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The Daily News

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VOL. 16 No. 133 NELSON, B. C., MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1917 50c PER MONTH

RUSSIA DECLARED REPUBLIC—KORNILOFF, DESERTED, SURRENDERS

BREAK WITH GERMANY URGED BY SPEAKERS IN ARGENTINE

tatement Cheered by Big Audience

OREIGN MINISTER ON THE SITUATION

ays Expulsion of Luxburg by No Means Closes Sinister Incident

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 16.—Bitter riticism of Presidet Irrigoyen for exending courtesies to Count Luxburg ontinues to emanate from the press nd some public men. At a meeting n the stadium Saturday night, attend- 3 by thousands of Argentinians, atements that Argentine must sever lations and receive no German min- ter until Germany is a republic were udly cheered. One speaker, Senor lacious, demanded to know why the vernment failed to send an ultima- m to German in view of its dilatory tics in regard to the request for planations of the Luxburg affair.

Foreign Minister Pueyrredon informe the Associatd Press today that he is sfied that the expulsio nof Count burg has not closed the incident ving out of the telegrams the min- sent to Berlin through the Swed- legation here. Minister Pueyrre- declared that the Argentine gov- ment intends to act energetically, not hastily, in upholding the honor e republic and to close the pres- incident favorably.

Withdraws Permission.

UENOS AYRES, Sept. 16.—The rnment has withdrawn permission ted to a German wireless company ttempt to receive messages from German station at Nauen.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

UENOS AYRES, Sept. 16.—From uthoritative source it is learned t the reply of the German govern- nt to Argentina's demand for an ex- nation of Count Luxurg's action in nding secret code messages to Ber- through the Swedish legation has en received here. It indicated that e reply is probably unfavorable. he Argentine foreign minister does t deny that the German answer has en received, although he refused to mit the fact.

Sweden to Put Matters Right.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16.—Sweden alizes the seriousness of the situa- n created by the recent disclosures Washington regarding the trans- ission of German despatches, and ex- cts to take all steps possible to put tters right, Mr. Lindmann told the sociated Press during an informal lk. All German despatches have been pped and Germany has been asked r an explanation. In his talk with e correspondent, Admiral Lindmann ought out the following points:

First, that the Swedish government as not, as alleged in certain quar- rs, taking the affair lightly, but in- nded to do everything possible to ttle the problem.

Second, that transmission of de- atches on behalf of Germany had en stopped and would, under no cir- mstances, be resumed.

Third, that had the Swedish govern- nt the slightest idea of the nature the messages which the German vernment was transmitting, the mes- ges would never have been trans- tted.

Fourth, that strong representations d been advised to the German gov- nment in regard to the abuse of the ivilege, accompanied by a request r an explanation.

Admiral Lindmann, during the en- e conversation, seemed imbued with desire to see the situation cleared and upon a basis satisfactory to United States and Sweden and in a way to permit the continuance of the most friendly, cordial relations with the American government and people.

Deplores Practise.

"To begin with," said the foreign minister in the course of his talk, "I want to emphasize the fact that we are not taking this matter easily. We deplore most sincerely that a practise which was exercised in perfectly good faith has been abused, and we are determined that the condition which led to this shall not occur again.

"As soon as I was informed of Secretary Lansing's statement I at once gave orders to cease this practise. This would have been done earlier as a matter of course, had my attention been called to the undesirability of the practise.

"A word from Mr. Morris, the American ambassador, or the British minister would have sufficed, but as it was I had no idea that the practise was open to objection until the revelations were launched from Washington."

Orders Investigation.

The foreign minister has as yet been unable to obtain the exact circumstances of the despatch handling. He had ordered a rigid investigation within his department as to the origin of the system, he said.

"I am as yet unable to say anything of the results of the investigation, but should like to have it known that no man belonging to this country would, having knowledge of the contents of Count Luxburg's telegrams, have consented to their transmission.

"This country wishes to maintain a perfectly neutral attitude and has the strongest determination to remain perfectly neutral. If blame can be thrown upon us for having transmitted such despatches, it cannot be for lack of good faith and a sincere desire to preserve neutrality."

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16—The semi-official news agency has been authorized by the government to communicate the following in reference to despatches from Washington concerning the handling of American messages to Turkey by the Swedish foreign office:

"War between the United States and Germany was proclaimed on April 6. On April 26 our legation at Constantinople took charge of the United States' interests in Turkey.

"As stated in the ministerial statement of the 10th inst., the minister already had received the thanks of the American secretary of state for the despatch of telegrams.

"When the American consul at Stockholm asked that the telegrams be sent on behalf of the United States the Swedish consul answered that he was ready at any time to despatch any messages handed in.

"At first the telegrams handed in for despatch were written in French. Later on such telegrams were also filed in English. For practical reasons the ministry then, in a letter dated May 1, 1917, to the United States legation asked that the messages should always be in French.

Control Not Always Exercised.

"It appears from information received that when the cipher was handed to the Swedish minister at Constantinople there was a possibility of control, although relying on the loyalty of the Swedish legation in Constantinople of the American official entrusted with the coding, this control was not always exercised.

"Finally, as regards the despatch of letters to Turkey for American account the ministry received as early as April 15 a request from the American legation in Stockholm to forward despatches to Turkey, which was also acceded to. However, Mr. Morris, the American minister, now has stated that these despatches had no connection with American interests, but with the interests of foreign powers in Tur-

(Continued on Page Two.)

STATES ELECTION WILL BE HELD IN NOVEMBER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—November will see a general Dominion election in the opinion of Hon. A. P. McNab, minister of public works for Saswatchewan, who works for Saskatchewan, who left for Regina tonight after a visit to the city on government business.

BRITISH PIERCE HUN POSITIONS

Enemy Raided Effectively Near Cherisy

VARIOUS ATTACKS BY FOE REPULSED

French Stand Firm Against Onslaughts at Verdun and in Champagne

(By Associated Press.)

In Champagne and in the Verdun region the German crown prince has made ineffectual attacks against the French lines. Northwest of Rheims, the French repulsed a strong German attack in the region of Loivre, Northeast of Verdun, on the right bank of the Meuse, the French fire drove back the Germans when they essayed an attack north of the Caurieres wood.

British troops in a successful raid into the German lines near Cherisy, southeast of Arras, wrecked dugouts and defenses. Berlin officially says the effort was an attack in force and announces that it was repulsed with heavy losses. In Flanders, Berlin admits the success of a local British attack on the Ypres road. A German attack against Inverness copse in the same region was repelled by the British, who also checked an attempt to advance north of Langemarcq.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The official report from British headquarters in France Saturday night reads:

"A successful local operation was carried out Saturday afternoon by a London regiment north of Inverness copse. A German strong point was captured with 36 prisoners and a machine gun at little cost to our troops. This afternoon Durham troops successfully raided the enemy trenches west of Herisy and captured 200 prisoners. Our casualties were slight. Early Saturday morning a raid was attempted by the enemy in the neighborhood of Neuve Chappelle, but was repulsed by the Portuguese troops, leaving a number of dead and wounded in our hands.

"On Friday the cloudy weather continued, with a strong west wind making artillery observations difficult and greatly favoring the enemy's machines in combat.

"Three enemy machines were shot

(Continued on Page Two.)

RUSSIAN TROOPS REPEL HUN ATTACK

Are Fighting Strongly in Riga Region —Onslaughts by Foe in Rumania Also Beaten Off

(By Associated Press.)

Increased activity is now visible near Riga. A stubborn battle is in progress near Sevegold farm, on the Riga-Pskoff road, 30 miles northeast of Riga. Whether the action is a German attack in force or only a feint is uncertain.

Petrograd reports that the Russians are repelling attacks. It was in this region that the Russians the other day made a considerable advance only to be driven back again on Friday to their former positions.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—Stubborn fighting is in progress on the northern end of the front in Russia. Today's official statement says that the Russian troops are fighting with determination, repelling German assaults.

Attacks on the Rumanian front were beaten back. The communication follows:

"Western front: In the direction of Riga and on the Pskoff road in the region of the Segevold farm a stubborn battle is proceeding. Our troops are showing great firmness and are continually repelling attacks. In the region north of Lake Petchur our scouts found the burned remains of a German airplane which our fire had brought down.

"On the remainder of the front there were fusilades.

"Rumanian front: In the direction of Fokshani, in the region of Fitionechi and Merechesci, enemy scouting parties attempted at several points, under cover of artillery fire, to approach Rumanian trenches, but were repelled everywhere. An attack west of Merechesci was repelled.

"Causasian front: Nothing of importance occurred.

"Aviation: One of our airplanes dropped several bombs on Tvereteh, south of Dvinsk. Successful hits were observed."

Berlin Report.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—Today's statement by army headquarters on the situation along the Russian and Rumanian fronts and Macedonia says:

"Eastern war theatre: There was only slight military activity and the situation everywhere is unchanged."

CANADIANS HOLD FAST TO OUTPOST

Huns Attack Like Angry Wasps but Driven Off

MEDALS AWARDED FOR GALLANT DEEDS

Ninety Men from the West Honored; Include 11 from British Columbia

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, via London, Sept. 16.—By the Canadian overseas correspondent—Early Saturday morning, after a heavy preliminary bombardment with trench mortars, and artillery, the Germans attempted to capture one of our outposts, but were driven off. A considerable quantity of gas was projected shortly before dawn into the enemy cellars in Lens. The German came back like angry wasps. A large part of our front was subjected to intense shell fire and a second attempt was made to drive in our outpost line, but without success. Several days ago a prisoner said, that as a result of the gas attacks and heavy casualties sustained by the German forces, troops in Lens had been reduced. Their object is to gain higher ground to the west of the city.

Ninety Westerners Get Medals

So numerous were the cases of extraordinary courage and resourcefulness at the battle of Lens that it has been found necessary to recognize them by awarding them military medals. The corps orders yesterday contained the names of almost 90 men from western Canada thus honored.

In a Manitoba battalion those awarded the military medal are:

Lance Corp. George W. Cocks, Pts. Monsumma Brother, George Petrie, Sam Twig, John James Williams, Corp. Ernest Hardicastle, Pts. Robert Duncan Scott, Charles A. Foster, John Finnigan, John Brown, Ernest chappel, Gilbert Brunton, Wilfrid Arling, Frank Baillie and John Wright.

Lance Corp. Cocks accounted for six of the enemy by sniping, and, with a little group of men he held for several hours one end of a trench, while the enemy from the other end enfiladed the position with machine gun fire. Pte. Chappel was wounded in an attack on a trench southwest of Lens and he held a section of a trench alone after his comrades had been killed by shell fire.

The men of Saskatchewan awarded the military medal are:

Sergts. Richard C. Potter, Thomas Durrell, Lance Sergt. Adams, Charlie Ball, Corp. S. Dobbart, Lance Corp. Walter Greenway, Pts. Alex Barry, Harry Gordon, Alex C. Harding, Wellington Walker, R. T. Adams, Patrick McDonnell, Harry Stevenson, Sam B. Haswell and Joseph Babino.

Pte. Barry threw bombs almost con-

(Continued on Page Two.)

GEN CURRIE REGRETS DIVISION IN CANADA

Declares Politicians Who Are Encouraging Breach Are Assuming Grave Responsibilities

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 16.—"It seems to me that our country is about to be divided as never before," writes Lieut.-Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, commanding the Canadians in France, to Capt. J. A. Burnham, M.P., in reply to a letter of congratulations on his promotion. General Currie says:

"Dear Capt. Burnham,—Please forgive me for taking so long before acknowledging your kind letter of congratulations written in January. It was very good of you to remember me so kindly and I deeply appreciate your thoughtfulness.

"I know you will rejoice with me over the recent success of our corps. The fighting for Hill 70 was the hardest and most successful in which we have ever been engaged. Besides gaining ground of great tactical value, we inflicted losses on the enemy which I am confident were at least three times those suffered by ourselves. I have never known the Bosche to fight so hard or so determinedly before. He counter-attacked us no less than 35 times, throwing against us the very best troops in the German army, but all to no avail.

"I am glad to note that you are exerting all your influence to keep the corps at full strength. From here I cannot make head nor tail of the political situation in Canada. It seems to me that our country is about to be divided as never before. Such a thing is very deplorable and those who are encouraging the breach are assuming very grave responsibilities. Surely wiser counsels will prevail and such action taken as will insure our country doing its part unto the end."

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT ACTS TO SAVE COUNTRY FROM DISASTER

BIG LINER HAS LUCKY ESCAPE FROM TORPEDO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 16.—A submarine attack on an American steamer, one of the largest liners in the Transatlantic service, was reported by several of the 100 passengers, who, including United States army officers, arrived here today. The mechanism of a torpedo fired by a U-boat went wrong just before the machine seemed about to hit the ship. The torpedo leaped into the air and was knocked off its course and passed to the stern of the ship.

ASSERTS FIGHT TO FINISH GUARANTEED

Petrograd Paper Comments Favorably On Quelling Rebellion in Russia

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—The Socialist newspapers generally are favorable in their comment upon the new government. The Investia, the organ of the workmen's and soldiers' delegates, says that the ministerial crisis has been settled in a manner satisfactory to the Democrats of the democracy and adds:

"This fact is a good omen, for it guarantees, not only the complete suppression of the Korniloff adventure, but also fight to the finish against all counter revolutionary attempts."

The Diele, the organ of the Social-Revolutionists, approves, but warns the cabinet of five against the contemplation and the danger of developing into dictatorship.

The middle class and the independent press is more resolved, expressing the opinion that the new cabinet is merely a stage in the progress of the ministerial crisis.

ITALIANS ADVANCE LINES ON PLATEAU

Capture Over 400 Prisoners as Result of Splendid Dash by Sashari Brigade.

(By Associated Press.)

On the Bainsizza plateau northeast of Gorizia and in the region of Monte San Gabrielle, the Italians on Sunday advanced their lines on the southeastern edge. In the operations, Gen. Cadorna's troops captured more than 400 prisoners and some machine guns.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, Sept. 15.—Reporting today on the situation along the Austro-Italian front, the war office statement says:

"There has been artillery activity of noticeable intensity in some sections of the Trentino and Julian fronts. Near Log, in the northern zone of the Bainsizza plateau, we captured prisoners. On the Carso the enemy's lines of communication were bombarded by our airmen with about three tons of bombs.

"In an aerial combat an enemy airplane was brought down in flames in the Auzza torrent at Avsect. The pilots were killed."

Italians Gain Territory

ROME, Sept. 16.—Italian troops gained great areas around the Bainsizza plateau, it is announced officially. More than 400 men were captured. The statement follows:

"On the Bainsizza plateau yesterday the gallant Sashari brigade, with splendid dash, gained ground at the southeastern margin, capturing 17 officers, more than 400 men and some machine guns.

"Massed troops east of Monte San Gabrielle were bombed with about two and a half tons of bombs by two of our air squadrons."

GERMAN REPLY LESS FAVORABLE

Peace Advocates Disappointed With Answe to Pope's Note—Fall of Riga Is Factor.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 16.—The Germar answer to the peace note of Pope Benedict, according to the correspondent in Germany of the Amsterdam Tijl, is less favorable than the peace advocates desired and the pan-Germans feared as the result of recent events like the fall of Riga, the disunity of Russia and the reply of President Wilson to the pope.

PREMIER OF ALBERTA PAYS VISIT TO WINNIPEG

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—Hon. A. L. Sifton, premier of Alberta, arrived in Winnipeg tonight, and will leave for Edmonton Monday. When seen on his arrival, Premier Sifton said he had "nothing to say."

COSSACK TROOPS PROTEST LOYALTY BUT IGNORE ORDER TO GIVE UP THEIR LEADER

Proclamation Issued and Signed "President" Kerensky States That Though Korniloff Revolt Has Been Quelled Other Dangers Threaten

Attitude Regarded as Ominous--General Korniloff is Taken In Custody Without Bloodshed--Held out for Conditional Terms Against Uncompromising Premier Until Deserted by Supporters

RUSSIA IS DECLARED REPUBLIC

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15.—The provisional government has issued a manifesto proclaiming Russia to be a republican state. The proclamation follows:

"Gen. Korniloff's rebellion has been quelled. But great is the confusion caused thereby and again great is the danger threatening the fate of the fatherland and its freedom.

"Holding it necessary to put an end to the external indefiniteness of the state's organization, remembering the unanimous and rapturous approval of the republican idea expressed at the Moscow meeting, the provisional government declares that the external organization according to which the Russian state is ruled is a republican organization and it hereby proclaims the Russian republic.

"KERENSKY,
Minister and President.
"YARODIN,
Minister of Justice."

The title minister and president affixed by the premier's signature to the people more probably refers to his present ministry.

(By Associated Press.)

A Russian republic has been proclaimed. The provisional government, under date of Sept. 14, issued a proclamation declaring that to strengthen the organization of the state a change to a republican form of government was necessary. Danger still threatens Russia, the proclamation says, although the rebellion of Gen. Korniloff has failed. The plan of a Russian republic has been one of the chief aims of the radicals and the council of soldiers and workmen's delegates. A cabinet of five members, including Premier Kerensky, has been named to take care of all matters of state. The only party men are Premier Kerensky and M. Nikitine, minister of posts and telegraphs, both of whom are Social Revolutionists. The others, including the ministers of marine and war, are members of no party.

Although the position of the Kerensky government appears to be improving, the action of the grand council of the Don Cossacks in refusing to surrender Gen. Kaledines is ominous. The leader of the Cossacks is accused of complicity in the Korniloff revolt. The Cossacks protest their loyalty to the government, while ignoring the government's request for the giving up of Gen. Kaledines.

Bloodshed Avoided.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—The surrender on Saturday of Gen. Korniloff occurred without bloodshed, but only after prolonged negotiations, during the course of which a collision seemed inevitable. When the government army under Korotokoff was marching from Orscha on Molhilva, Gen. Korniloff was negotiating with Gen. Alexieff, chief of staff, who had already reached Molhilva but was unable to effect an arrest owing to the fact that part of the local forces were emphatically for Korniloff and preferred to defend him to the last. Korniloff and Gen. Lokomsky laid down conditions under which they were willing to surrender their swords, the nature of which has not yet been reported. Both showed considerable obstinacy and the negotiations broke down.

Gen. Alexieff telegraphed to Premier Kerensky a description of the position, explaining that a majority of the local troops were siding with Korniloff.

Premier Issues Ultimatum.

Kerensky refused to countenance delays and gave the order to Gen. Alexieff to arrest Korniloff and as Alexieff hesitated Kerensky wired that if Korniloff was not surrendered within two hours he could conclude that Alexieff was Korniloff's prisoner and would take other measures for the expulsion of the counter-revolutionists from Molhilva.

In the meantime government troops were being steadily moved upon Molhilva, barring the roads and capturing all fugitives, among these being Savoika, Korniloff's orderly officer, who took a part in the revolution, members of the union of officers of the army and other promirent rebels. Korniloff surrendered apparently only when Gen. Korotokoff's troops were near Molhilva and after the defection of his last supporting troops.

The grand council of the Don Cossacks sitting at Novo Tcherkask, has been ordered by the government to arrest Gen. Kaledines. The council has replied that it is impossible to obey the order because Kaledines has to attend the military conference of the Cossacks in his official capacity.

At the same time the council passed a resolution protesting against the charge that the Cossacks sympathized with the counter-revolution. The resolution declares the loyalty of the Cossacks to the government and exhorts all citizens and soldiers in the Don region to disregard the appeals of irresponsible bodies.

Says Revolt Ended.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15.—After the surrender of Gen. Korniloff and the completion of the new cabinet, Premier Kerensky, when interviewed by the Associated Press, said:

"Announce that the Korniloff adventure now is completely at an end, and there is no prospect whatever of his adherents or of other parties attempting to revive it. Virtually all the chief movers in the revolt are in our hands and the matter may be considered settled.

"Our immediate problems are political, and I hope they will be settled

(Continued on Page Two.)

FOUR RUSSIAN OFFICERS SHOT

As Result of Misunderstanding on Board Warship Are Put to Death by Crew.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—It is reported from Helsingsfors that action by the general assembly of Democrats in calling upon officers of the army and navy in Finland to sign a pledge of fidelity to the previous national government has resulted in a misunderstanding on board the Russian ship Petropavlovski. Four officers who refused to sign the pledge were shot by members of the crew.

An appeal was sent to the ship's crew condemning the action of the men on board the Petropavlovski.

RUSS SOLDIERS WANT TO SETTLE TREASON CASE

Break Into Courtroom and Demand That General and His Wife Be Handed Over to Them

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—The trial of Gen. Soukhomlinoff, the former war minister, for treason was interrupted today by the breaking of windows in the courtroom, followed by the appearance of delegations from three companies of a regiment which was waiting outside. The delegates declared that the Soukhomlinoff case was the simplest of issues, and that it was plain the court was deliberately prolonging the trial. It demanded that the defendants, who included Soukhomlinoff's wife, should be handed over to the regiment, which would settle the case for them. The demand was refused, whereupon the delegates demanded that the defendants be placed on a strict prison regime and be deprived of all comforts. The court decided to transfer Soukhomlinoff from the hotel in which he was confined to the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul.

