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The Daily News

The Daily News has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in Canada in proportion to the population of its home town.

VOL. 16 No. 91 NELSON, B. C., MONDAY MORNING, JULY 30, 1917 50c PER MONTH

ELEVEN PERISH WHEN CAMP IS WIPED OUT BY FOREST FIRE

56 Men Trapped in Spruce River Valley

THIRTY NOT YET ACCOUNTED FOR

Bold but Vain Effort Made To Ride Through Fiery Zone on Engine

FERNIE, B. C., July 29.—Two more bodies so charred that recognition is impossible were taken down from the scene of the Elk Lumber company fire of Saturday and Nick Muscovitch, who displayed unusual bravery following the fire, dying today, has now fixed the known dead at 11. The various directions taken by the fugitives from the fire has made it difficult to check up the survivors. It is known that 56 men were trapped and 30 are accounted for, but it will be some time before the final result is known.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

FERNIE, B.C., July 29.—Eleven men are known to have perished and a number are missing in a fire that swept the Spruce river valley, 15 miles northeast of here Saturday afternoon. Sixty odd men and about 20 teams were trapped in camp 14 of the Elk Lumber company, which is situated in a blind valley and their flight over the mountain was most difficult.

Eleven bodies have been picked up in the rear of the fire and the terrible agony the men endured is shown in their contorted features. Nick Muscovich, a Russian, was found alive, his eyes burned sightless and almost tormented. His body was severely burned and all his clothing was gone, except his boots, but after being given first aid he recovered and urged the rescuers to leave him and help men he knew to be beyond him. With assistance he walked to the emergency hospital and was later brought to Fernie, where his death is hourly expected.

Many of those on reaching points of safety were found to be temporarily demented from shock.

Millions of feet of logs, the logging railroad and the bush camp buildings together with equipment, horses and supplies are a total loss.

Ten Fatalities Lowest Estimate.

Ten fatalities is the lowest estimate. The fire is now considered checked by the heavy showers that fell last night, but if the wind rises the blaze will be revived.

The fire had been burning since Wednesday in the vicinity of the Elk Lumber company's camps and after destroying two of the lower camps was Saturday morning, after a two-day fight, well in hand and no further damage was thought probable. Within an hour after relaxing their efforts, the almost exhausted fire fighters were required to respond to another alarm, but they were powerless to even approach the fire into which the dying embers of the former fire had been fanned by a hurricane which arose.

Doctors and relief parties were dispatched at once to the scene but their efforts were practically unavailing as they were unable to approach to an effective distance the fire zone. The escape of the majority of the men was miraculous.

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B.C., July 29.—The toll of the forest fires which have been raging through this district for the past few weeks now includes, in addition to the appalling loss to property previously sustained, several human lives. This catastrophe befell the employees of the Elk Lumber company, working in camps No. 12 and No. 14 up the valley of Spruce creek, which empties into the Elk river between Hosmer and Olsen. Among the bodies recovered are those of George Bronson, Daniel C. Streitch, Nick Gavannia and Pete Paquette. Nick Muscovitch, another victim, is lying in the hospital here horribly burned with his chance for recovery very slight. Two and possibly three more unidentified bodies are believed to have been located, but have not been brought out. All told, the lives

(Continued on Page Two.)

CANADIANS GIVE WAR-TORN FLAG TO FRANCE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, July 29.— Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—A deputation of officers of the Canadian mounted rifles on Saturday handed to M. Lalvy, minister of interior, the French flag which surmounted the town hall of Arion, in the department of Oise. The flag, much riddled with bullets, was taken down by the Canadians. M. Lalvy, on behalf of the French government, expressed profound gratitude for the gift.

STATUE OF D'ARCY M'GEE DESTROYED

Came to Grief in Belgium When Country Was Overrun by Huns, Rogers Explains.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 29.—Parliament did business on Saturday with less than a quorum of members in attendance. The house could have been "counted out," almost any time during the afternoon, but none of the members were disposed to do that, the desire being to make as much headway with business as possible.

The estimates of the department of public works were considered and during the few hours the house was in session millions of dollars for harbors, dredging and general public works were passed.

Announcement was made by Hon. Robert Rogers that legislation will be introduced in order to increase the amount of government aid to companies which undertake the construction of drydocks. He intimated that this was necessary because it was possible at the present time for companies to finance drydock projects only with more generous assistance from the government.

In connection with the consideration of harbor and river votes, the minister of public works announced that legislation would be brought down this session to amend the Drydock Subsidies act. Mr. Rogers said that under present conditions the amount of aid afforded by the act was not sufficient to induce companies to undertake the construction of drydocks. When legislation increasing the amount of aid available for assistance in drydock construction was adopted the contract for drydocks would be let to companies prepared to do the work.

The estimates for the National art gallery were reduced, and Mr. Rogers explained that it was intended to make no purchases this year. In view of the fact that the art gallery is now used by parliament, he said most of the pictures were being lent to various art associations throughout the country. This was under direction of the art commission of which Sir Edmond Walker was chairman.

Model of Statue Lost.

Mr. Rogers was asked what had become of the statue of D'Arcy McGee. The minister said that the model had been sent by the sculptor to Belgium to be cast shortly before the war. Before the statue had been shipped to Canada the country was overrun by the Germans and the work of art destroyed. The sculptor had been so discouraged he had not been heard from since. He said the question of securing a new statue would be taken up later.

When the vote of $20,000 to cover the cost of the commission of inquiry into the feasibility of the Georgian Bay canal was reached, Hon. Charles Murphy declared that this commission, of which Mr. Sanford Evans is the head, had been appointed for the purpose of killing the project. This had been accomplished so far as the present government was concerned. It was true that considerable data had been collected, but there was nothing more to be done, and he suggested that the office should be closed.

