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The Daily News

WEATHER—Nelson and vicinity: Partly cloudy and cool, with showers.

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LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY JUL 31 1919 VICTORIA, B.C.

705

BRITISHERS ARE COMING TO DOMINION

LONDON GOVERNMENT TO PROVIDE TRANSPORTATION FOR WAR VETERANS.

ONLY THOSE ACCEPTABLE TO CANADA TO BE SENT

Immigration Bars Have Not Been Put Up Any Too Soon, Declares Col. J. Obed Smith.

WINNIPEG, July 27.—Details of a scheme of far-reaching effect which the British government is ready to put into operation for settling Britishers in Canada were given in an interview today by Lieut.-Col. J. Obed Smith, commander of immigration for Canada in London.

Col. Smith, who will be in the city several days before going west, also made the interesting statement that the immigration laws had been restricted by Canada none too soon, as since the war ended he had received unmistakable evidence of a contemplated rush to this country of aliens *from not only Germany and Austria*, but Turkey as well.

"The soldier settlement department of Canada," said Col. Smith, "has branches in all the western provinces and as our department in the British Isles will in future more closely coordinate with the details of this work, it is my purpose to study at first hand the duties and the operation of the local settlement boards, and if time permits, to look into the development work that is being done in the Peace River district.

Grant Free Transportation.

"In this connection the Imperial government has framed and has ready to put into immediate operation as soon as Canada is ready to cooperate, a scheme for granting free transportation to some port of landing in the Dominion to the following four classes of people:

"1. Imperial ex-soldiers and ex-sailors and their families.

"2. Widows and families of Imperial soldiers and sailors killed in the war.

"3. Women war workers, such as those in the land army, the women's legion, etc.

"4. Orphan children of ex-service men.

"The British government has provided that no people shall benefit under this scheme until they have shown the local British authorities the character of their standing and in all cases a condition precedent to the scheme going into effect will be the consent in writing of the Canadian department *that such intending immigrants* will be received into Canada and provided with employment, etc.

No Limit to Scheme.

"Transportation difficulties, plus the necessity for returning Canadians and their dependents first, is the only reason why the scheme is not in operation today. As a matter of fact, I have already given consent in four or five cases to try out the machinery. These, however, were all cases in which people of the farming class were going to join relatives or friends who were on the land here. There will be no limit to the movement of British *people under this scheme except* the desire and capacity of Canada to absorb them."

Asked what he thought of the new regulations under the immigration act, Col. Smith said: "It is none too soon that the amendments to the act come into force, because already in our London office we have received scores of letters from interior Germany and Austria and even from Turkey, inquiring as to the advantages of Canada for people from those countries. Needless to say, I advised them, though in a courteous manner, not to apply within."

Warning to Travelers.

A warning to all in Canada who wished to go to the old country to make *inquiries about coming* back before they go was given by Col. Smith. "I would like to take this opportunity," he said, "of supplementing the warning more than once given by the Dominion government, and that is, that those who intend to cross the Atlantic this year should make sure before they sail that they can get back again. When I left London there were not less than 10,000 Canadians in the British Isles who, as far as I could see, had not the slightest change of getting a berth across the Atlantic during 1919. Any one applying at a steamship company's office in the old *country at the present* time would be politely told to apply again some time in October or November.

Dealing with the question of sending to the Dominion the dependents of Canadian soldiers, Col. Smith indicated that this was a difficult matter because of the lack of transportation facilities, but was being carried on with the utmost dispatch. It was estimated, he said, that there were at present 10,000 married Canadians, officers and men, still in England, with their wives and children, who he had yet to repatriate. In addition, there are the wives and children of men who had sacrificed their lives, or of men who had been sent to Canada for discharge or for treatment in hospitals. Altogether, the number that had still to be moved would be about 35,000.

A Washington negro was permanently blinded by drinking denatured alcohol.

AUSTRIANS ASK ADDITIONAL TIME TO CONSIDER TREATY; DR. BAUER QUITS CABINET

ST. GERMAIN-EN-LAYE, July 27.—Dr. Karl Renner, the Austrian chancellor and head of the Austrian peace delegation, accompanied by Dr. Richard Schuller, another member of the delegation, arrived here today from Feldkirch, near the Swiss border, *where they had been in consultation* with Austrian governmental representatives from Vienna. Dr. Renner immediately upon his arrivel formulated a request to the peace conference for an extension of the time accorded Austria to reply to the second part of the peace terms, which were communicated to the Austrian delegates on July 20. The Austrians were originally given 15 days within which to make reply.

Bauer Resigns.

VIENNA, July 27.—(Associated Press)—Dr. Otto Bauer, the Austrian foreign minister, resigned the foreign portfolio today. He retained, however, the post of minister of socialization in the cabinet. The foreign ministry will be taken over by Karl Renner, chancellor, in addition to the chancellorship. A number of reasons are advanced for Dr. Renner's resignation as head of the foreign office. In the first place, under his administra*tion there was a failure to secure* union between Austria and Germany and likewise failure to secure aid from Italy in advancing Austria's desire toward this end.

The attempt to secure protection by Italy against the territorial aspirations of the Jugo-Slavs also came to naught, as did an effort to obtain *partial* renunciation by Italy of her claims in Southern Tyrol. Ther is also charged *against the foreign office* a failure to secure French good will for the Austrian republic.

Representatives of the allied powers, as well as Austrians of the well-to-do order, are said to have been attempting for months past to secure Dr. Bauer's resignation because of his supposed bolshevik affiliations.

Views on Treaty

Dr. Otto Bauer, the Austrian foreign minister, discussing the Austrian *treaty today, said:*

"For 30 years we will be the slaves of the allies economically. Austria loses her economic in principle. Austria must cover 70 per cent. of the 68,000,000,000 war debt, which means 8,000 crowns per person. This shameful peace can be destroyed only through the victory of international solidarity."

Dr. Friederich Adler, editor of Der Kampf, said:

"Economically, it is our death sentence. We are relegated to the role of a colony and forced to declare our bankruptcy immediately."

GOVERNMENT MAY CONTROL WHEAT

Sir George Foster and Members of the Trade to Confer at Ottawa Today.

OTTAWA, July 27.—It is thought likely that after the conference between *Sir George Foster and other* members of the government with representatives of the grain trade tomorrow definite action will be taken to fix the governmental policy relating to the marketing of this year's wheat crop. It was semi-officially intimated some time ago that, in order to assist with the financing and marketing of this season's crop a minimum price for wheat will be established. It is now thought probable that in addition some measure of governmental control will have to be provided in order to insure for Dominion wheat growers their proper share of the *European market.*

DR. SALEM BLAND IS SUSTAINED BY BOARD

TORONTO, July 27.—Rev. Dr. Salem G. Bland, who came from Winnipeg last winter to the pastorate of Broadway Methodist Tabernacle here, has displeased a number of church officials by his sympathy with labor, and they have attempted to get rid of him. Dr. Bland made the announcement at the service tonight.

He stated that at a meeting held by the quarterly official board on July 7, the following resolution was *carried* by a vote of 6 to 5:

"Resolved, that we are dissatisfied with *some of* Dr. Bland's preaching, particularly on Sunday evenings, and we object to some of his utterances outside of the church at other meetings, and we do not think a continuance of this in the interest of the church.

Dr. Bland explained that the other meetings in the resolution had reference to labor meetings. He said he at once tendered his resignation, which had been accepted by a vote of 6 to 5. However, the proceedings were void because due notice of the *board meeting* had not been given. Another meeting was called, and the same resolution was voted upon, with the following results:

For, 6; against, 4; abstained from *voting*, 3.

Dr. Bland stated tonight that such an expression would not warrant his withdrawing from the post in which the Methodist church had stationed him. He announced that the board had kindly granted him the month of August as a vacation and he was going away for a holiday.

SIR LOMER GOUIN MAY BE LAURIER'S SUCCESSOR

OTTAWA, July 27.—The latest political gossip at the capital in regard to Sir Lomer Gouin is that subsequent to the National Liberal convention, he will hand over the premiership to one of his colleagues and come to Ottawa as Liberal leader for the province of Quebec in the Dominion house. The by-elections to be held in the autumn, it is pointed out by those who believe that this is going to happen, *would give Sir Lomer* opportunity to be elected in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's old constituency of Quebec east. For weeks past there has been a persistent rumor that Sir Lomer might become a member of the Unionist government, but at Liberal headquarters here it is asserted there never was any basis for this report.

TYPOS FIGHT BIG UNION IN REGINA LABOR COUNCIL

REGINA, July 27.—Typos in meeting here decided to stay with the Trades and Labor council of Regina which recently endorsed the One Big Union. The Typos claim that the council is part of the Dominion Trades Congress and as such cannot harbor One Big Unionism. The determination is strong among the *Typos to purge the local council* of One Big Union adherents.

COLOR LINE IS DRAWN AT BEACH

One Negro *Drowned*—White Man Is Reported Dead in Chicago Race Riot

CHICAGO, July 27.—A series of riots in the negro districts today resulted in the drowning of one negro, the reported drowning of a white man, the probable fatal injury of another negro, the wounding of a policeman, and injury to a score of whites and blacks by bullets or missiles. Police tonight said they had the situation well in hand.

The trouble started at the 29th street beach, where whites and blacks *are segregated*, and soon spread to State street, the main thoroughfare in the heart of the negro district, which extends about five miles. Shooting started near the beach. There was also some shooting in the vicinity of State street.

At the beach, while missiles were flying, a negro on a raft is reported to have been struck with a rock and hurled into the lake. *Later the body* of a negro was taken from the water. A white man, a swimmer, was also *reported hit and drowned.*

TRANSPORT SCOTIAN CLEARS FROM LIVERPOOL

LONDON, July 27.—(Canadian Associated Press)—The Scotian, after being delayed since Tuesday, cleared from Liverpool on Saturday, for Quebec, bearing 31 officers, four nurses, 27 non-commissioned officers, 145 men from Buxton, 300 wives, 130 children were also carried. The passengers in*cluded Majors J. Hammond and G. G.* Palmer, Vancouver, and C. Washington, Saskatchewan.

MILL DESTROYED BY FOREST FIRE

Conflagration in Western Ontario Is Doing Untold Damage to Property and Timber

FORT WILLIAM, July 27.—Forest fires southeast of the city have been doing untold damage to property and timber limits. George H. Matthews, who has just come back from his mill at North Lake, reports that on Wednesday last, while he was in that district, Archie Bishop lost his whole sawmill plant, valued at $25,000, and that the fires were encroaching badly on his timber limits, the loss of standing timber being at *present not capable of estimation.*

Mr. Bishop, his wife and family were driven from their home by the flames and had to spend the night in a row boat out in the middle of North Lake, while they watched the destruction of their property. Their house, which was in a clearing of the path of the fire, was not destroyed.

Mr. Matthews' mill was burned out this spring and he had just erected a new one, and he is afraid that *unless rain comes to check the fires* his new sawmill wil be burned out before he has a chance to operate it.

SEEK WOMAN FROM AIR

BERKELEY, Cal., July 26.—Residents of the East Bay section have been summoned by official proclamation issued today by Mayor Lous Bartlett of this city to assemble tomorrow and organize into a searching party to try and find Mrs. Ethel *MacGregor, either dead or alive.*

The young woman, wife of H. P. MacGregor, disappeared from her home July 18. She took a revolver with her. She had been in poor health for some time. Boy scouts and friends of the family have searched the hills back of here, but no trace of the woman has been found.

It was planned to have several airplanes fly over the most inaccessible canyons in the belief that from a height it will be *possible to see the* woman's clothing.

EXPECT FEW CHANGES IN THE CABINET

PREMIER BORDEN RETURNS TO OTTAWA AFTER VACATION TRIP

HAS BEEN CONSIDERING SUCCESSOR TO WHITE

Impression Growing That There Will Be Few New Faces in the Government

OTTAWA, July 27.—After a pleasant and *invigorating* cruise down the St. Lawrence gulf and return, Sir Robert Borden arrived at the capital at a late hour Saturday evening. The prime minister, who is looking well after his short holiday, will be at his office in the East block on Monday and will attend sittings of the cabinet during the day.

While it is generally understood that during his absence the prime minister has been considering the matter of cabinet reconstruction in regard to which there has been so much speculation, it is stated on reliable authority tonight that an immediate announcement as to cabinet changes is unlikely. Several days may elapse before Sir Robert makes a definite decision as to the successor of Sir Thomas White and other cabinet changes.

The impression is also growing that there may not be so many changes in the personnel of the government as has been predicted in some quarters.

Drayton to Cabinet?

WINNIPEG, July 28.—The Winnipeg Free Press today publishes the following special dispatch from its staff correspondent at Ottawa:

"From what is believed to be good authority it has been learned that Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the Dominion board of railway commissioners, has been offered the portfolio of minister of finance by Sir Robert Borden. This confirms the rumors floating around for ten days. Whether or not he will accept is not stated."

It is not expected Sir Robert will make any announcement today as to cabinet changes, adds the correspondent. Provision has first to be made for constituencies and by-elections for the new ministers, whoever they may be. There is strong advocacy for Sir Henry Drayton to be president of the government railroads, the *dispatch concludes.*

ARMY-NAVY VETS TO COME WEST

Decide at Second Annual Convention at Montreal to meet at Victoria Next Year.

MONTREAL, July 27.—The second *annual convention of the Army and* Navy Veterans' association in Canada came to a close Saturday evening after the busiest day since its opening on Wednesday last. Many of the delegates, including Dominion President J. W. Tupper, K.C., and Dominion Secretary R. C. Irving of Winnipeg, are remaining in Montreal for a few days.

Many important resolutions were passed on Saturday, including one asking the government to provide special bonuses not to exceed $2000 for fighting men and dependants of fallen soldiers, to be met out of Canada's portion of the indemnity to be paid *by the enemy.* A cable message was received from the king in appreciation of the message of loyalty sent to his majesty by the convention on Thursday.

The Dominion president and other officers and delegates express satisfaction with the success of the convention, saying that it surpassed their hopes.

The third annual convention will be held next year at Victoria, B. C.

DOMINION OPENS PUBLICITY OFFICE

Information Concerning Canadian Industrial Life to Be Given Out in New York

TORONTO, July 27.—Lieut.-Colonel John A. Cooper, of this city, has been commanded by the Dominion government to open a Canadian publicity office in New York, where the latest news of all phases of Canada's in*dustrial life* will be made available for the America public.

M. E. Nichols, director of public information at Ottawa, will accompany Colonel Cooper to New York to assist him in opening the new office.

URGES OCCUPATION OF MEXICO BY AMERICANS

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Military occupation of Mexico by the United States was advocated by Representative Hudspeth, Democrat, Texas, in an address on Saturday in the house. He urged withdrawal of the Carranza government and said that American troops should be kept in Mexico until a stable government had been established.

ASQUITH APPREHENSIVE OVER RUSSIAN ISSUES

LONDON, July 27.—The former prime minister, H. H. Asquith, speaking at Edgware yesterday, said: "I heard with bewilderment and apprehension the part this country is playing in Russia. The country wants a clearer definition than has yet been given of what *are our committments, definite and* prospective.

"I sincerely hope that the attempt to commit us further in Russia will be successfully resisted.

"The future government of Russia is a matter for the Russian people and for no one else.

"The economic conditions of the world and of our own country were never more menacing."

WILSON'S MOVE, AVER SENATORS

President Expected to Express Views on Reservations—Republican Group Sees Early Ratification.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The next important move in the senate dis*agreement over reservations to the* peace treaty is expected to come from President Wilson.

Having canvassed the senate situation in his conferences with 15 Republican senators, all of whom are said to have told him they would support certain reservations, it is expected the president soon will make known definitely his attitude toward such a course. It was indicated at the White House today that expression of his views on the subject might not wait his speaking tour to begin two weeks hence, but might be embodied in a public statement in a few *days.*

This aroused great interest among Republican senators. Several Republicans have told Mr. Wilson the treaty never could be ratified without interpretative qualifications, and yesterday at the suggestion, it is understood, of Republican Leader Lodge, a tentative draft of reservations indicating in a general way the trend of opinion among many Republicans was laid before the president by Senator Spencer, Republican, Missouri. Leaders for reservations say it is now the president's move.

Republican Group Hopeful.

The group of Republicans who, under the lead of Senators McCumber of North Dakota and McNary of Oregon, are working on a reservation program designed to clarify the league of nations covenant without vitally weakening it, believe the president will announce his acceptance of such a course and that quick ratification of the treaty will ensue. In their talks with Mr. Wilson, they say, he has indicated no radical antagonism to senate qualifications, his only fear being that the whole subject might be thrown back into renegotiation.

The president's Democratic supporters *in the senate are not in accord* with this view and predict he will assert himself for unreserved ratification and then go to the country in an effort to fortify public sentiment behind that stand.

The president saw no Republican senators today, but in a letter to Senator Lodge replied to inquiries about the treaty sent to the White House by the foreign relations committee. He wrote that so far as he knew, no decision had been reached for division of Germany's *indemnity payments* under the treaty's provision that it shall be alloted among her enemies "in the *proportion* which has been determined by them in advance." The letter also said Mr. Wilson was preparing to send the committee papers they had asked for in connection with the Versailles negotiations.

Text of Letter to Lodge.

The president's letter to Mr. Lodge said:

"In response to your letter of July 22 requesting me, on behalf of the committee on foreign relations, to send to the committee the agreement referred to *in article 237 of the treaty* with Germany, in the event that such an agreement has been determined *upon* by the allied and associated governments, I would say that so far as I know such an agreement has not yet been reached. As I recollect the business, an attempt was being made to reach such an agreement, but I have not yet learned of an agreement having been arrived at.

"May I not add, with regard to the other request which I have received from the committee for papers *and* information of various sorts, that I was not able to bring from Paris a *complete file of papers.* I brought with me only those which happened to be in my hands when I left France. These alone constitute a considerable mass of papers, and I have been going over them as rapidly as time and my engagements permitted, and must beg the comittee's indulgence for the delay in informing them which I can supply them with."

The last sentence of the letter was interpreted in some quarters as meaning the president would withhold some of the documents *in his possession*, though the committee's resolution was very sweeping in character, *asking for "all data"* that concerned the negotiations.

VETERAN DIES WHILE ON WAY FROM OVERSEAS

NORTH BAY, Ont., July 27.—Sergeant Albert Victor Smith of the 8th C. M. R., while returning west from overseas, after long and faithful service, was stricken with illness and removed to the Victoria Memorial hospital here from the troop train, where he died. *He was buried this afternoon* with full military honors, the veterans and town council having charge of the *funeral.* His home was at Leamington, Somersetshire, England.

MICHAELIS DENIES THAT HE BLOCKED ALLIED PEACE PLANS

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE MADE PEACE OVERTURES TO GERMANY IN 1917 THROUGH THE VATICAN, MATHIAS ERZBERGER DECLARES—SAYS THE THEN CHANCELLOR DID NOT ANSWER NOTE FOR FOUR WEEKS—LATTER IN REPLY STATES THAT HE IS NOT TO BLAME FOR FAILURE TO REACH SETTLEMENT—EX-KAISER OUTLINES GERMANY'S POSITION AT MEETING OF CROWN COUNCIL.

BERLIN, July 27.—(Associated Press.)—Dr. George Michaelis, the former imperial chancellor, in a long declaration published by the Tagelische Bundschau, disclaims responsibility for refusal of peace overtures in 1917, attributed to him by Mathias Erzberger, vice-premier, speaking in the German national assembly Friday.

On that occasion M. Erzberger declared that peace overtures were made *to Germany* by Great Britain and France through the Vatican in August, 1917, that Chancellor Michaelis on September 24 wrote that the situation was not sufficiently clear, and rejected the overtures.

Dr. Michaelis in his present statement says that the proposals were laid before him early in September, and not August, and he discussed them with Dr. Von Kuehlmann, who was foreign secretary at the time. Later he requested the emperor to hold a crown council in the presence of the supreme army and navy authorities.

Emperor's Position.

This was held on September 11, and the result of the conference, he says, was summed up by the emperor in the following written *memorandum:*

"The annexation of Belgium is dubious. Belgium could be restored. The Flanders coast, it is true, is very important, and Zeebrugge must not fall into the hands of the British. But the Belgian coast alone could not be held.

"The close economic union of Belgium with Germany must be brought about. Belgium has the greatest interest in this."

The former chancellor explains that he arranged with Von Kuehlmann the reply, through a suitable person to be indicated, in accordance with the crown council's decision that prerequisites for negotiations were recognition of Germany's territorial integrity, restoration of the German colonies, abandonment of an economic war, and no indemnity.

Feared the Vatican.

Great secrecy was necessary and it was considered inadvisable to negotiate through the Vatican, because that might have rendered an indiscretion by Erzberger possible. In conclusion, Dr. Michaelis says: "I did my utmost *and if the plans failed it was not due* to the fact that our enemies were unwilling."

General Ludendorff, former first quartermaster-general, is also out with a declaration in the Berlin Zeitung, in which he denies that he knew of the papal letter or the reply of Dr. Michaelis until disclosed by Herr Erzberger. He learned, he says, from other sources, in August, that Great Britain was willing to talk peace and mentions the council of September 11. He adds that a decision was reached, but does not mention what it was.

