The only paper in the interior of British Columbia carrying the full service of the Western Associated Press over its own leased wire.

The Daily News

The Daily News has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in Canada in proportion to the population of its home town.

VOL. 16 No. 110 NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1917 50c PER MONTH

FRENCH DRIVE FORWARD--TAKE MANY POSITIONS, 4000 PRISONERS

ITALIANS TAKE OVER 7500 PRISONERS IN ISONZO DRIVE

Across River, Engage Foe in Death Grip

BATTLE RAGES ON FRONT OF 37 MILES

Austrians Behind the Lines Assailed by Over 200 Airmen

(By Associated Press.)

The Italians, following a bombardment of an intensity never before experienced in that theatre, have leveled Austrian defenses, crossed the ruins and also the Isonzo river, and now are at deadly grips with the enemy along a front of about 37 miles.

The Italian fliers are giving their infantry valuable support, more than 200 of them being engaged in attacking with bombs and machine gun fire Austrian troop formation behind the lines. At last accounts the Italian guns were energetically proceeding with the work of destruction.

The prisoners counted so far number 7500 men and about 100 officers.

ROME, Aug. 20.—Today's official statement reads:

"A battle is proceeding on the Julian Alps front. Yesterday, after a bombardment of 24 hours, during which our artillery shelled the enemy positions with ever-increasing intensity, masses of our infantry commeced the advance toward their objectives. To the north of Anhovo, seven and a half miles north of Gorizia, after having brilliantly overcome technical difficulties and the resistance of the enemy, numerous pontoons were thrown across the Isonzo river and our troops passed over to the left bank of the river.

"From Plava to the sea, after having crossed the first line of the enemy which had been destroyed, our troops brought pressure to bear upon him. Resisting strongly and being supported by considerable artillery and a large number of machine guns the enemy offered desperate resistance.

"Altogether 200 airplanes indefatigably participated in the battle, attacking repeatedly with bombs and machine guns the troops assembled to the rear of the enemy's positions. The infantry action vigorously continues, while the artillery also is proceeding energetically with its work of destruction.

"The enemy's losses are very serious. The booty reported up to the present is very considerable. Some field guns and a large number of machine guns are in our possession. Up to last night more than 7500 prisoners and about 100 officers passed into our hands."

Are Aiming at Triest

LONDON, Aug. 20.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Copenhagen says that, according to reports received from Austria, the battle now raging on the Isonzo front of the Austro-Italian theatre is characterized as the most violent ever fought there. The advices add it is believed by the Austrians and Germans the Italians are making an attempt to break through to Triest.

A clossal number of new guns has been brought into the fight, for which the Italians had been preparing for weeks. Yesterday Italian aviators dropped proclamations over the lines saying that the bombardment would be continued for many hours.

Over 5000 Cannon Used

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 20.—The special correspondent of the Cologne Gazette on the Isonzo front has telegraphed as follows to Berlin:

"The artillery concentration for the 11th Isonzo battle surpasses all earlier preparations. The roar of more than 5000 cannon in uninterrupted activity may be heard deep in the Tyrol. The presence of a great number of British and French guns of the heaviest calibre has been established."

The Lokal Anzeiger correspondent on the Verdun front says the artillery bombardment there had reached its greatest intensity Saturday afternoon and Sunday, indicating that the opening of a great infantry battle was not far off. He adds that the German positions were only a broad belt of shell holes, in which the defenders were sheltered awaiting the expected storm.

FATHER AND SON DROWNED IN RIVER

Parent Rescues Three of His Boys, But Fourth, in Death Struggle, Drags Him Down

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

QUEBEC, Que., Aug. 20.—Napoleon Girard, 40 years old, and his son Leopold, were drowned Saturday afternoon in a flooded river in the Misery range, close to Lorette, in the flooded section of Quebec county. Three of Mr. Girard's boys were saved by their father, but Leopold could not be rescued and dragged his parent to the bottom. The bodies have been recovered. The party was crossing a bridge, which collapsed, throwing all into the stream. Mrs. Girard, ill at home, saw the tragedy from her window and was shocked into unconsciousness. Her condition is critical.

RAILWAY STRIKE THOUGHT AVERTED

Secretary of Men's Organization Announces That Way May Be Found Out of Impasse

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Although the matter is still unsettled the general belief late tonight was that a strike of the railway men has been averted. After a meeting held this evening of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemens executive, Secretary Mr. Bromley said certain events had transpired during the day making possible further negotiations between the society and the board of trade and leading to the belief that a way might be found out of the impasse by the society obtaining certain written assurances. Another member of the executive committee said another intermediary had taken up the dispute and had exercised considerable influence. In view of the new developments, the members of the executive will remain in London till Tuesday instead of proceeding to their homes.

NEW HUNGARIAN PREMIER APPOINTED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 20.—The Wolff bureau, the semi-official German news agency, in a despatch from Budapest announces that Dr. Alexander Wakerle has been appointed premier of Hungary, in succession to Count Moritz Esterhazy.

PROF. JOHN GRANT OF TORONTO IS DEAD

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—Rev. John Grant, professor of moral philosophy and moral religion in St. Augustine's seminary, and a noted figure in Roman Catholic educational circles, died unexpectedly today at Martin's Town from heart trouble.

ROGERS TO QUIT BORDEN CABINET

This is General Feeling at Ottawa

LEADING LIBERALS GATHER AT CAPITAL

Men Mentioned as Likely to be Included in New Borden Cabinet

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The retirement from the cabinet of Hon. Robert Rogers, minister of public works, is taken tonight as a generally accepted fact. No official announcement of Mr. Rogers' resignation or the acceptance has yet been made. Sir Robert Borden was not in the house at any time during today's sitting, but he dropped in for a few minutes in the evening. He was believed to be busy in connection with the efforts that are being made to bring about reorganization of the government on the basis of the inclusion in the ministry of representatives of the Liberal, Labor and agricultural interests. The report of Mr. Rogers' retirement persisted throughout the day at the capital and when the house met at 3 o'clock the fact that there was something unusual in the air became pretty generally known. It was not, however, until some of the Conservative members stated definitely that Mr. Rogers had informed them that his resignation was in the hands of the premier that the report was accepted as true.

Sir Robert Borden when questioned had nothing to say, and Mr. Rogers, who left Ottawa for Montreal on the 4 o'clock train was equally reticent when approached by members of the press. Mr. Rogers entered the house at 3:20 but not to remain. He talked a few minutes with Sir Edward Kemp and then left the chamber to catch his train.

Correspondence Tabled Today.

It is stated tonight that considerable correspondence passed between the premier and Mr. Rogers previous to the decision of the latter to resign his portfolio. This correspondence, it is stated, will be tabled in the house tomorrow. Friends of Mr. Rogers say that in his more recent letters o the premier, the minister of public works expressed the opinion that there has been too much delay in connection with the passage of the Military Service bill.

It is also stated that the premier in his replies to Mr. Rogers said that any delay that had occurred was due entirely to his desire to bring about a union government before the act goes into effect.

Next to the resignation of Mr. Rogers, interest at the capital today centered on the gathering here of a number of prominent Liberals, grain growers and others who have been in conference at the Chateau Laurier and whose deliberations are believed to have some relation to the efforts of the premier to reorganize the administration.

Definite Proposals to Follow.

At a late hour this evening, it was stated that nothing definite had been accomplished, but the opinion was generally expressed that definite proposals for a union administration would come of the gathering. It probably will be a day of so before there is any official announcement as to the result of the negotiations. Those in attendance today included Sir Clifford Sifton, Hon. A. L. Sifton, Hon. J. A. Calder, H. W. Woods, president of the United Farmers of Alberta; T. A. Crerar of Winnipeg, J. N. Godfrey of Toronto, J. G. Turriff, M.P., and Arthur Hawkes of Toronto.

It is stated that Frank Carvell of New Brunswick will be here to take part in further discussions Tuesday.

A report that Sir Clifford Sifton will be a member of the new win-the-war government is not generally believed here. It is understood that it is not his desire to enter the cabinet. Gossip connects the names of the majority of those present at the gathering with portfolios.

Members of the present government who are likely to remain in a union government in addition to Sir Robert Borden are Sir George Foster, Sir Thomas White, Hon. J. G. Hazen, Hon. C. J. Doherty and Hon. J. D. Reid.

Paper Suggests Collusion.

TORONTO, Aug. 21.—"It will take positive evidence to convince the country," says the Toronto Globe (Liberal), in an editorial this morning, "that, the cabinet episode has not been carefully staged by the prime minister and Mr. Rogers in collusion.

"The suspicion may do an injustice to Sir Robert Borden, but he can disprove it by proving that Mr. Rogers will not be an agent of the government, doing its election work, with the promise of a high office in his pocket if he can repeat his success of 1911.

"There are obvious reasons why it would be expedient to disown Mr. Rogers during an election campaign. His

(Continued on Page Two.)

ALL OBJECTIVES TAKEN BY FRENCH

Troops Show Again They Are Not Bled White

ADVANCE TO THE ATTACK SINGING

Foe Massed For Resistance Cut to Pieces by Petain's Men

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

GRAND HEADQUARTERS OF THE FRENCH ARMIES, Aug. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—When prisoners came back in hundreds shortly after dawn Monday morning, the observers knew that the sharp blow decided on by the French higher command in order to give more breathing space at Verdun had been successful. After the artillery had pounded the German positions stretching along a front of 14 miles, from south of Bethincourt to Bezonvaux, until they must have been like pulp, the infantry advanced as the first streak of dawn lighted the sky and occupied all the positions they had set out to conquer, at the same time sweeping into their net many prisoners of several divisions of the German crown prince's army.

The French soldiers showed once more that they were not yet bled white. When the order was given for them to go over the top in the face of hundreds of batteries of heavy and light artillery and thousands of machine guns they advanced singing and nothing could stay their dash. They were handled in such a way by their officers that they got through the most dangerous part of the ground they had to negotiate with almost negligible losses, reaching the German positions before the German barrage fire was put down.

The correspondent passed the night on the battlefield in the vicinity of the thickest artillery fire and can testify to its intensity. During two famous French victories, on Oct. 24 and Dec. 16, 1916, before Verdun, the correspondent was present on both occasions and this time reached the conclusion from the fierceness of the fire that the French employed at least an equal number of guns.

Eve of Battle Fairylike

The night before this battle was fairy-like in beauty. There was no moon, but the stars were brilliant and the natural effects were enhanced by the constant succession of flashes from bursting shells, while all along the French and German positions flashes almost incessantly arose, making the surrounding area brighter than day. The only disturbing sounds were the terrifying screeches and whistling of smaller shells and trainlike roar of larger projectiles as they tore through the air, while the dull thuds of trench torpedoes reverberated along the front.

The French awaiting the order to advance were not in the slightest dismayed by the difficulties of the task. They knew that this was unsuitable terrain for attacking forces, but the fullest confidence reigned among them. Facing them were German divisions which had been massed for resistance to any effort the French might make to extend their circle of territory around Verdun, which the Germans called the door to the heart of France.

The confidence of the French proved justified, for they not only pushed the Germans back as far as they intended but took many prisoners from chosen German regiments.

Huns Use Novelty in Shells

All though the night the German artillery had poured thousands of shells of every calibre into the roads and communication trenches leading to the front. The Germans also introduced a novelty in the shape of 15-inch shells containing enormous shrapnel bullets, which burst overhead, scattering pieces far and wide. But the disposition of the French troops was so cleverly contrived that they suffered little.

Verdun itself received hundreds of shells, which simply added to the destruction in the city. All the ground within eight miles of the front lines was strewn repeatedly with shells containing a horrible new German gas known as "mustard gas," affecting the mucuous membranes and any portion of the body exposed, causing terrible blisters, as its base was sulphuric acid, and bringing a slow and painful death if it entered the lungs.

The aviators were busy as soon as the light permitted, and the correspondent saw two Germans downed by gunfire, while Germans who make a specialty of attacking observation balloons twice attempted to destroy these but were driven off on each occasion.

Information comes from various parts of the line that the French have in several places gone farther than was originally intended and that the prisoners taken number into the thousands.

SWEEP ENEMY BEFORE THEM IN ATTACK BOTH SIDES OF MEUSE

Advance on Front of More Than Eleven Miles, Capturing Territory That Has Been the Scene of Fierce Battles Since Crown Prince Assailed Verdun

AVIATORS PLAY BRILLIANT PART IN ASSISTING INFANTRY TO VICTORY

Swoop Close Down to Ground and Bomb Massed Concentrations Behind Lines--British Consolidate Positions Won and Carry Out Some Effective Raids. Canadians Around Lens Bite Further Into German Lines

(By Associated Press.)

Sharp, decisive blows have gained for the French positions held by the Germans on a front of more than 11 miles, extending from the Avocourt wood eastward across the Meuse river and into the Bois de Caume.

The new territory taken by the French embraces positions that have literally weltered in French and German blood in battles that have waged to and fro since the German crown prince started his most costly enterprise, the taking of Verdun, which resulted in utter failure as a military maneuver and lost the lives of tens of thousands of his men. Notable among the captured positions are the Avocourt wood, two summits of Le Mort Homme, the Corbeaux wood and Champneuville, all of which were held despite vicious counter-attacks by the Germans, which were broken up by the French fire with heavy casualties. French airmen aided materially the infantry in the press forward, swooping over the German forces and emptying their machine guns into the ranks, and in fights in the air with German protecting machines, eleven of which were sent hurtling to the ground.

The number of unwounded prisoners counted so far is 4000.

The situation in Flanders and northern France is virtually calm as compared with last week, but both the British and French continue to make sallies here and there and to strengthen the positions won in the recent fighting.

The Canadians around Lens daily are biting further into the German line and now have the coal centre virtually surrounded, except on the east. Even on this sector the Canadian guns have the range and are making almost impossible movements of the enemy from or into the town.

The allied airmen are still carrying out raids on German positions in Belgium, many tons of bombs again having been dropped by them.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The British official communication issued tonight reads:

"The enemy this morning endeavored to launch another counter attack against our new positions north of Epehy. His troops were observed as they were moving into position for assault and were dispersed by our artillery before the attack could develop.

"Patrol encounters in which we made some progress occurred throughout the day on the northwestern outskirts of Lens. A hostile raiding party entered our lines early this morning east of Armentieres. Two of our men are missing.

"Sunday hostile aircraft worked in large formations well behind their own lines and endeavored unsuccessfully to hinder the work of our bombing, photographic and reconnaissance machines. Our bombing operations were continued. An enemy train was wrecked and much damage was caused to hostile airdromes, dumps and stations. The work, in cooperation with our artillery, was carried out with good effect and many photographs were taken.

"In air fighting two German airplanes were downed, four others were driven down out of control and one other was shot down inside our lines by an antiaircraft gun. Six of our machines are missing."

PARIS, Aug. 20.—An official report states:

"On the French front, north of Verdun, our troops captured on both sides of the Meuse river enemy defenses on a front of 18 kilometres and to a depth which exceeds two kilometres at certain points. On the left bank of the river we hold in particular the Avocourt wood, the two summits of Le Mort Homme, Corbeaux wood and Cumieres. On the right bank we have occupied Talou ridge, Champneuville, Hill 344, Mormont farm and Hill 240, north of Louvemont.

"On the right our troops have advanced considerably in the Bois de Fosse and the Bois de Chaume.

"The number of unwounded prisoners taken is more than 4000.

"The Germans carried out violent counter-attacks in the Avocourt wood and against Le Mort Homme and Hill 344, but our fire everywhere broke down their efforts and inflicted heavy losses. Our aviators took a brilliant part in the battle, turning their machine guns at a low height against enemy concentrations and contributing also to the repulse of counter-attacks.

"Our pilots brought down 11 German airplanes on the battlefront, while two other enemy machines were brought down by our special guns."

Berlin Says Teutons Winning

BERLIN, via London, Aug. 20.—The German official communication issued tonight says the French attacks in the Verdun region were everywhere repulsed, except in the Avocourt wood and at Le Mort Homme, and that the battle is now going in favor of the Teutons. The statement reads:

"The battle before Verdun is going in our favor. On the western bank of the Meuse river the enemy only succeeded in penetrating our defensive zone at the Avocourt wood and on Le Mort Homme. Elsewhere its repeated assaults were all repulsed.

"East of the Meuse river the enemy was either completely repulsed before our fighting positions or driven back in counter attacks. The reckless bringing up of masses of infantry on a front of more than 20 kilometres against our strong fighting forces cost the French exceedingly heavy losses."

RUMANIANS DRIVEN BACK BY TEUTONS

Berlin Claims That 2500 Prisoners Have Been Taken in Latest Battles Fought

(By Associated Press.)

In Rumania the Austro-Germans have forced back the Rumanians on both sides of the Oituz and Trotus valleys, according to the Berlin communication. In the former sector more than 1500 Rumanians and 30 machine guns fell into the hands of the invaders, while in fighting on the Sereth river, 2000 additional prisoners were taken.

BUSINESS PORTION OF TOWN WIPED OUT

Estuary, Sask., Devastated by Fire—Wind Fans Flames Beyond Control

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ESTUARY, Sask., Aug. 20.—Practically all the business portion of the town of Estuary was destroyed by fire tonight. The fire originated in Jacob Shimpf's livery barn and spread rapidly, a strong wind from the east fanning the flames beyond control. The local fire fighting apparatus was helpless in fighting the flames, and the Canadian Pacific railway ran a special train with water tanks attached to provide water for the engines. The fire jumped across the main street and raged on both sides, destroying business houses and private dwellings. Up to a late hour tonight the fire was confined to the Imperial Lumber company's yard.

Estuary is one of Saskatchewan's boom towns.

The loss is placed at between $300,000 and $400,000. No estimate of the insurance has yet been made.

DEPRECATES QUEBEC SEPARATION MOVE

Archbishop Bruchesi Denies That Papers Backing Agitation Represent His Church.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—In view of the fact that certain French papers such as La Croix and L'Ideal Catholique have been publishing articles advocating the separation of Quebec from the rest of the confederation, and that these publications have generally been considered semiofficial organs of the church, Archbishop Bruchesi was asked to state his views on the question. His grace replied that he thought such articles were thoughtless and unreasonable.

"Such papers," he said, "are not in any sense official organs. While they are Catholic papers, their views are mostly the views of the proprietors. I have not and have never had any newspaper organ, except La Semaine Religieuse, which deals with religious questions; it has nothing whatever to do with politics. The anticonfederation views expressed cannot in any sense be taken as my views."

Asked what he thought of the movement itself, he replied:

"I think it is thoughtless and unreasonable. I have always urged union in Canada, and I urge it still. But it may be remembered that the movement against confederation is no new thing. For instance, when the No Temere decree was issued seven years ago—a decree which concerns Catholics only—there were those in Ontario who urged the separation of Ontario from confederation unless the federal government denounced the decree. Those who have sent broadcast the statement that the anticonfederation periodicals are official or against the church, are either deceiving themselves or they wish to deceive others. In any event, the statements are not true."

AMERICAN AIRMEN BURNED TO DEATH

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Charles A. Wall, Jr., and Richard A. Mead were burned to death here late this afternoon when an airplane in which they were experimenting with smoke bombs caught fire in the air. Wall was a civil engineer in training for aviation service. Mead was an aviation instructor, who came to Buffalo recently from the training camp at Mineola, L. I.

CARDIN IS NOMINATED BY SOREL LIBERALS

SOREL, Que., Aug. 20.—P. J. A. Cardin, M. P. for Richelieu, was nominated as Liberal candidate for the next federal election at a convention held here on Saturday.

TWO SOLDIERS FROM PROVINCE KILLED

Eleven Reported Wounded—Number Includes J. C. Butterfield of Wyndel, Creston.

In the list of casualties issued from Ottawa last night two British Columbia soldiers are reported killed in action and 11 wounded. The men are:

KILLED IN ACTION.

T. H. Robson, Smithers.
J. Freymuth, Vernon.

WOUNDED.

A. N. Macpherson, Trout Lake.
J. S. Peck, Paxton Valley.
G. Maclin, 1221 Rockland avenue, Victoria.
J. Green, 2052 Triumph street, Vancouver.
V. Edge, Port Haney.
E. P. Howell, Amon Grove, Penticton.
J. C. Butterfield, Wyndel, Creston.
G. Harbidge, Telekwa.
Sapper J. Charlesworth, Conservative club, Vancouver.
A. H. Ablin, 2371 Eaton street, Vancouver.
W. S. Allan, 1065 Pacific avenue, Vancouver.

INFANTRY

Killed in Action—Lieut. G. R. Wooter, Bermuda; R. E. Hutt, Winnipeg; T. H. Spaul, Toronto.

