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The Daily News

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VOL. 16 No. 122 NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1917 50c PER MONTH

THIRTY HUN DIVISIONS PUT OUT OF FIGHTING IN MONTH

Ten Have Just Been Taken from Verdun Front

BRITISH REPULSE FIERCE ATTACK

Third Attempt by Enemy to Recapture Positions is Failure

(By Associated Press.)

The batteries of Field Marshal Haig are still pouring an incessant fire against the German trenches in Flanders, but as yet the anticipated new push by his men to capture them has not started. Doubtless the knocking down of the defenses has not reached the limits which the British commander always requires before he throws his infantrymen into the fray.

On the remainder of the front in the west held by the British troops the usual trench raiding operations occurred, in one of which, south of Monchy le Preux, German dugouts and machine guns were destroyed and some prisoners taken.

Artillery duels, which are somewhat violent in the Verdun region, are taking place along the front where the French are facing the Germans. No infantry actions of importance have occurred.

More Divisions Withdrawn

LONDON, Sept. 3.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—Telegraphing today on French army headquarters, Reuter's correspondent says:

Since the beginning of the new battle of Verdun 10 more German divisions have been withdrawn. The enemy now has seven divisions in line on both lines on the banks of the Meuse and 17 divisions are in exhaustion from the heavy fighting commencing Aug. 1. The enemy had altogether 42 divisions on the Flanders battlefront. Therefore, in a single month the allies have put 30 divisions out of business and at present 19 others are being reduced by the same methods under the same conditions."

(By Associated Press.)

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Sept. 3.—The reappearance of fine weather along the British front has quickened the fighting line. The Germans last night attacked a local attack on a British position southwest of Havrincourt and were repulsed. The assault was preceded by a heavy bombardment in which the gas shells were used, but the Germans were unable to withstand the combined fire of artillery and machine guns.

The British carried out a highly successful raid on German trenches southeast of Monchy. The attack was a complete surprise and the British returned with a considerable number of prisoners and booty.

They did much material damage to the enemy. There was artillery firing and many raids along the line. Heavy artillery duels also occurred at various points. A bright sun and a favorable breeze are rapidly drying out the muddy roads and water-logged battle ground.

Official Statement

LONDON, Sept. 3.—"Early Sunday evening," says today's official war office statement on the Franco-Belgian front operations, "enemy forces made his third attempt to capture our advanced positions southwest of Havrincourt. Its attack, which was preceded by heavy bombardment, was again repulsed.

"We carried out a successful raid Sunday night south of Monchy le Preux. Our troops took the enemy completely by surprise and after taking its dugouts and machine guns returned with 18 prisoners."

(Continued on Page Two.)

REICHSTAG TO DEAL WITH PEACE QUESTION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 3.—According to the most reliable authority, the next session of the German reichstag will be devoted exclusively to the question of peace. The majority has decided to challenge the statement of the government regarding its minimum program, and it is expected that the government will yield.

The German government, according to this authority, favors the ministers meeting at The Hague, at Berne or at Copenhagen but preferably The Hague.

SUICIDES WHEN FACING ARREST

Alleged Ringleader in Dynamiting Outrages Shoots Himself When Run Down by Police

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—Information reached here today that Joseph Leduc, alias Handfield, allegedly a principal in recent dynamiting and other outrages which have occurred in the vicinity of Montreal, shot and instantly killed himself when about to be apprehended in Lachute, Que., about 50 miles from Ottawa.

Henry Monette, alias Girard, another alleged principal, and J. A. Tramblay, also declared to be a dynamiter, according to information, were this afternoon being pursued by a posse of special police from Lachute and were said to be headed towards the Laurentians. A posse was organized by the mayor and followed in a high power motor car, and just outside of Lachute came upon three unknown pedestrians. When ordered to explain their presence there two of the strangers fled across the field, firing at the officers with their revolvers, and the third man, declared now to be Leduc, made off to the river, which he attempted to swim. A bullet from the gun of a member of the posse struck him in the arm and he turned back and climbed out of the river. When the posse was almost upon him a shot rang out, and he was found on the point of expiring. Leduc, or Handfield, was a former member of the 69th battalion as a private, and was promoted to the rank of sergeant. He deserted at Valcartier. He was sentenced to St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary for two years, but after having served only a few months he was allowed out on ticket of leave. He came of a good family and had influential friends in this province.

Monette was also a member of the 69th. Both men were addicted to the cocaine habit.

30,000 ATTEND VICTORIA LABOR DAY CELEBRATION

Medal Presented to Miss Hilda Huddleston for Saving Five Persons from Drowning

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 3.—The grand stand and bleachers at the Royal Athletic park here were packed this afternoon with a crowd of about 30,000 spectators on the occasion of the annual sports held on Labor day by the Victoria Trades and Labor council.

Scottish piping and dancing competitions formed features of the program. At an interval in the sports program, Hon. Justice Eberts presented the Royal Canadian Humane society's medal to Miss Hilda Huddleston, who has been instrumental in saving five persons from drowning in the last few days.

GERARD TO DELIVER ADDRESS AT VICTORIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 3.—James W. Gerard, former American ambassador at Berlin, wired today from Butte, Mont., accepting an invitation to speak before the Canadian club here.

CANADIANS TIGHTEN THEIR GRIP ON LENS

Win in House to House Fighting—Losses of Enemy in Recent Operations Enormous

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 3.—The Germans in their struggle doggedly to loosen the constrictorlike grip of our men, but as the days pass the constriction increases instead of loosening. It is north and west the enemy shows most uneasiness. On the south he is protected by the flooded area in the valley of the Souchez and by formidable artillery and machine gun positions on the Salient mines hill. On the west the struggle is a house to house affair in which the Canadians because of their greater powers of initiative, have distinct advantage and are making steady progress toward the heart of Lens. The enemy have been using gas where the conditions are favorable to delay the advance, but even in this form of warfare they are no longer superior. This (Monday) morning 200 drums of gas were projected by our mortars into that part of the city where the German posts are most numerous.

On Sunday morning the enemy twice tried to raid our line, but did not reach even the outpost on either occasion.

The operations in the north end which are so often recorded in the German wireless have proceeded with little interruption save the suspension caused by frequent torrential rainstorms. It may still be news to Canadian readers that during some five weeks before the end of August on the Flanders battlefront the enemy placed in the line from time to time about 30 divisions, about three-quarters of which have been exhausted, the remainder holding the enemy front at the end of that period. During the battle of the Somme last year the German divisions were not withdrawn as exhausted until they had a good deal over 4000 casualties. The enemy division strength now is lower. It is now probably withdrawn as exhausted with considerably less than 4000 casualties. On the Flanders front, it would appear probable that since about July 25, the enemy has sustained casualties approaching 100,000. Here in Artois his losses can hardly have been less than 20,000 men during the same period.

The German manpower cannot indefinitely make good losses of such large numbers.

AGAINST THREE-CORNERED FIGHTS

Might Cause the Defeat of Win-War Government

SIR C. H. TUPPER SUPPORTS BORDEN

Because Premier Stands for Enforcement of Conscription Act

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., Sept. 3.—Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, K.C., speaking at a patriotic gathering at Chilliwack, Labor day, said that though the Borden administration had many sins of omission and commission, he nevertheless would support the government at the coming election because it stood for immediate enforcement of the conscription act. The election must be a straight fight between the Conservatives under Borden and the Liberals under Laurier, he maintained. Independent or union candidates might be the means of defeating th government candidates and allow Laurier supporters to be elected.

AUSTRIANS LOSE OVER 18,000 MEN

Additional Ground is Won By Italians—Enemy Attacks At Various Points Repulsed

By Associated Press.)

In the Austro-Italian theatre the Italians have made further gains in the Brestnovizza valley, and at various points along the line fresh counter attacks launched by the Austrians were repulsed. Through the entire theatre artillery duels are in progress.

Despatches to the Italian embassy in Washington are to the effect that along the front Austrians have lost over 18,000 men.

UNDINE, Sept. 3.—Gen. Borovich, Austrian commander, has lost one-third of his first line army in the present Italian advance, according to reports received here.

ROME, Sept. 3.—Italian troops have fought their way further forward in the Brestovizza valley, in the district south of Gorizia, and repulsed a violent Austrian counter attack on their new positions, the war office announced today. The text of the statement follows:

"On the front as a whole the activity was mainly confined to the artillery. The firing was more intense east of Gorizia and on the Carso plateau.

In the Brestovizza valley, after a bitter struggle, we succeeded in advancing still more to the east and capturned some prisoners. A violent counter attack by the enemy was broken up by our forces.

"The number of prisoners captured on Saturday and Sunday on the Julian front was eight officers and 329 men.

"In capturing the advanced position in the valley as reported on Sunday, our Alpine forces captured one gun and three machine guns."

MAYOR OF MONTREAL SLATED BY "ANTIS"

They Say He Led Way Against Conscription and Then Turned at Critical Time

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—An anticonscription meeting was held in Fletcher field today, although it was understood that Sunday's meeting was to have been the last for a while. Denunciation of Mayor Martin for having traced the path for the people to follow and at the critical time having turned his back was the chief feature of the speeches, although both party leaders in the Dominion came in for a share of abuse. The mayor had appeared in the Labor day parade and this seemed to incense the antis, one of them saying the mayor should have been dragged from the parade, his presence being an insult to the workingmen.

F. Villeneuve said the mayor had invoked divine providence from that very platform a few weeks ago against the rulers in Ottawa, saying practically, in a delicate way, that someone should put a bomb at Ottawa. The mayor feared martial law now, because he did not want a colonel to take his place at the city hall.

Villeneuve said two revolvers had been shot at himself at a meeting at St. Henry last week by the Dominion police, he believed.

AIME BENARD NAMED FOR SENATE VACANCY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 3.—Aime Benard, M.L.A. for Iberville, Man., has been appointed to the senate in the place of Hon. A. A. C. Lariviere of St. Boniface, recently resigned.

WILSON FAVORS LABOR MEETING

Praises the Efforts Made to Suppress Disloyalty

ALLIANCE DOING SPLENDID WORK

All Ignoring Grievances of U.S. Against Germany Denounced

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Hearty approval of the conference of the American alliance for labor and democracy to be held at Minneapolis, Minn., next Tuesday, and the task it will undertake of expressing disloyalty has been given by President Wilson in a letter to Samuel Gompers, chairman of the alliance.

The letter, made public today, denounced those who seek to ignore America's grievances against Germany and insists that a nation whose citizens have been foully murdered under their own flags, whose neighbors have been invited to join in making conquest of its own territory and whose patience in pressing the claims of justice and humanity has been met with the most shameful policy of truculence does not know its own mind.

"While our men are doing their manful work to hold back Germanism in the most brutal form," the president wrote, "we must oppose at home the organized influence of those dangerous elements who hide disloyally behind a screen of specious and evasive phrases."

President's Letter

The letter follows:

"My dear Mr. Gompers,—I am sure that you understand that my inability to accept your invitation to address the Minneapolis conference of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy is due only to official necessity and not in any degree to lack of appreciation of the importance of the occasion. The cause you and your fellow patriots uphold is one which we are defending with arms. While our soldiers and sailors are doing their manful work to hold back reaction in its most brutal and aggressive form we must oppose at home the evil influences these disloyal forces are spreading. I have read with real pride the names of the men and women who are to take part in the Minneapolis conference. Not one but has a record of devoted service to fundamental democracy; not one but has fought the long, hard fight for equal justice, braving every bitterness that the humblest life might know a larger and fuller happiness.

"With my heart I want them to feel that their devotion to the country is in nowise a betrayal of the people, and that in serving they are serving their cause no less faithfully than in the past. I myself have had sympathy with the fears of the workers of the United States; for the tendency of war is toward reaction and too often military necessities have been made an excuse for the destruction of laboriously erected industrial and social standards.

Fears Proved Baseless

"The fears, happily, have proved to be baseless. With quickened sympathies and appreciation, with a new sense of the evasive and insidious dangers of oppression, our people have not only held every inch of ground that has been won by years of struggle but have added to the gains of the twentieth century along every line of human betterment. Questions of wages and hours of labor and industrial adjustment have found a solution which gives to the toiler a new dignity and a new sense of social and economic security. I beg you to feel that my sympathy has not been lacking and that the government has not failed in any point in granting every justifiable demand in the name of the American workers.

LOAN OF $7,500,000 TO G.T.P. AUTHORIZED

Conscription Act Will Not Be Changed to Exempt Farm Labor, Borden Announces.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 3.—The house spent practically the whole of today in supply. Topics varied from a loan of $7,500,000 to the Grand Trunk Pacific to some homely remarks on Canadian art. Beyond a sharp argument between the minister of finance and Hon. Frank Oliver over the removing of Grand Trunk Pacific rails in the west for use in France, the loan passed with little discussion. But votes for public works in the supplementary estimates brought the opposition criticism that the items had been included in view of the impending election.

Mr. Morphy gave some stimulus to the debate with his views on art. It was over a proposed vote of $10,000 to the National Gallery of Canada. He was against the vote. He said it was to encourage artists to paint flower beds and orchards, and Hon. Frank Oliver amused the house with the suggestion that the artists should be

(Continued on Page Two.)

RUSSIA'S BIG SEAPORT, RIGA, IS NOW OCCUPIED BY HUN TROOPS

AIRPLANES AGAIN RAID ENGLISH COAST

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 4.—German airplanes visited the southeast coast of England last (Monday) night, dropping bombs at various places, according to an official statement issued shortly after midnight. No report of casualties or damage has been received up to the present hour. The official statement follows:

"Enemy airplanes crossed the southeast coast at 11 o'clock Monday night and dropped bombs at various places. No reports of casualties or damages have yet been received.

"A number of our airplanes pursued the invaders."

"EYES OF WORLD ARE UPON YOU"--WILSON

President Issues Inspiring Message to Citizen Soldiers Who Leave For Camps Tomorrow

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Soldiers of the national army were welcomed into the nation's service by President Wilson with a message of confidence and a prayer to God to keep and guide them. Everything these young men do, President Wilson told them, would be watched with deep solicitude by the whole nation and the eyes of the world would be upon them because they are "in some special sense the soldiers of freedom."

The first soldiers for the army raised under the draft law start from their homes for the training camps Wednesday. The president asks them as brothers and comrades in the great war to keep straight and fit by a standard so high that living up to it will add a new laurel to the crown of America.

The message follows:

"The white house, Washington, Sept. 3.—To the soldiers of the national army: You are undertaking a great work; the heart and soul of the whole country is with you. Everything you do will be watched with the greatest interest and deepest solicitude, and not only by those who are near and dear to you, but by the whole nation besides. For this great war draws us all together, makes us all comrades and brothers, as all true Americans felt themselves to be when we first made good our national inspiration. The eyes of all the world will be upon you, because you are in some special sense the soldiers of freedom.

"Let it be your pride to show all men everywhere not only what good soldiers you are but what good men you are, keeping yourselves fit and straight in everything and pure and clean through and through. Let us set ourselves a standard so high that it will be a glory to live up to it and then let us live up to it and add new laurels to the crown of America. My affectionate confidence goes with you in every battle. God keep and guide you.

"WOODROW WILSON."

SHIPYARD MEN ASK MORE WAGES

Workers At Victoria Present Demands to Imperial Munitions Board—Strike Threatened

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, Sept. 3.—Demands for increased wages ranging from 50 to 60 cents for an eight-hour day, according to the different classes of labor, have been made by the shipyard workers here to the imperial munitions board. The demands are coincident with the claims made by the Seattle workers, which is to be the subject of an inquiry by a federal board of arbitration. Both the Foundation company and the Cameron Genoa Mills Shipbuilders, limited, have thrown the onus of reaching a decision on the imperial munitions board.

By instructions of the government, Fair Wage Officer J. D. McNiven is going to Seattle and Portland to inquire into wage conditions in the shipbuilding plants there, and his report may affect the attitude of the imperial munitions board. The men are threatening to strike unless their demands are met, but in the meantime are willing to remain at work pending the finding of the arbitration board which is to adjust the Seattle workers' differences. Unskilled workers in the shipyards here are getting $3 a day and demand $3.60. Caulkers get $5.50; shipwrights $5 and joiners $4.50 a day and double pay for all overtime. All the latter classes want an increase of 50 cents.

FRENCH PENETRATE TRENCHES IN MACEDONIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Sept. 3.—An official report on operations in Macedonia states:

"Sept. 2, our troops, after violent artillery preparation, penetrated the enemy trenches west of Cerna and brought back prisoners. There was artillery fighting on the rest of the front between Lake Doiran and the Vardar and in the region of Monastir."

Garrison and Civilian Population in Retirement Eastward--Evacuation Ordered Owing to Inability of Army to Stem Hun Advance

INVASION MADE EASY BY NUMBER OF SLAV SOLDIERS SHOWING WHITE FEATHER

Russians in Retreat from City Are Leaving Country in Waste--Forces Defending Deplin Apparently are in Danger of Being Caught Between Two Enemy Armies and Made Prisoners

(By Associated Press.)

Riga, Russia's big port on the gulf of Riga is in the hands of the Germans, and its garrison and civilian population are in retirement eastward. Following up rapidly the advantage they gained in driving the Russians across the Dvina river on both sides of Kull last Saturday, the Germans threw bridges across the stream and soon were on the heels of the former defenders, some of whom offered resistance but others of whom showed the white feather, giving the invaders no trouble in marching up the eastern bank of the Dvina towards Riga, 15 miles distant. Seeing the dissatisfaction and the inability to stem the tide of the advance, the Russian commander ordered an evacuation.

With the falling back of the Russians from the city proper and the advance of the Germans northward along both sides of the stream, the Russians still defending around Deplin, seemingly are in danger of being caught between the two moving bodies of the enemy and made prisoners.

Behind them the Russians in their retreat from Riga are leaving the country in waste. Whether the city itself remains intact has not yet been made known, but doubtless the guns in the fortress and the ammunition stores were moved or destroyed to prevent them from falling into the hands of the enemy. Aside from the strategic value of controlling the gulf of Riga and providing a base nearer the mouth of the gulf of Finland, at the head of which Petrograd is situated, for the moment it is impossible to see the importance of the German gain.

Where the Russians will draw their new line in the north to connect with that below the point of penetration by the Germans also remains to be seen.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 3.—The German offensive on the Riga front began Saturday by an attack on the Russian Kull positions following artillery preparations which lasted several hours. The Russian forces defending the Dvina river withdrew, and the Germans succeeded in throwing two bridges across the Dvina river and passing to the eastern bank.

The Russian infantry could not stop the German thrust and the enemy, taking advantage of this, rapidly developed his success and began an advance northward. Russian counter attacks against him were unsuccessful.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 3.—An official statement reads:

"On the left bank of the River Dvina to the west of Riga, our troops, toward the morning of Sunday, retired to the line of Bilderlingshof, Medem and Dahlen.

"In the direction of Ukskull, on the north bank of the Dvina, in the course of Saturday and Sunday the Germans continued stubborn attacks chiefly on the front of Melmuger-Skripto-Lausin and the confluence of the River Oger. Toward Sunday evening they succeeded in penetrating our positions on the River Jaegel, in the region of Melmuger and Skripto.

"Some of the detachments voluntarily left their positions and are retiring to the north of our positions and gave no definite resistance.

"On the remainder of the front there were fusillades, which were more intense in the direction of Vilna.

"Rumanian front: In the direction of Fokshani the enemy attacked Rumanian positions near Guerile and Varnitza several times Sunday, but was repulsed with large losses. There were fusillades on the remainder of the front.

"Caucasian front: There is no change in the situation.

"Aviation: On the lower course of the River Zsrucz, Lieut, Lakman, a French aviator, burned an enemy observation kite balloon."

Berlin Reports Fall of Riga.

BERLIN, via London, Sept. 3.—The supplementary statement issued this afternoon from general headquarters announces the capture of Riga by the Germans.

EDMONTON STREET CAR MEN STILL OUT

Refuse Council's Offer of 10 per Cent Increase—Are Regarded as Dismissed.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

EDMONTON, Alta., Sept. 3.—The employees of the municipal street railway, who are on strike for a 20 per cent increase in pay, are still out. They refused the city council's offer of what was practically a 10 per cent increase. All uniforms and cash have been called in and the city considers that the men are no longer in its employ.

F. I. Harrison, Calgary, Dominion fair wage officer, has been in the city today and has conferred with both sides, but has, so far, been unsuccessful in getting them together.

An attempt to operate the principal lines of the system will probably be made tomorrow with emergency men.