The conservative papers say that *the conservatives had many* conferences with papal delegates, but that negotiations were futile because the entente refused peace until Germany admitted her war guilt.

Before the assembly at Weimar, the socialist deputy, Herr Wells, said he was authorized by President Ebert to say that he first learned of the British peace feeler through the Erzberger speech.

Overtures Made in 1917

BERLIN, July 25. — Peace overtures to Germany by Great Britain and France were made through the Vatican in August, 1917, Mathias Erzberger, vice-premier and minister of finance, declared in the German national assembly today. He said *Germany rejected the overtures.*

Monsignor Paselli, papal nuncio to Munich, on August 13, 1917, addressed a note to Imperial Chancellor Michaelis enclosing a telegram from the British minister at the Vatican to the papal secretary of state to which the French government assented. The British note, Herr Erzberger explained, asked for a German declaration for Belgian independence and compensation and inquired as to what guarantees Germany would need *for herself.*

Chancellor Michaelis did not answer for four weeks; then, September 14, *he wrote that the situation* for giving such a declaration was not yet sufficiently clear.

Gives Text of Note

Herr Erzberger promises more important revelations within a few days. Paselli's note said:

"I have the honor herewith to transmit to your excellency a copy of a telegram which his excellency, the King of England's minister at the Vatican, has handed to the cardinal secretary of state. The French gov*ernment gives its assent to the state*ments made in the aforementioned telegram and his eminence earnestly desires activity to continue his efforts for the speedy attainment of a just and lasting peace, such as the imperial government has shown a conciliatory readiness to accept.

"Your excellency's attention is particularly drawn to the point in the telegram relative to Belgium, with a view to obtaining, firstly, a positive declaration regarding the *imperial government's intentions* with respect to Belgium's complete independence and compensation for damage caused Belgium through the war; secondly, a definite statement of guarantees for political, economic and military independence which Germany desires.

Would Lead to Negotiations

"If these declarations have a satisfactory effect, his eminence thinks an important step will have been taken toward the further development of negotiations. As a matter of fact, the minister of Great Britain has informed his government that the holy see will reply to the communications made in the aforementioned telegram as soon as it has *received the imperial government's* reply.

"It may be permitted for my part *to give expression to my firm con*viction that, by using your influence in all highest quarters on behalf of the papal proposal and for this peace work, your excellency will gain the eternal thanks of the fatherland and the whole of humanity, if a conciliatory reply be obtained which can open up the prospect of peace negotiations."

Herr Erzberger said that the government had asked permission to publish the contents of the British dispatch, but that such permission had not been received.

Honorable Peace Twice Offered

"In 1916 President Wilson used every effort to bring about peace, but Mr. Wilson's peace work was sabotaged by the proclamation of unrestricted submarine warfare, and at least twice an honorable peace could *have been brought about, but a fight* with the military party both times prevented it. At the end of September I was in Munich. The papal nuncio came to me and with tears in his eyes said: "Now everything is lost, and for your poor fatherland, too.'

"The collapse of Germany," continued Herr Erzberger, "was not brought about by revolution, but by madness of the country's political and military authorities, by lack of *political insight* on the part of the conservatives and the supreme army command. These so-called authori*ties intimidated and terrorized the* German people, and are still pursuing these aims. We had to accept a peace of violence because that was the only way out.

"We have undertaken the responsibility for their misdeeds; if they wash their hands a hundred times, they will not free themselves of their guilt, either before us, before history, or their own consciences."

Herr Erzberger concluded by pointing out the danger of evolution menacing Europe. Five monarches had been dethroned in this war with the greatest ease, and there was every likelihood of this example becoming contagious. Statesmen who were not blind or dumb must perceive the dark des*pair of the people, must hear the angry* rumble from the masses and must take this factor into account.

WOODEN STEAMER BURNS ON SOUND

Captain and Crew Are Rescued—One Fireman Is Taken to the Hospital

VANCOUVER, July 27.—The wooden steamer Admiral Knight, of *Seattle, 600 tons*, was burned to the water's edge on the coast between Vancouver and Victoria today. The crew were rescued.

The Admiral Knight was bound for Ketchnican, Alaska, with canneries' supplies.

When the S.S. Princess Victoria was bound on her return trip from Victoria to this city this afternoon the blazing ship attracted attention. The Victoria picked up two of the ship's boats filled with members of *the crew, and from the Knight* took off the captain and some of the crew who could not be accommodated in the boats. One fireman was sent to the hispital here suffering from burns. Others of the crew left for Seattle tonight on the regular steamer. The Admiral Knight carried no passengers.

TOTAL OF 813 FIRES IN MONTANA AND IDAHO

SPOKANE, Wash., *July 27.*—Encouraging reports from crews fighting fires in northern Idaho forests were received tonight. There have been 813 fires in the national forests in Montana and northern Idaho this year, of which 120 are still burning, according to figures given out by Glen A. Smith, assistant district forester.

A total of 128,861 acres has been burned over, and *380,000,000* feet of timber destroyed, according to Mr. Smith.

Lightning was said to have caused 30 per cent of the fires.

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European Plan — American Plan

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Room and Board, $35 per Month

European Plan, Rooms 50c up

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A Home for the World at $1.25 a Day. First-class Dining Room. Comfortable Rooms.

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TREMONT—John Manb, West Robson; Peter Arekoff, Brilliant.

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Nicely Furnished Rooms by day, week or month.

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Run by Canadians. All White help. Meals 35c, served family style. Beds, 35c and 50c. All you can eat and a good, clean bed to sleep in. Give us a trial. Auto meets all trains and boats.

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On the beautiful Arrow Lakes. Splendid fishing and boating Nice rooms, good meals, pleasant surroundings. All White help.

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AINSWORTH, B.C.

Natural Hot Springs. Sure cure for Rheumatism, Metallic Poisoning.

Ideal spot for holiday. Hotel newly renovated. Finest Home Cooking.

Rates per week, $14.00 and up.

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SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS AT

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AND STOCK UP WITH HEALTH

If you suffer from muscular, inflammatory, sciatica or any other form of rheumatism, or from metalic poisoning of any sort, don't delay. Come at once and get cured. Most complete and best arranged bathing establishment on the continent. All departments under one roof, steam heated and electric light.

Rates: $3 per day, or $17 per week.

DAVIS & DAVIS, Props.

Halcyon - - Arrow Lakes, B.C.

LETTERHEADS

Printed by The Daily News Job Department are business builders. Their quality and typography is such as to give the most favorable impression of the business houses and individuals using them for their correspondence

RUSSIAN LEFT TO DIE IN FLAMES

Vancouver Photographer Rescued by Police—Personal Enemies Are Suspected.

VANCOUVER, July 27.—Unconscious from a blow on the head, gagged and bound tightly to a heavy chair, Alexander T. Eckoff, a Canadian citizen of Russian birth, was rescued by the police early this morning from the flames which were making rapid headway in his photographic studio at 629 Granville street.

Eckoff was rushed to the hospital and is expected to recover, though up to tonight he had been unable to explain the predicament in which he was found. His money had not been stolen from his person, and the police have the theory that he was attacked and subdued by personal enemies and left to die in the fire which his assailants are believed to have set. The room bore evidences of a violent struggle.

REPORT ISSUED ON DEFEAT OF ITALIANS

ROME, July 26 (By the Associated Press).—The findings of the government commission appointed to inquire into the Caporetto disaster, in October, 1917, where the Italian line was broken by the great Austro-German attack, were published here today.

The commission's report attributes the Italian defeat to three sets of causes, which were:

First—The powerful influence of unfavorable propaganda, which seriously affected the morale of the Italian troops.

Second — Political meddling with military plans.

Third—The military's lack of vision, necessary in modern warfare, underestimation of the enemy forces and lack of preparation and material.

General Benato Rosso, who commanded a part of the Italian line on the Isonzo, was acquitted by a court-martial in March, 1919, of charges that grew out of the Caporetto catastrophe.

POLISH-LITHUANIAN BOUNDARIES ARE SET

PARIS, July 27. — The supreme council has accepted Marshal Foch's report on the boundary between the Poles and the Lithuanians, whereby the Poles shall move into Suvalji and withdraw to a line running northeast from Suvalji.

The request from the Karelians to be heard has been referred to the Baltic commission.

The economic clauses of the Bulgarian treaty have been referred to the economic commission, with instructions to report back on Monday.

It is said that the Bulgarian treaty will be ready to deliver to the Bulgarian delegation by the middle of next week.

FIRE FIGHTERS JUMP INTO CREEK TO ESCAPE FLAMES

MISSOULA, Mont., July 26.—Along with word of 18 new forest fires in district No. 1 today came word of the spectacular escape of a crew of between 60 and 70 men trapped by a fire in the Selway forest. Supervisor Wilfred W. White received word of their adventure this afternoon.

The men, trapped from behind by a fire, were compelled to leap into Whitecap creek and remain up to their necks in the water until the fire had passed. All their equipment was totally destroyed, one horse was burned to death and several others were badly injured, the saddles being burned from their backs.

MARRIED IN AIRPLANE

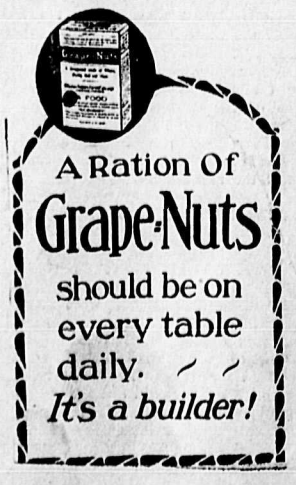
NEW YORK, July 26.—Traveling 80 miles an hour, 2,000 feet in the air, Lieut. George Burgess, army aviation corps, and Miss Emily Chaefer, Brooklyn, were married today by wireless telephone. The ceremony was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Alexander Woutois from another plane, piloted by Lieut. Eugene H. Hartsdale, best man, while the machines circled above 200,000 persons attending a police field day at Sheepshead Bay speedway. The bridesmaids in the grandstand had wireless telephone connection with the airplanes.

ALASKA SALMON PACK SHORT

KETCHIKAN, Alaska, July 26.—Reports received here from southeastern Alaska canneries say the salmon pack this year will be about 65 per cent. of normal. Canneries in the vicinity of Ketchikan, however, report the pack 25 per cent. higher than last year, which was considered by packers as a good year.

CHEESE FACTORY WRECKED—ONE MAN IS KILLED

GANANOQUE, Ont., July 27.—The cheese factory at Atkinson, owned by Thomas Anglin, is a total wreck as the result of a boiler explosion last night, which caused the death of John Potter, aged 27, a farm laborer, son of Freeman Potter, Kingston Junction and seriously injured another farm laborer, Robert Holman, whose mother resides in England.



ALLIES WILL DEAL WITH MAGYARS IF KUN EJECTED

PARIS, July 26 (By the Associated Press).—The supreme council of the peace conference decided this afternoon to send a communication to the Hungarian people, advising them that if they eject the Bela Kun government and institute a government with which the conference can deal, the blockade will be lifted and food relief provided.

The council's decision to appeal to the Hungarians to depose Bela Kun and establish a different government with which the conference can have relations, has created much interest in Paris, where the movement is strong, outside of conference circles, for intervention in Hungary.

The council believes that Bela Kun's strength is so largely confined to Budapest that it will be possible to circulate the appeal widely.

The adoption of similar tactics whereby food would be offered to the people of the interior of Russia if they overthrow the bolsheviki, would not cause surprise in Paris, as plans for feeding Russia are the subject of almost daily discussions.

FOUND DEAD IN SHACK.

SWIFT CURRENT, July 27.—William McEachren, a homesteader near Cabri, was found dead in his shack Friday. The coroner held an inquest unnecessary, saying death was due to heart failure.

EDITORS ON TOUR.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 27.—Nearly 200 members of the National Editorial Association of America, starting on a thirty-day victory tour of the northwest and Canada, left here on a special train for Winnipeg, where they will be guests for two days.

FORMER BAR-ROOM NOW USED AS PUBLIC LIBRARY

TORONTO.—Prohibition in Ontario has resulted in bar-rooms being put to various uses. Many of them have become lunch counters while in cities it has become fashionable in the best regulated hotels to make the bar-rooms into cafes.

But it is in the country, where city folks contend changes take place slowly that the most unique use has been found for the bar-rooms. Mount Hope, in Wentworth county, and Glen Morris, in Brant county, stand alone in the steps which have been taken.

At Mount Hope on Wednesday a public library was established in a bar-room there as the result of the interest taken by the members of the Women's institute and the Adanac club. A few travelling libraries will be sent there by the library branch of the department of education, Hon. Dr. Cody said yesterday, for the purpose of serving the people until they receive their own stock of books.

Glen Morris has had a library in a deserted bar-room for some time. The bar counter and the fixtures still remain in their old places, and the shelves now hold 3000 volumes of books. Instead of asking the maid in attendance for a John Collins, as in the days prior to September, 1916, it is now customary to ask for a Wilkie Colins, and instead of a Scotch whiskey to ask for a Sir Walter Scott.

KINGSTON SOLDIER'S CASE AROUSING GREAT INTEREST

KINGSTON. — The case of ex-Gunner Jas. Mossman, to be tried by general court-martial, is arousing interest because of circumstances connected with the case. Gunner Mossman enlisted in the first battery, C. F.A., and went overseas in the first Canadian contingent. He served at the first battle of Ypres, and through out the whole war, going into Germany with the army of occupation. He was returned to Canada on general demobilization, and was discharged at Kingston on March 29 last. He went to his home in Belleville and joined his wife and family. On May 9 he was arrested by military police, brought to Kingston and placed on the strength of the district depot and issued with uniform. He is charged with striking an officer in France on the night of November 28, 1918, during an altercation between the officer and some soldiers over a billet. He stoutly denies that he was implicated and appealed to veterans for protection. The attitude of friends is that the whole proceedings are irregular, and he should not be tried outside of the jurisdiction in which the offence was committed. In any event he was regularly discharged with an excellent record as a soldier.

MODERN ST. BERNARD DOGS NOT OF ORIGINAL STOCK

BERNE—Although the tunnels which now connect Switzerland with Italy have greatly decreased the importance of the Saint Bernard and other passes, especially during the eight months of snow, it is still deemed advisable to employ Saint Bernard dogs. It is no longer customary, however, to send out the dogs alone with baskets of food and drink; a man always accompanies them. These dogs are not really of the famous old Saint Bernard breed. That originated in the fourteenth century, through a cross between a shepherd dog from Wales and a Scandinavian dog whose parents were a Great Dane and a Pyrenean mastiff. The last pure descendant of this tribe was buried under an avalanche in 1816. Fortunately, there were found subsequently at Martigny and on the Simplon Pass a few dogs which, by crossing with mates from Wales, yielded the modern Saint Bernard dog, which is physically even stronger than his mediaeval namesake and shares most of his traits. —Family Herald.

THEN THE BAND PLAYED.

Two American negro soldiers were discussing musical instruments.

"Yar," said one, "I'se gwine ter git me a eucaliptis."

"A what?" queried the other.

"A eucaliptis—dat's a musical instrument, fool."

"Go on, nigger! You can't kid me—dat's one ob de books ob de Bible."—Ideas.

Mrs. Angus Mackenzie Yarmouth was found drowned in Pinafore lake, near St. Thomas.

CAILLAUX INQUIRY IS COMPLETED

Ends Formalities Previous to His Trial for Intrigues—Date of Trial Not Set.

PARIS, July 27.—The commission of the high court in the case of Joseph Caillaux, formerly premier of France, who is charged with intrigues to bring about a premature and dishonorable peace with Germany, has closed its inquiry. The final interrogatory of the accused, which was held yesterday, ended the formalities previous to the trial, the date of which has not been set.

Expeditionary Force Ready in 48 Hours

LONDON.—Lord Haldane was a surprise witness at the coal inquiry yesterday, says a recent is—sue of the London Weekly News. Examined by the chairman, Mr. Justice Sankey, he told the story of how the army was speedily mobilized on the outbreak of war, and emphasized the necessity of initiative in business. Among his points were that it was as essential to teach administration as strategy and tactics, and that the sense of duty was strong in most men.

The Chairman: I think you were Lord Chancellor, and that you were Minister of War from 1905 to 1912. I am afraid I must ask you one or two questions about that in order to lead up to the questions that I desire to ask you. I think that during that time you had very considerable experience of and were responsible for the reorganization of a great state department?—It was so.

The Chairman: And I think I am right in saying that during that time you organized the Territorial forces of the Crown, —and that also you provided for a very speedy mobilization of our forces in the event of the nation being called upon to go to war?—That was so.

The Chairman: I think as a result of your efforts a very speedy mobilization was effected of our forces when war was declared against Germany?—Yes. The thing we concentrated on was extreme rapidity of mobilization and concentration at the appointed place of assembly, and that was carried out.

I think on Tuesday, August 4, and I think even within a matter of 12 or 14 hours, thanks to the scheme of mobilization which you had prepared, some of our troops were already in France?—Yes, within a very few hours troops were in France.

The Chairman: How long was it before the whole of the Expeditionary force was placed in the field at the appointed place?—On Monday, August 3, 1914, at the request of the Prime Minister, I, as Lord Chancellor, went back to the War Office and mobilized the machine with which I was familiar. That was done by 11 o'clock on Monday, August 3, and to give the orders took only a few minutes. Everything was prepared years before.

The Chairman: How long was it before the whole Expeditionary force was in the field?—The whole of the Expeditionary force was ready in a matter of 48 hours. The war council then decided on four divisions, with a cavalry division, and a fifth division to follow in a week, with another division a little later. That was all carried out as the war council directed by the War Office.

The Civil Service

The chairman pointed out that the problem which the commission had before it was to decide whether the present civil service or some form of the present civil service would be in a position to successfully cope with the problems that would face it if the coal industry were run nationally.

Lord Haldane replied that he would confine himself simply to that question, for he did not feel that he had any qualification for speaking on the wider question of whether there should be nationalism or not.

For a long time the War Office had, he said, been badly split up, not according to services, but according to the different groups of men in authority. So what he endeavored to do was to draw a line of demarcation sharply separating the services directing operations in the field from the preparation of the administrative machinery and material which was required to be behind the commander in chief to make him efficient.

The same principle, Lord Haldane explained, applied at the War Office in peace time, for everything had to be ready in case mobilization was decided upon. If everything was arranged previously it would be necessary only to touch a button and things would spring to their places.

Taking the regular army as an example, he said that the idea which used to prevail was that anybody who had shown himself eminent in the field could administrate. That seemed to him to be a very great mistake, and they endeavored to develop a type of administrative officer to an extent that was new in the army. They succeeded to only a very limited extent, because both time and money were short. The general staff had a magnificent college at Camberley dealing with strategy and tactics, but there was no school for preparing administrative officers. In his opinion, it was as essential to teach administration as strategy and tactics. In the army administrative matters were just as critical and complicated as any that occurred in civilian businesses. They required qualities which the ordinary civil servant was not trained to develop.

In order to give special administrative training he arranged with the London School of Economics to take in hand the task of training for the War Office forty administrative officers each year. That training had proved of enormous advantage in France and in Mesopotamia in enabling them to concentrate their armies with such valuable effect in the later stages of the war, and to a much greater extent than was generally supposed in the earlier stages. That also was the secret of the ability to mobilize the Expeditionary force with the rapidity they did.

Mr. Sidney Webb: Assuming that any such proposal as nationalization of mines were carried out, could you help us with regard to the proper relations to parliament? How could we keep clear of what is calld political influence?

Lord Haldane replied: To my mind the future of nationalization—its success or failure—depends upon the possibility of good management. Take the coal industry. You want as much coal as you have had, and more if possible, at reasonable prices, and it depends upon good business men and a first-rate administration. Suppose you get a staff out of the business world, the minister must be a man who feels that he has only one thing to considr, and that is to make a success of the department entrusted to him. It is fatal if he allows private members of Parliament to guide him in making his decision. The great thing is to get a minister who is responsible to parliament in the fullest sense, and yet is not afraid of parliament, is not afraid of taking the initiative. The house of commons is the most sensible body of jurymen in the world.

In answer to a question by Sir Adam Nimmo, Lord Haldane said that if he were left alone he could undertake to find half a dozen men, any one of whom would, if put at the head of a great department, like the National Coal Industry, and left alone, be able to carry it out.

Do you think you would be likely to be left alone? (Laughter). That is a question.

WHO HAS THE TINIEST FEET?

LONDON.—Which actress on the London stage has the smallest feet?

Miss Frances White, who has lately joined the cast of "Hullo, America," at the Palace theatre, has arrived from New York with a load of records in her luggage to prove that she holds this distirction in the United States. But her title is not going unchallenged in this country.

Miss Daphne Pollard of "Joy Bells," at the London Hippodrome, says she would like to be certain that Miss White holds the world record. When she herself came to the Hippodrome she could find no children's shoes to suit her, and had to wear some used by a child in the chorus of the former revue.

Miss Pollard intends to make a solemn test of her feet as against those of Miss White and settle the matter once and for all—unless there are other candidates.—Tit-Bits.