RUNS OFFER REWARD FOR FIRST AMERICAN TAKEN

Marks, Iron Cross and 14 Days' Leave For German Who Brings Him to Headquarters

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN ANCE AND BELGIUM, Sept. 16.— the Associated Press.)—German litary authorities on the western nt have shown concern about the minence of the American army's rance to the fighting by offering re- rds for the production of the first erican prisoners. The general com- nding the eleventh reserve division ently put the price of 400 marks on the first American soldier which s brought dead or alive into his es.

This information has been disclosed the diary of a Prussian soldier of 23rd reserve infantry regiment. He ote at the end of July:

"We are supposed to have had Americans opposite us for some time, and two divisions of Portuguese on our right. The man who brings in the first American, dead or alive, to headquarters, has been promised the iron cross of the first class, 400 marks and 14 days' leave."

The diary, which covers a period of nearly two months, describes in detail the construction of an important industrial town by the Germans and its transformation by a German army commander into a great mass of fortified positions. Batteries have been planted in the cellars of private houses, factories and public buildings have been partially demolished to give a better field for the fire, while the roads and squares, and even the city streets, have been torn up and massed with wire.

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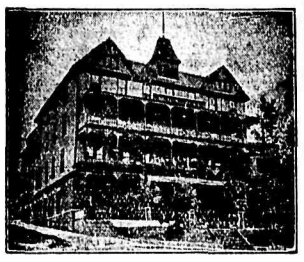

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BRITISH PIERCE HUN POSITIONS

(Continued from Page One.)

down, one falling behind our lines, and six were driven down out of control. Four of our machines are missing."

British Retain Positions.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Germans attacked early this morning in an effort to recapture positions taken Saturday by the British near Inverness copse. The attack was repulsed, the war office announces. The British penetrated German positions as far as the western outskirts of Cherisy in a raid and destroyed the German defenses.

The text of today's statement reads:

"Following their successful raid this afternoon west of Cherisy our forces raided enemy trenches in this neighborhood a second time last night, and penetrated the German positions as far as the western outskirts of Cherisy. We captured a few prisoners and two machine guns. Our casualties were again light. Its dugouts and defense were completely wrecked.

"During the night a hostile party attacked one of our principal streets north of Lens, but was driven off.

"Early today the enemy counter-attacked north of Inverness copse in an endeavor to retake the strong points captured by us in this area. This attack was also repulsed.

"The hostile artillery showed increased activity last night east of Ypres."

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The official report from British headquarters in France tonight reads:

"During the night the enemy raided our trenches in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Comines canal and east of Messines. A few of our men are missing. In the morning the enemy heavily bombarded our trenches north of Langemarc. His infantry attempted to advance. Our counter-barrage opened immediately, and no hostile attack developed.

"There was considerable artillery activity on both sides in the Ypres sector.

"On Saturday the weather did not improve. A strong west wind still rendered difficult the operation of our machines in bombing raids and fighting behind the enemy's lines. Artillery and flight work continue, and three tons of bombs were dropped on two hostile airdromes east of Courtrai, an airdrome and ammunition dump northeast of Cambrai and hostile billets. Six German machines were brought down in the air fighting and two were brought down out of control. Four of our machines are missing."

French in Surprise Attack.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—The official statement issued by the war office Saturday night reads:

"Quite violent artillery actions occurred in the sector of Moulin de Laffaux and on the right bank of the Meuse. In the Champagne area we successfully carried out a surprise attack on German trenches in the region of Mont Haut. We destroyed an observatory and a number of shelters and brought back about 10 prisoners.

"On Sept. 13 and 14 four German airplanes were brought down by our pilots in aerial engagements."

German Attack Broken.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—A strong German attack northwest of Rheims last night was repulsed by the French fire, it is announced officially. Heavy artillery fighting occurred on the Champagne front.

The text of the statement reads:

"Northwest of Rheims, a strong attack by the enemy against our posts in the region of Louvre was repulsed by our fire.

"The artillery fighting was rather severe in the sector between Maisons de Champagne and Maissine with no infantry action. On the remainder of the front it was calm."

Another Attack Foiled.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—The official statement issued by the war office tonight says:

"On the Aisne front the two artilleries were quite active in the region of Brave en Loannoise and Cerny.

"On the right bank of the Meuse the Germans delivered a new attack on our positions north of the Caurieres wood. Our fire, directed with precision, compelled the enemy to retire in the direction of their trenches which they had left. On the left bank of the Meuse, there was lively artillery fighting in the region of Le Mort Homme. They day was calm on the remainder of the front."

Berlin Admits Partial Success

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—British troops attacked the German lines Saturday in the region of Ypres and near Cherisy. Today's official statement says the attacking troops were thrown back except along the posts north of Ypres, where they forced their way into the German line on a small front.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—The supplementary statement from general headquarters today reads:

"Flanders today was the scene of fluctuating fire activity, with isolated infantry engagements. Nothing of importance occurred."

SHADELANDS MAN FATALLY HURT IN AUTO ACCIDENT

MORDEN, Man., Sept. 16.—James Dugon, a resident of Shadelands, near Morden, for the last 35 years, was fatally injured in an automobile accident on Saturday.

PARLIAMENT MAY PROROGUE THURSDAY

Revision of Railway Measure Is Only Question Calculated to Take Up Much Time

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 16.—Parliament is expected to prorogue at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. The only possibility of further delay in winding up an unusually prolonged session is that it may not be able to dispose of the bulky revision of the railway measure which is still before the railway commission of the upper house.

There has been a big fight before the railway commission over the clause urged by the city of Toronto and designed to prevent the Toronto and Niagara Power company from distributing power through the streets of Toronto without the consent of the municipality. Strong objection has been taken to the insertion in the railway measure of a clause directly affecting the company and the municipality, and this has created a practical deadlock.

Sir Robert Borden, Sir James Lougheed and J. A. Armstrong of the committee of the commons, which passed the clause in dispute, have been in conference in regard to the matter, while railway employees interested in other features of the bill, including the clause providing for a fortnightly payment of employees, instead of monthly pay checks, have been urged. It is believed that if the bill goes through it may be minus the provision in which Toronto is more particularly interested, while if it is held over some of the changes demanded by the railway employees may be put through as a separate bill. In this connection it is pointed out that the senate has already passed a bill providing for a fortnightly payment of railway employees and that this might be passed by the commons before the house prorogued.

It is stated that Sir Robert, who has of late been feeling the strain of the long session, will take a brief holiday as the house prorogues.

BREAK WITH GERMANY URGED

(Continued from Page One.)

key which had been placed in charge of the United States. The first despatch of letters concerning the interests of the United States exclusively was made on July 23. This is the explanation of the discrepancy in communications already published."

Socialists Lead at Elections

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16.—In the parliamentary elections yesterday the "*Zimmerwaldiana*" won two seats from the Social-Democrats. Results of the elections up to the present show that the Social-Democrats have 48 and the Liberals 37 and the Conservatives 30.

Prior to the election these seats were represented by 13 of the Socialist group, 29 Liberals and 43 Conservatives. The losses of the Conservatives in the elections apparently are *not affecting the Conservative party.*

The Aftenbladt asked if it is impossible to unify the Swedish people so as to give a resolute "No" to the entente, which, it says seeks to enter Swedish affairs. The newspaper opposes a change in the ministry, saying that in such an event "Sweden would soon suffer the fate of Greece by becoming a mere messenger boy for foreign powers."

"*If we are willing to accept that,*" it continues, "then, having brought down the ministry, we must weep on our knees before British and American threats."

As for the Washington disclosures regarding the employment by the German minister to Mexico of the former Swedish charge d'affaires at Mexico City to convey information for the Berlin foreign office, the newspaper says:

"This is merely a part of the threats against us with no foundation for the insinuations against our leader of foreign affairs."

CANADIANS HOLD FAST TO OUTPOSTS

(Continued from Page One.)

tinuously for eight hours while helping *to hold a newly won trench against* a counter attack. Pte Durrell led a bomb attack to cover the evacuation of a trench.

British Columbians Honored

The following non-commissioned officers and men of a British Columbia battalion have been awarded the military medal:

Sergts. Alexander Choll, Harry McNally, Lance Corp. A. Duncan, Pts. Edward A. Braithwaite, Joseph Edward Finnigan, Walter Hodgett, George Lewis, Alex London, Fred E. Jackson, Alfred J. Nesbitt and Ross Neville Wilson.

Of Sergt. Choll it is stated that he showed a wonderful fearlessness in action. All his officers were wounded in a German counter attack and the supply of bombs was exhausted. Choll reorganized and held the enemy off with bombs taken from German dead till reinforced with other help.

GARMENT WORKERS UNION CALLS STRIGE AT TORONTO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Sept. 16.—A strike has been called by the Garment Workers union in three clothing factories here because of a reduction in the scale of wages for pressing garments. The reduction is only one cent, but the workers declare that it will make a difference of from $2.50 to $3.50 per week in the wages of the pressers.

FUEL CONTROLLER CONFERS WITH REGINA COAL DEALERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 16.—Fuel Controller Magrath visited the city Sunday and had a conference with local coal dealers. He intimated that the whole question of supplying Saskatchewan would be carefully dealt with and besought cooperation. Mr. Magrath also advised the dealers that the usual amount of hard coal would be forwarded to the west.

QUEBEC SPAN TO BE RAISED TODAY

Conditions Promise to Be Ideal—Hoisting Apparatus Put Through Careful Rehearsal

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

QNEBEC, Sept. 16.—The central span of the Quebec bridge, the elevation of which was postponed on Saturday morning owing to inclement weather conditions, will be raised Monday, according to the plans made today by the engineer in charge. Today saw conditions that were wellnigh perfect, brilliant sunshine, clear air and little wind. The engineers were disappointed that they made the decision on Saturday night not to proceed with the work this morning. However, weather forecasts tonight seemed to indicate that practically the same conditions will prevail on Monday.

It is estimated that if all goes well it will be Wednesday noon before the span will be finally bolted into position, as no night work will be attempted. This afternoon the engineers put the hoisting apparatus that is to lift the 5000-ton span on its 150-foot trip from the river through a careful rehearsal and found everything working smoothly. All the men who will work at placing the span attended a mass celebrated by Rev. Father McGuire. About 4:30 o'clock Monday the rising tide will float the pontoons and eight tugs will then draw them with the span to the bridge site.

RUSSIA DECLARED TO BE REPUBLIC

(Continued from Page One.)

satisfactorily and peacefully. We must think of conducting the war.

"Gen. Kaledines is still at large and making trouble, but I hope this incident soon will come to an end. If not, the provisional government has the means and the will to end it.

"Gen. Kaledines may have a considerable number of adherents among the Cossack officers, but they in no way represent the rank and file of Cossacks, who are very democratic and entirely devoted to the revolution and the provisional government. In proof of this I have just had here a deputation from the Cossack council which expressed absolute devotion to us and promised support."

Non-Party Cabinet Formed.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15.—Premier Kerensky's attempt to form a coalition government has failed, but the crisis has been solved temporarily in the form of a cabinet reduced in size and of a virtually non-party character. This decision became inevitable when the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates yesterday informed Premier Kerensky that they agreed with the Social-Democrats and the Social Revolutionists in organizing the entrance of the constitutional democrats in the convention. Meetings lasted until early in the morning. Premier Kerensky then found it impossible to compromise on a coalition government and decided temporarily to create a cabinet of five members. They are:

Kerensky president; Terestchenko, minister of foreign affairs; Gen. Verkhovski, minister of war; Admiral Verde-Rovski, minister of marine; M. Nikitin, minister of posts and telegraphs.

Premier Counsels Troops.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—Premier Kerensky, in an order of the day to the army and the fleet, after stating that Gen. Korniloff's revolt organized the operations at the front, orders the soldiers to cease all political disputes in the army, which must do everything in its power to restore its fighting forces. The premier instructs the soldiers to resume the transport of troops according to orders of the general staff, to stop arresting their commanders, the right to do which belongs only to the judicial authorities, not to remove their commanders from their posts and not to form voluntary detachments on the pretext of fighting the counter-revolutionary movement.

The order of the day concludes with the assurance that the army, which showed its complete fidelity and trust in the provisional government during the recent troubles, will realize the country can only be saved by the re-establishment of army discipline and by the close union of all elements.

Foe Intoxicated by Success.

Gen. Valuvoff, commander of the western Russian front, in an order of the day issued to his army, says:

"The enemy does not sleep. On the contrary, he is intoxicated by his Riga success and is, according to reliable information, preparing attempts to break through the Russian front at Dvinsk and Minsk. Should he succeed the liberty received by the revolution will be lost.

"I expect you to leave to the government the solution of internal questions and to devote yourselves only to the maintenance of discipline and to fighting effectively."

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—The elections to the constituent assembly again have been postponed because the work of organization throughout the country has not been completed. Elections to the assembly now are fixed for Nov. 12 and the members are to convene Nov. 18, Russian calendar.

Cabinet Consists of Five

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—The provisional government today announced that all the affairs of state had been entrusted to five members of the cabinet. The following official communication was issued:

"Pending the definite settlement of the cabinet and in view of the present extraordinary conditions, all affairs of state have been entrusted to Premier Kerensky; M. Terestchenko, minister of foreign affairs; Gen. Ukhrovsky, minister of war; Admiral Verdervsky, minister of marine; M. Nikitine, minister of posts and telegraphs."

U. S. SUBMARINE SINKS AT DOCK; NO LIVES LOST

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—A United States submarine sank at her dock at an Atlantic port Saturday morning, the navy department announced today, but there was no loss of life. The cause has not yet been determined.

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TWO NELSON MEN REPORTED WOUNDED

F. E. West and F. Ogenski in Casualty List—Two Soldiers From Province Killed.

In the weekend casualty lists issued from Ottawa, two British Columbia soldiers are reported killed in action, two died of wounds, two gassed and 19 wounded. The lists contain altogether 112 names, 14 being list killed in action. The British Columbia soldiers include two Nelson men, F. E. West and F. Ogenski, who are reported wounded. The men from the province are:

KILLED IN ACTION
Lieut. L. Geddes, Kamloops.
GASSED
John S. McOnnell, Vancouver.
Douglas Goodman, Nanaimo.
REPORTED WOUNDED, NOW NOT WOUNDED
Hon. Capt. Chaplin George Pringle, Vernon.
SUNDAY NIGHT LIST
KILLED IN ACTION
Wm. C. Bolton, Esquimalt, B. C.
DIED OF WOUNDS
Lance Corp. T. Fleetwood, New Westminster.
J. R. Opatt, Bradworth.
WOUNDED
Joseph Beaumont, Victoria.
C. F. Jackson, New Westminster.
Edward Hall, Burton City.
John William Roberts, Vancouver.
G. D. Jamieson, Vancouver.
G. L. McDonald, Vancouver.
J. C. Watson, Chemainus.
Lance-Sergt. A. A. Taylor, Kaslo.
William McKillop, Vancouver.
F. E. West, Nelson.
N. S. Rider, Chilliwack.
E. R. Herdal, Vancouver.
Stanley Wolfender, Brisco.
Alexander Peter McDonald, Kamloops.
F. Ogenski, Nelson.
J. Murphy, Fernie.
J. M. Thompson, Vancouver.
ARTILLERY
WOUNDED
Acting Corp. Alexander D. Marshall, Victoria.
SERVICES
WOUNDED
Arthur Burns, Victoria.
Others on the list are:
Wounded and gassed—Lieut. James B. Corley, Calgary.
Ill—Lieut. William A. Campbell, Strathroy, Ont.
ENGINEERS
Wounded—Lieut. Edson, M. L. Burns Montreal.
Gassed—Lieut. W. L. Warrell, North Bay, Ont.

PENSIONS ESTIMATES ARE BEFORE THE HOUSE

Attendance at Saturday Session Small —Total Vote in One Division Only 44

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 16.—The house spent a placid Saturday afternoon in supply and discussion on smaller bills. Attendance was small and indicative of an approaching end to the session. The total vote cast in the one division of the sitting was only 44, and for some time the house proceeded without a quorum. Just before adjournment an indication was given of the amount to be expended in pensions as a result of the war. The vote in the supplementary estimates was for a further sum of $2,000,000. During the first three months of the fiscal year, Hon. J. D. Hazen said, pensions amounted to $1,253,470. For the remainder of the fiscal year it was estimated that pensions would cost $3,021,637, or a total of $4,275,107. New pensions between July 1, 1917, and March 31, 1918, were estimated to amount to another $2,700,000.

Hon. Frank Oliver remarked that there had been considerable complaint in regard to the pensions. The item was held over.

CONGREGATIONALIST LEADER, DR. JOHN HUNTER, DEAD

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16—Rev. John Hunter, D.D., for many years minister of Trinity church, Glasgow, and the first nonconformist president of the theological society of the university of Glasgow, died at Hampstead Saturday. He was a Congregationalist.

SAY REPLY UNKNOWN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.—A semiofficial Berlin message received at Amsterdam says a despatch to Reuter's, reads:

"An alleged reply to the German note to Mexico on the action of the Swedish charge d'affaires, published by the American state department, is unknown in Berlin official quarters.

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL
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TANCREDE MARCIL TURNS UP AGAIN

Denies Cowardice on the Conscription Question—Also Denies Appropriating Society Funds

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 16.—Tancrede Marcil, the anticonscriptionist, who says he was beaten up early last week, at Fletcher's field, and whose silence since the passing of the military service bill has been much commented upon, reappeared this afternoon at an anticonscription meeting in La Fontaine park. He denied all accusations of cowardice on the conscription question and said that the time for the revolution which he had predicted was before the conscription law was passed, not afterward. He also denied rumors that he had appropriated funds of the "Sons of Liberty," and promised to give a sworn statement as to these funds next Thursday night at Hochelaga.

CANADIANS GIVEN WAR DECORATIONS

Awarded Military Medals for Deeds of Heroism on the Battlefields of Europe.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The following have been awarded the Military Medal (infantry privates except where otherwise specified):

Sergt. J. J. Adams, cavalry; J. F. Barber, Sergt. J. H. Cameron, Sergt. H. Campbell, T. Campbell, P. P. C. L. I.; Lance-Corp. C. B. S. Churchill, cavalry; Bombr. H. Cruly, F. A.; Corp. H. Dalton, engineers; H. J. Dent, cavalry; D. Dobson, cavalry; C. A. Dunning, cavalry; A. Edwards, F. Fitzgerald, cavalry; E. Garlick, cavalry; Acting-Corp. H. B. Gates; Sapper A. W. Hatton, engineers; Sergt. B. W. Jones, Lance-Corp. S. Laker, machine gun corps; H. J. Leet, Sergt. R. S. Maclagan, Sergt. O. Massey, A. McGougen, Sergt. W. D. McClure, cavalry; Corp. J. Mackay, cavalry; Lance-Corp. J. Mewes, cavalry; Sapper J. J. Moran, engineers; E. Mosher, gunner (acting bombardier); D. D. Rowan, F. A.; A. Roy, Lance-Corp. J. Share, cavalry; W. Silverton, Sapper J. Snovskig, engineers; H. A. Spencer, machine gun corps; J. Thomson, Lance-Corp. (acting corporal) J. Thompson, engineers; Corp. E. Tipton, cavalry; S. Watts, F. Wilcox, cavalry; W. E. Adams, F. J. Amacher, J. M. Anderson, Sergt. R. Atkin, artillery; Sergt. F. Bandeen, L. J. Eaugust, Gunner J. T. Bennett, Sapper A. A. Boucher, E. Brawn, Sergt. H. Bretherton, S. B. Brower; Corp. E. Brownridge, Sergt. H. H. Bulman, A. S. C.; Sergt. J. L. Callahan, engineers; Sapper W. Campbell, Sergt. S. Canning, engineers; Sergt. F. C. Chatham, Sergt. A. Conway, mounted rifles; T. Cook, Sapper W. Cooper, Corp. F. W. oulter, engineers; Sergt. B. Curtis, F. W. Daglish, Sapper A. David, engineers; Corp. G. Dean, engineers; Sergt. W. H. Deo, Sapper E. F. Dew, Sergt. S. F. Dow, engineers; Sergt. E. A. Dryden, Corp. W. E. Eaton.

Sergt. O. W. Elliott, Sergt. T. Francis, Sergt. L. Gelinas, engineers; Sergt. A. Gill, engineers; Sergt. W. R. Gordon, Sergt. J. Gray, M. Hagan, Company Sergt.-Major A. W. Hart, H. Hill, Sergt. E. W. Hopkins, Sergt. C. A. Jones, Corp. E. King, Corp. W.

