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The Daily News

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BREWSTER COMPLAINS HE IS HOUNDED BY JOB HUNTERS

Worries Make Him Recall Troubles of Lincoln

PRAISES CIVIL SERVICE BILL

Delivers Dissertation on Evils of Patronage System

(By Staff Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, VICTORIA, B.C., March 26.—Premier Brewster spoke this afternoon on the civil service bill. It was in fact a civil service field day in the house, the discussion taking up practically the whole of the sitting. In addition to the premier Hon. J. D. McLean, George Bell of Victoria and Dr. McIntosh of Vancouver spoke on the measure. It was Dr. McLean's maiden speech in the house, and his personal popularity among the members insured him a sympathetic hearing from both sides.

In the course of his address the premier, touched on the manner in which he and his colleagues were being hounded by party job-hunters. He quoted Lincoln as having said during the Civil War that office seekers demanded all his time and in reply to a New York delegation seeking the post office that "It is not the affairs of the nation that worry me but your pesky postoffice."

"I have some sympathy with Lincoln for the pressure on the executive and ministry by those who think they are entitled to some office because they have rendered party service, is a heavy burden," said Mr. Brewster.

He paid a tribute to Prof. Adam Shortt, who he said had "practically drafted the bill" and mentioned that he believed some amendments might be made. He considered it one of the best bills ever presented to any legislature.

Attacks Party Patronage.

The premier launched into a history of civil service reform in Britain and the United States and attacked party patronage as meaning preference on the basis of politics rather than efficiency. He declared that patronage was bad for the public, bad for the officials and bad for the party which practised it. He had been told that if he abolished patronage he would break up the party and retorted that if this were so he would take the risk of having to go before the people for support. He devoted considerable attention to the argument that patronage was not in the interests of the administration employing it. Dealing with the bill itself, he said it provided for appointment and promotion on the merit basis and announced it was intended to reorganize the whole service, dismissing those who were not approved by the commission.

Party patronage he characterized as resulting in "degeneracy" in that it caused men to do in public life what they would not do in private life.

The premier told the house he had heard it said that the government was no better than the people. "My view is that the man on the treasury bench has a right to employ personal views on moral issues. We have a right to stand up for our view and if the people won't follow, then it is our duty to go out and educate the people to a higher standard," he declared.

Opinion Differs.

There was a difference of opinion as to whether one or more commissioners should administer the act. In this connection he had been advised that in boards of more than one man one commissioner usually controlled them. A man of outstanding ability was needed. Candidates for positions would be offered to ministers by the commission in order of merit, and in order of merit they would be selected, he said. If efficient, soldiers would have the preference.

Dr. MacLean heartily approved the bill. He supported a one man commission and argued that the commissioner would be in a strong position because while appointed by the government of the day he could be dismissed only by the legislature. General qualifications as well as answers to examination papers would govern the selection of candidates. Enlarging on the power of the commissioner, Dr. MacLean made the assertion that if the commissioner were interfered with by a cabinet minister he would reprimand the minister.

W. J. Bowser interrupted with a question as to what section of the new act gave that power.

Dr. MacLean replied that it naturally followed, although he would not say it was in the act. He said it was in accord with the principles of the act and 'constitutional government" that this should be done.

Mr. Bowser smiled.

Continuing Dr. McLean said the day of appointment as a reward for political services was over and that he believed the cost of the civil service could be reduced by pruning the number of employees. Some work was duplicated, he asserted.

Mr. Bell said it was a "comprehensive and common sense measure."

Dr. McIntosh Warns Government.

Dr. McIntosh approved the bill, but warned the government that it should not go ahead and fill positions with party supporters but should wait till the measure was effective. He suggested that a judge, whose impartiality and other good qualities had been proved on the banch, should be named commissioner. "We must have a man beyond reproach," he said.

POISON WAS GIVEN TO HEIR APPARENT

Extraordinary Explanation Given of Mysterious Influence Monk Had Over Russian Royal Family.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, March 25, via London, March 26.—The superstitious belief that the health and even the life of Grand Duke Alexis, the young heir apparent, depended on the presence of Gregory Rasputin, the mystic monk, a notion which is generally known to have accounted for Rasputin's tremendous influence over the imperial family, is explained in the following extraordinary manner by the Russky Slovo:

Rasputin, according to the newspaper, stated in confidence to friends at convivial moments that he was able to fortify the superstition with the help of Madame Virubova, lady in waiting to the empress, and M. Badmaef, court physician, until the empress was absolutely convinced that the life of her son depended on the monk. Whenever Rasputin was absent for any length of time from the court Madame Virubova, according to the monk's story, as given by the newspaper, obtained poisonous powders from the physician and contrived to place them in food brought to Alexis. The result was that during Rasputin's absence the delicate health of the young heir apparent grew steadily worse until Rasputin was summoned back to the court when the powders were stopped and Alexis became immediately better. Rasputin always announced that 40 days after his death Alexis would fall ill. This prophecy came true with startling accuracy, being caused, the newspaper declares, by Madame Virubova administering another powder to the little grand duke in the hope of continuing the tradition of Rasputin's influence over the imperial family and preparing the way for a successor to him.

EDINBURGH WILL HONOR BORDEN

Freedom of the Capital of Scotland to Be Conferred on Canadian Premier

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 26.—Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues are occupied every day with the war cabinet and war conference. Their duties involve a great deal of necessary preparation of a large mass of documents dealing with important subjects which have to be considered.

It is expected that the sittings will be continued till April, after a brief Easter intermission, during which the premier will visit Camps Bramshott and Witley, after which he will leave for Edinburgh to receive the freedom of that city and a degree in the university. Later visits to other centres will take place. A large number of invitations to speak at various points in Great Britain have been received, but as the work in connection with the cabinet and war conference is his first duty, the premier has had to decline a number of these invitations.

LOAN OVERSUBSCRIBED TO EXTENT OF $100,000,000

Finance Minister Thanks People of Canada for Magnificent Response to Appeal

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 26.—The third Canadian war loan raised in the Dominion has been oversubscribed to the extent of $100,000,000. The government called for $150,000,000 and $250,000,000 has been subscribed. This is exclusive of conversions of other Canadian bonds. Only the amount authorized will be accepted so that the banks will not receive any part of the $60,000,000 of subscriptions offered by them, while other large subscriptions will be considerably scaled down.

Including the loan just floated, the amount subscribed by the Canadian people and accepted in the three loans totals $350,000,000.

Sir Thomas White, minister of finance, tonight gave out the following:

"While it will be some days before all applications in the mails and now on their way from all parts of Canada will come to hand, we are able to announce officially that the loan has been oversubscribed by $100,000,000. This means that the banks will receive no part of their $60,000,000 of subscriptions and that the other large subscriptions will be substantially scaled down on allotment. This will make for a very strong financial and market situation, as Canadian liquid bank funds will be conserved for the general purpose of the community and

(Continued on Page Two.)

DOYLE OF CRESTON MADE NEW SHERIFF

Cabinet Gives Kootenay Post to Hotelman

VETERAN OF WAR IS PASSED OVER

New Official Faithfully Worked for Liberals at Election

(By Staff Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, Victoria, March 26.—J. H. Doyle of Creston has been appointed sheriff of Kootenay in succession to the late S. P. Tuck, who died last September. Mr. Doyle has run the King George hotel in Creston for some years, and formerly tended bar at Cranbrook. He served in the Northwest rebellion.

Hon. M. A. Macdonald, attorney-general, announced the appointment tonight. He said that Sergt. Robert Quin, a returned soldier, whom thousands of people in Kootenay petitioned should be given the sheriffship, had been offered the deputy game wardenship. "That job is still open to him," he said, following his announcement that the sheriffship had been handed to the Creston hotel man, who is a well known Liberal and supported that party faithfully in the general election.

Liberals here defend the appointment on the ground that Quin is not physically fit for the position, but they do not explain why if he is not physically fit for the comparatively easy sheriff's work the government should consider him fit to perform the arduous duties of game warden.

RAILROADS RAISE TARIFF CHARGES

General Increase of 20 Per Cent Provided for in Class and Community Freight

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, March 26.—The Canadian railroads have issued new tariffs providing for a general increase in class and commodity freights by rail and water, amounting to 20 per cent. These increases, it is stated, become effective on April 2 and April 23. Practically nothing has been said in a public way about the new schedules, which have been issued by the railways and the shipping interests of the country have only little more than a week in which to study the new tariffs and make their protests if they care to do so. The people of the west should be especially interested in view of the decision of the Dominion railway boord in the western rates case three years ago, ordering a reduction in class rates from the head of the lakes to points in Saskatchewan and Alberta. The increases in class rates to become effective on April 2 are outlined as follows:

Tariffs have been issued by the railways increasing the class rates to Fort William, Port Arthur and Westfort as follows: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 classes, 10, 9, 7, 6, 5 cents a hundred pounds.

These increases are to apply from all points east thereof.

Tariff No. 2, rail and water, to be effective April 23, has been issued by George C. Ransom, chairman, Canadian Freight association, Montreal, advancing the class rates as follows:

From all points east of the lakes to all points west of Port Arthur: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 classes, 6, 3, 3, 3, 2 cents a hundred pounds.

It has been intimated that it is the intention later to increase all "all rail" points west of Fort William and Port Arthur, and thus maintain the present difference between "all rail" and "lake and rail" class rates. Advice has been received that hereafter all tariffs to points west of the lakes will be issued by George C. Ransom, chairman, Canadian Freight association, on behalf of all the railways.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE TURKISH POSITIONS

Place Further Menace in Way of Enemy Retreating Before British Troops

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, March 26.—Still another crossing of the Persian frontier into Turkey has been effected by the Russians, who have entered the vilayet of Mosul, through which flows the Tigris river, along which the British are still in pursuit of the Turks retreating from Bagdad. To the southeast, on the Turco-Persian frontier, near Khankikan, the Russians have captured the Turkish fortifications at Kalachabin, thereby placing a further menace in the way of the Turks, making their way up the Diala river before the British.

In the Austro-Italian and Macedonian theatres the situation is unchanged.

39 VESSELS SUNK BY SUBS.

37 Trawlers Also Sent to the Bottom

HOSPITAL SHIP AMONG VICTIMS

Berlin Report Claims Biplane Annihilated by U-Boat

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BERLIN, via Sayville, March 26.—The sinking of 25 more steamships, 14 sailing vessels and 37 trawlers with an aggregate gross tonnage of 80,000, in the last few days is announced by the admiralty. The statement follows:

"In addition to the losses of ships already published in March, German submarines during the last few days sank 25 steamers, 14 sailing ships and 37 trawlers, with a total gross tonnage of 80,000. On March 9 a German submarine annihilated by cannon fire a British biplane in the English channel. The ships which were sunk are:

"Brika, British, 3549 tons gross, armed; Denpark, British, 1960 tons, armed; Granton, British watchship, with the herring trawler, G. N. 34 in tow; Lynimel, British, 1314 tons; Menonon, British, 3203 tons; Asturias, British, hospital ship, 1200 tons; St. Joseph, British sailing ship, 82 tons.

"Robert Rivend, Jessmaine, Gratia, Lentilly, Hyacinthe, Cass Intercourse, Melly, Ena, Kestrel, Reindeer, Forget Me Not, all British trawlers.

"The following French ships were sunk: Sully, barkue, 2649 tons; Homarne, Eugene Ajbert, Anais, 130 tons; Madeline, Davoast, schooners.

"Adieu-Va, 64 tons; Marie Louise from Fecamp and Marie Louise, St. Paul and the American sailing ships Martha Yvonne and Cordouan, pilot schooners.

"Petit Jean, Henry Louis, Lieu de Garde, Nosal, Rupella, Louis Fourteenth, Pentilieu, Juliette, Camille Emile, L. R. 1289, L. R. 1329, Madeline Felicite, Madonna and Entente Cordiale, trawlers.

"The following Italian vessels were sunk: Medusa, steamer of about 1000 tons (1214 tons).

"The following Norwegian vessels were sunk: Solferino, 155 tons; Wilfrid, 1121 tons; Girda, 1824 tons; Blaamanden, 954 tons; Ronald, 3021 tons; Expedit, 680 tons; Frink, 1083 tons; Einar Gari, 849 tons, steamers.

"Efeu, sailing vessel of about 500 tons (not listed).

American Steamers Sunk.

The following American steamers were sunk: Illinois, 5225 tons; City of Memphis, 5252 tons.

"The following Spanish steamer was sunk: Viviana, 3122 tons,

"The following Dutch steamer was sunk: Lacampine, 2595 tons.

"Ships destroyed, the names of which are unknown either because they were not identified during a night attack or because they had no name on the side, are as follows:

"Unidentified steamer with cargo, about 3000 tons gross, sunk by torpedo in the midst of a convoy; armed British steamer of about 3000 tons; steamer of 3500 tons; tanker of about 2500 tons three-masted schooner of 300 tons and three British and two French fishing cutters.

"With these ships, so far as is known up to this time, were destroyed among other things, 34,000 tons of coal, the greater part of which was on the way to France; 3000 tons of kerosene oil, 3300 tons of ore from Huelva to West Hartlepool; 3300 tons of grain and 900 tons of provisions besides sank with the trawlers."

A German submarine made an unsuccessful attempt to torpedo the British hospital ship Asturias off Havre in February of 1915. Quick maneuvering by the captain enabled the ship to avoid the torpedo. Subsequently, the German government said the vessel had been mistaken for a troop ship and expressed regret for the attack. The British admiralty responded that under the circumstances there could have been no possibility of such a blunder. The sinking of the American steamships Illinois and City of Memphis was reported from London March 18.

No French sailing vessel Marie Louise St. Paul is listed. There are several ships named American, but maritime records show none of French registry. Shipping lists give an American schooner, Marie Louise, and an American ship St. Paul, but the wording of the German report is such as to indicate they were of French register. The sinking of the Menonon was reported on March 15. Six men were killed. Three Americans on board were saved.

The Dutch tank steamer Lacompine was commanded by an American captain, Gustave Claude. American consul at Rotterdam on March 22 reported to the state department that the vessel had been sunk by gunfire from a German submarine on March 13, while in the North sea safety zone. The crew was saved.

MACKENZEN TO REORGANIZE SHATTERED TURKISH ARMY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 26.—Field Marshal August von Mackenzen of the German army, according to a despatch from Berne has arrived at Constantinople to reorganize the Turkish army.

THREE MORE POSITIONS ARE TAKEN BY ALLIED FORCES

SHATTERED TOWNS CELEBRATE LIBERTY

Joyous French People Contrive to Make Brave Display With Countless Flags

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, March 25, via London, March 26.—(From a Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press.)—The shattered French towns evacuated by the Germans celebrated today their first Sunday of liberty in two and a half years. It was a brave showing they made. Countless French flags fluttered in the sunshine from both ruined and half-ruined homes and the women, old men and children who had passed through such a long ordeal of captivity strolled through the uptorn streets dressed in the best clothes they could muster. The unconquerable French genius for dress revealed itself even in such pathetic bits of finery as the women could find.

Here and there groups of soldiers gathered to listen to the graphic stories of the natives concerning their experiences under German rule. The villagers dwelt particularly on the time of terror which immediately preceded the departure of their enemies. All civilians were herded into certain buildings, from which they heard explosions and saw the fires which testified that their little homes were being destroyed. The towns where the inhabitants of the region were concentrated by the Germans were only half razed, while the outlying villages were completely burned down. In this way half of a town was spared to about 10 villages completely destroyed.

Despite the devastation and ruin, many French peasants returned today to the sites of their former homes seeking temporary shelters and bringing bits of furniture with which to begin life anew. They were not downcast, but cheerful and almost gay in the enjoyment of their new liberty. In Roye a triumphal arch was constructed of evergreens and lavishly decorated with tricolors as welcome to the homecomers. In the distance could be heard the reverberating echoes of the big guns, but the ceaseless booming was ignored by the people in the liberated zone, who seemed to think that the war must be over.

FRENCH REGAIN TRENCH TAKEN

Counter Attack in Monastir Region Successful—British Raid Foe and Take Prisoners.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, March 26.—"Sunday, east of Lake Doiran," said tonight's official French war office communication, with regard to operations in Macedonia, "a raid by the British troops permitted them to bring back prisoners.

"In the region of Monastir, the enemy having caused the evacuation on March 24 by means of jets of liquid flames, of one of our trenches, which he occupied, was later driven out by a counter attack.

"There was intermittent cannonading along the front on March 25."

BOMBS WERE MADE ON GERMAN LINER

Were for Destroying Ships Carrying Munitions to Allies, According to Court Evidence

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, March 26.—Testimony indicating that bombs used to destroy or damage entente munitions carrying ships at sea were made on one of the German merchant liners tied-up at Hoboken, was introduced by the government today at the trial of Charles von Kleist and five other Germans.

The defendants are alleged to have placed incendiary bombs on ships leaving United States ports. Federal counsel read a statement declared to have been made to the fire marshal by Ernest Becker, one of the six on trial, at the time of his arrest nearly a year ago. Becker, a deck electrician on the German merchant ship Friedrich der Grosse, is alleged to have identified, in the marshal's presence, a bomb found on a munitions ship as one he had made in his workshop on the German liner. He was said to have told also of taking a satchel of bombs on a ferry boat at midday from Hoboken to a New York pier. Becker, in the statement introduced today, is alleged to have implicated several of the other defendants as his assistants in bomb-making.

FATALLY SHOT WHEN FIGHTING NEGRO BURGLAR

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 26.—Harold Ellis Yarnall, secretary-treasurer of the Midland Valley railway and prominent socially, died early today from a bullet wound received while defending his wife from the attack of a negro burglar at their home here last night. Mr. Yarnall, who was 51 years old, was rushed to a hospital at once and an operation was performed about midnight. He died three hours later.

FRENCH WIN IN OPEN WARFARE

Carry Strongly Defended Position and Hold It Despite Desperate Counter Attacks.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AT THE FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, March 25, via Paris, March 24.—(From a Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press.)—French troops had a chance today to show their dash and skill in semi-open fighting and took ample advantage of it. At the southern pivot of the so-called Hindenburg line, which is supposed to be at Vailly, they came to grips on several occasions with the German forces, who attempted to make a stand on the edge of the Croy plateau, which is a strong point. The Associated Press correspondent watched today's engagement from a nearby height, and saw the French soldiers gradually push away the Germans and attain the points they were seeking to occupy with a precision little short of marvelous. The French had kept close at the heels of the retiring Germans since they quit Soissons, never giving them a moment's respite until the pursuers occupied the sort of triangle formed by the three points of Crouy, Missiy-sur-Aisne and Pont Rouge on the Manbeuge road. At the last named place the Germans evidently expected to cease their retirement, as was shown by their abandoning the useless work of sawing down the fruit trees.

It was this wanton devastation by the Germans in the country around Soissons and other places which so incensed the French infantry, composed mostly of peasants and farmers, that they could scarcely be restrained from a desperate rush forward after the retreating foe. But prudence prevailed and careful handling enabled them to eventually capture from the Germans many positions which had been prepared for a stern defense, such as Veuillery and Pont Rouge.

Carry and Hold Position.

As the correspondent watched the countryside not a vestige could be seen of the advancing men on foot. They tricked through under cover of the brushwood until they had assembled in sufficient strength and near enough for striking a blow. Meanwhile German airmen circled overhead unable to locate them. Then an inferno of artillery fire broke forth from the French guns, after which a final spurt by the infantry carried the position, which on this occasion was a big farm house near Margival. This was held in the face of desperate counter attacks. The Germans themselves held few trenches in this vicinity, relying for the most part on organized centers of resistance and heavy artillery.

The correspondent had come up from Soissons through a territory laid waste as had been the countryside wherever the Germans had been forced to evacuate. Soissons itself is still bombarded almost daily and the final effort before the Germans left the adjacent trenches on March 18 was an endeavor to set fire to the town and the much battered cathedral. The latter was showered with incendiary shells, but those died out without affecting the heavy stone roof. The remainder of the cathedral had been much damaged during a previous bombardment and a German officer's diary found in an abandoned battery position shows that the attempt to destroy it was methodical. The French troops are enthusiastic over their recent successes in open warfare in this vicinity, one of the most brilliant features of which was the capture of Pont Rouge by the famous Alpine rifle corps.

M'PHERSON NOT AN UNCLE OF J. T. SCOTT

(By Staff Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, VICTORIA, B.C., March 26.—"R. G. McPherson states that he is not an uncle of John T. Scott and resents the insult implied in the question," is the answer of Premier Brewster to questions as to whether Mr. McPherson had been boosted for the job of civil service commissioner and if he were an uncle of Scott. McPherson is postmaster at Vancouver. Scott has claimed McPherson as his uncle.

FRENCH TROOPS NOW MENACING LA FERE

British Capture Village of Lagnicourt

Huns Stiffen Resistance in St. Quentin Sector

(By Associated Press.)

Three additional villages have fallen into the hands of the British and French troops operating against the Germans between Arras and Soissons in France. One village was taken by the British and two were captured by the French. Lagnicourt, situated about six miles northwest of Bapaume, fell into the hands of the British. Folembray and La Feuille, in the Basse Foret de Coucy region at the base of the salient that has been driven into the German lines at La Fere, are now in the hands of Gen. Nivelle's forces.