Died of Wounds—T. G. Hall, Mountview, Ont.; Lieut. A. S. McLean, Seaforth, Ont.; Lieut. D. R. Murdoch, St. Johns, N. B.; Sergt. G. G. Leverington, Torry Hill, Ont.; E. Fagan, Newfoundland; J. Batten, Montreal; A. Nellis, Port Dalhousie, Ont.

Died—W. Hammer, Unity, Sask.

Wounded—J. P. Stafford, Winnipeg; J. A. Swackhammer, Beamsville, Ont.; H. Kelly, Crooked River, Sask.; W. Popplestone, Pilot Mound, Man.; W. Anderson, Winnipeg; T. H. Benson, Chicago; E. Colborg, Norway; C. H. Whiting, England; W. A. Bolton, Nottingham, Ont.; Lieut. F. B. Walsh, Oxbow, Sask.; Lieut. E. R. Osler, Yorkton, Sask.; Lieut. S. Vickers, England; Lieut. W. S. Huxham, England; Lieut. A. S. Page, Winnipeg; Lieut. A. F. Christie, Winnipeg; Major J. H. Bull, Brampton, Ont.; J. D. Contes, Englehart, Ont.; J. Kennedy, Burlington, Vt.; L. Prusse, Que

(Continued on Page Five.)

DOHERTY URGES VOTES FOR ALL SOLDIERS

Suggests Representative Committee to Eliminate Controversial Clauses in Bill

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The house spent today in considering Hon. C. J. Doherty's bill, which provides for the taking of the soldiers' vote at the approaching general elections, and which is officially designated the "Military Voters' Act, 1917."

Practically the whole of the discussion related to the proposal in clause three of the bill that soldiers who were nonresidents of Canada but British subjects previous to the war may vote in any electoral district chosen by them.

Hon. William Pugsley and other opposition members said that this provision might possibly be subjected to grave abuse.

Hon. Frank Oliver said it might permit the amassing of a large number of votes against any particular candidate. The opposition members maintained that it would be better to confine the privilege of voting to men who were residents of the Dominion before the outbreak of the war. They claim that British subjects who had never resided in Canada, including the West Indians, would not thank the government for giving them the vote.

On the government side of the house Hon. C. J. Doherty, Colonel Taylor of New Westminster and other members declared that everyone who has taken up arms for Canada should be allowed the privilege of voting. Mr. Doherty said he was willing to admit that the bill was not perfect, but he did not propose to close the door to any class of soldier.

Before the close of the sitting the minister of justice offered the suggestion that in order to make progress with the bill any informal committee composed of representative men from both sides of the house might get together and eliminate all noncontroversial clauses.

A. K. Maclean asked if a franchise act was to be introduced this session, and the minister replied that he was

(Continued on Page Two.)

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Where the Traveling Public May Obtain Superior Accommodation.

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Special Summer Sunday Dinner, $1.

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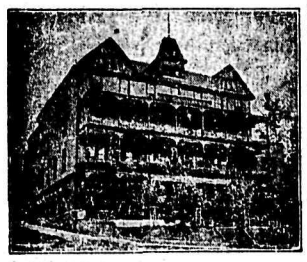

The Strathcona
F. B. WHITING, Prop.
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER

STRATHCONA—Mrs. B. L. Friend, Seattle; M. A. Dawson, Slocan; E. R. Weyet, Moose Jaw; H. Fairbank, Queens Bay; M. C. Halstead, Moose Jaw; P. E. Carroll, Marcus; E. Ranger, Vancouver; H. V. Reid, Silverton; Miss E. Evers, Vancouver; A. Doraghy, Nelson; G. G. Fair, Erie; N. Minnard, Vancouver; F. Claton, Armstrong; S. J. Davis, Montreal; R. F. Scholes, Buffalo; R. Carlton, Vancouver; J. F. Laney, B. Brennon, Vancouver; M. Genav, Vancouver; Miss S. Watson, East Madison Hill, Conn.; Miss Victoria Hayward, St. Davids, Bermuda; F. W. Gordon, Vancouver.

Queen's Hotel
European and American Plan.
Steam Heat in Every Room.
A. LAPOINTE, Prop.

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AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS
J. A. ERICKSON, Prop.

GRAND CENTRAL—J. Billy, Ainsworth; Frank Phillips, Rock ranch; J. Donegan, Macleod; J. A. Brennan, G. Reaman, Kimberley; Geneva Bamford, Walter Bamford, Erie; Thomas Wilkinson, Sandon; Bert Winn, Hall; L. Cotter, Revelstoke; T. Halson, Lethbridge; M. Hante, Grand Forks; J. Papelper, Greenwood; O. Ling, Eholt.

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New Grand Hotel
STEAM HEATED
Hot and Cold Water in Every Room
American and European Plans

NEW GRAND—James Bowell, Starcross; A. Olson, Riondel; W. E. Davis, Vancouver.

Thomas Fagan was fined £3 in the Dublin police court for selling milk said to have been deprived of 40 per cent of its fats.

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And Stock up With Health
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Natural hot water baths. Good dining room. Best of liquors and cigars.
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LELAND HOTEL
T. H. BOHART, Prop.
Is the place to stay when in
NAKUSP, B. C.

Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

PARIS, Aug. 20.—A new and terrific battle was reaching the climax today around the bloody ground near Verdun. Today's official statement declared the fighting had "developed to our advantage." The conflict was over a front of 12 miles, extending to Avocourt wood to Bezonvaux.

Italians Take 7500 Prisoners

ROME, Aug. 20.—The Italians in their offensive on the Isonzo front began Sunday, have crossed the Isonzo river and already have taken 7500 prisoners, it was officially announced by the war department today.

Half of Saloniki Burned Down

LONDON, Aug. 20.—More than half the walled city of Saloniki, ini Greek Macedonia, which is under occupation by the entente allied troops, was destroyed by fire Sunday. Eighty thousand people who were rendered homeless were being removed to neighboring villages and towns last night, according to a despatch received in London today.

French Win Smashing Victory

PARIS, Aug. 20—A smashing French victory on the Verdun front is recorded by the official report this evening issued by the war office. The French have captured the enemy defenses on both sides of the Meuse river over a front of more than 11 miles, penetrating the German line at different points to a depth of a mile and a quarter. More than 4000 unwounded German prisoners have been taken.

ROGERS TO QUIT BORDEN CABINET

(Continued from Page One.)

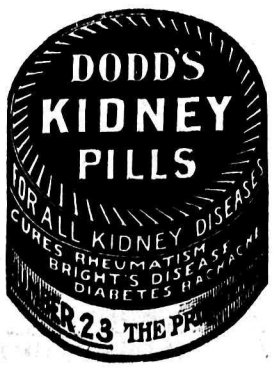
name is not an asset. Sir Robert Borden must show that the separation is not a temporary make-believe, and that the reported disagreement is not a sham fight arranged so as to give the leader of the government the credit of having plucked up a degree of courage. The events of the next few days may demonstrate whether the premier deserves credit or not. If Sir Robert is responsible for the emission of his colleague he has removed an obstacle to the formation of a truly national government.

"In any event high-minded Canadians are glad that Mr. Rogers is out of the ministry."

is Nearer Accomplishment

WINNIPEG, Aug. 20.—A Free Press special tonight from Ottawa says:

"Union government is nearer an accomplished fact tonight than it has ever been during the long, and at times seemingly hopeless, negotiations which have been going on for the last three months. Probably the most important step towards its accomplishment was taken this morning when in the cabinet council the resignation of Hon. Robert Rogers, minister of public works, was accepted. The announcement came coincident with the arrival in Ottawa of a number of western and Ontario men summoned to the capital to discuss the question of national government and the best means to bring it about. The resignation of Mr. Rogers is said to have been quite voluntary. In his letter to the premier received by the latter on Saturday last, he gave as his reason for retirement the procrastination of the government in connection with the military service act."



URGES VOTES FOR ALL SOLDIERS

(Continued from Page One.)

not in a position to make a statement at the present time.

When the question hour was reached Mr. Lanctot asked if Sir Thomas White had been directly or indirectly owner or interested in shares of the National Trust company since January 1, 1914. Sir Thomas White said that he held 10 shares, in order to qualify him as a director when he was manager of the company. Since Jan. 1, 1914, he had not been a holder of shares.

46,790 Farmers With Colors.

Sir Edward Kemp told W. A. Buchanan that, according to the records, 46,790 farmers had enlisted up to June 30, 1917. Of this number 24,592 came from the western provinces.

Mr. Lanctot was told that the government had no information as to whether Sir Joseph Flavelle was owner of shares in the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Sir Edward Kemp held 120 shares. There was no information as to whether Sir William Mackenzie was a shareholder, nor was there information as to whether the Canadian Bank of Commerce was a subscriber to the bond issue for $45,000,000 under the guarantee of the Canadian government given in 1914. It was added that the bank was not employed as selling agent or custodian of the bonds.

Sir Thomas White said that the Canadian Bank of Commerce was one of the pledges in connection with the common shares of the Canadian Northern not actually in possession of the Canadian government.

Mr. McKay was informed by the minister of finance, that for the portion of the fiscal year ended March 31 last, during which the war profit tax was in operation, the cost of collection was $58,174. The estimated annual cost was $150,000. It was estimated that it would cost $600,000 a year to collect the new income tax.

Divorce Rules to Be Revised

Hon. Rudolphe Lemieux was informed by the minister of justice that on invitation of the senate and on motion of the prime minister, a special committee of the senate and of the house of commons had been named to revise the rules of divorce.

Sir Sam Hughes again asked if anything further had been heard about Dr. Bruce's reply to the Baptie report.

Sir George Foster said that he would draw the question to the attention of the premier, who was not in the house.

Sir Edward Kemp, replying to a question of E. M. Macdonald said that so long as a soldier was a member of the Canadian expeditionary forces, he would get his pension as a member of that force. When he was definitely transferred to the imperial force, he would not continue to be entitled to a pension under the Canadian expeditionary force rates.

Hon. J. C. Doherty, minister of justice, moved second reading of the Military Voters' act, 1917. In doing so he stated that he had given a statement as to the details of the bill on the first reading and that it would not be necessary to again explain it to the house.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley, in referring to the proposal to give the right to vote to all people who had served the forces, including women, urged upon the government the desirability of extending the franchise to women generally, irrespective of whether or not they had served as nurses.

The minister said that the general question of votes to women had not been considered in connection with the framing of the legislation. The bill had been framed from the viewpoint of extending the franchise to all who had served their country in a military capacity irrespective of their race, creed or sex.

Singles Out Three Clauses

Mr. Pugsley drew attention to clause three of the bill which states that:

"1. Every military elector shall be qualified and entitled to vote at a general election.

"2. If he can state the electoral district wherein he last continuously resided at least .... months of the year immediately preceding his appointment, enrollment, enlistment, or calling out on active service, or if he can so particularly specify a place or places, within an electoral district, whereat, during such period of time he so resided, that such electoral district can therefrom be ascertained, he shall be deemed an elector of the electoral district so stated or to be ascertained and his vote shall be applied thereto.

"3. If he cannot, because of non-residence or otherwise, so state or specify, he shall be deemed an elector of, and his vote shall be applied to, such electoral district as he may indicate."

Mr. Pugsley argued that the right to vote under the last named provision should at least be limited to those who were residents of Canada at the time they enlisted. Should not this be done very many great injustices might arise out of this provision of the bill.

W. E. Knowles, Moose Jaw, thought it would have been preferable had the government introduced this legislation to the military voters' bill already on the statute books.

LOCATION OF WOUNDED CANADIANS IS GIVEN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The following Canadian officers are at the stationary hospital at Abbeville:

Lieut. G. F. Clingan, shot in face and leg; Lieut. A. J. Tremblay, multiple wounds; Major G. J. Wayne, gassed; Lieut. D. Matheson, scalp; Lieut. W. H. Scott, left arm; and Lieut. A. McDougall, wounded in chest.

Discharged to duty: Lieut. R. H. Bradfield and Lieut. R. R. Brunton.

Reported seriously ill: Lieut. J. D. McLean and Lieut. J. Deaudette.

ONTARIO CROPS ARE 50 PER CENT BETTER THAN AVERAGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—Ontario's field crops this summer will reach a value of more than $300,000,000, or 50 per cent better than the average crop of $200,000,000, according to the estimates of the Ontario department of agriculture.

Hay represents half of the crop and oats about one-quarter. Wheat will be somewhat below the average, but prices are more than double the average.

BRITISH ARMY BEST EQUIPPED IN EUROPE

This is Claim of Winston Churchill, Who Is Reorganizing Munitions Department.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Col. Winston Churchill, minister of munitions, has begun the reorganization of the British munitions department. In a statement tonight he says the department is now employing two million persons and the headquarters staff 13,500 and that it is controlling an expenditure of between £600,000,000 and £700,000,000 a year. Col. Churchill says that the work the department has done has made the British armies "the best equipped and most formidably armed in Europe."

"But," the minister adds, "after these great efforts and in the fourth year of the war we are no longer tapping stored up resources of the national energy. We are applying them for the first time to the war. The magnitude of the effort of the achievement approximates continually the limits of possibility. Already in many directions the frontiers are in sight and it is necessary, therefore, not simply to expand but to go back over the ground already covered and by their unity and harmonious methods glean a further reinforcement of war power."

PRESS STATEMENT ON MEAT PRICES DENIED

Canadian Food Controller Shows Unfairness of St. Paul and Winnipeg Comparison

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—Hon. W. J. Hanna, Canadian food controller, in a statement given out tonight, challenges assertions which have been made in the press to the effect that meat prices are higher in Winnipeg than St. Paul. The statement follows:

"With a view to investigating conditions and taking any action that might be possible to improve these comparisons on the Canadian side, Mr. Hanna wired to the boards of trade in Winnipeg and St. Paul to submit figures of meat prices so as to confirm or contradict figures printed in the press. The figures, as submitted in reply to this request by the boards of trade, show a remarkable similarity between the prices in Winnipeg and St. Paul, instead of the sensational difference so widely published by newspapers. The following table shows the results of the food controller's investigation, being the prices submitted by the boards of trade in Winnipeg and St. Paul:

	Winnipeg.	St. Paul.
Sirloin steak	30	28-30
Choice porterhouse .	38	30-35
Choice pot roast	17	20
Legs spring lamb ...	28-33	30
Rib roast beef	27	24

"In order to appreciate how utterly unfair are the figures as quoted in certain newspapers, it is but necessary to compare the price figures of St. Paul with the above figures furnished by its board of trade. These figures, tabulated, are as follows:

	Press Statemt.	B. of T. Statemt.
Fancy sirloin	15	28-30
Choice porterhouse .	18	30-35
Choice pot roast ...	10	20
Legs spring lamb ...	15	30
Rib roast beef	12½	24

"It will be noted that the prices published in the newspaper article are in almost every instance only about one-half of the price in fact pertaining in St. Paul at the time these figures were published."

Discussing prices of food commodities in Great Britain the food controller also says:

"It must be borne in mind when prices of foodstuffs, such as bread, are under discussion and references are made to the fixing of prices which has resulted in lower cost of living to the British public, that in Great Britain the government is paying the difference. That is to say, world prices for food commodities are set by the world supply and world demand as modified by war conditions. Wheat enters Great Britain under those conditions. The government pays for it at world market prices, but sets the price to the miller, paying out of public funds the difference between the market price such as would pertain were there no artificial interference with the law of supply and demand and the price as fixed, so that the government bears the burden and the consumer temporarily gets the benefit of cheaper bread."

EVIDENCE SHOWS HAMILTON DOCTOR WAS MURDERED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

HAMILTON, Ont., Aug. 20.—While mystery still surrounds the motive for the death of Dr. Douglas G. MacRobbie, on Sunday night or Monday morning, and also the identity of the person or persons who dealt the fatal blow, the post mortem which was held at the city hospital on Sunday revealed that the blow at the back of the head was an extensive fracture and could hardly have been sustained as the result of a fall. The examination showed that the head of the dead man had been terribly fractured, but that the bruises over the right which at first was thought to have been caused by a blow also, probably was the result of a hemorrhage caused by the blow that crushed in the back of the skull.

WOMEN APPEAL FOR NATIONAL CABINET

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Aug. 20.—At a mass meeting of Winnipeg women tonight a resolution was adopted demanding the enforcement of the military service law, the immediate conscription of women for war work and the formation of a national government.

Another resolution was also adopted declaring that the meeting form the nucleus of a women's nonpartizan political union.

ILLNESS COMPELS PRINCE ALBERT TO LEAVE SHIP

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Prince Albert, second son of the King, has been obliged to leave his ship owing to gastric trouble, according to announcement in the court circular tonight. A consultation of physicians has been held, as a result of which it was decided that the prince must submit to a course of treatment. This will prevent him from undertaking any duty afloat for several months.

Prince Albert has suffered from gastric disorders for several years. He was operated on for appendicitis in 1914, and on several occasions has been obliged to go on sick leave.

FEAR TIDAL WAVE TOOK HEAVY TOLL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

JUNEAU, Alaska, Aug. 20.—News reached here today with the arrival of the body of one victim of a tidal wave in Taku inlet last Thursday, which may have claimed the lives of several others besides doing considerable damage to the fishing fleets. The wave was said to be due to the breaking up of a huge "dead" glacier and a cave-in of a "live" glacier. No such ice disturbances are known to have occurred here, and it is feared that many fishing boats and their crews were lost.

BUSINESS PROFIT TAX LEVIED IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Both Houses Pass Act Preventing Upper Chamber from Obstructing Financial Bills.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Aug. 20.—Both houses of the legislature in extraordinary session today passed a bill levying a tax on business profits. Later both houses passed another act designed to prevent the upper house from interfering with the passage of financial bills. As these two measures were the only ones to come before the session the legislature will adjourn Tuesday afternoon.

The extraordinary session was made necessary by the upper house at the last session defeating the bill passed by the lower chamber for the purpose of taxing business profits. Today nine members who had previously vote against the bill absented themselves and four vacancies were filled by the government by special appointment.

CANADIANS AT DAUGHTERS OF EMPIRE HOSPITAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.—During the weekend six Canadian officers reached the Daughters of the Empire hospital, Hyde park. Among them were: Lieut. A. R. Pattinson, hit in chest; Major E. S. Doughty, right knee; Lieut. H. G. Rose, left leg; and Lieut. S. M. McNaill, left knee.

OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT FOR CROP IN SASKATCHEWAN

Wheat Cutting in Full Swing in Parts of Province—Farm Labor Urgently Needed

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask., Aug. 20.—An urgent demand for farm labor and optimism in regard to the crop are the outstanding features of the official crop report issued from the department of agriculture today.

Wheat cutting is taking place in parts of the province, although it will not be general until the end of this week in the southeast district.

Regina and Weyburn districts report the presence of the Hessian fly, and the same districts report a distinct improvement in the oats crop. The Moose Jaw district reports a 15-bushel crop, with the saw fly doing considerable damage.

On the whole the outlook is extremely bright.

USELES IN PEACE BUT PROVES HERO IN WAR

PARIS, France—He was 26 and a major, but he was three years old in the big war, and that is the only age which counts today in the British army. The little major was the only man I met who professed a genuine enthusiasm for war. It had found him a black sheep in a remote region of a big British colony and had tossed him into command of himself and of others.

Utterly useless in the pursuits of peace, war had proved a compelling schoolmaster to induce the study of many complicated mechanical problems, of subtler ones of psychology, not to mention two languages. It is true that his German was limited to "Throw up your hands" and "Come out out or we'll bomb you," but he could carry on a friendly and fairly extensive conversation in French. The tuition fee was two wounds.

He was a fine fair sample of the slashing, swanking British army which backs its boats with battalions and makes its light words good with heavy guns. We rode together in a train for several hours, and when I told him that I was a newspaper man he was eager to tell me something of what he had seen in the war. Later, I became more convinced that British reticence, if indeed there is such a thing, stops short of the army. I have found no British soldier and no British officer in France or Flanders who is not willing and axious to tell what the British army has done, is doing and will do.

"If thy'd cut out gas and trenches and machine guns and general staffs," said the little major, "we'd win in two months." Without these common concessions he did not expect to see the end for at least a year.

Glad to Get Back to War.

However, he was concerned for the most part with more concrete things than predictions, and I had best let him wander on as he did that afternoon with no interruption save an occasional question. He was returning to the front after being wounded. There had been boating and swimming and "a deuced pretty girl" down there at the resort where he had been recuperating and yet he was glad to be back.

"You see," the little major explained, "I've been in all the shows since the beginning, and I'd feel pretty rotten if they were to pull anything off without me. The C. O. wants me back. I have a letter here from him. He tells me to take all the time I need but to get back as soon as I can.

