JUN 20 1919
VICTORIA, B.C.

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The Daily News

WEATHER—Nelson and vicinity: Partly cloudy and cool with showers.

VOL. 18 No. 56 NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17, 1919 50c PER MONTH

4 VIEWS OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

EMPLOYERS AT WINNIPEG OUTLINE THEIR POSITION TO CITIZENS

BROTHERHOOD OFFICIALS SAY PROPOSAL IS FAIR

Railway Officials and Senator Robertson, Minister of Labor, Approve Statement

WINNIPEG, June 16.—After a conference which lasted all day yesterday the following statement has been handed out for publication jointly by the officers representing all the railway companies having headquarters in Winnipeg, international officers of six great railway brotherhoods, the minister of labor of the Dominion and the representatives of the different iron and metal manufacturers around whom the sympathetic strike has waged for the past four weeks.

As the international officers of the brotherhoods who have been striving for mediation between the employees and employers of the metal trades have decided that mediation is impossible it was thought by all concerned that the public should be acquainted with the definition of collective bargaining as interpreted by the railways and their employees.

Employers' Position.

The following statement was issued by the employers, showing their willingness to recognize the trades unions and to meet with the latter for the purpose of collective bargaining:

"The undersigned learn that certain railroad employees have taken part in the sympathetic strike, using as justification for their act the claim that the metal trades employers have failed to properly recognize and concede the principle of collective bargaining to metal trades employees. We believe that there is and has been material misunderstanding in connection with our recognition of the principle of collective bargaining and in an endeavor to once more place the position of the metal trades clearly before all interested we make the following statement.

"Privy council order no 1743, passed in July, 1918, by the Dominion cabinet, in part provides as follows:

"'2. That all employes have the right to organize in trade unions and this right shall not be denied or interfered with in any manner whatever, and through their chosen representatives should be permitted and encouraged to negotiate with employers concerning working conditions, rates of pay or other frievances.'

"The above quoted portion of the federal government's defined policy on this question, we believe, should be accepted by those interested, and our desire has been to recognize and concede its applicability to the operation of our respective plants. We have endeavored on several occasions to place concretely in writing our intent and desire relative to the question of collective bargaining, but evidently we have failed to clearly outline our views and desires in that connection and we therefore, in the hope of clearing up entirely any misunderstanding on the part of our employees and on the part of the general public and the very much interested citizens of Winnipeg, we submit the following as our declared policy on collective bargaining:

Declared Policy.

"1. Employees shall not be discriminated against by employers or other employees on account of membership or non-membership in any craft or organization.

"2. The members of the various trades organizations employed in the undersigned metal trades shops shall have the right of presenting and negotiating schedules covering wages, hours and working conditions with individual employers or collectively with the employers of the metal trades.

"3. The employees who are members of the various metal trade organizations in the contract shops, 'not including railway shops,' shall have the right to elect representatives from among the employees of the firm or firms involved.

To Settle Grievances.

"4. After agreements have been reached and schedules signed as by the above mentioned method grievances or differences that may arise shall be taken up as follows:

"(A) All complaints and grievances to be adjusted if possible by the superintendent in charge.

"(B) When adjustments cannot be made between the superintendents and the craft directly interested, the matter will be taken up with the company by the committee representing the craft involved and they shall endeavor to reach a mutual understanding.

"(C) In the event an understanding cannot be reached by the company and the representatives of the craft or crafts involved the committee representing all of the trades unions employed by the firms concerned will meet and try to bring about an adjustment of such differences or grienvance.

Ask Aid of International

"5. In case of failure on the part of said representatives to effect a satisfactory settlement of any schedule negotiations or grievances with the firm or firms concerned the duly accredited international officers of the metal trades organization shall be called upon to assist in effecting a settlement.

"6. During the period of negotiati-

(Continued on Page Two)

CANADIAN RIOTERS DID NOT SET WITLEY ON FIRE

LONDON, June 16 (Canadian Associated Press).—A strenuous denial is given to the statement that rioters at the Canadian military camp at Witney deliberately set the town in a blaze.

It is certainly true that when the seriousness of the fire was appreciated that practically the whole camp turned out in an attempt to extinguish the flames.

The long drought and the inflammable mess of materials made their efforts futile. The long line of huts today present the spectacle of a mere heap of blackened rubbish. Several ships have lately left England after as many as six postponements due to labor troubles in Liverpool.

MORE RAILROADERS OUT AT WINNIPEG

PASSENGER SERVICE IS CONTINUING WITH BUT LITTLE DELAY.

Storm Does About Half a Million Dollars Damage to City—Causes Further Trouble.

WINNIPEG, June 16.—The most important phase of the strike situation today was a further walk-out on the part of switchmen, firemen and enginemen, employed by the three railways, and according to strike leaders, the threatened extension of the railway strike to western points at midnight.

The exact number of those who walked out during the day in defiance of the dictum of international executives could not be stated, but local freight yards were badly crippled. It was declared, however, that the places of the strikers are being rapidly filled. Passenger service is continuing without little delay.

May Ignore Iron Masters

The statement issued by the metal trades employees, endorsed by all the leading international brotherhood officials and Hon. G. D. Robertson, federal minister of labor, acknowledging their willingness to accept a plan of collective bargaining following closely the ines of that employed by running trades unions and the railway companies, has brought no statement from strike leaders.

The prevailing impression among union members was that the stand of the ironmasters would be ignored owing largely to the fact that the arrangement would eliminate the metal trades council as a factor in labor disputes.

It having been reported that the police were to be reinstated unconditionally the police commission issued a statement making it clear that no members of the dismissed force would be returned to duty without signing the anti-strike agreement and that all men returning under the required conditions will be protected.

Damage by Storm

The damage caused by the storm of Saturday night, estimated to be more than half a million dollars, has made the strike situation more acute. Poles and wires of telegraph, telephone, electric light and street railway companies were blown down; plate glass windows in the business section broken, and many buildings unroofed and otherwise damaged. In response to appeals, however, volunteers are said to be coming forward to take up the work of repairing damage as far as possible.

The back-to-work movement continued, but not on so large a scale as last week. House to house milk deliveries were resumed by one compny.

It was decided by the city council to delay consideration of the jitney service for another 24 hours, pending negotiations with the street railway company with regard to running a fivecent sree car service vbgkqj ESS five-cent street car service.

Because of the strike manufacture of coffins has been entirely suspended here and casket companies reported that their stocks were almost depleted.

Trains on Schedule.

Latest news last night in regard to the strike of some of the employees of the running trades was that all the Canadian Pacific railway passenger trains got off on scheduled time and those of the Canadian Northern railway were dispatched with some delays. The Canadian Pacific railway, it was regarded, was satisfactorily handling freight and it was announced there had been an improvement in the freight situation on the Canadian Northern railway. No more additions to the ranks of the strikers were reported yesterday.

When spoken to tonight, R. B. Russell, one of the inner circle of the strike committee and a member of the metal trades council, refused to comment on the statement of policy as regards collective bargaining issued by the metal trades employers early this morning.

H. E. Barker, chairman of the railroad brotherhoods' mediation committee, which endeavored to settle the dispute between the metal trades employers and employees, this evening received an informal visit from R. B. Russell. No information was given out as to the nature of the interview. Mr. Barker stated tonight that the mediation committee had gone out of existence and its members had no intention of acting further in the matter, but that the committee would issue its report on the mediation proceedings.

WILSON WILL TELL PEOPLE ABOUT LEAGUE OF NATIONS

WASHINGTON, June 16.—President Wilson, facing a divided senate, has decided to carry his fight for ratification of the league of nations covenant directly to the people in a country-wide speaking tour. He expects to begin his trip as soon as he returns from Paris.

CLEMENCEAU POINTS OUT FACT THAT JUSTICE IS BASIS OF PEACE TREATY

OTTAWA, June 16.—The following text of the final reply of the allied and associated powers t the conditions of peace was recived today by the government and handed to the Canadian Press, Limited:

Text of Reply.

PARIS, June 16.—The final reply of the allied and associated powers to the conditions of peace handed to the Germans at Versailles May 7, was delivered to the German delegation today and made public shortly after.

The Germans are allowed five days to accept or refuse the treaty as it stands. If they accept, peace will be signed at once; if not, the armistice will terminate on Saturday and the powers will take such steps as necessary to enforce their terms.

The principle of the original conditions have been vigorously upheld as establishing a peace of justice, but certain modifications in details and many explanations of the effect of execution are made.

The reply is in two parts, a general covering letter of about 4500 words and seriatim discussions of the general counter proposals. The changes include a plebiscite for upper Silesia with guarantees of coal therefrom; frontier rectifications in West Prussia; omission of the third zone of the Schleswig plebiscite; temporary increase of the German army from 100,000 to 200,000 men; declaration of intention to submit within a month of the signature a list of those accused of violation of the laws and customs of war; an offer to cooperate with the German commission on reparations, and to receive suggestions for discharging the obligation; certain detailed modifications in the finance, economic, ports and waterways clauses, including abolition of the proposed Kiel canal commission and the assurance of membership in the league of nations in the early future, if Germany fulfills her obligations.

Covering Letter.

The covering letter from M. Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, president of the German delegation, follows:

"Section 2. Mr. President, the allied and associated powers have given the most earnest consideration to the observations of the German delegates on the draft of the treaty of peace. The reply protests against the peace on the ground that it conflicts with the terms on which the armistice of the 11th of November, 1918, was signed, and that it is a peace of violence and not of justice. The protest of the German delegation shows that they failed to understand the position in which Germany stands today. They seem to think that Germany has only to make sacrifices in order ot attain peace, as if those were but the end of some mere struggle for territory and power. The allied and associated powers therefore feel it necessary to begin the reply by a clear statement of the judgment of the world which has been formed by practically the whole of civilized mankind.

"In view of the allied and associated powers ,the war which began on August 4, 1914, was the greatest crime against humanity and freedom of the people that any nation, calling itself civilized,, has ever consciously committed for many years. The rulers of Germany, true to the Prussian tradition, strove for a position of dominance in Europe. They were not satisfied with that growing prosperity and influence which Germany was entitled and which all other nations were willing to accord her, they required that they should be able to dictate and tyrranize over a subservient Europe, as they dictated and tyrranized over the German. In order to attain their ends to use every channel that to educate their own subjects to the doctrine that might was right in international affairs they never ceased to expand German armaments by land and sea, and to propagate the falsehood that it was necessary because Germany's neighbors were jealous of her prosperity and power.

Enemy of World

"They sought to sow hostility and suspicion instead of friendship between nations. They developed a system of espionage through which they were enabled to stir up international rebellion and unrest and even to make secret offensive preparations within the territory of their neighbors, whereby they might, when the moment came, strike them down with greater certainty and ease. They kept Europe in a ferment by threats of violence and when they found that their neighbors were resolved to resist their arrogant will, they determined to assist their predominance in Europe by force. As soon as their preparations were complete they encouraged a subservient nation to declare war on Serbia at 48 hours' notice, a war involving the control of the Balkans, which they knew could not be localized and which was bound to unchain a general war. In order to make doubly sure they refused every attempt at conciliation and conference, until it was too late and the world war was inevitable for which they had plotted and for which alone among the nations they were adequately equipped and prepared.

Inhuman Warfare

"Germany's responsibility, is not confined to having planned and started the world war. She is no less responsible for the inhuman manner in which the war was conducted. Though Germand was herself the guaranty of Belgium, the rulers of Germany violated, after a solemn promise, to respect it, the neutrality of this inoffending people. Not contented with this, they deliberately carried out a series or promiscuous shootings and burnings with the sole objert of terrifying the inhabitants into submission by the very frightfulness of their actions.

"They were the first to use poisoned gas, notwithstanding the appalling suffering it entails. They began the bombing and long distance shelling of towns for no military object, but solely for the purpose of reducing the morale of their opponents, by striking at their women and children.

"They commenced the submarine campaign with its challenge to international law and its destruction of great numbers of innocent passengers and sailors in mid-ocean, far from succor, at the mercy of the wind and the waves, and the yet more ruthless submarine crews.

"They drove thousands of men and women, with brutal savagery into the slavery of foreign lands, they allowed barbarities to be practiced against their prisoners of war from which the most uncivilized people would have refrained.

Unexampled Conduct

"The conduct of Germany is almost unexampled in human history. The terible responsibility which lies at her door can be seen in the fact that not less than seven million dead lie buried in Europe, while more than 2,000,000 others carry upon them the evidence of wounds and suffering, because Germany saw fit to gratify her lust for tyranny by resorting to war.

"The allied and associated powers believe that they will be false to those who have given their all to save the freedom of the world if they consent to treat war in any other way than as a crime against humanity and right.

"This attitude of the allied and associated powers was made perfectly clear to Germany during the war by their principal statesmen.

"It was defined by President Wilson in his speech on April 6, 1918, and explicitly and categorically accepted by the German people as a principle governing the peace—'let everything that we say, my fellow countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response, until the majesty and might of our concerted power shall fill the thoughts and utterly defeat the force of those who flout and misprize what we honor and hold dear. Germany has once more said that force, and force alone, shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men, whether right as America conceives it or dominion as Germany conceives it shall determine the destinies of mankind. There is, therefore, but one response possible for us—force, force to the uttermost, force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make right the law of the world and cast every selfish dominion down in the dust.'

British Premier's Stand.

"It was set forth clearly in a speech by the prime minister of Great Britain, dated December 14, 1917, there is no security in any land without certainty of punishment. There is no protection for life, property or money in a state where the criminal is more powerful than the law. The law of nations is no exception until it has been vindicated, the peace of the world will always be at the mercy of any nation whose professors have assiduously taught it to believe that no crime is wrong so long as it leads to the aggrandizement and enrichment of the country to which they owe allegiance. There have been many times in the history of world criminal states. We are dealing with one of them now. There will always be criminal states until the reward of international crime becomes too precarious make it profitable, and the punishment of international crime becomes too sure to make it attractive.

Section 3—"It was made clear also in an address of M. Clemenceau of September, 1918:

"'What do the French soldiers want? What do we ourselves want? To fight, to fight victoriously and unceasingly, until the hour when the enemy shall understand that no compromise is possible between such crime and justice.'

What Justice Requires

"Similarly Signor Orlando, speaking on the third of October, 1918, declared:

"'We shall obtain peace when our enemies recognize that humanity has the right and duty to safeguard itself against a continuance of such causes as have brought about this terrible slaughter; and that the blood of millions of men calls not for vengeance, but for the realization of those high ideals for which it has been so generously shed. Nobody thinks of employing—even by way of legitimate retaliation—methods of brutal violence or overbearing domination or of suffocation of the freedom of any people—methods and politics which made the world rise against the Central powers. But nobody will contend that the moral idea can be restored simply because he who waits in his iniquitous endeavor declares that he has renounced his aim. Questions intimately affecting the peaceful life of nations, once raised, must obtain the solution which justice requires.'

"Justice, therefore, is the only possible basis for the settlement of the accounts of this terrible war. Justice is what the German delegation asks for, and says that Germany has been promised. But it must be justice for all. There must be justice for the dead and wounded and for those who have been orphaned and bereaved, that Europe might be freed from Prussian despotism. There must be justice for the peoples who now stagger under war debts which exceed thirty billions, that liberty might be saved. There must be justice for those millions whose homes and lands, ships and property, German savagery has spoiled and destroyed.

Must Make Reparation

"This is why the allied and associated powers have insisted as a cardinal feature of the treaty that Germany must undertake to make reparation to the very uttermost of her power, for reparation for wrongs inflicted is of the essence of justice. That is why they insist that those individuals who are most clearly responsible for German aggressions and for those acts of barbarism and inhumanity which have disgraced the German conduct of the war, must be handed over to justice which has not been meted out to them at home.

"That, too, is why Germany must submit for a few years to certain special disabilities and

Germany has ruined the industries, the mines and the machinery of neighboring countries, not during battle, but with the deliberate and calculated purpose of enabling her own industries to seize their markets before their industries could recover from the devastation thus wantonly inflicted upon them. Germany has despoiled her neighbors of everything she could make use of or carry away. Germany has destroyed the shipping of all nations on the high seas, where there was no chance of rescue for their passengers and crews. It is only justice that restitution should be made and that those wronged people should be safeguarded from a time from the competition of a nation whose industries are intact and have been fortified by machinery stolen from occupied territories.

"If these changes are hardships for Germany, they are hardships which Germany has brought on herself. Somebody must suffer for the consequences of the war. Is is to be Germany or the people she has wronged?

"The Allied and Associated Powers, therefore, believe that the peace they have proposed is fundamentally a peace of justice. They are no less certain that it is a peace of right on the terms agreed. There can be no doubt as to the intentions of the Allies and Associated Powers to base the settlement of Europe on the principle of freeing oppressed peoples and redrawing national boundaries as far as possible in accordance with the will of the peoples concerned, while giving to each facilities for living an independent national and economic life. These intentions were made clear not only by President Wilson's address to congress of January 8, 1918, but in the principle of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses, which was the agreed basis of peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

Poland to be Independent

"Accordingly the Allied and Associated Powers have provided for the reconstitution of Poland as an independent state with "free and secure access to all territories inhabited by indubitably Polish people."

"All territory inhabited by German subjects, save for a few isolated towns and for colonies established on land recently Polish territory, have been left to Germany. Wherever the will of the people is in doubt plebiscites have been provided for. The town of Danzig has been converted as a free city, so that the inhabitants will be autonomous and do not come under Polish rule, and form no part of the Polish state. Poland has been given certain economic rights in Danzig, and the city itself has been severed from the enemy because in no other way was it possible to provide for the free and secure access to the sea which Germany has promised to concede.

"The Allied and Asociated Powers have given careful consideration to the request o- the German delegation that Germany should be admitted to the league of nations as one of the conditions of peace. They are unable to accede to this request. The German revolution was postponed to the last moments of the war, and there is as yet no guarantee that it represents a permanent change. In the present temper of international feeling it is impossible to expect the free nations of the world to sit down immediately association with those by whom they have been grievously wronged.

"Not to do justice to all concerned would only leave the world open to fresh calamities. If the German people themselves, or another nation, are to be deterred from following the footsteps of Prussia, if mankind is to be lifted from the belief that war for selfish ends is legitimate to any state; if the old era is to be left behind and nations as well as individuals are to be brought beneath the reign of law, even if there is to be early restoration and appeasement, it will be because those responsible for concluding the war have had the courage to see that

(Continued on Page Five)

FALL OF KRONSTADT IS SAID TO BE IMMINENT

HELSINGFORS, June 16.—The fall of Kronstadt, the naval base of Pe rograd, is imminent according to reports received by naval circles here from Reval, the capital of Esthonia. Reports say that a white flag has been hoisted over the fortress several times by its Bolshevik defenders.

CANADIAN ARTILLERY I N RUSSIA THANKED

LONDON, June 16 (Canadian Associated Press).—The Times correspondent at Archangel wires that General Ironside reviewed the Canadian artilleryy and thanked the Canadians for their magnificent conduct, which had saved the British force more than once.

M'KENZIE TAKES RAP AT GOV'T

DECLARES HE IS IN FAVOR OF TARIFF PROPOSALS MADE BY LAURIER

Dr. Cowan, Regina, Will Oppose McMaster Amendment as Bill Will Save the People $17,000,000 a Year

OTTAWA, June 16.—That he is in favor of the tariff advocated by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was a statement made by D. D. McKenzie, in continuing the debate on the budget in the commons today. He further put himself on record as being entirely in accord with the principles of the Liberal party on the tariff question and explained that in a recent speech, in which he made a reference to the tariff which has been the subject of much comment, he had used the word "protection" when he should have said bounty.

He was in favor, he said, of encouraging industries which develop the natural resources of the country by bounties or otherwise. Mr. McKenzie said he stood by the McMaster amendment, both in its present form and in the more specific form in which it was moved earlier in the session. The amendment expressed in a compact way, he said, the attitude of the Liberal party at present. Mr. McKenzie criticized the government in connection with expenditures, the cost of living and labor troubles. He once more expressed the opinion that a court should be established to deal with labor troubles.