Today, Labor day, the city was quiet. Rain kept the people at home. Auto busses and jitneys maintained a limited service with outlying districts, but in general people walked.

LABOR TO ACCEPT CONSCRIPTION LAW

Statement is Made by the Secretary-Treasurer of Dominion Trades and Labor Council

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Sept. 3.—"Insofar as I represent the organized labor movement in Canada, I want to say the organized laborers represented by the Trades and labor council will accept the law of conscription. The labor workers believe that with the conscription of man power the economic wealth of this country should likewise be conscripted."

This message was delivered by P. M. Draper, secretary-treasurer of the trades and labor council of Canada, today, at the exhibition directors' luncheon.

"In statements made in the press and in many public places in Canada," said Mr. Draper, "the inference is lent that the labor movement is not loyal to its king and its country. The government figures in this connection speak for themselves. Labor is doing its part well and will show its devotion to the colors until Prussianism is successfully stamped out."

CAPTURE OF RIGA IS SERIOUS NEWS

Shows That Russian Army is far from Recovery Predicted by the Authorities.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The evacuation of Riga by the Russians recalls the statement of Gen. Korniloff, commander of the Russian forces, at the Moscow conference, if we do not have help to hold the shore of the bay of Riga we will lose it.

While few believe that the Germans will undertake to penetrate to the Russian capital over an inhospitable area miles in length, through bleak territory almost impassable for armies, nevertheless the news is considered serious, for it shows that the Russian army is far from the recovery which has been so often predicted.

The abandonment of the city of Riga became necessary when, through the unstability of Russian regiments, the Germans were able to cross the Dvina river at Kull, thus threatening the road to Petrograd from the southwest, while another army advanced across the Tirul marshes and along the shore of the gulf of Riga toward the town. The penetration of the Russian positions at Ukuskull is similarly likely to make necessary a rearrangement of part of the remaining Russian lines.

The abandonment of the gulf of Riga gives the Germans another sea base to operate in the Baltic and much nearer the gulf of Finland. Its uses, however, are limited by conditions which will prevail later, while it is practically certain that all Russian naval vessels will make their escape to the north.

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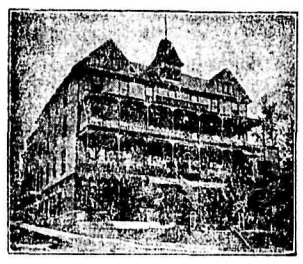

The Strathcona

F. B. WHITING, Prop.
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STRATHCONA—Rev. G. S. Wood, Kaslo; H. H. Johnson, Rossland; S. McIntire-Manning, Trail; H. W. Wornes, A. L. Marshall, Trail; G. P. Thompson, Trail; Miss C. Bloomer, Nelson; Miss E. M. Thompson, Miss G. E. Thompson, Trail; T. Bond, W. Hall, Slocan; Miss E. H. Sampson, Miss Dauphe Sampson, Rossland; R. C. Belcher, Montreal; R. H. Jamieson, Victoria; N. P. Thompson, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. L. Town, Rosedale; Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Bart, W. O. Smith, Manson, Alta.; Mrs. Bymore and Miss C. Bymore, Fort Steele; Mrs. Thomas Hope, Cowley, Alta.; J. Heaton, Cowley, Alta.; Joseph Cawdley; P. Whalen, Lethbridge; Mrs. M. Hoover, Revelstoke; N. D. B. Larmenth, Vancouver; P. I. D. Celie, Ladysmith.

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Halcyon, Arrow Lakes, B. C.

Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

THIRTY GERMAN DIVISIONS CRIPPLED

(Continued from Page One.)

Hun Raiders Driven Back

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"A hostile raiding party which attempted to approach our lines early this morning southwest of La Bassee was driven back by our fire. The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the day north of Ypres.

"Last night our airplanes dropped over three tons of bombs on the enemy's airdromes with good results. In the air fighting one German machine was brought down and one was driven down out of control. One of our machines is missing."

French Make Surprise Attack

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The official report issued by the French war office reads:

"There was intermittant cannonading at various parts of the front, more spirited on the left bank of the Meuse. In Champagne we carried out a surprise attack west of the road between St. Hilaire and St. Souplet and brought back prisoners.

"Belgian front: During Sept. 1, 2 and 3 the usual artillery action occurred. There was lively bomb fighting on Sept. 1 north of Dixmude. Our aviators flying low turned their machine guns on the enemy trench north of Dixmude and also on the ambulance convoy."

French Repulse Attacks

PARIS, Sept. 3.—An official statement reads:

"On the Aisne front there was violent artillery firing between Cerny and Hurtebise, where the Germans made four attempts to storm our line west of Hurtebise. Our fire checked them everywhere. Another attempt, directed against the Ailles plateau also was stopped.

"On the right bank of the Meuse there was great activity of the artillery on the Beaumint-Samogneux front. In the Woevre an enemy attack on our small posts northwest of Limey was without result. We took prisoners.

"German aviators dropped bombs on Dunkirk and Belfort. At Dunkirk several civilians were killed or wounded."

POWER TO CALL STRIKE IS GIVEN

Authority Granted Provincial Labor Executive—Candidates to Be Run at Federal Election.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., Sept. 3.—Power to call a general strike was placed in the hands of the executive of the British Columbia Federation of Labor at the conference held at the Labor Temple here today. The delegates represented about every class of organized labor in the province. The vote was 56 for the "down tools" policy and eight against, and three delegates said they were not voting.

The convention also decided to have candidates in the field in the federal elections and it was understood, though not by formal motion, that there would be no conflict of candidates with the Socialists.

The action in regard to a general strike was taken in confirmation of the recent referendum vote on the question of calling a general strike in the event of the conscription bill being passed. The executive did not think conditions as yet warranted the proposed strike and so called the convention for further instructions, placing before it two recommendations:

That the executive has a right to call the strike in its discretion and that labor candidates be placed in the field, both these steps as a protest against conscription. The recommendations were adopted.

One of the delegates voting in favor of the "down tools" policy was Mrs. Anna Sutton, a delegate from the Victoria munition workers' organization.

The convention was moderate in tone. There were several speakers who did not believe that a general strike would be successful and others were against the "down tools" policy altogether.

J. H. McVeity, former president of the Vancouver Trades and Labor council, stated tonight that in the event of a strike in British Columbia, between 10,000 and 12,000 men would be affected. He also stated that he expected a large number of nonunion men would also go out in sympathy.

88 RETURNED MEN ON WAY TO VICTORIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 3.—Among the arrivals here tonight of returned soldiers returning to the western provinces were 38 for Calgary and 88 for Victoria, under the charge of Lieut. E. H. Marsh of Vancouver.

CLAIMS GAMBLING CAUSE HIGH PRICES

Chairman of British Trade Union Congress Says Wage Advance Not Sufficient Compensation.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BLACKPOOL, England, Sept. 3.—The trades union congress was opened today with a record attendance of 700 delegates. John Hill, of the Boilermakers & Shipbuilders' union, who presided, said in his opening address that something more than resolutions were required to obtain reforms and that there should be no more kowtowing to capital.

Referring to industrial unrest, which he said had assumed alarming proportions in the workshops this year, he outlined the findings of a commission of inquiry to the effect that the government had broken its pledge regarding industrial conscription and that men had been compelled to accept unfair conditions under the fear of being compelled to enlist. Deep in the mind of the workmen was the conviction that the high prices of food were caused by gambling and that no advance in wages could ever compensate for them.

In international relations the president urged the delegates to agree upon the points they wished taken. It was unnecessary to drag Belgium into the debate as they all realize that there must be absolute independence and full reparation for its wrongs. Continuing, he said:

"By this method it is estimated that the nations have killed about 9,000,000 men who should have been the creators of a new world. The total killed and wounded of all countries in the war is greater than the total white population of the whole British Empire."

Mr. Hill asserted that to Great Britain more than to any other country Russia looked for encouragement in its struggle for new found freedom. The present military situation of that nation, he said, was the inevitable result of the former emperor's neglect of the army, and the great wheat crops of Russia which should have come to this country had gone to Germany, where even stores necessary for the people and the army had gone. Shells manufactured here for Russia had also passed into German hands, he declared, and "some of these shells are now being thrown on our sons on the western front."

"Our quarrel," he continued, "is not with the working men and women of Germay but with the system and the government, which means the military autocracy."

The congress received the report of the preliminary committee regarding the Stockholm meeting. The committee came to the conclusion that a conference at Stockholm at the present time could not be successful and recommended that an attempt should be made to secure a general agreement among the working classes of the allied nations as a fundamental condition of a successful international conference. Discussion of the report was deferred.

Henderson Now Against Conference

BLACKPOOL, Sept. 3—Arthur Henderson, who heretofore has strongly supported the Stockholm peace conference, endorsed the resolution of the parliamentary committee against an international conference at the present. In an interview Mr. Henderson said:

"The failure of the recent interallied conference in London to reach anything within a measurable distance of an agreement renders it inevitable that the whole question should be reconsidered. An international conference with such divergence of views as were manifest at the interallied conference would not only be harmful but it might be disastrous. We can have no conference at all until common ground for an agreement is reached among the workers of the allied countries."

DR. MACROBBIE'S DEATH WAS CAUSED BY BLOW

This Is Finding of Hamilton Inquest Jury—Warrants Issued for Arrest of Suspects

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

HAMILTON, Ont., Sept. 3.—After over an hour's deliberation the jury empanelled under Coroner McNichol to inquire into the mysterious death of Dr. Macrobbie on the night of Aug. 19, returned a verdict that the fracture of the skull was caused by blows of some weapon delivered by one of the four persons, namely, Smith, McAuliffe, Scott or Asselting. Warrants were issued for Smith, Scott and McAuliffe, who are still being held on a charge of vagrancy, charging them with causing the death of Dr. Macrobbie. Asselting was arrested at an early hour today.

Thought Baby Could Not Live

Doctors Said Chances Were Small Because of Stomach Trouble But Dr. Cassell's Tablets Cured Her.

Mr. Corby, Harriston P.O., Ont., says: "Our little girl was weak from birth and though we tried doctors' medicine and other things she got no better. She just lay and cried, and neighbors all thought we could not save her. The doctors said she had stomach trouble and that her chances were small. Yet Dr. Cassell's Tablets cured her. They have been worth their weight in gold to us. I don't think there is any medicine for children like Dr. Cassell's Tablets."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul St., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the supreme remedy for dyspepsia, Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous ailments and nerve paralysis and for Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Price 50 cents per tube, six tubes for the price of five from druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Don't waste your money on imitations; get the genuine Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Proprietors, Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

LOAN OF $7,500,000 TO G.T.P. AUTHORIZED

(Continued from Page One.)

given a pension on the basis of total disability (provided they paint no more pictures during the war). Mr. Oliver was specially critical of an artist whose paintings of war scenes were on view.

"Is he still at large?" Mr. Oliver asked.

The house again takes up supply on Tuesday. It is expected the franchise bill will be brought down Wednesday.

Act Not to Be Amended

At question time Mr. Kyte asked if it was the intention of the government to amend the Military Service act so as to permit the exemption of those engaged in agricultural pursuits.

Sir Robert Borden said that it was believed that the Military Service act made adequate arrangements for the retention of all persons necessarily required for agricultural and other essential industries.

On the orders of the day, Hon. Frank Oliver referred to a report in the Minneapolis Modern Miller that Canadian and United States millers were endeavoring to secure prohibition of the sale of flour between the countries, and he was in sympathy with the idea.

Sir Robert responded that no such proposition had been made to the government, and it was the first time he had heard of it.

Frank Carvell suggested that potatoes should be treated the same as wheat in regard to being placed on the free list. The idea, he said, was to give the Canadian farmer a chance of selling his potatoes in the United States markets.

Sir Robert Borden promised consideration.

Bureau of Research

The house then went into supply. There was discussion of a vote of $91,600 for the bureau of industrial and scientific research.

Sir George Foster, in explanation of the expenditure, said it was proposed to educate students in various universities which are particularly adapted to investigate along certain lines. They would be allowed $600 for the first year and $750 for the second year. Subsequently they might continue the investigation along the lines they had taken up or be transferred to an industrial concern to apply their ideas to practical work. It was, Sir George said, a pitiful commentary that nine-tenths of the students of this class leave Canada for the United States or other countries and the Dominion thereby losses the kind of talent required at the present time for the development of its industries.

Sir George announced that the University of Saskatchewan would make inquiry into the possibility of using large quantities of straw in the west for the production of fuel and oil.

Explaining the origin of the council of industrial research, the minister stated that Dr. McCallum of Toronto University, who receives $10,000 annually, was the only salaried member of the council.

W. E. Knowles of Moose Jaw was disposed to criticize the vote. The people, he said, should not be taxed at the present time to provide money for the solution of academic problems. He maintained the government had already enough problems for solution on its hands, and should not spend more money at present.

Sir George Foster, in reply, said that the member for Moose Jaw was not doing himself justice in putting forward such an argument. If he would do a little reading and thinking, he said, he would find that all countries were putting forth efforts along these lines. When the war broke out Great Britain found herself at sea without any basic necessities. Prompt action was necessary, and one of the first steps taken was to create such a body. Great Britain had put behind the imperial council of research the enormous sum of £1,000,000.

Thinks Time Inopportune

Hon. Frank Oliver thought that this was hardly the proper time to embark on such projects. The money was being spent more on organization than anything else.

"This is not a time when we have money to spend on anything but necessaries. I contend that this is a very poor proposition to put before the country at the present time when the requirements of the country are so urgent," said Mr. Oliver.

He thought that the same resources might be achieved by giving grants to the university.

Duncan Ross asked for more details. He said that $43,600 was required for salaries and expenses, including printing and stationery. The minister had stated that the chairman only was to be paid and his salary was $10,000. That still left $33,600 to be accounted for.

Devoid of Patronage.

"One thing," Mr. Ross declared, "can be said of the present government and that is that it has proceeded with almost riotous abandon to create public officials."

Replying to Mr. Ross, Sir George Foster, said that the commission was not a patronage department in any sense. The members were all unpaid and such assistance was taken only when necessary to do the work. "This bureau," he added, "is devoid of patronage."

"Then," remarked Mr. Pugsley, "it is a very great exception."

"Well," retorted Sir George, "it must greatly surprise my honorable friend, taking into consideration the manner in which he carried on work when he was a minister."

Mr. Oliver said he would take the responsibility of stating that the advisory council would prove "a close corporation for the suppression of individual initiative in regard to industrial and scientific work."

"I am willing to let it go at that," remarked Sir George. The item carried.

Income Tax Collection Plans.

When an item of $150,000 to cover the cost of administration of a business war tax was taken up, Sir Thomas White stated that he proposed to extend the present staff into a larger staff for the collection of the new income tax. The collection of the income tax would require a large staff.

Mr. Murphy suggested that appointment should be made on the recommendation of the civil service board.

Hon. Thomas White answered that would be impossible. What was required, he said, was business ability. He said the idea in his mind was that those not officially appointed should be referred to the civil service department.

Hon. A. K. Maclean hoped that in the selection of men no consideration would be paid to politics.

Sir Thomas White concurred that nothing would be more unfortunate than mixing up politics in the collection of taxes. The policy of avoiding this had been pursued in the appointment of officials administering the business taxes and extraordinarily few complaints had been made.

Clean to handle. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores.

MUNITION PLANTS LAY OFF EMPLOYEES

Thirty Thousand Men and Women Likely to Be Looking for New Positions Before Christmas.

TORONTO, Sept. 3.—The increasing number of men and women who are being laid off in the munition factories every day is giving the leaders of the trades union movement a great deal of concern these days.

"It looks serious," said one, "and it would appear that before Christmas some 30,000 men and women who have been working in the munition factories will be looking for new positions. If these people have not saved up something while they were working—and it may have been a difficult thing to do because of the high cost of living—then there are hard times before us this winter."

For some time in the shell factories the night shifts have been laid off or reduced. Now this is followed by the laying off of 1500 workers in the Russell Motor company works. Of this number 1000 are women.

The Massey-Harris company also laid off about 100 men. And so it goes all along the line.

Many of the women who have been employed in this city are leaving for the United States to accept positions in shell factories there. The law at the border makes it difficult for the men who are of military age to leave this country.

It is estimated that nearly 300,000 men and women have been employed in munition work in Canada, and that shortly 100,000 will have to find other employment.

LADY M'BRIDE IS GREETED AT VICTORIA

Memorial Service For Late Premier to Be Held—Arranged By Provincial Government

VICTORIA, Sept. 3.—Lady McBride and her six daughters reached Victoria today from London, being met by Hon. John Hart, finance minister, representing the provincial government, and Messrs. W. J. Bowser, W. R. Ross, T. Taylor and H. E. Young, all former colleagues of the late provincial premier. Many prominent citizens, including leading Conservatives, were present when the Vancouver boat arrived. The provincial government is arranging a memorial service to be held in Christ church cathedral during the present week.

FORMER RUSSIAN PREMIER IS DEAD

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 3.—Boris Vladimirovich, Strumer, former premier and foreign minister, died today. He had been ill for a long time.

MORAN GETS DECISION OVER JIMMY HANLON

NEW ORLEAN, La., Sept. 3.—Pat Moran was awarded a referee's decision over Jimmy Hanlon after 20 rounds of fast fighting here tonight.

USE FOR PACIFISTS ON WESTERN FRONT

OTTAWA—A vivid description of the new German gas and its deadly effects is given by a Canadian artillery officer in high command at the front. Writing to a friend in Ottawa, under date of July 31, he says:

"Everything is going on well here, and just how well you will know better when you receive this letter than I do at the present moment, though we have high hopes. At present 'down front' everybody is going about with his nose in the air, sedulously sniffing for garlic whenever the enemy is shelling, which is practically all the time.

"You might think it was a joke, but it is a grim reality. The Boche has produced a new type of hellish gas, which is practically odorless except, as the official warning states, for a slight odor like garlic. He projects it with shell fire at unexpected times, and you can sniff yourself into eternity without turning a hair. However, if you sniff it in time and get your gas mask on it is all right, except that it penetrates through your clothes and raises blisters under your arms or wherever else there happens to be the slightest moisture. Hence the sniffing. I wish we had a lot of those Pacifists and Boche lovers out here. We would put them up in cages, like canaries, along the whole front, and let them do the sniffing for the whole corps. Conscientious objectors would also be very useful for the same purpose and could do great service for the state without having to do such a vulgar thing as strike a blow for their country. All they would have to do would be to blow their noses and keep their sniffer in good working order. Would you not enjoy seeing our friend Armand Lavergne, put in a cage, giving tongue, when a delicate odor of garlic came down the wind from the Boche lines?"

Fall Coats

THE NEW STYLES IN COATS ARE MEETING A GOOD RECEPTION

CLEVERLY DESIGNED AND SKILLFULLY MADE THEY SHOW A RANGE OF MATERIALS AND COLORS WHICH WILL SURELY PLEASE ALL

Make Your Selection Early

Odd Lines of Summer Goods Still on Sale at Reduced Prices

THESE INCLUDE BLOUSES, MIDDIES, HOUSE DRESSES, SUMMER HOSIERY, SILK GLOVES, ETC.

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LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

RUSSIAN CHURCH IS A VITAL INFLUENCE

Among those who are most hopeful of the Russian situation are students of the Russian religion and travelers who know what a hold it has upon the people. It is hard indeed to believe that a people who cling to the religious beliefs of the Russians would accept the materialistic creed of the kaiser and yet we see both Protestants and Catholics and even Mohammedans fighting enthusiastically for a ruler whose creed is a flat contradiction of everything their spiritual guides have taught them. It is believed, however, that the Russians will never be able to reconcile themselves to the gross materialism of Kultur, even though they bore the yoke of czardom more or less uncomplainingly for centuries. However, the Russian weakness was of one kind and not the kind that might naturally lead to submission to a war lord. The trouble is, of course, that the fate of Russia, in so far as this war is concerned, may be settled by a small group of Socialists and internationalists without the bulk of the Russian people knowing what has happened. Then, of course, there would ensue a series of revolutions after the war—but "after the war" is not so important to the rest of the allies.

Neither Catholic Nor Protestant.

The Russians are members of what is called the Greek Orthodox church, which is neither Catholic nor Protestant, but combines features of both and contributes some others peculiar to itself. The czar is head of the church, and the church is subservient to the state, like the Church of England. The church, like all other churches, claims to be the old traditional church of Christ and in the words of the Liturgy it is "the Faith that will overcome the world." Some three hundred years ago there was a schism in the church, which existed until the masterful Peter the Great put an end to it by taking away the authority of the Patriarch of Moscow and entrusting it to the Holy Synod, placing at its head the procurator as an absolute dictator, under the czar, as to matter that might and might not be discussed. The last procurator, whose name is remembered outside Russia, was Pobiedonosteff, a famous reactionary, but a man of great attainments.