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COAL UNDER CONTRACT IN U. S. TO BE SEIZE

Fuel Administrator Makes Plans Fo Taking Care of Small Consumers' Needs.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Plans fo taking care of the small consumer coal needs this winter by requisitioning so called "spot" coal at the mine and directing its sale through local dealers at government fixed prices were disclosed tonight by Dr. H. Garfield, the fuel administrator.

The first move under this arrangement, Dr. Garfield explained, will be ascertain through state fuel administrators, soon to be named, the exact requirements of each state above the amounts that have been contracted for.

These would be assembled, and the total supply required will be apportioned among the country's mines. Operators will be required to fulfil their contracts enough to enable them to supply the necessary amount of "spot" coal.

A general readjustment of mine prices fixed recently by President Wilson will be recommended by Dr. Garfield within the next few weeks.

Tentative retail prices will be fixed for every community in the country possibly within two weeks. Final prices to be fixed on recommendation of local committees, Dr. Garfield says, will represent a considerable reduction in costs to the consumer.

To Lose on Stored Coal

Jobbers and retailers under the retail price fixing plan, stand to lose money on any coal they may have purchased and stored at the high prices that have prevailed, and on reason for delaying the fixing of retail prices, Dr. Garfield said, was to "give them an opportunity to get rid of their stocks.

"My advice to the consumer," said Dr. Garfield, "is that he purchase what coal he needs now despite the high retail prices, but that he purchase no more than he actually needs. I would not advise him to store any coal at the present prices, because prices probably will be brought down."

Mining and Markets

UTICA AND SLOCAN STAR SHOW LOSSES

Former Recedes Point and Latter Half Point—Quotations For Rambler and Standard

Utica and Slocan Star were both weaker on the Spokane market Saturday. The former yielded a full point to 25, and the latter ½ to 11. Rambler was quoted at 14½ and Standard at 55.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by St. Denis & Lawrence.)

	Bid	Asked
Cork Province	02¾	02⅞
Rambler	14½	18
Standard	55	
Slocan Star	11	11¾
Utica	25	26
Florence	68	
Caledonia	72	74½

New York Curb Closing.

	Bid	Asked
Canada Copper	2.32½	2.37½
Ray Hercules	3.62½	3.75
Slocan Star	18	20
Standard	62½	67½
Utica	26	28

New York Exchange.

	High	Low	Close
C. P. R.	155⅝	154	154⅜
Chino	52½	51½	51½
Inspiration	52	49¾	49⅞
Miami	35	35	35

Sales: 900, 1400, 17,800, 100.

GEOLOGIST VISITS COPPER MOUNTAIN MINING DISTRICT

Charles Cainsell of the Dominion geological survey, who was at the Hume last week, has just returned from a visit to Copper mountain, which is being developed by the Canada Copper corporation. During the past seven years he has carried out a great deal of geological work in the Similkameen district. It was he who discovered diamonds on the Tulameen river some four years ago.

STOCKS

We carry for you on a 10-point margin any of the Coppers given in our quotations. Any of them would appear to us to be a good buy at present prices.

We still recommend the purchase of C. P. R. We carry this stock on a 20-point margin. No brokerage house will carry any of the above stocks on a narrower margin than we do.

ST. DENIS & LAWRENCE
Phone 39, 509 Ward St., Nelson, B. C.

SHOW RICH SAMPLES OF ORE AT KASLO

J. E. Staneson and O. S. Bell Display Rock Averaging $286 to the Ton—Some Goes 498 Ounces

(Special to The Daily News.)

KASLO, B. C., Sept. 16.—J. E. Staneson and O. S. Bell of Spokane brought about 50 pounds of ore to town which assays high. An average sample which was picked in many places averaged $286.22.

"Selected samples gave 498 ounces in silver and $14 in gold," said Mr. Staneson.

J. W. Power intends to develop the Silver Glance and Summit Queen.

TRANSVAAL'S GOLD OUTPUT

The output of gold in the Transvaal for 1916 amounted to 9,925,538 ounces, worth $192,152,293. This is an increase of 201,867 ounces and $4,171,754 over 1915, the return being the highest ever recorded for any one year and surpassing the production of 1912 by $3,763,698. At the close of 1916 the Transvaal gold fields had produced 121,219,666 ounces of gold since 1884, representing a value of $2,500,935,931.

The amount milled on the Witwatersrand for 1916 was 28,525,252 tons, 200,000 more than in the preceeding year, says an exchange. The average grade of the ore treated was $6.47 per ton, compared with $6.37 in 1915, but the working profit was lowered by $1,465,113. An increase of 12 cents per ton occurred in the working costs, which totaled $125,376,954.

The increased cost of production is attributed by engineers and mining experts partly to the rise in prices of mining supplies and to unprecedented ocean freight rates; to the large sums paid out as allowance to employees on active war service; and to war bonuses allotted to regular workers. Advanced gold realization charges and the war levy also reduced dividends, which totaled $34,527,218, a decrease of $316,333 from 1915.

A. D. NASH
MINING ENGINEER
Consultation, Exploration, Development, Reports.
Room 1, Royal Bank Bldg., Nelson.

BRITAIN TO PAY LESS FOR LEAD

Consolidated Issues Circular to Producers—Imperial Board Wants Metal at American Price.

Announcing that reductions in shell orders to Canadian plants have been following a request from the imperial munitions board that the Consolidated company supply lead at the price set by the United States government, J. J. Warren, managing director of the company, has called a meeting of lead producers to take place at the Hume, Nelson, Thursday. A circular which has been sent to lead producers reads as follows:

"The imperial munitions board has notified us that on account of a reduction in shrapnel orders, it will not be requiring anything like the quantity of lead per month that it has been purchasing for the past many months. It also asks us to sell it any lead needed for munitions purposes at the price fixed by the United States government for lead purchased from United States producers.

"As the present commercial needs of Canada do not require anything like the present production of lead, and as there seems to be a certainty of decreased consumption of lead for munitions purposes, the situation is serious and calls for immediate and careful attention."

COPPER FIRM

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Copper, firm; electrolytic, 26 to 27.

FIRST COPPER SMELTER FOREMAN IN PROVINCE

Miles Barrett, foreman of the furnace department at the Grand Forks plant since the inception of smelting on Aug. 21, 1900, when the first furnace was blown in, and at present general foreman of the furnace and converter departments, has the honor of being the first foreman of a copper smelter in British Columbia, as he came from the Great Falls smelter of Montana in 1895 and blew in the Hall Mines smelter at Nelson, B.C., on Jan. 19 of that year. He brought two men from Montana with him, one of whom, George Miller, is now furnaceman of Grand Forks. Alex Clunis and Hugh Crosby, shift bosses, and Albert Benson, furnaceman, whom he brought over from Nelson with him are still on the job. At that time Paul Johnson was smelter superintendent; H. E. Croasdaile, financial manager, and Davis, mine superintendent at the Silver King.—Granby News.

BRAZILIAN TRACTION IN FAIR DEMAND AT MONTREAL

Civic Power Under Some Pressure—Falls to Low Record For the Issue

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 16.—A fair demand for Brazilian Traction and a little selling of Civic Power were the only features in a listless market for Canadian stocks on Saturday. Brazilian, under purchases of only 110 shares, moved up ½ point to 35½ and closed at that price bid against 38¾ on Friday.

About 220 shares of Civic Power were dealt in, all at 73, the low record of the stock. The postponement of the raising of the central span of Quebec bridge left the market for Dominion Bridge stock in a deadlock. The flurry of alternate buying and selling, which was a feature of the Friday trading, died away.

Bonds were featureless, except for some heaviness in Wayagamack sixes, sold at 80 for a small lot. The war loans were quiet and steady.

BUTTER MARKET STRONG

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 15.—The tone of the market for butter today was strong. Cheese quiet and easy. Eggs firm and fairly active.

Butter—Choicest creamery, 41½ to 42½; seconds, 41 to 41½.

Eggs—Fresh, 52 to 53; selected, 47 to 48; No. 1 stock, 43 to 44; No. 2 stock, 40 to 41.

Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, 35 to 45; Canada short cut back, 45 to 55.

The B. C. Assay and Chemical Supply Company, Ltd.

Laboratory Supplies for Assayers, Chemists, Schools and Colleges
Scientific Glassware and Porcelainware, Chemically Pure Acids and Chemicals.

567 Hornby St., Vancouver, B. C.

MINING TRUTH

The only publication of its kind in the world and the only exclusively mining periodical in the Interior Northwest fields.

Edited by Sidney Norman, an old-timer in the Kootenays and a firm believer in the future of British Columbia's mines.

Published twice a month. Subscription price, $3 per annum.

MINING TRUTH
SPOKANE, WASH.

STOCK PRICES ARE AGAIN DEPRESSED

Reports of Enemy Submarines Operating in Atlantic One of Contributing Factors

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—A diminished demand for stock today led to a resumption of speculative selling and prices were again depressed, although losses in most instances were small. Trading was light and the disappearance of strength which characterized the market was due more to aggressive bearish tactics than to absence of support. Total sales were 390,000 shares.

The renewed heaviness of the market apparently was due principally to the professional selling, although the day's news contributed to this end.

Reports of the presence of hostile submarines in the western Atlantic and reports that industrial taxation would be largely increased, tended to depress the market. Rates on some foreign centres fluctuated to a degree, which is unusual for a half day session of the exchange. Rubles continued to reflect a good inquiry, rising to 17. Quotations fir lire jumped 15 points. The bank statement showed a further contraction in loans of nearly $26,000,000, reflecting the week's liquidation. Surplus reserves declined $11,413,000. Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, $1,235,000.

Liberty bonds sold at 99.96 to 100.

Closing prices

American Smelting	95⅞
Anaconda	70⅛
C. P. R.	154⅜
U. S. Steel	107½
Utah	93½
Nickel	32¼

WINNIPEG RAILS ARE STRONG AT TORONTO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Sept. 15.—Although the action of stocks on today's short week-end session of the local market did not in itself hold out any great promise in improvement in the general situation, close students of the Canadian speculative securities found room for encouragement in the turn of events. Winnipeg rails changed hands at 47 and closed at 50 bid, as compared with a low mark of 38 recently, and while this is considerably below the price of even a year ago, there was a distinctly better demand for the stock at today's prices than at the extreme low figure of last month. The 1937 war loan sold at 95 and the 1925 war loan at 97½.

CORN VALUES TAKE DOWNWARD SWING

Oats Lower—Provisions Jump 10 to 45 Cents—Big Wheat Receipts at Winnipeg

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Nearly ideal weather and an increase of rural offerings furnished much of the impetus today for a decided downward swing which took place in values of corn. The market closed heavy, 1⅞ to 2¼ cents lower at $1.16⅝ to $1.16¾ for December and $1.14¼ to $1.14⅜ for May. Oats finished 1¼ off. Provisions gained 10 to 45 cents.

High temperatures prevailed all over important corn states and there was no rain of consequence. Continued peace gossip, together with reports that a German submarine was operating off the New England coast, tended further to handicap the bulls. No important reaction developed, and the market closed at almost the lowest price for the day.

Oats weakened with corn. Seaboard advices implied that yesterday's export sales exceeded 1,000,000 bushels, but this failed to cover the absence of any fresh demand from the east. Besides, predictions of large receipts were current.

Milling orders for wheat here continued to be far in excess of the arrivals. Other terminals reported a decided shortage. At Winnipeg, however, receipts surpassed to a liberal extent the figures of 1916.

Bullish items of the amount of purchasing for Belgium gave strength to provisions.

GRAIN MARKETS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 15.—Cash wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.21; No. 2 Northern, $2.18; No. 3 Northern, $2.15; No. 4 Northern, $2.10; No. 5, $1.89; No. 6, $1.78; feed, $1.70.

Oats—May, 65½; Oct., 67¾; Nov., 66¼; Dec., 62½.

Flax—Oct., $3.19½; Nov., $3.17; Dec., $3.12.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Cattle: Receipts, 2000; market steady. Beeves 7.40 to 7.50; western steers, 6.50 to 6.55; stockers and feeders, 6.10 to 6.50; cows and heifers, 5 to 12.85; calves, 12.50 to 16.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 3000; market steady. Light, 17 to 18.35; mixed, 16.90 to 18.60; heavy, 16 to 18.60; rough, 16.80 to 17; pigs, 13.75 to 16.75.

Sheep — Receipts, 2000; market steady. Lambs, natives, 12.25 to 18.35.

PROPERTY VALUED AT $330,000 SOLD AT WINNIPEG AUCTION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—Property to the value of about $330,000 changed hands under the hammer Saturday at the auction sale of 133 lots in Crescentwood, one of Winnipeg's best residential sections. Thirty-three lots stil lremain to be disposed of, which will be offered at auction Monday. All sales were below assesment valuation. The highest price paid was $72 per foot for a lot assessed at $110, while the lowest price was $33 per foot, with an assessment of $65. Five thousand people attended the sale, which commenced at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and closed for the day at midnight.

LEADER OF RUSSIAN REVOLT IS ARRESTED

Korniloff and Gen. Lokomsky, Who Refused to Act as Commander-in-Chief, Held by Government

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETAROGRAD, Sept. 16—Gen. Korniloff, leader of the recent rebellion against the provisional government, and Gen. Lokomsky, the commander of the northern front, who refused to take command of the Russian armies after Korniloff was deposed, have been arrested.

Russia's political problem has been solved after an all-night conference, it was announced Saturday by the Russian official news agency. A new cabinet has been formed and its composition will be made public today.

Orders Wrangling to Cease.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 16.—Premier Kerensky in an order of the day to the army and the fleet, after stating that Gen. Korniloff's revolt disorganized the operations at the front, orders soldiers to cease all political disputes in the army, which must do everything in its power to restore its fighting force.

ST. PAUL AND WINNIPEG MEAT PRICES ALMOST SAME

Food Controller Hanna Corrects Erroneous Despatch Published in Newspaper

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—More than once the alleged disparity of meat prices in St. Paul and Winnipeg has been brought to the notice of the Canadian food controller.

Some weeks ago a Winnipeg paper published a sensational statement purporting to show that meat prices in St. Paul, Minn., were from 40 to 50 per cent lower than in Winnipeg. For this purpose, the paper in question quoted prices from special advertisements of St. Paul "cut-rate" provision shops. In all cases the period of sales in these shops was limited to either four or five hours. It follows that the quantity to be sold was limited; that the cut-rates were merely part of the usual advertising expedient common on both sides of the boundary. The large merchant is often content to make no profit, or even to stand a loss on specially limited lots of merchandise, if by so doing he can obtain publicity. The prices thus fixed have no bearing whatever upon current market prices. The amount of reduction depends solely upon the dealer's desire for indirect returns.

In this particular instance the food controller immediately telegraphed the Winnipeg and St. Paul boards of trade. The answers received showed that in the items of sirloin steak, choice porterhouse, choice pot roast, spring lamb legs and rib roast beef, the St. Paul and Winnipeg prices were almost identical, thus completely refuting the contention advanced by the newspaper in question.

As the erroneous despatch had obtained very wide currency before it was corrected, the work of the food controller was injured, temporarily at least.

KING JAMES I. TRAVELED IN SUB.

First Sub. Was Made and Launched in 1620—Was Propelled By Oars

The submarine is much older than the German empire, and the credit of being the first sovereign to make a trip in one is given to James I. of England, a monarch who has generally been represented as a man of more than ordinary timidity. Doubt has been cast on the story, but whether it is true or not, that James actually made a trip in a submarine, it is interesting to recall that one of James' friends did undoubtedly construct the first practicable submersible boat recorded in history.

At Siege of Tyre

Alexander the Great is said to have employed diving bells at the siege of Tyre, 332 B. C. An Arabian historian named Bohaddin, who lived about 1150 A.D., relates that a diver entered Ptomlemais during a siege by means of a submarine apparatus. An invention for descending into the sea was heard of at Toledo in 1538, and Charles V. is said to have interested himself in it. Forty-two years later an Englishman, William Boone, was credited with inventing a plunging apparatus similar to a device produced nearly 200 years later by one Simons, which was galley-shaped, with a dome like roof, but differing in the manner of submerging. Boone's plunger was submerged by contraction of the hull through the instrumentality of handvises, which reduced its volume, while Symonds made use of leather bottles, which he filled with water. Magnus Pegelius in 1605 made a similar device which was regarded as a marvel of its time.

Van Drebel's Device

According to Allan H. Burgoyne, F. R.G.S., "the honor of having constructing the first submarine boat undoubtedly belongs to Cornelius van Drebel, a Dutch physician. His first submarine was made in 1620, when he built and launched a navigable submersible boat, and so successful did it prove that he had two others constructed on the same plans, in the larger of which James I., of whom van Drebel was an intimate friend, made a lengthy trip. Those early craft were built of wood and rendered watertight by stretching greased leather all over the hull. The following is from a description of the largest. She carried 12 rowers, besides passengers, and made a journey of several hours at a depth of from 12 to 15 feet. The holes for the oars were made to hold water by leather joints. Van Drebel accounted his chief secret to be the composition of a liquid that would speedily restore to the troubled air such a proportion of vital parts that would make it again for a good while fit for respiration. The composition of this liquid for enabling air to be used again was never made public. Van Drebel died in 1634 without having completed his experiments, leaving no document relative to his work on the subject.

Ten thousand and one persons were killed in railroad accidents in the United States during 1916, and 196,722 were injured.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco
IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW

It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

EXILED PRINCE TELLS OF WHAT LED TO BERLIN CRISIS

ZURICH, Switzerland — Discussing the settlement of the German political crisis Prince Alexander Hohenhole contributes to the Neue Zurcher Zeitung an account of what he considers to be the causes which brought about the fall of Germany's fifth chancellor, Von Bethmann-Hollweg. Himself the son of a former chancellor, and living in exile in Switzerland, the prince views the situation in his native land with a certain air of detachment impossible to one living in Germany. In publishing the memoirs of his dintinguished father's political career, Prince Alexander made some rather indiscreet revelations which gave great offense to the kaiser and made it necessary for him to retire to Switzerland, but he frequently comments in Swiss newspapers on state affairs in his native land.

Of the causes which led to the political crisis in Berlin and the retirement of von Bethmann-Hollweg from the highest post in the German empire, which he had filled for eight years, Prince Alexander wries::

"Von Behmann-Hollweg must go, not because he has lost the confidence of the monarch, for that he seems to have had up to the last, but, and therein is shown, the great turn which things have taken in Germany, because he no longer enjoys the confidence of the majority of the reichstag. Step by step, he has yielded to their demands, but at the same time has spoiled everything. The conservatives, although he sprang from their ranks, mistrusted him from the first, perhaps, because of his descent from a Frankfort patrician family. Gradually they became his bitterest foes. That he had contrived to win the confidence of the Social-Democrats and on various occasions had been supported by the parties of the left, they could not forgive. Then came the pan-Germans, who pursued him with their enmity from the moment they saw that he did not identify himself with their war aims.

"That the conflict finally assumed forms in comparison with which the fighting of the wildest Indian tribes is tame and civilized, will astonish nobody who has ever had the opportunity of seeing behind the political scenes of the German capital. It was a repugnant spectacle, especially in the last days, to see with what poisoned weapons the enemies of the hated statesman sought to bring about his fall. The tragedy of his fate lies in this, that whilst he perceived the right path he never found the courage to follow it, regardless of opposition. In politics there always comes a moment when a statesman must decide. Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg desired to do everything right, and yet finally had every one against him. He does not appear to have given up power willingly, or rather, perhaps, the appearance of power; for not only the conduct of the war, but even politics, appear to be directed by the high military command. His fall was unavoidable from the moment when the Centre, or Roman Catholic party, under the leadership of Erzberger, who had jealously supported the chancellor during the three years of the war, deserted him and made a complete change of front. Nothing in the whole crisis is more symptomatic of the development of public opinion in Germany than this change in the attitude of the Centre.

"The majority of the reichstag, to which all parties, with the exception of the Conservatives and the greater part of the German factors belong, had as a result of Erzberger's speech, united on the formula of a declaration of peace aims, to be laid before the reichstag. What attitude Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg had assumed to this is not known at present. If it should be true that he had refused to yield to the wishes of the Centre on this point, in consequence of the opposition of the military, then that would prove that he was really no longer in sympathy with the changed situation; for it is most characteristic of the proceedings of Erzberger that, regardless of military opposition, he openly advocated a reasonable peace, and therewith began a conflict with the pan-Germans, on whose side he had hitherto stood.

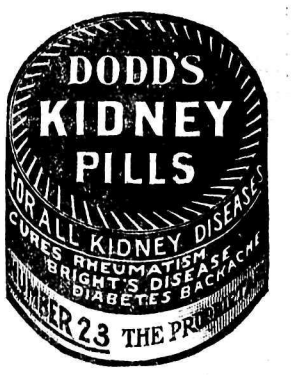
"Coming to internal politics Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg had at last agreed to the equal franchise in the question of the democratization of political life in Germany. But in this, too, he came only out of the rain into the gutter, as he had in the meantime roused the wrath of the Conservatives, who felt their rights endangered, whilst at the same time his delay in making such a concession had failed to produce amongst the left parties, and especially the Social-Democrats, the confidence he so much desired. His character shows a lamentable want of decision, which is disastrous to the career of a statesman who would be a leader and not a follower."