Dr. W. D. Cowan, Regina, who preceded Mr. McKenzie, said he would oppose the amendment, because the government, in response to the demands of western members, had made tariff changes that will save the people 17,000,000 dollars per annum.

John Harold, of Brant, in opposing the amendment, predicted that Canadian makers of agricultural implements will be driven from the field by United States competitors if they do not receive some encouragement.

Substantial Reduction

Dr. W. D. Cowan, Regina, in continuing the debate on the budget, announced first his intention of voting against the amendment. A very substantial reduction had been made in the tariff at a time when he did not see that the government was called upon to make any reduction. The last time the Canadian people had expressed their view on trade questions was in the year 1911, when the reciprocity issue had been fought out. At that time the people had opposed reciprocity and the tariff reductions involved in it. The tariff reductions in the budget before the house, said Dr. Cowan, were made as a concession to the west and western members should be htankful for them.

Western members, he said, had succeeded in forcing a reduction in customs duties of $17,000,000. He thought having accomplished so much western members were entitled to continue in that direction until they had succeeded in eliminating the unjust burdens which undoubtedly bore on western Canada. He described the McMaster amendment as having nothing specific, nothing definite in it. "I don't know," Dr. Cowan said, "where it is leading to, and I don't think anybody else knows." He thought Sir Joseph Flavelle and the "herd of bacon hogs" could come under the amendment as well as anybody else.

"When I see the government dealing honestly as they have dealt," Dr. Cowan went on, "it seems to me that they are trying to be sincere with us." He did not approve of Mr. Crerar leaving his place of duty at a time when duty called.

Inopportune Time

Dr. Cowan considered the present time inopportune for a general revision of the tariff. He said that if a revision were made at present, when the country was in a restless and unsettled condition, it might be

(Continued on Page Two)

BULLETIN

STRIKE LEADERS ARRESTED

WINNIPEG, June 17.—Majority Winnipeg strike leaders have been arrested at their homes. Arrests were made by the Royal Northwst Mounted Police under instructions from the federal government on the ground that strike leaders weer agitators and come under the amended immigration laws of Canada and therefore are subject to deportation as undesirable. Labor temple is surrounded and is about to be examined for literature.

ALLIED REPLY IS DELIVERED TO THE ENEMY

GENERAL SECRETARY OF CONFERENCE HANDS DOCUMENT TO RANTZAU.

FOE DELEGATE BOARDS SPECIAL TRAIN FOR WEIMAR

Bonar Law Tells British Commons That Germans Will Sign the New Terms.

VERSAILLES, June 16.—The allied reply to the German counter proposals was delivered by Paul Dutasta, general secretary of the peace conference, to Count von Brockdorf-Rantzau, head of the German peace delegation, at

With the reply was delivered a copy of the revised peace treaty after receiving the documents, Count von cial train in waiting and left for Weimar.

The Final Terms

LONDON, June 16.—The peace terms handed to the Germans today are the Law, the government spokesman in the house of commons, declared in opening the victory loan congress at the Guildhall today.

The speaker said that the Germans would sign the terms.

"It is for them to choose within five days," Mr. Bonar Law added.

"They must sign or the armistice is at an end. There must be a just peace, but a just peace must be a stern peace."

The speaker said that the chief of the British staff had declared 23 different wars were now going on, and added:

"It is not all over. It is quite possible, by want of wisdom, by absence of restraint, by disunion among the allies and by want of unity at home, to lose, not the victory, but the full frorce of the victory that has been bought so dearly."

Extend Time 48 Hours.

PARIS, June 16.—The Germans have been granted an additional 48 hours in which to make their reply regarding the signing of the peace treaty.

Without Ostentation

VERSAILLES, June 16.—Without ostentation Paul Dutasta, general secretary of the peace conference, at 6.40 tonight placed the revised draft of the treaty and the note in the hands of German legation secretary Simon and Baron von Loersener, with whom M. Dutasta held a conversation lasting for several minutes, explaining the nature of the instrument and the length of time allotted for the Germans to reply.

Herr Simon protested against the short time alloted Germany to make known her intentions.

M. Dutasta arrived in Versailles by automobile from Paris at 6.20 o'clock, carrying the momentous documents in two packages, wrapped in proshio brown papers. He was received by Col. Henry, master of ceremonies at Versailles, and officers of the allied missions, and conducted to the reading room of the Hotel Reservoir.

Here the party was grouped along one side of the room. In front of M. Dutasta was a marble-topped table, upon which the documents were placed in two piles. These was a considerable wait before Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loersener arrived, escorted by two French officers. The Germans took their place on the other side of the table.

At 6.49 o'clock Herr Simon informally reached the table and took the documents and handed them to Baron von Loersener. This actually constituted the formal receipt of the treaty and the ultimatum. A receipt from the Germans for the documents was required by M. Dutasta.

After the brief conversation between M. Dutasta and Herr Simon, the Germans returned to their apartment in the hotel, Von Loersener carrying the documents under his arm in a green portfolio. Later Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau boarded a train for Weimar, taking the documents with him.

Lacked An Interpreter

The intercourse between the two groups was rather confused. No provision for an interpreter had been made. Secretary Dutasta spoke in French and Herr Simon replied in German. Neither of the principals apparently were aware of just what the other said. So it seemed fortunate that the details as to the period allowed and the nature of the reply expected were indicated clearly in the covering letter.

The Germans plainly intimated their intention to demand an extension of time. On receiving the treaty, Herr Simon said:

"I must observe, of course, for my government that the time allowed in which to answer is rather short."

Secretary Dutasta replied that he would transmit the observation to the allied governments.

MINTO AT CALGARY.

CALGARY, June 16.—The Earl of Minto, who was a member of the Scots Guards and also a member of the Duke of Devonshire's staff, spent this evening in the city on his way from Banff, where he has been spending a short holiday. He is the son of the late Earl of Minto, former governor-general of Canada, and is enjoying life with all the enthusiasm of his twenty-four summers.

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Corner Baker and Ward Sts., Nelson

MADDEN—Miss Marsden, Lardo; Mrs. Buxton, Lardo; A. McDougal, Kossland; H. R. Thieley, Apex; Mr. and Mrs. C. Smith, Silverton; G. Gagnos, Silverton; E. Hillman, Beaton; Mrs. Hillman, Beaton; H. McDonald, Salmo; C. E. Scarse, Calgary; H. Summers, Cranbrook; J. Faulds, Beaseley.

Grand Central Hotel

J. A. ERICKSON, Prop.

Opposite Postoffice

Room and Board, $35 per Month

European Plan, Rooms 50c up

Meals 35c

GRAND CENTRAL—L. Gallagher, 49 Creek; C. Winn, Vancouver; V. McArthur, Salmo; W. Dustin, Salmo; J. Hawren, Sheep Creek; H. Wood, Silver King Mine; T. Dorey, Kamloops; F. Young, Kamloops.

The Kootenay Hotel

MRS. MALLETE, Proprietress

A Home for the World at $1.25 a Day. First-class Dining Room, Comfortable Rooms.

513 Vernon Street, Near Postoffice

KOOTENAY—D. Phelps, Sandon; B. Merich, Sandon; Mrs. W. Wilde, Salmo; W. McDonald, Proctor; C. Campbell, Creston; J. Tonelli, Creston; D. Magin, Creston; N. Ewing, Trail.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL

The Warmest House in Town. Run by Canadians. All white help. Meals, 35c, served family style. Beds 35c and 50c. All you can eat and a good, clean bed to sleep in. Give us a trial. Auto meets all trains and boats.

ED KERR, Proprietor.

The Standard Cafe

320 Baker Street, Nelson, B. C.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

12 to 2:30, Special Lunch - - 35c

Phone 154

AUSTRIAN TERMS TO BE COMPLETED TODAY

PARIS, June 16.—The council of four will complete the missing clauses of the Austrian treaty tomorrow. These relate to military and naval conditions and finance. They will be handed to Dr. Karl Renner on Wednesday.

HALIFAX, June 16.—The military authorities have received word that the Aquatania will arrive in Halifax on Thursday night or Friday morning with 5,700 troops.

Where to Spend a Holiday

WHERE THE FISHING IS GOOD

Outlet Hotel

PROCTOR

Fishing, Boating Bathing, Golf, Tennis Courts

Fishing Tackle Supplied. Grocery Store in Connection

W. A. WARD, Prop.

Rates Reasonable. Good Meals

ENJOY A VACATION AT THE

HOTEL GRAND

NAKUSP

Frank Hughes & Son, Props. On the beautiful Arrow Lakes. Splendid fishing and boating Nice rooms, good meals, pleasant surroundings. All White help.

The Central Hotel

AINSWORTH, B. C.

With its natural Hot Mineral Springs, situated on the beautiful shores of the Kootenay lake; with good trout fishing, hunting, and bathing. Under our attention you have a sure cure for rheumatism, metalic poisoning, etc. Come and spend a holiday with us, and feel like a new man. Write and reserve rooms for yourself and family. The hotel is newly renovated, and under entirely new management.

Robert Thompson, Prop.

SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS AT

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium

AND STOCK UP WITH HEALTH

If you suffer from muscular, inflammatory, sciatica or any other form of rheumatism, or from metalic poisoning of any sort, don't delay. Come at once and get cured. Most complete and best arranged bathing establishment on the continent. All departments under one roof, steam heated and electric light.

Rates: $3 per day, or $17 per week.

DAVIS & DAVIS, Props.

Halcyon - - Arrow Lakes, B. C.

Anti-Flu HO-KE

Thorpe & Co., Ltd.

Phone 60.

INJURED MEN DOING WELL

Ritchie, Sinclair and Campbell Recovering—Scaffolding Had Flaw That Could Not Be Detected

Douglas Ritchie, who is suffering from a fracture below the knee; James Sinclair, who has two ribs broken, and Findlay Campbell, who has a bruised hip, are all making good progress toward recovery at the Kootenay Lake General hospital. They were injured when a scaffolding fell at the McDonald Jam company building Saturday.

The masonry work at the building was being carried out by the Kootenay Granite & Monumental works, under the supervision of Mr. Ritchie. The scaffolding had been in use for a number of days and had been built, it is pointed out, by experienced men. It was impossible until the actual break to detect the flaw in one of the supports which gave way. Every precaution was taken to make the scaffolding safe, it is stated.

MAJOR HICKS TO UNDERGO OPERATION AT HOSPITAL

Major H. B. Hicks, late of the 54th Battalian, who returned from overseas a few weeks ago, was taken to the Kootenay Lake general hospital on Sunday night to undergo an operation.

The major was operated on overseas about 18 months ago following a strain which he suffered while on duty at the front. The same trouble is the cause of the present operation.

He was employed as district water engineer for the lands department in the Cranbrook district before he went overseas. He recently reassumed his old position.

INFLUENZA HOSPITAL COST THE CITY $2,024

The isolation hospital which was opened during the influenza epidemic cost the city $2,024, according to a report read at the city council meeting last night.

The entire cost was $5,792, $2,024 of which is charged to the provincial government, which agreed to pay half of the cost of operation.

Receipts for treatment of patients amounted to only $1,744. This left a total cost of $4,048 to be divided between the city and the provincial government. The report was filed.

CHINAMAN BREAKS ANKLE IN FALL FROM LADDER

While cleaning windows at F. C. Moffatt's office yesterday morning, Kwong Ling, a local Chinaman, lost his footing and fell to the ground, breaking his ankle. Dr. W. O. Rose was called to his aid and after rendering medical assistance, rushed Kwong to the hospital. Kwong was reported to be resting well last night.

SALE OF THRIFT STAMPS

Last Friday $58 worth of thrift stamps were sold to the pupils at the Central school. Principal McArthur's division led with 40 stamps purchased, to the value of $10.

To date the pupils have bought stamps to the value of $881.91.

CITY FATHERS PRESENT

Those at the council meeting last night were Mayor J. A. McDonald, Ald. C. F. McHardy, Ald. John Burns, Ald. I. A. Austin, Ald. R. Andrew and Ald. L. H. Choquette.

R. J. Muldview's residence at Brockville, was entered in broad daylight and $17 stolen.

COUNCIL PASSES THE TAX BYLAWS

1919 Rate to be 37½ Mills on Land and 20 Mills on 10 Per Cent of Improvements.

The bylaws to fix the tax rate for 1919 at 37½ mills on land and 20 mills on 10 per cent of improvements were pased by the council last night.

Bylaw 304 calls for a levy of 17½ mills on lands to provide interest on the city of Nelson municipal debentures to the amount of $376,000.

Number 305 imposes a levy of 15 mills on lands and 20 mills on 10 per cent of the improvements on the assessed values in Nelson school district to provide for interest and sinking fund on school debentures to the amount of $37,040. The sum of $6,540 will be for interest and sinking fund on school debentures and the remaining $30,500 for school estimates for 1919.

Bylaw number 306 imposes a levy of five mills on assessed value of lands of the city to provide some $9,000 for general purposes.

MANUAL TRAINING EXHIBIT AT SCHOOL

Boys do Work Apparently Equal to That of a Master Cabinet Maker.

J. W. Bennet and his boys in the manual training department of the Central school were the hosts of their parents and friends at an exhibit of their handiwork at the building last night.

The examples of their work shown was of an unusually high order. Many of the trays, small cabinets and other useful little articles for the home had the finish which one would only expect from the hands of a master cabinet maker, and not from boys who at most spend only a few hours a week in a crowded laboratory.

Mr. Bennet explained to The Daily News that he had found it impossible to permit the boys to attempt any large pieces owing to the lack of space available for the work. He said that he aimed to teach the boys how to use tools and they could do that to advantage while making small articles.

The inlaid work done by the boys was one of the features of the display. Practically all of the work was done in native wods, yess than fifteen board feet of oak being used during the year. A considerable amount of white wood was used for the inlaid work as the local timber is not suited for that purpose.

CIVIC EMPLOYEES GET RAISE

F. C. Ingram, foreman of the street railway, and Mr. Hall, instructor, are to have their salaries raised $10 a month, it was decided by the council. The request was made by Ald. I. A. Austin.

TO BUILD SIDEWALK

The city council last night decided to build a sidewalk on the Ward street side of the Central school, as the result of a request by the school board. The board intends to have an entrance built on that side of the school and take away the high flight of stairs on the corner of Carbonate and Ward streets. They may also build another entrance at the centre of the school on Carbonate school.

Guelph, Ont., has a building boom.

4 VEIWS OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

(Continued from Page One)

ations conductd as outlined above there shall be no lockout on the part of the employers or strike on the part of the employees concerned. (Signed)

"Vulcan Iron Works, per C. G. Barret.

"Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works, per H. B. Lyall.

"Dominion Bridge Co., per N. W. Warren.

"Winnipeg, June 16th, 1919."

As Railway Men See It

Following the issuance of the above statement, the chief local officials of the three railway companies affected approved the statement as follows:

"The undersigned have read the letter dated June 16th, addressed to the citizens of Winnipeg by the Vulcan Iron Works, the Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works, and the Dominion Bridge Co.

"In our opinion the proposals contained therein provide for the application of the principle of collective bargaining in exactly the same manner as that principle is applied in agreements between the railway companies and the various bodies of organized employees and should constitute a fair and just settlement of the principle of collective bargaining in dispute between the metal trades employers and employees.

(Signed)

"D. C. Coleman, vice-president Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

"A. E. Warren, Gen. Manager Canadian National Railways.

"W. P. Hinton, vice-president and Gen. Man. G. T. P. Railway.

Railway Brotherhoods

The following statement of approval of the employers' statement was issued by the officials of the six railway brotherhoods:

"The undersigned representatives of the train service organizations being familiar with the method of collective bargaining as practised by the organizations we represent, endorse the policy of collective bargaining as outlined by the metal trades employers in their announcement of this date, being in principle and effect the same as enjoyed by these organizations.

(Signed),

"Ash Kennedy, assist grand chief engineer, Brotherhood of Loco. Engineers; G. K. Wark, vice-president, Brotherhood of Loco. Firemen and Enginemen; James Murdock, vice-president, Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen; H. E. Barker, general chairman, Order of Railway Conductors; D. McPherson, general chairman, Order of Railway Telegraphers."

Senator Robertson Approves

Senator Robertson, federal minister of labor, who is in the city attempting to settle the sympathetic strike, issued the following statement of approval:

"We have been handed a copy of the declaration of policy issued to the public by the Vulcan Iron Works, the Manitoba Bridge & Iron Works and the Dominion Bridge Co., representing the recognition of the principle of collective bargaining in their several plants. The policy outlined is a full and complete recognition of collective bargaining as generally interpreted and applied, and is entirely in accord with the established practise on our Canadian railways it should, in my opinion, be accepted as satisfactory to labor.

(Signed), "G. D. ROBERTSON,
"Minister of Labor."

Joseph Crowe, a labor candidate, fills a vacancy in the Peterboro city council.

EXCLUSIVE BLOUSES

Our Blouse department features the Blouse you are proud to wear—the blouse that gives big value. They come Plain and Fancy, in White and Colors, in fine Voile, Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe.

Our Notion and Small Ware Departments

Are at your service. Always well equipped with those little things you need every day.

Smillie & Weir

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS.

SERATHOL IS FINE FOR INDIGESTION

When you have that "big lump in the stomach" feeling or belching, gas or bad breath from an upset stomach, just take a little ordinary serathol, wait one minute by the watch and you'll probably say what others have said: "Serathol works like magic." ... any rate it is perfectly harmless, pleasant to take and can be obtained at trifling cost from Canada Drug & Book Store in Nelson and all first class druggists.

M'KENZIE TAKES RAP AT GOVERNMENT

(Continued from Page One.)

unsatisfactory. Once made, there would be probably not another decision for seven or eight years. He was, he said, strongly in favor of Sir Thomas White's view for a revision later on.

Dr. Cowan complained that the Canadian manufacturers do not deal fairly with the people of western Canada. He instanced canned goods, saying that they were often short in weight. In other ways, Dr. Cowan said, Canadian manufacturers have not shown good judgment in dealings with the western market. For one thing, they do not pay dealers in agricultural implements and other goods as large a percentage for sales as do the United States manufacturers, with the result that the sale of the United States goods is more vigorously pushed.

Dr. Cowan admitted that there is a great amount of discontent in western Canada. It is due partly, he said, to the act of the Liberal administration which, in 1905, when the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan were created, deprived them of their natural resources. While the blame in the first place rests with the Liberals, the west now called upon Sir Robert Borden to fulfill pledges he had made in regard to the restoration to the prairie provinces of their resources. Until this is done, he said, proper development cannot take place in either Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Dr. Cowan concluded that he was going to support the government because the government had given what he considered a fair reduction.

McKenzie Speaks

D. D. McKenzie, leader of the opposition, remarked that the government on November 29, 1911, promised a tariff commission, and the commission had not yet been appointed. It was not fair to say that the Liberal party was opposed to the building of railways in the west. If there was anything grand in western development, they were traceable to Liberal administration. The Liberal party was in favor of building railways in the west, but wanted no foolery about it. So far as iron and steel were concerned, in Mr. McKenzie's view, a nation must develop its natural resources.

Mr. McKenzie said that a great deal had been made of a statement in his speech on the government shipbuilding program. In that speech he had used the word "protection," when he should have said "bounty." He was in favor, said Mr. McKenzie, of encouraging industries which developed the natural resources of the country by bounty or other methods. As far as the tariff was concerned, the policy of the Liberal party was that laid down by the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The duty on bituminous coal, said the speaker, was very low. The revenue tariff on coal of this quality amounted to only 5¾ per cent. He was, he said, in entire accord with the principles of the Liberal party on tariff questions. Financial stability was the great end to be striven for in fiscal matters.

TRAIN CREWS AT CALGARY WILL REMAIN ON DUTY

CALGARY, June 16.—There will be no strike of the firemen and switchmen here. This was stated tonight on authority. The railway shopmen not already out here, will strike on Wednesday in company with 35,000 others in Canada, having received their strike orders tonight.