White and Black Clergy.

The clergy of the Russian church must possess great influence in such a crisis as that which Russia is now facing. It consists of monks and the secular priests. The former have great influence in the councils of the church but the latter come into daily and intimate contact with the people. The monks, or the "black clergy," who resemble in most respects the Roman Catholic monastics, take vows of poverty, chastity and obedience and live in hermitages. They live ascetic lives and from their ranks the bishops of the church are chosen. The secular priests, known as the "white clergy," are the parish priests. They are not so ascetic. They are all married and it is customary for a white clergyman to marry the daughter of another white clergyman, thus tending to establish a sort of tribe of Aaron. These priests not only visit the people in sickness and health and expound the Gospels to them but they are the official registrars of marriages and other vital statistics. As civil marriages are unknown in Russia the parish priests are thus sought out in the great crises of life and death and since they are presumably better educated than their parishioners, it is only natural that they should wield great influence with them.

A Democratic Church.

It is said that in the Russian church there is a wonderful freedom from caste. The words "The rich and the poor meet together and the Lord is the Father of them all," have for the Russians a reality that they have for few other peoples. Peasant and prince kneel side by side. The moujik has his own peculiar notions of religion, according to "Lucian," a cultured writer in the Post-Express of Rochester. He sees in Christ a poor suffering man who is his own idealized image. He pictures Him as a cripple toiling under a heavy cross. To be like Christ is the duty of all true believers. One must love and pray and be patient even unto death. The Russian carries his ikon, or holy picture or emblem, everywhere he goes and as he lies dying on the battlefield he presses it to his lips in token that he has kept the faith. In many other respects the moujik lives a life that would not be approved by the western censors. He drinks a good deal, or did until deprived of vodka and in youth his morals are not patterned after Anthony.

As a Man Grows Old.

But when the Russian becomes a man he is apt to put away childish things. A French cynic has said that when a man becomes too old to set others a bad example he gives them good advice. Someone else has observed that we do not grow better as we grow older. The average Russian is an exception. He improves with age and from the moment that he begins to contemplate the possibility of dying some day he seeks to fit himself for the other world. He may fear death but he has been taught that it is something higher and holier than life. On the whole, the religion of the Russians is the best religion the Russians could have. It suits them. It enables them to bear their present hardships in the hope of a glorious Resurrection and to meet death when it comes like the martyrs of blessed memory. It is the Russian religious faith that makes him, when not infected with Socialism, as good a soldier as the best.

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After Vacation Peel Your Discolored Skin

Women returning from the seaside with browned, reddened or freckled complexions will be wise in immediately taking up the mercolized wax treatment. Weather-beaten skin has best come off, for no amount of "beautifying" will ever make such skin pretty to look at. The surest, safest, easiest way to shed the despoiled cuticle is with the treatment suggested. Put the wax on before retiring, as you would cold cream, and rinse it off in the morning with warm water. Minute particles of scarf skin will peel off day by day, gradually showing the healthy, youthful skin beneath.

One ounce of mercolized wax, obtainable at any drug store, is enough to make any discolored or spotted complexion clear, white and satiny soft. Its action is so gentle no harm is caused and the face shows no trace of its use.

TOM GIBBONS WINS DECISION OVER CHRISTIE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

DAYTON, O., Sept. 3.—Tom Gibbons of St. Paul won the decision here tonight in the 15-round bout with Gus Christie, having the better of the contest all the way. Gibbons was too fast for Christie.

Have you Indigestion?

Your food will continue to disagree with you, and cause distress until you strengthen your digestive organs, and tone and sweeten the stomach. You can do this quickly and surely by promptly taking a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Their natural action relieves the stomach of undigested food, stimulates the flow of gastric juice, renews the activity of the liver and bowels, and strengthens the digestive system. Take them with confidence, for 60 years' experience prove that Beecham's Pills

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Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

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Mining and Markets

NEW YORK MEN BUY UTICA STOCK

. H. Armstead Becomes Associated With Volney Williamson in Control of Property.

Henry H. Armstead, mining engi-er of New York, has become associ-ed with Volney D. Williamson in e control of the Utica Mines, Lim-ed, a rich silver-bearing property in e Slocan district of British Colum-a. Williamson and Armstead be-me joint owners of about 1,400,000 ares of the 1,600,000 issued.

The purchase will bring about no ange in the management, said Mr. rmstead. He said he and an associ-e would go on the board but that Mr. illiamson would remain as president d manager.

The entrance of Mr. Armstead ac-unts for the purchase of 200,000 ares of stock on the market in the t 10 days. On Sept. 15 Utica will y its regular dividend of $32,000. The bursement will be made on stock of ord Sept. 5..

The Utica Mines, Limited, is engag-in extensive development and equip-nt, begun soon after Mr. William-n become identified with the prop-y a few months ago. A power plant der construction will be finished thin the next 60 days. It will have a pacity of 125-horsepower and will used until the installation of a droelectric plant of 400-horsepower complete. A 2900-foot tunnel, start-to open three ore shoots, has attain-the 1200-foot point and is proceeding the rate of 300 feet a month. It will ach the locality of two parallel e shoots within 1100 feet and the nanza shoot within 500 feet more. will cut the parallel shoots at an ditional depth of 350 feet below the epest level and the bonanza body at depth of 1600 feet. The disclosure ore worth 2,000,000 within this block s expected when the price of silver s far below current quotations. The nanza or No. 3 shoot has never been closed except at the point of dis-very, up in the Sawtooth peaks, ere it has a width of 4 to 7 feet and gh values in the white metal, accord-g to official statements.

Quarters for 75 miners are in course construction below the No. 7 or 0-foot tunnel. They will consist of rding and lodging houses and will be situated three-quarters of a mile nearer the railroad station than the old one. The old quarters will be surrendered to the married employees.

An aerial tramway will probably be built this fall from the mouth of No. 7 tunnel to the railroad at Adamant, a distance of two and a half miles.

PUSHES WORK AT COPPER MOUNTAIN

Canada Copper Corporation Gets Money to Proceed With Development of Big Body of Ore.

The Canada Copper corporation, which recently made the necessary financial arrangements in New York to proceed with the development of the 10,000,000 tons of copper ore in sight at its Copper mountain properties near Princeton, B. C., is steadily increasing the force of men it has at work at that camp. One hundred are now employed.

The company is moving the compressor and other machinery to Copper mountain from the Idaho mine at Phoenix, while lumber for the new buildings is arriving daily at Princeton. The consumption of power is to be increased and in preparation for this step the company is improving the power line between Copper mountain and East Princeton.

MUNITION SHARES IN DEMAND AT LONDON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Money demand better for the purchase of treasury bills. Discounts quiet.

The stock market was of a weekend character which consisted principally of silver mines, tins and oil shares which changed hands in large numbers at higher prices. South African land issues were also good, while dealers in munition shares were kept busy. British funds were well supported and rubbers were firm and higher. The American department was dull.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—At the Montreal stockyards, westend market, the receipts of livestock for the week ended Sept. 1, were 1400 cattle, 4000 sheep and lambs, 1600 hogs and 700 calves. The supply on the market this morning for sale was 1150 cattle, 3600 sheep and lambs, 600 hogs and 600 calves. There was no important change in the condition of the market for cattle, prices being about steady. The offerings were larger, there being 2500 head on the market of which the quality was mostly common.

C. P. R.

At the Canadian Pacific livestock market the receipts for the week ended Sept. 1, were 1900 cattle, 1700 sheep and lambs, 1250 hogs and 550 calves. Offerings were 1138 sheep and lambs, 400 hogs and 360 calves. Butchers cattle, choice, 10.25 to 10.75; butcher's cattle, medium, 9.25 to 10; common, 8 to 8.50; canners, 5 to 6.25; butcher's cattle, choice cows, 7.50 to 8; medium, 6.50 to 7; bulls, 6.75 to 8.75; milkers, choice, each, $110 to $120; milkers common and medium, each, $90 to $100; springers, $65 to $85.

Sheep: Ewes, 9 to 9.50; bucks and culls, 8.50 to 8.75; lambs, 12.75 to 14.75.

Hogs, f.o.b. cars, 17 to 17.50.

Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 3.—Receipts of livestock at the union stockyards today totaled 2700 cattle and 387 hogs. Cattle trading was slow and dull. The market has a weak undertone. Hogs sold at steady prices. Selected at 16.80.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 3.—Cattle: Receipts, 24,000; weak. Beeves, 8 to 16.50; Texas steers, 6 to 1350; stockers and feeders, 6 to 9.20; cows and heifers, 4.80 to 13; calves, 12 to 16.

Hogs: Receipts, 19,000; steady. Light, 16.90 to 18.50; mixed, 16.75 to 18.50; heavy, 16.65 to 18.60; rough, 16.65 to 16.95; pigs, 12 to 16.75.

Sheep: Receipts, 18,000; weak. Native lambs, 11.25 to 17.45.

GOLD YIELD OF YUKON WILL SHOW DECREASE

Not Due to Petering Out of Supply But to High Cost of Working Low Grade Ground

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

DAWSON, Y. T., Sept. 3.—After completing a tour of the gold camps of the Yukon, Volney Richmond, superintendent of the Northern Commercial company, says that there will be a considerable falling off of the gold yield this year. He attributes this not to a lesser amount of gold available and any petering out of the supply, but to the high cost necessary to mine in low grade ground. The Klondyke yield proper, however, is holding up to almost normal thus far.

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TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD. BLUESTONE AND SPELTER

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
Spokane Fair
$8.80 Return
From Nelson
FARE AND ONE-THIRD ROUND TRIP
BRITISH COLUMBIA STATIONS, MIDWAY, REVELSTOKE AND EAST, INCLUDING ALL BRANCHES
ALL STATIONS IN ALBERTA
Daily Service Including Sunday
TICKETS ON SALE SEPT. 1 TO 6 INCLUSIVE
FINAL RETURN LIMIT SEPT. 10
Parlor and Dining Car Service from Kootenay Landing
TICKETS AND DETAILS FROM AGENTS OR PURSERS KOOTENAY STEAMERS
J. S. CARTER, D. P. A., Nelson, B.C.

Bankrupt Stock for Sale

One 8-ft. Silent Salesman Show Case, cost	$100.00
Two 8-ft. Marble Top Counters, cost	80.00
One 8-ft. Counter, cost	30.00
One 12-ft. Counter, cost	40.00
One 6-ft. Counter, cost	10.00
One Toledo Computing Scale, cost	155.00
One Dayton Computing Scale, cost	55.00
One Cheese Cutter, cost	20.00
One Hobart Double Electric Power Coffee Mill, cost	300.00
One Cash Register, cost	100.00
One Cash Drawer, cost	10.00
One Typewriter Desk, cost	35.00
One Check Protector, cost	40.00
Two Sets Tilting Shelves, cost	15.00
Fourteen Electric Fixtures With Shades, cost	40.00

ANY OF THE ABOVE GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT HALF PRICE
J. E. ANNABLE, NELSON, B.C.

News of Sport

YANKEES GET TWO GAMES FROM BOSTON

Chicago Gets Doubleheader from Detroit—Phillies Win Twice from Senators

AMERICAN LEAGUE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—Boston's championship aspirations received a big setback today when New York won two games, the morning contest 1 to 0 and the afternoon game 4 to 1. New York won out in the ninth inning in the morning clash. Pipps' double, a sacrifice and after Baker was passed purposely, Hendrix singled, scoring Pipp. The afternoon game was won by New York in the first inning after two were out.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
New York	1	7	1
Boston	0	6	0

Batteries: Shawkey and Nunamaker; Foster and Thomas.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
New York	4	5	1
Boston	1	6	1

Batteries: Fisher and Nunamaker; Leonard, Pennock and Agnew, Thomas.

Chicago Gets Double Victory

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—Eddie Murphy's pinch hitting today enabled Chicago to take both games of the doubleheader from Detroit, 7 to 5 and 14 to 8, thereby gaining two games on Boston, who dropped two games to New York. Detroit took a lead over Chicago in the fifth inning of the morning contest by bunching hits and driving Faber off the mound, but Danforth and Williams checked the visitors after that. Ehmke weakened in the sixth inning and walked two men. Schalk advanced both on a sacrifice, Murphy then singled to centre and Chicago took the lead when two runs were scored on the hit. Schalk's home run in the fourth inning with two men on bases put Chicago in the lead in the second game and they were never headed.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	5	12	0
Chicago	7	9	1

Batteries: Ehmke, James and Stanage; Faber, Williams, Danforth and Schalk.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	8	12	3
Chicago	14	17	0

Batteries: Boland, James, Cunningham and Yelle: Danforth, Williams, Cicotte and Schalk.

Phillies Win Doubleheader

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Washington was defeated today easily by Philadelphia, who took a doubleheader from the Senators.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Washington	4	7	2
Philadelphia	7	11	2

Batteries: Gallia, Sehang, Dumont and Henry; Rush, Schauer and Meyer.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Washington	2	6	0
Philadelphia	9	15	2

Batteries: W. Johnson, Gallia and Ainsmith; R. Johnson and Meyers.

Cleveland Gets Two Games

CLEVELAND, Sept. 3.—Cleveland got a double victory over St. Louis today.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	6	3
Cleveland	9	12	2

Batteries: Groome, Molineux, Wright and Severold; Klepfer and O'Neill.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	6	11	0
Cleveland	7	13	2

Batteries: Davenport, Rogers, Koob and Severold; Coveleskie, Morton and O'Neill.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Reds Beaten Twice

PITTSBURG, Sept. 3.—Pittsburg won both games today from Cincinnati, taking the morning game 8 to 0 and the afternoon game 5 to 3.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	6	3
Pittsburg	8	12	0

Batteries: Engel and Wingo; Miller and Schmidt.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	6	1
Pittsburg	5	11	1

Batteries: Steele and Schmidt; Schneider and Wingo.

Get Game Each

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Boston turned the tables on New York this afternoon, winning the afternoon game by a score of 6 to 2.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	4	1
New York	7	12	0

Batteries: Tyler and Tragressor; Rice, Perritt and Rariden.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	6	12	0
New York	2	5	4

Batteries: Nehf and Meyers; Tesreau and Rariden, Onslow.

Performs Iron Man Feat

BROOKLYN, Sept. 3.—Grover Alexander performed the iron man feat by pitching both games of today's doubleheader and winning them, 5 to 0 and 9 to 3.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	5	8	0
Brooklyn	0	4	2

Batteries: Alexander and Killifer; Marquard, Russell and Miller.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	9	13	2
Brooklyn	3	8	0

Batteries: Alexander and Killifer; Coombs, Willer and Miller.

Break Even

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 3.—St. Louis and Chicago broke even in the holiday games here today.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	6	11	2
St. Louis	5	12	0

Batteries: Douglas, Aldridge, Prendergast and Elliott; Dilhoefer, Watson, Ames and Gonzales.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	7	0
St. Louis	2	9	0

Batteries: Douglas and Wilson; Goodwin and Schneider.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Morning Games

Montreal 3, Rochester 2.
Toronto 3, Buffalo 2.
Richmond 2, Providence 11.
Newark 9, Baltimore 3.

Afternoon Games

Providence 5, Richmond 1.
Montreal 8, Rochester 1.
Buffalo 4, Toronto 1.
Newark 3, Baltimore 2.

WINNIPEG WINS DOUBLE VICTORY FROM REGINA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 3.—Regina was badly beaten by Winnipeg in two games today. Scores:

Morning game—	R.	H.	E.
Regina	3	9	5
Winnipeg	13	16	2

Batteries—Garrett, Cook and Leigh; Sigurdson and Hudson.

Afternoon game—	R.	H.	E.
Regina	3	7	2
Winnipeg	11	14	0

Batteries—Smith and Leigh; Smith and Gladu.

SASKATOON BOWLERS WIN NARROWLY FROM REGINA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SASKATOON, Sask., Sept. 3.—Winning 11 of the 20 games played, the local bowlers just beat out the five rinks from Regina which came to this city for Labor day.

The final scores were:

Saskatoon, 308; Regina, 306.

The visitors got away to a good start in the morning series and led at lunch time by 29 shots, but Saskatoon cut this down to 9. In the evening the rain interfered with the games, after Saskatoon had taken the lead.

BENNY LEONARD EASILY ACCOUNTS FOR RECTOR

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Sept. 3.—Young Rector proved no match for Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, at the Sportsmen's Patriotic association tournament here today. His seconds threw up the sponge in the fifth round when Rector was forced to his knees for the second time. The bout was scheduled to go six rounds.

SHAMROCKS WIN FROM NATIONALS IN SIXTH GAME

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—Shamrocks won from Nationals today by 10 to 8 in the sixth game of the home and home lacrosse series, an extra session having been required to decide the game. The Shamrocks have such a big lead now that the interest has gone from the contest, though today's game was witnessed by one of the largest crowds of the season.

WILLIAMS' TEAM WINS TIMMS CUP

Successful in Trap Shooting Contest at Rossland—J. Plester Gets Rod Club's Trophy.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B.C., Sept. 3.—The trap shooting contest held here during the past three months for the Timms cup has been concluded, Williams' team making the best averages and winning the trophy. The four medals were awarded to J. Plester, J. Triggs, E. F. Morris and R. Timms. The average made by Williams' team was 17.7, while Timms' team averaged 15.2.

The cup belonging to the Rossland Rod and Gun club for the best shooting during the season went to J. Plester. This is the second season he has captured it.

Those taking part in the shoot were A. Williams, Dr. Williams, J. Corkill, Dr. Gunning, E. G. Atkinson, J. Delsanto, A. W. Rolland, E. Marsden, C. H. Wallace, M. McKenzie, T. Sodja, Dr. Coffin.

MORRIS MOBBED BY SPECTATORS

Is Disqualified in Sixth Round with Fulton for Continually Butting.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CANTON, O., Sept. 3.—Carl Morris, Oklahoma City, Okla., was disqualified in the sixth round of his scheduled 15-round bout with Fred Fulton of Minneapolis, Minn., for constantly butting. Fulton had a big lead when the referee stopped the contest. Morris was mobbed by angered spectators as he left the ring. Morris was not severely hurt. Morris and Fulton were battling for the right to meet Jess Willard, heavyweight titleholder. Willard has promised to meet the winner. Fulton tried to leave the arena at the end of the fifth round, but was held in the ring by his handlers. Once during the sixth round Fulton started to his corner, saying "I'm not going to fight any more." Referee Hinkel ordered him to continue and Fulton resumed the battle.

Fulton proved the better boxer and was benefited by the clean break rules. Morris took the aggressive in the first round and forced the going throughout.

Morris worked with both hands for the head, while Fulton caught Morris coming in with left jabs and left upper cuts to the head.

Referee Hinkel said after the bout: "I was forced to disqualify Morris after I had warned him a dozen times for butting and hitting in the breaks."

RESULTS OF FOOTBALL GAMES IN SCOTLAND

GLASGOW, Sept. 3.—Following are the scheduled Scottish football games played on the first named mentioned grounds on Saturday:

Baltic 3, Clyde 2.
Third Lanark 4, Queen's Park 0.
Kilmarnock 2, Ayr United 0.
Hearts of Midlothian 1, Hibernians 0.
Hamilton Academicals 3, Motherwell 2.
Airdrieonians 0, St. Mirren 0.
Dumbarton 0, Merton 1.
Clyde Bank 0, Falkirk 1.

MIKE GIBBONS OUTBOXES JACK DILLON ALL THE WAY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 3.—Mike Gibbons of St. Paul shaded Jack Dillon of Indianapolis in every round of their 10-round bout here today. Gibbons took the offensive in the first round and kept it up, with the exception of the third, when Dillon rallied and won an even break on the round.

TROTTING RECORD AT HARTFORD IS SMASHED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 3.—In the fifth meeting this season on the grand circuit between St. Frisco and Miss Mabel Trask, the son of San Francisco, piloted by Ed. Geers, again defeated the chestnut mare, driven by Cox, in the feature race of the opening card of the grand circuit at Charter Oak Park today. Another record was smashed by St. Frisco over the track, trotting the fastest heat ever stepped in a race over this course, when he went the second heat in 2:03 flat.

The whirlwind pace with four starters was the only special interest heat race of the afternoon and proved a surprise, as the favorite Ben Ali, after taking the first two heats, was outraced by Butt Hall, who won the next three and the race.