R. Fraser Armstrong has been appointed town manager of Woodstock, at a salary of $3000.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION

May be Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound — This Letter Proves It.

West Philadelphia, Pa.—"During the thirty years I have been married, I have been in bad health and had several attacks of nervous prostration until it seemed as if the organs in my whole body were worn out. I was finally persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it made a well woman of me. I can now do all my housework and advise all ailing women to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I will guarantee they will derive great benefit from it."—Mrs. FRANK FITZGERALD, 25 N. 41st Street, West Philadelphia, Pa.

There are thousands of women everywhere in Mrs. Fitzgerald's condition, suffering from nervousness, backache, headaches, and other symptoms of a functional derangement. It was a grateful spirit for health restored which led her to write this letter so that other women may benefit from her experience and find health as she has done.

For suggestions in regard to your condition write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

July Clearance

FOR THE LAST FEW DAYS OF THIS SALE WE WILL OFFER SOME EXTRAORDINARY VALUES. THE FOLLOWING ARE JUST A FEW OF THE MANY—

Ladies' Suits and Dresses

This Season's, at 25% off

Dresses suitable for either house or street, medium weight Duck. Colors, Pink, Copen and Rose, trimmed with White collar and cuffs. Regular $5.00, For $3.95

Of the 20 dozen SILK HOSE "SECONDS" we put on Sale a few days ago only 5 dozen remain. Per pair 69c

PRACTICALLY EVERYTHING IN READY TO WEAR REDUCED FOR THIS SALE

Smillie & Weir

LADIES WEAR SPECIALISTS.

SPECIAL SALE OF

All White Footwear

Bargain Prices

WHITE CANVAS MARY JANES—Leather soles. Sizes 11 to 2. Per pair ... $1.25, $2.00

Sizes 8 to 10 ..... $1.15, $1.55

LADIES' PUMPS—All small sizes. White, Black and Chocolate Kid ... $2.15

LADIES' $3.00 and $3.50 WHITE CANVAS PUMPS and OXFORDS— Special Price $2.65

C. Romano

High Class Boots and Shoes

BACK FOR MORE!

Kiddies—and grown folks — can't get too much of the genuine

Wantmore

PEANUT BUTTER

It not only has a delicious flavor but it is more nourishing than milk or eggs.

Your dealer has it and also "Wantmore" Salted Peanuts.

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For Mines, Lumber Companies, Etc.

25 ..... $1.75

50 ..... $2.75

100 ..... $4.00

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NELSON, B.C.

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Mining and Markets

EMERALD PLANS A CONCENTRATOR

Erection of Thirty-ton Plant Immediately—Year and Half of Ore Blocked Out

With ore blocked out sufficient to run its projected concentration plant for a year and a half, the Iron Mountain Mining company will in a few days commence the erection of a small concentrator in connection with its property, the Emerald mine, on Iron Mountain. The concentrator will have a capacity of 30 tons of ore, running two shifts a day. It will be located at the mine site, and will be operated by steam. These facts were admited last night by R. W. Mifflin, treasurer of the company.

"Although this concentrator is too large to be called a mere test plant, yet in a way we consider it experimental," said Mr. Mifflin, "and it is possible that at a later stage the development of the property might justify a larger concentrator located on Sheep creek, or one of a hydro-electric type."

The Emerald mine is the pioneer mine in the silver-lead belt of the Sheep creek district, and has been operating almost continuously since 1906, when John Waldbeser, president of the present company, with his associates, commenced its development. It has shipped in the past between 40,000 and 50,000 tons of crude ore to the Trail smelter.

STRIKE REPORTED ON THE SILVERITE

Mining men who have visited Sandon in the last few days report that there has been a strike on the Silverite, owned by Clarence Cunningham, the well-known Slocan mining man. In drifting on the vein an ore shoot has been encountered with high values in silver.

This silver-lead property is in the vicinity of the old Queen Bess mine, out of which Mr. Cunningham made a stake. Mr. Cunningham is at Alamo.

WINNIPEG GRAIN QUOTATIONS

	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat—				
Oct.	240	241¼	240	240
Dec.	237	237¾	234	234
Oats—				
July	93¾	93⅞	93⅝	93⅝
Oct.	88⅝	88⅞	88⅛	88⅝
Dec.	86¼	86⅜	85¾	86⅛
Barley—				
July	140	140	139¼	140
Oct.	131	132	131	131½
Dec.	127	127	125½	125½
Flax—				
July	..	..	..	612
Oct.	582	582	576½	580

ATLANTIC SUGAR AND CEMENT GAIN AT MONTREAL

MONTREAL, July 27.—Activity and strength in Atlantic Sugar and Canada Cement shares characterized Saturday's week-end market for Montreal stock, both the issues named, although for divergent reasons, marking up substantial price gains.

Aggregate business for the two hours' session amounted to slightly over 5300 shares, compared with an excess of 13,000 in the last Saturday market a fortnight previously. Atlantic Sugar, opening at 51½, an overnight gain of 1¾, advanced easily to 54½. This level represented the best one reached in the history of the stock. The close was reported at a quarter under the top, leaving a net gain of 4½ points.

Cement common opened up a point at 70 and sold at 71⅝ in the final dealings.

Dealings in the bond department showed improvement in volume, the aggregate being $259,400, with business in 1933 Victory being heaviest.

Total sales: Shares, 5316; bonds, $259,400.

TORONTO EXCHANGE.

TORONTO, July 27.—Out of a total business in listed stocks on the exchange Saturday of 949 shares traded in, 656 of them were Canada Cement, and this issue scored a point to 71. The rest of the market was practically at a standstill.

9,000 TONS OF COPPER ON WAY TO THE ORIENT

SEATTLE, July 26.—Approximately 9,000 tons of copper ingots, valued at about $4,000,000, have been received in Seattle from a Tacoma smelter for shipment to the Orient. Every ship leaving this port for trans-Pacific ports is having a portion of the copper allotted to it for shipment. Much machinery is also assembled at local docks awaiting shipment to the Far East.

PROVINCIAL ORE EXHIBIT PLANNED FOR BIG FAIR

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 27.—A mineral exhibit for the provincial exhibition at Queens park, second to none ever shown in the province, is promised by David Whiteside, M.L.A., who is chairman of the mining committee. Recently Mr. Whiteside paid a visit to Victoria and secured the promise of an exhibit from the provincial mineral department, which is to include eight cases of sample ores.

Mr. Whiteside is also in touch with a number of officials in the larger mining centres of the interior, and is assured of strong support in his effort to make the exhibit one to impress the visitor with the mining potentialities of the province.

Indications all point to the 1919 show at the royal city eclipsing all previous efforts. Preparations are being made to handle record crowds every day of the fair.

Moulders in Guelph are getting $5.75 for an eight-hour day.

MODERATE ACTIVITY ON GOTHAM MARKET

Feeling of Confidence Apparent in Financial and Industrial Circles.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Moderate activity and general strength were the striking features of the week-end session of the stock market. All classes of issues shared in the advance except rails, in which trading was largely restricted to low priced stocks. Overnight announcement of the intention of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey to double its capitalization and of other features connected with that venture were accepted as indicative of a feeling of confidence in the highest financial and industrial circles.

Extreme gains in motors and affiliated specialties, oils, equipments and food shares ranged from 2 to 4 points, a few secondary miscellaneous issues rising 3 to almost 7 points. Shippings were immediately responsive to news of the settlement of the marine strike and a belated advance in metals coincides with still higher quotations for future deliveries of refined copper.

Reversals of 1 to 2 points during the first hour were speedily overcome, mainly as a result of the heavy absorption of United States Steel, which was taken in large individual lots up to 113¾, approximating the week's best. Other leaders closed within fractions of the day's maximum quotations.

Sales amounted to 535,000 shares.

The bank statement presented several interesting features in the contraction of actual loans and discounts by $97,000,000, a decrease of slightly more than $106,000,000 in net demand deposits and a nominal increase of excess reserves.

Bonds were irregular, Liberty issues holding steady on light dealings. Total sales, par value, aggregated $5,350,000. Old United States bonds were unchanged on call during the week.

Closing Quotations.

	High	Low	Close
U. S. Steel com...	113¼	111⅝	113
U. S. Steel pfd. ..	117⅛	117	117
Chino Copper	49¾	49¼	49½
Inspiration	68	67½	67¾
C. P. R.	163½	163	163¾
Utah Copper	96	95¼	96
Willys-Overland .	37¼	36½	37¼
Studebaker	114½	112½	114½
General Motors ..	231	228¼	231
Texas Oil	271	267½	270½

MONTREAL PRODUCE.

MONTREAL, July 27.—The tone of the local egg market last week was very firm. The feature of the potato trade was the fact that all old crop stock had been pretty well cleaned up off the market and there was a better demand for new crop potatoes in a wholesale jobbing way.

There was not any important change in the butter situation last week. The cheese market was dull the early part of the week and became very active at the end.

Cheese—Finest easterns, 25c.

Butter—Choicest creamery, 53c to 54½c.

Eggs—Fresh, 62c to 64c; selected, 58c; No. 1 stock, 52c; No. 2 stock, 45c.

Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $2.50 to $3 (new potatoes).

PRINCESS MARY AS A NURSE.

LONDON.—One of the first questions that mothers ask when they go to fetch their children from the Great Ormond street hospital is whether Princess Mary has washed their own particular baby.

The princess has been working at this hospital so long now that she is equal to any work that a trained nurse can do.

Her remarkable keenness is an example to the rest of the staff, and she resents strongly any attempt to save her the trouble of doing her share of the cleaning and other rough work of the hospital.

She spends much time in reading all the books of instruction on her profession, and is now quite an authority on the minor ailments of children.

For their part, the kiddies themselves love her, and there is great competition among them to come under her charge. She has the charm of manner and the understanding which appeals so strongly to children of all ages, and there is no task which comes amiss to her.

She will never allow herself to be waited upon or fetched and carried for, but takes her place among the rest of the V.A.D. staff, and works harder than any of them.—Tit-Bits.

A rainfall at Dubuque, Ia., undermined a pavilion at Union park, causing it to fall. Seven were drowned.

TWENTY PER CENT APPLE INCREASE

Irrigation Greatly Increases Strawberry Yield in Creston District—Horticulturist's Estimates.

An increase of about 20 per cent in the apple production of East and West Kootenay over that of 1918 is the stimate of E. C. Hunt, provincial horticulturist, who has just completed a tour of the district which has greatly impressed him with the favorable outlook throughout.

Directly as the result of the installation of the irrigation plant at Duck creek the strawberry yield in Creston district has been 62 per cent greater than in 1918, and although he estimates a 30 per cent decrease in the raspberry production he feels that with similar irrigation that crop, too, would show a substantial increase.

In his survey Mr. Hunt predicts increases of on the average 10 per cent in the crops of cherries, gooseberries and currants. His estimates are:

Creston district: Apples, early, 10 per cent increase; apples, late, 20 per cent increase; pears, 15 per cent decrease; plums and prunes, normal crop; ;peaches, 25 per cent decrease; cherries, same as 1918; crabapples, 10 per cent decrease; strawberries, 62 per cent increase; raspberries, 30 per cent decrease; gooseberries, same as 1918; currants, 10 per cent increase; loganberries and blackberries, same as in 1918.

Kootenay lake, Arrow lakes, South Kootenay, Trail and Slocan districts: Apples, early and fall, 25 per cent increase; apples, late, 20 per cent increase; pears, 20 per cent decrease; peaches, 20 per cent decrease; plums and prunes, same as 1918; cherries, sweet, 10 per cent decrease; cherries, sour, 10 per cent increase; crabapples, same as 1918; strawberries, 10 per cent increase; raspberries, same as 1918; gooseberries, 10 per cent increase; currants, 15 per cent increase; loganberries and blackberries, same as 1918.

DEAL IS PENDING ON NELSON MINE

Perrier May Be Placed on a Company Basis With Seattle Capital.

Negotiations are under way with refegence to the Perrier group, which, if successful, will provide $50,000 to $60,000 to be spent in developing this well known Nelson property. The proposition is to place the mine on a company basis, the local interests to remain associated with the property, but the principal capital to be provided by Seattle interests. Trevor Starkey, mining engineer, of London, is at present making an examination of the property.

Development accomplished on the property consists of a shaft 100 feet in depth, which cost $3000 to sink, and 150 feet of drift, in addition to a small raise. A difficulty with water was combatted by the installation of a hydraulic automatic pump. Ore and concentrates shipped in the past amount to about 40 or 50 tons, and about $4000 has been taken out, in the form of bullion. The ore has averaged about $14 a ton, with 70 per cent free milling.

If the company is formed, one of the probable developments would be the installation of city electric power to the extent of 100 h.p., to run a mill and the existing compressor.

The Perrier is peculiarly a Nelson property, both from its location on Cottonwood creek and from its ownership. The syndicate that has hitherto been associated with its fortunes consists of R. W. Hinton, W. M. Cunliffe, Ralph Young, A. H. Crossley, C. E. Crossley and T. H. Turner.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Prolonged drought and heat led to further advances yesterday in the value of corn. Closing quotations, though, were unsettled, ½c lower to ⅝c gain, with September $1.95⅝ to $1.95½ and December $1.66⅛ to $1.66¼.

Oats finished a shade to ⅜c up and provisions varied from 2c decline to 60c up.

PREDICTS RISE IN STERLING

Sir John Aird Says That He Believes Exchange Will Go to $4.50 in Short Time.

VANCOUVER, July 27.—"In my opinion within a very short time sterling exchange will be pegged at $4.50, a factor which will increase confidence in general trading and make it possible for a greater exchange of commodities between the American continent and Europe," said Sir John Aird, general manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, who arrived here Saturday.

Sir John pointed out the fact that righting the sterling exchange will have a direct bearing on the money markets of the world and will to a large extent assist in improving the balance of trade on the Pacific. "It may in time even make it possible," Sir John said, "to settle a period for carrying certain exchange peggings on the Pacific so that trade can safely go on between Canada and China and Japan without the dangers attached to quoting on such a fluctuating market.

"There are two ways for us to get our exchange righted," continued the financier. "We can either produce more and import less or it might be possible for Great Britain to secure permission later on to float a loan in the United States and use the proceeds in paying the debt of the mother country to Canada. Up to the present the United States has not seen her way clear to permit the flotation of this loan, but the fact that her own industries and exports are suffering by the continual drop in sterling is causing the government of the United States to realize that it might be better to allow this loan to go on the market and again set the exchange between Britain and that country."

Sir John said he thought Canada would have 175,000,000 bushels of grain to export this year, which would "bring a large revenue to set up our financial condition."

GERMANS WANT LOAN OR CREDIT FROM THE ALLIES

BERLIN—Germany wants loans or credits from America.

Director Wasserman, of the Deutsche Bank, made this clear today in an interview in which he pointed out that raw materials and food were essential if Germany was to meet the obligations of the entente and become a stable member of world society.

German bankers would not make overtures to the Americans, Wasserman said, as they did not know whom to approach, but would wait for American financers to renew relations.

"There is only one way Germany can be helped at this time," he said. "If she can get copper and other raw materials on credit, then she can begin the task of building up her country and repaying her debts. We would want credit for as long a time as is required to produce manufactured goods. With the proceeds from half or five-eights of the raw materials thus manufactured, I believe we could repay out credits."

Herr Wasserman emphasized the advisability of the entente and America taking steps by which the value of the German mark could be stabilized for a year or two.

Wasserman, who is one of Germany's leading financiers, is also a close follower of political and social affairs. I asked him, incidentally, what he thought of the socialization of Germany.

"From the political standpoint it is purely an internal question," he answered, "but from an economical course it interests foreign nations. I believe socialist political control could be accomplished but as for actual and complete industrial socializing, there is no chance at present. That will be a process of evolution. You can't force socialism on a whole nation at one stroke.

I do believe that if Germany were socialized, other countries would not deal with her. But America and the other powers need have no cause for worry from that standpoint."

Portable houses which can be carried in automobiles and erected in a short time at convenient camping places have been designed by a Frenchman.

AIRPLANE SLUNG FROM BIG AIRSHIP

Interesting Disclosures by Lieutenant Kirkpatrick-Crocket in Lecture Under Auspices of Aerial League

VICTORIA. — It is not known generally here that the most modern type of British rigid airship carries a small aeroplane strung underneath. This machine may be released while the dirigible is in the air, and after dropping about one hundred feet the pilot regains control and may then fly in defense of the ship or on any expedition he pleases.

This was but one of the interesting facts made known recently by Lieut. Kirkpatrick-Crocket, who lectured under the auspices of the Aerial league in the lecture room of the Sprott-Shaw school on the origin and development of the lighter-than-air craft.

Lieut. Crocket first outlined the progress from the first hot-air bag that ascended without a passenger.

The balloon was first used in warfare when the French and Germans clashed in 1870. The British first used it in the Boer War.

To Count Zeppelin the speaker gave credit for the first rigid type airship. It contained 16 ballonets which held 200,000 cubic feet of gas. In 1899 he built a large one holding twice the amount of gas and making 18 miles an hour with three passengers.

In 1907 Zeppelin, spurred on by the success of a Dutchman, built an airship at Lake Constance that made 36 miles an hour.

The British first experimented with the blimp type of ship of small size. Then Vickers built R-22. When she first flew over Hull in spite of all her British signals it was believed that she was German and was shot at by British trawlers.

Lieut. Crocket served on the R-72, which until the R-34 was built was the finest airship in the world. In speaking of it, the young officer stated it took 800 men to hold the big brute on the ground. It was quite possible to dance in the cars. The speaker recalled one time when the men on the ship started the gramophone going at a height of 5,000 feet and jazzed. They made the big bag roll so badly that they were afraid of falling overboard.

The big airships are well armed, carrying machine guns in the cars and also on top of the envelope at both ends. Triplex glass, unsplinterable, is used in the cars.

The R-34, the modern wonder that has just completed a round trip across the Atlantic, was explained by Lieut. Crocket. The air giant has seven engines in regular use, developing 350 horsepower each, while two engines are used only for going up or coming down. Five thousand gallons of petrol can be carried, it being consumed at the rate of 50 gallons an hour. Eight valves at the top of the envelope allow regulation of the buoyancy.

Water ballast is mostly used, and Lieut. Crocket remarked that when under an airship that was descending those on the ground would have trouble in avoiding drowning.

The complete wireless set of the R-34 could pick up from as far away as San Francisco. The airship has a crew of 16, but could carry 30.

The R-34, stated the speaker, was longer by about 100 feet than the Lusitania.

Lieut. Crocket claimed that hydrogen would be a washout and that helium would be the gas of the future, owing to its lighter weight and non-inflammability.

Speaking of the airship's steadiness, Lieut. Crocket told of how he used to hover over a British trawler, and lower a basket on the end of the wireless aerial threatening to drop bombs on the boat beneath if it did not fill the basket with desirable additions to the slender commissariat.

The speaker, in closing, said that the R-36, now under construction, would be ready in about eight months and would startle the world. He made a plea for the construction of airships and aeroplanes in British Columbia.

LONDON DOCKS HAVE NEVER BEEN BUSIER

Vessels Formerly Discharged Only Part Cargoes at England Port and Went on to Continental Points.

LONDON.—London docks are as full as they have ever been in the history of the port. The increase in tonnage shows a tremendous revival in business, although it has not yet reached the level of 1914.

Before the war a vessel would arrive in the Thames, discharge part of its cargo, and then go on to Hamburg, Antwerp or Rotterdam. Today the entire cargo is discharged at the London docks. There is actually a glut of ships, owing to the number of vessels released from government work, and vessels arrive quicker than they can be dealt with.

Statistics show that in goods alone there was an increase at the port in May, compared with May, 1918, of 99,000 tons.

There is a general belief that the movement to obtain an amendment of the law by which government vessels are entitled to make use of dock and harbor facilities without any charge being made upon them will obtain strong support.

The act of 1847 granting this exemption was not regarded as an injustice to dock and harbor authorities at that time, and although even during the pre-war era the increase in the number of government vessels imposed a heavier burden than had been contemplated, it was not until the year 1916, when the merchant marine passed into the possession of the government, that relief was claimed and granted.

It is now realized that but for the concession then made that vessels in government service should be subject to the payment of limited dues, a large number of harbor authorities would have been faced with the threat of insolvency. Even where they escaped this fate their financial position would have been affected to a degree which must have retarded developments to a serious extent and been associated with a deterioration of transport facilities.

The action which is being taken at the present time is designed to obtain an assurance that the payment of dock and harbor dues on government vessels will not be discontinued at the date which is fixed to mark the official end of the war, when, unless a new arrangement is made, it is feared the old act may again be put in force. The subject, which was brought up in connection with the Medway conservancy bill, is complicated at the present time by the report that the admiralty intends in the future to run its own store ships to a greater extent than in he past.

It is believed, however, that the matter will be referred to a departmental committee, but meanwhile the promise given that before any change is made in the existing arrangement the representations of dock and harbor authorities will receive full consideration is something gained. What is really needed is not, however, the continuance of ex gratia payments, but a reform of the law.

WENATCHEE CROP

WENATCHEE, Wash., July 27.—Deputy Inspector of Horticulture P. S. Darlington has completed his mid-season survey of the Wenatchee fruit district, and estimates 9,400 carloads, an increase of over 700 cars as compared with his May report.