TRADE OPENINGS IN FAR EAST SAID TO BE PROMISING

NEW YORK, N. Y.—"Great opportunities for American manufacturers to enter new fields seem to be opening now in the Far East," said Eugene Josenhans, who has just returned from a round-the-world trip for American manufacturers. The countries visited by Mr. Josenhans include Japan, Korea, Manchuria, Siberia, the whole of China, the Philippines, French Indo-China, Siam, Dutch and British India, South Africa and the Argentine and Brazilian coasts. He is now preparing for a second commercial tour through the important trade centres of the above countries.

"A rule to be observed in trading with the Far East is to refrain from offering goods that afterwards you are unable to deliver from any cause," said Mr. Josenhans. "You may ask any reasonable price for your manufactures; if the goods are needed the dealers will pay your price, but after a transaction has been effected, it is unwise to try to raise the price agreed upon because it results in orders being canceled and impedes further negotiations.

"In general, manufacturers must realize that in countries of the Far East they have two different trades to deal with, and consequently they will have to manufacture two kinds of material; one for the natives, a cheap line of all kinds of goods in immense quantities, and another for European residents and the educated class of natives who demand the same quality as used in this country by the educated classes. Manufacturers must also realize that each market must be carefully studied for individual needs."



NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CO-OWNER.

Notice to John R. Matthews.

Notice is hereby given that I, L. R. Clubine, co-owner together with John R. Matthews, in the Trillion mineral claim, situated on Lost Creek, and recorded on the second day of August, 1911, unless you, within a period of ninety days from the first publication of this advertisement, pay to me the sum of $368.50, money expended by me in performing the assessment work, together with half the costs of traveling to and from the claim, and together with all the costs of this advertisement, your interest in the said claim will become vested in me, your co-owner, who has made the required expenditure on the said mineral claim under section 24 of the "Mineral Act."

This notice is published under section 25-B of the "Mineral Act."

(Signed) L. R. CLUBINE.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Fall Fair Excursion Rates

Nelson Fair
SINGLE FARE FOR RETURN JOURNEY
ON SALE SEPT. 17 TO 20
Return Limit Sept. 22
From All Stations Calgary to Midway, Field to Vancouver, Kettle Valley Railway, Kootenay Steamer Routes, All Kootenay Branches.

Trail Fair
FARE AND ONE-THIRD FOR ROUND TRIP
ON SALE SEPT. 17 TO 19
Return Limit Sept. 21
From All Stations Kootenay Landing to Midway, including All Branches and Kootenay Steamer Lines.

Tickets FROM AGENTS OR PURSERS. CONDUCTORS WILL ISSUE EXCURSION RATES FROM FLAG STATIONS.

J. S. CARTER, D. P. A., Nelson, B.C.

The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS
Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc Ores
TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD. BLUESTONE AND SPELTER

THE NELSON IRON WORKS, Limited
PARTIAL LIST OF SECOND-HAND MACHINERY FOR SALE

One 14 x 16 Phoenix Horizontal Engine.
One 36 x 8 Vertical Boiler.
One 30 x 7 Vertical Boiler.
One 20 x 20½ x 24 Steam Air Compressor.
One 8 x 9 x 12 Steam Air Compressor.
One 16 x 8 x 16 Knowles Cameron Sinking Pump.
One No. 5 Cameron Piston Type Sinking Pump.
One 6 x 8 Friction Drum Hoist.
One 6 x 10 Link Motion Hoist.
One 3-h.p. 220-vt. Electric Motor.
One 5-h.p. 220-vt. Electric Motor.
One 45-k.w. Edison Generator D.C.
One 7 x 10 Blake Crusher.
One Large Gates Style K Crusher.
One Style B Gates Sample Crusher.
One Sample Gyratory Crusher.
One Small Assayers Crusher.
One 5-Stamp Mill, New.
One 36-in. Amalgamating Pan.
And Many Other Machines.

Motors for Sale

WE SPECIALIZE IN POWER INSTALLATIONS FOR MINING, MILLING AND SMELTING, DEVELOPMENT OF WATER-POWERS AND THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT OF SAWMILLS

WE HAVE AVAILABLE A CONSIDERABLE STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND MOTORS

PRICES REASONABLE—WORK GUARANTEED

MUNDY, ROWLAND & CO.,
Electrical Engineers and Contractors,
Standard Bank Building,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

THE DAILY NEWS

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ROBB SUTHERLAND,
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MONDAY, SEPT. 17, 1917.

STERN NECESSITY ROUTS THE THEORISTS

As matters stand at the present time, Russia promises to gain enormously as a result of Korniloff's abortive counter-revolution. Stern necessity has given Kerensky a power which he could not grasp until the choice rested between strong control by the provisional government or a dictatorship by Korniloff.

Kerensky has been giving orders for some weeks. He is now insisting that they be carried out. The arrest of Korniloff is a case in point. General Alexieff was instructed to arrest the leader of the revolt. He negotiated, and when Korniloff refused to accept the terms offered, hesitated to go any further. He feared an armed conflict. Kerensky gave Alexieff two hours. "If Korniloff has not surrendered by that time, I will conclude that you are his prisoner" was in effect the premier's message. It proved effective. Alexieff displayed decision and Korniloff surrendered.

Declaration of Russia as a republic is evidently for moral effect. The step was inevitable directly the constituent assembly should have met. Kerensky has decided that he could allay the suspicion of the democrats by taking that step immediately on his own responsibility. He has cut the cabinet to five members, of his own choice rather than that of the theorists and metaphysicians who have been trying to deal on abstract lines with a problem of government which, like all problems of government, is essentially practical.

DON'T PUT FAITH IN RUMORS OF EARLY PEACE.

Another crop of peace rumors is afloat. It seems to have originated about the time that it became known that the pope was sending out peace proposals, but before the nature of those proposals were ascertained.

The entente peoples would be very foolish to expect peace, except on German terms, to arise out of anything except crushing defeat of Germany's military machine. To that defeat economic and food problems will, of course, contribute, but they are only a factor. It is by means of men and guns and munitions that Germany will be beaten.

Germany's military strength is crumbling, but not sufficiently quickly to give any ground for hope that it will collapse within a few months. Entente victory is only a matter of time, now that Germany's military strength is on the down grade, but next summer is the earliest date at which it can be expected that a crushing blow can be dealt to the Teuton armies. After that has occurred events may move more rapidly toward an enduring peace.

EXPLAINS WHY HE SUPPORTS BORDEN ON WAR POLICY.

"While I do not propose to abandon any of my Liberal principles, I am going to support until the end of the war, any government that will do its full duty toward winning the war," writes J. G. Turriff, Liberal M. P., in a letter to a Saskatchewan newspaper.

Referring to the western Liberal convention he says that the majority of the delegates "were misled by a few men into believing that Sir Wilfrid, with a solid Quebec behind him, could carry on the war. This is impossible and in this coming fight it will be a case of standing by Sir Wilfrid and a solid Quebec, or standing by the boys at the front. I purpose standing by the boys."

TOO DANGEROUS TO CONSCRIPT PROBABLE SPIES.

It is argued that no one would wish to force naturalized Germans and Austrians in Canada to go ti the front to fight against their blood relations in the ranks of the Teuton armies. That may be so, but there is a far more compelling military reason for not conscripting men of enemy nationality who have come to this country in recent years. That reason is that Canada doesn't dare to send to the front a crowd of Teutons which would inevitably include thousands of spies. It would be little short of murder to send to the front a battalion of Canadian boys that included in its ranks men of enemy birth who were potential spies, devoted to betrayal of their battalion to their friends, the Germans.

The government is quite right in its determination to send to the front by conscription none of the enemy citizens who are being disfranchised. They cannot be trusted to vote faithfully as British subjects on the war issue and they can't be trusted to fight beside Canadian boys in the trenches. Many of those to be disfranchised are reservists in Teuton armies and would today be in the ranks of the enemy troops if it were not for British naval control of the seas.

The daring criminal at Estevan, Sask., who jumped on top of a policeman must have desired to make an impression.

At this distance it does not appear likely that one Nicholas Romanoff will be a candidate for the presidency of the newly declared Russian republic.

A supplementary estimate of an additional $2,000,000 for pensions for soldiers and their dependents which has been passed at Ottawa is to provide for the increased scale which the government is now working out.

If Kerensky can reorganize Russian industry, commerce and system of distribution so that the people will be assured of steady work and plenty of food he will accomplish more to tranquilize the country than all the extreme theorists at Petrograd could accomplish in a hundred years.

Tancrede Marcil, the Quebec anti-conscriptionist, before conscription became law, urged that its enforcement be fought by a revolt. Now he says that the time for a revolution was before the act was passed, and not afterward. He shows considerable acumen. The police have power to arrest anyone who incites disobedience of the law. Mr. Marcil is compelled in future to confine himself to talking against the principle of conscription and, of course, to working for the return to power of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

Brewster Goes the Limit

Amidst all the political turmoil in which Canada is involved it is refreshing, even if a little surprising, to find that there is still one man who stands by the resolutions passed at the Western Liberal convention. Others may grow weak in faith, but he stays pat. Others may take refuge in the claim that they misunderstood what was going on, but he will make no such confession of weakness. As he sees it, everything done by the convention was just perfectly all right and needs no defense or explanation. The name of this lonely prodigy on the public stage is Hon. H. C. Brewster, premier of British Columbia.—Moose Jaw News.

The Contrast

Sir Robert Borden's consistently non-partizan conduct, with a mind single to winning the war, stands out in splendid contrast to the miserable, contentious, narrow-minded conduct of such Liberals as Messrs. Pugsley, Graham, Macdonald of Pictou, Oliver and others of lesser note.—Hamilton Spectator.

An Imperial Curse.

The selfish or the unpatriotic man today is an imperial curse. At the moment when the most sustained effort is required from the people of the Empire in the mass, he is like a typhoid carrier, carrying the disease of sloth and indifference and selfishness wherever he goes. These are the individuals who ought to be suppressed, these are the real enemies of Empire. Everything, every man who weakens, even by a fraction, the holding power of the Empire is the enemy of the Empire, the enemy of humanity; that is the truth which emerges more clearly than any other from the striking events of the week.—The Times of India.

New Field for Debate.

A Topeka undertaker has opened a new field of wide debating possibilities with the statement that a funeral should cost no more than it is worth.—Kansas City Star.

Long Time Discovering a Better One

Conservatives stand by Premier Borden as the best leader Canada can have at this juncture. If the Liberals have anyone better for the job they are a long time discovering him.—Guelph Herald.

COLD STORAGE

He—Have you read "Freckles"?

She (quickly)—Oh, no, that's my veil.

Cholly—Er, I say, Miss Ethel, I—er—hem—

Ethel—Oh, do you? Then I'll set you to work hemming sheets for the soldiers.

The Boy—I have a bad head this morning.

The Girl—I'm so sorry. I hope you'll be able to shake it off.

Mother—I hope you do not allow him to kiss you as yet?

Daughter—I cannot break him of all his foolish habits in a month, can I?

"Had any luck with your garden?"

"Yes. There are two or three ears of corn the thieves haven't swiped as yet."

He—I understand you have been attending an ambulance class. Can you tell me what is the best thing to do for a broken heart?

She—Oh, yes. Bind up the broken portion with a gold band, bathe in orange-blossom water and apply plenty of raw rice. Guaranteed to be well in a month.

GOLD SECRETED IN SPANISH VESSEL LEAVING PORT SEIZED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

A GULF PORT, Sept. 16.—Customs officers yesterday removed from a Spanish vessel approximately $50,000 in gold coin secreted in a large quantity of ship stores. The seizure was made a few minutes before the vessel was due to depart for a Spanish port.

CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP.

Canadians born under the British flag have hitherto held their birthright too cheaply. It is surely safe to say that they will prize it more highly throughout the time to come. Even before the war began there were encouraging signs of a higher appreciation by our people of the national heritage that is theirs. They were beginning to realize that their country is too precious a possession to be thrown open to all comers in a world-scramble for land and prepared opportunity. Some wise words were said on this point in the last speech made by the Duke of Connaught in Canada. He impressed upon his hearers the high importance of giving the preference to immigrants of British stock and the need of careful selection in regard to some of the races of continental Europe and of the old world generally.

Like most young nations, Canada erred on the side of impatience. It is not to be denied that there was much trial of patience. The great nation beside us was bounding forward on its wonderful career, attracting capital and population from the most progressive countries beyond the Atlantic. Canada seemed to be overshadowed. Patriotic Canadians sometimes despaired of the fortunes of their country, notwithstanding that they knew its resources to be unsurpassed. While the United States was filling up we had to bide our time. Our turn came, and it would have come just the same had we not made haste to be rich. That wonderful period of Canadian industrial development that set in about the beginning of this century and continued with little interruption up to the beginning of the war was not as morally enriching to the country as it ought to have been. The nation was too much preoccupied with material interests. The making of wealth was the first consideration with many of our people. "Develop our resources!" was the cry on all hands. For that purpose it was sought to draw population from nearly every European land people could be induced to leave. We got population and felt that we were on the high road to national greatness. Everybody was welcome. Aliens were hurried through the form of naturalization as soon as their three years' probation was up and in some cases sooner. For this the keen party politicians were to blame. They wanted votes, and the party that did most to make voters of the immigrants from foreign countries stood the best chance of controlling these votes at election time. The consequence was that many of our naturalized citizens are as true to their fatherland today as they were when training in its armies. The war-time franchise bill is therefore a necessity of the hour.

Henceforth the immigration laws of Canada must be of finer mesh than they were before the war, and naturalization must be conferred only upon those who have given abundant proof that the Dominion of Canada and the British Empire have their first and only political affections. Every young immigrant who speaks a foreign language should be required upon admission to the country to undertake to learn and use the English language. The policy of settling in racial colonies must be abandoned, so that the process of national assimilation may be facilitated. Communities of immigrants that persist in the use of a foreign language ought to be broken up if after due notice the use of the English language is not general among them. Every newcomer, who, being otherwise acceptable, has a foreign name that is difficult to pronounce or spell ought to be required to adopt an English name. Then it will be possible to construct for some urban districts a directory that is really of guidance to those who consult it. Above all, the right of citizenship should be reserved until the most satisfactory proofs have been given that the alien who seeks it is worthy of it.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

CANADIAN WOMEN WILL DO WITHOUT THE VOTE FOR THE SOLDIERS' SAKE

Mothers, wives and sisters of Canadian soldiers and resident in Canada are enfranchised by the War-Time Elections act.

Women who are neither mothers, wives nor sisters of Canadian soldiers are not enfranchised by the War-Time Elections act.

Laurierism, with the help of the Globe and the Star, professes to desire a law that will enfranchise all adult women in Canada.

Laurierism and its organs really desire a law that will enfranchise the mothers, wives and daughters of foreign military reservists and other Europeans with power to kill the votes of an equal number of native Canadian and other British-born women.

A Laurier franchise would permit the European military reservists and other pro-Germans to throw the votes of their women into the ballot-box against Canada's soldiers and Canada's safety.

The Borden franchise will prevent the votes of Canadian women being killed by the votes of Austro-German women. The woman who is neither the widow, mother, wife, daughter or sister of a soldier cannot go to the polls under the Borden franchise. A vote for women who can qualify for the franchise as mothers, wives or sisters of soldiers is no stigma upon the patriotic service of women who cannot offer such a claim to the franchise. These women are doing patriotic service and they do without the vote that would be polled for Canada in order that the mothers, wives and sisters of European military reservists and other pro-Germans may be kept without the votes that would be polled to help the kaiser at a war-time election in this country.—Toronto Telegram.

"I educated one of my boys to be doctor and the other to be a lawyer," said Farmer Corntossel. "You should be very proud of them," announced the visitors. "That seems like an excellent arrangement." "I don't know about that," replied the aged agriculturist; "it looks as though it was a going to break up the family. I got runinto by a locomotive, and one of 'em wants to cure me and the other wants me to go lame so he can sue for damages."

JAPAN AND THE ALLIES

Some leading newspapers in the United States believe that Japan is about to offer to send a huge army to aid the allies in Europe in return for concessions on the Pacific coast and on the Asiatic continent, chiefly in regard to China. The arrival of the Japanese mission, and the warmth of the receptions accorded to the mission in the senate chamber at Washington and elsewhere throughout the country have inspired this view, which has no official pronouncement to support it. The fact that the mission is not looking for loans, and that it has full power of action without consulting the emperor of the diet of Japan, lends some weight to the idea that it may result in the pledging of aid by Japan's powerful military forces to the allies in some area of the world war. The New York Times says that the mission, which is headed by Viscount Kikujiro Ishii, will negotiate the settlement "of the differences between Americans and Japanese over the issue of American citizenship for the Japanese, and the right of the Japanese immigrants to own and convey land and land titles in the United States." In addition, the Times says, "it is generally hinted and understood that the mission will offer to send a large army, in some quarters estimated at from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000, to Europe to end the war, in return to certain concessions," the latter being of the nature mentioned in the foregoing.

Other newspapers express similar opinions, but none discuss the manner in which the transportation of so great an army with all its supplies and its equipment is to be undertaken. Generally it is presumed that the easiest way would be to land Japanese troops in Russian territory and convey them via the Siberian railway to the Russian fighting front. When this idea was under discussion earlier in the war as a remote probability, it was considered by a number of railway and military commentators as impracticable. It was held that even under the most favorable circumstances the railway could not stand the strain of carrying so great a force of men and all the necessary equipment, and that could it be done the time required would be fatal to the project.

At the present time there is another barrier to the carriage of troops across Russia by rail—namely, the unsettled conditions in Russia, and particularly in the sections distant from the governmental centres. Returning diplomats and travellers draw gloomy pictures of the railroad situation in Russia, and at the recent Moscow conference it was declared that unless there was an immediate and radical change the armies still in the field would be in dire straits for dire necessaries, owing to the congestion on the railway lines and the increasing radical demands of the railway workers.

Latterly there has been some disposition to believe that a considerable sized army from Japan might travel by this route, but another large force could be conveyed by sea, not to Europe, but to the Persian and Mesopotamian areas, there to assist in crushing the resistance of the Turk and paving the way for a back-door drive on Constantinople. The Pacific sea routes have been subjected to the depredations of lone raiders from time to time, but these dangers are in no measure comparable to those of the sub-infested Atlantic.

If there is any ground for the belief of the American newspapers the world will soon know to what extent Japanese land forces are to engage in the war. In any event, it should not be forgotten that Japan has already contributed in generous measure and continues to give aid to the allies. In addition to the land operations against Kio-Chau early in the war, she has sent warships to European waters to assist in the fight against the U-boats, helped to make the Pacific safe for allied shipping, has escorted many transports from India, Australia and New Zealand, and has turned out immense quantities of guns and ammunition, especially for Russia. Additional aid from her would no doubt depend largely on whether the allies ask it or not.—Toronto Globe.

WAR AFFECTS STYLES IN WHISKERS.

The London newspapers are predicting that the full beard will come into fashion both in Europe and America as a result of the war. War has always influenced the style in whiskers, even so far back as the time of Alexander the Great, who required his soldiers to shave off their beards because a beard was a handle which an enemy could seize.

The British military campaign which ended at Waterloo made the moustache popular in England. Many of the soldiers in that great battle were moustached and the returning troops, welcomed as heroes, excited the envy of young men civilians and the moustaches of the soldiers were copied.

The Crimean war in the '50's brought the full beard back into fashion again. In that campaign British soldiers spent long months in the trenches, where they had no chance to shave. Their beards grew and they wore them when they returned to England. An account of that day says:

"When soldiers who had grown beards and acquired the taste for tobacco in the trenches showed their beards and their cigars in Piccadilly, their eyes roving omong the girls who everywhere gathered to admire them, they set a fashion that spread through the kingdom."

The civil war in America gave the moustache great popularity there. This has given way to the clean shaven face as the prevailing fashion, although the moustache is yet worn.

The English papers say that many soldiers coming home from the front are "bearded like a pard" and, unless all precedents fail, the full beard is going to come into fashion again.—Calgary Albertan.

GERMANY LOOKS AHEAD

Gradually, Germany is realizing that there are things more important than territory and more valuable than the wealth she can steal by the occupation and looting of other people's towns and cities.

The Frankfurter Zeitung not long ago reminded its readers of the exact terms of the Paris resolutions, and arrived at the following conclusions:

"It is completely clear that the possibility of further favorable development for Germany will not be guaranteed by the acquisition of a streten of country in east or west; on the contrary, what is wanted above all things, and in the first place, is the complete setting aside of the economic blockade measures which are contemplated against us. The value of the peace treaty will be determined by the achievement of this goal. In these matters we are actually concerned with the foundations of our world economic position, and the future of our trade, of our employers and workmen, and also of our agriculture."