LADIES' WHITE SHOES FOR SUMMER DAYS

White Canvas Oxfords low leather heel $3.00

White Reignskin Oxfords, in military and Louis heel. Goodyear welt .. $6.50

Nubuck Oxfords in military heel. Goodyear welt $8.50

8-inch Reignskin, Goodyear welt. Military and Louis heel $7.50

8-inch White Canvas, leather low and military heel $4.50 and $4.00

FULL LINE OF FLEETFOOT SHOES IN STOCK

C. Romano

Shoe Making and Repairing.

STOMACH TROUBLES ARE DUE TO ACIDITY

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief for Acid Indigestion.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomach-ache and inability to retain food are in probably nine cases out of ten, simply evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion.

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive, burning feeling sometimes known as heartburn; while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development of secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and make it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, a good and effective corrector of acid stomach, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or whenever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and inexpensive remedy to use.

An antiacid, such as bisurated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestants. Magnesia comes in several forms so be certain to ask for and take only Bisurated Magnesia, which is especially prepared for the above purpose.

WHY ACTRESSES NEVER GROW OLD

Nothing concerning the profession seems more puzzling to the dear old public than the perpetual youth of our feminine members. How often we hear remarks like, "Why, I saw her as Juliet forty years ago and she doesn't look a year older now!" Of course allowance is made for makeup, but when they see us off the stage at close range, they need another explanation.

How strange women generally haven't learned the secret of keeping the face young! How simple a matter to get an ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store, apply it like cold cream, and in the morning wash it off! We know how this gradually, imperceptibly, absorbs old cuticle, keeping the complexion new and fresh, free from fine lines, sallowness or over-redness. We know, too, that this mercolized wax is the reason actresses don't wear freckles, moth patches, liver spots, pimples and the like. Why don't our sisters on the other side of the footlights learn the reason and profit by it?—Theatrical World.

In Summer, Eat The Meat Of The Grains

In no other cereal will you find such distinctive flavor as in

Grape-Nuts

The solid nutrition of prime wheat and malted barley, ready to serve direct from package. Rich in the elements nature needs for keeping up vitality, without overheating.

No cooking. No waste.

CLASSIFIED ADS BRING RESULTS

Mining and Markets

GOTHAM MARKET IS REACTIONARY

Monetary Conditions Are Adverse—Call Money at 15 Per Cent on Industrial Security.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The stock market continued its reactionary course today, chiefly as a result of adverse monetary conditions. Call money again advanced to 12 per cent for mixed collateral and as much as 15 per cent was paid for loans on all industrial security. Time funds were distinctly firm r. The rate for commercial paper also hardened, and heavy discounting was reported by the local federal reserve bank. Among the oils extreme recessions ranged from 4 to almost 10 points, motors reacted 3 to 7, shippings 2 to 8, steels and kindred equipments 2 to 7, and textiles, tobaccos and food shares 2 to 8 points.

Sales amounted to 1,475,000 shares.

Bonds as a whole, including Liberty and foreign issues, eased slightly on a relatively light turnover. Total sales, par value, $11,000,000. Old U. S. bonds unchanged on call.

Closing Quotations.

	High	Low	Close
U. S. Steel com...	105⅝	103⅛	103⅛
U. S. Steel pfd. ..	116½	116½	116½
Chino Copper ...	44⅝	42¾	43
Miami Copper ...	27½	26½	26⅞
Inspiration	59¼	57⅞	57⅝
Utah Copper	88¾	85½	85¾
C. P. R.	161¼	159½	159½
Willys-Overland .	34⅞	33½	33½
General Motors ..	209	203	204
Studebaker	99⅞	93	93
Granby	72	72	72

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Hogs: Receipts, 3000. Estimated tomorrow, 60,000. Market active, mostly 30c higher than Saturday's average. Top, $21.60, a new record. Bulk of sales, $21.25 to $21.50; heavy weights, $21.30 to $21.50; medium weights, $21.15 to $21.60; light weight, $21 to $21.20; light lights, 19 to $21; heavy packing sows, smooth, 20.75 to $21.15; rough, $20 to $20.75; pigs ,$18 to $19.

Cattle: Receipts, 14,000. Estimated tomorrow, 15,000. Beef steers steady to strong; she stock and calves, strong to 25c higher; bulls, steady; feeders, steady; beef steers, medium and heavy weight, choice and prime, $15 to $16.25; medium and good, $12.25 to $15; common, $10.75 to $12.35; light weight, good and choice, $12.75 to $14.75; common and medium, $10 to $15; butcher cattle, heifers, $7.75 to $13; cows, $7.50 to $12.35; canners and cutters, $6 to $7.50; veal calves, light and handy weights, $16 to $17.25; feeder steers, $7.50 to $13; stocker steers, $8.25 to $11.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 12,000. Estimated tomorrow, 8000. Lambs and yearlings, mostly 25c higher. Sheep, strong; lambs, incidding springs, 84 pounds, $16.50 to $18.75; culls and commons, $9.50 to $15.50; yearling wethers, including aged lambs, $12.50 to $15.75; ewes, medium and good and choice, $7.75 to $9; culls and common, $3.25 to $7.50.

WINNIPEG LIVESTOCK.

WINNIPEG, June 16.—The movement of cattle at the Union stock yards today was slow, buyers being unsuccessful in their attempt to buy at lower prices. A few of the buyers held off and the bulk of the offerings are held over for another day. Very little stuff changed hands. Hog receipts were liberal and prices held steady, but, like the cattle, the market had a weak undertone.

Butcher steers, $9 to $14.50; heifers, $8 ot $13.50; cows, $4.50 to $12.50; bulls, $5 to $9.90; oxen, $6 to 10.50; stockers, $6 to $8.50; feeders, $7 to $10.50; calves, $7 to $16.

Sheep and lambs, $10 to $15.50.

Hogs, selects, $20.25; sows, $15.50 to $17.25; heavies, $16.50 to $18.25; stags, $10 to $12; lights, $15.50 to $17.50.

Receipts today totalled 250 cattle and 1284 hogs.

CORN PRICE TOUCH NEW HIGH MARK AT CHICAGO

CHICAGO, June 16.—All deliveries of corn rose today to the highest prices yet this season. Persistent buying on country account furnished most of the energy. There was a strong close 3 to 4 3-4 cents net advance, with July 17c t76 1-2 to 177 and September 170 3-8 to 5-8.

Oats gained 2 3-8 to 4 1-8. Provisions finished at 10 to 40c down.

PRICES SAG IN FINAL HOUR AT MONTREAL

MONTREAL, June 16.—Trading in the local securities market today was quiet, but prices held well until the final hour, when the prices sagged from a fraction to more than a point, the market closing generally at net declines, except in the case of bonds.

Only the 1925 loans and the 1937 Victory showed a net decline, while the other loans closed unchanged to fractionally higher.

Scotia opened 5 points down at 85; there was a further decline to 78½, a net loss of 11½ points, with 78 bid. Steel of Canada lost ¼ point at 67, and Iron lost a fraction at 64½. Spanish River common made a decline of 2¼ points to 27¾, with the preferred off 1½ points to 120½. Brompton lost 1 point at 62½, while Howard Smith common lost 3 points at 77, and Laurentide lost 2 points at 219. On the other hand, Howard Smith preferred, at 90, scored a gain of 5 points.

Sales: Listed shares, 6999; rights, 1540; bonds, $198,200; unlisted shares, 496.

NO CHANGE AT BRANDON

BRANDON, June 15.—There is no apparent change in the strike situation in this city. Everything seems to remain about the same, being quiet and orderly.

WHOLESALERS KEPT FIRM FROM FIELD

President of York Trading Company Gives Evidence Before Cost of Living Commission.

OTTAWA, June 16.—Some facts of alleged restraint of trade were brought out at the sitting of the cost of living committee of the commons Saturday morning. They were placed before the committee by H. H. Stevens, who presided in the absence of Mr. Nicholson. He read a letter from the York Trading company, importers and wholesale grocers of Toronto, which said that in May last a charter was obtained from the provincial government and business was commenced.

Application was made for membership in the wholesale grocers' organization. Notices were sent to a number of manufacturers advising them of the formation of the company and requesting to be supplied with their price lists and terms. This, he said, was not complied with. The letter goes on to say that officers of the York Trading company waited upon the president of the wholesale grocers organization and the principal reason for delaying the decision appeared to be the fear of further competition and the cutting of prices on the part of the new company. In fact, the assertion was made by him that the organization had to maintain and safeguard the manufacturers' prices.

Amongst the manufacturers' letters, copies of which were sent to the cost of living committee, was one from the Chalmel Chemical company, which said bluntly, "we are unable to extend you our jobbing discounts."

Mr. Stevens said these were "rather startling facts which merit the consideration of the committee." It was decided to examine offices of the Wholesale Grocers' association and the manufacturers mentioned.

W. E. Peck, assistant livestock commissioner, examined as to the Union stockyards in Toronto, said they were really a subsidiary company of Swift's. Price fixing was in the hands of the big packers. At the suggestion of Hon. W. S. Fielding it was decided to invite any of the public who care to be heard, to come before the committee and give any evidence they might have.

METAL MARKETS.

MONTREAL, June 16.—Lead: St. Louis, $5.05; New York, $5.25; Montreal, $6.42; London, £23 2s 6d.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Copper firm; electrolytic, spot, 17½c to 17¾c; futures, 17¾c to 18c.

Iron nominal. No. 1 northern, $29.30; No. 2 northern, $28.

Metal exchange quotes lead easy, spot, $5.15 to $5.35; July, $5.17 to $5.37.

Spelter steady; East St. Louis, $6.40 to $6.60; July, $6.42 to $6.65.

At London—Standard copper, £83; futures, £83 10s; electrolytic, spot, £86; futures, £88.

Tin: Spot, £241 10s; futures, £237 15s.

Lead: Spot, £23 2s 6d; futures, £23 7s 6d.

Spelter: Spot, £36 10s; futures, £37.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, June 16.—Grain quotations:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Oats—				
July	77¾	79⅛	77⅝	79
Oct.	71¾	73⅛	71⅝	73⅛
Barley—				
July	130	131	130	130¾
Oct.	120	120	118	118
Flax—				
July	470	475½	470	474
Oct.	425	429½	425	429

LAND SPECULATORS REAP PROFITS IN BRITAIN

LONDON.—Some land in Essex, offered just before the war at $335 an acre, has just been sold for $850; and some tolerably indifferent land in the same county has been bought for small holdings at $400 an acre. In Hertfordshire whole farms have changed hands three times in the last 18 months, each time presumably at a profit.

There is no doubt that fortunes are being made by the land speculators. They have been enjoying quick returns and big profits.

The danger is that tenant farmers, who have been almost forced into buying for the sake of the fixity of tenure which they could no longer hope for, may find a sudden "slump" in prices. They have often spent most of their available capital in the purchase of the land itself, and would be in a bad situation to meet a bad year, bad either in weather or in prices of produce.

Artificial Propaganda.

Alarm of this sort is growing, as is the opinion that the present price of land is due in some considerable measure to a purely artificial propaganda in which the government shares. It has held out awe-inspiring threats of compulsory purchase and immediately afterwards itself comes forward with offers admirably calculated to enhance speculation. This fear of a "slump" and withdrawal of government support has in some cases induced the purchasing tenant to sell again almost as soon as he has bought; and once more the land speculator comes into his own.

A meeting of Leicestershire farmers has condemned gambling operations in agricultural estates by syndicates, and urges the government to legislate in favor of giving agricultural tenants in case of sale one year's notice and the option of buying at the price bid for holdings.

G.W.V. DENOUNCES STRIKE LEADERS

Vancouver Association Is In Accord With Aims of Legitimate Labor—Uphold Authority

VANCOUVER, June 16.—Declaring that it had no trust in the present leaders of the Vancouver Trades and Labor council, on account of the "disgraceful twenty-four hour strike" called in the city last year, and attacking the methods by which the general strike vote had been taken, the Vancouver branch of the Great War Veterans' association—an organization representing more than 4,000 returned men in the city—on Thursday night placed itself on record as opposed to the strike. Many speakers declared that the issue was a straight show-down between Bolshevism in Canada and the British constitution. These declarations were received with great cheers.

Another resolution was adopted expressing sympathy with Sergt. Fred Coppins, the Victoria Cross hero, who was trampled and stamped upon by alien enemies in Winnipeg whilst doing his duty.

The resolution condemning the strike in Vancouver was adopted by a very large majority, there being probably more than a twenty-to-one vote. It was passed after a lengthy debate, during which the few in opposition to it put up a strenuous fight against it, and amid tremendous enthusiasm. In fact, the entire meeting was punctuated with vociferous cheering.

The Resolution

"That we, the Great War Veterans' association, Vancouver branch, as an association do hereby go on record as follows:

"That while this association is heartily in accord with the aims of legitimate labor as represented by the international unions and the American Federation of Labor, we are not in sympathy with the manner in which the Vancouver Trades and Labor council organized the sympathetic strike in this city, withholding the strike vote from the labor unions concerned, both individually and collectively, and using methods of intimidation to force men not in sympathy with the strike to leave their employment.

"Further, we realize that this sympathetic strike is inflicting a great deal of hardship on our newly returned comrades, who are about to resume employment after returning from the front, and that the continuance of such strike will work considerable hardship on many inpocent people.

"And further, that we view any movement forwarded by the present leaders of the Vancouver Trades and Labor council with the greatest distrust, owing to many of their members being implicated in the disgraceful twenty-four hour strike staged in connection with the shooting of a draft evader in August, 1918, and also in view of their utterances at the B.C. Federation of Labor convention and the Western Canada Labor conference held in Calgary this spring.

"Further, we realize that the promoting of better pensions and the $2,000 bonus, as one of the objects of this sympathetic strike now being held, is merely a clumsy piece of political chicanery.

"And, furthermore, we reaffirm our determination, during this crisis, to uphold constitutional authority.

"F. W. RUSSELL RIGBY,
"R. CROWE-SWORDS."

Tribute to Sergt. Coppins, V.C.

"That whereas, one of our distinguished comrades and national heroes, Sergt. Fred Coppins, V.C., was on Tuesday, June 10, 1919, whilst in the execution of his duty towards the loyal citzens of Canada, beaten up, trampled and stamped upon by alien enemies in the city of Winnipeg, and now lies in hospital seriously injured;

"It is resolved, that this association go on record as condemning the action of parties responsible and to forward a telegram of sympathy to Sergt. Coppins, V.C.

"A. BARNES,
"E. GALLANT."

TRADING LIGHT ON TORONTO EXCHANGE

TORONTO, June 16.—Trading on the stock exchange was slightly light today. Canada Locomotive showed an advance of ¾ from 77; Brazilian opened at 57½ and sold off a fraction to 57¼; F. N. Burt gained a point. Dominion Canners lost ½; Dominion Steel gained ⅛; Steel of Caanda lost 1 point; Canada Steamships eased off slightly; Spanish River was ½ point off.

MONTREAL PRODUCE.

MONTREAL, June 16.—Quotations:

Cheese: Finest easterns, 28½c to 31c.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 52c to 53c.

Eggs: Selected, 52c; No. 1 stock, 48c; No. 2 stock, 44c to 45c.

Potatoes: Per bag, car lots, $1.90 to $1.95.

Use Milk Like Cream

Any recipe that calls for cream can be made with Pacific Milk as it comes from the tin.

In a salad, for instance, where cream is mentioned, use the same quantity of Pacific Milk.

You'll find a smoothness and a rich creaminess of flavor that really is nicer than when fresh cream is put in.

Pacific Milk Co., Limited

Factory at Ladner, B. C.

TOURS IN EUROPE HAVE DIFFICULTIES

Traveller Investigates Route From Marseilles to Bucharest—Delayed Many Times.

LONDON.—With the intention of determining conditions in southeastern Europe for the benefit of travellers who wish to take advantage of the world famous "Cook's tour," a representative of Thomas Cook & Son, recently made the journey from Marseilles to Bucharest. His report made from Bucharest to the London office of the firm is, in part:

"We left Paris on January 28, but owing to a variety of reasons we only arrived here on March 18. The sailing of our boat, the Tchikatchoff, was postponed several times owing to engine trouble, then after sailing a day and a night in awful weather, the engines broke down and we had to be taken back to Marseilles by tug. However, after two stops en route for repairs we eventually got to Constantinople on March 13. Our stay there was short, but except perhaps that a few things like butter were difficult to get, we found plenty of food, including cakes and sugared pastries and other sweet-meats—not a great deal of beef, but lamb and chicken in plenty.

"I tried several classes of restaurants and could get a good meal in a small restaurant, including a bottle of beer and tip, for one Turkish pound; in the better places it would cost one and a half to two Turkish pounds.

Hotels All Full.

"Hotels are all full, due partly to the fact that some of the hotels (including the Bristol) have been commandeered by the British-French military. Cabs and small boats are very expensive, one to three pounds the course. A good number of civilians seemed to be going to and from Constantinople, very few English or Americans, and then generally on diplomatic work—but a good many foreign business men and travellers. Our old office is now in the hands of a curio dealer who calls himself 'Little Moses.'

"The only rooms we could get were at the New hotel, almost opposite the Pera Palacean—an unpretentious third rate place, but very comfortable, for which we paid two pounds in Turkish money for room only. I was told British residents are entitled to draw rations from army stores. We had an unpleasant journey from Constantinople here. We landed at Constanza, which place we left by train at 11 p.m. We got first-class compartments all right, but no light, no heating, and stripped of everything by the Germans, even to the plush covering on the seats. The train crosses the Danube by the Cernavoda bridge all right, but the line comes to an end in the Borcla district, as a second bridge across another river which runs into the Danube has been destroyed. We left the train at 7 a.m. after freezing for eight hours and then had to walk one kilometer to the river in a regular blizzard over prairie-like country. You cross the river by tug—get another train which is waiting and in half an hour you come to Festesti, where you take the train for Bucharest. It was due to leave at 9:30 a.m., but we eventually left Festesti at 7:30 p.m. and got to Bucharest at 3 a.m. next morning. These delays are pretty regular, I understand.

Food Fairly Plentiful.

As far as hotel and restaurant life goes here you can get almost anything (not always butter). The cheapest meal and quite good is 25 loi, including ordinary wine and tip, and in a first-class restaurant about 50 loi. A pound sterling is worth about 60 loi. Quite a lot of pastry, but very dear. Linen and clothes are dear, but all the shops are well stocked with everything else, such as stationery, books, cottons, silks, brushes, ironmongery. Our experience was that the tales told to us during the journey by people just returned from these places of the terrible condition of things were grossly exaggerated. One must take into account the low rates of exchange which seem to alter daily. With money you get all you want, the peasants are no doubt the chief sufferers, but recent supplies of flour sent by the allies have relieved the situation.

DEMONSTRATION AT WITLEY

LONDON, June 15 (Canadian Associated Press).—Late on Saturday night a demonstration took place at Witley camp, where Canadian soldiers gathered in a mass meeting against a delayed repatriation. A dozen shops, the Garrison theatre and army hut were burned.

HUNGARIANS HALTED

PRAGUE, Friday, June 13.—Czecho-Slovak efforts against the Hungarian soviet troops are beginning to take effect. The Hungarians appear to be halted, although much sanguinary fighting is going on, no quarter being given by either side.

Insurance

STOCKS, RENTALS
VICTORY BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD

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Box 118. Nelson, B.C.

STRIKERS CLAIM VICTORY

PARIS, June 15.—The transportation strikers met today and formally accepted the conditions for ending the strike. In a resolution they called the strike "an appreciable union victory."

LONDON, June 15.—A wireless despatch received here from Rome says the general strike has been ended throughout Italy.

THE
Canadian Bank of Commerce

Sir Edmund Walker, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President.
Sir John Aird, General Mgr.
H. V. F. Jones, Ass't. Gen'l. Mgr.

Capital Paid Up.....$15,000,000
Reserve Fund $15,000,000

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Branches in Kootenay and Boundary at Nelson, Fernie, Cranbrook, Creston, Grand Forks, Greenwood, Nakusp, Phoenix.

Nelson Branch, P. S. Fowler, Manager.

