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The Daily News

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PLANS WELL ADVANCED FOR CABINET REORGANIZATION

Liberals Declared Ready to Take Portfolios

LABOR MEN LIKELY TO BE REPRESENTED

Some from Outside Parliament May be Chosen by Borden

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 3.—The Montreal Star prints the following special despatch from its Ottawa correspondent:

"It is understood that plans are well advanced for the contemplated reorganization of the Dominion cabinet along the lines of union government. Sir Robert Borden has been dealing with the matter, and there is reason to believe that a number of Liberals are prepared to accept portfolios to aid in passing conscription and whatever other measures may be conducive to the winning of the war.

"The new cabinet reorganization will in all probability include a direct representation of labor and of western grain growers.

"The situation seems to be that the premier knows those he can get. It is for him to decide whom he wants and when their services should be availed of. Whether they will be from the Liberals in the house is doubtful. Some of these are likely to be included, but if tentative plans be given effect to, the most of the new blood will be secured from outside parliament.

"It is improbable there will be any conclusive action until after the division on second reading of the compulsory service bill. After that developments are likely to follow.

"Any new member of the cabinet drawn from the ranks of the Liberal party will, of course, be representative of that large element of the party which favors conscription and will subscribe to a policy of prosecuting Canadian participation in the war without reference to politics or political considerations.

"Any change in the ministry will exercise some effect on the general situation. When coalition with the Liberals in an official sense was planned, one of the features of the proposition was an appeal to the country *prior to the enforcement of conscription*. It seems very probable that if a union is now effected, the same course may be followed, and the people consulted with reference to it.

"Should this be done, then the session would be appreciably shortened. In any event, something is under way and likely to come to a head almost any time."

MEN AT FERNIE BREWERY STRIKE

Demand for 15 Per Cent Increase in Wages Refused—Quit Also at Michel Brewery.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

FERNIE, B. C., July 3.—Another strike went into effect here this morning when the employees of the Fernie-Fort Steele Brewing company quit work upon failure of the company to accede to their demand for 15 per cent increase in wages. Negotiations have been in progress lately, but so far no agreement has been reached.

The employees of the Elk valley brewery at Michel also quit work today. The employees of both plants are members of the International Brewery Workers' union.

In all about 50 men are affected.

CIVIL WAR IN CHINA THREATENED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—Civil war in China is inevitable unless the newly proclaimed emperor, Hsuan Tung, again steps down from the throne. There is no general support for the young emperor, according to Tientsin despatches printed today by the Morning Post.

NEGROES AND WHITES IN FIERCE BATTLE

Revolvers Used by Police and Clubs and Knives by Rioters at East St. Louis

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 3.—Negroes and whites fought for more than an hour tonight in the section of the city known as San Juan Hill, as the result of the arrest of Lawrence Joaquin, a negro private in the 15th infantry, on a charge of disorderly conduct. Revolvers and night sticks were used by the police reserves who were called and clubs, bricks and knives by the rioters. Joaquin and two other negroes were arrested.

Community Terrorized.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., July 3.—Thirteen companies of national guardsmen tonight patrolled the streets of East St. Louis to prevent a recurrence of the race riots which, since Monday morning have resulted in a death list of 28 persons, the injury of 75 or more and the destruction by fire of 310 negro homes, covering 116½ acres of ground. The entire community of 80,000 *persons is terrorized by the events* of the last two days and that they have little confidence in the ability of the guardsmen to cope with the situation was intimated today, when the chamber of commerce demanded to know from Adjutant General Dickson why the soldiers had not displayed more energetic activity last night in controlling the mobs. Members of the chamber did not hesitate to charge cowardice against the soldiers and indifference on the part of the police.

Thirty-five small fires occurred tonight in small shacks in various sections of the city, all, it is believed, of incendiary origin. Up to a late hour, there were no other disorders. Many negroes left the city today.

WANTS WEALTH AS WELL CONSCRIPTED

President of Trades and Labor Congress Advocates This If Borden Bill Enforced.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 3.—In reply to a letter from the secretary of the British Columbia Federation of Labor asking for a statement from J. C. Watters, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, as to the attitude labor should assume toward the conscription of man power as provided for in the military service bill now before parliament, Mr. Watters tonight issued the following statement:

"The military service bill now before the house seems likely to pass. Whether it will be put into operation immediately it becomes law or whether *a period of time will be given for another effort* to recruit the men wanted on a voluntary basis, or whether there will be an election is yet too early to know with certainty. The fact of the bill having been introduced in the house makes the duty of every worker in the Dominion plain.

"If we accept the assurance of the prime minister that conscription will be resorted to only when it should prove the only effective method to preserve the existence of the state and of the institutions and liberties which we enjoy, we are driven to the conclusion that the existence of the state is in jeopardy. That being so it means that all the material wealth and natural resources of the state to protect

(Continued on Page Two.)

DEFENSE IS MADE BY BARON HARDINGE

Former Viceroy of India Explains the Stand Taken Regarding Expedition to Mesopotamia.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3. — There was an unusual scene in the house of lords this afternoon when Baron Hardinge, the former viceroy of India, appeared to defend and explain his share in the management of the first Mesopotamia expedition, which culminated in the surrender of Maj.-Gen. Townshend at Kut el Amara with the largest British force which had laid down before an enemy in more than 100 years. Revelations contained in the recent report of the commission on the Mesopotamian expedition and the charges contained therein, created a greater sensation in Great Britain than any similar episode since the Crimean war, and a portion of the press has called for the impeachment or the dismissal from public office of all concerned, including Baron Hardinge, who is now permanent under secretary of the foreign office.

Lord Hardinge began with an expression of regret that the commission did not include an eminent lawyer accustomed to weigh evidence, and that all the evidence taken could not be published. After a detailed review of the management of the expedition, he said:

"The viceroy is theoretically responsible for everything that happens in India and outside of India where Indian interests are affected. But he has to trust to his lieutenants and advisers for information and guidance. I have no desire to shirk any responsibility that is my due, but it is not easy to know what further strenuous and peremptory action I could have taken without exposing myself to the charge of excessive civilian interference in military matters.

States Difficulties of Position.

"Private rumor said things were going badly. The official reports said they were going well. It was my first duty to ascertain the truth. It may be difficult for people in England to realize the inherent difficulties in personal supervision by the viceroy of medical arrangements on a river 3000 miles away in the midst of his other heavy labors of governing a country bigger than Europe and with more than 300,000,000 inhabitants."

He expressed the regret that the commission's report might create a *feeling in India that India's efforts* and sacrifices had not been adequately appreciated at home. The report scarce-

(Continued on Page Two.)

AMERICAN TROOPSHIPS WERE ATTACKED BY SUBS

WASHINGTON, July 3.—That two vicious attacks were made by U-boats on the American transports and convoys carrying the American expeditionary force to Europe was made known in an official statement issued tonight by Secretary of the Navy Daniels on the occasion of the arrival today of the last contingent of Gen. Pershing's forces at a French port.

Intimation is made that suspicions are entertained of the Germans having been well informed of the transport arrangements. The submarines, the number of which is not known, lay in wait for the troopships, but were beaten off. At least one submarine is believed to have been sunk.

VOTE ON MEASURE TODAY UNLIKELY

13 Members Still Eager to Speak on Conscription

URGENT NEED FOR TROOPS IS SHOWN

Reserves Will be Used Up In Six Months, Says McCurdy

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 3.—With 13 members still anxious to speak after the adjournment of the house tonight, the prospect of a division on the second reading of the military service bill and amendments thereto at the Wednesday sitting is not very good. There is no doubt, however, that if divisions cannot be taken Wednesday they will come on Thursday.

The speakers in the debate today included J. H. Sinclair of Guysboro *(Liberal)*, F. B. McCurdy, *under-secretary* of the militia department; W. E. Knowles of Moose Jaw (Liberal), Col. Currie of North Simcoe (Conservative), L. T. Pacaud of Megantic (Liberal), A. Lachance of Centre Quebec (Liberal), C. A. Wilson of Laval (Liberal), and G. Boyer of Vaudreuil (Liberal).

Mr. McCurdy gave some interesting figures to show the urgent need for infantry reinforcements at the front. He maintained that the present reserves would be used up in less than six months. This was apart from 10,500 men still in Canada at the time the estimate was made.

Support for Sir Wilfrid Laurier's referendum amendment came from Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Knowles and the French-Canadian speakers on the opposition side, while Mr. McCurdy and Col. Currie supported the bill. Mr. Knowles, while favoring the referendum, said he was not opposed to the principle of conscription if he thought the measure would get the number of men required. He would let conscription stand in abeyance for the time to *see if the party leaders could not reach* some common ground on which to further the interests of the country in the war.

Col. Currie praised the French-Canadian soldiers, and said he believed the majority of the people of Quebec would accept the measure without protest. He was disposed to ridicule taxation proposals emanating from the opposing side, more particularly the proposals to tax land and conscript wealth.

Will Support Referendum.

J. H. Sinclair of Guysboro, in resuming the debate on the bill, poked fun at the government on account of the fact that it had been unable to get a quorum in the house Friday evening *when the order elapsed. He said* conscription could not be very popular with the government or there would have been a quorum. He said he intended to support the amendment of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, not for the purpose of defeating the bill but to make it more effective. He declared that Canada did not have the machinery wherewith to force the people to fight.

Mr. Sinclair deprecated statements to the efefct that unles reinforcements were sent at once, the Canadian soldiers at the front would be in sore straits. He said it was absurd to say that on a battle front 500 miles long, back of which there were 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 soldiers, the four Canadian divisions were in danger of lacking support. Such statements, Mr. Sinclair said, should not be made, as they constituted a serious reflection on the commanders in chief. There was no danger of the Canadians being deserted. The case for recruits was good enough without resorting to such arguments. Reinforcements should be supplied with the least possible delay *by voluntary methods and only in the* event of this failing should conscription be introduced. The gaps in the ranks of the immortal Anzacs had been filled by voluntary enlistment, and would continue to be filled in this way. Napoleon once said that one volunteer soldier was as good as three conscripted ones. Mr. Sinclair believed Napoleon was right.

Favors Coalition Government.

Mr. Sinclair argued that the coalition proposals made by Sir Robert Borden were not sincere. Had the premier really wanted a coalition he would have sent for Sir Wilfrid Laurier and they would have conferred together in the hope of arriving on a common ground of agreement, but the premier announced his intention before consulting the opposition leader. He threw his proposal down on the

(Continued on Page Two.)

"PEP" TAKEN OUT OF GERMAN TROOPS

Realize Crushing Defeat Is Just Matter of Time

PRISONERS GLAD TO BE CAPTURED

Agree Germany Must Take Whatever Peace Terms Are Imposed

(By the Canadian Overseas Correspondent.)

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, July 3.—Accumulating documentary evidence, corroborated by statements of fighting men along this front who come into daily contact with the enemy, gives the impression that the German army is now rapidly deteriorating.

Up till the beginning of the April offensive, there was still general confidence among prisoners that Germany *would win this war. This was the* basis of that self-respect which forbids that a soldier lay down his arms so long as he has even a fighting chance. Now it is the unvarying testimony that recognition of a coming defeat has taken much of the "pep" out of the ranks and file of the enemy, and has even caused the arrogant Prussian officer to carry his haughty head less haughtily.

Prisoners taken during the last few days no longer care to conceal their satisfaction at being captured. None of them is greatly interested in terms for peace. They concede that Germany must, in the end, accept whatever conditions are imposed by the allies.

Impressed by Morale of British.

A German noncommissioned officer captured during the present operations said that the cheerful bearing and high morale of the men of the British army reminded him of the attitude of the German troops of 1914.

This change in sentiment among the enemy soldiers has not been brought about by a lack of food or of war material. The rations of the Germans lack variety, it is true, but now undoubtedly are sufficient to keep the men in good physical condition. The scarcity of artillery ammunition has been emphasized in enemy documents recently captured, but for important actions there seems to be plenty. The decrease in the activity of the enemy artillery is chiefly of the sort known as "*barrassing fire*" in which shells are directed on roads, trenches and other positions where human targets are supposed to be gathered. In repelling attacks and in preparing the way for counter-attack the German artillery is still formidable.

Other weapons most used by the enemy are machine guns and bombs. Prisoners captured immediately after they had concluded a course of instruction, said that bayonet exercises are no longer taught in the training of men for the enemy line. Recruits are instead trained in the use of the various sorts of bombs.

FLAGS OF ALLIES NOT DISPLAYED

Striking Feature of Meeting Held in Montreal in Opposition to Conscription

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 3.—A new element was introduced into the program of anticonscriptionist speakers in this city tonight at a meeting held in St. Anne's hall, when a number of speakers, who have been regarded as representative of Irish-Canadian Liberalism, before a large audience came out in denunciation of the placing on the statute books such legislation as the military service bill, now being debated in the commons "without having previously submitted the question to the approval of the electors of Canada."

The speakers were Dr. J. J. Guerin, ex-mayor of Montreal; E. V. Devlin, M.P. for Wright; P. E. Lamarche, ex-M.P. for Nicolet, who some months ago resigned his seat as a protest against the projected extension of the life of parliament; and J. C. Walsh, K.C., crown prosecutor.

The decoration of the hall was striking. The only bunting displayed was the Stars and Stripes and Irish flags stuck in a Canadian shield. No flags of Great Britain or the other allies were visible.

TEUTONS EVACUATING TOWN 50 MILES FROM GALICIAN CAPITAL

BRITISH CARRY OUT SUCCESSFUL RAID

Six German Airplanes Brought Down —Artillery Active on the French Front

(By Associated Press.)

The British and Germans continue to raid each other's lines on the northern end of the front and in Champagne and on the left bank of the Meuse, in the Verdun region, the German and French forces are still fighting intensely at isolated points.

LONDON, July 3.—Today's official statement reads:

"We successfully raided west of Havincourt and north of Nieuport, capturing a few prisoners last night. South of the Cojeul river, the enemy attacked our advanced posts, but was driven off."

LONDON, July 3.—The official report from British headquarters in France tonight follows:

"In the Ypres area there has been considerable artillery activity on both sides.

"The enemy raided our trenches this morning southeast of Lavenite and two of our men are missing.

"Hostile aerial activity has shown a marked increase in the last few days. Successful artillery work was done, and bombing raids were carried out Monday by our planes. One German plane was brought down by gunfire within our lines. Three more were brought down in the air fighting. Two others were driven down out of control. One of our machines is missing."

Belgian Gunners Wing Airplane.

PARIS, July 3.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"Quite marked artillery activity was displayed north of St. Quentin and on the left bank of the Meuse and Hill 304, as well as in the Champagne, in the sectors of Mont Carnillet and Mont Teton.

"East of Coucy le Chateau there were patrol encounters. We made some prisoners, including one officer. The day was calm on the remainder of the front.

"Belgian communication: The artillery fighting was spirited in the region of Woesten, Lizerne and Steenstraete. An enemy attempt to cross the canal in the neighborhood of Hetsas was broken by our fire. The artil*lery was moderately active on the rest* of the front. An enemy airplane was brought down by our artillery near Dixmude."

Berlin Reports on Fighting.

BERLIN, July 3.—Today's official statement follows:

"Western theatre: Theartillery duel did not revive generally until toward evening, when it reached considerable strength in the Ypres salient.

"Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht: Our own advances into the British lines north of La Bassee canal, west of Lens and at Bullecourt, gave good reconnoitering results. In an outpost engagement at Hargicourt northwest of St. Quentin, prisoners were made by us and war material captured.

"Front of the German crown prince: The French again attempted to recapture lost trenches on the plateau of La Bovelle, in Champagne, and on the left bank of the Meuse, Verdun front. Southeast of Cerny two attacks broke down with heavy losses before our defense.

"At Avocourt wood and Hill 304 our destructive fire prevented the enemy storming troops, which were preparing for an attack, from leaving their trenches. On Poehl mountain, in Champagne, one of our enterprises succeeded in accordance with our plans.

"Six enemy airplanes were shot down, one of them by Capt. Baron Richtofen."

SUBS. FAIL TO CHECK ATLANTIC SHIPPING

37 More Ships Reach New York in June Than in May; 30 More Leave.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 3.—In spite of German submarines, the movement of shipping between New York and foreign ports increased in June compared with May, according to customs house statistics given out today. Thirty-seven *more ships arrived* at this port in June than in May. The June arrivals numbered 465, with a total tonnage of 1,252,599, as compared with 428 ships, with a total tonnage orf 1,099,433 for May.

Thirty more ships sailed from New York in June, the total being 458, with a tonnage of 1,225,536, as compared with 428 ships and 1,155,508 tonnage in May. American ships reaching this port in June numbered 121, a decrease of six, while 136 American ships departed, an increase of two over May.

Clearances for the year ended June 30, 1917, totaled, however, only 13,630,245 tons, compared with 16,541,482 tons for the year ended June 30, 1914, the year before the war. On the other hand the clearances were in excess of those for the 12 months ended June 30, 1915, which were 12,944,975 tons.

ARE BRINGING END OF THE WAR NEARER

Representatives of Russian Organizations Send Encouraging Message to Troops.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, July 3—The congress of workmen's and soldiers' delegates *of all Russia and the executive of the* peasants' delegates, in sending fraternal greetings to the army, "'who on the battlefield are defending the cause of the revolution and giving your blood for liberty and universal peace,'" states:

"The Russian revolution has long been calling the people of all countries to universal peace. That the people of Europe do not respond is not your fault. Your organization and force displayed in your offensive give weight to the voice of revolutionary Russia in her appeals to the countries struggling against her as well as to neutrals and her allies, and will bring the end nearer."

NORWEGIAN ARRESTED IN LONDON AS SPY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—Alfred Sagn, a Norwegian, has been arrested in London charged with espionage in behalf of Germany. According to an official announcement, the case is regarded as of grave importance, and will be dealt with by a general corutmartial.

U. S. FLAG WILL FLY OVER BRITISH HOUSE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—King George has directed that the American flag be flown from the tower of the house of parliament on the Fourth of July, the American independence day.

SHIPYARDS STRIKE IN U. S. THREATENED

Prediction Made That 50,000 Will Quit Work Unless Demands Granted —4500 Out Already

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 3.—Representatives of the marine trades council estimated tonight that more than 4500 workmen employed in five New York and New Jersey shipyards are on strike. They predicted that unless the employers grant the demand for a minimum wage of $4.50 a day, 50,000 men in all will be called out. The union leaders announced that several Brooklyn shipyards had agreed to the wage increase.

The seriousness of the strike as portrayed by the strikers' representatives was belittled by Henry C. Hunter, secretary and attorney of the National Metal Trades association, the employers' organization. He said he did not believe more than 2000 men had joined the strike. The employers, he asserted, intended to wait until the differences had been adjusted through efforts being made by department of labor officials.

LAST UNITS OF U. S. TROOPS REACH FRANCE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

A FRENCH SEAPORT, July 2.—(Delayed.)—The last units of the American expeditionary force, comprising vessels loaded with supplies and horses, arrived here today amid the screeching of whistles and sounding of sirens. Their coming, one week after the first troops landed, was greeted almost as warmly as the arrival of the troops themselves, because it meant the complete success of the undertaking.

43 NORWEGIAN SHIPS WERE DESTROYED IN JUNE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—The Norwegian legation gives out statistics of the losses to Norwegian shipping in June. Forty-three Norwegian vessels, aggregating 59,986 tons, were sunk by submarines or mines during that month, with the loss of 26 lives.

Three More Villages Taken by Russians

PRISONERS NOW NUMBER 20,000

"Troops of Death" Prominent in Onslaughts Against Teuton Hordes

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—The Austro-German forces are evacuating Brzezany, 50 miles southeast of Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, says a Reuter's despatch from Petrograd. The Russian armies have invested Brzezany from the northeast, southeast and southwest.

Units of four Russian armies, the depatch adds, are cooperating in the Galician advance, covering a front of about 20 miles. These units, with the approval of the commander in chief, are resolving to do or die in the supreme test of Russia's manhood.

"*They are called,*" adds the depatch, "respectively, regiments, battalions, companies, batteries and squadrons of 'death.' They wear black and red stripes on their cuffs, with a death's head on crossed swords."

(By Associated Press.)

In eastern Galicia the Russians continue their advance toward Lemberg, and it is reported unofficially that the Austro-Germans, under the pressure of the Russians are evacuating Brzezany, the centre of much heavy fighting in the last few days. Around Zlochoff, north of Brzezany and east of Lemberg, Gen. Brusiloff's soldiers have occupied three villages and driven the Austro-Germans beyond *the little Stripa river*. Berlin admits this reverse, and declares that only German reserves were able to stem the onrush of the Russian tide. The number of prisoners taken by the Russians is approaching 20,000.

In Volhynia there are signs that the Russians there are preparing for an offensive and already attacks have been made against the Teuton positions along the Kovel-Lutsk railroad in the direction of Kovel. Some fighting activity is also reported from Riga and near Smorgon, north of the Pripet marshes.

Says Russian Attacks Fail

BERLIN, via London, July 3.—The supplementary official statement issued tonight reads:

"Eastern theatre: *There has been* lively fighting from the Stokhod to the Narayuvka. New strong attacks of the Russians occurred at Brzezany; they failed with heavy losses."

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR PARDONS MEN CONVICTED OF TREASON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, July 3. — Emperor Charles has granted amnesty to civilians convicted of treason, lese majeste, offenses against public peace and rioting. The emperor's action has created a sensation in parliamentary circles but is expected to have a good influence on the further course of the parliamentary situation.