Mr. Rogers denied that the purpose

(Continued on Page Two.)

GERMANY AGREES TO INDEMNIFY ARGENTINE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BUENOS AYRES, July 29.—The German reply to the Argentine note on the question of torpedoing Argentine ships has just been received. It is understood that Germany has granted indemnity in the case of those already sunk and promises to respect all Argentine ships which do not carry contraband of war.

GAINS MADE BY FRENCH TROOPS

Repulse Fierce Attacks and Assume Offensive

BRITISH CARRY OUT SUCCESSFUL RAIDS

Fighting in Air Increases in Intensity--30 Hun Machines Downed

(By Associated Press.)

Again the French forces fighting in the Aisne region of France have in turn launched vicious counter attacks against the army of the German crown prince, put down an offensive the enemy had started between Hurtebise and La Bovelle, and made several gains. Several attacks by the Germans in the Verdun sector, between the much fought for ground near the Avocourt wood and Hill 304 also were repulsed by the French.

Meanwhile, although the infantry operations are on a minor scale consisting mainly of raids by the British, the great artillery duel which has been in progress in Flanders for more than a week continues unabated.

The visitation of German shells on Nieuport is tremendous and the British guns are replying almost shot for shot against the German line. To the south, around the Vimy ridge, and Lens and at Armentieres, the duel continues of great proportions.

Simultaneously in the air the fighting machines of Great Britain and of Germany are carrying out maneuvers of proportions never before seen, both sides sustaining losses in aircraft shot down or sent hurtling to the earth out of control. Thirty German airplanes were accounted for in the latest fighting, in addition to two observation balloons which were shot down in flames. The German war office asserts, however, that 35 British planes were shot down.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 29—Tonight's official statement follows:

"There is nothing important to report today.

"Yesterday there was activity in the air. On Friday night important railway stations and two hostile airdromes were bombed by our airplanes, and during the day a number of other bombing raids, as well as much photographing and artillery work, were successfully carried out.

"In the air fighting 16 German machines were brought down and 14 others were driven down out of control. Two hostile observation balloons were brought down in flames. Thirteen of our machines are missing."

French Repulse Attacks.

PARIS, July 29.—Tonight's war office statement reads:

"The artillery action was very lively in the region of Cerny and Craonne. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon, preceded by a violent bombardment, the Germans delivered on Hurtebise an attack which our artillery and infantry fire turned into a complete failure.

"There was spirited artillery activity on the left bank of the Meuse, particularly in the region of Hill 304. The day was calm on the remainder of the front.

"Belgian communication: During the night the German artillery shelled our communications and villages to the rear. The morning was calm. In the afternoon the artillery action was more intense. Furness, Wulpen, Mont Pelain were bombarded. We replied against the enemy works, carrying out fires of destruction against the enemy batteries."

The text of the German official statement today follows:

"Army of Prince Rupprecht: The artillery duel in Flanders raged uninterruptedly Saturday from early morning until far into the night. The development of the artillery represents the highest degree of massed effort in the war.

"At several points on the battlefield

CANADIAN MAKES DRAMATIC APPEAL

Climbs Organ Gallery of Chapel in London and Protests Movement for Peace

LONDON, July 29.—Corp. J. B. McCreery, a Canadian youth who has been in the thick of the fighting in France and Belgium, climbed the organ gallery, surrounded by his comrades, during the riotous scenes which attended the breaking up of the peace meeting in Kingsland chapel in the in the north of London Saturday. McCreery first appealed for silence.

"For God's sake," he said, "don't break up the house of God. We came to break up a Pacificist meeting, and having done so, and attained our object, do not let us go further.

"To you delegates, I say: As long as Germany remains uncrushed the relatives, mothers, sisters, wives and sweethearts of those who have fought or are fighting for their country will not hear of peace. I have fought; I came 5000 miles to fight and I am willing to fight again, but not for such as you."

FIVE KILLED IN RAILWAY SMASH

Freighter Runs Into Excursion Train

FOUR OF INJURED IN CRITICAL STATE

Crews of Both the Engines Save Themselves by Jumping Clear

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

EDMONTON, Alta., July 29.—Five dead, four seriously and probably fatally injured and a large number of others requiring medical treatment is the toll of the worst railway wreck that has ever occurred in the Edmonton district.

The wreck occurred Saturday night at 7:15 o'clock, 21 miles west of Edmonton, on the C.N.R., on the main line near Villeneuve, when a freight train eastbound crashed into a moonlight special crowded with passengers for Alberta Beach, a C.N.R. holiday resort.

The dead all reside in Edmonton. They are: Doris Archer, 8 years old; Donald A. Ledoux, 12; Alexander Currie, employed in the Merchants bank; Charles L. Banford, salesman; Marion Dow, clerk.

Seriously injured: Joseph G. Hackett, clerk; A. Gordon King, commercial traveler; Miss Gertrude Pomfret, and Joseph Irving.

Train Crews Jump to Safety.

The crews of both engines jumped and avoided serious injuries. Both crews insist that they were running according to orders, but it is generally understood that the freight train should have taken a siding at Calahoo, three miles west of the scene of the accident.

Superintendent W. A. Brown of the C.N.R. declines to fix responsibility until after an official inquiry and denies a current report that one of the train despatchers at Edmonton had left the city immediately after the accident.

The fatalities and injured were very largely confined to one car of the excursion train which was telescoped by the next car in front. The ill-fated car, which was of light construction, was demolished and wonder is expressed that any of its occupants escaped alive.

The collision occurred just after the excursion train had rounded a curve, which hid the track except for a short distance. It was almost completely stopped before the impact, but the heavy freight train, which carried 25 cars of coal, could not be greatly lessened in its speed before it was too late.