GOOD BUYS

4-room bungalow style dwelling, 2 bedrooms, living room with fireplace, bathroom; 2 nice lots in garden, on Richards St. Price, $1700; terms to arrange.

5-room semi-bungalow style dwelling, 2 bedrooms, dining room, parlor, kitchen, bath room; 1 lot; on Carbonate St. Place is rented to good tenant at $18.00 per month. Price, $1600; terms, $500 cash, balance to arrange.

5-room semi-bungalow style dwelling, fireplace, good plumbing, 2 nice lots, large fruit trees, on corner on Mill St. Rented at $17.00. Price, $2100; terms, $500 cash, balance to arrange.

I want 4 small Furnished Houses and 5 small Unfurnished Houses, for good tenants.

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1½ tons 12-lb. Mining Rails.
1000 feet 10-inch Hydraulic Pipe, Rivetted.
2400 feet 4-inch Casing Pipe.
1 12-inch Pelton Motor.
1 24-inch Pelton Motor.
1 36-inch Pelton Wheel.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
Change in Local Service Effective July 20th

Grand Forks-Phoenix Midway
Wednesday and Saturday
Lv. Grand Forks ... 8.30 a.m.
Lv. Eholt ..... 10.15 a.m.
Ar. Phoenix ..... 10.55 a.m.
Lv. Phoenix ..... 11.15 a.m.
Lv. Eholt ..... 12.00 noon
Lv. Greenwood ..... 12.30 noon
Ar. Midway ..... 1.30 p.m.
Lv. Midway ..... 2.30 p.m.
Lv. Greenwood ..... 3.20 p.m.
Lv. Eholt ..... 4.00 p.m.
Ar. Grand Forks .... 5.00 p.m.

Lardeau-Gerrard
Tuesday and Saturday
Tuesday
Lv. Gerrard ..... 7.00 p.m.
Ar. Lardeau ..... 9.30 p.m.
Lv. Lardeau ..... 10.30 p.m.
Ar. Gerrard ..... 1.00 a.m.
Saturday
Lv. Gerrard ..... 7.00 a.m.
Ar. Lardeau ..... 9.30 a.m.
Lv. Lardeau ..... 11.30 a.m.
Ar. Gerrard ..... 2.00 p.m.
No change in present steamer service Kaslo to Lardeau and return on Tuesday and Saturday.

J. S. CARTER, District Passenger Agent, Nelson.

MINING TRUTH
The only publication of its kind in the world and the only exclusively mining periodical in the Interior Northwest fields.
Edited by Sidney Norman, an old-timer in the Kootenays and a firm believer in the future of British Columbia's mines.
Published twice a month. Subscription price, $3 per annum.
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MONDAY, JULY 28, 1919

THE PRINCE OF WALES

The Prince of Wales, who is to visit British Columbia in September, is a modest, unassuming sort of chap who made friends wherever he went among the Canadian soldiers at the front.

He is a young man of good sense and sterling character and at the front, according to the democratic British method, he made no pretense of leading armies, but filled humbler roles efficiently and courageously. If the prince goes to the United States, as it is expected he will, his visit will serve to cement still more strongly the strong bonds which hold together the British Empire and its great Anglo-Saxon brother among nations.

THE QUESTION IS HOW CRAZY?

Wilhelm Hohenzollern, according to cable despatches, has stopped giving advice to the Almighty and has taken to praying. This, says the New York Herald, has given rise to the fear in some quarters that the late All-Highest's so-called mentality is giving way and that he is in danger of becoming a maniac.

The fear to which the Herald refers is in one sense unfounded. In another it is well-founded. By normal standards the ex-kaiser has been crazy for years. All criminals are mentally unbalanced.

It is always for the courts and juries to decide whether the degree of lunacy is sufficient to justify consignment to an asylum in lieu of the jail or gallows or not.

Perhaps the ex-kaiser, when he faces the bar, will plead lunacy. More probably he will do nothing of the sort. He has always been sincerely convinced that he is more sane than anyone else, but more supermannish, or whatever the German equivalent for that word may be.

CANADA AGAIN TAKES THE LEAD

Canada's lead in establishing curative training and occupational therapy in hospitals throughout the Dominion where soldiers are receiving treatment, is now being followed in Great Britain. It is announced that this form of treatment is now being established under the direction of the ministry of pensions.

In the most recent number of "The Ex-Service Man" to reach Canada it is stated: "It is understood that the ministry of pensions, having settled the policy, are now beginning to take practical steps in the direction of providing disabled men with curative training or treatment training—that is, a combination of medical treatment and occupational training under the eye of the doctor at centres equipped by the ministry.

"The first of these centres will be at Hayes, Middlesex, and the work connected with the provision of huts for the men is now being put in hand.

"Similar schemes on a smaller scale are projected in other parts of the country. There is great scope for this form of treatment, which has been more favored hitherto in certain other countries than in our own."

This method has been employed in Canada for some time and has been long established in all the hospitals under control of the department of soldiers' civil reestablishment. Patients in the wards are taught various useful handicrafts. As their period of convalescence is reached they are induced to take up any one of the many occupations taught in the occupational shops, which have been established at these hospitals. Later such men as have been so disabled as to be unable to follow former occupations may follow the courses in vocational retraining, which are also under the direction of the department of soldiers' civil reestablishment.

The purpose of curative training is to aid the process of cure by offering the patient occupation which will occupy his mind and which will induce the use subconsciously of muscles and limbs impaired by wounds. This method has proven of great success and it has been established that through it the hospital period has been considerably reduced, and the men are the more quickly rendered fit to resume their places in civil life.

Men respond freely to the instruction of the ward aides and some remarkably ingenious and clever bits of work are produced. There is a patient in the Dominion Orthopaedic hospital, Toronto, who, although minus his right arm, has produced some examples of wood carving that will readily bear comparison with the work of men not so handicapped. Such examples are by no means rare and will be found in every hospital in Canada.

"Prince Henry of Prussia Begs George V. to Save Kaiser." As the Boston Transcript remember it, he was one of the millions of Prussians who did nothing to have the kaiser save Edith Cavell.

Mining men who are in close touch with conditions predict that the coming five years will see the most prosperous era of sound development in the history of the industry in Kootenay and Boundary. There are many indications which support this view.

The British government's plan of cooperating with the Dominion in bringing about the emigration to Canada of ex-service men and women will be beneficial both to Canada and to those who immigrate to this country. It fits in well with Canada's policy of handpicking its immigrants as far as it is possible to do so.

Clergyman (playing at Nelson Golf and Country Club for the first time, to caddie)—What is that yawning abyss in the distance, caddie? Caddie—That's hell, sir. Clergyman—Indeed! What a name to give a bunker! Caddie—Ye see, sir, it's called hell because yince ye get in ye canna get out. Clergyman (after playing and landing in the bunker calls for his niblick and plays a good shot out of the hazard)—What have you got to say to that now? Caddie—O' that I have to say, sir, is, when ye dee, 'stak' yer niblick wi' ye.

COMMUNICATION.

WHITEFISH AND WHITEFISH

To the Editor of The Daily News:

Sir: A matter Mr. Editor, which did not accur to me when writing my previous letter anent the augmentation of British Columbia's inland fisheries is this: It is highly important that the Dominion government should be urged to stock our lakes, not only with the species of fish mentioned, but that care should be exercised to propagate only fry of the most acceptable table varieties of their species. There are whitefish, and whitefish, and the United States fish commission has not always used the best of judgment in stocking the lakes of Washington and Idaho with this species of fish; some of the lakes in question now producing an inferior variety both in size and palatability, and we should avoid at all hazards a similar mistake; for, once made, it is likely to be irrevokable.

Witness the difficulty of eradicating German carp from lakes and streams. I would advocate that the whitefish fry for propagation here be taken from Babine lake (which is easily accessible, being just north of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, near Hazelton) on account of the following tribute by Mr. Wm. F. Robertson, provincial minerologist, published on page 111 or the Annual Report of the Minister of Mines for the year 1906:

Speaking of Babine lake, he says: "The lake abounds in whitefish, probably the most delicious table fish found in the waters of British Columbia, even superior to the celebrated whitefish of Lake Winnipeg."

Further on, speaking of the Matin river, on page 117, he says:

"Here were caught for the first time a number of Arctic trout (Thymallus signifes), a beautifully marked fish from 10 to 14 inches long, with most brilliant scales and a dorsal fin sticking up as high is the body is deep."

Why should not we have this variety down here?

In conclusion, while not able to quote my authority, I remember reading that the waters of the Great Slave lake contain varieties, and even species, of fish, of unexcelled excellence, some of them practically, if not absolutely, unknown to other parts of the country and the rest of the world; food fishes of the highest economic value, and I have never heard that the Dominion government has done anything whatever to exploit or develop this highly valuable asset.

Who does not know the brilliant colored little kickaninny, miscalled the "Kokanee trout?"

I am informed that it is identical in structure with the Sockeye salmon, and is really a land-locked form of that fish.

It is very much larger in Lac la Hache, Cariboo district, than elsewhere in the Okanagan and Kootenay. As it is, while in season, a delicious fish, why should we not have the Lac la Hache variety here instead of the puny little fellows of Kootenay and Christina lakes?

The Dominion government has the machinery—let us set it motion! If we will only put one-tenth part of the enthusiasm into this that we put into baseball and hockey we can have all this and more.

Let everybody "root."

W. H. BAMBURY,

Phoenix, B. C.

GETS IT IN THE NECK

Here is a long road that apparently goes nowhere. The farmer says he loses money when beef prices fall; the packer says he loses money; the wholesalers and all the other dealers acknowledge no advantage—everybody loses all along the line, but—the purchaser of a pound of beef pays more than ever before. Now the question which would seem pertinent, is, what became of the money when the wholesale price of beef slumped from three to five dollars per hundredweight; and the price of every pound of meat at retail remained the same or was boosted a few cents?—Detroit News.

Louis Brenner, Waterloo, was fined $500 and costs as a defaulter under the M. S. A.

HON. N. W. ROWELL STATES POSITION TO CONSTITUENTS

Says Work of Union Government Not Over—Must Be Supported—Liberal Convention.

The following letter, which was written by Hon. N. W. Rowell before he came west, is the one upon which the Toronto Globe based its recent editorial, in which it claimed that Mr. Rowell had "crossed the floor." Mr. Rowell's reply to the editorial appeared in The Daily News on Saturday:—

OTTAWA.—In answer to inquiries from his constituents in Durham county, with reference to his views on the recent Liberal convention in Ontario, and the Liberal convention to be held in Ottawa in August, Hon. N. W. Rowell, president of the privy council, has made public a letter he has written to W. J. D. Davison, one of the leading Liberals of Port Hope. The letter reads as follows:

Ottawa, July 11, 1919.

Dear Mr. Davison,—

You have asked my opinion as to what the Liberal Unionists in Ontario should do in view of the hostile attitude shown at the recent provincial Liberal convention in Toronto toward the Liberal Unionists, and the choice of Mr. Dewart as leader.

In the fall of 1917, the Liberals of Canada were acutely divided over a great national issue, involving the future of our country and the support of our gallant defenders overseas; but this division did not extend to provincial politics in Ontario—both sections of the party cooperated under the temporary leadership of Mr. Proudfoot, whose sound Liberalism, integrity, courage and unselfish patriotism must be appreciated by all Liberals.

Intolerants in Control.

Prior to the meeting of the Toronto convention I confidently anticipated that this cooperation would continue, and that the policies for which the provincial Liberal party in Ontario had fought for so many years would be supported by a united provincial Liberal party. The convention has changed the whole situation. The illiberal and intolerant attitude of one section of the party, apparently largely represented at the convention, toward Mr. Proudfoot and other Unionist-Liberals, shows that cooperation at the present time is impossible in provincial politics. Further, and I am sure not less significant at this time, was the choice of Mr. Dewart as leader, for the leadership largely determines the character of the party for the time being at least.

Mr. Dewart was not only opposed to the formation of the National or Union government for the vigorous prosecution of the war and the support of the men overseas, but in cooperation with Mr. Murphy, he led all the diverse elements in our population in Ontario hostile to the Union government and Canada's war policy, and put forth his utmost efforts to defeat both. It is true his efforts in Ontario hopelessly failed, and only eight members were returned to support in whole or in part the policy he advocated.

Dewart Hope of Liquor.

Another factor in the situation, and exceedingly important in the eyes of thousands of the citizens of Ontario, is Mr. Dewart's attitude toward the liquor traffic and prohibition. Under Sir Oliver Mowat, who promised the people of Ontario prohibition to the full limit of the jurisdiction of the province, and more particularly during the last seven years, the provincial Liberal party has stood out as the active and aggressive opponent of the bar and the organized liquor traffic. The demand on the part of representative delegates at the recent convention in Toronto that a prohibition plank be inserted in the party platform, shows that strong elements in the party still stand by that policy, and, in my opinion, these delegates represented the overwhelming majority of the party on that question. Not only has Mr. Dewart not sympathized with, but he has been opposed to the policy of the Liberal party on this issue. As leader he will undoubtedly command and secure the support of the organized liquor tarffic and their friends in Ontario, irrespective of party. They look upon him as their rising hope.

No one will question the right of Mr. Dewart to entertain such views or his right to the support which such views will bring to him, but it is inconceivable that the men and women who demanded the inclusion of a prohibition plank in the platform and the tens of thousands of Liberals throughout Ontario whose views they represented, can ever follow an anti-prohibition leader at a time when the issue is so vital. The men and women of Ontario who are opposed to the menace of the liquor traffic have two great tasks ahead of them. The first is to make sure that in the approaching referendum the law is sustained; the second, to see that in the general election in Ontario, whenever it comes, men are elected and a government is secured in sympathy with the law and who can be depended upon to secure its effective enforcement.

I cannot see how Liberal-Unionists, or the Liberals, though not Unionists, who believe that temperance and social reform are vital to the best interests of our province, can support a leader, who not only does not represent their views, but on the contrary was opposed and is opposed to their war and temperance policies.

You have asked also as to what should be the attitude of the Liberals in Durham county who supported the Union government towards the approaching convention in August and toward the continuance of the Union government, and you have intimated that the Liberals who supported me in the last election are anxious for an indication of my views at this time.

An Anti-Union Party.

In reference to the proposed convention in August, as you are aware, it was not called by the Liberal members of the house of commons, but by Mr. McKenzie as leader of that section of the Liberals opposed to the Union government. As you are no doubt aware, of the 132 Liberals elected to the house of commons fifty were elected as supporters of the Union government and eighty-two opposed, and of the sixty-nine Liberals elected to the house of commons outside of the province of Quebec, 49 were supporters of the Union government. Of the 52 Liberals elected west of the Ottawa river, 42 were supporters of the Union government and ten opposed.

The Liberals in the house of commons who supported the Union government were not and are not parties to the calling of the proposed convention. You will, therefore, see that the convention is not a convention of the Liberal party, but a convention called by a section of the party that was hostile to the war policy of the Union government and to the Union government itself. While no doubt some Liberals who supported the Union government will attend, the convention will not be in a position to represent to speak for the Liberals who supported the Union government.

The Liberal Unionists must decide for themselves, irrespective of the action of the August convention, the course they should pursue in the light of the same high considerations of national duty, which guided them when they joined in forming and supporting a Union government.

People's Mandate for Union.

As to the continuance of the Union government, a brief review of the present situation will, I think, be the best answer to your inquiry. In the election in December, 1917, 153 members were elected as supporters of the Union government and 82 as supporters of the opposition of the Union government supporters, 103 were Conservatives and 50 Liberals. There can be no question that the present parliament was elected to support a Union government and not a party government of either side, as neither party would have the right to form an administration to carry on a government of the country for the remainder of the present parliamentary term. If a Union government should be dissolved, there can be no question there should be an immediate general election.

Quite apart from other considerations, therefore, the Union government must carry on or we must have a general election. So far as I am aware, neither the friends nor the opponents of the government desire to see a general election at the present time. In fact, so general was this view that the government, with the approval of both sides of the house, did not proceed with a general franchise set this session, and there is now no general franchise act in force upon which a general election could properly be held. The act passed this last session was simply a temporary measure to cover by-elections.

Several measures of first rank importance in the interests of the country which were introduced in parliament by the Union government at the recent session have not yet passed into law, and the Union government cannot relieve itself from responsibility for dealing with those matters.

Still Much Work to Do.

The report of the industrial commission appointed by the present government is now before the government for consideration, and the government has promised to call a conference, including provincial and federal authorities, employers and employees, to consider this report and the action which should be taken thereon, in order to establish better and more permanent relations between employer and employee and capital and labor in Canada.

The peace treaties which are to bring the war to an end have not yet been ratified, and the war is not officially terminated and will not be officially terminated until some time after the August convention. It is quite clear, therefore, that the task for which the Union government was formed and the platform on which it was elected has not yet been carried into effect.

If it is the duty of the government to carry on, it can only do so by the support of the Liberal-Unionists in the house. If it is the duty of the Liberal-Unionists in the house to support the Union government, is it not equally the duty of the men and women throughout Canada who voted in favor of Union government, to support that government in carrying out the policies so urgently needed in this period of reconstruction?

Yours faithfully,

N. W. ROWELL.

W. J. Davison, Esq.,
Port Hope, Ont.

MILLION AND A HALF ARMENIANS KILLED

TORONTO—"The only hope for Armenia, as I see it, is fo America to assume mandatory rights over it." said Rev. S. T. Bartlett, who has just returned from passing through Armenia with the Armenian Relief commission, of which he is a member.

"There are only two nations who can do it, the United States and Great Britain, and Great Britain seems to have her hands full just now.

"A conservative estimate of those killed or dead as a result of atrocious treatment at the hands of Turkey, would be a million and a half, and there are now more than 250,000 Armenian orphans. The work for the future must continue along lines of physical relief for the refugees. Millions must be spent in food and clothing."

Rev. Mr. Bartlett relates some terrible stories of massacres, and declares that the massacres were "an official, scientific, systematic well-organized scheme to exterminate a nation" and he has no doubt German's hand was in it.

CONDUCTOR GIVEN $65,000 BECAUSE OF BROKEN NECK

Cumberland, Md.—J. Walter Widmeyer, conductor on the Western Maryland railway, Hagerstown, was awarded $65,000 damages recently by a jury in a removed suit against the United States railway administration for a broken neck sustained when brushed from his train by a projection from a car on an adjoining track. Widmeyer, it is claimed, is in such condition that the least jar or a fall may cause death.

Major John A. McIntosh, D.S.O., a returned officer, has been appointed postmaster at Galt.

STRICT LIBEL LAWS IN CONTINENTAL COUNTRIES

MONTREAL.—Although the artist and the author cannot carry on their profession exactly as they like in this country, they need have little fear of imprisonment. In some continental countries, however, libel laws are exceptionally strict, and the writer and the caricaturist are often arrested and sentenced to terms of imprisonment.

Some years ago a soldier named Adolph Wagner, while serving a sentence in the military prison at Halle, passed his time in drawing, and one of his sketches was a caricature of the monarch of the Huns. When this was brought before the authorities he was charged with libeling his emperor and was brought before a judge, who sentenced him to three and a half years' imprisonment.

An Alsatian artist, Hansi, was once condemned by the high court of Leipzig to one year's imprisonment for sedition in connection with caricatures in a nursery book. He seized the opportunity of regaining freedom which presented itself and fled to France, where he decided to remain rather than surrender to the malevalent German authorities.,

An artist in Russia illustrated a book of fairy tales, and the authorities ordered the whole edition of the book to be confiscated and destroyed because one of the pictures portrayed the assassination of an emperor. The artist, indignant, saved a few copies of the work and distributed them among his friends. Information of his action in this respect reached the authorities, and for this he was sentenced to a term of imprisonment.

Some itme before the war Doctor Erich Zepler and Herr Karl Schmidt, two Berlin journalists, were each sentenced in the criminal courts to six weeks' detention in a fortress for libelling the crown prince of Germany by comparing him to a "sentimental 'flapper' of the high nobility." The incriminating article was a burlesque of the crown prince's farewell order to his Danzig regiment, and it took the form of an effusive farewell letter from a "flapper" to the other girls at a boarding school.

The Berlin authorities, in pursuance of the law concerning insults to the German monarch, ordered the confiscation of Upton Sinclair's book entitled "The Industrial Republic," while the late George Griffith did not please the Russian government when he wrote "The Angel of the Revolution." The situation in the story was far from flattering to the administration of the tsar, and the author learned, after the book had been confiscated and destroyed by the police in Russia he might have considerable difficulty in getting back to England. He did not, however, afford the authorities a chance of retaining him.

Nicholas Morosoff, the author of important researches in chemical and physical science, was condemned to imprisonment in a Russian fortress for one year for having written and published a little book of poems which the government considered a danger to the country. It is interesting to know that in 1881 Morosoff was condemned to penal servitude for life for spreading socialistic ideas by means of his books. He spent four years in the ill-famed fortress of Saints Peter and Paul, and for twenty-one years has was cruelly incarcerated in the "stone sacks" of the terrible Schlusselberg.