REPORT THAT PRESIDENT OF CHINA SUICIDED DENIED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—Foreign diplomats in Pekin, while they have decided not to interfere with the situation at present, have warned the imperialists that they will hold them responsible for the safety of President Li Yuan Hung, according to a special despatch from Tientsin.

The report that the president had committed suicide is said to be untrue. A despatch to the Times from Pekin says that the imperial edict, as signed Sunday, asserts that under the republic bribery prevailed and foreign obligations *increased enormously*.

STARVING DUTCH PEOPLE RAID STORES

Fierce Battle Occurs Between Crowd and Police—One Killed and Many Wounded.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, July 3.—Serious potato riots occurred here last night when mobs attacked two markets and were dispersed by the police. The crowd raided stores and carried away potatoes in several instances, and after vainly firing in the air, ball cartridges were fired into the rioters. It is reported one person was killed and many wounded, including two police officers.

The dockworkers here have proclaimed a strike and troops are guarding the harbor.

Early in the evening the police closed all the streets and bridges leading to the chief vegetable market in Marnix street, but despite precautions enormous crowds gathered, including women carrying children. The mob got beyond control and at 10 o'clock reinforcements of mounted police who were hurried to the scene, began to fire over the heads of the people. A fierce battle developed in the dark streets until midnight, when troops appeared and closed the entrance to the markets.

Worse scenes occurred at the potato market on Handels street. The newspapers today express fear that the riots will be renewed tonight and believe such demonstrations are unavoidable, considering the government's economic policy and the hunger of the people. In order to appease the people 23 wagonloads of potatoes were brought to Amsterdam today from the *principal potato* growing sections of Holland. The burgomaster has issued a proclamation forbidding further demonstrations.

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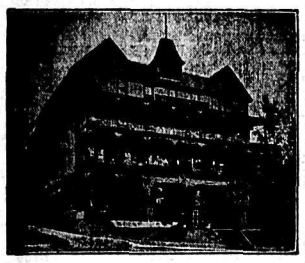

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JOHNNY ERTLE WINS BOUT WITH SANDOW

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CINCINNATI, July 3.—Johnny Ertle of St. Paul was an easy winner over Sammy Sandow of Cincinnati in their 15-round bout here tonight.

CANADIAN MILITARY SPORTS HELD IN ENGLAND

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 3.—Six sport meetings have been arranged by the Canadian Y. M. C. A. in the Canadian training areas in England.

Monday, Capt. Robert Kerr, at Seaford, won a 100-yard dash from a field of 20.

At Shorncliffe, Sergt. Bentley, Sergt. Hopper, Corp. McGillivray, Lieut. Rogers and Corp. Edmondson were notable winners.

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T. H. BOHART, Prop.
Is the place to stay when in
NAKUSP, B. C.

Central Hotel
AINSWORTH, B. C.
Natural hot water baths. Good dining room. Best of liquors and cigars.
A. BREEZE, Proprietor.

Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

PETROGRAD, July 3.—The new *Russian offensive has resulted in the* capture of 6000 more prisoners. Twenty-one guns and several mine throwers were also captured. Prisoners continue to be brought in. The Russians are advancing towards Zlochoff, Galicia.

Yesterday's official statement reported the capture of 173 officers and 10,000 men in eastern Galicia.

Russ Army Breaks Through

BERLIN, July 3.—Russian forces have broken *forward across* the heights on the western bank of the Stripa river in Galicia and succeeded in extending northward the gap they made in the Teutonic lines the previous day, army headquarters announced today. The Russian progress was *halted with the assistance of German* reserves, the statement adds.

Subs. Attack Swede Ships

COPENHAGEN, July 3.—German submarines have opened a campaign against the Swedish merchant fleet along the Norwegian northern coast. Four vessels were attacked and sunk Monday outside the blockade zone, the crews being compelled to take hastily to the lifeboats.

Cannon Active at Ypres

BERLIN, July 3.—Army headquarters today announced that the artillery bombardment on the western front Monday reached considerable strength in the Ypres salient.

French Crops Below 1916 Average

PARIS, July 3.—The principal crops on June 1 were generally from one to five per cent below the average for the same period in 1916 with the exception of potatoes which show a large increase. Grapes and other fruits are far beyond the crops of last year.

Newfoundland Has Surplus

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., July 3.—The revenue of Newfoundland this year shows nearly $1,000,000 in excess of *expenditure, the total approximating* $5,000,000.

Russians Drive Foe Over Stripa

PETROGRAD, July 3.—The Russian forces have occupied the Galician villages of Presovce, Zboroff and Korshiduv. The Austro-German forces have retreated westward across the little Stripa river.

Poles Starve in Warsaw

STOCKHOLM, July 3.—Poles in Stockholm have issued an appeal for their countrymen in Warsaw. The appeal says the people are dying in the streets of hunger while conditions elsewhere in Poland are equally grave, being particularly serious in Lodz.

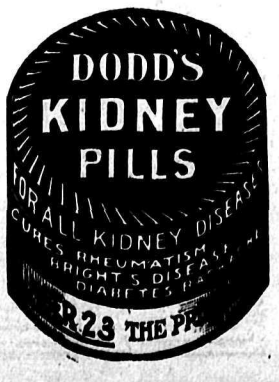
Move Towards Liquor Monopoly

LONDON, July 3.—The British government has appointed a commission to investigate and report on the establishment of a government monopoly of the liquor traffic during the war and after the war.

German Assaults Fail

PARIS, July 3.—The Germans Monday night made repeated attacks on the Aisne front on both sides of the Ailles-Passey road. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night but the Germans were thrown back each time and finally abandoned their efforts this morning.

German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood were also repulsed.



BARON HARDINGE MAKES DEFENSE

(Continued from Page One.)

ly referred to the greatest military effort ever made in India's history in despatching expeditions to France, East Africa and Egypt, so that the military equipment and stores were almost exhausted before the Mesopotamia campaign was considered.

He pointed out that the commission under Field Marshal Baron Nicholson which investigated the Indian army in 1913 raised the maintenance of seven and one-third divisions of infantry and five cavalry brigades, with reserves, and that within six months after the war India had mobilized 10 infantry divisions and had sent seven overseas and eight cavalry brigades, of which six went to France. India had also supplied immense stores of ammunition and equipment to the home government. As a result, India's own needs became pressing when the Mesopotamia operations began, but insistent demands upon the war office for troops, machine guns and other material met with refusal or scanty supplies owing to the greater need in France.

At the same time, he said, the Indian government, at the most critical period of the war, successfully carried out the greatest military operations since the frontier campaign of 1897, in effectively dealing with seven serious attacks by tribesmen on the northwest frontier.

Gave Way to Gen. Nixon.

Dealing with the circumstances of Gen. Nixon's advance from Kut toward Bagdad with insufficient forces, Lord Hardinge said that although the government of India was fully alive to the political and military advantages of the capture of Bagdad, it was opposed to any advance without reinforcements by another division and he read unpublished correspondence with the Indian office to that effect.

Gen. Nixon reported directly to the home government that he could defeat the Turks and occupy Bagdad, but that if the Turks were reinforced he would need another division.

It must be remembered, said Lord Hardinge, that Gen. Nixon was at the head of a victorious army. The decision rested with the home government; the Indian government could only make recommendations. Knowing that the Gallipoli expedition was not going well, knowing the cabinet's views on the political and military advantages of the occupation of Bagdad and believing Gen. Nixon was in the *best position to judge the number of* troops he required, the government of India, he declared, would have exposed itself to the contempt of having ignored the demands of the Empire at a critical moment if it had overridden the opinion of the general commanding in *the field.*

"It would have been a case of civilian interference with military plans," said Lord Hardinge.

"At the same time, we emphasized the necessity of the reinforcement of Gen. Nixon by a fully organized division, which should reach Bagdad not later than one month after its capture. The question appears to have been threshed out by an interdepartmental commission in London, and the combined staffs, and all the military authorities in London and India and, as far as we then knew, in Mesopotamia, were in agreement that Gen. Nixon's force was adequate for the capture of Bagdad, but not sufficient to retain its retention. In consequence, presumably of this united opinion, the advance upon Bagdad received the sanction of his majesty's government."

Turning to the medical arrangements, Lord Hardinge said:

Shares Horror at Revelations.

"It cannot be denied that the wounded coming down the river suffered terrible hardships and privations. I share entirely the horror and indignation the revelations of these sufferings has created."

Owing to the conflict between the rumors and the official reports Lord *Hardinge instituted investigations* resulting in a report that was incorporated in the commission's report. The only observation he could make was that the sending of hospitals and personnel to other theatres of the war had exhausted an organization which had never been intended for operations outside of India.

Regarding the shortage of river transport, Lord Hardinge asserted that the army had strained every nerve to collect steamers from India, Burma, China, Egypt and even the Thames, but owing to the storms and the light draught the boats required a large proportion foundered on the way. Much of the newspaper criticism had been based upon the extent to which the former viceroy had consulted with the home government by private telegrams, ignoring the Indian council. He explained he had inherited this system from three successive secretaries of state for India and had found it convenient and expeditious. The members of the council had made no complaint concerning it.

Lord Hardinge concluded that so far as personal imputations were concerned he believed his record of service was the best reply.

"I may have failed in my endeavor, my lords," said he, "but such a verdict should only be given in the light of India's military effort taken as a whole and of the internal situation in that vast empire, and it should be endorsed not only by fellow countrymen here but my fellow subjects in India, to whose continued confidence and good opinion I attach the highest value"

After Lord Hardinge's explanation the house passed to the next business on a statement by Earl Curzon that the government was not yet fully advised as to the steps, disciplinary or otherwise, which might be necessary. He hoped that the discussion would be resumed next week.

U. S. WAR TAX BILL IS REPORTED TO SENATE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Providing increase in taxes for war purposes of $1,670,170,000, or about $130,000,000 less than the house authorized, the war tax bill, as revised by the senate finance committee after six weeks' works, was reported today to the senate by Chairman Simmons. It will be taken up after the food control measure is passed.

VOTE ON MEASURE TODAY UNLIKELY

(Continued from Page One.)

table for the opposition leader to take or leave. He proposed, said Mr. Sinclair, that the conscription bill should be passed and the country appealed to. *This would have meant the reelection* of the present moribund parliament for a period of five years. It was no wonder that the opposition leader had rejected such a proposal. The member for Red Deer, Dr. Michael Clark, had described them as "magnanimous."

"All I can say," proceeded Mr. Sinclair, "is every man to his taste, as the old woman said when she kissed the cow."

Mr. Sinclair said that Hansard showed that at the very time the premier was negotiating with the leader of the opposition he was carrying on another correspondence with the ostensible object of securing a whitewash for the minister of public works, in order to retain him in his cabinet. He must have known that with Mr. Rogers in the government, a coalition was impossible. Mr. Sinclair added that he favored a coalition government which would contain all parties, including labor. He expressed the hope that in the event of a general election and the return of the Liberals to power that Sir Wilfrid Laurier would adopt this view and organize a government in which all parties will have representation.

The three great needs at the present time, said Mr. Sinclair, were capable administration, money and men. There should be conscription of the millionaires. The money so raised should be devoted to an increase of the soldiers' pay. The government should prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors. It should direct in some useful form of employment the thousands of officers who were strutting around in England doing nothing. It should stop the introduction in parliament of highway bills and other similar political dodges. The newspapers that opposed recruiting and stirred up racial strife should be suspended and a more liberal pension scale for the soldiers should be introduced.

Need for More Infantry Urgent.

F. B. McCurdy, parliamentary secretary for the department of militia, said that *so great* was the urgency for infantry reinforcements, that anyone who put difficulties in the way of their being provided at the earliest moment was taking upon himself the greatest responsibility.

Mr. McCurdy said that recently Hon. *Mr. Pugsley questioned the expediency* of the Dominion exercising its full effort on account of the entrance of the United States into the war. He compared the populations of Canada with the United States and claimed that the United States on the same *basis would have to supply 6,000,000* men to equal Canada's efforts.

Mr. McCurdy asked if Canada should refuse to give reinforcements to its men at the front. It surely would not turn back. Mr. McCurdy said that he had the honor this spring of visiting the Canadian troops. They were then holding 11 miles of Vimy ridge. This required four divisions, which took 52,000 infantry. The reinforcements for this force required on the average of 7800 men a month. He said on May 14, there were 34,700 infantry reinforcements in England or enough for only two months. There were in the infantry not sufficiently trained 22,118, and 9476 men who were under age or convalescing. Altogether there were total infantry reserves of 40,466, which were reinforcements for less than six months.

In addition a number of artillery men had been transferred to infantry, although it was felt that this was hardly fair. For these reasons they had temporarily stopped artillery recruiting, not because artillery recruits were not wanted, but because infantry was needed more.

Result Would Be Disastrous.

Mr. McCurdy agreed that if they knew as much at the beginning of the war as they did now, they would have had conscription. He said that even in England it was a long time before they could come to conscription. If all the allies had held back, as Mr. Pugsley suggested Canada should hold back, the result would be disastrous. Mr. McCurdy said that the passage of *the amendment would mean long de*lay. The government would be defeated and a new government would have to be formed. There would have to be a referendum and this would cause a delay of at least three months more. Then, after that the bill would *have to be enforced. He thought the* members of parliament should give the lead to the people. He hoped the bill would be put in force at the earliest possible moment. It could not wait because time would not wait.

W. E. Knowles, Moose Jaw, said he believed every man in the house was casting his vote in what he believed was the best interests of Canada. No man should cast his vote simply to aid his party. He thought they were patting themselves too much on the back in Canada. Compared with England, they had not learned what true sacrifice was. There was no question but that the need of men at the front was great and there was no doubt that if the issues of the war were unfavorable to the allies, Canadians would have to bid good-bye to all they held precious. But to his mind the question was what steps should be taken to raise the necessary men. He did not think the Canadian army should be limited to half a million; they should get all it was possible to get. The premier had returned from England, and he said he wanted conscription. The conclusion was that the boys at the front wanted reinforcements. However, said Mr. Knowles, he would have liked to see a closer reason and the real reason, to his mind, was whether conscription would bring the best military results for a system of cooperation.

Mr. Knowles did not believe that conscription would give the maximum military force. The principle of conscription, he said, was equitable and just, and he could find no fault with it. But he was afraid there would be real trouble in the province of Quebec. He could picture the results that would follow the physical enforcement of this act, and he had not heard anyone bring forward a plan of how to compel Quebec to furnish the quota of men. He had heard it said that now was the time to go into Quebec and settle old scores. It would be an empty, hollow victory, even if they did overcome Quebec.

"We are not fighting Quebec," he said. "We are fighting Germany at the present time."

Favors Referendum.

Later he said that he thought the French Canadian would hold his own with an Ontario Orangeman any day.

A. E. Fripp, Ottawa, asked why he thought the people of Quebec would disobey the law any more than anyone else.

Mr. Knowles replied that he was speaking from what he had heard said.

J. A. Best, Dufferin, interjected that Mr. Knowles was stirring up racial troubles.

Mr. Knowles said that soldiers would have to be sent into Quebec to enforce the law. They would be English speaking soldiers, no doubt, for they could not get French Canadian soldiers to do it. It would take more than one English soldier to bring in one French Canadian recruit.

"If all the people of Quebec are traitors," he said, 'today is not the time to fight them."

They were getting tired of the constant wrangling between Ontario and Quebec. "Chewing the rag," was getting to be tiresome in the house.

Mr. Knowles declared that he favored the referendum and believed that it *would not be an obnoxious thing. He* emphasized, however, that he was strongly in favor of conscription. If he thought this bill would get the number of soldiers required he would not care if it drove Quebec out of confederation. To secure the men would *be cheap at any price, but he did not* believe the bill would bring the results, rather it would take away from our real fighting force.

Had Sir Wilfrid Entered Cabinet

Mr. Knowles said that the coalition proposals had failed because the premier, before making them, had already dictated the policy which the coalition government would have to adopt. He expressed the view that if Sir Wilfrid Laurier had gone into the coalition government he would have done the greatest damage to the British Empire he could have done. He would have ceased to be the leader of Quebec province, and Henri Bourassa would have held Quebec in the hollow of his hand and become a menace to the Empire. Every one would agree, he thought, that Quebec would be safer under Laurier than under Bourassa.

In closing, Mr. Knowles suggested that the best possible results would follow a reversion to the conditions which prevailed in Canada before the announcement was made by the premier that conscription would be introduced. He would let conscription stand in abeyance and see if the two leaders could not agree to a coalition upon a basis that would be satisfactory to all parties. If Sir Wilfrid Laurier would not agree to coalesce under such conditions the Liberals would find a leader who would be willing to do so. This, he said, was the only plan which would bring about the unity which was so desirable at the present time.

Col. John Currie of North Simcoe resumed the debate after the recess. He declared that his chief reason for speaking was that he had been one of the members of the house who had had the pleasure of being at the front and of seeing conditions first hand. He complimented the house upon the *moderate tone in which the speeches* on the most momentous question since confederation had been delivered. There was nothing to be gained by abuse or strong language; there was nothing to be gained by threats. There was no need of recrimination, *as all governments had made mistakes* since war commenced. The man who made mistakes in trying to do good should not be blamed.

Conditions Changed Entirely

Canadian soldiers had distinguished themselves above all armies in the field. They had been recruited by the voluntary method. The methods employed at first were based on common sense, and he was sorry they had been departed from. At the outset, business men had formed recruiting committees and enlistment had been excellent. Unfortunately certain elements anxious to get into the public eye had arisen and recruiting was handed over to them. Today recruiting was found to be unsatisfactory, but so far as the voluntary system was concerned, Canada had no reason to be ashamed. Military authorities held that a proportion of one in seventeen of the population was all that a nation could do for war purposes. Canada had done better than that. But unfortunately the wastage was great. The troops of the Dominion were so good that they were used as "shock troops." In addition, the war had lasted longer than was expected. At the outset the British government had left the Canadians pretty well to their own resources. It was to be a war of attrition, but the attrition was all on the British side and they lost three men to every one the Germans lost. There was a shortage of munitions and guns. These days were now gone by and the British had the ascendency. Nevertheless, the more men they put in the field the more they needed to fill the gaps. He asked, however, whether the members from Quebec would undertake in sixty days to raise 60,000 men. If they would give such an assistance, he was willing to hold the bill in abeyance, but they could not do it.

Col. Currie maintained that at the time of confederation Canadians gave a definite pledge to the mother country that they would supply their quota of men for the defense of the Empire where it was necessary for them to do so. It was their duty now, he said, to carry out that pledge.

A Summer Clearance

WHEN HIGH CLASS SEASONABLE GOODS ARE OFFERED AT REAL BARGAIN PRICES NOT MUCH NOISE IS NEEDED TO ATTRACT BUYERS—THIS WEEK WE OFFER:

Our Summer Knitted and White Muslin Underwear
AT BARGAIN PRICES
We Have an Especially Fine Selection of Ladies' *and Children's Combinations,* Vests and Drawers
SUMMER UNDERWEAR— Regular $1.00 Value at 75c
SUMMER UNDERWEAR— Regular 50c Value at 37c
SUMMER UNDERWEAR— Regular 35c Value at 26c
ALSO DAINTY WHITE UNDERWEAR AT SIMILAR REDUCTIONS

White Blouses
THE BEST GRADES OF VOILE BLOUSES ALSO GET THE CALL
WHITE BLOUSES— Regular $2.50 to $5.00.. $1.97 TO $3.75
And the Styles Are Superb

Summer Hosiery
White, Blue, Pink and Black—All Sizes
CHILDREN'S FINE LISLE HOSIERY— Regular 40c for 32c
CHILDREN'S FINE LISLE HOSIERY— Regular 30c for 24c
CHILDREN'S FINE LISLE HOSIERY— Regular 25c for 20c
These Are Fresh from the Mill
LADIES' HOSE ALSO REDUCED

MIDDIES, WHITE SKIRTS, SUITS, DRESSES, SUMMER MUSLINS, VOILES, CREPES, ETC., ALL STRONGLY REDUCED

The Goods You WANT at Bargain Prices

SMILLIE & WEIR
LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

WANTS WEALTH AS WELL CONSCRIPTED

(Continued from Page One.)

and defend the state and all it implies is the need of the hour.

"Man power is not sufficient in itself, nor is material wealth, to protect and defend the state. Both are equally necessary. Man power is useless without material wealth in the shape of land for the production of food supplies, mines, mills and factories for the production of fuel, minerals, all war munitions and other necessary supplies and railroads for transportation of the same, since men must be fed, equipped and supplied with munitions to be effective. It logically follows that to protect the state both man power and material wealth, as defined above, must be utilized to the best purposes and to do which both must be conscripted is necessary.

"The premier pledged that the whole power of the nation shall be given to the task of winning the war. The whole power of the nation is not limited to man power, which in itself is useless, but to the material wealth as well. I am strongly of the opinion then, that the greatest and most patriotic service we can render to our country, our motherland and our allies in the struggle to preserve our liberties and our democracy, is, on the day conscription of man power is put into effect, to implement the pledge of the prime minister by forcing the government to conscript material wealth through every worker in the Dominion refusing to work for the gain of the private profiteer and offering his service *to the nation and the* nation alone. In other words, not a wheel of industry should turn except only for the nation in its hour of need. Not a mine, railway, mill nor factory are to be operated for the profit of the owners of such, but solely for the purpose, *in conjunction with man power,* for military purposes, to protect the nation.