First reports of the accident named the death rate at 75 and an equal number of injured. There was great excitement in Edmonton when the news spread and thousands waited at the railway station until early morning for the arrival of the relief train.

FARMERS PROTEST HEAVY TAXATION

Members of Cowichan Branch Will Refuse to Pay Surcharge Until Forced.

Members of the Cowichan station branch of the United Farmers of British Columbia, at a meeting recently made formal protest against the "unfair weight of taxation thrown on the farmer by assessing all his preparatory work on the land and all his buildings and livestock necessary for his business as improvements to be taxed up to the full rate." They decided to refuse to pay the surcharge until forced.

The following resolution was passed:

"Whereas a farmer's business cannot be carried on without first improving the land by clearing and fencing, cultivating and, sometimes draining his holding; it cannot be carried on without the livestock, orchards, wagons, carts, machinery and implements necessarily employed in his special kind of farming; it cannot be carried on without the barns, stables, sheds and other outbuildings which are used for his farm work;

"Whereas all such improvements, livestock, implements and outbuildings are truly a farmer's instruments of production and the special tools of his calling in the same manner and degree as the special tools of a carpenter, a dentist, a plumber, or a watchmaker, and they thould therefore remain equally free from taxation;

"And whereas these specials tools of the farmer are taxed in a way no other special tools are;

"Be it resolved that each farmer in this locality will either individually by letter, collectively by petition, or by special deputation, address his representative in the provincial parliament of British Columbia urging him to take measures to have the Assessment act amended in such manner as to remedy this injustice by excluding these implements of a farmer's business from assessment for taxation.

"And, further, we hereby agree to exact a pledge at the next parliamentary election before voting for him if

(Continued on Page Two.)

SLAVIC TROOPS RETREAT FROM GALICIA TO RUSSIAN TERRITORY

Austro--German Forces Follow Close on Their Heels --Muscovite Armies Make Show of Fighting at Only Few Points

CAPITAL OF BUKOWINA IS NOW SERIOUSLY MENACED BY PURSUERS

Chief Object of Seditious Troops is Apparently to Get Out of Striking Distance of Enemy--Kerensky, Iron Man of Russia, Hurries to Stay Retreat--Teutonic Allies Vanquished in Rumania

(By Associated Press.)

Having retreated a distance of approximately 100 miles from where Kerensky, the iron man of Russia, carried them in his personally conducted drive early in the present month, the Russian army on the centre of the line in East Galicia is again on Russian soil on both sides of Huisatyn and is still being followed up by the forces of the Teutonic allies.

Likewise the armies to the north and south contiue to fall back before the enemy, at a few points only standing to offer a semblance of resistance and then only for a short period of time. Whenever those faithful troops attempt to give battle they are harrassed by numerically stronger forces of the Teutons and compelled to give ground, receiving no assistance from their recalcitrant former brothers in arms, whose main effort continues to be to get out of striking distance of the enemy.

Capital of Bukowina Menaced

So fast has been the retirement of the Russians and the advance of the enemy towards Bukowina that already an arch-like formation has been thrown westward of Czernowitz, the capital, with the northern end resting on Woclaice, 25 miles distant and the southern end to the east of Kuty, on the western border of the crown land.

Evidently the preparations for the "blood and iron" policy of the government against the disaffected troops shortly will be put into full force, for the minister of war, Kerensky, is on his way to the Russian headquarters, there to confer with the military heads to formulate plans to stay the retreat and compel the troops to stand and face the foes as the Russians in the southern Carpathians are doing.

Down along this latter front the Russians, aided by the Rumanians, continue to force the Teutonic allies to give ground, especially in the upper Putna valley.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

Enemy Vanquished in Rumania

LONDON, July 29.—A Rumanian official communication, dated Thursday, which has been received here, announces the capture of Teutonic positions on a front of more than 18 miles and a depth of more than nine miles and also the taking of additional prisoners, guns and munitions. The communication follows:

"We have advanced northward to the breach on the enemy's front and captured the whole of its old positions on a width of 30 kilometres. We have taken 1245 prisoners and captured two batteries of howitzers, nine guns and a quantity of munitions."

Line Is Evacuated.

PETROGRAD, July 29.—Today's official statement follows:

"From the Baltic sea to the Pripet there have been fusilades and air activity. In Galicia in the region west of Mibarag an enemy attack was repulsed. In the direction of Tarnopol and farther south the enemy's advanced elements approached the lines comprising Okrimovice, Romanouvka, Jerebki, Coldoievka, Pelmankaletmanska, El Onoruvka and Sorokikrogoulitz. In the region west of Coestiatin our elements, under enemy pressure, evacuated the line of Tchalaroutka-Dentirovk.

"In the Carpathians in the region of Mount Tomnatic and northeast of Kirlibaba, the enemy, after a series of attacks, pressed our elements somewhat farther eastward.

"On the Rumanian front in the direction of Kezdi-Vasarehly, the Rumanian troops advanced and occupied the line of heights, about six miles west of Monastirka and the heights of Dragosleave and in the region of Zaleasery.

"On the Caucasus front: There is nothing to report."

Huns Menace Zebryz.

BERLIN, July 29.—The official statement issued today follows:

"In Eastern Galicia our troops are approaching Zebryz in the frontier."

Zebryz is about 80 miles east of Stanislau, approximately the centre of the line of retreat of the Russians in eastern Galicia. It is on the Podghoroe river, which forms the boundary between the Russian government of Podlia and Galicia, from Hsuiatyn and Chotin.

