-Machine Company, are of elegant finish, and their operation is rapid and very quiet. The case with which they can be managed is a distinguishing feature, and the stitch is the strongest, handsomest, and most elastic of any made.

Send for a circular. All machines warranted Silk, cotton, needles, etc., always on hand.

R. J. BROWN, Agent,

m21-tc 18, Montgomery street, San Francisco.

MACDONALD & CO.,

OFFICE ON YATES STREET, VICTORIA, pay the highest price for Gold Dust. Issue Sight cheques on Messrs. Tallant & Wilde, San Francisco, at "par." m10-3m

HENDERSON & BURNABY

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, ex Armistice, from London:

Superior Pale Sherry, in bulk;
Port Wine, choice, in cases;
Hennessy's Brandy } in cases;
McKenzie's Small Still Whiskey }
Vine Growers' Brandy, in bulk;
Tanqueray's Ginger Brandy, in cases;
&c., &c., &c.,

which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms

June 13th, 1860. tc

DICKSON, CAMPBELL, & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & CO., - - - London.
DICKSON, DEWOLF, & CO., - - San Francisco.

m21-3m

J. HERKIMER,

GROCER AND GENERAL DEALER,

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER,

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected stock of Family Groceries and Provisions. se22-tc

ELAM & HOWES,

4, CLAY STREET, ONE DOOR FROM THE NORTH-WEST CORNER OF FRONT STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO.

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow-ware, Fancy House-keeping Goods, Twines Cordage, Shoe and Saddlery Thread, Nets, Saines Corks, Floats, Fish-hooks and Lines, and Fishing Tackle of every variety.

Agents for Barbour's Irish Flax Shoe Thread, Gilling Thread, &c.

Agents for the American Net and Twine Manufacturing Co., Boston, Mass.

Agents for the Dolphin Manufacturing Company's Sail Twine, Cordage, &c.

The whole comprising the largest stock and best assortment of the above line of goods on the Pacific Coast, to which they are constantly receiving large additions by arrivals from Atlantic cities. The particular attention of the trade is solicited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at prices to defy competition. j20-4m

MESSRS. W. S. KIRKLAND & O.,

AGENTS,

7, King William Street, Strand,

LONDON, ENGLAND,

BEG to call the attention of readers of English newspapers in Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California to the advantage of subscribing to the "Evening Mail" newspaper, which is a reprint published three times a week, of all the leading articles, essays, correspondents' letters, and news of "The Times" London newspaper, everything but the advertisements, and can be sent *post free* to all parts of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California, via the United States, for £1 1s per quarter, or £4 per annum, paid in advance; thus being "The Times" at HALF PRICE.

Subscriptions received at the office of the "New Westminster Times," New Westminster, British Columbia. m2-1y

CALEDONIA BRIDGE END

IRON WORKS, VICTORIA.

DOUGALL & SON, Iron and Brass Founders, practical Engineers, Draughtsmen, &c. Machinery of every description made to order.

Agent in British Columbia, Mr. W. Winnard, Langley, March 21, 1860. 3m

DR. ROSENBAUM'S STOMACH BITTERS!

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation Loss of Appetite or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid action of the Stomach or Bowels.

All of these diseases you will soon be relieved of, by use of these Bitters, as per directions on the Bottles. This great anti-dyspeptic is the result of profound and elaborate study of one of the most celebrated physicians of the present century, in the accomplishment of which he has spent both time and money. We do not hesitate to affirm that where Dr. Rosenbaum's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur. It has been analyzed by the most scientific chemists in the Medical Faculty, and is now prescribed by nine-tenths of the Physicians of the land. Try them—test them—on your constitution, and go your way rejoicing.

Are you dyspeptic?—take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious?—try one of these bottles and be relieved at once.

Are you annoyed by indigestion or constipation?—remove the cause by a free use of the Bitters.

Have you fever and ague?—cure and prevent this destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters.

The superiority of these Bitters has induced many to put up a spurious article. To prevent deception in future, each cork will be branded, "N. B. JACOBS & Co." And the labels will bear our own signature, without which, none are genuine.

CAUTION.—Consumers of Rosenbaum's Bitters are cautioned against the many counterfeits now afloat in the market, and especially against a cheap and worthless article called Rosenschf's Bitters, put up in this by Messrs. Turner Bro.'s, with the avowed intention of preying on the well-earned reputation of Rosenbaum's Bitters, as a remedial agent in all cases of Dyspepsia and similar diseases. The genuine Rosenbaum has our name branded on each cork, and our signature on each label.

N. B. JACOBS & Co., Proprietors

m21-6m Sansome st., corner Commercial.

LIQUORS, &c.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & Co., have for sale in store, and to arrive,

Martell Brandy,
Booth's Old Tom, in puncheons,
Booths Old Tom, in cases,
Burnett's Old Tom in cases,
McKenzie's Old Tom, in cases,
Tanqueray & Co.'s Old Tom, in cases,
Scotch Whiskey, in puncheons,
Scotch Whiskey, in cases
Jamaica Rum, in puncheons,
Wines of every description

—ALSO—

The finest Burton and Scotch Ales,
Bottled do do
Devonshire Cider, in cases.

March 21, 1860. 3m

WEBSTER & CO.,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Dealers in BOOTS and SHOES, Leather, and Findings, of every description.

Also—Ladies' Shoes of all kinds. m117-3m

JONAS G. CLARK & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

of every description,

128, Washington street, San Francisco.

49 and 51, Fourth street, between J. and K streets, Sacramento.

Hunter street, between Main and Levee, Stockton. And First street, San Jose. je20-3m

COLONIAL HOTEL,

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

PROSPER & FRANK GRELLEY, would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened their NEW HOTEL, and are ready to accommodate travellers or residents of New Westminster with the choicest eatables the market affords. The sleeping apartments are fitted up in a style that neither Vancouver Island nor British Columbia can excel, and the wines and liqueurs, while enumerating all that a first-rate hotel should boast of, are of the very best and finest description.

Private dining rooms can be always obtained, and dinners, &c., gotten up on the shortest notice.

m9-3m

MALE AND FEMALE EMPLOYMENT.—Geo. W Chapin & Co.'s Male and Female Employment Office, under the supervision of the Young Mens' Christian Association. Particular attention paid to supplying private families with servants of all kinds.

Also, have a House Brokerage, and Real Estate Agency Office, collect Bills, Rents, etc.

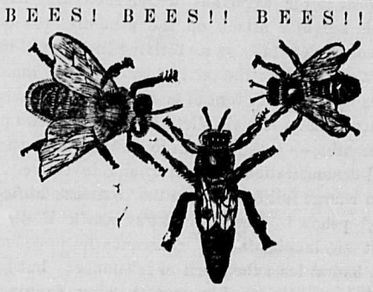
GEO. W. CHAPIN & Co.,

f15-tc N. E. cor. Clay and Kearny streets.

JAMES PATRICK, and Co., San Francisco,

mh21 tc Sole Agents for California.

BEES! BEES!! BEES!!!



—FOR SALE BY—

J. Y. WILSON,

No. 10, COMMERCIAL-STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

I OFFER for sale a large number of fine swarms of CALIFORNIA BEES, in every kind of moveable-frame Hive worthy of mention.

These Bees were bred in Alameda county, under the supervision of Mr. N. W. Palmer, one of the most skillful Apiarists in the State.

The extensive manner in which I have engaged in the Bee business gives me extra facilities for furnishing Bees in stronger and healthier Swarms, and at a LOWER RATE than any other dealer in the state.

Full instructions for the management of Bees, and all particulars respecting them can be had by applying to J. Y. WILSON,

at the Oregon and California Provision depot No. 19, Commercial-street, San Francisco.

☞ Parties wishing BEES can have them forwarded by Wells Fargo & Co.'s Express to any part of California, Oregon, Washington Territory, or British Columbia. ju13-6m

CURTIS & MOORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

IMPORTERS OF

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, White Lead, Camphene Alcohol, Coal Oil and Coal Oil Lamps, GARDEN, FRUIT, FLOWER, AND FIELD SEEDS. Agents for all the celebrated Patent Medicines. Orders promptly filled at San Francisco rates.

a11-6m

THESE JUSTLY CELEBRATED

BITTERS

ARE the most refreshing and agreeable tonic ever produced, being manufactured from the pure Juice of the Grape, imparts to the whole system health, vigor and strength. It is a sure preventive of all diseases of a bilious nature. Costiveness, Indigestion, Fever and Ague, and removes from the stomach all dullness of action.

For Sale by all the Druggists and Liquor Dealers throughout the United States.

GEO. T. GRIMES,

San Francisco.

Sole Agent for San Francisco.

CHOICE OLD WINES AND BRANDIES.

W. H. OLIVER,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FINE OLD WINES, BRANDIES, & SPIRITS

Johnson street, opposite Wharf street,

Is in constant receipt, by every arrival, of new and fresh goods belonging to the trade, in bulk and cases.

Traders, dealers, and Proprietors of Bars, are invited to call and examine my stock, where they will find a most complete and full assortment of everything comprised in the Liquor line, and at the lowest prices.

SUPERIOR CALIFORNIA WINE,

a very choice, light, and pure wine for family use, in cases and packages. Its purity can be depended upon, and is worthy the attention of all connoisseurs.

je20-1m

H. WATERS, TINSMITH, &c.,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

INFORMS the Traders and Miners of Fraser River that he is now prepared to furnish all kinds of camping utensils, in Tin, Iron, and Copper, fit for Miners and Family use.

Also, Gutters and Leaders.

Job Work promptly attended to a43m

MAYER, REINHART, & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND IMPORTERS OF

WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, AND CIGARS

Liverpool Wharf

NEW WESTMINSTER,

BEG TO INFORM Traders and Miners, and the public generally, that they now have on hand a large

STOCK OF

ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,

suitable for

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

They will hereafter receive all their goods direct from San Francisco, and be enabled to sell at VICTORIA PRICES.

RECEIVED EX N. S. PERKINS and WAVELET from San Francisco direct,

200 bbls Golden Age Flour;
100 do Golden Gate do
55 do Eureka do
50 do Eclipse do
25 do Self-rising do
200 sacks Barley;
350 sacks Beans;
200 mats China, No. 1, Rice;
200 mats China, No. 1, Sugar.

Also for sale, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Candles, Soap Cheese, Coffee, Teas, N. O. and S. I. Sugars, Powdered and Crushed Sugars, Boston Syrups, Assorted Syrups, Hunt's and Collins' Axes, Wrought and Cut Nails, Powder, shot, and Percussion Caps, Pitch and Tar, all sizes of Rope, and Boats' Oars.

A LARGE

ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING

Hats,
Caps, Boots,
Shoes, Tobacco,
Cigars, Stationery,
Perfumery, Duck, Drilling
Dry, Fancy, and Millinery Goods.

—also—

A large variety of Ribbons, Bonnet, and Dress Trimmings, Musical Instruments, Table and Pocket Cutlery Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs, FRESH GARDEN SEEDS, CARPETS, DRUGGETS, MATTING, &c., &c.

m21-1m

LANGLEY BROTHERS,

IMPORTING DRUGGISTS,

Yates-street, Victoria,

HAVE received, direct from London, a choice selection of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

PATENT MEDICINES, and PERFUMERY.