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Right on your porch this summer you can enjoy your favorite music whenever you wish.

"His Master's Voice" Records
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You'll Find Old Dixieland in France—*Pietro—and*—Just Blue—Fox Trots All Star Trio 18547
That Tumble-down Shack in Athlone—*Sterling Trio—and*—Smile, and the World Smiles with You James—Peerless Quartet 18545
By the Camp-fire—*Peerless Quartet—and*—I'm Forever Blowing Bubbles Hart-Shaw 18540

Red Seal Records

Baby Mine (Contralto) Sophie Braslau 64810
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Vous dansez, Marquise (Soprano) Mabel Garrison 64811
The Little Old Log Cabin in the Lane (Soprano) Alma Gluck 64809
Spanish Dance (Violin) Jascha Heifetz 74569
Dream of Youth (Violin) Kreisler 64730
I Love to Tell the Story (Contralto) Homer 87301

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Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper and Lead Ores

Producers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Bluestone, Pig Lead and Spelter
"TADANAC" BRAND

Notice

The final meeting of all committees and others interested in the International Mining Convention Will be held at the

Board of Trade Rooms

Wednesday Evening, 8 O'clock

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Round Trip Fares Calgary Exhibition

June 28 to July 5, 1919

Nelson $21.40

Creston, $17.60 Cranbrook, $14.00 Fernic, $10.70

Corresponding rates from all Stations East of Nelson.

On Sale June 27 to July 4. Return Limit, July 7.

TICKETS—From Agents or Purser of Kootenay Landing steamer.

SLEEPER RESERVATIONS—From any Agent, or write

J. S. CARTER, District Passenger Agent, Nelson.

Sell Your Rags

The Daily News Job Department will pay 5 cents a pound for clean cotton rags.

THE DAILY NEWS

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The News reserves the right to refuse any copy submitted for publication.

TUESDAY, JUNE 17, 1919.

"COLLECTIVE BARGAINING" IS CLEARLY DEFINED

"Collective bargaining" has been very clearly and definitely defined by public statements made at Winnipeg.

In July, 1918, the Dominion cabinet passed an order-in-council which set forth the principle:

> That all employees have the right to organize in trade unions and this right shall not be denied or interfered with in any manner whatsoever, and through their chosen representatives should be permitted and encouraged to negotiate with employers concerning working conditions, rates of pay or other grievances.

In a statement issued Sunday, the employers of the striking metal workers stated categorically their acceptance of this method and, so that there could be no possible doubt in the matter, went into detail regarding its application.

Heads of the three railway companies issued a statement, saying that the principle of collective bargaining as outlined by the metal trades employers was exactly the same as that applied in agreements between the railways and their organized employees.

Heads of the great railway unions, the engineers, the firemen and enginemen, the trainmen, the conductors, the telegraphers and the maintenance-of-way employees formally endorse, in a signed statement, the principle of collective bargaining as outlined by the metal trades employers.

Finally, Minister of Labor Robertson makes the declaration that the policy outlined is a full and complete recognition of collective bargaining as generally interpreted and applied and is entirely in accord with the established practise on Canadian railways.

If the principle of "collective bargaining" were the real issue in Winnipeg these declarations by employers, union labor heads and the representative of the government would settle the question. But collective bargaining was not the issue. The Bolshevist leaders in the west decided to make Winnipeg the scene of a bid to establish what they called at their convention in Calgary a "proletarian dictatorship." They talked incessantly at Winnipeg of collective bargaining with the hope of convincing union labor that recognition of unions was at stake. They did succeed in misleading thousands of workers, but every day the true nature of the attempt to overthrow constitutional government in Canada and substitute Bolshevism and anarchy in its place is becoming more apparent.

BETTER FERRY SERVICE TO BE GIVEN.

It will be gratifying news to many citizens and residents of the north shore that the ferry service, following the passage of resolutions by the Nelson board of trade, will be extended to permit the crossing to be made up to 9.50 o'clock at night.

The present service has been found to be very inconvenient. It has prevented north shore residents from remaining in the city much after 6 o'clock, and has forced Nelson people making visits to lake shore points to leave for the return trip at a ridiculously early hour

The new service should prove a big improvement.

AGRICULTURALISTS PAID SMALL PART OF WAR TAXES.

Out of the total direct levy on incomes by the federal government during the war the agricultural community has been assessed for only about 54-100 of 1 per cent or 1-184 of the total. Excluding the business profits war tax, farmers have only been assessed for 3.88 per cent of the total of the entire asessment under the income tax law.

Replying to questions put on the order paper by Sir Herbert Ames, Sir Thomas White has stated in the house of commons that the aggregate assessment under the Income War Tax act of 1917, of all persons giving their vocation as farmers or stock raisers was $417,349.10. The total amount assessed on incomes under clause 4 of the Income Tax of 1917 was also returned as $10,031.28. Nearly all of this amount represents taxation of personal income, for the reason that many companies which would otherwise be assessable for income under the Income War Tax act are not so liable because of a larger assessment under the Business Profits War Tax act.

In reply to a question regarding collections from the Business Profits War tax, Sir Thomas White has given the following figures:

1916-17	$12,506,516.72
1917-18	21,271,083.57
1918-19	32,970,061.81
Total	$66,747,662.10

The actual assessment is larger than this total but the minister stated that information as to how much remained for collection could not be supplied as a number of returns were being held for adjustment.

From the figures given above it is apparent that the non-agricultural population—and in reality the industrial interests of the country, exclusive of farmers or farmers' organizations—have paid in present income taxes, or are liable to pay, $9,613,745.18 on personal income account, and $66,747,662.10 in Business Profits War Tax, a total of $76,361,407.28 as compared with a direct levy upon agriculturists, who represent approximately 50 per cent of the population, of only $417,349.10.

They say that in the east anyone who picks dandelions these days is under suspicion. One wonders why.

Bolshevism isn't new. Plato outlined the scheme in a theoretical treatise more than 2,000 years ago. Even to the plan of making all property, including women and children, common—a scheme which has been put into practical effect by one of the soviets in Russia.

Roger Culver Tredwell, United States consul at Petrograd, has forwarded to the Department of State at Washington a statement of his observations regarding Bolshevik rule. He says that he wishes to give without prejudice, the result of observations made in the course of almost two years in Russia. The effect of Bolshevism, he says, has been to replace the bureaucracy of the czar by dictatorship of new and ignorant oppressors of the Russian people. The Bolshevik army, as a rule, lacking discipline, is feared and hated by the railway workers, who object to the policy of the present regime, and to the augmented number of minor officials with unnecessary function. Discontent is found particularly among the lower classes, who are finding working conditions worse than before. Because of the valueless paper currency, the peasants have no incentive to produce crops beyond those necessary for their own immediate needs, and are willing only to exchange crops for manufactured articles.

COMMUNICATION.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARRIAGE LAW.

To the Editor The Nelson Daily News.

Sir: I was extremely interested in the account of the meeting of the Canadian Public Health association, and particularly in the plea advanced by Dr. J. A. Hutchinson of Westmount, Quebec, for a more "drastic marriage law," which would make tuberculosis a bar to marriage as an hereditary disease.

My interest is only equalled by my expectancy for an account of a meeting of the British Columbia Electricians' association advocating better and more light for cats.

I perhaps err in adopting seeming facetiousness regarding a matter of serious import. "Let the shoemaker stick to his last," true a number of practicing medicos would be better occupied fixing our boilers than examining our chests.

Unfortunately there are too many of the Dr. J. A. Hutchinson type of people, whose sole idea of bettering things in this life is to stick up a forbidden sign, attach a penalty and go on their way with a smug "What a good boy am I" manner.

I venture to contend that the medical profession would be found to hold divided opinions as to what were hereditary diseases and I feel safe in saying that tuberculosis would certainly not be so categorized.

There would certainly be divergence of opinion as to the gravity of the disease in the individual. One doctor would regard the disease to be in such an incipient state that he would grant permission, while another doctor would take a very different view; it would therefore mean that we must either find a doctor who would be lenient, unscrupulous, or to dispense altogether with the marriage ceremony.

Dr. J. A. Hutchinson and his ken have much good work they can do, educating the diseased how to prevent the spread; by this I mean specific reasons for specific acts. A "Drastic marriage law" has no more to commend it than the suggestion that the diseased person become a deceased body by blowing out his brains, in fact less, and probably less moral law would be violated.

The colossal ignorance existing amongst the masses regarding preventative measures in respect to the spread of disease offers unlimited fields of labor. To demonstrate, while working last year at the coast, one of the employees came into my office and in a very agrieved manner related that the firm had taken on a new man (incidentally, a returned soldier), who had taken treatment for T. B.; didn't I think it a shame, etc., etc. During the narrative the gentleman (?) went to the office door and spat outside twice. When he was quite through with his tale of woe I thanked him for not spitting on the floor of the office and suggested that he secure some pocket sputum flasks.

I produced my own and added that I did not doubt but that the new man also carried one, as he was familiar with the danger of spitting all over the place, consequently less likely to be a menace to society.

In passing I would like to mention that I had to visit no less than seven drug stores in the city of Victoria before I was able to secure a pocket sputum flask of any description. Think it over, Mr. Health Officer, hundreds of thousands dying yearly of tuberculosis, and what proportion of them realize how they are spreading the disease?

Eighteen thousand deaths approximately were attributable to pulmonary tuberculosis in the state of New York during 1918.

One would like to know just what proportion of this number were in the habit of spitting promiscuously. It is up to you to educate the public. A contribution to the local newspapers on disease prevention, say once a week, would be something.

I hear unofficially that the Rockefeller foundation have appropriated the sum of $3,800,000 to be devoted entirely to propaganda for the prevention of disease and $2,500,000 for actual treatment.

In conclusion I will only add that, presuming such a law were passed, how could it be enforced when experience has proven that not one doctor in fifty (a moderate estimate) can detect by physical examination the presence of a disease like T. B. until it has reached a moderately advanced stage.

I do not hesitate to say that proof of the above appalling statement may be obtained from the case records of any sanatorium.

J. W. FELL.

Balfour, B. C.

THE HERALD OF VICTORY

The Victory Gardeners are called on to get into the furrows of freedom and feed the world, say the Canadian Trade Commission and the National War Garden Commission of Washington.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY.

(From The Daily News.)

Brigadier-General W. D. Otter will be the guest of the Canadian Club of Nelson and district at a luncheon at the Hume hotel tomorrow.

* * *

R. (Dick) Taylor, formerly centre forward of the Nelson association football club, has returned from a trip to the coast, which included a week at the Seattle fair.

* * *

Today the flag will be hoisted at the board of trade building to convey to the members that it is the day of the regular monthly meeting. It is the intention to continue this practice on the occasion of all meetings in order to notify those concerned that their presence is requested.

* * *

A gold brick of the value of approximately $5,000, the result of about 15 days' run, was brought in from the Queen mine at Sheep Creek last night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Broadwood leave on the Crow boat this morning for London, Eng., via New York.

TOLD IN RHYME.

PEACE

(Written at the request of a Washington Friend.)

By Dr. J. K. Foran, K.C., Litt. D.

Peace is tranquility, Peace is contentment;
Peace is the absence of strife and resentment—
Hope for hereafter and happiness now,
Deep in the bosom of each of the nations
Must harmony reign in all its relations,
Wearing a halo of light on its brow.

Such is the mission of Europe's Peace Conference—
Removing the cause of distrust and remonstrance,
Tightening the bonds of a mutual trust;
Checking the world on the verge of disruption,
Exorcising hatred, disorder, corruption,
Lifting humanity out of the dust.

Peace must be based on the strictest legality—
Foundations of order, of right and morality—
The hand of authority governing all:
Otherwise Freedom can have no security,
Mutual confidence can have no futurity;
Merely to lift and again drop the pall.

Peace means the absence of greed and vexation,
Rivalry changed to sublime emulation,
Avoiding the pathway so recently trod.
Let such be the aim of their deliberations—
The solving of problems for each of the nations—
The rest may be left to the ruling of God.

2nd June, 1919.

HIS PROTOTYPE.

"All I did," said the profiteer, "was to take advantage of a nopportunity."

"Well," answered the patriot, "that's all Captain Kidd used to do."—Boston Transcript.

Many a good resolution has been shattered by a single smile.

SHAKESPEAREAN PLAYS TO REHABILITATE STAGE

Among the remarkable features of the reconstruction period is the quick recovery of the English theatre, says the Christian Science Monitor. Projects multiply for placing the higher drama in the unchallenged position it once held. Like the Libyan wrestler who was supposed to have gained strength each time he was thrown, the theatre, having concluded a period of rapid decline with complete disaster during the war, burst into new energy as the time came for reconstruction. How it will set its course in the new development, it is not easy to say; but it has wisely raised the old oriflamme and the well-tried standards of Shakespeare will be the starting point. "Shakespeare," says Cramb, "to the English-speaking race was a challenge for all time—a trumpet call to the people to care for the things that really matter, the things that never pass away." Those are the things that people care for now, and so Shakespeare will dominate the opening of the new era for the theatre. His recent anniversary claimed more interest and serious attention in the country than many of its predecessors, while the so-called new Shakespeare movement is intended to find adequate means of familiarizing the public with the plays of the poet and of increasing national interest in their presentation.

The Theatre's Record.

Around this new Shakespeare movement hinged the more important schemes for the rehabilitation of the theatre as a whole, and much will depend upon the measure of its success. A year or two ago it would have had the approval of academic circles; but it would have had a stern fight against the growing dislike to mental exertion in the pursuit of amusement. Moreover, the record of the theatre for ten years or more offered small guarantee for any such enterprise. It had withdrawn before the advance of the music hall, and again before the remarkable growth of the picture theatre; its methods became erratic, its ideals confused, until finally it fell an easy prey to the commercial organizer, and sacrificed its true art and its ancient glory to become a quick profit-making concern. The war found it a pitiful bankrupt, unable to provide moral stimulus to the war-torn nation, or to carry out a new enterprise for the restoration of pure dramatic art.

Helped by the War.

But times have changed. The war uncovered hidden assets for the theatre. The struggle exposed a soil in which the new movement will flourish, if it is properly handled. It left a desire to care for things that matter, and a call came from the public for a better theatre. Then the theatre saw that its mission was to play a far more prominent part in the recreative education of the nation. Therefore the new Shakespeare movement opens under peculiar conditions which promise highly interesting achievements. If the committee in charge of the movement, which is appointed by the national Shakespeare Memorial commitee and the governors of the Shakespeare Memorial of Stratford-on-Avon, will keep before it the distinctive ideals of the theatre, there will be no occasion for further clashes with the music hall and the film, for the theatre should work on a different plane from these forms of amusement; neither has it anything in common with the commercial speculator, whose supreme art is the best method of inducing the crowds to frequent his show. Good drama has an intrinsic value for the public and will be supported accordingly, if properly placed within its reach.

The Use of the Theatre

The question for the joint committee to decide, then, is how to place the theatre on its rightful plane and to enable it to become a potent factor in the intellectual life of the nation. The committee proposes to work by easy and natural stages. It proposes first to organize a "New Shakespeare Company" of players for giving the usual five weeks' season of performances at Stratford-on-Avon, in August and September of this year, under a capable director, who has already been appointed. It hopes to make of this company a kind of national institution, and eventually a permanent guild of Shakespearean players.

London's National Theatre

A further project will be a vigorous effort to interest county and municipal administrations and other public bodies in the presentation of Shakespeare's plays and the higher drama for educational purposes, for both children and adults, and to organize in various parts of the country centres from which such dramatic presentations can be controlled. Then at the back of the whole project is the national theatre for London, with its radiating influence to all parts of the country, which would finally give the theatre that security and guaranteed existence from which it could realize its ideals, uncontaminated by elements that have no interest in development of true art, and free from the necessity of competing with other forms of entertainment.—Mail and Empire.

THE COST OF LIVING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Now that the final report of the Cost of Living Commission has been published, much of the exasperation felt at its belated apparance proves to have been quite unnecessary. Not the most perfervid optimist can glean much comfort from its findings. The document was completed on October 26th. It was made public about five months later. The government recently explained, somewhat unconvincingly, that the influenza epidemic was responsible for its dilatory appearance. The interval, meanwhile, has witnessed the end of the war, and has seen South Africa plunged into an industrial ferment, largely precipitated by cost of living problems. Whatever may have been the mood of the country when the commissioners were nearing the end of their labors, there certainly is no widespread disposition today to accept blue books as a solvent for the perplexities which are ruffling the tempers of all classes in the Union.—Natal Advertiser.

AN UNPLEASANT NIGHT.

The rain, accompanied by a continuous frowl of thunder, lasted hours on end, and was the saving grace of what otherwise was an unpleasant night. Several business houses, as also private houses, were washed with floods, trees were uprooted and other minor damages were experienced. Since the storm the rain, so badly wanted, has remained with us, and let us hope it will continue to do so. If this should prove to be the harbinger of the rainy season it will undoubtedly be a God-send.—Uganda Herald.

Germany is just about ready to swallow the pill.

LEMON JUICE FOR FRECKLES

Girls! Make beauty lotion for a few cents—Try It!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and rosy-white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless and never irritates.

WHAT WOULD SHE GET?

Suppose you handed the bride a cheque and told her to get something she would really like—something beautiful and useful for a lifetime what would she get?

In all probability she would decide on "Community."

There's no better wedding gift than "Community." Let us send particulars.

Birks

You are sure to need some handy remedy for Sunburn, Insect Stings, Thorn Scratches, Sore Places. Zam-Buk has been proved to be the best. Take a box with you.

50c box, all Druggists and Stores.

ZAM-BUK

Hot Weather Specialties

We are well stocked with all the necessary equipment you want for hot weather—

THERMOS BOTTLES — REFRIGERATORS
SCREEN DOORS — WINDOWS
ELECTRIC STOVES — TOASTERS — IRONS — GRILLS

10% Discount on all Screen Doors while they last.

Nelson Hardware Co.

NELSON, B.C.

Women Should Take

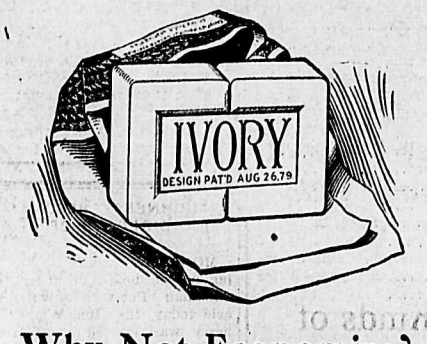
special care to keep free from headache, backache, constipation, weakness and depression. For these recurring ailments and other conditions peculiar to women, Beecham's Pills are a tested and effectual remedy. They act gently and promptly on the stomach, liver and bowels, and exert a tonic, strengthening effect on the bodily functions. These famous pills are purely vegetable, contain no habit-forming drug, and produce no disagreeable after-effects. Women the world over, find needed help and strength in

Beecham's Pills

"Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World"

Worth a Guinea a Box

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U.S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.



Why Not Economize?

Pay what you will no soap can do more for you than Ivory Soap. No other soap contains purer or better materials because the world affords no purer or better materials than are used in Ivory Soap.

If you have been paying 15 cents to 25 cents for "toilet" soaps you can economize by buying Ivory. You will find Ivory as pleasant and efficient as any soap you have ever used.

IVORY SOAP 99 44/100% PURE

IT FLOATS

Made in the Procter & Gamble factories at Hamilton, Canada

FLEET FOOT

FOR HOLIDAY OUTINGS

Be sure that your holiday shopping includes several pairs of FLEET FOOT.

You will like the pleasing effects and the easy comfort of FLEET FOOT shoes.

The wide variety of styles and shapes enables you to choose the most attractive summer footwear

—for Every Member of the Family
—for Every Sport and Recreation

and particularly for your holiday outing.