Dysentery Is Dangerous

Dysentery is one of the worst forms of bowel complaint. It comes on so suddenly, the pains in the bowels become intense, the discharges occur with great rapidity and are very often accompanied by blood, and the action on the system so weakening that its termination often proves fatal.

When the bowels get loosened up in this way, and you wish to check the unnatural discharge without bringing on constipation, there is only one remedy to use and that is Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

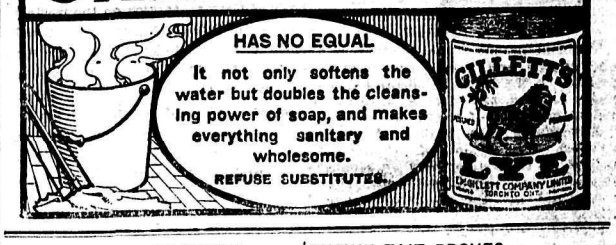
This remedy is not an experiment as it has been used in thousands of Canadian homes during the past 72 years.

Mrs. Albert Fearon, Bryant's Corner, N.B., writes: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for the past ten years and I would not be without it in the house.

"Last fall my little boy, three years old, took very bad with dysentery. After taking three or four doses of "Dr. Fowler's" he began to improve and before he had used all the bottle he was entirely cured. I sincerely recommend it to all."

There are many cheap imitations of this sterling remedy on the market. Ask for Dr. Fowler's and see that you get the genuine when you ask for it. Price 35c. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

GILLETT'S LYE



GAMBLING CONTRIVANCES FEATURE "RACE MEETING"

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—Handbooks and roulette wheels, also a faro layout, provided the chief interest at a "race meeting" on the Maisonneuve race track today.

RALPH DEPALMA LOSES BIG RACE TO CHEVROLET

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 3.—After winning the first two races of 20 and 50 miles, Ralph DePalma lost the 10-mile event to Louis Chevrolet at the speedway today because he was forced to stop in the 68th mile to change a tire. DePalma won the 20-mile race in 11:02:07, a new track record. DePalma also won the 50-mile race in 28:09, breaking the track record.

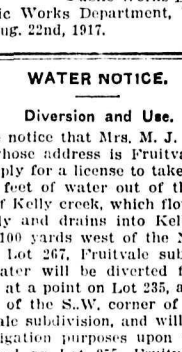
BARTFIELD AND TED LEWIS FIGHT TO DRAW

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BUFFALO, N.Y., Sept. 3.—Soldier Bartfield of New York and Ted Lewis of England, welterweights, fought 10 rounds to a draw here tonight. Bartfield was constantly on the aggressive, and his work in the closing rounds was good.

"One Meatless Meal a Day" is a good food slogan for war time, or any time—better make it two meatless meals a day—it would mean health and strength for the nation. But be sure and get the right substitute for meat in a digestible form. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** is the ideal substitute for meat. It is 100 per cent. whole wheat prepared in a digestible form. Two or three of these little loaves of baked whole wheat make a nourishing, satisfying meal at a cost of only a few cents. Delicious with milk or cream or fruits of any kind.

Made in Canada.



Distance Is Everything When Traveling

IT IS NOTHING WHEN TELEPHONING

When you travel you take time to get ready, and you subject yourself to a certain amount of inconvenience en route to your destination. When you telephone you simply go to the other side of the room and talk. It is a face to face conversation, with the elimination of every inconvenience.

Traveling, too, depends on the weather; you can communicate at any time by telephone.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY
PROGRESSIVE POLICY

CLONIE TAIT PROVES SHADE BETTER THAN SCULLY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 3.—Clonie Tait, lightweight champion of Canada, carried the decision over Charlie Scully of Chicago, in a 12-round open air bout this afternoon. Tait had the advantage in five rounds, while Scully took two and five were even. The fight was at catch weights.

M'GOVERN OUTCLASSED BY WILLIE JACKSON

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 3.—Willie Jackson, the New York lightweight, outclassed Terry McGovern of this city in a six-round bout here tonight.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Slocan Junction School.

Sealed tenders, superscribed "Tender for Slocan Junction School," will be received by the Honorable the Minister of Public Works up to 12 o'clock of Tuesday, the 11th day of September, 1917, for the erection and completion of a large one-room school house at Slocan Junction, in the Trail Electoral District.

Plans, specifications, contract and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 27th day of August, 1917, at the office of Mr. S. S. Jarvis, Acting Government Agent, Nelson; Mr. J. Mahony, Government Agent, Vancouver; Mr. T. A. Wheildon, Secretary of the school board, South Slocan; and the Department of Public Works, Victoria.

By application to the undersigned, contractors may obtain a set of the plans and specifications for the sum of ten dollars ($10), which will be refunded on their return in good order.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for a sum equal to 20 per cent of tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to completed the work contracted for. The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. E. FOREMAN,
Public Works Engineer.
Public Works Department, Victoria, B.C., Aug. 22nd, 1917.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Mrs. M. J. F. Webster, whose address is Fruitvale, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 8-acre feet of water out of the South Fork of Kelly creek, which flows north westerly and drains into Kelly creek, about 100 yards west of the N.E. corner of Lot 267, Fruitvale subdivision. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point on Lot 235, about 500 feet S. of the S.W. corner of Lot 256, Fruitvale subdivision, and will be used for irrigation purposes upon the land described as Lot 255, Fruitvale subdivision. This notice was posted on the ground on the 4th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 8, 1917.

MRS. M. J. F. WEBSTER,
Applicant.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that the Island Mill Lumber Co., of Alpena, Michigan, U.S.A., through their agent, Geo. Makinson, whose address is Arrow Park, B.C., will apply for a license to clear and improve Mosquito creek, which flows southerly and drains into the Columbia river about 1 mile north of Arrow Park.

The clearing and improving will be from the mouth of said creek to a point about where it crosses the N. and S. line of Lot 8717 C.G., which is about ½ mile from the S. E. corner of lot 8717, a total distance of about eight miles. The clearing and improving of this stream is for the purpose of floating logs, shingle bolts, poles, piling, ties, etc., to the Columbia river.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 11th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914" will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within 30 days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 17, 1917.

ISLAND MILL LUMBER COMPANY,
Applicant,
By Geo. Makinson, Agent.

THE DAILY NEWS

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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1917.

WIN-THE-WAR LIBERALS SPEAK OUT

Leaders of win-the-war Liberals in Calgary wired to Sir Robert assuring him of their aproval of his efforts to form a union government and of their support in the "unselfish efforts which you are now making on behalf of the country." Signatures to the message include those of such outstanding Liberals as Dr. J. G. Rutherford, Arthur Smith and J. Kent Power. By their telegram they have demonstrated their willingness to cast aside all party prejudices and political considerations in their desire to devote themselves to the cause of winning the war.

The telegram was sent just after it became known that some western Liberals were endeavoring to oust Sir Robert from leadership. Hon. Edward Brown, provincial treasurer in the Liberal government of Manitoba, has been equally plainspoken. In an interview in Winnipeg he advised win-the-war Liberals to get behind Sir Robert Borden, adding that as the premier had initiated conscription in Canada he was the logical man to carry it out.

These men recognize the courage and unassuming strength of purpose that Sir Robert Borden has displayed and know that as long as he is in control there will be no slackening of Canada's activities in the war.

"DO YOUR DUTY, CANADA," IS MESSAGE FROM TRENCHES

"Will not the pride which you say Canada has in her sons inspire her to send us men to take the places of those so nobly fallen?" concludes Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, commander in chief of the Canadian forces in France, in reply to message of congratulation on recent victories that was sent by Sir Edward Kemp, minister of militia. Gen. Currie's message reads:

Your message of congratulation is sincerely appreciated by all ranks of the Canadian corps. Tell our comrades in Canada that in addition to winning and consolidating ground of great tactical value, we have inflicted casualties on the foe at least treble our own. In repeated and determined counter attacks the flower of the German army was thrown against us, but our line remained as unshaken as our own Rockies. Will not the pride which you say Canada has in her sons inspire her to send us men to take the places of those so nobly fallen?

In his reference to conscription Sir Arthur voices a view expressed in letter after letter that is being received by relatives of the soldiers of all ranks who are in the trenches. They, who know the conditions and the need for men, are looking anxiously to Canada to do its duty, not only by inaugurating the conscription act but by the return at the coming Dominion election of a conscription government, to ensure that it will be kept in effect.

LABOR STANDS BY ITS FRIENDS IN THE TRENCHES.

American labor men are banding together to fight the activities of "the organized influence of those dangerous elements who hide disloyalty behind a screen of specious and evasive phrases," and for that purpose will hold a conference today at Minneapolis.

Labor men in the United States, as in Canada and Great Britain, are determined to stand by their friends in the trenches. They know that if the elements which would foment anti-war sentiment were allowed to prevail it would result in reducing the volume of supplies and the strength of the reinforcements for the men in the trenches, thus aiding Germany.

Workers who are fighting the battle of democracy and liberty at the front look to their friends at home to support them. They have not been disappointed in the past and they will not be in the future.

"ATTRITION" TACTICS WORK BOTH WAYS.

American officials who left Germany at the time of the United States declaration of war state that Prussian army men declared it to be the policy of the general staff to wear out the French army on the western front in preparation for a grand Teuton offensive in 1918. French losses and the number of casualties which the Germans must sustain in causing them were being calculated to a nicety, one ex-consul states.

Germany has a habit of keeping the attention of the German public fixed on the expected success of some grand scheme of entente defeat which is to be developed in the future. The zeppelins were a case in point; the battle of Verdun was another; the submarine campaign was a third. All failed. If attrition of the French should be the basis of German tactics on the western front—and it is certain that the French could not hold their lines indefinitely without the aid of the British Empire and the United States—the Prussian general staff must be finding that its own losses far exceed calculations. Since Aug. 1 the allies on the western front have so reduced the strength of 30 German divisions as to force them to be withdrawn for re-formation and reinforcement while 10 other divisions on Sept. 1 were in process of receiving similar punishment. "Attrition" was to destroy the British navy. It will be equally unsuccessful in destroying the entente armies. The allies have greater resources in manpower than the Germans and men will continue to go forward until victory of the cause has been made secure.

The candidate who says he favors conscription but who supports Laurier is a dangerous enemy of conscription.

Riga's capture by the Germans may do more to put spirit into the Russian troops than half a hundred exhortations by loyal leaders.

Premier Borden's single minded purpose of devoting all energies to winning the war has made him some enemies but it has won for him many thousands of new friends.

The British trades union congress committee has reported that the proposed peace conference at Stockholm could not be successful at this time. British labor does not want an inconclusive peace which would enable Germany to reorganize its military machine for another attempt under more favorable conditions to bring the world under subjection.

The decision of the Dominion government to make grants for the education at the various universities of students who will be trained in technical and industrial research is a step in the right direction. The vote for $91,600 will prove a good investment if it produces one student capable of solving but one of the chief research problems of the country. Ten times that amount could be saved in a year from the byproducts of any one of half a dozen industries that might be mentioned. One of the chief reasons that Canada has lagged behind in industrial research has been the small number of men in the country capable of doing the necessary practical scientific work. The proposal outlined by Sir George Foster will tend toward removing the disability under which Canada has been laboring.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

It's Cool Already There.

We speak of the "coming winter" in another paragraph of this column. On second thought, perhaps we should have said the "present winter."—Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

The Gardener's Reward.

The time is near when the faithful and industrious amateur gardener can afford to view with indifference the rising price of vegetables.—Hamilton Herald.

Good for Local Markets.

Purchase and consumption of canned corn, peas and tomatoes is forbidden—another boost for the city market.—Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

Dr. Michael Clark.

Dr. Clark is needed in Canadian public life, and ought to stay until the war is over.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

SOME NEUTRALS.

Among the neutral nations mentioned in the notice of embargo given by the United States were San Marino, Monaco, Lichtenstein, Napal and Oman. In a military sense these neutrals are unimportant, but as they maintain a form of government, international etiquette demands that they shall be included in the notice of our attitude toward neutral nations.

San Marino has a population of 1600 and is entirely surrounded by Italy. Not long ago San Marino came into prominence by announcing that it would put its forces at the disposal of the entente allies.

Monaco has a population of 3000. Its capital, Monte Carlo, is the gambling centre of the world. Lichtenstein lies between Austria and Switzerland and has a population of about 9000, with an area of 65 square miles. It has had a constitution of its own since 1862.

Nepal and Oman have much population if but little power. Nepal has 4,000,000 population. This country lies on the southern slope of the Himalaya mountains, bordering on British India. It has been independent since 1768 and once succeeded in defeating the British. In theory Nepal is an absolute monarchy but actually it is ruled by a prime minister and a council. The people are a mixed race of Indo-Afghan and Mongol descent.

Oman is an independent state in southeast Arabia, the capital of which is Muscat. There are 1,500,000 inhabitants, in an area about twice the size of the state of Tennessee.—Southern Lumberman.

COLD STORAGE

"And she frowned upon his suit?"

"Yes, she told him it ought to be khaki."

"How did you get rid of the trouble you were having with your automobile?"

"I sold the car."

"Two meatless days a week"—
Why seven are easy
Until the weather gets
More cool and breezy.

A VANCOUVER CERTIFICATE

The best certificate of character which the Liberal gathering in South Winnipeg could receive has been kindly furnished by the Vancouver Sun, which heartily damns the meeting and all its works in an editorial broadside, with specially angry references to Premier Norris, Mr. Hudson and Mr. Pitblado. The gentlemen in question are to be heartily congratulated upon this convincing testimony to their sound patriotism in putting their country before their party.

This is a testing time for newspapers as well as for public men. Most Canadian newspapers of both schools of politics, have shown a commendable desire to help forward the movement for national unity; and their patriotic example has served to throw in clear relief the conduct of those papers which have regarded the opportunity as specially favorable for stirring up party feeling to the end that the politicians who control them may profit by the national division which they thus seek to bring about. Among the newspapers which thus seek to betray their country, the Sun occupies a prominent place; indeed it disputes with the Leader of Regina the distinction of pre-eminence in the field of endeavor.

The character of the Sun is very clearly revealed by two quotations from its editorial columns which we propose to make. On May 16 the Sun delivered itself of this most emphatic opinion about the necessity for conscription:

"Men of 50 are now liable for conscription in Britain. If this is necessary in the old country it is surely time to adopt selective conscription in Canada. ..... There appears to be little doubt that in spite of the faults of the voluntary system the government will not replace it with conscription. In spite of the pressing need for men the government evidently will not risk anything to force into line the thousands of young slackers who are impervious to public opinion, though Britain is compelled to call out her bottom dollar in men."

This emphatic utterance was merely part of a crusade which the Sun had been carrying on for some time. Secure in its belief that the Borden government would not resort to conscription, the Sun proceeded to make political capital for its friends by taunting it with cowardice and indifference. Two days later Sir Robert Borden announced that the government would introduce conscription; and in due time Sir Wilfrid Laurier declared himself as unalterably opposed to this policy. Immediately the Sun began to hedge; and within two months from the time that it scored the Borden government for its cowardly reliance upon voluntary enlistment it found itself able to make this declaration of policy:

"The Sun is an exponent of healthy Liberal principles and strongly favors the conscription of man-power and wealth to the last man and the last dollar when the time has arrived for taking that drastic step. But voluntary enlistment must be tried out first and that has not been done."

In this abandonment of principle through the lure of party advantage the Sun is not alone in Vancouver. It took its "flop" in company with a group of politicins whose organ it is. They too, were ardent believers in conscription in the interests of the country until they discovered that, in the interests of themselves, conscription should be resisted. Just as an illustration the cases of Fred C. Wade and M. A. Macdonald, two very prominent Vancouver Liberals may be noted. They were both on record publicly as favoring the policy of selective conscription; they had both participated in public movements in which this policy was urged upon the Dominion government. They were members of a deputation which waited upon Sir George Foster and Dr. Reid on Sept. 23, 1916, and formally asked "that the present method of recruiting be replaced by enforced national service, under a proper system of selection." Both these gentlemen were also members of a deputation which presented, last December, a petition to Sir Robert Borden declaring Canada was facing the most terrible emergency in her history, adding that this was no time for theories. They urged:

"We are confronted with a condition that means life or death to the nation and the Empire. Should disaster overtake our arms it would be no consolation to feel our country has been sacrificed and our liberty lost in deference to theories or to any political exigency."

Yet both these gentlemen at the western Liberal convention were active in support of a policy which, by pledging western Liberal support blindly to Sir Wilfrid Laurier would have postponed until the Greek Kalends the application of the principle of selective conscription.

The Sun and those for whom it speaks are surprised and angry that other Liberal newspapers and public men have not similarly reversed themselves at the crack of the party whip from Ottawa. It would be quite useless to try and explain to them why this has not happened and cannot happen. It is their misfortune that they do not know what such words as principle, consistency, duty and patriotism means.—Winnipeg Free Press.

PUBLIC INFORMATION.

Attorney General Farris, in reply to questions in the legislature, stated that Mrs. J. H. MacGill was appointed assistant juvenile court judge on his own recommendation at a salary of $600 a year, to be paid by the city of Vancouver. He also stated that Mrs. Patterson was appointed on his recommendation assistant to the censor of moving pictures at a salary of $100 per month. The finance minister explained that those poll tax collectors who are salaried officers are allowed 5 per cent commission on the money collected. Those who have no salary for other duties receive 10 per cent on poll taxes collected. In addition seven special collectors have been appointed at a rate of $125 per month. The sum of $3332.50 has been paid to S. S. Taylor, K.C., for legal services in the Pacific Great Eastern inquiry. The salary of A. N. Mouat, in the newly created office of controller general, is $4200 per annum. Chief commissioner Maxwell Smith of the land settlement board receives a salary of $3300 a year. The other four commissioners are paid $2100 a year.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

DR. CLARK AND PARTY

If Dr. Michael Clark persists in his decision to retire from parliament, Canadian public life will be greatly the loser. In the gravest times the Dominion has ever experienced the member for Red Deer has shown a high order of courage. In breaking from his party and his leader on the conscription issue he has subjected himself to the most vicious persecution. In standing out for the reinforcement of his own sons and of the sons of other Canadian fathers on the firing line he has had to endure the sneers and aloofness of his former political associates.

It is not, however, to be imagined that Dr. Clark lacks courage. If he had not been one of the most fearless men in Canada he would not have braved the enmity of the Laurier Liberals in and out of parliament. In the election which draws near he will be found upon the public platform in all parts of the country speaking with all his well known power in support of the Military Service act, and of the prime minister, who is placing that act on the statute book. In his unselfish championship of the selective draft he feels he can do more effective service if he is not tied by the necessity of spending most of the campaign in his own riding. He is no office seeker. He wants nothing for himself. His position is clearly outlined in his remarkable letter to the chairman of the Red Deer Liberal association, in which he says:

"A party led by the province of Quebec cannot possibly give itself to the energetic prosecution of the war than a party dominated by some of the strongest eastern corporations and protectionist interests can give the country any real Liberal reforms. Such is accurately what remains of the Liberal party today. As a private citizen, however, in the coming fight, I shall do exactly what I have been doing for the last three years, viz., without compromising a single Liberal principle I shall give a general support to the government which is unanimously in deadly earnest about the winning of a war in which the world's freedom and democracy are at stake."

In these sentences he condemns the Laurier Liberals as being not only unequal to the heavy task which faces the country today, but also as being under the injurious control of the big interests, which, according to opposition papers, have the Conservative party in their hands. Dr. Clark is right. The Conservative party in Ontario and the Dominion is the party of public ownership. Most of the opposition to that principle comes from the Laurier Liberals. The Borden government is taking over the Canadian Northern railway. It is against the encroachments of such members as Mr. Nesbitt, Mr. Macdonald and Mr. Pugsley that the city of Toronto and the Hydro-Electric commission have always to be on guard at Ottawa. But the chief point made by Dr. Clark in his valedictory letter is that he is conscientiously bound to back a government which is deadly in earnest about the war, as against the anticonscriptionist Liberals and their Quebec leadership.—Toronto News.

MAKING PROGRESS.

The recent developments at Ottawa cannot but help forward the movement for a union government.

The whole Conservative parliamentary party has declared its desire to see such a government formed and has announced that to bring about such a union "we are one and all prepared to make any personal or party sacrifice that the occasion may demand."

Its declaration of confidence in Sir Robert Borden's leadership was creditable, both to the caucus and to Sir Robert. This is not necessarily conclusive, however, with respect to the leadership of the coming union government. It undoubtedly strengthens Sir Robert's position in the negotiations which must still take plabe by establishing beyond question his authority over his party.