ATKINSON'S INFANT'S PRESERVATIVE.
Cockle's Anti-Bilious Pills,
Keating's Cough Lozenges,
Murray's Fluid Magnesia,
Curling's Sparkling Citrate of Magnesia,
Superior Seidletz Powders,
Essential Oil of Ripstone Pippin,
Essential Oil of Pine Apple,
Essential Oil of Strawberry,
Essential Oil of Raspberry,
Essential Oil of Jargonel Pears,
Essential Oil of Nectar,
Rowland's Macassar Oil,
Rowland's Odonto,
Rowland's Kalydor,
Gosnell's Colognes,
Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Paste,
Gosnell's Soaps,
Gosnell's Hair Brushes. se22-tc

FRASER RIVER PICKLED AND SMOKED SALMON

FOR SALE a large quantity of Pickled and Smoked Salmon, cured this season in the best style, by the Pioneer fisherman,

C. H. MORSE,

Fort Langley,

Any orders left with the Purser of the steamer Col. Moody, will meet with prompt attention. Prices moderate. au15-3m

J. B. PAINTER,

(SUCCESSOR TO O'MEARA & PAINTER)

THANKFUL for the past favors shown the late firm would respectfully inform Printers that owing to increased facilities, and recent instructions from the Foundry, he is now prepared to sell Plain and Ornamental Type, Presses, Printing Material, Paper, Cards and Printers' Stock generally, 132, Clay-street, near Sansome, San Francisco.

THE NEW WESTMINSTER TIMES.

This journal is published every Saturday morning at the office, Columbia-street, New Westminster, in time for the up river and Victoria steamers. Single copy, price 1s., or 25 cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or $4.50, and yearly, £1 10s., or $7.50.

Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

AGENTS FOR THE NEW WESTMINSTER TIMES.

VICTORIA—W. F. HERRE, Yates-street.
YALE—Mr. HUMPHREY.
PORT DOUGLAS—Mr. THOS. COOPER.
FORT HOPE—Mr. J. H. Merrit.
SHIMILKOMEEN AND ROCK CREEK.
SAN FRANCISCO—Mr. THOS. BOYCE, corner Montgomery and Washington-streets.
CAYOOSH—Mr. A. MacDonald.
NANAIMO—Mr. M'Innes.
LONDON—Messrs. W. L. Kirkland and Co., (Evening Mail) No. 7, King William-street, Strand.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR ADVERTISING.

		$ cts.
ONE INCH, OR UNDER	One insertion	1 25
" "	One month	4 00
" "	Three months	10 00
" "	Six months	17 50
TWO INCHES, OR LESS	One insertion	2 00
" "	One month	6 00
" "	Three months	17 50
" "	Six months	30 00
FOUR INCHES, OR LESS	One insertion	3 75
" "	One month	11 00
" "	Three months	30 00

Advertisements of larger dimensions, or for longer periods as per agreement.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

All Advertisements for insertion in the *New Westminster Times* must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid for each month in advance.

New Westminster Times.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6.

'Distance' may lend 'enchantment to the view;' but we question very much if the position of British Columbia and 'its dependencies' has this effect on the vision of the Mother Country—unless, indeed, the enchantment, like the dreamy exhilaration of the opium eater, partakes largely of the oblivious. Were it not, in fact, for an occasional glimpse of the uniform of a Royal Engineer, we might entertain very serious doubts as to the British Government being cognisant of the fact that an English colony exists in this portion of the Western Hemisphere. Scarcely a week goes over but some one or other of the British colonies is brought before the notice of the Government in the Parliamentary proceedings of the House of Commons, but the name of British Columbia seems to be as effectually tabooed as a criminal sanctuary in the pacific Islands. Why is this? Does the snobbishness that prevails amongst the weak-minded portions of society also exist amongst enlightened statesmen? Is the poor, hard-working, self-supporting colony, like the individual, to receive the cold shoulder, and the voluptuous, debt-contracting country, like its animate fac simile, to meet with every attention? If this be so the sooner we get into debt the better, and the sooner will two very important objects be effected: for, every thousand pounds we obtain in this manner from Great Britain will not only draw the bonds of relationship closer, and render British Columbia less isolated, but it will enable us in the first place to make the necessary preparation to receive a British population, and in the second to obtain that population from the British Isles. This is the only British colony of importance that does not possess Emigration Commissioners in England. Every week vessels sail from the Mersey and the Thames, laden with immigrants for Australasia, Canada, and the Cape of Good Hope, but not a single emigrant ship has yet left for British Columbia. We must at once endeavor to remedy this state of affairs. We have previously shown that we possess greater inducements to immigration than any of these countries—the climate itself, with perhaps the exception of the Cape, is better adapted to the inhabitants of Great Britain. All it requires, in fact, to place ourselves on an equal footing with other colonies in the way of immigration is something like vigor on the part of our own Government. Dispatches have just been received from the Home Government reducing the price of land, on the warm recommendations of His Excellency, to one dollar and a quarter an acre. The announcement on Thursday, at Fort Hope, caused considerable excitement, and numbers evinced dispositions to purchase immediately various selections in the Shimilkomeen valley. The Governor certainly deserves every credit for his untiring perseverance in obtaining this valuable boon for the colony of British Columbia. The event could not have taken place at a more opportune moment. Just at a period when the agricultural resources of the country were beginning to attract the most serious attention. We have every reason, therefore, to hope that the result will prove immediately beneficial to the colony. But the advantage of cheap land must be followed up: as much as possible of the available agricultural land should be at once surveyed, and arrangements made by which every intending settler, if even just arrived in the colony, might obtain the most complete information with regard to the position, description, &c., of the agricultural portions of the country. Then assisted immigration might be legitimately and profitably encouraged. We sincerely hope that some steps will be immediately taken to initiate a regular system of this description of immigration. We do not want a population, as we have before stated, that may turn out an encumberance like the recent importations to the colonies of Victoria and New South Wales, but a class of immigrants with something more than strong arms and a scanty wardrobe. We cannot, under any consideration, continue much longer to rely on the great portion of our present population, who may leave us at any moment, and so cause fluctuations and reactions the most disastrous to the interests of the colony.

WE observe in the *Colonist* of the 26th ult., (which by the way only reached New Westminster a few days ago) an article headed 'New Westminster Rivalry,' the gist of which was a very labored attempt to prove the commercial independence of Victoria of British Columbia, and the improbability of New Westminster affecting in the slightest degree the 'rapid progress' of the capital of Vancouver Island. To style New Westminster a 'village' seemed to be the easiest way to dispose of any logical difficulty in the matter; but did it not appear to the sagacious writer something like the Spanish knight's attack on the windmills to cut and slash so unmercifully at a 'thriving little town' in the *prospective*. Surely the arrival of the two innocent barques with only 410 tons of merchandise,—an amount little over what came via Victoria the whole two previous months, — could not have called forth such a wicked demonstration of drollery and invective. But then to charge full force upon the 'baseless fabric of a vision,' pshaw! Don Quixotte's attack if directed against an inanimate and, consequently, undefending object, had at least the merit of substance; but here's a knight, according to his own showing, running full tilt against 'airy nothings.' New Westminster, we grant, is neither a very populous nor a very lively 'city,' and our cantankerous and majestic 'rival' has not very much the advantage of us in this respect, but still in order to indulge in a little *animus*, the absurdity of the writer is carried out, and a small town with about half its population Indians, tries to stand on its dignity, like a boy on possessing a first pair of trowsers, because of the recent erection of a few small brick edifices within its limits.

The funny part of the article, paradoxical as it may seem, is the most serious, and the serious part the most funny. An attempt is made to throw ridicule on the inhabitants of New Westminster for celebrating an event that produces an immediate benefit to the people, in the saving of several thousand dollars in charges on freight. The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for attending as an invited guest, and showing that he has the welfare of New Westminster at heart, is also coarsely treated:—we do not think, however, that the inhabitants of New Westminster, Col. Moody, or the city itself, will be very seriously affected by the *Colonist's* malicious 'humor.' But we now come to the serious, or rather what we term the funny part of the article. It is said that only 40 per cent. of the trade of Victoria goes to New Westminster. Now, even taking this statement as correct, considering that New Westminster imports almost as large an amount—in fact for several months lately she has imported a larger amount—from San Francisco, we would thus, by depriving Victoria of her New Westminster trade, have the advantage of 20 cent. over our 'brick' rival in commercial transactions. Our contemporary, however, says:—'Say what you will—allow that a ship drawing 20 feet of water may safely cross bar at the mouth of Fraser river, still it is dangerous navigation, and tedious also;' but with a wisdom that ought certainly to be more frequently followed by our contemporary the reasons why the bar is 'dangerous navigation and tedious also' are withheld. We are very much afraid the writer has abstracted a leaf from the celebrated 'correspondence' of the London *Times*. We are more inclined to this belief when we come to the little excusable exaggeration that 'it will take ten days from the time a sailing vessel leaves the offing of Victoria harbor bound to New Westminster before she returns'—Certainly! if the vessel remains eight days in New Westminster, thus allowing two days for going and returning; but we are afraid the interpretation our contemporary puts upon the sentence just quoted does not come so near the truth. The idea, however, contained in this part of the article sufficiently accounts for the absurdities pervading the whole. The writer, while evidently under the delusion that vessels coming to New Westminster must of necessity call at Victoria, brings forward the most potent arguments against communication between the two places, and shows the greater necessity for our having direct communication with San Francisco.

The question is asked of New Westminster 'If it has any vitality, then why has it not shown itself before?' and is answered, to the querist's evident satisfaction, as follows:—'The geographical position of Victoria is such that, it is the distributing point for other places than British Columbia.' Now no one knows better than the editor of the *Colonist* that if New Westminster had not had almost a miraculous amount of vitality its existence would have been sealed long since through Governmental neglect, and the fact of so large a proportion of town lots being owned by absentees. On the other hand the Vancouver Island Government has been lavish to a degree in trying to build up Victoria and induce settlement in that capital. The steamboat building over which our neighbors have been lately making such a flourish, would have been carried on at New Westminster instead of Victoria had the Government of British Columbia acted in a proper manner to this colony, and allowed the machinery to come in duty free—as the Customs duties are not a farthing benefited by the present arrangements. This is only one of the numerous advantages which our bombastic 'rival' has gained at the cost of New Westminster. But to return to the answer of the query, 'the geographical position of Victoria.' Did any one ever hear such nonsense!—It is the free port system, and that alone which has enabled Victoria to retain a vestige of commerce. Let that system be abolished, and although Vancouver Island would be the gainer, her 'geographical position' would not prevent her from sinking to a level with the smallest fishing village. It is not the interest of New Westminster to depreciate Victoria, and we have no intention of doing so, but we cannot help imagining that if the Home Government should change the Naval Depot from Esquimalt to Burrard's Inlet, which is very probable, and that that disease so fatal to the aborigines in times past—the small-pox—or even the much-dreaded measles—should attack the Indians in and about Victoria, a subject for a second 'Deserted Village' might present itself without even the prospect of a modern Goldsmith to immortalise its desolation. Victoria surely cannot take umbrage at our following out a commercial maxim that neither climate nor 'geographical positions' can affect, and that is buying our goods in the cheapest market. If Victoria, as we have before said, through her free port advantages, can supply as cheap as other places, then of course British Columbia will not be inclined to seek another market. At any rate our present relative positions can only be temporary; it would be equally ridiculous to expect Melbourne of the colony of Victoria to be dependant on Hobartown, the capital of Tasmania, as it is to imagine that New Westminster, the capital of a gold colony like British Columbia, will continue to receive her imports through the second-hand process of their first arriving at Victoria, the principal town of a small and at present rather unproductive island.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

YALE AND SPUZZEM ROAD.—That portion of the Yale and Spuzzem Road, which was undertaken by the Royal Engineers, we are happy to state is completed, greatly to the satisfaction of the people of Yale. We believe it is the intention of the merchants and others of that town to give a public dinner, by subscription, to the Royal Engineers employed on the work, to testify their appreciation of the manner and alacrity with which the work has been carried on.