The French also have gained some additional terrain north of Soissons but no important changes in position have occurred in the St. Quentin sector, where the Germans apparently are stiffening their line to keep down fresh inroads by the French. Paris reports the dispersal of German assemblages in this district by the artillery fire of the French.

French raiding and bombing operations continue on the remainder of the western front, although there also have been violent artillery duels on various sectors, especially east of Dixmude and Steenstraet in Belgium. Considerable aerial activity is still in progress between the British and Germans. London reports the forcing down by British airmen of five German airplanes east of Neuville-St. Vaast and Armentieres, but says that seven British airplanes failed to return to their bases.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 26.—Tnonight's official statement reads:

"This morning we attacked and captured the village of Lagnicourt.

"North of the Bapaume-Cambrai road we took 30 prisoners and a machine gun. During the afternoon the enemy delivered determined attacks from the east anrd northeast, but were driven off. The bombing attacks were caught in the open by our artillery and failed to develop.

"Another bombing attack made during the night on our posts north of Beaumetz-les-Cambrai was repulsed. Parties of the enemy who endeavored to apprcach our lines in the neighborhood of Fauquissart and west of Ypres were dispersed by machine gun fire.

"There was considerable artillery activity today by both sides.

"East of Neuville-St. Vaast and Armentieres there was much fighting in the air on Sunday, in the course of which two German machines were brought down and three others driven down damaged. Seven of our airplanes are missing.

French Win Two Towns.

PARIS, March 26.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"North of the Somme there have been no essential changes. Between the Somme and the Oise our artillery dispersed enemy assemblies between Bnay and Urvillers, St. Quentin sector.

"South of the Oise we made important progress in the Basse-Foret de Cousy. Notwithstanding the difficulties of the terrain and the spirited resistance of the enemy, our troops occupied Folembray and La Feuilles.

"North of Soissons we made progress in the region of Vregny."

Belgians Enter Trenches.

PARIS, March 26.—The Belgian official communication issued here tonight reads:

"Sunday night a Belgian detachment

(Continued on Page Two.)

AUSTRALIA IN THROES OF GENERAL ELECTION

Bitter Campaign Being Fought Between Supporters of Hughes Government and Labor Party.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MELBOURNE, March 26.—Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—This country is in the throes of a general election. Most of the members of the federal parliament have gone to their constituencies to open the campaign, which will be bitterly fought between the supporters of the Hughes government and the Labor party, which broke away from Hughes on the conscription issue.

Mr. Hughes, who has been offered 32 seats, has decided to contest Bendigo, and makes an important speech there next Thursday.

Mr. Tudor, ex-minister of customs, now leader of the opposition, has issued an electoral address stating that if elected the Labor party will do its utmost under the voluntary system to secure every fit man for the front. It will also extend shipbuilding and help the allies by stimulating food production. A system of tariff revision will be immediately adopted with a view to protecting Australian manufacturers.

Mr. Tudor views the daylight saving scheme as a vexatious measure and promises its repeal and also says that war profits will be further taxed.

"We will again," the address continues, "submit to a referendum, the proposal to extend the powers of the commonwealth parliament, and we will provide pensions for widows and orphans."

Mr. Tudor opposes a compulsory levy on wealth, favoring instead revenue by income tax. He declares that the decisions of the imperial conference affecting Australia should be submitted to a central parliament for ratification.

The ministerialists are confident of a majority in the lower house, but it is generally felt that the result in the senate is doubtful.

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CASTLEGAR, B. C.
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Overland train to coast leaves here daily at 8:50 a. m. Excellent accommodation for drummers. Nice place to spend a weekend. Rates, $2.00 and $2.50 per day. American plan.

PHOENIX HOTELS

When in Phoenix Stop at the
Queen's Hotel
Nicely Furnished Rooms. First class meals. Rates from $1.25.

SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS AT
Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium
And Stock up With Health.

If you suffer from muscular, inflammatory, sciatic or any other form of rheumatism, or from metallic poisoning of any sort don't delay. Come at once and get cured. Most complete and best arranged bathing establishment on the continent. All departments under one roof, steam heated and electric lighted.

Rates: $2.50 per day or $15 per week
DAVIS & DAVIS, Props.
Halcyon, Arrow Lakes, B. C.

LONG WAR BETTER THAN FOOLISH PEACE

Hon. Robert Rogers, Speaking at Leeds, Denounces Terms Proposed by Germany.

(By Canadian Associated Press.)

LONDON, March 26.—Hon. Robert Rogers, one of the Canadian representatives at the imperial conference, speaking at Leeds today, said:

"While all long for peace, it is better that we should have a long war now than a foolish and indeterminate peace. Peace such as Germany proposed a short time ago would only place upon our shoulders the burden of feverishly preparing for a future and probably an early assault upon our national life again.

"From what I know and understand I assure you the heart of the Empire is sound. From what I understand of the revelations in the councils I attended there is every reason for the greatest possible hope that the day is not far distant when the principles for which we took up arms will achieve a grand and glorious victory."

THREE MORE POSITIONS ARE TAKEN BY ALLIES

(Continued from Page One.)

entered German trenches near Steenstraet. After inflicting losses on the enemy and destroying his works the detachment returned to Belgian lines with some prisoners. Spirited artillery actions occurred today in the direction of Dixmude and Steenstraet."

URGE ADOPTION OF IMPERIAL PREFERENCE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 26—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—A meeting of the members of the house of lords and house of commons supporting the principle of imperial preference today adopted the following motion:

"Resolved, that in view of the Paris economic conference resolutions of 1916 and of the fact that Lord Balfour of Burleigh's committee reported in favor of the adoption of a policy of preference in treaties with the allies, to request the government to submit the Paris resolutions and the report of Lord Balfour of Burleigh's committee to the imperial war cabinet, and the conference further requests the government to set up forthwith machinery to give effect to the resolutions and carry out the policy of imperial preference in accordance with the announcement of former Premier Asquith to parliament in February, 1916, and that we do not intend to wait for peace to give effect to the Paris resolutions."

ONTARIO MAY HAVE ELECTION VERY SOON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, March 26.—The Free Press Ottawa correspondent, in a despatch tonight, says:

"Persistent rumors are in circulation at Ottawa to the effect that Sir William Hearst, premier of Ontario, contemplates a dissolution of the legislature and a general election at an early date."

NO INDIGESTION, GAS, OR STOMACH MISERY IN FIVE MINUTES

'Pape's Diapepsin' for sour, acid stomach, heartburn, dyspepsia

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from any stomach misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handly to give the quickest, surest relief known.

PROPOSALS TO CHANGE RULE OF ROAD IN PROVINCE ARE SHELVED

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE OF LEGISLATURE DEFERS FOR YEAR SUGGESTIONS TO MAKE IT CONFORM WITH RULE IN U. S. AND THE WESTERN PROVINCES—AMENDMENTS TO WAR RELIEF ACT FAVORED—MEMBERS FOR NELSON OND VANCOUVER ASKED TO LOOK INTO PROPOSAL THAT GOVERNMENT TAKE OVER THE TRANQUILLE SANITARIUM.

(By Staff Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, VICTORIA, B.C., March 26.—Proposals to change British Columbia's rule of the road to conform with that of the United States and the other western provinces of Canada were shelved by the municipal committee. Chairman George Bell said *that the change would have to come* as British Columbia could not expect to force the adjacent provinces and states to join in its splendid isolation of the "Turn to the Left" rule. He though, however, that the matter was too large a one for the new legislature to take and suggested that it be left over for one year. F. J. Stacpoole, K.C., parliamentary agent for the British Columbia Electric Railway put in a plea against the change on the ground that it would cost that company $400,000 to alter its equipment, rolling stock and tracks to fit a "turn to the right" law.

The committee adopted in principal a proposal to remove the necessity for sending out both tax and assessment notices on the ground that it meant a duplication of work and expense, but decided to leave the matter until next year. In the meantime the Union of B. C. Municipalities will be asked to draw up a new section to cover the change.

To save trouble in land registry offices and at the same time keep city officials in possession of information as to changes of ownership of property and the nationality of the new owners the government will be asked to instruct its land registry officials to give cities duplicate forms of all applications for changes of title, whether by sale or outright or agreement for sale.

It was agreed that such a plan would be of great benefit to the cities, in that it would enable them to keep their assessment rolls up to date and at the same time give them information for making up voters' list of assessed owners, while it would also save registry offices from losing time through search of their records by civic officials.

Registry Office Conveyances.

The committee accepted a proposal that registry offices should not issue conveyances for property unless applicants produced a certificate from the tax collector stating that arrears had been paid. The change was accepted on the ground that anyone able to purchase property should be able to pay taxes.

Reeve Fraser of Burnaby told the committee that his municipality had $600,000 in arrears of taxes and that it would be of assistance if transfers of property should be made contingent upon payment of arrears. Reeve Bridgman of North Vancouver, spoke strongly in favor of the amendment on the ground that it would make for strength in the financial position of the cities of the province. Municipal Inspector Baird pointed out that the same plan had worked well in Alberta and he believed that it would bring good results in British Columbia.

Nanaimo's proposal that a special poll tax should be imposed for school purposes on those who do not contribute any revenue to the schools was put up to the union of municipalities for discussion, the committee taking the view that the question should receive further discussion as it introduced the whole question of school taxation.

The committee approved of a proposal that municipalities should have the power, by a three-fifths vote of the people, to aid other municipalities in the construction, operation or maintenance of ferries which were of mutual benefit.

Favors Changes in War Relief Act.

Some changes in the War Relief act were favored by the committee, on representations by the union of municipalities. Solicitor McDiarmid said the act has proved wider in its scope than had been intended and worked a hardship on cities.

Amendments to the act which will be recommended will provide that it shall not apply to the assessment or levying of any taxes on property of soldiers or dependents though exemption as to payment will still remain; that the onus of proof in connection with tax sales as to the ownership by returned soldier or dependent shall be upon the person so seeking exemption and not upon the city and that the *government should give some relief to* municipalities which cannot collect taxes on property of soldiers or their dependents until after the war.

The proposal advanced by representatives of municipalities was that cities should loan their sinking funds to the government, which would issue short term notes or some similar security, while the government would make loans to municipalities up to the sum of 75 per cent of taxes in arrears on soldiers' property. Some proposition along these lines, though not necessarily involving sinking funds, will be made by the committee to the government.

To provide for equitable treatment of soldier and soldier-dependent debtors under the War Relief act and to prevent relief being sought by those who were not entitled to it, the committee decided to recommend that the courts be given power to deal with individual cases, something along the lines of the Moratorium act.

The committee approved the proposal that the P. G. E. and Canadian Northern should pay taxes on land and other property in municipalities which they were not actually using for railway purposes.

Power to tax jitneys $15 each six months and auto trucks which do much damage to streets, $10 per month was sought by City Solicitor McQuarrie and Mayor Gray of New Westminster. The committee asked that a draft amendment along the lines proposed be prepared and submitted.

Tranquille Sanitarium.

Dr. W. O. Rose, Nelson and Dr. McIntosh, Vancouver, were asked by the committee to look into the proposal by the municipalities that the government should take over the Tranquille sanitarium for consumptives.

Provincial-wide lighting regulations for vehicles were not favored by the committee, George Bell and J. H. Schofield contending that they might work a hardship on farmers. It was decided to leave the question of lighting regulations in the hands of the cities. The *request was based upon the fear of* accidents caused by automobiles running into other vehicles at night, Chairman Bell retorting that he was "tired of these auto fellows running the country by their own sweet wills."

LOAN OVERSUBSCRIBED BY $100,000,000

(Continued from Page One.)

the unsatisfied demand for the loan should more than maintain the issue price. Applications will aggregate over 40,000, and it is particularly gratifying to note the increased number of small subscribers.

Result Notable and Significant

"The result is a most notable and significant success for the Canadian people. In the eyes of the outside world it will be regarded as our greatest achievement of the war next to mobilizing our army and sending it overseas. It will immensely enhance our financial prestige and strengthen our credit should we later have recourse to foreign money markets. One thing it has demonstrated, and that is that Canada, if she chooses, can do her own financing among her own people. That is to say, it is within our power to be self-contained financially. If the people of Canada will continue to save money we shall finish the war with the greater part of our debt held by Canadians. This would constitute a very strong position which we should strive to our utmost to obtain. The government, of course, is greatly gratified at the outcome. Think of the *difference between having this loan* an accomplished fact behind us instead of an uncertain problem for the future.

"Had the government not had the greatest confidence in the Canadian people we should never have reached the determination to launch the loan at a time when the most powerful interests in New York hesitated to bring out the most attractive government issues which had long been awaiting flotation.

None Will Regret Participating

"We relied first upon the patriotism of the Canadian people, without which the issues could have been only a partial or fragmentary success. We relied, secondly, upon the intrinsic merits of the securities and the attractiveness of the rate at which they were offered. No one participating in this issue will ever have cause to regret his action. Our most sincere thanks are due to the people, including the provincial governments, insurance and fraternal societies, trust and loan companies and our financial, commercial and industrial establishments who so nobly supported the issue. Especially do we feel that we should thank the press, whose editorial support was valuable beyond monetary compuiation, the brokers who rendered magnificent service, employing their most efficient organizations both in Canada and the United States and making lavish expenditure of money in public advertising and upon private propaganda, reaching all sections of the community, and to the chartered banks whose managers at over 3000 offices throughout Canada used their best endeavors to make the issue a success. It all comes back to the starting point, that the Canadians are a wonderful people, capable of any national achievement. With them the bigger the undertaking, the greater the certainty of success."

Kenora Takes $287,200

KENORA, Ont., March 26.—Returns given out by three local banks show that people of Kenora have taken $287,200 of the victory war loan.

A 15 YEARS' FIRE

Just think! That is the time through which Mr. H. C. Buckley endured all the fiery torture of itching, burning eczema. His life was a perfect misery until Zam-Buk—the great herbal skin cure—brought complete relief.

Mr. Buckley, who lives at 461 East Broadway, Portland, Oregon, writes:—"For fifteen years I suffered with eczema, and although I tried many so-called 'eczema cures,' nothing seemed capable of dealing *with a case like mine. It was not* until I had Zam-Buk recommended to me that I began to have hope. This wonderful skin healer soon brought about a change for the better. As I persevered with Zam-Buk the burning sensation got less. I found Zam-Buk wonderfully soothing. Gradually the patches of soreness and the inflammation were reduced, and complete and permanent cure finally resulted. I would strongly advise all afflicted with eczema to give Zam-Buk a trial. It will give them satisfaction. They will not be disappointed."

No skin disease can resist the potent healing forces stored up in Zam-Buk, which is unequalled for old wounds, ulcers, abscesses, bad legs, scalp sores, blood-poisoning, piles, scalds, burns, cuts and all skin injuries. All druggists and stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box.

ZAM-BUK

Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

Titanic Battle Begins.

WITH THE ARMIES OF BRITAIN IN THE FIELD, March 26.—Along the whole front of the German retreat the allies are advancing and a terrible battle is now beginning which is likely to prove one of the great turning points of the war. From Arras to La Fere, a distance of 50 miles, the heavy guns are now booming and reinforcements and reserves are being rushed up with the greatest speed.

Will Make Another Peace Move.

AMSTERDAM, March 26.—Intimation that Chancellor von Bethman-Hollweg will make another peace suggestion at a meeting of the reichstag Thursday was contained in Berlin despatches received here today, quoting the Socialist organ Vorwaerts. The Vorwaerts, in hinting at such a proposal, advocated an effort to obtain a separate peace with Russia.

Berlin Reports on Subs' Work.

BERLIN, March 26.—German submarines have sunk during the last few days a total of 25 steamships, 14 sailing vessels and 37 trawlers, in addition to losses already made public, an official announcement stated. Among the ships sunk was the Austurias, which was being used as a hospital ship.

Hun Plot in Mexico Bared.

GALVESTON, Tex., March 26.—An army of 150,000, made up entirely of *Germans, is being formed in Mexico to* seize the Mexican government, confiscate American and British property and make war on the United States, according to what is believed to be trustworthy information received here.

PARIS, Mar. 26.—Notwithstanding bad weather and the difficult state of the ground the French continued to advance south of the Oise river today. French patrols reached Membray, south of the forest of Crucy. The Germans madeh eavy and usless sacrifices in individual attacks Sunday on positions captured by the French between the Somme and the Oise. Wherever they approached a French position they were thrown back by counter attacks.

Five German airplanes were brought down by the French Sunday, while a French air squadron bombed German factories at Thionville and in the region of Breay, and also the railway stations at Conflans and Montmedy.

Britain Making Great Effort

LONDON, Mar. 26.—The immense military effort which Great Britain is putting forth is strikingly illustrated by the army appropriation account for 1916, which shows that the expenditure for the army was £534,187,548.

Hard on Heels of Turks.

PETROGRAD, Mar. 26—Russian detachments in Persia, pursuing the Turks have crossed the border into the Turkish villayet of Mosul.

A British force is advancing towards Mosul from the south, while Russian forces in two or more columns have been pushing westward from Kermanshah and Sakkiz districts. A junction of the armies of these two entente powers is looked forward to at an early date.

German Plans Calmly Received

PETROGRAD, Mar. 26.—After the discharge of four gas waves the Germans Sunday attempted to make an advance near Postavia on the northern part of the Russian front below Dvinsk, but were thrown back by the Russian fire.

The news that Field-Marshal von Hindenburg was planning a campaign against Petrograd was received at the capital with surprisingly little consternation, evoking rather a spirit of calm and unshakable confidence in the loyalty of the troops and the ability of the army to protect the city from the new danger. If German calculations are based upon the supposed demoralization of the soldiers or more than a transient defect of the troops from their usual discipline and loyalty to their commanders, these calculations are plainly doomed to disappointment.

Interned Germans Removed.

PHILADELPHIA, Mar. 26.—The seven hundred members of the German auxiliary cruisers interned at Philadelphia navy yard since October, started today under guard for Fort Ogden, where they will be detained until further orders.

First Armed U. S. Ship Crosses

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—It was announced today that the American liner St. Louis, the first armed American ship to cross the Atlantic, has *arrived safely at her destination.*

Revolutionary Riots in Germany

GENEVA, Switzerland, Mar. 26.—Several Swiss publications state that riots of revolutionary character have broken out in Berlin and other German towns.

Violation of Treaties the Reason

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—"Germany's violation of the treaties of 1799 and 1828 and her disregard of the canons of international courtesy" were assigned by the United States as reason for the refusal to reaffirm or extend these agreements.

The note of refusal to Germany was made public today, and disclosed that the United States government is "seriously considering" whether Germany's conduct has not, in effect, abrogated these treaties altogether.

PLOTS BY GERMANS IN MILWAUKEE SUSPECTED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, March 26.—It was rumored in the federal building today that the quizzing of a dozen men, all said to be Germans, was in connection with *an investigation of alleged German* plots in Milwaukee.

A squad of special agents is said to have been working in Milwaukee for several weeks, but Hinton Clabaugh, chief of the local bureau of investigation, who interrogated the men today, declined to discuss the subject in any way. He would not even confirm that the men questioned were Germans.

OVER 300 MISSIONARIES CHOSEN FOR SUMMER WORK

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, March 26.—After being in session for a week the board of home missions and social service of the Presbyterian church closed its annual meeting today. Over 300 missionaries received appointments for summer work. Owing to the fact that many students are serving overseas there were fewer applications than usual from Canadian colleges. To fill the shortage the board has secured students from across the line. During the summer 105 men from American seminaries will be in the employ of the Canadian board.

PRUSSIAN PRINCE DIES OF INJURIES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, March 27.—The Daily Express says it learns that Prince Frederich Karl of Prussia, who was reported in a Madrid despatch as having been snot down by artillery fire while flying in an airplane over the British lines near Peronne, has died of his injuries.

Let Us Just Whisper It

The millinery at Smillie & Weir's is catching the popular fancy like wildfire. So are the ladies' suits.

Why not line up with this popular movement today?

Public Stenography

Office of
C. W. APPLEYARD,
505 Baker Street. Tel. 444
Clients may have their work attended to regularly for a small monthly fee.

"Hope!"

Mining and Markets

PRICE OF SILVER AT NEW YORK IS 71 7-8

Quoted on London Market at 35¾—Copper and Spelter Quiet—Lead Unchanged.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, March 26—Silver, 71⅞; at London, 35¾.

Copper quiet; electrolytic, spot and nearby, nominal; second quarter, 33 to 35; third quarter, 31 to 32.50.

At London: Spot copper, £136; futures, £135 10s; electrolytic, £151.

Spelter quiet; spot, East St. Louis delivery, 10½ to 10¾.

Lead: At St. Louis, 8.92½; at New York, 9; at Montreal, 11.12; at London, £30 10s.

SLOCAN STAR EASES OFF AT SPOKANE

Stock Yields ¼—No Change Made in Price of Rambler, Utica or Lucky Jim.