That power Sir Robert will be able to employ in helping forward the movement for a union government on the only basis which is practicable—the public interest being the sole consideration. Relatively the question of personnel is of little concern; difficulties of this character must yield to the larger necessities.

With the prime minister and his following pledged to make any personal or political sacrifice necessary to bring about a union government; and with Liberal leaders who represent the progressive elements of their party agreeing that such a government is necessary in the pass to which Canada's fortunes have come, the movement must work out to a satisfactory conclusion.

It could only be shipwrecked now by some disagreement as to personnel. For this there could be no excuse; because there are no differences of this character which cannot be adjusted if both sides bring to their consideration good intentions and patriotic feeling.—Winnipeg Free Press.

We have just received our first supply of

The ADAM

the beautiful new Community design in silverplated ware.

The illustration gives some idea of its exquisite simplicity.

Henry Birks & Sons, Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON, STREET, NELSON, B. C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Wrenches

We have in stock a full line of Drop Forged Double-End Wrenches in the Thin, Medium and Heavy Patterns; also Adjustable Sets of Socket and Adjustable Auto Wrenches. Sets of Auto Chisels—just what is required around the launch or automobile.

Nelson Hardware Co.
412 BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

More Money
AND MORE TRADE
are the result of intelligent use of
The Daily News Display Ads

The advertising department of The Daily News would be pleased to talk business with you. Phone 144 for advertising solicitor to call.

WATER NOTICE.

Clearing Streams.

Take notice that Mankin Lumber & Pole Company, whose address is Hall, B.C., will apply for a license to use the waters of salmo river for "Clearing-streams"purposes (i.e., clearing and improving the stream for the driving, booming or rafting of logs). The points on the stream between which it is proposed to clear are from the mouth of Clearwater creek downstream to millsite about 2½ miles, to about the centre of Sec. 12, Twp. 20, Lot 1241. The estimated mileage between the said points is 2½ miles. The term proposed for the license is twenty years. This notice was posted on the ground on the 23rd day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The petition for the approval of the undertaking will be heard in the office of the Board of Investigation, Victoria, B.C., at a date to be fixed by the Comptroller. Any interested party may file an objection thereto in the office of the Comptroller at Victoria or of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C., where copies of the petition will be filed. The date of the first publication of this notice is August 28, 1917.

MANKIN LUMBER & POLE CO.,
Applicant.
By Sam Huddleston, Agent.

Sealed tenders will be received by the District Forester, Nelson, not later than noon on the seventh day of September, 1917, for the purchase of the 75,800 feet of cut sawlogs lying on an area adjoining Lot 7168, situate on Blueberry Creek, Kootenay District, at an upset price of one hundred and ten ($110.00) dollars. Terms of sale, Cash.

Dated, Nelson, Aug. 30th, 1917.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CO-OWNER.

Notice to John R. Matthews.

Notice is hereby given that I, L. R. Clubine, co-owner together with John R. Matthews, in the Trillion mineral claim, situated on Lost Creek, and recorded on the second day of August, 1911, unless you, within a period of ninety days from the first publication of this advertisement, pay to me the sum of $368.50, money expended by me in performing the assessment work, together with half the costs of traveling to and from the claim, and together with all the costs of this advertisement, your interest in the said claim will become vested in me, your co-owner, who has made the required expenditure on the said mineral claim under section 24 of the "Mineral Act."

This notice is published under section 25-B of the "Mineral Act."

(Signed) L. R. CLUBINE.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Clearwater Shingle Company, Limited, whose address is Hall, B.C., will apply for a license to clear and improve Clearwater Creek, which flows westerly and drains into Salmo River about 16 miles from the mouth of Salmo River, and that part of Salmo River extending southwesterly from the confluence of said creek and said river about one-half mile to Wiley's Spur. Said Salmo River drains into Pend d'Oreille River about sixteen miles southwesterly from Wiley's Spur.

The clearing and improvement will be on Clearwater Creek from a point about near the centre of Section 13 of Township 39 of Lot 1241, G. 1., Kootenay district to its confluence with Salmo River and from the confluence of Clearwater Creek with said river southwesterly about one-half mile to Wileys' Spur, a total distance of about six miles and will be used for driving shingle bolts and logs purpose between a point on Clearwater Creek about the centre of said Section 13 down said creek to said river, and then down said river to said Wiley's Spur, on Section 18 in said Township, extending through Sections 13, 14, 15, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21 in said Township 39

This notice was posted on the ground on the 28th day of July, 1917.

A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C.

Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

CLEARWATER SHINGLE CO., LTD.,
Applicant.
By C. L. Wiley, Agent.

The date of the first publication of this notice is August 2nd, 1917.

MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Louise Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Craig mountain, about one mile west of Green City.

Take notice that H. C. A. Cornish, F.M.C. 99801B, acting as agent for G. H. Green, Free Miner's Certificate No. 99816B, intends, sixty days fromthe date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 11th day of August, A.D. 1917.

H. C. A. CORNISH, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that George Stuart Hawthorne, whose address is P.O. box 42[illegible] Nelson, B.C., will apply for a licens[illegible] to take and use 8-acre feet of wate[illegible] out of a creek known as Sictum creek which flows southerly and drains int[illegible] the West Arm of Kootenay lake nea[illegible] the northeast corner of lot 7453. Th[illegible] water will be diverted from the strea[illegible] at a point about 800 feet north o[illegible] northwest corner post of Sublot 1, Lo[illegible] 4398, and will be used for irrigatio[illegible] purposes upon the land described a[illegible] Sublots 1 and 2, Lot 4398 (20 acres. This notice was posted on the groun[illegible] on the 11th day of August, 1917. [illegible] copy of this notice and an applicatio[illegible] pursuant thereto and to the "Wate[illegible] Act, 1914," will be filed in the offic[illegible] of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C[illegible] Objections to the application may b[illegible] filed with the said Water Recorder o[illegible] with the Comptroller of Water Right[illegible] Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C[illegible] within thirty days after the first ap[illegible]pearance of this notice in a local news[illegible]paper. The date of the first publica[illegible]tion of this notice is Aug. 16th, 1917.

G. [illegible]. HAWTHORNE,
Applican[illegible]

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Messrs. Deschamp[illegible] & Lingle, whose address is Rossla[illegible] B.C., will apply for a license to ta[illegible] and use 10 cubic feet per second [illegible] water out of Gwillim creek, also know[illegible] as Goat creek, which flows southeas[illegible]erly and drains into Slocan river, abo[illegible] one mile from south end of Slocan la[illegible] The water will be diverted from t[illegible] stream at a point about one and on[illegible] half miles northerly from northwe[illegible] corner of Lot 8938, and will be used f[illegible] fluming logs and power purposes up[illegible] the timber claims described as T. [illegible] 17317 and T. L. 41183. This notice wa[illegible] posted on the ground on the 17th da[illegible] of August, 1917. A copy of this notic[illegible] and an application pursuant there[illegible] and to the "Water Act, 1914," will [illegible] filed in the office of the Water Recor[illegible]er at New Denver, B.C. Objections [illegible] the application may be filed with th[illegible] said Water Recorder or with the Comp[illegible]troller of Water Rights, Parliamen[illegible] Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirt[illegible] days after the first appearance of th[illegible] notice in a local newspaper. The dat[illegible] of the first publication of this notice [illegible] August 22, 1917.

DESCHAMPS & LINGLE,
Applicant
By H. C. A. Cornish, Agent.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUM[illegible]

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.

NOTICE.

Re Overdue Payments on Applicat[illegible] to Purchase Crown Lands in British Columbia.

Notice is hereby given that, un[illegible] the provisions of the "Soldiers' Ho[illegible]stead Act Repeal Act," any person [illegible] did not apply under the "Sold[illegible] Homestead Act, 1916," to complet[illegible] application to purchase, either by [illegible]ment in full or by the selection [illegible] proportionate allotment, may, by [illegible]ing his interest and paying up in fu[illegible] the balance of the purchase prices an[illegible] taxes before the 31st December, 191[illegible] obtain a Crown Grant if proof satis[illegible]factory to the Minister of Lands [illegible] furnished that such person is suffer[illegible]ing injury through absence of notice o[illegible] otherwise.

And further that the interest in un[illegible]completed applications to purchas[illegible] held by any person on Active Servic[illegible] may be protected by notification t[illegible] the Lands Department of the fac[illegible] that such person is on Active servic[illegible] and by the filing of proof of the in[illegible]terest of such person.

Further information will be furnish[illegible]ed on request to the Deputy Ministe[illegible] of Lands, Victoria, B.C.

Publication of this notice withou[illegible] authority will not be paid for. jel[illegible]

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATION[illegible]

Coal mining rights of the Dominio[illegible] in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Al[illegible]berta, the Yukon Territory, the North[illegible]west Territories and in a portion o[illegible] the province of British Columbia, ma[illegible] be leased for a term of twenty-on[illegible] years at an annual rental of $1 pe[illegible] acre. No more than 2560 acres wil[illegible] be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must b[illegible] made by the applicant in person t[illegible] the agent or sub-agent of the distric[illegible] of which the rights applied for are sit[illegible]uated.

In surveyed territory the land mus[illegible] be described by sections or legal sub[illegible] divisions of sections and in unsurvey[illegible]ed territory the tract applied for sha[illegible] be staked out by the applicant himsel[illegible]

Each application must be accompan[illegible]ied by a fee of $5 which will be re[illegible]funded if the rights applied for ar[illegible] not available, but not otherwise. [illegible] royalty shall be paid on the merchant[illegible]able output of the mine at the rat[illegible] of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine sha[illegible] furnish the agent with sworn return[illegible] accounting for the full quantity o[illegible] merchantable coal mined and pay th[illegible] royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, suc[illegible] returns shall be furnished at least onc[illegible] a year.

The lease will include the coal min[illegible]ing rights only, but the lessee may b[illegible] permitted to purchase whatever avail[illegible]able surface rights may be consider[illegible]ed necessary for the working of th[illegible] mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information applicatio[illegible] should be made to the Secretary of th[illegible] department of the Interior, Ottawa, o[illegible] to any agent or sub-agent of Dominio[illegible] lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interio[illegible]

N. B.—Unauthorized publication o[illegible] this advertisement will not be paid fo[illegible]

832

Today's Specials At the Star

MALAGA GRAPES
Per Pound 20c

GREEN PEPPERS
Per Pound 25c

STRAWBERRIES
Per Box 20c

TABLE PEACHES
TWO Pounds 25c

NAKUSP BLUEBERRIES
THREE Pounds 50c

HORSE RADISH ROOT
Per Pound 20c

Star Grocery

PHONE 10

15345

is the winning number in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes. Ask for a ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION

Fruit Growers—Attention

On account of short crop we shall not ship our first car of fruit until SEPT. 12TH.

Please prepare all possible Apples, Pears, Plums and Transcendant Crabs and ship them to us on Sept. 10th and 11th for the above car.

KOOTENAY FRUIT GROWERS' UNION
Phone 180 508 Ward Street

FURS.

Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodelled and repaired. Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.

G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier
116 Ward St., Nelson. B. C. Phone 106

Farmers, Ship Us Your CREAM

Sweet Cream Butter Fat...45c
Sour Cream Butter Fat...43c

F. O. B. Nelson.
WRITE FOR SHIPPING TAGS.

Curlew Creamery Company

BOX 1192 NELSON, B. C.

Standard Furniture Company

C. J. CARLSON, Undertaker.

Undertakers, Embalmers and Funeral Directors.

The finest and most up to date undertaking parlors and chapel in interior of B. C. Lady attendant for women and children.

Day Phone 85.
Night Phone 252 and 64.

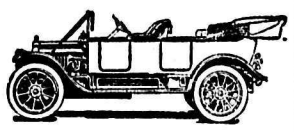
The Original and Only Genuine

Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

Beware of Imitations

Nelson Steam Laundry

FRENCH DRY CLEANING AND DYEING.



Dealers for the White Company Motor Cars and Trucks. Automobiles for hire any hour day or night—passengers, baggage and light freight.

Nelson Steam Laundry

PAUL NIPOU, Manager.
P. O. Box 48 Tel. 146

FO-MO

The refreshing Hair Dressing and Dandruff Remedy. Will not grow hair—nobody said it would. For sale at

O. K. BARBER SHOP
A. L. Wilson, Prop.

. M. BLACK REPRESENTS ALBERTA ON FOOD BOARD

OTTAWA.—Experts from all over he Dominion have been selected by he food controller to cooperate with he food distribution bureau to secure he marketing of this year's crops of ruit and vegetables at the lowest posible prices to the consumer while giving rair returns to the producer.

The committee, which is today in ession at the food controller's office onsists of F. M. Black, public utilities ommission, chairman, Calgary; Prof. l. Cumming, deputy minister of agriulture, Nova Scotia and principal of he Nova Scotia agricultural college, Truro; D. Johnson, fruit commissioner, Ottawa; C. W. Baxter, chief fruit inspector, Ottawa; R. Robertson of Robertson & Morris, fruit brokers, Vancouver; George Spencer, railway commissioner, Ottawa; J. R. Hastings, secretary-treasurer, Fruit Growers' association, Winona, Ont.; F. H. Grindley, fruit commissioner's staff, Ottawa.

Horse meat now on sale as a war time measure has been introduced at Milwaukee. Porterhouse steaks at 12 cents a pound, rounds at 10 cents and soup meat for 9 cents was offered. Buyers, the butchers say, are real serious, and do not regard it as a joke innovation.

The bite of one mosquito is thought to have infected three people at Richmond, Va., with malaria. All three died.

Only 26 More Days to Buy Brandy at Wholesale Prices

GUARANTEED SEVEN YEARS OLD—
Per Gallon $7.00

GUARANTEED NINE YEARS OLD—
Per Gallon $8.00

GUARANTEED TWELVE YEARS OLD—
Per Gallon $9.50

NO CHARGE FOR JARS OR KEGS

We Pay Freight or Express to Any Point in B.C.

DON'T DELAY—SEND YOUR ORDER NOW

The Hudson's Bay Company

LIQUOR DEPARTMENT
BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

Kootenay and Boundary

TRAIL HAS LABOR DAY CELEBRATION

About 2000 Take Part in Event, Which in Every Respect is Unqualified Success.

(Special to The Daily News.)

TRAIL, B.C., Sept. 3.—About 2000 took part in the Labor day celebration which in every respect was an unqualified success. A feature of the celebration, which was under the auspices of the Trades and Labor council, was a spectacular parade in the morning and in the afternoon a long and varied program of sports was run off to the great enjoyment of all present. The parade was formed at the Union hall and marched through the principal streets to the city park. The proceedings at the park were opened by speeches delivered by E. G. Morris, chairman of the council; J. A. Mackinnon, chairman of the sports committee, and others. The Citizens' band was in attendance.

The officials who carried out the arrangements for the big event were:

Finance committee — W. Morton, chairman; E. G. Morris, T. Gignan, M. Brown, J. Hastings, F. W. Bartle.

Sports—J. A. Mackinnon, chairman; J. Murdock, H. Moone, A. E. House, J. Donaldson, J. Kelly.

Advertising—P. Smith, chairman; J A. Mackinnon, W. Dalton, J. Kelly, H. Moone.

Refreshments—M. Brown, chairman; R. McDonald.

Arrangements—E. G. Morris, chairman; J. Murdock, F. W. Dignan, R. McDonald, J. A. Mackinnon, J. Kelly, J. Hastings.

Treasurer, F. W. Bartle; marshal, J. A. Mackinnon; starter, J. Deeming; judges, A. Balfour, W. Greig, H. Moone; timekeeper, J. A. Wadsworth.

WANETA ITEMS.

(Special to The Daily News.)

WANETA, B.C., Sept. 3.—Mrs. Webster and baby daughter from Calgary are spending a few days with Mrs. Duncan.

Mrs. Churches with her youngest daughter left for Nelson Friday.

The average day temperature for the month of August was 85.5 and the average night temperature 47.5. Aug. 16 was the warmest day, when the thermometer reached 97. During the month one-tenth of an inch of rain was registered.

Mrs. J. McLauchlin, her daughter Reta, and Mr. and Mrs. Johnson and baby came in on Friday. They are at the McLauchlin ranch.

ROSSLAND NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Sept. 3.—Tony Claudio, who has been fighting bush fires at Cascade the past two weeks, has returned to the city.

T. Collis, J. McLeod and Charles H. Wallace spent the weekend at Sheep creek fishing.

Mr. Young of Patterson was in the city Saturday.

Mrs. J. Hawkins and children have returned from a month's visit at the coast.

J. Treverrow, M. Michaely, T. Stevens and Ernie Johnson spent Sunday and Monday at Sheep creek.

T. Merrifield, Trail, spent Saturday afternoon in the city.

BENTON SIDING NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

BENTON SIDING, B. C., Sept. 3.—Rev. M. A. O'Donnell, Trail, held a communion service here Sunday. He was assisted by Rev. Gladstone E. Wood, Ymir, who is returning to Montreal shortly.

Mrs. B. Sheane, who has been a visitor here for more than two months, left Friday for her home in Calgary.

Miss Adelaide Bool returned Saturday from her holidays spent at the coast.

HARROP NOTES

HARROP, B. C., Sept. 3.—The members of the Women's Institute and their husbands were delightfully entertained Saturday afternoon at a beach tea. Mrs. J. J. Wilson, president of the institute, was the hostess. After the tea the party went up the creek on a fishing expedition.

Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Honier are delegates of the Women's institute to the Cranbrook conference which will be held this month.

R. B. Reilly of Nelson is spending several days here with F. C. Risdon.

NAKUSP SOLDIER DIES OF WOUNDS

T. N. McNeill, Cranbrook, Among the Thirty Men From Province Reported Wounded

In the list of casualties issued from Ottawa last night one soldier from British Columbia is reported killed in action, one died of wounds and one died, while 30 men from the province are listed as wounded and seven as gassed. The men are:

KILLED IN ACTION

E. B. Huffman, Enderby.

DIED OF WOUNDS

M. Edwards, Nakusp.

DIED

W. A. McArthur, 1509 Harrow street, Victoria.

GASSED

H. G. Corder, East Burnaby, B. C.
G. B. Topper, Mission City.
Lieut. A. A. Kerry, Montreal.
F. E. Gibson, Esquimalt Road, Esquimalt.
P. Connor, 1740 22nd avenue east, Vancouver.
R. Bristol, 303 Lasalle street north, Vancouver.
C. H. H. Cade, Mission City.

WOUNDED

Sergt. G. J. Granite, Wilmer.
Corp. J. Bullock, 25th avenue east, Vancouver.
Lance Corp. G. A. Clapp, Nanaimo street, New Westminster.
C. S. Roy, West Coast Island.
W. Shannon, Turner street, Vancouver.
D. Milne, Georgia street, Vancouver.
T. Comber, Vancouver.
J. Sailes, Montrose avenue, Victoria.
W. C. Ederholm, Ashcroft.
J. Acheson, 22nd avenue east, Vancouver.
H. C. Abbott, Howe street, Vancouver.
J. Bond, Merritt.
M. Macaulay, Eighth avenue west, Vancouver.
W. Ross, Keifer street, Vancouver.
N. M. Campbell, 11th avenue west, Vancouver.
G. Martin, Front street, New Westminster.
G. H. Bailey, Vancouver.
C. Brown, Vancouver.
J. O'Donnell, Edmonds.
A. Fraser, Seventh avenue west, Vancouver.
H. J. Maxville, Charles street, Vancouver.
T. N. McNeill, Cranbrook.
S. Sicilianon, Rublin avenue, Victoria.
Corp. D. A. Grant, William street, Vancouver.
E. Myriata, Ladysmith.
E. Wilson, Kitchener street, Vancouver.
A. V. Waterhouse, Vancouver Island.
A. Nichol, Harpers Camp.
W. H. Cameron, Rosedale.
E. Simpson, South Vancouver.

Other names on the list are:

INFANTRY

Killed in Action—Corp. T. T. Harding, Swift Current; Lieut. W. D. Wilton, Winnipeg; Capt. S. D. Terry, England.

Wounded—Lieut. C. G. Durham, Parrysboro, N. S.; Lieut. J. F. Precious, Hamilton, Ont.; Capt. R. E. Balders, England; Capt. (Acting Major) G. E. Jaques, Montreal; Lieut. J. B. Wood, Winnipeg; Lieut. J. M. Mackie, Winnipeg.