"The C. O. and I have been together since the beginning. It isn't that the new fellow isn't all right. Quite likely he is a better officer than I am, but the C. O. wants the old fellows that he's seen in other shows and knows all about. That's why I want to get back. I want to see what the new fellow's doing with my men."

He limped a little still and I pressed him to tell me about his wound. It seems he got it in the April "show."

"There was a bit of luck about that," he said. I happened to take my Webley with me when we went over, as well as my cane. They've got a silly rule now that officers mustn't carry canes in an attack and that they must wear Tommies tunics, so the Fritzies can't spot them. They say we lose too many officers because they expose themselves. Nobody pays much attention to that rule. You won't find officers in Tommies' tunics and you will find them out in front with their canes.

"But there's sense to it. I've always said that I wouldn't ask my men to go any place that I wasn't willing to go too, and to go first. 'Come on,' that's what we say in the British army. The Germans drive their men from behind. Some of their officers are very brave, you know, but that's the system. I remember in one show we were stuck at the third line of barbed wire. The guns hadn't touched it, but it was not their fault. There was a German officer there and he stood up on the parapet and directed the machine gun fire. He'd point everywhere we were a little thick and then they'd let us have it. We got him, though. I got a machine gunner on him. He was a mighty brave officer.

I reminded the little major that I wanted to hear about his wound.

German Soldier's Ambush

"We were coming through a German trench that had been pretty well cleaned out, but close up against the back there was a soldier hiding. When I came by he let me have it with his bayonet. He only got me in a fleshy part of my leg, and I turned and let him have it with my Webley. Blew the top of his head right off. Silly ass, wasn't he? Must have known he'd be killed."

I asked him if his wound hurt and he said no, and that he was able to walk back, and felt quite chipper until the last mile.

"The first thing a wounded man wants to do," he explained, "is to get away. If he's been hit he gets a sudden crazy fear that he's going to get it again. Most wounds don't hurt much, and as soon as a man's out of fire, and puts a cigarette in his mouth he cheers up. He's at his best if it's a Blighty hit."

Here I was forced to interrupt for information.

"A Blighty hit! Don't you know what that is? It's from the song they sing now, 'Carry Me Back to Blighty.' Blighty's England. I think it's a Hindustani word that means home, but I won't be sure about that. Anyhow, a Blighty hit's not bad enough to keep you in France, but bad enough to keep you in England. Those are the slow injuries that aren't so very dangerous.

"Next to getting to Blighty a fellow wants a cigarette. I never saw a man hit so bad he couldn't smoke. I saw a British plane coming down one day and the tail of it was red. The Germans fix up their machines like that, but I knew this wasn't paint on a British plane. He made a tiptop landing, and when he got out we saw that part of his shoulder was shot away, and that he had a hole in the top of his head. 'That was a close call,' he said, and he took out a cigarette and lighted it and took two puffs. Then he keeled over."

The little major and I got out to stretch our legs at a station platform and I noticed that salutes were punctiliously given and returned. "I suppose," I said, quoting a bit of misinformation somebody had supplied, "that out at the front all this saluting is cut out."

Saluting Rule Still Strict.

"No, sir," said the little major, sternly. "Somebody told that to the last batch of recruits that was sent over, but we taught 'em better soon. They don't get the lay of it quite. It isn't me they salute; it's the King's uniform. Of course, I don't expect a man to salute if I pass him in a trench; but if he's smoking a cigarette I expect him to throw it away and I expect him to straighten up."

FACE TO FACE

The German people have been suddenly brought by the kaiser to the point where they must stand or back down. For the first time, autocracy, resolute and defiant, faces its murmuring people and does not dodge the issue. To their complaints and their vague demands the kaiser answered with dismissing a chancellor who favored going on with the old policy of fine words, and perhaps also favored slight concessions. The kaiser himself became the chancellor; for that is all that the appointment of a masked obscurity like Michaels can mean. He is no more an autocrat than he was before, but he wielded his power with a glove hand, and now he has taken off the glove.

The people had not expected such a sudden confrontation with the question, "What are you going to do about it?" They wanted some share in the government and they wanted some steps that would towards the restoration of peace. But the kaiser chooses to answer by raising the question of his own autocracy and forcing them to face it. First he calls the crown prince into council to outline the course that he intends to take and receive the assurance that the men who will reign after him is with him; perhaps that consultation even encouraged him to go further than he intended. He calls in the men, who under him, really rule the empire, Hindenburg and Ludendorf. Then he goes through the empty form of consulting the reichstag leaders, but as it now turns out, not to ask their advice or lay his plans before them, only to ask their opinion of the doomed Bethmann. After this mockery, he dismisses that halfway statesman and all halfway measures with him, names to his place an obscure man of unknown views, and, taking his place on the bridge, cutlas in hand, confronts the mutineers.

In doing this the kaiser displays a more varied courage than even this statement of the case suggests, for he places himself flatly across the path, not only of his murmuring people, but of Austria and probably Bavaria. He challenges the power of that Catholic entente which has been forming between Austria and south Germany, and whose present objects are certainly not his. Those powers may not have anything in common with the Germans who desire more democracy in government, but have much in common with the mwhen they ask for steps that will lead to peace. Bethmann seems to have voicing the wishes of Austria at least, when he displayed a leaning toward peace, and if he did the kaiser has asked his brother kaiser, just as he did his own people, "What are you going to do about it?"

The German people can do one of two things about it. They can back down. The kaiser has presented the issue to them suddenly and nakedly, for it is an alarming situation. For 45 years they have trained and schooled themselves to submit to authority. They have deeded their reason and their will to their ruler in return for protection and physical well being. They are not prepared suddenly to resume their reason and their will and embark o nan unknown sea, and they may back down.

Or they may stand and face him. If they do it seems unlikely that he will back down, and in that case the long-hoped for contest between the autocrat and his people will be on.—New York Times.

The municipal council of Rome has decided to change the name of the "Street of the Quirinal" to the "Street of the Twenty-Fourth of May," in the commemoration of the Italian declaration of war.

Clearing-Up Sale

Odds and Ends

HOUSE DRESSES—
Regular Values, $1.50 and $1.75. Clearing at $1.10
CHILDREN'S DRESSES—
Regular Values up to $1.50. Clearing at 85c
ROMPERS—EXTRA VALUE—
Regular Value, 75c. On Sale at 49c
WHITE SKIRTS—ABOUT A DOZEN FINE PIQUE—
Regular $3.50. Clearing at $2.50

HOSIERY

LADIES' HIGH GRADE COTTON HOSE—
Regular 35c. Clearing at 25c
CHILDREN'S HOSE—
Sizes 4½ to 6½. Clearing at Two Pairs for 35c
MIDDIES—BROKEN SIZES—
Regular $1.25 and $1.50. Clearing at 95c
SILK GLOVES, WHITE AND BLACK—
Regular $1.00. Clearing at 79c

OTHER ATTRACTIVE VALUES

Smillie & Weir
LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

Rentals
See my window for particulars. List your house today.
C. W. APPLEYARD
505 Baker St. Phone 444

Too Late to Classify

A special meeting of the Daughters of the Empire will be held this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the workrooms, Josephine street. (6725)

ZAM-BUK
Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison
Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc.
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.
Heals all sores.
50c. box. All Druggists and Stores.

Mining and Markets

TWENTY-SEVEN MINES SHIP 7541 TONS TO CONSOLIDATED SMELTER

TOTAL FOR YEAR TO DATE EXCEEDS 215,000 TONS—ELKHORN AT GREENWOOD AND SILVER HOARD AT AINSWORTH APPEAR ON LIST FOR FIRST TIME THIS YEAR—LATTER SENDS OUT CONCENTRATES FROM NEW MILL.

Twenty-seven mines shipped 7541 tons of ore to Trail smelter during the past week and brought the total for the year to date to 215,952 tons.

Two mines shipped for the first time this year. They were the Silver Hoard at Ainsworth and the Elkhorn near Greenwood. The Silver Hoard, which is being operated by the W. S. Hawley company, shipped 16 tons of concentrates, the first consignment to be sent out since the new mill began operations several weeks ago. Shipments are expected to be made regularly from this time onward. The Elkhorn shipped 14 tons.

Shipments in detail for the week and year:

	Week	Year
Rossland		
Centre Star	759	18,914
I. X. L.	...	8
Le Roi	1,189	27,956
Le Roi No. 2	...	2,739
White Bear	...	202
Total	1,948	49,819
East Kootenay		
Burton	...	85
Couverapee	40	54
Isaac	...	88
Lanark	34	144
Lead Queen	...	125
Monarch	23	52
Paradise	34	1,395
Quantrell	...	91
Silver Belt	...	47
Sullivan	2,791	84,918
St. Eugene	36	1,011
St. Eugene lessees	35	117
Total	2,993	88,097
Slocan and Ainsworth		
Banker-Maestro	...	27
Bell	...	539
Black Grouse	...	11
Bluebell	180	2,216
Caledonia	...	5
Comfort	...	51
Cork-Province	...	47
Daniel	...	38
Empire	...	6
Florence	...	326
Freddie Lee	...	33
Galena Farm	...	985
Gem	...	4
Hartney	...	12
Hewitt	...	88
Highland	...	978
Idaho-Alamo	...	47
Ivanhoe	...	34
Lucky Jim	...	1,326
Lucky Thought	...	464
Molly Gibson	...	42
Mountain Chief	...	137
No. 1 (Slocan)	...	50
Noonday	...	31
Ottawa	...	153
Quantrell	...	91
Queen Bess	...	1,045
Rambler-Cariboo	...	450
Reco	...	26
Retallack	33	311
Ruth	...	66
Silver Hoard	16	16
Silver Hill	...	9
Slocan Star	77	910
Sovereign	34	141
Spokane Trinket	...	58
Standard	88	6,307
Surprise	...	1,001
Utica	...	396
Van Roi	...	384
Wonderful	...	157
Total	428	17,831
Boundary		
Bell	...	135
Emma	736	19,972
Elkhorn	14	14
Kokomo	...	18
Sally	...	42
Total	750	20,181
Nelson		
California	...	27
Clubine	...	6
Emerald	31	2,933
Eureka	...	1,240
Granite-Poorman	...	62
Pioneer	...	34
Molly Gibson	...	42
Rio Tinto	...	57
Southern Belle	...	3
Total	31	4,362
Lardeau		
Beatrice	...	90
Copper Chief	...	5
Ethel	...	9
Fidelity	...	5
Lamphere	...	19
Nettie L.	...	25
True Fissure	...	51
Total	...	204
Other B. C. Mines		
Fredericks	...	20
Blue Grouse	...	37
Donohoe	...	124
Empress	...	38
Foghorn	...	31
Iron Mask	38	1,603
Multiplex	...	6
Queen Bess	...	54
Silver Standard	...	366
Wind Pass	...	31
Total	38	2,634
United States Mines		
Admiral	...	53
Day	...	1,081
Electric Point	567	8,745
Golden Seal	...	9
Hercules	...	2,112
High Grade (Springdale)	...	456
High Grade (Chewelah)	...	1
Hope	...	465
Knob Hill	145	4,642
Kuhnert	...	12
Lancaster and J.	...	17
Lead Trust	...	24
Loon Lake	...	972
Metaline	72	273
Quilp	68	577
San Poil	165	886
Snowstorm	...	395
Spokane Fair	...	19
Stack	...	28
Tom Thumb	...	1,749
United Copper	...	3,697
Wakefield	...	41
Total	1,017	26,693
Ontario Mines		
Tip Top	57	1,466
Alberta Mines		
Eldon	...	40
Manitoba Mines		
Mandy	237	1,971
Northern	...	29
China		
Robert Dollar	...	65
Yukon Mines		
Venus, Carcross	42	228

STOCKS

See our Bulletin Board each day for the market quotations on a number of Stocks traded in on the New York Curb, New York and Spokane Exchanges.

We get this service under arrangement with the Great Northern Telegraph Company for which we pay a regular charge monthly.

We do not copy these quotations from any other brokers' wire.

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TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD, BLUESTONE AND SPELTER

By the Oxy-Acetylene Process of Welding

We have in the last five weeks enabled 116 men to continue work on different lumber mills, and so saved closing down at a cost to the proprietors of $450.00 per day. Some few are still trying to mend broken castings with hay wire.

JOBS RETURNED WITHIN 36 HOURS STRONGER THAN NEW

NELSON WELDING SHOP
NEXT IMPERIAL BANK, NELSON, B.C.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—Hogs: Receipts, 18,000; top, $19.65, a new high price record. Bulk, 18.60 to 19.40; light, 17.85 to 19.55; mixed, 17.90 to 19.65; heavy, 17.70 to 19.50; rough, 17.70 to 17.95; pigs, 12.75 to 17.

Cattle: Receipts, 30,000; steady. Native beef, 7.90 to 15; western steers, 6.75 to 12.50; stockers and feeders, 6 to 9.10; cows and heifers, 4.40 to 12.40; calves, 10.25 to 14.75.

Sheep: Receipts, 10,000; steady. Ewes, 7.25 to 10; wethers, 7.75 to 11; lambs, 10.50 to 16.25.

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LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
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SILVER AT NEW YORK ADVANCES TO 87 3-4

Quoted on London Market at 44.50—Copper Dull—Electrolytic Is Nominal.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Silver, 87¾; London, 44.50.

Copper dull; electrolytic, spot and nearby, nominal; September and last quarter, 25 to 27.

At London: Spot copper, £120; futures, £119 10s; electrolytic, £137.

TO DEVELOP SILVER LEAF MINE, SANDON

Property Owned by M. C. Monaghan for Quarter of Century Is to Be Opened up.

M. C. Monaghan, James McKiernan and James Fowlds are making a trip to Sandon for the purpose of taking preliminary steps in connection with the development of the Silver Leaf mining property on Payne mountain which Mr. Monaghan has had for 25 years. Mr. McKiernan will superintend development operations.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET LISTLESS

Rails the Only Issues to Register More Than Negligible Changes During Day.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Rails were the only important stocks to register more than negligible change in the course of today's listless market. Cumulative signs of approaching federal control over the coal roads resulted in further depreciation, Reading making an extreme decline of 3 points. Delaware & Hudson scored a new minimum of 102⅛ and New Haven repeated its recent low record of 32⅛. Other transportation shares were under irregular pressure. New York Central's setback of slightly more than 1 point to 83⅝, represented the lowest quotation in two years. Grangers and cotton carriers were not exempt from the general declining tendency. Among the representative industrials and equipments, with few exceptions, variations rarely exceeded a point. United States Steel moved sluggishly between 123⅞ and a point higher, closing at 124½, unchanged from last week's final price. Bethlehem Steel lost almost 2 points but rallied in part later, while Crucible Steel was more responsive to belated support. Shippings held their moderate gains and metals yielded slightly when quoted at all. Dealings in some of the conspicuous pool issues were restrained by more stringent attitude of the exchange authorities.

The oils, Industrial Alcohol, sugars and tobaccos comprised the more active specialties against which short selling proved most effective. Total sales 280,000 shares.

Bonds were irregular, the liberty issue selling at the wide range of 99.84 and 99.96. Total sales, par value, $2,870,000.

Closing Prices.

American Smelting	102½
Anaconda	76⅝
C. P. R.	164¼
Miami	38
Republic Iron	89¼
U. S. Steel	124½
U. S. Steel preferred	117½
Utah	104⅝
Nickel	38¾

STEEL STOCKS IN BETTER DEMAND ON TORONTO MART

Rumors of Dominion Iron Merger Partially Account for Improvement in This Issue.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—A buying movement of moderate volume for the Canadian steel issues was the feature of today's stock market. The undertone of the market was better than was the case last week, but total dealings were still small. Rumors connecting Dominion Iron with a merger were current and at least partly responsible for the improvement in prices. Dominion opened at 62¾ and sold up to 64½, closing at the high for a gain of 1¾ from last week. Steel of Canada common was less active but netted a larger gain, selling up 2¼ points to 60¼, with only 90 shares changing hands. Scotia Steel was inactive and unchanged at 104.

Steamships common gained a fraction to 42⅝ and the preferred rose to 79. Spanish river weakened slightly from the high level of last week, closing at 18¼, after opening at 19.

Investment buying was also on a small scale. The third war loan was the most active bond, selling at 95⅛ and the first loan eased off to 97½. Mackay common was unchanged at 80½ and the preferred sold at 64¼.

WOULD FIX WHEAT PRICE AT $1.65

Proposal of U. S. Food Controller Is Resented—Protests from All Parts Urged.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

FARGO, N.D., Aug. 20.—A message has been received here from Congressman Young in Washington stating that a price of $1.65 a bushel for wheat in the United States has been decided on by Herbert C. Hoover "in his own mind." Congressman Young urges that immediate steps be taken by the farmers' organizations of North Dakota to flood their representatives in Washington with messages of protest. the congressman's message will be repeated to all commercial and farmers' clubs in the state urging them to telegraph their objections to Washington.

STERLING EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Sterling exchange, 4.75 9-16 for demand.

STUDIES IN ECONOMIC MINING GEOLOGY

(By Prof. A. Lakes.)

An igneous rock is essentially one that has been a molten or fire-rock, such as lava and our porphyries and granites. A metamorphic rock has never been in this molten or fluid condition, although affected by moderate heat combined with heated water. It may by such means be reduced to a softened plastic but hot fluid condition. A metamorphic rock is a rock that has been changed from something else, such as quartzite from sandstone, slate from shale, marble from limestone. This change is accompanied by hardening and crystallizing of the original water formed or sedimentary rock.

Course is Advisable

In mining, ore deposits frequent the igneous and metamorphic rocks rather than the unaltered sedimentaries, but are often found in the latter, when as limestone they are chemically or otherwise convenient receptacles for ore generated from the igneous rocks and secondarily from the metamorphosed ores. The sedimentary or unaltered rocks have no metal in ther composition, no power to generate ores. They are only recipients of ore under certain favorable conditions. Hence in property, apart from limestones, it is advisable to select a field characterized by igneous or metamorphic rocks rather than one characterized by unaltered sedimentaries, unless these are penetrated by dikes or intrusion bodies of igneous rock. Who have shown how metamorphic rocks by heat and pressure may assume the appearance and character of true igneous rocks, and how igneous rocks by mechanical pressure and splitting may assume that of sedimentaries.

Again both igneous and metamorphic rocks may by erosion be ground up and the material reformed as a sedimentary rock by the action of water and again, a sedimentary rock may by intense heat be molten into the appearance and constitution of an igneous rock. In British Columbia the great Rossland series of schists and quartzites of sedimentary appearance were reformed from the breaking up of volcanic material.

Relation of Rock Changes to Ore Deposits

These rock changes and interchanges have a direct bearing on the origin and occurrence of ore deposits in British Columbia and elsewhere. A striking example is that of finding ores when portions of a limestone contiguous to an igneous intrusive rock has been metamorphosed or marblized So long as the marblization signs continue accompanied by presence of metamorphic minerals, such as garnet, green epidote, etc., the ore may continue but dies out as the limestone becomes unaltered and normal. This is well shown in the Nickel Plate mine at Hedley and in several other mines of British Columbia. A prospector should keep his eye on marblized limestones, praticularly when intruded by igneous rocks, and explore the zone of contact and metamorphic action for the presence of the precious metals.

Examples of Metamorphic

Outside of the metal mining field a good example of metamorphic influence of the heat of intrusive igneous rocks is when dikes or sheets of igneous rock have invaded the coal seams of a coal field. In some cases the dike has changed the coal on either side of it to a hard useless coke for several feet, in another, an intrusive sheet of igneous rock has altered or partially altered the coal seam into anthracite and when the heat has been intensive, into kraphite. In one region of British Columbia the marblization of limestone into a white or grey crystalline marble in the vicinity of igneous rocks is one of the most strik-

(Continued on Page Six.)

When Do You Telephone?

If you use the Long Distance phone between 9 and 12 in the morning or between 1 and 3 in the afternoon, you are doing just what most users of the Long Distance Telephone do. When everybody wants to use the wire at the same time, somebody has to wait.

At any other hour of the day service is prompter, because the demand is less.

Between 7 p.m and 8 a.m. you can use the Long Distance Telephone over three times the day period at the same rate.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY

MEN WANTED FOR NAVAL SERVICE

STOKERS AND ARTIFICERS

Men from 18 to 50, British subjects, and with experience as Stokers or Engine Room Artificers are wanted for service during the war in the

CANADIAN NAVAL PATROLS

Pay: Stokers from $1.20 a day, Artificers from $1.85 to $2.50, free food, lodgings and kit and $20.00 to $25.00 monthly separation. Apply to

Naval Recruiting Officer, ESQUIMALT, B.C.