The Best Dealers Sell FLEET FOOT. 16

DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM

We carry a complete stock of Fleetfoot lines, including Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps

R. Andrew & Co.

Leaders in Foot Fashions
NELSON, B.C.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY — NELSON PLANING MILLS
Vernon Street, Nelson, B. C.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING MATERIAL KEPT IN STOCK
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. BOX 184. PHONE 176

572

Canned Fruits

Mission Brand Bartlett Pears **25c**

Crest Brand Apricots **25c**

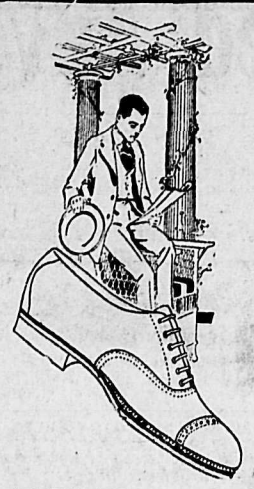
K.C. Brand Strawberries, 2's **30c**

Libby's Pineapple, 2's, sliced or grated **35c**

Hillsdale Pineapple, 2½-lb can for **40c**

Star Grocery

PHONE 10



MEN'S OXFORDS

THE IDEAL SHOE FOR SUMMER WEAR

Now in stock in
Black Kid
Black Calf
Mahogany Calf
Also in White Canvas

R. Andrew & Co.

Leaders in Foot Fashions.

THE

Kootenay-Columbia Preserving Works

OF BRILLIANT, B. C.

wishes to inform the Fruit Growers that they are in a market for

All Kinds of Fruits and Berries

Would be prepared to close contracts for as many years as Growers would like to at a very satisfactory price. Also could supply berry pickers is acreage is sufficient.

A Classified Ad. will bring results

SHAUGHNESSY BECOMES A DIRECTOR OF THE C. P. R.

MONTREAL, June 16.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway company held today, the Hon. Wm. J. Shaughnessy was elected a director to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. Jas. Dunsmuir, of Victoria, B.C., who has for some time been desirous of relief from business cares and responsibilities. It is understood that the place on the board made vacant by the death of the late Wilmot D. Matthews will be filled at a little later date.

A new library has been opened at Madoc.

Kootenay and Boundary

SLOCAN CITY ITEMS.

SLOCAN CITY, June 16.—Captain and Mrs. M. P. Reid returned home o Friday after a visit of a few days to Kaslo and Nelson.

H. Tipping of Vancouver is in town, the guest of his father, J. T. Tipping.

Robert Graham, one of the old timers of the Slocan, is in town.

Mr. Calvert, school inspector, was a visitor in town on Thursday.

WILLOW POINT WOMEN'S INSTITUTE MEETING

WILLOW POINT, June 16.—The monthly meeting of the Willow Point Women's Institute was held on Thursday, June 12, at Mrs. Townshend's. The president, Mrs. Thompson, was in the chair. The resolution asking for the perpetuation of the 54th Battalion as a battalion with its present name and number and having its headquarters at Nelson, was heartily endorsed. Arrangements to hold a picnic for the children on the Point were made and committees formed to look after the tea and the amusements for the youngsters.

Miss Rath gave some very interesting information on a bunch of wild flowers, and Mrs. Applewhaitt gave a very excellent paper on National and Patriotic Songs, giving examples which were sung by some of the members. The meeting adjourned, after which tea was served by Mrs. Applewhaite.

Clemenceau Points Out Fact That Justice Is Basis of Peace Treaty

(Continued from Page One)

justice is not defeated for the sake of a convenient peace.

People Supported War.

"It is said that the German revolution ought to make a difference and that the German people are not responsible for the policy of their rulers whom they have thrown from power. The Allied and Associated Powers recognize and welcome the change. It represents a great hope for peace and a new European order in the future period, but it cannot affect the settlement of the war itself. The German revolution was stayed until the German armies had been defeated in the field, and all hope of profiting by a war of conquest vanished. Throughout the war, as before the war, the German people and their representatives supported the war, voted the credits, subscribed to the war loans, obeyed every order, however severe, of their government. They shared the responsibility for the policy of the government, for at any moment had they willed it they could have revoked it. Had that policy succeeded they would have acclaimed with the *same enthusiasm* yith which they welcomed the outbreak of the war. They cannot now pretend, having changed their rulers after the war was lost, that it is justice that they should escape the consequences of their deeds.

"To attempt this too soon would delay and not hasten that process of appeasement which all desire, but the allied and associated powers believe that if the German people prove by their good acts that they propose *to fulfill the conditions* of peace, and that they have abandoned forever these aggressive and estranging policies which caused the war, and have now become a people with whom it is possible to live in neighborly good fellowship the memories of these past years will speedily fade and it will be possible at an early date to complete the league of nations by admission of Germany thereto.

Want Co-operation

"It is their earnest hope that this may be the case. They believe that the prospects of the world depends upon the close and friendly cooperation of all nations in the adjustment of international questions and promoting the welfare and progress of mankind. But the early entry of Germany into the league must depend principally upon the action of the German people themselves.

"In the course of its *discussion of* their economic terms and elsewhere the German delegation has repeated its denunciation of the blockade instituted by the allied and associated powers. Blockade is and always has been a legal and recognized method of war and its operation has been from time to time adapted to changes in international communications. It the allied and associated powers have imposed on Germany a blockade of *exceptional severity, which through*out they have consistently sought to conform to the principles of international law, it is because of the criminal character of the war initiated by Germany and of the barbarous methods adopted by her in prosecution of the war.

"The allied and associated powers have now attempted to make a specific answer to all the observations made in the German note. The fact of *their omission does not, however, in*dicate that they are either admitted or open to discussion.

Allies' Last Word.

"In conclusion, the Allied and Associated Powers must make it clear that this letter and the memorandum attached constitute their last word. They had examined the German observations and counter proposals with earnest attention and care. They have, in consequence, made important modifi*cations in the draft treaty. But in its* principles they stand by it.

"They believe that it is not only a just settlement of the great war, but that it provides the basis upon which the peoples of Europe wish to meet together in friendship and quality.

"At the same time, it creates the machinery for the peaceful adjustment of all international problems to discussion and consent and whereby the settlement of 1919 itself can be modified from time to time as new facts and conditions arise.

"It is not based entirely on a general consideration of events of 1914-18. It would not be a peace of justice if it were. But it represents a sincere *and deliberate attempt to establish a* reign of law, based upon the consent of the governed, and sustained by the organized opinion of mankind which was the agreed basis of the peace.

Will Force Terms.

"As such the treaty in its present form must be accepted or rejected. The allied and associated powers therefore request a decision from the German delegation within five days that they are prepared to sign the *teraty as now amended. If they de*cide within the period that they are prepared to sign the treaty as it stands, arrangements will be made for the immediate signature of peace at Versailles. In default of such declaration, this communication constitutes the notification provided for in article 11 of the convention of February 16, 1919, prolonging the armistice signed on the 1th of November, 1918, and again prolonged by the agreement of December 13, 1918, and January 16, 1919, the said armistice will then terminate and the allied and associated powers will take such steps as they think needful to force their terms.

"Section 4. The German counter proposals entirely conflict with the agreed basis of peace. They provide that great majorities of indisputably Polish populations shall be kept under German rule. They desire to secure access to the sea to a nation of 10,000,000 people, whose natioanls are in the majority all the way to the coast, in order ot maintain territorial connection between East and West Prussia, whose trade has alawys been mainly sea borne. They cannot, therefore, be accepted by the Allied and Associated Powers. At the same time, in certain cases, the German note has established a case for rectification which will be made, and in view of the contention that Uper Silesia, though inhabited by a two to one majority of Poles, 1,250,000 to 6,000,000 by the 1910 German census, wishes to remain a part of Germany, they are willing that the question of whether or not Upper Silesia should form a part of Germany or Poland should be determined by the vote of the inhabitants themselves.

Saar Basin.

"In regard ot the Saar basin, the *regime proposed by the Allied and* Associated Powers is to continue 15 years. This arrangement they considered necessary both to the general scheme of reparation and in order that France may have immediate and certain compensation for the wanton destruction of her national coal mines. The district has been transferred, not to France's sovereignty, but to the control of the society of the league of nations. This method has the double advantage that it involves no annexation, while it gives possession of the coal fields to France and maintains the economic unity of the district so important to interest of inhabitants. At the end of 15 years, the fixed population, which in the meanwhile will have had control of its own local affairs under governing supervision of the league of nations, will have complete freedom to decide whether it wishes union with Germany, union with France, or the continuance of the regime provided for in the treaty.

"As to the territories which it is proposed to transfer from Germany to Denmark and Belgium, some of these were robbed by Prussia by force, and in every case the transfer will only take place as the result of a decision of inhabitants themselves taken under conditions which will ensure complete freedom to vote.

Will Not Return Colonies.

"Finally, the Allied and Associated Powers are satisfied that the native inhabitants of the Germa ncolonies are strongly opposed to being again broubht under Germany's sway; and the record of German rule, the traditions of the government and the use to which these colonies were put as bases from which to prey on the commerce of the world, make it impossible for the Allied and Associated Powers to return them to Germany, or to entrust them to her responsibility for training and educating of the inhabitants.

"For these reasons the Allied and Associated Powers are satisfied that their territorial proposals are both in accordance with the agreed basis of peace and are necessary to the future peace of Europe. They are, therefore not prepared to modify them except in the respects laid down.

"Arising out of the territorial settlement are the proposals in regard to international control of rivers. It is clearly in accordance with the agreed basis of the peace that international and states should have secure access to the sea along rivers which are navigable to their territory. They believe that the arrangements they propose are vital to the free life of the international states. They do not think they are any derrogation of the rights of the other riparian states. If viewed according to the discredited doctrine that every state is engaged in a desperate struggle for ascendency over its neighbors, no doubt such arrangement may be an impediment to the artificial strangling of a rival, but if it be the idea that nations are to cooperate in the ways of commerce and peace, they are neutral and right. The provisions for the presenec of a representative of important non-riparian states on the commission is security that the commission will consider the interests of all. A number of modifications, however, have been made in the original proposals, the details of which will be found in the attached memorandum.

EXCEPTIONALLY

FINE LINGERIE

FOR WELL-DRESSED WOMEN

THE HEAPS OF SNOWY WHITE LINGERIE THAT ARE SHOWN AT THIS STORE ARE BOUND TO ELICIT THE HIGHEST PRAISE AND ADMIRATION FROM EVERY BEAUTY-LOVING WOMAN. MATERIALS USED ARE ALL OF THE TRUE TRUSTWORTHY QUALITY WHICH SEEMS TO IMPROVE WITH EACH LAUNDERING. STYLES, TOO, ARE THE NEWEST AND MOST DESIRABLE, AND PRICES ARE SURPRISINGLY LOW.

Ladies' ENVELOPE CHEMISES at $1.50 to $5.00 Each

Beautiful hand embroidered or lace trimmed garments, made of fine Nainsook, Cambric or Sheer Mull. These are shown in both White and Flesh. A splendid range to select from.
SPECIAL VALUES AT, each ..... **$1.50 TO $5.00**

Ladies' GOWNS at $2.00 to $5.75 Each

Beautiful gowns made of fine Sheer Mull or Nainsook. Some lace trimmed, others trimmed with hand embroidery. Made in White and Flesh. SPECIAL VALUES, each **$2.00 TO $5.75**

Ladies' White UNDERSKIRTS

Made of soft finished Cambric. Some with flounces of wide embroidery, others with trimmings of lace and insertion. All sizes in stock.
SPECIAL VALUES AT, each ..... **$2.00, $3.50 AND UP TO $6.00**

Ladies' White DRAWERS at 75c to $2.75

Made both styles. Some trimmed with hemstitched frills, others more elaborately trimmed with lace or embroidery. All sizes in stock.
SPECIAL VALUES AT ..... **75c TO $2.75**

WOMEN'S PERFECT-FITTING

CORSETS

The new Models we are now showing conform in every detail to the new dress modes. Makers of these Corsets are constantly in touch with fashion authorities at home and abroad and are the first to employ the new styles in their Corsets. It is important for you to get the right corset for your figure—the proper fit of your apparel depends on it.

"American Lady" Corsets at $2.50 to $7.50 Each

A model for practically every figure. All made of good coverings in White or Flesh Batiste, Coutil or Brocade Silk. Low or medium busts. All sizes.
PRICES, each ..... **$2.50 TO $7.50**

"Goddess" Front-Lace Corset

One of this season's best sellers. A variety of styles, all with shield under the front lacing and elastic at the back. Coverings are of fine Coutil or Brocade Silk.
SPECIALLY PRICED AT ..... **$2.50 TO $9.50**

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE — THE STORE FOR QUALITY

VANCOUVER PRINTERS WOULD EDIT PAPERS

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 16.—The Vancouver World was the only *newspaper in this city today to pub*lish full editions. In connection with the dispute between printers and publishers which compelled the Province to cease publication today, the World has the following to announce:

"Growing out of the strike serious complications took place today in local newspaper offices.

"Objection was taken by local printers to the text of two half page advertisements ordered for insertion in the two evening papers. One of these was submitted by the Citizens' league, the other by the Returned Citizens' Law and Order league.

"With respect to the first, the World chapel took exception to a clause reading:

"'Will you allow any union to destroy the fredom of the press as the printers' union have attempted?'

"Objection was taken to the entire advertisement offered by the Returned Citizens' Law and Order league.

World Amends Ad.

"A similar protest was made by the Province chapel. The World management took the position that the advertisements must be first set, and after being set any representations showing them unfair or untrue would be heard. This was done by the World staff, and with a slight amendment in the clause, approved by those inserting the advertisement, the half page of the Citizens' league was inserted, as appearing in another column.

"The other advertisement was rejected by the World management as inflammatory and, therefore, dangerous and against the public interest.

"The Province chapel not only declined to set the offending clause in the Citizens' advertisement even when amended by the advertiser, but declined to set the soldier advertisement at all. They further excised a paragraph from the Province report of the arena meeting, and finally passed a resolution which was served on the management that they would set no more advertisements of the Citizens' league or Returned Citizens' Law and Order league unless passed by the conciliation committee. Mr. Burde, thereupon issued a statement pointing out that this would compel the Province to suspend publication; calling on his workers to observe their contract and asking those who refused to continue at work to leave the news room. Thereupon the Province chapel withdrew, and the later editions of that paper were cancelled.

Ordered Back to Work.

"The Sun paper, which had a disagreement with its staff of Saturday morning over an editorial to which the chapel objected, has not yet resumed, negotiations to that effect last night having proved fruitless. President M. G. Scott of the International Typographical union today wired that he had ordered the Sun chapel back to work immediately."

LATTA BECOMES DIRECTOR OF LAND SETTLEMENT BOARD

VICTORIA, June 16.—Lieut. Co.. W. S. Latta, D.S.O., (two bars), has been appointed a director of the provincial land settlement board, according to a statement given out today by Hon. E. D. Barrow, minister of agriculture.

Col. Latta has been particularly active since returning from the front in January in soldier settlement affairs, and was present at various conferences with the minister and M. H. Nelems, chairman of the land settlement board. He also made trips through the interior.

REMOVES HAIRY GROWTHS WITHOUT PAIN OR BOTHER

(Modes of Today.)

It is not necessary to use a painful process to remove hairy growths, for with a little delatone handy you can keep the skin entirely free from these beauty destroyers. To remove hair, make a stiff paste with a little powdered delatone and water. Spread this on the hairy surface and in about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. To guard against disappointment, be careful to get real delatone.

Cocoanut Oil Makes A Splendid Shampoo

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else that contains too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless) is much better than anything else you can use *for shampooing*, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

8 DEAD, 66 HURT, IN VIENNA RIOT

Communists Attempt to Release Leaders from Jail—Police Fire Into Crowd.

COPENHAGEN, June 16.—In rioting in connection with a Communist demonstration in Vienna Sunday, eight persos were killed and 66 injured. The trouble began when 6,000 demonstrators attempted to obtain the release from prison of Communist leaders arrested Saturday. The police fired volleys into the air and then into the crowd. The demonstrators succeeded in releasing the Communist leaders.

General News of the City

SOURCES OF CITY MILK SUPPLY ARE TO BE INSPECTED

Dr. Arthur Is Instructed by City Council to Make Tour—All Milk Found to Be Above Standard.

Samples of milk for butter fat taken from nine dairies in Nelson and vicinity were all above the standard required when tested by Dr. Isabel Arthur, medical health officer. Dr. Arthur's report was read at the city council meeting last evening.

Following are the dairies from which samples were taken and the percentage found in the samples from each: City Dairy, 5; Dominion Dairy, 3.8; O'Genski, 4.2; Crescent Dairy, 3.5; Camerons' Dairy, 4.6; Shirley, 4.8; Nelson Dairy, 4.2; Robinson's Dairy, 3.4; Cruickshank's Dairy, 3.4.

The standard required is 3.25 per cent.

Dr. Arthur suggested in her report that all the dairies in Nelson and surrounding district should be inspected. She said that she would undertake the work if the city would provide an auto for the trips.

"You'd better find out what the auto is going to cost," said Ald. I. A. Austin.

Ald. L. H. Choquette said that the longest and most expensive trip would be to Crescent Valley, and he offered to take Dr. Arthur out there.

Ald. C. F. McHardy moved that Dr. Arthur be asked to inspect the dairies and that the city pay the expenses.

FERRY TO RUN LATE AT NIGHT

Service Will Be Extended, Board Is Informed—To Charge for Night Trips.

L. F. Gigot, secretary of the board of trade, has been informed that, following the board's recommendation to the government, the service of the Nelson ferry will be extended during the summer months.

An extra man will be employed and, beginning about the end of this week and up to September 30, there will be an hourly service from either 6 or 7 p.m. until 9:50 p.m., when the ferry will leave the north shore on its last trip.

A toll of 15 cents per passenger will be charged on all trips made after the hours now in force and 50 cents will be charged for each vehicle. It is understood that children will be carried free.

NURSES RECEIVE THEIR DIPLOMAS

Five Young Ladies Graduate From the Kootenay Lake General Hospital —Dance at Hume.

Diplomas and medals were presented to the graduating nurses who have completed their training at the Kootenay Lake General hospital at a reception and dance given in their honor by the hospital board in the Hume tea room last night.

The nurses who received their diplomas and medals were: Miss Stewart, Miss Ferguson, Miss White, Miss Ebbutt and Miss Thatcher.

The diplomas were presented to the nurses by J. A. Irving, and the medals were pinned on by George Johnstone. A varied program was given, as follows:

Prayer and opening address, Rev. F. H. Graham; solo, Miss Johnstone; violin selection, Miss Phyllis Whitebread; address, Rev. H. S. Bagnall; solo, Mrs. C. W. Tyler; address to the class, Rev. D. T. McClintock; address, Dr. W. O. Rose; address, Dr. M. J. Vigneux; violin selection the Misses Whitebread.

After the program refreshments were served to the nurses and guests. Following the refreshments the floor was cleared and with Miss Charlotte Armstrong at the piano and Miss Phyllis Whitebread playing the violin, the guests and nurses finished off the evening with a dance.

NELSON BOOSTERS TO MEET TONIGHT

Everyone Interested in Soldiers' Celebration to Attend Meeting at City Hall.

Everyone who is interested in the celebration in honor of the soldiers which will be held in Nelson on July 1 should attend the mass meeting which will be held in the city hall this evening.

Several committees have been hard at work arranging plans for the celebration and they will present interim reports.

Suggestions of all kinds for the betterment of the big show are desired. Don't be bashful, but turn out tonight.

More than 100 persons attended the mass meeting which was held last week, and the committee in charge desire an even larger turn-out tonight.

From the proceeds of a concert given in Albert Hall, London, by Belgian soldiers, the Queen of the Belgians has sent £3,400 to the Red Cross.

Soldier-Journalist Returns to City

SERGT. W. A. CURRAN

Sergt. W. A. Curran, a member of The Daily News editorial staff, returned last night from overseas. He has been in the service exactly four years and a week. He enlisted with the Grand Forks Independent Rifle company in April, 1915, and later was transferred to the 54th battalion when it was recruited a few weeks later.

SHOP EMPLOYEES TO STRIKE HERE

Men Ordered to Quit Work at 10 a.m. Wednesday Morning—No Connection with Winnipeg.

