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PRISONERS TAKEN IN GREAT ITALIAN DRIVE OVER 13,000

Important Gains Are Made All Along Line

WARSHIPS BOMBARD CITY OF TRIEST

Vienna Admits the Town of Selo is Occupied by Italians

(By Associated Press.)

The great offensive of the Italians from the region of Tolmino to the head of the Adriatic sea is going on, despite the stubborn resistance of the Austrians and the difficulty of the terrain.

Already the Italian offensive has resulted in the capture of more than 13,000 prisoners and 30 guns, and gains of great importance have been made all along the line. Italian warships which are aiding in the attack at the head of the gulf of Triest have switched their guns from the battle line and showered shells upon Triest, the big Austrian port, which is the objective of the Italians. Admission is made by the Vienna war office of victories by the Italians at several points south of Tolmino and the capture of the town of Selo, near the head of the Adriatic, but it is asserted that the offensive especially at Selo, cost the Italians thousands of men in killed and wounded, in addition to more than 6500 prisoners.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, Aug. 22.—The war office today issued the following statement:

"Along the whole front the battle is raging without letup. North of Gorizia the operations are proceeding regularly and we are overcoming the resistance of the enemy and the difficulty of the ground.

"To the south the struggle Tuesday became localized, especially on the Carso.

"Along the whole line of battle our troops have gained new successes and are overcoming the difficulties which give to every yard of ground won the importance of a conquered fortress.

"We are masters of the air over the battlefield. Our planes bombarded troops and camps in the Chiapovano valley and along the eastern slopes of the Hermada, making the enemy suffer losses and causing conflagrations in his communication lines. The number of ablebodied prisoners captured is 311 officers and more than 13,000 men. Thirty guns, mostly all of medium calibre, have been taken. The other booty is large and is increasing in quantity.

"On the Trentino and Carnia fronts the enemy Tuesday again attempted small attacks which everywhere were repulsed. In the Ledro valley a bitter attack resulted after a lively struggle, in the failure for the enemy, who was put to rout. He left prisoners and material in our hands."

Vienna Claims 13,000 Prisoners

VIENNA, Aug. 20., via London, Aug. 22.—(delayed.)—The repulse of heavy Italian attacks on the Isonzo front is reported by the war office. Several civilians were killed on a naval attack on Triest. The official statement says that on Aug. 19, more than 13,000 prisoners were brought in.

Vienna Claims Successes

VIENNA, Aug. 22.—Today's official statement reads:

"Tuesday was one of the hottest days as regards fighting in the history of the Isonzo army. East of Canale the village of Vrh had to be abandoned to the enemy. All efforts of the Italians to continue their thrust beyond the heights south of the village were unsuccessful. South of Descila several enemy attacks with considerable forces failed.

"Following our successes of the previous day we hold the first line trenches east of Gorizia and Biglia against renewed attacks. The complete exhaustion and losses of the enemy here compelled him in the afternoon to allow a pause in the fighting.

"A most severe struggle has occurred on the Carso plateau. Supported by artillery fire which could scarcely be excelled the enemy from early morning until late in the evening threw division after division against our positions. The most vigorous thrust was against both wings of this sector.

"In the region of Faiti and Castagnavizza and against Meseazza and San Giovanni the result of the day's fighting corresponded with the splendid behaviour of our troops and leaders and although minor defensive retirements were undertaken undoubted success was made on our side. Since daybreak this morning the Italians have massed troops and again attacked our Carso positions.

"Increased fighting activity has developed at many points with Baron von Konrad's army.

"In the Sugana valley our reconnoitering detachments brought in 70 prisoners. Northwest of Arsiero two officers and 150 men and three machine guns were captured. West of Lake Garda after a vigorous engagement we overpowered an enemy point of support.

BRITISH GET TOWN IN MESOPOTAMIA

Sheraban, Near the Persian Frontier, Captured—Turkish Forces Are Routed.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A British official communication concerning the operations on the Mesopotamian front says the British have occupied the town of Sheraban, lying northeast of Bagdad, near the Persian frontier. The communication which is dated Sunday, says:

"Our columns attacked the Turks near Sheraban, on the left bank of the Diala. The enemy made but little resistance and retreated hastily to the Hamrin Hill. We remain in possession of Sheraban."

NEW COMMANDER FOR RUSSIANS IN NORTH

PETROGRAD, Aug. 22.—General Letchitsky has been appointed commander of the northern front, succeeding General Klembovsky.

Gen. Letchitsky was the right hand man of Gen. Brusiloff in the successful drive of the early summer last year. He captured many thousands of Austrian troops and occupied all of Bukowina. Last March he was appointed commander on the central front.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING IN DAM AT EDGELEY

REGINA, Sask., Aug. 22.—O. Langvad, an employee of the Grand Trunk Pacific at Edgeley, was drowned while bathing in the dam near Edgeley today.

ESKIMOS NOW STAND TRIAL AT CALGARY

Case Transferred Owing to Prejudice at Edmonton—Confession Again Features Evidence

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CALGARY, Alta., Aug. 22.—Crowds packed the criminal court room to capacity Wednesday long before the opening of the trial of the two Eskimos who are charged with the murder of Fathers Leroux and Rouvier. The case has been transferred to Calgary on account of prejudice in Edmonton. Chief Justice Harvey was on the bench and Crown Prosecutor McCaul, K.C., with James Short, K.C., presenting the crown's side of the case.

The prisoners, Sinnisiak and Uluksuk, appeared to be in very low spirits and sat much of the time during the morning with their sharp brown eyes downcast and an expression of deep melancholy upon their faces. Not understanding a word of what was being said about them, they paid little heed to the selection of the jury and the hearing of the witnesses. The confession of Sinnisiak was again read before his lordship, Chief Justice Harvey and the jury. Sinnisiak in his confessiin again stated that the two priests started to pack up on the week of the killing; they went away one night and he and Uluksuk started to follow them and Father Leroux told them to come over to the camp. The priest said: "If you will help me to pull the sleds, I will pay you in traps."

Tragedy Detailed

The two Eskimos started with the priests, but they could not make the camp, and next day they started back, but the priests were still going ahead and as it started to storm they lost the road.

Then the missionary pulled out his rifle. The Eskimo talked with his companion, Uluksuk and they were both crying, because they had frost in their boots and they wanted to go back. When they tried to talk Leroux put his hands over their mouths and pulled out the rifle.

"Then I got hot in my body," confessed Sinnisiak and after more detail of the state of mind of the two, the confession states that he and Uluksuk conferred. Sinnisiak said: "They will try to kill us," and he tried to get out of the harness, but every time Leroux stopped him. On a hill, according to the confession, Sinnisiak took off the harness and ran to one side and the missionary ran after him, disregarding his reasons for wanting to leave the sleds. Again and again Leroux ran up and pushed them back, as Uluksuk was also desirous of stopping. Then, as Leroux turned his back on Sinnisiak the latter with a knife stabbed him in the back. The priest fell. The other white man tried to get back to the sleds and Sinnisiak told Uluksuk to take the rifle.

"Uluksuk finished him," was the sufficient statement in the confession as to the end of Leroux, and then Father Rouvier ran away.

Then Sinnisiak started firing on the retreating Father Rouvier. The first time he missed him, but the second time, "I got him." Then he went after Father Rouvier with a knife, and told Uluksuk that as he had hit the other man he should strike Father Rouvier, too. Then Uluksuk struck him, and as the priest was still breathing he struck him with an axe in the head and that finished the tragedy.

CANADIANS REPEL EIGHT ATTACKS

Push Forward but Unable to Consolidate Gains

WOUNDED CALLOUSLY TREATED BY GERMANS

Left Without Food or Surgical Dressings When Cellar Evacuated

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Aug. 22.—(By the Canadian Overseas Correspondent.) — On the southern and western front of Lens we hold today all the ground won in Tuesday's advance and have made another forward move along the line of the Lens-Bethune railway embankment. By this advance our infantry secured possession of the southern end of a trench for which hard fighting has been going on at intervals since Sunday.

On the north of Lens, in the St. Laurent sector, our men were unable to establish themselves at the farthest point of Tuesday's fighting. The enemy concentrated heavy fire from guns of all calibres upon them, and prevented our men from consolidating a line able to withstand the continual assaults by fresh troops. During Tuesday the Canadians who made the advance here, after extremely hard hand to hand fighting, were called upon to repel eight well organized counter-attacks, several of which disclosed the presence of new enemy formations. The attacks were beaten off every time, and in the end, having inflicted casualties on the enemy far greater than they suffered, the Canadians went back unmolested to their own front line, giving up the most advanced positions. During last night and Wednesday morning this part of the battle line was very quiet.

Take 110 Prisoners

The prisoners taken Tuesday totaled 110, and the fact that two-thirds of them are wounded indicates that it was not the enemy's day for surrendering unless forced to.

Terrible stories are told of the fighting Tuesday in the tangle of houses and trenches on the west of Lens front. Here a group of 60 men with bombs and bayonets and machine guns, counted 120 German dead, all of the first guards reserve division, in front of them.

A Russian belonging to an Ontario battalion climbed to a point of vantage in a house overlooking a bit of trench held by the enemy who lay around the house. From this place of concealment he threw bombs on the enemy beneath at intervals during the day, and when night fell 28 bodies lay in the trench.

Wounded Callously Treated

The rescue of two privates of this battalion from a cellar near that in which a Quebec officer and a private were found Tuesday discloses neglect of the enemy in treating our wounded. Both suffered severe shell wounds in the legs during the attack on August 15, and were captured and placed in a dressing station located in a cellar, together with 30 wounded Germans.

(Continued on Page Two.)

FRENCH REPULSE EIGHT ATTACKS

Maintain Positions Won, Make Further Advance and Take Many Prisoners

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The second day of the new battle of Verdun was taken up, as was to be expected, by the desperate efforts of the Germans to recover their lost positions. The long artillery preparation of the French, interrupted as it was by inclement weather, had given the Germans time to mass reserves for counter-attacks. They had withdrawn forces from their advanced lines which were too greatly exposed to the French artillery, massing these men, together with reserves, around the extremities of the sector attacked, between Avocourt and Bezonvaux, in readiness for counter-attacks. No less than eight of these counter-attacks were made in the evening. All were repulsed. The gains of the French were maintained entirely, further advances being made and a large number of prisoners taken.

It is known that the Germans had five divisions of reserves in readiness for this battle and more than 400 batteries. They began to weaken before the bombardment ceased and many of them surrendered. One complete platoon in charge of noncommissioned officers gave itself up in a group.

ACTING MAJOR BAWDEN IS KILLED IN ACTION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Aug. 22.—It is announced that acting Major A. R. Bawden of Winnipeg, was killed in action Aug. 15. He had the distinction of being number one in the Canadian expeditionary force and was a color sergeant in the first Winnipeg rifles battalion. He was wounded at Festaubert.

ARABS REVOLT AGAINST TURKS

Victorious in Some Big Engagements

KING OF THE HEDJAZ AIDS ALLIES' CAUSE

Operations Are Being Conducted With Skill and Daring

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Arabs in Arabia in revolt against the Turks have recently carried out extensive operations against the enemy, meeting with success in all of them, according to a British communication issued tonight. The communication adds that the king of the Hedjaz and his tribesmen evidently have associated themselves with the allied cause. The communication follows:

"Forces operating under the orders of the king of the Hedjaz have carried out a series of extensive operations against the Turkish detachments and posts in Arabia. According to information available, the Arabs have been working on a carefully thought out plan which has resulted in the destruction of a part of the railway line north of Medina and in the capture of isolated Turkish outposts.

Plan Skilfully Conceived

"The plan of operations appears to have been skilfully conceived, and the daring and determination displayed in carrying it out were remarkable. On more than one occasion Arabs attacked numerically superior forces and overcame them. In the Maan district alone over 700 Turks were killed in an action and a similar number taken prisoner. In addition four guns were captured.

"At present it is impossible to forecast what bearing the Arab revolt may have on our operations in eastern theatres, but it is evident that the king of the Hedjaz and his supporters have definitely associated themselves with the allied aims and ideals, which cannot fail to embarrass our enemies.

"The Arab movement originating with the Sheref of Mecca apparently is gaining the support of all the allied tribes in Hedjaz and is spreading eastward."

GERMANS AIM AT CAPTURING RIGA

Launch Offensive with Russian Port as Objective—In Galicia Russians Hold Foe.

(By Associated Press.)

On the eastern front, near the important Russian port of Riga, on the Baltic, the Germans have started what possibly may turn out to be another big offensive, and also are attacking the Russian lines to the southeast in the vicinity of Dvinsk and farther south, near Brody and Tarnopol, in Galicia.

East of Riga, between the Tirul marshes and the River Aa, the Germans have forced back the Russian advanced guards from one to two miles. Near Dvinsk and in northern Galicia the Russians are still maintaining their line notwithstanding the recent defections in their army which resulted in a forced retreat of the Russians in Galicia and Bukowina.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Aug. 22.—Today's official statement reads:

"Western front: Monday in the direction of Tukkum the Germans undertook an offensive east of the Tirul marshes and drove back our cavalry advanced posts, which retired to Anting and Kemmern. Since the morning of Tuesday the Germans have conducted attacks between the Tirul marshes and the Aa river. About 3 o'clock in the morning they succeeded in penetrating the position of our advanced detachments, which retired from between two and three versts to the north.

"Insignificant attacks in the direction of the sea coast near Raggedzem and south of Lake Babit were repulsed by our fire. The enemy is directing his artillery fire against our positions in the region leading to the east of the River Aa.

"In the direction of Dvinsk there has been lively artillery fighting.

"In the direction of Brody, Galicia, on both sides of the Brody-Krasne railroad the enemy is conducting a vigorous artillery fire against our trenches."

Says Rumanians Repulsed

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—An official report states:

"Army group of Prince Leopold: Near Riga, Dvinsk and Tarnopol and on the river Zbrocz fighting activity was revived.

"Army group of Archduke Joseph: South of the Trotus valley the Rumanians launched strong forces on Monday and Tuesday with the object of wresting from us our gains made on both sides of Grozechti and northeast of Soveja. All their attacks have been repulsed with heavy losses.

"Army group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: The situation is unchanged.

ALLIES CAPTURE MORE GROUND AT YPRES, LENS AND VERDUN

LABOR TO ASSIST IN MILITARY VOTE

Amendment Providing for This Adopted—Measure in House is Keenly Discussed

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 22.—The house spent practically the entire day in committee on the military voters' bill. This was the third day the measure has been under consideration in committee and up to the present time very little headway has been made. The opposition has continued to put forward objections to certain details of the bill, while in the main the government has adhered to its determination to pass the measure practically in the form it was introduced. A number of the more important clauses have been allowed to stand over after having been generally surveyed by the house.

The main opposition objections to the measure were voiced tonight by Frank B. Carvell who summarized three chief points of objection. In the first place, he said, the proposal to allow nonresidents of Canada to vote was bad in principle. He was quite willing to be charged with disloyalty for giving expression to this view, but if parliament decides to give these men a vote they should not be allowed to vote in any constituency they might choose. There were, he said, at least two regiments made up almost wholly of Americans. It should be decided in what constituency these men were to vote. Their votes should not be distributed around in a dozen different constituencies.

Wants Both Sides Represented.

Mr. Carvell's second objection was that an officer should not be allowed to hold a poll without a representative of both sides being present. This defect, he said, could be easily remedied. He also objected to any officer being allowed to carry around for days and weeks open bags containing votes. These bags should be sealed at the close of every polling day.

William German of Welland thought that in England it would be better to have the vote all taken in one day. This would cause less trouble for the authorities and would be more convenient for the soldier. He thought it particularly desirable that at the hospitals the polling should be confined to a single day.

Did Not Realize Conditions.

Sir Robert Borden said that Mr. German did not realize conditions overseas. It would require hundreds of returning officers and scrutineers to take the vote of the wounded men in the hospitals. In France the men were not confined to the comparatively short front held by the Canadians. Railway construction and cavalry units were scattered all over the country. It would be, he said, a tremendous task to poll the vote with any degree of satisfaction.

After some further discussion, Mr. Doherty gave notice of two amendments which may, to some extent, satisfy the opposition. One provides that in Canada the deputy presiding officer shall give the scrutineers notice, and that outside Canada he shall do so whenever it is possible

At a late hour an amendment was adopted making provision for labor candidates on the ballot papers.

E. M. Macdonald suggested that the names of candidates after nomination

(Continued on Page Two.)

CENTRAL POWERS IN DISAGREEMENT

Cannot Reach Understanding Regarding Joint Reply to Pope's Peace Proposals

BERNE, Aug. 22—In diplomatic circles the passage in the speech of Dr. Michaelis, the German chancellor, in which he said:

"Notwithstanding efforts to hasten a decision, it has not yet been possible to agree with her allies concerning a joint reply to the papal note," is interpreted as indicating a difference of opinion between Berlin and Vienna, and also between Vienna and Sofia.

Austria, according to reports, desires complete acceptance of the papal note, whereas Germany wishes only conditional acceptance. Bulgaria insists on holding territory now occupied by her.

INSURANCE BUSINESS INCREASES IN WEST

President J. Burtt Morgan of Victoria States Position at Underwriters' Convention

WINNIPEG, Aug. 22.—About 400 delegates are in attendance at the annual convention of the Life Underwriters' association which opened here today. President J. Burtt Morgan of Victoria, B. C., made the principal address at the morning session, stating that the organization in the last year had increased its membership by 42 per cent, of which 33 per cent was shown in western Canada. Referring to insurance legislation, Mr. Morgan stated there was a probability that all insurance agents in Canada would have to hold a Dominion license.

W. W. Swanson of the university of Saskatchewan, in his address, dwelt on the plans of German yto have the entire mercantile marine of that country brought under one head after the war, forming a national [illegible]ort trust.

British in Fierce Onslaught Drive Foe Back on Wide Front and to Considerable Depth--Fighting Is of Most Desperate Nature

CANADIANS NOT ONLY SMASH UP ATTACKS BUT PUSH FORWARD LINES

In Various Sectors Around Verdun Germans Make Repeated Efforts to Win Back Lost Ground--All Are Foiled--Enemy, Cowed for the Time Being, Gives Up Attempt, Infantry Attacks Ceasing

(By Associated Press.)

British and French forces in Belgium and on the sectors of Lens and Verdun in France again have made progress against the Germans and also have held, notwithstanding most violent counter-attacks, all the ground they won in recent fighting.

Not only have the Canadians repulsed all German counter-attacks before Lens, but they have taken additional positions from the enemy in front of the important coal centre.

Near Ypres, in Flanders, the British have penetrated the German line to a considerable depth. On both these sectors furious fighting is still going on, the combatants frequently coming together in hand to hand encounters.

French Repulse Onslaughts

Tuesday night and Wednesday morning saw the German crown prince delivering heavy counter-attacks against the newly won French positions northwest of Verdun, where at several points the Germans succeeded in reentering trenches. These positions, however, shortly afterward again were relinquished to Gen. Petain's men under fierce onslaughts. North and northeast of Verdun the Germans made some attempts to recapture lost ground but the artillery and rifle fire of the French forced them to desist. Wednesday afternoon found the Germans apparently cowed as a result of their unrewarded efforts, for their infantry kept to their trenches and only the artillery was in action. More than 6000 Germans have been made prisoners during the three days of fighting in the Verdun region. On the Aisne front, Crown Prince William still continues his attacks at various points along the Chemin des Dames and adjacent territory, but nowhere has he been able to dent the French line.