"If our liberties and our democracy are at stake, the government will gladly and courageously conscript the material wealth of the nation to permit the work being executed for the nation by eliminating the last vestige of profit. If such is not done, then we have either been deceived, as the existence of the state is not in danger, or betrayed, as the whole power of the nation is not being consecrated to the task of winning the war. If the latter, it becomes the duty of labor to bring pressure to bear on the government to do their whole duty, their loyal and patriotic duty, by refusing to work unless that duty is done. Let labor demonstrate their loyalty and patriotism on the day man power is conscripted by seeing that the work of their brain and every ounce of their physical energy is utilized for the support of the men at the front and in defense of the nation, to provide ample remuneration and adequate pensions to the men in uniform and a full measure of protection to the dependents of such men, and to relieve the nation from the burden of debt which the productive work of labor can meet—even if a general strike is necessary to bring it about."

WOMEN'S LABOR LEAGUE RESENTS FIGHT BY "ANTIS"

WINNIPEG, July 3.—At a meeting of the Womens Labor league tonight a resolution in opposition to the activities of the labor anticonscriptionists was passed.

Notice
I have appointed John Desireau to pick up my stray logs, and any one found holding or cutting my logs will be prosecuted. My brands are as follows: J. S. D., C. C. L., D., K34, 69S, Circle in diamond.
J. S. Deschamps

Fowler's Grape Cider
"IT'S MIGHTY GOOD"
Buy It By the Gallon From Your Dealer

STRIKE RESOLUTION IN GERMANY NARROWLY BEATEN

COPENHAGEN, July 3.—Followers of Philipp Scheidemann, majority Socialist leader among the German Conservative Socialists, triumphed in the national convention of the German Metal Workers' union at Cologne, although by the narrow margin of 63 to 54 votes. The radicals had attempted to swing the union into line in favor *of a policy of strike demonstrations* and to secure resolutions rebuking the union leaders for cooperating with the government in stopping the food strike in April. The move failed, however, by the margin of nine votes.

FURTHER CREDITS BY U. S. TO BRITAIN DISCUSSED

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Lord Northcliffe, head of the British war mission in the United States, called on Secretary McAdoo today and discussed further credits for Great Britain. He was accompanied by Sir Richard Crawford, commercial adviser to the British embassy.

ORDERS MOVEMENT OF FOODSTUFFS WATCHED

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It has been officially announced that President Wilson has signed an order authorizing the creation of an exports council under the powers vested in him in the espionage law. In a statement issued recently supplementive to the executive order, President Wilson said that the exports council will be "merely advisory to the president" and that there would be no "prohibition of exports."

It was essential, however, he said, that the government should see that the countries allied with America in war received as generous a part of the surplus of our products as possible while endeavoring also to supply neutral nations depending upon the United States. He predicted that little check would be placed upon the vol*ume of exports* and that the prices obtained for them would not be affected.

The president, however, will be able to say that this nation and that, whether neutral or ally, may have certain amounts of the products of America *and no more. He will have in his* hands unquestioned authority to shut down and regulate the exports of grain and other commodities to any neutral country which inquiry would indicate has permitted any considerable part of its supply from America to get into the hands of Germany.

The president's order reads: "By virtue of authority vested in me by title 7 of the act approved June 15, 1917, entitled, 'an act to punish espionage and better to enforce the criminal laws of the United States and for other purposes,' I hereby vest in the secretary of commerce the executive administration of all instructions issued by the president under the said title 7 and of the proclamations thereunder, and the said secretary is thereby authorized and directed to take such measures as may be necessary to administer and execute the same and to grant or refuse export licenses thereunder, in accordance with those instructions.

"I hereby establish an export council, to be composed of the secretary of state, the secretary of agriculture, the secretary of commerce and the food administrator, and I hereby authorize and direct the said experts council, thus constituted, to formulate, for the consideration and approval of the president, policies and make recommendations necessary to carry out the purpose of this act."

Mining and Markets

UTICA STOCK IS STRONG AT SPOKANE

Makes ½ Point Gain—Rambler, Slocan Star and Jim Recede—Standard Unchanged.

Utica stock was strong on the Spokane market yesterday, gaining ½ to 23¾. Rambler at 16¾ was ¼ down. Slocan Star and Lucky Jim both eased off fractionally, the former to 17⅛ and the latter to 4¼. Standard was unchanged.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by St. Denis & Lawrence.)

	Bid	Asked
Cork-Province	$ .02	$ .03
Lucky Jim	.04¼	.04½
Rambler	.16¾	.18
Standard	.62	.70
Slocan Star	.17⅛	.17½
Utica	.23¾	.24¼
Florence	.83	.92
Caledonia	.54½	.57

New York Curb.

	Bid	Asked
Canada Copper	$ 2.25	$2.32½
Bay Hercules	3.87½	4.00
Standard	.67½	.75
Slocan Star	.18	.20
Utica	.24	.26

New York Exchange Closing.

	High	Low	Close
C. P. R.	159½	158½	159½
Chino	56	55½	55⅞
Inspiration	62⅞	61¾	62¾
Miami	41⅛	40⅞	41

Sales—C.P.R., 1000; Chino, 700; Inspiration, 600; Miami, 1700.

There will be no session of any American exchange or curb Wednesday, Independence day.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by C. W. Appleyard.)

	Bid	Asked
Lucky Jim	$ .04¼	$ .04½
Cork-Province	.02	.03
Rambler	.16¾	.18
Standard	.62	.70
Slocan Star	.17⅛	.17½
Utica	.23¾	.24¼
Snowstorm	.42½	.43½
Florence	.83	.92

PROTECT YOUR WAGES AND FAMILY

By taking out a Sickness and Accident policy. This policy is a straight promise to pay. No "Ifs and "Whereases." $1 per month upwards.

PROTECT YOUR HOME
By taking out a fire policy.

Protection the Touchstone of Success.

All claims settled at sight. We are first in
Service—Prestige—Stability

J. H. Schofield & Co.
TRAIL, B. C.

We Insure Everything Except the Hereafter.

PRICE OF SILVER AT NEW YORK, 77 7-8

Quoted on London Market at 39.50—Copper and Spelter Dull—Lead Unchanged.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Silver, 77⅞; at London, 39.50.

Copper dull; electrolytic, spot and nearby, 32 to 33; later deliveries, 29 to 31.

At London; Spot copper, £130; futures, £129 10s; electrolytic, £142.

Spelter dull; spot, East St. Louis delivery, 9⅛ asked.

Lead: St. Louis, 10.92½; New York, 11; Montreal, 13.57; London, £30 10s. Monday's prices were the same.

WILL SHIP FROM THE TRIUNE MINE

R. H. Battey Has Twelve Men at Work at This Property and Seven at the Florence

R. H. Battey, manager of the Triune mines and the Florence mines at Ferguson, has 12 miners working at the Triune and at the Florence seven. This year the Triune will be worked to its full capacity in development and night and day shifts will be put to work in tunneling and sacking high grade ore. At present the men are opening the ore bodies in the fourth and fifth levels through the tunnels and blocking out the ore for shipping to the smelter. The Triune is situated just over the summit from the Silver Cup, and is about seven miles in direct line from the Beatrice on Mohawk creek and the Multiplex mines of the Camborne camp. The Multiplex has had a small crew working all winter and the Multiplex people expect to increase the force shortly and pile up its ore reserves. As soon as arrangements are made the Beatrice mines, which have shipped a lot of ore in years gone by, will again be in operation, as the new bond holders, K. G. McRae and Andy Daney, are arranging for active work. It is possible that a company may be formed to take over the Beatrice with the view of enlarging the operations and putting this property on a permanent shipping basis.

Mr. Battey was at the Hume yesterday.

STERLING EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Sterling exchange, 4.75⅝ for demand.

STOCKS
Telegraphic Quotations Daily
Your orders PROMPTLY executed on any listed stock. Brokerage connection in Spokane, New York, Toronto.
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Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SMELTERS AND REFINERS
Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc Ores
TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD, BLUESTONE AND SPELTER

The Royal Bank of Canada
INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized	$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid Up	12,900,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits	14,300,000
Total Assets	270,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL
Sir H. S. HOLT, President; E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director; C. E. NEILL, General Manager.
360 BRANCHES IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND
Branches throughout Cuba and in Porto Rico, Dominican Republic, Costa Rica, Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Dominica, Grenada, Venezuela, Jamaica, Trinidad, British Guiana, British Honduras, and at London, England, and New York City.
KOOTENAY DISTRICT BRANCHES
Cranbrook— H. C. Seaman, Manager. Nelson— A. J. McLean, Manager.
Grand Forks— G. A. Spink, Manager. Rossland— A. W. Sprague, Manager.
BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADIAN PACIFIC

Time Schedule, Effective June 24

Leave Nelson	WEST	Arrive Nelson
7:40 a.m. Daily	Through Service, Nelson-Vancouver, via Kettle Valley Railway, via Hope.	10:30 p.m. Daily
8:40 a.m. Ex Sunday	Slocan Branch, Slocan Lake and Sandon.	5:20 p.m. Ex Sunday
9:10 a.m. Daily	Local Service: Nelson, Rossland, Trail and intermediate points.	10:05 a.m. Daily
8:45 p.m. Daily		8:25 p.m. Daily
8:45 p.m. Mon., Wed., Fri.	Columbia River and Main Line connection via Revelstoke.	10:30 p.m. Mon., Wed., Fri.
Leave Nelson	**EAST**	**Arrive Nelson**
5:30 a.m. Daily	Kootenay Landing, Spokane and Main Line connection via Crows Nest.	8:10 p.m. Daily
4:00 p.m. Ex Sunday	Kootenay Lake Service: Kaslo and intermediate points; Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday to Lardo.	9:30 a.m. Mon., Wed., Fri., Sat.
		11:00 a.m. Tues., Thur.
3:00 p.m. Mon., Fri.	Nelson-Crawford Bay Local Service.	9:00 a.m. Mon., Fri.

J. S. CARTER, District Passenger Agent, Nelson, B.C.

TRADING IN STOCKS AGAIN IRREGULAR

Rails Rally in First Hour—C.P.R. Gets Fair Support—Coppers Show Improvement.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 3.—In its essential features today's stock market was almost a repetition of recent dull and irregular sessions. Business was much curtailed because of the impending holiday and the continued absence of public participation. Money conditions were actually conducive to speculation for the bull account, but trading in that quarter was checked by increasing perplexities respecting war profits and taxes. Call loans were in free supply at 3½ per cent and time money was more abundant than at any period in the last three weeks.

Bears renewed their attacks upon the more mercurial issues, chiefly motors, and some of the lesser equipments and minor specialties, Studebaker showing an extreme loss of 6 points and others of the same division yielding 4 to 5 points.

Rails also experienced additional price attrition, a few of the dividend issues recording lowest quotations for the current decline. That group rallied briskly in the covering movement of the final hour, St. Paul making material recovery from Monday's losses. Canadian Pacific, Great Northern and Reading were equally responsive to fair support.

Pronounced betterment was also shown by coppers and oils, tobaccos and certain high-priced specialties under professional control. Industrial Alcohol, Ohio Gas, Mexican Petroleum and American Sumatra Tobacco finished 2 to 4 points higher. United States Steel and kindred shares were depressed during the greater part of the day, but hardened later on the strength of allied equipments. Virtually all of the activity occurred in the first hour, the rest of the session being characterized by extreme apathy. Total sales of stocks 540,000 shares.

The strength of Swiss exchange featured the market for foreign issues, rubles holding at the minimum record of Monday.

Railway bonds were heavy, internationals irregular and liberty bonds firm. Total sales, par value, $2,450,000.

Closing Prices.

American Zinc	32½
American Smelting	107
Anaconda	81
Butte	40
C. P. R.	159
Chile	21½
Granby	80½
Inspiration	62⅜
Kennecott	45
Miami	40⅞
Nevada	23⅛
Republic Iron	92½
Tennessee	17¾
U. S. Steel	128½
U. S. Steel preferred	117¾
Utah	108¾
Can. Smelters	25

SILVER SELLS AT OVER 80 CENTS

Vancouver Transaction for Far East Is at Above Eastern Quotation —Highest Since 1892

BOSTON.—High record levels have been reached by silver with sales at 80⅝ cents an ounce at Vancouver. This new top price, indicating a premium of about 2 cents an ounce over the New York quotation, was made by Nipissing Mines company for shipment to the far east.

Producers talk of even higher prices for this metal, basing their contention on the big demand both at home and abroad and the fact that production shows no material increase. Curtailment of operations at Butte, Cananea and other mining centers, where silver figures prominent as a byproduct, will cut down the yield of this metal, rather than provide the increase that had been looked for at this time.

The federal government has been buying silver quite heavily for some weeks past, the purchases aggregating 400,000 ounces weekly. The last purchase, however, was for 800,000 ounces and the government did not appear as a buyer during the week just ended.

Much of the silver for the far east now goes direct from the United States or Canada from Pacific ports rather than through the medium of the London market, which necessitates crossing the Atlantic. This is because of the high shipping costs with Atlantic war risk insurance to London. Until recently it has been next to impossible to break the hold which English brokers have always held upon the far eastern markets.

With an advance of 6 3-4 cents from the low point of the year, March 27, silver prices have reached the highest level since 1892. They are now actually higher than at any time during the sensational advance of May, 1916, when 77 1-4 cents was twice touched. Every indication points to 80-cent silver in the very near future.

On hot nights when you can't sleep

—Shake Mennen's Borated Talcum generously between the sheets.

Get back into bed—

Yawn—sigh—

Then wake up refreshed in the morning.

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SMELTERS MOST ACTIVE STOCK AT MONTREAL

Friday's Quotation, 25, Holds Unchanged—Business in Steel Issues at Low Ebb.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 3.—Little interest was shown in Canadian stocks when the market opened after the triple holiday. Stock trading was trifling in volume and without price changes of note. Smelters ranked as the most active issue, with dealings in only 275 shares. The price held unchanged at 25, or level with the close last Friday. Two hundred shares of Civic Power changed hands, which was off ½ point to 75½; Canada Steamships common was 1 lower at 43, and Laurentide was unchanged at 170.

The three steel stocks, which still retain their market importance as barometers of street sentiment, reflected a condition of total apathy on a turnover of less than 100 shares for the three. Steel of Canada, the only one dealt in to the extent of a board lot, was marked ⅜ lower at 58. Final quotations for the three were shaded from last Friday, the slight lowering being attributed to the uncertain course of the New York market during the Canadian holiday.

Riordon Pulp which opened 2 lower at 122 but regained the loss on the next trade, was the only industrial to display and movement.

An improved demand for Canadian war loans furnished a more interesting feature than the trading in stocks. The third loan was active, with dealings totaling $126,700 par value, with the price at one time ⅞ higher at 94⅜ and a full point above the low record of last week. In the late afternoon it sagged off to 94 again. The second loan improved ¾ to 94¼ under a light demand, while the first was firm around 97¼.

Total business for the day 1653 shares of stock; $25,850 listed bonds and $126,700 unlisted bonds.

TRADING IN STOCKS IS LIMITED AT TORONTO

Prices on Downward Trend for Most Part—War Loan Buying Features Market.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, July 3.—Buying orders were next to nothing after the three-day holiday on the local stock exchange. Trading was limited and prices for the most part were on the downward trend. With the exception of fairly active buying of the 1937 war loan, there was little of note during the session today. This bond was bid up to 94¼, closing at 94 for a gain of ¼ from Friday and with total sales of $41,500 par value.

The Brazilian Traction's favorable earning statement was not anticipated and this stock was sold down to 38¾ and closed at the low, or ⅜ off for the day. Consumers' Gas was weaker at 150½. The steel issues were neglected and price changes were meaningless.

In the unlisted section, Hollinger had a decidedly strong tone, due to news of the granting of the increase to the underground workers and the stock was bid up 38 points on transactions aggregating 1000 shares.

DECIDES TO OPERATE SILVER GLANCE MINE

J. W. Power Will Operate Highgrade Silver Proposition Near Bear Lake This Summer.

J. W. Power of Vancouver has decided to operate the Silver Glance mine at Bear lake, near the Lucky Jim, during the summer. It is a high grade silver proposition which is likely to develop at an early date into a producer, it is stated.

Mr. Power is operating the Red Elephant in the Lardeau district, a gold-silver concentrating ore property, located near the Bannockburn.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., July 3.—Cattle: Receipts, 3000; market weak. Beeves, 8.30 to 13.35; stockers and feeders, 6.40 to 9.50; cows and heifers, 5.40 to 11.75; calves, 10.50 to 15.25.

Hogs: Receipts, 12,000; 10 to 20c higher. Light, 14.30 to 15.50; mixed, 14.55 to 15.90; heavy, 14.45 to 15.95; rough, 14.45 to 14.65; pigs, 10.75 to 14.25; bulk, 14.80 to 15.70.

Sheep: Receipts, 2000; strong, 25 cents higher. Lambs, native, 10 to 16.75.

BUTTER MARKET STRONG.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 3.—Butter prices at the auction sales here today were bid up ⅜ to ½ and finest creamery sold at 34⅞. Cheese active and firm. Eggs steady with a better demand.

Cheese: Finest westerns and easterns, 21¾.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 35; seconds, 35.

Eggs: Selected, 37 to 38; No. 1 stock, 33 to 34; No. 2 stock, 28 to 29.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 55 to 56; Canada short cut back, 53 to 54.

IMPROVEMENT IS SHOWN IN LAKE COMMERCE

Total Tonnage Carried Through Locks in June Greatly in Excess of May Figures.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., July 3.—The statistical report of lake commerce issued today covering the month of June showed a decided improvement over traffic conditions for the month of May. The total amount of tonnage carried through the locks also exceeds that of June of last year; 13,225,163 tons of freight being locked through, of which 10,592,440 tons were carried through on the American side and 2,632,723 tons through on the Canadian side. The total tonnage for June, 1916, was 12,960,469. The largest increase was on the wheat and grain, of which the report shows 5,123,214 more bushels were handled.

Passenger traffic shows a falling off of nearly 50 per cent for the last month.

The Canadian steamer Grant Morden locked through this afternoon with a cargo of 13,000 tons of iron ore for Chicago. She is the first steamer locking through since the waiving of coastal laws.

DIRECTS OPERATORS TO WORK COAL MINES

Order of Commissioner Armstrong Is Issued—Conditions Have Been Agreed To.

FERNIE, B. C., July 3.—Directions of W. H. Armstrong, commissioner in charge of the coal mine situation, who was appointed as a result of action taken on the recommendation of R. F. Green, M. P., have been issued to the operators. The proclamation orders the resumption of work on conditions to which the miners agreed by their vote Saturday to return to work today. "I hereby direct the owner, agent and manager of every coal mine and coke producing plant in the coal fields of southeastern British Columbia and southwestern Alberta, known as District 18, forthwith to open said coal mine and said coke producing plant, and resume operations," says the order. The following conditions and rates as to employment of labor are set forth:

"The conditions and rates as set out in the tentative agreement arranged between District 18 of the United Mine Workers of America and the Western Coal Operators' association, on or about March, 1917, shall apply, with the following additions and amendments:

(a) Seven and one-half per cent increase upon all wages scheduled to said tentative agreement. (Note—Tentative agreement contained all around increase in contract and day wage rates of 15 per cent).

"(b) Clause entitled 'Stoppage of work,' and the words within brackets in the 'Form of Order,' set out in clause entitled, 'Deductions,' shall be eliminated.

"(c) Those conditions and rates shall be effective from April 1, 1917, to April 1, 1919, save that the rates shall apply to date only to employees who have continued at work since April 1, 1917, under clause entitled 'Employees to Care for Mine' and to rescue labor at No. 3 mine, Coal Creek.

"(d) A commissioner shall be appointed consisting of a man chosen by the operators, a man chosen by the miners, and one appointed by the government, who shall, four months from April 1, 1917, and every succeeding four months thereafter, if asked by either the operators or the miners, inquire into the cost of living as to the increase or decrease thereof, and adjust the wage scale as may be found necessary by such increase or decrease, but so that the scale of wages hereby fixed shall be a minimum basis throughout the said period.

"(e) Clause entitled 'Settlement of Local and General Dispues' shall be amended so that I shall act as or appoint the independent chairman mentioned therein.

"(f) Any other matters of difference existing now are to be agreed upon by the men and the operators after resumption of work, and in the event of non-agreement shall be decided by myself."

C. P. R. EARNINGS SHOW INCREASE OF $566,000

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 3.—Gross earnings of the C.P.R., for the last nine days in June show an increase of $566,000.

WINNIPEG WHEAT.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, July 3.—Wheat: October, $1.87.

Oats: July, 73⅝; October, 62; December, 59¾.

Flax: July, $2.63; October, $2.59.

Cash wheat: No. 1 Northern, $2.20; No. 2 Northern, $2.17; No. 3 Northern, $2.12; No. 4 Northern, $2; No. 5, $1.76; No. 6, $1.58; feed, $1.19.

7171 SOLDIERS UNDER CARE MILITARY HOSPITALS BOARD

OTTAWA, July 3.—On June 22 there were 7171 invalided members of the Canadian expeditionary force under care of the military hospitals commission in Canada, according to figures received today from the commission's headquarters in Ottawa. The total shows an increase of 93 since June 15. The latest return from the old country shows a decrease of 415 between June 1 and June 8.