What the Germans have not even yet learnt is the value of possessing the good will of those with whom they must, in the natural order of things, have social, political and commercial relations. They will learn in the future that war, dictated by such ambitions as have obsessed them, and carried on by the methods they have aided and abetted after origination by the Prussian militarists, does not pay. The foundations of the economic relations between Germany and the nations she has victimized have been shaken and cracked. If they continue to exist after the war it will be because few human beings persistently bear malice for injuries received, especially if due punishment has been inflicted.

The lot of the German in European countries outside his own will not be pleasant for some time after peace is restored. But it will be what the Germany of today and yesterday has made it. The Germany of tomorrow will obtain the complete setting aside of economic hostility towards her only by showing that she has nothing in common with the deluded Germany, degraded by subservience to an inhuman philosophy of militarism and racial egoism, which has dragged the nations of Europe and the world through a nightmare of "blood and iron."—Winnipeg Free Press.

Flinging her 11-year-old daughter from the roof of a New York tenement, Mrs. Mary Hangar, 32, plunged also. Both were discovered alive three hours later. The girl is still alive.

10 A.M.—and Sunlight Sue, her washing through, is knitting Socks for Soldiers

Think of wash-day as a day of SUNLIGHT. Forget all about old-time trials, troubles and hard work. Look forward to wash-days as to other days, because you use Sunlight Soap.

Other days you need Sunlight Soap just as you do on wash-day, for besides washing clothes, it keeps the home sweet and clean. When in doubt think of the $5,000 Guarantee of Purity that rests upon every single bar of Sunlight Soap you buy.

Sold at all grocers. Remember the name Lever on soap is a guarantee of Purity and Excellence.

SUNLIGHT SOAP
LEVER BROS., LIMITED
TORONTO

Birks' Diamonds

are presented in a wonderful range of jewellery, and mounted in original settings, which exhibits the finest work of our skilled craftsmen. There is some distinctive quality or artistic feature in each ring or brooch, pin or pendant, that appeals to the purchaser.

Engagement Rings, with perfect stones, platinum set, from $25. Catalogue forwarded on request.

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Wrenches

We have in stock a full line of Drop Forged Double-End Wrenches in the Thin, Medium and Heavy Patterns; also Adjustable Sets of Socket and Adjustable Auto Wrenches. Sets of Auto Chisels—just what is required around the launch or automobile.

Nelson Hardware Co.
412 BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON, STREET, NELSON, B. C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders addressed to J. A. McLeod, Esq., secretary of the school trustees, Rossland, B. C., will be received up to the hour of 7:30 p. m., September 21st, 1917, for the erection of a brick school building at Rossland, B. C., not including plumbing and warm air heating and ventilation, for which separate tenders are to be called.

Tenders are to be enclosed with a marked certified cheque equal to 5 per cent of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited in case the parties tendering refuse to enter into contract if called upon to do so.

The trustees do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Particulars and forms of tender may be obtained from the secretary at the City Hall, Rossland, B. C., or at the office of the undersigned.

JOSEPH H. BOWMAN,
Architect.
914 Yorkshire Building, Seymour street, Vancouver, B. C.

THE DAILY NEWS WANT ADS ANTICIPATE YOUR WANTS

Special Prizes

First $10.00

Second, 98 pounds Pantry Queen Flour

Given by the Star Grocery for the best loaf of bread in open competition if made from

PANTRY QUEEN FLOUR

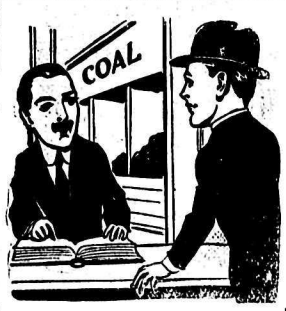
At the

NELSON FRUIT FAIR

Entries close Saturday 10 p. m.

Star Grocery

PHONE 10



LET US BOOK YOUR ORDER

for coal today. Then that will be a necessary thing out of the way. You will find our coal the best you ever used. Clean, free burning and full weight. The best coal to be had at ordinary prices.

West Transfer Co.

PHONE 33.

GERMAN SCHEME TO GET WIRELESS CONTROL FOILED

Telefunken Company Made Bold Effort to Beat Out Organizations of Other Nations.

A statement from the managing director of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company in regard to an attempt made by Germany to control the wireless systems of the world was published in the London Chronicle.

The Belgian company was formed in 1901 and secured from the Marconi company the mercantile marine rights in certain countries in Europe, including those of Germany and Austria. The company was purely Belgian and the shares were held in Belgium and England.

It proceeded to instal and operate apparatus on all the principal ships of the mercantile marine of Germany and Austria.

In 1910 the German government made it known that they would no longer sanction the installation or operation of any wireless system on any German ships other than the German system under German control.

Threatened with the loss of the whole of its German business, the Belgian company came to an agreement with the German Telefunken company for the formation of a company in Germany which should take over the business of the German mercantile marine. The Belgian company together with the Marconi company retained a 45 per cent interest in the German company, the Germans holding 55 per cent.

The Belgian company and the Marconi company appointed members to the board of the new German company.

Subsequently the Austrian government took a similar action and the Belgian company agreed that Austrian ship stations should be transferred to the German company.

In return, however, it was agreed with the German company that their sphere of action should be strictly limited to ships of Germany and Austria and that all ships belonging to other nations which had been installed by them should pass into the hands of the Belgian company and should in future be the business of the Belgian company.

The Belgian company was thereupon reconstructed and the capital divided into thirds, the Belgians holding one-third and the Germans one-third.

At the outbreak of war there were two Germans in the employ of the Belgian company. They were immediately dismissed. The business of the Belgian company was promptly taken in hand by the English directors, Capt. H. Riall Sankey and myself, transferred to Marconi house and has been under the complete control of the English directors ever since.

There has not been since the outbreak of war a single German operator employed on any ship of the Belgian company in any part of the world.

With regard to Australia, owing to Australia and New Zealand governments having placed large contracts in the hands of the Germans for the construction of powerful coastal wireless stations, the Germans were in a position of considerable advantage.

The Marconi company commenced proceedings for infringements of patents against the German company and the Australian government.

Subsequently a settlement was arrived at with the Germans, under which it was agreed that an Australian company should be formed which should purchase the interests both of the Marconi company and the German Telefunken company.

The company had a capital of £140,000, of which the Marconi company held one-half, the Australians some £62,000 and the Germans about £8000. Thus a complete control of wireless in Australia passed into Australian and English hands.

With regard to other countries in respect of which agreements existed with the German Telefunken company this was limited to an understanding in so far as the United States was concerned to the two companies abstaining from hostile action toward each other until Jan. 31, 1913.

With regard to other countries, the nature of the agreement was purely commercial and was brought about as a result of the strength of the Marconi company's patent position. It served to prevent the German company ousting the Marconi company from every country in the world by reason of its ruinous prices which the German company was quoting at no matter what financial loss, no doubt with the German government behind them, for the purpose of obtaining German wireless stations throughout the world.

It is only in consequence of this agreement that British wireless stations now preponderate throughout the world.

16143

Is the winning number for last week in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes.

Mrs. J. H. Tait held the lucky number for week ending Sept. 8.

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION.

Fruit Growers—Attention

We shall load our next car of fruit at the freight sheds on

SEPTEMBER 26

Wealthies, Gravensteins, Plums, Pears, Crabapples and all other seasonable varieties of fruit. Ship in on 24th and 25th for this car.

KOOTENAY FRUIT GROWERS' UNION

Phone 180. 508 Ward St.

DAYS OF GOOD FAIRIES NOT OVER—MODERN CINDERELLA

The days of good fairies is not over. Several months ago, Miss Minerva Menke was a passenger on a Madison avenue street car in New York city. As she stepped from the car one of her pumps became wedged in a corner of the step and her foot slipped out of it. She did her best to make her plight known, but at that moment the fairy must have shut the conductor's eyes and covered his ears, for he gave two vigorous tugs on the bell rope, and the car carried Miss Menke's pump away, leaving her pumpless in the street. She hobbled to a drug store at the corner and telephoned for a taxicab to take her home.

A few blocks farther on, Jacks Wolfsor noticed the pump as he was leaving the car. He slipped it into his pocket—it is a —No. 2—and when he reached home telephoned an advertisement to the New York Herald, requesting the young woman who lost the pump to write to him.

Miss Minerva wrote, and Jacks called to return the pump. He kept on calling more and more frequently and now they are married and will doubtless "live happily ever after."

The price of wheat in Great Britain, fixed at $2.34 a bushel in April, has been reduced to $2.10, and other grain prices have been lowered accordingly.

HOME MADE bread is a treat.

MADE with "Taylor Made" it's a delight.

Kootenay and Boundary

NAKUSP MINISTER FOR NEW DENVER

Rev. A. J. Mitchell Appointed to Presbyterian Church—Canners Elect Officers.

(Special to The Daily News.)

NAKUSP, B. C., Sept. 16.—Announcement is made of the appointment of the Rev. A. J. Mitchell, who has occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church here for the past two years, to the New Denver incumbency. He will leave for his new field in October.

The annual meeting of the Arrow Lakes Produce and Canning association was held on Wednesday evening, there being about 50 members present, J. W. Wood presiding. The association is purely a cooperative affair, dealing in farm produce and feed at a minimum profit above cost. During the year sales amounting to $12,000 were effected, showing a gross profit of $805.63, and a net profit of $307.92. The percentage of gross profit on purchases amounted to 7.2. Net profit, 2.75 per cent, and the percentage of net profit on capital paid up 37 per cent. The retiring directors, with the addition of G. H. Gardner, and with the exception of R. A. Quance, who declined nomination, were reelected, as was also the retiring auditor, L. J. Edwards.

D. T. Bulger has secured a contract from the provincial government for the construction of a ferry barge for use at Hall's landing. Work will be commenced immediately and the ferry will be in operation within 30 days. Its dimensions will be 16 feet by 40 feet by 4½ feet deep, exclusive of aprons. It will be built of coast fir and propelled by gasoline power, operated on cables, and will accommodate four teams.

George P. Horseley of Chinook, Montana, has arrived here with machinery for the electric lighting of Nakusp and district, and hopes to have his system in working order before the snow flies. It is expected that power will be developed from the Nakusp creek, about a mile south of the town.

W. F. Trant, assistant post office inspector, of Vancouver, spent a day in town and on Thursday was driven over the proposed route of the rural mail delivery between Nakusp, Glenbank, Brouse, Box Lake and Crescent bay, a circle of about 12 miles, by C. B. Hamling. On the route there are over 50 families, most of whom have signified their readiness to avail themselves of the service and purchase mail boxes at a cost of $4.50 each. This will be the only expenditure on the part of the citizens.

Dr. and Mrs. E. H. S. McLean left for Toronto on Tuesday, having been called there on account of the death of Dr. McLean's father. The deceased gentleman was 80 years old and at one time lived with his son at Revelstoke.

N. R. Brown, provincial assessor, spent several days here this week on official business, returning to Revelstoke Thursday.

Mrs. A. M. Moul of Vancouver is visiting her son here for a few days, while en route to Winnipeg.

The death took place Tuesday of Miss Wheeler of Crescent Bay, who has lived here for the past five years. The interment took place at the local cemetery Thursday, Rev. J. Lyntot Taylor officiating.

EAST KOOTENAY DAUGHTERS OF EMPIRE ASSIST FUNDS

(Special to The Daily News.)

WALDO, B. C., Sept. 15.—East Kootenay chapter, I. O. D. E. held the regular monthly meeting on Sept. 6. The attendance was very good. Mrs. Hardman of Elko, one of the members, contributed $32 to the chapter treasury being the amount of the net proceeds of a successful dance got up by Mrs. Hardman. The secretary had received appeals for money from several organizations. To the Y. M. C. A. the sum of $15 was unanimously voted, and to the war widows and orphans' fund $10. Plans were discussed for the raising of more funds, as besides contributions to various needs the chapter is pledged to send $35 a month to the prisoners of war, bread fund and "adoption" fund.

Baynes members undertook to hold some event in September, with the object of raising money.

A shipment of Red Cross supplies was sent to Fernie, including the following 44 pieces: Nine dressing gowns, five suits pajamas, 11 men's crochet ties, one scarf, 18 pairs hand knitted socks.

BROTHER OF GRAND FORKS MAN HONORED

Hon. Tasker Cook, brother of Customs Officer W. J. Cook of Grand Forks, was recently honored with appointment to the legislative council of Newfoundland. The Free Press of St. Johns, Nfld., Aug. 21, contains the following reference:

"At 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon four new members of the legislative council were sworn in at government house, Hon. Tasker Cook, Hon. Frank McNamara, Hon. Samuel Bell, and Hon. Alex W. Mews. Later they took their seats in the house. All are gentlemen prominent in business circles in the city. Mr. Cook is one of the most widely known and popular men in the city, and largely identified with business interests. He is also consul for Denmark and vice-consul for Norway. All these gentlemen have years of practical experience in the business life of the colony behind them, and we are sure will prove active and valuable members of the upper chamber. We extend our congratulations to them all on the honor which has been conferred upon them."

SANDON RED CROSS CONTRIBUTES TO FUNDS

(Special to The Daily News.)

SANDON, B. C., Sept. 16—The donations of the Red Cross auxiliary of Sandon for the months of July and August have been as follows: Socks for soldiers overseas, $42 bale of socks and pyjamas for the Balfour hospital, $40 to the Red Cross, Vancouver; $40 for the prisoners of war.

Fall Opening

Monday, September Seventeenth and Following Days

You Are Cordially Invited to Attend Our Fall Showing of

Millinery Coats
Suits Blouses
Dresses Etc.

Each year our OPENING DISPLAYS OF WOMEN'S WEAR become more interesting because of the fact that every woman has learned that she can come here first and examine fashion's newest fads and fancies, as well as the latest modes of more conservative lines.

After weeks spent in selecting and preparing, our entire store will blossom forth on Opening Days in a splendid display of the Newest Creations in Millinery and Ready-to-Wear.

WE WANT YOU ALL TO SEE THE NEW THINGS

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

EAST KOOTENAY EXEMPTION BOARD MEMBERS NAMED

(Special to The Daily News.)

Judge Thompson has announced the names of those nominated by himself to act on the local exemption appeal boards in the East Kootenay judicial district. They are: For Fernie, R. L. T. Galbraith, Indian agent, Fort Steele; Guy F. Pownall, rancher, Bull River, for Cranbrook; for Golden, Harold E. Forster, rancher, Windermere; for Athalmere, Frank C. Stockdale, mine manager, Invermere.

ROSSLAND NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Sept. 16.—Mrs. H. Anderson, Mrs. Graham, Mrs. Trembath, Mrs. E. Glover and son, Mrs. Rogers, and Mrs W. R. Braden, spent Saturday in Northport.

Miss Elsie Varcoe entertained a number of young people Friday evening in honor of the Misses Evelyn and Ruth Wood of Vancouver.

Mrs. F. Rutherford has returned from an extended visit to her son Gordon at Tacoma. Mrs. Gordon Rutherford and two children accompanied her, and expect to remain here for some time.

W. Trent of Vancouver was a visitor to the city Saturday, the guest of W. Wadds.

Mrs. H. Schorlemer and Miss Alice Powers went to Trail Friday evening to attend a dance there.

Mr. and Mrs. McGuire and Mrs. McGuire's sister, Miss Nagle of Ottawa, who is visiting her, came up from Trail Saturday and spent the afternoon going through the mines.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Warden and two children of Trail spent the afternoon in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Gilmour.

Mrs. C. E. Jones returned to her home in Trail after spending a few days in the city visiting friends.

Mrs. C. E. McNaughton of Trail was a visitor to the city Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wainman and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Rolland motored to Trail Friday evening to take in the dance given by the electricians.

Miss Lois Gamble is expected to return today after spending the summer at her home at Kimberley.

Mrs. J. W. Coffin leaves Monday to spend a fortnight visiting at Point Roberts and Seattle.

MOVIE NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

MOYIE, B. C., Sept. 16.—Mrs. Percy Johnson and children of Medicine Hat and Mrs. George Shannon and children of Kinstino, Sask., are visiting here, the guests of Mrs. H. Weirs.

Mrs. Lupton of Nelson visited her daughter, Mrs. John McKay.

Mrs. M. Bonner and Mrs. James Whitehead, the Misses Conrad and Chapman and Frank Conrad formed a party which motored to the Cranbrook fair.

LEAVE TODAY FOR COAST.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—The party of Grand Trunk Pacific directors and officials will leave Monday on their trip of inspection through the west to Prince Rupert.

SUBMARINE IS AT LARGE IN ATLANTIC

Vessel Reaching Port Reports Receiving Wireless Warning From Cape Race Authorities.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 16.—A British steamer arriving today reported that she had received wireless warnings from Cape Race, Newfoundland, stating the presence of a submarine had been reported previously by another steamer. The exact location where the submarine was sighted was not given.

LUMBER TEAMSTER MAKES FATAL MISCALCULATION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 16.—In attempting to drive through a doorway at the Woodworkers, Limited, Douglas street, today, David Henderson, a teamster, miscalculated the height of the door and his head was crushed between the beam over the doorway and the load of lumber he was driving. He was almost instantly killed. He was 57 years old and leaves a widow and family.

REGENCY COUNCIL IS CREATED IN POLAND

Consists of Three Members Appointed By Monarchs of Central Powers in Occupation

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 15.—A decree published at Lublin and Warsaw on Sept. 12 transfers the supreme authority in Poland to a regency council of three members appointed by the monarchs of the occupying powers, says a Vienna despatch today. The decree of the council must be countersigned by a responsible premier. The executive power is to be exercised by the council.

RETURNED MEN COMING INCLUDE 52 FOR VICTORIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—A party of 222 returned soldiers will arrive in Winnipeg Monday evening. Sixty-seven of them are for Winnipeg, 33 for Regina, 70 for Calgary and 52 for Victoria.

SENIOR AND JUNIOR JUDGES FOR VANCOUVER APPOINTED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 16.—H. S. Cayley and H. D. Ruggles were named as senior and junior county court judges for Vancouver. The former succeeds Judge McInnes, resigned; and the latter Judge Schultz, deceased.

ORDER OF THE GARTER IS HIGHEST IN BRITAIN

But the Order of Merit Is Preeminent Gift of the Reigning Monarch

What is the greatest honor in the gift of the King? "Oh, the Garter, of course," says everybody; and it may at once be admitted that the Knighthood of the Garter is the most exclusive order of chivalry in the world, and it must have been one of the bitterest pills the kaiser had to swallow when his name and the names of his relatives and allies were struck off that roll whose shrine is St. George's Chapel, Windsor.

But the Garter, though the most exclusive order, inasmuch as it is confined to royalty and nobility, is not the greatest honor the King can confer. That position of pre-eminence must be accorded to the right to place the letters "O.M." after one's name. The Order of Merit has not been long established, but by universal consent it has taken a premier place among those honors which the best and greatest may covet without loss of simplicity and dignity.

Hitherto it has been conferred with extreme care, and the number of people who have held this title and hall-mark of universal esteem and admiration have seldom exceeded a dozen. But to be in the company of Sir Edward Elgar and Thomas Hardy and Lord Morley is to be of the company of noblemen indeed, who have gained their patent to nobility by splendid achievement and by the production of work which will outlast all the dynasties of kings.

CHINESE FARMS ARE NOT MUCH BIGGER THAN GARDENS

It is incorrect to speak of the Chinese as farmers in the strict sense of the word, for they are gardeners rather than farmers. A so-called Chinese farm is no larger than what in America would be called a good sized garden, and the methods of cultivation are of the most intensive sort.

Generally speaking it seems that the greater the prosperity of the agricultural family the larger the number of children; hense in turr the greater the numbe of mouths to feed. In addition prosperous conditions always bring with them greater expense incident to family festivities, such as weddings, which stand out as all important considerations in the lives of the Chinese.

In Manchuria the corditions are somewhat different, for there are vast stretches of land open to cultivation on a much larger scale than in China proper. These tracts are generally worked by hired farmers, who come in hundreds of thousands from the more densely populated sections of China to spend the short farming season in rorthern portions, returning again when the cold weather makes further labor in the fields impossible.—United States Consular Report.

General Guillaumat, commander of the French armies at Verdun, visited the hospital at Bar le Duc, and bestowed the decoration of the Legion of Honor with the rank of commander upon Major Philippe Bunau-Varilla, former director-general of the French Panama Canal company.

Bigger and Better Than Ever

Trail Fruit Fair

TRAIL, B.C.

September 18-19, 1917

MANY NEW ADDED ATTRACTIONS
MOTOR CAR PARADE COMPETITION—OPEN TO THE WORLD FOR THE BEST DECORATED CAR

GOLD, FRUIT, FLOWER AND POULTRY DISPLAYS

NUMEROUS CUPS AND PRIZES WILL BE OFFERED EXHIBITORS
WRITE FOR PREMIUM LIST

FURS.

Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodelled and repaired. Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.