Zeebrugge Heavily Bombed

Aerial bombing raids of great intensity are still being carried out by British and French aviators over German positions in Belgium, and intensive air fighting also is in progress. Zeebrugge, the German submarine base in northern Belgium, is reported to have been heavily bombed again. In fights in the air, the British on Tuesday accounted for 17 German airplanes, but 12 of their own machines failed to return to their base.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The British troops, attacking fiercely again today, have captured important strategic positions for a mile along the Ypres-Menine road to a depth of nearly a third of a mile, and farther to the north carried forward their front about half a mile over an extent of two and a half miles. The fighting, according to the official report from British headquarters tonight, was of the most desperate nature, the prisoners taken bearing a small ratio to the losses inflicted on the Germans.

The text of the statement follows:

"Successful operations were undertaken by our troops this morning to the east and northeast of Ypres for the capture of a series of strong points and fortified farms lying a few hundred yards in front of our positions astride the Ypres-Menines road and between the Ypres-Roulers railway and Langemarcq.

"Bitter fighting occurred at all points. The enemy again made repeated counter-attacks and suffered heavy losses from our artillery and machine gun fire.

"The struggle was particularly fierce in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Menines road, where the enemy fought desperately to retain command of the high ground. Here our line has been advanced to a depth of about 500 yards on a front of about a mile.

"A position giving important observation to the eastward was captured by us and our troops established themselves in the western portion of Inverness copse. Farther north our line has been carried forward on a front of two and a half miles to a depth of over half a mile in some places.

250 Prisoners Taken

"The garrisons of the captured farms and strong points resisted with the greatest stubbornness. In many cases isolated positions were reduced only after fighting lasting throughout the greater part of the day.

"In these operations we captured over 250 prisoners, but by reason of the obstinate nature of the fighting the prisoners taken bear more than a usually small proportion to the total losses inflicted on the enemy.

"The number of prisoners taken by us in the course of Tuesday's fighting in the neighborhood of Lens is 194, bringing the total in this neighborhood since the morning of August 15 to 1378. In the same period we captured in this area 34 machine guns and 21 trenches mortars, so far counted.

"Tuesday there was again great activity in the air on both sides. Severe fighting occurred. Twelve German airplanes were brought down by our machines. Five others were brought down out of control. Twelve of our airplanes are missing, including two which collided behind the enemy's lines during a bombing raid."

French Official Report

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"The artillery fighting was quite violent in the regions of Braye and Cerny.

"In the Champagne area our batteries carried out efficacious fire and destroyed additional gas reservoirs.

"On the Verdun front the enemy reacted during the course of the day with artillery, notably on the left bank of the Meuse river, but made no attempt to attack our numerous positions. One of our heavy guns destroyed the understructure of an observatory at Romagne sous Les Cotes.

"German airplanes Tuesday night dropped bombs in the region of Gerardmer, there being neither victims or

(Continued on Page Two.)

GERMAN AIRPLANES RAID ENGLISH COAST TOWNS

Three Brought Down—Five of Hun Reserve Fleet Also Downed by Dunkirk Patrol

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Ten German airplanes approached the English coast on the county of Kent today, the British war office announces. Two of the raiding machines were brought down. Bombs were dropped at Dover and at Margate. Three persons were killed and two injured. The statement says the raiders were unable to penetrate far inland.

Airships also approached the Yorkshire coast Tuesday night, though only one or two ventured over land.

Damage Is Heavy

RAMSGATE, England, Aug. 22.—German airplanes today bombarded this town from a great altitude. The bombs dropped by the aviators did considerable damage.

Raid Yorkshire Coast

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Lord French, commander of the British home forces, announced this evening that the latest reports showed that although a number of enemy airships approached the English coast Tuesday night, only one, and at the most two, ventured over land. Twelve high explosive and 13 incendiary bombs were dropped on three small villages near the coast. A chapel was wrecked and several houses were damaged. One man was injured.

Lord French's report shows that bombs were dropped by the raiding airplanes on Dover, Margate and Ramsgate. There were no casualties at Margate, but at Dover and Ramsgate 11 persons were killed and 13 injured. A hospital and some houses were damaged. The pilot of one of the enemy machines brought down was rescued, having been only slightly wounded.

Three Machines Downed.

The admiralty has issued the following amplification of Lord French's report:

"Ten enemy airplanes of the Gotha type were attacked by naval airplanes in the vicinity of Ramsgate between 10 and 11 o'clock this morning. The enemy machines which were flying at a height of between 11,000 and 12,000 feet were closely engaged and in addition to the two mentioned by Lord French, another was shot down by a royal naval air squadron. The remaining seven Gothas turned seaward, followed by numerous naval aircraft.

"The pilot of a royal naval squadron airplane who chased the raiders over the sea reports that after firing 300 rounds of ammunition into one of the enemy machines, both gunners appeared to have been killed. There was no fire in reply even at 20 yards distance.

(Continued on Page Two.)

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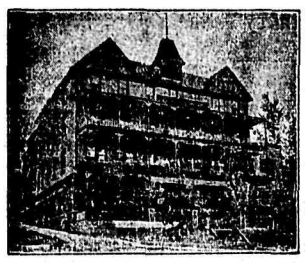

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NAKUSP, B. C.

The volcano which early in June laid waste the region around the Salvadorean capital, continues to spout burning lava. Thousands of persons, native and foreigners, daily visit the scene of the eruption, which offers a unique spectacle.

Max Reiser, who threatened to lay a vile complaint with the patriotic fund and have the allowance of a soldier's wife stopped unless the woman gave him money, was sent to jail for three months by Judge Coatsworth in the Toronto criminal court.

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Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

Position Unchanged

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The statement given out by both British and French officials today were of no material change from those sent last evening.

Austrian Casualties 35,000

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY IN THE FIELD, Aug. 22.—Austria's terrible toll of casualties in the continuing Italian advance today reached 35,000 in dead and wounded, according to headquarters estimates. More than 13,000 prisoners and 30 guns have been taken.

LABOR TO ASSIST IN MILITARY VOTE

(Continued from Page One.)

should be posted on bulletin boards in all camps.

Hon. C. J. Doherty could see no objection to such a suggestion if it was feasible and an amendment to this effect was incorporated in the bill.

Frank Carvell made some objections to the bill as it stood. He said that to allow a returning officer to carry around a polling box to gather votes without any check on him was not right. It gave a chance to a man who wanted to be unfair to manipulate ballots. There should be some machinery established to protect the voting. It was a violation of all principles of decency and honesty.

Mr. Doherty said that he only had in mind the situation in France, where votes had to be taken in the front line trenches. He realized that there was a possibility of fraud on the part of an unscrupulous voter and returning officer. He would be glad of any suggestion to meet the situation.

Mr. Carvell said that the clause could be eliminated as far as England and France were concerned. He thought the government could afford to spend enough money to carry on an honest election. There was more money being spent on a general staff in the maritime provinces than would conduct a dozen elections. There should be scrutineers for all parties, who would be paid.

Scrutineers Military Men

Mr. Doherty pointed out that the scrutineers would naturally be military men. They would receive their military pay while acting as scrutineers, and provision was made for all their living and other expenses. Each political party naturally would have men in the army they would get as scrutineers.

Mr. Carvell doubted this, as the army was under the control of the government. There were 1500 electors in his riding at the front. He could not locate 25 of them now. He was proceeding to elaborate the opportunities for corruptness when J. H. Burnham interrupted to ask why he wished to cast suspicion upon everything and everyone.

Mr. Carvell said that such claptrap would not get them anywhere. They should stop trying to wave the flag and get down to business. He had no idea that the soldier because he was a soldier had changed. He was a human being still. Mr. Carvell maintained that at the close of each day's voting the votes should be sealed and signed up by the deputy returning officer, the poll clerk and the two scrutineers. There would be no chance, he said, for taking votes at the front line trenches. The voting could all take place in the rest camps in the presence of the proper officials. The opposition, he said, was not trying to block the bill, but to make it fair and reasonable.

Might Have to Vote at Night

Mr. German asked if it would not be possible to keep the military polls open morning, afternoon and night, and until 8 o'clock on the morning after election day.

Mr. Doherty thought this would be possible. It was desirable, however, he said, to give every opportunity for polling the vote. It might be necessary in some circumstances to have the soldiers vote at night.

Mr. Carvell wished to have it clearly stated in the bill that the scrutineers must be notified when a vote was to be taken.

Mr. Doherty replied that it might not always be possible to do this. He said he would be willing to insert a provision that the scrutineers should be notified whenever it was possible.

"It would also be possible," asserted Mr. Carvell.

Another amendment accepted provides that ballots shall be marked by the voters in the presence of the presiding officer and the deputy scrutineers or military officers acting in their stead.

Says Task Difficult

Sir Robert Borden said it was to be remembered that the vote in France would be polled under conditions difficult to realize, even by men who had been at the front. It was very desirable, he thought, that the act should be made as simple as possible. The carrying out of its provisions would be attended to by men whose minds would be intent on other and even more important matters. "Imagine," he said, "trying to take a vote at a time such as the present, in the midst of a struggle such as is going on around the city of Lens."

Mr. Carvell said he quite agreed with what the prime minister had said, but he did not believe that any effort would be made to take a vote under such circumstances. Twenty-eight days were allowed for the voting and troops were not kept at such strenuous work for so long a period. He repeated that the voting could all be behind the lines.

W. E. Knowles said that there were too many loopholes in the bill, and they must provide better against fraud. Twenty-eight days was too long a period in which to take the soldiers' vote.

Dr. Edwards claimed that it was absurd to appoint scrutineers for every political element in Canada. If they were to do so they would have to appoint scrutineers for the conscriptionist-Liberals, Laurier-Liberals, anticonscriptionist-Liberals and the Bourassa party.

Hon. George P. Graham: "The Bourassa party are all on your side."

W. H. Kyte believed that the criminal law would not reach election frauds committed in France.

ALLIES CAPTURE MORE GROUND

(Continued from Page One.)

damage. Five airplanes fell within our lines in a damaged condition during aerial engagements. It is established that additional German airplanes were brought down on Aug. 20 by our machine guns."

Says British Attacks Repulsed.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The German war office statement today reads:

"Western theatre: Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders the artillery duel on the coast from Bixschoote to Warneton again was intense in the evening. Early Tuesday morning, after a vigorous wave of fire northeast of Ypres, a strong British attack occurred near St. Julien. It was repulsed. Early this morning fresh fighting developed in the region lying between the roads leading from Staden and Menin to Ypres.

"In the Artois area, the enemy attacked northwest of Lens, after vigorous artillery preparation. Local eruptions were equalized by our counterattacks which led to bitter hand to hand fighting. The coal depot situated southwest of Lens which had been set on fire by shells is still in the hands of the British.

"Northwest and west of Lecatelet numerous outpost engagements occurred in which we retained some prisoners.

"St. Quentin has again been subjected to French fire.

"Army group of the German crown prince: On the battlefield near Verdun the French yesterday continued their attacks in some sectors and at several places the fighting lasted into the night. In the southeast part of Avocourt wood and on the knolls east thereof the enemy, after repeated vain storming attacks, gained a footing.

"On the eastern bank of the Meuse river the French forced their way into the southern part of Samogeux. Otherwise their dense masses which assaulted our line from Hill 344 to the Beaumont-Vacherauville road and in the Fosses wood in the morning and the afternoon were sanguinarily repulsed, the losses of the infantry being heavy, and the French command had to replace several of the 10 attacking divisions with fresh troops."

Berlin Says Attacks Fail

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—Tonight's official statement reads:

"In Flanders the British attacks east of Ypres, which began this morning, extending over a 15-kilometre front, failed, the enemy suffering heavy losses.

"Before Verdun up to the present there has been no fresh infantry fighting; the artillery firing remaining strong.

"Bomb attacks by our aviators on fortified towns on the British coast today were successful."

QUESTIONS ABOUT C. N. R. ARE RAISED IN HOUSE

OTTAWA, Aug. 22.—Questions with regard to the C. N. R. were put in the house today.

C. N. R. Again Discussed

Gen. Sir Sam Hughes inquired again as to the reply of Col. Dr. Bruce to the Baptie report and Sir George Foster said he would bring the matter to the attention of the prime minister. Gen. Hughes remarked that he would be pleased to repeat his question tomorrow.

Hon. Rudolphe Lemieux asked if the government had any information as to the report of the return of Sir George Perley to Canada.

Sir George Foster stated that he would return to Canada one of these days, but he had no news that Sir George Perley intended to return speedily.

E. M. Macdonald asked Sir Thomas White if the obligations of the Canadian Northern railway which matured in June last had been met by certain banks and if so, by what banks.

The minister of finance replied that he would take the question into consideration.

Hon. Frank Oliver stated that the solicitor general had informed the house that certain of the Canadian Northern railway stocks had been pledged to the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and he asked what amount of advance had been made by that institution in respect to that stock.

Sir Thomas White replied that advances had been made to owners of the stock and not to the Canadian Northern railway company. The Mackenzie and Mann company owned the stock, and, therefore, he did not consider Mr. Oliver's question as relevant.

Mr. Oliver remarked that his reason for asking the question was his desire to have some information as to the measure of the value of the stock, and Sir Thomas replied that it was not a case in which a specific loan had been made against a specific security, so the value of the stock was not fixed.

E. M. Macdonald and E. W. Nesbitt gave notice that they would have further questions to ask when the bill was under consideration in committee.

CANADIANS REPEL EIGHT ATTACKS

(Continued from Page One.)

The latter were removed next day when the cellar was evacuated. The wounded Canadians were left in the cellar without food or surgical dressings and remained there for almost a week, until found today. Their wounds had maggots in them, but the men were still conscious, and it is believed they will survive their terrible experience.

The aviators in this region promptly paid a return visit to the enemy airmen, who, two nights ago, dropped bombs in a number of places in a back area where a hospital was hit. The raiders were followed back home by our airmen and were seen to alight at their airdrome. On the night after the German attack on the hospital our airplanes visited this airdrome, leaving their cards in the form of 11 250-pound bombs and 38 of smaller calibre. It is believed that some of the offenders will never bomb another hospital.

AIRPLANES RAID ENGLISH COAST

(Continued from Page One.)

"As yet no report of the action taken by our aircraft at Dunkirk has been received."

Chased to Zeebrugge.

Later the admiralty issued this announcement:

"The following report has been received from the vice-admiral at Dover relative to the action taken by the royal naval air squadron at Dunkirk: 'Several of our flight machines were sent up to intercept any enemy aircraft returning from England. One flight of three machines met 12 Gothas 35 miles north of Nieuport and engaged them, chasing them toward Zeebrugge but with no decisive result.'

Five Brought Down.

"Another of our patrols of 10 machines engaged a flight of about 25 enemy escorting scouts which were off the coast awaiting the return of the enemy bombers and in the ensuing fight enemy aircraft were sent down out of control and probably some more were lost. But in the close fighting accurate count was impossible. All of our machines returned safely."

LESS MUNITIONS ARE NEEDED FROM CANADA

Work Will Ease Up in Some Lines in View of Production Capacity Reached by Britain

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 22.—There is no truth in the report that the manufacture of munitions in Canada is to be continued. Toward the close of 1916 the capacity for producing munitions in Great Britain had so increased that the minister of munitions advised that it was unnecessary to continue the production of munitions in the United States for British account except for a few special lines. The production in Canada, however, was to be continued as before. The minister has now advised that it is unnecessary to continue production in Canada on the present scale. He has directed that certain lines shall be discontinued, but that other lines shall be produced in lessened quantities, however, while some lines are to be continued as at present.

The effect of this will be to stop the production of shells and components at some places which are now producing sizes no longer required. In other plants where shells are made of sizes of which a reduced output only is required, it will mean work during the day only, thus stopping night work. In other plants, however, where sustained production is required, operations will be continued night and day. The changes have been anticipated by several important firms who have already resumed, or are planning to resume, their pre-war activities in their own lines, while others are engaged in the production or preparation for production of equipment needed for ships now under construction or to be built during 1918.

RELIEF SHIP BRINGS ARCTIC EXPLORERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Aug. 22.—The relief sailing steamer Neptune, commanded by Capt. Robert Bartlett, bringing some members of the Macmillan Arctic exploration party from Greenland, was reported tonight off the coast of Labrador. The Neptune probably will reach here Sunday.

THREE ENEMY AIRPLANES WINGED IN MACEDONIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Tonight's war office communication reported as follows on the situation in Macedonia:

"The enemy attempted during Tuesday night two strong reconnaissances, one near Staravina, the other north of Monastir. They were repulsed. Our artillery carried out fires of destruction at the Cerna bend.

"Allied aviators successfully bombed enemy camps and parks in the neighborhood of Capari, 15 kilometres northwest of Monastir. Three enemy airplanes were brought down."

Be Careful What You Wash Your Hair With

Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else that contains too much alkali, for this is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for it is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap and beats anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

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$40.00 A MONTH
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505 Baker Street Phone 444

EIGHTEEN BRITISH VESSELS ARE SUNK

Number Slightly Larger Than Previous Week—12 Attacked by Subs but Escape.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The number of British merchantmen sunk by submarines or mines in the last week was only slightly larger than the previous week when a considerable falling off was noted. According to the statement today, 15 vessels of more than 1600 tons were sunk and three vessels of less than 1600 tons, in addition to two fighting vessels, as compared with 14 sunk last week and two smaller vessels and three fishing vessels.

The admiralty statement issued tonight follows:

"Arrivals, 2838; sailings, 2734.

"British merchantmen sunk by mines or submarines over 1600 tons, including one previously, 15; under 1600 tons, three.

"British merchantmen unsuccessfully attacked, including two previously reported, 12.

"British fishermen sunk, two."

ALLIED AIRMEN DO DAMAGE AT ZEEBRUGGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 22.—Zeebrugge and its environs were bombarded by airplanes this morning, great explosions occurring as a result, according to a despatch to the Niew van Den Sag. The bombardment lasted from 2:40 to 4 o'clock this afternoon.

NUMBERS ASSIGNED TO DIVISIONS U. S. ARMY

WASHINGTON, D.C.—The war department of Thursday assigned numbers to the divisions of the new national army as follows:

Seventy-sixth division, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut; 77th, metropolitan portion of New York; 78th, remainder of New York and northern Pennsylvania; 79th, southern Pennsylvania; 80th, New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, —Delaware, District of Columbia; 81st, Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina; 82nd, Georgia, Alabama and Florida; 83rd, Ohio and West Virginia; 84th, Indiana and Kentucky; 85th, Michigan and Wisconsin; 86th, Illinois; 87th, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi; 88th, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota; 89th, Kansas, Missouri and Colorado; 90th, Texas, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma; 91st, Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming.

Nationa guard divisions will be numbered as follows:

Twenty-sixth division, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut; 27th, New York; 28th, Pennsylvania; 29th, New Jersey, Virginia, Delaware, District of Columbia and Maryland; 30th, Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina; 31st, Georgia, Alabama and Florida; 32nd, Michigan and Wisconsin; 33rd, Illinois; 34th, Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota and South Dakota; 35th, Missouri and Kansas; 36th, Texas and Oklahoma; 37th, Ohio and West Virginia; 38th, Indiana and Kentucky; 39th, Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas; 40th, California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico; 41st, Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming.