The local shop employees have received official notification from Montreal to go on strike at 10 a.m. Wednesday morning as a result of the failure of the Railway War Board to meet the demands made by the union concerning the McAdoo award. Local officials say the strike has absolutely no connection with the Winnipeg strike. About 35,000 men employed on all railways of the Dominion are said to be scheduled to strike at the same time.

$200 GRANT TO BIG CONVENTION

Donation Is Made by City Council Toward Expenses of Miners' Meeting Here

The sum of $200 was granted by the city council last night towards the expenses of the mining convention.

J. J. Malone, A. H. W. Crossley and J. A. Gilker appeared before the council representing the mining convention committee, and made the request.

Ald. R. Andrew was the first to support the request, saying that he thought the city should help the convention along.

Mayor J. A. McDonald said that the convention would bring money into the city.

The more conventions we have the better it is for the city, was Ald. C. F. McHardy's opinion.

The request was granted, providing a full account of all money expended is published by the finance committee of the convention. This would be done, was the assurance of Mr. Malone, the spokesman for the delegation.

PTE. MILLER RETURNS

Pt. Claude Miller arrived from overseas last night. He enlisted in Nelson with the 54th Battalion in April, 1915.

Social and Personal

George Heaton, of Needles, is visiting Nelson.

W. S. Riblet left last night for California, where he will live in future.

Mr. and Mrs. Illingsworth, of Broadwater, are visitors in the city.

W. Bury, of Balfour, was in the city yesterday and was a guest at the Hume.

Among the guests at the Strathcona last night was L. E. Stapleton of Marcus, Wash.

E. L. Dewdney, of New Denver, was a visitor in the city last night and stayed at the Hume.

R. G. Joy and B. Lawson will leave today for the Lardo district to do assessment work.

Cecil Horswill returned to Nelson last night after spending several months on the prairie.

F. Warner Smith is making good progress toward recovery at the Kootenay Lake general hospital.

Mrs. A. L. McCulloch has returned to the city after being away for seven weeks visiting at Vancouver and Victoria.

W. A. Jowett, of Edgewood, arrived in the city last night to attend the mining convention. He is here in the capacity of secretary of the Mine Owners' association.

The Wealdstone council, Harrow, Eng., refused the offer of a damaged German machine gun on the grounds that they have no use for "a wheelbarrow of old iron."

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Drop Freezone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! No humbug!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

King's Quality Flour
GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY
Manufactured by the Hedley-Shaw Milling Co., Ltd., Medicine Hat, Alberta.
Write us for prices on car lots.
FLOUR AND FEED
T. R. CLARK, Rep.
P. O. Box 666 Nelson, B. C.

29 LOST AND FOUND

WILL the person who took a parcel from the street car Saturday night please return same to Horswill's store. (3212)

FOUND—Rowboat with fishing tackle. Owner apply Metcalfe, R. R. 1, Nelson. (3201)

Ranches For Sale

I ave some good buy listed and am prepared at any time to show prospective purchasers these properties.

10 acres at Shoreacres, about 4 acres cleared; some fruit trees; outbuildings; close to station. Cheap at $1500. On terms.

12 acres, about 1 mile from Nelson; 5 acres planted trees 7 to 12 years old; large house, stable, chicken houses and outbuildings. Well settled district. Price $3000. On terms.

160 acres on West Arm; about 20 planted 400 fruit trees, mostly bearing, some 15 years old; house and outbuildings. Plenty of water; good range for cattle; ½ mile of water frontage. Price $5500. On terms.

10 acres on West Arm; 8½ acres in good commercial orchard and small fruits; good buildings; one of best on the lake. An ideal home close to Nelson. Price $6500. On terms.

I have full particulars of any of the above. Also a good list of other good buys and located in the several valleys and districts surrounding Nelson.

Summer Homes

I have been instructed to offer for sale at once one of the best summer homes on Kootenay Lake. This property consists of about one-half acre, has water frontage and is about 1½ miles from Nelson postoffice by auto or launch. House is neat bungalow style, veranda and sleeping porch; has 6 rooms, fireplace, water piped into kitchen and other conveniences. To anyone wishing a good summer home with pleasant surroundings I can recommend this property. The price for a short time is $2800, and I can arrange easy terms. A discount will also be allowed for all cash. This will sell quickly. See me at once and arrange to make an inspection.

Hugh W. Robertson
Successor to McQuarrie & Robertson
Ward St. Phone 68. Nelson, B. C.

BITRO PHOSPHATE
supplies an essential substance to the brain and nerves in the active form in which it normally occurs in the living cells of the body. It replaces nerve waste, creates new strength, builds firm healthy flesh. Sold by druggists under a definite guarantee of results or money back. Get the genuine BITRO-PHOSPHATE—the kind that physicians recommend.
FOR THIN, DELICATE NERVOUS, ANAEMIC PEOPLE

A Real Estate!
TO SETTLE UP AN ESTATE

We have been advised to sell at one-third of its value one of the best Ranch Homes in this district. Comprising 22 acres, 18 cleared; 250 bearing trees, lots of small fruits, 3 dwelling houses on property—one 5 large rooms and bathroom. Chicken house 100 yards long, divided into 14 units, with scratch sheds and large wire runs, pullet and cockerel houses. Barns, stable, hog sheds with Page wire fenced runs; incubators, hovers and brooders for 1,000 chickens. Complete set of implements, wagons, buggy, sleighs, harness, stump puller, plows and small tools. Close to school and station. Cost the owner $12,000.

PRICE FOR QUICK SALE $5,000
Roberts & Christie
INSURANCE and FARM LANDS
310 Baker St.
Box 638. NELSON, B. C.

Classified Advertising

CONDENSED ADVERTISING RATES

One insertion, per word	1c
Minimum charge	25c
Six consecutive insertions, per word, paid in advance	4c
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Additional lines, per line	10c
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Additional lines, per line	10c
Card of thanks, one insertion, up to five lines	50c
Death and Funeral Notice	$1.00

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance.

Additional lines, per line	10c
Each subsequent insertion	25c

14 FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

FURNISHED SUITE—All conveniences. Campbell's Art Studio, 715 Baker. (3007)

FOR RENT—Suite of clean furnished rooms. 507 Silica street. (2999)

FOR RENT—Rooms for men by day, week or month. Clean, comfortable. Hot and cold shower baths in connection. Y. M. C. A. (2902)

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS for rent. Apply C. W. Appleyard. (3011)

HIGH CLASS FURNISHED SUITES TO RENT—Kerr Apts. (3012)

FOR RENT—In Annable block, single rooms, two-room suites. (3013)

35 FOR RENT

RESTAURANT for rent cheap, with dishes, cooking utensils and furniture. Tremont Hotel. (3185)

16 ROOM AND BOARD

ROOM and board close in. Reasonable terms. 912 Vernon St. (3150)

51 COMMISSION MERCHANTS

RANCHERS' PRODUCE sold on commission. R. G. Joy, Box 687, Nelson, B. C. (3026)

20 LIVESTOCK FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One pure bred Holstein registered bull, 16 months old. Apply J. Blake, Baynes Lake, B. C. (3189)

FOR SALE—One heifer, 26 months old, half Ayrshire, to calf in September. Price $100. Mrs. W. Melneruk, South Slocan. (3192)

FOR SALE—8 young pigs, $7 each. A. B. Shannon, R. R. No. 1, Nelson. (3173)

FOR SALE—From pure bred registered Ohio improved Chester White stock, March and April farrowed, strong and healthy pigs, $15 each, or 3 for $40. B. E. Church, Edgewood (3146)

FOR SALE—Young pigs, from 6 to 8 weeks old. Prices reasonable. Apply Midway Ranch, Ltd., Midway, B.C. (3130)

SECOND HAND DEALERS

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon; Ph. 651. (3025)

42 MATRIMONY

WIDOWER (Italian) with three girls, ages 10, 7 and 4, would like to meet lady; object matrimony. Address Box 3133, Daily News. (3133)

CATHOLICS wishing to marry, wanting introductions, booklet free, write Catholic Correspondence Club, Grand Rapids, Mich. (3184)

MARRY—Many rich. Particulars free. —F. Morrison, L3052 W. Holden, Seattle, Wash. (3027)

WOULD you marry if suited? Satisfaction guaranteed. Write Box 1305, Edmonton, Canada. (2934)

26 MACHINERY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Faust jigs, 25-ton capacity, nearly new; rougher, 4 cells; cleaner, 5 cells; 1 trommel, 3-16 inch mesh; 2 elevators, 3-inch centrifugal pump; pulleys, belting, pipe, valves, etc., complete. Fred Swim, Vananda, B. C. (3134)

27 MACHINERY WANTED

FOR SALE—3100-foot tramway, practically new. For particulars apply Ruth Mines, Kaslo. (3157)

24 BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR SALE—Photographic business. Busiest and soundest town in interior. Studio and field equipment; studio centrally located. Immediate possession. Excellent opportunity energetic man. Apply Box 3171, Daily News. (3171)

36 FOR SALE

BRICK veneered cottage, stone; Rosemont, for sale. Bricks for sale; lots for sale. William Hancock, Box 977, Nelson. (3186)

22 MISCELLANEOUS—WANTED

WANTED—To buy or lease sawmill and timber. Address S. R. Gabel, Sand Point, Idaho. (3183)

WANTED—To buy, crown neck beer bottles, 40 cents per dozen quarts; 20 cents per dozen pints, f.o.b. shipping point. Joe and John Perry, bottle dealers, Fernie, B. C. (3202)

WANTED—A tent, not less 12-10 and 8 oz. canvas. Box 3203, Daily News. (3203)

WANTED—A heavy teaming wagon or log truck. S. P. Pond. (3205)

49 FARMS FOR SALE

SUPERIOR farm and fruit lands at special prices. 200 acres Bonnington Falls, 80 acres Perrys Siding, 320 acres Lardo, in lots to suit buyers. Willow Point lake frontage home sites and near frontage acreage. J. J. Campbell, owner, R. R. No. 1. Tel. 4621.3. (3200)

For Rent

Summer Cottage for rent; 15 mins. from Ferry. Some camp furniture. Apply,
C. W. APPLEYARD. Phone 444

19 Poultry and Eggs

FOR SALE—Extra large cockerels for fattening. Hatched May 6th, 30 cts. each. J. B. Bliss. Phone 328L1, Nelson. (3163)

37 BOATS AND AUTOMOBILES

WANTED—Motor canoe; hull sixteen or eighteen feet. Box 871, Trail, B. C. (3132)

YOU can run a 25-word ad. in this column for 25 cents, or six times for $1 cash in advance.

ELFORD BOAT LIVERY—Launches, canoes, rowboats for hire; bought, sold or repaired. (2958)

10 MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Contractor to skid poles at camp on Arrow Lakes. Can furnish the teams. The Lindsley Bros. Co. (3208)

WANTED—Two men to cut fence poles and posts. S. P. Pond. (3206)

WANTED—At once, man for orchard and hog ranch, $65 per month. Summer and winter job for right man. A. F. Adams, Kaslo, B. C. (3172)

WANTED—Good general blacksmith. Apply to E. W. Somers, Nakusp, B. C. (3145)

WANTED—At once, two boatmen and eight river-drivers. Apply to Slocan Valley Lumber Co., Kochs, B. C. (3147)

WANTED—Buyer to contract for apple crop on trees. Estimated 700-800 boxes. Fruit sprayed and first-class condition. Wharf on property. R. W. Damson, Willow Point. (3148)

WANTED—Five piece-makers to cut posts and poles at Parks Siding, B. C. Salmo Cedar Co. (3096)

WANTED—Live-wire hotel porter to meet trains and boats. Apply Grand hotel. (3017)

WANTED

WILL pay cash for Relaying Rails 12 to 56 pounds per yard.
NATIONAL MACHINERY CO., LTD., Vancouver, B. C. (3018)

WANTED—To let contract by thousand for taking lumber from mill and piling same in yard. Capacity of mill 45,000. Mill to start operation June first. Canyon City Lumber Co., Ltd., Creston, B. C. (3019)

11 FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Graduate nurses for General Hospital, Macleod, Alta. Salary $60.00 per month. Macleod General Hospital, Macleod, Alta. (3161)

WANTED—Experienced hotel girl for dining room and upstairs work. Outlet Hotel, Proctor. (3023)

WANTED—A girl for ice cream parlor. Apply Hotel Strathcona. (3022)

12 SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

TWO LADIES want work in a mining camp, as cook and helper, or helpers. Box 3207, Daily News. (3207)

POSITION wanted by widow as housekeeper or any place of trust. Box 3176, Daily News. (3176)

28 MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Windows, doors and lumber cheap; kindling wood for hauling away. Come this week to old hospital building. John Toye. (3122)

I WILL not be responsible for any debts or purchases made in my name, without my written order. A. B. Shannon. (3174)

HEALTHY SUBSTITUTE FOR BOOZE. RHUBARB WINE.

Recipe for making wine, preserves, etc., free with sweetest kind of rhubarb grown, at $3.00 per 100 lbs. Box 1, Wattsburg, B. C. (3154)

23 PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One of the best residential homes in Nelson, near Stanley street; 3 minutes' walk from the postoffice. Owner leaving Nelson. Cash sale preferred. P. O. Box 927, Nelson, B. C. (3211)

18 ARTICLES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Boathouse and site for sale at Nelson. F. C. Risden, Harrop. (3204)

RANCHERS, ATTENTION—We have a quantity of 1½-inch, 2-inch and 3-inch common and 3-inch casing cut nails for sale at 3c per pound cash, in any quantity. Byers Giegerich Green Co., Ltd., Kaslo. (3198)

FOR POULTRY HOUSES—Red Mite Killer, pints 25c; quarts, 50c; imperial gallon $2. Poultry lice powder, 30c; insect powder, 20c; water glass, 25c and 35c tin; gopher poison, 85c and $1.25. Izal disinfecting powder kills all odors, 30c pkg. Rutherford Drug Co. (3028)

FOR SALE—One 50 ft. dry cedar log, 3 ft. butt, 18-inch tip. L. C. Campbell, R. R. No. 1, Nelson. (3120)

A 25-WORD advertisement can be run in this column for a week for $1 cash in advance. It will pay you well.

31 MINING PROPERTY FOR SALE

I HAVE two most desirable mineral claims for sale, close in; one mile from track. I can't work myself or I would not part with them. High grade ore; native silver and gold 2 ozs. to the ton. Jacob Green, city. (3165)

34 TEACHERS WANTED

WANTED—A teacher for the Canyon City School District. State qualifications and experience. Apply T. R. Mamson, Erickson, B. C. (3199)

Business and Professional Directory

ADDING MACHINES.

BURROUGH'S ADDING MACHINE—Easy terms. R. T. Robertson, 402 Pender St., Vancouver. (3076)

HOSPITALS

Private Hospital
LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT.
We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms, inspection invited.
Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.
THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL, Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B.C.
Phone 372 for Appointment.
P. O. Box 772. (3029)

ACCOUNTANTS

W. H. FALDING, Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C. (3030)

J. H. LAWRENCE, Accountant, Etc. Royal Bank Building, Nelson, B.C. (3031)

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone 157-J. (3032)

STANDARD FURNITURE COMPANY—C. J. Carlson, Undertaker, Undertakers and Embalmers and Funeral Directors. The finest and most up-to-date undertaking parlors and chapel in interior B. C. Lady attendant for women and children. Day Phone 85, Night Phone 252 and 64. (3033)

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, Box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges. (3034)

FLORISTS.

GRIZZELLE'S GREENHOUSES, Nelson. Cut flowers and floral designs. (3035)

W. S. JOHNSON, FLORIST. Cut flowers, potted plants and floral designs. Phone 342. (2851)

ENGINEERS.

Green Bros., Burden Co.
Nelson, B.C.
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS, B.C., Alberta and Dominion LAND SURVEYORS
Crown Grant Agents. Blue Printing. (3036)

A. L. McCULLOCH, Hydraulic Engineer, Provincial Land Surveyor, Baker St., Nelson, B.C. (3037)

A. D. NASH, Mining Engineer, Consultations, Explorations, Development Reports. Room 2, Royal Bank Bldg., Nelson. (3038)

A. R. HEYLAND, British Columbia Land Surveyor. Surveys of all descriptions made anywhere in British Columbia. Lands Reported on and Valued. KASLO, B. C. P. O. BOX 478. (3039)

GEARY & JOHNSTONE, Mining and Metallurgical Engineers. Consultation, Examinations, Reports, Estimates, Design of Mining and Metallurgical Plants. Aberdeen Building, Nelson, B.C. Telephone 103. (3040)

ARCHITECT

GEORGE C. EGG, A.R.A.I.C. ARCHITECT. Box 1151 Nelson, B. C. Building sketches, plans and specifications. (3041)

LOCKSMITHS

H. R. KITTO, Gun, Lock and Bicycle Works. Agent Columbia Bicycle. All Makes Phonographs Repaired. 412 Ward Street. (3042)

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

Dr. A. T. Spankie
M. D., C. M.
EYE, NOSE, EAR and THROAT SPECIALIST
Office: Suite 121-122, New P. Burns Bldg., corner 8th Ave. and 2nd St. E.
CALGARY
Phones: Office M2848, House M2677 (3043)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall streets. P.O. Box 1095; telephone 28 and 23. (3044)

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera Blk. (3045)

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER. Box 474. Phone 77. (3046)

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

NELSON BUSINESS COLLEGE—Day and night classes. Complete business course.—Apply P.O. Box 745. (3047)

TIME FOR

Shredded Wheat
with Strawberries
Deliciously Nourishing and Satisfying
A Real, Summer Life-Saver

WILL NOT EXTEND TIME.

PARIS, June 15.—(Havas Agency.)—Liberte says it has been decided the allies not to add to the five ys given the Germans to sign or re- t the peace treaty notification of an intention to denounce the armistice.

REDS VIRTUALLY ANNIHILATED IN ATTACK ON RUMANIANS

BERNE, June 15.—Rumanian forces on the Dneister river have been attacked by the Bolshevik, a detachment of the latter succeeding in crossing the river, but being virtually annihilated on the right bank.

The NEW WAY And THE OLD

Today we answer the telephone as "Jones & Company, Mr. Smith speaking," or "This is Mr. Smith's residence."

It is concise and definite, smacks of efficiency and eliminates uncertainty.

The person calling, too, replies with, "Mr. Brown wishes to talk with Mr. Smith." These are the telephone "introductions" of today—and they make for good service all around.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY
PROGRESSIVE POLICY
IMPROVED SERVICE

To clean your AutoStrop Razor simply put the razor under the tap and wipe it off — that's all. Stropping — shaving — cleaning —done without removing the blade from the razor.

Razor — Strop — 12 blades — $5

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

The New Monroe ARROW COLLAR
CLUETT·PEABODY & Co. OF CANADA LIMITED

The Original and Only Genuine

Beware of Imitations Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

Emulsified Cocoanut Oil

Will refill your bottle with Emulsified Cocoanut Oil Shampoo for 35c.

O. K. Barber Shop
A. L. WILSON

Calgary Exhibition

JUNE 28th TO JULY 5th

Show Window of Western Canada's Best Live Stock and Industrial Products

POSITIVELY THE BEST PROGRAM EVER PRESENTED, INCLUDING:

Sousa and His Band

Passenger Carrying and Stunt Flying by Capt. Fred McColl, D.S.O., M.C. with bar, D.F.C., of Calgary, and Capt. W. May, D.F.C., of Edmonton.

Excellent Vaudeville, Horse and Auto Races

New Concrete Grand Stand and Cattle Building

Reduced Passenger Rates from Alberta and Saskatchewan points, also B.C. east of Nelson and Golden.

PRIZE LIST NOW READY — ENTRIES CLOSE JUNE 13th.