Slocan Star yielded ¼ on the Spokane market yesterday. Rambler, Utica and Lucky Jim were unchanged.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by St. Denis & Lawrence)

	Bid	Asked
Lucky Jim	$ .08⅝	$ .09
Rambler	.19½	.21¼
Standard	...	1.00
Slocan Star	.22¼	.23
Utica	.23¼	.23¾
Success	.41	.42
Caledonia	.62	.63

(Reported by C. W. Appleyard)

	Bid	Asked
Lucky Jim	$ .08⅝	$ .09
Caledonia	.62	.63
Rambler	.19½	.21¼
Standard	...	1.00
Slocan Star	.22¼	.23
Utica	.23¼	.23¾
Hypotheek	.11¼	.11¾
Snowstorm	.63	.64
McGillivray	.15	.18
Electric Point	.55	.65
Copper King	.09	.09½
Nabob	.10⅞	.11¼

VOLUME OF TRADING SMALL AT MONTREAL

Steel Stocks Moderately Firm at Opening, But Ease off Toward Close of Market.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL March 26—Business on the Montreal stock exchange today continued in the narrow groove of recent weeks the volume of trading remaining small while fluctuations were irregular and for the most part meaningless. The general dullness was emphasized in this that the early trading reflected none of the buoyancy that might have been looked for from definite announcement from Ottawa of a huge oversubscription for the new war loan coupled with other news of a constructive description from industry, while the late trading to a considerable extent reflected as much indifference to the sharp downturn in New York stocks.

Maple Leaf made no response to the dividend increase, closing ½ lower at 114½.

The steel stocks which remain as sensitive as any group to varying changes in market view showed a moderate degree of firmness at the opening when Iron sold at 66¼ and Steel of Canada at 67⅞. Iron sold off to 65¼ but closed at 65⅝. Brompton Car common and Steamships were mildly reactionary. Traction and power stocks were steady, with some strength in Shawinigan, which rallied 2 to 127, and closed at that price bid. Total business, 3557 shares, 487 rights and $7400 bonds.

MANITOBA NEGOTIATES $2,000,000 SALE OF BONDS

TORONTO, March 26—It will be announced here tomorrow that the province of Manitoba has sold to Wood, Gundy & Company, Toronto and the National City Bank of New York $2,000,000 of 5 per cent 5-year gold bonds payable in New York and Canada. The price which the province received is 98 and interest, less an underwriting commission.

W. W. Fraser of Winnipeg, has been appointed live stock commissioner for the province of Manitoba.

MINING STOCKS.

All the local issues with the exception of Utica strengthened today. It looks as though there might be some demand for these issues this week.

ST DENIS & LAWRENCE,
Phone 39. 509 Ward St., Nelson, B. C.

STOCK OFFERINGS EXCEED DEMAND

Heavy Liquidation Features Final hour—War Specialties Go Down Sharply.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, March 26.—Offerings were more often in excess of demand during today's broad trading in the stock market, the net result being a number of material declines. For some reason the speculative element seemed less optimistic regarding the effect of war preparations and sold freely during the session.

Pressure was at its highest in the final hour, the liquidation of that period being concurrent with western advices indicating serious crop deterioration and a drop in Russian exchange accompanied by rumors of a Teutonic drive on the eastern war front.

War and semi-war shares registered extreme declines of 4 to 5 points with prominent industrials, metals, motors, oils, shippings and rails. The less specific specialties, with few exceptions fell away in sympathy. United States Steel, which again changed hands in many large individual blocks, fluctuated between 116⅞ and 114½, closing at the minimum, a net reversal of 2⅜ points. Bethlehem Steel, new stock, also closed at its lowest quotation of 133½, a loss of 4½ points.

Shippings were irregular, Marines making gross declines of 2 to 3 points, with 2½ to 4 Points for Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies, United Fruit and Pacific Mail. Central Leather, International Harvester and Industrial Alcohol were included among the other backward industrials.

Transcontinentals and grangers were heaviest of the rail issues, C.P.R. falling 4¼ to 161¾ with an average of 2 points for Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and St. Paul, while coalers, yielded 2 to 3½ points.

Isolated strength in several utilities and specialties was attributed to pool activities, Ohio Gas featuring the few strongest stocks at an extreme advance of 12½ points to 134. Total sales amounted to 860,000 shares.

Bonds were inclined to east slightly on moderate dealings. Total sales, par value, $2,560,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Closing Prices.

American Zinc	16½
American Smelting	104½
Anaconda	83¾
Butte	45⅝
C. P. R.	161¾
Chile	24¾
Chino	57
Granby	87
Inspiration	60¾
Kennecott	46
Miami	41
Nevada	24
Lead	62
Republic Iron	82¼
U. S. Smelting	61⅞
U. S. Steel	114½
U. S. Steel preferred	118⅝
Utah Copper	111¼

SPECULATION REACHES LOW EBB AT TORONTO

Trading Almost at Standstill at Times During Afternoon—Smelters Continue Quiet.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, March 26.—The influence of a weaker market in New York today tended to exercise a dragging effect on local stocks, and dealings were light, especially in the afternoon session, when trading was almost at a standstill several times. The news of Maple Leaf's increase in dividend to 10 per cent was taken without a great deal of interest by the street and this stock reacted to 114¾ at noon, after opening at Saturday's close of 115. There was only one sale in the afternoon and this was at the opening figure, or unchanged. Steel of Canada common and Maple Leaf were the only active issues. The former sold down to 66½ after coming out at 67¾, and the close was at the low point for a loss of 1¼. Dominion Iron was nominal, closing ½ up at 65¾. Steamships and Cement common held steady with the former closing at the high point of 39⅝ for a fractional gain and with the latter unchanged at 64¾. Smelters continued to be neglected, opening at 32, which was also Saturday's close and closing today at 31½.

BUTTER MARKET STEADY.

MONTREAL, March 26.—Butter steady with only a fair demand. Cheese quiet. Eggs active with an easy undertone.

Cheese: Finest westerns, 26½ to 27; easterns, 25½ to 26.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 43; seconds, 40 to 41.

Eggs: Fresh, 37 to 38.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 41 to 42; Canada short cut back, 39 to 40.

SOAKING OF WHEAT PRICES IS HALTED

Snow in Kansas and Nebraska offsets alarming Crop Reports—Market Closes Weak.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., March 26.—Snow in Kansas and Nebraska offset to some extent today alarming crop reports which had caused a sharp advance in prices. The market closed weak at $1.90⅝ for May and $1.63 ¾ for July, with the range ⅝ lower to 1⅝ higher. Oats closed ⅛ to ⅞c lower and provisions unchanged to 5c lower.

Crop advices that were classed as the worst this season led to a rush in buying in the wheat pit at the start, and carried July and September options to a new high level. Damage in the winter belt was represented as so severe that forecasts were circulated indicating the government report in April would put the crop condition at the lowest stage in many years, with Kansas and Nebraska percentages under 70. Announcement that a famine was retained in Argentine tended to further increase bullish sentiment, and so did active military measures by the United States, such as calling out of the militia and the steps to increase naval enlistment on a large scale. Despite heavy profit taking on the part of holders, the wheat bulls retained control of the market until the last hour although as the session approached an end considerable skepticism appeared to be developing as to whether the crop damage reports had not been exaggerated.

The fact was evident that the rapidity of the advance since Thursday had weakened the technical positions of the bulls and had made at least a temporary setback almost inevitable.

Oats followed wheat. A feature was the sale of 300,000 bushels for immediate delivery at New Orleans. Some slowing down in the demand for hogs made provisions a little easier. Pork was neglected altogether at times.

WINNIPEG WHEAT $1.87⅛.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, March 26—Wheat: May, $1.87⅛; July, $1.84; October, $1.52.

Oats: May, 63⅜; July, 62; October, 55⅞.

Flax: May, $2.65⅝; July, $2.68¾.

Cash wheat: No. 1 Northern, $1.88⅛; N. 2 Northern, $1.84⅛; No. 3 Northern, $1.78¼; No. 4, $1.69⅛; No. 5, $1.50⅛; No. 6, $1.18⅛; feed, $1.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., March 26.—Hogs: Receipts, 50,000; steady at Saturday's average. Bulk, 14.80 to 15.10; light, 14.15 to 15; mixed, 14.50 to 15.15; heavy, 14.45 to 15.15; rough, 14.45 to 14.60; pigs, 10.50 to 14.

Cattle: Receipts, 19,000; unsettled. Native beef, 9.15 to 12.95; stockers and feeders, 7 to 9.85; cows and heifers, 5.50 to 10.60; calves, 10.50 to 15.

Sheep: Receipts, 20,000; strong. Wethers, 11.15 to 12.75; ewes, 9 to 12.40; lambs, 12.75 to 15.40.

STERLING EXCHANGE.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, March 26.—Sterling exchange, 4.75 9-16 for demand.

APPEAL ALLOWED IN CASE AGAINST B. C. COMPANY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 26.—The supreme court today delivered judgments in the following cases which have recently been heard:

Murphy vs. the King, appeal allowed and information dismissed with costs.

Columbia Bithulithic company vs. British Columbia Electric railway company, appeal allowed on the supreme court with costs of that court and court of appeal, judgment of the trial court restored.

Canadian Northern Railway company vs. Dutton, appeal and cross appeal dismissed with costs.

Grand Trunk Pacific Railway company vs. Pruett, appeal dismissed with costs.

Picard vs. the King, appeal dismissed with costs.

Lloyd vs. Robertson, appeal dismissed with costs.

Bradshaw vs. Neuman, motion on appeal from decision of registrar dismissed with costs.

The court then adjourned until the May session.

MANUFACTURERS WAIT ON H. C. L. COMMISSIONER

Declare Readiness to Grant All Information Required for Inquiry Into Cost of Sugar

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 26.—A deputation of manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers had a conference today with W. F. O'Connor, K. C., the cost of living commissioner, regarding the investigation he has been making into foodstuffs.

The deputation was headed by H. C. Beckett of Hamilton, H. Blain of Toronto and Gerald Fitzgerald of Ottawa.

The purpose of the delegation today was to assure the commissioner that they were ready and willing to supply Mr. O'Connor with all the information he requires relative to an inquiry which is being conducted into the cost of sugar and other articles.

Incidentally the deputation laid before the commissioner their ideas of the establishment of a board of inland trade which would take over such work as that done by the cost of living commissioner. This has been advocated by some manufacturers and wholesalers, who consider that the food question should not be dealt with by the labor department. Mr. O'Connor agreed to incorporate their views in his report to the minister of labor.

CRACKSMEN RANSACK BIG BUILDING IN CHICAGO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, March 26.—The McNeil building, South Market street and West Jackson street, is ten storys in height. Cracksmen, between Saturday night and this morning, visited every floor. They blew open five safes and escaped with an aggregate booty of about $600.

TELLS OF SILVER AND ZINC IN LIMESTONE

(By Prof. Arthur Lakes.)

In former articles we have endeavored to give an idea of the geology and occurrence of gold-bearing ores in the Nelson Kootenay region. We may now turn to the lead and zinc deposits there.

In the case of gold we showed that this metal favors certain classes or varieties of rock; the same is the case with the baser ores and those carrying silver. Although both gold and silver and their accompanying ores may be found in all the rocks, yet there are some they especially favor. Gold was shown to have an affinity for siliceous rocks, that is, rocks which carry a great deal of silica or the element of quartz, in their composition. Most of these rocks are of igneous or volcanic origin. On the other hand, whilst silver-lead and zinc may be found in the same rocks as gold, they especially favor the calcareous, or lime-bearing rocks, such as limestone and dolomite or magnesian limestone. Lead and limestone proverbially go together and limestone is essentially of sedimentary origin. But because lead in so commonly found in limestone, it is not to be supposed that the limestone is the originator of lead ores; it is only the convenient receptacle. The true originator of lead and zinc ores is, like gold, to be looked for in a deeper source, viz., in the igneous or once molten rocks from the unknown depths; and when we find these ores in limestone they were brought thither by ascending heated, watery and vaporous solutions and deposited in the convenient resting place in the soluble overlying limestones. Conditions which make limestones good receptacles for such ores are its soluble character when acted upon by acid watery solutions charged with metallic elements. We have seen how ordinary surface waters dissolve and wash out caves in limestone, but this is not the common process in ore deposition.

Replacement by Metal

Caves or cavities are not generally washed out, and excavated by percolating or running water and then filled in like a mould with these ores, but a much slower and gradual process takes place underground when the heated watery metallic solutions ascend from below through narrow fissures, porous rock and cracks till they reach the limestone beds. There is no room on their upward way for violent action, such as would wash out large cavities, but a slow saturation takes place, the solutions gradually eating into the limestone and as each molecule or minute particle of lime is dissolved it is replaced by a molecule of metal, until very large portions of the limestone may be so replaced. The replacement by metal is something like the replacement of the fruit of a sound apple by decay.

The ascending solutions take advantage of every weak place in the limestone for access to the rock on which they can go to work with this replacement process. Hence we find the natural joints or small cross fissures common to limestones are often attacked and widened. Another favorite zone of replacement is between the bedding or stratification planes of the rock, or if the rock is much disturbed, folded or crushed by earth movements, such disturbed, crushed zones giving access to percolating heated waters are favorites for ore replacement or substitution of metal for lime. Wherever water can soak into limestone, there is the place to look for ore. Other favorable places may be at the zone of contact between limestone and some other rock, such as between limestone and shale or slate or quartzite, or an intrusive igneous rock or porphyry. Zones, too, where metamorphic heat has been active and has partially changed the limestone into a species of marble and has developed certain so-called "metamorphic minerals," such as garnets, from impurities in the stone, are favorite locations and should be carefully examined by the prospector. The limestone is generally so changed, metamorphosed or marbleized by the presence in the vicinity of igneous dikes or intrusions of once molten volcanic rock.

A good example of this is in the Nickel Plate mine at Rossland, where beds of limestone have been partially metamorphosed by the heat of underlying igneous rocks and have near the "contact" developed a zone characterized by iron garnets and other metamorphic minerals. Amongst these is the ore and when these minerals and other heat signs die out and the limestone becomes normal, the ore also dies out.

Silver-Lead Deposit in Ainsworth District

The Ainsworth district is a good illustration of the part limestones play in the occurrence of lead-silver ores. The mountain above Ainsworth consists from the bed of the lake upwards of a series of slates, schists and quartzites, alternating at various levels with beds of limestone. The whole is at a depth underlaid by igneous granite, traversed at times by porphyry dikes. The ore commonly occurs in fissures or may follow, as at the Silver Hoard, the contortions of the limestone.

As long as the fissures are in slates, schists or quartzites the ore deposits are generally narrow, but on the fissures entering the calcareous beds, or beds of limestone, replacement of limestone with ore occurs and the deposits may be large. The same applies to the Bluebell mine, on the opposite shore of the river. The enormous deposits of lead and zinc there are replacements of limestone. The ultimate source of the ore of the entire region may be looked for in the underlying granitic and igneous rocks. At Ainsworth we have an object lesson near the village of how the ores above were probably deposited in the hot springs close to the village, which issue from fissures in limestone, dissolve out lime and deposit it in white and yellow beds around the springs and down the sides of the mountain to the shore. This "calcareous tufa," as the lime deposits of the springs are called, show on analysis elements of the precious metals, like the fissure veins now forming by the same process in Steamboat Hot Springs, Nevada, and producing workable ore.

SPOKANE PAPER BOOSTS FOR MINING CONVENTION

Northwest Mining Truth Urges Spokane Men to Attend Gathering in Nelson May 24-26.

The following editorial headed "Golden Opportunity of Nelson Convention," in which the writer points out the advantages to be gained by attendance at the gathering in this city May 24 to 26, appeared in the recent issue of the Northwest Mining Truth:

"The forthcoming mining convention to be held in Nelson in May will provide an opportunity by which this community may convey to friends across the line some adequate appreciation of the great benefits poured into Spokane from West Kootenay mines since the discovery of the Slocan district set our prospectors and mining men on the run to the beautiful Selkirks. If any proper conception of the situation can be driven home, there should be no difficulty in gathering together one or two hundred leading men ready to devote a few days to cementing a friendship all the more mutually valuable in these dark days of world war.

"Spokane's rise to metropolitan proportions has been due in greater measure to the mines of Rossland, Boundary and Slocan than even to those of the Coeur d'Alene district. The great wealth of the north came into our commercial life at a time when utter stagnation ruled. The millions from the Le Roi turned the tide that ended in the full flow of prosperity. Even earlier, great sums had found their way into our hands from the War Eagle, Payne, Slocan Star and a hundred lesser properties. The money so derived has not been grudged, except by an infinitesimal few who do not represent the feeling of true comradeship that exists between two peoples that are as one in all but name. Now that some of our wealth is sought for development of more mines and creation of more wealth in which we shall share, the answer should be quick and decisive.

"If Mining Truth may be allowed to make a suggestion it is that a special train might convey the Spokane delegates upon a schedule that would permit two full days' sojourn in the beautiful city on Kootenay's shores. Nelson and its citizens may be assured that some of us are fully alive to the situation and that everything possible will be done to send representation commensurate to the occasion. A May day in the wonderful scenery of Kootenay lake should be enough to drag any man from his desk for a brief period of recreation. When to that is added hospitality of a genuine sort always provided by our British Columbia friends the difficulty should be to supply accommodations enough for all desiring to take advantage of the opportunity.

"The Nelson mining convention—the first ever attempted in that city—should be a red letter day in mining annals of the northwest. The Spokane chamber of commerce would make many friends for itself if it would go behind the event with vigorous determination to uphold the credit of Spokane to the last notch."

RECORD OF CANADA'S SHARE IN CONFLICT

LONDON, England—Sir Robert L. Borden, prime minister of Canada, has received a report from Colonel Lord Beaverbrook, in charge of the Canadian war records office on the work of that department. Lord Beaverbrook, as Sir Max Aiken, was "eyewitness" with the Canadian expeditionary force in 1915.

The report which covers the work of the war records office since the date of its inception, portrays the daily story of Canada's sons in the war from accounts "snatched from the firing line and from men still hot from the fiery ordeal of action," and from divers sources which go to the compilation of a valuable history of events of Canada's share in the war. There was a large store of information already accumulated which the establishment of the war records office made available in January, 1916, when by authority of the prime minister, Lord Beaverbrook was authorized to spend $25,000 for the purpose of instituting the office. From that time onwards all records have been carefully sorted and filed for the benefit of the future historian.

Lord Beaverbrook claims for his record office that it has "laid up for the enjoyment of posterity a treasure that the Canada of the future will appreciate. In the Canadian record office there lie those files of diaries, reports, maps and individual stories; the personal views of generals, subalterns, or privates on the actions they have fought; the trench maps in their red lines, or the sharp cut brown and white of the airplane photographs; the originals of all the diaries with their connections; a story here and there of some individual act of heroism. Ordered, read and classified, they repose in their tomes until their destiny brings them across the water to Ottawa and they lie forever in the archives of the Dominion.

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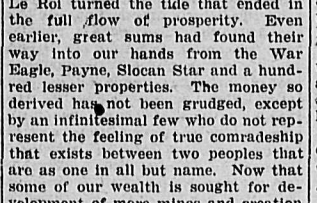

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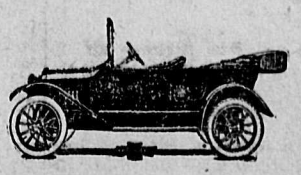

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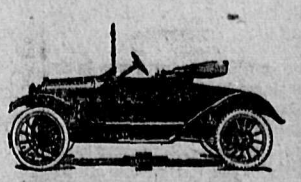

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TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1917.

THE SHERIFFSHIP APPOINTMENT

It is a rather striking fact that on the same day on which Premier Brewster spoke on the evils of party patronage in connection with the new civil bill, the government's appointment of J. H. Doyle, Creston hotelkeeper, to the sheriffship of Kootenay in preference to Sergt. Robert Quin, returned soldier, was announced by Hon. M. A. Macdonald.

Against Mr. Doyle personally nothing need be said. The point is that the Brewster government in one breath is talking piously of abolishing party patronage and in the next is employing it to the disadvantage of a returned soldier who has served his country as nobly as any man ever did.

It is offered as an excuse that Sergt. Quin is not physically fit for the position. That is nonsense. The duties of sheriff are not arduous, and, in any event, the government has stultified its own excuse by offering Sergt. Quin the job as game warden.

NO JUSTIFICATION BY ANY RULE OF WAR.

There is not the slightest justification by any rule of civilized warfare for the wanton destruction of which the German troops, under orders from headquarters, are guilty during their retreat on the western front.

They have the right to destroy property which they believe might be of value to the pursuing armies, but nothing but deliberate Hunnery is behind the wholesale destruction which has taken place. Of what military value, for examples, is the breaking of statues, the destruction of the cherished family treasures of the poor peasants who are paying such a fearful toll?

There are no words strong enough to condemn the carrying of young women into worse than slavery, which has occurred at several towns.