The Naval Recruiting Secretary, 305 Wellington St., Ottawa.

Pay Your Debt To Your Defenders

Turn Your Luxuries Into Comforts For Those Who Have Sacrificed Most.

"Self-sacrifice, self-denial and service lie at the basis of the highest personal and national development."
Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance.

IS it nothing to you that men from all round you have sacrificed home and salary, safety and life, to defend your home as well as their own?

Is it nothing to you that their wives and families tremblingly scan each casualty list, and pale at the step of the postman or telegraph messenger?

Can you see others giving their dearest, without feeling that you *must do something* yourself? Do you wonder what to do?

You can at least save—and lend your savings to the nation. Canada needs every dollar her loyal sons and daughters can spare, to meet the growing expenses of the struggle.

Every dollar you invest in Canadian War Savings Certificates helps the nation to deal generously with those who are defending you.

Certificates in denominations of $25, $50 and $100, repayable in three years, may be purchased at any Bank or Money Order Post Office at $21.50, $43 and $86 respectively. This means over 5% interest—making them a profitable as well as a patriotic investment.

VICTORY NATIONAL SERVICE — FIGHT WORK PAY

The National Service Board of Canada,
OTTAWA. 21

Excursion Fares
ACCOUNT
Vancouver Exhibition

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

To Vancouver and Return
FROM:

Nelson	$17.35	Rossland	$16.25	Greenwood	$12.60
Castlegar	$16.25	Cascade	$14.00	Phoenix	$13.30
Trail	$16.25	Grand Forks	$13.50	Midway	$12.20

ON SALE AUGUST 17-23
RETURN LIMIT AUG. 29

CORRESPONDING RATES FROM ALL STATIONS, CALGARY TO VANCOUVER, INCLUDING ALL BRANCHES AND B. C. INTERIOR STEAMSHIP ROUTES.

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Extra Sleepers August 17-22
Reserve Berths, Through Nearest Agent

J. S. CARTER, District Passenger Agent, Nelson, B. C.

See Page 7 for Latest Condensed Adverts.

THE DAILY NEWS

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1917

CANADA NEEDS DR. CLARK IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Announcement by Dr. Michael Clark that he will not be a candidate at the forthcoming Dominion election will be received with regret, brightened somewhat by the hope that he may reconsider his decision. Dr. Clark is a man that Canada needs in its public life at a crisis such as that through which the Empire is passing. Many, including The Daily News, have disagreed with his views on domestic questions which took a prominent place in public discussion before the war. With his views on the war and the necessity for selective conscription and other definite measures to ensure continued vigorous participation by this country all who place winning the war above all party and other considerations will agree.

Dr. Clark states in his announcement, which is given out after the Winnipeg convention made clear the attitude of the western Liberal organization, says that he cannot support the Liberal party. As a life-long Liberal he does not see how he can support the Conservative party. But he states that he will given general support to the Borden government, which he believes "is unanimously in deadly earnest regarding the winning of the war in which the world's freedom and democracy are the stakes."

Dr. Clark will not support the Liberal organization. He feels he cannot support the Conservative party, in view of his past record. In neither of these statements is there any declaration that he would refuse to run as a union win-the-war candidate, supported by those of all parties who place the war above all other considerations. It is to be hoped that the people of Red Deer will offer Dr. Clark nomination on such a platform.

INTERIOR SHOULD HAVE A NORMAL SCHOOL.

The resolution of the school board asking for the establishment of a normal school at this centre will be supported throughout the district.

Both Vancouver and Victoria have normal schools, but there is none at any other point in the province. Hence, pupils from the interior of the province, who desire to train for teachers, rest under a great disadvantage. They have to travel to the coast at considerable expense and live there, hundreds of miles from their homes, while they are studying. *Under a new regulation students* living east of Hope have to go to Victoria, the Vancouver school being reserved for the lower mainland district.

If a normal school were established at a central point in the southern interior students from this great section of the province would be ample in number to justify the expenditure on buildings and equipment, while there would be no disproportionate increase in expenditure on normal school teachers. Pupils would gain the great advantage of being able to study near their homes instead of in a strange and distant city and they would save the expense involved in the trip to and from the coast which is considerable despite the fact that transportation is provided.

REPLACING LOSSES FROM THE SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN

Some striking figures were given by Lloyd George in his speech regarding replacement of losses to shipping caused by submarine attacks. In April, the banner month of the submarines, British losses were 560,000 gross tons. In July they had fallen to 320,000 tons. In August losses are lower than in July. The average monthly loss in net tonnage since the submarine campaign started is placed at 250,000 net tons. At this rate British losses in a year will amount to 3,000,000 tons, but as the monthly loss is decreasing owing to the effectiveness of measures taken by the British admiralty, the year's total will show a proportionate decrease.

But placing the loss at 3,000,000 tons, it is satisfactory to note that ships sunk are being replaced at a rapid rate. By new construction and purchases from other countries Great Britain added 1,424,000 tons during the past six months. At this rate the yearly additions to the merchant fleet are within a few thousand tons of the total losses.

It is evident that the increase in construction, and the decrease in losses, will soon place the British merchant fleet in a position of steadily progressing growth.

ONE SELDOM GETS SOMETHING FOR NOTHING

Hon. W. J. Hanna, food controller, points out that the comparatively low price of bread in Great Britain at the present time is largely due to the fact that the British government is paying the difference between the market price of wheat and the maximum price at which the grain is sold to the millers.

Thus the amount that the people of Great Britain save on the price of their bread is more apparent than real. Government control of wheat supplies prevents any actual shortage and permits regulation, but the difference between the market price of grain and that at which it is sold by the millers is borne by the state. Thus the people pay in taxes what they save when they buy bread. One seldom gets "something for nothing."

Another reason for lower bread prices in Great Britain is that pure white bread is no longer sold. Barley, rye and other flours are mixed with the wheat.

Win the war.

General Petain has taught the crown prince another lesson.

Canadians will not stand for domination by those who have refused to do their share in the war.

The wholehearted win-the-war people of Canada must unite if they want their cause to prevail. The other people are already united.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier announces that he will not go to Toronto just now and Toronto seems to be concealing its disappointment very successfully.

When premature peace proposers talk of "freedom of the seas" make sure that they are not, perhaps unconsciously, working for German domination of the seas.

The moral effect of the attacks of French aviators against German infantry must be enormous and contribute substantially to the victories which are being won on the French front.

Those Berlin war despatch writers who record the crown prince's battles would have no difficulty in proving that the home team in a ball game with the score reading like this had won a glorious victory:

	R.	H.	E.
Home Team	1	1	9
Visitors	15	10	1

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

Cannot Swallow Laurier

The best available man the local Liberals have refuses to carry the standard while Sir Wilfrid Laurier leads.—Peterboro Review.

Serbia's Future

Premier Lloyd George's promise to Serbia that it will be bigger and better than ever, after the war means that Baron Sonnino's visit to London has settled the difficulty with Italy. Italy ought not not to object to a bigger Serbia as a check on Austria.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Will Dim Patriotism

No matter what might be the motives of censors in forbidding the publication of news, the effect on the nation would be bad. A country kept in ignorance, a country denied the knowledge of what is being done by those in places of responsibility, is a country laboring under a severe and utterly needless handicap. Censorship will dim patriotism, create resentment and arouse suspicion.—Detroit Free Press.

THE WEATHER

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	51	85
Prince Rupert	54	58
Victoria	56	66
Vancouver	60	74
Prince Albert	50	82
Saskatoon	50	88
Regina	53	83
Moose Jaw	54	90
Winnipeg	52	68
Port Arthur	48	56
Parry Sound	62	72
London	62	91
Toronto	60	90
Kingston	68	80
Ottawa	64	80
Montreal	62	82
Quebec	60	76

DREAM OF WORLD EMPIRE TAUGHT IN GERMAN SCHOOLS

CINCINNATI, O.—"An enormous share of the blame for the war rests upon the institutions of learning of Germany, the universities, colleges, schools and churches," according to Captain F. C. de Sumichrast, British army officer and professor emeritus of Harvard, who spoke in Cincinnati recently before the University club and other organizations. Captain de Sumichrast declares that the institutions were conscripted for the military service and for the pan-German propaganda. "They aided," he explains, 'in poisoning the public thought, in fostering hate against England, and now also against America.

"There was an essential difference between the education in Germany on the one hand, and in Britain and America on the other. In lectures, writings and sermons, German educators tended to pervert the point of view of the German nation. They emphasized the cult of the kaiser as the highest war lord, divinely appointed, not onl yto rule Germany, but the world. Such great German authors as Nietzsche and Treitschke and others consistently labored to convince the German people that they were a race superior in every respect to every other, and that their mission was to supplant or subjugate every other race. Treitschke declared, 'The essential function of the state is to make war.'"

I. W. W. HOSTILE TO LABOR UNIONS.

In their unpatriotic and reckless attempts to disorganize industry in this hour of national crisis the I. W. W. will have scant support or sympathy from worthy, sensible and patriotic labor organizations.

Under the able and patriotic leadership of Samuel Gompers the great body of organized labor has taken its *stand loyally for the triumph of free* and popular government. It suspects that the I. W. W. agitation springs from secret scheming of agents of the German government, and it knows to all practical ends these reckless men are aiding the kaiser in his scheme of world domination and overthrow of popular government.

Aside, however, from all patriotic considerations there is nothing in common between American trades unions and the I. W. W. The I. W. W. in fact are avowedly antagonistic to trade unions. Their declaration of principles expressly asserts that—

"The trades unions foster a state of affairs, which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping to defeat one another in wage wars. Moreover, the trades unions aid the employing class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers."

The I. W. W. declaration opens with the preamble, "The working class and the employing class have nothing in common. Between these two classes a struggle must be on until the workers of the world organize as a class, take possession of the earth and the machinery of production and abolish the wage system."

Bitter, unrelenting hatred of all employers and the unyielding antagonism to trades unions are the fundamental doctrines of the I. W. W.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

FROM A CHERRY GARDEN IN THE KOOTENAYS

How beautiful are the mountains
clothed in their robes of green
And beautiful is the placid lake flashing back their sheen;
The osprey poising ere he strikes, the white tail roving free;
The leaping trout, the laughing loon; they all appeal to me.

Give me a home in the mountains, the everlasting hills,
Far from the busy haunts of men, the driving pace that kills;
A bit of land by the lakeside, where cherry trees will grow,
And a sparkling to water them, fresh from fields of snow.

I've a garden fit for the gods, when cherries bloom in May,
The trees are dressed in purest white, as for their wedding day;
Iridescent humming birds are flashing to and fro,
And honey bees, an armored host, on duty, come and go.

I love the calm June mornings with their clear northwest air,
When mirrored on the glassy lake, are pictures wondrous fair;
The nesting birds proclaim their glee, the cat birds carol free,
A meadow lark on a topmost bough pipes in estacy.

Hot July is the harvest time, that crowns my early hopes;
The cherries coloring in the sun, hang like glittering ropes;
They flash the light like diamonds, yellow and black and red,
They hang in gleaming clusters above the picker's head.

My house is built of cedar logs and in the garden set,
With flowers blooming all around and scent of mignonette;
An old Virginia creeper is climbing the gable o'er,
And pretty Dorothy Perkins stands peeping at the door.

Oh, let me live in the mountains, far from the city's roar,
Far from the ceaseless push and drive and fashion's ways that bore;
Give me a home by the lakeside, with sheltering hills around,
And Mother Nature's soothing voice the only constant sound.

—F. W. NASH, Renata, B. C.

COLD STORAGE

"The question just now is ——"

"What?"

"Shall I go into the cellar voluntarily and fix the furnace fire, or shall I wait until the missus drafts me for the service?"

Tommy Atkins had taken a German officer prisoner and demanded the latter's sword. The officer shook his head. "I have no sword to give up," he said; "but won't my vitriol spray, my flame projector or my gas cylinder do as well?"

Lighten the Day's Work by eating food that does not use up all the vital powers in an effort to digest it. Every particle of **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** is digested and converted into healthy tissue and caloric energy. In the present food crisis every housekeeper and mother should demand bread that is 100 per cent. whole wheat. Shredded Wheat Biscuit is made of the whole wheat grain prepared in a digestible form. Better than meat, or eggs, or potatoes, and costs much less. For breakfast or any meal with sliced bananas, berries or other fruit.

Made in Canada.

GERMANY MUST RENOUNCE BARBARISM.

There are a thousand questions now standing which can be settled around the green table. There are certain questions which never can be settled by battle. No nation now fighting Germany can make peace until Germany has renounced not alone her conquests, but the spirit and the doctrine which were expressed in those conquests and *permitted her to attack the peace of* the world. The question of Alsace-Lorraine, of the Italian Irredentia, of Macedonia, of Poland, are not questions of territorial significance primarily. That is why there can be no world settlement which does not carry with it the righting of ancient wrongs expressed by these terms. Mankind will not ask that the German cities shall be plundered and ravaged as Germans have ravaged and plundered the cities of France, of Belgium, of Poland. They will not ask that the women and children of Germany shall be subjected to the violence and the crime to which German soldiers at the word of command have subjected French women, Belgian women and women of all conquered lands. It is not in the spirit of the Mosaic law that the liberal-minded people of the world will look forward to a settlement with Germany. The doctrine of reprisal falls on deaf ears wherever men and women are thinking of the future. But not less definite is the determination that these things shall not happen again and that war shall go on with Germany until it is plain to the world that the German people have renounced a barbarism which borrowed the weapons of science but preserved the spirit of the brute.—New York Tribune.

NOT A TIME TO FALTER

Germany's crisis should in no respect have the effect of diminishing the vigor or narrowing the scope of the war preparations of this country. On the contrary, America has more reason than ever for throwing her weight heavily into the scale. However the overturn in the German imperial government is to be explained—whether the immediate cause of Bethmann-Hollweg's downfall was the militaristic crown prince or whether it was the growing strength of the groups that demand peace negotiations—there can be no doubt that one of the important factors that made the crisis possible at this time was the unexpected progress made by this country in influencing the progress of the war. The German war lords and their reptile press had convinced the people that America would be negligible as a belligerent; the people now have their eyes partly opened to the truth, and it remains our business to see to it that their eyes are opened wide at the earliest moment to the realities of the situation.

But if the war lords retain their grip, the only argument likely to appeal to them as at all convincing in the direction of peace is the demonstration that America is coming along as a war power with determination and speed. Nothing could now have a worse effect than for our government to hesitate and falter in its preparations because peace seemed somewhat the nearer. The military machine we are creating must be developed even more rapidly than before, and even Germany will be full of people like the influential editors of the Berliner Tageblatt and the Frankfurter Zeitung, who virtually accuse the government of deceiving the German people, when submarine ruthlessness was determined upon, concerning the probabilities of a break with America. By our deeds we should now drive home the truth that never was a great power more recklessly dragged into war than the United States was dragged into this one by the gambler autocrat and his generals and admirals who controlled *the government of Germany.*

In all of our war legislation the necessity for rapid movement ahead is apparent. The food control bill now in the senate would be the more urgently needed on the statute book if peace should come next fall or winter. It should not be forgotten that the moment peace is declared we shall have to feed immediately the poorly rationed population of the central powers for simple humanitarian reasons. The cry for American foodstuffs in Germany and Austria-Hungary will be most exigent and moving as soon as the war stops. Suppose it stops next winter or spring, before the new harvest of 1918 can be reaped or even planted; our food position will be most precarious if federal control of our food surplus is not fully safeguarded by law, as is contemplated by the measure pending in the senate.

Division is appearing among the German people concerning the questions of war and peace. They are no longer united as they were. Even if the militarists maintain their control they must defy those growing groups of war-wearied men and women whose feelings are now reflected in the reichstag demonstrations in support of the peace formula of "no annexations and no indemnities." We can best aid the peace party in Germany by ourselves defying the military chiefs and expansionists who are still bent on flogging the German nation along the road to conquest.—Springfield Republican.

OKLAHOMA ARRANGES TO PROTECT TROOPS

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla—The chief scene of war activity in Oklahoma is at Ft. Sill, near Lawton. The government is constructing temporary buildings sufficient to care for 40,000 people.

That branch of the war department recently established, which has charge of training camp activities, has sent a representative to Lawton to cooperate with the Business Men's club in providing clean means of entertainment and recreation for the soldiers. One of the first moves will be the placing of benches and seats in parks, public squares and other convenient locations and getting of club rooms for the soldiers.

Lawton recently voted $375,000 to finance the building of a 24 inch pipe line from the Law-ton-ka lake to Fort Sill, raising the present dam 60 feet. This improvement is designed solely to furnish water to troops that may be located at the cantonment and the fort during the period of the war. The bonds have been sold and the contract for the work let and the construction of the pipe line will begin within 60 days.

In order to protect the soldiers and visitors from extortion, the city authorities *have fixed a maximum and* minimum charge for service car drivers who ply between Lawton and the fort. A local committee has also been appointed to watch merchants who may be inclined to ask unreasonable prices for their goods.

The exact number of soldiers to be mobilized at Camp Doniphan, as the Fort Sill cantonment is called, is not yet known but it is believed it will reach 40,000. Troops of the Oklahoma national guard are now quartered there but the government may move them to a camp farther south in the theory that better training can be done if the soldiers are farther from home. It is believed at Lawton that troops from Iowa, Minnesota and Nebraska will ultimately be sent to Camp Doniphan.

It is said that $200,000 is to be expended on improvement of rail lines leading into Fort Sill. This is being done in order that movement of supplies and men may be made to and from the camp without unnecessary delay.

WESTERN MEXICO NATIVES VICTIMS OF BANDIT RAIDS

NEW YORK, N. Y.—R. R. Bregory, representing the Presbyterian board of foreign missions in Mexico, writes that economic conditions are very serious in that section. The letter was written on July 19.

"I do not think," he says, "that at any time during the last six years it has been worse than now. Bandits are on the increase. One of the native *workers was in to see me. He told me* the other day the government soldiers went out to round up some of the bandits, and that the soldiers themselves stole chickens and things to eat and also clothing from the people. Part of the northern part of the field which up to two months ago was open to itineration is so infested with bandits that it is unsafe to travel.

"Since last winter one of the places where we have one of the largest congregations in the district, has been almost depopulated because of the bandits and the scarcity of food. The government is taxing the people heavily and some of the big ranches cannot be farmed, as during normal times, and this will make the food problem still more serious during the next few months. In my last trip in May, corn was so scarce and also food for animals, that my horse was only half fed all the way, and I suffered quite a bit too, for lack of proper food.

"The poor and the needy keep knocking at our doors. Many of them are half starved.

"Foodstuffs are going up in price, while wages are not increasing in proportion. Corn is five times its regular price. The average peon gets 25 cts. a day, and it is hard to obtain work. We counted 300 women before the town hall begging for corn. I don't think such a condition has been seen here before for the past 20 years. In some places sugar is 20 cents a pound, potatoes $13 a bushel. Good butter cannot be bought under $1.25 per pound. Wheat is close to $3 a bushel. All these prices are United States money. The next three months are bound to be even worse, because the corn crop will not be harvested before then, and furthermore the acreage has been reduced because of the bandits."

EATS DIRT

THE DAILY NEWS WANT ADS ANTICIPATE YOUR WANTS

Perhaps No Other Gift

so well combines quality, usefulness, and beauty with economy in price as Birks' Silverplated Ware. It is of the heaviest weight, beautiful in design and holds its sterling silver appearance throughout a lifetime's wear.

There are many pieces moderate in price as well as heavier and more elaborate pieces. Our catalogue will help you to solve the gift problem.

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON, STREET, NELSON, B. C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Hot Weather Specialties

We Have a Good Assortment of
ICE COLD REFRIGERATORS
Prices Ranging from $12.00 to $25.00
Save your food and reduce the high cost of living.

See Our Stock of
SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS,
WIRE DISH COVERS, ETC., ETC.

Nelson Hardware Co.
Box 1050 Nelson, B.C.

Baby Carriages, Go-Carts and Sulkies

WICKER BABY CARRIAGES FROM $18.00 TO $35.00

Sulkies $2.50 to $12.00

GO-CARTS COLLAPSIBLE $14.00 TO $30.00

Agents: Pathephone Phonographs—Call and Hear the Perfectness of Tone

Standard Furniture Co.
Complete House Furnishers Nelson, B.C.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.

NOTICE.

Re Overdue Payments on Applications to Purchase Crown Lands in British Columbia.

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the "Soldiers' Homestead Act Repeal Act," any person who did not apply under the "Soldiers' Homestead Act, 1916," to complete his application to purchase, either by payment in full or by the selection of a proportionate allotment, may, by proving his interest and paying up in full the balance of the purchase prices and taxes before the 31st December, 1917, obtain a Crown Grant if proof satisfactory to the Minister of Lands is furnished that such person is suffering injury through absence of notice or otherwise.