TINY STOVE DEFIES FROST FOR HOURS

The tiny Japanese stove, known as kwairo, designed for the pockets or for bed use, is said to have done much to lessen the winter sufferings of Russian soldiers since the war began. It is described as resembling a metal cigar case. Its fuel, invented about a third of a century ago and variously improved, is made in hard or soft sausage-like rolls, one of which burns for three hours, giving sufficient heat to relieve freezing or benumbed parts of the body. The fuel is made from such substances as hemp stalks, mulberry, nut rind, or corncobs, mixed with a vegetable oil. The best is prepared from fibre-freed hemp stalks, reduced to charcoal in a covered pit, ground, mixed in paste with a kind of tree leaf, molded, dried in the sun and enclosed in a special paper.

Contracts for construction of three government-owned shipyards and for building in them a great fleet of fabricated steel vessels will be let early this week by the emergency fleet corporation. The yards are to cost $35,000,000, and work on them will start immediately.

Merle Hansen of Toronto, a tot of two, pulled a pot o fboiling water over herself and was badly scalded.

AT THE STARLAND TOMORROW ONLY.

FRENCHMAN IMPRESSED BY LLOYD GEORGE

"A Premier of Workers"—Resembles M. Briand on a Small Scale, He Says

The Matin publishes the report of an interview which M. Hugues Leroux has had with Lloyd George. M. Leroux thus depicts the British premier:

To see him and to hear him no one would doubt his superhuman activity. He is always ready to deprive himself of the little holiday which every Englishman takes at the weekend. Today he returned from the country to deliver the opportune words which put an end to a strike, and to give the workers of his country the spectacle of a premier who is the premier of workers. He appears almost simultaneously in Glasgow and Dundee. When it is not parliament which he is holding breathless, it is the general public whose spirit he is stimulating and whose sentiment he is directing.

The first words which come to my lips when seated beside Mr. Lloyd George is to remind him that the Celts living on the French shore of the Channel regard him as a relative. The premier replies with a fine smile:

"There is truth in what you say and doubtless that explains an incident which was related to me. One of my colleagues one day asked one of your statesmen, who had come to confer officially in London with members of our government, 'Do you easily succeed in making yourself understood among us; we know that we Englishmen have a reputation for being somewhat insular?' The reply was, 'As a matter of fact I am delighted at having succeeded so well in understanding Mr. Lloyd George.' To which my colleague replied, 'But Mr. Lloyd George is not English; he is French.'"

M. Leroux having remarked that the resemblance had often been noted which existed between Mr. Lloyd George and M. Briand, the premier, replied:

"I know. I remember personally that in the course of one of our visits to Rome M. Briand and I were going upstairs somewhere or other. Suddenly we perceived in the glass that we were so much alike that it might have been thought it was the same man repeated twice in the mirror."

Mr. Lloyd George, says M. Leroux, is a decided advocate of the allies, being frequently in touch, which he thinks obviates all chance of misunderstandings.

He has as much pleasure in crossing the Channel as satisfaction in receiving the visits of our ministers. One can arrange, he says, in the shortest conversation apparent or real difficulties, which only increase with a volume of correspondence.

"I feel myself," he continued, "in the personal confidence of your statesmen. M. Ribot recently made speeches which have touched me greatly. As for Mr. Painleve, your minister of war, I like in him, beside all his high qualities, the fact that he is a great and honest man, and that he has the confidence of the democracies."

Britain and America

M. Leroux put the following question:

There are in France people who have let themselves be persuaded doubtless by the German propaganda which continues to work among us as with you, that Great Britain was only half-satisfied with the American declaration of war on Germany. They wish to make us believe that on this side of the Channel fears are entertained of the idealism and passion for justice which the United States might display when after the war they sit around the green cloth to discuss with you and us conditions of peace.

Mr. Lloyd George, shrugging his shoulders, replied:

My categorical reply is that not only did we desire the entry of the United States into the war, but we asked for it. At the present hour we are urging the United States to send us fighting men in as large numbers as possible and as soon as it can be done. We wish those brave soldiers who have just landed in France in such fine trim to mingle very speedily their generous blood with yours and ours for the triumph of the good cause. Is that clear?

M. Leroux put another question:

Since I am here, Mr. Premier, I will put my finger upon another trick of the German propaganda. It insinuates that the French are depressed by the length of the war, and that they think the British are apt to forget that for nearly three years they have borne the terrible burden of the battle, and they consider that the British do not take their sufferings sufficiently into account, and they do not want the war to be allowed to drag on. I have no need to tell you, Mr. Premier, that the Germans are thus attributing to us sentiments which they would like to see expressed among us. It is true that we have suffered very much from the cold of last winter. We know the difficulties which you find in supplying us with coal. You are lacking in tonnage, but England must make an effort to give us next winter that warmth without which the most generous hearts freeze.

Mr. Lloyd George replied:

Every time that I visit France I am deeply moved by the intense and resigned expression which I read on the faces of your women. I assure you that the British heart is the most human of hearts. It will never be adequately known in our country what sacrifices you have made to the common cause. Tell our ministers, tell everybody what you have just told me so clearly. Our American friends are going to help us. They have coal, and they will give you as much as you want when the tonnage they promise us has come to our help. For the rest, tell the people of France that the two countries have but a single determination, a single heart. Whoever among us has lost a son—soon, alas, this will be the story in every British home—will be with you to the end, to the victory which will once more make you and us the dispensers of justice.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TO HAVE 74 EXEMPTION BOARDS

OTTAWA—Exemption tribunals under the Military Service act have been prett ywell located, and the number, upward of 1100, apportioned as follows:

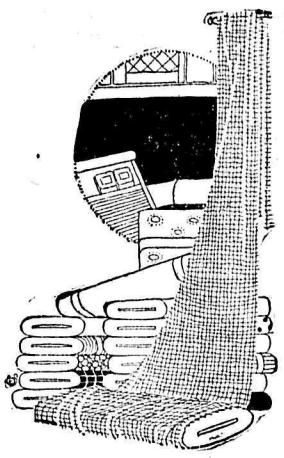
Ontario, 427; Quebec, 300; Manitoba, 93; Saskatchewan, 57; Alberta, 110; British Columbia, 74; New Brunswick, 47; Nova Scotia, 91; Prince Edward Island, 15, and the Yukon, 2.

When the exemption tribunals shall have been constituted, and considerable time will be required for the details, the proclamation will be issued calling out the men of the first class to service.

New Fall

Dress Goods

SHOWING THE SEASON'S LATEST NOVELTIES IN FINE FRENCH AND ENGLISH SUITINGS AND DRESS MATERIALS



Realizing the great scarcity of Woollen Materials we prepared months ago for this fall season, with the result that we have a surprisingly fine assortment of Plain and Novelty Dress Goods, and at prices very much under their real value today.

This showing consists of BROADCLOTHS in a variety of colors, NEW SERGES, GABARDINES, POPLINS, TWEEDS and WORSTEDS, in Navy, Black, Brown, Purple, Taupe, Burgundy, Royal and Copenhagen and many shades of Rich Green.

AT PRICES FROM

$1.00 to $4.00 Per Yard

New Tailored Hats

SMARTLY TRIMMED HATS FOR EARLY FALL WEAR, IN VELVETS, PLAIN AND IN COMBINATIONS OF COLORS

Prices $3.50 to $7.50 Each

MISS KENNEDY OF TORONTO HAS ARRIVED TO TAKE CHARGE OF OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT THIS SEASON AND WILL BE PLEASED TO MEET OUR CUSTOMERS

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

NEW DAIRY RULES IN OPERATION IN PROVINCE

VICTORIA—Regulations governing dairies and the handling of milk, as authorized under the Dairies Regulation act, passed at the 1916 session of the legislature, have been promulgated by Hon. John Oliver, minister of agriculture. They require the accurate weighing of all milk and cream supplied by patrons, the proper testing and the keeping for purposes of record of samples of the tested article properly labeled with the patron's name or number, such samples to be held for seven days, except in cases of dispute, when they shall be held until a dairy inspector shall have tested them. Reports of the tests made must be forwarded to the inspector.

Penalties are proscribed for manipulating weights of milk or cream, for taking unfair samples, or fraudulently manipulating the Babcock test used to determine the percentage of fat in milk or cream, or by falsifying of the records of such tests, the reading of any test at a temperature except the correct one, that is, 135 degrees Fahr., or the paying on the basis of any measurement of weight except the true measurement of weight, which is 17 6-10 cubic centimetres for milk and 8 or 18 grammes by actual weight for cream.

Must Have License.

The regulations call for the holding of a license by each dairy receiving and buying milk and cream on the basis of the butter fat contents, such license to be secured from the department of agriculture upon application on the prescribed forms and the payment of the fee of $1, the license to expire on Jan. 15 in each year. Licenses must be posted in plain sight in the testing room of the creamery or dairy.

Specific regulations as to the testing of samples are set forth in the new regulations governing the employment of qualified testers who must be holders of a provincial license, the reporting by testers of cases of unclean milk or cream, etc.

The regulations as approved by the executive council, are now in full force and effect.

Lieut. Edward Cudemore Brown, reported killed in action, left St. Georges, Bermuda, to join the staff of the Bank of Montreal, and enlisted in one of the universities' companies as a private. After being wounded early in the war and after serving in the pay office in London, he volunteered for the front again.

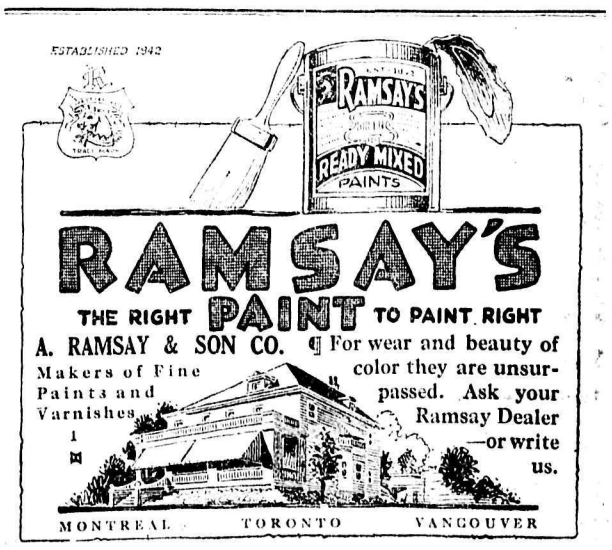
Your Range Should Have

—a dependable oven, a good warming closet, a durable and ample-sized firebox, easy-working grates, simple draft control and a finish that requires but little attention to keep clean. All these and many other desirable features will be found in

McClary's KOOTENAY RANGE

LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER ST. JOHN, N.B HAMILTON CALGARY SASKATOON EDMONTON 13

For Sale by Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.



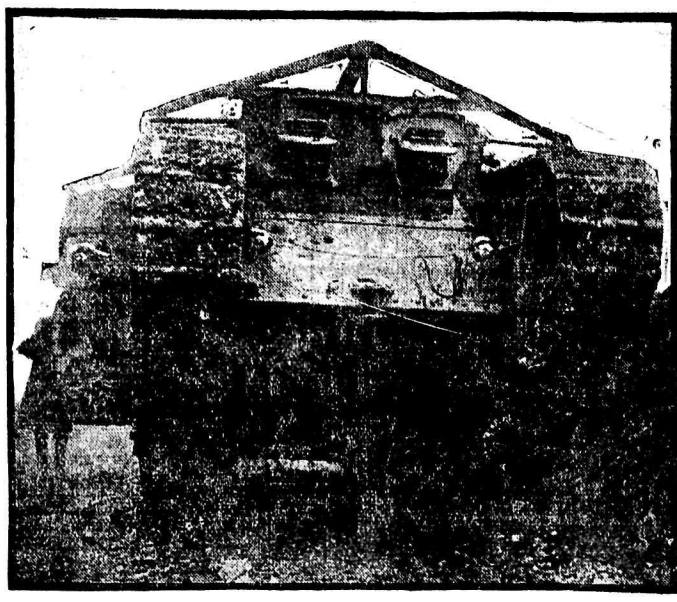
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

Wholesale Distributors:
A. RAMSAY & SON COMPANY,
167 PENDER STREET WEST,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

EUROPEAN WAR DEVASTATION and TANKS at WORK

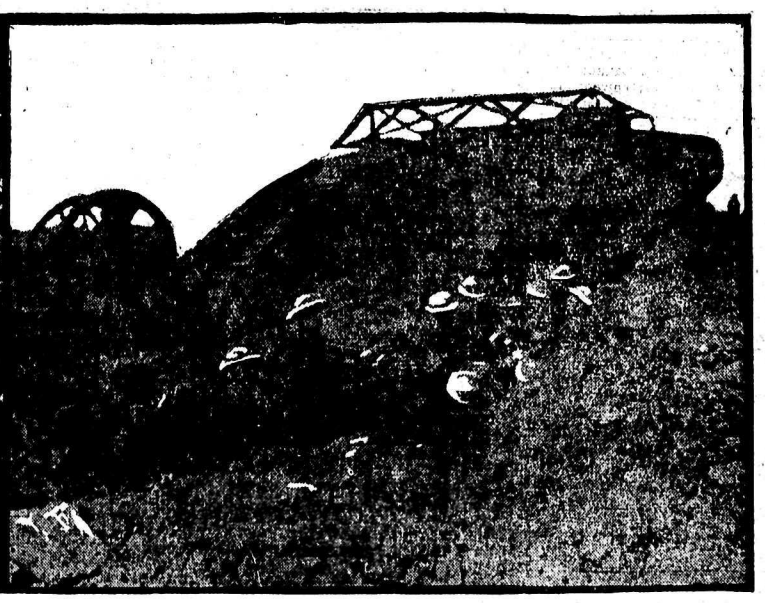
The great Battle of Messines Ridge.—Boche trenches. —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.

The great Battle of Messines Ridge.—Scene in old Boche front line. —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.



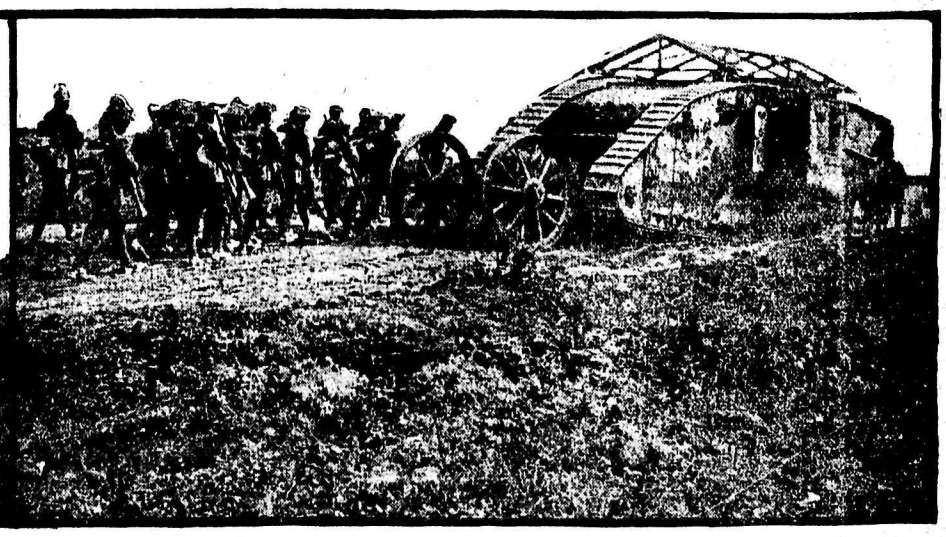
On the British Western Front in France.—Front view of a tank coming out of action. —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.

On the British Western Front in France.—One of our heavy tanks at Flers. —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.



On the British Western Front in France.—Tanks' attack on Thiepval. —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.

The great Battle of Messines Ridge.—Smashed Boche fortress and trenches. —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.

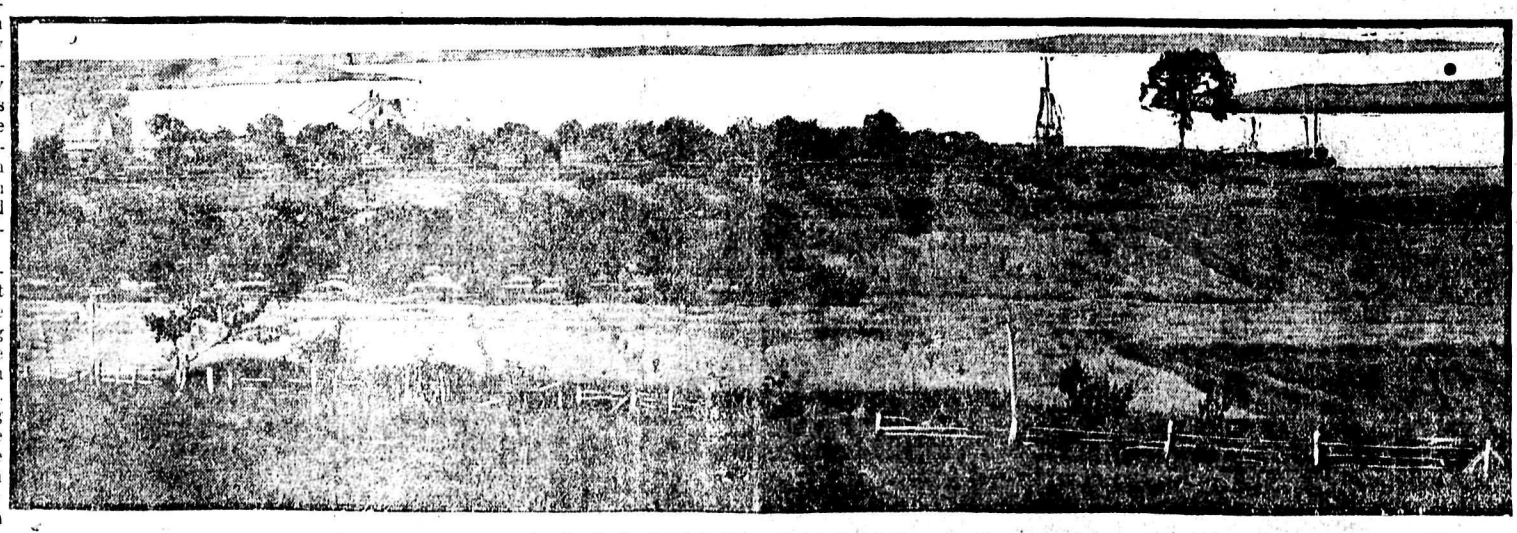


On the British Western Front in France.—Infantry passing one of the new tanks —Photo by courtesy of C. P. R.

ORCHARDS IN NOVA SCOTIA

GRANDMOTHERS of all orchards on this continent are those of Nova Scotia, between two great rolls of mountains that used to be lava when the world was young, and now play at windbreaking for the hundred-mile long Annapolis Valley with the bright blue Annapolis River flowing through the centre of it. The Acadian French planted the first trees back in 1605, from seeds brought from Normandie in little sailing vessels we'd be afraid to trust out of sight of the pierhead.

Who doesn't love apple-blossoms—miles of 'em, with a salt ocean breeze seeking out the sweetness, and a June sun flirting with every perfect tree at the same time? Who desn't love a baked apple, too—a big, red, juicy, baked apple like a melting island in a sea of cream? The Nova Scotians assert that there are no apples to compare with theirs, because the salt air gives them a taste that no inland-grown fruit can boast of.



An Apple Orchard in Evangeline's Land, Nova Scotia.

Apple growing is a good proposition in Nova Scotia, for the trees live from 60 to 100 years in the valley as compared with 20 to 60 years in more trying climates. Cranberries, raspberries, strawberries and all other small fruits do well, to say nothing of the Digby cherries which make the most wonderful pies you ever tasted.

A motor trip through Nova Scotia is an ideal September holiday. The little towns nestle into their orchards like a violet under its leaves; the sparkling basin is an infinitely extended, sun-warmed bathing beach; all the farmhouses are painted white, and, as there are no factories, they stay that way, looking like stage scenery against the vivid green country. And finally, there is all the game and fishing you'd want in the rough country over South Mountain, where the hunting camps lure their September guests with a promise of moose.

If You Want to Buy, Rent or Sell a House, Automobile or Launch, Try a Daily News Want Ad.