ROBBERY AT YALE.—A robbery was committed at this place, one day last week, by four burglars, by which an Indian living at a place called the 'Hole in the Wall' was deprived of the sum of £40. We understand that the policeman arrested them on their way down the river in a canoe, but, rather foolishly we think, allowed them to go on shore to make some coffee, when they effected their escape, and have not since been heard of.

CUSTOMS.—The receipts for the last week at the New Westminster Custom House amounted to £900, being the largest weekly return that has been made since the month of July. Owing to the near approach of winter we may expect large shipments during the next few weeks.

SHIMILKOMEEN TRAIL.—The time for completing this trail has been extended on account of the route being considerably altered. The contractors are levying a toll upon all animals that pass over it. One hundred and fifty mules have already gone through by this route.

ARRIVAL OF THE GOVERNOR.—His Excellency Governor Douglas arrived at New Westminster by the steamer Col. Moody, and will start this morning for Victoria by the Otter at 8 o'clock.

GOVERNMENT PROSPECTING PARTY.—Dr. Forbes, who was sent out at the head of an exploring party by the Government, returned from Harrison Lake on Wednesday, bringing with him a numerous collection of specimens.

OPPOSITION.—The steamers Otter and Hunt will carry passengers to Victoria this morning at a dollar a piece.

THANKS to Jeffray's express for sundry favors.

ASSAY OFFICE.—This institution has, we are sorry to say, fallen into some disrepute lately through the carelessness of some of its officers. With so many advantages over private assay offices, we think the parties engaged in the establishment will merit the severest public censure, if they allow this valuable department of the public service to become unpopular. We wish to see the head of the department—Capt. Gosset—at his post as soon as possible, as no doubt his presence would tend greatly to restore its prestige.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.—This body met on Saturday and Monday evenings last. A bye-law was introduced and passed confirming the Revised Assesment Roll, and extending the period for payment of taxes till the 15th December next. A resolution was passed for advertising for tenders to construct a bridge across the ravine at lot 8, Block 19. The report of the Committee on Fire Prevention was received. The Treasury Bonds having been placed on the table, were postponed till next meeting for consideration. A notice of motion was made by Mr. Holbrook for having the stumps taken out of Columbia-Street between the bridge and Government Wharf. Mr. Homer gave notice of a motion for cutting down all the trees on the Reserved lots, Government squares, Public gardens &c. After some business of minor importance was transacted the Council adjourned till to-day (Saturday) at 4 o,clock P. M.

CARRIBOO.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

No. 7.

Where information of any description, if reliable, is as acceptable as it is in the community of which THE NEW WESTMINSTER TIMES is the exponent, and its numerous readers abroad, no apology is necessary on the part of a "Special Correspondent" for making some remarks and jotting down a few items of general interest after his return, more especially as two communications sent from the Northern Mines have not arrived at their destination.

The Carriboo diggings still maintain their high reputation for richness, and their vast area is being continually more and more developed. Over and above the auriferous wealth in the beds of the creeks, very rich claims of unknown extent are discovered almost daily, on the benches and in the banks and slides contiguous to them. Notwithstanding the season was far advanced when miners commenced operations on Keithley's creek, yet it has been fully proved to be equal in the richness of its deposits, to the best mining localities of California in its palmiest days, and only lacks the favorable climate and the low price of provisions in the latter country to enable the more succesful miners at least to do as well as they did there in the ever-to-be-remembered times of '49.

After a cource of about 14 or 15 miles, Keithley's creek empties into the little Carriboo lake. Most of this distance is a deep kanyon, the lower portion especially. A flat of about half a mile is still unoccupied as yet by miners. Several claims have, however, recently been pre-empted at the entrance of the kanyon, a short distance up which the Black, Smith, Macdonald & Co's claim is located. This claim, on the whole, has paid more than any other in the Carriboo district, the richest on Harvey's creek not excepted. They commenced operations about the middle of July, and the first week's work washing dirt brought them $12 a day to the hand from the time the claims were taken up, besides paying all expences for provisions, nails, fluming &c. Since then it has averaged something over $60 per day to the hand, and still far from being worked out. This is a creek claim, the gold being extracted from the dirt and base-rock in its bed. The extraordinary success of this company induced several others to take up claims above and below them a few days previous to my departure with apparently as good chances as their fortunate comrades.

About five miles up the creek the bench diggings commence; immediately below which, however, several claims failed after the companies to whom they belonged laying out a great amount of labor and expence in constructing wheels and pumps for drainage &c. Some of those claims are paying from one to two ounces per day to the hand, while other companies are drifting or tunnelling the hills in order to strike the lead. Those companies are some of them laying in a large stock of provisions for the purpose of working all winter in their tunnels.

Gold has not been found in paying quantities on the upper part of the creek, although some companies found good "prospects," and commenced operations accordingly, but with indifferent success. Miners generally, however, are not at all disposed to complain, many of them having done remarkably well, others have succeeded in making wages, while a few have scarcely made a living.

Another excitement originated about the middle of September concerning gulch diggings reported to have been discovered at the source of one of the tributaries of Keithley's creek. Some 20 or 25 men had just started *en route* for this new El Dorado when I left. As yet we know nothing in reference to their richness or extent.

A considerable little mining town has rapidly sprung up on this creek, where several traders, whiskey-dealers and gamblers are driving a profitable business. Provisions, are scarse and the prices very high, flour being 50cts, beans do., bacon $1, sugar, coffee, and dried apples do., beef 50cts with a prospect, however, of its being reduced to 35cts in consequence of the large number of beef cattle still near the diggings. Clothing, boots, and small though necessary articles are exorbitantly high.

A few claims on Hervey's creek are still paying remarkably well, one especially which is located just at the entrance of the kanyon paid $2005 to five men the second week in September, with ground sufficient for next summer's work. The celebrated Hervey company has been making from $1,500 to $2,500 per week most of the season, but their claims are nearly worked out. Many were disappointed in their expectations of this creek. That a portion of it almost entirely failed is undeniable, but this does not prove the non-existence of the precious metal as it is found in large quantities both above and below those claims, and very likely future miners will discover the ancient, auriferous bed of the creek buried under many feet of the numerous slides on both sides of it. The probabilities are that this creek will be abandoned during the winter at least, and the miners who have claims on it for next season, as well as those on Goose creek will, many of them winter at the Forks of Quesnelle, and Williams' lake. I, however, very much fear the consequences of even 75 or 100 men attempting to pass the winter season so far from any considerable depot of provisions; as there certainly was not sufficient to supply the wants of even half that number at the diggings, the Forks, and Alexander combined three weeks since. There are, moreover, no extra trains on the route, and by the latter part of the present month the packing season will be closed so that provisions are bound to be scarce, and prices ruinously high long before trains can get in from Lytton or Cayoosh next spring. The favorable nature of the last season's operations will induce many to stay near the diggings in order to be in readiness to commence "prospecting" for the next in good time. Those who have money will, perhaps, fare tolerably well, while others, not so favorably circumstanced in this respect, will do what they can at low water diggings on the North Fork of Quesnelle by thawing dirt and rocking it with hot water. Thus they will, in all probability, linger out a precarious subsistence till spring again enables them to commence more extended operations.

I am fully persuaded that another season will develope more extensive diggings, as those creeks that are now partially worked, together with several others still "unprospected," though no doubt equally as rich, have their origin at the foot of a large, bare mountain in which there are numerous quartz-veins that experienced miners pronounce to be gold-bearing. On the eastern slope of this mountain, Bear river, together with Cottonwood creek and other streams, represented as being rich, have their origin, and flowing west or south-west discharge themselves into the Fraser. This region is also rich in several other species of minerals, especially silver, lead, and iron. There are no indications of coal, although, probably, it is to be found nearer the Rocky Mountains, and, perhaps, at no very great distance. Those minerals, however, cannot be rendered available till better, and more expeditious means of communications are opened up; and merely go to prove the immense mineral wealth of British Colombia. Surely it is high time for the Government to think of sending a few exploring parties to this far-off, though wealthy region, for the purpose of assisting private and individual effort in developing its vast resources. Another important object is to demonstrate the existence or non-existence of a nearer and more practicable route to and from that portion of the country. It is scarcely possible but that such an extensive mineral and agricultural region as the one in question, does possess a more legitimate means of ingress and egress than that of the Fraser and New Westminster on the one hand, and the Columbia and the Dalles on the other. In my humble opinion such an outlet will yet be discovered west or north-west to the ocean. If this great desideratum is once accomplished, the distance to the sea-board will be diminished one-half, and the price of provisions correspondingly reduced, the immediate result would be a ten-fold increase of the mining population in the North.

The weather was becoming very uncomfortable in the Upper Country when we left. Alternate frosts and heavy rains rendered mining anything but pleasant. On the way down, however, the weather was all that could be desired. After arriving at Alexander we concluded to take a trip down the Fraser to Big Bar, as there are but few kanyons of any importance between those places. After floating very leisurely down the comparatively quiet Upper Fraser for several miles, dropping some rapids and running others, we arrived within about three miles of Big Bar. Here a more formidable rapid presented itself, but imagining that we could pass over it in perfect safety we made the attempt, which, however, came near giving us a bath, to say the least of it, in the turbid waters of the Fraser, amid fearful breakers and miniature Maalstroms. After two or three heavy thumps, our skiff spread open and half filled with water, but fortunately we succeeded in reaching the eddy, by the aid of which a landing was soon effected. Having repaired damages we proceeded to Big Bar, and abandoning the skiff we again shouldered our packs and performed the remainde. of the journey to Cayoosh on *terra firma*.

The banks of the river are thickly dotted over with Chinese tents for fully fifty miles above and below Big Bar notwithstanding their late *melee* with the Indians at the mouth of Mackenzie's river.

The town of Cayoosh is much improved in appearance since last spring, and business has been and is quite brisk.

The steamboat arrangements on Seaton and Anderson lakes are anything but satisfactory. Passengers leave the foot of the former lake about noon daily, and arrive at the head of the latter about dark; in consequence of which they are under the necessity of travelling some 12 or 15 miles over a rough trail to the Half-way House after dark, in order to arrive at Port Pemberton early enough to take the Lillooet boat at 2 o'clock P. M., or put up with a delay of twenty-four hours between the two lakes. This state of affairs might very easily be remedied by the Seaton boat starting from the other extremity of the lake in the morning and connect with the Anderson boat about 9 A. M., instead of obliging the latter to make her trip down before day-light—lay over while Seaton makes her two trips—and then return after dark. If this arrangement was entered into, passengers would have ample time to reach the Half-way House on the second portage during the afternoon, and arrive at Pemberton in good season the following day. Surely Mr. Taylor of Seaton lake will see the necessity of such a change, and make it accordingly.