For such outrages as this the whole German nation must suffer when peace terms are enforced. To permit any army, any nation, to commit atrocities such as have been committed by the Germans in this war to be passed over without punishment would be a crime against civilization.

INTENTION EXCELLENT IN NEW MINING ACT.

The people of the province will be wholly in accordance with the intention of the new mining legislation which has been brought down at Victoria. It is an excellent thing to continue the work of a mineral survey, which was inaugurated last year. The idea of government prospecting by diamond drills is equally good, while the desire to protect wage earners and investors deserves nothing but commendation.

It is the methods proposed in the act to attain these ends which require very thorough consideration. There is the question of the practical working out of the proposal to carry out diamond drilling and to charge the prospector double the cost of the work, plus six per cent interest. Then there is the question of placing in the hands of one man, located at Revelstoke, the power to block any mining deal in East or West Kootenay of which he does not approve, either because of statements with which he does not agree or because he disapproves of the terms. Such a power might never be abused, but the fact that the act proposes to give it should be very thoroughly considered by the legislature. Value of a mine or prospect is always largely a matter of opinion, anyway.

Thirft helps the Empire to win the war.

East and West Kootenay are to form one mineral district, under the terms of the new act, with headquarters at Revelstoke.

The enlistment of Hon. P. E. Blondin for service overseas should have a good effect on recruiting in the province of Quebec. He sets a splendid example to his compatriots.

Victories which are being won in the west may not be decisive in the sense of destroying an enemy's military forces but they are bringing the Franco-British troops rapidly nearer to the enemy's soil, and the German will not feel anything like as happy when his own homes and property are being destroyed by military operations.

Dr. C. A. Publow, Picton, has been appointed adjutant of the Bramshott military hospital.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

Not So Much of An Error

That Toronto newspaper was not so far off when it said that a large number of the Canadian officers at the front "rose from the banks."—Montreal Weekly Tattler.

China Setting the Pace

China goes further than her sister republic of the west—China not only severs diplomatic relations with Germany, but seizes German ships. China is setting the pace for the United States.—Hamilton Herald.

Russia's Idea.

The Russian dynasty, says a heading, "is still Romanoff." The idea of the revolution, we take it, is to see that there is less raming' off hereafter, and more sticking to the job.—Toronto Star.

Germany is welcome to the task of explaining that a strategic retreat is really a superlative variety of military success. The strategic retreat in war is first cousin to the moral victory in politics. In politics the smallest majority is to be prized far above any sort of moral victory. In warfare the Britishers and their allies have had a sufficiency of strategic retreats, and will not begrudge the Germans the monopoly of every backward movement in the future history of the struggle.—Toronto Telegram.

"Business Government."

The demand for a "business men's administration" finds more sympathetic listeners in many quarters than it does, we trust, among readers of the World. Yet, when business men appear to urge public action of great magnitude they do not only show themselves impatient of mastering details which are important, but they even denounce as "a useless proceeding" and "a fearful waste of time" the attempt of other men to arrive at a better understanding of the vast interests at stake. This curious mental attitude may help explain why what is called 'business government' so often proves a failure.—New York World.

DON'T DISPLAY EGGS IN STORE WINDOWS

At the present time when our every energy and effort is being put forward to increase the production of food products and make Canada more than ever before a large factor in the winning of the war, one's attention naturally turns to the food stocks available, and the waste evidenced in their handling. With no commodity is waste so apparent as it is in the handling of eggs.

During the past few years special endeavor has been made to bring this matter to the attention of producers and the wholesale trade. This appeal, however, is addressed more particularly to retailers, many of whom do not seem to realize the extreme perishability of eggs.

It is a common practice at this season of the year for many retailers to advertise the increasing egg supply and the rapidly falling prices, by displaying piles of eggs in their store windows. The eggs thus exposed in many cases come under the direct rays of the sun, and are subjected to a temperature behind the plate glass window of about 100 degrees. The excessive heat resulting causes serious deterioration through evaporation accompanied by loss of flavor. Further, at this time of the year a large percentage of the eggs marketed are fertilized, and as it is common knowledge that a temperature of 70 degrees is sufficient to start incubation, the possibility of serious deterioration will be readily seen.

It is good business to advertise, but window displays of eggs defeat the aim of the advertiser, in that the resulting deterioration of the eggs causes dissatisfaction among consumers, and so retards consumption. Eggs should be kept in the cleanest, coolest, driest place in the store, removed from mustiness, foul odors, or other sources of contamination.

The food value of eggs, their freedom from waste, the saving in time, labor and fuel in their preparation, and the favorable way they compare in price with other articles of food, places them in an important place in the diet of our people. Now, as never before in the history of the Dominion, the conservation of food supplies must be one of our chief considerations, and the waste now apparent in the handling of eggs, that can be eliminated by careful and more up-to-date methods, is a consideration that will appeal to every citizen who has at heart the best interests of his fellow citizens, his country and the Empire as a whole.

ASLEEP WHILE WALKING

To sleep in the trenches without consent is a serious offense. But a case has been reported in a letter from the front of a soldier who actually carried out his duty in a recent charge and part of the time was sound asleep. He had been without rest for 18 hours and his last "official sleep" went into the respectable figure of four hours. With three days' rain, a heavy, mud-entrenched road, and other small inconveniences, such as only soldiers know, when the order came to mount the ledge, John Hendry, a Canadian well known in the western art of the Dominion, said, "I guess we shall take our sleep in tabloid form." "Wake up, there," cried the sergeant-major—"no sleeping while on that game." But John Hendry was over the parapet, reeling like a man under the influence of bad liquor. John gave no heed. Away he went into a veritable "No Man's Land." There was no holding him back. His captain dare not shout to him, but, far to the front, about 60 yards, there John Henry was, sizing up the pros and cons of the situation. A great rush and the raid was over, for the Germans were taken by surprise. And, of course, surrounded. When John Hendry woke from his sleep he turned round to the German dugout and cried, "How came I here?" To this day the commanding officer will not hear of it that John Hendry was not asleep. But John Hendry himself knew the fact, and the fact is that but for that sleep he would not have won the D. S. O.

TECHNICAL AND MANUAL TRAINING IN THE SCHOOLS

(By Prof. Lakes.)

I regretted to see in The Daily News that from economic and other reasons some of the classes in practical science and manual training had to be abandoned. As one, a large portion of whose life has been spent in educating and being educated himself like many others by the practical experiences of life, I would like to make the following observations:

We cannot shut our eyes to the facts and conditions of the age in which we live, or fail to see that great changes must take place, especially after the war. Old things and ideas may have to give place to new, and ideas founded upon mere tradition and time-honored custom rather than on their inherent merit, will have to make way for more practical and improved conditions.

Human every day life has long been testing things in the melting pot of experience and asking what is it worth, what is it good for? And the war has helped to do away with many shams and bring these tests to a crisis. Amongst others is the important matter of education 'as she is taught" or rather, "as she has been taught." How much of it has proved good or useful in the battle of life, how much of it has fitted in, if at all. Has it been the best thing with the best training, or can it be improved on? Has it been worth the time, labor and expense put into it and might not these have been employed on something to greater advantage?

Classical Versus Modern Technical Studies

Take, for example, the study of the classics, of Latin and Greek, in our schools, colleges and universities. As one who has had a full course in them in his youth, whilst grateful for what he may have insensibly imbibed to his profit, he must confess that the course was "hardly worth the candle" and might have been more profitable if the time, labor and expense had been devoted to something else of more human and natural interest, than this old medieval system handed down by the monks in lack of something better and more useful and up to date, such as chemistry and natural science and studies of a practical nature, such as agriculture, horticulture, mining, and the mechanical arts or trades, studies which lay the foundation of doing something useful in the present, rather than poring over the dead past; studies that lay the foundation for earning an honest living and for doing something tangibly useful and cheerful in an education, as Matthew Arnold puts it full of "sweetness and light." When you leave school and go out into the world it is to be not merely as an ornamental but as a useful citizen.

It seems monstrous that many young men after a full costly school, college and university education, should, when launched on the world, find themselves "at outs" with it, incapable and unadaptable to any of the practical trades and legitimate modes of earning a living in the world in which they find themselves. It is often not their fault, but the fault of the old medieval educational system that makes them feel like a soldier on a battlefield without rifle or sword. They have no trade, no means to earn a livelihood. Their mental powers and tastes may be finely cultivated, but not often fitted for practical purposes. They often have little idea how to use their muscles and limbs to do a good day's manual work, such as any common laborer does. Such may not have the first idea of the requirements of life, and when faced by actual circumstances, ask "why doesn't my education fit in why was I not taught the elements at least of some useful trade and how to use head, hand and eye to good account?" A young man has the right to expect some return for his expensive education and to take his place among the workers of the world.

Is a Good Training

While others of less educational advantages take the place above him and earn a good living. Some young men rise nobly above their antecedents by sheer force of will and courage, in many cases their impractical education even here is a handicap rather than a help. Without discarding other good studies which are necessary for the evolution and the filling out of the mind and the man, such as art, literature, music, history, etc., scientific and technical education is a good training, so is manual, and so is business training and all studies having more or less definite practical aim in view and one such aim should be that of earning a living hereafter. These help to give us the right use and development of the faculties, necessary for the battle of life and its efficiencies and add to the reasonable enjoyment of life. The seeing and the observing eye, the business idea and the practical healthful use of limb and muscle with the encouraging sense that it is for something useful and worth while a sense that seemed wanting in old fashioned and medieval education and devotion to the classics.

Manual school training is excellent for the mind and body, superior in many ways to an over-booky education. It puts at once a weapon into the hand of the young man when he leaves school. He can go into a trade workshop and say, "though I don't know your trade and am not an expert at any, I have learnt at the manual school how to use tools as well as my hands and can soon catch on to any work you may give me to do." The business college gives the student that important thing, the "business idea," and practical, technical or applied scientific training adapts him for the technical and scientific occupations, equipping him with the "technical and scientific mind." Such equipment substitutes for helpfulness and relying on others, independence, self-reliance and self respect.

The advantage of having good technical and manual school educational facilities here, it has been suggested, will help to keep the young people in Nelson rather than induce them to go to large cities where there are metal working classes, electrical laboratories, technical woodworking and other classes.

The crying need of the day, says the same suggested authority, is to build up rural populations, getting the people to live contentedly in smaller communities. Nelson should be the natural centre for education facilities, especially along industrial lines, keeping our young folks in the Kootenays instead of driving them to the congested cities.

GALLANT BOY SCOUTS

Since the Boy Scouts movement was organized eight years ago, Boy Scouts in the United Kingdom have earned 1885 medals for various acts of gallantry and 34 certificates of merit, 175 of these medals were awarded during the past year, according to the annual report of the executive committee of the council.

It seems a little short of remarkable that 78 out of the 175 medals awarded during the past year were for live saving. When it is estimated that this is practically double the average number of medals awarded in this connection in any previous year. In the foregoing seven years 375 medals were awarded to Boy Scouts. The awards during the past 12 months were as follows: Bronze cross (for heroic acts), 2; silver cross for gallantry with risk, 16; medals for life saving, 78; silver wolf, special merit, 17, medals of merit, 65.

Much attention has been paid to public services lately and the boys have been encouraged by the offer of war service badges. For instance, 38,392 service badges were awarded to Scouts who put in 28 days' voluntary service in aid of war causes, and 2,232 badges to Scouts who completed 100 days' service in a similar way. This war work includes all kinds of public services such as assisting the police and fire brigades, etc. Coastwatching is another form of service which has grown in popularity among the Scouts of England. The arrangement with the admiralty for the supply of Boy Scouts to assist in coastwatching still continues and numbers varying from 1300 to 1800 have been employed in this way. They have won the cordial appreciation of the admiralty in charge of coastguards. Badges for 84 days' coastwatching were awarded to 2208 Scouts.

Vocational training is receiving merited consideration from the leading educationalists, not only in Canada but throughout the allied countries. At this point mention may be made which Boy Scouts receive, leading up to this line of endeavor in the technical schools. Badges were awarded to Boy Scouts who show proficiency to a certain standard in the following subjects; Carpentering, basket making, engineering, plumbing, printing and a number of other useful trades.

The chief scout and founder of the Boy Scouts movement, Sir Robert Baden-Powell, is most anxious to extend the development of handicrafts among Scouts in all parts of the Empire. Many boys through proficiency badges are enabled to discover for themselves their inclinations and find vocations which appeal to their natural abilities.

OLD TIMES

The half-mile walk on the country road,
From the good old farm to the corner store!
Do you remember how, pigeon-toed,
You avoided the mud, beslathered o'er,
Or how, when the summer gales were sweet
The powdery dust was on your feet?

The half-mile walk on a rainy night
With never a star to show the sky,
Not even a lantern's murky light
To find a place that was passing dry,
And the girl remarking: "My goodness, Bud,
There! Both my rubbers are in the mud."

The half-mile walk—on a night in June,
The fields all touched with a ghostly glare,
The tender light of a summer moon,
And the girl—adorably sweet and fair,
Your soul aglow with the "Old sweet song"?
—Was the half-mile ever an inch too long?

THE SILENT MULE

One of the marvels of science, which have come out of the great war, is a brayless Missouri mule. It was a French servant who turned the trick after the harassed and badgered generals had been put to the necessity of discovering a silent mule or a substitute.

The Missouri mule, despite the general use of motor trucks, performs many duties on the battle line. But the patient, hardy animal possessed a fatal fault, that of attempting to sing at the wrong time. It may have been a desire to salute the rising sun or an effort to express a nameless yearning for mulish company, but the fact remained that the "hee-hawing" usually brought a salvo from German batteries. For this reason, nobody wanted to be neighborly with the mule, and its vicinity became no man's land.

Then science came to the rescue, carefully refraining from interrupting the free play of the animal's heels. It is presumed that a sample bray was taken to the laboratory and assayed, and where its tonal qualities were noted and its horse power, or rather its mule power, duly computed. Then it was decided that the far flung challenge or the glad madrigal, whatever it happened to be, of the mule, received its impetus in the mule's long nasal organ. Science then put on its tortoise shell glasses and gave the mule's nose the once-over and decided that a sample operation would remove the bray.

No longer are the Germans affronted by the nerve-racking challenge that came over the barbed wire entanglements and moved them to cut loose with the big guns. The neighborhood of the mule has become as safe as any other part of the battlefront, which of course, is not saying a great deal. Anyway, the brayless mule is one of the achievements of the war and science may well pin another medal on itself.

—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

ENGLAND'S LITTLE GIBRALTAR

(By Prof. A. Lakes.)

One of the American ships lately torpedoed by a German submarine was in the English channel off the coast of the island of Alderney, one of the smallest of the channel isles group, but one of the strongest fortified of any of England's seacoast defenses. It used to be called England's little Gibraltar. The importance of the island from a military point of view was that it was within a few miles of and looked into the harbor of Cherbourg, the principal naval seaport of France. On a clear day with a telescope you could watch the ships going and coming in the French harbor.

The island is little more than a great granite rock in the ocean, bounded by big steep granite cliffs in which, like at Gibraltar, if I remember right, the cannon lay in quarries in the solid rock. The top of the island is covered by a few square acres of meadows and agricultural land which have given the name to a noted breed of cow, the Alderney and the Jersey cow being celebrated the world over. Curiously enough, I hardly remember to have seen a cow on the island and the Jersey cows are quite as much a product of the island of Guernsey as of Jersey.

The sea around Alderney is noted for its roughness and maelstroms or sea currents, one of which, called the race of Alderney, was particularly dreaded and ran through the surrounding ocean like a mill sluice. It was apparently in some such water that the American ship was attacked, and the boat found her way towards the island before she was picked up by an English vessel. Doubtless the German commander "had no time" to tow them, or any desire to come too close to the guns of the little Gibraltar.

FOR 50,000 VOLUNTEERS

The government has adopted what looks like a reasonable method of reinforcing the militia and releasing all available overseas troops for active service. If the 50,000 men asked for respond to the call for home defense the 50,000 men of the expeditionary forces still in this country can be despatched across the Atlantic to strengthen the Canadian divisions in England and at the front. Some of them will go anyway and that soon.

The appeal for home defense should reach thousands of men whose family obligations or other responsibilities have stood in the way of their going abroad, but it is probable that once used to the king's uniform many will volunteer for overseas service, and that thus the militia will become once more a perpetual reservoir of men for the front. It is designed that recruiting for the militia shall not interfere with enlistments for foreign service, which it is intended shall be pushed on the basis of the census taken by the national service commission.

The choice of Major-General Mewburn to direct the new movement promises well for its success. The sooner 50,000 able-bodied men volunteer for the militia, infantry and artillery, the sooner will the 50,000 troops retained here for emergencies be able to join their comrades in Europe. When the 50,000 militiamen are secured and the 50,000 troops moved across the ocean, this country will have sent nearly 400,000 overseas in the army and contributed 485,000 to the allied cause in various capacities. Canada has done, and is doing, magnificently. The Canadian militia authorities reserve the right to send volunteers back to agriculture or other essential industries if they can serve better in such capacities.

See Them Soar! Eggs, potatoes, onions, peas, beans—everything in the food line soaring beyond the family purse, except **Shredded Wheat Biscuit,** the standard whole wheat cereal food, which sells at the same old price. One prominent paper urges people to boycott the egg and other expensive foods and eat cereals which have a higher nutritive value at a lower cost. Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with milk make a complete meal at a total cost of four or five cents, furnishing all the nutriment one needs. For breakfast with milk; for supper with sliced bananas or stewed prunes. Made in Canada.

THE WEATHER

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	15	36
Dawson	-2	10
Prince Rupert	34	38
Victoria	34	46
Vancouver	36	44
Kamloops	26	42
Edmonton	12	36
Battleford	8	34
Prince Albert	12	34
Calgary	8	48
Medicine Hat	22	40
Moose Jaw	10	31
Winnipeg	24	34
Port Nelson	2	10
Port Arthur	20	42
Parry Sound	36	54
London	40	67
Toronto	38	63
Ottawa	38	52
Montreal	38	50
Quebec	36	50
St. John	32	44
Halifax	24	50
Saskatoon	6	35

COLD STORAGE

"How do you feel today, old man?"
"I don't feel like myself."
"In that case perhaps you will lend me a five-spot."

Pa—At last I've found a way to make that young scamp of ours stop winking his eyes.
Ma—Really?
Pa—Yes, I'll show him the article in this science magazine where it says that every time we wink we give the eye a bath.

After the wedding ceremony the newly-married pair sought their new cottage home. Then the bride held her wedding ring to her ear, as children hold shells when listening for the "waves."
"What are you doing?" asked her husband.
"Listening to the music," was the prompt reply of the lady, who had certain suspicions about her new ornament.
"Music? Who ever heard of music in a wedding ring," scoffed the man.
"That's as may be," retorted the bride, "but have you never heard a brass band play?"

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick Ernest Zang of near Vulcan, in the province of Alberta, farmer will apply to the parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife Barbara Christina Zang, of the town of Nakusp, in the province of British Columbia, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

Dated at the City of Calgary, this twentieth day of February, 1917.

W. C. POLLARD,
Clarence Block, Calgary, Alberta, Solicitor for the Applicant.

POUND DISTRICT ACT.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 of the above Act, notice is hereby given of the appointment of Captain H. H. Applewhaite of Willow Point, B.C., as Poundkeeper of the pound established 100 yards north of the Willow Point wharf on the east side of the Nelson-Balfour road, and situated on Lot "J" of Lot 4311, Group 1.

JOHN OLIVER,
Minister of Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C., March 12th, 1917.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON STREET, NELSON, B.C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock.
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P.O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Brown Stoneware
IF YOU WANT TO PROCURE A FEW CHOICE PIECES OF "GURSNEY STONEWARE" NOW IS YOUR CHANCE
WE HAVE JUST A FEW LEFT
Consisting of:
OVAL AND ROUND CASSEROLES—Each ..... $1.25 and $1.50
BEAN POTS—Each ..... 50c, 65c and 75c
CHOCOLATE POTS—Each ..... 75c and $1.00
PUDDING BOWLS—Each ..... 15c, 20c and 25c
CUSTARD CUPS—Each ..... 15c and 20c
DON'T WAIT TILL THEY ARE ALL SOLD
Nelson Hardware Co.
BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

A Gift That Will Always Please
is one that combines usefulness, beauty and permanence. These qualities are splendidly combined in
BIRKS' SILVERWARE
A fine range of choice silverware, in both small and large pieces, is shown in our catalogue.
When ordering, please allow us a second choice if possible, and thus avoid the risk of delay or disappointment.
Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
Vancouver, B. C.

RAW FURS
To obtain best prices send your furs to the manufacturer instead of to a dealer.
G. GLASER
MANUFACTURING FURRIER,
NELSON, B. C.
Will Pay the Highest Market Prices

FURS
Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodeled and repaired. Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.
G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier, 116 Ward st., Nelson, B. C. Phone 106

Private Hospital
LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT.
We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment.
Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.
Mrs. Moore, Superintendent,
THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B.C.
P. O. Box 772.
Phone 372 for Appointment.