Little Ads that Bring Big Returns

NDENSED AVERTISING RATES

e insertion, per word 1c
nimum charge 25c
c consecutive insertions, per word 4c
enty-six consecutive insertions (one month), per word 15c
ths, one insertion 50c
rriages, one insertion 50c
aths, one insertion 50c
rd of Thanks 50c
ach subsequent insertion 25c
ath and Funeral Notice $1.00
ll condensed advertisements are h in advance.
n computing the number of words a classified advertisement count h word, dollar mark, abbreviation, ial letter and figure as one word.
dvertisers are reminded that it is trary to the provision of the pos- laws to have letters addressed to ials only; therefore any advertiser rous of concealing his or her iden- may use a box at this office with- any extra charge if replies are d for; if replies are to be mailed dvertisers allow 10 cents extra in ition to price of advertisement, to postage.
he News reserves the right to re- any copy submitted for publica-

ITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

NTED—Fifteen pole makers for mp on Arrow lakes. Ten pole ers for camp at Fife, B.C. Fifteen for road making and swamping. canthook men. The best wages go- The Lindsley Bros. Co., Nelson, (6786)

NTED—Clerk. Apply Queen's otel. (6823)

NTED—One competent lathe man nd machinist. Apply Canada Cop- Corporation, Ltd., Greenwood, B.C. (6771)

NTED—Dishwasher. L. D. Cafe. (6822)

PERIENCED press feeder wanted. pply Daily News Job department. (6758)

EN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ents in Condensed Columns, kindly tion you saw it in The News—it help you.
(Continued from Page Four.)

ITUATION WANTED—MALE.

T CLASS, all round cook wants ition. Can furnish best of refer- Apply box 6803, Daily News.

EMALE HELP WANTED.

EEKEEPER WANTED—For fam- No washing. Apply to box Daily News. (6777)

TED—A girl to do light house- k and mind baby. Mrs. H. Mor- Second street, Fairview. (6827)

TED — Good general servant. st be fond of children. Apply W. J. Williams, Fairview, or 328-L2. (6805)

NTED—Cook for Dingman & lly's cafe, Trail, B.C. (6795)

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TUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

NTED—By elderly lady position as ousekeeper to widower or bachelor. no other need apply. Box 6775, ly News. (6775)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

R SALE—Mentges newspaper fold- r; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in t class condition. Snap for cash. Daily News, Nelson. (678)

R SALE—7500 feet secondhand one- ch black iron pipe. Kootenay ngle Co., Ltd., Salmo, B.C. (6808)

RRARD-HEINTZMAN piano. Box 07 Nelson. (6793)

R SALE—Edison Dictograph com- lete; electric power. Apply to Daily ws business office. (654)

R SALE—Shaving machine for Edi- on records. Box 685, Daily News.

WANTED.

NTED — House, winter months, ranbrook. At least four bedrooms. ite Mrs. T. Lee, Bonnington. (6792)

NTED—Shingle bolts in large or mall quantities. Will pay big price. stern Box & Shingle Mills, Ltd., son. (6800)

NTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS— Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, son, B.C. (6568)

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

R SALE—6-roomed house, grounds x120. Lots of fruit. A snap for ck turnover. Box 6770, Daily News.

R SALE—Improved hay and stock nch; price reasonable and terms to . John Graham, Perry Siding. (6779)

USE FOR SALE—On corner of elson avenue and Broadway, Na- p, B.C. Apply Robert Mills, Sil- on, B.C. (6787)

EN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ents in Condensed Columns, kindly tion you saw it in The News—it help you.

URNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

R RENT—Suites of furnished house eeping rooms in Annable block. uire room 32. (6564)

RNISHED SUITE—All conveni- nces. Campbell's Art Studio, 715 er street. (6819)

RNISHED SUITES for rent. Ap- y Kerr apartments. (6565)

EN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ents in Condensed Columns, kindly tion you saw it in The News—it help you.

AGENTS WANTED.

$5 PRIVATE Christmas Greeting Card sample book free; representatives already making five to ten dollars daily. Bradley-Garretsons, Brantford, Ont. (6784)

POULTRY AND EGGS.

WANTED—From twenty-five to one hundred pure bred White Leghorn pullets. Box 432, New Denver, B.C. (6782)

FOR RENT.

WANTED—Occupants for a few good houses; close to school, church, post-office, store and station. Rent $2.50 per month. Cheap fuel. Apply Crescent Valley store, Crescent Valley, B.C. (6594)

FOR RENT—Six roomed house, close in. Apply J. W. Gallagher's store. (6708)

FOR RENT—Furnished house; 315 Victoria street. (6807)

LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE — Two heavy teams of horses, weighing 2900 and 3400 lbs. Seven to nine years old. Price reasonable. Can be seen in Nelson. A. G. Lambert Co., Ltd. (6563)

FOR SALE—Good Shorthorn-Ayrshire cow, three years old; also Ayrshire yearling heifer, good condition. J. O. Clay, Slocan City. (6818)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

FOR SALE—At a bargain for cash, or would exchange for horses or cattle, 22-foot launch, 8 h.p., two-cylinder engine, splendid sea boat; a snap for some one. Apply box 6783, Daily News.

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Roll of roofing paper. Finder kindly inform owner, R. L. Boyer, Willow Point. (6813)

FOUND—Purse containing small sum of money. Call at Daily News office. (6814)

PIANO.

OLIVE CAMPBELL, teacher of pianoforte and theory. Pupils prepared for examination; 911 Stanley street. Phone 101. (6801)

EDUCATIONAL.

KING EDWARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS —Cranbrook, B.C. Boys under 12 taken. Bracing climate. Full school course: Piano, violin,, singing, dancing, dressmaking, stenography, bookkeeping. French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss V. M. Cherrington, headmistress. (5995)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESale Grocers and provision Merchants, Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO.
Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc.
Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

CHAS. MOORE, C. & M. E.,
Provincial Land Surveyor, Architect.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

TAYLOR & DUBAR,
Financial and Insurance Agents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Accountants. Auditors, Assignees, Estates managed; 602 Baker St. Phone 254.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block, Vancouver.

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5319)

ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING,
Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

THE NEAL INSTITUTE, CRANBROOK, B.C.

Where you can get rid of the drink habit in three days. Write for further particulars.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

FOR $20.00 PER MONTH you can buy 2 corner lots and 4-room house on Robson street, price $700.00. Why pay rent? Own your own property. IMPROVED RANCH—One of the best in Kootenay; 14 acres planted, some trees 11 years. Good house close to station; an ideal home. Price $6500.00. BUILDING LOTS—In Nelson city, Rosemont and Trail on monthly payment plan; $10.00 monthly.
McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

H. E. DILL,
General Insurance Agent.
Fire, Life and Health policies issued in the oldest and strongest companies on the most liberal terms to the assured.
Phone 180, K.W.C. Block, 508 Ward St.

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT, on vulcanite or metal plates, also crowns and bridgework. Highest prices paid; post without delay; cash by return mail. J. Dunstone, 1459 Georgia St., Vancouver. Est. 27 years. (6816)

HOW TO EAT AND WHAT TO EAT —Booklet just off the press entitled "Keys to Good Health and Long Life." Sample copy free to any address in Canada. Joseph Kennedy, Esq., 1160 Homer St., Vancouver, B.C.

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.
Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.
THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C.
P. O. Box 772.
Phone 372 for Appointment.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

Queen City Rebekah lodge No. 16, I.O.O.F., will meet tonight at 8 o'clock. (6825)

Mrs. Astley will resume her classes in pianoforte and theory, Sept. 15th at 524 Cedar street. (6824)

Kindergarten — Mrs. Cryderman's kindergarten class will open Tuesday morning at ten o'clock in the Annable block. (6804)

The regular monthly meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held in the Y.M.C.A. Tuesday afternoon, 3 o'clock. (6820)

A special meeting of the Great War Veterans' auxiliary will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the club rooms. (6826)

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

Subscribers notifying the circulation department of The Daily News of change of address, must give old as well as new address to ensure prompt attention. (5314)

SHOULD MAKE PENSIONS COMPLAINTS TO VICTORIA

Headquarters of military district 11, at Victoria, points out that soldiers or relatives of soldiers who meet with any difficulties in connection with securing pensions should communicate immediately with headquarters, stating the circumstances under which they desire to make a complaint.

AT THE THEATRES.

At the Gem.

Seena Owen returns to the screen after several months retirement to star in "A Woman's Awakening," a Triangle-Fine Arts picture directed by Chester Withey, which will be shown at the Gem tonight. Her role is that of a young wife striving to maintain her ideals though married to a rake who is enamored only with her fortune. No play produced at the Fine Arts studio in recent months has given a star better opportunities for displaying the variety of her wardrobe. Besides a number of evening gowns Miss Owen wears a score of dashing street costumes, novel sport attire, chic riding habit and even dons male dress clothes for an adventurous expedition to a gambling resort.

Frederedick O'Donnell, Toronto, died through being struck by a motor car, and Lester Levy is held o na charge of criminal negligence.

There's Nothing Like

Zam-Buk's soothing and healing power. "Zam-Buk has been our household balm for fourteen years, and we could not do without it," says Mr. George A. Kilburn of Swan Lake, Man.

For eczema and skin troubles of all kinds Zam-Buk has no equal; also for old sores, ulcers, abscesses, boils, pimples, blood-poisoning, piles, cuts, burns, bruises and scalds.

All dealers or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box, 3 for $1.25.

Zam-Buk

LIVESTOCK EMBARGO PROPOSAL DEPLORED

Arguments in Favor of Canada Stopping Exports to United States Fall When Facts Considered.

OTTAWA, Sept. 3.—Imperfectly informed critics are constantly advocating the imposition of an embargo upon the export of livestock from Canada to the United States. They explicitly state that Canada, particularly at this time, is the loser and that every pound of beef and other meats produced in this country should be retained here, the surplus being shipped directly overseas, says a bulletin from the food controller's office.

Plausible as this argument may seem at first blush, it falls completely to the ground when all the facts are considered. It is demonstrably based on partial and incomplete premises.

The antebellum economics of the question have now no bearing whatever on the subject. Canada is at war. The United States is supporting our cause with every available resource that a mighty nation can command. Were Canada ten times a loser in exporting livestock to the United States, an embargo would still be morally unjustifiable. This by the way.

However, Canada is not the loser in these international transactions. Let us briefly consider the facts of the case.

Suppose Canada to have placed an embargo on the export of livestock. Suppose, also, that the United States decided to retaliate. Could the United States retaliate effectively? Consider our dependence upon our neighbor for coal, to take one important item alone. Ontario wholly, Quebec in part, Manitoba almost wholly and Saskatchewan in part, depend upon the United States for coal. Were shipments cut off, industrial activity would be paralyzed, while winter would find the people almost destitute of fuel for domestic heating and other purposes.

Canada Is Beneficiary.

This is only one side of the question. The outstanding fact is that Canada actually is the beneficiary under the present situation. We are receiving more meat from the United States than we are sending over there in the shape of live animals. Take beef. We sent last year 101,885 more animals than they sent us. But we received 1,586,807 pounds more of beef than we sent as beef. We imported 705 more live hogs than we shipped and 9294 more sheep. We received 2,413,561 pounds of mutton over and above the quantity we sent from this side, while as for pork we are the beneficiaries to the extent of 79,340,729 pounds. Ham and bacon and cured meats show larger imports from the United States into Canada than from Canada into the United States by 13,630,191 pounds. Canned meats show surplus imports of 1,021,663 pounds. Other meats give a preponderance of 56,389,000 pounds coming this way, while we received over 4,500,000 pounds of lard and cottolene and sent back only 375 pounds.

Following is a table compiled from the customs reports of the Dominion of Canada for the year ending March 31, 1917:

	Imports.	Exports.
Cattle, head	3,094	104,879
Beef, pounds	11,625,807	10,039,593
Mutton, pounds ..	2,458,104	44,543
Pork, pounds	80,368,327	1,037,598

It should be noted that much of our exported beef is consigned to the United States for the express purpose of filling war contracts. Canada is not equipped for handling and preparing for market the beef that is produced in this country. "Stockers"—animals from one to one and a half years old and weighing from 300 to 800 pounds—are sent to the United States corn belt where they are fed for about 12 months before slaughtering. "Feeders"—animals that carry more flesh—are kept for a shorter period after purchase. It is demonstrably cheaper to send the livestock to the regions of cheap fodder than to bring the fodder into Canada.

Similarly our imports of pork, of bacon, and of ham are in part for shipment overseas. The enormous preponderance of pork imports over all exports is evidence of our present relations with the United States as regards supplies. This is further accentuated in the items of ham, bacon and other prepared and canned meats and foodstuffs.

	Imports. Lbs.	Exports. Lbs.
Bacons, hams, etc...	13,799,249	169,058
Canned, dressed and smoked meats	1,113,282	91,679
Lard	2,529,388	375
Cottolene	1,979,227	...

The vital commercial consideration, then, that justifies this reciprocal trade is the fact that the United States consignees have every facility for preparing and marketing beef and by-products, whereas these facilities in Canada are extremely limited. Thus it comes about that Canada imports more meats and meat products from the United States than the United States receives from us.

Would Be Extraordinary Folly.

It cannot be too strongly emphasized that Canada and the United States are fighting side by side in a war that concerns us even more than it does our neighbor. Even were all the livestock that we send to the United States a total loss, that loss would be well worth while if it helped the cause. But since, instead of losing, Canada is the gainer, an export embargo would be an extraordinary piece of folly.

It is sad but true that we have not yet achieved a full sense of our responsibilities. Selfishness still taints us as a nation and as individuals. Were we given one intimate glance of the sufferings and unspeakable horrors of the war, there would be infinitely less talk and more performance. Our hardships—inconveniences, rather—are as nothing compared with those endured by the mother country and the allied nations in Europe.

NAVIGATION OF YUKON RIVER WILL CLOSE SOON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

DAWSON, Y. T., Sept. 3.—Yukon river navigation closes within the next few weeks and the last freight consignments are now being rushed north. The last passengers from Fairbanks and lower river points for the south have but little time left them in which to get ready for the winter exodus.

A Great Budget of

Reliable Staple Dry Goods

That should appeal to all economical housewives. Replenish now when prices are lower than the present wholesale price. Our next shipments will be 50 per cent higher than they are today.

READY-TO-USE PILLOW SLIPS—Made of good strong Bleached Cotton; nicely hemmed; sizes 42 inches and 44 inches. Per Pair 35c, 45c

EMBROIDERED PILLOW CASES—Size 44 in. Per Pair $1.25

CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTON—Full bleach; free from dressing; exceptional value; 42 and 44 inches. Per Yard 30c

CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTON—46 inches. Per Yard 35c

BUY YOUR SHEETING NOW

EXTRA HEAVY BLEACHED SHEETING—Fine even weave; washing and wear guaranteed. Priced very low.
72-Inch— Per Yard 55c
80-Inch— Per Yard 60c
90-Inch— Per Yard 65c

PURE WHITE SHEETING—Very strong weave; 80 inches wide. Per Yard .. 45c

PURE WHITE SHEETING—Very strong weave; 90 inches wide. Per Yard .. 50c

READY-MADE SHEETS — Made of heavy, strong White Sheeting; well made and serviceable; size 70 x 90 in. Per Pair $2.50

FLANNELETTE SHEETS—In Grey or White with Pink or Blue Borders; fleecy and warm; the wear well kind.
Medium Bed Size— Per Pair $2.25
Double Bed Size— Per Pair $2.75

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN WOOL BLANKETS

These blankets were bought before the last great advance and are much lower than the manufacturers are asking today.

ALL-WOOL HUDSON'S BAY POINT BLANKETS—In White, Red, Red and Grey, Red and Khaki.
3-Point, 60 x 80— 8 lbs. Per Pair .. $12.00
3½-Point, 64 x 84— 10 lbs. Per Pair.. $15.00
4-Point, 70 x 90— 12 lbs. Per Pair.. $18.00

BABY'S WOOL CRIB BLANKETS—Colored border; a very scarce article and worth double the price. Per Pair .. $3.25, $4.25

UNION WOOL BLANKETS— 60 x 80. Per Pair, $5.25, $7.00, $11.25

UNION WOOL BLANKETS— 64 x 86. Per Pair, $6.75 to $14.25

UNION WOOL BLANKETS— 68 x 86. Per Pair $8.00

GOOD VALUE IN GREY UNION BLANKETS— 7 lbs. Per Pair $5.50

FIVE HUNDRED YARDS UNION LINEN CRASH TOWELING—Suitable for roller or hand towels; a very heavy, close weave; 16 inches wide; Plain or Red Striped Border; snap for hotel or restaurant keepers. Per Yard 12½c

FIVE HUNDRED YARDS OF BATH TOWELING — Colored Stripe; deep spongy weave; 16 inches wide; splendid wearing quality; much under price. Per Yard..... 12½c

ONE THOUSAND YARDS OF PURE WHITE FLANNELETTE—This lot was bought two years ago and only delivered now; in fact, we had given up the idea that we were going to get it and bought another line at a much higher price. In order to sell this quickly we have marked it very low. Note the width: 35 inches; no flaws; no defects. Per Yard 15c

HORSE COVERS—Two Only, White and Brown; strongly made; cheap to clear. Each $2.75

FOUR HUNDRED YARDS OF ENGLISH LONGCLOTH—Pure White; absolutely free from dressing; nice even weave; 36 inches wide. Per Yard 15c

MAIL ORDERS WILL BE FILLED IN THE ORDER THEY ARE RECEIVED.

The Hudson's Bay Company
HERBERT E. BURBIDGE STORES COMMISSIONER

JANITOR RYAN HAS TO MAKE WAY

Dr. King Needed the Job for Mr. Briggs—McBride Appointed Ryan Many Years Ago.

VICTORIA, B.C.—The second of the illustrious line of Dicks has passed from the public service of British Columbia. Dick Ryan is fired. Like the other Dick (who departed this life in far-off London) Richard Ryan had become so much a part of the government institution facing James Bay that one can hardly imagine the parliament building without him. He is to leave the job on the first of the month. One Briggs, a well known Liberal worker, succeeds him as chief janitor.

"It is a question of economizing," explained an under-strapper in the public works department, who was assigned by Dr. King to break the news. "You have altogether too many men employed in the janitor's department."

"I never employed a man here since the new government has been in power," protested the retiring incumbent of the chief janitorship. "Every man that is working here was sent down either by a minister or deputy minister with instructions that I was to put him to work. And some of them have been darned poor workers, too, but what am I to do when they are sent to me by the ministers?"

Said the works department understrapper: "Well, I understood you hired these men yourself, and anyway that was what Dr. King told me when he went away and instructed me to dispense with your services. Have you a man here working for you by the name of Briggs?"

Dick explained that a man of that name had been sent to work under him a couple of months ago by Dr. King.

"Send him to my office," ordered the official. A half hour later it developed that the government had appointed Briggs chief janitor.

Dick Ryan received his appointment many years ago at the hands of the late Sir Richard McBride. Ryan was then noted as the most cheerful and persistent labor agitator in the province.

"Now you don't want to go down to those labor meetings and raise quite so much fuss while you are working here in the buildings," cautioned the late premier in notifying him that he was to go to work.

"I've got more sense than to go agitatin' around while I'm holding down a government job, I guess," replied that second Dick and the great man patted his back and sent him to work. Irish oratory of the Ryanesque variety has not been heard in British Columbia since.

From early morning till late at night Dick Ryan was always on the job. His cheerful face made a showing in every room of the building every day to see if some little comfort could not be added to lighten the days' work for the occupants. The double responsibility of postoffice clerk and janitor was his and although it follows that many important documents passed through his hands the event of one being lost has never been recorded. His honesty was even more highly esteemed by ministers, members and civil servants than his reliability and industry. It was Dick Ryan who carried the famous million dollar check from Premier McBride to the Esquimalt dockyard on the occasion of the submarine purchase. Many similar responsible tasks requiring a thoroughly trustworthy official have been entrusted to Dick.

It is not a young man who has been turned into the street after many years of faithful service to the people of this province. Dick's smiling face and merry brogue draw attention from the grey hairs, the slightly stooped figure and the lines which time have brought. Dick has been too busy to notice there signs of age himself. Sorting mail at 7 o'clock in the morning, running up steps three at a time in answer to buzzer calls all day and preparing the last bundle of envelopes for the ministers and their secretaries who hang around the offices till 7 or 8 o'clock in one corner or another of the building every day keeps a man from brooding.

The United States navy has exhausted its reserves and has fallen short 1000 officers. Qualified civilians will probably be drawn on.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PR

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 25 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement..... .....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name .....

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If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage and allow five words extra for box number.

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Delivered to any part of the city.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

Tonol

Do you feel rundown?
Is your appetite poor?
Are you nervous?
Have you lost ambition?

IF SO, TAKE A TRIAL BOTTLE OF TONOL AND BE RESTORED TO GOOD HEALTH.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE

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Place Your Orders Now for GREENHILL COAL
The most economical coal on the Market.
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THE ARK

Turkish Towelling, yd...15c, 20c
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Bungalow Aprons, each 60c
Ladies' Combination Suit 75c
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See our Axminster and Wilton Rugs before Buying.