J. J.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY AT FORT RUPERT.

The following communication has been forwarded to us by Mr. Dallas for publication. Our paragraph it will be seen, is corroborated in almost every instance by the statement of Mr. Anderson. The portion taken exception to, we presume, is the assertion that the Hudson's Bay Company sold the liquor to the Indians. Mr. Anderson's letter is in all probability a correct statement of the facts, but we confess we are in some doubt as to the position being improved. The difference between selling liquor and participating in the general intoxication on the part of the Hudson's Bay Company's servants, is we imagine rather in favor of the seller—for in the other instance the example of civilized beings is set before the savages who are only too prone to copy the vices of the whites. Of course it is only the subordinates of the company who are impugned:—

Victoria, V. I. 24th Sep., 1860.

To the Board of Management,
Hon. Hudson's Bay Comp.

GENTLEMEN,—I have the honor to direct your attention to the following extract from THE NEW WESTMINSTER TIMES of the 15th inst., recently brought under my notice:—

"THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY SELLING WHISKEY TO INDIANS.—Letters have been received from Fort Rupert, from Capt. Richards, R. N., who is surveying at that place, to the effect that upwards of 700 or 800 Indians were going through the most frightful orgies some days since under the wild excitement of drink. The Captain attempted to hold a parley with the Chiefs, but knives were brandished and the most violent demonstrations displayed. This was the result of drink supplied them by the Hudson's Bay Company. The condition of affairs was greatly aggravated by the intoxication of nearly every white man in the Fort. A more disgraceful state of things can scarcely be imagined. It is said that Admiral Baynes has reported the matter to the Home Government and suggested the immediate appointment of a magistrate to check such sale of liquor by the immaculate Hudson's Bay Company.'

On the eve of the departure of H. M. S. Ganges, I made, in company with Mr. Sheriff Naylor, a parting visit to Admiral Sir Edward Baynes. In the course of conversation the Admiral adverted to the circumstances of a recent disturbance at Fort Rupert, of which I had not previously been informed. He afterwards produced Captain Richards' letter, and read the portions applying to the affair in question. The facts of the case are simply these:—

The Plumper and Alert, on arriving at Fort Rupert, found a large and tumultuous crowd of drunken Indians. Mr. Weynton, the officer in charge, communicated with Captain Richards, and informed him that he had serious apprehensions for the safety of the establishment; that a fleet of canoes had recently arrived from Victoria bringing intelligence of the murder of their Chief. The news rapidly spread, and the different portions of the tribe had congregated near the Fort preparing to attack the Indians of Nanaimo in revenge for the murder of their Chief; that large quantities of whiskey had been brought up from Victoria, and that the servants of the establishment had surreptitiously obtained liquor from the Indians and were, for the most part, in a brutal state of intoxication.

Captain Richards immediately landed, and after much trouble succeeded in tranquilizing affairs. He subsequently demanded the restoration of a Nanaimo woman who had been made captive by the party from Victoria on their way up. They at first demanded a ransom of one hundred blankets, but Captain Richards insisted on her restitution, and finally obtained her by paying a trifle to the Indians who were dispatched to ferry her across the Straits.

These, as far as my recollection serves, are the main facts of the case. In the cognizance of these, I now, on my own part, and on behalf of absent relatives, connexions and friends directly or indirectly connected with the Hudsons's Bay Company, and whose reputations are identified with that of the Concern with which they have been so long connected, request that you will forthwith adopt measures towards compelling a retractation of the libellous and malicious charge of which I complain.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
your obedient servant,
ALEX. C. ANDERSON.

MARRIED.

On the 24th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Sheepshanks, at the Temperay Church, Camp, New Westminster, Mr. Henry William Smith, Lance Corporal R. E., to Miss Sarah Sophia Hill.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

29—str Caledonia, Frain, Victoria.
29—str Otter, Monatt, Victoria, general cargo.
Oct. 1—canoe Wanderer, Gowen, Whatcom, potatoes.
Oct. 1—str Col. Moody, Irving, Hope.
Oct. 3—str Wilson G. Hunt, Welch, Victoria, general merchandise.
3—yacht Templar, Lennard, Victoria.
3—str Otter, Monatt, Victoria, general cargo.
3—str Henrietta, Millard, Victoria, general cargo.
3—str Caledonia, Frain, Douglas.
5—str Otter, Monatt, Victoria, general cargo.
5—str Henrietta, Millard, Douglas.
5—str Col. Moody, Irving, Fort Hope.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 29—str Otter, Monatt, Victoria.
3—str Caledonia, Frain, Victoria.
3—str Col. Moody, Irving, Hope.
5—yacht Templar, Lennard, Nanaimo and Fort Rupert.
Sept. 6—str Wilson G. Hunt, Welch, Victoria.
6—str Otter, Monatt, Victoria.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED tenders will be received until 12 o'clock noon, on the 20th, for constructing a bridge over the ravine, at Lot 8, Block19, in accordance with plan and specifications to be seen at the store of S. T. Tilley Esq..

Tenders to be Endorsed 'tenders for building bridge' and addressed to the undersigned.

By order of the Municipal Council.
VALENTINE HALL,
New Westminster, Oct. 3, 1860. Town Clerk.

HENRY HOLBROOK,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Liverpool Wharf, Columbia-street, New Westminster, British Columbia.

BONDED STORAGE always ready for 500 tons of goods, and every accommodation for landing merchandise on his wharf; wharfage 25 cents per ton.

For Sale ex recent arrivals—
100 sacks Bran,
100 bales California Oat Hay,
50 sacks Wheat,
1000 sacks Barley,
10 sacks Barber's Sugar-cured Hams,
20 firkins Butter,
10 casks S. I. Molasses,
20 cases Preserved Chicken,
20 cases Roast Mutton,
10 cases San Francisco Pilot Bread,
5 cases Java Ground Coffee, &c., &c.,
and a general assortment of goods suitable for this market. se29-1m

HENNESSY'S BRANDY,
IN ONE DOZEN CASES.
HENDERSON & BURNABY,
WHARF-STREET, VICTORIA. se29-6

Government Notices and Proclamations.

NOTICE.

Colonial Secretary's Office, 31st August, 1860.

THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE for British Columbia, heretofore published in the Colony of Vancouver Island, having been discontinued as a separate pamphlet, notice is hereby given that from this date and until further notice all Government advertisements and Proclamations, and other matters useful and necessary for general information and guidance, will be published in the columns of the NEW WESTMINSTER TIMES newspaper; and such publication shall in all cases be taken and deemed as publication in the *Government Gazette*.

By command of his Excellency.

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the office of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Royal Engineer Camp, up to 12 o'clock on Monday the 8th of October next, for the formation of a Road from a point about four miles above the R. E. Camp, New Westminster, nearly opposite Tree Island, to Fort Langley.

The commencement, line of route, and termination, to be laid out by the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, or his agent.

Tenders to be in duplicate:—One stating the amount in sterling money per mile, if paid for in cash—the other stating the amount in sterling money per mile if paid for one-tenth in cash, and the remainder in British Columbian Bonds, redeemable in from one to three years, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

Tenders to be addressed to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, B. C., the envelope being endorsed "Tender for Langley Road," "Cash," or "Bonds," or "*Cash and Bonds*," *as the case may be*.

For specification and further particulars, apply at the above office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order of His Excellency the Governor.

R. C. MOODY.
Col. R. E., and Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, B. C.

Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 29th September, 1860.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT ASSAY OFFICE,
NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
September 1st, 1860.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.
2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.
3. Each ingot will be stamped with its *number*, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its *weight*, in ounces and decimals of ounces, and its *fineness* in thousandths; also with a Government Cipher, at present a crown over the letters VR.
4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness; the charge for assaying; and such certificate will have tables of British Mint valuation and of the latest San Francisco valuations, whereby parties may calculate for themselves the value of the bar for English or American markets.
5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces a fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.).

All clips are retained in the Government Assay office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge, for the value of the clip.

ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1.) for each specimen experimented upon.

FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL, Two Pounds (£2.) is the charge.

W. DRISCOL GOSSETT.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT ASSAY OFFICE.

Assays are made with the utmost despatch.

Office open from 10, a. m., to 4, p. m., except on steamer days, when deposits will be received for assay till 8, a. m.

W. DRISCOL GOSSET.

New Westminster, Aug. 1, 1860.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Colonial Secretary's office,
10th September, 1860.

THE BUOY on the North Sand Head at the entrance to Fraser River having disappeared, notice is hereby given that the same has been replaced by a new SPAR buoy, painted in vertical lines black and white, and surmounted be a basket Beacon painted red.

The buoy is in the same position as indicated in Captain Richard's notice, of 24th September, 1859, but is now in 12 feet water at low water.

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,
5w Acting Colonial Secretary.

TREASURY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
Victoria, V. I., June 1, 1850.

GOVERNMENT DRAFTS, at thirty days' sight, are occasionally issued on the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, London. For particulars apply to

W. DRISCOLL GOSSET,
aug8-tc Treasurer.

J. HERKIMER,
GROCER AND GENERAL DEALER,
COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER,

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected stock of Family Groceries and Provisions. se22-tc

UNDER the control and supervision of
MAYER REINHART & Co.
N. B. Wharfage 25 cents per ton.

G. VIGNOLO,
IMPORTER and Dealer in Havana Cigars, and Cigaritos, Johnson-street, opposite Wharf-street, Victoria. m17-3m

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to owners of town lots in in New Westminster, that unless they have their lots cleared on or before the last day of October, the Municipal Council will proceed to clear all lots remaining uncleared, at the expense of the owners, without further notice. And further that all trees falling from own lots on the streets, squares, or other public property, must be removed at the expence of the owners.

By order.

VALENTINE HALL.
New Westminster, Sept. 29, 1860. Town Clerk.

SOUTHGATE & MITCHELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Albert Wharf, Victoria, Vancouver Island, and Battery-street, San Francisco, Caliorn ia. 17m3m

---

PHILLIP HICK,
Government Bakery,
Has the best quality of Breads, Pies and Cakes.

KEEPS on hand a good assortment of Flour for country Trade also Pilot Bread, Soda, Sugar, and Butter Crackers.

A good assortment of family Groceries, and everything necessary for Bakers' use in the upper country, such as Fruit, Lard, &c., &c.

LANGLEY BROTHERS,
IMPORTING DRUGGISTS,
Yates-street, Victoria,

HAVE received, direct from London, a choice selection of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
PATENT MEDICINES, and PERFUMERY.

ATKINSON'S INFANT'S PRESERVATIVE.
Cockle's Anti-Bilious Pills,
Keating's Cough Lozenges,
Murray's Fluid Magnesia,
Curling's Sparkling Citrate of Magnesia,
Superior Seidletz Powders,
Essential Oil of Ripstone Pippin,
Essential Oil of Pine Apple,
Essential Oil of Strawberry,
Essential Oil of Raspberry,
Essential Oil of Jargonel Pears,
Essential Oil of Nectar,
Rowland's Macassar Oil,
Rowland's Odonto,
Rowland's Kalydor,
Gosnell's Colognes,
Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Paste,
Gosnell's Soaps,
Gosnell's Hair Brushes. se22-tc

MAYER, REINHART, & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS AND IMPORTERS OF
WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, AND CIGARS
Liverpool Wharf
NEW WESTMINSTER,

BEG TO INFORM Traders and Miners, and the public generally, that they now have on hand a large STOCK OF

ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,

suitable for

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

They will hereafter receive all their goods direct from San Francisco,
and be enabled to sell at VICTORIA PRICES.