And further that the interest in uncompleted applications to purchase held by any person on Active Service may be protected by notification to the Lands Department of the fact that such person is on Active service and by the filing of proof of the interest of such person.

Further information will be furnished on request to the Deputy Minister of Lands, Victoria, B.C.

Publication of this notice without authority will not be paid for. je

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that the Island Mi Lumber Co., of Alpena, Michiga U.S.A., through their agent, Geo. Mak inson, whose address is Arrow Par B.C., will apply for a license to clea and improve Mosquito creek, whic flows southerly and drains into th Columbia river about 1 mile north of Arrow Park.

The clearing and improving will be from the mouth of said creek to a point about where it crosses the N. and S. line of Lot 8717 C.G., which is about ½ mile from the S. E. corner of lot 8717, a total distance of about eight miles. The clearing and improving of this stream is for the purpose of floating logs, shingle bolts, poles, piling, ties, etc., to the Columbia river.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 11th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914" will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within 30 days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 17, 1917.

ISLAND MILL LUMBER COMPANY,
Applicant,
By Geo. Makinson, Agent.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

782

Star Specials

BLUEBERRIES
2 Pounds 35c
STRAWBERRIES
Per Box 20c

RED CURRANTS
For preserving; crate.....$1.75

BURBANK PLUMS
5-pound basket 65c

OKANAGAN TOMATOES
Pound 20c

TRANSPARENT APPLES
6 pounds 25c

GREEN CORN
Dozen 35c

CUCUMBERS
From 10c

CELERY
Large bunch 10c

Star Grocery

PHONE 10

Farmers, Ship Us Your

CREAM

Sweet Cream Butter Fat per pound 42c
Sour Cream Butter Fat, per pound 40c

F. O. B. Nelson.
WRITE FOR SHIPPING TAGS.

Curlew Creamery Company

BOX 1192 NELSON, B. C.

Cocoanut Oil Fine For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else that contains too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless) is much better than anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

The Original and Only Genuine

Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

Beware of Imitations

Word was received in St. Thomas that William Bruce Ellison, a former St. Thomas boy, has been selected by the Democratic committees of New York for the nomination of mayor of the metropolis.

15838

is the winning number in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes. Ask for a ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION

FURS.

Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodelled and repaired. Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.

G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier
416 Ward St., Nelson, B. C. Phone 106

FO-MO

The refreshing Hair Dressing and Dandruff Remedy. Will not grow hair—nobody said it would. For sale at

O. K. BARBER SHOP
A. L. Wilson, Prop.

PLANS OUTLINED BY U. S. SHIPPING BOARD

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A second $500,000,000 appropriation will be asked of congress by the shipping board this week, it is understood, in order to speed up the shipping program and enter into contracts for the fabricating of steel ships. Before the end of the Denman-Goethals regime this action was forecasted, the announcement having been made at that time that the original $500,000,000 appropriation had been practically used up by contracts which were then under contemplation, or had been up to that time.

It is understood that General Goethals' plan for government-owned yards for fabricating the new steel ships is under consideration, and will perhaps be carried out with modifications. At a conference held on Saturday, attended by government officials and representatives of the submarine boat corporation and the international marine, this question was taken up and it was definitely decided that if the Goethals plan be adhered to, the government will retain ownership of such plants, and that private interests would not have the option of taking them over later, as planned by General Goethals.

This is one of the matters relative to the ship construction program which will be determined by the shipping board and the emergency fleet corporation soon. An organization known as the National Shipbuilding association has been formed by representatives of various shipbuilding concerns, with the object in view of cooperating with the government and of providing a central body with which to deal.

ONLY CAPITAL NEEDED TO MAKE ISLANDS BOOM

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Business opportunities in the Canary islands, which cannot be taken advantage of on account of the lack of capital and the unwillingness of the Spaniards to enter into large business, is reported to the Merchants' association of New York city, in a letter from a correspondent at Santa Cruz de Tenerife, in the Canary islands.

"The muncipality here has a project of about 3,000,000 pesetas for installing sewerage and water works of this city," says the correspondent, "and that also would entail the use of the fertilizing material, a business that is not known here. There is another project of 10,000,000 pesetas—a railroad to cross the banana-producing region, in order to facilitate the export of same through this port, which is the only port in this island having the proper facilities, and where all the ships of large tonnage anchor. This tonnage has been studied and approved by the legislature, and only the capital is wanting.

"Another project is that of a funicular railway to reach the heights dominating this town, a project which could produce enormous profits in a port where so many steamers touch. The development of the tourist industry would be a worth-while business transaction for anybody having the proper knowledge of the matter. Manufacturers also would have here a splendid field, inasmuch as the ports of these islands are free ports for the entry of raw materials, and many articles could be manufactured for the American continent in competition with similar manufacturers of Barcelona, etc.

"The reorganization of the highway system of the island, the construction of schoolhouses in this city, with an estimated cost of 500,000 pesetas, and other matters which I do not recall at the present time, could be examined by the capitalists of your great nation, and they could open here a direct market for all American products which have been received in large quantities through Liverpool and Hamburg."

Kootenay and Boundary

URGES CHINESE TO LEARN ENGLISH

Will Be to Even Greater Extent Than in Past Language of Commerce, Says Speaker.

(Special to The Daily News.)

TRAIL, B.C., Aug. 20.—W. Fatman of the province of Kwong Tung, China, who has been in the northwest studying the various methods of irrigation practised in British Columbia and Alberta in the interests of the Yuit Koi Company Cooperative Agricultural association, was in Trail last week explaining a big irrigation project under consideration in his native province.

Mr. Fatman who is a graduate of Columbia university addressed his fellow countrymen at the Dick Chee Chinese reading room. He exhorted the local Chinese to study the present economic question as it affects them. He laid great emphasis on the fact that the English language should be thoroughly learned, as he predicted that the English language is going to be the language of commerce to an even greater extent in the future than in the past. Mr. Fatman is an effective speaker of the English language.

The Chinese in Trail are fortunate in having a hall of their own which enables them to entertain any of their countrymen who may, from time to time, be traveling through explaining the complex problems facing the Chinese empire at the present time.

James N. Wong addressed the meeting on the advantages of educational facilities enjoyed in British Columbia and heartily supported Mr. Fatman and pledged himself to cooperate with the local Chinese in any effort in which they might be called upon to help the Yuit Kai company association.

Mr. Fatman will address a meeting of Chinese in Maden Park, North Vancouver shortly.

A cooperative association is being formed with headquarters in Vancouver.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR CRAWFORD BAY FAIR

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRAWFORD BAY, B. C., Aug. 19.—The Farmers institute, at a meeting held on Saturday appointed a committee to help the Womens institute with the fair. The committee is composed of W. Mear, R. Bayliss and J. English. Several women were present. Refreshments were served.

Corp. A. C. Dee of the C. A. M. C., leaves for England after four months leave.

E. O. Wakefield has returned to Trail after spending a week at home.

W. Gibson was in on Monday judging the boys' and girls' pig competition and spoke highly of all the exhibits.

D. Wads has returned to Trail after spending a few days with his family.

ARROW PARK MAN GOES TO JOIN AVIATION CORPS

(Special to The Daily News.)

ARROW PARK, B. C., Aug. 20.—Cecil Keefe left this week to join the aviation corps at the coast. He is the second son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Keffer to enlist.

At a special meeting of the Arrow Park Womens institute, parcels for the soldiers were packed with home made cakes, candy, socks, tobacco, chewing gum, cigarettes, etc.

Mrs. J. N. Pennock and Mrs. J. Campbell left by this afternoon's boat for a visit to Nelson.

The Misses June of Roch island are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Harrison.

GRASSHOPPERS EAT UP ROCK CREEK VEGETABLE CROPS

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROCK CREEK, B. C., Aug. 20.—Grasshoppers are doing considerable damage to the vegetable crops in the district. Even the potato crops at Midway are being destroyed.

A school is to be opened near Ingram bridge, for the use of the settlers on Bruce mountain, and the Bubar ranch.

The annual picnic of the Rock Creek Sunday school was held at the residence and grounds of Mrs. L. Anderson, Kettle Valley. Over 40 children attended.

The gauge on the Kettle river, installed by the department of the interior water power branch, shows a drop of four feet since July.

Sergt.-Major Farmer of the Fort Garry Horse, which is stationed near Winnipeg, is spending his holiday at Kettle valley.

Mrs. P. Rock left last week for the Needles, Arrow lakes, on a visit to her father.

Miss M. South is spending her vacation at Salmon Arm.

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold of Spokane are visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. Dockstead at the McMynn ranch.

T. R. Hanson returned from Spokane last week.

WANETA RESIDENTS AID PATRIOTIC FUND

(Special to The Daily News.)

WANETA, B. C., July 20.—During the month of July the local branch of the Patriotic fund collected and forwarded to Victoria the sum of $21. Contributions were as follows:

J. Squires, 50c.; A. L. Smith, $2; A. M. Adie, $1; J. W. Dalls, $3; W. J. White, $1; Fred Adie, $5; A. D. Fredericks, 50c.; W. Duncan, $1; J. Sterling, 50c.; Earl Pearson, $2; M. Hill, $1; A. G. Lang, $1; A. Symonds, 50c.; T. G. Hopper, $1.

Mrs. A. G. Lang and her eldest daughter, Kitty, were visitors to Nelson last week, returning home on Saturday.

L. D. B. Larmonth held a service at Adie's ranch Monday evening last. At the close he anounced that it is hoped a permanent minister in this district will shortly be appointed.

A Boston business man has given $10,000 towards a Congregational church fund to be used in placing 50 Hindu evangelists in 50 non-Christian Hindu villages for three years.

BACKS GOODWIN FOR NEW DEPUTY MINISTER

Trail Smeltermen's Union Makes Its Recommendation for Head of Labor Department.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TRAIL, B.C., Aug. 20.—Albert Goodwin, secretary of the Trail Mill and Smeltermen's union, has been endorsed by that organization for the vacant position of deputy minister of labor. The union has gone on record as favoring the appointment of a labor man to undertake the new duties, which have been established by the department of labor act passed at this year's session of the provincial legislature, and it has endorsed Mr. Goodwin.

Mr. Goodwin was Socialist candidate in Trail riding in the 1916 provincial elections.

HALCYON NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

HALCYON, B. C., Aug. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Grant, Vulcan, Alta.; Mrs. D. Rich and Miss E. Pearson, Spokane; E. Jackson and W. J. Casey, Silverton, and W. Gibson of the agricultural department, Victoria, were here from Saturday to Monday.

C. Laurentide and family, Trail, arrived on Saturday and W. F. Van Antwerp and wife, Okanagan Landing, on Friday for a week's stay.

Glaspie brothers have closed down their camp at Eagle Bay and moved to West Demars to operate a camp there.

ROSSLAND NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Aug. 20.—Miss Nina Fraser leaves on Tuesday for Bellingham after spending a fortnight at her home here.

Mrs. J. Seaton Milligan of New York, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. Anderson for the past 10 days, left this evening for Lake Louise.

W. Brown of the Royal Bank staff of Vancouver is visiting in the city for a few days.

Mrs. W. H. Wainman left on Saturday for North Vancouver to spend a few weeks.

FARMERS PROTEST HIGHER TAXATION

Resolution Passed by Arrow Lakes Institute—Surtax Condemned as Confiscation.

(Special to The Daily News.)

NAKUSP, B. C., Aug. 20.—At the regular meeting of the Arrow Lakes Farmers' institute on Thursday evening, which was largely attended, the following resolution protesting against increased provincial taxation, in the form of a surtax was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, that we think it a very inopportune time to place a surtax on the people of the province and strenuously object to increased taxation while our Empire is undergoing the greatest war that the world has ever seen.

"Our objections are based on the following reasons: At present all that can give are taking a tax upon themselves by contributing to the patriotic fund, Red Cross fund, soldiers' comforts fund, Serbian fund and a great many other funds of like nature.

"And whereas, the cost in extra pay for the labor one has to employ in producing crops along with the extra cost of everything in connection with production from the soil, more than offsets the advance in prices that is being received for farm products and as the cry has been from all our leaders to get in and produce more, we feel that it is unjust to force this surtax at the present time upon those that are doing their bit by staying on the soil.

"The above are a few reasons why we will ask to stay all extra and increased taxation until the struggle of war is passed. Then if our government sees fit to confiscate our property we will not put an impediment in its way; extra and increased taxation under the present conditions means confiscation by the tax sale method, for the people who are working on the soil have all they can do at present to meet the present taxes, owing to high costs and voluntary forms of taxation."

A copy of the resolution will be sent to the provincial department of agriculture.

The resolution was moved by George Bennett and seconded by Thos Abriel.

NAKUSP RED CROSS WORKERS ARE ACTIVE

(Special to The Daily News.)

NAKUSP, B.C., Aug 20.—The following contributions to the Red Cross society have just been made by the following members: Mrs. Gregory, 6 pairs socks; Mrs. Harvey, Mrs. Wensley, 5 pairs each; Mrs. Stone, Mrs. Heyes, Mrs. Masters, 3 pairs each; Mrs. Benton, 2 pairs, 2 dressing gowns, 1 suit pyjamas; Mrs. Cowan, dressing gown; Mrs. Ion, dressing gown, 3 suits pyjamas; Mrs. Johnson, 2 day shirts; Mrs. Luthie, 2 dressing gowns; Mrs. Chaddin, 2 pairs socks; Mrs. Kerr, suit pyjamas; Mrs. Vipond, Mrs. Glendenning, Mrs. Fauchier, Mrs. Waterfield Miss Hamer, 1 pair socks each.

There have been shipped to headquarters 35 pairs socks, 2 day shirts, 4 suits pyjamas, 6 dressing gowns.

Glaspie Brothers, the logging contractors, are today starting a new pole camp eight miles south of the town, for Lindsley Bros. They expect to take out 25,000 telegraph poles this season and will employ from 30 to 40 men.

Mrs. S. Y. Brockman of Rosebery spent a couple of days in town last weekend, the guest of Mrs. Edwards. Mrs. Brockman will make her residence at Victoria in future and left Saturday.

Mrs. Cook, Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Picard, Miss Nellie Picard and Thomas Reid left Saturday for the Vancouver exhibition.

Mrs. Luthie of Peoria, Ill., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. R. Vipond for the past two months, left for her home Saturday.

The Dominion government telephone system between Nakusp and Edgewood showed an increase of 30 per cent in July over business transacted in June. There are now 16 offices, against six three years ago.

A christening party came up from Arrow Park Sunday, when the infant child of Mrs. Mauchline was baptized by Rev. J. S. Allen at the local hospital.

Run-Down and Nervous

Dr. Cassell's Tablets Are the Sure Restorative for all Weakened Conditions of Nerve and Body.

There is nothing in medicine more certain than the strength giving powers of Dr. Cassell's Tablets. They nourish the nerves, they enrich the blood, they replenish the reserves of vital energy that work or worry or excessive strain of any kind has depleted. Everything they contain makes for health and fitness. They restore digestive action, strengthen the kidneys, ensure perfect functioning of every bodily organ. That is why Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the most popular and successful remedy in the Empire for all enfeebled conditions.

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul St., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous Ailments, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation and Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Price 50 cents per tube, six tubes for the price of five from druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Don't waste your money on imitations; get the genuine Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Proprietors, Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

August Clean-Up Sale

Suits at $23.95

Smartly Tailored Suits of Fine Mannish Serge. Coats have large collars and belts or girdles. Skirts made in new straight line effect and gathered at waist. Sizes to 40. Navy, Black, Green and Brown. Values to $38.00. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE ... $23.95

Suits at $7.95

Only Seven of these left. Made of good quality Serge or Gabardine, with smartly tailored jackets and skirts that are full flared. In sizes 16 and 18 only. Values to $25.00. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE $7.95

Wash Skirts

AT $1.29

Good Repp Skirts, made in a variety of styles, some with pockets, other trimmed with buttons, etc. All sizes up to 33-inch waist measure. Values to $2.00. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE $1.29

Wash Skirts

AT $2.39

Splendidly Tailored Wash Skirts of Pique, Gabardine or Fancy Cotton Suitings, nicely made, gathered at waist, finished with belts, fancy pockets, etc. All sizes in stock. Values to $4.50. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE .. $2.39

Coats Clearing at $10.95

Fifteen Only, Smart Coats, this season's best styles, in Greens, Gold, Copenhagen; also Tweed Mixtures. Sizes to 38. Values to $22.50. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE.. $10.95

Voile Blouses

TWO LINES CLEARING AT $2.15 AND $3.95 EACH

All New Goods, But Must Be Cleared Out to Make Room for Fall Goods

At $3.95—These are extremely smart Blouses, made of Plain or Embroidered Voiles. Have large collars and long sleeves. Sizes to 44. Regular values to $6.00. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE $3.95

At $2.15—A Splendid Selection of Fine Voile Blouses, trimmed with lace or having embroidery fronts. Sizes up to 44. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE $2.15

Whitewear Bargains Extraordinary

GOWNS, UNDERSKIRTS AND PRINCESS SLIPS AT $1.25 EACH

We have never offered such values before. These goods are all in Fine Cambric, trimmed with lace or embroidery. Values to $3.00. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE $1.25

August Clean-Up Sale of Millinery

UNTRIMMED SHAPES AT 25c—Three Dozen Shapes, Black and Colored, Small and Medium Sizes. Values to $3.00 each. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE, EACH 25c

ODD FLOWERS, TWO BUNCHES FOR 25c—Two Boxes of Silk and Cotton Flowers. All kinds and colors. Values up to $1.00. CLEAN-UP SALE PRICE, TWO BUNCHES FOR 25c

REMNANTS of Dress Goods, Silks, Voiles, Wash Goods, Etc., at ABOUT HALF PRICE

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

TWO SOLDIERS FROM PROVINCE KILLED

(Continued from Page One.)

bec; C. Roper, Toledo, Ohio; H. Tittemore, Quebec.; Corp. F. Castle, Halifax, N. S.; J. Egan, Cobden, Ont.; T. Kearon, Ireland; W. Marquard, England; W. F. Ross, Briggsville, N. S.; A. Sutherland, Scotland; C. Greenless, Fort Saskatchewan, Alta.; F. R. Cave, England; R. Park, Scotland.

Wounded—A. Vecic, Italy; G. Anderson, Chicago; A. Panasink, Russia; J. Callender, Scotland; A. Lamb, Toronto; G. Bowdrey, England; J. Clever, Rossendale, Man.; A. J. Ball, England; W. R. Thomas, Stonewall, Man; R. Handyside, England; M. Muslake, Stenin, Sask.; Corp. C. McCamphell, Warman, Sask; H. P. McArthur, Moosomin, Sask.; G. C. Holt, England; Corp. G. Ryan, Montreal.

Wounded—F. Davidson, Fredericton, N. B.; Sergt. W. J. Lee, Winnipeg; G. P. White, Winnipeg; E. Gavlik, Russia; J. Busby, Guelph, Ont.; J. Hallan, Meaford, Ont.; W. J. Norris, Detroit, Mich.; E. A. Lawrence, Mexico; W. Hobbs, England; C. Brewster, Buffalo, N. Y.

ARTILLERY

Died of wounds—W. J. Bunclark, Cobalt, Ont.

Wounded—J. J. Edwards, Joggin Mines, N. S.; N. C. Clime, Cobourg, Ont.; W. Melville, Hamilton; V. E. Parke, Ingersoll, Ont.; V. R. Beattie, Quebec; W. F. Hill, Winnipeg; K. A. Bridges, England; W. R. Edgar, Kingston, Ont.; J. Thompson, Ireland; T. H. Erwin, Akron, Ohio.

ENGINEERS

Wounded—T. T. Lee, Soo, Ont.; J. J. Russell, Cornwall, Ont.; R. H. Johnson, England; G. Simpson, England; P. Campbell, Scotland; A. J. Green, England; Lieut. H. C. Chedzey, England.

Wounded—W. W. Bowg, England; G. Russell, Digby, N. S.; F. White, England.

SERVICES

Killed in action—Lieut. E. Smyancinch, St. Catherines, Ont.; J. Branch, Ottawa.

Died of wounds—F. McDowell, Regina, Sask.; W. Payton, Almonte, Ont.