A young French naval officer wrote a book which told some ugly stories about the service of which he was a member. No sooner was the book on the market than the author lost his commission, was insulted by his former comrades, and abused by the French press. He was forced to fight his messmates and he took part as a principal in five separate duels within a month.—Family Herald.

WHO WON THE WAR?

The war has been won by the heroism of France, who gained time for us to prepare, whose armies were foremost in the fight, and whose general was chosen for the supreme command by all the allies; by the devotion of Belgium, who was ready to sacrifice everything but her immortal soul; by the nobility of Italy, who in one of the darkest hours came to our aid; by the immense efforts of the United States, who entered the war at that critical time when Russia failed, and whose troops at Chateau Thierry, in the breaking of the Hindenburg line and in the Argonne won such laurels last year. It has been won by the patience, tenacity and faith of the British people and of the splendid soldiers from home and the dominions, whom them sent into the field. We chose, when the hour of decision came, to risk all we had for freedom. "We must be free or die." And we fought at the last, with all our strength—in every element, sparing no sacrifice.—London Daily Mail.

Winnipeg city council passed estimates amounting to $350,000 for local improvements.

THE LEOPARD'S SPOTS

We cannot contract out of Nature nor can we escape either death or destruction merely because it is "unthinkable." Germany, under whatever world system, will still be Germany—and the danger is that our statesmen, who are sadly ignorant both of history and human nature, should be tempted to believe that by some miracle all history may be reversed, and the Prussian lie down with the Frenchman.—London Morning Post.

OUR "PRINCESS" RINGS

range in price from $150 to $450. We can, of course, mount special rings of the same style at much higher or lower prices.

Birks' Diamonds, whether mounted in rings, brooches, pendants, earrings or pins, are always of the highest grade.

We can serve you by mail just as pleasurably as though you shopped in person—try us.

Birks

Columbia Dry Cells

Just received a fresh stock in both the REGULAR AND IGNITION CELLS. Can supply you in dozen or barrel lots.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF DOMINION AUTO TIRES, INNER TUBES, PATCHES, RADIATOR CEMENT, RELINERS, ETC. ALSO THE OVERLAND BICYCLE, in 22in. and 24in. frames. Bicycle Tires, Inner Tubes and Repairs.

MOTOR OILS AND CUP GREASE.

Mail Orders receive prompt attention.

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Vernon Street, Nelson, B. C.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING MATERIAL KEPT IN STOCK

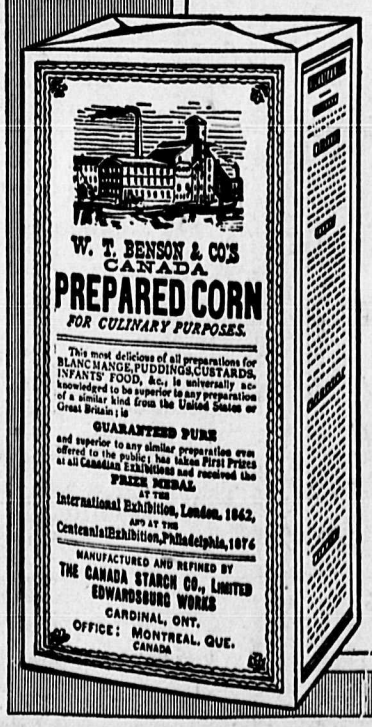
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. BOX 184. PHONE 178

BENSON'S Corn Starch

Pie Fillings!



A little Benson's Corn Starch should be introduced into juicy fruit pies, such as rhubarb, cherry, etc., to prevent running over.

Orange Cream Pie (see Recipe below) is not difficult to make and will prove a happy addition to your dessert recipes.

Serve custards, blanc mange, sauces, gravies, cakes and puddings made with Benson's Corn Starch. *Write for booklet.*

PIE CRUST

Take ½ cup flour with ½ cup of Benson's Corn Starch, ½ teaspoonful baking powder, 2 tablespoonfuls of Mazola, or butter, ½ cup of cold water, ½ teaspoonful salt.

Sift flour, corn starch, and baking powder in a bowl, add shortening, rub fine through flour, add last water and salt. Turn onto board, roll lengthwise till smooth and use as desired.

ORANGE CREAM PIE

Place in saucepan over the fire, 1 tablespoonful Benson's Corn Starch, ½ cup water, ½ tablespoonful of sugar and 1 tablespoonful of Lily White Corn Syrup. Boil five minutes. Remove from fire; add yolks of two eggs, ¼ rind of an orange, and juice of one orange and ½ lemon; mix well.

Line greased pie pan with very thin pie crust, brush out with beaten egg, and sprinkle with bread crumbs. Pour in above mixture and bake in medium oven till crust is light brown.

Beat the whites of the eggs very, very stiff; add one tablespoonful of powdered sugar. Arrange by spoonfuls on top of pie and set in hot oven to brown a nice color. Serve cold.

The Canada Starch Co. Limited
Montreal

222

NEW POTATOES

3 lbs. for	25c
Celery, per lb.	15c
Green Peas, per lb.	10c
Wax Beans, per lb.	10c
Broad Beans, per lb.	10c
Green Onions, 9 lbs. for	5c
Beets, 3 lbs. for	10c
Carrots, 3 lbs. for	10c
New Cabbage, per lb.	10c
Cauliflower 10c, 15c, 20c.	25c
Tomatoes, per lb.	40c
Cucumbers, each	25c
Canteloupes, each	25c
Grape Fruit, 2 for	25c

Star Grocery

PHONE 16

BLISTERED

If you need something more than talcum —you need KORA-KONIA. Because KORA-KONIA, while possessing all the soothing qualities of talcum, has additional medicinal and antiseptic qualities that protect and heal. Don't go away this summer without KORA-KONIA. Don't stay at home without it.

MENNEN'S KORA-KONIA

227

COLEMAN TO CELEBRATE.

COLEMAN, Alta., July 27.—Coleman and the surrounding towns will celebrate here on Labor day. That was definitely decided at a well attended and highly enthusiastic meeting held last evening. The Great War Veterans of Lethbridge will run an excursion to Coleman on that day and the veterans of Blairmore, Frank, Bellevue and Hillcrest will lend their full support. It is some years since Coleman had a real live, gingery celebration and it is the intention of the citizens that this one will top the mark not only for the town but for the Crow's nest pass. As the meeting recently financial and sports committees were appointed and it is expected that at another public meeting to be held shortly full particulars will be announced and a detailed program will be given out.

CASCADE ITEMS.

CASCADE, July 27.—P. G. Loesch is visiting his brother in Denver, Colo. W. S. Phillips left Thursday night for a business trip to Nelson.

W. B. Thompson left on Thursday for Enderby.

C. F. Hansen and family of Hunters, Wash., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. A. M. Gebelt has returned to her home at Twin Falls, Idaho, after a lengthy visit with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Thompson left Wednesday for Seattle, via Spokane.

Miss Harriette Lavender has returned from New Westminster, where she was attending St. Anne's academy. Her cousin, Miss Hamel, came with her on a visit.

Pittsburg voters approved a $22,000,000 bond issue, part of which will be used to build the first section of a highway.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Kill them all, and the germs too. 10c a packet at Druggists, Grocers and General Stores.

THE BIG SHOE CLEAN-UP

Goes Merrily On

IF YOU HAVE NOT TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF THIS OPPORTUNITY TO BUY SOME CHEAP SHOES, NOW IS YOUR CHANCE

MEN'S MAHOGANY CALF OXFORDS— Neolin Soles	$6.85
BLACK CALF OXFORDS— Neolin Soles	$6.85
BROWN CANVAS BOOOTS— Regular $4.00, for	$3.15
MEN'S BROWN, BLACK or WHITE ELK WORK SHOES— Goodyear welt. Regular $6.00 goods, for	$4.85

WOMEN'S PATENT HIGH CUT—With Fawn Cloth top. Reg. $10.00 Shoes for $7.35

BOYS' BROWN CANVAS BOOTS—Leather sole. Sizes 1 to 5. Per pair $2.35

SAME IN YOUTHS— Sizes 11 to 13 $1.95

SANDALS

Sizes 4 to 7½— Per pair	$1.15, $1.20
Sizes 8 to 10½—Pair	$1.25, $1.35, $2.10
Sizes 11 to 2— Per pair	$1.55, $2.45

WOMEN'S BUTTON BOOTS

In GUN METAL, KID and PATENT LEATHER— For	$3.85
WOMEN'S BUTTON BOOTS— For	$2.95
WOMEN'S WHITE CANVAS BOOTS For	$2.95, $3.35, $3.65

R. ANDREW & CO.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION

LAST WEEK OF

July Clearance Sale

JUST FOUR DAYS LEFT IN WHICH TO SECURE SOME OF THESE SEASONABLE GOODS AT SALE PRICES—

Novelty Striped Silk at $1.39 a Yard

Fifty yards only of striped Tussah Silk, suitable for Blouses, Dresses, etc. Is full 36 inches wide and comes in Blue, Green and Tan stripes on White ground. Regular value $1.75. JULY SALE PRICE $1.39

Fancy Plaid Poplins at $1.95 a Yard

Only 15 yards of this Plaid Silk Poplin,a splendid material for Skirts or Dresses. Full 36 inches wide. Regular value $2.50. JULY SALE PRICE, per yard $1.95

Oxford Shirtings at 39c Yard

Splendid quality Oxford, excellent for men's shirts or boys' wash suits. Light grounds with stripes of different colors. Width 28 inches. JULY SALE PRICE, per yard 39c

KIDDIES' DRESSES AT 49c EACH

Print or Chambray Dresses for little tots up to 4 years only, a variety of styles and colors to choose from. Worth twice the money we ask for them. JULY SALE PRICE, each 49c

Women's Pongee Silk Blouses at $3.79

Smartly tailored Pongee Silk Blouses, with convertible collars and long sleeves. Splendid Washing Blouses. JULY SALE PRICE, each $3.79

STRIPED POPLIN SUITINGS 39c YARD

Three hundred yards of these goods. Have White grounds with narrow stripes in a variety of colors. Width 28 inches. JULY SALE PRICE, per yard 39c

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

Kootenay and Boundary

NAKUSP BANQUETS RETURNED SOLDIERS

NAKUSP, July 27. — On Friday evening the largest and one of the best banquets ever held in Nakusp was given in honor of the Nakusp returned soldiers, who were publicly and warmly welcomed home by their friends. Fully 200 sat down to tables tastefully decorated and loaded with all the good things the favorable season could supply. Of this number about 60 were men who had sacrificed much and suffered a great deal while serving their country at the front. The matter of a feast had been in the minds of the ladies for some time, and the preparations were in every way well worked out. Printed invitations were mailed all soldiers and their families, and the entire spread was donated by the public.

The toast list was a brief one . W. M. Blackstock, who was toastmaster, in proposing "The King," explained the object of the banquet and in well chosen words welcomed the Nakusp contingent back to their homes. Dr. McLean proposed the toast to "The War Veterans," which was responded to by Capt. Leary and Lieut. W. F. Waterfield. F. W. Jordan proposed to "The Gallant Dead," and Capt. Schofield in a rattling good speech proposed "The Ladies." Three of the speakers made jocular reference to the uniqueness of the banquet, in that it was a "dry" one—the toasts being heartily drunk to with empty cups! Some professed their inability to express themselves as they would like to, for there was something lacking to create their enthusiasm. These remarks brought forth considerable laughter and applause. Cigarettes were served. The Rev. J. S. Allen offered grace before meal and the banquet, which was followed by a brand ball, was brought to a close with the singing of the National Anthem. Mrs. Blackstock presided at the piano.

Among those who came from outside to the banquet were Capt. Schofield and Mr. Hudson of Fosthall, Sergt-Major Craft and Mr. Burling of Needles, Mr. Hall of Graham's Landing.

John Feeney, one of the "youngest" of Arrow Lakes soldiers, and who has been overseas some years, returned on Monday and proceeded to Needles. He was given the glad hand by many of his old-time acquaintances at the wharf. Mr. Feeney was a pioner timber cruiser on the Arrow Lakes.

George Battersall of Nakusp returned on the same steamer.

Safe in War—Hurt at Home.

To return from the front after about four years, facing the greatest dangers, and returning to Nakusp on Monday without a mark, and to be seriously injured the very next day was the sad experience of H. D. Garton on Tuesday here. He had arrived on the Bonnington with J. Feeney and was heartily welcomed back to Nakusp by his many friends. On Tuesday he visited his ranch near West Demars, and while going over a log viewing his property, he fell off and dislocated his elbow and fractured his forearm badly. He came for medical aid to Nakusp, suffering acute pain, and was attended by Dr. McLean. On Wednesday Dr. Gomm's services were called in and the patient placed under anesthetics.

Mr. Garton, at the outbreak of the war, tried to enlist in various Canadian battalions, but was rejected. He then travelled to England at his own expense and was received into the army and served in various capacities at the front. He is now resting easily.

Capt. Leary's tug Erin Boy, transferred from the Kootenay to the Arrow lake, made her first entry into port here on Thursday night, towing a boom of poles. She had an eventful trip from Robson to Nakusp, meeting a series of mishaps, but will soon be placed in good running shape.

A barge load of about 10 cars of telegraph poles has arrived at Nakusp from Makinson's Landing, the shipper being William Graham. They go to a Calgary firm.

Peace was celebrated in Nakusp by a feast to the children at the opera house on Saturday evening, when a large number of children had a good time. One or two private picnics were also held.

The tourist season is on in earnest and the steamer Bonnington is crowded every trip with sight-seers from the United States, who make a round trip on the lake, and are delighted with the scenery.

F. W. Jordan made a trip in his launch to his home at Edgewood over the peace holidays.

The striking Windsor carmen rejected the offer of 50 cents maximum made by the Ontario Railway board, which took over the S. W. & A. Ry, system in the morning.

ROADS TOO ROUGH TO MOVE PATIENT

FORT STEELE, July 27.—Mrs. A. Lucas left for Calgary on Wednesday morning from Cranbrook to join her husband there. Later they expect to take a trip by motor launch north of Peace River Crossing on a holiday. She will be greatly missed by the many friends she has made here during her stay the past winter, with her sister, Mrs. Cann.

R. L. T .Galbraith, Indian agent, left on Monday for Athalmer in connection with affairs in his department. He returned on Wednesday. The water rights party accompanied him, returning on Wednesday also.

Mrs. Butt, who has been at Rankin's camp, north of Fort Steele, for some time, contracted typhoid fever and was brought into Steele. A doctor was called from Cranbrook and after examination wished to take her to the hospital at Cranbrook. Owing to the rough roads between the two towns it was not considered advisable to try to take her even in the ambulance and a wait till next train day was decided on. She left on Wednesday having to take a train journey of 51 miles, whereas, if the roads had been what they ought, an auto ride of 12 miles would have sufficed. It is to be hoped that any future cases of sickness occur on train days until the roads are fixed at least.

Tuesday evening Mrs. Galbraith entertained a number of friends to a farewell party to Mrs. Lucas, who left for Calgary the next morning. A very enjoyable evening was spent in cards and dancing.

Thursday M. T. Jones arrived from Cranbrook to relieve J R. Blumenauer, C. P. R. agent here, for three weeks or so. Mr. Jones is an ex-American wireless man having just been released a short time ago. He will be joined by his wife in the course of a few days.

Owing to the fact that one of Mr. Worden's truck wheels went through the Kootenay bridge at Fort Steele, there is an exhibition of the most remarkable repairs in this spot that we have seen for some time. Embossed is the nearest definition that occurs at present, but as th's can be nothing but temporary, no great kick is coming, as for the present at least it is safe.

Work is going ahead steadily on the placer claims of the Wild Horse Dredging company and the Gamble Mining company, both situated on the Wild Horse creek. The Gamble company made a short test clean-up some time ago which was very satisfactory.

NEW DENVER ITEMS

NEW DENVER, July 25.—A very successful demonstration to celebrate peace took place in New Denver on Saturday, when a large crowd gathered at the Government square in the evening, under the auspices of Marshall W. Tomlinson, a procession was formed up headed by Piper Gunn and including in order the returned soldiers, town band, children, fraternal societies and general public, and marched through the main streets of the town. At the Bank of Montreal a halt was called and the Victory loan flag with its four crowns was hoisted amidst loud cheers and the singing of the National Anthem. Messrs. C. F. Nelson, M.P.P., and J. B. Smith made appropriate speeches. The procession then reformed and continued its way to the Bosun hall, where a good program had been prepared for the evening. Speeches were delivered by Mr. Nelson (chairman), Mr. Webber (representing the Knights of Pythias) and the Rev. D. Scott. The thanksgiving prayer was offered by Rev. A. J. Mitchell. Mrs. McLeod White contributed three recitations and Mesdames Campbell and Colgraves aided with the music. The feature of the evening was the distribution of letters of appreciation and of medals to the returned men by Mr. Smith and Mrs. Campbell.

The letters read as follows: "At the request of the citizens of New Denver and on their behalf, we hereby express their deep appreciation of the noble, voluntary and self-sacrificing rendered by you in the Great War of 1914-1918 for the preservation of honor among the nations, the rights of humanity and in defence of the liberties of the world. We rejoice that by the blessing of Almighty God your heroic efforts have been crowned with victory, and that you have been spared to return to your loved ones and friends again. We extend to you a very cordial welcome home and trust that all prosperity may be yours in the coming years."

The medals were of gold and were inscribed with the names of the men. The recipients were McLeod White, A. L. Levy, J. H. Burgess, H. G. Gunn, W. K. Gunn, M. N. Kennedy, Cecil Dawson, Hubert McInnes, Richard Shannon, F. Webber, G. Trickett, F. Crosby, E. Nelson, B. Nelson, N. Peters, H. Blumenauer, C. Harris, D. Trickett, F. Burgess, G. Davis, T. Y. Hebron, A. Strickland, C. Vallance, J. Burkitt. It is a noteworthy fact that all the men who enlisted from New Denver have returned in safety and that two, Lieuts. Levy and B. Nelson, received decorations for their work at the front.

On Wednesday a united church service was held in the Anglican church and was well attended. The Rev. G. B. Hall conducted the service, Rev. A. J. Mitchell (Presbyterian) preached and Rev. D. Scott (Methodist) offered prayer.

On Sunday, Dr. Fred Auld, of Honan, China, conducted service for the Presbyterian church, giving an account of his work in China and also with the Chinese troops in France.

A very warm welcome was accorded to Lieut. B. Nelson, M.C., who returned from overseas bringing his bride with him. Mrs. B. Nelson is a native of Perth, Scotland.

W. Eccles, who was severely hurt at the Bosun mine, is now making good progress towards recovery.

J. Jewett, the C.P.R. agent, was taken seriously ill suddenly at the depot on Wednesday morning, and was taken to the Slocan hospital.

Dr. McLean of Nakusp is in town, having brought A. Garten for examination under the X-rays. The latter is suffering with a broken arm.

After many delays the much needed road from New Denver to Sandon is now being surveyed on the north side of Carpenter creek, and there now seems a prospect of its being put through before fall.

The funeral of Alick Forest, who was lost on the trail from the Mountain Conn mine to Cody last November, whilst proceeding for assistance for an injured comrade, took place on Wednesday. The body was found amongst the snow some 500 feet from the starting place. He had evidently fallen from the trail and struck his head against a rock.

J. C. Bolander left town this week for California.

Coy. John Wise was given a public reception at Halifax city hall.

HALCYON NOTES.

HALCYON, July 27.—The Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, Ottawa, was here for a day this week, and expects to return with Mrs. Mackintosh next month for a stay of some time.

Miss Margaret Erskine Moir, Dundee, Scotland, who has been traveling around the world during the war, spent two days here this week.

W. J. Warrington, Winnipeg, left this morning much benefited by his week's rest.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Ferrier, Kenora, Ont., were here for two days on their way to Vancouver to make their home there.

Mrs. J. H. Webster and Miss Eva Webster, Creston, and M. Adams, Trail, arrived on Thursday.

ROCK CREEK NEWS.

ROCK CREEK, July 27.—Major F. E. Glossop presented the site on which the Kettle Valley school is erected. At the annual school meeting the following trustees were elected: Rock Creek, J. Lindsay and O. Wheeler, trustees; Ed Madge, auditor; at Kettle Valley, J. Walker and J. Madge, trustees; Mrs. Shillcock, auditor.

The following men who left Rock Creek for military service have returned: Major F. E. Glossop, Commander Lewis, Captain King, Captain Desmazes, D. Hamilton, D. Terhune, R. Tebord, Ed Stiles, F. Evans, W. Jones, J. Lamping, H. Tanner, H. Madge, R. Rsuch, A. Johnson, Eric Berg, E. Berg, W. Walker, C. Eaton, R. Morris, J. McKelvie, Ed Hatch, J. Bruce, A. Rouch J. Priestley.

GRAND FORKS ITEMS

GRAND FORKS, JULY 27.—D. J. McDonald of Boundary Falls was a Grand Forks visitor Saturday.

Walton Vant, who has been visiting with his father, E. Vant, for two months, returned to Nelson on Saturday night's train.