RECEIVED EX N. S. PERKINS and WAVELET from San Francisco direct,

200 bbls Golden Age Flour;
100 do Golden Gate do
55 do Eureka do
50 do Eclipse do
25 do Self-rising do
200 sacks Barley;
350 sacks Beans;
200 mats China, No. 1, Rice;
200 mats China, No. 1, Sugar.

Also for sale, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Candles, Soap Cheese, Coffee, Teas, N. O. and S. I. Sugars, Powdered and Crushed Sugars, Boston Syrups, Assorted Syrups, Hunt's and Collins' Axes, Wrought and Cut Nails, Powder, shot, and Percussion Caps, Pitch and Tar, all sizes of Rope, and Boats' Oars.

A LARGE
ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, Cigars, Stationery, Perfumery, Duck, Drilling Dry, Fancy, and Millinery Goods.
—also—
A large variety of Ribbons, Bonnet, and Dress Trimmings, Musical Instruments, Table and Pocket Cutlery Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,
FRESH GARDEN SEEDS,
CARPETS, DRUGGETS, MATTING, &c., &c.
m21-1m

FRASER RIVER PICKLED AND SMOKED SALMON

FOR SALE a large quantity of Pickled and Smoked Salmon, cured this season in the best style, by the Pioneer fisherman,

C. H. MORSE,
Fort Langley,

Any orders left with the Purser of the steamer Col. Moody, will meet with prompt attention. Prices moderate. au15-3m

---

J. B. PAINTER,
(SUCCESSOR TO O'MEARA & PAINTER)

THANKFUL for the past favors shown the late firm would respectfully inform Printers that owing to increased facilities, and recent instructions from the Foundry, he is now prepared to sell Plain and Ornamental Type, Presses, Printing Material, Paper, Cards and Printers' Stock generally, 132, Clay-street, near Sansome, San Francisco.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.
Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.
CAPITAL,.....$5,000,000

VICTORIA BRANCH.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS received in sums of $100 and upwards, re-payable on demand. Charge for safe keeping, ONE-QUARTER OF ONE PER CENT. per month.

GOLD DUST received for safe keeping, at the rate of FIVE CENTS PER OZ. per month.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON LONDON 60 days after Sight, at the rate of $4 95 per £1, stg.

3 days after sight, (in sums of £50, and upwards) $5, per £1 stg.

3 days after sight (in sums under £50) $5 10, per £1, sterling.

DRAFTS on demand or at short sight, issued on the principal Cities and Towns in Scotland and Ireland, at the rate of $5 15 per £1 stg.

DRAFTS on the principal Cities in the North American Provinces, at 3 days, as follows:—

Canada.....¼ per cent. premium.
New Brunswick,.....4 " "
Nova Scotia.....2½ " "

DRAFTS on New York, at 3 days, 3 per cent. premium.
" " Messrs. B. Davidson & May, San Francisco at sight—par.

Office hours 10 A. M., to 3 P. M.—Saturday 10 to 1 o'clock.

F. W. WOOD,
MANAGER.

Victoria, March 17, 1860. tc

LEVI & BOAS
Scott's Wharf.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Dealers in all sorts of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, &c. Have always on hand a large assortment of Provisions and Groceries direct from San Francisco, will sell them at the lowest market prices.

All orders from the country will be promptly attended to.

m28, 3m

ERNEST PICHT,
BREWER,
a4-3m
NEW WESTMINSTER.

MAYER, REINHART, & CO.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

HAVING concluded arrangements for a regular line of vessels, to run twice a month direct, from San Francisc to this place, would be pleased to receive orders for British Columbia.

Letters addressed to us in care of Messrs. Mayer, Reinhart, & Co., Victoria, V. I., John Dewar, and O. H. Gehricke, San Francisco, Ca., will meet with prompt attention.

m21-1m

VICTORIA PRICES CURRENT AND SHIPPING LIST.

PUBLISHED every fortnight in time for the California Mail Steamer. The prices Current contains the correct and authentic rates and prices of all descriptions of articles in the Victoria market, as well as reliable reports of the state of trade, shipping, &c. It is as invaluable as an index and commercial authority to every merchant and tradesman as it is a desirable medium for advertising. Printed for A. F. MAIN at the office of the V. I. *Gazette*, Victoria.

PACIFIC FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,
FIRST-STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

We continue to manufacture, at the above well known establishment,

Steam Engines,
Quartz,
Flour,
Saw Mill,

and other machinery, of every description, and Iron and Brass Castings of all kinds.

From the long experience we have had, and the superior tools and machinery, and the very large collection of patterns at our command, we feel confident that our facilities for turning out the best style of work, with dispatch, and at the lowest rates, are not surpassed on the Pacific coast.

Russia Iron Screens for Quartz Mills, made at short notice. Orders for all kinds of work will receive prompt attention.

GODDARD HANSCOM, & RANKIN,
ie20-6m Late GODDARD & Co.

COALS! COALS! COALS!!!

DIRECT FROM NANAIMO in any quantity to suit purchasers. For Sale by

J. T. SCOTT,
a11-tc Pioneer Wharf.

SEED WHEAT.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & Co., have some choice lots of Seed Wheat on hand from Australia, Mexico, the Meditterranean, and Van Dieman's Land.

Farmers are invited to inspect samples.

For Sale by
THOMAS PATTRICK & Co.,
Corner Government and Johnson streets, Victoria.
m21-1m

HENDERSON & BURNABY
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, ex Armistice, from London:

Superior Pale Sherry, in bulk;
Port Wine, choice, in cases;
Hennessy's Brandy } in cases;
McKenzie's Small Still Whiskey }
Vine Growers' Brandy, in bulk;
Tanqueray's Ginger Brandy, in cases;
&c., &c., &c.,

which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms
June 13th, 1860. tc

DICKSON, CAMPBELL, & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,
VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., - - - London.
DICKSON, DEWOLF, & Co., - - San Francisco.
m21-3m

VICTORIA DRY GOODS STORE.

K. GAMBITZ,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

at his FIRE-PROOF STORE, where he is constantly supplied with NEW GOODS by every steamer, and has always on hand a splendid assortment of

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,

Silk, Velvet, and Cloth. Also a large variety of fine *Silks and Bonnets*.

An excellent variety of Alexander's KID GLOVES, and a full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, fine Frock Coats; Dress Coats; Over Coats; Vests and Pantaloons of different colors; Fashionable Silk Hats. Gilt Cornices, Curtain Rings, Window Shades, of all colors, French Cassimeres, Broadcloth, Beaver, and Pilot.

Also—a full assortment of Tailors' Trimmings.

FAMILY FURNISHING GOODS.

Shawls, Alpacas, Merinos, DeLaines, Furs, Gloves, Riding Hats, Gauntlets, Cloaks, Mantillas, Velvets, Embroideries, Ribbons, Laces, Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil-Cloths, Paper Hangings, Mattings, etc., etc., and all other goods pertaining to the business, at the lowest prices.

N. B.—All orders from British Columbia, Oregon, or Washington Territory, by express or otherwise, will be promptly attended to.

m10-1y K. GAMBITZ.

CHOICE OLD WINES AND BRANDIES.

W. H. OLIVER,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FINE OLD WINES, BRANDIES, & SPIRITS
Johnson street, opposite Wharf street,

Is in constant receipt, by every arrival, of new and fresh goods belonging to the trade, in bulk and cases.

Traders, dealers, and Proprietors of Bars, are invited to call and examine my stock, where they will find a most complete and full assortment of everything comprised in the Liquor line, and at the lowest prices.

SUPERIOR CALIFORNIA WINE,

a very choice, light, and pure wine for family use, in cases and packages. Its purity can be depended upon, and is worthy the attention of all connoisseurs.

je20-1m

H. WATERS, TINSMITH, &c.,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

INFORMS the Traders and Miners of Fraser River that he is now prepared to furnish all kinds of camping utensils, in Tin, Iron, and Copper, fit for Miners and Family use.

Also, Gutters and Leaders.
Job Work promptly attended to a43m

WEBSTER & CO.,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL Dealers in BOOTS and SHOES, Leather, and Findings, of every description.
Also—Ladies' Shoes of all kinds. mh17-3m

JONAS G. CLARK & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE AND BEDDING,
of every description,
128, Washington streeet, San Francisco.

49 and 51, Fourth street, between J. and K streets, Sacramento.

Hunter street, between Main and Levee, Stockton.
And First street, San Jose. je20-3m

COLONIAL HOTEL,
COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

PROSPER & FRANK GRELLEY, would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened their NEW HOTEL, and are ready to accommodate travellers or residents of New Westminster with the choicest eatables the market affords. The sleeping apartments are fitted up in a style that neither Vancouver Island nor British Columbia can excel, and the wines and liqueurs, while enumerating all that a first-rate hotel should boast of, are of the very best and finest description.

Private dining rooms can be always obtained, and dinners, &c., gotten up on the shortest notice.

m9-3m

LIQUORS, &c.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & Co., have for sale in store, and to arrive,

Martell Brandy,
Booth's Old Tom, in puncheons,
Booths Old Tom, in cases,
Burnett's Old Tom in cases,
McKenzie's Old Tom, in cases,
Tanqueray & Co.'s Old Tom, in cases,
Scotch Whiskey, in puncheons,
Scotch Whiskey, in cases
Jamaica Rum, in puncheons,
Wines of every description
—ALSO—
The finest Burton and Scotch Ales,
Bottled do do
Devonshire Cider, in cases.

March 21, 1860. 3m

DR. ROSENBAUM'S STOMACH BITTERS!

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation Loss of Appetite or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid action of the Stomach or Bowels.

All of these diseases you will soon be relieved of, by use of these Bitters, as per directions on the Bottles. This great anti-dyspeptic is the result of profound and elaborate study of one of the most celebrated physicians of the present century, in the accomplishment of which he has spent both time and money. We do not hesitate to affirm that where Dr. Rosenbaum's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur. It has been analyzed by the most scientific chemists in the Medical Faculty, and is now prescribed by nine-tenths of the Physicians of the land. Try them—test them—on your constitution, and go your way rejoicing.

Are you dyspeptic?—take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious?—try one of these bottles and be relieved at once.

Are you annoyed by indigestion or constipation?—remove the cause by a free use of the Bitters.

Have you fever and ague?—cure and prevent this destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters.

The superiority of these Bitters has induced many to put up a spurious article. To prevent deception in future, each cork will be branded, "N. B. Jacons & Co." And the labels will bear our own signature, without which, none are genuine.

CAUTION.—Consumers of Rosenbaum's Bitters are cautioned against the many counterfeits now afloat in the market, and especially against a cheap and worthless article called Rosenschf's Bitters, put up in this by Messrs. Turner Bro.'s, with the avowed intention of preying on the well-earned reputation of Rosenbaum's Bitters, as a remedial agent in all cases of Dyspepsia and similar diseases. The genuine Rosenbaum has our name branded on each cork, and our signature on each label.