KAISER TELLS HINDENBURG OF FRESH LAURELS WON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

COPENHAGEN, July 29.—Emperor William, according to a telegram from Berlin has sent the following message to Field Marshal Von Hindenburg:

"From the battlefields of Galicia, where my troops in an unresisting advance have won fresh laurels, I recall with a grateful heart the unforgettable deeds of my armies in the west in repulsing the enemy with tenacious perseverance. Above all, I think of the brave troops in Flanders who for several weeks have been the subject of artillery fire and who dauntless await the future."

BRITISH AIRMEN BOMB DEFENSES IN MACEDONIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, July 29.—An official report on operations in Macedonia states:

"British airplanes bombed defenses in the region of Roupel. There were artillery fights near Mayadaga and patrol encounters on the Serbian front."

C. P. R. EARNINGS FOR JUNE SHOW INCREASE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 29.—Canadian Pacific net earnings for June show an increase of $226,000 as compared with the corresponding month a year ago. The earnings were $3,915,030.

AMERICAN SAILING SHIP IS SUNK BY SUBMARINE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 29.—After being attacked by gunfire by a German submarine, the American bark Carmela was sunk by bombs in the entrance to the English channel on July 27, says an official statement issued by the British admiralty. The crew was picked up and landed at Plymouth. There were no casualties.

WOMEN CANDIDATES FOR ALBERTA HONORED IN LONDON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 29.—Miss Roberta Catherine Macadams, Alberta woman candidate in the soldiers' election for the legislature, was entertained at luncheon yesterday by a number of London's women journalists. Mrs. Sheepshanks, a noted suffragist, said in an address that this was the first time any woman had stood in England for any parliament within the Empire.

WILL FIGHT TILL ALLIES GET VICTORY

Democratic Candidates for Positions in New Russian Cabinet Adopt Strong Policy.

PETROGRAD, July 29.—Negotiations for the reconstruction of the cabinet are delayed owing to the conditions raised by non-Socialist parties and also by the departure of Premier and War Minister Kerensky for the front.

The premier has decided that the new cabinet will be comprised of 15 or 16 members, all equal in power. The Constitutional Democrats, Astroff and Kishkin, both ministerial candidates, have handed to the premier a statement of the conditions upon which they will collaborate. Chief among these are war by the side of the allies until victory is gained and definite home policy in the struggle against anarchy and postponement of social reforms until the constituent assembly is convened. The Constitutional Democrats are opposed to the minister of agriculture, M. Tchenoff. They also appear to be against the foreign minister, M. Terestchenko. But the premier says that he will refuse to sanction either of these officials.

As Premier Kerensky himself announced that the reconstruction of the cabinet would not mean any change in the government's program, there are some demands which would raise an obstacle against such reconstruction. M. Tseretelli, minister of posts and telegraphs, is authority for the statement that if the reconstruction falls the present government wil lremain in power.

STATES LAURIER WILL NOT CONSENT

Member for Montcalm Says Battle Gained for Liberal Chief if Elections Before Conscription

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 29.—"We have a man as prime minister who has no word of honor, but there is another man in Canada who can save the situation, and that is the governor-general, who must sanction the conscription bill before it becomes law. I am ready to go before him and plead with him that he does not sign the bill until there is an election."

In these words Mayor Martin, M. P. began an address before a gathering at the David club in the Maissonneuve market hall Saturday night, and followed up with a sweeping deunciation of the Nationalists.

E. L. Lafortune, M. P. for Montcalm said:

"If we have general elections before the execution of this conscription law, the battle is gained for Laurier, who will never consent to conscription."

ASSERTS UNION CABINET ASSURED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, July 29.—That a union government is a practical certainty is the opinion of Col. Hugh Clark, M.P., parliamentary under secretary for external affairs.

"It is not a thing that can be rushed through at once," he said. "People have to become accustomed even to the thought of it."

CONGRESS TO BE HELD IN MOSCOW POSTPONED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, July 29.—The national congress to be held at Moscow has been postponed until the Russian cabinet has been reconstructed definitely. It is believed that the cabinet changes will be effected within a few days and that the congress may hold its first meeting next week.

The provisional government has promulgated a decree guaranteeing complete liberty of conscience to all Russian citizens.

GERMAN STEAMER SENT TO BOTTOM

Batavia II Overhauled by British Submarine After Short Chase—Abandoned by Crew.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 29.—A British submarine, while patroling the North sea Friday, overhauled and captured after a short chase the German steamer Batavia II, according to an official announcement made at the British admiralty tonight. The German crew abandoned the ship owing to damage by gunfire. A British prize crew took charge. It was impossible to bring the vessel into port, and she was sunk by opening her sea valves.

PACIFISTS CHASED FROM BUILDING AT SWANSEA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SWANSEA, Wales July 29.—Citizens prevented a peace meeting here today. They chased the pacifists from the building and compelled the surrender of sticks and umbrellas which had been used against the attackers.

EMPIRE FUND WANTED FOR WAR-HIT FARMERS

Being Raised by Voluntary Effort to Restore Agriculture in Nations Invaded.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 29.—A British Empire fund is being raised by voluntary contribution for the restoration of agriculture on the farms in the devastated regions of France, Belgium, Serbia, Russia and Rumania. The object of the fund is to help in assisting the peasant farmers in the invaded countries of our allies. This will be done by gifts of seed, livestock and implements, to enable them to make a fresh start.

The agricultural relief section of the allies committee began its work by raising a fund in England. The King is the patron, the Duke of Portland is the president and there is a strong executive committee of which the Earl of Northbrook is chairman. The work is being continued and is meeting with a gratifying response.

The French government has assumed responsibility for the carriage and equitable distribution of each shipment after its arrival in France. It is expected similar action will be taken by the governments of the other allied countries when the time for distributing relief in them arrives.

The government of Canada is in full sympathy with the object of the fund and with the plans to enable Canada to contribute to it.

Warmly Approved in Canada.