Hotel Registers
The Daily News Job Department has just placed in stock a new lot of Hotel Registers for which orders can be filled by return mail.
150-Page Books, each.... $4.50
100-Page Books, each.... $3.50
The Daily News Job Department
NELSON.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion lands. W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

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Grow Your Own Vegetables This Year

PICK OUT YOUR SEEDS EARLY

We have a big stock from the best seed merchants in Canada.

FLOWER SEEDS
VEGETABLE SEEDS
LAWN GRASS SEED
CLOVER SEED

ONION SETTS
Pound 25c

Star Grocery
PHONE 10

ATTENTION

Farmers and Dairymen:

There is a constantly increasing demand for Curlew Butter manufactured from British Columbia cream.

Ship us your cream. Butter fat now 45c per lb. f. o. b. Nelson. Write for shipping tags, express rates, etc.

Curlew Creamery Company

Be Careful What You Wash Your Hair With

Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else that contains too much alkali for this is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for it is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap and beats anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store and a few ounces will lost the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

PARTY ENDURED 24 DAYS OF WEATHER AT 40 BELOW

OTTAWA, March 26.—Word has been received here of the safe arrival at Dawson City of the Royal Northwest Mounted police patrol which makes an annual winter trip from Dawson to Fort McPherson. The party left Dawson Jan. 6 and returned *in fine condition on March 8.* According to the members of the patrol, the present winter in the far north has been the coldest on record. The average for December and January was 24 below zero, with 24 days of 40 and more below. On several occasions the temperature dropped to 75 degrees below.

Rev. Howard Kennedy, formerly of Amherst island, has been appointed to a church in Salt Lake City, Utah.

Tells Just What They Did For Her

Well Known Lady Makes Statement Regarding Regarding Dodd's Kidney Pills.

She Had Numerous Troubles, All of Which Came from Diseased Kidneys and Found a Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

AYR'S CLIFF, Que., March 26.—Special.—Mrs. W. Coules Macdona, of The Farm, a member of one of the oldest families living in this neighborhood has consented to give the public the benefit of her experience with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started from overwork," Mrs. Macdona states, "and I suffered for two years. I was treated by a doctor, but the results were not satisfactory. My joints were stiff, I had cramps in my muscles, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing and I was heavy and sleepy after meals. I had bad headaches, my appetite was fitful and I was always tired and nervous. I was depressed and low-spirited, I had a bitter taste in my mouth in the mornings and I was often dizzy.

"I perspired with the least exertion and I often had sharp pressure or pain on the top of the head. Then rheumatism was added to my troubles. I have taken just two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they have done me good, not only in one way but in many. Even my rheumatism is much better.

Mrs. Macdona's symptoms all showed that her kidneys were wrong. If you have similar symptoms try Dodd's Kidney Pills."

1[3224

Is the winning number for last week in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes. Ask for ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.
LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION.

RAW FURS WANTED

Trappers, farmers, ranchers, it does not cost you anything to get our cash offer on your furs. Express them to us. We will pay all charges over a $5 valuation. We make you our offer and hold your furs for your reply, returning them at our expense if not purchased. Try us. Special prices paid for dark marten. In business since 1888. Send for price list.

MACKAY & DIPPIE,
218 8th Ave. W., Calgary

SURVEY OF EMPIRE PRODUCTION URGED

Necessity for Placing Empire in Position to Meet Any Emergency Urged by Dominions Commission

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, via Reuter's Ottawa Agency, March 26.—The final report of the dominions royal commission, which has just been issued, sets forth numerous conclusions and recommendations which it brings to the notice of the imperial and Dominion governments.

It declares, regarding the scientific development of natural resources that it is vital that the Empire be placed in a position enabling it to resist any pressure which a foreign power or a group of powers could exercise in time of peace or war through control of essential raw materials and commodities.

It recommends that a complete survey should accordingly be made of the relation between Empire production and Empire requirements of such materials.

With reference to such materials and commodities as are mainly produced and controlled outside of the Empire, such as cotton, petroleum, nitrates and potash, the most careful inquiry is needed regarding the possibility of new sources of supply or the finding of substitutes within the Empire. Survey and investigation in this respect should be entrusted to the new imperial development board, which should work through existing departments in the United Kingdom and self-governing dominions and local scientific department and the Imperial institute for India, the crown colonies and protectorates.

The reports recommend far greater control by imperial and overseas agencies for the section of emigrants, the creation of a central emigration authority to effect cooperation and a further consultative board to effect a proper corelation between the central authority and the activities of the dominions.

It urges the need of providing adequate training and assistance for intending soldier-settlers, and far greater attention to the emigration of women from Great Britain and increasing the same.

A proposal is made for the interchange of school teachers between the United Kingdom and the dominions.

Regarding the creation of an imperial development board, the commissioners express the views that *existing organizations are inadequate* to deal with matters of joint interest to the Empire as a whole, such as the scientific development of Empire resources, the deepening of harbors on a coordinated plan, cable service and the preparation of statistics. In its initial stage the board should be advisory. The following representation upon it is suggested: The United Kingdom, India, the crown colonies and protectorates, seven; South Africa, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and Newfoundland, one each.

SOLDIERS' WIVES GET INCREASED ALLOWANCES

Receive $1 Month More for Each Child —Means Total Additional Disbursement of $30,000.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 26.—Increased allowances are being given by the patriotic fund to soldiers' wives who have children dependent on them. The increase is $1 a month for each child. Formerly $3 was allowed for each child. Under the new allotment this is increased to $4. *Those with no* children dependent on them receive no further increase. It is expected that there will be a further disbursement of about $30,000 through this medium this year. There are about 3000 for whom bounty is being paid by the patriotic fund. The increase is induced by consideration of the high cost of living.

Many complaints have been received that under the former distribution it was impossible for many to exist. The allowances do not in any case, including that to the wife, exceed $30 a month, no matter how many children are dependent on her.

FREE MILK RECORD FORMS

Two five-year-old cows in a dairy herd where cow testing is practised, made two widely divergent records in 1916. *One gave 6616 pounds of milk* and 204 pounds of fat, the other gave 8370 pounds of milk and 288 pounds of fat. This means $27 difference in income between the two. The owner did not expect to find such a difference. Yet who but the man among his cows all the time should best know their possibilities? Is there as much difference as that between two cows in your herd? Cow testing will help you to know and will help you to save time, labor and feed. For if you retain only the best cows, you keep those that you are sure will repay you handsomely for all you expend on them. A request to the dairy commissioner, Ottawa, for milk record forms should state whether you want those for daily or three days weights per month; they are free for asking.

Kootenay and Boundary

ROSSLAND NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., March 26.—Miss G. Johnson of Trail spent the weekend at her home here.

Mrs. A. M. Betts entertained a few friends on Monday afternoon at her home in honor of Mrs. Binns of Kaslo. Mrs. Binns will leave on Wednesday for her home.

Mrs. C. Atkins of Trail spent Monday in the city, leaving on Tuesday morning for her home at Point Roberts.

T. Costella, who was wounded at the front some time ago, is expected home this week.

Mrs. Brehaut of Trail will accompany Misses Cora and Jean and Master Freddie Harding to Victoria on Friday to join Mr. Harding, who has been there for some weeks.

FORT STEELE NEWS.

(Special to The Daily News.)

FORT STEELE, B. C., March 26.—The Red Cross society has decided to postpone its dance until April 18.

Miss Bessie Cann is at the St. Eugene hospital, Cranbrook, recuperating from an operation for appendicitis. Mrs. Cann is spending a week in Cranbrook.

R. L. T. Galbraith visited Cranbrook on Friday.

Rev. McInnis spent the weekend in town and conducted morning service at the Presbyterian church.

Miss I Blair of Cranbrook is spending a few weeks in town.

CRAWFORD BAY NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRAWFORD BAY, B. C., March 26.—A surprise party was given Mrs. Palmer on Tuesday evening in honor of *Mr. and Mrs. White.*

A meeting of the junior farmers' institute was held Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Peters. General business was discussed. Mrs. Peters served refreshments, assisted by Mrs. Legg.

COLUMBIA GARDEN NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

COLUMBIA GARDENS, B. C., March 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Selby and family have returned to the valley from Denver, Colo.

Miss Robinson spent a very pleasant weekend with friends in Nelson.

A very enjoyable evening was spent at the hotel on Wednesday. The young people of the valley were joined by friends from Waneta, who, in spite of the unsettled weather, turned out in good numbers. The music for dancing was supplied by Mrs. Cooper of Waneta and Miss Robinson. Vocal and instrumental solos were rendered by Mrs. Johnson, Miss Paull and Miss Robinson. *A collection amounting to* $5 was taken for the Red Cross.

WANETA NOTES

WANETA, B. C., March 26.—Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Galbraith and Miss Galbraith left on Tuesday for Vulcan, Alta.

Mrs. Stone is spending the weekend with Mrs. Duncan.

A. E. Churches returned from Trail on Saturday.

SLOCAN CITY SISTERS HEAR OF SOLDIER BROTHER'S DEATH

SLOCAN CITY, B. C., March 26.—The Misses E. G. and Flossy McVicar received a message on Saturday from their home in Nelson informing them that their brother Don had been killed in action on March 16.

Rev. H. A. Bain of New Denver occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening, Rev. O. E. Huguet officiating in his place in New Denver.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Curtis entertained a few of their friends Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. W. *G. Holt and James Holt, who are leaving* here to make their home in Cosmo, Alta.

Miss Flossy McVicar of Winlaw spent the weekend in town with her sister, Miss E. G. McVicar.

FINANCE MINISTER WANTS INFORMATION

Asks for Details of Property Owned by British Subjects in Foe Countries and by Aliens Here.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, March 26.—Information is wanted concerning the property in Canada of enemy subjects; information is also wanted concerning property of British subjects when that property is in an enemy country. The *Canadian minister of finance has been* appointed public custodian of enemy property in Canada. He has sent out a circular letter to banks, financial and other companies asking for statements under four heads:

First—Property, real or personal, in Canadian territory belonging to enemy subjects.

Second—Debts, including bank deposits and bank balances, due to or held on behalf of enemy subjects resident or carrying on business in enemy territory or due to or held on behalf of enemy subjects resident in Canada.

Four—Claims of British subjects resident or carrying on business in Canada against enemy governments.

These are the matters upon which the finance minister wants information, as he would be glad to hear from any one who believes he has information upon any one of the four classes of information sought. The law requires the return of such information to the finance minister. An intimation to him that a person has such information will result in forms being sent out upon which precise statements are to be made.

The information is sought for several purposes. The British government wants to have a statement of British subjects owning property in Germany, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria; and a statement of the property held in the British Empire by Germans, Austrians, Turks and Bulgarians in order that there may be information for the balancing of accounts at the close of the war. The information gathered in Canada will be transmitted to the "public trustee" in England.

CONDITION OF SENATOR SIR LYMAN JONES UNCHANGED

TORONTO, March 26.—The condition of Senator Sir Lyman Jones was reported tonight as unchanged.

What Mexico Needs

Insofar as Carranza stands for the establishment of the law and order Mexico so sorely needs, he will have the moral support of the best element of the population in his own country and the cooperative sympathy of the friends of Mexico on this side of the line, though in his surly, suspicious obstinacy, he has often perplexed and displeased those who were only trying to help Mexico out of the slough of misrule. But a president in fact and in name is but one of the many political needs of our bellicose neighbor. *The people must be taught what the* vote means. They must acquire a conception of patriotism larger than that of the mere factional struggle for posts of elegant indolence in the pay of the state. Every republic below the Rio Grand has had a superfluity of presidents, and a deplorable insufficiency of unselfish and honest private citizens.—Philadelphia Ledger.

PROPOSES TO CHANGE SUPREME COURT ACT

Legislation Introduced Enables Plaintiff in Land Suits to Get Judgment Though Defendant Absent

(By Staff Crrespondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, Victoria, March 26.—Amendments to the supreme court act which have been introduced by the government will provide that a plaintiff in suits affecting land may proceed to get judgment in the absence of *the defendant. In an explanation of* the measure, Hon. M. A. Macdonald, attorney-general, said that great difficulty had arisen in connection with foreclosing mortgages or taking action on agreements dealing with land because of the fact that in many cases the defendant in whose name the land was held had entirely disappeared from the province. In such cases a plaintiff, who had equal right with a defendant, may under the new act launch action, prove it in the ordinary way, proceed to trial and obtain judgment. To protect the defendant provision was made that the plaintiff should deposit a bond and if within three years an adequate defense were offered the case could be reopened and damages secured if the original judgment proved to be wrong.

The difficulty at the present time, he *explained was that substitutional ser*vice was impossible unless the plaintiff could make affidavit that he had knowledge of the absence of the defendant. The position in many cases was that the plaintiff did not know where the defendant was located. This condition was becoming worse every day.

In New Zealand, said Mr. Macdonald, a law similar to that covered by the amendment was on the statute books.

R. H. Pooley, Esquimalt, suggested the attorney-general should consider if the amendments would not conflict with the war relief act, which protected soldiers and soldiers' dependents. He thought minor, as well as supreme court claims, should be covered by the amendment. Term of notice should also be greater than eight days. He suggested 21 days.

BRITAIN SPENDS HUGE AMOUNT ON ARMY

LONDON, March 26.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—The immense military effort which Great Britain is putting forth is strikingly illustrated by the army *appropriation account* for 1916, which shows that the net expenditure of the army was £543,187,548.

This amount includes: Pay, £98,157,156; supplies and clothing, £212,960,815; quartering, transport and remounts, £96,373-107, of which the sea transport of troops cost £30,687,382.

The sum of £5,570,320 is credited to the Indian government for ordinary expenses of the Indian expeditionary forces.

SAYS NO MINISTER HAS PROMISED AID WITH ROAD

(By Staff Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, VICTORIA, B.C., March 26.—No promise has been made by any minister of the crown to grant assistance to R. R. Bruce and associ*ates in connection with the building* of a road up Toby creek leading to the Paradise mine, according to answers which have been filed by Hon. William Sloan to questions asked by James H. Schofield, member for Trail.

STATES NUMBER OF COMPANY FAILURES IN TEN YEARS

(By Staff Correspondent.)

PRESS GALLERY, VICTORIA, B.C., March 26.—Eighty-seven joint stock companies with a capital of $500,000 or more and 32 extra-provincial companies have passed into the hands of receivers or liquidators in British Columbia during the past 10 years, according to an answer which has been given to questions asked by J. S. Cowper.

COUNTRY FACED WITH TWO ALTERNATIVES

Must Continue System of Subsidies to C. N. R. and G. T. or Nationalize the Roads

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, March 26.—The Free Press Ottawa correspondent in a despatch tonight says that "in connection with the Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk systems, the country is faced with two alternatives, either to continue for several years more its system of subsidies and loans in vogue for the past few years or to nationalize the roads. This is said to be the outstanding conclusion to be drawn from a majority report of the commission recently appointed to make a survey of the whole railway situation of the Dominion. The report, on the other hand, favors the retention of the roads under corporation control.

"In connection with the Grand Trunk the majority report finds that while more than $16,000,000 have been declared in dividends to the shareholders, little provision has been made for depreciation and sinking fund. The members of the commission are of the opinion that a board of directors 3000 miles away cannot effectively manage a Canadian railway. It is stated that the life of a car is only 20 years and that as a result of the lack of provision for depreciation the Grand Trunk is only running one car for every seven run by the Canadian Pacific railway.

"The majority report is of the opinion that an expenditure of $51,000,000 would be required to put the Grand Trunk Pacific on an economic earning basis. The amount estimated necessary to put the Canadian Northern railway on a running basis is $20,000,000. In this connection it is interesting to note that the sponsors of the Canadian Northern railway bill of last session contended that the amount therein provided for would put the road on a firm basis and that no more financial aid would be required from parliament."

ALBERTA LIQUOR ACT WILL BE CHANGED

Premier Announces Amendment That Meets Wishes of Prohibitionists in Province

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

EDMONTON, March 26.—The famous clause 55 of the Liquor act, about which there has been so much discussion and so many legal opinions, and concerning which a delegation of more than 1000 persons recently interviewed the provincial cabinet, will be amended in a way that is satisfactory to the prohibition forces.

A number of other amendments to the act are now before the provincial legislature, and were given a second reading this afternoon.

Premier Sifton announced that the following amendment would be submitted:

"No person within the province of Alberta shall have or keep in his private dwelling house a quantity of liquor *exceeding one quart of spirits* and two gallons of malted liquor."

Under the new clause it will still be illegal for occupants in apartment houses, blocks and boarding houses to be in possession of any liquor. The premier, in moving the second reading of the amendments, said that the government was taking a somewhat serious course. The liquor bill differed from other bills in the fact that the principle at least had been approved *by the public. The amendments,* however, only went so far as to carry out what had been clearly endorsed by the people. Premier Sifton said there were difficulties of opinion on the constitutional question as to how far the authority of the province went. They were not sure but they were told by eminent federal authorities the province had power to go much farther.

"I feel," he said, "the only way to find out regarding the relative powers of the province and Dominion is to do *what we think is necessary for the* people of Alberta and pass an act that we think will carry out the principles laid down by the public of the country."

The bill was then read a second time.

Nature Says

"I can remedy most ills, and help you to escape many ailments, if you give me timely aid." Naturally, Nature prefers

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

Department of othe Naval Service.
Royal Naval College of Canada

The next examination for the entry of Naval Cadets will be held at the examination centres of the Civil Service Commission in May, 1917, successful candidates joining the College on or about the 1st of August. Applications for entry will be received up to the 15th April by the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Ottawa, from whom blank entry forms can now be obtained.

Candidates for the examination in May next must be between the ages of fourteen and sixteen on the 1st July, 1917.

Further details can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

G. J. DESBARATS, C.M.G.,
Deputy Minister of the Naval Service.
Department of the Naval Service,
Ottawa, November 28, 1916.

Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Blank Books and Loose Leaf Forms

The Blank Books and Loose Leaf Ledger forms being turned out by The Daily News bindery are a revelation to those who "did not know" such good work could be done in Nelson. There's no excuse for you sending any kind of ruled or printed work out of the district until you are sure we cannot handle it. Every dollar you send with The Daily News helps swell the pay roll.

The Daily News
Bindery Department

New Millinery Arrives Daily in Preparation for Easter

THE TIMELY THOUGHT THAT IS PROBABLY UPPERMOST IN WOMEN'S MINDS JUST NOW IS

"What Will I Get in the Way of a Hat for Easter?"

There are so many new ideas in Millinery for the Spring Season that the choosing of the proper shape and style to suit your particular taste will be an easy matter, especially if you allow us to help you make your selection from the great assortment of Fashionable Models which we are now displaying.

Almost every Shade, Color and Trimming that you would be likely to admire we have, and at such moderate prices that you will be more than pleased with your selection.

Large Sailor Shapes
IN BLACK, ROSE AND BLUES AND OTHER WANTED COLORS
From $7.00 up to $10.00 and $12.00 Each

Small Hats
BLACKS AND ALL COLORS
From $5.00 to $12.00 Each

Also Medium Sizes
IN SHAPES TO SUIT EVERY FACE AT MODERATE PRICES

A SPLENDID RANGE OF
Children's Hats
IN ALL THE NEW SHADES

MEAGHER & CO.
THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

CHARGED WITH MURDERING WOMAN; SENT UP FOR TRIAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

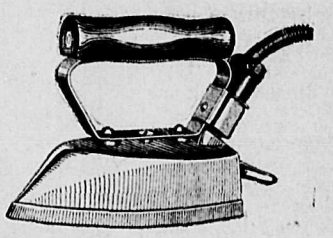
BROCKVILLE, Ont., March 26.—Arthur Free was brought before Police Magistrate Deacon here this morning charged with the murder of Mrs. Hattie Hill at Seeley's Bay on March 2. He was committed for trial.

Emerson St. Pierre, living near Aultsville, Ont., was arrested on a charge of murdering his father.

KITCHENER ELECTRIC FLAT IRONS

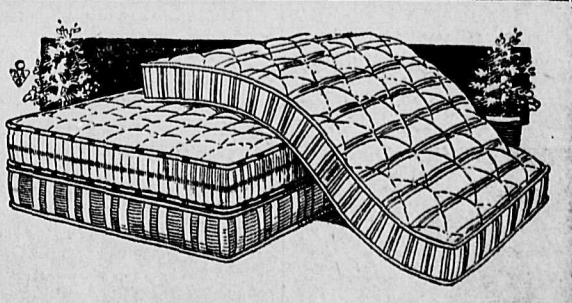
SMOOTHS THE WAY ON IRONING DAY

SIX-POUND DOMESTIC SIZE COMPLETE WITH CORD AND PLUG



$4.50 Each

CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
306 BAKER STREET NELSON, B. C.