N. B. JACOBS & Co., Proprietors
m21-6m Sansome st., corner Commercial.

MESSRS. W. S. KIRKLAND & O.,
AGENTS,
7, King William Street, Strand,
LONDON, ENGLAND,

BEG to call the attention of readers of English newspapers in Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California to the advantage of subscribing to the "Evening Mail" newspaper, which is a reprint published three times a week, of all the leading articles, essays, correspondents' letters, and news of "The Times" London newspaper, everything but the advertisements, and can be sent *post free* to all parts of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California, via the United States, for £1 1s per quarter, or £4 per annum, paid in advance; thus being "The Times" at HALF PRICE.

Subscriptions received at the office of the "New Westminster Times," New Westminster, British Columbia. m2-1y

---

CALEDONIA BRIDGE END
IRON WORKS, VICTORIA.

DOUGALL & SON, Iron and Brass Founders, practical Engineers, Draughtsmen, &c. Machinery of every description made to order.

Agent in British Columbia, Mr. W. Winnard, Langley,
March 21, 1860. 3m

ELAM & HOWES,
4, CLAY STREET, ONE DOOR FROM THE NORTH-WEST CORNER OF FRONT STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow-ware, Fancy House-keeping Goods, Twines Cordage, Shoe and Saddlery Thread, Nets, Saines Corks, Floats, Fish-hooks and Lines, and Fishing Tackle of every variety.

Agents for Barbour's Irish Flax Shoe Thread, Gilling Thread, &c.

Agents for the American Net and Twine Manufacturing Co., Boston, Mass.

Agents for the Dolphin Manufacturing Company's Sail Twine, Cordage, &c.

The whole comprising the largest stock and best assortment of the above line of goods on the Pacific Coast, to which they are constantly receiving large additions by arrivals from Atlantic cities. The particular attention of the trade is solicited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at prices to defy competition. je20-4m

---

J. D. CARROLL, Yates-street, between Wharf and Government-streets, Victoria, Importer and Wholesale a Retail dealer in Wines and Liquors. m17-3m

---

TRUETT, JONES, & ARRINGTON,
60, FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS and Importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, Cordials, Syrups, and every article in his line.

Dealers who may favor us with orders, may rest assured that we will endeavor to give satisfaction in the article, and dispatch in forwarding. n19-tc

---

MACDONALD & CO.,

OFFICE ON YATES STREET, VICTORIA, pay the highest price for Gold Dust. Issue Sight cheques on Messrs. Tallant & Wilde, San Francisco, at "par." m10-3m

---

FURNITURE.

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture—and now offer

Painted sets, ten pieces;
Extension Tables, 8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables, serpentine and round ops, assorted sizes;
Card Table, harp and square pillars
Common Tables, 2½, 3, and 3½ long;
Bedsteads, Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Lounges, spring seats, in damask and leather covers;
Sofas, spring seats, hair cloth, with round and pillow ends;
Desks, with fall and door fronts;
Cheffoniers, walnut and mahogany carved fronts, 3 shelves, fret work;
Bureaus, one-half marble top, scroll and painted pine, 4 and 6 drawers;
What-nots, walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors, in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's Cribs and Cradles, also High and Low Chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs, Mahogany, Hair-cloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining, Grecian cane, heavy barroom, and common wood seat;
Rockers, spring seats, mahogany and cane seats snd backs, sewing and arm;
Sinks, Washstands, Chair Cushions, Coverlets, Towel Racks, Willow Cribs, &c.

—ALSO—
BEDDING,

Pulu, Curled Hair, Moss, Wool, and Straw Mattresses, best Feather Pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use none but the best materials, and guarantee our work.

PIERCE & SEYMOUR.
Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.
Victoria, V. I., April 11, 1860. 3m

NEW GOODS.

RECEIVED at STATIONERS' HALL, a large addition to our stock of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

carefully selected from a well-filled market, containing many New and Popular Books among them.

STATIONERY,

both low priced and superfine, of every description, in lots, to wholesale or retail.

A Beautiful Assortment of
GOLD PENS, AND FINE POCKET CUTLERY.

Also,—Many articles of Staple and Fancy Stationery, and Standard aad Miscellaneous Books heretofore not to be had in this market.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
jul3-1m Yates-street, Victoria.

AN ASTONISHING REMEDY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

It Expels Disease!

It is said that all productions of human skill have their day, and are superseded by new inventions or discoveries. Not so with this remedy. "It is not fora day, but for all time, and in all countries." And Why? Because it strikes at the generic root of all diseases in the blood, and medical art can accomplish nothing beyond that. The Ointment, penetrating through flesh and fibre, like water through a porous substance, reaches the germ or disease, such as scrofula, erysipelas, cancer, tumor, and all eruptive and ulcerous discharges in the circulation, and eradicates the taint at once and forever in this climate.

Bad Legs.

This Ointment will cure any case of Bad Leg even if of twenty years standing, or however hard or discolored the flesh may be, or if swollen the size of a person's body, provided the Ointment is well rubbed into the whole of the parts affected twice a day in large quantities, and the parts kept covered with linen rags thickly spread with the Ointment; from this mode of treatment, a plentiful discharge of unhealthy humor will follow, until the wounds are all healed on the leg, or other parts assume their natural appearance.

Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers.

The most inveterate cases of bad legs, scrofulous, or other sores, are cured, if of 20 years standing, by the joint use of the Ointment and Pills. The effect of this unrivalled remedy upon virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterwards complete, are safe as well as permanent. It has a wonderful effect in the cure of sores occasioned by mosquetos, sandflies, or giggers.

Piles.

This Ointment will cure the worst cases of Piles if used according to the printed directions even if of 20 years standing.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Blotches, pimples, dry eruptions, and all irritations of the skin, fade and disappear after a few applications of Holloway's Ointment. In these cases brisk friction is indispensable. Many of the ordinary eruptions are caused by suppressed perspiration, and as this penetrating unguent at once opens the pores, and invigorates the absorbents, it dissipates the inflammation by a double process. Ladies whose faces or arms are disfigured by cutaneous diseases, may readily remove the blemish and restore to the skin its natural tint, flexibility, and softness, by the use of this safe but powerful counter-irritant.

King's Evil, Fever Sores.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every recipe of pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas.

These are among the most terrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the followin cases:—

Bad Legs.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Fistulas.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Gout.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquetoes and Sand-Flies.	Glandular Swellings.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Lumbago.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Piles.	Tumors.
Corns (soft).	Rheumatism.	Ulcers.
Cancers.		Wounds.
		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every d sorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents,
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Opposite Liverpool Wharf,
Columbia-street, New Westminster

WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALER in Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Crockeryware, Paints Oils, Farming Implements, Mining Tools, Ladies' and Gent's Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.

Agent JEFFRAY & CO.'S Fraser River Express.

100 tons HAY for Sale.

m28, 3m

AT NIGHT.

"Dying? You do but jest!
You smile in the dark, I know!
Surely I should know best
How the quick pulses go.
Lay your hand on my cheek:
Feel, though you *see* not, the red.
Why, in another week
I shall have left my bed!

"It was being so long alone—
So sick of the world's vain strife,
Uncared for, and unknown,
That sapp'd the springs of life!
You have given a world of love:
Nay, soften that anxious brow;
Is not *our* God above?
He *will* not summon me *now*.

"The summer is coming *fast*;
I can scent the rich perfume
Of the lilac by the door,
And the delicate apple-bloom.
Where shall our years be spent?
I long for the hills of Spain—
We will go to Rome, for lent,
Then back to our home again.

"O, what is this sudden pang?
Is it growing darker, Will?
Heavily goes my heart—
It is almost standing still!
Raise me—I cannot breathe—
Pray for me, love," she said,
"Father into *Thy* hands!"
And my young [illegible]

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

By the Overland Mail we have received dates to the 17th August.

The Neapolitan Parliamentary elections commenced on the 14th. Refugees were preferred by the electors, who openly declared for the annexation of Naples to Piedmont.

The papers publish despatches announcing the unopposed disembarkation of Garibaldi, near Reggio, on the night of the 10th of August. The same despatch reports the evacuation of Sicily by the Neapolitans. Both statements are doubtful.

Trieste, August 8.—It is believed that Garibaldi intends to attact Austria, not on the Venetian, but on the Croatian coast, by attempting a disembarkation. The Austrian authorities believe that he will first endeavor to provoke revolution in Croatia and Hungary before proceeding to Venetia. All the coasts were watched by the Imperial cruisers.

A Paris correspondent of the New York *Times* says Austria has now 250,000 men in Venetia.

The same letter says the Neapolitan Government had decided to pospone the Parliamentary election indefinately. This step which is equivalent in the eyes of the Neapolitans to abrogation of the new Constitution, will produce a great fermentation, and will only hasten the crisis which the king wished to avoid.

A Naples telegram states that the Garibaldians attempted to land and were repulsed. Only 200 succeeded in landing, and were pursued into the interior.

Political interest prevails in Paris on the Sicilian and Italian questions.

Garibalda was expected to attack Venice.

Austria will maintain the conflict alone against all Italy.

Prussia will remain neutral while other powers do not interfere.

The material at the Austrian arsenal at Venice was being transferred to Polo. The steamer *Veloce* had entered Castellamere at midnight on the 14th, and fired several cannon shots. Minorca [?] returned without producing any result.

London, August 17.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says that the Pope has written a very melancholy letter to the Cardinal of France. He looks upon all as lost, and although convinced that he will die by the bullet of an assassin, he declares that he will quit Rome under no consideration and for no price.

Constantinople, July 17.—Advices from Damascus of the 15th inst. state that Fuad Pasha had surrounded Lebanon with troops, and threatened with the sword the Druses and Sheiks if they did not surrender in two days. Twenty Sheiks had already been taken, and nearly eight huudred other important arrests made. A thousand camels, loaded with plundered property, had also been recovered.

The Sultan had visited the Porte and delivered his speech to the Ministers, expressing a resolution to punish Syrian offenders severely, and also an intention of reducing the list of high functionaries, and of effecting economy generally. Paper money was to remain in circulation until July next.

The Sultan was about to address autograph letters to Queen Victoria and the Emperor Napoleon, on the subject of Syrian affairs, in which he would express a desire to have the sole punishment of the offenders. The massacre of Paldare is confirmed, but no details are given as yet.

A resolution for raising £300,000 for India was agreed to in the House of Commons.

Advices from the west coast of Africa, *via* England, state that the captain of the American bark Edwin, of Salem, had been accused of killing some Kromem, and attempting the lives of others. The gunboat Lochrea was at Cape Coast, and the Commander was investigating the affair.

Genoa, August 15.—The Grand Duchess Anne, of Russia, sister of King Leopold, died to-day at Berne.

Chinese advices say that Sow Chow had been sacked and burned. The Imperial troops are said to have joined the rebels.

John Wild & Sons, manufacturers of Macclesfield, Eng., have failed for £150,000, and Secross, their London agent, for £70,000. [?]

300,000 reals of Morocco indemnity had arrived at Madrid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

An Irish Peer Resident in Canada.—Lord Aylmer, whose claim to be ranked among the Peers of Ireland was admitted by the House of Lords on Thursday, the 10th of July, Sergeant Burke and Mr. Hodgson, appearing as counsel for his lordship, is the descendant and representative of that gallant admiral the first Lord Aylmer, one of the heroes of the Victory of La Hogue, who was Governor of Greenwich Hospital, and whose portrait may still be seen among the illustrious men depicted in the Painted Hall of the Hospital. The first Lord Aylmer was the Admiral who escorted George I. across the seas when he came to take possession of the British throne, and from that time to this the house of Aylmer has been constantly and most creditably engaged in the naval and military service of this country. It is a curious circumstance that foremost in rank among the millions there welcoming the Prince of Wales will be the representative and successor of that trusty seaman whose flag was at the masthead of the ship that brought to England the first monarch of the House of Brunswick.