Clearing-Up Sale

Odds and Ends

HOUSE DRESSES—
Regular Values, $1.50 and $1.75. Clearing at $1.10
CHILDREN'S DRESSES—
Regular Values up to $1.50. Clearing at 85c
ROMPERS—EXTRA VALUE—
Regular Value, 75c. On Sale at 49c
WHITE SKIRTS—ABOUT A DOZEN FINE PIQUE—
Regular $3.50. Clearing at $2.50

HOSIERY

LADIES' HIGH GRADE COTTON HOSE—
Regular 35c. Clearing at 25c
CHILDREN'S HOSE—
Sizes 4½ to 6½. Clearing at Two Pairs for 35c
MIDDIES—BROKEN SIZES—
Regular $1.25 and $1.50. Clearing at 95c
SILK GLOVES, WHITE AND BLACK—
Regular $1.00. Clearing at 79c

OTHER ATTRACTIVE VALUES

Smillie & Weir
LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

THE DAILY NEWS WAND ADS TO BUY OR SELL TRY WANT AD

To Conserve Canada's Food

W. A. COOPER.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co. has played an important part in the interests of Canada in the world war in a great many ways, and has again been honored by the recent appointment of Mr W. A. Cooper, one of its prominent officials, to the Food Conservation Committee. Mr. Cooper has had considerable experience in dealing with foods, having been connected with the dining cars of the Canadian Pacific for twenty years, and his wide knowledge will be of much value to the Committee in the conservation of Canada's food stuffs. On this committee Mr. Cooper is associated with Judge Rose, Toronto; Mr. W. Wright, Toronto; and Miss Watson of the Guelph College. Mr. Cooper was born in 1871. After leaving school he commenced work with the Grand Trunk Railway as a junior clerk under the late William Wainwright, for whom later he acted as Private Secretary. Leaving that company in 1891 he joined the Canadian Pacific Railway service as Chief Clerk to the General Superintendent of the Eastern Division, and subsequently assumed the duties of Inspector of Sleeping and Dining Cars, from which he graduated in 1897 to Assistant General Superintendent, and in 190[illegible] was appointed Superintendent. In 1910 Mr. Cooper was promoted to General Superintendent, and during the past four years has been Manager of the Dining, Sleeping, and Parlor Cars, operating also the station restaurants, and train news service. For the years 1908, 09, and 10, Mr. Cooper filled the position of President of the American Association of Dining Car Superintendents.

"Team Work"

The Football Team that makes the winning score is the team that "works together."

The Business House that declares regular dividends is the one which has reduced Team Work to a Science.

The Retail Merchant who can say, "I push Nationally Advertised Goods," is signed up with a Winning Team for life.

He stops figuring long profits on unknown brands. He never loses customers through substituting. He turns his back on the difficult, old-fashioned, expensive methods of "playing it alone."

He sees his customers more often. The ring of his cash register is more frequent. He earns the reputation of selling quality goods. For the manufacturers who spend thousands of dollars advertising their products dare not jeopardize their investment with doubtful quality.

He earns the reputation of being progressive. He has in stock what his customers see advertised in their newspaper. He sells what his customers want and plays the modern merchandising game of rapid turnovers on goods already half sold for him.

He combines his store, his stock, his windows, his advertising with the powerful efforts of the big National Advertisers and their highly organized marketing facilities, and follows the line of least resistance toward the goal—"BETTER BUSINESS."

The Daily News
Nelson, B.C.

Mining and Markets

PRICE OF SILVER AT NEW YORK IS 88.25

Quoted on London Market at 44.75—Copper Dull—Lead at St. Louis 11.55.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Silver, 88.25; London,, 44.75.

Copper dull; electrolytic, spot and nearby, nominal; September and last quarter, 25 to 26.

At London; Spot copper, £120; futures, £119 10s; electrolytic, £137.

Lead: St. Louis, 11.55; New York, 10.62½; Montreal, 13.11; London, £30 10s.

RAMBLER IS MARKET LEADER AT SPOKANE

Makes Advance of 1½—Utica Continues Forward Movement—Slocan Star Drops.

With an advance of 1½ to 16½, Rambler was the leading stock on the Spokane market yesterday. Utica continued its steady movement forward, the stock going to 24, or ½ better than the previous day's quotation. Slocan Star eased off ¼ to 15 and Standard was unchanged.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by St. Denis & Lawrence.)

	Bid	Asked
Cork-Province	$ .02¾	$ .02⅝
Rambler	16½	.18
Standard	.60	...
Slocan Star	.15	.16
Utica	.24	.24½
Florence	.80	...
Caledonia	.70½	.72

New York Curb Closing.

	Bid	Asked
Canada Copper	$2.62½	$2.67½
Ray Hercules	3.87½	4.00
Standard	.62½	.67½
Slocan Star	.18	.20
Utica	.24	.26

New York Exchange.

	High	Low	Close
C. P. R.	160½	159	160½
Chino	55½	54	55
Granby	81½	81½	81½
Inspiration	54¾	54	54
Miami	37¾	37	37

Sales: C. P. R., 800; Chino, 2800; Granby, 200; Inspiration, 1700.

UTICA DECLARES NEW DIVIDEND OF TWO PER CENT

The regular quarterly dividend of $32,000 has been declared by the directors of the Utica Mines, limited. This is at the rate of two cents a share. Payment will be made Sept. 15. A dividend of $32,000 was dispersed on June 15, last.

A plague of caterpillars is sweeping Bayonne, N.J., destroying hundreds of shade trees.

STOCKS

We believe that the earnings of Cork-Province today warrant a rise in the price of this stock.

Do not wait until the price goes up before buying.

We can get this stock for you as low as it can be bought anywhere.

ST DENIS & LAWRENCE
Phone 39 509 Ward St., Nelson, B. C.

FLORENCE EARNS $20,000 IN JULY

Gross Receipts Are $30,000 For 320 Tons of Concentrates—Operating Cost is $10,000

The Florence Silver Mining company, operating at Ainsworth, earned $20,000 net in July. Shipments for the month aggregated 320 tons valued at $30,000 with operating expenses of $10,000. Considerable additional ore taken out and shipped in July will be credited to the August record.

COAL AND RAILWAY STOCKS DECLINE

Hit by Action of Government in Enforcing Reduced Prices for Soft Fuel.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The action of the government in endorsing reduced prices for soft coal, with the belief that similar proceedings are to be instituted in regard to anthracite coal, created widespread unsettlement in the stock market today.

Coal and shares of roads which derive the greater part of their revenue from the transportation of that commodity reacted sharply at extreme declines of 2 to 7 points, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western declining 10 points.

Labor conditions in their bearing upon the shipbuilding situation and reports of a fresh Teutonic offensive against Russia were among the additional developments used by the bears to depress values. Trading encompassed an unusual variety of stocks and many "stop" orders were uncovered.

War issues and many stocks having no relation to that division were under incessant liquidation. Severe reversals were sustained by steels, coppers, equipments, sugars and many unclassified shares declining from 1 to 5 points. Indifferent support was shown until the last when a rally asserted itself only temporarily, however, United States Steel declining to 120⅝ and closing at that figure for a net loss of 3⅛ points. Total sales, 770,000 shares.

The money market reflected to an extent the nervous state of the stock list, call loans ruling at 3 per cent; time loans were unchanged but funds were in lighter supply.

Bonds were heavy. Total sales, par value, $2,285,000. United States bonds, old issues, were unchanged on call.

Closing Prices.

American Smelting	100½
Anaconda	74¼
Butte	35¾
C. P. R.	160½
Chile	19
Chino	55
Granby	81½
Inspiration	54
Kennecott	42⅛
Miami	37⅛
Nevada	33¼
Republic Iron	86⅛
Tennessee	17¼
U. S. Steel preferred	117
Utah	102½
Nickel	37¼
Lead	54½

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By the Oxy-Acetylene Process of Welding

We have in the last five weeks enabled 116 men to continue work on different lumber mills, and so saved closing down at a cost to the proprietors of $450.00 per day. Some few are still trying to mend broken castings with hay wire.

JOBS RETURNED WITHIN 36 HOURS STRONGER THAN NEW

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NEXT IMPERIAL BANK, NELSON, B.C.

THE NELSON IRON WORKS, Limited

PARTIAL LIST OF SECOND-HAND MACHINERY FOR SALE

One 14 x 16 Phoenix Horizontal Engine.
One 36 x 8 Vertical Boiler.
One 30 x 7 Vertical Boiler.
One 20 x 20¼ x 24 Steam Air Compressor.
One 8 x 9 x 12 Steam Air Compressor.
One 16 x 8 x 16 Knowles Cameron Sinking Pump.
One No. 5 Cameron Piston Type Sinking Pump.
One 6 x 8 Friction Drum Hoist.
One 6 x 10 Link Motion Hoist.
One 3-h.p. 220-vt. Electric Motor.
One 5-h.p. 220-vt. Electric Motor.
One 45-k.w. Edison Generator D.C.
One 7 x 10 Blake Crusher.
One Large Gates Style K Crusher.
One Style B Gates Sample Crusher.
One Sample Gyratory Crusher.
One Small Assayers Crusher.
One 5-Stamp Mill, New.
One 36-in. Amalgamating Pan.
And Many Other Machines.

CORN VALUES SLUMP BUT RALLY AT CLOSE

Wheat is 4 Cents Down—Oats Advance Fractionally—Provisions Drop Sharply.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 22.—Corn, which fell away under selling pressure in the early trading today, had a good recovery when offerings had been absorbed and finished well toward top figures for the day. The close was steady, ¼ to ½ net lower, with December at $1.08¼ and May at $1.06⅛. Wheat closed 4 cents lower, with September at $2.06. Oats advanced ⅜ to ⅝, while provisions closed 12 to 45 cents lower.

Wheat trading was all in the nature of evening up trades, some of which were hastened by the announcement that the board of trade officials were expected to take action in fixing prices on September contracts which would be closed before the government takes over all handling of wheat on Sept. 1. Late trading was at lower figures than the early sales.

Oats early in the session moved down in sympathy with corn, but advanced quickly in narrow limits on buying demand from cash and commission houses. Covering sales figured in the strength shown. A disinclination on the part of the country holders to sell freely was observed.

Discussion of probable embargoes on meats, together with weakness in live hog prices, sent provisions down. Closing figures, however, were well away from the low points.

WINNIPEG WHEAT.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Aug. 22.—Wheat: October, $2.13.

Oats: May, 63; October, 63⅛; December, 59⅛.

Flax: October, $3.34; November, $3.27½; December, $3.23.

Cash wheat: No. 1 Northern, $2.40; No. 2 Northern, $2.40; No. 3 Northern, $2.40; No. 4 Northern, $2.36; No. 5, $2.18; No. 6, $1.93; feed, $1.72.

NEW RECORD MADE BY STEAMSHIP COMMON

Dominion Iron Reaches New High Level for Current Movement—Smelters Unchanged.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Aug. 22.—Canadian stocks were strong and active at the opening today, with Steamship common selling at a new record of 45⅝ and Iron at 66, making a new high for the current movement as the principal features. Steamship common, which received prominence in the early trading by rallying to a new high record of 45⅝, against the former record of 45, displaced Iron as the most active stock in the market. The early rise, however, failed to hold, the price receding to 45 at noon and to 44½ in the afternoon. The close was at the lowest with an early gain of 1⅞ converted into a net loss of ¼ point. Iron, in which dealings footed up 2100 shares against 2400 in Steamship held better against the latter, the range for the day being 65⅛ to 66, with the close at 65¾, a net gain of ¼ point, closing bid going out at 65½, or ⅛ lower from the close of Tuesday.

Quebec Railway which was under light pressure, was the most active stock in the list. After falling back a point to 19 in the morning, the price recovered to 20.

The closing quotations in Quebec railway at 19¾ represented a recession of ⅝ for the day. Tram Power, another utility in which there was a fair amount of activity, sold better at 34. Brazilian weakened to 40½ after opening strong. Canadian Car at 32, Smelters at 29 and Steel of Canada at 60 were unchanged at the close

Total business for the day, 6742 shares and $43,400 bonds.

STEAMSHIPS COMMON AND DOMINION IRON LEADERS

Strong at Start of Trading at Toronto But Recede Somewhat Toward the Close.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Aug. 22—Dominion Iron and Steamship common retained the leadership in today's stock trading, but the upward movement of prices was arrested before the close of the market. Although new high points for the current movement were touched by each stock named, there was a reaction in the afternoon trading, prices finishing close to the low points for the day. Iron opened at 65½, selling up to 66⅛, and closing at 65. In Steamships common the price was bid up from 44 to 45⅛, the afternoon trading carrying the closing quotation down to 44⅜, or ¼ below Tuesday's finish. Steel of Canada was easier at 60¼; Cement common gave way ½ point to 62¼ and Brazilian lost half of its one point gain of Tuesday, selling down to 46½. Maple Leaf common was a soft spot, losing 2 points to par, and closing 99 bid. The preferred was also weaker at 93, with the close at 92⅛.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 22.—Hogs: Receipts, 15,000; weak, early top $19.65. Bulk, 16 to 19.10; light, 17.40 to 19.25; mixed, 17.50 to 19.25; heavy, 17.50 to 19.10; rough, 17.50 to 17.75; pigs, 13 to 16.50.

Cattle: Receipts, 12,000; strong; four carloads of steers sold at 15.50, a new high record. Native beef, 8.25 to 15.50; western steers, 7 to 12.40; stockers and feeders, 6.20 to 9.25; cows and heifers, 4.65 to 13.75; calves, 11 to 15.50.

Sheep: Receipts, 13,000; steady. Ewes, 7.25 to 10; wethers, 7.75 to 11.10; lambs, 10.50 to 16.75.

STERLING EXCHANGE.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Sterling exchange steady, 4.75 9-16 for demand.

BUTTER MARKET EASIER.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Aug. 22.—Cheese firm. Finest easterns and westerns, 21¾.

Butter market easier. Choicest creamery, 42 to ½; seconds, 41 to ½.

Demand for eggs good. Fresh, 50 to [illegible]; No. 1 stock, 41; No. 2 stock, 38 to 40.

80 TO 90 TONS ORE READY FOR SHIPMENT

From 80 to 90 tons of silver-lead ore is ready for shipment from the Enterprise mine at Ten Mile, Slocan lake, states Pat McGuire, lessee of the mine, who is a guest at the Hume. He states that it will be impossible to make shipments until repairs are made to Ten Mile road and bridges.

WILL WORK SANDON PROPERTY

Frank Phillips has returned from Sandon where he made arrangements to lease a silver-lead property which he and his associates expect to develop shortly.

BONDS MINING PROPERTY

Tom Wall of La France creek has bonded one of his properties there to a Spokane syndicate. Another of Mr. Wall's La France creek properties known as the Celebration group has been examined by a Butte engineer in the interests of capitalists from that city.

$15,000,000 WORTH OF BRITISH BONDS SOLD

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—J. P. Morgan & Co., acting for the British government, announced here today the sale of $15,000,000 of 90-day British treasury bills at a discount of 5¼ per cent. It is the intention of the bankers to make weekly issues of these bills, not to exceed today's offering, up to a total of $15,000,000. The rate of discount will vary according to conditions of the money market, it was announced and the proceeds of the sales will be applied to the payment of bank loans incurred in this country by the British government for supplies.

MEASURES IN AUSTRALIAN PARLIAMENT OUTLINED

MELBOURNE, Aus.—In opening the second session of the Commonwealth parliament, the governor general, Sir Ronald Munro Ferguson, said in part:

You have been called together early in the financial year to considers matters of urgent importance in relation to the successful prosecution of the war and best direction of the resources of the commonwealth for that purpose. The deliberate and inevitable entry of the United States into the war is welcomed as a splendid vindication of the great cause for which the allies are fighting, and as a certain augury for the ultimate success of our arms and the liberation of the world from the barbarous aggression of the central European powers. The commonwealth naval and military forces have continued to maintain the great traditions gloriously won by our gallant sailors and soldiers in this war. My advisers feel confident that it is the determination of the whole people of Australia to maintain this splendid record until the war ends in victory for the allied arms.

The people of Australia having declared, by a small majority, against compulsory service, my advisers have given earnest consideration to the question of recruiting by voluntary enlistment for the purpose of maintaining Australian divisions in the field up to their full strength. After consideration of all the facts at their disposal they look to the wholehearted cooperation of all sections of the community to secure the required number. A federal recruiting committee, consisting of members of both parties in the federal parliament has been appointed to assist the director general of recruiting in organizing a recruiting effort throughout the commonwealth. The question of separation allowances has been reviewed, and they have been extended to certain dependents of soldiers not hitherto provided for by the commonwealth government. The question of protection for the wives and dependents of soldiers in the absence of their breadwinners is also being considered. Action in this direction will shortly be taken. My advisers consider that action should be taken to curtail sport meetings throughout the commonwealth in order to concentrate the minds of the people on the more serious aspect of war. Steps are being taken towards this end.

My advisers have given much consideration to the matter of repatriation of returned soldiers. It is proposed to appoint a minister and create a department of state for its administration. Measures to give effect to this scheme, and to make the financial provisions required, will be submitted at an early date. It is intended to propose certain amendments in the commonwealth public service act that will facilitate the appointment and employment of returned soldiers in the service.

My advisers consider that present circumstances impose upon the community the duty of national economy and have reduced expenditures upon matters not directly relating to the prosecution of the war to the lowest possible level. They believe that public and private administration and the loyal and zealous cooperation of all classes in the community, are absolutely necessary to enable Australia to put forth her whole strength in the war.

The governor general also referred to the necessity for public and private economy and announced that the government proposed to pursue the policy of raising in Australia loans required for carrying on the war and also intended to take steps to prevent strikes and lockouts which would affect the efficient prosecution of the war, among these being amendments to the arbitration act. Other bills would be include war time profits taxation and income tax increases.

Proceeding, Sir Ronald Munro-Ferguson said:

My advisers recognize that increased production is necessary to enable the commonwealth to fulfil with vigor its part in the prosecution of the war. With this object the government has provisionally appointed an advisory council of scientific experts which has done useful preparatory work. It is proposed to establish this on a more permanent basis, to make available the best and latest results of investigation and research. . . . The production of cotton, industrial alcohol, tannin and improved processes in secondary industries are also receiving careful attention. My advisers propose to give active encouragement to the improvement and perfection of industrial organization measures contemplated to provide additional facilities for the overseas transport of the produce of the commonwealth and increased storage accommodation for what cannot be immediately exported. My advisers have in preparation an extensive program of shipbuilding in Australia, in which they are seeking the cooperation of organized labor with a view to beginning work immediately.

SHOWS SPORTING SPIRIT OF BRITISH SOLDIER

LONDON—Next to the magnificent heroism, the heroism that will dare absolutely everything—probably the most wonderful and amazing feature of the war has been the extraordinary sporting spirit and the dauntless irrepressible humor of the British soldier under the most nerve-racking conditions.

Here is a striking example of humor, bravery, and Tommy's love for a gamble all rolled into one, told by an officer in an infantry regiment:

"What on earth have you got there?" he asked, noticing a section of his men exposed to the Germans' fire but still peering down into a trench.

"A dead German, sir," was the startling reply.

"What in the world are you doing with a dead German?" queried the officer.

Then he learned the story. It appeared that during a German attack a few of his men had spied a particularly tall German, who, being an easy target, had fallen. Two of the men had made a bet as to the man's girth, and a third had risked going forward to drag him into the British trench. The German measured six feet nine inches in height and had a waist of 53 inches.

"And what was the amount of the bet?" asked the officer, curiously.

"A bob, sir," was the reply.

Fancy courting death for the sake of a shilling. But that is Tommy all over.

Leckie Shoes

The out o' door man—the one who has to do with the woods, on the farm, or the mines, or other rough work, the man who hunts or prospects, the business or professional man who has to do with the city streets—there's a LECKIE BOOT for each.

Each LECKIE BOOT, in its respective field, has not a peer in the world. Each is a wear-resisting, weather-defying, comfort-giving article of footwear particularly suitable for British Columbia weather.

Ask your shoe dealer. If he hasn't them he can get them.

Look for the name "LECKIE" on every pair.

The Quality goes IN, before the Name goes ON — that's a Leckie

September Records

"Where Do We Go From Here?," the song our boys in France are singing—a second "Tipperary," a marching-song hit with a swing and a lilt, and a merry refrain that expresses all the high spirit of our soldiers. Other

New Columbia Hits

A2299 10-inch 85c
WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE? Arthur Fields and Peerless Quartette.
THE MORE I SEE OF HAWAII THE BETTER I LIKE NEW YORK. M. J. O'Connell, tenor.