FARM WORK TO GIVE NEW START

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Not every man who forms a part of a large city's driftwood is "down and out" from choice. At least Governor Brumbaugh has proved this theory to his own satisfaction. Some time ago the governor addressed the Philadelphia Sunday Breakfast association, an ever-changing weekly gathering of the city's flotsam, in which he made an appeal that they do their part in helping the country to bring the war to a victorious conclusion. He urged two ways in which they could help. One of these which he emphasized particularly was that by "knocking out liquor to save the nation, they would knock out liquor to save themselves." The other was to offer their services for any work they felt capable of doing, and he gave his personal promise to find such work for all who volunteered.

The idea was immediately followed by the organizers of the association, and with outside help they started in to enlist derelicts for useful occupations, principally in connection with farm work, where they would in a great measure be free from the temptations that surrounded them on every side of the city. In response to his request that every man who wanted to do something for himself and the country, write him, the governor, within a few days, received many replies, some of which were pathetic in the extreme. Not all of these men are victims of their own depraved habits. Many are the chance objects of circumstances over which they themselves have no control, who have been catapaulted, partly through inability, partly through age, into a lower social strata from which they have found it almost impossible to climb out.

The governor's replies included a number of letters from this class. The repartment of labor and industry was asked to look after one case, and the man is now employed in work that is bringing him a fair return, and is no longer a burden on the community. This man stated in his letter that he had found it impossible to obtain any kind of work. Willing to do anything, he could find nothing, and finally drifted into the Breakfast association, where for sometime he had been a "regular."

Going further, the governor sent a number of names he had received, to the committee of public safety of Pennsylvania, of which George Wharton Pepper is the chairman. These names were turned over to Fred Taylor Pusey, executive secretary for local committee. A great many were placed on farms through this agency, while others were taken care of by the commissioner of labor, John Price Jackson. The work is also being carried out by private citizens who have volunteered to help.

A letter which the governor received from W. Bruce Barrow, a business man of this city, is characteristic of others that have reached the executive mansion. In it, Mr. Barrow gives a list of 15 men who have been placed on farms. Their appreciation of the efforts that have been made in their behalf is summed up as follows: "The men are beginning to realize that the farm is their place. They have also come to the realization of the fact that their only salvation lies in their abstention from drink. They have asked many times, referring to your words of encouragement, to be remembered to you and thank you for your interest in them."

Other letters received by the government contain similar sentiments. Just how many men have been placed cannot be accurately determined, as they have been placed through different channels and no report to a central committee has as yet been made. The work, however, is still going on, and others are being reclaimed from time to time; taken from a life of idleness to be placed in a sphere of usefulness.

APPLES, ORANGES, FIGS AND PRUNES.

Are The Four Fruits Used in Making "Fruit-a-tives"

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the only medicine in the world that is made from the juices of fresh ripe fruits. Thus, it is manifestly unfair to say, "I won't take Fruit-a-tives because I have tried other remedies and they did me no good". On the other hand, the fact that "Fruit-a-tives" is *entirely different from any other preparation in the world*, is just why you should give it a fair trial, in any trouble of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys or Skin. "Fruit-a-tives", *is composed of the active principle of fruit and the greatest nerve tonic ever discovered.* 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

WRIGLEY'S

To Somebody Somewhere at the Front—

Every day boxes from home are going to the boys in the trenches. And of the things they get, a great prize is **WRIGLEY'S** — the Gum with Lasting Flavour.

It takes the place of food and drink in case of need—which is often. It keeps spirits up—gives vigour and vim. A packet in the pocket lasts a long time.

The Flavour Lasts!

Chew it after every meal

Made in Canada

Sealed Tight—Kept Right 15

DOMINION—there's a lesson in that name.

It means fresh, crispy, delicious Toasted Corn Flakes. That's why eating Dominion Toasted Corn Flakes is a lesson easily learned.

Always Packed
WAXTITE
Made by
KELLOGG TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY
Toronto and Battle Creek

THE DAILY NEWS

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1917.

PROSPECTS GOOD FOR A UNION WIN-THE-WAR CABINET.

Prospects of a union win-the-war government at Ottawa are reported to be good. That is excellent news. If Sir Robert Borden can succeed in his effort to form a union administration of men who believe in a vigorous policy of conducting the war it will tend to unity in the country and strengthen Canada in its great task.

Such a government cannot, of course, include any anti-conscriptionists or lukewarm men. It will be composed of those who are in full sympathy with Sir Robert's policy of selective draft to fill the ranks at the front and with his war policy generally. Whether such men come from within the house of commons or not does not matter, but it is to be hoped that Dr. Michael Clark will join the administration.

SUB. PIRACY HAS MORE THAN MILITARY PURPOSE.

There is more behind the entente shipbuilding campaign than the necessity for supplying tonnage to carry supplies during the war. It is only by an immense construction program that the allies can frustrate the German plan to destroy so much entente and neutral shipping that the Teutons will have a preponderance of mercantile tonnage in the trade struggle after the war.

Germany is rushing the construction of merchant ships and it can be with only one purpose. They will not be used during the war. They are being built for use after peace comes. By that time the German government hopes to have destroyed so much entente and neutral shipping as to give it an advantage in the world shipping business. This is one of the reasons for the fierce campaign of destruction that has been carried out against Norwegian and Dutch ships and which is now being extended to Swedish ships, which hitherto have suffered less than those of other neutral countries.

For every entente and neutral ship illegally destroyed Germany should be compelled as part of the terms of peace to put up ton for ton. The new ships it is constructing now should be useful to draw upon for this purpose. The enemy must be made to pay for its submarine piracy.

THE PLUGGING INQUIRY AT VANCOUVER.

The plugging inquiry commission at Vancouver has adjourned until July 13, when a finding will probably be handed down. Until that finding has been given the evidence is in a measure sub judice, but it is obvious that the investigation has not by any means been complete.

For that the commissioners are not open to blame. It is not their fault. The fact that many of the most important witnesses have not been before the commission and that certain lines of inquiry have not been open to the commissioners to follow out is due in the main to three conditions—the government's delay in arranging the inquiry, the narrow authority given by the act passed last session under which the commissioners were named and the fact that they had absolutely no power to take evidence on oath outside British Columbia.

When the bill was before the house Independent Liberals offered many amendments, all designed to widen the scope of the inquiry. Each amendment was voted down by the government majority. The delay in providing for the inquiry permitted the disappearance of many witnesses.

A SOPHISM THAT TIME HAS DISPROVED

An opponent of conscription quotes with approval Napoleon's alleged statement that one volunteer was worth three conscripts. Great Britain thought so once, and is paying for it today. The argument is based on the assumption that conscripted soldiers go into battle unwillingly, an assumption which history absolutely denies. It is denied particularly emphatically by the experience of the present war.

When Great Britain adopted conscription it was found that those called went willingly because they knew conscription was fair and necessary it will be the same in Canada. The men of this country under the selective draft system will fight as nobly for the cause of humanity as are the soldiers of France and the newer formations of the British and New Zealand armies.

The Dutch find tulips a poor substitute for potatoes.

What. Mr. Nicholas Romanoff thinks of the Russian victory is not considered to be worth cable tolls.

Norway does not comment on the destruction of 43 of its ships by German submarines in June, but it undoubtedly thinks a lot.

It would be interesting to know if the Teutons were surprised by the Russian blow, or if the victory has been attained against an enemy fully aware that the assault was to be made.

The Borden government is well advised in putting up very few speakers on conscription. Members have a full right to express their views, but the longer the debate lasts the longer it will take to get conscription into effect.

Like the French revolutionists of a bygone age, the Russian revolutionists are compelled to fight for the maintenance of free institutions against an autocracy from without which would destroy them. War made the Russian revolution possible and war will save the institutions to establish which it was organized.

J. H. Sinclair's argument against conscription is that Canada should let the other entente nations do its fighting. That is the logical outcome of his contention that the British and French troops can take the place of Canadians who fall. Germany would soon win the war if a similar attitude were adopted by the other members of the entente.

J. H. Sinclair excuses Sir Wilfrid Laurier for his refusal to join a national win-the-war government by saying that he could not sit in the cabinet with Hon. Robert Rogers. But Mr. Rogers relinquished the public works portfolio directly the inquiry into the Galt report began. In any event who is Sir Wilfrid Laurier most anxious to beat—Bob Rogers or Bill Kaiser?

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

A Cradle of Warriors

It was not only Waterloo that was won on the playing grounds of Eton. Of 5300 graduates who have entered the war 800 have been killed. That tells the story.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Effect in the States

Conscription didn't produce any revolution in the United States, where there are millions of "hyphens." Why should Canada fear to offend a handful of Austro-Germans, Quebec Nationalists and the Simpson Socialists? —Windsor Record.

Canada Leads

Hon. George P. Graham has suggested that Canada lags behind the United States in the matter of legislation regarding food control. The fact is that Canada has taken the lead and is waiting for congress to act so that there may be joint action on both sides of the line. For some reason or other there has been much delay in getting President Wilson's excellent measures through the senate.—Toronto News.

Will Get Them Yet.

That "Jesus Saves" sign on the Trail-Rossland road continues to be overlooked by the 60 mile an hour boys. Probably they are too busy in watching the spedometers on their gas chariots to see the admonition or the one reading, "Prepare to Meet Thy God." But it will get some of them yet if they don't watch out right smart —Trail News.

INTROSPECTION.

War, direst war, aprowl in all our land,
Stamps out the pleasure of domestic life,
Bays to the world in shape of German hosts
Wrecking primeval peace by war's grim strife.

But the introspection in our days of trial,
When war's grim footprints stain their passage red,
Is all of hope and abysmal belief
That victory's near and fears will soon lie dead.

Soon shall the German legions immasculate become
And all her flaunted glory fade to stygian depth;
Her armies fall to incinerate decay
From which black gloom no hope of power can step.

Cremate the very shadows of her basest crimes,
Drown all her infamy in progeny of nobler life,
Crush out that dominant spirit with a hand of iron
And let the world be thralled in peace, not war's fierce strife.

Thus only shall some order out of chaos be restored
So all the world on bed of peace may lie,
With all the enemies to a tranquil life downtrod,
Thus only may we live at peace and thought of war defy.

March proudly on, the allies side by side
Their high ideals fight for hand in hand,
Plant each its flag, a symbol e're so loyal,
Rallying fight for noble right, making a righteous stand.

—Chadwick Nash.

FRENCH BRING DOWN AIRPLANE IN MACEDONIA

PARIS, July 3.—"There was cannonading on both sides. An enemy airplane, which had been brought down and had fallen within the enemy lines, was caught under our fire," says an official report on operations in Macedonia.

DISRAELI AND THE SUEZ CANAL

As we move away from the day in which they labored, Disraeli looms larger as a British statesman and Gladstone smaller. Once these legislative gladiators appeared just the reverse. Gladstone never did anything for his Empire of such transcendant importance as Disraeli's financial coup in buying control of the Suez canal from the khedive of Egypt. That ended finally the French hopes of Empire in the east. Besides delivering a mighty political stroke for his country, which reminds one of Jefferson's purchase of Louisiana, Disraeli made a financial investment that was worthy of Rothschild. The Suez canal stock which he bought—176,600 shares out of a total of 400,000—are now worth just seven times what England paid for them. Their par value is $100 and a dividend of 18 per cent has just been declared, and it was over 30 per cent before the war cut down canal traffic. The Panama canal will in time become a Standard Oil type of investment for Uncle Sam.—The Philadelphia Ledger.

A TALE OF TWO PRINCES

Here is a little true story of his royal highness, the Prince of Wales, that shows what a nice child he is. In a letter to his brother Henry, he said that a certain general was getting too fat, and added, "it would be a good thing for him to do like me and take a two-mile run every morning before breakfast. But he's a lazy old swine." Henry, of course, showed this letter about, and it got round to the general's aide-de-camp, who tackled the prince. "Well sir, what's this you've been saying about my chief, eh?" The prince blushed up to the roots of his hair but was too honest to deny. "Ah, I see what's happened, I must kick the young blighter when I get back."

ITALY GAINING MAN POWER

Dr. Francesco Saverio Nitti, a member of the Italian parliament now in this country as a member of the Italian war mission, predicts that "Italy will have men to spare to other parts of the world, even more than she had before the beginning of the war. That may sound paradoxical, but it is a fact that Italy is not only not suffering any diminution of her man power because of the war but is materially increasing it.

"The explanation of that curious phenomenon, which probably is not true of any other country at war, is to be found in the statistics of emigration, chiefly to America before the war. Italy was sending forth every year 350,000 men to other countries. That was the permanent emigration; the total does not include those who would go one year and come back the next. With the beginning of the war, we stopped that, so we have already kept at home a population of nearly a million who otherwise would have had, by this time, been counted as a part of the population of America and of other countries. Also we called home from other countries at the outset of the war, 700,000 of our citizens.

"Our losses in battle, heavy as they have been, are insignificant as compared to this gain in men due to the temporary stopping of emigration. We do not publish our casualty figures in Italy, but I doubt if the number of our dead since the beginning of the war exceeds one hundred thousand.

"This explains why we will have a greater surplus population after the war than before, and our own work of reconstruction will be comparatively simple and require little time."—New York Times.

LEARNING ECONOMY AT LAST

This country has been the most extravagant, collectively, in the world. The Liberty loan is producing first lessons in economy and saving which will be of inestimable and lasting benefit. It is astonishing to learn the numbers of servants, waiters, chauffeurs and laborers of all kinds subscribing to Liberal bonds; 95 per cent of these, it is fair to say, never saved anything before and their bank has been their pockets. Then again, the small salaried individual who has always had difficulty in making both ends meet on his small salary is now, under the many schemes for making purchases of Liberty bonds easy, becoming an investor for the first time. He will, moreover, get along just as well without the dollar or two each week taken out of his Saturday envelope. When he secures possession of his fifty or hundred-dollar bond at the end of the year he is going to be an investor and saver. For many this will be the first taste of capitalistic possession, but not the last. The germ will take root.—Wall Street Journal.

A REAL WAR SONG

The entrance of the United States into the European conflict is heralded by the publication of a real war song, written by a Marylander, too, Daniel M. Henderson, whose poem has been awarded the National Arts club prize. The title, "The Road to France," is incorporated in the theme with a ringing vigor that sets the pulses leaping. The first verse of the new song reads:

Thank God our liberating lance
Goes flaming on the way to France!
To France—the trail the Gurkhas found!
To France—old England's rallying ground!
To France—the path that Russians strode!
To France—the Anzac's glory road!
To France—where our lost legion ran
To fight and die for God and man!
To France—with every race and breed
That hates oppression's brutal creed!

"The Road to France" seems destined to be the first war song worthy of the times. And unless American sentiment has lost much of its former power of expression more of this much needed sort of stimulus should be forthcoming.—Ottawa Citizen.

LABOR MAN APPROVES CONSCRIPTION.

Strong support of the government's compulsory service bill is given by Mr. Calvin Lawrence, a prominent Canadian labor leader, in a recent letter to the Ottawa Evening Journal. Mr. Lawrence's letter is as follows:

Sir,—The time has arrived when all citizens of Canada and allies of Great Britain should do their utmost toward winning the terrible war in which we are engaged, and whereas, the present system of recruiting for overseas service seems to be exhausted, also, it is quite evident that something be done in order that our boys overseas, who have accomplished such glorious results at St. Julian, Vimy ridge and other places, should be reinforced so that the splendid and magnificent deeds that have been achieved by our own flesh and blood might not be in vain. Therefore, as the government has thought it advisable to pass a selective conscription measure in order that our expeditionary force might be kept up to a satisfactory standard, which is meeting with a certain opposition, I deem it my duty as a responsible citizen and a representative man, to point out wherein, in my opinion, the proposed conscription bill is a fairer measure to all classes of citizens, than the present militia act.

Section 10 of the militia act reads as follows:

10. All male inhabitants of Canada, of the age of eighteen years and upwards, and under sixty, not exempt or disqualified by law, and being British subjects, shall be liable to service in the militia: Provided that the governor general may require all the male inhabitants of Canada, capable of bearing arms, to serve in case of a levee en masse.

The section just quoted seems to make it quite plain that any male person between the age of eighteen and sixty years, who is not disqualified, must serve in the militia if required to do so.

Clause one of section 26 reads as follows:

26. When men are required to organize or complete a corps at any time either by training or for an emergency, and enough men do not volunteer to complete the quota required, the men liable to serve shall be drafted by ballot.

Under the selective conscription measure the men who can best be spared will be chosen for service, and those that are the most useful to the country, or those with the largest number of dependants will not be conscripted. Not so with the militia act, for under that law it does not matter how useful a man might be to his country at home, or how many dependants he might have, he would have to take his chance with the other fellow, under the balloting system. Surely no fair-minded person will attempt to justify such a procedure, imagine a man with four, five or six dependents going by the side of a man with no dependents, and the person with the dependents drawing a ticket sending him to the front, and the man with no dependents drawing a ticket that would allow him to stay at home. Then again, imagine a man that should be used in important work at home, such as farming or munitions, etc., drawing a ticket to go overseas, and the man who could better be spared than either of the former, drawing a ticket exempting him from service. It seems to me that further arguments are unnecessary to prove which is the fairer measure of the two, i.e., the militia act or the selective conscription proposition, but in order to prove beyond a doubt what the militia act will do I will quote section 69 of that act, which reads as follows:

69. The governor general in council may place the militia or any part thereof, in active service anywhere in Canada and also beyond Canada, for the defense thereof, at any time when it appears advisable so to do by reason of emergency.

In accordance with the foregoing sections of the militia act, any male person in Canada between the ages specified can be ordered by the governor in council to ballot, and if chosen can be forced to serve in the militia unless he is exempt or disqualified by law, for the defense of Canada either at home or abroad. I understand that some of our people have urged the Dominion to put the militia act in operation, in order that the expeditionary forces might be kept at their proper strength. Having a copy of the militia in my possession and knowing its contents I have lived in fear of this being done, for I realized the effect it might have upon some of the citizens if such a course was taken. I submit therefore, in all fairness, that it is quite evident that a proper conscription measure is preferable to the present militia act.

I cannot see wherein the selective conscription measure is going to affect the working people any more than it will any other person, or I cannot think that the majority of the workmen throughout Canada, who now have and always have had my utmost sympathy, regard and assistance in their many difficulties, and with whom I have been closely allied for more than 30 years, are opposed to this country sending a further supply of men to assist their comrades who have already gone overseas and who have so magnificently borne their share of the great conflict in France and Flanders, so that the Huns might be prevented from committing the crimes and devastations to our people and country, that they have committed to the citizens of France, Belgium and other countries.

I am of the opinion that a fair selective conscription measure, properly administered, is the most adequate form of enlistment and have no hesitancy in supporting such a proposition.

CALVIN LAWRENCE,
Dominion legislative representative of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.
200 Elgin street, Ottawa.

COLD STORAGE

"My wife's always trying to do something to make the neighbors jealous."

"So's mine," replied Mr. Crosslots. "She has turned the back lot into a garden and this summer we're going to raise our own vegetables."

THREE MEN FROM PROVINCE WOUNDED

Lieut. F. J. Smith, Vancouver, One of Them—R. Jackson of Dewdney Missing.

Three British Columbia soldiers are reported wounded in the casualty list issued from Ottawa last night, and one is listed as missing.. The men are:

WOUNDED.

J. Lindsay, 6326 Eighth avenue, South Vancouver.

Lieut. F. J. Smith, Vancouver.

W. A. McTaggart, Halsey.

MISSING.

R. Jackson, Dewdney.

INFANTRY

Killed in Action—G. Holland, London, Ont.; A. Miller, England; Lieut. H. G. Vickery, Strome, Alta.; H. F. Garner, England; Lieut. C. B. Scott, Windsor, Ont.

Previously reported missing, now killed in action—O. Gonneau, Lake Rosseau, Ont.; R. Lee, Toronto; E. Marlott, Union, Ont.; H. Mullin, Trout Lake, Ont.; E. Reid, Winnipeg; H. Wilday, East Kildonan, Man.; A. Jamieson, Scotland; H. Ewson, Plenty, Sask.

Previously reported missing, now presumed to have died—R. Colburn, Shulie, N. S.; W. Henderson, St. John, N. B.; H. Corby, Calgary; E. Hampson, Eden Mills, Ont.; E. Harter, Simcoe, Ont.; L. Hunt, Guelph, Ont.; I. Henderson, Sydney, N. S.; H. Childs, Haileybury, Ont.; Sergt. G. Livingstone, Barrie, Ont.

Previously reported prisoner of war, now reported died while prisoner of war—Corp. C. W. Wharton, Beach Meadows, N. S.

Died of Wounds—E. W. Cook, England; A. Elliott, Quebec; W. D. Reid, Staveley, Alta.; Sergt. E. D. Williams, England; G. Henderson, Edmonton; C. White, Coronation, Alta.; H. Ardory, Winnipeg; A. Dike, Stoneham, Mass.; F. Hayes, Lawrence, Mass.