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J. W. HOLMES, Manager.

You Can Safely Rely Upon Our Ability

to give you glasses or spectacles that will benefit your sight

AT MODERATE PRICES

Our recommendation is the satisfaction we have given our patients.

We Guarantee Positive Results.

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SPECIALIST IN OPTICS

CANADA IS BUILDING BIG FLEET OF SHIPS

The world's shipping situation is gradually changing and instead of consternation over the possibilities of the available tonnage for the carrying of food and other war supplies to the allies being reduced to a mere nothing by the German submarine activities, shipbuilders and the public are awakening to the fact that a steady gain is now being made.

British Columbia is getting in line with other parts of the country and is now engaged in the construction of steel and wooden ships of various types. The shipbuilding activity in Canada now extends from the Pacific to the Atlantic coasts wherever ships can be built.

The imperial munitions board is the most recent factor in the development of large shipbuilding programs in the Dominion and in addition to the 27 wooden steamers ordered in British Columbia and now under construction they have placed orders for the same class of vessel with firms on the Atlantic coast.

Probably no concern has placed more orders for ships than has the Cunard line and at the present time it is impossible to estimate how many tons of shipping this great English company has under construction in the shipbuilding yards of Great Britain, Canada, United States, the orient, in fact anywhere and everywhere that it is found possible to get the vessels built.

Cunard Line Busy.

In naming the huge fleet of ships being built for Cunard company since the war began, it has apparently adopted the idea of using the prefix "war," and almost every week or so despatches from various ports of the world announce the naming of one of the new war fleet, preparatory to the launching. Just recently the War Dog, built by the Wallace Shipbuilding yard, North Vancouver, left this coast, bound for a secret destination, while two other steel ships similar in every detail are now under construction by the same concern.

On the Atlantic coast Nova Scotia is taking an energetic stand for the development of her shipbuilding industry. This province, which in former days was noted for its wooden shipbuilding, is now bent on promoting both wooden and steel shipbuilding and an industry which has lain dormant for some years, and in fact was almost dying out, is now being revived with a vigor that promises a large output of tonnage in the near future.

At Dartmouth, the city officials, board of trade and citizens have organized a government for the purpose of dealing with the steel shipbuilding and drydock question. Besides building wooden steamers for the imperial munitions board, the construction of wooden vessels of all types is being carried on at almost every small port on the Atlantic coast of Canada.

The steamer War Wasp, the first steel steamer built in Nova Scotia for the Cunard line, has made its debut on the high seas, and is now giving tangible evidence of the capabilities of Nova Scotia mechanics as it enters other ports, a full fledged cargo ship. In all its trials it has measured fully up to expectations. Work on the two sister ships is being vigorously prosecuted at the Scotia shipyard, the shortage of labor being the only drawback at present.

Build Large Ships

On the Great Lakes steel shipbuilding is also reported to be going along at a good rate in the various shipyards, where vessels from 3300 to 11,600 tons are being turned out.

Try the dish "Par Excellence."

Heinz Spaghetti

Italian Style .....15c and 25c

AYLMER PORK AND BEANS
TWO tins for 25c

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS

J.A. IRVING & Co.

PHONE 161

Charlie Chaplin — GEM — Fatty Arbuckle

SEENA OWEN

Who Played the Part of the Princess Beloved in "Intolerance," Appears for the First Time on Our Screen
IN A POWERFUL FIVE-PART SOCIETY DRAMA
"A WOMAN'S AWAKENING"

EXTRA ATTRACTION
CHARLIE CHAPLIN AND FATTY ARBUCKLE
In a One-Reel Comedy Riot
"THE ROUNDERS"

TRIANGLE COMEDY—"THE FINISHED PRODUCT"

WEDNESDAY—"LONDON'S ENEMIES"

JUST THE THING FOR THE CITY HOME OR SUMMER CAMP

The New Perfection
Oil Cook Stove

FAR SUPERIOR TO THE OLD STYLE OIL STOVE
ALSO SAFE AND ODORLESS

We Carry in Stock the Two and Three Burner Styles and Will Be Pleased to Have You Examine Their Many Good Points

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

600 PERSONS AT ST. PAULS PICNIC

Ideal Weather For Annual Basket Outing to Proctor; the Sports Results.

Six hundred persons attended the annual basket picnic of St. Paul's Sunday school and congregation to Procter yesterday. Passengers were conveyed to the picnic grounds by the steamer Moyie at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and 1:30 in the afternoon, returning in the evening on the Moyie and Nasookin. The weather was excellent and an interesting program of sports was run off. The results of the races follow:

Girls under eight—Charlotte Jeffs, Alma Smillie. Boys under eight—Harold Chapman, John Wallace. Girls under 12—Doreen St. Denis, Edith Proudfoot. Boys under 12—Eric Chapman, Henry Loewen. Girls under 15—Grace Miller, Pearl McQuaig. Boys under 15—Archie Holt, Roy Smith. Boys over 15—Archie Holt, Charlie Price. Girls over 15—Erma Brown, Eleanor Pike. Girls sack race—Grace Miller, Laura Shuttleworth. Boys sack race—Orrin St. Denis, Eric Chapman. Girls skipping race—Grace Miller, Jessie McDonald. Boys skipping race—Archie Holt, James Curran. Boys high jump—James Notman, Fred Steele. Quarter mile—Roy Smith, James Curran. Girls three-legged race—Charlotte Notman, N. Wallach. Boys tangle foot—J. Curran, W. Blanchard and R. Smith. Boys class relay race—J. Curran, Fred Steele, Roy Smith, W. Blanchard. Blindfold walking race—Hazel Nelson, Miss McLean. Potato peeling race—Gunner Graham, Lieut. Miller. Cracker and mitten race—Miss Bailey, Miss Will. Pick-a-back race—Archie Holt, Douglas Hinton. Hat trimming competition—W. R. Blanchard, E. W. Widdowson. Nail driving contest—Mrs. McLean, Mrs. McAllister. Thread and needle race—Jack McLear, Laura St. Denis. Running race, girls under six—Sybil Keeler, Rosy Severn. Running race, boys under six—John Stark, Alex McLean.

Social and Personal

R. H. Jamieson of Vancouver is registered at the Stratheona.

C. F. Myrick, Toronto, is a guest at the Hume.

A. E. Matthews, Hall, is staying at the Grand Central.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Copper of Crescent Valley are guests at the Queens.

C. F. Morris, San Francisco, is registered at the New Grand.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Stevens, Ymir, are at the Nelson.

Miss Lucy Moore spent the holiday with friends in Trail.

F. C. Lorrimer, Calgary, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Reade.

Miss Edna Nattress, Golden, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Vernon Chapman.

Mrs. N. M. Cummins and the Misses Cummins have returned from a summer vacation spent at Four-Mile.

Emile Fletcher has been wounded in action according to a telegram received yesterday by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Fletcher.

Mrs. Lester Mackenzie of Greenwood who was operated on last week at the Kootenay Lake hospital by Drs. Rose and Hartin, is progressing favorably.

A. G. Nash, consulting mining engineer, and Mrs. Nash, who have been living in the Gore residence, Stanley street have moved to the Hume hotel for the winter.

Sergt. George W. Waistell of Rossland, who went to the front with Warden's Warriors and suffered severe wounds when he was buried for two hours by a shell, passed through Nelson Saturday night on his way home.

Ald. A. H. Dennis, wife and child of Fort William, Ont., who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bradshaw left last night for home. They will visit at Revelstoke and Winnipeg en route.

D. L. Crane of Moose Jaw was in the city yesterday en route for Sandon where he has mining interests. Mr. Crane states that Moose Jaw is in a prosperous condition and says that the crops in the district are excellent.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Moffatt came in from Willow Point last night with Mrs. Moffatt's sister, Mrs. M. S. Logan of Vancouver, who is leaving for the coast this morning. They are guests at the Hume. Mr. and Mrs. Moffatt will return to Willow Point today and will remain there till the middle of the month.

CITY SCHOOLS OPEN FOR THE FALL TERM

Classes Will Be Enrolled This Morning—Several Teaching Staff Changes.

The public and high schools open this morning for the fall term. Several changes have been made in the staffs of both schools. The new commercial course at the high school will be in charge of Miss Whelan, formerly high school commercial teacher at Victoria. Over 60 pupils are enrolled for this course. Miss Keatley, Golden, will be science teacher in succession to W. E. Cook, who has gone to the coast. The principal and the remainder of the staff will be the same as last term: B. P. Steeves, principal; W. P. Freeman, mathematics; M. R. Fallis, English; Miss Steeves, French.

Of the 18 teachers on the public school staff eight are new appointees. They are Miss Whitebread, Miss Long, Miss Hodgson, Miss Bloomer, Miss Wallack, Miss McCarthy, Miss Grothier, who came from Fort William to succeed Miss Hayes as domestic science teacher, Miss Hayes having gone to Prince Rupert; J. W. Bennett, successor as manual training instructor to A. H. Webb, vocational training instructor at the Balfour sanitarium.

BELGIAN SOLDIERS FEEL SEPARATION

Would Appreciate Correspondence and Pecuniary Assistance in Their Present Plight

Writing in appreciation of The Daily News in receiving subscriptions for the Belgian relief fund and calling attention to the need for further sympathy and pecuniary assistance to relieve the distress of the Belgian soldiers, Lieut. de Dorlodot, 4 Priory gardens, Folkestone, says:

"The interest you have so kindly shown towards our little country so cruelly treated by the enemy, permits me to appeal to you today for a favor on behalf of our soldiers and of our wounded soldiers in the hospitals.

"Most, if not all, of the military men of other nations have every facility of hearing from their parents and friends and some again have the happiness of being able to spend their few days rest in their family circle or among friends, whereas most of our Belgian soldiers have got their relatives and friends hemmed up in Belgium exposed to the most cruel treatment of the enemy, which, of course, means that our poor men are entirely separated as it were by a great iron bar, from all those near and dear to them, consequently they never hear from or of their people.

"In their distress so many of those poor soldiers have written to me to ask if I could procure them a friend, or put them in contact with some one who would write to them or send them any little help from time to time telling me that such would afford them the greatest comfort and consolation.

"If you in your generous heart could find it in your power to comply with the favor I ask in coming to the help of our poor men in the trenches, I should be so happy to send you once the name and address of one or more of our soldiers who so eagerly wish to feel that they had during this sad time of trial someone to replace their dear absent ones. They would be grateful for any little attention, be it only an occasional cheery letter, and I think I may also say on behalf of their parents and friends that when this sad time has seen its end, they would ever remember with grateful hearts what you did for their sons.

"In case you prefer not to write to the soldiers yourself, but nevertheless are desirous of relieving their sufferings by sending some pecuniary assistance, you would greatly help them by kindly addressing to me any sum you wish to devote to this benevolent work. I should then forward the same to the most needy, or the most seriously wounded, and afterwards forward you a letter of thanks from the soldier thus relieved by your kindness.

"May I ask you also to kindly speak of this among your friends who might willingly come to the relief of our soldiers.

"Thanking you in anticipation, believe me, yours truly and gratefully,

"JOSEPH DE DORLODOT."

KENTUCKY FEUDISTS RUSH TO JOIN FORCES

Wilson's Appeal for Men So Popular No Draft Was Required in Mountain Kentucky

So prompt and general and complete was the response of their fighting men to the country's call for volunteers, that there was no draft in Breathitt or Lee counties, Kentucky. Nor is there likely to be at any stage of the war, for it is going to be an easy matter, hereafter, to keep their quotas full, providing the eligible men of the two counties do not exhaust the surplus by helping to fill quotas elsewhere. This news will be no surprise to those who have gone below the surface in recent years in an honest effort to judge the "lawless mountaineers" of Kentucky with righteous judgment. "Bloody" was a title long since earned by one of these counties; its sister was for years only a degree less deserving of similar distinction. "Bloody" Breathitt was a name that stuck, and so closely was Lee associated with it that the latter really did not need a separate nickname. Most people were content to couple the two in thought and conversation. When "Breathitt and Lee" were mentioned they knew instinctively in what connection. Another act of lawlessness had in all probability been committed. One of the old feuds had broken forth afresh. The factions were hard at it once more. Something was doing among the Hargis, Cockrill or Curry families.

Yet, in a strict sense, lawlessness has never prevailed among the people of Breathitt and Lee. For the most part, they have been and they are peaceable and peace-loving. Between certain of them, however, feuds long existed, and these led to acts which brought upon the entire communities a bad reputation. The mountaineers of Kentucky, the Virginias, the Carolinas, Tennessee and Georgia are strictly honest and truthful, honorable in the highest degree, but some of them are abnormally sensitive upon certain points and altogether too handy at times with firearms. It is true that "moonshining" was long an almost universal practise among the mountain people of the south, but, on the other hand, they were bred to regard the internal revenue system as an invasion of their rights as freemen, a social intrusion, and a crime. They ignored rather than violated the revenue laws. It has not always been equitable, even if possible, to measure their morality by lowland standards.

Daring Pioneers

But there never has been any lapse in their patriotism. They were among the most daring of pioneers. They took an active part in the French and Indian war. The sharp reports of their muskets in the Revolutionary period won for them the name of "crackers," a term still used but generally misapplied south of Mason and Dixon's line. There were no better or braver fighters in the war of 1812, the Mexican war or the Civil war. The mountaineers of Kentucky were among the very first to volunteer for service in Cuba. The charge of ignorance to which they have been subjected for years is proved libelous by their knowledge of the European situation and consequent remarkable response to President Wilson's call for volunteers.

A library of books may be filled with matter written about these mountain people. Much that has been written about them is fanciful, much has been misrepresentation, much has been slanderous. The motion picture has too often stamped them as a race with criminal instincts, whereas they probably are as free from immoral tendencies as any other large and isolated body of human beings. They are churchgoers, they are narrow in their outlook, they are reticent, they do not invite intercourse with the outer world but they are courteous and hospitable to strangers. As remarked already, they are sensitive; let it be admitted that they are sometimes revengeful; but, taken as a whole, they display far more of virtue than of vice, and they are unquestionably brave and loyal to their country's flag.

Racially, they are almost an equal mixture of the Anglo-Saxon and the Celtic. English, Scotch and Irish names and characteristics are to be found plentifully among them. Some of them speak the English of the Elizabethan period. The traditions of the Commonwealth are preserved in their families and their communities. They never tolerated slavery, and they abominate it as an institution. They are natural democrats. They are natural foes of aristocracy and autocracy. What they might have become had they not been caught in pockets of the Cumberlands and Blue Ridge, and arrested in their progress and development, nobody can say, because nobody knows; but that they are a people capable of rising to higher opportunities than their mountain life affords, is a fact written indelibly into the history of the union. For was not Lincoln one of them?

BISMARCK'S MEMOIRS WOULD STIR KAISERDOM TO DEPTHS

Can it be possible, asks the Rochester Union and Express, that Great Britain has in her hands a weapon more powerful than sword, rifle, grenade or cannon, which she refuses to use against the enemy who would chain all mankind as slaves to the kaiser's military machine? There is reason to believe that this question can be truthfully answered in the affirmative and the fact reopens certain very interesting pages of history bearing on the present war. The weapon consists of the manuscript of the third volume of the memoirs of Bismarck, the Iron Chancellor, to whom more than to any other man who ever lived is due the unification of Germany and the growth of her power until she thought it strong enough to master the whole world.

Written But Not Published.

Everyone knows that after Bismarck had for life devoted his great talents to the services of Germany and the kaiser's family, the latter turned him out of office in his old age, with every circumstance of ignominy, and even made threats of shameful punishment in case the ex-chancellor should publish facts in his possession that would set his case in the true light before the world. Bismarck was a master with the pen, had a store of wit and humor, was familiar with several languages, possessed a marvelous memory and had an unsurpassed knowledge of public affairs in the world during that important era in which he was the most masterful statesman in Europe. His published memoirs, the record of his sayings and actions during the Franco-German war by Busch, to say nothing of what general history tells of his achievements, suggests what an act of lunacy it was for the kaiser to provoke the enmity of such a man. His dismissal by the kaiser exasperated the veteran statesman to the utmost and he determined to take vengeance by completing his autobiography in which his relations with Kaiser Wilhelm II are fully set forth. The book was written but never published, yet enough is known of its contents to awaken the keenest desire all over the world to read its every page.

Intrigues Against Austria

It is said to detail the treatment of his parents by the kaiser with a frankness that shows the son in a most odious light. But more important than this unfilial conduct toward both his parents are the revelations of his intrigues against Austria and the house of Hapsburg, which are said to be of such a character that if they were made public the kaiser would never dare visit Vienna again. It was Bismarck's intention to publish the volume in his lifetime. But knowledge of its contents reached the kaiser, and he threatened the author with such dire penalties in case of its publication during his life that Bismarck, fearing its seizure by the emperor, secretly sent the manuscript to London, and it is now in the Bank of England.

Verboten by Kaiser

When Bismarck died the kaiser warned his sons, Herbert and William, not to publish the book, and they were prudent enough to obey the order. He also tried to get possession of the manuscript, but failed in the attempt, and there is little doubt that the work will some day come to light, a consummation, it may be said, devoutly to be wished by everyone interested in the affairs of this moving world. The bearing of the case on the present war consists in the fact that, as the kaiser is the head and front of the German offensive against the rest of mankind, and as the Bismarck book would, beyond doubt, do him irreparable damage all over the world, including his own country and Austria, there are many who urge that the English government should seize the manuscript as enemy property and publish it as a war measure. The only reason why it has not been seized and published is said to be that such action would injure the reputation for security now enjoyed by the Bank of England.

World Has Right to Know

When one reflects on how little concern an agreement on a "scrap of paper," given under the most solemn circumstances, has for the kaiser and his hordes, it tries one's patience to have Great Britain balancing the reputation of a bank against the cause of the worlds democracy. The kaiser would sacrifice an army corps if he could thereby get the Bismarck manuscript. Perhaps the persistent attack on London by zeppelins and aeroplanes are aimed at the Bank of England in hope of destroying the hated copy of the Iron Chancellor. Why take any risk with an enemy in whom no faith can be placed? The world has the right to know all that can be known about the greatest enemy the human race has produced in recent years. Publish Bismarck's book and discuss the propriety of the act at The Hague.

Let the Insurance Company Carry Your Risk

Every dry day adds to your risk. In case of loss the cost of material and labor has materially increased—for a few dollars a strong corporation will carry your load. Can you and your family afford to be without protection?

If your home is modern and in Nelson and sixty feet from your neighbor it will only cost you $12.00 per thousand for three years, or $4.00 per thousand per year. In other words you would have to pay for 125 years before you would pay out what you would get back in case of a total loss.

Yes, let the Insurance Company carry your risk.

Charles F. McHardy

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NOTICE TO WATER USERS

The following regulations shall con into force on August 31:

1. The hours between which wat may be used for any of the purpos following shall be as follows:

(a) For the sprinkling of lawns a gardens between the hours of 6 o'clo and 9 o'clock p.m.

(b) For the sprinkling of stree alleys and sidewalks between the ho of 7 o'clock and 9 o'clock a.m.

And no person shall use water any or all of such purposes beyond time and outside the said hours.

2. No person shall with a h sprinkler or otherwise water any joining or other premises to or that for which he has paid the res garden or lawn rate.

3. All water used for any of above purposes shall be used by den hose or lawn sprinkler only.

4. When any alarm of fire sounded and during the continuan any fire within the corporate li of the city of Nelson or during progress of any fire in any of the calities adjacent thereto, any pe using water for any of the purp mentioned in paragraph (1) h shall at once cease using same in such time as the fire has been extin guished.

5. Any person guilty of an infra tion or violation of any of the foreg ing regulations shall in addition to other penalties imposed by the abo water rates bylaw or statutes be liab to have his water supply cut off wit out notice.

J. E. ANNABLE,
Mayo

Fairview Annexation Meeting

Tuesday, September 4

IN HUME SCHOOL, 7:30 p.m.

CITY COUNCIL AND CLERK TO SPEAK

LADIES SPECIALLY INVITED

—Collection to Defray Expenses

Your Own

MEASUREMENT AND YOUR OWN IDEAS WILL BE FOLLOWED IF YOU WANT YOUR FALL SUIT OR OVERCOAT MADE FROM OUR SPECIAL ORDER SAMPLES

WE TAKE ALL THE CHANCES—THE CLOTHES SUIT YOU OR WE KEEP THEM

Emory & Walley