Real Rest for a Weary World

THAT'S THE MISSION OF THE RESTMORE MATTRESS FULLY GUARANTEED

THIS IS THE STORE FOR SANITARY BEDS AND BEDDING

Standard Furniture Co.
Complete House Furnishers
BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

News of Sport

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP IS WON BY SEATTLE

Trim Canadiens in Fourth Game of Series—Outclass Frenchmen in All Departments.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SEATTLE, March 26.—The Seattle hockey team won the world's championship and the Stanley cup here tonight, when they walloped the Canadiens in the fourth game of the series and counted the third straight victory. The score was 9 to 1, but the game was really a whitewash for the Frenchmen. They were outclassed not only at their own game, the six-man style, but also in every department of the play. It was the cleanest game of the series, not a single penalty being handed out.

The Seattle team played the entire 60 minutes and outdistanced and outpassed the short-winded Canadiens. For the first 30 minutes the visitors kept it up, but they weakened in the second and plainly showed the effects of the going in the third period. The only exception was Jack Laviolette, the veteran star of the eastern club, who played like a whole team himself, saving the Canadiens' goal from distress time and time again and making all the big rushes for the red shirts. Pitre never hit his stride until late in the game and he was puffed out then. Lalonde was not there at all. Mummery could not stand on his feet.

Morris was the star for the Seattle team. He scored six goals, and showed all around the Canadien team in all departments. Foyston and Walker were the other shining lights and Roy Rickey and Rowe played well on the defense. The first period opened with a burst of speed on the part of the Canadiens and the best work was shown during the 10 minutes that followed. Then for the remaining 10 minutes the game slowed down to a half-hearted attempt on the part of the Canadiens to score, while the Seattle forwards seemed to be waiting for an opening in Vezina's breastworks.

The first rush of the period was by Walker and the Seattle team resorted to individual work. The first goal came after a rush by the Canadiens when Pitre outskated the puck and left only Mummery and Corbeau behind him. Walker went up as far as Mummery, passed to Morris. Morris had to beat both men, as Mummery fell back to meet him, but he did. The period ended in both teams killing time by passing the puck back continually to the defense to allow the defense men to do the rushing instead of the forwards. The second period saw a gradual weakening of the Canadiens. Vezina worked harder than ever as the Mets were satisfied to take chances and leave their goal open.

The final period was a slaughter of the eastern champions. The Canadiens' only goal came as a result of brilliant work on the part of Laviolette and Pitre.

No penalties.

Substitutions—First period, Couture for Pitre; Pitre for Couture.

Second period, Smith for Lalonde, Couture for Laviolette, Lalonde for Smith, Rowe for Carpenter, Laviolette for Pitre, Wilson for Foyston.

Third period, Foyston for Wilson, Carpenter for Rickey, Pitre for Couture, Wilson for Foyston, Smith for Corbeau, Riley for Royston, Couture for Pitre.

Line-Up

Seattle.		Canadiens.
	Goal.	
Holmes		Vezina
	Point.	
Carpenter		Mummery
	Cover Point.	
Rickey		Corbeau
	Centre.	
Morris		Lalonde
	Right Wing.	
Foyston		Pitre
	Left Wing.	
Walker		Laviolette

Outclassed, Says Kennedy.

SEATTLE, March 26.—"We were outclassed," said Manager Kennedy of the Canadiens tonight after the game. "and you can say for me that Seattle deserved to win the cup. They played clean hockey. The work of both officials tonight was excellent.

Patrick Pleased.

"I am pleased," said President Frank Patrick of the P. C. H. A. tonight, "that the last two games have been so clean. The game tonight as a deciding game of a world series and played without a penalty will stand as a record. The brand of hockey was especially fine."

Muldoon All Smiles.

Manager Muldoon of the world's hockey champions, was all smiles.

"The Canadiens were worthy opponents. While we did defeat them I believe that the fact that they were playing under strange conditions and in a different climate had a lot to do with their being so decisively beaten. We are glad to have won the coveted honor for the Pacific coast."

VETERAN CATCHER IS ELIGIBLE FOR SERVICE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CINCINNATI, O., March 26.—The veteran Canadian catcher, George Gibson, was today declared to be eligible for service by the national baseball commission. The New York Nationals obtained Gibson last fall when Pittsburg asked for waivers on him. Gibson, however, at that time refused to join the New York team. He recently applied to the commission to be restored to good standing, stating he desired to join the New Yorks.

AT THE THEATRES

Starland.

The long heralded appearance of the popular Clara Kimball Young in the first of her own company's productions, "The Common Law," by Robert W. Chambers, is scheduled for the Starland theatre Wednesday and Thursday, April 4 and 5.

Director General Albert Capellani of the Clara Kimball Young Film corporation, has screened the novel in seven parts and the production is said to be magificent in every respect. In the cast supporting Miss Young are Conway Tearle, Paul Capellani, Edna Hunter, Lillian Cook, Julia Stuart, Edward M. Kimball, Lydia Knott and D. J. Flannigan.

Gem.

"The Bugler of Algiers," to be exhibited at the Gem theatre on Friday, will be a patriotic Bluebird photoplay, of stirring appeal to loyalty and love of country. Ella Hall returns to the screen after long absence as star of this attraction and her supporting company will be headed by Rupert Julian, Kingsley Benedict and little Zoe Rae, the baby-star of "Gloriana," a recent Bluebird of great vogue. Robert H. Davis, editor of Munsey's magazine, wrote the original story in collaboration with Perley Poore Sheehan and Rupert Julian directed the production.

SEVEN MEN FROM PROVINCE KILLED

List of Casualties Includes Name of Nelson Soldier, Pte. Donald McVicar

Seven British Columbia soldiers are reported killed in action in the casualty list issued from Ottawa last night, while three are given as wounded, two as dangerously ill and one is suffering from gas poisoning. The men are:

Killed in action: J. F. Blair, High Point; J. M. Linn, New Westminster; E. M. Turner, New Westminster; Donald McVicar, Nelson (whose death was reported in yesterday's Daily News); C. G. Whitaker, Kelowna; Hugh McMillan, Victoria; and Corp. John Windrum, Fraser Mills.

Wounded: G. Draper, Central Park, Vancouver; W. B. Drader, Vernon; and Lieut. J. Davidson, New Westminster.

Dangerously ill: R. R. Abbott, Mission City; and Norman Carson, Nanaimo.

Suffering from gas poisoning: M. Bell, Vancouver.

The list follows:

INFANTRY

Killed in Action

S. Solar, Lethbridge.
J. F. Blair, High Point, B. C.
Thomas West, England.
J. M. Linn, 1029 Auckland street, New Westminster, B. C.
E. M. Turner, 138 Second street, New Westminster, B. C.
Donald McVicar, Nelson, B. C.
C. G. Whitaker, Kelowna, B. C.
N. Entwistle, England.
Hugh McMillan, 1057 Regent street, Victoria, B. C.
Corp. John Windram, Fraser Mills, B. C.
F. Hampson, England.
Sergt.-Major W. H. Wiltshire, Montreal.
W. J. Nash, Havelock, N. B.
Corp. W. Helps, Wingham, Ont.
T. P. Clark, Port Perry, Ont.
G. D. Deacon, England.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Reported Killed in Action

Fred Little, McKellar, Ont.
P. C. Watts, England.
Corp. Hugh McLean, Bermuda.
H. Lockyer, Winnipeg.
R. Davidge, Winnipeg.

Previously Reported Accidentally Killed, Now Killed in Action

E. Paquett, Montreal.
A. Corbeil, Montreal.

Previously Reported Missing, Now from Reliable Sources Reported Killed

Lieut. S. J. Peppler, Toronto.

Previously Reported Dangerously Wounded, Now Died of Wounds

Lieut. R. J. Hosie, Brandon, Man.
A. Cunningham, Quebec, Que.
J. H. Bruce, Brandon, Man.

Died of Wounds

W. A. Hicks, Dauphin, Man.
J. Sullivan, London, Ont.
I. Mironoff, Russia.
Corp. R. J. Joy, Vawn, Sask.
Sergt. T. McDermott, Toronto.

Dangerously Ill.

J. Desjardens, Fort William, Ont.
Corp. H. Benallick, Quebec.
J. B. Bellficule, Quebec.
R. R. Abbott, Mission City, B. C.
P. Steele, Bentley, Alta.
T. Flegg, Ottawa.
J. Fraser, Mulgrave, N. S.
J. Mason, Toronto.
Norman Carson, Nanaimo, B. C.
Capt. F. A. Rowlandson, England.
V. Oakes, London, Ont.

Wounded.

Lieut. T. Brewer, Seattle, Wash.
Lieut. J. Robertson, New Glasgow, N. S.
Lieut. H. A. Bawer, Winnipeg.
J. Bowie, South Africa.
E. J. Brown, Toronto.
G. Draper, Central Park, Vancouver.
Lieut. Q. Harrington, England.
Capt. P. Simpson, Montreal.
J. Stewart, Toronto.
W. Hughes, Scotland.
Corp. N. McLeod, Scotland.
R. D. Coste, Sydney, N. S.
W. B. Drader, Vernon, B. C.
Sergt. M. Hall, England.
G. Rowland, Winnipeg.
W. H. Gilpin, Parry Sound, Ont.
Sergt. V. Burgoin, Scotland.
W. Raine, Daysland, Alta.
K. Kakamato, Japan.
Lieut. R. Symth, Merritton, Ont.
Lieut. W. Derbyshire, England.
H. Beal, England.
L. Tanguay, Swift Current, Sask.
A. Roche, Craik, Sask.
R. King, Switzerland.
A. Marshall, Quebec.
K. McLeod, Scotland.
C. Berth, Neveton, Man.
E. Wells, England.
J. Royle, Hamilton, Ont.
J. Gray, Toronto.
J. Sage, St. Thomas, Ont.
E. Levesque, Sturgeon Falls, Ont.
R. McArthur, Lancaster, Ont.
Lieut. J. Davidson, New Westminster, B. C.
C. Geissler, London, Ont.
A. Sharples, England.
J. Stone, Cove Bay, Ont.
E. Reardon, London, Ont.

Suffering from Fracture.

Lieut. J. J. Todd, New York.

Suffering from Gas Poisoning.

M. Bell, 2025 Granville street, Vancouver, B. C.

Previously Reported Prisoner of War, Now Reported Officially Died.

G. S. Godsall, Montreal.

Reported Missing, Believed Prisoner of War.

S. Stankovitch, Servia.

Reported Prisoner of War in Error.

Corp J. G. Romley, England.

Accidentally Wounded, Returned to Duty.

G. E. Pillage, Montreal.

P. Macgregor, Lieut. Stuart Moore, Lieut. Norman H. Pawley.

Distinguished Conduct Medal—Pte. C. L. Miles.

The Official Gazette also has notice of the award of a bar to the Military Medal already held by two men, to Sergt. G. Smith and Corp. T. Cowing.

SHIPPING PROSPECT IN UNITED KINGDOM

GLASGOW, Scotland—At the annual meeting of the Glasgow Shipowners association, Lord Inverclyde, the chairman, in moving the adoption of the reports, said all their thoughts turned on the war, and especially on the sea phases of the war. They were glad to know that the admiralty had the hostile submarines well in hand. This he believed was absolutely the case, and that in the not distant future this peril would not be so serious as it had been up till now.

On the question of the nationalization of shipping, Leonard Gow, who also spoke, said that if, as seemed evident, the chancellor of the exchequer was not very clear as to what the prime minister contemplated with respect to shipping, shipowners would have to be on the alert, so as to be ready to act quickly as soon as they knew what was actually proposed. The nationalization of shipping, he maintained, was a very different matter from the nationalization of railways. Railways were situated inside the country, and so could be fully controlled, whereas shipping, which had been built up entirely by individual enterprise and without any help from legislation, was subject to keen competition both at home and abroad—especially from continental owners. It would be a very serious matter for British shipowners, Mr. Gow contended, if, even for the duration of the war, their tonnage was nationalized at rates which would give inadequate returns. If the returns were cut down and if the war was followed some time later by a period of poor trade, shipowning would be anything but a lucrative investment for years to come—especially as the property was of a character to deteriorate considerably. In such a case, he maintained, British owners would not have adequate funds to compete with continental owners, and the tendency would be for British tonnage to decrease and continental tonnage to increase. If shipowners were treated shabbily now, he declared, their tonnage would be found to be much shorter than at the beginning of the war. The matter was one demanding prompt and serious attention, for if anything drastic were decided upon, it might mean a very serious blow to British shipping—a blow from which it might never recover.

ICE FORCES MAIL BOAT TO ABANDON VOYAGE

OTTAWA, March 26.—The government steamer Stanley, which left a few days ago for the Magdalen islands carrying mail, was unable to get through on account of ice and put back into North Sydney Sunday with her rudder damaged. The ice in the gulf is unusually heavy this year.

BRAVE CANADIANS GET WAR DECORATIONS

LONDON, March 26.—Notices of the award of the Military Cross to five Canadian officers and of decoration with the Distinguished Conduct Medal for another Canadian, were gazetted tonight:

Military Cross—Lieut. Warner Bole, Lieut. John H. Christie, Lieut. Harold

SCOTT'S EMULSION
STRENGTHENS PUNY CHILDREN

Gin Pills
FOR THEIR KIDNEYS
MARTYR TO PAINS IN THE BACK

Halifax, N.S., Jan. 15, 1916.

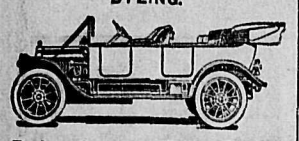
About eight months ago I read your advertisement in one of the Halifax papers offering a free sample of Gin Pills for the Kidneys. I had been a martyr for years to intense pains across the back and decided to try Gin Pills. Before I had finished the third box I found myself for the first time in years perfectly free from pain.

Yours sincerely,
Mrs. (Jane) Peney.

All druggists sell Gin Pills at 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. Sample free if you write to

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED
Toronto, Ont.

Nelson Steam Laundry
FRENCH DRY CLEANING AND DYEING.



Dealers for the White Company Motor Cars and Trucks, Automobiles for hire any hour day or night—passengers, baggage and light freight.

Nelson Steam Laundry
PAUL NIPOU, Manager.
P. O. Box 48 Tel. 144

The Right Varnish for *Your* Boat

The varnish you choose for your boat is of utmost importance.

You want your boat to look spick and span the whole season through. If you buy

Luxeberry Spar

you'll use a varnish that won't turn white no matter how hard the wear and weather. It is tough, elastic and easily withstands hot sun, beating rain—even constant immersion in water. Luxeberry Spar is easy to use and is sure to satisfy. Let us tell you more about it.

WOOD, VALLANCE HDWE CO., LTD., NELSON.

PUZZLED?

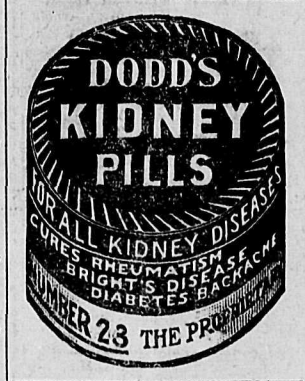
If with some perplexing question you are vexed, go down to the
O. K. BARBER SHOP
And you will soon be next.
A. L. WILSON.

AT THE STARLAND

The Original and Only Genuine

Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

Beware of Imitations



CANADIAN SOLDIER'S LETTER

Says Dr. Cassells' Tablets Have Kept Him Fit Through Two Wars.

Sapper A. Hartley of the A Company Canadian Engineers, whose home address is 906 Trafalgar street, London, Ont., is one of the many who have written in praise of Dr. Cassell's Tablets. He says: "As a constant user of Dr. Cassell's Tablets, I would like to add my testimony to their value. I used them when I was in the South African war and finding the benefit of them there, have taken them since whenever I felt run down. I always recommend them for I know that they do all that is claimed for them. In my opinion they are the best tonic anyone can take for loss of appetite, poorness of the blood, or general weakness of the system."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul St., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for dyspepsia, kidney trouble, sleeplessness, anaemia, nervous ailments, nerve paralysis, palpitation and weakness in children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers, and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One tube 50 cents. Six tubes for the price of five. Beware of imitations, said to contain hypophosphites. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors and no imitation can ever be the same.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

Card Printing a Specialty

High grade stock and superior workmanship enable us to guarantee satisfaction in this as in all other lines of printing. Samples and prices on application to

The Daily News Job Department
Nelson - B. C.
Printers Rulers Bookbinders

The habit of reading Advertisements

NEWSPAPERS would be much less enjoyable, instructive and valuable than they are if they contained no advertisements. Many persons read the advertisements quite as thoroughly as they read the news matter. This is just as it should be.

The more advertising, the more buying. The more buying, the greater the consumption of the goods or service advertised.

More business could be done by the merchants of Nelson if they advertised more, and if more of them advertised. Much business goes to the big city mail order houses because they advertise. These houses cease to draw business from this community if they ceased to advertise.

To the merchants of Nelson:

Advertise more, and more of you advertise, and the big mail order houses will get less and less business from this community, and you will get more.

Advertisement reading is worth while

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 25 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement.....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name .....

Address .....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage and allow five words extra for box number.

294

Little Ads that Bring Big Returns

CONDENSED ADVERTISING RATES

One insertion, per word..... 1c
Minimum charge..... 25c
Six consecutive insertions, per word..... 4c
Twenty-six consecutive insertions (one month), per word..... 15c
Births, one insertion..... 50c
Marriages, one insertion..... 50c
Deaths, one insertion..... 50c
Card of Thanks..... 50c
Each subsequent insertion..... 25c
Death and Funeral Notice.....$1.00

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance.

In computing the number of words in a classified advertisement count each word, dollar mark, abbreviation, initial letter and figure as one word.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provision of the postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only; therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her identity may use a box at this office without any extra charge if replies are called for; if replies are to be mailed to advertiser allow 10 cents extra in addition to price of advertisement, to pay postage.

The News reserves the right to reject any copy submitted for publication.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283. WANTED—Engineers, 3rd and 4th; night sawyer, single cut band, fast rig, steam feed and nigger, must understand pine grades and shop, steady work, get quick move on for this, state where worked; men to clear land; pole makers.

WANTED—Apprentice, about 17 or 18 to learn drug business. Apply Poole Drug Co., Ltd. (5257)

SITUATION WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Position as assistant bookkeeper or time-keeper, about April 1st., lumber company preferred. What offers? Box 5238 Daily News. (5238)

SITUATION VACANT—FEMALE.

WANTED—A Girl to look after children. Apply Mrs. K. Campbell, Sandon. (5265)

WANTED—At once, girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. H. P. Thomas, 803, Silica street. (5321)

WANTED—A capable girl for general housework. Apply mornings at 711 Carbonate street. (5289)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

EXPERIENCED Dressmaker—Charges moderate; 310 Victoria St. (5270)

WOMAN COOK and husband want camp contract or wages. Particulars box 5318, Daily News. (5318)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mentges newspaper folder; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in first class condition. Snap for cash. The Daily News, Nelson. (678)

FURNITURE and household effects for sale very cheap. Can be seen Wednesday and following days. Leaving town; 423 Carbonate St. (5327)

PRIVATE SALE FURNITURE, Mrs. Cartmel, 716 Victoria street. (5308)

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—The library of the late Sheriff Tuck, which is one of the most select in the province, containing more than fifteen hundred volumes of the world's best literature. An unusual opportunity for a city, community or individual. Apply to box 4117, Daily News. (4117)

FOR SALE—Edison Dictograph complete; electric power. Apply to Daily News business office. (654)

FOR SALE—Shaving machine for Edison records. Box 685, Daily News.

LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE—Dark bay horse, weight 1050 lbs., in good shape. Apply Harry S. Clark, Shirley, B.C. (5269)

WANTED—Brood sow, due to farrow soon. Price and particulars in first letter to box 377, Nelson. (5307)

REGISTERED Ohio Improved Chester White Swine, young stock for breeding, both sexes, seven weeks old; quick growers. Delivery May and June; freight paid. Mangin & Robson, White Horse ranch, Waldo., B.C. (5319)

WANTED—Young cow, freshened or about to freshen. Give full particulars. Box 5316, Daily News. (5316)

WANTED—Young horse, suitable for saddle and light harness work. Box 5317, Daily News. (5317)

WANTED—Good, true work horse, about 1300 lbs. Must be young, sound and quiet. Write particulars to box 5283, Daily News. (5283)

FOR SALE—Eight pairs of good logging horses; some good ranch horses; 10 sets of good logging trucks. Canyon City Lumber Company, Creston, B.C. (5095)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

WANTED—Rowboat, lapstrake, good condition, about 16 ft. Miss Holman, Riondel, B.C. (5250)

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—I will rent my residence 510 Carbonate street, for the summer or permanently, partly furnished or unfurnished. Call at the house, N. Wolverton. (5241)

FOR RENT—Four roomed cottage, 914 Observatory street, $5 per month. Apply Mrs. Dancy, 411 Cedar street. (5311)

NEAL INSTITUTE.