Red River Carts.—A large number of these primitive conveyances, with their hardy owners, has arrived in town. The captain of one of the brigades informs us that the crops at the Red River settlement are magnificent this year. A valuable load of furs has been brought down, amongst them several bunches of the silver grey fox—the most valuable fur known. Mr. Farrington informs us that these are all sent to Russia where each skin is worth $150 to $200. The Russians also pay the highest price for teas, champagne, and diamonds, and there is certainly no country in the world where extreme squalor and luxurious splendour rub shoulders so closely.—*Toronto Papers.*

A Murderer Found Out.—The mystery of the Casterton murder has at last been unriddled, and the perpetrator, George Waines,—a farmer and the employer and neighbor of the murdered pair—has been condemned to death for the dreadful offence, of which a jury has just found him "Guilty." It will be in the recollection of our readers that Robert and Mary Hunt, owners of a small property at Casterton, in the Western District, suddenly disappeared in October 1858, leaving valuables behind them, and that no trace of them could be found for many a day. Suspicions were early excited against George Waines, who had purchased the property of Hunt some months previously, and paid for it by a bill, which would become payable in November of that year. The suspicions grew stronger, and were more and more fixed in the minds of the neighbours by the strange remarks of Waines himself, who exhibited a sort of monomania for talking about the Hunts, and whose remarks at times almost amounted to an admission of the murder. At length, twelve months after the disappearance of the Hunts, Detective-constable Brown was detached from the Melbourne force to investigate the subject on the spot. He engaged himself as a stableman and general helper with a publican in the neighborhood, became acquainted with Waines, and sought diligently for a clue to trace the crime, but for some months without success. At last he got himself arrested as a ticket-of-leave convict at large, and had Waines apprehended at the same time on suspicion. Search was daily prosecuted for the bodies of the missing pair, on the farm, and about the house, Brown taking part in the search, and Waines nightly pressing his fellow prisoner (as he thought him) for information of what was going on outside. At last a chance remark, that the river Glenelg was about to be dragged by the blacks, drew the secret from the alarmed man. He had thrown the bodies, in a sack, into a deep water-hole in the river; and when on his way in custody to the jail, he had made an excuse for a few minutes from the police when passing this water hole, and had seen that a portion of one of the missing bodies had escaped from the bag, and was floating on the surface. He confessed the crime, and begged the detective, as a friend who would not betray him, to remove the remains, and save him. The water-hole was immediately afterwards searched, and portions of the two bodies were found, one of the bodies being that of a woman, and the other that of a man. The prisoner was tried at Portland, last week, for the murder of Mary Hunt, the trial lasting over several days—Mr. Justice Pohlman presiding. The Jury found the prisoner "Guilty," and he was sentenced to death.—*Melbourne Argus.*

A meeting has been held in Liverpool to raise funds for the support of fugitive slaves in Canada. Amongst those present were the Rev. Dr. Burns, professor of the Theological College, Toronto; the Rev. William King, formerly a slave-owner in Louisiania, and Mr. John Cropper. There was a numerous attendance, and a liberal contribution taken up.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.
Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.
CAPITAL.....$5,000,000

VICTORIA BRANCH.

Special Deposits received in sums of $100 and upwards, re-payable on demand. Charge for safe keeping, one-quarter of one per cent. per month.

Gold Dust received for safe keeping, at the rate of five cents per oz. per month.

Drafts Issued on London 60 days after Sight, at the rate of $4 95 per £1, stg.

3 days after sight, (in sums of £50, and upwards) $5, per £1 stg.

3 days after sight (in sums under £50) $5 10, per £1, sterling.

Drafts on demand or at short sight, issued on the principal Cities and Towns in Scotland and Ireland, at the rate of $5 15 per £1 stg.

Drafts on the principal Cities in the North American Provinces, at 3 days, as follows:—

Canada.....4 per cent. premium.
New Brunswick.....4 " "
Nova Scotia.....2½ " "

Drafts on New York, at 3 days, 3 per cent. premium.
" " Messrs. B. Davidson & May, San Francisco at sight—par.

Office hours 10 a. m., to 3 p. m.—Saturday 10 to 1 o'clock.

F. W. WOOD,
Manager.

Victoria, March 17, 1860. tc

JAMES PATRICK & CO.

ARE REGULARLY IN THE RECEIPT OF
BUTTER, CLEAR BACON SIDES, HAMS, AND PORK
CANDLES,—Hydraulic, Pressed and Adamantine.
LARD—"J. H. & Co.'s" 10-lb cans, in 120-lb. cases.
NAIL—Old Colony and Parker Mills, assorted sizes
N. O. SUGAR, half barrels.
DRIED APPLES, half barrels.

ALSO,
Have for sale, in store and to arrive, the following well known brands of
VIRGINIA MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.
Three-fourths of them are direct from the manufacturers, consequently can be offered at comparatively low prices:

Half-Pounds.
T. & S. Hardgrove's Peach
Turpin & Yarbrough's Apricot;
J. H. Greaner's Pride of the Union
A. L. Royster's Fruit;
W. Greaner's Sun;
T. & S. Hardgrove' Golden Gate;
A. L. Royster's Invincible;
A. L. Royster's Mary's Own;
Harvey Birch;
Knickerbocker;
Pomona and Queen of Hearts.

Bright Pounds.
Peerless—T. & S. Hardgrove;
Gold Leaf—John H. Greaner;
Gallego—Clopton;
J. M. Langhorn & Co.'s Extra;
Brewer's Gold Leaf;
Murrell & Burke's Sun-Cured;
Rockaday—Golden Seal;
Giralda, Wine Sap, etc.

Bright Half-Pounds.
Gold Leaf—J. H. Greaner;
Pippin—John W. Young;
Wine Sap—George W Gilliam

Fancy Tobaccos
Invincible Twist;
Planter's Pride Twist, in foil;
Wine Sap Twist;
Atlantic Cable Twist, in foil;
Perfect Love, small plugs;
Game Cock Twist, in foil.

Smoking Tobacco.
Hardgrove's Peerless, Killikinick and Riddick's Gold Leaf.

Fine Cut.
John Anderson & Co.'s Solace.

Snuff.
Lorillard's Coarse Rappee and Macaboy.

For sale by single case or package.

FINE HAVANA SEGARS.

By each Steamer we are in receipt of the Choicest Brands of Havana Segars, selected by our house in Havana (Patrick y Ca.) especially for this market.

The above goods are offered to the trade by the single case or package, by JAMES PATRICK & CO.,
m10-1y San Francisco.

SOUTHGATE & MITCHELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Albert Wharf, Victoria, Vancouver Island, and Battery-street, San Francisco, California. 17m3m

COALS! COALS! COALS!!!
DIRECT FROM NANAIMO in any quantity to suit purchasers. For Sale by
J. T. SCOTT,
all-tc Pioneer Wharf.

NEW GOODS.

RECEIVED at Stationers' Hall, a large addition to our stock of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
carefully selected from a well-filled market, containing many New and Popular Books among them.
STATIONERY,
both low priced and superfine, of every description, in lots, to wholesale or retail.
A Beautiful Assortment of
GOLD PENS, AND FINE POCKET CUTLERY.
Also—Many articles of Staple and Fancy Stationery, and Standard and Miscellaneous Books here-[illegible] not to be had in this market.
HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
ju13-1m Yates-street, Victoria.

FURNITURE.

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture—and now offer
Painted sets, ten pieces;
Extension Tables, 8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables, serpentine and round ops, assorted sizes;
Card Table, harp and square pillars
Common Tables, 2½, 3, and 3½ long;
Bedsteads, Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Lounges, spring seats, in damask and leather covers;
Sofas, spring seats, hair cloth, with round and pillow ends;
Desks, with fall and door fronts;
Cheffoniers, walnut and mahogany carved fronts, 3 shelves, fret work;
Bureaus, one-half marble top, scroll and painted pine, 4 and 6 drawers;
What-nots, walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors, in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's Cribs and Cradles, also High and Low Chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs, Mahogany, Hair-cloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining Grecian cane, heavy barroom, and common wood seat;
Rockers, spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;
Sinks, Washstands, Chair Cushions, Coverlets, Towel Racks, Willow Cribs, &c.

—ALSO—
BEDDING,
Pulu, Curled Hair, Moss, Wool, and Straw Mattresses, best Feather Pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use none but the best materials, and guarantee our work.
PIERCE & SEYMOUR.
Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.
Victoria, V. I., April 11, 1860. 3m

AN ASTONISHING REMEDY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

It Expels Disease!

It is said that all productions of human skill have their day, and are superseded by new inventions or discoveries. Not so with this remedy. "It is not for a day, but for all time, and in all countries." And Why? Because it strikes at the generic root of all diseases in the blood, and medical art can accomplish nothing beyond that. The Ointment, penetrating through flesh and fibre, like water through a porous substance, reaches the germ or disease, such as scrofula, erysipelas, cancer, tumor, and all eruptive and ulcerous discharges in the circulation, and eradicates the taint at once and forever in this climate.

Bad Legs.

This Ointment will cure any case of Bad Leg even if of twenty years standing, or however hard or discolored the flesh may be, or if swollen the size of a person's body, provided the Ointment is well rubbed into the whole of the parts affected twice a day in large quantities, and the parts kept covered with linen rags thickly spread with the Ointment; from this mode of treatment, a plentiful discharge of unhealthy humor will follow, until the wounds are all healed on the leg, or other parts assume their natural appearance.

Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers.

The most inveterate cases of bad legs, scrofulous, or other sores, are cured, if of 20 years standing, by the joint use of the Ointment and Pills. The effect of this unrivalled remedy upon virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterwards complete, are safe as well as permanent. It has a wonderful effect in the cure of sores occasioned by mosquetos, sandflies, or giggers.

Piles.

This Ointment will cure the worst cases of Piles if used according to the printed directions even if of 20 years standing.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Blotches, pimples, dry eruptions, and all irritations of the skin, fade and disappear after a few applications of Holloway's Ointment. In these cases brisk friction is indispensable. Many of the ordinary eruptions are caused by suppressed perspiration, and as this penetrating unguent at once opens the pores, and invigorates the absorbents, it dissipates the inflammation by a double process. Ladies whose faces or arms are disfigured by cutaneous diseases, may readily remove the blemish and restore to the skin its natural tint, flexibility, and softness, by the use of this safe but powerful counter-irritant.

King's Evil, Fever Sores.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every recipe of pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas.

These are among the most terrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the followin cases:—

Bad Legs.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Fistulas.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Gout.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquetos and Sand-Flies.	Glandular Swellings.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Lumbago.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Piles.	Tumors.
Corns (soft).	Rheumatism.	Ulcers.
Cancers.		Wounds.
		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents,
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Opposite Liverpool Wharf,
Columbia-street, New Westminster

WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALER in Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Crockeryware, Paints, Oils, Farming Implements, Mining Tools, Ladies' and Gent's Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.
Agent JEFFRAY & CO.'S Fraser River Express.