G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier
416 Ward St., Nelson. B. C. Phone 106

Far more effective than Sticky Fly Catchers. Clean to handle. Sold by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

News of Sport

CHICAGO OBTAINS EIGHT GAME LEAD

Closes American Season in Home City by Defeating St. Louis—Cleveland Beats Detroit

AMERICAN LEAGUE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—The American league season closed in Chicago today with a 4 to 3 victory for the local team over St. Louis, after 10 innings. The winning run was forced over the pan, Chicago, as a result of today's victory left for its final stand in the east eight games in the lead.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	8	3
Chicago	4	10	2

Batteries: Davenport and Severoid; Williams, Cicotte and Schalk.

Cobb Breaks Batting Slump

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 16.—Cleveland defeated Detroit 8 to 4 in a loosely played game today in the last contest of the season here. Cobb broke his batting slump, getting a base on balls and three clean hits.

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	8	9	2
Detroit	4	10	3

Batteries: Bagby and O'Neill; Roland and Stanage.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.—Cincinnati won both games of a doubleheader here today from Pittsburg, the first by 4 to 2 and the second 3 to 2.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	2	8	1
Cincinnati	4	6	1

Batteries: Steele and Wagner; Schneider and Smith.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	2	9	1
Cincinnati	3	10	1

Batteries: Carlson and Fischer; Regan and Wingo.

St. Louis Wins Final Game

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Goodwin had Chicago baffled today and St. Louis won the final game of the series 6 to 0.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	6	9	0
Chicago	0	3	4

Batteries: Goodwin and Snyder; Vaughn and Dilhoefer.

SATURDAY SCORES

National League

St. Louis 1, Chicago 4.
Pittsburg 6, Cincinnati 7.
New York 5, Boston 1.

American League

Cleveland 5, St. Louis 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

First game—Kansas City, 1; Indianapolis, 4.

Second game—Kansas City, 0; Indianapolis, 5.

First game—Milwaukee, 1; Louisville, 4.

Second game — Milwaukee, 10; Louisville, 8.

St. Paul, 3; Toledo, 1.

Second game—St. Paul, 3; Toledo, 1.

First game—Minneapolis, 8; Columbus, 6.

Second game—Minneapolis, 3; Columbus, 10.

BREAKS ALL RECORDS FOR 72-HOLE OPEN GOLF

James M. Barnes of Philadelphia Wins Western Championship With Score of 283

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Breaking all records for 72-hole open golf championship with a score of 283 stroke, James M. Barnes of Whitemarsh Valley club, Philadelphia, Saturday won the western open championship at Westmoreland Country club ground. The best previous championship score was 286 stroke, scored by "Chick" Evans in the national open last year, and by Walter Hagen in the western open last summer. Walter Hagen of Rochester, N. Y., 1916 champion, was second with 285 and Jock Hutchison, of Glenview club, Chicago, eastern champion, finished third with 286.

INTERNATIONAL IS WON BY TORONTO

Clinches Premier Honors by Taking Both Games of Doubleheader from Rochester

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Ed Barrow, president of the International league, tonight made public the final standing of the clubs in the league for the 1917 season, which closed today, and declared Toronto winner of the pennant after a close struggle between Toronto, Providence and Baltimore. Toronto clinched the premier honors by taking both games of a doubleheader from Rochester Saturday. The teams' standings follow:

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Toronto	93	61	.604
Providence	90	61	.596
Baltimore	88	61	.591
Newark	86	68	.558
Rochester	72	82	.468
Buffalo	67	84	.444
Montreal	56	94	.373
Richmond	53	94	.361

HOOVER SHIELD WON BY WINNIPEGS—DEFEAT VICS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—By defeating the Vic-Wanderers on Saturday by the score of 5 to 2 in the final lacrosse game of the season, the Winnipegs won the Hoover shield, emblematic o the city championship.

RESULTS OF FOOTBALL GAMES IN ENGLAND

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.—Following are the results of scheduled league football games played Saturday on the grounds of the first named clubs:

London Combination

The Arsenal 4, Millwall Athletics 0.
Crystal Palace 0, Chelsea 3.
Fulham 2, Queens Park Rangers 1.
West Ham United 1, Clapton Orient 2.

Midland Section

Bradford City 3, Leeds 2.
Grimsby Town 1, Barnsley 1.
Huddersfield 1, Leicester Fosse 2.
Lincoln City 0, Bradford 0.
Notts County 2, Hull City 2.
Rotherham 0, Sheffield United 1.
Sheffield Wednesday 0, Nottingham Forest 3.

Lancashire Section

Blackburn 1, Stockport County 6.
Blackpool 1, Bury 1.
Bolton Wanderers 0, Liverpool 3.
Everton 9, Burnley 0.
Manchester City 2, Oldham Athletics 2.
Burslem Port Vale 1, Southport Central 1.
Preston North End 2, Stoke 3.
Rochdale 2, Manchester United 0.

Scottish League

GLASGOW, Sept. 16.—Following are the results of the scheduled football games played Saturday on the ground of the first named clubs:

Hearts 1, Morton 0.
Celtic 2, Partick Thistle 1.
Rangers 3, Hibernians 0.
Kilmarnock 5, St. Mirren 1.
Third Lanark 1, Ayr United 1.
Airdrieonians 1, Falkirk 1.
Glenbank 1, Motherwell 3.
Dumbarton 2, Queens 1.
Hamilton Academicals 2, Clyde 0.

GREAT BRITAIN WAS NOT OFFICIALLY REPRESENTED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The British government has no knowledge of any meeting of financiers recently in Switzerland to discuss international finance and terms of peace, an official statement announces. If any British subjects took part in such a meeting, legal proceedings will be taken against them, the statement concludes.

Word was received at Chilliwack, B. C., of the death in a military hospital in England of Major T. E. Caskey after an illness of several months. Major Caskey was several years editor of the Chilliwack Progress. He went overseas early in the war and saw service in France before being taken ill. He was 40 years old.

Prohibition

October 1st, 1917

ONLY A FEW DAYS LEFT TO PUT IN A STOCK OF

Royal Export Beer

YOU WILL SAVE MONEY BY PLACING YOUR ORDER NOW AND ALSO INSURE GETTING YOUR FAVORITE BRAND

ROYAL EXPORT IS FOR SALE AT ALL HOTELS AND LIQUOR STORES

THE BEST BEER BREWED

Case Quarts - $2.50
Case Pints, 2 doz., $3.00

PURE AND HEALTHFUL

Nelson Brewing Co., Ltd.

PHONE 24

CONDITIONS OF EXEMPTION STATED

Wide Basis for First Draft—Men Are Already Being Examined in Toronto.

OTTAWA.—Exemption from service, under the Military Service act, may be claimed on eight separate grounds. The form of application which will be available at post offices throughout the Dominion in the course of a few days, make this clear. The grounds are:

1. Importance of continuing employment in habitual occupation.
2. Importance of continuing employment as ——— for which he is specially qualified.
3. Importance of continuing education or training.
4. Serious hardship owing to exceptional financial obligations.
5. Serious hardship owning to exceptional business obligations.
6. Serious hardship owning to exceptional domestic position.
7. Ill health or infirmity.
8. Adherence to religious denomination, of which the articles of faith forbid combatant service.

The form is drafted much after the style of a ballot paper. The applicant for exemption is required to place a cross opposite the grounds on which the claim is made. His case will then go to the local tribunal to which proof in support will be submitted.

Application for exemption may be made not only by the man himself, but by his employer or a near relative. In Great Britain claims for exemption on the ground of a man being indispensable in his civil occupation are generally made by the employer, who appeals to the tribunal on behalf of his men. It is felt that such a claim can best be made by the employer. In any event, a man claiming essential occupation would need to have the support of his employer to his claim.

The forms of military report are equally simple. These will be used by men who do not wish to claim exemption. They avoid the necessity of reporting in person until such time as a recruit is called up for service. The declaration reads:

"I hereby report myself for military service. I will report myself for duty when called upon by notice mailed to me at ———."

Blanks follow for the name and address of the recruit, his status whether a bachelor or a widower, his present occupation and the name and address of his employer.

Both classes of forms are now in the hands of the printer and will be distributed immediately they are available.

RECORD WAR CREDITS MEASURE IS PASSED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The war credits bill, authorizing new bonds and certificates aggregating $11,530,000,000 and the largest measure of its kind in the world's history, was passed by the senate Saturday evening without a roll call or dissenting vote. It had already passed the house.

STOCKHOLM CONFERENCE HAS NOT BEEN ABANDONED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16.—Following a conference with the Russian delegates who have returned from their mission to London, Paris and Rome, the organizing committee of the Stockholm conference, in a report of the situation, says the conference has not been abandoned, but, on the contrary, a date will be fixed as soon as passport difficulties are overcome.

U. S. GOVERNMENT TO CONTROL SUGAR

Industry Is Put Under License System With Object of Stabilizing Prices.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16—By a presidential proclamation the entire sugar industry in the United States was placed under the food administration, to be conducted under a license system which will control manufacture, distribution and importation.

Stabilization of prices is the chief aim of the food administration in putting the industry under license.

It also aims to aid in distribution and thus prevent hoarding.

Sugar syrups and molasses will come under the same control as raw and refined sugars.

650,000 Tons in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 16.—Approximately 650,000 tons of beet and cane sugar manufactured annually in California will be affected by the presidential proclamation placing the sugar industry of the United States under control of the food administrator, according to Robert Oxnard, of the American Beet Sugar company.

"California produces about 250,000 tons of beet sugar annually and imports raw cane sugar to the amount of approximately 400,000 tons from the Philippines and Hawaii for the manufacture," Oxnard said.

Cuban Committee to Meet Hoover.

HAVANA, Sept. 16.—Announcement was made today that a committee of three had been named to confer in Washington with Herbert Hoover, the American food administrator, regarding the fixing of the price of Cuban sugar.

NEW MANAGER NAMED FOR VICTORIA EMPRESS HOTEL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 16.—F. L. Hutchinson, manager-in-chief of the Canadian Pacific hotels, who arrived in Winnipeg today, announces the appointment of a new manager for the Empress hotel at Victoria, C. A. Calza, formerly one of the assistant managers of the Waldorf, New York.

EIGHT HORSES AND COW PERISH WHEN STABLES BURN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SWIFT CURRENT, Sask., Sept. 16.—Fire early Saturday destroyed J. O. Grinder's livery stable and contents, including eight head of horses and one cow. Three of the horses were valuable animals belonging to the R.N.W.M.P.

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS TO BE ISSUED SOON

Will Be Used in Connection With Plan to Induce Public to Purchase Certificates

OTTAWA.—The minister of finance announces that an issue of war savings stamps is in course of preparation. These stamps will be used in connection with a plan to interest those who are able to save only in small amounts in the purchase of war savings certificates.

Special war savings cards will be issued with squares upon which the stamps purchased from time to time may be placed. When all the squares are filled the card will be taken to the postoffice and exchanged for a war savings certificate. The stamps will be in the denomination of 25 cents and the cards will contain spaces for 34 of them and one 10-cent postage stamp (making altogether $8.60) and when filled will be exchanged for a certificate entitling the holder to $10 at the end of three years.

The stamp, which will be sold at postoffices, will be of special design and will contain a reproduction of Partridge's famous drawing, "Canada," commemorating the achievements of the first Canadian contingent at Ypres, April, 1915. The proprietors of Punch have generously given permission to the minister of finance for the reproduction of the sketch.

Sales of war savings certificates continue in good volume. During the last several months they have averaged about one million dollars a month, while the total to date is $10,750,000. Special work is being done in connection with the organization of large industrial estimates and the introduction of partial payments plans for employees. In this connection it is interesting to quote from a letter received this week from the manager of the Hamilton company engaged in the manufacture of munitions. He says:

"The majority of our men have taken no less than one certificate per month, while a large number are taking as many as four each month for an indefinite period. I have not the exact figures compiled at this writing but it appears that we will have subscriptions totaling from between $20,000 and $30,000 per month from approximately 800 employees."

TELLS OF SURGEONS' WORK ON WARSHIP DURING BATTLE

A dreadnought in a modern naval battle is not only a marvelous engine of war, but it is a "field" hospital in simultaneous operation.

Many stories have been told of the part the warship plays in sea fighting, but it remained for two surgeons attached to the British warship Lion during the engagement off Jutland to describe the relief work carried on mid smoke and flames. Briefly, their account follows:

The medical staff, working continuously from 8:45 o'clock in the morning of one day until 12:15 in the afternoon of the next, make the mess deck a stretcher room where parts of it became dressing stations automatically. Throughout the ship ventilating fans were run while the battle raged to carry away the smoke and fumes and bring in fresh air for the wounded, except during the heaviest fighting. Respirators of gauze and of waste were provided by the surgeons when the smoke became too thick for the gunners, and not a case of one overcome by gas fumes was reported.

Nearly all the casualties occurred in the first half hour. During the lulls the wounded were carried from the turrets and isolated compartments where they had fallen. Morphia in two-third grain doses was given hypodermically to all, instanting relieving pain and checking hemorrhage. General burns, due to cordite fire were severe and often fatal. Almost 50 per cent of the wounded, however, suffered burns on the hands and face alone, resulting from flashes from high explosive in confined space, which were so momentary that the clothing protected the rest of the body, and the eyes, closing involuntarily, escaped injury. Picric acid dressing was found to be a satisfactory first aid application in these cases.—Kansas City Star.

WORNOUT FLAGS MUST BE DESTROYED BY FIRE

What should be done with an American flag, old, worn out, soiled or tattered, that is no longer serviceable as the national emblem? Should it be destroyed? How should it be destroyed without desecration?

There appears to be no law to point the way. But there is practise. And the best practise seems to point but one way. Burn the unserviceable flag. Perhaps make a rite and ceremony of this destruction by fire.

Total destruction seems the proper measure, and that is to be accomplished conveniently and quickly only by fire. To bury the flag has been suggested, but it, is stated, on the other hand, that remains may be brought to light and the method is not considered good practise.

To throw the discarded flag into the waste might be considered a desecration or at least an unpatriotic disregard of its sacredness. Fire appears the only sure way of satisfactory destruction.

To apply the flag to any further purpose after its usefulness as a flag has ended would be considered desecration, even if not punishable by law as a public offense. It should never become a dust rag or a part of patchwork or serve any other use thereafter, in the general opinion of those who would pay it proper honor.

None of the flags whipped to ribbons in the breeze from the staffs over the treasury building ever has been destroyed. They have been carefully folded and put into storage under the regime of Chief Clerk Wilmeth. Reluctant to destroy them, the necessity may some day confront him as custodian of the building and he will destroy them by fire.

In the navy and coast guard regulations require that useless flags be destroyed by fire. This regulation is strictly enforced.—Washington Star.

EXPLORER IS COMPILING ESKIMO DICTIONARY

One of the tasks to which the explorer, Donald B. Macmillan, head of the Crocker Land expedition, has set his hand during his sojourn in the Arctic, is the compiling of an Eskimo-English dictionary. The work already comprises more than 3000 words and is growing continually. This fact is revealed by Dr. Edmund Otis Hovey, curator of the Museum of Natural History at New York.

"Mr. Macmillan tells me," continues Dr. Hovey, "that he has secured a great series of skins, and other parts of land and sea mammals occurring in the regions visited, large numbers of bird skins and eggs, and a large amount of old and new Eskimo material. He has taken and developed from 2000 to 3000 photographs with fine success; has made extensive meteorological records and notes and has made many observations upon the natives. He has made the great, though disappointing, trip to Crocker Land, which he has already briefly reported on, and last spring's exploratory trip to Findlay (King Christian) Land, which he is now reporting on."

THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT HELPED HER

"Fruit-a-tives Again Proves Its Extraordinary Powers

ROCHON, QUE., March 2nd, 1915.

"I have received the most wonderful benefit from taking "Fruit-a-tives". I suffered for years from *Rheumatism* and change of life, and I took every remedy obtainable without results. I tried "Fruit-a-tives" and it was the only medicine that *really did me good*. Now I am entirely well—the Rheumatism has disappeared, and the terrible pains in my body are all gone. I hope that others, who suffer from such distressing diseases, will try "Fruit-a-tives". MADAME ISAIE ROCHON.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

KILTIES WORE STOCKINGS, SO SHE GAVE GIFT OF GARTERS

Every man in the 48th regiment, Canadian Highlanders, "Hell's Belles," has a new pair of garters somewhere in his ditty bag presented to him by a Chicago girl of the Chicago Allied Aid Sisters, and thereby hangs a story. When the 48th was in Chicago on its famous recruiting mission the Allied Aid Sisters, who are American girls to the last crock, wanted to do something to show these Hie'land lads they liked 'em. Nothing easier in the world. Of course as the 'Hie'landers wore stockings they also were garters. So a very ornate pair of knee ties went to every man of the command.

The Kilties are gentlemen born. They smothered their amusement and accepted the garters with pretty speeches. Colonel J. S. Dennis said garters were the very things he had been languishing for. Now he'd got 'em and he was going to carry 'em into Germany to use for handcuffs on the first Bosche he met.

Built for *Keen* Buyers
—this Industrial Hose

"SO MANY dollars saved so many dollars earned" is the aim of every purchasing agent in buying for the plant. His sole standard is value—long life, great service, protection at reasonable cost.

This same standard is our standard in the manufacture of Goodyear Industrial Hose. It is built to give just such value in long life—to save you a dollar here and a few dollars there.

To reach this standard, we have studied and met the individual needs of many industries.

Because of this study, because we have made it our business to *know* and to *make* hose suited to its purpose, the success of Goodyear Industrial Hose is equal to the success of Goodyear Belting.

Check up your hose purchases and problems. A few dollars earned by every better length of hose will shortly mount into a surprising sum. A few months longer life will soon make a desirable saving.

Let us send a trained mechanical rubber goods man to see you. He has studied just such hose problems as yours. No obligation on your part. Write our nearest branch.

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. of Canada Limited

BRANCHES: St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Winnipeg Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver

Service Stocks in Smaller Cities

GOODYEAR MADE IN CANADA

INDUSTRIAL HOSE

"EXTRA SERVICE" AIR DRILL HOSE—The best hose for hard service. Has extra thick, long-wearing cover of very tough rubber; heavy fabric; extra sturdy inner tube. The high-grade rubber forced thoroughly into the fabric holds the plies together. Specially built to meet extreme conditions—dragging over rock and ore through tunnels.

"GOODYEAR QUALITY" PNEUMATIC TOOL HOUSE—An inner rubber lining that is oil resisting. Strong construction that holds the strain of great pressure for a long time. A heavy wall that prevents kinking.

"GOODYEAR QUALITY" STEAM HOSE—The inner rubber tube is crack-proof and steam-proof. Rubber cover adheres firmly and will not blister or crack. Rubber between plies remains elastic and active, welding fabric together.

"GOODYEAR QUALITY" WATER HOSE—The strength of Goodyear Water Hose lies in the quality of the materials used. It wears long under severe conditions of pressure and kinking. The cover does not expose the fabric to attack by peeling. The inner lining protects the fabric on the inside.

GOODYEAR "UNDERWRITERS" MILL PROTECTION FIRE HOSE—Goodyear "Underwriters" fire hose is made strictly to the specifications of the Associated Factory Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. It is a fire hose of long-life, sure service, ample protection. Every length is tested before leaving the factory. The underwriters pressure test is branded on every length of Goodyear Underwriters Hose.

MUNICIPAL FIRE HOSE—Goodyear municipal fire hose is widely known and used throughout Canada. It has received the approval of large and small departments. We can supply various types of hose—Double or Single or Multiple woven fabrics, with pure rubber linings. All are of Goodyear quality.

877

Little Ads that Bring Big Returns

CONDENSED AVERTISING RATES

One insertion, per word	1c
Minimum charge	25c
Six consecutive insertions, per word	4c
Twenty-six consecutive insertions (one month), per word	15c
Births, one insertion	50c
Marriages, one insertion	50c
Deaths, one insertion	50c
Card of Thanks	50c
Each subsequent insertion	25c
Death and Funeral Notice	$1.00

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance.

In computing the number of words in a classified advertisement count each word, dollar mark, abbreviation, initial letter and figure as one word.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provision of the postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only; therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her identity may use a box at this office without any extra charge if replies are called for; if replies are to be mailed to advertisers allow 10 cents extra in addition to price of advertisement, to pay postage.

The News reserves the right to reject any copy submitted for publication.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

WANTED—A night porter immediately. Strathcona hotel. (6910)

EXPERIENCED press feeder wanted. Apply Daily News Job department. (6758)

WANTED—Log cutters to cut by contract. Good timber, level ground, no deep snow. All winter cutting. Canyon City Lumber Co., Ltd., Creston, B. C. (6947)

WANTED—Salesman and collector for Nelson and district; also openings at other outside points in B.C. Experience not necessary. Apply in writing. Singer Sewing Machine Company, box 453, Nelson, B.C. (6932)

WANTED—A good baker; good wages to the right man; steady work year round. Trail Bakery, Leiness & Saunders, Trail, B.C. (6922)

MAN AND WIFE want job of cooking in camp, Geo. Mack, Nelson. (6911)

SITUATION VACANT—FEMALE.