A2290 10-inch 85c
THE PREACHER AND THE BEAR, Arthur Collins, baritone. Orchestra accompaniment.
BAKE DAT CHICKEN PIE, Arthur Collins, baritone, and Byron G. Harlan, tenor. Orchestra accompaniment.

A2306 10-inch 85c
OVER THERE. Peerless Quartette.
I MAY BE GONE FOR A LONG, LONG TIME. Peerless Quartette.

A2278 10-inch 85c
LITTLE GREY HOME IN THE WEST, Charles Harrison, tenor. Orchestra accompaniment.
DARLIN', Charles Harrison, tenor. Orchestra accompaniment.

Al Jolson heads the great popular list, singing "Tillie Titwillow," his laughing-success from "Robinson Crusoe, Jr.," and a timely sensation is furnished by the newest comedian in the Columbia ranks—Billy B. Van, comic star of "Have a Heart," singing "Napoleon," cleverest topical hit of the show. Altogether, there are *thirty* popular hits listed, of a brilliance and snap scarcely ever equalled.

Fourteen great dances, including eight novelties; exquisite song-gems by Charles Harrison and Oscar Seagle; hymns by Rodeheaver; chime solos, marches, trios and instrumental novelties on drum-and-piano, accordion-banjo, accordion, xylophone and orchestra bells wind up a list that is bound to have a popularity unprecedented. Better see your dealer *today*, if you want to enjoy a feast of entertainment such as you rarely get.

New Columbia Records on sale the 20th of every month

Columbia
GRAFONOLAS *and* DOUBLE-DISC Records

58

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THE DAILY NEWS

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1917

KEEP ARMIES REINFORCED AND VICTORY IS SURE.

The military superiority on the western front of the entente forces over those of the enemy is an oft told story, but it becomes more marked as the war progress. Yesterday's German assaults on the French at Verdun are an example. Eight times the enemy counter-attacked in efforts to regain the ground General Petain took on Tuesday. Each time the Germans, although favored by poor atmospheric conditions which halted French artillery fire and enabled reserves to be brought up, were defeated. Not only were the attacks repulsed but the German formations showed unusually striking evidence of demoralization. Five divisions, backed by 400 batteries, suffered defeat, the Germans surrendering in large numbers.

Battles on the western front which are bringing victory to the entente forces and which are rapidly draining the strength of the enemy, are costly in casualties to the French and British. While the German losses are obviously very much heavier than those of the allies, neither General Haig nor General Petain could continue the struggle without adequate reinforcements. Both Great Britain and the dominions represented on the western battle line must maintain their units at strength and France must be reinforced by the United States, if the entente is not to be robbed of the victory which is now within its grasp.

DIVIDING WIN-THE-WAR PARTY WOULD BE FATAL

In some of the prairie centres there is talk of organizing a third party pledged to a vigorous war policy and placing candidates in the field in the forthcoming Dominion election. It is to be hoped that such a plan, which would only result in assisting the anticonscriptionist element will not meet with any general support.

There is room in Canada at this time for only two parties—the party which is pledged to a vigorous prosecution of the war with selective draft conscription as a definitely stated policy, and the party which is governed by the Quebec anticonscriptionist influences.

Unity of those who support conscription and continued effective military participation in the war is essential if their policy is to prevail. If they divide they will deliver themselves into the hands of the enemy, whose policy would involve desertion of the Canadian soldiers in the trenches.

CONSCRIPTION DESTROYED IF LAURIER RETURNED.

Laurier newspapers argue that conscription, once it has been made law, will be safe in the hand of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, if he should be returned to power. They quote in this connection the following statement by Sir Wilfrid:

"The French people have not enlisted as they should have. That I admit and no one regrets it more than I. But in British countries there is only one way, and the sovereign way, of meeting all these differences. It is to appeal to the whole country, not in one section, but in all sections, and when the country has pronounced then the question is settled and all must submit to the law. When the consultation with the people has been had, when the verdict has been pronounced, I pledge my word, my reputation, that to the verdict, such as it is, every man will have to submit."

Sir Wilfrid is in the field as leader of the anticonscription party, pledged against conscription. If he were returned it would mean that the verdict of the people was against conscription. His pledge that his followers would not break the law once it had been endorsed by the electorate would become operative only after the conscription win-the-war party had been returned to power and his anticonscription party had been defeated.

THE ARABS WITH ALLIES IN FIGHT FOR LIBERTY

It is exactly four centuries since the Arabs became subject to the Turks, an alien and hated race. Today they are fighting to win freedom under the leadership of a new king of the Hedjaz, a chief nominated to leadership about a year ago. It was in 1517 that the Turks won dominion in Arabia and brought about the complete disruption of the once glorious Moorish empire.

The Arabs gave Mohammed to the world, to the intellectual development of mankind they have contributed largely, to the military prowess of their forefathers they owe the fact that they can today look back with pride upon an Arab empire which held sway in Asia Minor, Northern Africa and Spain.

They are now fighting against their Turkish oppressors and hope that victory for the entente will enable them to restablish in Arabia with something of its ancient glory the kingdom of the caliphs.

Bulgaria insists on retaining the territory she now occupies. Before this war is over she will be glad to retain her original boundaries intact.

The Teutonic allies are scrapping with regard to the reply to the pope's note. They don't need to worry about it. The entente will not make peace on any such terms.

Last week's British shipping losses, although higher than the preceding week, were 25 per cent less than the average of the first three months of ruthless submarine warfare.

The summer resorts on the Kentish coast appear to be favored by the German aviators. Ramsgate, Dover and Margate have again been bombarded. The Huns undoubtedly find it much safer to drop bombs on holiday-makers than to attack fortified places of military importance.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

Lumbermen Hope It's True

A traveler writes to say that he found a far-sighted farmer residing in Saskatchewan who put his machinery under cover instead of leaving it out in the field all winter. Foolish rumors like this are constantly appearing. Many of them are started by enemy agents.—Toronto News.

Canada's Only Hope

Canada's only hope lies in a united front by loyal Canadians who are more concerned in the fate of their death-facing soldiers in France than in the fortunes of the political partizans. There are thousands upon thousands of Liberals like Hugh Guthrie and Michael Clark who will not countenance the infamous plot to desert the nation's fighting men. United with the Conservatives of the same mind, their votes may yet save Canada's honor and reinforce her noblest sons. The integrity of Canada is at stake. The battle is about to be joined. Loyal Canadians must not, dare not, fail.—Stratford Herald.

A Menace

The Saskatoon Star which supported the Liberal party in the recent provincial election says it regards "the bare possibility of the election of Sir Wilfrid Laurier as the gravest danger Canada has faced since confederation."—Guelph Herald.

THE WEATHER

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	45	83
Dawson	38	60
Prince Rupert	50	62
Victoria	52	78
Vancouver	52	74
Kamloops	48	80
Edmonton	44	70
Battleford	54	74
Prince Albert	56	74
Saskatoon	53	71
Moose Jaw	52	72
Qu'Appelle	54	66
Port Arthur	50	64
Parry Sound	48	76
London	56	76
Quebec	52	76
Halifax	58	66
London	56	79
Toronto	54	79
Kingston	54	80
Ottawa	42	80
Montreal	50	76

CHEESE MAKING IN THE NORTH CAROLINA MOUNTAINS

RALEIGH, N.C.—From its beginning in the erection of a $400 factory in 1915, the cheese making industry has been so developed in the North Carolina mountains that not less than two million pounds are to be produced next year. This year's production is estimated at 800,000 pounds. The establishment of the industry was premeditated and followed a study of the situation by government experts. They found in North Carolina abundant natural pasturage, plenty of water, labor that was not very well employed, a climate sufficiently cool to make the production of cheese possible and a population industrious and eager.

The first cooperative company was organized in 1915 at Cove Creek in Wautauga county, and erected a factory 14x16 feet in size, which cost, equipment and all, $400, and started to make cheese. Six weeks later another factory was completed at Grasry Creek in Ashe county; then came a third and a fourth in other counties and in 1916 five others were added.

Cheese can be kept until the producers have a wagon load to ship and transported in quantity, freight rates and expenses are low. Farmers are now assured of a regular cash income from their milk supply. This income, too, is surprisingly large. One woman, who had not been able to make more than $2 a month from her sale of butter at the stores, found that the factory paid her $12 a month for the milk and did all the work too. A farmer bought 10 cows for $787 in the spring of 1916 and, by the end of the pasturing season, he had made $752 from their milk alone.

Such examples have impressed the mountain folk and have shown beef cattle men that double profits can be obtained.

The growth of the industry, according to official figures by government agents, is a story of $3800 production in 1915, $30,000 last year, $100,000 this year. It is estimated that it may bring $250,000 into the mountains next year. The income of money has resulted in better living conditions, improved farm equipment, silos and general thrift.

FRANCE'S GRATEFUL TRIBUTE

The Times states that the French president has presented to Mr. Asquith in honor of the late Lieut. Raymond Asquith, a diploma similar to that which is given to every French family which has lost a son or a relative at the front. The diploma, which is a very handsome piece of work by M. Charles Coppler, and includes a reproduction of the famous "Marseillaise" relief on the Arc de Triomphe, bears the inscription:

To the Memory
of
RAYMOND ASQUITH,
who died in the cause of
Freedom and Humanity,
September 15, 1916.
With the Homage and Gratitude
of
the French Nation.
The President of the Republic,
R. POINCAIRE.

In acknowledging the presentation to M. Cambon, the French ambassador, through whom the diploma was forwarded, Mr. Asquith says:

10 Downing St., Whitehall, S.W.

My Dear Ambassador:

I am deeply touched by your most kind letter, and still more by the diploma which records in such moving terms the tribute of France to the service of my dear son.

Will you be good enough to convey to your government my most grateful and profound appreciation?

He died willingly and gladly in our common cause, and, terrible as is the sacrifice to me, I couldn't wish for him or any of my children a worthier end.

Believe me, my dear ambassador, with heartfelt gratitude, your very sincere friend, H. H. ASQUITH.

SAVING FOOD FOR WINTER

The old custom of drying garden produce for winter use is being revived. Last year Canada demonstrated how garden and orchard products could be dried for shipment to the fighting men in Europe. This year the women of Canada and the United States are going to dry fruits and vegetables, not only for shipment overseas, but to increase the supply in the winter larder of the people at home.

The art of drying vegetables has been almost forgotten. The average housewife of today does not know that the summer surplus of garden produce can be saved for winter use by drying in the simplest way. The canneries have taken the place of this former home industry. But our grandmothers knew the secret of drying, and so successful were they in putting aside for the winter those vegetables that could not be consumed in season they came to prefer dried sweet corn over the canned product, while the dried pumpkin and squash were pie-plants par excellence.

The June number of the National Geographic Magazine contains an illustrated article on the art of drying, in which it says:

One of the most important considerations commending the drying process is that the city or town housewife can employ this method of preservation with the simplest and most inexpensive facilities, and the process can be employed continuously, whether the food to be saved is in large or small quantities. A few sweet potatoes, peas or beans can be dried at a time. Even a single turnip or an apple is worth drying. Bit by bit vegetables may be saved until a whole meal is conserved. Small lots of dried carrots, cabbage, turnips, potatoes and onions are combined to advantage for vegetable soup.

Vegetables like Swiss chard, beets, and the like, may be sliced before drying. One way to dry the vegetables is to place them outside on a tray in the sun. Another is to suspend them in trays high above the kitchen stove. The trays are made cheaply of fly-screen tacked to four pieces of lath in the form of a frame; and three or four trays may be suspended one above the other, in a place where the warmth of the stove pipe will dry out the vegetables.

The frames for drying vegetables and fruits out in the sun are made of one window sash, a few laths and some metal fly screen. The vegetables can be put out on an old table. The window sash is mounted like the lid of a box with sides of wire screen. The glass protects the vegetables from the rain and insects while drying. Once dried, the vegetables can be stored in paper bags or cartons, and they will keep in dry place all winter.

When soaked in water, the dried vegetables swell almost back to normal. Dried Swiss chard, spinach, beet tops, and kale make excellent greens for winter. They are tasty and retain their food value unimpaired. Even though the flavor of the vegetable is not preserved entirely, it is an addition well worth while in soups and stews. And every ounce of food added to the larder by drying, as well as by canning and preserving, may be appreciated before next winter is over.—Ottawa Citizen.

Two cases of leprosy have been discovered in Syracuse, N.Y. Both men are Greeks.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Some women hold to the idea that bread-making is a long and difficult operation, but this is a mistake, for with Royal Yeast Cakes, light, sweet bread can be made in a few hours with but little trouble.

FREE: Our new Royal Yeast Bake Book will be sent free upon request. It contains full instructions for making bread and rolls with Royal Yeast Cakes. Send name and address plainly written and this valuable little book will be mailed promptly.

E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CANADA
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

THIS UNION IS GOOD

The unfurling of the Stars and Stripes in Europe beside the Union Jack and the Tricolor means more than a vast addition to our military strength, more than allied victory, more even than a democratic peace. It is an earnest of all these, but it is also a symbol of that union of mind and feeling between the ordered democracies of England, France and the United States, which promises to play the greatest part in moulding the future ideals and the future destinies of the world. This union, as we have more than once insisted, bids fair to rank forever amongst the greatest historical landmarks in the moral and political history of mankind. It is too large and too near a thing for the boldest amongst us to gauge. In charter, in extent, in duration its results are past finding out. But we know that it is built on all that is best and most solid in the tried and trusted traditions of the three democracies who have combined with most success the blessings of progressive liberty and the blessings of stable order in their national life. We know that the principles in which these traditions have their roots are sacred, and that from them no evil can proceed. We feel that this union is good and we look forward with eager hopefulness to the exalted visions which it foreshadows. Visions, traditions and principles alike are all incompatible with the elementary dogmas of Prusso-German kulture and of its daughter, "militarism."—London Times.

NO MESS OF POTTAGE.

Those cleverly-disastrous and fatally-brilliant tactics that transformed the late Liberal convention into a party catastrophe were intended to make possible a great political coup.

The west was to be made solid for Laurier by virtue of the very excellent economic program adopted by the convention while Laurier was to secure a solid Quebec on the issue of anticonscription.

Then there was to be a bargain. Quebec was to dictate the war policy of the new government, while the west was to be given a considerable instalment of economic reform.

The political possibilities of this deal have been much discussed for some months past. They were not overlooked at the recent convention.

The plan is a clever one, but it will fail. The west can get the economic and fiscal reforms necessary to her advancement by honest means.

Not even for this attractive mess of pottage will the west sell her birthright.—Winnipeg Free Press (Liberal.)

THE KILTIES

The Kilties are here, piping grandly, marching like heroes, and not too sensitive when we poke fun at their idea of correct dress for men. They in their turn can poke fun. "Aren't your knees cold?" asked a slacker in London. "Not as cold as your feet!" replied Kiltie.

When the first Kilties reached France there was great perplexity among the beholders. Some said, "They've got mustaches, so they must be men." Others said, "They're women, for they've got skirts." To decide the question, a Frenchman walked up to a Kiltie, put it to him straight, came back and reported, "He says they're the Middlesex."

Grin all you like at the Kilties. Harry Lauder does, and so do they. In Scotland, kilts are a kind of sacred joke. Every one grins, but every one admires. What uniform on earth has gone into battle more courageously or come out more covered with glory? And what other uniform is so ancient? Old records hint that the Celts in Gaul wore kilts. Roman legionaries had kilts of a sort. Great Caesar, dead and turned to clay, is not laughing at kilts; but how he would laugh at the jokes we call trousers!—Chicago Tribune.

GENERAL SMUTS: LIBERATOR

The general's whole life is a proof that he has rendered no mere lip service to the cause of liberty, but—with an insight all too rare in military leaders—he is by no means inclined to confine to gun and mortar the task of mending the world. His speech at the League of Nation's meeting in London recently should finally dispose of the famous this-is-not-the-time argument with which so many an attempt to prepare for the future has been met.

"This war," General Smuts agrees, "is man-made, and human forces—human intelligence, human stupidity, human greed, and suspicion—are at the base of this calamity. This is no time for us to bow our heads before the storm. It is the time for action. What human intelligence has done human intelligence can undo. If one-hundredth part of the thought that had been given to this war was given to schemes of peace we should never see another war. We must begin with the hearts of men. The war may have created a passion for peace, which in the end will prove stronger than the passion for war."

These are brave words, spoken by one who is giving proof to the world that he is not only a great soldier, but a thinker and a statesman. He is fully conscious of the tragic situation which is threatening mankind, but does not despair of the future.—Cambridge Magazine.

LONDON STILL SUPREME

Just as Bacon took all learning for his province, so England takes all the world's markets for its tribute. We have advanced from the stage of financing Wall street to the stage of financing commerce; but the stage of financing all industry, with its infinity of materials, and the splendid gains of speculative discounting of profits of industry, lies beyond our present appreciation. Our banks are warned out of ownership of industrial undertakings and confined to discounting the paper which they produce. No doubt it is wise. But it is immature. There must be another stage to our banking development before our foreign trade can be what it might be and before we can challenge London as the centre of the world of industry as well as of finance.—New York Times.

It Cleans and Safeguards

Lifebuoy Soap is always on guard against dirt and disease. In the home, at your work, for hands and face, for shampoo and bath it will be found always on the watch against germ and microbe. Withal, the rich, creamy Lifebuoy lather makes it a real pleasure to use this "super soap."

LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

The old proverb "prevention is better than cure" is another way of saying use Lifebuoy Soap. Start using it to-day and see that the children use it.

The mild antiseptic odor vanishes quickly after use.

At All Grocers—

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED TORONTO

Perhaps No Other Gift

so well combines quality, usefulness, and beauty with economy in price as Birks' Silverplated Ware. It is of the heaviest weight, beautiful in design and holds its sterling silver appearance throughout a lifetime's wear.

There are many pieces moderate in price as well as heavier and more elaborate pieces. Our catalogue will help you to solve the gift problem.

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

FO-MO

The refreshing Hair Dressing and Dandruff Remedy. Will not grow hair—nobody said it would. For sale at

O. K. BARBER SHOP
A. L. Wilson, Prop.

COLD STORAGE

"Time is precious," said the parson.

"It is indeed," rejoined the business man, "and I've wasted an awful lot of it by being punctual in keeping my appointments with others."

First Critic—Suppose Mother Hubbard had found a bone in the cupboard?

Second Critic—Well?

First Critic—It would have spoiled the poem.

Henderson—What makes you so blue?

Sanderson—My wife's bread's a failure.

Henderson—Is that all?

Sanderson—All? No, something worse is coming.

Henderson—What?

Sanderson—A week's ordeal of bread pudding.

Willie—Paw, what is tact?

Paw—Tact is the art of seeming to be interested in other people's hard luck stories, my son.

A petition asking Justice James C. Cropsey to run against Mayor Mitchell for the Republican mayoralty nomination in New York bore 31,000 signature.

Mrs. C. D. Dickie of Oswego, Ore., is in a critical condition after being accidentally shot by her three year old granddaughter. The child obtained the revolver in a bureau.

MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Louise Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Craig mountain, about one mile west of Green City.

Take notice that H. C. A. Cornish, F.M.C. 99801B, acting as agent for G. H. Green, Free Miner's Certificate No. 99816B, intends, sixty days fromthe date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 11th day of August, A.D. 1917.

H. C. A. CORNISH, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Alec Popoff, whose address is Thrums, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use six (6) inches of water out of Main creek which flows easterly and drains into the Kootenay river near Thrums. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about one hundred (100) feet west from the westerly boundary of the following described land and will be used for agricultural purposes upon the land described as: Lot 2, Block 1239, Group 1, Kootenay District, Map 754. This notice was posted on the ground on the 19th day of July, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is July 28, 1917.