100 tons HAY for Sale.
m28, 3m

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD,
AND FOR THE CURE OF
Scrofula, Rheumatism, Stubborn Ulcers, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Erysipelas, Pimples, Biles, Mercurial Diseases, Cutaneous Eruptions, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Female Complaints, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, &c.

A plentiful supply of pure blood is as essential to animal life as light, heat, and genial showers are to the vegetable kingdom. When the proper circulation of the vital fluid is impeded, sickness is the inevitable consequence, the secretions become unhealthy, the liver becomes clogged with impure bile, which, forced into the system, vitiates and inflames the blood, engendering scrofula and cutaneous and biliary disorders. The experience of sixteen years has fully established the high reputation of this invaluable medicine: its curative powers have been thoroughly tested in long-standing and obstinate cases, with such invariable success as to call forth the most flattering commendations from eminent physicians throughout the country.

MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

The following recommendation is from one of the oldest physicians in New London, Conn.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen.—Your Sarsaparilla has been very extensively used in this city and the neighboring towns, and so far as my knowledge extends, uniformly with success. In a great variety of diseases of long standing, and of a very distressing and dangerous character, which have resisted a long list of remedial agents, it has been used—in many of them with complete success, and in all with decided benefit. It is regarded by the medical profession as a medicine of great efficacy in a numerous class of diseases, such as inveterate constitutional complaints, when the system has been long diseased; in cases of long use or abuse of mercury; in rheumatism of long standing; in obstinate diseases of the skin; in enfeebled conditions of the system; in chronic abscesses, attended with profuse discharges; diseases of the bones; obstinate ulcers; chronic pulmonary affections; enlarged glands, and various other maladies connected with a depraved state of the system. Its use is usually followed with improvement of appetite and digestion, increase of strength and flesh, better rest at night, the production of a more healthy state of mind, and complete restoration to health.

Truly yours, WM. STERNE, M. D.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100 Fulton-street, corner of William, New York.

For sale by DEWITT, KITTLE & Co., H. JOHNSON & Co., and REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco; RICE & COFFIN, Marysville; R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento; and by Druggists generally.

IT NEVER FAILS!

CROSSMAN'S SPECIFIC MIXTURE
FOR THE CURE OF
CERTAIN DISEASES, WITH WHICH UNFORTUNATELY MANY ARE AFFLICTED.

Of all the remedies yet discovered for such complaints, this is the most certain, and leaves no injurious effects.

It makes a speedy and permanent cure, without the least restriction to diet, drink, exposure, or change in application to business. One bottle is generally sufficient to cure an ordinary case, which not unfrequently disappears after six or eight doses.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100 Fulton-street, corner of William, New York.

For sale by DEWITT, KITTLE & Co., H. JOHNSON & Co., and REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco; RICE & COFFIN, Marysville; R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento; and by Druggists generally.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD,
AND FOR THE CURE OF
Scrofula, Mercurial Diseases, Rheumatism, Cutaneous Eruptions, Stubborn Ulcers, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Salt Rheum, Lumbago, White Swellings, Hip Disease, Enlargement of the Bones and Joints, Fever Sores, Female Complaints, Erysipelas, Loss of Appetite, Pimples, Biles, General Debility, &c., &c.

It has long been a most important desideratum in the practice of medicine, to obtain a remedy similar to this, and accordingly we find it resorted to almost universally in all those tormenting diseases of the skin so trying to the patience, and injurious to the health. It is a tonic, aperient, and disinfectant. It acts simultaneously upon the stomach, the circulation, and the bowels, and thus three processes, which are ordinarily the result of three different kinds of medicine, are carried on at the same time through the instrumentality of this one remedial agent. Its great merit is, that it meets and *neutralizes* the active principle of disease itself, and when that is gone, the symptoms necessarily disappear. The rapidity with which the patient recovers health and strength under this triple influence is surprising.

REMARKABLE CURE.

Lynn County, Oregon Ter., March 11, 1855.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands, New York: *Gentlemen.*—In the spring of 1853, while on our way from Indiana to this place, our eldest boy was seized with a swelling and severe pains in the legs, which day by day grew worse, until his legs contracted, and became so painful that he could not walk, and we had to carry him about like an infant. We reached Albany on the 3d of October, completely worn out by fatigue. By this time he was reduced to a perfect skeleton. Here we were enabled to consult a physician (Dr. Hill), who honestly confessed he could not cure him, although he could give him medicine that would relieve the pain. In this exigency something must be done, or death was inevitable. Being recommended to try your Sarsaparilla, I procured a bottle. After taking some, he appeared worse; but persevering with it, I obtained a second bottle, which seemed to grapple with the disease, and caused a marked improvement: the swelling and pain in the legs were reduced, his appetite improved, and his color began to return. Thus encouraged, I purchased a third bottle; while taking it, the swellings in his legs broke, and some pieces of bone one-eighth of an inch long came out, after which his legs straightened and healed up. He is now perfectly recovered, has no appearance of being a cripple, and can perform most kinds of common labor, as all our neighbors can certify. Yours, respectfully,
CALEB DAVIS.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100 Fulton-street, corner of William, New York.

For sale by DEWITT, KITTLE & Co., H. JOHNSON & Co., and REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco; RICE & COFFIN Marysville; R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento; and by Druggists generally.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM,
FOR INFLAMED EYELIDS.

The delicate structure of the eyelid renders it peculiarly sensitive and liable to disease. When, from any cause, it becomes affected, the inner membrane rapidly inflames, and the eyelid evinces the strongest predisposition to attract to itself humors from all parts of the body. Hundreds of persons of scrofulous habit are disfigured by rawness or redness of the eyelids, commonly called sore eyes, and tortured with apprehensions of impaired vision, who, by using this BALSAM, may obtain almost immediate relief. In all cases, the earlier this remedy is applied the better.

READ THE FOLLOWING EVIDENCE.

New York, July 15th, 1856.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Gentlemen,—I have been troubled for years with an affection of the eyelids, and have tried a number of remedies without experiencing any decided benefit. A few weeks since I obtained some of your Roman Eye Balsam, and applied it according to the directions. The first application produced a decidedly beneficial effect, and I had not used it a week, before my eyelids were entirely free from inflammation, which had not been the case before for many years.

Yours, &c. G. B. WILLIAMS, 262 Broadway

PRICE, 25 CENTS PER JAR.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100 Fulton-street, corner of William, New York.

For sale by DEWITT, KITTLE & Co., H. JOHNSON & Co., and REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco; RICE & COFFIN Marysville; R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento; and by Druggists generally.

MAYER, REINHART, & CO.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

HAVING concluded arrangements for a regular line of vessels, to run twice a month direct, from San Francisc to this place, would be pleased to receive orders for British Columbia.

Letters addressed to us in care of Messrs. Mayer, Reinhart, & Co., Victoria, V. I., John Dewar, and O. H. Gehricke, San Francisco, Ca., will meet with prompt attention.
m21-1m

LEVI & BOAS
Scott's Wharf.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Dealers in all sorts of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, &c. Have always on hand a large assortment of Provisions and Groceries direct from San Francisco, will sell them at the lowest market prices.

All orders from the country will be promptly attended to.
m28, 3m

ERNEST PICHT,
BREWER,
a4-3m
NEW WESTMINSTER.

VICTORIA PRICES CURRENT AND SHIPPING LIST.

PUBLISHED every fortnight in time for the California Mail Steamer. The prices Current contains the correct and authentic rates and prices of all descriptions of articles in the Victoria market, as well as reliable reports of the state of trade, shipping, &c. It is as invaluable as an index and commercial authority to every merchant and tradesman as it is a desirable medium for advertising. Printed for A. F. Main at the office of the V. I. *Gazette*, Victoria.

PACIFIC FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,
First-street, San Francisco.

We continue to manufacture, at the above well known establishment,
Steam Engines,
Quartz
Flour,
Saw Mill,
and other machinery, of every description, and Iron and Brass Castings of all kinds.

From the long experience we have had, and the superior tools and machinery, and the very large collection of patterns at our command, we feel confident that our facilities for turning out the best style of work, with dispatch, and at the lowest rates, are not surpassed on the Pacific coast.

Russia Iron Screens for Quartz Mills, made at short notice. Orders for all kinds of work will receive prompt attention.

GODDARD HANSCOM, & RANKIN,
je20-6m Late Goddard & Co.

SEED WHEAT.

THOMAS PATTRICK, & Co., have some choice lots of Seed Wheat on hand from Australia, Mexico, the Mediterranean, and Van Dieman's Land.

Farmers are invited to inspect samples.

For Sale by
THOMAS PATTRICK & Co.,
Corner Government and Johnson streets, Victoria.
m21-1m

THE BLESSING OF HEALTH
BY
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Why are Diseases so Fatal in Tropical Climates?

Merely because we prescribe for their effect, instead of their cause, and try to relieve symptoms instead of striking at their root. The action of these Pills is precisely the reverse. They expel from the secretive organs and the circulation the morbid matter which produces inflammation, pain, fever, debility, and physical decay; and the basis of disease being removed, its manifestations vanish. While ordinary remedies only afford a temporary respite to the sufferer, whereas these Pills annihilate the disorder.

Ill Health in Hot Countries.

Frequently arises from nervous disorders affecting the action of the heart and deranging the whole animal economy; these fine Pills will restore the nervous system however deranged, and bring back health and spirits when all other medicine has failed,

Bilious and Liver Complaints.

Frequently lead to the worst phases of human suffering, yet how many in the East and West Indies, and most of our Foreign Possessions, are thus afflicted, unknowing the means of cure placed within their grasp; such should take a few boxes of these Pills according to the directions given in the books, and their ailments will quickly leave them.

Dropsical Swellings and Turn of Life.

This is a most disastrous period in woman's history, it destroys thousands, the whole of the gross humors collect together, and like a tide sweep away health and life itself, if not timely and powerfully checked. The most certain remedy for all these dangerous symptoms is Holloway's Pills. Armed with this great antidote, the fiery ordeal is passed through, and the sufferer is once more restored to the possession of unimpaired health. These Pills are equally efficacious in all female complaints, and obstructions at the dawn of womanhood.

Stomach and Liver Complaints.

These are complaints of the million, particularly of those in warm latitudes; few escape them; and, if neglected, they lead to innumerable dangerous maladies. But why neglect them when Holloway's Pills will eradicate them as certainly as water extinguishes fire? They relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution at the same time. They are admitted by virtue of special decrees into the dominions of despotism, and thus have become a great household remedy.

Dysentery and Bowel Complaints.

These famous Pills should be taken once or twice a week by all classes in this part of the world, by which means, none need fear the attacks of these direful scourges.

A Word to Females.

The local debility and irregularities which are the special annoyance of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shortens life, are relieved for the time being and prevented for the time to come, by a course of this mild but thorough alterative.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on the skin	Female Irregularities	Liver Complaints
Bowel Complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Lumbago
Colics	Fits	Piles
Constipation of the Bowels	Gout	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Head-ache	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Indigestion	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Inflammation	Secondary Symptoms
Dysentery	Tumours	Tic Douloureux
Venereal Affections	Worms of all kinds	Ulcers
		Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents, Yates-st., Victoria.

Printed and published every Saturday by Leonard McClure, at his office, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.