GOOD all round woman cook wants work in camp or hotel. Box 6924, Daily News. (6924)

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Phone 296 during day. (6887)

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

EXPERIENCED WOMAN wishes employment. Any capacity. Write Arden, Wycliffe, B.C. (6921)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mentges newspaper folder; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in first class condition. Snap for cash. The Daily News, Nelson. (678)

FOR SALE—7500 feet secondhand one-inch black iron pipe. Kootenay Engine Co., Ltd., Salmo, B.C. (6808)

FOR SALE—Edison Dictograph complete; electric power. Apply to Daily News business office. (654)

FOR SALE—Shaving machine for Edison records. Box 685, Daily News.

WANTED.

WANTED—150 to 200 cords of wood. Apply purchasing agent, Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co., Trail, B.C. (6920)

WANTED—Shingle bolts in large or small quantities. Will pay big price. Western Box & Shingle Mills, Ltd., Nelson. (6800)

WANTED—A small bunch timber in Kaslo district near lake. Apply box 6899, Daily News. (6899)

WANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS—Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, Nelson, B.C. (6875)

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—6-roomed house, grounds 100x120. Lots of fruit. A snap for quick turnover. Box 6770, Daily News.

FOR SALE—Small fruit and chicken ranch, 1 3-4 miles out, on good wagon road. Apply P. O. Box 662. (6944)

FOR SALE—10 acres of well improved land, bearing orchard, river frontage, 5 roomed house, chicken house, hay shed, etc; close to station, school, post office, store, etc.; 12 miles from Nelson; reason for selling, leaving for Russia; price $3500 cash, or $4000 on terms. Apply Miss M. Piroshco, Shoreacres, B.C. (6931)

FOR SALE—2 2-3 acres, improved, near Nelson, or will exchange for greater acreage, cleared or uncleared, further out. Geo. G. McLaren, Nelson. (6928)

FOR SALE—5 good lots, corner of Kootenay and Mill streets, $500 cash, $550 on terms, at half down or trade for something in Tacoma. Address W. Summer, box 574, Tacoma, Wash. (6895)

TRAIL Columbia Heights, large flat lot, 35 by 105 feet. Splendid garden. Apply J. Bright, opposite bridge. (6862)

FOR SALE—Improved hay and stock ranch; price reasonable and terms to suit. John Graham, Perry Siding. (6779)

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT—Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Anaable block. Inquire room 32. (6872)

FURNISHED SUITE—All conveniences. Campbell's Art Gallery, 715 Baker street. (6936)

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms for rent cheap; 618 Carbonate street. (6907)

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms, $8 per month. Over Poole Drug. (6848)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr apartments, (6873)

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Six roomed house, close in. Apply J. W. Gallagher's store. (6708)

FOR RENT—Two six-room houses; one at 912 Observatory, one at 411 Cedar. Apply 411 Cedar street. (6908)

HOUSE TO RENT—Three bedrooms, sitting room and dining room, large kitchen. Hot and cold water and all conveniences. Apply 408 Houston street. (6948)

LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE — Two heavy teams of horses, weighing 2900 and 3400 lbs. Seven to nine years old. Price reasonable. Can be seen in Nelson. A. G. Lambert Co., Ltd. (6876)

TEAM—Good general purpose horses; bay; good shape and guaranteed in every kind of work; weight 2700. Thos. Millar, Burton. (6945)

FOR SALE—12 head two year old past heifers; some to freshen this fall, balance next spring, all bred to a registered Holstein bull. Canyon City Lumber Co., Ltd., Creston, B. C. (6946)

WANTED—Black water spaniel. Box 6913, Daily News. (6913)

FOR SALE—Pure bred Ayrshire bull 3 years old. J. P. Bourne, Proctor B.C. (6914)

FOR SALE—Fine Holstein cow, heavy milker; freshens Sept. 28, $135. T. Roynan, Fairview, Nelson. (6935)

FOR SALE—One government pedigree Ayrshire bull, a beauty; delivered. M. B. Williams, Fruitvale. (6934)

GELDING—Fine condition, for sale or winter; price reasonable. Box 6933, Daily News. (6933)

FOR SALE—Mare, about 900 pounds, 11 years old; cheap for cash. Slater, Waneta. (6903)

BELGIAN HARES—M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (6927)

FOR SALE—High grade Ayrshire calf, ten weeks old; forty dollars cash. Dame gave over 8700 lbs rich milk last year. E. Norman, Nelson. (6901)

LARGE WORK HORSE FOR SALE—Also vacant lots and bricks. Apply William Hancock, box 977, Nelson, B.C. (6897)

WANTED—A bull about two years old, Ayrshire preferred. Kaslo Dairy. (6898)

FOR SALE—Six weeks old pigs; price $5; September delivery. L. Graham, Nelson, B.C. (6892)

FOR SALE—General purpose horse, drives single or double. Good worker on ranch, about 1000 pounds; seven years old. Apply R. D. Boyer, Willow Point. (6941)

AGENTS WANTED.

$5 PRIVATE Christmas Greeting Card sample book free; representatives already making five to ten dollars daily. Bradley-Garretsons, Brantford, Ont. (6784)

PIANO.

OLIVE CAMPBELL, teacher of pianoforte and theory. Pupils prepared for examination; 911 Stanley street. Phone 101. (6801)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH, Hydraulic Engineer. Provincial Land Surveyor. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

CHAS. MOORE, C. & M. E., Provincial Land Surveyor, Architect. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block. Vancouver.

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W. H. FALDING, Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

FOR $20.00 PER MONTH you can buy 2 corner lots and 4-room house on Robson street, price $700.00. Why pay rent? Own your own property. IMPROVED RANCH—One of the best in Kootenay; 14 acres planted, some trees 11 years. Good house close to station; an ideal home. Price $6500.00. BUILDING LOTS—In Nelson city, Rosemont and Trail on monthly payment plan; $10.00 monthly. McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

H. E. DILL, General Insurance Agent. Fire, Life and Health policies issued in the oldest and strongest companies on the most liberal terms to the assured. Phone 180, K.W.C. Block, 508 Ward St.

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5319)

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

BARGAINS in motor launches—21 foot 6 h.p. Gray, reverse gear; seat 8 in comfort; cushions; 9 miles; cheap. 26-foot launch, 3-cylinder engine, reverse gear, seat 10 in comfort, cushions, 9 miles, boathouse, $300. Both in first class order. Masters, Waterfront. (6900)

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On the road from Trail to Castlegar, a field telescope in leather case. H. E. R. Bedford, Castlegar. (6902)

LOST—Between Josephine street and public school, wrist watch. Finder please return to Daily News; reward. (6940)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges

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BUSINESS COLLEGE FOR GIRLS, Cranbrook, B.C.— Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, facilities for other subjects if desired. Piano, violin, dancing; French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss Cherrington, King Edward school. (6075)

DRUGLESS HEALING

AILMENTS OF MEN, women and children, nervousness, goitre, disease, boils banished, no poison drugs. Professor Freeman Size, 226, 8, Ave. Calgary. (6880)

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D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

THE NEAL INSTITUTE, CRANBROOK, B.C.

Where you can get rid of the drink habit in three days. Write for further particulars.

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OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT, on vulcanite or metal plates, also crowns and bridgework. Highest prices paid; post without delay; cash by return mail. J. Dunstone, 1459 Georgia St., Vancouver. Est. 27 years. (6816)

Private Hospital

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We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.

THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL, Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C. P. O. Box 772. Phone 372 for Appointment.

HEAVY RAINS DELAY HARVEST IN ALBERTA

Everything Practically Stooked—Wages Likely to Fall if Much More Labor Arrives.

EDMONTON, Alta., Sept. 16.—Harvest operations during the last week have been more or less delayed on account of wet weather. Heavy rain fell quite generally throughout the province and greatly retarded cutting and threshing, although everything is practically in stook today excepting green feed, according to the department of agriculture report and harvest summary issued Saturday. Harvest labor continues to arrive from the east and south in fairly sufficient numbers. Wages have fallen slightly in some places, but a good demand for men still prevails in many localities at high wages. It is expected, however, that the wages will fall if the supply of men continues to arrive as in the past.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Mrs. Quinn's Experience Ought to Help You Over the Critical Period.

Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the Change of Life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain a good deal of the time so I was unfit to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headache or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take." —Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

Other warning symptoms are a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness.

If you need special advice, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

Are You Contemplating a Visit to the Fair?

To out-of-town visitors we extend a cordial invitation to visit this store. Our rest room is at your service, and our whole staff is ready and willing to do anything that will be of service to you.

THE FALL STOCKS ARE NOW COMPLETE AND NEVER BEFORE HAVE WE BEEN ABLE TO SHOW SUCH A BEAUTIFUL ARRAY OF CHARMING WEARING APPAREL AS WE HAVE GATHERED TOGETHER FOR THIS SEASON—SMART NEW MILLINERY, CHOICE FURS, SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS, COATS, SKIRTS, DRESS GOODS AND ACCESSORIES, COATINGS, ETC. COME AND VIEW THIS MARVELOUS ARRAY AND WE ARE SURE YOU WILL THOROUGHLY ENJOY EVERY MOMENT OF THE TIME SPENT WITH US—WELCOME.

The New Suits

We are featuring many Smart and Exclusive Models in Serge, Practical Suits in Navy Color, Belted and Pleated Coats, with large military pockets; also Gabardines in Navy and New Burgundy Shade, Fancy Tweed Mixtures, etc. All in the Latest Models.

RANGING IN PRICE FROM **$25.00 TO $75.00**

SIMPLICITY THE WATCHWORD FOR

New Fall Hats

Distinctively charming in their simplicity, these beautiful Velvet and Plush Hats, simply trimmed with Mounts, Flowers, Wings, etc., are very pleasing in their effect. All arranged for your inspection and at prices most popular, from:

$5.00 TO $12.50

Handsome New Model Coats

Comprising a very attractive and artistic collection of all the season's new cloths and models, including Salts Esquimett Plush, in Black, Green, Rose and Plum; famous Old English Tweeds, in Fancy Mixed Patterns; Heavy Cheviots, in Self Colors; all made in the new styles, with large collars of self or plush, large pockets and belted. Prices range from **$25.00 TO $75.00**

Choice Furs at Special Prices

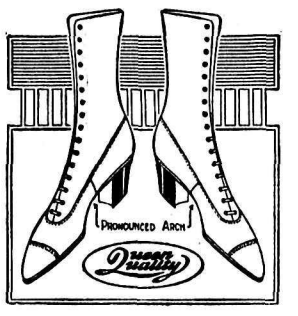
Included in this lot are Stoles and Muffs of Marten, Mink, Wolf, Bear, etc., at lower prices than you could buy the raw fur at present prices; all well furred pelts and artistically made.

MARTEN STOLE— Regular $198.50. Special Price	$95.00
MARTEN STOLE— Regular $159.00. Special Price	$75.00
MARTEN STOLE— Regular $98.00. Special Price	$60.00
MARTEN MUFF— Regular $198.00. Special Price	$82.50
MARTEN MUFF— Regular $170.00. Special Price	$74.50
MINK STOLE— Regular $55.00. Special Price	$35.00
MINK MARMOT STOLE— Large Size. Special Price	$14.00

AND MANY OTHER FURS AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES

Queen Quality Shoes for Women

For years Queen Quality Shoes have been esteemed all over the continent by women of discrimination, knowing that they get full measure of value for every dollar they have expended. Fashionable, practical shoes, perfect in every detail and a monument to the shoemaker's art.



SEE THE NEW MODELS WE ARE SHOWING IN EMPIRE BROWN, BLACK KID, ETC.

PRICES FROM **$8.50 TO $12.50**

New Fall Hats for Men

Many New Styles and featuring the medium high crown and wider brim, in all the new colorings of Brown, Green, Navy, etc. Such reliable makers as Stetson and Woolhausen's. Novelty Hats for Smart Dressers and Staple Shapes for Ordinary Wear. Prices ranging from ..... **$2.50 TO $5.00**

The Hudson's Bay Company.

INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. BURBIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

BRITISH HENS ON STRIKE: "NO GRAIN; THEN NO EGGS"

There is a rebellion in the country, and it is extending to the far corners of the united kingdom. Moreover, it is likely to have very serious consequences, not only to the ordinary public, but to the wounded and convalescent soldiers. It is a bloodless rebellion and one that does not manifest itself in any damaging of property or riotous meetings. Nevertheless, it is a rebellion that is causing much inconvenience and is likely to cause considerably more ere long.

In plain words, the hens of England "are out on strike." Without airing their grievances in the press or banding themselves together in societies and unions they are yet unanimous in their opposition. The cause of their obstreperous behaviour is easily stated *Not long ago, our paternal government*, which regulates exactly what food we shall consume and how much of it per head shall be permitted each individual, extended their attention to the poultry yard, and determined that from henceforward (a date duly announced in the press) hens should subsist on house scraps and refuse only. No longer should these universal providers of an essential food be permitted to indulge themselves in hard grain of any kind. Orders of the most stringent kind were promulgated that anyone found feeding hard grain to hens would be heavily fined and held up to public execration as a person lacking in patriotism and wholly devoid of any recognition of his responsibility of enforcing upon every member of his family the "urgent need of war economy."

Didn't Consult the Hen

Unfortunately, however, the well-intentioned and earnest gentlemen at Westminster in their zeal omitted to consult the humble hen on the matter at all. In fact, they did not consider her worthy of consultation. They just said, "hens shall lay eggs on house *scraps and not on grain*," and thought no more about it. Never did it enter their heads that the hen, the small and insignificant humble hen, could be so hard-hearted and brazen-faced as to refuse to carry out their august mandates.

Judge, then, of the awful revelation that has resulted. The hens made no protest. They did not march in processions, nor carry banners, nor hire brass bands to announce the intention of revolt. They merely quietly and thoroughly went out on one unanimous strike. They elected to live on house scraps and apparently managed to enjoy life on them, but they flatly and with one accord declined to lay eggs on the war diet allotted them. As a result, exasperated owners threatened total extermination of the species, held up visions of ovens and grills, lectured the hens on the excellent and nutritious qualities to the human race of the flesh of recalcitrant hens when cooked young and consumed in common with new potatoes and French beans. But the hens merely continued to cluck placidly, eat their house scraps and awaited their fate with heroic resignation. They would not lay eggs without grain, and if grain were not forthcoming they would rather face even the stockpot than give in to the whims of a shortsighted set of individuals who had not thought fit to consider the inner mechanism of a normal fowl before issuing orders affecting his diet.

Scarcer and Dearer Yet

And thus it is that the hens have triumphed and we are threatend with an egg famine of a very serious nature. Never have eggs been so scarce and so dear, and while those in the trade assure one for comfort that they will be yet scarcer and dearer, if not unobtainable at any price, long before Christmas, owing to the fact that people are killing off their young pullets instead of keeping them for laying purposes because of the restrictions on feeding them grain.

Having survived a potato famine and become accustomed to the remarkable production known as "war bread," which members of parliament and doctors assure us is highly nutritious, and which we know necessitates the purchase of large quantities of medicinal remedies to assist its digestion, we have now to accustom ourselves to doing without one of the most essential articles of food. True, normally well people can manage to exist quite easily without eggs, but the weakly ones and the invalids cannot. And just at present alas! we have a large number of the latter to be provided for. Unfortunately, too, a mistake of this kind cannot be rectified in a hurry, and even if the order is rescinded or modified it will not produce anything like a sufficient supply of eggs this year, or until late next year.

Apart from the egg question we are getting along quite comfortably, if expensively. As though to offer us some compensation for the weary, dreary winter and the shortsightedness of men in general, and members of parliament in particular, we have been vouchsafed a perfectly lovely summer with a superabundance of fruit and vegetables, and as a special concession housewifes have been allowed a certain quantity of sugar for preserving this year, instead of the entire stock going to the manufacturers, so that those who are fortunate enough to have fruit of their own growing have been enabled to put by some of it for winter use.—Mrs. Donald Shaw in the Lethbridge Herald.

SAYS HE IS METHODIST MINISTER AT CALGARY

Man Arrested in Vancouver Charged With Contributing to a Child's Delinquency.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 16.—A man who gave his name as Rev. William Baugh, and said that he is a Methodist minister at Calgary, was arrested last night charged with contributing to a child's delinquency. Baugh is well dressed and gives his age as 73. He told the police that he was in Vancouver for his health, that his wife died a month ago and that the shock of her loss affected his nerves to such an extent that a rest at the seashore was recommended.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

The deferred annual meeting of the Nelson Automobile club will be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. (6953)

The Political Educational league will meet Tuesday at 8 p.m. in the Y. A very cordial invitation is extended to all women to attend as a mock election will be conducted as part of the program. (6949)

In the Daughters of the Empire booth at the fair there will be a table for fancy work, jellies, jams, pickles and fruit. All members having saleable articles they wish to donate are asked to bring them to the fair building on Wednesday and Thursday. (6952)

The regular meeting of Queen City Rebekah lodge, No. 16, I.O.O.F., will be held tomorrow night at 8 p.m., after which a social will be held to commemorate the sixty-sixth anniversary of the Rebekah degree. An invitation is extended to all members and their families to attend. (6950)

CARD OF THANKS

The Pythian Sisters club wishes to thank most heartily Judge Forin and Father Althoff for notices given; Mrs. R. Thompson, Mrs. H. P. Morrison and Poole Drug company for donations to sale table. Also Mrs. M. J. Vigneux, Miss Helen Mohr and little Miss Dunham for the delightful musical program given in the afternoon, and the general public for their generous patronage of last Thursday's event. (6951)

RED CROSS SUPPLIES SENT TO HEADQUARTERS

The regular monthly shipment of Red Cross supplies has been forwarded to headquarters. The following list comprises the July and August shipment of the local branch:

One hundred and thirty-six suits of pyjamas, 119 day shirts, 24 dressing gowns, 343 pairs of socks, 136 pillow slips, 343 towels, 62 sheets, 411 triangular bandages, 35 scultetus bandages, 52 "T" bandages, 37 arm slings, 35 fracture pillows, seven surgeons caps, 12 pairs surgeons sleeves, 12 amputation covers, 12 pairs of bed socks, 14 trench caps, 11 stretcher caps, 40 hushers, 46 hot water bottle covers, 30 kit bags, 60 handkerchiefs, 10 fomentation wringers, 65 personal property bags, two scarves, 1200 mouth wipes.

Special appeal from No. 12 stationary hospital, France: 100 comfort bags.

WANT 30,000 CHRISTMAS STOCKINGS FOR SOLDIERS

The Canadian Red Cross society has received a request for 30,000 Christmas stockings to be sent to our men in hospital overseas. The men greatly appreciated the stockings sent last year, many letters of acknowledgment being received telling that much cheer had been added to the wounded soldiers' Christmas by these gifts from home.

Contributions are being forwarded by both the local and junior branches of the Red Cross.

AT THE THEATRES.

Every Critic Praises "The Masque of Life."

When every single newspaper of New York praises a film production, and even the trade papers of filmdom rival each other in saying splendid things about a film, one may be sure that it is "worth while." This very thing has occurred with "The Masque of Life," a marvelous seven-reel spectacle which will play at the Gem theatre Wednesday and Thursday.

"Zit," the critic of the New York Evening Journal, said "The Masque of Life' is overwhelming. There is every kind of thrill imaginable." The *New York Times declared*: "One of the thrillingest thrills that it was ever the good fortune of a movie camera to record," while the Morning Telegraph said: "Most spectacular and interesting. Will appeal because of its novelty. Photoplay is admirable." The Motion Picture News, a prominent trade journal declared: "It is a great picture—great because it packs within its footage a tremendous amount of sensation and novelty. Truly we have yet to see an American film that can supply the sensation furnished in "The Masque of Life," with the exception of Mr. Griffiths' two big spectacles."

Thrills seem to be its object, but the film is also said to contain real romance, a big theme, and many beautiful and unusual spectacular scenes in addition.

TWO BROTHERS AWARDED DECORATIONS FOR BRAVERY

VICTORIA, — Lieut. Blayney E. Scott, eldest son of H. J. Scott of the Canadian Explosives, Limited, has been awarded the Military Cross. This is the second Military Cross that has been won for the Scott family, for only two months ago Lieut. Matthew Scott, a brother of Blayney, was decorated with the medal for conspicuous gallantry in the field.

The announcement of Lieut. Blayney Scott's achievement in the official message received by the parents *states that the cross was won "for* services performed under circumstances of great danger in securing coordination of the work of the artillery and infantry during an assault on an enemy position."

A native of Victoria, Lieut. Scott is H. J. Scott's eldest son. He was educated at University school and at the Victoria high school and took a keen interest in all forms of outdoor athletics. He became amateur middleweight boxing champion of British Columbia by defeating all comers in the competitions of 1913, and he was also prominent as a football and basketball player and oarsman, being at one time a member of the J. B. A. A. "Big Four" senior four-oared crew.