Wounded—F. J. Massey, Edmonton; H. Timothy, Montreal; H. Parceau, Fitchburg, Mass.; Lieut. R. P. Clark, Edmonton; T. Barke, Montreal; T. Everson, Calgary; Corp. J. T. Foxton, Fort William, Ont.; L. Stump, Pikeville, Ky.; J. A. Fisher, Scotland; Corp. A. C. Protor, Alexandria, Ont.; W. Valentine, England; C. Proctor, England; H. Nevard, England; W. Hamp, England; J. Patterson, England; W. Goodlee, Scotland; E. Gilman, Pine Creek, Man.; Corp. C. Gillies, Toronto; H. W. Brown, Toronto.

Wounded—H. D. Jones, Toronto; A. McEachearn, Port Arthur, Ont.; F. Rogers, Regina; W. Kublick, Poland; A. Bassett, England; W. Welling, England; E. Stamp, Regina; J. Nelson, Liverpool, O.; Corp. H. A. Davis, England; J. King, Bridgeport, N. S.; A. Morgan, England; J. W. Goble, Saskatoon, Sask.; E. G. Webb, England; C. R. Robertson, Winnipeg; W. Riley, St. Clairsville, Ohio; C. McKillop, Pine Ridge, N. B.; S. Jennings, Ireland; E. J. O'Reilly, Toronto; C. J. Holland, Rochester, N. Y.; W. B. McLeod, Trenton, N. S.; A. Armor, Almonte, Ont.; W. Bates, South Africa; Corp. J. Gales, Scotland; H. Armstrong, Canboro, Ont.; Corp. A. C. Bennard, New Sarepta, Alta.; A. Olsen, Denmark.

MARY PICKFORD
At the Starland Saturday

Home Beauty Parlor

Mrs. Mae Martyn.

Sue L.: I always recommend quinzoin to put vitality and luxuriance into anyone's hair. It will promptly remedy the dandruff and itching scalp; it costs little and you can prepare it at home. From your druggist get one ounce quinzoin and one-half pint alcohol. Mix and all one half-pint cold water. This makes enough tonic to last a long time. Apply to your scalp twice a week. This is fine to prevent falling of the hair and premature loss of color.

Daly: Don't worry about being too "plump" when there is such a simple easy way to reduce flesh without dieting or any strenuous exercise. Get four ounces of parnotis from your druggist and mix it in one and one half pints hot water. Take a tablespoonful before meals. This is harmless and inexpensive and I think you will find a beneficial change within a week.

Leonora: There is no virtue in an egg shampoo. The slimy animal matter clings to the strands and clogs the pores of the scalp. Try this simple shampoo: Get some canthrox from your druggist and dissolve a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. It leaves the scalp stimulated and cleaned and the hair beautifully soft and fluffy.

Polly: You do not need to send abroad for the new, perfect substitute for face powder. Make it yourself at home, by dissolving four ounces of spurmax in one-half pint hot water. This is the simplest, purest lotion for making the skin soft and naturally fair. It stays on closely and gives a youthful freshness. When on it seems part of the skin and cannot be detected as can the old style face powder.

Caroline: Yes, if the tissues of your face are inclined to sag beware, or you will soon have wrinkles. Here is a good massage cream, which tones and braces the tissues while also beautifying the complexion: Mix an ounce of almozoin (from your druggist) in one-half pint of cold water. Add two teaspoonfuls glycerine. Apply freely. At the first application you will feel the skin contract and you will soon get back the firm contour and a velvety skin. For a good blood purifier see answer to Maurice.

Maurice: The skin eruptions of which you speak are caused by impure blood, and you must eliminate the poisons from the system before you can hope to enjoy complete health. Into one-half pint alcohol (whiskey must not be used) pour one ounce kardene, then add one-half cupful of sugar and hot water to make a full quart. Take one tablespoonful of this old fashioned blood cleanser and tonic before each meal. This is splendid for the weak, worn out feeling and restores the vital organs to a healthy condition and its timely use will save much serious sickness.

Fanchon: Certainly, eyes are harmed by belladonna, but this home made tonic will clear and make them brilliant while it is strengthening and resting. Anyone can prepare it by dissolving an ounce of crystos (obtainable at any druggist's) in one-half pint clear water. Use eye-cup or put a few drops in each eye at least once a day. Its brightening effect is immediate.

Built To Please YOU

—and does please you because it offers that rare combination of service, satisfaction and economy. Ask our local dealer to show you the "Sunshine," or write for free, illustrated, descriptive booklet.

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SASKATOON EDMONTON 2

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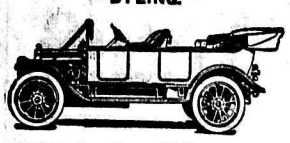

Dealers for the White Company Motor Cars and Trucks. Automobiles for hire any hour day or night—passengers, baggage and light freight.

Nelson Steam Laundry
PAUL NIPOU, Manager.
P. O. Box 48 Tel. 144

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that The Iron Mountain, Limited, whose address is Salmo, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use three-tenths (0.3) cubic feet of water out of the West Fork of Annie Rooney creek, which flows northwesterly and drains into Sheep creek, about two miles from its mouth. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about two miles from its mouth and about 300 feet S.E. of the N.W. Cor. Empire Mineral Claim, Lot 12086, and will be used for mining purposes upon the Emerald Mine, described as property of The Iron Mountain, Limited. This notice was posted on the ground on the 29th day of July, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto, and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B. C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is August 6th, 1917.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Limited,
Applicant.
By W. M. Myers, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Clearwater Shingle Company, Limited, whose address is Hall, B.C., will apply for a license to clear and improve Clearwater Creek, which flows westerly and drains into Salmo River about 16 miles from the mouth of Salmo River, and that part of Salmo River extending southwesterly from the confluence of said creek and said river about one-half mile to Wiley's Spur. Said Salmo River drains into Pend d'Oreille River about sixteen miles southwesterly from Wiley's Spur.

The clearing and improvement will be on Clearwater Creek from a point about near the centre of Section 13 of Township 39 of Lot 1241, G. 1., Kootenay district to its confluence with Salmo River and from the confluence of Clearwater Creek with said river southwesterly about one-half mile to Wileys' Spur, a total distance of about six miles and will be used for driving shingle bolts and logs purpose between a point on Clearwater Creek about the centre of said Section 13 down said creek to said river, and then down said river to said Wiley's Spur, on Section 18 in said Township, extending through Sections 13, 14, 15, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21 in said Township 39

This notice was posted on the ground on the 28th day of July, 1917.

A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C.

Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

CLEARWATER SHINGLE CO., LTD.,
Applicant.
By C. L. Wiley, Agent.

The date of the first publication of this notice is August 2nd, 1917.

MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Louise Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Craig mountain, about one mile west of Green City.

Take notice that H. C. A. Cornish, F.M.C. 99801B, acting as agent for G. H. Green, Free Miner's Certificate No. 99816B, intends, sixty days fromthe date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 11th day of August, A.D. 1917.

H. C. A. CORNISH, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that George Stuart Hawthorne, whose address is P.O. box 422, Nelson, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 8-acre feet of water out of a creek known as Sictum creek, which flows southerly and drains into the West Arm of Kootenay lake near the northeast corner of lot 7453. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about 800 feet north of northwest corner post of Sublot 1, Lot 4398, and will be used for irrigation purposes upon the land described as Sublots 1 and 2, Lot 4398 (20 acres.) This notice was posted on the ground on the 11th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 16th, 1917.

G. S. HAWTHORNE,
Applicant.

News of Sport

CHICAGO AND BOSTON DIVIDE

Result Has Big Bearing on American League Pennant—Cleveland Defeats Phillies

AMERICAN LEAGUE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—Chicago and Boston divided a doubleheader today in the opening of the series which will have a big bearing on the pennant race. Chicago shut out the visitors 7 to 0 in the first game, but Boston won the second contest 3 to 1 in eight innings, when it was called on account of darkness. Chicago still retains the lead by a scant margin. In the first game Faber allowed Boston only four scattered hits and only two visitors reached second base. Chicago, on the other hand, batted Foster and Bader freely. Faber was given perfect support. Cicotte's wildness in the second inning of the second game and Barry's double won for Boston.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	4	0
Chicago	7	13	0

Batteries: Foster, Bader and Thomas; Faber and Schalk.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	8	0
Chicago	1	4	0

Batteries: Mays, Ruth and Agnew; Cicotte and Schalk.

Game Keenly Contested

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 20.—Cleveland won from Philadelphia here today 5 to 4 in a close game.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	4	10	0
Cleveland	5	12	1

Batteries: Noyes, Seibold and Schang; Morton and O'Neill.

Yankees Beaten

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 20.—Detroit defeated New York 3 to 2. Both Mitchell and Fisher pitched good ball.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	2	5	2
Detroit	3	8	1

Batteries Fisher and Nunamaker; Mitchell and Yelle, Spencer.

St. Louis Wins

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 20.—Timely hitting with the help of two wild throws by Ainsmith in the first and sixth innings enabled St. Louis to win from Washington today 4 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	1	5	2
St. Louis	4	9	1

Batteries: Shaw, Gallia and Ainsmith; Koob and Severoid.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago Beats Phillies

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 20.—Chicago defeated Philadelphia here today 4 to 2 by hitting the ball hard.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	8	1
Philadelphia	2	9	1

Batteries: Douglas and Elliott; Oeschger and Adams.

Brooklyn Loses

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Brooklyn lost to Pittsburg today by a score of 1 to 0 in ten innings. Hans Wagner opened the tenth with a double to left, Pitler laid down a safe bunt to O'Rourke, who threw widely to first, Wagner scoring on the error.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	1	5	4
Brooklyn	0	3	1

Batteries: Miller and Schmidt; Marquard and M. Wheat.

Boston Falls to St. Louis

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 20.—St. Louis defeated Boston here today 7 to 6.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	7	14	3
Boston	6	11	3

Batteries: Meadows, Packard, Doak and Gonzales; Nehf, Barnes and Tragressor.

Cincinnati-New York, game played Sunday.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	5	11	1
Montreal	4	7	0

Batteries: Reulbach and Mayer; Duffy and Madden.

	R.	H.	E.
Richmond	2	11	2
Rochester	5	6	2

Batteries: Euright and Reynolds; Lohman and Sandberg.

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	5	9	3
Buffalo	6	10	3

Batteries: Parnham and McAvoy; Wyckoff, Jaynes and Onslow.

	R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	5	1
Toronto	3	6	3

Batteries: Pennington and Egan; Hearn and Lalonde.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	0	5	1
St. Paul	1	4	0

Batteries: Fillingim and Gossett, Schang; Griner and Glenn.

Games scheduled at Minneapolis, Milwaukee and Kansas City were played previously.

FIGHT FOR BANTAMWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP POSTPONED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 20.—The 10-round no decision fight between Pete Herman, claimant of the bantamweight championship of the world, and Jack Douglas of San Francisco set for tonight in an open air arena was postponed until Tuesday night on account of rain.

LONDON BOXER IS BEATEN BY CANADIAN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.—At Seaford on Saturday, Corp. Atwood, Canadian welterweight champion, defeated Sergt. Zimmer of London in a close contest. Sergt. Rolph, Corps. Morgan and Simpson, Pte. F. Tremblay and Sergt. Harry Martin were also successful in contests in which they met worthy opponents.

TORNADO ABRUPTLY ENDS BASEBALL GAME

Crowd Rushes Into Field to Escape Debris from Damaged Stand—Score Board Wrecked

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—During the playing today of an International league game of baseball, with the score 3 to 3, a tornado, accompanied by a terrific downpour of rain, came along and broke up the game. Several hundred terrified spectators rushed into the field to escape flying debris. The tall steel flag mast was bent double by the force of the wind, and a large section of the roof of the grandstand was carried a considerable distance away. The huge automatic score board, recently destroyed by a similar storm, was once more totally wrecked. Newark had scored three runs in their half of the seventh inning, but the score reverts to the end of the sixth inning, making Toronto winners by 3 to 0.

RULES BARRING BETTING DEFIED AT MONTREAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—In defiance of the order in council which made betting on horse races illegal after August 1, handbook men today did business at the Maisonneuve racecourse, the second day of what was to have been a betless meeting. At half a dozen places in the grand stand and under it, handbook men offered prices on the horses in the various events and accepted wagers without hesitation; some of them even solicited wagers. They paid off at the places at which the wagers were taken, so as to make it more convenient for the public.

WOMEN TILLING SOUTHERN SOIL

TALLAHASSEE, Fla. — Thousands of southern women who, before the war, displayed little interest in practical household and farm work other than to direct their servants, have become practical and successful farmers and home makers as a result of work by agents of the Home Economics bureau of the state regulation service of the national department of agriculture.

At the beginning of the present year there were not less than 500 so-called home demonstration agents working in the union, and of this number more than 400 were operating in the south. First financed by the federal education board, provision was later made by the Smith-Lever Agricultural Appropriation bill to carry on the work just prior to the beginning of the war in Europe. Not until after this bill was passed did the north and west take up the work, and this delay is responsible for the fact that the south outstripped these sections, and, too, for the further fact that, with the added impetus of war necessity, the south found itself equipped with the machinery to make successful producers out of the women of the section.

Home demonstration clubs formed in a majority of the counties of the southern states have an active membership of thousands. These meet regularly with their agents, and a general state meeting for instruction is held each year, that in Florida at the Florida college for women in Tallahassee. At present 33 Florida counties have agents, and additional ones are constantly being appointed. Among the subjects taught through actual demonstration are the following: Gardening, canning, sewing, cooking, cleanliness, poultry raising, dairy management, arrangement of menus from home grown products and home construction of household conveniences.

The organization in other states of the south is similar to that in Florida. Among some of the things that are being done during the present emergency are the supplying of containers and instruction for canning. The waging of an active campaign for drying and evaporating vegetables and fruits, giving of instruction in the preservation of meats, including fish and the urging of increased acreage in home gardens. Thousands of girls of the States have increased the size of their home gardens or established new ones. One little girl in Manatee county, Florida, produced 5760 pounds of tomatoes on a tenth of an acre patch. Similar records are being made in a great many communities.

Building permits in Winnipeg during August will total $7,000,000, due to the extensive building of apartment blocks, completing others, on which work stopped when the war broke out, and also dozens of private residences and several schools.

Under the proposed federal insurance plan for soldiers, the American "Tommy" would be able to insure his life for $10,000 for $80.

STUDIES IN MINING GEOLOGY

(Continued from Page Three.)

ing examples of metamorphic action. Our other metamorphic rocks are mud shales altered into slates, and these into highly crystalline schists. Sandstones also have been changed into hard semi crystalline quartzites. A quartzite, we may here observe, is an altered sedimentary rock and occurs in beds, while a quartz vein is a body of original crystalline quartz occupying a fissure in the rocks and does not occur in a bed. A quartzite is granular, a quartz vein is crystalline in structure.

SMELTERS MAKE SLIGHT GAIN ON MONTREAL MARKET

Goes to 29, Price Which Is Maintained During Day—Dominion Iron Features Trading.

MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—A brisk demand for Dominion Iron was the feature in Canadian stocks today. Under purchases of about 2000 shares, which represented about half of the total business in the Montreal market, Iron rose 2⅛ to 64⅞ and fell only ⅛ below its best price. Steel of Canada advanced 3 points to 60¾ and finished 60¾ bid, against 59 last Friday. The demand for Iron was accepted as a reflection of the improving sentiment of the market, rather than the outcome of any special development in the affairs of the company.

There was no activity outside of the two steel leaders. The general tone of the list, however, continued very satisfactory.

Apart from Macdonald, which improved ¼ to 15¾ and closed 15⅛, low-priced stocks, which were active and stronger features of the market toward the close of last week, were not conspicuous in the trading. Spanish River common rose a fraction to 19 at the opening but receded to 18 later and closed 16 bid against 18½ Friday. Bids on the preferred lowered from 53½ to 49½. Smelters finished fractionally higher at 29 bid after holding firm at that price through the day.

Bond dealings were light with the third war loan hte most active, but unchanged for the day at 95⅛ in the final dealings.

Total business for the day 4147 shares and $20,900 bonds.

BUTTER MARKET STRONG.

MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—Butter was active and prices stronger. Eggs were scarce and prices firm.

Cheese: Finest westerns and easterns, 21¾.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 42 to ½; seconds, 41 to ½.

Eggs: Fresh 52 to 53; selected, 47; No. 1 stock, 43; No. 2 stock, 38 to 40.

Pork: Short cut back, 51 to ½.

CORN VALUES ARE SLIGHTLY HIGHER

Liquidation Followed by Demand from Shorts—Wheat Makes Advance of 3 Cents.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 20.—Corn prices pursued an uneven course today, liquidation, which sent prices down early, being followed by demand from shorts, which moved the figure above Saturday's finish. The close was strong, ¼ to 1⅛ cents higher with December at $1.08⅞ and May at $1.07⅛. Wheat closed 3 cents higher with September at $2.05. Oats advanced ½ to 1⅛. In provisions the outcome showed an advance of 3 to 15 cents.

There were virtually no trades in wheat, only one transaction being recorded in September, the only option in which there was trading

Oats followed the course of corn with an initial decline and a subsequent rall. As in corn shorts hastened to cover their lines, causing the upturn.

Hogs, which brought a top price of 19.65, a new high record, led to advances in provisions. There was a general opinion that export transactions of large character were imminent.

WINNIPEG WHEAT.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Aug. 20.—Wheat: October, $2.12.

Oats: May, 61⅝; October, 61¼; December, 57½.

Cash wheat: No. 1 Northern, $2.40; No. 2 Northern, $2.40; No. 3 Northern, $2.40; No. 4 Northern, $2.35; No. 5, $2.17; No. 6, $1.92; feed, $1.72.

ARGENTINE HAS EYE ON THE JAPANESE

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina—The opening of a line of Japanese steamships calling at Capetown on their way to and from Buenos Ayres has awakened lively interest in Argentine commerce on the part of the South African Union government, which has sent A. Zoutendyk to Buenos Ayres as a special trade commissioner charged with bringing South America and South Africa closer together commercially.

Mr. Zoutendyk has been fully awake to the possibilities of a great commercial exchange between the two countries for some time. That the Argentine government also sees promising possibilities in such relations is evident from the fact that the Argentine consul-general in South Africa, Sr. Enrique Sturiza, has accompanied Mr. Zoutendyk to Buenos Ayres and is making every effort to point out the great avenues of trade that exist.

The trade commissioner brought with him a large number of samples of South African products, and will open an office and industrial exhibition in this city. During the six months that he intends to be in the country, he intends to study minutely in all national industries, so that this information may form the basis of future trade exchange.

The principal thing the Union government wishes to develop is the export of coal to Argentina, and if this can be arranged, it will be a great commercial blessing for Argentina, which has been experiencing a shortage of coal ever since the war started. The chief difficulty will be the lack of tonnage, but the Union government hopes to get started in the coal exportation business to South America before the war finishes, expecting to retain a good part of this trade after hostilities.

In the coal trade, Mr. Zoutendyk says, South Africa looks for no competition. In normal time, coal can be purchased at the pit head for 4 shillings a ton. He says that both good and medium grades of coal are produced in abundance.

There appears to be little doubt of strong commercial relations growing up between these two countries as a result of the establishment of the new Japanese steamship line. The geographical position of the two countries is another important factor. The distance from South Africa to the River Plate is only half that between Buenos Ayres and Europe. Tramp steamers now make the trip in 12 and 13 days, whereas they require nearly 30 days for the trip from New York and the voyage could easily be cut down to eight days by other boats.

Mr. Zoutendyk believes that it is probable that the South African and Argentine governments will inaugurate a direct line of steamers between Buenos Ayres and the Cape.

For Bilious Troubles

That heavy headache, torpid liver, sick stomach, bitter taste in mouth, furred tongue, dull eyes and muddy skin, all come from a poor supply of bile. These unhealthy conditions are promptly corrected by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

which stimulate the liver, regulate the flow of bile, sweeten the stomach, and renew healthy bowel action. A household remedy approved by sixty years of public service. For every-day illnesses, Beecham's Pills

are a tested Remedy

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Alec Popoff, whose address is Thrums, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use six (6) inches of water out of Main creek which flows easterly and drains into the Kootenay river near Thrums. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about one hundred (100) feet west from the westerly boundary of the following described land and will be used for agricultural purposes upon the land described as: Lot 2, Block 1239, Group 1, Kootenay District, Map 754. This notice was posted on the ground on the 19th day of July, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is July 28, 1917.

ALEC POPOFF, Applicant.
By his Solicitors, Hamilton & Wragge, Agents.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Mrs. M. J. F. Webster, whose address is Fruitvale, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 8-acre feet of water out of the South Fork of Kelly creek, which flows north westerly and drains into Kelly creek, about 100 yards west of the N.E. corner of Lot 267, Fruitvale subdivision. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point on Lot 235, about 500 feet S. of the S.W. corner of Lot 256, Fruitvale subdivision, and will be used for irrigation purposes upon the land described as Lot 255, Fruitvale subdivision. This notice was posted on the ground on the 4th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 8, 1917.