Missing—Corp. A. Blows, Toronto; R. Murdock, Quebec; J. Goatz, Red Deer, Alta.; J. Scotland, St. John, N.B.; E. Kaiser, Ottawa; J. Dunlop, England; M. Grossman, England; W. Colle, Toronto; W. Moffatt, Toronto; J. Clark, Scotland; Corp. T. Munday, Toronto; P. Shaw, Goshen, Ont.; J. Wilson, Scotland; T. Hackett, Toronto; C. McKinley, Toronto; L. Price Regina.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing—S. R. Arnold, Toronto.

Wounded—Corp. B. Fartley, Weyburn, Sask.; R. Atkinson, England; J. McKerr, Jamesville, Ont.; D. Carlson, Sweden; T. Papworth, England; Corp. H. C. James, St. John, N. B.; H. Markham, Campbellton, N. B.; G. Earl, Lake Preston, N. D.; R. H. Hill, Los Angeles; P. R. Drury, Fenelon Falls, Ont.

Wounded—S. G. Lewis, England; G. F. Blanye, Russell, Ont.; S. J. Sias, Shelburne, N. S.; H. W. Hanna, Bawlff, Alta.; E. Newsted, Maidstone, Sask.; Corp. A. Stickle, Walterford, Ont.; J. Hunt, Ireland; A. F. Davis, Calgary; W. S. Groves, Quebec; Corp. H. Brown, Quebec; W. Albright, Shellmouth, Man.; R. Carney, Toronto; R. D. McCall, Woodville, Man.; D. Babenko, Russia; A. F. Johnson, Halifax, N. S.; Corp. G. Keith, Scotland; Lieut. A. R. Robertson, Brandon, Man.; Lieut. H. F. Nelson, Hamilton, Ont.; G. Gray, Lowell, Mass.; Liept. J. A. Wallace, Scotland; Lieut. J. Gauld, Mimico, Ont.; Lieut. J. F. Anderson, Toronto; Lieut. J. S. Henry, Salisbury, N. S.; V. Rogers, Channel Island; P. J. Sargent, England; P. Scaluski, Poland; J. Thevaillon, England; A. Cannington, England; W. A. Hindle, Willowdale, Ont.; W. H. Robinson, Mervin, Sask.; J. Marshall, England; R. Galbraith, Edmonton; W. S. Tutley, England; R. J. Spratling, England; H. Fleming, Scotland; C. K. Churchill, Darling Lake, N. S.

ARTILLERY.

Previously reported wounded, now not wounded—N. W. Jackson, Aylesford, N. S.

Wounded—D. Kinnard, Edmonton.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Previously reported missing now presumed to have died—Sergt. E. F. Jones, Bagot, Ont.; S. A. Clogg, Hamilton.

Clean to handle. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores.

BRIG.-GEN. GREEN, SALVATION ARMY LEADER, IS DEAD

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, July 3.—Brig.-Gen. Henry Green of the Salvation Army died today. In the old country he had charge of some of the army's largest corps and was a divisional officer. He came to Canada in 1907.

AGREEMENT REACHED REGARDING PRISONERS

LONDON, July 3.—The Anglo-German conference at The Hague, says a despatch to the Times from the Dutch capital, resulted in the conclusion of agreements which will be of the greatest importance both to combatant and civilian prisoners. Various misapprehensions which prevailed, it adds, have been removed.

For the Bride

BIRKS' CUT GLASS

If a specially fine gift is sought there is a wide choice of large pieces and cased sets of Birks' Cut Glass. A Berry Set—Bowl and Nappies to match; a Salad Bowl and Servers, a tall Flower Vase, a Water Jug and set of Tumblers—these are useful and beautiful gifts that will delight the bride and beautify her home. We take the utmost care in packing.

Our catalogue is sent anywhere on request.

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

BARGAINS

Motor Canoe, excellent condition $125

Also 4 cycle medium duty engine, suitable main lake, 8-10 h.p. 2 cylinder, perfect condition, up to date, guaranteed. Would trade for small engine and cash.

To buy or sell a boat or engine satisfactorily see me.

H. A. MASTERS
WATERFRONT

Ice Cream

We wish to inform our customers and friends that our ice ream parlors are now open.

We make our own ice cream and only the purest cream is used in its manufacture.

We also have a fine assortment of Sodas and Soft Drinks.

Pay us a visit today.

Choquette Bros.
Sole Manufacturers of Mother's Bread.
PHONE 258.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned as laundrymen in the city of Nelson, Province of British Columbia, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Alfred Larson at the Kootenay Steam Laundry aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Alfred Larson at the Kootenay Steam Laundry, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated this 30th day of June, A.D. 1917.

A. LARSON
JOHN BLOMBERG.
Witness: Catherine L. Whitmore, Nelson, B.C., Stenographer.

NOTICE.

The Crescent Valley Lumber Co., Ltd., of Crescent Valley, B.C., having disposed of its assets gives notice that all claims against said Company must be filed at its registered office, 367 Water street, Vancouver, B.C., on or before 30th of July, 1917.

CRESCENT VALLEY LUMBER CO., LTD.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY, NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON STREET, NELSON, B.C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock.
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P.O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Fishing Tackle

NOW
Is the Time to Buy Your Fishing Tackle, While the Fishing Is Good.

We Have Everything in RODS, REELS, LINES, FLIES, CAST BOOKS, GUT, SPOONS, LANDING NETS, ETC., ETC.

We Carry the Largest Stock and the Biggest Variety.
PRICES RIGHT

Nelson Hardware Co.
Wholesale and Retail.
P.O. Box 1050 Nelson, B.C.

Storage

We Have 5000 Square Feet Storage Space.

FURNITURE AND PIANO MOVING

West Transfer Co.
PHONE 38

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, VICTORIA,
29th May, 1917.

Present:
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

Whereas, by an Act respecting pound districts it is enacted that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, by Order in Council made public by notice in the British Columbia Gazette, constitute any part of the Province of British Columbia not within the limits of a municipality into a pound district;

And whereas, under the provisions of this Act application has been made to constitute that portion of the County of Kootenay comprised within the rural school districts of Fire Valley and Edgewood, a pound district;

And whereas, notice of intention to constitute such district a pound district was given in accordance with the requirements of the Act, and following such notice objection was made by certain proprietors within the proposed pound district;

And whereas, a further notice was published requiring a majority of the proprietors within the proposed pound district to forward a petition requesting that the proposed pound district be constituted;

And whereas, in response to the latter notice 41 persons of the total number of 55 persons qualified to sign the petition have signified their approval of the application;

And whereas, the Act provides that if the petition of the majority of proprietors be forwarded to the Hon. the Minister of Agriculture, then in such case the proposed pound district may be constituted;

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture and under the provisions of the "Pound District Act,"

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, by and with the advice of his Executive Council, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the rural school districts of Fire Valley and Edgewood be constituted a pound district.

J. D.McLEAN,
Clerk, Executive Council.

POUND DISTRICT ACT.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 of this Act, notice is hereby given of the appointment of S. H. Horning of Fire Valley, B.C., as Pound-keeper of the Pound established in the Edgewood and Fire Valley District on the South Half of Section 1, Township 69.

JOHN OLIVER,
Minister of Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C., June 20th, 1917.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

629

July Clearance Sales

An All-Star Bargain Event Featuring Headliners in Every Department--Beginning Wednesday, July 4

Announcing to the People of This Vicinity the Inauguration of the Supreme Bargain Event of the Year—July Clearance Sales

Including Spring and Summer Merchandise of the highest quality, at prices which, if compared with present cost and former marking, will "Shine Like a Morning Star." When you remember the scarcity of goods and the rising prices, you will understand why we claim this to be the greatest money-saving event of the year. Every department contributes "Its Bit" by "Conscripting" and bringing forward everything that comes within the age limit of Spring and Summer Merchandise, and sends it to the firing line. The war is on in earnest and the BATTLE FOR LOWER PRICES STARTS ON WEDNESDAY.

Show Your Patriotism by Keeping Money in Circulation---Spend a Little and Save a Lot---Terms of Sale: STRICTLY CASH

Women's Stylish Apparel Secton Presents This All-Star Cast of Values

HANDSOME GARMENTS, EVERY ONE OF THEM—BUT IT'S CLEARANCE TIME HERE, AND YOU KNOW WHAT THAT MEANS. EVERY SUIT, DRESS, COAT AND SKIRT MUST GO REGARDLESS OF FORMER VALUATIONS. FINE FABRICS, GOOD WORKMANSHIP, NEWEST COLORS AND WEAVES, EVERY ONE OF THEM IS A STAR-VALUE.

Ready-to-Wear Must Go Regardless of Values

Suits at $7.95, $19.95 and $29.95

For the convenience of our customers, as well as ourselves, we have placed our Suits on Sale at these three prices to make selection easy.

SUITS AT $7.95

Just Twenty of these Suits, made with short jaunty coats, silk lined; skirts are full width and whole suit beautifully tailored. Colors are Navy, Sand, Copenhagen and Black. Sizes 16 to 38 only. JULY SALE PRICE **$7.95**

$35.00 SUITS CLEARING AT $19.95

Some of the smartest styles of this season. These are made of a splendid quality of Mannish Serge. Coats are silk lined and have the new large collars and belts. Skirts have the new straight line effects, some plain, others pleated. Colors are Navy, Grey, Russian and Black. They were splendid value at the original price, $35.00. JULY SALE PRICE ... **$19.95**

HIGH CLASS SUITS
Values to $60.00 at $29.95

This will not begin to bring us the cost price of these suits. Only 25 in this lot, and each one is a model. We have them in Navy, Black, Sand, Chartreuse, Gold and Apple Green. All are beautifully tailored, and represent this season's newest modes. Materials are Fine French Serge, Gabardine, Pierotte Twills and Covert Suiting. Sizes 16 to 42. Regular values to $60.00. JULY SALE PRICE **$29.95**

Clearing Spring Coats at $12.95 and $18.95

SPRING COATS AT $12.95

There is a splendid range of Serge, Tweed and Covert Coats, some plain and full, others finished with belts. Sizes 16 to 36. Regular values to $19.50. JULY SALE PRICE **$12.95**

SPRING COATS AT $18.95

A fine selection of Coats in medium and full lengths; Tweeds, Coverts and Fine Velours. Sizes to 40. Regular values to $30.00. JULY SALE PRICE **$18.95**

Stylish Apparel

Extraordinary Values in Separate Skirts

SKIRTS OF $7.00 QUALITY FOR $3.75

Well tailored Skirts, made in the newest modes, of Fine Serge or Fancy Mixtures. A splendid range of styles, up to 28-inch waist sizes. *Values to $7.00.* JULY SALE PRICE.. **$3.75**

SKIRTS OF A BETTER SORT AT $8.95 EACH

Included in this lot are some of the best we have shown this season, in Fine Mannish Serges, Mixed Materials, etc. These are made plain, pleated or with pockets. Sizes to 28-inch waist measure. Regular values to $12.50. JULY SALE PRICE **$8.95**

WOMEN'S WASH SKIRTS
Extraordinary Values at $1.50

About Five Dozen Assorted Styles in the lot; Plain White or in Fancy Stripes, and in such good wearing materials as Repp, Pique, Beach Cloth, etc. Sizes to 29-inch waist measure. Value, $2.00 each. JULY SALE PRICE **$1.50**

Corsets in the Bargain Festival

"NEMO" CORSETS CLEARING AT $2.50 PAIR

Twenty-Five Pairs of Odd Lines of the famous "Nemo" Corsets, regularly priced at $5.00 to $6.50 pair. Nearly all sizes up to 35. JULY SALE PRICE, PER PAIR **$2.50**

"D. & A." CORSETS CLEARING AT $1.00 PAIR

Three Dozen Odd Lines of "D. & A." Corsets; several different styles in the lot. Regular value, $1.50 per pair. JULY SALE PRICE, PER PAIR **$1.00**

Dresses Paramount in the List

WASH DRESSES CLEARING AT $5.00 EACH

Fine Voile, Linen, Beach Cloth and Fancy Muslins; made in a variety of styles, hardly any two alike. Regular values to $20.00. JULY SALE PRICE **$5.00**

CLEARING ALL NEW SUMMER DRESSES AT ONE-QUARTER OFF

Many of these have only just come to hand, but they share in the general reduction. These are individual styles, and representative of the *kind of Ready-to-Wear we carry. Materials are* Fine Voiles, Linens and Fancy Silks. Sizes to 42. Regular values from $15.00 to $35.00 each. JULY SALE PRICES, EACH ..... **$11.25 TO $26.25**

Sparkling Bargains

Star Values in Ladies' Blouses

TEN DOZEN TO CLEAR AT $1.19

Bought to sell at up to $1.75 each. These are made of Fine Voile or Muslin, with large collars and long sleeves. Sizes to 44. JULY SALE PRICE, EACH **$1.19**

FINE VOILE BLOUSES AT $1.95 EACH

White Voile Blouses with large collars, also Novelty Blouses with white grounds and large colored spots or figures. A large selection to choose from. Sizes to 44. JULY SALE PRICE, EACH **$1.95**

SILK AND CREPE-DE-CHENE BLOUSES AT $3.75 EACH

About Twenty-Five Blouses in this lot, made of good Crepe-de-Chene or Wash Silk; all up-to-the-minute in style. Colors are Pink, Maize, Flesh and White. Regular values to $6.50. JULY SALE PRICE **$3.75**

Star Values in Hosiery

BOYS' AND GIRLS' STOCKINGS TO CLEAR AT 25c PAIR

About Twenty-Five Dozen Pairs of Stockings for Boys and Girls, in Black, Tan and White. Some of these are extra heavy weight, others in fine rib. All good wearing qualities. Values to 35c pair. JULY SALE PRICE, PAIR.. **25c**

Hosiery

LADIES' FINE LISLE HOSE, THREE PAIRS FOR $1.00

Extra Fine Mercerized Lisle Hose, with seamless feet and legs and double heels and toes. Twenty Dozen Pairs, in White, Tan and Black. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular value, 45c pair. JULY SALE PRICE, THREE PAIRS **$1.00**

Spend a Little and Save a Lot These Wash Fabrics Are All Star Values

BEAUTIFUL FABRICS, UP-TO-DATE IN STYLE AND DEPENDABLE IN QUALITY. ALL PRICED FOR A SWEEPING CLEARANCE—FIRST HERE, FIRST SERVED!

Wash Goods

Wash Section Values

25c CREPES CLEARING AT 17c

One Thousand Yards of Good Wash Crepes in a splendid range of patterns, including Stripes, Spots and Floral Designs. Regular values, 25c yard. JULY SALE PRICE **17c**

FINE ENGLISH VOILES CLEARING AT 59c

Seven Hundred Yards of Fine Voiles in a variety of patterns, including the season's best sellers; 38 inches wide. Regular value, 85c yard. JULY SALE PRICE **59c**

NOVELTY WASH SKIRTINGS AT 39c YARD

These are the very latest novelties and in this lot you will find patterns not shown elsewhere. Large Spots, Rings and Country Club Stripes in many different patterns. Width 38 inches. Values to 65c yard. JULY SALE PRICE, YARD **39c**

LACE CURTAINS
Values to $4.00—Clearing at $1.50 the Pair

Twenty-Five Pairs of Nottingham Lace and Scrim Curtains, mostly odd lines, about two pairs to a pattern. JULY SALE PRICE, PAIR **$1.50**

1000 YARDS OF EMBROIDERY TO CLEAR AT 9c YARD

A splendid Embroidery that would be good value at double the money. Good Lawn with well finished edges, three to four inches wide. JULY SALE PRICE, PER YARD **9c**

Every Item a "Headliner"

Children's Dresses Clearing at $1.95 and $3.95 Each

CHILDREN'S DRESSES AT $1.95

Are Dresses of White or Colored Cotton Suiting or Scotch Chambray, in a range of styles and in sizes from 6 to 14 years. Regular values to $3.00. JULY SALE PRICE ... **$1.95**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES AT $3.95

Dresses of Fine Linen, Crepe or English Repp, splendidly made. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Values to $6.50. JULY SALE PRICE **$3.95**

CHILDREN'S ROMPERS AT 75c EACH

Regular values up to $1.50. Made of best quality washing materials in four different styles. Sizes to five years. JULY SALE PRICE, EACH **75c**

Silk Bargain Extraordinary

$1.25 SPORTS SILKS CLEARING AT 97c

Three Hundred Yards of New Sports Silks, in Fancy Stripes, Large Spots or Floral Designs. Beautiful colorings on natural color grounds. *Just the material for summer dresses or trimmings.* Full 36 inches wide. Values to $1.25 yard. JULY SALE PRICE **79c**

EMBROIDERY FLOUNCING TO CLEAR AT 49c

Twenty Pieces of Extra Fine Embroidery suitable for Children's, Dresses or Ladies' Undergarments. About 25 inches wide and in a nice range of patterns. Regular values to 75c. JULY SALE PRICE, YARD **49c**

Extra Values in Staples

LARGE SIZE SHEETS AT $1.25

Ten Dozen Sheets that were ordered for last year, but have only now arrived, and as we are now overstocked, these go in the JULY SALE. Good full width and 2½ yards long, and made of Heavy English Sheeting that would sell today at $1.65 each. JULY SALE PRICE, EACH **$1.25**

Shining Values in Whitewear

But enough to last six months or more. Durable quality, well made garments of fine fabrics, full cut and well fitting.

This is just the time you need these goods, and here they are at big savings. Gowns, Corset Covers, Slips and Underskirts reduced to ensure ready sale.

Under-muslins

LADIES' UNDERSKIRTS AT 98c

Good Cotton, finished with flounce of embroidery. All full width. Regular price, $1.25. JULY SALE PRICE **98c**

LADIES' GOWNS CLEARING AT 75c

Fine English Cambric, trimmed with Lace and Embroidery. Made pull-over style. Regular value, $1.00. JULY SALE PRICE **75c**

LADIES' CORSET COVERS AT 35c

Good materials and trimmings are used in these Corset Covers. Well made, in all sizes. Regular value, 45c. JULY SALE PRICE **35c**

LADIES' DRAWERS CLEARING AT 75c

Six Dozen Drawers, made in two styles, of Fine Cambric or Nainsook; trimmings are of Val. Lace or Swiss Embroidery. Values up to $1.75. JULY SALE PRICE **75c**

PRINCESS SLIPS AT HALF PRICE OR LESS

Four Dozen Princess Slips, made of Fine English Cambric or Longcloth, with trimmings of Fine Lace or Embroidery. Sizes up to 42. Regular values to $3.25. JULY SALE PRICE **$1.50**

Women's House Dresses

CLEARING AT $1.25 EACH

The goods in these alone could not be bought for the money. Splendidly made of Good English Print or Scotch Chambray, in Plain Colors, Stripes and Plaids. Sizes to 44. Regular values to $1.75. JULY SALE PRICE, EACH **$1.25**

Glittering Values in Millinery

EVERY HAT MUST GO REGARDLESS OF COST

All Dress Hats, Sports Hats and Untrimmed Shapes Included
All Priced for Immediate Clearance

TWENTY-FIVE PATTERN HATS AT $4.95

In Light and Dark Colors; large and small sizes. Values up to $12.00. JULY SALE PRICE **$4.95**

STRAW HATS CLEARING AT $1.50 EACH

Three Dozen Milan and Tagel Shapes in a variety of colors. Regular values up to $4.00. JULY SALE PRICE **$1.50**

CHILDREN'S HATS CLEARING AT HALF PRICE

Three Dozen Children's Trimmed Hats in a variety of styles. Regular values, $2.00 to $5.00 each. JULY SALE PRICE..... **$1.00 TO $2.50**

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE — THE STORE FOR QUALITY

Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

LOCAL STRAWBERRIES
2 boxes 25c

GOOSEBERRIES
Per box 10c

NEW CARROTS
4 bunches 10c

NEW BEETS
3 bunches 10c

RIPE TOMATOES
Pound 30c

LARGE GRAPE FRUIT
Each 10c

CUCUMBERS
Each 20c

Star Grocery
PHONE 10.

SPORT

CHICAGO BEATEN BY CINCINNATI

St. Louis Defeats Pittsburg—Boston and Phillies Split Doubleheader in American League

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago Beaten

CHICAGO, July 3.—Neal's triple in the fourth inning put Cincinnati ahead and enabled the visitors to win from Chicago today 3 to 1. Chase opened the inning with a hit and scored on Neal's blow, and Neal came home on a sacrifice fly.

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	7	0
Chicago	1	6	5

Batteries: Schneider and Wingo; Demaree, Hendrix and Elliott.

Pirates Lose to St. Louis

PITTSBURG, July 3.—With men on second and third and none out in the ninth inning, Pittsburg was unable to hit safely and lost today to St. Louis 8 to 6.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	8	12	1
Pittsburg	6	11	1

Batteries: Meadows and Snyder; Carlson, Miller, Grimes and Fisher.

New York-Brooklyn, postponed; rain.

Boston-Philadelphia, postponed; rain

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	R.	H.	E.
Columbus	2	9	0
Louisville	3	8	2

Batteries—Curtis, Carter and Dilhoefer; Stroud and Clemons.

	R.	H.	E.
Minneapolis	0	4	0
St. Paul	2	5	1

Batteries—Thomas and Owens; Williams and Land.

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	13	13	2
Indianapolis	9	11	3

Batteries—Brady and Sweeney; Rogge and Kantlehner, Gossett.