Sir Robert Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier have personally expressed their hearty approval, and are willing

(Continued on Page Two.)

CANADIANS KEEP HUNS FROM RESTORING LINES

Ontario Airmen Has Fine Record—Has Overcome 36 German Machines in Combats.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sunday, July 29.—By Canadian Overseas Correspondent—During the last two days the artillery action on the Canadian front has increased in violence. The enemy's retaliation to our bombardment has been on several occasions extremely prompt and heavy. The object of his artillery fire has been to divert the attention of our guns.

Efforts of enemy working parties to restore their defenses have been prevented by a steady trench mortar bombardment. In this, as in other branches of the artillery, there has been a remarkable development. Some of the trench mortar projectiles now in use have almost as much explosive power as some 15-inch howitzer shells. The destruction wrought by them in the trenches is great.

There was another heavy projection of gas into the German trenches west of Lens Saturday, but with little retaliation.

The spirit of the enemy aerial activity on this part of the front has ceased and only a few of its planes have lately tried to cross our lines. This result has been brought about by hard fighting on the part of the splendid young fellows of the aerial service.

One of the most successful aviators in this area is an Ontario man, who has a record of 36 German machines brought down, most of them from such a height as to ensure their destruction. He has already won the military cross and the D. S. O.

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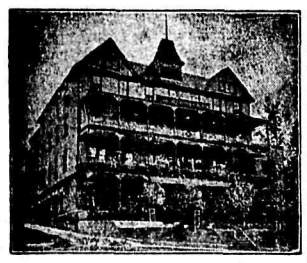

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American and European Plans

NEW GRAND—L. Bottetille, George Moro; L. Steven, Ainsworth; P. Nelson, Phoenix; John Peterson, Calgary; Mrs. G. L., Vancouver.

SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS AT
Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium
And Stock up With Health

If you suffer from muscular, inflammatory, sciatic or any other form of rheumatism, or from metallic poisoning of any sort don't delay. Come at once and get cured. Most complete and best arranged bathing establishment on the continent. All departments under one roof, steam heated and electric lighted.

Rates: $2.50 per day or $15 per week.
DAVIS & DAVIS, Props.
Halcyon, Arrow Lakes, B. C.

LELAND HOTEL
T. H. BOHART, Prop.
Is the place to stay when in
NAKUSP, B. C.

Central Hotel
AINSWORTH, B. C.
Natural hot water baths. Good dining room. Best of liquors and cigars.
A. BREEZE, - - Proprietor

I HAVE A GOOD
Client wishing to rent small house with a little garden
Conveniently situated. Let me have particulars.
C. W. APPLEYARD
Phone 444 505 Baker St.

Notice

I have appointed John Desireau to pick up my stray logs, and any one found holding or cutting my logs will be prosecuted. My brands are as follows: J. S. D., C. C. L., D., K34, 69S, R96, Diamond 10.

J. S. Deschamps

FARMERS PROTEST HEAVY TAXATION

(Continued from Page One.)

this injustice is not remedied before that time."

It was further unanimously agreed that, in view of the injustice of doubling the taxes on farmers while those on all other callings have only been increased by one-quarter, all present withhold payment of the surcharge until compelled to pay.

EMPIRE FUND FOR WAR-HIT FARMERS

(Continued from Page One.)

to become the honorary presidents of the Canadian branch of the fund. Hon. Martin Burrill, minister of agriculture, and Hon. Eidney Fisher, former minister of agriculture, will become members of the central executive committee for Canada.

His excellency the Duke of Devonshire, governor-general of Canada, who was a member of the executive committee in England, is patron of the Canadian branch. His excellency has invited the lieutenant-governor of each province to become a patron of a committee for his province.

Dr. James W. Robertson was asked to undertake the organization of a Canadian branch for the British Empire committee. He has visited the devastated regions south of Verdun along the valley of the Marne and at the Somme. On his return after observing the destruction wrought by the invading armies, Dr. Robertson said:

"The farming population of the British Empire who have not suffered are being invited to help their unfortunate brothers in allied countries who have lost everything in the common cause. They need seeds, livestock, agricultural machinery and tools to enable them to resume farming operations.

Canadian Farmers to Help.

It is intended to make a special appeal to Canadian farmers on two separate occasion. The organized cheese factories and creameries will be invited to donate the proceeds of one day's milk on one of the days of the anniversary of the great battle of the Marne, Sept. 6 to 10, when the French armies, assisted by the British expeditionary force under Gen. Sir John French, defeated five of the great armies with which Germany was attempting to destroy France. The contributions of the other farmers will be invited and received either in the month of November, December or January. Local committee probably will arrange to receive donations of grain, livestock and other products which they will isell on behalf of the fund and remit the proceeds of their respective provincial headquarters.

That Ontario may, owing to the attacks of blight, produce only 12,000,000 bushels of potatoes instead of 28,000,000, which it should produce this year, is the statement of J. B. Dandeno, inspector of agricultural classes at the O.A.C., Guelph.

THE WONDERFUL FRUIT MEDICINE

Thousands Owe Health And Strength To "Fruit-a-tives"

"FRUIT-A-TIVES", the marvellous medicine made from fruit juices—has relieved more cases of *Stomach, Liver, Blood, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine.* In severe cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back, Impure Blood, Neuralgia, Chronic Headaches, Chronic Constipation and Indigestion, "Fruit-a-tives" has given unusually effective results. By its cleansing, healing powers on the eliminating organs, "Fruit-a-tives" tones up and invigorates the whole system.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

FERNIE, B. C., July 29.—A disastrous fire occurred yesterday afternoon at the Elk Lumber company camp, Spruce creek. Fifty men were *trapped, but four bodies have been* found so far. Equipment damage is estimated at $75,000, besides that to timber.