Enlisted As Trooper

He enlisted as a trooper in the 2nd Canadian mounted rifles and left here for overseas in the spring of 1915. He won his commission in France and is now serving with the trench mortar group of the Canadian field artillery. He has been at the front nearly two years.

His brother, Lieut. Matthew Scott, received the Military Cross for services performed at Vimy Ridge. A third brother, Sergt. Gilling Scott, is now in France with the Canadian mounted rifles.

Our Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

has not been raised in price. The quality of Oil is the same. It is an emulsion of pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil.

50c and $1.00 per bottle.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Willard Chocolates.

Eastman Kodak Supplies

The optical trade throughout Canada has been notified of the material increase in the price of spectacle lenses, to take effect at once.

THE ARK

Turkish Towelling, yd...15c, 20c
Tea Towelling, yd.....15c, 20c
Linen Towelling, yd.....12½c
Apron Gingham, yd. 18c, 20c
Bungalow Aprons, each 60c
Ladies' Combination Suit 75c
Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose, pr. ..40c
Boys' Strong Hose, pr. 35c

See our Axminster and Wilton Rugs before Buying.

602-606 Vernon St. Phone 65L

J. W. HOLMES, Manager.

ICE

Phone 504

Delivered to any part of the city.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

Place Your Orders Now for GREENHILL COAL

The most economical coal on the Market.

D. A. McFARLAND, Agent.

Insurance, Real Estate. Room 6, K. W. C. Block.

Telephone 49. P. O. Box 24

If Your Eyes Need Attention

Take Advantage of the Cheap Rates to the Fair to Consult Us

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OPTICAL PATIENTS DURING FAIR DAYS

WE GUARANTEE OUR OPTICAL WORK
OUR EYE EXAMINATION IS POSITIVE

We Will Make Up and Deliver Your Glasses the Same Day

WE HAVE OUR OWN GRINDING PLANT—UP-TO-DATE AND SCIENTIFICALLY EQUIPPED OPTICAL PARLOR

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SPECIALIST IN OPTICS

FREE MATINEE — GEM — FREE MATINEE

HE'S HERE!

The Man of Mystery, the Most Fascinating Figure of the Screen

The Gray Ghost

WITH A BRILLIANT CAST

THE FIRST EPISODE IS ENTITLED "THE BANK MYSTERY"

In order that everyone may have the opportunity of viewing the First Chapter of this thrilling serial, we will run a FREE MATINEE TODAY AT THREE P.M.

IN ADDITION

June Caprice

In a Delightful Comedy-Drama "A MODERN CINDERELLA"

THE INIMITABLE SHORTY HAMILTON
In a Two-Reel Comedy Featurette
"SHORTY TRAPS A LOTTERY KING"

TOMORROW
RETURN OF DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS IN "THE AMERICANO"

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY (FAIR DAYS)
THE STUPENDOUS SPECTACLE

The Masque of Life

THE PLAY OF A 1001 THRILLS

PRICES (Matinee and Evening): ADULTS, 15c; CHILDREN, 10c

WOVALOID

WE HAVE EXCLUSIVE SALE OF THIS BEST QUALITY RUBBER ROOFING

We Guarantee Every Square of it and the Price is Lower than any other High Class Roofing

SAMPLES AND PRICES ON REQUEST

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

GOOD LIST OF ENTRIES FOR NELSON FRUIT FAIR ON SEPTEMBER 19-20

The entry list for the Nelson fruit fair on Wednesday and Thursday closed Saturday night. Secretary Horstead states that the entries are up to the average with an exceptionally good entry of vegetables. There are good entries in classes of ladies' work, home cooking and preserves. In the boys' poultry class, a new class this year, 100 birds are entered.

The Dominion government exhibit from the experimental station at Invermere contains various agricultural products, bees, milk, testing apparatus and other exhibits of interest to agriculturists will be shown.

The fair will open at 1 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon and at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, closing at 10 o'clock on each night.

The Nelson city band will provide music.

GOOD SUPPLY OF PRODUCE AT MARKET

There was a large supply of produce on the market Saturday and a good demand. Tomatoes were in abundance

SEEK PLEDGES FOR WIN-WAR PROGRAM

League Issues Cards—Will Not Enter Political Arena, Explains President Stark to Meeting

Steps to secure pledges to support conscription, taxation of wealth, organization of resources and a union government were taken Saturday night at a meeting of a win-the-war league.

T. D. Stark, president, opened the meeting by announcing the objects of the league. The league, he said, was determined to keep out of politics. It was not going to enter the political arena. It did not propose to run candidates in the coming general election, but rather to secure from candidates a pledge to carry out the win-the-war platform of the league. Its object was to do all in its power to see that every man elected to the house at Ottawa should be pledged to support the league's win-the-war program. The league was strictly non-political and it did not care if those elected were Grit or Tory or anything else providing they subscribed to the platform.

Some people suspected, he remarked, that the league was to aid one or the other of the parties. Some Grits thought it a Tory scheme. Some Tories thought it a Grit plot. But, said Mr. Stark, it was neither. It was strictly non-political.

It was decided that the league should charge no membership fee, but that an effort should be made to raise $100 by voluntary subscriptions. A considerable sum was donated at the meeting and handed over to the treasurer, L. B. DeVeber.

Cards, containing the platform of the league, were distributed for signature and members will endeavor to get as many people to sign them as possible.

A committee composed of Mayor Annable, Mrs. W. J. Mohr and Fred Roberts was named to secure the names of women relatives of soldiers who will be eligible to vote under the franchise bill. These will also be asked to sign the cards.

It was announced that the committee, which has power to add to its number, had added the following to its strength: F. G. Calvert, R. W. Hinton, W. R. Allen, P. B. Fowler, G. W. Steel, E. C. Wragge and R. V. Ramsden.

The office of second vice-president was created and Mrs. Donald Guthrie was elected to the position.

IS BROTHER OF NELSON WOMAN

Corporal H. E. Hooton of Sidney, B. C., who was wounded in action in France, and whose name appears on Saturday's casualty list, is a brother of Mrs. H. E. Thompson of Nelson.

Corporal Hooton, with his brother, Corporal F. Hooton, enlisted in the 88th battalion, Victoria Fusiliers, in July, 1915. They left for England on May 24, 1915. In England the brothers volunteered for active service with another unit and went to the front shortly afterward.

In a recent letter to Mrs. Thompson Corporal Hooton emphasized the gravity of the allies' position and pointed out the urgent need for more men and for moral and financial support of the Canadian people to the boys at the front.

PASTOR WILL GO TO FRONT.

Rev.. C. D. Pidgeon, colleague pastor of Bloor street Presbyterian church and well known in Nelson, is granted one's year's leave of absence for the purpose of going to the front under the auspices of the national council of the Young Men's Christian association, subject to the ratification of the presbytery of Toronto.

GYPSIES ENCAMPED ON FLATS

A band of gypsy fair followers who pose as fortune tellers and phrenologists, are encamped on the Canadian Pacific flats. There are three men and four women in the party. The police have advised them to "keep moving" and they have promised to leave today.

Social and Personal

Captain B. H. Olson has gone to Montreal.

J. W. Watkins, Seattle, is at the Grand Central.

Pete Carlson, Riondel, is a guest at the New Grand.

S. L. Roberts, Spokane, is staying at the Hume.

Mrs. S. Matias, Winnipeg, is registered at the Nelson.

Mrs. F. McDowd, Antigonish, is a guest at the Queens.

A. E. Hudson, Calgary, is registered at the Strathcona.

Mrs. Gilbert Heyfron of Missoula, Mont., is visiting Mrs. R. H. Billings of Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Stark left this morning for Winnipeg. Mr. Stark expects to return at the end of the week.

JUNIOR RED CROSS TAGGERS GET $176

This Sum Collected for Funds of Great War Veterans Auxiliary

The sum of $176 was collected by 25 junior Red Cross girls for the Great War Veterans Auxiliary on Saturday. The money will be used by the auxiliary in its activities in behalf of returned soldiers.

The tag sellers disposed of tags from 7:30 in the morning till 9:30 at night, meeting trains and boats and selling to picture show patrons and the people on the streets.

The committee in charge expressed its gratification at the amount obtained.

RESIGNS FROM FORCE

Constable Dave McAlmon's resignation from the provincial police force took effect on Saturday night. Chief Black stated last night that no successor had been named yet.

MANY ATTEND FORMER LOCAL MAYOR'S FUNERAL

Body of the Late W. G. Gillet is Interred at Mountain View Cemetery

The funeral of the late W. G. Gillett was held from St. Mark's church to Mountain View cemetery, the services being conducted by Rev. J. H. Sovereign both at the church and at the grave, says a Vancouver despatch. A large number accompanied the remains to the grave, the cortege numbering over 120 personal friends and including a great many from Nelson and Prince George, where the late Mr. Gillett had been actively identified with the business and public affairs for some years.

The deceased is survived by a wife and three children. He was 47 years of age at the time of his death, which came unexpectedly on Tuesday morning from pneumonia. The late Mr. Gillett was a native of Newfoundland and came to British Columbia in 1891. He was a very well known contractor and built a large number of works in this province. In public life he was active in municipal service at Prince George and earlier at Nelson. He was mayor of each of these cities for two years.

The pallbearers were J. Dewar, J. M. Lay, W. P. Tierney, W. A. Davies and A. Creelman of Vancouver, and John T. Turner of Victoria.

INFANTRY TAKES REST IN MACEDONIA THEATRE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Sept. 16.—An official report reads:

"Eastern theatre, Sept. 15: The day was generally quiet. There was artillery and trench gun fighting at several points along the front."

SWEDISH MINISTER CONFERS WITH LORD ROBERT CECIL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.—Count A. Wrangel, the Swedish minister to Great Britain, and the Countess Wrangel left London today for the continent on a few weeks' leave of absence. Count Wrangel yesterday had a long conference with Lord Robert Cecil, the British under-secretary for foreign affairs, presumably on the subject of the Swedish Argentina disclosures. W. F. Bosterom, councillor of the Swedish legation here, will take charge during Count Wrangel's absence.

EXHIBITS MUST BE ON HAND TUESDAY MORNING

Through an error in printing, it appears in the prize list that all exhibits should be in place by 10 p.m. on Sept. 19. This should read Sept. 18. Exhibitors are reminded to have all exhibits in the building by 10 p.m. on Tuesday.

Let the Insurance Company Carry Your Risk

Every dry day adds to your risk. In case of loss the cost of material and labor has materially increased—for a few dollars a strong corporation will carry your load. Can you and your family afford to be without protection?

If your home is modern and in Nelson and sixty feet from your neighbor it will only cost you $12.00 per thousand for three years, or $4.00 per thousand per year. In other words you would have to pay for 125 years before you would pay out what you would get back in case of a total loss.

Yes, let the Insurance Company carry your risk.

Charles F. McHardy

INSURANCE REAL ESTATE FUEL

CHICAGO MEN GO TO CAMP GRANT

Farewell Extended by City—Contrast and Comments Noted in Two Hours' Train Ride

ROCKLAND, Ill.—The train pulled out gently and strongly through the waving crowd, like a great ship putting out to sea, and the first Chicago men of the national army were on their way to camp. In a very few moments the last sight of Chicago's farewell was lost. Camp Grant at Rockford was two hours' ride ahead. We pulled ourselves out the windows and aisles and settled down for the trip.

Sedlack, the Bohemian, across on the double seat, was taken up with his magazines. "A girl gave them to me just before I got on," said this big fellow, who up to a few days ago had been a street car conductor. Sedlack couldn't forget his new bright red magazines and about the last thing he said as we were getting ready to disembark at Camp Grant was, with the same pleased smile, "A girl gave them to me just before we started."

Parting from the multitude of friends and well wishers was vivid in the thought. "The only time I minded was when I said goodby at home," said Sedlack's brother, almost as husky. He used to drive a motor truck and was hoping to drive a motor truck division at camp. Rasmussan the Dane next me, another street car conductor, smiled. "I went downtown this morning and came back and said goodby and hustled out in a minute," was his manner of parting.

Then by common accord thought turned back to the send-off. Some of the drafted men's division had fed up the boys on entertainments the night before, and eventually these stalwarts from the Pullman district. "Our bunch is a picked one, all big ones except one little fellow. I guess they put him in for a joke," declared the Bohemian. All had their share of friendly remembrances.

Some people along the way, apparently recognizing the national army vanguard on the move waved. For a time we waved back enthusiastically, conscious enough that this was a part of Uncle Sam's army heading for France via Camp Grant. Then, passing out into the fields, a friendly greeting became rare.

It was like nothing else so much inside the car than a bunch of men on a big outing. The motor truck driver opened a box of fudge which stuffed his pocket, the gift of another Chicago girl. In spots conversation began to hold up and elsewhere it ran out. The voices in the rear started something like a song, but it got nowhere. Here and there a head leaned back against the plush in drowiness or in sleep.

This was the last coach, and through the open door at the rear a glimpse of flying ties and country spinned itself out. By the brass railing at the train's end stood a solitary figure, in what was at that time well nigh the most solitary spot in the train. His eyes held an expression that none other on that expedition wore. His face was swart and rough and his hair, a long curly black, was tossing in the wind. Not far away and sharing the view, was a young American, in black and white checked cap. They were both silent, but there was all the difference in the world in their expressions as they watched the miles multiplying between them and the city.

Someone drifting back to the end of the train noticed the dark-visaged stranger and spoke to him. "Not very good understand," he said slowly, turning with a very pleasant smile, though a subdued smile. But as friendly questions ran on, he understood and made himself understood.

He was an Armenian. The Turks had killed 18 of his family, including his father and mother and three little brothers.

"What service do you want to go into, infantry or artillery?" When he comprehended, he said, in jerks, "I don't know. Anything. I hope I do well." Then rather sadly, "I don't learn quick."

"Did you go because you wanted to or because you had to?"

"Oh, I want to. When do we get to France?"

In some way or other this linking up of Armenian and young American in the single aim, at the back of the train full of so many foreign bloods from polyglot Chicago, seemed typical of the whole drafted army of America which started to camp on Tuesday.

It was just getting dull inside when the outskirts of a city shot by. Heads popped out of windows.

"The Rockford Manufacturing company," joyfully shouted Sedlack the Bohemian. Then there was some switching, waving back and forth to factories saluting the national army and to girls of the town and soon the last run to camp. It was growing toward evening and dusky in our car.

Slowly house by house, untenanted, Camp Grant passed before the view. There was no shout. Heads and shoulders filled windows and behind them those on the other side of the coach leaned over to see. It was the first time that this crowd of city men had been sobered, a moment not to be forgotten.

"It's 5:50," said Rasmussen, the Danish street car conductor, as of old habit; "we'll soon be home."

The modest bundles and grips were grabbed and when the train stopped we piled out and formed into little squads by exemption board divisions quickly and obediently. What a remarkably fine lot of men, these first in the draft. Men of ability, men of strength, big men and little in the world's scale, thoroughly sound, good to work with, good to play with, good to fight with. And glad to go.

"Well, we've finished the first lap," observed the keen young chap who had talked with the Armenian, "but its the last lap, east, we are looking forward to."

The order came to get back on, and on we got. A bit of switching, and out we sailed again t form into little knots. The camp lay across the dusty way, a city of wooden houses.

The newspapers have had it that this first consignment of the draft out of Chicago was to be made up of cooks and previous service men. Mighty few cooks in this crowd. "Any farmers, blacksmiths, saddlers, cooks here," asked the officer, stepping before our residential division. Not one. "Anybody who can drive a car." Three stepped out and were pointed away. These were scheduled, it seemed, for the ammunition train.

One by one the other division tramped by, a curious-looking crowd in business suits and work clothes, derbies, straw and caps, carrying their clothes in all kinds of paper-covered bundles, valises, suitcases. Our little knot was left standing with four others. A captain, a fine-faced chap, came up to chat.

"We have been waiting for you," he said with a winning smile, "and we're mighty glad you're here. We want to go to work."

The falling night had clouded and it was beginning to rain. Coat collars were turned up as it rained harder. Nobody budged. Finally an officer hastened up, wanted to know what these men were doing out in the rain, passed to the other groups, and in a minute all were tramping toward camp.

Again that curious procession of city men in army surroundings. The light in the wooden houses of Camp Grant has come out. The last of the file passed down the camp street and as they disappeared the shouts of the first men of the national army entering their new homes rose on the night.—Christian Science Monitor.

DOG MASCOTS ARE LOVED BY SOLDIERS

Few Regiments Go to Front Without Pet of Some Kind And Some Are Quite Uncanny

Early in the week we travelled for some distance on a southern railway line in the company of part of a big draft ordered on foreign service, and noted with pleasure, not unmixed with deep feeling, that none of the usual camp following was parted with more reluctantly than the driver's dog, an intelligent looking crossbred, with more than a mere dash of Labrador blood in his veins, says a London writer. Poor dog! He, indeed, was sad, though unlike scores of men and women who watched the scene, he did not show it; the layman could not have detected anything unusual in his behavior, but we, being used to dogs, and a close observer of their ways and habits, saw by his expression that he knew why he had been brought to the big railway station, miles from the training camp in which, we had little doubt, he had spent a happy life with his friends, the drivers.

The train, already very late, was on the point of starting, when a smart looking soldier lad raced along the platform to the compartment in which were his old comrades, bound for London and thence overseas to ———, and he had to shout "Here's Tip" more than once for the carriage doors to be opened and Tip's old pals to get out for still another adieu. The last words and even the last caresses were reserved for the dog, and we shall never forget the look poor Tip gave to the train as his loved companions were being borne away. He neither howled nor whimpered; he bore himself like the true sportsman he is—if appearances count—and in wishing our cheery companions Godspeed at the end of the first stage of their journey we expressed the hope that Tip would be in camp to welcome them should they return to the same part of the country. A dog of the sort we saw will never lack friends, and the way he stood to heel when ordered to do so, even while his pals were bidding him farewell, proved that his field education had not been neglected.

Hundreds of "Tips."

Among our companions that morning there may have been a gamekeeper or two; one of the officers was undoubtedly a field trail man, but dog men or not, every one of the draft was greatly interested in Tip, and he would have accompanied the men had such a thing been possible of arrangement. Similar scenes have been enacted in other places, no doubt; there must be some hundreds of Tips, but all have to be left. In some cases there is an end to the little game hunting forays in the evenings; no more will the hedgerows be drawn as has been the case after parade day after day on the outskirts of camp, and the impromtu trials of greyhounds or terriers, which have provided such enjoyment to officers and men, are ended. It is unlikely that they will ever be resumed.

Dogs have made camp life tolerable to many sportsmen. We have in our mind the case of an officer who was allowed to keep a small team of terriers in quarters he was lucky to get in the heart of a specially fine sporting district. Being a good horseman, part of his recreation was riding on the downs in the early morning and it was while accompanied by his little pack that he improved his knowledge of Wiltshire and its sport. How we should have liked to see his dog fox lying in covert not far from where pheasants were penned, and literally force him out to the open! This and much more was done during those early morning gallops. Dogs have certainly taken their part in the making of the soldier by providing companionship and sport in places far removed from the busy haunts of men. That they will not be forgotten, even in the strenuous days which are to come, is a certainty.

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A most unusual story marvellously portrayed.

TWO COMEDIES

Wednesday—George Beban in "The Marcellini Millions"

NOTHING JUST SO GOOD AS BARK OF CORK OAK TRE

When a man goes into a hardware store for a supply of cork for some specific purpose he generally gets what he asks for. The reason why the dealer does not endeavor to persuade him to try something "just as good" is because there is nothing else he could offer.

Cork is cheap and for ages it has stood alone in its field of usefulness. It is tough and elastic, and its specific gravity is only 0.24. This, added to the fact that it is impervious to water, accounts for its use in life preservers.

The cork oak, which grows principally in Spain, Portugal, Algeria and southern France, furnishes the supply. Only the outer bark of the tree us used for the commercial product. When the tree has attained a diameter of approximately five inches, which usually it does by the time it is twenty years old, the cork, as the first stripping of bark is called, is removed. This cork is so rough, coarse and dense that it has little commercial value. But its removal does not kill the tree. On the contrary, it seems to promote development.

The stripping is done in July and August, and great skill is necessary in order not to injure the tree. If it is injured at any place the growth there ceases, and the spot remains ever afterward scarred and uncovered.

WHEN IN DOUBT TRY DAILY NEWS WANT ADS

Between Season Underwear

We have medium weight, underwear that's just right until severe weather comes.

It's too cool for Summer Underwear now, but not cold enough for the heavy winter weights.

HERE'S THE UNDERWEAR FOR NOW

Heavy Mercerized Cotton, natural Wool and Merino in medium weight. Guaranteed not to shrink.

$1.50, $2.25 to $3.50 Per Suit.

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