Milwaukee	5	10	1
Kansas City	11	12	3

Batteries—Slapnicka and Murphy; Pierce and Hargrave.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	4	11	0
Toronto	5	8	0

Batteries—Lotz, Casey and Sandberg; Warhop and Kelly.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	6	1
Toronto	3	7	1

Batteries—Tipple and Kelly; Striker and Sandberg.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	3	12	1
Montreal	6	11	1

Batteries—Engel and Onslow; Gerner and Howley.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	2	7	1
Montreal	9	13	2

Batteries—Justin, Leake and Onslow; Hoyt and Howley.

Richmond - Baltimore, postponed; rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit Badly Beaten

DETROIT, July 3.—With Faber holding Detroit to five hits, Chicago easily won today 5 to 1. When Cobb beat out a bunt in the eighth inning he made it 32 consecutive games in which he has hit safely.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	5	10	1
Detroit	1	5	2

Batteries: Faber and Schalk; Coveleskie, C. Jones and Stanage.

Cleveland Nosed Out

ST. LOUIS, July 3.—St. Louis nosed out Cleveland here today 5 to 4. A fast double play in the ninth saved the game for the visitors.

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	4	8	0
St. Louis	5	10	2

Batteries: Coveleskie and O'Neill; Davenport and Severoid.

Boston and Phillies Divide

BOSTON, July 3.—Boston and Philadelphia split a doubleheader here today. Philadelphia won the first game 3 to 0, and Boston took the second contest 6 to 1. In the first contest Myers outpitched Ruth. Leonard, whose quiet marriage to Miss Sibyl Hitt of Los Angeles last Thursday became known today, pitched the sixth game for Boston and held the Athletes to five hits.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	3	9	0
Boston	0	7	1

Batteries: Myers and Haley; Ruth and Thomas.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	5	0
Boston	6	8	2

Batteries: Noyes, Falkenberg and Meyer; Leonard and Agnew.

Washington-New York, both games postponed; rain.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Oakland	0	5	4
Los Angeles	3	8	0

Batteries—Krause and Murray; Crandall and Boles.

	R.	H.	E.
Vernon	1	6	1
San Francisco	3	8	0

Batteries—Fromme and Simon; Erickson and McKee.

	R.	H.	E.
Portland	10	9	0
Salt Lake	11	7	1

Batteries—Harstad and Baldwin; Hoff, Hughes and Hannah.

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Vancouver	3	7	3
Seattle	4	10	1

Batteries—Gipe and Cadman; Rojas, Eastley and T. Cunningham.

Spokane-Great Falls and Tacoma-Butte postponed; teams traveling.

NORTHERN LEAGUE IS FORCED TO SUSPEND

FARGO, N. D., July 3.—The Northern Baseball league, which was reorganized this spring with Fargo-Moorhead, Minot, Winnipeg and Warren as members, has been forced to suspend, owing to financial stress, it was announced here today.

Most of the Fargo players will go with independent teams in this state.

M'GRAW CASE TO BE REHEARD FRIDAY

Manager Will Be Confronted by Writers Whose Alleged Statesments He Repudiated.

NEW YORK, July 3—President John K. Tener of the National league has notified the chairman of the local chapter of the baseball writers' organization that there will be a rehearing of the McGraw case on Friday, July 6. The meeting will be attended by all members of the board of directors of the National league and the writers' association has been notified to have present all those necessary in the capacity of witnesses.

Every league club president, who is also a member of the board of directors, has announced his intention of being present, and their attendance will in some cases necessitate traveling several thousand miles. According to the report, it is the intention of the directors to sift the case to the bottom.

Manager McGraw will be confronted in open session by writers, whose alleged statements he repudiated at the last meeting of the league.

14710

is the winning number for last week in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5.00 Shoes. Ask for ticket with your purchase.

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Kootenay and Boundary

STRAWBERRY CROP AT BOSWELL BADLY HIT

Will Be Total Failure at Some Ranches—Sapper Lawson Is Given Commission

(Special to The Daily News.)

BOSWELL, B. C., July 3.—The strawberry crop in Boswell is going to be much lighter than estimated earlier in the season. Some of the berries are failing to mature, although there was a good blossom. Some growers report a total failure. The sweet cherries also are a practical failure, a very light growth having been reduced by a heavy June drop. J. Coupland shipped the first crate of strawberries on Sunday morning.

Sapper W. Lawson Hepher, who has been in England on two weeks leave after 17 months continuous service at the front, is going to a training camp prior to taking up a commission in the Royal artillery. Just before leaving France he met Pte. J. G. Halliday and Pte. C. S. Bourne, who enlisted in the 225th battalion in Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Houghton of Crawford Bay are camping at La France creek, and Miss Oatts of Boswell spent Sunday with them.

BOSWELL PUPILS GIVE ENTERTAINMENT

Submit Capital Program—Certificates Awarded for Good Work in School.

(Special to The Daily News.)

BOSWELL, B. C., July 3.—On Friday evening the pupils of the Boswell school gave their annual concert, a large and appreciative audience being in attendance. The program included action songs, recitations, musical drill and a five-act play, "The Courting of Mother Goose," the latter being well rendered. The government certificates were awarded as follows: Proficiency, Miss May Kennedy; deportment, Sylvester Spence; attendance, regularity, Alex Mackie. G. H. Bartley, chairman of the school trustees, expressed the deep regret of the board at the resignation of Mrs. Wallace, who has been in charge of the school since it first opened in 1912.

Mrs. Richardson and Master Edward King of Vancouver are guests of Mrs. Harry Johnstone, at Moreseat ranch.

Mrs. Haig Smellie and two children, of Proctor, spent Saturday at York ranch.

Mrs. W. Mitchell and Raymond Cummings left Saturday evening for Nelson.

CLOSING EXERCISES ARE HELD AT ROBSON

School Children Give Fine Program—Promotion and Honor Roll Winners Announced.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROBSON, B. C., July 3.—The closing exercises in connection with the Robson school were held Friday morning, when the scholars, under the direction of the teacher, Miss Johnson, presented a program of readings and recitations, which was well received by the parents and friends of the scholars. Joseph Johnson, secretary-treasurer of the school board was present and made a few appropriate remarks. The following were included in the roll of honor: Jean Brown, for regularity and punctuality; Ernest Lundy, for proficiency; Orpha McGauley, for deportment. In addition Charles Truett of the senior third grade received a paint box for neatness; Elinor Squires of the second reader, a paint box for deportment; Beatrice Johnson and Ralph Golder of the primer grade, each a book for good work, and Ernest McGauley of the first reader, a book, also for good work.

The following is the result of the promotion examinations: To the entrance—Gilbert Osborne. To the junior fourth, Ernest Lundy, Will Brown, Charles Truett, Hope McGauley. To the senior third—Bernard Johnson, Walter Harvey, Marwin Quance. To the junior third—Jean Brown, Ruby Harvey, James Fowler, Eleanor Squires. To the second reader—Marjorie Lundy, Ernest McGauley. To the second primer—Beatrice Johnson, Evelyn Quance, Annie Hartford, Ralph Golder, Robert Harvey, Don McDiarmid.

The following pupils made perfect attendance in June: Margaret Brown, Earle Fowler, Belle McGauley, Orpha McGauley, Robert McGauley, Marwin Quance, Ernest McGauley, Hope McGauley.

APPLEDALE SOLDIER, SERGT. PETERS, INVALIDED HOME

WINLAW, B. C., July 3.—Sergt. David F. Peters, who went overseas with the 54th battalion from Appledale, has been invalided home. He was wounded in the right arm by shrapnel last December and has been in an English hospital. Sergt Peters saw active service before the present war, having been with the Black Watch in India, and having served as a scout in Africa during the Boer war. It had been remored in the district that he had been killed. He is a brother of Mrs. H. Day of Winlaw.

APPLEDALE PUPILS PASS GRADING EXAMINATIONS

APPLEDALE, B. C., July 3.—The following pupils have passed their grading examinations: Fourth senior—David Burgeson, 78. Fourth junior—Arthur Godfrey, 87; Alice Brooks, 73; Catherine Chubb, 65. Third, junior—Norma Powell, 67; Doris Chubb, 62. Second reader—Robert Chubb, 82; Joe Trozzo, 76. Primer—Jean Chubb, 78; Richard Frozzo, 70; Paul Munch, 70. Grading average, 60. Rolls of honor were won by Arthur Godfrey, Norma Powell and Lionel Wynne.

Miss M. E. Murray has gone to Revelstoke to spend the holidays with friends.

Mrs. G. S. Godfrey and Miss Godfrey returned from Nelson Saturday after spending a week there.

Mrs. W. T. Wynne and son Lionel returned Thursday from Nelson.

FORT STEELE WOMAN GETS WAR SOUVENIR

Prizes and Honor Rolls Presented to School Children—Teachers Are Praised for Work.

(Special to The Daily News.)

FORT STEELE, B.C., July 3.—Mrs. A. Grez of Mouse creek, Fort Steele, has received a letter from her son, Pte. Albert Bell, who enlisted with the 54th battalion, and an interesting war souvenir. The war present is a paper knife. The handle is made of a German shell with a French pointed bullet fitted into it. The percussion cap is taken from the shell and in its place is fitted a Canadian army button, while the blade is made of part of a British 18-pounder, hammered into shape. In his letter Pte. Bell describes the games played on Victoria day. Baseball and football were played and other sports indulged in. The boys, for that day at least, forgot that there was a war.

Capt. Degardno of Port Townsend, Wash., father of Mrs. Maher, late of Fort Steele, died at his home last Tuesday. Capt. Degardno was one of the pioneers of Jefferson county. He was, before retiring, a pilot along the U. S. and Canadian western coast. Mrs. H. Mather and her brother, G. Degardno, left here last winter to visit their father.

The school closed last Friday and the parents and children were sorry to hear that their teacher, Miss A. M. Bate, is leaving after two successful years spent with them. After the presentation of prizes and rolls of honor, R. L. Galbraith expressed his appreciation of the work done by the principal, D. Fraser, and the other teachers. Mr. Galbraith presented Miss Bate with the children's gift, a purse of gold. Miss Bate in returning thanks, said the trustees, parents, children and teachers were in perfect harmony.

The school promotions are: Into third reader: Grace Baker, William Walsh, Robert Werden, George Werden, Harry Shammings, Amy Ban Quan, Grace Brander. Into second reader: Arthur Fenwick, Walter Agnew, Peter Brennen. Into first reader: Margaret Weden, Helen Wirth, Alf. Kershaw; into second primer: Sylvia Baker, George Watson, Leo Walsh.

The first prize, a gold bracelet, for most stars, was awarded to Grace Baker and the second prize, for writing a pearl pin, to Pearl Johnson.

Rolls of honor—Deportment, George Werden; proficiency, Robert Johnson; regularity, H. Wirth, A. Kershaw, P. Johnson.

Miss Maye Bate left Sunday for the coast by way of Spokane and Seattle and will later leave for California, where she will visit her aunt, Mrs. Bruce Heathcote of San Francisco.

SYMPATHY WITH WIDOW OF OFFICER EXPRESSED

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROCK CREEK, B. C., July 3.—At the monthly meeting of the Rock Creek District Womens institute it was decided to hold a picnic in the grove below Rock creek. A resolution of sympathy with Mrs. Thorburn, whose husband, Lieut. Thorburn, made the supreme sacrifice in France, was passed. Donations of $2 from Mrs. Wheeler and of $8.25, the proceeds of the raffle of a doll and a doll carriage, were acknowledged, as was a gift from Mrs. E. Henning of Chesaw.

SILVERTON GIVES $1561 TO PATRIOTIC FUND

(Special to The Daily News.)

SILVERTON, B. C., July 3.—The sum of $1561.60 was contributed to the Silverton branch of the patriotic fund during May. The contributions were: T. H. Wilson, $15; J. T. Kelly, $5; C. Gill, $5; R. Boyle, $5; H. J. Emerson, $5; J. D. Matheson, $5; R. M. Spencer, $2; A. N. Taylor, $5; J. W. M. Tinling, $5; E. J. Hacking, $5; A. S. Macaulay, $15; E. A. Walton, $3; F. F. Liebscher, $1; A. M. Cavan, $2; R. Hone, $2; T. Burley, $2; G. E. Sparkes, $3; Mrs. N. F. McNaught, $10; D. McIntyre, $5; McLeod & Tattrie, $2.50; F. LoCasto, $1; A. Peachy, $3; Miss K. Wilmot, $2; Sam Sing, $2; Ira Tombaugh, $2; G. T. Ironside, $3; G. C. Rogg, $1.50; G. Vanstone, $2; J. Wallace, $1; W. N. Lewis, $3.50; Standard mine and mill, employees, $820.05; Standard, management, $300; Lucky Thought mine, employees, $25.50; Galena mine, management, $100; Galena mine, employees, $101.30; Silverton Mines, Limited, $91.25. The amount previously reported was $8410.13 and the total since the beginning of last November is $9971.73.

BUSH FIRE RAGES SOUTH OF TRAIL

Two Members of Consolidated Staff in Boating Accident—Motor Boat Capsizes.

(Special to The Daily News.)

TRAIL, B.C., July 3.—A big bush fire has been raging for the last two days near the Ruby mine, four miles south of Trail. Fire warden Binnie of Rossland was in town yesterday looking for men to fight fire.

T. W. Bingay and Mr. McLaughlin of the Consolidated staff, had an unpleasant experience in the Columbia river yesterday. While motor boating around China Creek the propellor of the motor boat got caught in some floating brush. As they were trying to free the propellor, the weight of the two men upset the boat, throwing the occupants into the river. They swam ashore, leaving the boat behind. Mr. Rutherford of the assaying department, on his way to China creek, found the boat floating down the river and towed it back to the owners.

A picnic party consisting of 35 residents of Trail and Smelter Hill spent the day at China creek. The committee consisted of Mrs. Thom, Miss Skill, H. E. Wade, Mrs. Larson and Mrs. Bingay.

M. Larson had a narrow escape from falling into the Columbia river yesterday. While driving near Beaver creek, the car took a slide over the embankment. No one was hurt and the car sustained no damage.

The Trail smelter is now shipping five cars of lead per day.

A new bandstand is being erected by the city council on Pine avenue. It is likely to be finished by Friday eevning, for the open air concert by the Trail City band.

A special meeting of the Trail Mill & Smeltermen's union will be held in the fair building to consider the company's store the Consolidated proposes to provide.

J. B. White, prosecuting attorney of Spokane, was a visitor in Trail Saturday.

Mrs. C. H. Wallace and child, Miss H. E. Wallace and Miss F. Sanders of Rossland were visiting here Monday.

Dr. Nay of the Trail hospital and Mrs. Nay left this morning on an auto trip to Penticton.

Miss G. Dovey is having a holiday in Nelson and Spokane.

COMMEMORATION SERVICE HELD AT PERRY SIDING

(Special to The Daily News.)

PERRY SIDING, B. C., July 3.—On Sunday a special service was held here to commemorate the fiftieth year of confederation in Canada. The preacher was Rev. A. O. Huguet, Presbyterian church minister, who preached an impressive sermon from the text: "And He shall have dominion over us."

In the course of his address Mr. Huguet spoke of the noble heritage the 450,000 of Canada's finest manhood who had volunteered to fight in the glorious cause of civilization would leave to the rising generation. They had nobly responded to duty's call, he said, and were protecting all that was worth living for.

The following are the names of the men who have gone from Perry Siding: Pte. R. Avis, Pte. J. Avis, Pte. G. Avis, Pte. J. Nixon, Pte. A. O. Green, Pte. G. A. Hodgson, Pte. S. Bentley, Sergt. R. S. Sterens, killed in action; Pte. Bergeron, Pte. I. Ewing, Pte. A. Ewing, Pte. F. Brooks.

ROSSLAND NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., July 3.—Mrs. C. B. Smith and daughter, Martha, are leaving in a few days to spend a year in the east.

Mrs. F. S. Peters and two daughters leave Friday to spend the summer at Deer Park.

Mrs. W. Wadds and two sons, Billy and Maurice, expect to leave soon for Deer Park, where they will remain for a couple of months.

H. W. Atkinson and T. H. Gilmour returned last night from spending the weekend in Deer Park.

Mrs. J. Sanders returned Monday morning to her home in Nelson after spending a week with her daughter, Miss Florence.

Mrs. C. F. R. Pincott and Miss Pincott left Monday for Vancouver.

Mrs. E. G. Montgomery and daughter, Eileen, went Monday to Vancouver, where they will remain for a month.

Miss E. E. Deroche will spend her vacation at Vancouver.

Mrs. H. H. Johnstone and two children leave Wednesday for Deer Park, where they will be the guests of Mrs. H. W. Atkinson.

The Misses Laura and Alice Jewell spent the holiday in Trail.

M. M. O'Brien and R. Shelledy returned last night from a short visit to Nelson.

D. J. Brown, who spent the holiday with his wife and family up the Kootenay lake, returned Monday night.

W. A. Reid spent the holiday in Nelson, returning Monday night.

CASCADE CHILDREN ENJOY OUTING AT LAKE

(Special to The Daily News.)

CASCADE, B. C., July 3.—On Thursday a point picnic was held at Christina lake by the Cascade and Christina public schools. Autos were donated to carry the children and friends to the lake. A splendid program of sports was carried out. Six dollars left from the race prize fund was donated to the Belgium relief fund at Nelson.

Mrs. J. A. Bertois and family left on Friday to visit relatives in Wisconsin.

On Monday a lawn social was held on Mrs. Smith's lawn, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Ladies' aid. An enjoyable afternoon was spent and the members added $50 to their funds.

Mrs. Kimberly and children of Revelstoke, B. C., arrived on Tuesday on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. P. Loesch.

BROTHER OF WILLOW POINT MAN WOUNDED

Claude H. Burgess Badly Injured by Shell Explosion; Companions Killed.

As the result of a bomb explosion Claude H. Burgess, brother of Cecil H. Burgess of Willow Point, is lying in hospital in Halifax, England, wounded in both legs, minus a finger on his left hand and his right arm totally useless. Eleven companions of the young man when one jumped on a bomb when they were ordered to get into their dugouts, were killed. Burgess had only been 48 hours in the trenches.

Previous to going to the front he was in a chemical laboratory at Leeds, England.

OIL WELLS TO BE CONTROLLED

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—An important order soon to be issued by the Oklahoma corporation commission is expected to supply some added regulations for the prevention of the waste of gas from oil wells by flowing into the air or dissipation into the sands. Locally, the interest in the forthcoming rulings of the commission is probably greater in the means it is seeking in checking the widespread damage to fresh water wells and streams of the state coming from salt water flow from the oil wells.

The Oklahoma commission was given sweeping powers by recent legislation in connection with conservation and regulation of the production and supply of oil and gas. That body has power to limit production and even to limit the price of these commodities. However, under prevailing high prices and almost unlimited demand for the products, there is thought to be no occasion for minimum price control.

The great problem of the commission at present is to prevent waste and protect the fresh water supply in portions of the state where oil fields are located. Under the present system of plugging wells with concrete or wooden plugs, many so-called dry holes have become a menace to the fresh water supply.

It has been found that this kind of plugging will not always hold, and that salt water forces its way out and overflows into adjoining streams, making them unfit for use in watering stock. According to Art Walker, the state conservation agent, many wells have not been plugged at all. Mr. Walker says that it will be the policy of the department in the future to see that every well is plugged properly, so as to prevent escape of salt water. It is impossible to state just what the nature of the new order will be relative to plugging dry holes, but it is believed it will provide for refilling the abandoned well with as much of the material taken out of it as the hole will take. This will involve more expense and work than methods previously employed, but it is believed it will furnish adequate protection against the escape of salt water.

ONTARIO BABY MADE STRONG

Mrs. Jarvis Says Dr. Cassell's Tablets Cured Her Delicate Child When Nothing Else Could.

Mrs. Jarvis, Box 286, Penetang, P.O., Ontario, writes: "It is a pleasure to tell you what Dr. Cassell's Tablets have done for my baby. When only five months old he fell ill and though I had medical advice for him he got worse. I tried several special foods, but none of them would stay on his stomach and he became so thin that he seemed just skin and bone. He only weighed 10 lbs., and we never thought he could live. But chancing to hear of Dr. Cassell's Tablets I got some for baby and am thankful I did. He is a bonny boy now, quite cured, and weighs 25 lbs. at twelve months old."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for dyspepsia, kidney trouble, sleeplessness, anaemia, nervous ailments, nerve paralysis, palpitation and weakness in children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One tube 50 cents, six tubes for the price of five. Beware of imitations said to contain hypophosphites. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors and no imitation can ever be the same.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

You may want to change your automobile, or your piano, or even your home—but you will never want to change the COFFEE, when once you taste the delectable flavour of Chase & Sanborn's "SEAL BRAND" COFFEE.

In ½, 1 and 2 pound tins. Whole—ground—pulverized—also fine ground for Percolators. Never sold in bulk.

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Hay, Feed and Grain

Best Quality and Best Price

The Taylor Milling and Elevator Co., Ltd.

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Job Printing

The Daily News has an up-to-date, fully equipped job printing plant and is in a position to give you eminent satisfaction in any class of job printing you desire.

Anything from a calling card to the largest-sized poster, and prices compare favorably with those of any printing office in the west.

The Daily News Job Department

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One insertion, per word	1c
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Six consecutive insertions, per word	4c
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Card of Thanks	50c
Each subsequent insertion	25c
Death and Funeral Notice	$1.00

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance.