LONDON, July 29.—It is officially announced that there is considerable artillery activity on both sides at various points on the front, especially north of the river Lys.

BERLIN, July 29.—It is officially announced that east of Buezace the *Russians are rapidly being driven out* of Galicia and that the Germans are approaching Zbrisz.

PARIS, July 29.—Soon after midnight firemen sounded the alarm, indicating another air raid. No details of this raid are obtainable yet.

PARIS, July 29.—An official note issued last night denies the German official statement on Friday's air raid and says no lives were lost and no *material damage was done.*

Five Killed in Train Smash

EDMONTON, July 29.—Five killed, 17 injured and a number of others slightly hurt is the result of a head-on collision between an eastbound freight and an excursion train on the C. N. R. to Albert Beach at 7:15 o'clock Saturday night. A mistake in orders given by a despatcher is said to be the cause.

British Raids Successful

LONDON, July 29.—British troops Saturday night made a number of successful raids on German trenches at various points of the battle front in northern France, according to the official statement issued today by the British war office. Many casualties were inflicted on the enemy and a number of prisoners and many guns were taken.

French Gain Ground

PARIS, July 29.—Troops of the German crown prince at dawn Saturday made a violent attack on the French positions near Hurtebise farm on the Aisne front. The French official statement issued this afternoon says the German attack was repulsed, and that the French in retaliation later instituted an offensive between Hurtebise farm and La Bevelle, gaining ground at all points on this sector and particularly in the region of Monument.

GAINS MADE BY FRENCH TROOPS

(Continued from Page One.)

attacks by our forces called forth desperate infantry engagements. On the La Bassee canal as far as the southern bank of the river Scarpe the firing activity increased in the evening. At night, east of Monchy, attacks by British battalions broke down with heavy losses. Also near Ossus, northwest of St. Quentin, British local attacks were without success.

"Army group of the German crown prince: An increase of the fighting activity all along the Chemin des Dames in the Champagne area and on the Meuse was noticeable.

"Southeast of Ailles on the Aisne front strong French forces attacked once in the morning and three times in the evening. A Cologne regiment, with its oftproved power of resistance, broke down in hand to hand fighting.

"Artillery activity was extraordinarily lively, especially on the Flanders front. Thirty-five enemy aviators were shot. Lieut. Dostler, at the head of a pursuing squadron, destroyed a squadron of enemy airplanes himself and gained his 20th aerial victory."

Says Attacks Failed.

BERLIN, via London, July 29.—The artillery duel in Flanders raged all day Saturday and far into Saturday night. It is described by the German general staff as representing in intensity the highest degree of massed effort since the war began.

British attacks east of Monchy and northwest of St. Quentin broke down under heavy losses.

Southeast of Ailles, in the Aisne region, four strong French attacks were repulsed after hand to hand fighting.

The official communication says the Germans on Saturday shot down 35 entente airplanes.

AIR RAID DRILLS CARRIED ON IN LONDON OFFICES

LONDON, July 29.—Air raid drills have become a part of the routine of those employed in all the Canadian offices in London. The British authorities officially warn all offices when raiders are reported approaching. A bugle is then sounded for all the staffs to take themselves to basements. The drills have been successfully conducted.

STATUE OF D'ARCY M'GEE DESTROYED

(Continued from Page One.)

of the government had been to kill the Georgian Bay canal scheme. Mr. Evans, he said, had been named with the purpose of finding out how the work could best be carried out in the interests of the people. He had demonstrated that he was the best man for the job. Changed conditions had made it impossible for the government to go ahead with the work and the office would be closed shortly. Mr. Evans, he said, was not now drawing a salary, having been appointed a member of another commission.

The opposition suggestion that the item should be dropped, but Mr. Rogers said at least a portion of the money would be needed before the office was closed.

Mr. Lemieux moved that the vote be reduced $10,000. It was agreed to allow the item to stand for the present.

The house rose at 6 o'clock.

ELEVEN PERISH IN FOREST FIRE

(Continued from Page One.)

of about 125 were endangered by the fire and on account of the scattering when it was bearing down upon them while numbers have been accounted for an exact check has been impossible.

This fire yesterday originated Wednesday evening about supper time when it started in one of the tents at camp No. 8, located at the lower end of the valley nearest the Elk river. Everything in the camp was wiped out then, but the 40 odd men stationed there experienced no further serious *discomfort other than the loss of their* personal belongings. From this the fire spread through the slashings and up the valley to the mountainsides. The men at camp No. 8 and additional assistance furnished by J. C. Hart, district forest ranger, were continually engaged in fighting it until noon Saturday, when it was believed to have been exhausted and the strict vigilance not deemed necessary any further the men were allowed to get a well deserved rest.

Within one hour, however, a terrific gale rose and fanned some hidden embers into flame with such rapidity that in no time the fire was revived and utterly beyond control. The flames soared higher and higher and huge volumes of smoke rose high above the surrounding mountains and were visible for many miles around.

125 Men Endangered.

At camps 12 and 11 about 125 men were employed. These were in the path of the flames and with their escape *down the logging railroad* entirely cut off, they were obliged to seek safety by traveling over surrounding mountains and beat their retreat cross country as best they could. Many were successful, but it is feared that at least 10 were overtaken by the fire and perished.

Within a large radius from the fire the heat was unbearable and while rescue parties and medical aid were rushed from here promptly great difficulty was experienced in getting near to attempt *to release the trapped men and* as far as fighting the fire was concerned, it was beyond human power. Many head of live stock were used in the logging operations, some of which escaped by being cut from the vehicles by the drivers, and being liberated some raced through the flames down the valley, the harness, manes and tails aflame.