Treatment for liquor habit. Box 21, Cranbrook, B.C.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

BARRED ROCKS—Celebrated Passmore strain. See my splendid matings. Eggs, $1.50 per setting of 15. T. Roynan, *Somerset Poultry Yards*, Nelson, B.C. Phone 434-R. (5201)

BARRED ROCK hatching eggs, heavy laying strain, dollar fifty setting; eight dollars hundred. McDiarmid & Squires, Robson. (5178)

BARRON, Cam, Rangulra, Leghorns, breeding strain, eggs, chicks. Heavy egg strains. Also Indian Runner duck eggs. W. N. Scott, Trail. (5284)

S. C WHITE LEGHORN eggs for hatching from good winter layers, $1.50 per 15, $8.00 per 100. One 200-egg Peerless incubator. . G. S. Horn, Robson, B. C. (5309)

FOR SALE—2½ year old White Yorkshire boar. Crescent Valley Store, Crescent Valley, B.C. (5285)

FOR SALE—R. C. Rhode Island Red hatching eggs, dollar per 15. Day old chicks, 20 cents each. R. H. Baker, Baker's Landing, near Kootenay Bay, B.C. (5275)

PEKIN DUCK EGGS—One fifty per setting. Belgian hares. M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (5261)

FOR SALE—Pekin drake, three fifty. M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (5260)

BUFF ORPINGTONS, Rhode Island Reds, single comb, heavy winter layers, $1.75 for 15. W. Rutherford, Nelson.

HATCHING EGGS, CHICKS—The kind that produce heavy layers. White Leghorn eggs, $1.50 per 15; $8 per 100. Chicks, $20 per 100. Buff *Orpington eggs*, $2.50 per 15; White Wyandotte eggs, $1.50 per 15. H. A. Hincks, Langford, Nr., Victoria, B.C. (5320)

HATCHING EGGS from pure bred trap-nested White Wyandottes, $1.50 a setting. Day old chicks to order. B. W. Lean, Crescent Valley, B.C. (5254)

ROSE COMB REDS—Eggs for hatching from first prize winners in utility class, $1.50 for 15. A. Tregillus, box 543, Nelson. (5249)

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From imported Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds, $1.50 per setting. Box 698, Nelson. (5183)

FRUITS, SEEDS AND VEGETABLES

PEDIGREE STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Hardy northern grown stock of the following varieties: Senator Dunlop, Parsons Beauty, Glen Mary, Goodell and Magoon. One thousand plants postpaid for $7.50. One thousand plants f.o.b. here $7.75. Currant bushes, Fays Prolific (red) and Black Naples large two year old plants, $1.50 per doz., postpaid, or $7.75 per 100 f.o.b. here. Discount of 10 per cent. for cash in full with order. Monrad Wigen, Wynndel, B. C. (5306)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLEsale Grocers and provision Merchants, Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, *Eggs, Cheese and Packing* House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

H. E. DILL, Fire and life Insurance, Accounting, Auditing, Estates Managed. K.W.C. Block. Phone 180.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block. Vancouver.

ENGINEERS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH, Hydraulic Engineer. Provincial Land Surveyor. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

EDUCATIONAL.

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS—Cranbrook, B.C. Boys under 12 taken. Bracing climate. Full school course. Piano, violin, singing, dancing, dressmaking, stenography, bookeeping. French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss Cherrington, headmistress. (5266)

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT—Suites of furnished house keeping rooms in Annable block Enquire room 32. (5092)

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 714 Victoria street. (5296)

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping room, $8 per month, over Poole Drug. (5170)

FOR RENT—Clean, well furnished housekeeping rooms recently renovated throughout; 507 Silica St. (5162)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr apartments. (5094)

K.W.C. BLOCK—Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms moderate. A. Macdonald & Co. (5093)

FARM PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—Seventeen acre ranch, near station; 5-roomed house, barn, several outhouses; an ideal chicken ranch. Box 24, Birchbank, B.C. (5198)

FOR SALE—Five acre orchard, new stone house, six rooms, modern, near city and street railway. Apply to Ross Fleming, Nelson, B.C. (5288)

WANTED.

WANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS—*Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company*, Nelson, B.C. (5096)

WANTED—Beef, pork, veal and poultry. Write Gulch meat market for quotations. Telephone 61, P. O. Box 449, Trail, B. C. (5310)

WANTED—Four or five room well-furnished house. C. E. Shaw, Daily News office.

BICYCLE WANTED — English preferred, new or second hand. Send full particulars P.O. box 182, Trail. (5268)

WANTED—Scotch, brandy and rye bottles, any color, regular quart size, unstamped. Also beer bottles, crown top, quarts, 35c per dozen, charges paid. Joe Parry, Box 529, Fernie, B. C. (5174)

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Motor skid chain between Carbonate street and shipyard. Return to Daily News and receive reward. (5300)

LOST—On Josephine street, purse with money. Return to Daily News; reward. (5304)

LOST—On Front street Saturday afternoon, brown suitcase. Finder please leave at police headquarters. (5313)

PATENTS.

BABCOCK & SONS, Registered Attorneys. Estab. 1877. Formerly Patent office examiner, Master of Patent Laws. Book, "Patent Protection," free; 99 St. James St., Montreal. Branches: Ottawa and Washington.

ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING, Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal *Chambers, Rossland, B.C.*

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

TAYLOR & DUBAR, Financial and Insurance Agents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Accountants. Auditors, Assignees, Estates managed; 602 Baker St. Phone 254.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5219)

MESSENGERS.

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Baggage and express. Prompt and reliable Day and night. Phone 242.

LODGE NOTICES.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—MEETS Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall, Eagle block.

ARTHUR JOHNSON—Painter, Phone 326-R. (5160)

WERE AMERICANS AMONG PRISONERS ON MOEWE?

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, March 26.—An inquiry to learn whether any Americans are among the 593 prisoners taken to Germany by the raider Moewe was said at the state department today to have been sent forward by the United States through the Spanish ambassador at Berlin. It is considered practically certain that there are a large number of Americans among them, and in such case this government is expected to follow the precedent set in the Yarrowdale case and demand immediate release. Doubt is felt that Germany will comply.

WEAR THOSE SHOES THAT TORTURED YOU

Cincinnati Authority Tells How to Dry up a corn so it Lifts Out.

You corn pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corns, stops soreness at once and soon the corn loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

A quarter of an ounce of freezone costs very little at any drug store but is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

The Women's Auxiliary of Y.M.C.A. will meet today at 3:30 in association building. (5322)

Keys made, cycle repairs and baby cab tiring. H. R. Kitto, 412 Ward St. (5000)

All members of the Mothers' club are requested to attend this afternoon. Special business. (5323)

We will pay 7c lb. for clean cotton rags, white or colored, in large pieces, free from buttons. The Daily News. (4843)

Clara Kimball Young in "The Common Law" by Robert Chambers at the Starland, April 4 and 5. (5326)

An organization meeting relative to the formation of a choral society will be held at the Y. M. C. A. on Thursday at 8 p.m. All interested are invited to attend. (5315)

Owing to Good Friday being a holiday, the date of the examination for assistant forest rangers to be held at Nakusp has been changed to Thursday, April 5. (5325)

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

Subscribers notifying the circulation department of The Daily News of change of address, must give old as well as new address to ensure prompt attention. (5314)

Tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 6 a sale of work will be held in St. Saviour's parish hall under the auspices of Church Helpers' association. Tables of plain and fancy needlework, home cooking and candy; also fish pond for the children. (5324)

MANY CANADIANS ARE RECOMMENDED

Brought to Notice of Secretary of State For Gallant Services in the Field.

LONDON, Mar. 26.—The following have been brought to the notice of the secrtary of state for war for valuable services rendered in connection with the war:

Addy, Act.-Q.M.S. C.E.R.; *Affleck*, Act.-S.-M. W. G.; Alderton, Sergt. W.; Alexander, St. Q.M.S. S. W.; Alexander, Act.-Co.-S.-M. O.H.; Allam, Sergt. G. W.; Anderson, St.-Sgt.-R.M.; Andrews, Act.-St.-Q.M.S., A.A.; Arnold, Act.-Q.M.S., A.A.; Ashwell, Sergt. S.M. Arthurs, Sergt. G. C.; Bagnal, Sergt.-Major G. P.; Bailey, Sergt. J.; Baker, Sergt.-Major W.; Bannerman, Sergt. J. W.; Barlow, St.-Sergt. J.; St.-Sergt. J.; Barnett, Sergt. H. A.; Barron, Sergt. E.; Bartholomew, Pte. J.; Baxter, St.-Sergt. T.; Bell, St.-Sergt. J. H.; Bender, Pte. G. P.; Bennett, Sergt. G. E.; Berthe, Sergt-Major E. H.; Best, Sergt. L. E.; Bett, St.-Sergt. D. G.; *Bettes, Sergt.-Major W.*; Blackburn, Pte. J.; Blake, Sergt. E. R.; Borchard, Sergt. H.; Boulger, Sergt. A.; Bourdeai, St.-Sergt. C. A.; Boyd, St.-Sergt. T.; Britton, Lance-Corp. A. W.; Brooks, Act.-Sergt. H.; Browne, St.-Q.M.S.R., E.; Brumby, Sergt.-Major A. T. K.; Brydges, Q.M.S., J. J.; Bull, Sergt. E. A.; Burmingham, St.-Sergt. G.; Bushell, Act.-St.-Q.M.S., A.; Butler, Act.-Sergt.-Major F.; Cadham, Regt.-S.M., S.; Cairns, Q.M.S., S. J.; Coldwell, S.M., J.; Cameron, S.M., D.; Carr, Sergt. G. P.; Caunce, Sergt. H.; Carruthers, Q.M.S., J. E.; Carter, Sergt H. E.; Caunt, S.M., A.; Christie, St.-Sergt. D. S.; Cole, Sergt. E. C.; *Coleman, Act.-St.-Q.M.S., F. C.*; *Cooke*, Act.-S.M., C. F. G.; Cooling, St.-Sergt. W.; Cosh, Sergt. R. F.; Cottam, Sergt. P. A. J.; Cowley, Pte. W. H.; Cox, St.-Sergt. J. E.; Cox, Q.M.S., R. G.; Crean, Sergt-Major C.; Croasdell, Sergt. E. S.; Cromble, Q.M.S., C. V.; Cruickshank, Act.-Corp. L.; Curry, Q.M.S., E.; Cutter, Pte. C. J.; Daunt, Q.M.S., A. O'N.; Davis, Pte. I.; DeBrissay, St.-Sergt. R. L.; Denton, St.-Sergt. W.; Depencier, St.-Sergt. J.; Donaldson, Act.-St.-Q.M.S., A. C.; Douglas, Sergt.-Major H. A.; Dowle, Corp. H. J.; Duncan, Q.M.S., H.; Dunkerley, Sergt.-Major J.; Dusart, Sergt. L. P.; Dyce, Sergt. J. W.; Ellis, Act.-Sergt. W.; *Elworthy, Act.-Sergt. W. L.*; *Fairfax*, St.-Sergt. K.; Fayers, Sergt. A. A.; Feathersonaugh, St.-Sergt. E. H.; Ferrier, St.-Sergt. B. L.; French, Q.M. S., H. H.; Findlay, Act.-Sergt. W. H.; Finlayson, Sergt. J.; Fish, Act.-St.-Sergt. F. J.; Fisher, Pte. W.; Flynn, St.-Sergt. J.; Fohy, Act.-Sergt. W. J.; Foote, Act.-Sergt.-Major F. A.; Ford, St.-Q.M.S., C. W.; Foreman, St.-Q.M.S., J. E.; Forrest, Act.-Sergt. J. B.; Fowler, Sergt. R. T.; Frederick, Sergt. L. M.; Fox, Sergt.-Major F. V.; Freemantle, Sergt.-Major A. H. O.; Garrick, St.-Sergt. R. A.; German, Act.-Sergt. G. E.; Gibson, Sergt. J. B.; Gibson, Sergt-Major R. S.; Gillingwater, *Sergt-Major F. C.*; *Gooday*, St.-Sergt. N.; Goodfellow, Corp. A. S.; Gordon, S.M., F. N.; Graham, St.-Sergt. A. W.; Graham, S.M., S. M.; Granecomb, Sergt. C. L.; Green, St.-Q.M., E. M.; Greeniaus, Pte. L.W.; Gregg, Pte. H. J.; Harris, Sergt. A. D.; Harrison, Sergt. F.; Harrison, Sergt. T. R.; Hastings, Sergt. T. H.; Hay, St.-Sergt. L.; Headland, St.-Sergt. W.; Heatley, Sergt-Major J. J.; Hicklan, Sergt-Major C. H.; Higgins, St.-Sergt. C. F.; Hodder, Sergt-Major C. V.; Hogg, Sergt. J. E.; Hoole, Corp. J. R.; Hollands, Q.M.S., A. G.; Hooper, Q.M.S., A. M.; Hope, Corp. W.; House, Sergt. F. C.; Houston, Lance-Corp. N. R.; Hubbard, St.-Sergt. A.; Hughes, Sergt. H. E.; Hunter, St.-Q.M.S., H.; Hudson, Q.M.S., G.; Ingles, Sergt. W. L.; Irving, Q.M.S., F. L. W.; Jackson, Q.M.S., A. H.; Jarvis, St.-Q.M.S., H. A.; Jobson, Sergt. H. R.; Jones, St.-Q.M.S., C.; Judd, Q.M.S., W. S.; Kenyon, Sergt-Major P. J.; Lamontague, St.-Sergt-R.; LaRose, Sergt. J. H. F.; Lavick, Pte. J.; Lawton, Sergt-Major A.; Leat, St.-Sergt. W. J.; Locke, Sergt.-Major A. V.; Lonergan, Rght.-Sergt-Major H.; Lovell, St.-Sergt-Major J. G.; McBride, Corp. C. J.; McBride, Sergt-Major A. A.; McClelland, Lance-Corp. H.; McDermott, Sergt-Major W.; McKenzie, St.-Q.M.S., A. R.; Mackersey, St.-Sergt. W. R.; Mackle, St.-Sergt. J.; McLeod, St.-Sergt. H. D.; McNish, St.-Sergt. H. H.; Malcolm, St.-Q.M.S., E.; Mare, Sergt-Major F. A. F.; Margettson, St.-Sergt-Major J. E.; Marsden, Sergt. W.; Martin, Sergt-Major S. H. C.; Masson, Sergt-Major J. S.; Mellis, Corp. R. H.; Melvin, Q.M.S., J. P.; Metcalf, Sergt-Major R. E.; Middleton, Sergt. A. S.; Moodie, St.-Sergt. A. L.; Morrison, Sergt. T. J.; Muir, Corp. C. B.; Murray, Sergt-Major J. S.; Neill, Sergt-Major W.; Noble, Sergt. T. W.; Norfolk, Sergt. W. F.; O'Brien, Sergt. M. M.; O'Sullivan, Lance-Corp. E.; Ostrander, Lance-Corp. N.; Painter, St.-Q.M.S., H.; Palmer, Sergt-Major E. S.; Parslow, Corp. F. E.; Peocock, Sergt. J. R.; Peake, Q.M.S., N. A.; Peel, St.-Sergt. A. E.; Pentland, St.-Q.M.S., W. W.; Pepper, St. Sergt. C. W.; Pomroy, Sergt. E.; Posey, Sergt C.; Preston, Sergt. V. B.; Prince, Sergt. W.; Prinn, Sergt-Major W. O.; Proctor, Sergt. B.; Prenton, Sergt. F. C. B.; Purver, Sergt-Major W. H.; Puzey, Sergt. T. W.; Raines, Sergt. L. W.; Rathbone, Sergt-Major P. W.; Richards, Q.M.S., S.; Roberts, Sergt. A.; Roberts, St.-Sergt. C. J.; Robertson, Sergt. E. J.; Robertson, Sergt-Major R. W.; Robinson, St.-Sergt. J.; Robinson, Pte. H.; Rogers, Sergt. F. A.; Roller, St.-Sergt. H. C.; Rose, St.-Sergt. A. G.; Rose, St.-Sergt. A.; Roy, St.-Sergt. E. G.; Rutherford, Sergt. R. G.; Sainsburg, Sergt.-Major F. J.; Scott, Sergt-Major J. P.; Scott, Sergt-Major M. S.; Scott, St.-Sergt. R. A.; Scully, St.-Sergt. D.; Seaman, St.-Q.M.S., J. C. S.; Sexton, Sergt-Major J. P.; Sherring, Sergt-Major J. C.; Simonson, Sergt. V. H.; Slade, St.-Sergt. W.; Sloan, St.-Q.M.S., H. G. A. D.; Sloman, Pte. F.; Smith, Sergt-Major T. J.; Spaulding, Sergt. F.; Sparrow, Sergt. R. V.; *Steljes, bandmaster*, E. J.; Stevens, Qr.-Sergt. W. H.; Stewart, St.-Sergt. T.; Stirling, Sergt-Major D.; Sutherland, St.-Sergt. D.; Tait, Sergt-Major J. M.; Tait, Pte. G.; Taylor, St.-Sergt. A.; Taylor, Sergt. M. J.; Thomas, St.-Q.M.S., H.; Thomas, Sergt. W.; Thompson, Sergt. F. A.; Thomson, Sergt. E. A.; Tinkness, Sergt. A. J.; Turney, Sergt. J. A.; Tythleigh, Sergt. P. J.; Underwood, Sergt. R. M.; Vaz, Sergt. F. E.; Waddell, Q.M.S., F. J.; Walsh, Lance-Sergt. J. W.; Walton, Sergt. F.; Ward, Sergt-Major R.; Watt, Sergt-Major J. T.; Wells, Sergt. W. A.; Wermig, Sergt-Major S.; West, Sergt. St. C.; Wey, Q.M.S., H.; *White*, Q.M.S., W. S.; Widdowson, St.-Sergt. F. M.; Wilkinson, St.-Q.M.S., A. B.; Williams, St.-Sergt. A. E.; Wintrupp, Sergt. H.; Wones, St.-Q.M.S., B. B.; Woods, Sergt. P. L.; Wright, Sergt. H.; Yeoman, Sergt. R. H.; Young, Q.M.S., H.; Young, Sergt. J. P.; Young, Sergt. T.; Yule, Pte. C. C.

ENGINEERS PLAN TO GET WAGES ADJUSTED

GLASGOW, Scotland—The Engineering Employers federation and the allied engineering unions have recently been considering the question of the adjustment of war wages. The following temporary procedure has now been provisionally agreed upon and has been communicated to the executive councils of the engineering trade unions:

"It is agreed that having regard to the special circumstances of the war, the following shall be the principles upon which wages changes shall be arranged for the period of the war:

1. That existing agreements or practices under which applications for general alterations in wages are dealt with shall to that extent be suspended until the termination of the war, or for such furthes period as may be agreed upon by the parties thereto. This shall not refer to agreements or practice whereby the wages of any trades in any districts or department rise or fall with the fluctuations in another industry or district not covered by this agreement. Nor shall it prevent the unions bringing forward for special consideration at the henrings referred to in paragraph 2 (a) the case of any district in which they claim that the rates of wages are unduly low, or that the total amount of war advance is not adequate. On the other hand, the federation shall be entitled to bring forward for similar consideration any special cases they desire.

2. During such period of suspension the following procedure shall be observed, provided the consent of the committee on production is obtained:

(a) The committee on production shall, in the months of February, June and October, after hearing parties, consider what general alteration in wages, if any, is warranted by the abnormal conditions then existing and due to the war.

(b) The award of the committee on production shall be an award under the munitions of war acts, and shall be of national application to all federated firms in the branch of the trade concerned.

(c) The first award shall take effect in all districts on the first full pay in April, and the altered rate shall continue until amended by a further award in accordance with the provisions hereof. Subsequent awards shall specify the date upon which the alteration awarded shall take effect.

The following clause is attached to the agreement:

"The Engineering Employers' federation and the unions whose signatures are appended hereto recommend to his majesty's government that arrangements should be made whereby all employees in the trade or trades affected should be subject to the awards which may be made by the committee on production in virtue of the agreement hereto attached."

They tackled father just after he had figured up his bank balance on being stung for the usual contributions to the family's time honored Christmas fund.

"Dad," they asked, "what is your birthstone?"

"The grindstone, children," he instantly replied. "And my nose has been to it all my life."

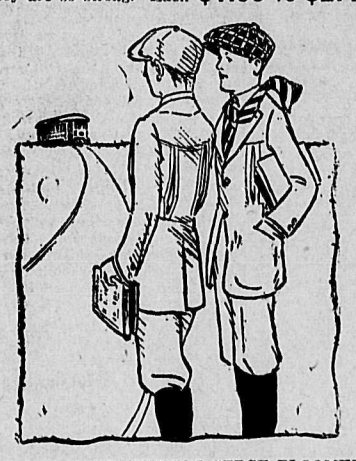
The Hudson's Bay Company.