In computing the number of words in a classified advertisement count each word, dollar mark, abbreviation, initial letter and figure as one word.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provision of the postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only; therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her identity may use a box at this office without any extra charge if replies are called for; if replies are to be mailed to advertiser allow 10 cents extra in addition to price of advertisement, to pay postage.

The News reserves the right to reject any copy submitted for publication.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283. WANTED—Loggers, $3.75; singlejack miners, $4.50; edgerman, small mill, $4.50; jammer; engineer, $90 and; trimmerman; tally man; mine blacksmith, $4.50; cook-generals.

WANTED—An edgerman for our saw mill of 25,000 capacity. A. G. Lambert Co., Nelson, B. C. (6249)

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Representatives to distribute Tablets which wash clothes spotlessly clean without rubbing. One trial makes permanent customers. One hundred per cent profit. Make five dollars daily. Send ten cents for samples for four washings. Bradley company, Brantford, Ontario. (6165)

SITUATION WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Position on fruit farm as manager; thoroughly understands fruit; also packing. Can handle cows, horses, bees, etc. Apply box 6302, Daily News. (6302)

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Stenographer, accurate at figures. Apply by letter stating experience. Box 6272 Daily News.

WANTED—At once responsible woman to take full charge of family of four children. Apply Mrs. H. L. Genest, 216 Vernon. (6307)

YOUNG GIRL WANTED to assist with housework. Phone 289 M, Mrs. Leslie Craufurd. (6289)

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. A. J. McLean, 702 Victoria street, phone 345. (6297)

HAIRWORK—Switches, wigs, toupees, transformations; combings and faded switches remade. D. A. Acton, box 1098, Nelson. (6175)

TEACHERS WANTED.

LADY TEACHER WANTED—35 pupils, ungraded, $75. Apply to F. Knott, secretary, Canyon City school board, Erickson, B.C. (6277)

WANTED—Experienced teacher wanted for Thrums school next term. Apply secretary, Tarrys, B.C. (6315)

TEACHER WANTED—For Nine-Mile Creek school next term. Apply A. S. Lang, secretary, Waneta, B.C. (6280)

LIVESTOCK.

BELGIAN HARES—M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (6136)

FOR SALE—A promising two-year-old heifer, due to freshen in September. Apply box 377, Nelson, John Rendall, Granite road, Nelson. (6313)

GOOD COW FOR SALE—Just freshened, healthy, quiet, fat, milk seventeen quarts daily, $115. William Crebbin, Slocan Park. (6316)

HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP—9 years old, about 1200 lbs. W. Burke, Fruitvale, B.C. (6317)

FOR SALE—Fresh cow, South Slocan. J. L. Purdy. (6321)

FOR SERVICE—At the farm of Chas. Berry at Westley, the registered Ayrshire bull "Conquestadar Locherbie," whose sire is the famous "Hobsland Sunrise," and whose grandsire is the still more famous "Hobsland Masterpiece," two of the most famous bulls in Canada. Service fees $5.00. (6312)

FOR SALE—One team horses; one registered Jersey bull, 18 months; one Holstein bull 15 months. Apply K. Popoff, Slocan, B.C. (6150)

FARM PROPERTY.

WANTED—Improved fruit ranch, on or near Kootenay lake, easy access to town and school. A.C., Mirror Lake, B.C. (6257)

55 ACRES FRUIT LAND—On Kootenay lake, 9 miles from Nelson. Will sacrifice for $600 cash. Box 796, Nelson. (6322)

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

FOR SALE—26-foot launch, 12 h.p. Gray engine; good working order. Apply A. D. Godfrey, box 954, Nelson. (6298)

STERN-WHEEL STEAMBOAT—134 feet long, beam 24 feet; cost fifty thousand dollars; good as new. Price five thousand dollars cash or terms. Apply G. F. Williams, Ltd., 524 Seymour street, Vancouver, B.C. (6300)

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5219)

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT—Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. (6096)

FOR RENT—Clean well furnished housekeeping rooms close in; 507 Silica street. (6093)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr apartments. (6097)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

FOR RENT.

SUMMER COTTAGE FOR RENT—Partly furnished. W. Rutherford, Nelson. (5550)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mentges newspaper folder; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in first class condition. Snap for cash. The Daily News, Nelson. (678)

SHINGLES—No. 1 XXX grade, freight prepaid to your station, $3.50 per thousand. Nakusp Shingle Mill, Nakusp, B.C. (6303)

FOR SALE—Solid cork life belts, $1.50 each. Cabinet Cigar store. (6276)

FOR SALE—One lumber wagon and two second hand democrat wagons. C. Opsahl, Trail, B.C. (6314)

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—The library of the late Sheriff Tuck, which is one of the most select in the province, containing more than fifteen hundred volumes of the world's best literature. An unusual opportunity for a city, community or individual. Apply to box 4117, Daily News. (4117)

FOR SALE—Edison Dictograph complete; electric power. Apply to Daily News business office. (654)

FOR SALE—Shaving machine for Edison records. Box 685, Daily News.

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

WANTED.

WANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS—Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, Nelson, B.C. (6098)

WANTED—One horse to drive single and one light delivery wagon or buckboard. M. McLeod, Ainsworth. (6275)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

HAIR GOODS.

WIGS AND TOUPEES for ladies and gentlemen. Combings made up into switches, pompadours, etc. Fine toilet preparations. Particulars and free catalogue from Hanson Co., box 12, Victoria, B.C. (5882)

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO.
Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc.
Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

TAYLOR & DUBAR,
Financial and Insurance Agents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Accountants. Auditors, Assignees, Estates managed; 602 Baker St. Phone 254.

H. E. DILL
Fire, Life, Sickness and Accident Insurance.
Phone 180. K.W.C. Block.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block, Vancouver.

EDUCATIONAL.

BUSINESS COLLEGE FOR GIRLS, Cranbrook, B.C.— Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, facilities for other subjects if desired. Piano, violin, dancing; French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss Cherrington, King Edward school. (6075)

PATENTS.

BABCOCK & SONS, Registered Attorneys. Estab. 1877. Formerly Patent office examiner. Master of Patent Laws. Book "Patent Protection," free; 99 St. James St., Montreal. Branches: Ottawa and Washington.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING,
Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

NEAL INSTITUTE.

TREATMENT FOR LIQUOR HABIT. Box 21, Cranbrook, B.C.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE.

McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

RANCH FOR SALE—Improved property of 10 acres at Shoreacres; about 4 acres in cultivation; a few fruit trees; good house. Price $1800. We consider this a great sacrifice.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT—Six rooms, in Fairview, at $25.00 per month.

GOOD HOUSE FOR RENT—Seven rooms, thoroughly renovated recently, on Kootenay street, $17 per month.

BUILDING LOTS—In Rosemont, Trail East and Nelson city on monthly payment plan, $10.00 per month.

INSURANCE—We handle Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile, Motor Boat, etc. Get our rates.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Will the party who took a parcel of laundry from Astley's in mistake please return same at once to the place it was taken from. Parcel contained twelve articles. (6318)

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.
Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.
THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C.
P. O. Box 772.
Phone 372 for Appointment.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

See H. R. Kitto, 412 Ward street, Nelson, for gun, cycle, phonograph, sewing machine and other fine machine repairs. (6187)

The ladies of the Catholic church will hold a lawn social at the home of Mrs. Madden, 824 Stanley street, Thursday, July 5, afternoon and evening. (6311)

All men cannot knit socks, but anyone can buy a pair and present them to the Red Cross Jubilee Confederation sock shower. Do your bit. (6319)

Bring your knitting and come to the lawn social at Mrs. N. Winlaw's, corner Carbonate and Hendryx, today, under auspices of St. Paul's Ladies' aid. (6320)

An open meeting of the Rose Show committee will be held in the city hall Thursday evening, July 5th at 8 o'clock. All interested in the success of the show are invited. (6323)

BELGIAN FUND TOTALS $3386.79.

Local donations to the Belgian relief fund total $3386.79. Previously unacknowledged contributions are: G. Rickson, $2; H. S. Foster, $2; W. Thomlinson, $10; A, $10; J. H. Lawrence, $2.50; A. Nappen, $5; Mrs. J. G. Litterick, $2.50; Christina Lake and Cascade Sunday school picnic, $6; Slocan Park Belgian Relief club, $5.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS SHOWED FALLING OFF LAST MONTH

The customs receipts for June were $12,130.37. In June 1916 they were $19,408.25. The large decrease in the receipts this year is explained by the fact that the West Kootenay Power and Light company made heavy shipments of machinery last June.

LONG VACATION ON

The long vacation in the courts has commenced and during July and August the office of the registrar of the supreme and county courts at the courthouse will close daily at 2 p.m.

BISURATED MAGNESIA

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Belching, Sour Stomach, Gas in Stomach, etc., take a teaspoonful of Bisurated Magnesia in a half glass of hot water after eating. Is safe, pleasant, and harmless to use and gives instant relief from all forms of stomach disorder. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Painful Swollen Veins Quickly Relieved and Reduced

Mrs. R. M. Remler of Federal, Kansas, writes an interesting account of her success in reducing a severe case of enlarged veins that should be encouraging to others similarly afflicted. She suffered with badly swollen and inflamed veins (in fact one had broken) for more than seven years before she became acquainted with Absorbine, Jr., and used it. Absorbine, Jr. was faithfully applied for several weeks and to quote from her letter: "The large knots in the veins left, it was all nicely healed and has not bothered me since."

Absorbine, Jr. is an antiseptic liniment—healing, cooling and soothing. Safe and pleasant to use; $1.00 and $2.00 at your druggist's or postpaid. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c in stamps. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 445 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

CANADIANS URGED TO EAT MORE FRUIT

Should Substitute It as Much as Possible for Cereals as Part of Win War Policy.

Loyal Canadians will eat all the perishable products that they can possibly substitute for cereals and other foods that can be stored.

This in brief is the policy that will be followed by both the Canadian and United States food controllers, declared C. B. Barnes, president of the British Columbia Fruit Growers' association, who passed through Winnipeg on his way home after visiting the fruit districts of eastern Canada. Mr. Barnes is accompanied by R. M. Palmer of Victoria, an executive member of the association.

While in Toronto, Messrs. Barnes and Palmer were at the luncheon at which Hon. W. J. Hanna, the new food controller, met leaders of the associations which will work with him.

"Ontario will have a short crop of apples this year," said Mr. Barnes, "while the same holds good in New York state. Nova Scotia will have a surplus of apples. With the shortage in Ontario and New York the situation is materially changed. What was at first thought would be an abnormal surplus has resolved itself into a normal quantity of apples for Canadian consumption."

What America Must Eat.

Asked as to his conference with Mr. Hanna, Mr. Barnes said that both the Canadian and United States food controllers are bent on supplying the allies with every food requirement that they required, which would mean that this continent must sacrifice, and the sacrifice will be great. To accomplish this end and to ensure a regular supply of foodstuffs Canadians and Americans must use much less of the exportable food products and consume more of the unexportable or perishable products. This will mean a tremendous increase in the exportable supplies, including meats and cereals.

Applies Especially to Fruit.

"This applies in a special manner to fruit and apples," asserted the British Columbia president. "As a result of the bringing into force of this general principle both here and in the United States combined with the generally short apple crop, that is now assured, I feel safe in saying that no United States apples will find their way into Canada. This again will mean that instead of an unwieldy surplus of apples in the Dominion and on the continent every indication points to the fact that a perfectly normal apple market will be found, and that Canadian apples will be eaten by Canadians and American apples by Americans."

Mr. Barnes pointed out that exceptional efforts which were being put forth by the United States will mean a vastly increased consumption of apples and fruit generally. Mr. Hoover, he learned while in the east, has already an organization in operation which will in time reach every village and hamlet in the union as well as the cities.

Fruits for Desserts.

The British Columbia men suggested to Mr. Hanna that Canadians should eat and use more fruit for desserts, because then puddings, cakes and pies, which all require flour, would not be prepared, thus again relieving an extraordinary quantity of flour for export.

PRO-GERMANISM AND REPUBLICANS

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—A prominent member of the Wisconsin Republican club has stated that the Republican party in Wisconsin is very largely under the influences of the German-American alliance and the forces which that alliance has built up in its years of propaganda.

"You cannot start any movement in the Republican party in the state," he said, "without coming in contact with this influence. It is able to threaten any candidate in the state with defeat if he openly opposes it. That isn't due to accident or the mere power of its name. It is due to a powerful organization. Look at how this dread of offending the German-American vote caused the state assembly to dodge for two months the taking up of a simple resolution to show the state's loyalty by printing 50,000 copies of the President's address. The assembly even went so far as to refuse to confer with the senate, which had passed the resolution. This refusal of a conference is a thing unheard of previously in Wisconsin legislative annals."

LaFollette, as is well known, has *championed the German-American in* congress and out. Governor Phillips' acts seem to have been calculated quite largely to do nothing which would offend the German vote. The Socialist leaders are strongly pro-German.

This political attitude on the part of the leaders has operated to make the present legislative session the most barren of results in years. The Germanic influences have reached out in many ways besides controlling the legislature. The schools are controlled in many cities. That has been amply illustrated in Milwaukee in recent weeks in the campaign to change the curriculum in regard to the teaching of German in a fair proportion as a language; it is the way in which it is taught that has aroused loyal citizens. An attempt is made to create in the child a preference for German and German ways and German thinking.

The clergy has been one of the most fertile fields for this sort of thing. Political manipulators have used the ministers. That was illustrated when Gustav Jacobsen, now under federal indictment on the charge that he violated neutrality laws by aiding the pro-German plans for a revolt in India, came from Chicago to Milwaukee to organize the clergymen into a league to work for the election of Charles E. Hughes. The whole affair was exposed when the Washington correspondent of the Milwaukee Journal, who happened to be in the city, got into the meeting by a ruse. Jacobsen had money, plenty of it. He told the clergymen to hire bands, do whatever *was necessary and that the money* would be forthcoming. They had come to the meeting with the understanding that their expenses were to be paid. At the close of the meeting scores visited the table in the convention hall where coin was piled high, and they were reimbursed for their expenses of their journey to Milwaukee. After Jacobsen's indictment a Milwaukee newspaper set out to find what these clergymen thought of the affair in which they had taken part. Some were sorry that they had participated. But others were defiant when attempt was made to discuss the affair, and left the impression that they had nothing to regret.

The press is one of the main points of attack by the Germanic propagandists. Money was spent freely in Wisconsin before the United States declared war, and is being spent today, well informed men believe.

To combat this whole anti-American movement within the state which reaches back for years and is powerful because of its organization and the fact that it can play upon racial prejudice to blind thousands of loyal citizens, an active political movement is shaping itself. It will transcend party lines. On the Democratic side it will, of course, center around Senator Husting, who has pursued a strikingly loyal course without thought of his political fortunes. On the Republican side there are very few men who are free-handed to lead. One of the most promising is Guy D. Goff of Milwaukee, former United States district attorney, who has in no way been mixed up with the German-American element within the party. He may be a candidate for governor.

Our Great Drive Well in Hand

More Ammunition to Force It Ahead

WOMEN'S PUMPS—These are made from Patent Leather, Vici and Dull Kid; the very latest styles; turn soles, wood and leather heels; all perfect fitting. Regular price, $5.00 and $5.50. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$3.95**

WOMEN'S PATENT LEATHER PUMPS—With light soles and leather heels; some have small tongue and ornament; some are finished with a flat tailored bow; all sizes. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$2.95**

WOMEN'S ODD LINES OF PUMPS—All sizes included in this lot, but in several different lines. Regular values up to $5.50. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$1.95**

MEN'S PLAIN WHITE TENNIS BOOTS—Regular $1.75 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$1.49**

MEN'S PLAIN WHITE TENNIS BOOTS—Low Heels. Regular $1.50 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$1.20**

MEN'S PLAIN BLACK TENNIS BOOTS—Regular $1.50 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$1.20**

BOYS' WHITE RUNNING BOOTS—Regular $1.50 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$1.20**

BOYS' BLACK RUNNING BOOTS—Regular $1.25 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **$1.00**

BOYS' BLACK RUNNING BOOTS—Low Heels. Regular $1.10 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **90c**

YOUTHS' BLACK RUNNING BOOTS—Regular $1.10 per pair. July Sale Drive, Per Pair **90c**

LADIES' WHITE MIDDIES—Some All White, others with Navy Collars and Cuffs. This is the *clean-up of five different models.* Only Necessary to Say **69c**
You Can Say All the Rest.

OUR FAMOUS "EDEN" FLANNEL—Unexcelled for wash and wear; suitable for waists, children's wear and pyjamas; dozens of good designs; 28 inches wide. Today's price, 25c. July Sale Drive, Per Yard **17c**

TEN YARDS OF PURE WHITE LONGCLOTH IN A BOX—Nice, firm, even weave; a quality that is lasting. This is obtainable only from the Hudson's Bay chain of stores. Today's price, $2.00 per box. July Sale Drive, Per Box **$1.59**

THESE PRICES WILL DRIVE THIS STOCK OUT SHARP

MEN'S SOCKS—Smoke Grey; good strong Lisle thread; Crown make. July Sale Drive—Five Pairs for **$1.00**

MEN'S BLACK SOCKS—Cotton top and foot, body of sock Silk Lisle. July Sale Drive—Five Pairs for **$1.00**

MEN'S RUSTIC STRAW BOATERS—The hand is worth the money. Just the time for this hat now. July Sale Drive **50c**

POLICE SUSPENDERS—Regular 50c. July Sale Drive **39c**

MEN'S SUITS—Every Suit at a Sale Price that is a reduction off our present selling prices and when we tell you that makers want a higher price still today you can imagine just how much you are saving. Look them over and save Five Dollars a Suit and even more in some cases.

GREAT VALUES IN TOWELS AND PILLOW CASES

TOWELS AND PILLOW CASES DONE UP IN BUNDLES—From two to seven towels in a bundle. A wonderful bargain. July Sale Drive, Per Bundle **98c**

FIVE HUNDRED BOXES BLACK HAIR PINS—Assorted sizes in a box; extra strong quality. Regular 10c per box. July Sale Drive, Three Boxes for **25c**

ONE THOUSAND PIECES PURE WHITE BLOCKED INDIA TAPE—In All Widths. Regular 5c each. July Sale Drive, Three for **10c**

ONE THOUSAND SKEINS OF MENDING WOOL—Black, White, Tan, Red, Natural and Grey. Regular 5c each. July Sale Drive, Three for **10c**

FIFTY DOZEN HAIR NETS WITH ELASTIC—In All Shades. Regular 5c quality. July Sale Drive, Seven for **25c**

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY YARDS NATURAL PONGEE SILK—Good medium weight; 34 inches wide. Regular value, 65c yard. July Sale Drive, Per Yard **39c**

SEVENTY-FIVE YARDS BLACK, WHITE AND ALSO BLACK-AND-WHITE STRIPED TAFFETA SILK—All perfect goods; 19 inches wide. Regular price, 60c yard. July Sale Price, Per Yard **29c**

The Hudson's Bay Company

HERBERT E. BURBIDGE STORES COMMISSIONER

WAR IS BRINGING NEW ALIGNMENT

NEW YORK, N. Y.—The most momentous change taking place in the world now, in the view of Charles Evans Hughes, is the new sense America is gaining of her duty to the world. Mr. Hughes emphasized this fact, and the fact that the United States and her allies are fighting to establish international justice for all time, in his speech at the luncheon given by the Merchants association in honor of the Italian war mission.

"To state the indebtedness of America to Italy," he said, "is to recite the history of navigation and discovery, of art and literature, of commerce and invention. It's a long line of obligation, extending from Columbus to Marconi. We have also recognized the fact that Italian skill, Italian thrift and Italian industry are of the very substance of American prosperity. America witnessed with peculiar sympathy that great struggle when the bonds of local prejudice and tradition were broken and Italy emerged into *the freedom and strength of Italian* unity, and we recall the way in which that unity was effected. It was not the determination to invoke a rule of blood and iron that brought about Italian unity. That great result followed the work typified in the ministry of Cavour.

"Deep as is our regard, generous as is our welcome, the significance of this occasion is yet to be stated. That significance lies not in the many changes that we are witnessing in economic adjustment in connection with our internal order. The momentous change that is going on at this time is the new sense to America of duty to the world.

"On these hospitable shores have been established democratic institutions which have been a beneficent *example. But today America means* more than a land of promise; America means more than an example. America is a colaborer in the common cause of humanity, to establish secure the foundations of international justice.

"We had reason enough for entering this war. No nation with self respect could have seen its citizens murdered and its commerce swept from the seas, without vindicating its place as a self respecting nation among the peoples of the earth. God knows we had reason enough to enter this war in appreciation of the essential conditions of our future security. There is no security for the United States as a nation of great wealth and great progress, if brute force is triumphant in the world, and if no limit can be set to the aggressions of a brutal military power, except its own conceptions of what it believes to be its own expediency. You merchants may plan and toil, you may build wisely your structure for the purpose of housing and marketing the products of a great people, but you rest upon the essential condition of stability not only in your own land, where order is maintained and where the law is supreme, but also upon that international stability where treaties are maintained, where law also reigns, where justice makes force its servant and never is dethroned."

"Been hunting today, stranger?"
"Yes."
"Shot anything?"
"I don't know yet—I'm waiting for the rest of the party to get into camp so that we can call the roll."

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 25 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement.....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name .....

Address .....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage and allow five words extra for box number.