ALEC POPOFF, Applicant.
By his Solicitors, Hamilton & Wragge, Agents.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that The Iron Mountain, Limited, whose address is Salmo, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use three-tenths (0.3) cubic feet of water out of the West Fork of Annie Rooney creek, which flows northwesterly and drains into Sheep creek, about two miles from its mouth. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about two miles from its mouth and about 300 feet S.E. of the N.W. Cor. Empire Mineral Claim, Lot 12086, and will be used for mining purposes upon the Emerald Mine, described as property of The Iron Mountain, Limited. This notice was posted on the ground on the 29th day of July, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto, and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B. C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is August 6th, 1917.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Limited,
Applicant.
By W. M. Myers, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Mrs. M. J. F. Webster, whose address is Fruitvale, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 8-acre feet of water out of the South Fork of Kelly creek, which flows northwesterly and drains into Kelly creek about 100 yards west of the N.E. corner of Lot 267, Fruitvale subdivision. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point on Lot 235, about 500 feet S. of the S.W. corner of Lot 256, Fruitvale subdivision, and will be used for irrigation purposes upon the land described as Lot 255, Fruitvale subdivision. This notice was posted on the ground on the 4th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 8, 1917.

MRS. M. J. F. WEBSTER,
Applicant

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that the Island Mill Lumber Co., of Alpena, Michigan, U.S.A., through their agent, Geo. Makinson, whose address is Arrow Park, B.C., will apply for a license to clear and improve Mosquito creek, which flows southerly and drains into the Columbia river about 1 mile north of Arrow Park.

The clearing and improving will be from the mouth of said creek to a point about where it crosses the N. and S. line of Lot 8717 C.G., which is about ½ mile from the S. E. corner of Lot 8717, a total distance of about eight miles. The clearing and improving of this stream is for the purpose of floating logs, shingle bolts, poles, piling, ties, etc., to the Columbia river.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 11th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914" will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within 30 days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 17, 1917.

ISLAND MILL LUMBER COMPANY,
Applicant,
By Geo. Makinson, Agent.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON, STREET, NELSON, B. C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
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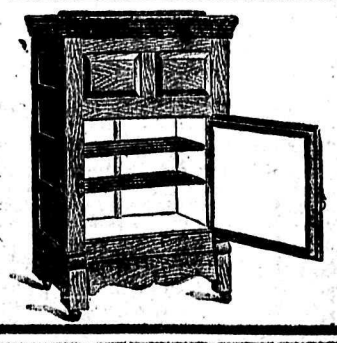
Hot Weather Specialties



We Have a Good Assortment of ICE COLD REFRIGERATORS
Prices Ranging from $12.00 to $25.00
Save your food and reduce the high cost of living.
See Our Stock of SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS, WIRE DISH COVERS, ETC., ETC.

Nelson Hardware Co.
Box 1050 Nelson, B.C.

Specials at The Star

LOCAL TOMATOES
Per Pound 20c

LOCAL POTATOES
6 Pounds 25c

COOKING ONIONS
Per Pound 5c

WATER MELONS
Per Pound 5c

CANTELOUPES
Each 15c

PLUMS
5 Pound Basket 50c

FREESTONE PEACHES
2 Pounds 25c

GREEN CORN
Per Dozen 30c

GREEN BEANS
4 Pounds 25c

Star Grocery

PHONE 10

15838

is the winning number in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes. Ask for a ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION

FURS.

Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodelled and repaired Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.

G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier
416 Ward St., Nelson, B. C. Phone 106

AUSTRALIA UNABLE TO BUILD WOODEN SHIPS

LONDON.—The news that Canada and the United States are meeting a *sudden urgent demand* by building a fleet of wooden ships has aroused interest in Australia. Why, it is asked, cannot ships be built in Australia as well as in America? Small wooden ships are regularly launched here; why not extend the industry to larger, ocean going vessels?

It appears that the same conditions which produced the demand for wooden ships have made it difficult for Australia to take advantage of the demand. In other words, the trouble lies in the high freight rates prevailing. Australia produces little, if any, timber suitable for shipbuilding. Pine wood must be used and in the past shipbuilders have employed Oregon pine from America and kauri from New Zealand. But since the outbreak of the war freight on Oregon pine has risen from 8 shillings to 95 shillings per 1000 feet and the price from 8 shillings to 35 shillings per 100 feet, and therefore, these rates are prohibitive. The Australian builder would be quite willing to use kauri, which, though more costly than usual, is still not at a prohibitive price, but for some reason that is not very clear, kauri cannot at present be obtained from New Zealand in anything like the required quantities. One shipwright has suggested that New Zealand is deliberately withholding the wood, though he could offer no reason for the dominion adopting such a course.

So the Australians are embarrassed *even in doing their usual insignificant* shipbuilding and they cannot contemplate any extensions of the industry. There is a abundance of hardwoods for the superstructure and fittings of ships but the only wood that might prove a substitute for pine is the Australian cedar and cedar it appears grows in such a scattered way and in such inaccessible places that it is not yet proved a payable proposition.

One shipwright has asked and apparently with reason, why the shipbuilding industry should not be established in an important way in Auckland? He points out that with the abundance of kauri and other suitable timbers available in Auckland enterprising builders should be able to compete with the Americans. The demand for wooden merchantmen may not persist more than five years, but smaller wooden ships will be required for a considerable time after that.

COALING PLANT AT BALBOA IN SERVICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The new coaling station at Balboa, Panama canal zone, has been placed in regular commercial service, says a commerce report. The sea going suction dredge Culebra of the canal fleet was coaled at the reloader wharf on July 25, and the merchant ship Baldersby took coal on July 27. The latter was the first commercial ship to be supplied from the new station.

The stock of coal at the plant includes some which was dumped from cars for tests of the reclaiming bridges and some unloaded from colliers in tests of the unloader towers. The supply is to be maintained by sending through the canal an occasional collier from the number which come to Christobal. It is expected that Christobal will continue to be the coaling point of the great majority of the ships coming to the canal.

The Balboa plant has a normal storage capacity of 150,000 tons, and a stated capacity of delivery of 1000 tons per hour, or 500 tons per hour from each of the two reloader towers.

EMBARGO ON EXPORTS IS RAISED BY RUSSIA

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Announcement is made by the Russian embassy that all restrictions upon exports from Russia to this country have been removed. Formal notice to this effect has been given to the state department. At the beginning of the war, Russia, in common with the other allies, placed an embargo on raw materials and manufactured articles which might be resold in this country and sent to Germany. Now that the United States is in the war, the two countries have a common interest, and these restrictions are no longer necessary.

Kootenay and Boundary

INDUCEMENT GIVEN TO CATCH BURGLAR

$1000 Will Be Reward for Information Leading to Arrest of Fernie Safe Blower

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., Aug. 22.—Announcement was made here today that the provincial government has offered a reward of $500 to anyone furnishing information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the parties who burglarized the store of the Trites Wood company at Michel early this month, when the safe was blown and over $2700 in cash taken. It is understood that the Trites Wood company will augment the reward with a like amount, which will make a very substantial inducement for the apprehension of the desperadoes.

Elmer Greenberg, a prisoner confined in the city jail here on a charge of abduction, on Saturday afternoon effected his escape, but was recaptured the following evening a short distance west of the city. Greenberg had been permitted to leave his cell for the purpose of taking a bath. He in this manner had freedom in the corridor and gained access to the coal bin, where he successfully picked the lock on the coal chute and thence got outside. This was the second occasion that Greenberg escaped from custody since first apprehended on the present charge. Early this spring he, it is said, induced a girl of tender years to leave Fernie in his company. They were later located at Macleod, and Greenberg was arrested, the girl being sent home to her parents. Greenberg escaped from the Macleod jail and got across the line, but two months later returned to Canada and immediately was rearrested and brought here, where he is awaiting the fall assizes.

SLOCAN CITY NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

SLOCAN CITY, B. C., Aug. 22.—Mrs. H. Pendry spent the weekend in Sandon.

Mayor McNeish left for Vancouver on Friday. He was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. William Blackburn.

Mrs. J. T. Tipping was a recent visitor to Nelson.

Mrs. Peter Swan and son Harold, who were visiting friends in Silverton and at the Standard mine, arrived home Tuesday.

Miss Gladys Kelsall of Silverton is here, the guest of the Misses Marjory and Dora Pendry.

Mrs. A. E. Gage has returned home from Nelson.

Mrs. D. McLeod and children are visiting friends in Nelson this week.

The Slocan branch of the Red Cross society realized from the sale of tea and ice cream on Saturday $39.55. The society acknowledges a donation from the employees of the Ottawa mine of $23.

ROSSLAND NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Aug. 22.—Misses Pauline and Helen McDonald have returned from Trail, where they spent a week visiting Mrs. F. Fortin.

Miss Alice Hender and Miss Margaret Richards are spending the week in Chewela.

Misses Flossie and Minnie Christian, who have been visiting Mrs. F. Parker, returned home Tuesday, going by motor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wood of Vancouver are expected in the city in a few days to spend a month visiting friends. Mr. and Mrs. Wood resided in Rossland for a number of years.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Hunter expect to leave shortly for Spokane to spend a couple of weeks.

W. G. Ternan returned last night from Vancouver, where he had been for two weeks on business.

C. H. Wallace and E. Marsden spent Wednesday at Granite fishing.

J. Hunter spent Wednesday afternoon in the city from Trail.

Mrs. Dr. McNaughton and two sons spent Wednesday afternoon in the city from Trail.

J. Gamble is in the city from Nelson.

E. Hatrup came in on the noon train from Trail.

B. O. Bean motored into the city from Trail this afternoon.

FOUR SOLDIERS FROM PROVINCE ARE KILLED

Nine Reported in Latest Casualty List As Wounded—One Given As Missing

In the list of casualties issued from Ottawa last night four soldiers from British Columbia are reported killed in action and nine wounded, while one is listed as missing. The men are:

KILLED IN ACTION

W. M. McKay, 1751 Fifth street west, Vancouver.

W. M. Miller, 737 Fourteenth avenue, Vancouver.

Lieut. A. G. Fleming, Berry Hill, Vermillion.

Lieut., Acting Capt., J. L. Sclater, 1231 Barclay street, Vancouver.

REPORTED MISSING

M. F. Piercy, Sandwich.

WOUNDED

J. Hepburn, 766 Cordova street, Vancouver.

W. E. Cood, Golden.

A. E. Pullinger, Alden Grove.

Lieut. H. Clark, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Vancouver.

Lieut. W. E. Tait, 1031 Sutley street, Victoria.

A. J. Butcher, 819 Fourth avenue, New Westminster.

W. J. Pierce, Victoria.

WOUNDED.

G. W. Papell, Cloverdale.

A. Harris. 1064 Sixth avenue west, Vancouver.

Other names on the list are:

INFANTRY

Killed in Action—Corp. J. M. Custance, Milford, N. S.; W. Stewart, Westville, N. S.; Sergt. C. Kelly, Montreal; Sergt. W. Johnstone, Scotland; Corp. L. Skilton, England; H. V. Burgess, Oshawa, Ont.; M. Arnold, Goderich, Ont.; K. D. Rosedovsky, Toronto; R. J. Jackson, Lindsay, Ont.; J. A. Hott, Montreal; N. Finnemore, Gladwin, N. B.; F. P. Lay, Halifax; L. Mattatall, Denmark, N. S.; R. B. Carmichael, Windsor, N. S.; Lieut. C. B. Adams, Hanover, Ont.; Lieut. A. Kennedy, Scotland; Lieut. T. S. Stockwell, England; Lieut. H. D. Henry, Montreal; Capt. A. H. Bibby, Channel Islands; Lieut. J. Bertrand, M.C., British West Indies; Acting Major A. R. Bawden, Winnipeg.

Died of Wounds—Sergt. P. O'Leary, England; S. Bernard, Burnt Church, N. B.

Died—P. Poole, Edmonton.

Wounded—Lieut. E. P. Darnell, England; Lieut. A. R. Pattinson, Winnipeg; Lieut. A. Cochrane, England; Lieut. H. J. Wood, Toronto; Capt. P. I. Walker, England; Lieut. F. Genby, Montreal; J. Hannah, Lansdowne, Ont.; J. W. Carroll, Soo, Ont.; H. D. McCrae, Petrolia, Ont.; Corp. E. Currie, Sydney, N. S.; W. E. Savage, Halifax; H. Daniels, England; L. Fisher, England.

Wounded—B. M. Daniel, Inverness, N.S.; Lieut. C. Stevenson, M.C., Ireland; Lieut. Acting Capt. F. A. Ladd, Yarmouth, N.S.; Capt. F. A. S. Dunn, England; Lieut. L. A. Bissell, Algonquin, Ont.; Lieut. C. H. Biscoe, Toronto; Lieut. T. L.Lynnett, Blind River, Ont.; Lieut. G. C. Richardson, Montreal; Lieut. L. Fraser, Toronto; Lieut. B. L. Irwin, Cornwall; Lieut. R. H. Bradfield, Toronto; Lieut. R. H. Brunton, Newmarket, Ont.; Lieut. W. F. Tobey, Woodstock, Ont.; H. Brown, Toronto; W. B. Purdy, Strathcona, Alta.; F. Smith, Jersey City; R. F. Treleaven, Camrose, Alta.; D. R. Curtis, Toronto; J. W. Woodsall, New York; P. J. Sootheran, Niagara Falls, Ont.; T. Schaumpf, North Sydney; J. F. Peasey, St. Thomas, Ont.; I. Saponjkov, Russia; J. Guillemet, Quebec; D. Rappis, Egypt; F. W. Pierce, Marion, Ont.; P. A. Styian, Ericksdale, Man.; O. Anderson, Shepherd's Hill, Sask.; L. Armstrong, Inkster, Man.; J. Lokay, Russia; D. Heinrichs, Queen Centre, Sask.; Corp. M. S. McLeod, Quebec.; N. W. Campbell, Upper Blackville, N.B.; G. H. Walker, Napanee, Ont.

Wounded—J. Telet, Quebec; J. Bennett, Shellanorth, N. B.; A. R. Dowling, Port Arthur; Corp. R. Savard, Montreal; W. Rhelm, England; E. Smith, Arkona, Ont.; C. A. Cross, England; J. J. Smith, Toronto; T. H. Melanson, Bathurst, N. B.; Sergt. J. Dockings, Hamilton, Ont.; Corp. A. C. McLennan, Millsville, N. B.; Corp. B. Dunn, Dundas, Ont.; A. Binekes, Verdun, Quebec.

Seriously ill—C. Lovek, Bathurst, N. B.; R. M. Bagg, Charlotte, N. C.; H. C. Mitchell, Muskoka, Ont.; J. W. Ogilvie, Toronto.

Gassed—L. K. Leopold, Kentville, N. S.; M. S. Spencer, Sydney, N. S.; J. W. Corckkun, New Aberdeen, N. S.; S. S. Hays, Ottawa; D. Post, Brantford, Ont.; S. Barnfather, Toronto; E. Zanryker, Russia; Lieut. C. S. Stainor, Halifax.

Reported prisoner of war—C. H. Miles, Ardoise, N. S.; C. C. Purdy, Bridgetown, N. S.; A. L. Bentley, Canning, N. S.; E. Pray, New Liskeard, Ont.; J. A. Frizelle, Central North River, N. S.

Shell Shock—M. Warnsford, Hampton, N. B.; E. Pullet, Quebec.

MOUNTED RIFLES

Wounded—A. B. Wright, Southampton, Ont.; C. Blondin, Montreal.

ARTILLERY

Killed in Action—F. C. Thompson, Brantford, Ont.; A. W. Toms, Peterboro, Ont.

Wounded—E. W. McInnes, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; J. H. Gosnell, Richmond, N. S.; J. C. Pentecost, Verdun, Que.; Corp. E. J. Boyd, St. Stephens, N. S.; F. T. Whitten, Merritt, Ont.; J. Small, Montreal; J. P. Nicholson, Sydney Mines, N. S.

SERVICES

Wounded—C. Sheppard, Gadsby, Alta.; Corp. H. Hill, Toronto; H. Monahan, Detroit, Mich.; W. N. Campbell, Cloquet, Minn.; G. Harris, England.

INFANTRY

Killed in action—S. Smith, Winnipeg; C. S. Robinson, England; Lieut. C. H. Lane, England; Lieut. A. A. Beckett, Brantford, Ont.; Lieut. G. D. Mowat, Peterboro, Ont.; Lieut. F. W. Patton, Ireland; Lieut. C. E. Gatien, Quebec; Lieut. H. Vareness, Quebec; Lieut. J. F. Wilkins, Waterloo, Quebec; Lieut. J. F. Wilkins, Farnham, Quebec; Lieut. G. B. Osgood, Ashcroft, N. B.; Lieut. F. B. Doran, Iroquois, Ont.; Lieut. H. W. Morris, England; Lieut. P. J. Jackson, Parry Sound; P. E. Lavoie, Montreal.

Reported missing, believed killed—Lieut. Acting Capt. F. B. Winter, M. C., St. John, N. B.; W. Dixon, Sharbot Lake, Ont.; A. Kitching, England; J. Boudreau, Dalhousie, N. B.; Lieut. S. S. McLean, Campbellton, N. B.; Lieut. A. Soloman, England; Lieut. I. B. Yonkies, Montreal.

Died of Wounds—Lieut. E. M. Haldane, Stratford, Ont.; F. G. Hendry, New Zealand; T. Thompson, Winnipeg; O. Gree, Finland; W. Horst, Toronto; J. D. Ross, Toronto; J. G. Johnson, Shoal Lake, Man.; A. Bone, Camperville, Man.

Reported missing—W. Taylor, Toronto; M. J. James, England.

Wounded—L. B. Stewart, Chatham, N.B.; Corp. R. J. Johnson, Australia; K. Bureaus, Montreal; E. Gleason, France; C. Hickey, Montreal; E. Legrande, Quebec; R. Wells, Brandon, Man.; H. W. Rigley, England; R. Peters, England; C. Dodds, Scotland; Major W. Ford, England; Capt. F. Bergh, South Africa; Lieut. J. A. Stewart, Druid, Sask.; Lieut. R. H. Murray, Scotland; Lieut. E. J. Lounsberry, Fredericton, N.B.; Lieut. R. J. Muil, Scotland

Wounded—Lieut. W. Todd, Whitby, Ont.; Lieut. E. S. Reynolds, Brockville, Ont.; Corp. I. M. Fisher, Red Deer, Alta.; Corp. G. Douglas, Scotland; A. B. Berington, Toronto; A. C. Bellamy, Humboldt, Sask.; W. Hall, Frederick, Md.; F. J. Savage, England; E. Kroetsch, Morden, Man.; J. S. Winter, Brandon, Man.; Lieut., Acting Major, H. D. Hedley, St. Mary's, Ont.; Lieut., Acting Capt., W. Willis, M.C., England; Lieut. C. McConnell, Saskatoon; Lieut. T. A. Sargood, Australia; Lieut. W. S. Graham, France; Lieut., Acting Capt., B. E. Nichols, England; Capt. R. N. Davidson, M.C., Ottawa; Capt. J. D. McNeil, Whitney, N. S.; Capt. W. A. Livingston, M.C., Victoria, N. S.; Lieut. J. B. O'Brien, England; J. Powers, Montreal; W. Johnstone, Radison, Sask.; W. Burns, Montreal; Lieut. W. E. Govan, Williamstown, Ont.; H. Biggs, England; D. McConnell, Scotland; P. McFarland, Moncton, N. B.; Corp. W. Oakley, Toronto; Corp. C. R. Moffett, Toronto; A. McDonald, Brantford, Ont.; W. McIndless, Barrie, Ont.; A. Parm, Toronto; Corp. G. W. Glendenning, Sydney, N. S.; F. S. Bennett, England; T. Dann, Calgary.