Spring Showing of New Shirts

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS—In Strong Cambric, neat stripe effect; double detachable collars, double French cuffs. This line is absolutely correct in cut and measurements; no binding at the armhole. A manly shirt. Special Value **$1.00**

BOYS' SPRING HEADWEAR—The First Arrival. Crash and Linen Turbans, in Natural Shade. Blue and White Stripe and Black and White Check. Style with moderate cost. Each **65c, 75c**

BOYS' CORDUROY BLOOMERS—No fabric like this to wear. We have had much difficulty in securing so good a line at so reasonable a price. Boys like them, too, they are so strong. Each **$1.50 TO $2.45**



BOYS' NAVY CHEVIOT SERGE BLOOMERS —Good weight; a dressy garment that will give good service. According to size ..... **$1.15 TO $1.75**

BOYS' 'VARSITY CAPS—Always smart shape this and pleases both parents and lads. Comes in Navy, Grey, Tweed, Saxe, Corduroy. Special Price **30c**

BOYS' CAPS—A smart line for boys that like something nifty comes in Black and White Check; dome fasteners; eight-piece crown. Are of Special Value at **65c**

SOMETHING TO INTEREST EVERY LADY IN NELSON TODAY

LADIES' COLLARS—We have just opened a box containing a lovely assortment of the Last Word in Collars from the land of the Stars and Stripes. Large Square Collars, to be worn with the New Suits, in beautiful shades of Gold, Nile, Rose, etc., daintily embroidered in Oriental colors. Only been on view a few hours and praises heaped upon them sky high. Priced, Each ..... **75c TO $3.50**

See Them Today

SOMETHING TO PLEASE THE KIDS

CHILDREN'S HANDKERCHIEFS — Colored Borders in Nursery Rhymes; others in Minute Borders of Little Checks and Spots. Will give the children 50 hours of pleasure. All One Price, Each **5c**

STOCKINGS

Buy Stockings today and tomorrow, in fact every day you can get such quality at such a price. Today we feature the WEARWELL BRONCHO STOCKINGS; nice even rib; sizes 6½, 7, 8, 9, 9½ and 10. If you only knew the price makers are asking today you would stock up for a year right now. All One Price, Three Pairs for **$1.00**

J. P. Morgan

Buys for Cash Furniture, Stoves, Old Clothes, Boots, Rubbers, Brass, Copper. Good prices paid for left off clothing. Brand new Oliver typewriter, long carriage. New 16-foot hull, 4-foot beam.

PHONE 47 and ask us to call.

Women of Middle Age

Many distressing Ailments experienced by them are Alleviated by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Here is Proof by Women who Know.

Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the Change of Life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain a good deal of the time so I was unfit to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headache or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take."—Mrs. Margaret Quinn, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

She Tells Her Friends to Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies.

North Haven, Conn.—"When I was 45 I had the Change of Life which is a trouble all women have. At first it didn't bother me but after a while I got bearing down pains. I called in doctors who told me to try different things but they did not cure my pains. One day my husband came home and said, 'Why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash?' Well, I got them and took about 10 bottles of Vegetable Compound and could feel myself regaining my health. I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and it has done me a great deal of good. Any one coming to my house who suffers from female troubles or Change of Life, I tell them to take the Pinkham remedies. There are about 20 of us here who think the world of them."—Mrs. Florence Isella, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

You are Invited to Write for Free Advice.

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving woman's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answed by women only and held in strict confidence.

UNEQUALLED FOR GENERAL USE

GALT COAL — BURNS ALL NIGHT

W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent, Nelson, B. C.
Cars supplied to all railway points.

Willard's Forkdipt Chocolates

A shipment of Willard's Forkdipt Chocolates have just arrived.

Prices 65c to $6.50 per Box.

We are sole agents for these celebrated chocolates.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

Eastman Kodaks and Supplies. Willard Chocolates.

THE ARK

Babies' Shoes, pair 15c
Ladies' Slippers, pair 25c
Men's Wool Sox, pair 25c
White Middy Cloth, yard 20c
Cooking Range, combination, uses gas, coal or wood, water front and high closet $75

New and Second-hand Furniture. Cheapest in the City.
SIGN RED ROCKER, 606 Vernon St

Prominent Specialists

Endorse Our Methods and Verify our Results as Being Correct.

Yearly and sometimes half-yearly trips to the large optical institutions in the east has kept us up-to-date and improved our methods in optics.

We Use a Positive Method of Eye Examination

We Guarantee Our Optical Work.

J. O. Patenaude
SPECIALIST IN OPTICS.

TO BUY OR SELL TRY WANT AD

Nelson News of the Day

NOT YET 16, BUT IN WAR FOR TWO YEARS

OTTAWA, March 26.—Sapper Ambrose Rickely of Ottawa is one of the youngest Canadian overseas soldiers who has returned from the front. Although he has served in the expeditionary force for two years, he has yet to celebrate his 16th birthday anniversary. Rickely ran away from home in 1915 to enlist. After a good record he has been sent home suffering from a nervous breakdown.

CAMPAIGN TO REDUCE PRICE OF TEXTBOOKS

TORONTO, Ont.—The prospect of the school children throughout Canada having to pay greatly enhanced prices for their textbooks unless some immediate action is taken by the Dominion government with regard to the continual increase in the cost of book paper is foreshadowed by the publishers' section of the Toronto board of trade, says the News.

"We are going to have school books here at the same price," said the Hon. Dr. R. A. Pyne, minister of education, in discussing the matter. How this was to be brought about the minister did not say.

The cost of paper three years ago was 4½ cent per pound, whereas the publishers now have to pay 11¾ cents for the same commodity. Mr. Frank Wise, president of the Macmillan company, and chairman of the publishers' section, stated that a full statement of the problem has now been forwarded to Ottawa, "and we are demanding that the government should control the price and supply of pulp in Canada, and also as regards the sale price in the United States."

Mr. Wise also asserted that after investigating the matter they had found that the increase by 300 per cent in the cost of pulp was nothing less than a distinct "hold up" by the pulp makers because the cost of production now was little more than it had been three years ago. Unless the government appoints a special committee to investigate the pulp making industry and regulates the prices the publishers of this country which confine their business principally to the publication of school text-books will be compelled to charge the children and parents more for them.

"We shall utilize our contract advertising space in the newspapers all over the Dominion to put the matter clearly before the public if the government fails to act," said Mr. Wise.

A point which goes to prove that the pulp men of Canada are making undue profits, the publishers claim, is from the fact that the price of paper manufactured in the United States from Canadian pulp is below the all-Canadian product approximately to the extent of the customs duty, varying from two cents to two and three-quarters cents per pound less than the prices of this country.

In Brantford the city council has passed a bylaw regulating dance halls and prohibiting girls under the age of 18 years from dancing or attending public dances after the midnight hour.

"I think, Harry," said Mrs. Brown, "I'll ask those new people next door to take dinner with us tonight."

"What for?" asked the husband.

"Well, the butcher left their meat here by mistake and I think it seems only fair."

GEM

Dorothy Dalton

In the unusual Triangle photo-play,
"THE JUNGLE CHILD"
Two-reel Keystone,
"MAID MAD"

COMING
Friday,
ELLA HALL and ZOE RAE
—in—
"The Bugler of Algiers"

Tuesday, April 3,
"WAR AS IT REALLY IS"
Gives a wonderful insight into the European war.

WILL ASK TRUSTEES TO RECONSIDER DECISION

Shame if Revenue from Bars and Vice Needed for Children's Education, Says C. F. McHardy.

"It is a disgrace to Nelson if the revenue from the bar room and the segregated district is needed to pay for the education of the children of the city," said C. F. McHardy, at the open meeting of the Nelson and District Women's Institute yesterday afternoon, in referring to the statement that he declared had been made to the effect that the cutting of of a portion of the city's revenue from these places was responsible for the necessity of reducing the estimates of the school board and its decision to discontinue vocational training in the schools.

Mr. McHardy, who left the hospital where he has been ill for some time to attend the meeting, was strongly of the opinion that the estimated cost of $1760 necessary for the maintaining of vocational training until the end of 1917, could and would be raised by the city if the majority of the school board regarded domestic science and manual training worth the expenditure. By cutting out vocational training, he said, he believed the children would lose two of the most essential features of their school course. It would be better, he declared, to sacrifice 50 per cent of the other subjects studied than lose domestic science and manual training.

Will Petition Board.

As a result of the meeting it was decided to prepare and present a petition from the ratepayers asking the trustees to reconsider their decision to cut out the vocational classes at the end of the school year.

Two members of the school board were present and answered a number of questions put to them by the meeting. These were R. G. Joy, chairman, and Mrs. Hugh Ross.

Mr. Joy, at the request of the meeting explained the situation as it had been presented to the school board by the mayor and city clerk. Mayor Annable, he said, had informed the board, that owing to the falling off of the city's revenue through the reduction of liquor licenses and cessation of fines from other sources, it was felt advisable to suggest to the board that it endeavor to find some means of reducing its estimates and suggested that the vocational training classes be operated alternate years. Mr. Joy declared that the decision of the trustees was merely a matter of dollars and cents and was the final result of careful consideration of every item in the estimates.

Mr. Joy then declared himself as being strongly in favor of retaining both classes, on the grounds that experience had shown that these studies in no way decreased the proficiency of the pupils in other studies, but rather tended to increased efficiency by putting the class room studies into practical use. Manual training, he declared, was of the greatest help in encouraging the study of mathematics, which was he declared, of such vital importance in the majority of trades and professions.

Commercial Course Explained.

Asked regarding the proposed commercial course at the high school, Mrs. Hugh Ross explained that this would entail but a nominal extra expense as the increase in the number of pupils which would enter the high school this year made another teacher an absolute necessity. In engaging this teacher she said, it was the purpose of the board to secure one who was competent to give commercial course instruction.

Mrs. James Johnstone voiced the opinion that two of the most valuable classes at the school were at stake and that some other means might be taken to meet the necessary reduction. She suggested that the pupils be made to purchase their own scribblers, which, if the board could buy cheaper by contract than the parents could retail, might be purchased from the board at cost through the teacher. This alone, she declared would account for a substantial sum and serve to teach the children care in use of books. Another item which might be lopped off, according to Mrs. Johnston, was the cost of supplying paper towels. Each pupil might bring his or her own towel as, she said, was customary when she was a girl at school.

The meeting went unanimously on record as endorsing the plan to endeavor to persuade the trustees to retain vocational classes in the city schools.

SCHOOL BOARD REPORT LAID ON COUNCIL TABLE

No action was taken last night by the city council in regard to the report of the board of school trustees, in which it proposed to reduce the 1917 estimates by the omission of the items calling for funds for the converting of the present heating plant at central school from hot water to steam and for the maintenance of the domestic science and manual training courses in the city schools.

It was felt that in view of the fact that Mayor J. E. Annable, Ald. George M. Bartlett and Ald. W. O. Rose were not in the city and on account of the opposition to the plan of cutting out the two classes evidenced in some quarters it was advisable to postpone further discussion of the trustees' report until the next meeting of the council.

FAIRVIEW HOUSE BURNED TO GROUND

Department Responds to Two Calls—Sparks From Chimney Start Blaze at the Nelson Iron Works.

The Nelson fire brigade responded to two calls yesterday, the first in the morning at the Nelson Iron works, where sparks from a chimney caused a blaze in the roof, which was quickly extinguished with little loss. The second was in Fairview, where the house rented by James McLean was burned to the ground, the building being a total loss.

The Fairview fire occurred about 4:30 in the afternoon, the brigade being summoned by telephone from the home of J. M. Bulger, which adjoins the burned building. Mr. McLean, the tenant, who is a mining man, was not in the city yesterday and his housekeeper had gone across to a nearby grocery to make some purchases when the fire broke out in the kitchen, presumably from an overheated stove pipe.

Neighbors and employees of the shipyard and the French reduction plant put up a hard battle with the flames and succeeded in saving $850 in cash and much of the furniture from the front part of the house. Streams of water from a garden hose were kept playing on the adjoining buildings when it was found impossible to check the flames, and by the time the city brigade could make the run the roof had fallen in and the building was a total loss.

No estimate has been placed upon the loss, the house being owned by J. Glaser, who is at present living in England.

COUNCIL FAVORS NEW ELECTION METHODS

Will Ask Government to Provide for Adoption by City of Proportional Representation

Nelson city council last night decided, at the request of the Proportional Representation league of the city, to ask the provincial government to make provision in the amended elections act to allow of the civic elections being carried out by this method.

The request was presented by Dr. N. Wolverton, who declared that proportional representation was the only method by which a fair expression of the peoples' choice could be had through an election. He urged that the method had been tried and found most satisfactory in many countries where progressive legislation had been passed, and held that as Vancouver and North Vancouver had taken the matter up, Nelson should not be behind its bigger brethren at the coast in this regard.

Social and Personal

J. C. Ryan of Spokane is at the Strathcona.

O. E. Miller of Revelstoke is registered at the Strathcona.

Ald. George M. Bartlett left yesterday morning for Victoria.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Burton of Toronto are registered at the Strathcona.

A. G. Kissock, Rossland, reached the city yesterday and is at the Hume.

J. M. Mitchell of Phoenix is visiting the city and is a guest at the Hume.

Mayor J. E. Annable left yesterday for the coast via the Kettle Valley.

Mayor James Anderson of Kaslo visited the city yesterday and was a guest at the Hume.

Members of the Young Ladies Missionary circle of Trinity church held a basket social in the church last night when a program of music and recitations was given and games played. During the evening a guessing contest provided much amusement. The walls were hung with 50 pictures of famous men, the names of whom had to be guessed by those present. Those contributing to the program were Mrs. C. W. Tyler, Miss Marguerite Abbott, Miss Gertrude Annable, Miss Irma Ferguson, Miss Hughella McFaddyn, Miss Marjorie Adams, Miss Constance Joy, J. Allan, F. Shuttleworth, and Queenie and Jack Annable.

PRESS ASSOCIATION NOT LIKELY TO MEET IN CITY

In reply to a request from the city council that the proposed summer meeting of the British Columbia division of the Canadian Press association be held in Nelson, a reply from the president, Robb Sutherland, was read at the council meeting last night in which it was stated that it was unlikely that a meeting would be held in the province on account of the general meeting in Toronto in June, but that Nelson would have the first consideration if a provincial meeting is held.

WOULD ARRANGE BOYS' SPORTS.

As the result of the request of the committee for cooperation in boys' work, the city council last night decided to arrange for a conference with the chairman of the parks committee, at which the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. will be present to take up the matter of regulating the city parks and playgrounds for the purpose of arranging a program of boys' sports during the summer.

The bylaw regulating the conduct of junk and second hand stores received its final reading and consideration and was passed by the city council last night.

WAR TIME THRIFT IN HUNLAND

Many are the instances of German war time thrift recorded in Herbert Bayard Swope's "Inside the German Empire." Nothing is permitted to be carried off the battlefields as souvenirs, Mr. Swope says. The debris is carefully sorted over, and every article that German ingenuity can bring into usefulness again is sent back to the quartermaster's depot.

Throughout the empire there are collecting stations for all sorts of odd things—old bottles, shoes, pieces of rubber, news and prapping paper, brass steel, copper, tin, string, rags—nothing is thrown away. Once a month these articles are gathered up from every city and village and worked over.

As to the paternalism of the government, Mr. Swope says it has reached the point where even the housewives are instructed at what time they can put up their preserves, and in what quantities and at what price they may buy their fruits.

HELMET RESISTS RIFLE BULLETS.

In a recent issue of the Scientific American, Edward C. Crossman tells how, one day during the first year of the war, two mysterious strangers appeared at the testing station of a big American manufacturer of explosives with a steel helmet which they wished to have proved with a service rifle. A marksman obligingly produced a regulation United States army Springfield and at a distance of 80 drilled a nice little round hole through the helmet. The helmet men thanked the rifleman and left. Five or six times after this they returned and submitted their helmet to a similar test, and each time the steel was neatly perforated.

Finally a helmet was produced by the visitors—they came, it developed, from a famous Philadelphia steel company—of the same lightweight steel submitted for the initial test which was dented by the bullet, but which refused to let it through even after repeated blows. The army rifle has a striking energy of 2430 foot-pounds and a muzzle velocity of 2700 feet per second. The rifleman then changed his ammunition to that of the Palma type, which is of 180 instead of 150 grains, and has a striking energy of 2900 foot-pounds. The results were the same, even after repeated shots. The range was shortened to 40 yards, at which distance the eighth shot shattered the helmet after terrific pounding.

In all the tests the helmet had been placed over a head-sized rock. Previously the writer, using the same ammunition, had perforated 4-inch plates of boiler steel at 500 yards. It is this helmet, apparently, which is now in use by the allied armies. Officials of the Frankfort arsenal laughed at the reports of the powder man and when the latter tried repeatedly to get one of the helmets from Philadelphia to prove the truth of his statements his requests were met with a polite refusal. The helmet weighs about six pounds, it is said, and is made of some alloy like tungsten, heat treated. "That shattering under the final blow indicated a glass-like hardness that was still devoid of the brittleness of most very hard and thin steel plates."

The interest of Mr. Crossman's story lies in the fact that it has been popularly supposed that the famous trench helmets were for protection only against shrapnel, which, of course, has not the force or penetrating effect of a high speed rifle bullet. Inasmuch as the average range of rifle fire on the western front approximates 200 yards and, in the tests, the blows against the helmet were all delivered at right angles, the effectiveness of the new head protection may be imagined.

PLAN TO SET CLOCKS AHEAD GAINING FAVOR

NEW YORK—The National Daylight Saving association has received word indicating that if the Borland-Gallinger Daylight Saving bill is passed by congress, Canada will probably adopt a similar measure, also to take effect this summer.

Winnipeg tried turning the clock forward an hour last summer, and the experiment is described as a success. The movement is spreading in St. John, Windsor, Toronto and Hamilton. The secretary of the board of trade in Toronto expects to submit the question to the Dominion government in April, and states that if the Washington bill is passed the advocates of the plan in Canada will find their work much easier.

Borough President Marks, president of the association, has sent a letter to President Wilson, asking him to use his influence in hastening the bill out of committee. The association points to the fact that 10 European countries have now adopted the plan, and that France and Germany are to turn their clocks forward this year on April 1 rather than May.

Rev. H. J. Harnwell of Drayton, has been invited to Fergus Methodist church.

Lieut. W. C. Ross, son of Hon. W. R. Ross, late of Fernie, has been wounded.

A. S. Horswill & Co.

8-lb. sack Rolled Oats, each...45c
Canned Pumpkin, large tins..15c
Canned Sweet Corn 15c
Canned Alymer Peas 15c
Van Camp's Pork and Beans, 2 for 25c
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Dozen 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c

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THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE

Spring Is Coming

And we are expecting to arrive today Lettuce, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Celery, Head Lettuce, Rhubarb, Carnations, etc.

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Pound 40c
SEA SALT
Packet 13c
MOTH BALLS, CAMPHOR FLAKES.
Pound 30c
WATER GLASS, FIRST QUALITY
2-pound tins 30c
5-pound tins 60c
10-pound tins $1.00
HOT WATER BOTTLES
2-quart (wine) $1.00
TOILET SOAP—ASSORTED
8 cakes 25c
PALM OLIVE SOAP
Dozen $1.35
2 cakes 25c
WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP
Box 40c
Cakes 15c
WOODBURY FACIAL SOAP
3 cakes 65c
TAR SHAMPOO SOAP
Box 40c
Cake 15c
VASELINE.
2-oz. bottles, 4 for 25c
5-oz. bottles, each 15c
White, 2-oz. bottles 10c
Carbolated 10c
Camphorated Vaseline, tubes..10c
TOOTH PASTES and POWDERS
Each 20c
CASCARA TABLETS
The best laxative 15c
ENVELOPES
No. 7, blue lined, box of 500.$1.25
WRITING PADS
Small azure, each 15c
Large 30c
Envelopes to match, packet..10c
3 for 25c
PAPETRIES
At .....30c, 35c and 40c
CRUTCHES.
Pair $1.00

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Rutherford Drug Co.
NELSON, B. C.

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"A QUIET LITTLE GAME."

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Friday—Blanche Sweet in "Unprotected."
Saturday—"A Modern Monte Cristo."
Wednesday and Thursday, April 4 and 5—Clara Kimball Young in "The Common Law." Seven parts.

Friction the Enemy

Therefore, pivots are finely polished, jewels are of ruby or sapphire, the oil carefully refined—all to reduce friction. On these bearings the balance revolves 432,000 times daily. Adjusting, isn't it? Yet if cleaned and oiled yearly a watch will run for generations, and if neglected it must, with such ceaseless toil, wear itself to run in accumulating dirt and corroding oil. Let us examine it. An honest opinion from us will cost you nothing.

A. D. PAPAZIAN,
Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician.
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Top prices received from the Trail hide dealer. Correspondence solicited. Green, salt cured, sound Cow and Steer Hides, 16c lb., Green, salt cured sound Bulls and Stags, 10c lb. Green, salt cured sound Calf Skins, 20c lb. Unsalted cured skins and hides, 3c to 4c less than salt cured. Culls, hides and skins, ¼ less than sound hides. Dry Cow and Steer Hides, sound, 20c to 25c lb. Dry Calf Skins, sound, 25c Also wool and pelts wanted. Buy old copper, brass, old rubber boots and shoes free of leather and nails. The above prices are subject to change according to the market and prompt shippers get the best satisfaction.

A. BERNHEIM, TRAIL.

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White, Green and Red
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C. W. C. STOVE COAL.....$6.75 per Ton Delivered
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