ICE

Phone 604

Delivered to any part of the city.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

Hazeloin Almond Cream

An excellent preparation for sunburn, chapped skin. Insures a soft, white skin.

Per Bottle 35c

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Willard Chocolates.

Eastman Kodak Supplies

THE ARK

Boys' Suits	95c
Ladies' Silk Hose	40c to 60c
Middy Blouses, reg. $1.75	$1.15
Straw Hats, all kinds	25c
Baby Shoes, pair	15c
Men's Work Shirts	75c
Awning Stripe	40c
Turkish Towelling	15c
Congoleum Rugs, all sizes:	
7½x9	$10.50
9x10½	$12.50

Phone 65L 602 to 606 Vernon St.

Practical and Accurate Methods

CHARACTERIZE OUR OPTICAL WORK

That is the reason we invariably give satisfaction. We have every facility and an extra large stock of lenses, frames, etc.

Our Optical Work Is Authentic.

We Guarantee Satisfaction and Our Prices are Moderate

J. O. Patenaude

SPECIALIST IN OPTICS.

TO BUY OR SELL TRY WANT AD

PRESENT RETURNED SOLDIER LAUNCH

Gift to Sergt. Robert Quin, Kootenay Lake Light Tender, by His Friends

A motor boat has been presented to Sergt. Robert Quin, Harrop, a returned soldier, to assist him in the work of tending lights on Kootenay lake, "as a small token of appreciation of what you have sacrificed for us, a few of your friends present you a motor boat, which we trust you will find useful," were the lines which accompanied the presentation.

Those who contributed were: Alex Leith, A. H. Green, Robb Sutherland, M. R. McQuarrie, E. A. Crease, Emory & Walley, Dr. Rose, J. Carter, D. McFarlane, R. Andrews, Dr. Smyth, E. J. Patch, B. Archibald, P. Burns & Co., A. Lakes, Jr., G. A. Ohren, J. Deschamps, William Anstie, George Motion, C. W. Appleyard, G. Hunter, J. Lawrence, J. A. Gilker, Mayor J. E. Annable, Hugh W. Robertson, T. Sargent, F. A. Starkey, Judge Forin, Charles McHardy, C. Bean, Dr. Frank, W. P. Tierney, Ferguson & Kurtz, Dr. Hartin, Thomas Parker, Standard Furniture, D. Guthrie, W. A. Thurman, Thomas Mouat, George Steele, L. B. DeVeber, A. Perrier, John Bell, Thomas Bowman, George Benwell, Harold Selous, E. H. Stanley, F. Stirling, John Burns, Andrew Sutherland, O. S. Jones, Frank McCrohan, Jim Hill, S. McCallum, J. J. Malone, Nelson Conservative association, J. Bunyan, W. B. Steed, Roy Sharp, Gus Mathews, H. P. Thomas, J. P. Forde, Carl Larson, Lee McBride, F. F. Payne, Henry Ewert, Nelson and District Returned Soldiers association, A. S. Horswill, Thomas Stark, J. W. Ford, Les Steele, Thomas Gordon, E. C. Wragge, C. R. Hamilton, Andrew Larson, James O'Shea, W. H. Smedley.

RESULTS OF PICNIC SPORTS COMPETITION

The results of the sports at the Trinity Methodist picnic at Proctor Monday are:

Boot and stocking race—Jean McKenzie, Dorothy Hodgson.

Three-legged race—William Travers and Harold Adams, Clarence Moore and Harry Bishop.

Potato race—Jack Annable, Stanley Carter.

Girls under 10 years—Gertrude Rutledge.

Girls 12 to 14—Annie McLaughlin, Laura Shuttleworth.

Wheelbarrow race—Lyman St. Denis and William McLaughlin, Stanley Carter and Lawrence Simpson.

Boys 10 to 12 years—Henry Loewin, George Fawcett.

Boys 12 to 14—William Tarvis, Arthur Simmons.

Relay race—Queenie Annable and Stanley Carter; Vera Walley and Harry Bishop.

Girls' three-leeged race—Catherine Williams and Ella Sommers, Mildred Machin and Queenie Annable.

Men's smoking race—Charles Stark, J. Robinson.

Ladies' nail-driving contest—Mrs. W. A. Thurman, Miss Viola McCoy. (Winners in married and single ladies' classes.)

Ladies' toothpick and peanut race—Mrs. R. Bishop, Mrs. R. Wallace.

Married women's race—Mrs. D. L. Kerr, Mrs. R. D. Hall.

Married men's race—J. H. Wallace, Harry Amas.

Girls' tug of war—Won by team captained by Helen Whitmore.

Boys' relay race, under eight years—Henry Loewen and John Wallace.

Young ladies' race—Miss Leighton.

A close contest was afforded in the tug of war between returned soldiers and Methodists' teams, the soldiers winning. *The pulls lasted 10 minutes.*

Those assisting in the sports were R. Bishop, J. W. Holmes, Frank Ronan, A. D. Emory, J. M. Armstrong, A. Nagle.

DONATIONS TO RED CROSS.

The following donations have been received: Mrs. W. Young, 90 cents; 10 cent collections, Bonnington Patriotic association, $24; Standard mine, Silverton, proceeds of dance, $24; Pythian Sisters Sewing club, $25; A. G. Wilson, $6; H. G. Lawley, $2; R. H. Carley, $5; Dorothy Elwood, 10 cent collections, $1.85; F. Sterling, $3; South Slocan Red Cross auxiliary, $20.

R. E. THOMPSON, NELSON SOLDIER, IS KILLED

Reginald Edward Thompson, a Nelson soldier, has been killed in action. He leaves a widow in this city who is a member of the Strathcona hotel staff. He was an electrician by trade.

WANTS CEMETERY PLOT FEES

Alderman Austin made inquiries at the meeting of the city council last night as to what societies had not paid dues on cemetery plots and urged regular collections.

AT THE THEATRES

Starland.

"Still Waters," featuring Marguerite Clark, has been delayed and "Mice and Men," one of the little star's greatest successes, will be shown in its place tomorrow evening.

Tonight a splendid Metro feature, "One Million Dollars," starring William Faversham, will be presented.

Friday Blanche Sweet will appear in "Those Without Sin."

Saturday Gladys Hulette will be featured in "The Candy Girl."

EXCELLENT RESULTS IN SOCK CAMPAIGN

Generous Contributions Made to Red Cross Drive for the Boys at the Front

The first day of the Red Cross sock campaign yesterday was productive of excellent results. A large number of socks were contributed at the Red Cross depot at the city hall.

The contributions, the committee states, were by no means confined to members of the society. They expressed their appreciation of the fact that many citizens outside the organization are contributing generously.

The drive for socks will be continued vigorously all week as the local branch has been informed that there is urgent need for them among soldiers at the front.

WAS ACTING MAYOR.

In the absence of Mayor Annable Ald. Rose presided at last night's council meeting.

W. E. COLES WINS AUTO.

The winner of the automobile in Saturday's punch board contest was W. E. Coles.

RAILWAYMEN NOTIFIED INCREASE IS REFUSED

Local railway men yesterday received formal notification that the application of the American railways for an increase of 15 per cent in freight rates has been refused by the interstate commerce commission.

ACKNOWLEDGES DONATIONS.

The Balfour military sanitarium acknowledges the receipt from the Riondel Red Cross society of six suits of pyjamas, 12 handkerchiefs and one dozen bottles of fruit.

SMALL DEFICIT ON THE STREET RAILWAY

Report for First Six Months Shows Loss of $223.39—Receipts Heavier Than Last Year.

The statements of receipts and expenditures of the Nelson street railway presented at last night's meeting of the city council showed the receipts to be $6997.39 and the expenditures $7220.74, an excess in expenditure of $223.39. The heaviest items of disbursements were: Conductors' wages, $1564.10; motormen's wages, $1599.20; debenture interest, $1697.50.

A comparative statement of the earnings of the railway for the first six months of this and last year follows:

	1916	1917
January	$ 920.45	$1,193.60
February	905.70	1,065.60
March	990.85	1,176.20
April	976.15	1,079.05
May	963.55	1,160.35
June	1,141.95	734.35
Total	$5,898.65	$6,410.15

SIDEWALKS WILL BE BUILT.

Recommendations from the public works committee that a sidewalk be laid on Hall Mines road between Observatory and Hoover streets on the east side and a three-foot sidewalk on the south side of Delbruck street between Stanley and Ward were carried by the city council last night.

SAYS APPROPRIATION FOR ARRESTERS MADE

When an application from H. P. Thomas, city electrician, for adequate lightning arresting facilities for the substation was read at last night's meeting of the city council, Alderman Rose said he thought re recollected provision for the work had been made by the council last year. Alderman Austin said that the appropriation had undoubtedly been made and wanted to know why the work was not carried out.

On motion of Aldermen Austin and Johnstone the matter was referred to the fire, water and light committee for inquiry.

NO FIRE ALARMS TURNED IN

Not a single fire alarm was turned in last month, Fire Chief Guthrie reported to the city council last night.

WANTS UNIFORMS OR MONTHLY ALLOWANCE

An application from Fire Chief Guthrie that uniforms or an allowance of $3 a month be given firemen was referred to the fire, water and light committee by the city council last night, the committee being instructed to report at the next meeting of the council.

PROSPECTS FOR SUFFRAGE BILL IN BRITAIN STATED

DEWSBURY, England—A meeting of the Dewsbury Women's Suffrage league was held recently, at which Mr. Runciman was the principal speaker. The fact that the franchise bill included the draft of clauses to extend the franchise to women was, he said, in itself an event of considerable importance, not only to those who were likely to attain the vote for the first time, but to the country as a whole.

He understood that there was a fear with some people that the number of women would be very much greater than the number of men. This was based on the view that women were likely to vote together against all the men, and nothing, he said, could be more absurd than such an idea. He believed that the bill had every chance of being passed. It had been found impossible to put on the government whips for women's suffrage, but if the house was left free to itself to vote, they knew that women's suffrage would stand a better chance of being carried than any other question that found itself in the bill. That was a tremendous advance in public opinion. He trusted that the pace at which parliamentary business was being conducted would enable this measure to be passed into law before the house rose for the autumn.

Referring to the submarine menace Mr. Runciman said that appeals had been made for economy in the consumption of food and he thought it might also be said for economy in the consumption of drink. He could not believe the government would ever allow their imported food supplies to drop so low that there should be anything like privation in their great towns and country districts. They might comfort themselves with the thought that they would not suffer so much in their cupboards as in their cash boxes, but it was better to have bread at a higher price than no bread at all. The figures of their losses by submarines were very great, but in spite of all, he believed that they may take it that, with due economy at home, and due organization from the center, they would be saved from starvation.

Alluding to Russia, the speaker said that all of them must have felt joyful at the revolution, which meant the widening of the bonds of freedom in the allied ranks. The only feeling of discomfort had been that one of their allies was an autocrat. Almost unexampled moderation had been shown by the revolutionaries, and no revolution of similar magnitude had ever been brought about with less bloodshed. It was difficult to tell at the present time how far Russia might develop in the direction of renewed order and organization. Many of them had been inclined to believe that the new spirit of freedom in Russia, as in France, might lead to a renewal of military energy. It was quite possible that Russia, with renewed spirit and the necessity of holding her territory, with, in fact having got rid of one despotism would show a military energy that might be quite unexampled in the history of the great race. But no one could tell how soon that would be. For the time being the Russian armies appeared to be dormant, but they might confidently say that the first serious attack by any of the German divisions upon the Russian armies would tend to consolidate them and increase the power and force of the Russian military machine. Whether the Germans would be courageous enough to take the risk no one could tell, but even if events in Russia were such as to diminish the striking force of her armies, he believed they might even then say that the Russian revolution had not been in vain and that the future history of Europe would be brighter because they had got rid of so autocratic a form of government.

BRAZIL CITES HER FRIENDSHIP WITH U. S.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The full text of the notes exchanged between the Brazilian ambassador to the United States and the acting secretary of state, concerning the revocation of Brazil's neutrality, just made public, is as follows:

"Mr. Secretary of State: The president of the republic has just instructed me to inform your excellency's government that he has approved the law which revokes Brazil's neutrality in the war between the United States of America and the German empire. The republic thus recognized the fact that one of the belligerents is a constituent portion of the American continent and that we are bound to that belligerent by traditional friendship and the same sentiment in the defense of the vital interests of America find the accepted principles of law.

"Brazil ever was and is now free from warlike ambitions and while it always refrained from showing any partiality in the European conflict, it could no longer stand unconcerned when the struggle involved the United States actuated by no interest whatever but solely for the sake of international judicial order and when Germany included us and the other neutral powers in the most violent acts of war.

"While the comparative lack of reciprocity on the part of the American republic divested until now in the Monroe Doctrine of its true character, by permitting of an interpretation based on the prerogatives of their sovereignty, the present events which brought Brazil even now to the side of the United States at a critical moment in the history of the world, are still imparting to our foreign policy a practical shape of continental solidarity, a policy, however, that was also that of the former regime whenever any of the other sister friendly nations of the American continent was concerned. The republic strictly observed our political and diplomatic traditions and remained true to the liberal principles in which the nation was nurtured.

"Thus understanding our duty, and Brazil taking the position to which its antecedents and the conscience of a free people pointed, whatever fate the morrow may have in store for us, we shall conserve the constitution which governs us and which has not yet been surpassed in the guarantees due to the rights, lives and property of foreigners.

"In bringing the above stated resolution to your excellency's knowledge I beg you to be pleased to convey to your government the sentiments of unalterable friendship of the Brazilian people and government.

"I avail myself of the opportunity to reiterate to your excellency the assurances of my highest consideration.

"DOMICIO DE GAMA."

"Excellency: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of June 4, by which, in pursuance of instructions from the president of Brazil, you inform me of the enactment of a law revoking Brazil's declaration of neutrality in the war between the United States and Germany, and request me to convey to this government the sentiments of unalterable friendship of the Brazilian people and government.

"I have received with profound gratification this notification of the friendly cooperation of Brazil in the efforts of the United States to assist in the perpetuation of the principles of free government and the preservation of the agencies for the amelioration of the sufferings and losses of war so slowly and toilfully built up during the emergence of mankind from barbarism.

"Your government's invaluable contribution to the cause of American solidarity, now rendered more important than ever as a protection to civilization and a means of enforcing the laws of humanity, is highly appreciated by the United States.

"I shall be glad if you will be good enough to convey to the president, the government and the people of Brazil the thanks of this government and people for their course, so consistent with the antecedents of your great and free nation, and so important in its bearing on issues which are vital to the welfare of all the American republics.

"Requesting that you will also assure your government and people of most cordial reciprocation by the government and people of the United States of their assurance of friendship, always so greatly valued, and now happily rendered still warmer and closer by the action of Brazil, I avail myself of the occasion to renew to your excellency the assurance of my highest consideration.

"FRANK L. POLK,
"Acting Secretary of State."

WHEN IN DOUBT TRY DAILY NEWS WANT ADS

Auction Sale

Auction Rooms

REID BLOCK BAKER ST. WEST

FRIDAY, JULY 6th, AT 2 P. M.

Consignment of four cases of Ladies' and Children's Wearing Apparel. A large lot of Carpets. Also Curtains, Portieres, Pictures, Blankets, Sheets, Pillow Slips, etc., etc.

TERMS: CASH.

Charles A. Waterman & Co.

AUCTIONEERS.

Social and Personal

C. Wilson, Trail, is registered at the Grand Central.

J. E. Wood, Cranbrook, is registered at the Queens.

H. Hoffman, Calgary, is a guest at the New Grand.

J. R. McGill, Minneapolis, is a guest at the Hume.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Walker, Grand Forks, are registered at the Hume.

J. W. Helms, Lethbridge, is registered at the Strathcona.

R. J. Strong, St. Paul, is at the Strathcona.

Mrs. P. G. Morey is visiting the coast.

Mayor Annable is on a business trip to the Crow's Nest country.

Mrs. A. T. Walley expects to spend some weeks at the coast this summer.

Mrs. D. C. Wilson has left for a two months' visit to the coast.

Pte. Earl Peters will leave this morning for Toronto to undergo treatment with a view to being provided with an artificial foot. He lost a foot in action at the front.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Tyler are visiting the coast where their baby is undergoing an operation.

Mrs. W. J. McConnell of Harrop, who underwent an operation Friday at the Kootenay Lake General hospital, is making good progress toward recovery.

Pte. L. D. Roscoe of the Canadian expeditionary force spent Sunday in Nelson with Mrs. Roscoe on his way to Balfour sanitarium. He has been transferred from Kamloops for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfrid Allan of Stavely, Alta., who are visiting the city, expect to return about the end of this week. They drove by automobile from Stavely to Creston, a distance of 400 miles, and completed the journey by train and steamer. They will return in the same way.

COUNCIL FIXES TAX MILL RATE

25 Mills on Sinking Fund and Interest on Debentures; 13 Mills on School Tax.

A mill rate of 25 per cent to provide sinking fund and interest debenture taxes totaling $626,000, and of 13 mills to provide school taxes was decided upon by the city council last night when bylaws covering these assessments received three readings last night. They will be adopted at the next meeting of the council.

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed if the taxes are paid by September 1.

The bylaws were submitted by the finance committee.

POWER EMPLOYEES WANT AN INCREASE

Ask Wages Raised 10 Per Cent; Referred to Fire, Water and Light Committee.

An application from the employees of the city power plant at Bonnington Falls for a 10 per cent increase in wages was referred to the fire, water and light committee last night by the city council.

The petitioners claimed that the increase was justified in view of the greatly increased cost of living. Operators at the plant receive $100 and oilers $90 a month.

EXPLAINS CHANGE OF METER PAYMENTS

As a matter of information following a query from a citizen Ald. Rose asked the city clerk at last night's council meeting how it was that the time for payment af meter rates had been changed from the 15th of each month to 15 days after the readings. The city clerk explained that there was only one meter reader and he found it impossible to read all the meters in time to permit of a set monthly day of payment.

WANT SIDEWALK COMPLETED.

A petition for the completion of the sidewalk on Cedar street between Silica and Carbonate streets, was referred to the public works committee by the city council last night.

GEM

MATINEE 2:30

Where We All Long to Be:

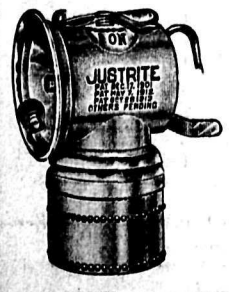
Where Love Is

From the famous pen of W. J. Locke, with the Mutual's New Star,

ANN MURDOCK

The plot thickens—Sixth Episode of "THE VOICE ON THE WIRE"

TOMORROW
Keystone and Bluebird day.
FRIDAY
Clara Kimball Young
MONDAY and TUESDAY
Boy Scouts' Benefit.



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We also stock IMPERIAL CARBIDE, and can supply in small quantities or ton lots.

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

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A Bargain

FOR SALE OR RENT

Five-Roomed Partly Furnished Panelled Bungalow on Water Front across from City Wharf. This property will go at less than cost owing to owner leaving the city.

Failing quick sale the property will be rented for the season for $80.00.

Charles F. McHardy

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Calgary Lager Beer

CALGARY STOUT

BUFFALO BRAND.

Agents

Nelson Wine & Spirit Company

Phone 260 P. O. Box 1099

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Pure Drugs and Medicines, Films and Camera Supplies, Gramophone Records and Needles, Sprays for Roses, Fruit Trees or Poultry Houses, etc.

Rutherford Drug Co.

NELSON, B. C.

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A distinct part of the service rendered by this store is the spirit of friendly courtesy in which our visitors are received. The question of whether or not you actually make a purchase does not enter into the matter or affect the quality of cordial service which we expect always to give and which those who know our store have come to expect. You will be pleased with the atmosphere of our store and with the unvarying standards of high quality and low price which prevail. Inspect our stock at your leisure—you are welcome.

J. J. WALKER

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

The STARLAND THEATRE

TONIGHT ONLY

Metro Presents the Accomplished Actor and Stage Favorite,

William Faversham

—in—

"One Million Dollars"

A thrilling drama of romance, mystery and intrigue adapted for the screen from Arnold Frederick Kummer's wonderful novel.

SELECTED COMEDY.

Note—"Still Waters" has been delayed by a washout. "Mice and Men," featuring Marguerite Clark, has been substituted and will be shown tomorrow.

Friday—Blanche Sweet in "Those Without Sin."

Saturday—Gladys Hulette in "The Candy Girl."

Your Grandmother's Watch

would keep perfect time today had it been properly cleaned and oiled. Take care of your watch today and you will have a good time piece for many years to come.

Let Us Examine It.

A. D. Papazian

Watchmaker, Jeweler and Graduate Optician,

Madden House, Baker St.

Holiday "Togs"

WHEN IT COMES TO PICKING THE RIGHT SUIT FOR A HOLIDAY TRIP, THIS STORE IS LIKE A LONG, COLD DRINK ON A BROILING HOT DAY.

IT HAS EXACTLY WHAT YOU WANT—THE STYLE AND SIZE AND COLOR—AT THE PRICE YOU WANT TO PAY. AND IF YOU WAIT UNTIL THE PROVERBIAL "LAST MINUTE," WE'LL RESPECT YOUR HURRY, WAIT ON YOU PROMPTLY, AND DO ALL WE CAN TO MAKE YOUR PURCHASE ONE OF PRESENT AND LASTING SATISFACTION.

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