The Consolidated mill at Lynch Creek is now running day and night treating the ore from the Rock Candy mine. Forty-eight tons of Concentrate were shipped to the Trail smelter last week and 76 tons this week.

Mrs. F. W. Reid went to Lynch Creek this week to spend the summer with her husband, who is working at the Rock Candy concentrator.

Frank Haverty, recently returned from overseas, has resumed work at the Jeff Davis & Co. store.

C. A. Boyington, for several years manager of the P. Burns & Co. meat market, returned Thursday from a three weeks' visit to Everett, Wash., where he will take charge of the company's store.

Everbearing strawberries are again on the market. They are of large size and delicious flavor and retail at 20 cents.

The Province mine at Greenwood is gradually increasing its force. About 25 men are now being employed.

Bert Lane of Greenwood has rented the Wright cottage on Third street. He will move his family here Monday.

Miss Kingston, matron of the General hospital at Red Deer, Alberta, spent several days in the city visiting her cousin, Dr. Kingston.

Gateway Lodge, No. 45, I. O. F., at their regular meeting Thursday evening installed officers as follows: J. B. McDonald, district deputy grand master, being installing officer noble grand; H. H. Henderson, vice-grand; W. J. Pearson, treasurer; W. C. Chalmers, financial secretary; J. B. McDonald, warden; C. F. Wolfrain, chaplain; John A. Hutton, conductor; W. O. Easton, R. S. N. G.; B. D. Logan, L. S. N. G.; Fred Brereton, R. S. V. G.; C. D. Pearson, L. S. V. G.; J. J. Moyboer, inner guard; S. J. Baker, outer guard; Donald McCallum.

F. M. Erskine, C.P.R. conductor at Rosebery, is spending a few days with his family.

Mrs. J. B. Cook and son left Sunday on a month's visit with friends at Vancouver.

TRAIL YOUNG MEN WOULD FORM CLUB

TRAIL, July 27.—A meeting was held on Monday evening by a number of the young men of Trail for the purpose of discussing ways and means of forming a young men's club, in view of the entire absence of anything of the kind at present in the city. It was proposed to rent a good sized building and furnish and equip it as the requirements and means should warrant. Those present thought that a membership of fifty could be secured to start and that the number could be doubled in three months.

The opinion was expressed that even if the fees should amount to five or ten dollars per month for each member the majority would find it less expensive than the present haphazard and extravagant way that many of them are spending their evenings.

The one-time proposed memorial building scheme was brought up, but doubt was expressed as to the final outcome as nothing has been done for some time, as far as could be ascertained. After some further discussion it was decided to look further into the plan before calling another meeting.

Local Items

The members of the Catholic church held a very enjoyable picnic at Mr. Kavic's ranch.

R. Laughton of Trail, formerly of Nelson, left to spend a short holiday in Nelson.

The I. O. D. E. held a garden party at the home of Mr. Merry on Wednesday afternoon and evening. The weather was perfect and a most enjoyable time was enjoyed by all. There was quite a large crowd took advantage of the Wednesday half holiday and attended the party.

W. Attwood, formerly on the staff of the C. H. & S. Co., has returned from overseas.

Mrs. Hurley and daughter, Stella, leave for the old country on Thursday, July 24th.

The fires north of the city are burning extensively. The fire has practically crossed the road between Rossland and Trail.

Mr. McIlwains of Grand Forks is temporary in charge of the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

W. Donaldson left this morning for Seattle.

Harvey's greater ministrels played before a full house at the Liberty theatre last week.

Miss Violet Dalton, private secretary for J. J. Warren, left on Wednesday, July 23, to spend a couple of months' vacation at her home in England.

Miss Smilley of the Bank of Montreal left Wednesday night to spend a month's vication in New York with Miss P. B. Hustwayte.

Quite a large number came down from Rossland last week to see the minstrel show at the Liberty.

GENEROUS ENGLAND.

LONDON.—At a recent auction there changed hands some mementoes of a very accentric man known in the early part of the last century as the "Wandering Piper."

This man in private life was the son of Sir Joshua Stewart, and the souvenirs included a portrait and some remarkable documents.

After serving at Waterloo, this curious character entered into a wager of £5000 with a certain Count Bender, a former schoolfellow, that in order to test the hospitality of various countries they should proceed in disguise, the "Piper" through Great Britain and the count fiddling his way through France and Belgium.

The campaign was to have lasted three years, but the count gave up the contest, having only collected £340, as against the Scotsman's £7000 in England alone.—Tit-Bits.

A California woman obtained a divorce on the testimony that her husband bought her only two dresses in 17 years.

Dr. Williams Fly and Insect Destroyer

Spray your Cattle and Horses with it and Flies and Mosquitoes will pass them by.

It is perfectly harmless and easy of application.

Use it on your Milk Cows and increase the milk supply.

Put up in 1-gal. cans. Price, $1.75 per can.

Taylor Milling & Elev. Co.

General News of the City

BEAR CREEK FIRE DROWNED BY PUMP

Hard Fight on Upper Tributary of Sheep—Rain in Lardeau—Prowd's Challenge

A fire on Bear creek which was extinguished, rain in the Lardeau which damped the fires there, the LaFrance creek fire nearly out, the extinction of Nelson's local fire on Evening Mountain and better conditions all round, so far as reported, are the salient features of the fire situation in the Kootenay district, which is the best record for some days.

Mine Crews Take Hand

The Bear creek fire, that stream being one of the higher tributaries of Sheep creek, started Friday in dead timber, but was in a position to threaten valuable green timber in the neighborhood. Mine crews from the Nugget, Queen and Emerald mines, and a gang from Salmo, first took the fire in hand and were later re-enforced by the forestry pump, which had previously figured on Robertson creek and on the north fork of the Salmon.

Twenty-one hours after the pump started the fire was completely drowned out. "The pump is the pure dope," said R. W. Mifflin, of the Emerald mine, describing the fire last night. "It is worth 100 men." As a result of its recent strenuous use, the pump, though still workable, needs minor repairs, and the necessary parts have been wired for.

Evening Mountain Downed

Saturday night saw the finishing touches put on Nelson's fire on Evening mountain, by the gang working under E. B. Prowd, district forester, who, after the resignation of his assistant ranger superintended this particular fight himself. A man is still patrolling the fire line, and will be kept on that job until there is no possibility of the fire resurrecting.

"To those Doubting Thomases who have been suggesting that I didn't want to put this fire out earlier in order that Nelson should have a fire scare," said Mr. Prowd last night, "I would like to point out that they have now, right at their doors, the opportunity of a lifetime to see what a fire line really looks like. I am willing to conduct these parties over the fire line, and to each one who walks over the line in one hour I will part with a dollar."

Kootenay Lake Better

Rains in the Lardeau and over the northern section of Kootenay lake so improved conditions in that territory that A. M. Black, the ranger in charge, was able to withdraw 25 men from Little Fry creek yesterday, and send them, by Cogle's tug from Proctor, to LaFrance creek. Subsequent word from LaFrance creek, brought in by the Nasookin, reports that fire dying down. Meantime there is a crew of 10 men still working on Murphy creek, on an offshoot of the Little Fry fire, and two men are patrolling at Adamant.

The fires in the Salmon river area are under control.

Reports have not been received from the Boundary.

C.P.R. section gangs handled a small fire that broke out near Blueberry, on the Rossland division, on Saturday.

HARVEY'S GREATER MINSTRELS SCORE FURTHER SUCCESS

Playing to a crowded matinee and ending with another packed house on Saturday evening, the Harvey Greater Minstrels made hosts of friends, who will watch for a return engagement.

Fun, music, magic, catchy songs and hits of wit and wisdom, intermingled with dancing and choruses by Creole beauties gorgeously attired, furnished an ideal show and, as on the previous evening, the orchestra enlivened the performance by its splendid renditions. The band gave a concert in the afternoon and evening, which was enjoyed by all.

STEAMERS CRASH IN PACIFIC

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—As the result of a collision at some time during last night the steamers Frank H. Buck and Bradford are limping back to this port in a badly damaged condition, according to wireless dispatches received here this morning at the marine department of the chamber of commerce.

THE NAME

Alvin E. Perkins

with the 30 years' valuable factory and other experience, stands for positively the best in the profession of

TUNING and REPAIRING OF PIANOS

Honesty of purpose and conscientious workmanship, and strongly endorsed by the best authority in Canada, piano manufacturers who are positively particular where they put their signature, is proof of superior ability.

As follows: Heintzman & Co., Morris & Karn Co., Gourlay Piano Co., Dominion Piano Co., Newcombe Piano Co., Fletcher Bros., Gerhard Heintzman House, Prof. J. D. A. Tripp, Vancouver, Mason & Risch Co., and soliciting business on superior workmanship only.

ATTENTION—Mr. Perkins will be in Nelson and district soon, making his usual calls.

R. F. GREEN TO BE LUNCHEON GUEST

West Kootenay Member to Address Board of Trade at Hume Tomorrow at Noon

Nelson board of trade will give a luncheon at the Hume hotel at 12.45 o'clock tomorrow, Tuesday, to R. F. Green, M.P. for West Kootenay.

Before Mr. Green went to Ottawa to attend the recent session he was guest at a board of trade luncheon at which a number of matters of interest to the district were placed before him. He will be asked to discuss these questions at the luncheon tomorrow.

ONE BATHTUB; 1700 PEOPLE

NEW YORK, July 26.—A housing survey of a block in East Thirty-third street made for the state reconstruction commission shows one bath tub in 43 tenement houses in which live 1700 persons.

The bath tub is the property of a saloonkeeper. It is for the use of the owner and his family and comparatively few of the other 481 families on the block have even seen it. However, the fact that the bath tub is in existence is one of the neighborhood prides.

The nearest approach to bathing facilities discovered by the investigators on that particular block was a stationary wash tub, fitted up with a partition which can be lifted out on Saturday night.

The tenements on the block are far from overcrowded. There are 1573 rooms for 1793 men, women and children. Of the children, 23 are under 5 years of age. There are 29 boarders in the 462 tenanted apartments.

BOLSHEVIK FORCES ARE RETIRING UNDER PRESSURE

LONDON, July 27. — A Russian wireless message says that bolshevik military reports announce the retirement of the Bolshevik forces along the railway in the Archangel region owing to the enemy's pressure. Retirements are also reported for the same cause along the Luga road to a point about 30 miles east of Pskov, along the Pskov-Pollotsk railway, to two miles south of Pskov and in the direction of Kamanetza and Pollotsk.

"PICTURE" BRIDES COME

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Senator Phelan, of California, today announced he had submitted to the state department information he had received, showing that the Korea, a Japanese liner, had recently brought 150 "picture" or proxy brides to California for husbands who had never seen them.

PLAN DIRIGIBLE HANGAR

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Plans approved by Secretary Daniels call for the erection at Lakehurst N.J., of one of the largest dirigible hangars in the world. Construction will be started immediately with a view to completion in time to house the dirigible which the navy is to purchase abroad and bring to this country next spring.

CRUDE OIL IN CHRISTENING

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Crude oil from Oklahoma today christened the Tulsa, Hog Island's 45th ship.

The vessel, a 7,285-ton freighter, is named in honor of the response made by the citizens of the Tulsa district to the Liberty loan drive.

TROOPS FROM REGINA DUE AT WINNIPEG TODAY

WINNIPEG, July 27.—Troops who crossed the Atlantic in the steamship Regina are due to arrive here at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. Over 180 of the boys are for Winnipeg and 387 for Regina, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver.

MANY TOURISTS USE CROW ROUTE

Increasing Stream of Travel Through Glorious Kootenay—Settlers Seeking Homes.

An increasing stream of tourists passing through the city is evidence of the growing popularity of the delightful Kootenay scenery and climate, and the traffic this season shows a considerable increase over that of last year, according to Capt. William Seaman of the Nasookin. The average number of passengers on the regular run of the Crow steamer is between 70 and 80 each way. Yesterday morning the boat carried 109 passengers on the outward trip to Kootenay Landing, and about 80 on the return run.

The increased traffic is attributed partially to the return to pre-war conditions. With the easing up of the recent strict war time economy has come a loosening of the purse strings and many people are spending money on long deferred holidays. Many are taking the opportunity to come and see for themselves the "glorious Kootenay," of which Nelson is the premier city.

Not only are transient tourists flocking to the interior of British Columbia, but numerous prairie farmers with their families are arriving to take up fruit lands. It is believed that conditions prevailing recently on the prairie has been one factor in attracting agriculturists to this part of the country.

COUNT KAROLYI REPORTED TO BE PRISONER AT PRAGUE

BERLIN, July 27.—Count Karolyi, former Hungarian provisional president, with his wife and children and entire suite have been arrested and are being detained at Prague, according to the Vossische Zeitung.

A despatch received from Berlin on July 17 reported Count Karolyi's presence in Italy after he had made several attempts to leave Hungary. It was said to be his intention to go to America.

PRESENT PLATE TO PERSHING

PARIS, July 26.—(Havas)—General J. J. Pershing today was presented by the committee of France-America with an artistic plate inscribed with his historical words: "Lafayette, we are here—" uttered at the tomb of Lafayette.

TRANSPORT DUE TODAY

HALIFAX, July 27.—The steamer Winnifredian is expected to dock at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning with over 1,000 returned soldiers.

BLOW SAFE IN ICE BOX; ROBERS SLAY POLICEMAN

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 27.—Robbers today moved the safe of a down town butcher shop into an ice box, where they blew it open, and as they were escaping with $1400 shot and killed Patrolman Beaton. The robbers escaped in an automobile.

CLAIMS MISREPRESENTATION

TORONTO, July 27.—Joseph Knight, of Edmonton, a member of the general executive of the O.B.U., is in Toronto, in connection with the O.B.U. movement. He claims that misrepresentation is the keynote of the criticism hurled at the O. B. U.

OBJECT TO BIG UNION.

REGINA, July 27.—At a meeting last night the Regina Street Railway Carmen's union, by resolution, withdrew from the Regina trades and labor council, owing to the latter body having adopted the constitution of the O. B. U.

Chief of detectives says war-time prohibition has decreased crime in Chicago 50 per cent.

Corporation of the City of Nelson

The following Rules and Regulations of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, governing the use of water by the inhabitants the City and of the localities adjacent thereto, are hereby brought into force as from this date and to remain in force until further notice:—

1. The hours between which water may be used for any of the purposes following shall be as follows:

A. For the sprinkling of lawns and gardens between the hours of Six and Nine o'clock p.m.

B. For the sprinkling of Streets, Alleys and Sidewalks, between the hours of Seven and Nine o'clock a.m.

2. No person shall with a lawn sprinkler or otherwise water any adjoining or other premises to or than that for which he has paid the regular garden or lawn rate.

3. All water used for any of the above purposes shall be used by garden hose or lawn sprinkler only.

4. When any alarm of fire has sounded and during the continuance of any fire within the corporate limits of the City of Nelson, or during the progress of any fire in any of the localities adjacent thereto, any person using water for any of the purposes mentioned in Paragraph 1 hereof shall at once cease using same until such time as the fire has been extinguished.

5. Any person guilty of an infraction or violation of any of the foregoing regulations shall in addition to all other penalties imposed by the Water Rates Bylaw, be liable to have his water supply cut off without notice.

By Order,

W. E. WASSON,
City Clerk.

Nelson, B.C.,
July 17th, 1919.

WEEPING ECZEMA SOON RELIEVED

A Perfect Treatment For This Distressing Complaint

WASING, ONT.

"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema; so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times.

For four months, I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives and 'Sootha Salva' The first treatment gave me relief.

Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Sootha Salva' and two of 'Fruit-a-tives', and am entirely well"

G. W. HALL.

Both these sterling remedies are sold by dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

"Fruit-a-tives" is also put up in a trial size which sells for 25c.

Mixed Farming and Dairying Ranch

A Going Concern

We consider this an opportunity to get started right. This property consists of 150 acres—23 acres in hay, 2 acres in orchard and garden, balance splendid grazing land in best cattle raising valley in the district. The orchard consists of about 120 fruit trees, mostly apple and in full bearing, and an abundance of small fruits, raspberries, currants, grapes, etc. Plenty of water from well and creek for irrigation and domestic use. Buildings consist of 5-room house, modern barn 40x40, log barn 20x30, chicken houses, implement shed, root house, etc.

We can offer the Ranch as a going concern, including all necessary farm machinery, wagon, sleighs, mower, horse rake, cream separator, cream cans, sprayer, etc., etc. Also house furniture, stoves, chairs, tables, beds, cooking utensils, etc. The live stock at present on the property is also included—18 head cattle, 5 horses and colt, pigs, chickens, etc.; also 20 tons of hay in barn and 2nd crop coming fine. In fact, just as it stands today with the exception of the owner's personal effects, including his piano and sewing machine. We have had nothing more complete to offer in our business experience. The price is **$9000**, which we consider very low. Figure it out for yourself—Total acreage, cleared land, buildings, implements, stock, furniture, hay in barn, etc., and remember it is a going concern and a money maker.

If interested call and get full particulars.

Hugh W. Robertson

Successor to McQuarrie & Robertson
Ward St. Phone 68. Nelson, B. C.

Classified Advertising

45 PROPERTY WANTED

WANTED LISTINGS—At once, of dairy, fruit, poultry and mixed farming ranches. We have buyers waiting. Send us the full particulars of your ranch. Don't delay. Tomlinson & Dunn, 213 Lecson & Lineham Block, Phone M7552, Calgary. (3681)

29 LOST AND FOUND

PEARL-SET TIE-PIN, between Baker St. and wharf. In form of question mark. Finder return to Box 3688, Daily News. (3688)

FOUND—Gold wrist watch. Owner may have same by calling at Daily News and paying for this ad. (3683)

USE these columns if you have anything to sell or want to buy anything. A 25-word ad. costs 25c for one insertion or $1 for a week, cash in advance.

49 FARMS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Several improved farms suitable for dairying, stock raising, fruit and mixed farming. Price reasonable; terms to suit purchaser. John Graham, Perry Siding. (3398)

24 BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

GROCERY store and apartment building, well located, Calgary, rented, postoffice connected; accept $5500, or consider cash with part payment free title small fruit ranch. Box 3631, News Office. (3631)

SECOND HAND DEALERS

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon; Ph. 651 (3410)

37 BOATS AND AUTOMOBILES

WANTED—Launch in good condition. State cash price. Box 3687, Daily News. (3687)

FOR SALE—Fishing dory, 2-cylinder 4-cycle engine, reversing propeller. Splendid sea boat. Cover over cockpit. Fine boat for fishing or camping. A bargain for cash. Masters, Waterfron (3651)

CANOE FOR SALE—Splendid condition, looks like new; going cheap. Apply G. C. Boyer. Phone 401L3. (3638)

FOR SALE—One MacLaughlan-Buick Model 25 5-passenger car; first-class condition. One Harley-Davidson motorcycle. Nelson Motor Supply Co., 301 Baker St. (3603)

BOAT FOR SALE—Mahogany hull, 26 feet long, auto steering wheel, and top, wind shield and ventilators; splendid condition; going cheap for $350. Apply to H. A. Masters, Nelson. (3580)

33 FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

SOUR CHERRIES for sale, 5c lb. Supply your own pickers. Golf Club. (3685)

14 FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms and apartments. Mrs. Harwood, Starland Block. (3674)

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, $8 per month. Over Poole Drug. (3574)

FURNISHED SUITE—All conveniences. Campbell's Art Studio, 715 Baker. (3453)

FOR RENT—Rooms for men by day, week or month. Clean, comfortable. Hot and cold shower baths in connection. Y. M. C. A. (3406)

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS for rent. Apply C. W. Appleyard. (3407)

HIGH CLASS FURNISHED SUITES TO RENT—Kerr Apts. (3408)

FOR RENT—In Annable block, single rooms, two-room suites. (3409)

16 ROOM AND BOARD

WANTED—By young lady, room and board in private home; close in. Box 3673, Daily News. (3673)

19 Poultry and Eggs

FOR SALE—White Leghorn cockerels for mating or killing, from 50c up. Wallach, P. O. Box 257. Phone 499R. (3653)

20 LIVESTOCK FOR SALE

FOUR SHEEP for sale at once—Two old ewes, one spring lamb ewe, one three-year-old ram, all for $75. W. B. Meineruk, South Slocan. (3655)

FOR SALE—Heavy team of work horses, about 3000 lbs. Apply A. Hout, Crawford Bay. (3621)

FOR SALE—Grade Ayrshire heifer, fresh. T. A. Wheildon, South Slocan. (3620)

SEVEN cows for sale. See Nelson Transfer ad on back page. (3542)

FOR SALE—Pure bred Ohio Improved Chester white pigs; a few fine healthy boars and sows left. Price from $15 upwards. B. E. Church, Edgewood, B. C. (3437)

23 PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR QUICK SALE (Owner in Nelson for 10 days)—6-acre ranch on Granite road, one mile from Nelson; good 3-room house and barn;; about 1 acre cleared, with 20 fruit trees just coming in bearing. Apply Box 3675, Daily News. (3675)

FOR SALE—½ section finest Alberta wheat land, 200 acres broken. Would accept good fruit ranch with lake frontage and plenty of good registered water as first payment. Gurney, Sheerness, Alberta. (3661)

FIFTY-SEVEN acres ploughable land, fifteen cleared; good soil, water right, wagon road, convenient to school, store, postoffice. Price thirty-five hundred dollars. H. E. Dill. (3644)

FOR SALE—10 acres on West Arm; with lake front, good beach; about 7 miles from Nelson on Balfour road. Partly cleared; range for cattle. Cheap for cash. Box 3616, Daily News. (3616)

Best cash offer will be accepted for 23 acres, half improved, 1000 trees 8 to 11 years. Implements, buildings, stock, etc. Finest location on Arrow Lakes. Apply S. Hall, Burton, B.C. (3613)

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—Mrs. Wheeler has placed her fine residence at Ainsworth on the market. This is a lovely home and is connected with hot Mineral Springs, having hot mineral water bath the year round. Lovely grounds, good lawn and 10 good fruit trees, fronting on Kootenay Lake. The house is furnished throughout and as it stands cost over $7000. Mrs. Wheeler is not returning to Canada. This property can be purchased for $3500. J. E. Annable. (3575)

FOR SALE—Small poultry and dairy farm, with stock. Apply owner. J. Garbside, Cranbrook, B. C. (3509)

34 TEACHERS WANTED

TEACHER WANTED for Wanklyn School, near Cranbrook. Apply to Kenneth W. Greene, Box 384, Cranbrook, Secretary Wanklyn School Board. (3662)

WANTED—Lady teacher to take charge of Tadanac two-roomed school at Trail. Salary eighty-five dollars per month. Apply Secretary, Trail School Board. (3649)

WANTED—Assistant lady teacher for Trail High School. Apply Secretary, Trail Sch Board. (3650)

TEACHER wanted for the Alice Siding school, near Creston. Male preferred. Apply Victor Carr, Sec. School Board, Creston. (3641)

TEACHER wanted for Proctor School. Salary $960. Write F. J. Sammons, Secretary School Board. (3634)

26 MACHINERY FOR SALE

ASPINWALL potato digger and planter, also trotting cart with cycle wheels, for sale or exchange for buggy, spring tooth harrow, young stock. Reply Box 34, Nakusp. (3659)

FOR SALE—One 1⁹ h.p. gasoline engine, International Harvester model 1914. One 6½-6 air compressor; one Ingersoll Rand jack hammer, waterliner with cradle and bar; also hose, piping, air tanks, drills, set of sharpening tools, trucks, etc., etc. All in first class working condition. Everythi as it stands, two miles by wagon road from boat landing, for $750, if you act quick. C. O. Swanson, Gray Creek, B. C. (3654)

FOR SALE—A small threshing machine. Peter M. Schonberg, Perry Siding, B. C. (3556)

35 FOR RENT

TO RENT—Offices on upper floor K. W. C. block. Apply A. McDonald Co. (3446)

HOUSES FOR SALE

BUNGALOW

No. 715 Cedar St. 2 bedrooms and closet; 2 level lots. Price, $2500; terms.