MRS. M. J. F. WEBSTER,
Applicant.

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e News reserves the right to reany copy submitted for publica-

ITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

SON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283.

NTED—Deckhand, logging tug, 5; men and teams in woods; boy 5 or 16, not cigarette smoker, as er in factory; pole and post makwoman dishwasher, $60; singleminers.

NTED—Second class steam engier, wages $4.75, eight hours; good Hedley Gold Mining Co., Hedley, (6718)

GGERS WANTED—By Giscome umber Company, Ltd., Giscome, ., near Prince George. Wages, 35 ts per hour. Good board and lodg$1 per day. (6682)

NTED—Second or third class eam engineer; eight hours, wages 0; steady job. Hedley Gold Mining Hedley, B.C. (6673)

AZING SELLER — Tablets that ash clothes spotlessly clean withrubbing. Promise to solicit orders, 10 cents will bring samples for washings. Make dollar an hour. lley's Co., Brantford, Ont. (6707)

LBOY and porter wanted—Apply athcona hotel. (6716)

TED—We are logging off a timlimit containing twenty-five and poles, and want ten first class makers. Camp on Arrow lakes. Nakusp. None other than first men need apply. The Lindsley ers Co., Nelson. (6668)

EMALE HELP WANTED.

NTED—Competent girl for general ousework. Good cook; four adults. ts experience and wages. Apply s. G. O. Weir, Trail, B.C. (6680)

NTED—An elderly housekeeper; ves $25 per month. Apply G. Lesyong, Wardner, B.C. (6694)

NTED—Good plain cook. Apply ersonally at 914 Stanley street, or box 1046, Nelson. (6697)

ANTED—Girl for general housework, small family. Mrs. Vaughan, Smelr, Trail. (6698)

ANTED—Girl for general housework, permanent position if satisfactory. pply Mrs. W. Russell, Grand Forks, C. (6638)

HEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindlyention you saw it in The News—it ill help you.

TEACHERS WANTED.

ANTED—Primary teacher, Hume school. Applications to be in Aug. . C. M. Young, secretary. (6715)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

OOD English furniture for sale. Can be seen by appointment. Rose, Balur. (6665)

OR SALE—First class upright piano, $225 cash. Box 796, Nelson. (6720)

OR SALE—Baker's oven, No. 1 Hubbard portable, and 1 biscuit show ase and tins; orangeade fountain and ounter. D. McNaughton, box 15, Silerton. (6667)

IGH GRADE, high speed auto marine motor by Crossely, Manchester; orty h.p., as new, can be seen runing. Apply to S. Menhinick, Kaslo, . C. (6683)

OR SALE—Delivery outfit, horse, harness, wagon and sleigh. Thorpe Co., Ltd. (6674)

OR SALE—Mentges newspaper folder; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in rst class condition. Snap for cash. he Daily News, Nelson. (678)

OR SALE—Edison Dictograph completе; electric power. Apply to Daily ews business office. (654)

OR SALE—Shaving machine for Edison records. Box 685. Daily News.

FOR RENT.

ANTED—Occupants for a few good houses; close to school, church, postfice, store and station. Rent $2.50 r month. Cheap fuel. Apply Crestnt Valley store, Crescent Valley, B.C. (6594)

OR RENT—Six roomed house, close in. Apply J. W. Gallagher's store. (6708)

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

OR RENT—Suites of furnished house keeping rooms in Annable block. nquire room 32. (6564)

URNISHED SUITE—All conveniences. Campbell's Art Studio, 715 aker street. (6670)

URNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr apartments. (6565)

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

FOR SALE—Peterboro canoe, good as new; will sacrifice for $25 cash. Apply P.O. box 218, Nelson. (6603)

WANTED—A good flat bottomed boat, between 16 and 18 feet long. Must be cheap. Mike Wolfe, Silverton, B.C. (6696)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE—Standard pure bred mare, foal and two year old gelding by pedigree sire. Apply F. Painton, Grand Forks. (6681)

WANTED—Good milk goat. Send full particulars and price to box 6706, Daily News. (6706)

FOR SALE—Dandy pair driving ponies Gentle for ladies or children. Sired by standard bred trotting horse. Used to ranch work; two sets harness, light and heavy. One pack horse; one brood sow, due to farrow Sept. first. Pure bred Wyandottes. J. A .Knox, Arrow Park, B.C. (6693)

FOR SALE—Collie pups, good cattle dogs, $5 each. Cameron, Granite road (6701)

FOR SALE—2800 team, harness and wagon. Box 775, Rossland, B.C. (6654)

BELGIAN HARES—M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (6500)

FOR SALE — Two heavy teams of horses, weighing 2900 and 3400 lbs. Seven to nine years old. Price reasonable. Can be seen in Nelson. A. G. Lambert Co., Ltd. (6563)

FOR SALE—Good milking cow. Apply Mrs. Bourke, Harrop, B.C. (6675)

FRUITS, SEEDS AND VEGETABLES

WANTED—Aples, cherries, black currants, greengage plums, peaches, plums. McDonald Jam Co. (6711)

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND—Leather glove on Granite bridge. Owner can have same by paying for advertisement. (6721)

LOST—Brown canvas roll containing aluminum forks, between corner Hoover and Stanley streets and Launch club. Apply Daily News. (6719)

PIANO.

INA M. STEED will open a class for pianoforte pupils at her home, 205 Victoria street, September 3rd. (6713)

EDUCATIONAL.

KING EDWARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS —Cranbrook, B.C. Boys under 12 taken. Bracing climate. Full school course: Piano, violin,, singing, dancing, dressmaking, stenography, bookkeeping. French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss V. M. Cherrington, headmistress. (5995)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESale Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO.
Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc.
Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

CHAS. MOORE, C. & M. E.,
Provincial Land Surveyor, Architect.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

TAYLOR & DUBAR,
Financial and Insurance Agents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Accountants. Auditors, Assignees, Estates managed; 602 Baker St. Phone 254.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block, Vancouver.

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5219)

ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING,
Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WILDOWSON, Box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

THE NEAL INSTITUTE, CRANBROOK, B.C.

Where you can get rid of the drink habit in three days. Write for further particulars.

WANTED.

WANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS—Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, Nelson, B.C. (6568)

WANTED—Room and board in private family for boy attending high school. T. Nilan, R.R. No. 1, Nelson. (6700)

WANTED—Quotations from grower on car lots winter apples and on fall apples, peaches, plums and prunes by the case, and potatoes by sack and car. A. R. Shea, Milk River, Alta. (6679)

WANTED—Home for girl attending high school in return for services. Box 6663, Daily News. (6663)

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

RANCH WANTED—We have client will buy good improved ranch, close to city. Must have comfortable house, bearing trees and chicken house. Price and terms must be right. If you want to sell correspond with us at once.

TRADE for Vancouver residence—We have a 9-room house and 2 corner lots for exchange. What can you offer?

McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

IMPROVEMENT OF LONDON DEFENSE GETS ATTENTION

LONDON.—A deputation of members of parliament representing London constituencies laid their views as to the need of improving the defenses of London against air raids before the prime minister. In his reply Mr. Lloyd George said he did not wish them to think that the government did not realize the necessity of defending London, not only because it contained millions of people, but because it was the capital of the Empire. He realized that there was a special cause for defending London, even in comparison with other towns, for it probably gave special satisfaction to the Germans to be able to bomb the capital of their most hated enemy. He still, however, said on behalf of the government, that they must put the safety of the soldiers at the front first. If anyone in the country said "ourselves first and our soldiers afterward," they had better find another government. They must not lose their sense of proportion; he was the last man in the world to think lightly of the casualties in the recent raid but the whole of the casualties which had resulted from the air raids in that country during the last three years were less in extent than those suffered by the soldiers during a small battle in France. When it was a question of protection of civilian population at home and giving a chance to the soldiers in France, he must say that the risks taken by them there in London were not in the least degree comparable to those taken every day by the soldiers in France and they must be the first consideration.

Mr. Lloyd George said he would give them a specimen of the falsehoods which had been disseminated. It had been said that a squadron of airplanes had been sent to France at the instance of the civilians and against the advice of the military. The truth was they had been sent there at the urgent request of Sir Douglas Haig and the matter had not been reported to the cabinet at all. The prime minister went on to dwell on the supreme need for a sufficiency of airplane at the front and on their value in detecting the enemy's hidden positions. Another statement had been made that London was bare of fighting aircraft; the actual fact was that a larger number of first class fighting aircraft had gone up into the air during the last raid than the number of hostile airplanes which came over, but it could not be guaranteed that when hostile airplanes were attacked they would be brought down. A machine might be riddled with shot and yet not be brought down. He remembered having seen a machine in France which had about 300 hits, yet it was able to come back. He had no doubt himself that the German airplanes were riddled with shot from their aircraft and quite unfit to go up again until they had been overhauled. After all, out of 22 machines which came over, four had been brought down and that was a fairly large percentage. It was a much higher percentage than that which had been brought down of the French machines which had recently crossed the German lines. In that case only two out of 84 had been brought down. The cabinet was further considering the defense of London and had decided that he and Gen. Shuts should undertake a general investigation of the matter and they were doing so. Whatever practicable steps could be taken along the lines of improving the defense of London were be being taken and he thought that was all that it was wise for him to say at present.

Dysentery Is Dangerous

Dysentery is one of the worst forms of bowel complaint. It comes on so suddenly, the pains in the bowels become intense, the discharges occur with great rapidity and are very often accompanied by blood and the action on the system so weakening that its termination often proves fatal.

When the bowels get loosened up in this way, and you wish to check the unnatural discharge without bringing on constipation, there is only one remedy to use, and that is Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

This remedy is not an experiment as it has been used in thousands of Canadian homes during the past 72 years.

Mrs. Albert Fearon, Bryant's Corner, N.B., writes: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for the past ten years and I would not be without it in the house.

"Last fall my little boy, three years old, took very bad with dysentery. After taking 3 or 4 doses of "Dr. Fowler's" he began to improve and before he had used all the bottle he was entirely cured. I sincerely recommend it to all."

There are many cheap imitations of this sterling remedy on the market. Ask for Dr. Fowler's and see that you get the genuine when you ask for it. Price 35c. Put up only by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

Queen City Rebekah lodge No. 16, I.O.O.F., will meet tonight at 8 o'clock. There will be flower drill. (6723)

Born, at the Home Private hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Breeze, of Ainsworth, a son. (6724)

The table runner donated to the Kootenay Lake General hospital by Mrs. D. A. McKenzie of Sandon, was won by Mrs. F. H. Abbott of Cranbrook with ticket number 59. (6722)

Miss Olive Campbell is prepared to receive pupils in Pianoforte and Theory and will specialize in preparing pupils for examination; 911 Stanley street; phone 101. (6709)

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

Subscribers notifying the circulation department of The Daily News of change of address, must give old as well as new address to ensure prompt attention. (5314)

FOOD PLEDGE CARD ISSUED IN OTTAWA

Campaign to Reduce Waste in Canadian Households Is Inaugurated by Food Controller.

OTTAWA. — Adopting the system which has met with such splendid success in Great Britain, and which has been followed by the United States, pledge cards by which it is planned that every Canadian household shall enlist in a vigorous campaign to reduce waste of exportable foods, such as flour and other wheat products and beef and bacon, have been prepared at the instance of Food Controller Hanna and will be used in a house to house canvass conducted by provincial and local organizations which have been formed in connection with the food controller's work. The first shipment of these cards went out from the government printing bureau recently.

The form of pledge is headed by the Canadian coat of arms and the words "Food Service Pledge." Blank spaces are left at the bottom for the name of the housewife and the address. The number of people in the house is also to be inserted. The pledge itself reads as follows:

"Realizing the gravity of the food situation and knowing that Great Britain and our allies look to Canada to help shatter Germany's threat of starvation, I pledge myself and my household to carry out conscientiously the advice and directions of the food controller that requisite foodstuffs may be released for export to the Canadian divisions, the British forces and people and the allied armies and nations."

Cards for Windows.

On the other side of the card the householder is requested to hang the card in the dining room where the members of the household will be reminded of their obligation daily.

A duplicate card is attached to the original copy by a perforated fold. This duplicate will also be signed by the householder, torn off and returned to the canvasser to be filed at provincial headquarters.

Accompanying the pledge card is a card of the same size to be hung in the front window of each house where the public can see it and the member of the household may read the imperative reasons for food saving set forth on the back.

Those reasons are signed by Hon. W. J. Hanna, Canadian food controller and are headed:

"Help the fighters to win." They embody in brief the whole situation of food shortage as applied to Canada and the war, as follows:

"Save wheat—Great Britain and our allies must have 460,000,000 bushels from Canada and the United States. Normal consumption must be reduced by at least 25 per cent to meet war needs.

"Save Beef and Bacon."

"Save beef and bacon—Normal consumption must be reduced by at least 25 per cent to meet war needs.

"The demand for those commodities is imperative. The men in the trenches will go hungry if you fail them. Will you let them fight for you and not fight for them?

"You can use substitutes such as other meats, fish, eggs, milk, oatmeal, barley, etc., with benefit to health.

"You betray your country's cause when you waste food. Over $50,000,000 worth of foodstuffs goes into the garbage wagons of Canada every year. Such waste in war times is a crime. Your loyalty is measureable by your saving.

"Eat perishable foods—Preserve, dry, can and store the garden truck which has been produced so abundantly this year. By doing so you prevent waste and release storable food for export.

"Victory is dependable upon the extent of your food service."

Dr. J. W. Robertson, chairman of the central advisory council of the food controller's office, will organize the canvass to enlist the housewives for the food controller's campaign in eastern Canada, and G. H. Clark, Dominion seed commissioner, will organize the west. Organization is now proceeding in Ontario.

"KEEP STEADY"

"Keep steady!" is the prime minister's exhortation to us civilians who are left at home. It is the least tribute we can pay to the valor and the sacrifices of our armies in the field. Let each one of us recapture the heroic mood in which we entered it because honor and duty, acting upon the national temper with a more compelling power than any motive of self-interest, left us no alternative. Let us be inspired anew, as in the first days of the war, with that spirit of fraternity which swamps all differences of class and brings home to employer and to employed, to rich and to poor, the consciousness that they are all alike Britons, and as such bound to pull together till the storm has passed. Let us, above all, reflect that today it is truer than it ever was that an inconclusive peace would be in Mr. Lloyd George's words "the greatest disaster that has ever befallen mankind." It would mean nothing less than the total collapse of civilization.—London Daily Mail.

Ontario now has 51,700 auto licenses.

THEATRES

Mary Pickford Saturday

Tourneur the accomplished artist. Tourneur the finished actor. Tourneur the capable stage producer. These were three reputations achieved by the master director of Mary Pickford's new Artcraft picture, "The Pride of the Clan," which is the atraction extraordinary at the Starland theatre on Saturday, Aug. 25.

That Tourneur's training in these arts has contributed largely to his success as a director of photoplay classics is readily apparent. Each vocation he learned from the very beginning and with characteristic persistency climbed to the top. As a director of the silent drama he has achieved an enviable reputation and that many artistic surprises may be expected in "The Pride of the Clan" goes without saying.

New Film Star at Gem

Enid Bennett, a new film star, and one destined to make a notable success, makes her second appearance on the Gem screen tonight. The offering is "Princess of the Dark," a play which comes with the hearty recommendation of all who have witnessed it.

Miss Bennett made many admirers in "Little Brother," recently shown at the Gem, and "Princess of the Dark" will endear her still more to the Nelson picture patrons.

ORDERS ISSUED FOR CONTROL OF CAMPS

WASHINGTON, D. C.—General orders made public by the war department recently provide for the exemption from the control of department commanders of "all that pertains to administration, instruction, training and discipline" of all the organized tactical division of the national army and the national guard after they have arrived at their divisional camps.

The division camp commanders under the orders will be required to pursue a most vigorous policy. The success and its extent which the camps shall attain will be directly up to them. The division camp commanders must realize at the outset, it was asserted at the war department, that the one object at the camps is to train men for war, as thoroughly and as quickly as possible, through the concentration of authority and responsibility in the camp commanders.

War department authorities insisted that there was no animus in the orders; that they were not directed at any one, and that, so far as General Wood might be concerned, his duties were still of the utmost importance.

Division commanders are enjoined to reduce correspondence and other administrative labor to a minimum, to decide all questions arising within their jurisdiction that are not reserved by law or regulations for the decision of the war department, to forward no communications to the war office department that can be properly disposed of by themselves and to pursue a vigorous policy with respect to the instruction and trainihg of the troops under their command.

Department commanders, say the orders, will at once take steps to establish a camp supply depot at each camp of the national guard, or of the national army, within the limits of their departments. Camp supply depots will include supplies from all supply departments for the camp at which located.

Camp supply depots will be filled from general depots or direct from contractors, under direction of bureau chiefs, who will designate the general depots to which requisitions from the camp depots will be sent by department commanders after action thereon by them. Camp supply depots will be under the direction of divisional commanders, and organizations will requisition supplies from their own camp supply depots.

Captain Hood, the noted British dramatic author, is dead.

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.
THE HOME PRIVATE HO PITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C.
P. O. Box 772.
Phone 372 for Appointment.

The Hudson's Bay Company

HERBERT E. BURRIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

Prices Talk Today

SUCH VALUES ARE HARD TO FIND

BOYS' COTTON JERSEYS—Trimmed in Navy and Maroon. All sizes, 26 to 32. Each **40c, 50c**

BOYS' BUTTON-ON-SHOULDER SWEATERS—In complete lines, comprising Cashmere and Worsted; sizes 26 to 34 only. Regular value, $1.75. Worth today, $2.25. Each **$1.19**

SEE WHAT YOU CAN SAVE

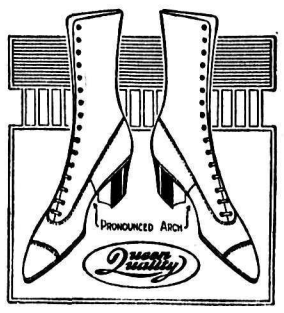
BOYS' FLANNELETTE PYJAMAS—A small quantity only. Regular value, 85c. Each **50c**

BOYS' TOP SHIRTS—Lay down collar; in complete lines; small sizes; White Duck and Tan Print. Values to 75c. To Clear **39c**

MEN'S BROWN DUCK COATS—Riveted buttons; double stitched seams; three pockets; very strong. Regular value, $1.25. Worth today, $1.50. Sizes 36 and 44. Today **85c**

FEATURING SOME EXCLUSIVE LINES IN

Men's and Women's High-Grade Footwear



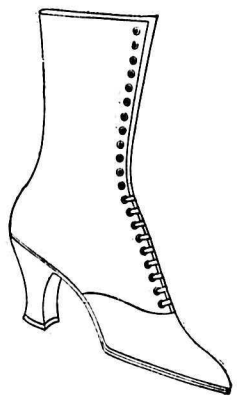
FOR PRESENT WEAR

THE "ASTORIA" SHOE FOR MEN

THE SHOE FOR SATISFACTION IN NEW MODELS—Gunmetal, Blucher cut, medium toe and rubber heels, goodyear welts and solid counters. Sizes 6 to 10½. Selling At Per Pair **$7.00**

ANOTHER GOOD MODEL—In Gunmetal, Blucher cut, solid leather; 'Varsity style, medium toe, goodyear welt. A boot you are proud to wear. Sizes 6 to 11. Selling At, Per Pair **$7.50**

AN EXTRA SPECIAL SHOE FOR THE MAN OF FASHION—Mahogany Brown, bal. top, pointed recede toe, plain eyelets, welted. Smart and neat fitting. Sizes 5 to 10. Selling At, Per Pair **$6.00**



HUDSON'S BAY VALUES IN WOMEN'S FOOTWEAR

FOR PRESENT AND EARLY FALL WEAR THIS BOOT COMMANDS YOUR ATTENTION—All Kid, in Black Only; the newest model, turn sole, medium high top, lace up style with French heels; sizes 2½ to 7. Selling at, Per Pair **$7.50**

ANOTHER PLEASING STYLE AND NEAT FITTER—We are showing a Patent Front and Quarter, Black Waterproof Cravenette Top, French heel; an extremely serviceable boot; sizes 3 to 6½. Selling at, Per Pair **$5.00**

LADIES' PATENT PUMPS—Colonial Style, with small silver medallion; Luxura last, with Louis heels. New model for Fall wear. Selling At, Per Pair **$5.00**

Bankrupt Stock for Sale

One 8-ft. Silent Salesman Show Case, cost	$100.00
One 8-ft. Marble Top Refrigerator Show Case, cost	200.00
Two 8-ft. Marble Top Counters, cost	80.00
One 8-ft. Counter, cost	30.00
One 12-ft. Counter, cost	40.00
One 6-ft. Counter, cost	10.00
One Toledo Computing Scale, cost	155.00
One Dayton Computing Scale, cost	55.00
One Cheese Cutter, cost	20.00
One Hobart Double Electric Power Coffee Mill, cost	300.00
One Cash Register, cost	100.00
One Cash Drawer, cost	10.00
One Typewriter Desk, cost	35.00
One Remington Typewriter, cost	40.00
One Empire Typewriter, cost	40.00

ANY OF THE ABOVE GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT HALF PRICE

J. E. ANNABLE, NELSON, B.C.

A Want Ad. is both cheap and efficient. Try it

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 25 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement.....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name .....