Wounded; J. Buckler, England; A. Lane, England; S. R. English, Willow Hill, Ill.; T. Campbell, Calendar, Ont.; H. Baren, Russia; W. Little, England; P. Styan, Ericksdale, Man.; B. Murray, St. Peters, N.S.; E. Hames, Toronto; W. Bourne, Ireland; F. McKenzie, Portage la Prairie, Man.

ARTILLERY.

Killed in action—Lieut. F. J. Gooch, Toronto.

Died—Lieut. S. McLachlin, Arnprior, Ont.

Previously reported missing, now presumed to have died—M. Zeegler, Elmira, Ont.

Wounded—Lieut. F. S. Horne, Cobourg, Ont.; J. Curtis, Yaokum, Tex.; G. Jones, Toronto; Sergt. S. Weir, Annapolis, N.S.; Lieut. F. W. Thompson, McCool, Ont.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Wounded—J. C. Boyd, Scotland.

ENGINEERS.

Killed in action—D. McIntyre, Reserve, N.S.

Died of wounds—K. G. Seale, Toronto; C. Livingstone, Montreal.

Wounded—L. M. Houlding, Hamilton.

SERVICES.

Accidentally Killed—Sergt. S. F. Cameron, New Glasgow, N.S.

Wounded—J. Cood, Winnipeg; G. Castelli, Wales; J. Keith, Scotland.

For the first time since it was started, women have been employed the past week at the Cobourg Steel company's plant, assisting in making munitions.

THE DAILY NEWS WANT ADS ANTICIPATE YOUR WANTS

Your "Get-Away Power" in Summer is a matter of fuel-food for the human engine. Food that is hard to digest and low in nutritive value does not supply energy for the day's work. It uses up needed power by overtaxing the digestive organs. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** is all food. It is 100 per cent. whole wheat and is prepared in a digestible form. Changing from meat and potatoes to Shredded Wheat brings a mental buoyancy and physical alertness that makes one eager for the day's task. Eat it for any meal with sliced bananas, berries, or other fruits.

Made in Canada.

Get Your Boy Ready for School

He Will Need a New Suit

SUITS THAT YOUNG CANADA WILL TAKE INSTANT LIKING TO, BECAUSE THEY ARE DESIGNED AND MADE ESPECIALLY TO MEET A REAL SCHOOL BOY'S NEEDS—TO LOOK WELL AND GIVE SATISFACTION.

Boys' Suits, 8 to 12 Years

Serges, Whipcords, Twills, Tweeds, etc. These Suits are exceptionally well tailored and embody the very newest styles. Pleated backs and belts.
SPECIALLY PRICED AT, THE SUIT..... $8.00 TO $12.50

Youths' Suits, 13 to 16 Years

In Cheviots, Serges, Worsteds and Tweeds, made up in the newest fashions, including "Pinch-Back" Coats. Strictly man-tailored and perfect fitting.
SPLENDID VALUES AT ..... $10.50 TO $16.50

Boys' Blouses for School Wear

In Neat Pin-Stripes, Linens, etc. Sizes 11 to 13½. Ranging in price from, Each ..... 65c TO 85c

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

Bankrupt Stock for Sale

One 8-ft. Silent Salesman Show Case, cost	$100.00
One 8-ft. Marble Top Refrigerator Show Case, cost	200.00
Two 8-ft. Marble Top Counters, cost	80.00
One 8-ft. Counter, cost	30.00
One 12-ft. Counter, cost	40.00
One 6-ft. Counter, cost	10.00
One Toledo Computing Scale, cost	155.00
One Dayton Computing Scale, cost	55.00
One Cheese Cutter, cost	20.00
One Hobart Double Electric Power Coffee Mill, cost	300.00
One Cash Register, cost	100.00
One Cash Drawer, cost	10.00
One Typewriter Desk, cost	35.00
One Remington Typewriter, cost	40.00
One Empire Typewriter, cost	40.00

ANY OF THE ABOVE GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT HALF PRICE

J. E. ANNABLE, NELSON, B.C.

A Want Ad. is both cheap and efficient. Try it

Light Breakfasts

Thoughtful people these days are urging economy in eating, and many are even advocating "no breakfast."

The "no breakfast" plan may agree with some, but most people feel better and work better on at least a light breakfast.

A great many have found that a liberal dish of GRAPE-NUTS, served with cream, milk or fruit juice, furnishes ample morning nourishment, is easily digested, and promotes buoyancy and clearness of mind.

Grape-Nuts

contains all the nourishing goodness of wheat and barley, including the vital mineral salts of the grain, and is a most delicious food.

"There's a Reason"

MADE IN CANADA— Sold by Grocers

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

A News Want Ad

Will do the work for you in the most expeditious and satisfactory way. The expense is very nominal and the work is done while you rest. Try it. They

Always Get Results

Help Canada Maintain Her Financial Freedom !

Do Your Share towards Financing the War with Canadian Savings Rather than with Outside Capital.

THE problem of meeting the enormous cost of this war is twofold. Not only must Canada get the money—most of it, of course, as loans—but she must get as much of it as possible here in Canada.

We can carry the war-debt if the bulk of the interest goes to Canadians, and so is used again in the country's development. But it will be a serious matter for us if a large proportion of the interest has to be sent outside the Dominion.

For the sake of our own and our children's future this drain on our resources must be avoided! Canada's financial freedom can and must be maintained! An average saving of 15 cents a day, invested by each man, woman and child in Canada in War Savings Certificates, would enable us to carry the whole cost of the war. To approach this average, hard work, thrift, self-denial and sacrifice are required of every citizen.

For each $21.50 you lend the Government now, you will receive $25.00 in three years—or you can get your money back at any time. Certificates are issued in denominations of $25, $50 and $100, and may be purchased at any Bank or Money Order Post Office. 22

The National Service Board of Canada,
OTTAWA.

Prohibition

on October 1st

AFTER THIS DATE NO PURCHASES CAN BE MADE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Place Your Order Now, Our Stocks Are Very Low

BUY HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S OWN BRANDS, KNOWN EVERYWHERE FOR THEIR STANDARD OF PURITY

FULL PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

Every Householder Is Entitled to Purchase Enough for Their Own Household

Christmas is coming, Brandy will be wanted for the puddings as well as required for sickness, etc. Get your supplies now as all stocks in British Columbia are very low.

BRANDIES

	Bottle.	Case.	Gallon.
H. B. CO. DIAMOND	$2.00	$21.60	$10.50
H. B. CO. THREE STAR	2.50	27.00	....
H. B. CO. 25 YEARS OLD	3.50	37.80	....
H. B. CO. 50 YEARS OLD	4.25	....	....
U. V. P 1858 VINTAGE	4.00	....	....

We have a cheaper brandy, but do not recommend it.

WHISKIES

	Bottle.	Case.
H. B. CO. SCOTCH WHISKY	$1.50	$16.20
H. B. CO. F. O. B.	1.75	18.90
H. B. CO. LIQUEUR SCOTCH	2.00	21.60
H. B. CO. SPECIAL SCOTCH, Best Procurable	2.50	27.00
GIANTS' STANDFAST SCOTCH	1.75	18.90
ELLIOTT, SCOTT & CO.'S ROYAL GEORGE SCOTCH	1.40	15.00

Large bottle containing 32 ounces.

NOTE.—We are making a special feature of this large size bottle, containing 32 ounces of liquid. The ordinary bottle contains only 27 ounces. This is by far the best size bottle to purchase.

All prices subject to withdrawal without notice, as supplies are very limited and all high class brands will soon be sold.

GET A PRICE LIST TODAY AND PUT IN YOUR SUPPLIES

The Hudson's Bay Company

HERBERT L. BURRIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

News of Sport

BROOKLYN GETS WIN OVER PIRATES

Giants Shut Out Reds With Sensational Play—Phillies Keep Chicago from Scoring Run

NATIONAL LEAGUE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BROOKLYN, Aug. 22.—Brooklyn defeated Pittsburg today 6 to 5 in 22 innings. Brooklyn knocked Cooper out of the box in seven innings. Jacobs finished the game. Cadore was knocked out of the box in five innings. Cheney pitched from the sixth to the twentieth inclusive. Marquard finished and was the winning pitcher. The second game was called on account of darkness after two innings.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	5	19	4
Brooklyn	6	28	4

Batteries: Cooper and W. Wagner; Cadore, Marquard and Miller.

Win by Sensational Play

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—New York played sensational ball behind Benton's fine delivery and shut out Cincinnati today 3 to 0.

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	4	1
New York	3	7	0

Batteries: Snyder and Wingo; Benton and Rariden.

Phillies Shut Out Chicago

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 22.—Hard hitting and Alexander's excellent pitching gave Philadelphia a 5 to 0 victory over Chicago today.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	7	1
Philadelphia	5	11	0

Batteries: Prendergast, Hendrix and Elliott; Alexander and Killifer.

Player Knocked Senseless

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 22.—Boston won from St. Louis today 6 to 1. Watson knocked E. Walsh senseless in the sixth inning, hitting him on the back of the head with a pitched ball. The Boston man recovered in a few minutes.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	5	2
Boston	6	11	1

Batteries: Doak, Watson, May and Gonzales; Walsh, Nehf and Meyers.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Get Game Each

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 22.—Washington won the first game of today's doubleheader with St. Louis 2 to 1 and St. Louis won the second 9 to 4.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Washington	2	7	0
St. Louis	1	4	2

Batteries: Harper, Johnson and Henry, Ainsmith; Groom, Rogers and Severold.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Washington	4	8	2
St. Louis	9	9	0

Batteries: Dumont, Gallia and Ainsmith; Davenport and Severold.

Cuts Chicago's Lead

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Boston cut Chicago's lead down to two games today when they won here 5 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	5	12	3
Chicago	1	6	3

Batteries: Leonard and Agnew; Williams, Danforth, Faber and Schalk.

Wins in Tight Game

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 22.—Cleveland won from Philadelphia today 6 to 5. Cleveland made all its runs off Bush, whom it drove from the box in the fifth inning.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	5	10	1
Cleveland	6	10	1

Batteries: Bush, R. Johnson, Seibold, and Harvey; Coveleskie, Lambeth, Coumbe and O'Neill.

Detroit Beats Yankees

DETROIT, Aug. 22.—Detroit got only two hits off Cullop and none off Mogridge but won from New York today 2 to 0.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	0	8	2
Detroit	2	2	0

Batteries: Cullop, Mogridge and Walters, Nunamaker; James and Spencer.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Newark	3	7	1
Toronto	2	10	0

Batteries: Ross and Blackwell; Gould and Lalonde.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Newark	2	5	1
Toronto	8	11	1

Batteries: Smallwood and Egan; Thompson and Lalonde.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	3	8	3
Buffalo	6	13	1

Batteries: Weston, Hill and McAvoy; McCabe and Daly.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	9	18	1
Buffalo	3	7	1

Batteries: Newton and Schaufele; Jaynes, Wyckoff and Daly.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	6	11	2
Montreal	4	9	3

Batteries: Peters, McTigue and Allen; Hoyt, Stryker and Madden.

	R.	H.	E.
Richmond	3	11	1
Rochester	11	15	1

Batteries: Adams and Reynolds; Lotz and Sandberg.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Vernon	15	20	2
Oakland	5	10	5

Batteries: Marion and Moore; Prough, Kremer and Mitze, Murray.

	R.	H.	E.
Salt Lake	5	9	0
Los Angeles	2	7	3

Batteries: Evans and Hannah; Standridge and Boles.

	R.	H.	E.
San Francisco	2	6	2
Portland	6	11	1

Batteries: Johnson and Baker; Penner and Fisher.

SEVENTY PER CENT GET COMMISSIONS

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn. — Student officers at Fort Oglethorpe, Fort McPherson and Fort Logan H. Roots will have completed their training and be awarded their commissions next week. The men from the two former camps, both in Georgia, have for the last 10 days been marching through the country near their forts, pitching camp in different places, and playing the war game under actual conditions.

Of the 44,000 students who enrolled in the various officers reserve training camps in May, 28,872 have been recommended for commissions, a showing of 70 per cent instead of the 40 per cent forecasted by the department. From this number will be obtained 18,032 officers of the line, about 2000 for the quartermaster corps, 2000 for the aviation section and 2000 for coast artillery and engineers 200 for ordinance and 160 for the intelligence division of the adjutant general's department.

ALABAMA TO HAVE NEW SCHOOL SYSTEM

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—A county school system, already tried successfully in Montana, Oregon and West Virginia will be introduced into the south for the first time in October by N. R. Baker, former state supervisor of education who has been elected superintendent of schools in Jefferson county. The county will be divided into 15 school districts with a supervising principal for each district. The principals must visit each school in the district to which he is assigned at least once in each two weeks.

LEVEE TO RECLAIM HUNDREDS OF ACRES

CLARKSDALE, Miss.—At a meeting of the Yazoo (Miss.) Delta Levee board here it was voted unanimously to build a line of levee from Brunswick to Vicksburg, 26 miles, at a cost of $1,250,000, the government estimate. The board appointed a committee to cooperate with the committee appointed by the lower district board to present the matter to the legislature.

This action assures the construction of the levee, as Governor Bilbo had stated that should both boards agree on a plan of action he would call a special session of the legislature, as no money is available from the government until legislative action is taken.

The proposed levee will reclaim 200,000 and protect 100,000 acres.

MEN WANTED FOR NAVAL SERVICE

STOKERS AND ARTIFICERS

Men from 18 to 50, British subjects, and with experience as Stokers or Engine Room Artificers are wanted for service during the war in the

CANADIAN NAVAL PATROLS

Pay: Stokers from $1.20 a day, Artificers from $1.85 to $2.50, free food, lodgings and kit and $20.00 to $25.00 monthly separation. Apply to

Naval Recruiting Officer, ESQUIMALT, B.C.

The Naval Recruiting Secretary, 305 Wellington St., Ottawa.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.

NOTICE.

Re Overdue Payments on Applications to Purchase Crown Lands in British Columbia.

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the "Soldiers' Homestead Act Repeal Act," any person who did not apply under the "Soldiers' Homestead Act, 1916," to complete his application to purchase, either by payment in full or by the selection of a proportionate allotment, may, by proving his interest and paying up in full the balance of the purchase prices and taxes before the 31st December, 1917, obtain a Crown Grant if proof satisfactory to the Minister of Lands is furnished that such person is suffering injury through absence of notice or otherwise.

And further that the interest in uncompleted applications to purchase held by any person on Active Service may be protected by notification to the Lands Department of the fact that such person is on Active service and by the filing of proof of the interest of such person.

Further information will be furnished on request to the Deputy Minister of Lands, Victoria, B.C.

Publication of this notice without authority will not be paid for. jel4

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Clearwater Shingle Company, Limited, whose address is Hall, B.C., will apply for a license to clear and improve Clearwater Creek, which flows westerly and drains into Salmo River about 16 miles from the mouth of Salmo River, and that part of Salmo River extending southwesterly from the confluence of said creek and said river about one-half mile to Wiley's Spur. Said Salmo River drains into Pend d'Oreille River about sixteen miles southwesterly from Wiley's Spur.

The clearing and improvement will be on Clearwater Creek from a point about near the centre of Section 13 of Township 39 of Lot 1241, G. 1., Kootenay district to its confluence with Salmo River and from the confluence of Clearwater Creek with said river southwesterly about one-half mile to Wileys' Spur, a total distance of about six miles and will be used for driving shingle bolts and logs purpose between a point on Clearwater Creek about the centre of said Section 13 down said creek to said river, and then down said river to said Wiley's Spur, on Section 18 in said Township, extending through Sections 13, 14, 15, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21 in said Township 39

This notice was posted on the ground on the 28th day of July, 1917.

A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C.

Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

CLEARWATER SHINGLE CO., LTD., Applicant.
By C. L. Wiley, Agent.

The date of the first publication of this notice is August 2nd, 1917.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Messrs. Deschamps & Lingle, whose address is Rossland, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 10 cubic feet per second of water out of Gwillim creek, also known as Goat creek, which flows southeasterly and drains into Slocan river, about one mile from south end of Slocan lake. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about one and one-half miles northerly from northwest corner of Lot 8938, and will be used for fluming logs and power purposes upon the timber claims described as T. L. 17317 and T. L. 41183. This notice was posted on the ground on the 17th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at New Denver, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is August 22, 1917.

DESCHAMPS & LINGLE, Applicants.
By H. C. A. Cornish, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that George Stuart Hawthorne, whose address is P.O. box 422, Nelson, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 8-acre feet of water out of a creek known as Sictum creek, which flows southerly and drains into the West Arm of Kootenay lake near the northeast corner of lot 7453. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about 800 feet north of northwest corner post of Sublot 1, Lot 4398, and will be used for irrigation purposes upon the land described as Sublots 1 and 2, Lot 4398 (20 acres.) This notice was posted on the ground on the 11th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is Aug. 16th, 1917.

G. S. HAWTHORNE, Applicant.

GERMAN PRESS CRITICIZES THE KAISER'S ACTION

COPENHAGEN.—The publication of the kaiser's telegram to President Wilson in the memoirs of former Ambassador Gerard and the belated attempt at explanation made by the semiofficial Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung call forth criticism in the German press of what is termed the German emperor's irresponsible conduct of the foreign affairs of the empire.

The various Berlin newspapers comment on the system which permits a sovereign to pass upon such a proposal from a neutral power and to draft an important state document without consultation with a responsible minister or even without the necessary record subsequently being made.

The most comprehensive presentation of press opinion is given by the Hamburger Fremdenblatt. It criticizes the delay in appearance of the semiofficial statement, which, the newspaper says was "neither adroit nor forceful, betrays the embarrassment of the writer and adopts a tone of discouraged defiance.

The Fremdenblatt is inclined to question the veracity of the assertion made by the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung that the document was not a telegram saying that if Ambassador Gerard really characterized mere notes jotted down to assist his memory as a formal telegram from the emperor it would undoubtedly be incorrect, but adding that the semiofficial newspaper does not question that the ideas were the emperor's.

The Fremdenblatt concludes that the explanation of the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung is not calculated to raise German prestige and admonishes the foreign secretary, Dr. von Kuhlmann when next he is confronted by revelations from the other side to deny them boldly and stoutly.

Count von Reventlow, writing in the Tages Zeitung, shifts the blame for the kaiser's irresponsible action from his majesty to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the former imperial chancellor, who, the writer says, should have been present. The count attacks the former chancellor for "failing to warn the emperor about the insidious personality of the ambassador."

In all the press comment the substance of Mr. Gerard's statements is largely ignored.

BUSINESS MEN SELL PAPERS FOR CHARITY

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—When the city began its work on financial retrenchment, five important charities were cut off without appropriations. At the hint of a member of the civic association, an "Old Newsboys' day" was given and $4450 was obtained for the five institutions. For one day many of the leading business and professional men of the city became boys, regular newsboys, in knee breeches, blouses and wide brim hats or caps and sold papers on the prominent corners. One was so successful in his "crys" that he was paid $250 for a single paper. It has been decided to make "Old Newsboys' day" an annual event.

WHEN IN DOUBT TRY DAILY NEWS WANT ADS

Nelson Steam Laundry

FRENCH DRY CLEANING AND DYEING.

Dealers for the White Company Motor Cars and Trucks. Automobiles for hire any hour day or night—passengers, baggage and light freight.

Nelson Steam Laundry
PAUL NIPOU, Manager.
P. O. Box 43 Tel. 144

The Original and Only Genuine

Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

Beware of Imitations

MINING TRUTH

The only publication of its kind in the world and the only exclusively mining periodical in the Interior Northwest fields.

Edited by Sidney Norman, an old-timer in the Kootenays and a firm believer in the future of British Columbia's mines.

Published twice a month. Subscription price, $3 per annum.

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SPOKANE, WASH.