BUNGALOW

2 bedrooms, etc.; stone foundation; good fruit trees; central location. Price, $2200; terms.

HOUSE—801 Latimer, 2 bedrooms, etc.; 2 corner lots; close to car. Price, $1150; terms.

HOUSE—910 Hoover St. 4 bedrooms, etc.; cement foundation; hot water heat. Price, $1600; terms.

HOUSE—416 Latimer. 2 bedrooms, etc.; 1 lot; close to car. Price, $1600; terms.

624 Carbonate St. 2 bedrooms, etc., 1 corner lot. Price, $900; terms.

First class small house on 1-3 acre in Fairview; land all cleared and cultivated. Price, $900; terms.

C. W. Appleyard
505 BAKER ST. PHONE 444

21 LIVESTOCK WANTED

WANTED—To purchase, a horse well trained to farm work, under 8 years age; also boy's riding pony. Box 3627, Daily News. (3627)

17 HOUSES WANTED

WANTED—Modern 6 or 7 roomed house, close in. Box 3618, Daily News. (3618)

44 INSURANCE

FARMERS and stockmen, insure your cows and horses against death by sickness or accident. Write for particulars and rates. H. E. Dill, Nelson. (3671)

10 MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Man for fruit and hog ranch, $65 per month and board. A. F. Adams, Kaslo. (3682)

WANTED—House painters. Steady work. Apply R. C. Carr, Cranbrook, B. C. (3680)

WANTED—Bellboy, also porter to meet trains and boats. Apply Strathcona hotel. (3679)

WANTED—Bell boy and first class clerk. Apply Strathcona hotel. (3666)

WANTED—25 pick and shovel men, Kaslo-Ainsworth road, 50c per hour. Apply L. H. Rawlings, Mirror Lake, P. O. (3648)

WANTED—Log cutters, piecework, or 3 or 4 men to take contract to take out quantity of logs per thousand. Also two men to handle lumber at the mill. Varseveld Bros. Lbr. Co., Fruitvale, B. C. (3639)

WANTED

WILL pay cash for Relaying Rails 12 to 56 pounds per yard.
NATIONAL MACHINERY CO., LTD., Vancouver, B. C. (3414)

11 FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Chambermaid for few hours daily. Apply Tremont Hotel. (3652)

WANTED—Girl or woman to help wait on table and wash dishes. Will either pay wages or arrange partnership. Apply Mrs. Swedberg, 715 Silica St., or Tremont Hotel. (3640)

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. W. O. Miller, Baker St. (3624)

WANTED—Good ladies' clothes ironer, wages $13.50 per week. Apply Kootenay Steam Laundry. (3610)

WANTED—Dining room girl; also girl for tea room. First class wages. Hume Hotel. (3459)

WANTED—Experienced hotel girl for dining room and upstairs work. Outlet Hotel, Proctor. (3415)

13 SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

FOR SALE—Two-horse potato digger, good as new. See or write E. P. Mills, Route No. 1, Nelson. (3684)

MAN who thoroughly understands all ranch work, good milker, wants permanent place. Write, giving full particulars and wages, to Box 306, Nelson, B. C. (3672)

WANTED—By experienced cook, job in mining or logging camp. Want good wages and to be well supplied. Ready to begin work Aug. 5th. Apply Box 3637, Daily News. (3637)

18 ARTICLES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Round and split cedar fence posts, float logs and poles. S. P Pond. (3622)

CHEAP FOR CASH — Stopperton piano in good condition; also Winnipeg couch, used only one week, and four-hole stove; owner leaving for east. Box 3630, News Office. (3630)

ONE POTATO digger in good working order, $20; 400 feed sacks, $40. T. J. Lloyd, New Denver, B. C. (3586)

RED MITE KILLER, pints 25c; quarts, 50c. Poultry Lice Powder, 30c. Izal Disinfecting Powder, 30c. Gopher Death, $1.75. Mosquito Oil, 35c. Fly Oil for Cattle, pints 40c. All mail orders for drugs filled promptly. Rutherford Drug Co., Nelson. (3501)

42 MATRIMONY

WOULD you marry if suited? Satisfaction guaranteed. Write Box 1305, Edmonton, Canada. (3327)

MARRY—Many rich. Particulars free. —F. Morrison, L3052 W. Holden, Seattle, Wash. (3411)

48 PERSONAL.

ADVICE on love or business. Send 50c with birth date. 102 Grange Ave., Toronto. (3628)

LADY, 42, worth $30,000, wishes to marry. C-Box 35, League, Toledo, Ohio. (3670)

22 MISCELLANEOUS—WANTED

WANTED—To buy, crown neck beer bottles, 40 cents per dozen quarts; 20 cents per dozen pints, f.o.b shipping point. Joe and John Perry, bottle dealers, Fernie, B. C. (3443)

39 SCHOOLS

THE JAMES LYON BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Spokane, Wn. Send for literature. (3561)

51 COMMISSION MERCHANTS

RANCHERS' PRODUCE sold on commission. R. G. Joy, Box 637 Nelson, B. C. (3412)

Business and Professional Directory

HOSPITALS

Private Hospital
LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT.
We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms, inspection invited. Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.
THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B.C.
Phone 372 for Appointment.
P. O. Box 772. (3417)

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Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C. (3418)

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STANDARD FURNITURE COMPANY—C. J. Carlson, Undertaker. Undertakers and Embalmers and Funeral Directors. The finest and most up-to-date undertaking parlors and chapel in interior B. C. Lady attendant for women and children. Day Phone 85. Night Phone 252 and 64. (3421)

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E. W. WIDDOWSON, Box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges. (3422)

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GRIZZELLE'S GREENHOUSES, Nelson. Cut flowers and floral designs (3423)

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Nelson, B.C.
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
B.C., Alberta and Dominion LAND SURVEYORS
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Hydraulic Engineer,
Provincial Land Surveyor,
Baker St., Nelson, B.C. (3425)

A. D. NASH,
Mining Engineer,
Consultations, Explorations, Development Reports.
Room 2, Royal Bank Bldg., Nelson (3426)

GEARY & JOHNSTONE,
Mining and Metallurgical Engineers
Consultation, Examinations, Reports
Estimates, Design of Mining and Metallurgical Plants.
Aberdeen Building, Nelson, B.C.
Telephone 103. (3427)

A. R. HEYLAND,
British Columbia Land Surveyor
Surveys of all descriptions made anywhere in British Columbia.
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KASLO, B. C. P. O. BOX 47 (3428)

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GEORGE C. EGG, A.R.A.I.C.
ARCHITECT
Box 1151 Nelson, B. C
Building sketches, plans and specifications. (3429)

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M. D., C. M.
EYE, NOSE, EAR and THROAT SPECIALIST
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CALGARY
Phones: Office M2848
House M2077
(3431)

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NELSON BUSINESS COLLEGE—Day and night classes. Complete business course.—Apply P.O. Box 74 (3436)

708

News of Sport

END ALL-CANADIAN CREWS TO ANTWERP

Association of Oarsmen Leaves the Selection of Men in Hands of Coach

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., July 27.—At the annual meeting of the Canadian Association of Oarsmen on Saturday, it was decided to send Canadian crews, eights and fours, not by clubs, to the Olympic regatta at Antwerp next year. The selection of crews is left in the hands of a coach to be named by the executive committee.

The executive committee will look after the financing and make all arrangements. It was decided at the last Canadian regatta to have a single scull event at 140 pounds for oarsmen who have never won in any open event.

Hon. A. C. MacDonnell was made honorary patron; Major C. W. Horn, honorary president, and Captain Thompson, president.

A committee of bankers will lay before President Wilson a plan for financing reconstruction of Europe.

DRINK

Nelson Brewing Company's Beer and Porter

Healthful and invigorating. Made with crystal clear mountain water from pure malt and hops.

Nelson Brewing Company, Limited

NELSON, B.C.

FAMOUS GOALKEEPER DIES OF HEART FAILURE

MONTREAL, July 27. — There was a fatal termination to the lacrosse game here Saturday between Cornwall and Nationals, at the National grounds, when "Happy" L'Heureux, the famous National goalkeeper, died in the dressing room of heart failure while his team mates were finishing the second quarter. L'Heureux died as the gong sounded for the rest period. He did not complain of any illness after the finish of the opening period when he asked to have a sub go in to give him a rest during the second period. Medical attention was called and the doctors attended him until he expired, giving as the cause of his death heart failure.

OLD COUNTRY WINS

TORONTO, July 27.—Old country champion soccer team of the Toronto district defeated G.W.V.A. of Ottawa, at the Varsity stadium here Saturday afternoon by 1 to 0. Old country is now entitled to play the Labor party, champions of Hamilton district, in the final to represent Ontario in the Connaught cup series for the Dominion championship.

JACK DEMPSEY TO PARADE BEHIND THE FOOTLIGHTS

SALT LAKE, Utah, July 27.—Jack Dempsey, the heavyweight champion, left today for Chicago, where he expects to sign a theatrical contract for a period of seven weeks. He was accompanied by his manager, Jack Kearns. Dempsey has been visiting his mother since Monday.

TO RESUME RUGBY

MONTREAL, July 27.—To resume rugby football on a pre-war basis was the decision of the reorganization meeting of the executive of the inter-provincial rugby union at the Peel Street club house of the Montreal A.A.A. on Saturday. Hamilton Tigers, Montreal A.A.A., Ottawa and Argonauts, of Toronto, all of the original members of the union, were represented.

Decision was then made to start this season with the original members of the Big Four.

One or two rules were changed. The offside interference has been done away with on the line. Other rule changed was the three yard rule for a player making a fair catch. This provides that a player shall be given a fair chance to make a catch.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Saturday Games.

Oakland 3, Salt Lake 8.
Portland 9, Sa Francisco 4.
Seattle 2, Vernon 7.
Los Angeles 0, Sacramento 3.

SURPRISE AT WINNIPEG

WINNIPEG, July 27. — The War Veterans provided the surprise of the soccer season here Saturday, when they defeated the United Weston team, 2 to 0, in the final of the Manitoba Connaught cup series. As a result of their victory the warriors will represent the province against the Pascoe team of Port Arthur, winners of the New Ontario series, in two games to be decided Friday and Saturday, the winners of which will travel to Montreal to play in the finals of the Dominion football championship. The heavy going Saturday suited the veterans and prevented the United from indulging in their usual scientific style of play. The Manitoba football executive has guaranteed the expenses of the Pascoe team for its visit here.

WESTMINSTER IN LEAD.

VANCOUVR, July 27.—New Westminster took the lead in the Minto cup professional lacrosse series yesterday by defeating Vancouver three goals to two on the winners' grounds. Westminster now leads in the series by four games to three.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 27.—William Johnston of San Francisco won the northwestern tennis tournament singles title on Saturday, by defeating Phillip Brain of Minneapolis, last year's champion, 6-3, 6-3, 6-3, at the Deep Haven courts.

Johnston and Clarence Griffen of San Francisco won the doubles title from Brain and Jayne of Minneapolis, while Miss Marguerite Davis of St. Paul defeated Miss Ethel Lee of Minneapolis for the women's singles championship.

OTTAWAS IN RUNNING.

OTTAWA, July 27.—Playing a strong, aggressive game all the way through, the Ottawa lacrosse club's 12 remained in the running in the National Lacross union championship race on Saturday when they defeated the Shamrocks of Montreal by the score of 8 to 5 on the Lansdowne park field.

150 ENTRIES FOR B. C. TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

VICTORIA, July 27.—The British Columbia tennis championship games will be played here this week, commencing tomorrow on the courts of the Victoria Lawn Tennis club. There are 150 entries, including many outsiders. Among these are S. L. K. Verley and J. A. McGill of Winnipeg, and Mrs. Beach of Edmonton.

WESTERN CANADA LEAGUE

Saturday Games.

Moose Jaw-Winnipeg, both games postponed; wet grounds.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Regina	5	8	0
Saskatoon	1	5	3

Batteries—Gibson and Gomes; Stevenson and Beyers.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Regina	2	6	1
Saskatoon	6	18	2

Batteries — Hewitt, Talley and Gomes; Donovan and Beyers.

AT THE THEATRES

LOVE WINS IN AUTO RACE AGAINST TIME AND DEATH

How the love of a wife prevails against the dangers and uneven chances of a hundred-mile dash across desert and sage brush is shown in the thrilling Dustin Farnum picture, "The Light of Western Stars."

Zane Grey has written of the west as no other writer can. His works are descriptive of a country he knows first hand, and his romances are said to be based largely on events that actually occurred within his knowledge. Never has this popular author written more thrillingly than in his description of the wild race into which a young wife plunged to save her husband. What was thrilling in description is triply so when enacted on the screen. The spectator is gripped between hope and fear as the huge car plunges on and the sun begins to sink and with it the hopes of the heroic wife. Alternately are thrown on the screen the scene of the husband's approaching execution and successive stages of the leaping approach of the automobile that can save him. Suspense lasts up to the final foot of this thrilling Dustin Farnum film, which will be the feature at the Starland theatre tonight and tomorrow.

GEM THEATRE.

In the making of the Triangle play, "The Lamb," which will be shown at the Gem tonight, the director was very grateful that the star was Douglas Fairbanks, rather than some other actor, particularly wherein a band of Yaqui Indians was employed. The Indians were necessitated by the story and were expected to attack Fairbanks while he defended himself with a machine gun.

Now in the picture realm it is a well known fact that Indians when employed as actors will do precisely what they are told and nothing more or less. Generally speaking, this is a decidedly exasperating thing for any director to combat, and this instance proved no exception to the rule.

In order to get the necessary realism the director told the Indians to attack Fairbanks and do their best to down him. Fairbanks, with his customary confidence, was prepared to handle them whether they meant business or not, but after all any man who is outnumbered may expect to have a very stiff fight of it before he gets through, particularly when the friendly machine gun is loaded with nothing more harmful than blank cartridges.

For several minutes there was one of the liveliest scrimmages that was ever seen on the studio lot. The star was really very nearly killed, and in self-defense he nearly killed several of his opponents. He actually and literally won the battle, independently of the machine gun or any other aids. Consequently, the person who lets this part of the action of "The Lamb" at the Gem theatre carry him away completely has a splendid alibi. It is authentic record of a genuine fight.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

NEW YORK, July 27.—President John A. Heydler of the National league announced today the official standing of the league clubs up to and including the games of Thursday, July 24:

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	50	23	685
Cincinnati	50	25	643
Chicago	44	35	557
Pittsburg	40	38	513
Brooklyn	38	39	494
Boston	28	46	378
St. Louis	29	48	377
Philadelphia	25	48	342

Sunday

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	4	10	1
Brooklyn	2	6	0

Batteries—Packard and Tragressor; Cadore, Smith and Wheat.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	4	4
New York	5	9	1

Batteries — Keating and Gowdy, Wilson; Benton, Barnes and Snyder.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	7	0
St. Louis	0	5	0

Batteries—Alexander and Killifer; Tuero and Herdel.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	3	11	2
Cincinnati	5	10	2

Batteries—Pender, Mayer and Lee; Sallee and Wingo.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	1	7	0
Cincinnati	5	8	1

Batteries — Harton and Schmidt, Lee; Reuthers and Wingo, Raridan.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

CHICAGO, July 27.—The official standing of the American league, including games of Friday, July 25, was announced by the president tonight:

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Chicago	55	29	655
Cleveland	48	36	571
Detroit	47	36	566
New York	45	36	556
St. Louis	43	39	524
Boston	36	45	444
Washington	36	49	424
Philadelphia	20	60	250

Sunday

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	3	7	1
Washington	2	6	4

Batteries — Rogers and McAvoy, Seachary; Johnson and Picinich.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	11	14	0
Chicago	5	9	2

Batteries — Wellman, Sothorn and Severoid; C. Williams, Lowdermilk, Danforth, Kerr and Lynn.

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	2	8	1
Cleveland	1	4	0

Batteries — Boland and Ainsmith; Myers, Coveleskie and O'Neill.

Only three games scheduled.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Saturday Games.

Milwaukee 2, Toledo 4.
Kansas City 1, Indianapolis 5.
Minneapolis 2, Louisville 0.
St. Paul 8, Columbus 7.

OLD COUNTRY CRICKET

LONDON, July 27—(Canadian Associated Press)—Cricket results yesterday were: Yorkshire defeated Gloucestershire by an innings and 125 runs.

Gloucestershire scored 121 and 202, Waddington, the new and successful Yorkshire bowler, took 12 wickets for 125 runs. Yorkshire scored 448 for four wickets, including Sutcliffe, 118; Denton, 122; Kilner, not out, 115, and Hirst, not out, 82.

Lancashire scored 490 for five, against Warkickshire and won by an innings and 44 runs. J. Tyldesley, not out, 101; E. Tyldesley, not out, 174.

Warwickshire scored 259 and 187.

Hampshire and Essex played a draw game. Douglas scored 116 for Essex, and for Hampshire Mead scored 270. Scores of Hampshire were 408 and Essex 331, and 142 for wickets.

Kent, 164 and 250, beat Surrey 75 to 253. Surrey's last four wickets fell at 203. Freeman had six wickets for 43. Hobbs in Surrey's second innings, made 102, and for Kent, Harding scored 97 and Seymour 108.

BOBBIE DIBBLE RETAINS SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP

ST CATHARINES, Ont., July 27.—In the race for junior eights at the Canadian regatta Saturday, Detroit rowing club defeated Argonauts and Dons of Toronto and the Ottawa Rowing club eights, in a close finish. Time, 7:05¾.

Bob Dibble defended his senior single championship from Jack Durnan, who had already won the junior and intermediate events yesterday. Durnan's desperate spurt near the finish failed to bring him even and Dibble crossed the line about a length ahead. The time was 10:30.

Brockville won the four in a one-sided contest with an improvised crew from Toronto Argonauts. The time, 9:59 2-5, is a course record for this event.

L. M. Hogarth and D. Huestis of Argonauts took the intermediate doubles by default.

In the senior fours an Argonaut crew, stroked by E. N. Harcourt, defeated one from the same club, stroked by L. M. Hogarth, by a length. Time, 11:07 1-5.

Veterans eights for veterans who served overseas: 1, Argonauts, R. G. Hay, stroke; 2, Don Rowing club, R. C. Martin, stroke. Time, 6:05¼.