A heroic example of pluck was exhibited by Nick Muscovitch, now at death's door in the hospital here. When *found by rescuers he was crouched in* a semi-secure place, burned horribly and blinded, with but a remnant of an undershirt and his shoes remaining of his clothing. When the relief crew offered to help him, he pathetically waved them onward, saying "More men up there." With the assistance of two men, however, he walked some distance down the valley to where he was given medical attention, but his condition is such that hope for his recovery can hardly be realized.

Tried to Escape in Engine.

George Bronson was one of the engineers on the logging railroad. Apparently he had attempted to bring his engine down through the fire and escape in that manner, but fallen timbers obstructed the track and finding it impossible to proceed, he sought safety in the nearby creek, where he was found frightfully burned, with his head submerged.

Gavannia had been pinned down by a falling timber and burned to death. Pacquette was the most horribly burned of the bodies so far recovered. Nothing but the hideously dwarfed portion of his remains, burned to a crisp-blackened cinder was left.

Search parties are today operating through the fire swept area and a heavy shower last night has materially quenched the fire and also temporarily brought about a condition whereby the starting of fires will not be so great.

Apart from the loss of life the property loss to the Elk Lumber company will be terrific. The three camps are completely wiped out and it is said large quantities of logs and material also were destroyed. This is extremely unfortunate, as this season is the first for three years that the large sawmill of that company has operated here, and the disaster yesterday will almost certainly result in all operations being suspended for some considerable time.

Under Control Around Cranbrook.

CRANBROOK, B. C., July 29.—The fires which have been raging in this vicinity for about two weeks past are under control pretty well. The latest one sprang up in the woods bordering on the Wycliffe road about three miles from Cranbrook. A crew under the supervision of Mr. Murray's department has it well under control, and no danger to the town is anticipated unless the wind fans the embers into flames again.

At Kimberley there was quite a large fire in the farming community of Meadowbrook, but this was kept under control by the fire warden and crew at that point. In the hills, back of the North Star mine, there was a fire for some days, but this also has not assumed dangerous proportions and is being taken care of by H. J. Davis' crew of Canadian Pacific men.

The series fires which broke out in the Glenlily valley last week are reported to be under control. During the last few days rain has fallen for a few minutes daily.

CANADIAN OFFICERS ARE RECOMMENDED FOR HONORS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 29.—The following Canadian officers have been brought to the notice of the secretary of state for war, for distinguished service:

Brig.-Gen. Hemming, Col. Holgetts, Brig.-Gen. Landry, Col. F. F. McDonald, Col. C. H. Macinnes, Col. D. Mcpherson, Grig.-Gen. McRae; Brig.-Gen. Mighin, Major-Gen. Newburn, Col. G. S. Rennie, Col. A. Martin; Brig.-Gen. Thacker and Major E. W. Wilson.

BETTER HOMES FOR WORKMEN WANTED

CLEVELAND, O.—An active propaganda for the better housing of Cleveland's workmen is being carried on by Miss Charlotte Rumbold of the Cleveland chamber of commerce. As secretary of the chamber's city plan committee and the committee on housing and sanitation, she was already engaged in the work of preparing a plan for the better housing of Cleveland workmen and their families when war was declared. Instead of abandoning the work on that account, the committee decided that there was all the more need to provide good homes for Cleveland workmen during the industrial stress that must go hand in hand with the military operations of the government. Miss Rumbold says:

"The question of providing better homes for American workmen was certainly never more pressing or important than at the present time. The matter has been approached from many angles, as I can testify. We began with philanthrophy, the tried civic pride and now we are approaching the subject from the standpoint of labor 'turn-over,' a purely business proposition. It has been discovered that the crucial moment in the history of individual house building by men of moderate means has always been that of the second mortgage. That portion of the debt has always been paid at enormous cost by the builder. If he were building a $3000 home, which is a very small affair in these days of high prices, probably $900 of it would be entailed in the second mortgage and for that $900 he would probably pay as *high as $175 additional* besides the regular 6 per cent interest rate.

"Now we want to have the manufacturer see that in order to save his costly 'turn-over' of labor, that is, the loss sustained by every manufacturing industry when a trained man has to be replaced by an untrained one, he must so comfortably house his trained mechanic that he refuses to change his employment. We are going to the Cleveland manufacturer with this proposition: That we want them to take up this second mortgage cost, and, if they will permit their employees to pay them out of their wages the amount of this mortgage with a 6 per cent interest, they will actually make money by the operation. Workingmen's houses, it is said, can generally be financed so that the money is returned at a low rate of interest in some 12 years; but whatever the period may be, the operation is a profitable one to the manufacturer and to the workingman and to the entire community."

CUBA TO STAMP OUT SPY MENACE

NEW YORK, N. Y.—"The suspension of constitutional guarantees in Cuba," says President Menocal in a cablegram to J. V. Knight, director of the Republic of Cuba news bureau, "was in accordance with my belief that it was necessary for a greater efficiency in carrying on the war with Germany, and in the interests of public order. The extraordinary session," said the telegram, in referring to the calling of an extra session of the Cuban congress, "was convoked solely for the purpose of disposing finally of the Ports of Havana Dock company *bond matter.*"

The Cuban congress, by law, took its adjournment on July 14 at midnight. The suspension of constitutional guarantees, the news bureau explained, was in accordance with prerogatives given by the congress to President Menocal last April, when Cuba formally declared war on Germany.

According to advices which reached the bureau recently from Dr. Carlos Manuel de Cespedes, Cuban minister in Washington, President Menocal and his advisers are determined to stamp out the activities of spies and other aliens in Cuba, who are seeking to embarras the government in its war plans.

The bureau statement added that President Menocal, in availing himself of the power to suspend the constitutional guarantees, has taken into his own hands the steps needed to make Cuba an active, rather than a passive, ally of the United States.