Address .....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage and allow five words extra for box number.

ICE

Phone 504

Delivered to any part of the City.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

J. B. L. Cascades

WE HAVE A SHIPMENT OF THE HIGHLY RECOMMENDED CASCADE. WE ALSO HAVE THE ANTISEPTIC POWDER.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Willard Chocolates.

Eastman Kodak Supplies

Place Your Orders Now for GREENHILL COAL

The most economical coal on the Market.

D. A. McFARLAND, Agent.

Insurance, Real Estate. Room 6, K. W. C. Block.

Telephone 49. P. O. Box 24

THE ARK

Turkish Towelling, yd.	15c, 20c
Tea Towelling, yd.	15c, 20c
Linen Towelling, yd.	12½c
Apron Gingham, yd.	18c, 20c
Bungalow Aprons, each	60c
Ladies' Combination Suit	75c
Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose, pr.	40c
Boys' Strong Hose, pr.	35c

See our Axminster and Wilton Rugs before Buying.

602-606 Vernon St. Phone 65L

J. W. HOLMES, Manager.

Rings and Brooches

THE MOST APPRECIATED GIFTS

We have the largest and finest display we have ever shown. Our jewelry is new and attractive—the designs and styles are beautifully executed.

WE SPECIALIZE IN ARTISTIC JEWELRY

A large selection of our jewelry is manufactured to our special design.

OUR PRICES ARE LOW.

J. O. Patenaude

ARTISTIC JEWELER.

BRITAIN HAS ONE HUNDRED AIRPLANE FACTORIES

LONDON.—The output of aircraft in Great Britain is increasing, according to Dr. Addison, minister of munitions. He stated that since last January, when the ministry became responsible to the flying services for supply, the program had been steadily and largely increased. It was still expanding, and no limit could be set to it until the country had enough airplanes and seaplanes, both for attack and defense.

"No fewer than 100 factories are engaged on some process or other connected with the construction and equipment of the flying machine," Dr. Addison said. "Output is increasing by leaps and bounds. If, for the purpose of comparison you put the number of airplanes produced in May, 1916, at 100, then in May of this year the number rose to rather more than 300. Even this rate of increase is being accelerated. The output in December will be twice what it was in April and the December total will be far surpassed in succeeding months. The number of airplane engines turned out monthly has been more than doubled this year already, and this total will be doubled again before the close of the year.

"A growing number of workers are employed in the airplane factories, the increase in the last five months being 25 per cent on the previous total. To meet the demand for labor special schools have been started all over the country, where a training of about two months qualifies a pupil to carry out some simple process in airplane manufacture."

Dr. Addison also declared that special difficulties had to be overcome. Speed, climbing power and armament have continually increased and improved.

"Where there is no finality there is a limit to standardization except in small details, and the problem of supervising the manufacture of our airplanes is correspondingly complicated," he said.

The minister stated that the variety of materials used in airplane manufacture has been a source of anxiety and the needs of the airplane enormous, almost passing belief. More spruce is wanted than the present annual output of the United States, more mahogany than Honduras can supply, all the linen of the type made in Ireland, and the whole of the alloyed steel produced in England can be used and to meet the needs of the air service for flax, the government had actually to provide the seed from which to grow the plant essential for its purpose.

GEM

Enid Bennett

Who pleased you so well in "Little Brother," in another play equally as good.

"PRINCESS OF THE DARK."

TRIANGLE COMEDY

"HIS RISE AND TUMBLE"

Saturday—Start of the great serial, "THE PURPLE MASK"

LAST SHIPMENT OF

Okanagan Apricots

"MONT GAMOT" VARIETY

Per Crate (4 baskets) $2.00

These Apricots are in fine condition for preserving

EARLY YELLOW TRANSPARENTS.

Per Crate $1.50

Six Pounds 25c

J.A. IRVING & Co.

"THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE"

CHILLIWACK MAN FOR MANUAL TRAINING

Nelson School Board Names J. W. Bennett—Exhibits to Be Made at Fall Fair

J. W. Bennett of Chilliwack has been appointed manual training instructor for the Nelson public school. He succeeds A. H. Webb, who has been appointed vocational instructor at the Balfour sanitarium for returned soldiers. The appointment of Mr. Bennett, who comes to Nelson with excellent recommendations, was confirmed at last night's meeting of the school board.

Exhibits of the work of the manual training and domestic science departments at the school will be made at the fall fair, it was announced. Displays of drawing and writing from other classes of the school will also be made as in past years.

Special prizes have been offered for domestic science exhibits by the fair association.

LIGHTNING STARTS NEW FOREST FIRES

Bad Conflagration Breaks Out Near Kaslo—Fire Fighting Costs $20,000

Bad forest fires have broken out near Kaslo as the result of fires from lightning a week ago Sunday. Fires are also burning at Sheep creek and at Davis creek in the Lardeau. The difficulties of fighting the fire are increased owing to the fact that they are very difficult of access. Nine men are fighting fires near Paulson, also caused by lightning.

Several men are watching the Sproule creek fire, which seems to be thoroughly under control.

It is estimated that the fighting of fires to date has cost $20,000.

ANSTIE CONVENTION PACKED, SAYS NELSON WOMAN DELEGATE

Mrs. Mohr Explains Why She Refused to Vote—Robert McAllister, Another Delegate, Declares Convention Should Have Inserted Word "Compulsion" in Winnipeg War Resolution Which It Adopted—He Had Motion Prepared but Saw Delegates Were Against Him—Dr. Wolverton Attacks Sifton and Says Laurier, Who Gave Hearty Approval to Resolutions, Never Saw Them Till They Appeared in Press—War Veteran Says Quebecers no Good for Returned Soldiers.

Reports from delegates to the Liberal convention at Revelstoke and the gathering of western Liberals at Winnipeg were presented at a meeting last night at the Liberal rooms, Vernon street, under the auspices of the Nelson Liberal association. E. W. Widdowson, president of the Nelson Liberal association, was in the chair.

Mr. Widdowson stated that the Revelstoke convention was satisfactory from the standpoint of Nelson. The association sent 10 delegates, he said, eight men and two women. At Revelstoke Conservatives joined with Liberals in extending a hearty welcome, he stated.

R. McAllister, a delegate, stated that he did not agree with the convention on one issue. He had a motion ready for committee but he noted the attitude of the convention and held back. It was framed with the object in view of putting the convention on record clearly in the matter of conscription. He said on that question party made no difference to him. Later in the evening in seconding a vote of thanks to Mr. Widdowson for his report, Mr. McAllister stated he thought all of the Winnipeg convention resolutions should have had the word compulsion written in them.

W. H. Jones, another delegate, expressed the opinion that the convention might have been all right in some respects but he thought that conventions had drifted away from what they had originally been intended for. There had been very little discussion. He thought there should have been more in order that the candidates might be able to get a comprehensive conception of the opinions of the districts. It struck him that there should be some way of getting fuller exchange of opinions.

Mrs. W. J. Mohr, delegate for the Womens' Liberal association, when asked to report wanted to know if there was any necessity of having a representative of The Daily News being present. Mr. Widdowson answered that he had discussed the point with Dr. Wolverton and the latter had said that it was a public meeting and thought that it was all right for the press to be represented. Mr. McAllister said that he was willing that his remarks should appear in print.

Mr. Widdowson stated that Mr. Anstie's attitude on conscription was that wealth and manpower should both be conscripted.

Mrs. Mohr, in explaining the failure of the local women representatives to support Anstie, said that neither of the nominees was acceptable to them. She said the meeting was packed and it was no use voting. She asked on behalf of the Womens Liberal association what qualifications Anstie had. Mr. Widdowson said he had the confidence of the majority of the delegates present.

Denies Machine Rule.

D.r Wolverton in arising to report on the convention of western Liberals at Winnipeg said he didn't care if 50 reporters were present. He said that The Nelson Daily News and other Conservative papers and one or two Liberal papers had assiduously written into the resolutions passed at the convention just what they wanted to find there. He had come to the conclusion that none of them understood the plainest of English. The doctor expressed the opinion that the Winnipeg convention was the greatest political convention ever held in Canada. A thousand delegates were in attendance. He had been informed that cables had been sent hourly to the imperial government informing it what had happened at the convention. He said that there was absolutely no foundation for the statements which had been made to the effect that the resolutions committee, and through it the whole convention, had been machine handled. The resolutions committee, of which the speaker was a member, had a wide outlook. It did not simply see Canada or British Columbia but the whole British Empire and the world in a conflict in which the civilization, democracy, freedom and justice of the universe was at stake, in a conflict in which the very British Empire itself hung in the balance. That committee and convention strove to take all facts into consideration in order that wise conclusions might be reached, he said. The greatest fact was that the British Empire was in the conflict. The question considered was how can we, as part of the greatest Empire, most effectively bring every part, every particle of resource of the Dominion of Canada into play for the successful carrying on of this great world conflict. He wanted to point out three great questions on which the delegates were unanimous. The first was the mobilizing of man and woman power and wealth by any means voluntary or compulsory—to mobilize every force necessary to winning the war.

The second question was that coalition government under Borden's leadership with Bob Rogers the dominating factor was absolutely unthinkable to the delegates who attended the convention.

Attacks Government.

The convention realized, said the speaker, that the present Dominion government had been placed in power by the monied interests of Canada and had made possible all the profiteering through three years of blood and might conscript blood, but never could conscript wealth. It was dominated by the Canadian Manufacturers' association and allied interests, said the speaker.

The convention was unanimously in favor of a national government that would represent all elements of Canada irrespective of party to carry the war to a glorious and successful finish. The speaker deprecated the action of the government in forming its policies before asking the Liberals to join a coalition administration.

Another fact before the convention was that Quebec was disaffected. Of course it was known how that was brought about, stated Dr. Wolverton. It had been fostered and nurtured for years for political purposes, he stated. The Nationalists had been lined up with the government and had spread disaffection in Quebec.

Another fact was that an election had been called. Ht had noted in Conservative papers and in one or two Liberal papers the expression of opinions to the effect that the Liberal party should drop party strife during the war. But no appeals had been made to the Conservative party to drop party strife, he said. The Liberals had been simply asked to come into the Conservative government, bolster it up and keep it in power.

The speaker said that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had nothing to do with formulating the platform adopted by the convention.— He did not know what it was until he had read it in the press, stated the speaker. It called for the putting forth of every possible effort to win the war—the conscripting of man power and wealth.

Balfour had told the American government that what the allies needed most in the order given were food, money, munitions and men. Italy and France had sent men over to the United States to advise the American government on the needs of the allies. But no such teps had been taken by the Canadian government.

Referring to the Turriff amendment advocating compulsion if necessary, the speaker stated that the words suggested as an amendment would only have resu..ed in reduplication or reiteration.

Dr. Wilverton said that the convention was unwilling to see the blood of our boys laid as a sacrifice on the altar of the country while those who had been made wealthy through profiteering should be allowed to go free. That was the fundamental reason why the Turriff amendment was voted down. Another reason was because it was felt that Turriff was a catspaw of Sir Clifford Sifton.

Says Sifton Wanted New Party

He accused Sir Clifford Sifton of intriguing to organize a sperate western Liberal party with himself as leader.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier had opposed conscription till it had been submitted to a referendum. His position was that the government existing under an extended term had no mandate from the peoplt to enforce conscription.

At this juncture Fred Roberts, president of the Nelson branch of the Great War Veterans' association said that the conscription act was fairer than the old militia act introduced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself. Mr. Roberts said that the old militia act called for both home defense and overseas service. Expressions of opinion were made that it did not.

Dr. Wolverton said that the delegation of returned soldiers which had waited on the convention had been prompted by Tory politicians.

The speaker stated that the convention endorsed Sir Wilfrid Laurier only on condition that he support its policy of devoting all energies to winning the war. The delegates thought that if the present act were enforced it would take more men to enforce it than could be supplied as reinforcements. He stated that if Sir Wilfrid were given a free hand he could line up Quebec's quota of men in 30 days.

Laurier No Good For Soldiers

Fred Roberts said that the feeling of every returned soldier who had ever put his foot in Quebec was that Sir Wilfrid or any other French Canadian was no good for the soldiers. Referrin gto the statement that the soldiers delegation which had waited on the convention at Winnipeg were inspired by Tory politicians, he stated that they were inspired by Quebec's attitude.

Alec Berry, secretary of the Great War Veterans association here, said that he hoped that meetings in which returned soldiers took part in discussions would be held with the one great aim in view.

Indian Agent Laird and Dr. J. Park of Edmonton, along with Provincial Constable F. Broadrib, had a close call to death at Grouard, Alta., when a bolt of lightning struck an Indian tepee close to them, killing a young half-breed, Charley Cunningham, who was inside. The fatality occurred on the Sucker creek reserve.

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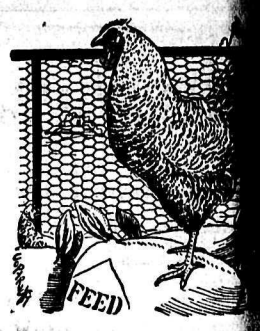

RAILWAY IS USING MORE BROWN BREAD

Observes Food Controller's Order and Goes Further by Sometimes Offering No White Bread

White bread is giving place on Canadian Pacific trains and steamers to brown bread, corn bread and other varieties which absorb less wheat, state travelers reaching Nelson.

An order of the food controller compels places serving more than 25 meals a day to supply non-white bread at all meals where white bread is served, thus enabling the patron to chose non-white bread if he so desires.

On Canadian Pacific coast steamers nothing but brown bread in some cases is being served.

For some time the company has ceased to serve veal, young pig, lamb and other meats whose use tends to accentuate the food shortage.

50 ENTER FOR NEW COMMERCIAL COURSE

Two Classes Will Be Formed at High School For New Feature of the Curriculum

Over 50 have entered for the commercial course which will be a feature of the curriculum at the Nelson high school when the fall term opens Sept. 4. Two classes will be formed, which will facilitate the organization of the classes in connection with the rest of the school work.

Arrangement for provision of equipment will be complete when the school opens, it was stated at last night's meeting of the school board.

DOUKHOBORS COMPLAIN THAT RANCHER THREATENS THEM

Sam Reibin, manager of the Doukhobor logging and lumber manufacturing activities in the Slocan valley, came to Nelson last night to complain to the provincial police that Andrew Broadman, a Lemon creek rancher, had made threats against Doukhobors employed at the mouth of the flume which carries poles into the Slocan river. The trouble appears to have been in connection with a boom across the river, which Reibin asserts Broadman cut, allowing the poles to run down the river.

SCHOOL HOLIDAYS EXTENDED ONE WEEK

Educational Institutions in British Columbia Will Not Reopen Until After Labor Day

Public and high school holidays have been extended for one week. Schools in the province will therefore not open until Sept. 4. Instructions to this effect have been received by the Nelson school board in the form of a notice from Alexander Robinson, superintendent of education. The change in date to Sept. 4 extends the holidays until the day following Labor day.

WANTS NORMAL SCHOOL HERE

Nelson school board last night decided to petition the provincial government to establish a normal school at Nelson to meet the needs of the large number of students from the southern interior who now have to go to Victoria to take courses as teachers.

Social and Personal

F. W. Gordon, Vancouver, is a guest at the Strathcona.

William Clarke, Creston, is a guest at the Nelson.

W. E. Davis, Vancouver, is registered at the New Grand.

H. P. Harrison, Winnipeg, is staying at the Queens.

Thomas Halson Lethbridge is a guest at the Grand Central.

C. V. Edwards and wife, Porto Rico, are registered at the Hume.

Mrs. James Malcolm left last night for a short visit to Salmon Arm.

G. F. Hawkins and wife of Balfour have gone to Victoria for a short stay.

T. French and wife were passengers on the Canadian Pacific for Halcyon.

Miss Irene Laughton left last Friday on a two weeks' visit to Vancouver and Victoria.

Born, on Aug. 19, to Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Blumenauer of New Denver, B.C., a daughter.

J. D. Fletcher left on the Kettle Valley train for Vancouver to attend the exhibition.

Mrs. Hugh Ross and George Horstead are the members of the Nelson school board selected at last night's meeting to attend the annual meeting of the British Columbia school trustees which will be held at Nanaimo early in October.

A. C. Dee of Crawford Bay who has been home on furlough from Europe, left on the Nasookin en route to Montreal and Europe.

W. J. McKim left this morning on the Nasookin for a trip to Spokane, Seattle, Victoria and Vancouver, returning over the Kettle Valley.

Mrs. W. W. West and son left Nelson last night for a two months' visit to Banff and Calgary and will join her mother and sister at Banff.

Harry Stephenson, former mill man with the Consolidated at Ainsworth, and who enlisted with a Kootenay battalion, writes that he is enjoying excellent health.

BORIS HAMBOURG DELIGHTS NELSON

Great Russian Violinist is Heard at Opera House—Boy Pianist and Baritone Contribute

Boris Hambourg, the great violinist, delighted a Nelson audience at the opera house last night. The success of the recital was contributed to by Gerald Moore, a boy pianist, and Laurence Lambert, baritone.

Beginning with four whimsical dishes of whipped cream, Arensky's Humoresque, the "Walther Song" from Wagner's "Meistersinger's," Popper's "Elves' Dance" and Mark Hambourg's "Folk Song," the great Russian cellist held a charmed audience with the spell of a master who is married to his instrument and who knows its foibles, its talmanic virtues, its sacred confidences, the meaning and majesty of its lightest whispers.

In this banquet of hors d'auvres the Elves of Popper's weird and crowded landscape brought out a beautiful and humorous quality in the 'cello player which perhaps differentiates him from all living votaries of that most electric instrument. Hambourg's gift of subjective tender fun is at once the secret of power over the audience, and the sign manual of first class and first hand musicianship.

In interpretering his fellow countryman, Tschaikowski's "Variations on a Rococo Theme," the player let himself go. There were staccatos of velvet quality; the bass string in certain passages almost of demonic terror was ever a "gentle monster." Where many famous players insist on letting it bark, Hambourg makes it speak, and speak always in the color which suggests wind in the spaces of the stars rather than the fringe of tortured branches in a storm. It was a wonderful performance, catching the Russian master's most modern attitude towards the sweet, stiff theme of the 18th century, at one moment bending before it in reverence, at another bending its pompous austerity to the spirit of liberty and of today.

Lambert's voice is of the robust and dramatic type, with a rich, resonant upper register, verging almost into the tenor quality. He has a range up to high A, which enables him to use much more varied repertoire than is possible to the baritone with a more limited range. His distinct enunciation and clear pianissimo tones greatly pleased the audience.

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WEST'S GENERAL BUSINESS NOW SLOWING DOW

CHICAGO, Ill. — General busine conditions are running on at a som what slackened pace, according to be authorities and this state of affairs accounted for partly because of th many uncertainties in connection wi the war situation, but the usual mi summer dullness is also responsible the smaller volume in certain lines, far as the industries of the country concerned there appears to be no slac ening of activity in that direction it is well known that these concer are operating heavily under gover ment orders. The whole situation, ho ever, is surrounded by the disquieti labor difficulties, the latter being only imparted to the industrial sit tion, but to the railroads as well. It believed that it will be a long ti before the labor question is not source of anxiety to both of the m tioned branches of trade and co merce.

Fortunately, on the other hand, crop situation is proving to be a m favorable thing for the business int ests of the country to look upon. Th is now a proposect of abundan whereas a few weeks ago a scarc was predicted.

Traffic returns of leading railro reflect that business not as heavy a fortnight ago, the comparisons tonnage with that of a year ago narrowing down to a point where level is just steady and a year ago same conditions were not affect general business as at this time. H ever, there is a better understand now concerning food regulation, g ernmental price fixing and financ affairs generally. This may result a better busines ssituation when usual fall activities are resumed.

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