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For the Office or the Home Library

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n computing the number of words a classified advertisement count word, dollar mark, abbreviation, ial letter and figure as one word. dvertisers are reminded that it is rary to the provision of the pos- laws to have letters addressed to als only; therefore any advertiser rous of concealing his or her iden- may use a box at this office with- any extra charge if replies are d for; if replies are to be mailed dvertisers allow 10 cents extra in tion to price of advertisement, to postage.

e News reserves the right to re- any copy submitted for publica-

ITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

SON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283.

NTED—Men and teams in woods; le and post makers; woman dish- her, $60; singlejack miners; car- ers, long job, good wage; flunkey, or better; laborers, outside work, e; firemen, deckhands.

NTED—Second class steam engi- er, wages $4.75, eight hours; good Hedley Gold Mining Co., Hedley, (6718)

AZING SELLER — Tablets that ash clothes spotlessly clean with- rubbing. Promise to solicit orders, h 10 cents will bring samples for r washings. Make dollar an hour. dley's Co., Brantford, Ont. (6707)

NTED—At Porto Rico siding, men make posts and poles. Also man team to skid poles. Inquire rchill Cedar Co., Ymir. (6727)

LBOY and night clerk wanted— pply Strathcona hotel. (6716)

EN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ents in Condensed Columns, kindly tion you saw it in The News—it help you.

EMALE HELP WANTED.

TED—Good plain cook. Apply tionally at 914 Stanley street, or x 1046, Nelson. (6697)

TED—A good general servant; no hing. Apply at once to the Home te hospital. (6740)

TED—Girl for general housework, ll family. Mrs. Vaughan, Smel- rail. (6698)

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TUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

OMAN COOK wants job in camp or ning, husband as help or other work. te wages. Box 6737, Daily News.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

OR SALE—First class upright piano, 225 cash. Box 796, Nelson. (6720)

OR SALE—Mentges newspaper fold- er; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in st class condition. Snap for cash. e Daily News, Nelson. (678)

OR SALE—Edison Dictograph com- plete; electric power. Apply to Daily ws business office. (654)

OR SALE—Shaving machine for Edi- on records. Box 685, Daily News.

HEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ments in Condensed Columns, kindly ention you saw it in The News—it ll help you.

FOR RENT.

ANTED—Occupants for a few good houses; close to school, church, post- fice, store and station. Rent $2.50 r month. Cheap fuel. Apply Cres- nt Valley store, Crescent Valley, B.C. (6594)

OR RENT—Well furnished house, close in, 6 apartments; all conveni- ces. Box 6731, Daily News. (6731)

OR RENT—Six roomed house, close in. Apply J. W. Gallagher's store. (6708)

HEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ments in Condensed Columns, kindly ention you saw it in The News—it ll help you.

AUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

OR SALE—Peterboro canoe, good as new; will sacrifice for $25 cash. pply P.O. box 218, Nelson. (6603)

ANTED—A good flat bottomed boat, etween 16 and 18 feet long. Must cheap. Mike Wolfe, Silverton, B.C. (6696)

WANTED.

ANTED—By business girl, comfort- able room in house close to Baker ; no meals. Terms must be moder- . (6741)

ANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS— Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, lson, B.C. (6568)

ANTED—Secondhand steamer trunk, eap. Write box 6733, Daily News.

ANTED — Secondhand typewriters, isible writing. State price and ke. Box 6735, Daily News. (6735)

ANTED—Room and board in pri- vate family for boy attending high hool. T. Nilan, R.R. No. 1, Nelson. (6700)

ANTED—Shingle bolts, any quan- tity, $6.50 per cord No. 1. Western x and Shingle Mills, Ltd., Nelson. (6736)

LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE—Standard pure bred mare, foal and two year old gelding by pedigree sire. Apply F. Painton, Grand Forks. (6681)

WANTED—Good milk goat. Send full particulars and price o box 6706, Daily News. (6706)

FOR SALE—Dandy pair driving ponies. Gentle for ladies or children. Sired by standard bred trotting horse. Used to ranch work; two sets harness, light and heavy. One pack horse; one brood sow, due to farrow Sept. first. Pure bred Wyandottes. J. A. Knox, Arrow Park, B.C. (6693)

GRADE YORKSHIRE PIGS for sale, from government boar. Delivery September 1st. Five dollars each. Frank Tarry, Tarrys, B.C. (6729)

FOR SALE—Bay horse, 8 years, 1100 lbs.; quiet for children, go anywhere; good saddler or rancher, $150. Studebaker spring wagon, cost $125, $75; 12-inch Percival plow, $12; 2 sets of work harness, $12 each. Or will trade for good cows fresh or to freshen before winter. Apply to H. Johnson, Tarrys, B.C. (6728)

FOR SALE—Collie pups, good cattle dogs, $5 each. Cameron, Granite road (6701)

BELGIAN HARES—M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (6500)

FOR SALE — Two heavy teams of horses, weighing 2900 and 3400 lbs. Seven to nine years old. Price reasonable. Can be seen in Nelson. A. G. Lambert Co., Ltd. (6563)

FOR SALE—Good milking cow. Apply Mrs. Bourke, Harrop, B.C. (6675)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISE- ments in Condensed Columns, kindly nention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

FRUITS, SEEDS AND VEGETABLES

WANTED—Aples, cherries, black currants, greengage plums, peaches, plums. McDonald Jam Co. (6711)

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On Baker street, postoffice order for $7.50 from Victoria, No. 72142. Finder return to postoffice. (6738)

LOST—Brown canvas roll containing aluminum forks, between corner Hoover and Stanley streets and Launch club. Apply Daily News. (6719)

PIANO.

INA M. STEED will open a class for pianoforte pupils at her home, 205 Victoria street, September 3rd. (6713)

EDUCATIONAL.

KING EDWARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS —Cranbrook, B.C. Boys under 12 taken. Bracing climate. Full school course: Piano, violin,, singing, dancing, dressmaking, stenography, bookkeeping. French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss V. M. Cherrington, headmistress. (5995)

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A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH, Hydraulic Engineer. Provincial Land Surveyor. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

CHAS. MOORE, C. & M. E., Provincial Land Surveyor, Architect. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

TAYLOR & DUBAR, Financial and Insurance Agents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Accountants. Auditors, Assignees, Estates managed; 602 Baker St. Phone 254.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block, Vancouver.

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ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING, Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WILDOWSON, Box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

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D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

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THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

THE NEAL INSTITUTE, CRANBROOK, B.C.

Where you can get rid of the drink habit in three days. Write for further particulars.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT—Suites of furnished house keeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. (6564)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr apartments. (6565)

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INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

RANCH WANTED—We have client will buy good improved ranch, close to city. Must have comfortable house, bearing trees and chicken house. Price and terms must be right. If you want to sell correspond with us at once.

TRADE for Vancouver residence—We have a 9-room house and 2 corner lots for exchange. What can you offer?

McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.
THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C.
P. O. Box 772.
Phone 372 for Appointment.

CANADIAN AIRMAN "STUCK LIKE A MAN"

How Flight Lieutenant Clarence Rogers, son of Elias Rogers of Toronto, met his death is told in a letter written to Alfred Rogers by Sergt. H. Taylor, who was the lieutenant's observer, and became a prisoner in Germany. The story of the lieutenant who fought with a Fokker machine three thousand feet in the air and continued to fight even when wounded is well told, and the heroism of the observer deserves full mead of praise. Sergt. Taylor said:

"On June 18, about 4 o'clock, we were flying over Loos, proceeding north, when we sighted a Fokker two or three miles over the other side, coming toward us. At this time the Fokker was about 3000 feet below us, we being at 8000 feet. Mr. Rogers immediately turned towards the other machine and dived. However, when we met her, she was still too far below to get in a proper shot. We then went down in a steep spiral at the same time the Fokker climbed, but always kept behind us. At last she got a position behind our tail and you yourself will know what that means. Mr. Rogers tried various methods of securing a position for getting a decent shot in, such as tail sliding sharp, banking, etc., but never with any success.

Still Held Clutch

"I could see by now that he was wounded, apparently in the back. He was also shot in the legs but he stuck to it like the man we all knew him to be. About this time a bullet striking the spring group put the rear gun out of action. About the next thing I knew was that I had been hit in the arm, that the engine was stopped and the machine commenced to sideslip to the right. I then looked at Mr. Rogers and saw him leaning against the right hand side of the nacelle with the clutch still clutched in his hands and shot through the head. I imagine we were then about 3000 feet.

Perilous Descent

"I then climbed over, sat on his seat and took control. I first put down the nose to get out of the sideslip and turned towards our lines. However, as the engine was stopped I could only depend upon our slide, and as it happened we were not quite high enough to get over. We landed in the trenches only 100 yards from our own (so I was told by a German officer.) The machine struck a trench and as I was landing too steeply there was a bit of a smash. I can remember very little that happened after that, for I was thrown out of the machine and stunned. I was taken into a trench and there I enquired after Mr. Rogers and was told he was dead."

Boys and girls in Winnipeg will not be permitted to drive the family motor car without themselves having separate licenses, special family permits being issued at a dollar each for this purpose. The wife, husband, son or daughter of the owner of the car can then drive it without violating any regulations.

Stomach Cramps COLIC

These are very painful and their attacks are often sudden and sometimes fatal. The principal seat is in the stomach and bowels, producing severe twisting, cramping pain, and often accompanied by vomiting. If you are troubled in this way, there is only one remedy to cure you and that one is Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It has a record of cures extending over 72 years and we have yet to hear of a case where it has failed to either relieve or cure.

Beware of imitations and substitutes sold by unscrupulous dealers for the sake of greater profits, as these noname, no-reputation, worthless preparations may prove dangerous to your health.

Mrs. H. Miller, 735 Mark St., Fort William, Ont., writes: "Last summer my husband came home from work and could hardly straighten up for cramps. The first thing I gave him was a dose of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and I hadn't repeated it very long until he was all right again. It is the only remedy I give my children in the summer for cholera or cramps in the stomach. I have never been without it in the house for the last two or three years."

Price 35c. Put up only by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

Pythian Sisters meet tonight at 8 o'clock. (6739)

The table runner donated to the Kootenay Lake General hospital by Mrs. D. A. McKenzie of Sandon, was won by Mrs. F. H. Abbott of Cranbrook with ticket number 59. (6722)

Miss Olive Campbell is prepared to receive pupils in Pianoforte and Theory and will specialize in preparing pupils for examination; 911 Stanley street; phone 101. (6709)

LARDEAU FIRES LESSENED BY RAIN

Canadian and American Fire Fighters Are Cooperating on Sheep Creek

A good shower in the Lardeau country has had the effect of somewhat relieving the forest fire situation there. Canadian and American fire fighters are cooperating in fighting the fire on Sheep creek. It is burning worst on the Cascade fork.

Arrow lake and Slocan districts are in fairly good shape, but in the Boundary country the absence of rain for two months makes the brush exceedingly dry and the fires difficult to fight.

PEARS FLOURISH ON MOUNTAIN ASH TREE

L. Pogue Finds That Grafts on Wild Trees Grow Rapidly and Produce First Class Fruit

Pears growing on mountain ash trees are the result of experiments in top grafting which have been carried out by L. Pogue, Innes street. Scions of pear trees grafted three years ago on the mountain ash trees commenced to bear the second year and have a considerable crop this year. The shoots from the grafts are now between 5 and 6 feet in height and appear to have flourished to a greater extent than natural pear trees in the same soil and growing under similar conditions. The wood of the pear from the shoots grafted on the ash appears slightly tougher and less brittle than that of the ordinary pear tree. The fruit is large and last year was not to be distinguished in flavor from that of the ordinary pear. The 1917 crop is heavy. Two varieties have been grafted on one ash tree by Mr. Pogue. One is the Flemish Beauty and the other is the Bartlett.

Another experiment carried out by Mr. Pogue has resulted in one apple tree, originally a crab apple, now producing 12 different varieties of apples and several different varieties of pears. Each variety retains its natural distinctive flavor and appearance.

THEATRES

"The Clock" at the Gem.

Explaining his good fortune as attributed to the clock his distant relative bequeathed to him, Tempest gave Vivian all the details and then received the greatest surprise of his life. The girl, nestling close to Tempest's proud chest, whispered: "Silly goose—I was your uncle."

This, in brief, is the outline of Aaron Hoffman's story, "The Clock," to be presented by Franklyn Farnum and Agnes Vernon, leading one of Bluebird's cleverest acting companies, at the Gem theatre tonight.

"The Pride of the Clan."

Saturday, the Starland theatre will present famous Mary Pickford in her new photoplay produced by her own company and released by Artcraft, "The Pride of the Clan."

Every Scotchman in the country hails with delight the news that "Little Mary" has selected the role of Marget McTavish as her next screen impersonation. For a long time Caledonians have hoped to see the most popular girl in the world characterize the charming lass of the heather and that she will forever immortalize the typical winsomeness of Scotland's fair daughters with characteristic effectiveness is readily expected. However, the wonderful heart appeal as well as dramatic fineness displayed in "The Pride of the Clan," makes it an offering that will prove of universal appeal. During her long and brilliant career on the screen "Little Mary" has portrayed characters of a number of different nationalities, her recent photoplay, "Less Than the Dust," having met with record-breaking success throughout the entire country. It is a long way from the banks of the Ganges to the wind blown hills of Scotch heather, but it is a trip that Miss Pickford has taken in the interval between "Less Than the Dust" and "The Pride of the Clan," a story of the north west coast of Scotland.

CHEMICAL COMPANIES MERGER IS PLANNED

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Plans are being completed for the consolidation of the National Carbon company, the Union Carbide company and the Air Reduction company. The new organization is expected to have authorized capital stock of $150,000,000.

The Union Carbide company has outstanding $20,966,600 stock, which at a current market price of approximately 200, is worth close to $42,000,000. The National Carbon's outstanding capital consists of $9,965,000 common and $5,600,000 preferred, with a current market value in the neighborhood of $13,000,000.

The Air Reduction company has 125,000 shares without par value, which at a current quotation of 97, would be appraised at $12,120,000. The total for the three companies would be around $67,000,000.

The concerns make allied products. The Air Reduction company was formed about a year ago to obtain nitrogen from the atmosphere by patented process and also to manufacture equipment for welding metals. Details of the merger are expected to be announced in a few days.

NEW YORK STUDIES DRAYAGE QUESTION

NEW YORK.—The Traffic club of New York has a special committee which is studying the question of drayage in connection with congestion of freight at the piers. An open meeting was recently held and another will be held late in September.

It has been proposed that one company should be placed in charge of loading and delivering all the goods. William J. Banham, traffic manager of the Otis Elevator company, believes that movement of freight could be facilitated if the rail and ship lines appointed a reputable trucking company to deliver all the goods at the door of the consignee for a nominal sum, say 5 cents per hundred pounds. It is pointed out that this plan has been put into effect at other places in the United States and Canada with success. Opponents of this plan say that the store door delivery plan was tried in Baltimore and Washington in 1881 and that in 1913 it was dropped because of its impracticability.

It has also been proposed that the railroads and steamship companies establish a priority board to regulate the time for shipping goods and thus obviate the present apparent necessity of the truckman's standing in line waiting for his goods for hours at a time.

CAMP CITY SPRINGS UP IN GARDEN LANDS

DES MOINES, Ia.—A wooden city which will house 44,529 conscript soldiers from Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska and the Dakotas and their officers, has sprung up 10 miles north of Des Moines, seven square miles of Iowa crops having been made a necessary sacrifice to war.

Most of the cantonments now building have been erected about military posts as a nucleus or were located upon ground for the most part, obtained by leasing productive farms, and the crops of corn are even now thriving in tracts between the big barracks.

The Des Moines post is to be one of the largest in the country. More men are to be stationed here than at any other western post, save Fort Riley, while in addition to the cantonment proper a huge remount station where 30,000 horses, to be given intensive training for service abroad are to be stationed. It is possible that an aviation camp will also be established here and an appropriate tract of land has been set aside.

Camp Dodge, named in honor of Major General Grenville M. Dodge, Iowa's great civil war soldier, is located on the banks of the Des Moines river, which runs directly through the cantonment. Already 176 barracks buildings, each 102 feet long, 48 feet wide and two stories high, have been erected. Each of these is to house 200 men. The barracks, however, are only a start. In addition to the quarters of the men, hospital buildings, supply depots, equipment sheds, office buildings, Y.M.C.A. buildings—nine of them—storage sheds, guard houses and other structures are being built literally by the hundred.

The magnitude of one of the great cantonments can hardly be realized without witnessing the construction. Five thousand men were employed in the Des Moines work when it was at its height. Several miles of concrete paving was laid, a reservoir holding 1,000,000 gallons of water was constructed, a complete sewer and water system was provided, wells dug and mains laid, telephone service was installed and electric light provided for.

In fact a city of 50,000 population sprang up in a quiet farming community. One farmer went home at night after a day in Des Moines, to find that during the afternoon a switch had been laid through his barnyard and that two box cars and a load of coal were standing at his back door.

The city, with slightly more than 100,000 population, will be called upon to entertain not only the 50,000 officers and men who are to be located at the cantonment, but possibly 10,000 more at Fort Des Moines, where a negro officers' training camp has been in progress and where state troops are also stationed.

Already a new demand upon the food supplies of the city has resulted in sharp increases in prices. Apartments have gone up in price and increases in rentals will be sweeping. In the fashionable Brown hotel, single rooms are now renting for $20 a week where $12.50 was the former price.

The question of entertainment for the troops is raising considerable controversy. Some churchmen are opposing the proposition that the coliseum be converted into a public dance hall on some evenings of the week. Churches are planning to open their doors to the men.

New Arrivals for Fall

Ladies' Coats and Suits

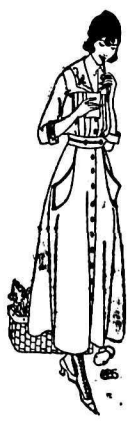
SMART SNAPPY STYLES OF DISTINCTION

THEY ARE DELIGHTFULLY PIQUANT IN THEIR MANY NOVEL MANNERISMS OF TRIMMINGS AND CUT.

THE LARGE NOVELTY CONVERTIBLE COLLARS AND THE LARGE POCKETS FORM QUITE A DISTINCTIVE FEATURE.

VALUES REMARKABLE

$22.50 to $35.00



SERGE DRESSES OF CHARACTER AND INDIVIDUALITY—Made up from some of the smartest New York Models ..... **$13.95 to $22.50**

A COAT WHICH IS OF SPECIAL INTEREST IS A TAILOR MADE COVERT COATING—Made of a good quality cloth of medium weight; has belt all round and color a Greeny Fawn. Very serviceable. Price **$35.00**

FELT AND VELVET HATS FOR FALL ARE MEETING WITH A WARM RECEPTION

Some Smart Models for Early Fall Wear Are on Display in Our Showroom and the Values Are Simply Great

Meatless Days

WE HAVE BEEN ASKED TO COOPERATE WITH THE GOVERNMENT IN THEIR ANXIETY TO PRESERVE FOOD AND MOST WILLINGLY COMPLY

Play Fair--Deny Yourself

TRY SOME OF THE FOLLOWING AND YOU WILL STILL HAVE A GOOD MEAL

SAANICH CLAMS— One Pound Tins	15c
BLUE POINT OYSTERS— Two Pound Tins	40c
TUNA FISH— Half-Pound Tins	25c
SPAGHETTI, WITH TOMATO SAUCE AND CHEESE— Per Tin	15c
CLARK'S CHATEAU BRAND VEGETABLE SOUP— Per Tin	15c
CAMPBELL'S SOUP— Two Tins for	35c
HEINZ BAKED BEANS— Two Pound Tin	25c
CLARK'S BEANS IN TOMATO— No. 2 Tin	20c
VAN CAMP'S PORK AND BEANS— No. 1 Tin	20c
MACARONI— Per Package	15c
FINEST CANADIAN CHEESE— Two Pounds for	65c

The Hudson's Bay Company

PROPOSED FREIGHT INCREASE OPPOSED

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Representatives of several states lodged objections before a special sitting of the interstate commerce commission here against the proposed increase of freight rates on potatoes and other vegetables from points in Colorado, Utah and Idaho to Oklahoma, Northern Texas and Arkansas. Commissioner Haggerty conducted the hearing, which continued for four days and included a great volume of evidence. The hearing was adjourned to meet later either in Kansas City or Denver. The new rates if put in force would institute an average raise of about 4 cents per hundred weight or of about 10 per cent so far as this state is concerned.