CALGARY TOURNAMENT

CALGARY, July 27.—F. Mitchell of Edmonton featured the annual Alberta tennis tournament by winning the men's open singles from Kidd of Calgary in five sets and winning the handicaup singles from Bolton of Calgary in two sets on Saturday. All other competitions were won by local players.

ALBERTA FOOTBAL

CALGARY, July 27.—In the first inter-city football game played since the war Calgary all-stars defeated Edmonton 3-1 Saturday.

BRANDON RACES

BRANDON, July 27—The automobile races, the main feature of the closing day of the Brandon exhibition, were well attended on Saturday afternoon and evening. A heavy rain during Friday night made the track a little slow, but by evening it had dried out considerably. In the time trials for the half mile, Jules Ellingboe made a new record for this track, doing the distance in 34 1-5 seconds.

Three miles, for small class racing cars, purse $200 first, $100 second—Putty Hoffman, first; Bill Endicott, second; Ray Claypool, third. Time, 4:03.

Two miles, medium class racing cars, purse $300 first, $200 second—Dave Koetzla, first; Bill Endicott, second; Jules Ellingboe, third; Billy Adolph, fourth. Time, 2:44.

Manitoba Derby, seven miles, world's championship event—Through the action of the international Motor Contest association the Manitoba Derby is classed as a championship race and the winner receives 10 points in the race for the title awarded during the 1919 racing season. Prizes, $1000 first, $500 second, $300 third—Jules Ellingboe, first; Bill Endicott, second; Spencer Willard, third. Time, 9:44.

Time trial, one mile—Jules Ellingboe, first, 1:09; Bill Endicott, second, 1:11 -5; Dave Koetzela, third, 1:11 1-5; Spencer Willard, fourth, 1:14.

Half mile—Jules Ennigboe, first, 34 1-5; Bill Endicott, second, 35 1-5; Dave Koletza, third, 35 4-5.

Match race, two miles—Bill Endicott, first; Jules Ellingboe, second. Time, 2:25 1-5.

Australian pursuit race, three miles—Spencer Willard won. Time, 4:01:

Two miles, flying start—Bill Endicott won; Dave Koletza second, Spencer Willard third. Time, 32 1-5.

CUT FRENCH ARMY IN HALF IS PROPOSAL

PARIS.—How large a standing army will France maintain after the peace settlement?

Before the war France had a standing army of about 800,000 men. This army consisted of three classes of 200,000 men each and of a professional army of colonial troops numbering about 200,000. The maintenance of this force called for three years obligatory service on the part of every Frenchman.

It is the reduction of this long term of service that most interests the public. The "Opinion," a semi-official military paper, recently printed the future needs as seen by a military critic.

This writer estimates that a force of 200,000 will suffice for the army on the Rhine, which he regards as the most important obligation, and for the policing of Morocco.

Though he sets no definite figure for the troops needed in the Near East and in the home garrisons, he arrives at this interesting conclusion that an army of 400,000 during the winter months and of 600,000 during the summer will be plentiful.

As the colonial army of professional soldiers will continue to approximate 200,000, the writer points out that fifteen months' service on the part of the home classes will give a minimum strength of 400,000. This critic proposes that the classes be called up each spring and kept in service until the autumn of the following year. Fifteen months' service would give sufficient time for real training and furnish a large army during the summer months, when the danger is greatest and when the maintenance of an army causes the least hardship both on the soldier and the state.

CLEAN-UP WEEK

OUR STOCKTAKING IS NEARLY OVER AND MANY ODD LINES OF NEW, CLEAN, UP-TO-THE-MINUTE STOCK HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED.

THESE MUST NOT APPEAR ON INVENTORY ON FRIDAY MORNING AND YOU CAN RELY ON A

PRICE-CUTTING

IN EVERY INSTANCE.

WATCH THE COUNTERS DAILY—IT WILL ASSIST YOUR POCKET VERY MATERIALLY.

TODAY WE OFFER ANOTHER BUNDLE OF

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Less than factory cost. Made of fine ribbed Cotton of generous proportions.

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Of fine White Lawn with full flounce, trimmed three tiers of lace. Every woman can do with an extra one like these **95c**

GET YOUR SUPPLY OF

FRUIT JARS

now, as owing to the high prices of the California packs for next season more home canning is being done this year.

We have at present all sizes in Economy Jars, Wide Mouth Mason Jars and the Regular Mason Jars; Rings and extra lids.

It will pay you well to consider this matter now.

The 31st of July being the end of our Financial Year, it will be greatly appreciated if we can receive payment of all outstanding accounts at once.

The Hudson's Bay Company

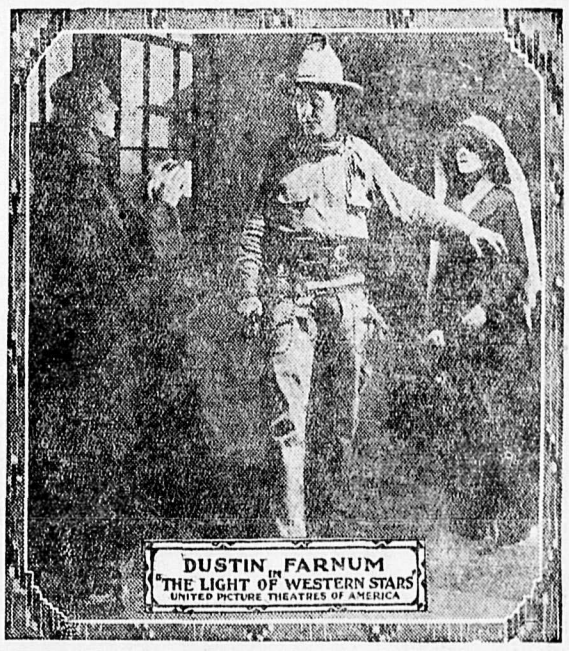
STRIKE IN SILESIA

BERLIN, July 27.—One of the most serious strikes in the history of Upper Silesia has broken out at Chorsow and Sarboaurs, near Kattowitz, where the electric light workers walked out, ostensibly owing to spartacan influence. The artificial lighting of the entire province has been cut off, coal mines are not operating and every industry that depends upon electricity for light and power is threatened.

CHINESE BOYCOTT JAPANESE

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 25.—Chinese here started a boycott against Japanese goods several days ago and it is spreading rapidly, prominent Chinese merchants announced today. They stated the Chinese were refusing to buy from Japanese because of alleged unfair treatment of China by Japan, the Chinese having particularly in mind the Shantung settlement by which the Japanese gained holdings which the Chinese allege the Japanese have no right to.

SWIFT CURRENT, July 27.—Edward Lalonde, engineer on the C.P.R. train No. 65, of the Empress line, as a result of scalds sustained when his engine left the track near Batrum Saturday, died tdday.



STARLAND THE ATRE TONIGHT

Competitive examinations for Inspectors of Steam Boilers and Machinery will be held in the Parliament Buildings, Victoria, commencing August 18th, 1919.

Initial salary, $200.00 per month, with provision for an annual advance of $10.00 per month, subject to satisfactory services.

Application forms and further particulars may be obtained from the Chief Inspector of Steam Boilers and Machinery, New Westminster, B. C.

TIMBER SALE X1703.

Sealed tenders will be received by the District Forester, Nelson, not later than noon on the 7th day of August, 1919, for the purchase of License X1703, to cut 149,000 feet of Fir, Cedar, Western Soft Pine and White Pine, 7000 lineal ft. of Cedar Poles and 3000 Ties on an area adjoining S.T.L. 32563, near Schofield Creek, Kootenay District.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B. C., or District Forester, Nelson, B. C.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Varseveld Bros. Lumber Company, whose address is Fruitvale, B. C., will apply for a license to take and use 1½ cubic feet per sec. of water out of the N. Fork of Kelly Creek, which flows westerly and drains into Beaver Creek, about ½ mile south of Fruitvale Townsite.

The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about ½ mile east of the west line of Section 12 of Lot 1236, Tp. 11A, and will be used for fluming purpose upon the land described as Sec. 12 of Lot 1236, Lots 237-8-9, 240-1-2-3-4, 174, 164, 150-1-2-3-4, 92.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 5th day of July, 1919.

A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B. C.

Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

VARSEVELD BROS. LUMBER COMPANY, Applicant.
By O'SHEA & FARRIS, Agents.

The date of the first publication of this notice is July 14, 1919.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B. C.

HOW FOE CARED FOR THE BABIES DURING WAR

Maternity Grants Were Provided and Allowances Were Supplemented by Commercial and Charitable Funds.

(By Dr. Charles Hodgetts of the Commission of Conservation.)

OTTAWA.—As might be expected, the war caused a great reduction in the number of births in Germany, the total number in 1916 being 40 per cent less than in 1913, and the infant death, which was always high, rose to an *abnormal height* for a time after the outbreak of war, but apparently there was a gradual decline and the mortality reached that of the pre-war rate.

The two-fold loss of human life—the men on the battlefield and the babies—was soon recognized by the German government as of serious moment, and as early as 1915 steps were take to grapple with the serious question of the loss of the babies. How serious it was may be seen from the striking fact that during the first three years alone the number of births was reduced by over 2,000,000, some 40 per cent fewer babies in 1916 than 1913, while during 1914 there was an abnormal rise in the death rate. In many towns the rate was over 200 and in some few over 300 per thousand in the first two months of the war.

Economic Distress.

The main cause of this rise in the infant death rate in Germany has been attributed by observers in that country to the economic distress which followed mobilization. The calling up of the fathers of so many young families left the mothers with very meagre resources, while among the men not taken for military service there was for a time widespread unemployment. The excitement and general mental disturbance caused by the war conditions seems also to have had a serious effect on the welfare of infants and young children, and, according to some observers, was a prominent factor in the high mortality rates.

It is a significant fact, however, that grave as was the effect of the outbreak of war on the mortality of infants, it was on the whole less disastrous than the excessive summer heat which prevailed in Germany in 1911. And in comparing rural with urban districts the rate remained during the war higher in the former than in the latter, thus simulating war conditions.

An interesting feature of the question of war babies was that the war produced a new kind of infant—Kriegsnengeborem. They are described as not actually ill, but small, backward in growth, delicate and thin, with wrinkled skin suggestive of old age rather than of infancy. They were undeveloped at the time of birth, but not prematures. A constant restlessness, accompanied by automatic grasping movements was a marked characteristic of this type of infant. The condition was attributed to the anxiety and nervous strain endured by the mothers, as well as to insufficient and unsuitable food. Further reports show that there was in 1915 a marked increase in the cases of rickets and the type was very severe. In one centre—Treves—43 per cent of the children attending the infant welfare course being affected.

Maternity Grants.

The principal measure adopted in Germany to promote infant welfare during the war was the distribution of the imperial maternity grants. This was necessary as the separation allowances given wives and families was very small, and these were not sufficient to meet the high cost of living which rose very rapidly in the earliest days of the war.

The law of August 4, 1914, fixed the imperial separation allowance at $2.15 a month for a wife during the summer months, $2.85 during the winter months, and $1.45 per month for each child during the year. The winter rate came into force on November 1, 1914, and by specia decree continued throughout the year in 1915. The allowances were increased respectively to $3.60 and $1.75 per month. These were increased to $4.85 and $2.40 in 1916 and in 1917 to $7.20 and $3.60.

These imperial grants to mothers and children were supplemented from commercial and charitable funds, each commercial authority fixing its own scale, which in the larger towns equalled the imperial allowances in the early days of the war.

As it was clearly difficult for a woman to meet the extra expenses connected with the birth of a child out of the small allowances of 1914 and 1915, there was a general demand for further financial aid and the government decided to provide for maternity grants partly from imperial funds and partly from sickness insurance funds, to the wives of men on active service, whether they were insured or not. The order authorizing htese grants was made December 3, 1914, and in the main provided as follows:

(a) A single payment of $6 towards the expenses of confinement.

(b) A daily allowance of 25 cents for a period of eight weeks, six of which must be after the confinement.

(c) A grant up to $2.50 for medical attendance during pregnancy if needed.

(d) An allowance for breast feeding of 12 cents per day for twelve weeks.

The order grouped the women into three classes, viz.: 1, Non-insured wives of soldiers; 2, Insured wives of soldiers; 3, Wives of non-insured soldiers or of men not serving.

Status Defined.

By an order April, 1915, the grants were further extended to all soldiers' wives receiving separation allowances, and soldiers' wives of small means whose husbands were not insured. The definition of "small means" was a combined income of not more than about $600.

There was a further increase made by federal order June, 1917. The maternity grant of 25 cents per day was increased 50 per cent, and in July of the same year the grants were extended to the women of husbands employed on patriotic auxiliary service.

It was expected as a result of these grants that the breast feeding of infants would be encouraged, but it was found that on account of the women receiving the allowances direct from the sickness and insurance societies, the effectiveness of the welfare centres was undermined, as the attendance at the centres fell off. A petition was then made to the government that the allowances should be made through the welfare centres and the attendance would thereby be assured. This request was not acceded to, but it was suggested to the centres that they offer a further allowance after the lapse of the twelve weeks covered by he grant, on condition of attendance, and in some of the larger towns an arrangement of this character was carried out.

The effect of this in some places like Mannheim and Cologne was a revival of breast feeding, the percentage so fed in the former city being 92 per cent of those claiming the grant. In the latter place 80 per cent of those brought to the centre in 1915 were breast fed.

In Dantzig it made no difference, and the town doctor said: "Money grants alone, without the advice and supervision afforded by infant welfare work, could not produce the desi d results."

Consequent on the increasing number of women engaging in work in munition and other factories, the work of the creche was extended in the larger towns, and these were often kept open day and night to meet the demands for work of women in night shifts.

Infants' Homes.

It is to be noted also that a considerable number of new infants' homes were opened during the last two years of the war, and it was fully expected that both creches and institutions will multiply owing to the ever increasing number of women being drawn into industrial work. But whether the care therein given by trained and supervised workers will be adequate to counteract the effect of industrial employment of the women under war conditions in preventing loss of infant life causes great anxiety.

As a result of the war, the tendency has been to throw the expense incidental to infant welfare upon the public funds, with the control of the work passing largely into the hands of the local authorities, and there is now a demand for a federal law to make it the duty of all local authorities (urban or rural) to undertake infant welfare work.

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John Daly of Ymir

Wishes to announce to his friends that he is now doing business in the old stand on Baker Street, Nelson, known as the

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MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY

Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes and Full stock of Cigars, Cigarettes, Other Smokers' Supplies.

JOHN DALY

Social and Personal

R. J. Winter spent Sunday fishing below Bonnington Falls.

A. G. Larson, the Spokane mining engineer, is a guest at the Hume.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. McCune have been spending the week-end at Kaslo.

James Curran has left for the coast, where he will spend the next few weeks.

Alex Coulter will leave this morning on the Great Northern train for a trip to Vancouver.

D. McDonald will leave on the Great Northern train this morning for a visit to Vancouver.

A. W. Winlaw arrived on Saturday night from Duck creek, where he is building a sawmill.

The Thrums school district is calling for tenders for virtually a rebuilding of the school house.

H. J. Bosworth, of Grand Forks, was in the city during the week-end and stayed at the Strathcona.

Mrs. I. G. Nelson has returned to the city after an extended visit to New York and other eastern cities.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Higginbotham, of Calgary, are visiting A. H. Higginbotham at Roselawn, across the lake.

A. Lapointe has returned to the city after spending the past few weeks visiting Spokane and Soap Lake, Wash.

Dr. M. J. Vigneux spent the week-end at Ainsworth on professional work. He will return to Nelson today.

Corp. J. Kurtz of the 29th battalion reached the city last evening from overseas. He is stopping at the Queens.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Kemmerling left by auto yesterday morning for Spokane. They expect to spend a week touring Washington.

Miss Coats left on Saturday evening for the coast, where she expects to spend the remainder of the summer school vacation.

At Alamo a new post office is to be opened on August 1, according to a notice sent out from the inspector's office at Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Campbell nave returned to the city after spending their honeymoon visiting Spokane, Portland and Seattle.

Owing to a break in the trolley in the vicinity of the car barns the street cars were held up for about half an hour yesterday afternoon.

Creighton Higginbotham has returned to his home in Calgary after visiting his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Higginbotham.

Elmer Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Taylor of Calgary, and formerly of Nelson, is a visitor in the city. He is the guest of Frank Ingram.

George Benwell and R. J. Campbell spent yesterday on the main lake fishing. They report excellent results and returned with full baskets.

A. J. Dill of The Daily News staff returned to the city Saturday night after a few weeks' vacation in Toronto and other Ontario points.

Fred and Arthur Stevenson, of Vancouver, who have been visiting Mrs. C. V. Gagnon for the last three weeks, are now the guests of Dr. and Mrs. M. J. Vigneux.

Leslie Andrews came in on the Great Northern train from Spokane Saturday evening to spend ten days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Andrews, of Crescent Bay.

P. S. Laviolette, who is returning from overseas, disembarked at Halifax on Thursday and left immediately for Nelson, according to a wire received at Belford by Mrs. Laviolette.

Capt. B. H. Olson, medical superintendent, acknowledges the following for the patients of Balfour sanatorium: From Mrs. Kemball, Kaslo, one crate cherries; from an unknown donor, flowers.

O. S. Jones, known to printers throughout the northwest as "Old Style Jones," is a visitor in the city from Everette, Wash. He was a former resident of Nelson. He came in last night from Proctor, where he has been visiting his old fishing haunts.

Dr. F. M. Auld, who has been visiting in the city for the last month, expects to leave some time this week for Montreal, where he will study in the hospitals there for the summer months. He expects to leave for Chinese mission fields later in the year.

A. J. Clockworthy has accepted the position as assistant principal of the Hume school, Fairview, replacing Mrs. W. Williams, who is expecting to leave for the coast upon Mr. Williams' return from overseas. Mr. Clockworthy was on the teaching staff at Princeton last term.

The Nelson and District Rod and Gun club will hold a practice shoot at the traps on the C.P.R. flats on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, which, it is hoped, will be the largest practice shoot of the season thus far. This is in the nature of a practice for the big shoot at the time of the Nelson fruit fair in September.

John B. White of Spokane, prosecuting attorney for Spokane county, who is accompanied by G. R. Brown and his father-in-law, F. B. Grinnell of Spokane, is at the Hume and will leave this morning to attend the annual meeting of the Silversmith Mining company at Sandon. The party spent yesterday fishing at the Slocan pool.

The doors of the Baptist church being open during the morning service yesterday to welcome any wandering zephyrs, a brown retriever of Scotch descent accepted the invitation to become one of the worshippers, and made himself at home in a pew. Rev. H. S. Bagnall interrupted his discourse and joined in the broad smile that the congregation wore while the visitor was being led out.

A well-known member of the Nelson Launch club fleet, the Mary Ann, a 33-foot cruiser, will appear no more on Kootenay waters, having been shipped by K. S. Hudson on Saturday to New Westminster on a Great Northern flat-car. Its owner, Harry Hubbard, who built her in Nelson two years ago, will meet the boat at New Westminster and, after refitting her, will run her under her own power to Bellingham, Wash. Mr. Hubbard, who was a linotype operator on The News, arriving here in 1915, left Nelson in April to take a similar position in the mechanical department of the American-Reveille at Bellingham.

Contract to build the new Sing Sing prison was awarded to P. J. Carlin Co., New York, who bid $956,780.

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Wheat flakes in all their goodness, milled for porridge use. You'll like B & K Wheat Flakes—they're delicious. Ask your grocer.
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UNITED PICTURE THEATRES OF AMERICA Present
Dustin Farnum
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Zane Grey's gripping romance of the Border. A corking good production that will undoubtedly please. Vibrates with tense situations and strikes an intelligent as well as a popular appeal. Its grandeur of scenery is a positive delight. A story rich in human interest and engrossing adventure. The West has probably never been more impressively filmed. It teems with interest and excitement. See it early—you'll want to see it twice.

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"The Cloud Punchers"
Just overflowing with humor and laughs.

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During these warm days you e
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By using
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Candies and Chocolates in lar variety.

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NELSON NEWS OF THE DA

Fernie and Lethbridge draft bee Club hotel. Big schooner, 10c. (8

George Taylor repair shop, Baker street. Repairs typewrit gramophones and all small machi Lawn mowers sharpened and all c lery. Keys fitted. (86

A special meeting of the Wome Institute will be held at the City p Monday evening at 7 p.m. A full tendance is requested. (8

Before buying your Life Insura you should see Mr. Edgington, wh representing the Mutual Life of York. This company has asset over six hundred and seventy- *million dollars, and more than one* lion nine hundred million dollar life insurance in force, and has w ten more than two hundred mi dollars of new business this year. company writes all forms of life surance conducive to good under ing. R. W. Edgington, Hume Ho (8

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Tenders called for repair of Thr District School. Size of school 3 x 16 ft., with 6 ft. verandah in fr Repairs required: Building lifted concrete foundation putting in wood floor and the building to shingled, with extras as finances allow. Lowest tender not necess accepted. Apply A. E. RICHARD Secretary. Tarrys, B (8

Mrs. Myers, Danville, Ill., bride a few months, was shot and killed her husband, in mistake for a burg

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