President: E. J. DEWEY — Manager: E. L. RICHARDSON

News of Sport

NOTED DRIVERS TO RACE AT CALGARY

The Motor Contest Association Has Sanctioned Forthcoming Automobile Events

CALGARY, June 16.—Sanction for the championship automobile races, which will be held at the Calgary exhibition on July 4 and 5, has been granted by the International Motor Contest association, which governs and sanctions practically all of the big dirt track races in Canada and the United States. The I.M.C.A. has for the past three years sanctioned over fifty days of racing in Canada, and its record has not been blotted with a single fatal accident.

Manager E. L. Richardson has been in communication with the famous dirt track and speedway drivers, and from present indications it appears that the entry list for the Calgary races will contain the names of the most noted of the gas hounds. Four thousand dollars is the amount of prize money for the two days of racing, with one-fourth of that sum going to the winner of the long distance race.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	3	10	0
St. Paul	4	13	1

Thirteen innings. Roggs and Gossett; Griner and Hargrave.

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	2	8	2
Minneapolis	1	6	4

Sanders and Murphy; Palmero and Henry.

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	13	16	4
Kansas City	8	11	4

Long, Tincup and Kocher; Johnson, Allen, Shakelford and Latonge.

Columbus-Milwaukee, postponed, on account rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—Chicago hit Seibold hard and defeated Philadelphia today 5 to 1. Felsch and Jackson hit home runs into the bleachers.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	5	13	2
Philadelphia	1	6	1

Williams and Schalk; Seibold, Thompson and Perkins.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Boland allowed Washington only two hits today and Detroit won 3 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	3	8	1
Washington	1	2	0

Boland and Stenage; Harper, Robertson and Gharrity.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Shawkey won his seventh consecutive victory today when New York defeated St. Louis 4 to 3 in a 11 inning game. Gallia pitched a strong game.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	12	2
New York	4	7	1

Gallia and Mayer; Billings, Shawkey and Hannah.

BOSTON, June 16.—Cleveland made it two straight from Boston today, scoring the only run of the game in the first inning, when Graney led off with a single, was sacrificed to third and scored on Smith's single.

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	1	5	0
Boston	0	3	1

Coveleskie and O'Neill; Mays and Schang.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	2	5	1
New York	1	6	2

Thomas and Casey; McCabe and Bruggy.

	R.	H.	E.
Binghampton	4	6	0
Reading	5	11	5

Ten innings; Gingras and Haddock; Kelf and Crossin.

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	12	1
Jersey City	3	9	1

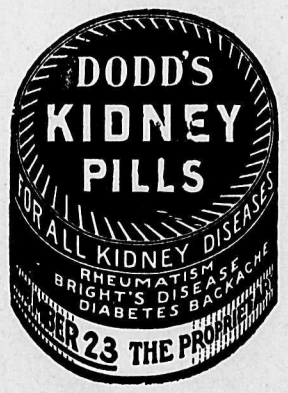
Ogden and O'Neill; Bruck, Manners and Hodgins.

First game:	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	4	11	4
Baltimore	7	14	2

Petersen, Hersch and Sandberg; Parnham, Frank and Egan.

Second game:	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	7	2
Baltimore	4	8	0

Jones and Dufele; Parnham and Schaufel.



HEPATOLA

For Appendicitis, Gall Stones, Peritonitis and ailments of the Stomach. These maladies which often lead to costly operations and following periods of recuperation, can be cured speedily with little cost ($5.50 treatment).

Sole Manufacturer.
MRS. GEO. S. ALMAS
230 4th Ave., S., Saskatoon.

INVESTMENT IN FIGHTS IS HUGE

Astounding Figures Show Up When One Stops to Consider Expense and Receipts From Big Mill.

TOLEDO. — The thing discussed most nowadays in connection with the big bout is the vast sums to be paid Willard and Dempsey for less than an hour's work.

Willard has been promised $100,000 and Dempsey $27,000. These sums are exorbitant and entirely out of place. But those who figure in this way have evidently lost sight of the proposition that competition in boxing as well as in any other business is all right. It serves to stimulate trade and gives the public a chance to get a fair return for its money.

But sometimes vigorous competition has a baneful influence on boxing. It helps to make the pugilists arrogant and paves the way for exorbitant demands. It is only just that a fighter should get well paid for his services. But the club which takes all the chances and must sustain its reputation for honesty with the public suffers in the end.

Profits Enormous.

When any kind of a bout could be bought in New York, from a four-round to a finish, the profits of a club in that big town were enormous. Two or three big encounters placed one of these clubs on a solid financial footing. It was nothing uncommon for one of these institutions to make from $20,000 to $30,000 on one battle alone.

And these contests were not far apart, either. They were held with considerable frequency and invariably drew a packed house.

Most of these clubs were controlled by politicians, who had a monopoly on the business.

Jeffries, Corbett, Sharkey, Sullivan, McCoy and others of the old and famous pugilists were paid vast sums for battles they fought in and around New York.

Tom Sharkey said recently that in five matches covering a period of a little over two years in which he was one of the principals he divided with his manager a net profit of something like $100,000, or an average of $20,000 for each scrap. From this one can easily glean just how much the clubs made.

Frisco No Comparison.

San Francisco cannot be compared as a fighting town to New York. Taking Boston and Philadelphia and Greater New York itself, these New York clubs had a population of nearly 6,000,000 to draw from. The price of admission to these mills was no less than $3 and not more than $5.

The cost to the out-of-town sport to witness these essays would not amount to more than $20, figuring that he was of more frugal habits and to the local ring-goer about $10.

The last fight between Jim Jeffries and Jim Corbett at San Francisco drew nearly a $50,000 gate. In New York if one of the championship matches went below this amount the club and the fighters were disappointed.

Liberal percentages weer allowed to the principals, and they abused the public's encouragement and patronage by putting up shady encounters. The clubs weer compelled to pay handsomely for licenses in San Francisco to hold fights.

Was No Tax.

In New York in the halcyon days of the game there was no such tax. Outside of paying for rent, lights and preliminary bouts, the club expenses there were small. In bouts between third raters at the Broadway Athletic club, which were held about four times each month, the receipts averaged no less than $5000 for each mill. One club alone cleared $100,000 in one year.

In fact, there is perhaps no other city in the world that would have paid over $150,000 to see a ten-round bout such as New York paid when Willard and Moran came together.

London, England, is a much larger city than New York, but it would not likely have paid $150,000 to see two men box 10 rounds. In London, in fact, the receipts at boxing matches compared to the sums received in this country are very small. In London a $10,000 gate is considered large. They offer, as a rule, the men paltry purses, and the pugilists are generally glad to get them, too.

Figures on $300,000.

Rickard counts on taking in over $300,000 at the gate in Toledo. It will take nearly $250,000 to pay the expenses of the fight. The fighters, their training expenses, the cost of officials and help will amount to nearly $150,000.

The arena which Rickard proposes building will cost nearly $75,000. The lumber will bring one-third of that perhaps when the fight is over. So the arena may be put down as costing $50,000. Then there are all the other expenses.

Interested with Rickard in the venture is Frank Flourney of Memphis. If the two clear up $25,000 each on the venture they will be lucky.

If nothing happens between now and then, Chicago will send the biggest crowd to Toledo on July 4 it has ever sent to a championship battle.

Members of the Chicago, Illinois and other athletic clubs of Chicago are already making plans for the trip, and the flow eastward from here on July 3 promises to be something immense.

WESTERN CANADA LEAGUE

SASKATOON, June 16.—

	R.	H.	E.
Moose Jaw	5	11	1
Saskatoon	8	16	2

Batteries—Morrison and Patterson; Hakins and Beyers.

	R.	H.	E.
Winnipeg	8	10	3
Regina	2	7	7

Batteries — Murphy and Jordan; Clink and Brown.

THREE BRITISH FAIRS NEXT YEAR

Canadians Invited to Exhibit at London, Glasgow and Birmingham.

LONDON.—The senior British trade commissioner in Canada and Newfoundland, G. T. Milne, is informed by the imperial department of overseas trade that fairs representative of various branches of British industry will be held concurrently in London, Birmingham and Glasgow early next year. The London fair will be organized by the imperial board of trade, and the fairs at Birmingham and Glasgow by the municipal corporations and chambers of commerce of these cities, but under the auspices of the board of trade.

These fairs, which have been held annually since 1915, were somewhat limited in scope during the war period owing to the restrictions which had to be imposed on the interests of munition manufacture. The future fairs will, however, be on a scale commensurate with the magnitude of British industry.

For the purposes of the London fair the Crystal Palace, which is the largest exhibition building in the world, has been secured. On the ground floor alone there are 14 acres of floor space. This fair will embrace a wide variety of products, including cutlery, silver and electroplate, jewellery, paper and stationery, fancy goods, brushware, drugs and druggists' sundries, musical instruments, scientific instruments, toys and sports goods.

The Birmingham fair will include general and domestic hardware, tools, lighting fittings for electricity, gas, oil, etc., India rubber goods, machinery belting of all kinds, motorcycles and cycles; accessories for motor cars, cycles and aeroplanes; sanitary appliances and a number of other items utilized in industrial and domestic construction.

The Glasgow fair will embrace textiles of all descriptions, both in the piece and made up, boots, shoes and gloves, foodstuffs and beverages, and light and heavy chemicals.

The British industries fairs are not exhibitions—they are trade fairs to which admittance is restricted to "bona fide" trade buyers seriously interested, and admission is by invitation only.

Participation in the fairs is confined to British manufacturing firms whose principal works and head offices are situated within the British Empire, and which are not controlled by foreign interests. Exhibitors are not permitted to exhibit goods other than those they actually manufacture. From the foregoing it will be noted that Canadian manufacturers are eligible as exhibitors.

Full particulars may be obtained at the office of the senior trade commissioner, 367 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal, and applications by Canadian manufacturers for space will be received by the senior commissioner up till August 31 next.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—St. Louis and Brooklyn shut out 2 to 0, when rain called the game in the last half of the fifth today.

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0	3	0
St. Louis	2	5	1

Mammaux and Krueger; Meadows and Snyder.

PITTSBURG, June 16.—Pittsburg defeated Philadelphia today six to five. Woodward was knocked from the box in the fifth inning, when the locals scored four runs.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	5	12	2
Pittsburg	6	4	2

Woodward, Watson, Rixey, Smith and Cady; Clark, Adams, Cooper and Schmidt.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Erratic fielding by Chicago today enabled New York to make it three straight from the locals, 4 to 3, in 10 innings.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	4	11	2
Chicago	3	6	3

Barnes and McCarty; Smith, Douglas and O'Farrell.

Boston-Cincinnati game postponed, rain.

An English scientist claims to have perfected a method whereby metals that have been absorbed by human blood can be withdrawn by electrolysis.

Specks Floating Before His Eyes

When specks start to float before the eyes, when everything turns black for a few seconds and you feel as if you were going to faint, you may rest assured that your liver is not working properly.

The essential thing to do in all cases where the liver is slow, lazy or torpid, is to stir it up by the use of a medicine that will clear away all the waste and poisonous matter from the system and prevent as well as cure all the troubles arising from this accumulated mass which has collected in the system.

Keep the bowels open by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills and you will have no liver trouble of any kind. They will clear away all the waste and effete matter which has collected and make the liver active and working properly.

Mr. John R. Morrison, Grand River Falls, N.S., writes: "Several months ago I was troubled with a sour stomach and had specks floating before my eyes. I took five vials of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, which cured and cleaned my blood before any length of time. I told my friends about it and they got some, and they, too, find themselves different since they took them. I recommend your pills very highly."

Milburns Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Special Offering
ALL THIS WEEK
MADEIRA LINENS
200 pieces Pure White Linen, beautifully hand embroidered.
at 15 Pct. Discount
OFF REGULAR PRICES.

These beautiful linens comprise Doylies, Tray Cloths, Centre Pieces, Tea Cloths and Baby Pillow Cases.
These are wonderful value at the marked prices.

Tuesday's Grocery News

Local Strawberries, per basket	25c
Berry Sugar, 2-lb. packet	35c
Chicken Haddies, Fresh Shredded (make delicious Fishballs) Per tin	30c
Van Camp's Chili Con Carne Per tin	20c

SPECIAL VALUES FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING
GLASSWARE!

Lemonade Sets, comprising 6 tumblers and 3-pint jug of fine quality glass, decorated with an orange cut design. Splendid Value, per set	$2.95
Glass Berry Bowls, in neat pressed design	65c, 85c AND $1.00
Fruit Dishes to match, in two sizes— each	25c. 2 FOR 45c
Tall Glass Vases— 18-inch size, pressed glass	70c
12-inch size, pressed glass	35c
Other sizes at, each	20c, 25c AND 30c

The Hudson's Bay Company
HERBERT F. BURRIDGE STORES COMPTROLLER

LIBERAL VICTORY IS ASSURED IN QUEBEC

MONTREAL, June 16.—Forty Liberal seats by acclamation against one Conservative seat, are an indication of the probable sweeping government victory in the province of Quebec, at the coming provincial elections next Monday.

This list is not complete but is as it was received up to tonight. Ministers elected by acclamation are: Sir Lomer Gouin, Hon. Mr. Mercier, Hon. Walter Mitchell, Hon. J. A. Tessier, Hon. A. Galipeault, Hon. L. A. Taschereau and Hon. J. T. Caron.

The one Conservative is Brig. Gen. C. A. Smart, in Westmount.

POLES REPULSE STRONG FORCE OF BOLSHEVIKI

WARSAW, June 16 (French Wireless).—The repulse by the Poles in eastern Galicia of strong Bolsheviki attacks is reported by the Polish staff.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Section 36.

To James Delaney, Assessed Owner of Lot 5, Block 8, Town of Balfour, Map 380.

To Henry Dawson, Registered and Assessed Owner of Blocks 44 and 77A of Lot 437, Group 1, Kootenay District, Map 516, and

To Maria Kitchin, Registered and Assessed Owner of Block 74 of said Lot 437, Map 516.

Take notice that applications Nos. 23185A and 23186A have been made to register Ephraim Alpaugh as owner in fee simple of the above lots under Tax Sale Deed from the Assessor of the District of Slocan, dated 26th February, 1919, in pursuance of a Tax Sale held by the said Assessor on or about the 16th of November, 1911. You and those claiming through or under you, and all persons claiming any interest in the said land by descent, whose title is not registered under the provisions of the Land Registry Act, are required to contest the claim of the tax purchaser within 30 days from the date of the service of this notice upon you (being the first publication hereof). Otherwise you and each of you will be forever estopped and debarred from setting up any claim to or in respect of said land and I shall register the said Ephraim Alpaugh as owner in fee free from all claims by you. Your attention is called to Section 36 of the Land Registry Act and amendments thereto.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Nelson, B. C., this 12th day of June, 1919.

E. S. STOKES,
District Registrar of Titles.

I direct service of this Notice to be made by publication thereof once a week for two weeks in a newspaper circulating nearest the lands.

E. S. STOKES,
District Registrar of Titles.

Date of first publication, June 17.

WATER ACT 1914

Riparian Rights

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of Section 6 of the Water Act, 1914, every riparian proprietor claiming any right to divert water or to the exclusive use of water for any purpose by virtue only of his being such riparian proprietor is required on or before the first day of June, 1920, to file a statement of claim setting forth the particulars of his claim. Such statements of claim shall be filed in duplicate with the Water Recorder of the Water District in which the water is diverted or used.

After the first day of June, 1920, no right to divert water or to the exclusive use of water for any purpose shall exist by virtue only of any ownership of land.

Forms of statement of claim can be obtained from the Water Recorders of the several Water Districts in the Province or from the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 11th day of March, 1919.

T. D. PATTULLO,
Minister of Lands.

In addition to the capture of considerable boot yin the way of railway equipment on the road between Tarnopol and Krasno is announced.

A Classified Ad. will bring results.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of the Estate of Thomas E. Melrose, Deceased,
and
In the Matter of the "Administration Act."

Dated the 20th day of May, 1919.

Upon reading the affidavits of James H. Doyle and Duncan Dan McLean, it is ordered that James H. Doyle, Official Administrator for the Trail Electoral District, shall be Administrator of all and singular the estate of Thomas E. Melrose, deceased, Intestate, and that notice of this Order be published for two weeks in a Nelson daily newspaper.

D. MURPHY, J.
(Seal of S. C. of B. C.)

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF TRAIL, B. C.

NOTICE.

The City Council of the Corporation of the City of Trail has passed a by-law, "The Corporation of the City of Trail Local Improvement Determining By-Law," No. 214, under the "Local Improvement Act" for the purpose of undertaking the construction of a cement sidewalk as a Local improvement in the City of Trail on the following streets:

Bay Avenue— Block 8—From Lot 1 to Lot 10, inclusive; also two street corners and the necessary retaining wall to support sidewalks along Lots 1 and 2, Block 8, on the boundaries of said lots where they bound on Bay Avenue.

Block 9—From Lot 11 to Lot 20 inclusive; also two street corners.

Block 10—From Lot 13 to Lot 18 inclusive; also one street corner.

Block 14—From Lot 1 to Lot 10 inclusive; also two street corners.

Block 15—From Lot 1 to Lot 10 inclusive; also two street corners.

Spokane Street—Block 7—Along Lots 1 and 20, including two street corners and alley crossing.

Block 8—Along Lot 1; also alley crossing and necessary retaining wall to support sidewalk along Lot 1 on the boundary of said lot where it bounds on Spokane Street.

Block 9—Along Lot 20 to alley.

Cedar Avenue—Block 7—From Lot 1 to Lot 10 inclusive; also one street corner.

Block 8—From Lot 11 to Lot 20 inclusive; also one street corner.

The said By-Law was duly passed by a three-fourths vote of the Council and registered on the 27th day of May, 1919, at the office of the Registrar of the County Court for the District of West Kootenay.

The said construction shall be in accordance with the grade established by the "Grade By-Law," being By-Law No. 156 of the City of Trail.

Any person whose name appears on the books of the Land Registry Office at the City of Nelson, in the Province of British Columbia, being the Land Registry Office for the District in which the City of Trail is situate, as having an interest in the land or real property affected by the proposed work within the terms of Section 364 of the "Municipal Act," is hereby notified pursuant to Section 362 of the "Municipal Act" that it is the Council's intention to proceed with such work or undertaking and to enter upon, take, or use, the lands or real property necessary therefor, and that the plans and specifications in respect thereof have been filed with me, and may be inspected at my office in the City Hall in the said City of Trail, and that all claims for damages by reason of the proposed work or undertaking must be filed with me within 60 days, or in case of a person resident outside the Province within a further period of thirty days, of the date of the last publication hereof, showing the amount thereof, and in default thereof any claim for damages will be barred.

WM. E. B. MONYPENNY,
City Clerk.

SAVE YOUR FOOD BY BUYING

ICE

Phone 504.
KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.
(W. Wilson)

Tasteless Cod Liver Oil Compound

FOR RUN-DOWN SYSTEMS

Canada Drug & Book Co.
EDISON PHONOGRAPHS
Mail orders filled promptly.
PHONE 81

RIDE IN NEW CARS
Kerr's Jitney
ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE
NIGHT OR DAY
Phone 491. Kerr Apts.

A. Higginbotham
(Expert Optical Service.)
GRADUATE
OPTICIAN AND OPTOMETRIST
K. W. C. Block, Nelson.

Best Results
are obtained when sent to
H. K. Foot
High Class Dyer and Cleaner
Fairview, Nelson, B.C.
City Agent, M. Papazian
411 Ward St.

Frank Myatt, mayor of Wolverhampton, Eng., was presented with a silver cradle on the birth of a son during his term of office.