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 25 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement..... .....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name ....

Address ....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage and allow five words extra for box number.

ICE

Phone 164

Delivered to any part of the City.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

El Vampire

Sure death to Flies, Mosquitos, Bed Bugs, Lice, Fleas, Cockroaches and Ants. Harmless to men or animals.

15c PER PACKAGE, WITH BLOWER.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Willard Chocolates.

Eastman Kodak Supplies

Place Your Orders Now for GREENHILL COAL

The most economical coal on the Market.

D. A. McFARLAND, Agent.

Insurance, Real Estate. Room 6, K. W. C. Block.

Telephone 49. P. O. Box 24

ITALIAN MISSION'S AMERICAN RECEPTION

MILAN, Italy—A correspondent of the Corriere della Sera sends an account of a conversation he had with Signor Borsarelli directly after the latter's return from America. The undersecretary for foreign affairs could hardly find words to express his sense of the cordiality and enthusiasm with which the Italian mission had been received in America. They might, he said, have been apprehensive lest, after the great reception accorded to the French and English missions, the representatives of Italy might arrive a little too late to rekindle the same amount of enthusiasm among the people of America. Instead of that, the response given to the salutation brought by the Italian delegates showed an ever increasing fervor.

No description, said Signor Borsarelli, could do justice to the way in which the mission was received at Halifax, where they had disembarked on their way to visit the cities of Canada and America.

The hospitality extended to them by the authorities there was of the most cordial description. Every precaution had been taken to safeguard them from attempts by anarchists or German agents, the special train placed at their disposal was made of steel and combined a regal degree of comfort with the safety of an armored train. Signor Borsarelli and his colleagues had had to make a round of speeches, sometimes in Italian and sometimes in English, in all the cities which they had visited and everywhere the greatest enthusiasm had been aroused. Naturally the mission, said Signor Borsarelli, had not limited its efforts to the propaganda work of the speeches, but its members had had many conversations of which it was not possible to give particulars with those who were responsible for the government of the United States, and by this means, not only Italy would benefit, but also the war which they waged in common, and which America was determined to carry on until complete victory was attained and, with this object in view, to exert her utmost strength. Already America had set earnestly to work and, like England, was showing the world what wonders she could accomplish.

GEM

He was a waster, a ne'er-do-well, until

"The Clock"

set him on the right road to happiness and his sweetheart.

FRANKLYN FARNUM

is featured in this excellent Blue Bird comedy drama.

TWO COMEDIES

HER NATURE DANCE

A corking two-reel Keystone

Single Reel Universal Comedy

Saturday—"THE PURPLE MASK."

THE ARK

Turkish Towelling, yd....15c, 20c
Tea Towelling, yd.....15c, 20c
Linen Towelling, yd.....12½c
Apron Gingham, yd. 18c, 20c
Bungalow Aprons, each 60c
Ladies' Combination Suit 75c
Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose, pr. ..40c
Boys' Strong Hose, pr. 35c

See our Axminster and Wilton Rugs before Buying.

602-606 Vernon St. Phone 65L

J. W. HOLMES, Manager.

EFFICIENT SERVICE IN

Optical Work

Watch Repairing, Jewelry Manufacturing and Repairing. Repairing Umbrella Tops, Gold Plating.

Also, we design and manufacture to your special taste.

J. O. Patenaude

Manufacturer of Artistic Jewelry

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

DON'T GET HOME UNSCATHED

The confidence of the navy boys who are battling with the new warfare is not abated, writes "One Who Knows," "and the Germans are not getting out and home unscathed. The German and the British public only get one side of the ledger, the side which exhibits the tonnage sunk. But there is another. It is the toll kept of those wonderful submarines who never return after they have signalled good-by to their port of departure. The German admiralty has an accurate tally; the British admiralty an approximately one. The German officials do everything and adopt various methods to conceal their losses. The submarines used to leave their home port, say Bremen, Hamburg, Wilhelmenshaven, and after their specified time at sea they would return to the port they left. So now the German sends his submarine out and gives orders to return to a different port. The German admiralty seeks thus to still the tongues of those who tell of ships that pass out to the British shores and are never again heard of."

WAR COOPERATION BY BUSINESS MEN

WASHINGTON.—The chamber of commerce of the United States has called a conference of business men at Atlantic City for Sept. 17 to work out *closer methods of war cooperation with* the American government. Business men of every class are to be invited, regardless of whether they hold membership in the national chamber.

President Wilson, Secretary McAdoo, Food Controller Hoover, Elihu Root and representatives of the British, Italian and French embassies are among those expected to speak.

President Rhett of the chamber said that the discussion would centre on means of eliminating the two handicaps in efforts to serve the government—lack of knowledge how to adjust business and the narrow attitude of a very small minority of business men. Price fixing, priority of purchases, transportation improvement, *food conservation*, employment trouble, foreign trade and methods of readjustment after the war will be among the subjects discussed.

A fund of $5,000,000 rather than $1,000,000, as originally announced, will be needed to finance the religious and social work of the Roman Catholic church in connection with the army and navy, according to Rev. Father J. J. Burke of New York, editor of the Catholic World.

Tomatoes

TWO POUNDS for 35c

APPLES

SIX POUNDS for 25c
Per Box, special.....$1.40

CUCUMBERS

Good Size, THREE for 10c
Per Dozen 35c

Watermelons, Canteloupes, Bananas, Etc. Etc.

J.A. IRVING & Co.

"THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE"

NEW ORDER ISSUED BY BOARD OF RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS

The Dominion board of railway commissioners have ruled in connection with free time allowance that 24 hours after the notice of arrival, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays, shall be allowed for any or all of the following purposes if necessary; for clearing customs, in the case of the consignees not served by private sidings or industrial interchange tracks, to give orders for special placement, for reconsignment or reshipment in the same car, when cars are placed in transit for inspection or grading or are stopped in transit to complete loading, to partly unload, or to partly unload and partly reload, when such privilege of stopping in transit is allowed in the tariffs of the carriers; if the 24 hours allowed for the above mentioned purposes are exceeded demurrage shall be charged. Forty-eight hours free time, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays, shall be allowed for loading or unloading all commodities.

The board cites the following exceptions: In the portion of Canada, Port Arthur and west, in which the Canada Grain act applies, 24 hours free time only shall be allowed for loading grain. Five days free time shall be allowed at Montreal and at tidewater ports for unloading lumber and hay for export. Manufacturers, lumbermen, miners, contractors and others who have their own motive power and handle cars for themselves or others shall be granted an additional allowance of the time necessary for them to do the switching from and to the designated interchange tracks, but not to exceed 24 hours.

If the weather renders loading or unloading impracticable during business hours or exposes the goods to damage, the free time allowance shall be extended so as to give the full free time of suitable weather. If, however, the cars are not loaded or unloaded within the first 48 hours of suitable weather no additional free time shall be allowed. Should bulk freight be frozen in transit, or before placement, so as to render unloading impossible within the prescribed free time, such additional free time shall be granted as may be necessary.

The order with reference to bunching of cars states that when by reason of delay or irregularity of the carrier in filling orders cars are bunched and placed for loading in accumulated numbers in excess of daily orders, the shipper shall be allowed such free time for loading as he would have been entitled to had the cars been placed for loading as ordered.

After the expiration of the free time allowed, the following demurrage charges shall be made until the car is released:

For the first day, or fraction thereof, of delay, $1.

For the second day, or fraction thereof, of delay, $2.

For the third day, or fraction thereof, of delay, $3.

For the fourth day, or fraction thereof, of delay, $4.

For the fifth and each succeeding day, or fraction of a day, of delay, $5.

WANT MORE MONEY FOR MISSIONARIES

High Living Cost Reason for Recommendation at Methodist Meeting.

A resolution memorializing the general board of mission that a special war bonus be granted to the ministers on home mission fields in view of the great increase of the cost of living was passed at the annual financial district meeting yesterday morning in Trinity Methodist church of Methodist ministers representing the West Kootenay district.

The work of the district was reviewed in detail and appropriations on the general missionary fund were recommended to the general mission board for the support of the missions in the district.

Arrangements were made in keeping with the rest of the province for a simultaneously missionary campaign during the fall.

Rev. W. W. Abbott, chairman of the district, presided. Others present included Rev. Dr. White, missionary superintendent of the province; Rev. B. H. Balderston, New Denver, financial secretary; Rev. J. H. Hobden, Grand Forks; W. G. Tanner, Trail; J. Greenway, Crescent Valley; Rev. E. Horton and Dr. *Calvert of Creston*. Rev. H. E. Horton was elected statistical secretary of the district.

SERGEANT MACDONALD SEVERELY WOUNDED

Former New Denver Man is in Front Trench When Death Dealing Bomb Explodes

Sergt. H. C. Macdonald, 31st Canadians, a former New Denver man, was severely wounded on Aug. 10 when a bomb exploded in the front trench, killing and wounding several of his company. His injuries are reported as nine body wounds, fractured leg and the toes of one foot gone. He is in hospital in France, his condition being such that it is impossible to send him to England.

Sergt. Macdonald's only brother, Pte. Lorne V. Macdonald, 88th Victoria *Fusiliers, was killed on the Somme.*

Social and Personal

Mrs. A. Donaghy is visiting Regina.

R. Rickard, Milwaukee, is a guest at the Strathcona.

A. G. Coplin, Spokane, is registered at the Grand Central.

Miss Margaret Peters, Ymir, is registered at the Nelson.

L. A. Walton, Medicine Hat, is a guest at the Queens.

Mrs. C. W. Webster and son, Kaslo, are guests at the Hume.

Mrs. A. G. Gelinas will leave this morning for a visit to Elmora, Sask.

Dr. W. H. Willson returned last night from a week's visit to the coast.

Constable McDonald will relieve Constable P. B. Carpenter at the Canadian Pacific station, while the latter is away on a vacation.

Arthur Bush of Nelson, who is on active service in France, was in rest camp, recovering from the grippe, when he wrote to his brother, Howard Bush, two or three weeks ago.

W. J. Eades, principal of the Hume school, Fairview, has accepted the principalship of the Central school at Revelstoke. Mr. Eades has been at the Hume school for three years.

Mrs. Starmer Smith and Gordon Smith have arrived in Grand Forks from Regina to attend the funeral of Mrs. Smith's daughter, the late Mrs. H. J. Knox, who died suddenly this week.

R. D. McTavish of Nelson, who has been for nearly two years at the front, has been invalided home and is now in Calgary. "Bob was the best company quartermaster in the battalion," states one of his comrades.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Carpenter will leave this morning for a visit of three or four weeks to Vancouver and Victoria. During Mr. Carpenter's absence J. M. Doyle of Calgary will act as manager of P. Burns & Co in this city.

Sergt. Gwynne O. Browne, North Vancouver, an formerly a high school pupil in this city, where he lived five or six years, was gassed in France on July 30. He was a well known footballer here and represented his division in football games in France.

Mrs. J. A. Harris arrived in Nelson Tuesday from Mirror Lake and left Wednesday morning for her home in Minneapolis. At Hamilton, Mont., she will be joined by her mother, Mrs. A. J. Link, who will make an extended visit in the east. While in the city Mrs. Harris was the guest of Mrs. George Steele.

WILL CUT FOR RAILWAY CONTRACT

Alex Robinson is in from his timber limits in the Boundary section where he has been placing men to work on the construction of trails and bridges at a camp from which he will fill a large contract which he has received from the Canadian Pacific for ties and poles.

WILL HIT RECEIPTS AT INLAND REVENUE OFFICE

Inland revenue receipts at Nelson will fall as a result of prohibition. Receipts from taxes on malt, spirits and other liquors amount to an average of *about $3000 per month.*

SUGAR BEING SOLD BY ARGENTINE AT COST

BUENOS AYRES, Argentine—The government has undertaken to help solve the high cost of living by entering into the retail trade on its own account. It seized all the sugar in the customs houses and bought large amounts, all of which is now being offered for sale in small quantities in public markets at cost price, the government forbidding a sale at a price higher than that which it determines. The minister of agriculture has asked the president to follow the same method with rice and beans, the government to buy them in large quantities in Brazil and sell them at cost to the consumers.

DIXIE HIGHWAY GAP LACKS FUNDS

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Eager to complete that section of the Dixie highway which will connect with hard *roads Nashville and Chattanooga*, in this state the state highway department is facing a serious problem in the failure of Marion county people to support a bond issue of $160,000 which was necessary to provide funds to meet the federal money the state department was to have awarded the county to complete sections of the highway in that county. Marion county has 44 miles of the highway, much of it of difficult mountain construction.

The gap in the federal aid highway between these two cities has started agitation for a change in route and a new "short route" has been put forward from Whitwell to Daws station in the Sequatchie valley, starting up the mountain at this point and extending through sections of Sequat*chie, Grundy and Warren counties to* McMinnville; thence through Woodbury, Murfreesboro and Lebanon, a total distance of 140 miles.

Let the Insurance Company Carry Your Risk

Every dry day adds to your risk. In case of loss the cost of material and labor has materially increased—for a few dollars a strong corporation will carry your load. Can you and your family afford to be without protection?

If your home is modern and in Nelson and sixty feet from your neighbor it will only cost you $12.00 per thousand for three years, or $4.00 per thousand per year. In other words you would have to pay for 125 years before you would pay out what you would get back in case of a total loss.

Yes, let the Insurance Company carry your risk.

Charles F. McHardy

INSURANCE REAL ESTATE FUEL

JUST THE THING FOR THE CITY HOME OR SUMMER CAMP

The New Perfection

Oil Cook Stove

FAR SUPERIOR TO THE OLD STYLE OIL STOVE ALSO SAFE AND ODORLESS

We Carry in Stock the Two and Three Burner Styles and Will Be Pleased to Have You Examine Their Many Good Points

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

A. S. Horswill & Co.

Our Best Flour, 98 lb. sack $7.15
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WORK AND RECREATION ON SHORE OF DESERT

LONDON—A short description of the coastal belt of the western desert and of our doings therein may be of interest to the outside world for two reasons. First that it is a country unique in many ways, and, second, that it has very seldom been visited by modern Europeans till last year, when the Senussi, at the instigation of German emissaries were foolish enough to make us their enemies.

The idea which most people have of a desert is, I think, an endless waste of sand with here and there an oasis of palm trees and a mirage of cool water ever tantalizing the thirsty traveler. Nor would this be a very bad description of the desert east of Suez. This part of the western desert is, however, of a totally different character. Imagine vast spaces of hard strong ground, as flat as the sea, covered for the most part with shrubby plants growing 20 or 30 yards apart, interspersed with innumerable white flowered asphodels. These plants and the desert snail appeared to be ubiquitous—the latter is about an inch in diameter, round and white and I have seen them so thick on the ground that it looked as if there had been a heavy hailstorm. The Bedouins eat them, and no doubt they have saved many men's lives, but I do not recommend them except for the starving. The ordinary white table oqster is good enough for me.

The flatness of the ground above mentioned has the effect of shortening the range of vision, and we often found it difficult to use a helio for a long distance, owing to the mirror being brought below the horizon by the convexity of the earth. The bird life is extremely interesting especially in the spring and autumn, when large numbers of migrants arrive on the coast. The commonest birds are the water wagtail and the crested lark. *There was a dapper little black and* white bird at Sollum called, I believe, the western morning chat, and the cream colored courser, a very local bird, was fairly common at Matruh. I saw a pair of lesser bustards when driving in a car from Sollum to Matruh, and there were ravens, crows and several of the howk tribes. Large numbers of quail arrive in the spring and autumn. To catch them the Arab spreads small nets, such as are used for ferreting rabbits, over the bushes and then drive the birds before them. They run into the bushes to hide and are caught in the nets. They are then taken out alive and bought by the Greek trader who puts them into crates and sends the mto Alexandria, when in due course they find their way to the Ritz or the Savoy, or at least they did so before war put an end to the transport of luxuries.

Foxes are common in t e desert and jackals are not rare—it rather a puzzle to know what they live on, but I imagine that their chief food is the jerboa, which is very plentiful. There is also a small hare, and we occassionally say gazelle. Many fossil shells ca nbe picked up in the desert proving that al lthis great area was once under the sea. It was interesting, too, to come across traces of earlier visitors. Roman remains are fairly numerous, among others a villa at Matruh, a good deal of which still remains. Cleopatra is said to have lived there at one time, with perhaps her Anthony in attenlance. I was informed on good authority that there were two tombs at Sollum made by Israelites before the time of the Babylonian exile.

The Romans used to partly get over the greate difficulty of want of water by cutting large ctirens out of the solid rock in places suitable for catch*ing the floods caused by the winter* rains.

To many of us coming direct from the naked barrenness of Sinari peninsula the number and variety of the flowers was a delightful rapture, and for this Sollum surely bears the palm. In the distance it appears a most inhospitable collection of rocks and precipices, but wander into any one of the many ravines and you will find yourself in wild rock garden lovely beyond description. The contrast between the wild character of the country and the beauty of the flowers makes Sollum a most attractive place. But Matruh has its beauties too, of a gentler sort—nowhere else have I seen sandhills so white or seawater so blue.

But what, I can hear the reader say, has all this to do with soldiering? We do not pay and feed men in wartime to pick flowers and collect butterflies. No, but a man may be a soldier and not be blind to these things.

During our stay in the western desert we had no chance, as it turned out, of actual fighting. The Senussi apparetnly had had a lesson the year *before and kept too far away for* infantr yto get against them in the waterless country, and eventually Mahomet had to go to the mountain in an armored car. Yet our time was by no means wasted, we yeomen had to learn the tricks of a new trade, the trade of an infantry soldier. Something indeed we knew before our experience on Gallipoli, but infantry drill and infantry tactics in open fight ing were new and these things cannot be learned in a week. So there was drill and lectures and musketry and field days and plenty of work to keep us employed, and certain it is that the brigade left the western desert a far more formidable unit than when it arrived.

Our chief recreations were football, bathing and cricket, the latter a weird form of game on a matting wicket, regarded by the camels and their drivers with supercilious contempt. The place had its drawbacks, of course—those of us who went down to the sea in ships, whether on duty or on leave, had some disagreeable voyages. Some of the craft provided on this coast were of great age, which sounds like an advertisement for somebody's whiskey; in the calmest seas they rolled and pitched and the seas were by *no means always calm, but then the* smell—but I will say no more, they will always remain a nightmare to me.

ALLIES' NEEDS TO BE CONSIDERED

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Financial leaders in congress are studying the latest war *needs of the belligerents* fighting against German autocracy, and shortly, it is anticipated, a definite program of new legislation will be mapped out. Secretary McAdoo of the treasury has made it plain to the chairman of the senate finance committee and the house ways and means commitee that it is imperative for the present session of congress to authorize a bond issue of at least $4,000,000,000, to be used for loans to the allies. Domestic financial needs are not so urgent at the present moment, it is learned.

Chairman Simmons of the finance committee indicated that consideration was being given to the proposal to issue new bonds at a higher rate of *interest than previous issues, namely* at 4 per cent. The exact form of the bonds will be decided upon by the house committee, final legislation always originating in the lower branch of congress according to law.

Senator Simmons said the necessity of issuing domestic bonds was not imperative, as the present $5,000,000,000 revenue bill will be ample for present needs. He indicated also that the total amount of the revenue bill will in all probability be increased in the senate by amendments.

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