The Great Supply House

Clark's Pork and Beans in Chili Sauce, extra large, 3's, per tin	25c
Clark's Pork and Beans in Tomato large tin, 2's, per tin	20c
Clark's Roast Beef, large size, 2's per tin	75c
Van Camp's Spaghetti, per large tin	25c
Khoval and Nabob Lemonade Powder, per tin	25c
Dairy butter, per lb.	55c
Try Irving's Special Blend Tea, per lb.	50c

J.A. IRVING & Co.
Phone 161

GEM
"Hands Up"
11th Episode
Face Value
SCREEN MAGAZINE
Two-Reel Comedy
"UNHAND ME, VILLAIN"
The Home of Good Pictures

THE ARK
Police Braces, pr. 50c; Bungalow Aprons, $1.00; Boy's Hercules Hose, 8½ to 9½, 60c pr.; Ladies' Chamoisette Gloves, pr., 55c; Men's Overalls, $1.85 to $2.25; pr.; Men's Work Shirts, $1.00 to $1.75; Prints, light grounds, 25c yd.; Ladies' Panama Hats, 90c; Girls' Dresden Hair Ribbon, 25c and 35c yd.; Enamel Wash Boards, 85c; Brooms, $1.10; Inlaid Linoleum, $1.90 square yd.; Chintz for Curtains, 45c to 85c per yd.; 26-inch Suit Cases, with two straps around, $3.75.
J. W. HOLMES
Phone 65 L. 606 Vernon St.

When Wedding Bells Ring
You wish the bride happiness?
Then let us help you in a practical way.
You are sure to find in our stock the very thing you wish to give, whether silverware, cut glass, a reading lamp, or a mantel clock.
J. O. Patenaude
Jeweler and Watchmaker

Manual Training Exhibit Monday
There will be a fine EXHIBIT of the work done by the boys in the Manual Training Dept.
In the Basement of the Public School
(entrance North side),
on MONDAY, JUNE 16, Afternoon and Evening.
All Citizens who are interested will be welcome.

J. P. Morgan
Hides, Furniture, Furs and Junk.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE

RIT SOAP DYE
Washes and Dyes at same time.
Fine for Fancy Waists.
DYOLA DYE
For Cotton or Wool.
Fleming's Store
FAIRVIEW
Groceries and Dry Goods.

FOR SALE
Fine 7-room house on 4 lots, size 130x130 ft.; 38 large bearing fruit trees, including cherries, plums and apples; some of these fruit trees have produced over $40 a year each. Little over half mile from Nelson Postoffice; corner property. Price $4,500; $1,000 cash, balance arranged.
J. E. ANNABLE
NELSON, B. C.

$15 PER ACRE
The owner wishing to make a quick sale, we are offering 58 acres of land in the Slocan Valley, close to railway facilities, at the above greatly reduced price. The land is good and there is a quantity of valuable pole and tie timber on the property.
H. & M. BIRD.

Dominion Day RECEPTION
To Returned Soldiers

A PUBLIC MEETING of all interested will be held at the City Hall at 8 o'clock.

Tuesday Evening, June 17

We Have Now in Stock
MALTESE CROSS TIRES and INNER TUBES
"BY MILES THE BEST"
PROMPT ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS
Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B. C.

TO MAKE FINAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR CONVENTION

All Committees and Others Interested in Mining Convention to Meet Tomorrow Night.

Plans for the International Mining Convention, which will be held here the last three days of the week, will be completed at a meeting of the committees and others interested, which will be held in the board of trade rooms tomorrow night.

There are a number of details which must be adjusted and the work of committees will be coordinated.

Visitors to the convention may have to find sleeping accommodation on a steamer moored at the city wharf, if reservations for hotel rooms keep coming in at the present rate, according to F. A. Starkey. He states that the Hume hotel is already booked up and the other hotels are being filled up fast.

Ladies Are Ready.

Mrs. C. D. Blackwood, Mrs. J. A. McDonald, Mrs. W. O. Rose, Mrs. George F. Stevenson, Mrs. N. M. Cummins, Mrs. J. R. Hunter, Mrs. A. G. Wilson and Mrs. C. V. Gagnon, comprising the women's reception and entertainment committee, report everything connected with the program for the visiting women is in shape. The dance, which will be held in the Eagles' hall on Thursday night, will be an excellent affair, it is promised.

On Friday after an auto ride the women will be given tea at Mrs. Rose's residence, when they will be introduced to the women of the city. On Saturday a launch ride will be extended to the women, and if the session of the convention should close fairly early the men folk will have the privilege of partaking of a similar pleasure. The smoker will be given for the benefit of those visitors who do not dance and to the old-timers, especially the real old prospector. Messrs. DeLashmutt, Wilson, Black, Stevenson, Christie and Frank are in charge of the smoker arrangements.

The committee has acquired the services of two noted chefs, both of whom have records for cooking and providing "eats" which stand competition of the world's chefs. "The Cuisine" will be "a chef-d'oeuvre."

These two eminent chefs will be assisted by Fred Conway, steward of the steamer Nasookin, who will take charge of the serving of the delicacies. Mr. Conway will have entire charge of the banquet.

Manager Starkey reports that numerous letters of acceptance and regrets from all parts of the United States and Canada are arriving daily. Among those who have expressed their intention to be present are:

D. C. Coleman, vice-president, C.P.R., Winnipeg; Counselman H. L. Williams, Seattle; Judge Geo. Turner, Spokane; L. O. Oriard, Spokane; Mayor M. C. Fassett, Spokane; Harry M. McAllister and wife, Spokane; Nichol Thompson, chairman, Mining bureau, Vancouver board of trade; Mr. Wm. Godfrey, manager, Bank of Montreal, and A. Erskine Smith, a prominent mining engineer of Vancouver, these are the official delegates of the Vancouver board of trade; R. F. Greene, M.P.; A. M. Whitesides, president, Chamber of Mines, Vancouver; E. A. Haggen, editor, Mining and Engineering Record, Vancouver; Charles Camsell, geological survey department, Ottawa; Frank T. McCollough, vice-president, Chamber of Commerce, Spokane; A. W. Lindsay, vice-president, Fidelity National Bank, Spokane; H. Hunter, M.E., Incher Creek, Alberta; Paul Lincoln, Noble Five Mines, Sandon; Hon. W. Sloan, minister of mines, Victoria.

Among those sending letters of regret are: H. Mortimer-Lamb, secretary, C.M.I., Montreal; Bradley Stoughton, secretary, A.I.M. & M.E., New York; J. M. Lay, general manager, Imperial Bank, Vancouver; T. A. Rickard, editor, Mining and Scientific Press, San Francisco; Hon. Sir Thos. White, minister of finace, Ottawa; Right Hon. Sir R. L. Borden, Premier of the Dominion of Canada; E. P. Mathewson, president, A.I.M. & M.E., New York; Major-Gen. Leckie, Victoria; P. N. Moore, department of the interior, Washington, and Grant Hall, vice-president, C.P.R., Montreal.

Reception Committee

The reception committee consists of the following: J. A. McDonald, Mayor of Nelson; Dr. W. O. Rose, M.P.P., Nelson; Noble Binns, president, Associated Boards of trade of Eastern B.C.; J. R. Hunter, president, Nelson board of trade; J. J. Malone, president, Nelson, Slocan and Eastern B.C. Mining association; W. O. Miller, superintendent, C.P.R.; Sidney Norman, editor, Mining Truth, Spokane; F. C. Bailey, secretary, Northwest Mining association, Spokane; S. S. Fowler, E.M., manager, Blue Mine, Riondel; Judge A. Forin, Nelson; Capt. D. Brown, superintendent, Lake and River service, C.P.R., Nelson; Frank A. Ross, E.M., president, Northwest Mining association, Spokane; F. J. Boles, vice-president, Nelson board of trade; L. K. Armstrong, secretary, A.I.M. & M.E., Spokane; J. C. Haas, E.M., chairman, Columbia branch A.I.M. & M.E., Spokane; F. L. McCollough, vice-president, Chamber of Commerce, Spokane; J. H. Schofield, M.P.P., Trail; Hon. John Keen, Kaslo; Hon. W. Sloan, minister of mines, Victoria; Paul Lincoln, manager, Noble Five mine, Sandon; W. A. Cameron, manager, Rambler - Cariboo mine, Rambler.

A. B. Trites, Fernie; R. H. Stewart, E.M., chairman western branch, C.M.I., Vancouver; S. A. Wallinger, gold commissioner, Cranbrook; Alex. McRae, president, board of trade, Revelstoke; C. D. Blackwood, vice-president, Nelson, Slocan and Eastern B.C. Mg. association; J. E. Thompson, M.P.P., Phoenix; J. A. Gilker, treasurer, Nelson, Slocan and Eastern B.C. Mg. association; M. M. McCune, Queen mine, Sheep Creek; I. G. Nelson, director, N.S. & E.B.C. Mg. association; A. G. Larson, M.E., manager, Lucky Jim, Three Forks; E. W. Widdowson, provincial analyst; C. F. Caldwell, president, Mine Owners association, Kaslo; A. D. Nash, E.M., Nelson; Aldermen A. I. Austin, C. F. McHardy, R. Andrews, J. Burns and A. Choquette, Nelson; Randolph Bruce, Paradise mines, Invermere; Jas. A. Gilker, treasurer, Convention, Nelson; Harold Lakes, Nugget mine, Sheep Creek; J. T. Tipping, Black Price mines, Slocan; Angus McInnes, gold commissioner, New Denver; W. Thomlinson, E.M., New Denver; Jas. Anderson, Echo group, Jackson Basin, Kaslo; F. C. Archer, mayor, Kaslo; H. Giegerich, Panama group, Bear Lake, Kaslo.

W. E. Zwicky, Cork-Province mine, Kaslo; W. B. Pool, Reno group, Sheep Creek; H. Wright, Trail, B.C.; J. W. Mulholland, Ivy-Fern group, Cultus Creek; Clarence Cunningham, Queen Bess mine, Sandon; W. H. North, E.M., Standard Silver-Lead mines, Silverton; Ivan DeLashmutt, Standard Silver-Lead mines, Silverton; Fred W. Sterling, District G.F.A., C.P.R.; W. M. Archibald, E.M., Con. Mg. & Smelting Co., Rossland; E. Fergusson, gold commissioner, Nelson; G. A. Lafferty, manager, Bank of Montreal, Rossland; P. B. Fowler, manager, Bank of Commerce, Nelson; W. E. Wasson, city clerk, Nelson; D. O. Thomas, president, G.W.V.A., Nelson; W. R. Hinton, Nelson Iron Works, Nelson; George Stevenson, manager, Nelson Jobbers, Nelson; Fred J. Peters, manager, Con. Mg. & Smelting Co., Rossland; A. D. Emory, merchant, Nelson; J. Holmes, president, Nelson Fair association, Nelson; W. G. McBride, manager, Wood-Vallance Co., Nelson; Thomas McNeish, mining recorder, Slocan; Marcus Martin, secretary, Miners' union, Nelson; C. I. Archibald, lumber manufacturer, Salmo; Chas. Rogers, lumber manufacturer, Creston; J. S. Deschamps, lumber manufacturer, Rossland; W. A. Anstie, manager, Forrest Mills, Revelstoke.

Alex Leith, secretary, Wood-Vallance, Nelson; J. B. White, Silversmith Mines, Spokane; J. M. Harris, Reco Mines, Sandon; Andy Shilland, Sandon; T. J. Lloyd, New Denver; Oscar White, Silversmith Mines, Sandon; P. J. McFadden, Mgr., Rosebery-Surprise Mines, Sandon; J. C. Ryan, Soho Mine, Rambler; D. Kerr, Mgr., A. MacDonald Co., Nelson; L. B. DeVeber, Mgr., Bank of Montreal, Nelson; A. D. McLeod, Mgr., Royal Bank of Canada, Nelson; A. G. Wilson, Mgr., Canadian Explosives, Nelson; J. H. D. Benson, Mgr., Imperial Bank of Canada, Nelson; J. E. Annable, Real Estate, Nelson; Thos. French, French Reduction Complex Co., Nelson; W. M. Cunliffe, Nelson Iron Works, Nelson; W. R. Allen, Auditor, Etc Nelson; T. C. Johnstone, E.M., Nelson; T. F. Geary, M.M.E., Nelson; Capt. W. G. Westhead, Nelson.

E. F. Gigot, Secretary Board of Trade, Nelson; W. A. Buchanan, Meteor Mine, Nelson; Leogan McPhee, Ottawa Mine, Slocan; W. M. Walker, Mgr., P. Burns Co., Nelson; John Smallwood, King George V., Bird Creek; J. G. Bunyan, Eureka Mine, Nelson; F. J. Murphy, Rosebery-Surprise Mills Supt., Rosebery; Dr. A. E. Borden, St. Anthony Group, Nelson; Alf. H. W. Crossley, Perrier Group, Cottonwood Creek; F. F. Payne, Mgr., Daily News, Nelson; A. Donaghy, Barrister, Nelson; J. H. Doyle, Sheriff, Nelson; J. P. Forde, Dom. Dist. Eng., Dept. of Public Works, Nelson; W. Gosnell, Nelson Brewery Co., Nelson; A. G. Langley, Govt. Res. Engineer, Revelstoke; I. R. Poole, Secretary Mountain Lumber Association, Nelson; Robert Yuill, Silver King Mine, Lockhart Creek; W. J. Meagher, Merchant, Nelson; Carl M. Mohr., Mgr., Spokane, Nelson Development Co., Beasley; Dr. F. E. Morrison, Kootenay Belle Mine, Nelson; N. Mallette, Jip Claim, Bayonne, Nelson; Jas. O'Shea, Barrister, Nelson; Dr. M. J. Vigneux, Nelson; J. S. Carter, D.P.A., C.P.R., Nelson; E. C Wragge, Iron Cap Mine, Beasley; T. Gough, Kootenay Golds, Granite; G. A. Brown, Mgr., Brackman & Ker, Nelson.

A. W. McCune, Sheep Creek; J. W. Evans, Mountain Chief Mine, Nelson; W. Turner, California Mine, Nelson; Al. Houston, True Fissure, Lardo; P. E. Crane, Beaverdell; H. E. Forster, Milly Mack, Burton City; Lewis Johnson, Union Mine, Grand Forks; A. E. Raab, Hope, B.C.; C. Nelson, M.P.P., New Denver; John M. Nelson, Nelson; A. H. Green, Mgr., Eureka Mine, Nelson; S. G. Blaylock, Asst. Gen. Mgr., Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co., Trail; M. C. Monaghan, Silver Reef Group, Sandon; W. H. Jones, Publisher, Nelson; Geo. Ferguson, Nelson-John Bell, Merchant, Nelson; Alex McDonald, Gold Hill, Nelson.

At the City Hall

ELECTRIC IRONS, each	$3.95
ELECTRIC TOASTERS, each	$3.95
ELECTRIC GRILLS, each	$9.35
ELECTRIC HOT PLATES, (2 burner), each	$16.75
OVENETTES, with Thermometer each	$6.35
ELECTRIC FANS, each	$12.00
RANGES, from	$55 TO $85

Come and See

DANCE
UNDER AUSPICES OF THE G.W.V.A. BAND
EAGLE HALL - - TONIGHT
JUNE 17th
Dancing from 9 p.m. to 2 a.m. Admission 75c
6 PIECE ORCHESTRA
Refreshments will be provided by the Mothers, Wives and Sisters of the Bandsmen.

BOX 767. FURS PHONE 106.
Do not forget there is a discount of 10% allowed off all work making up, remodelling and repairing—during Summer months, excepting dressing and mounting of skins. Guaranteed high class Furs kept in stock. Best prices paid for Raw Skins. Green Bear Skins for mounting not accepted.
G. GLASER Manufacturing Furrier NELSON, B.C.

Gerrard Lumber Company, Ltd.
GERRARD, B.C.
Local Office: Annable Block, Nelson, B.C.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Mountain Hardwood, Cedar and Pine Lumber
Prompt attention to orders for Mining Timber.

Fire at the Boat Houses

Again it has been demonstrated that fires will occur where and when least expected. The cash value of the burnt boats would have paid the premiums on all Nelson Launches for several years. Protect yourself—let the Insurance Companies carry the risk.

We Buy and Sell Victory Bonds

Charles F. McHardy
INSURANCE FUEL REAL ESTATE

A. S. Horswill & Co.
Phone 121. P. O. Box 154
Best Goods—Right Prices.

Delmonte Baked Beans are good, three sizes, buffet size	10c
Dominion Creamery Butter	65c
Curlew and Brookfield Creamery Butter	70c
Krumbles at 2 for	25c
Libby' Salad Dressing, bot.	30c
Water Glass, large tins, each	60c
Dominion Soups, 2 tins for	25c
Van Camp's Soups, tin	15c
Preserved Ginger, lb.	60c

Prompt Delivery

"Black Leaf 40"
FOR APHIS
ARSENATE OF LEAD, in paste and powder, for leaf-eating insects.
Dry Lime-Sulphur.
The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

MUST NOT OBSTRUCT SIDEWALK

On the grounds that it was contrary to the bylaw, a request made by the Nelson Jobbers that they be allowed to build a verandah over the sidewalk was refused by the city council last night. It was pointed out that the practice of building projections supported by uprights had been stopped several years ago by the council.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

Fernie draft beer at Club hotel. Big schooner 10c. (3143)

$10,000 Victory bonds wanted. Hugh W. Robertson will pay highest market price. (3164)

G. W. V. A., NELSON BRANCH.

WANTED, for the position of SECRETARY-TREASURER of the above, returned man who can fill the bill. Applications in writing to be forwarded before noon, Wednesday, June 18th, to Comrade D. O. Thomas, President, who will give applicants all necessary information. By order. (3187)

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

Subscribers notifying the circulation department of The Daily News of change of address, must give old as well as new address to ensure prompt attention. (5314)

Bring your laughing apparatus for the sketch, "Who's Who," Thursday, June 26th. "Y" boys at the opera house. (3213)

The Mothers' club will give a concert in Eagle hall June 26th. Funds for memorial hall. (3209)

The Rebekahs will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall. (3210)

Two and a half hours of Muscle, Music and Mirth. Keep this date open; Thursday, June 26th. "Y" boys at the opera house. (3214)

A meeting of the Child Welfare association will be held in the city hall on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Chalmers will give an illustrated lecture with lantern slides on child development. Dr. Arthur will address the meeting on child welfare in our schools, and arrangements will also be made for the better baby contest to be held during the time of the fall fair. Everyone interested are cordially invited to attend. (3215)

A special meeting the Red Cross society will be held in the city hall this afternoon at 3 o'clock. (3217)

All persons donating refreshments for the G. W. V. dance tonight will kindly leave them at the Eagle hall between 2 and 4 o'clock this afternoon. All donating are asked to put their names on articles. (3216)

CLASSIFIED ADS BRING RESULTS

THE STARLAND THEATRE
TONIGHT
Your Last Chance to See
Charming, Dainty
Anita Stewart
IN
"A Midnight Romance"
One of the most fascinating romances of the screen—lavishly staged! Magnificent gowns! Mysterious!
ALSO WEEKLY
Tomorrow Feauture
"Good Night, Paul"
Fourth Episode of
"The Lightning Raider"
COMING!
"ITALY'S FLAMING FRONT"

Framed Local Views
Hand Colored or in Sepia. Beautiful pictures of district scenery.
DEVELOPING and PRINTING of Amateur Photographs
J. H. ALLEN
Ward St., Nelson, B. C.

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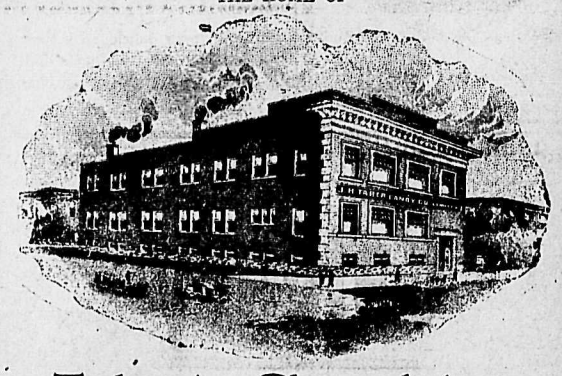
Taberta Chocolates
J. H. TABOR CANDY CO., LTD.
Medicine Hat, Alta.

Men's Shirts
These are just the Shirt a man likes a dozen of, so that he can take his pick anyone of these hot Summer days. Put him in good humor and keep him cool.
The price is low—just enough to make our profit fair. The materials, all of the Madras family are there, varied in design and fashioned according to our regular standards.
Sizes 14 to 17½; 33 to 35 inch sleeve lengths.
Emory & Walley