As to the Port of Havana Dock company bonds, it was explained that this indebtedness assumed by the so-called Dragado concession, which was granted by the administration of Former President Gomez of Cuba, and in which American and British investors were largely interested, have been defaulted, and that the Cuban government, as a matter of justice, intends to reimburse the bond holders.

JACK PICKFORD
FAMOUS PLAYERS - PARAMOUNT
At the Starland Tonight.

Month-End Specials

CLEARING OUT WHITE WASH SKIRTS—Regular $2.75 to $3.75, selling at ..... $2.15 TO $2.95

HOUSE DRESSES—Your choice at 25 per cent. off.
Regular $2.00 value for $1.50
Regular $1.35 value for $1.00

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—For holiday wear. Regular $1.10; going at 85c

UNDERWEAR—Fine Knitted Vests, Drawers and Combinations for Ladies' and Children, selling at 20 per cent off.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS—In Voiles, Muslins, Ginghams—still a *choice selection—25 per cent off.*

Smillie & Weir
LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

News of Sport

GIANTS GET GAME FROM CHICAGO

Phillies Win in Close Match With Reds—St. Louis Succumbs to Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

National League Standings.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	55	29	.655
St. Louis	51	41	.554
Cincinnati	54	45	.545
Philadelphia	44	39	.530
Chicago	46	48	.489
Brooklyn	42	46	.477
Boston	37	50	.425
Pittsburg	30	61	.330

CHICAGO, July 29.—Chicago outhit New York today, but the locals were unable to make their hits count except in two innings, while the visitors made up their hits count and won.

New York	6	8	4
Chicago	5	13	2

Batteries—Benton, Anderson, Salle and Rariden; Vaugh, Carter, Prendergast, Douglas and Wilson.

Pitching Duel Exciting.

CINCINNATI, July 29.—Oeschger had the better of Schneider today in one of the best pitching duel seen on the local park this season, Philadelphia winning, 1 to 0. Three of the *hits off Schneider came in the fourth* inning and accounted for the only run of the game. Score:

Philadelphia	1	6	2
Cincinnati	0	6	1

Batteries — Oeschger and Adams; Schneider and Wingo.

St. Louis Falls to Boston.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 29.—Boston bunched hits off Goodwin in the first and sixth innings today and won from St. Louis, 3 to 1. Score:

Boston	3	7	2
St. Louis	1	6	1

Batteries—Nehy and Tragressor; Goodwin, Hortsman and Snyder.

No other games scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

CLEVELAND, July 29.—In a slugging match today Washington defeated Cleveland, 9 to 5. Water Johnson pitched a good game and helped the scoring along, by hitting out three double. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	9	13	1
Cleveland	5	10	1

Batteries—Johnson and Ainsmith; Lamberth, Combe, Gould and Billings.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
San Francisco	1	4	0
Oakland	2	5	2

Batteries—Smith and Baker; Krause and Murray.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
San Francisco	5	11	1
Oakland	4	9	2

Batteries—Baum, Erickson and McKee; Arlett and Mitze.

First game —	R.	H.	E.
Portland	2	9	2
Los Angeles	7	10	2

Batteries—Fincher and Fisher; Hogg and Lapan.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Vernon	4	12	1
Salt Lake	3	9	1

Batteries—Quinn and Moore; Dubuc and Hannah.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Portland	7	9	5
Los Angeles	14	12	2

Batteries—Penner and Baldwin, Fisher; Brown and Lapan.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Vernon	7	14	0
Salt Lake	2	8	1

Batteries—Marion and Simon; Hoff, Kirkmeyer and Hannah.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	6	13	
Newark	0	6	

Batteries—Thorhalen and McAvoy Smallwood, Wilinson and Egan.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2	9	
Newark	18	21	

Batteries—Hill, Appleton and McAvoy, Schauffle, Ross and Egan.

	R.	H.	
Richmond	9	9	
Providence	11	10	

Batteries—Young, Enright and Koler; Reulback, Mayer and O'Neill.

No other games scheduled.

SATURDAY GAMES.

National League.

Brooklyn 6-4; Pittsburg 2-2.
Boston 4, St. Louis 5.
New York 5, Chicago 6.

American League.

Chicago 4-3, New York, 5-4.
Detroit 5-5; Philadelphia 3-4.
Cleveland 4, Washington 5; 10 innings.
St. Louis 2-2, Boston, 3-3; first game 12 innings.

American Association.

Columbus 3, Minneapolis 9.
Louisville 8, St. Paul 2.
Indianapolis 5, Kansas City 4.
Toledo 4, Milwaukee 5.

International League.

Buffalo 0-5; Toronto, 4-2.
Rochester 13-3, Montreal 11-2.
Baltimore 9-6, Newark 1-0.
Richmond 2-1, Providence 6-3.

Pacific Coast League.

San Francisco 3, Oakland 2.
Los Angeles 6-5, Portland 5-4.
Salt Lake-Vernon postponed; rain.

CANADIAN TEAM BEATS U. S. NINE AT BASEBALL

LONDON, July 29.—Ten thousand persons witnessed a baseball match yesterday on the Lords cricket ground in which a Canadian team defeated an American nine.

CORNWALL, July 29.—Cornwall won from Ottawa here Saturday in the first of a home and home lacrosse series arranged between these two teams, the score being 6 to 4. The game was witnessed by a large crowd. It was somewhat rough in the last quarter, when several penalties were handed out.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADIAN PACIFIC

Time Schedule, Effective June 24

Leave Nelson	WEST	Arrive Nelson
7:40 a.m. Daily	Through Service, Nelson-Vancouver, via Kettle Valley Railway, via Hope.	10:30 p.m. Daily
8:40 a.m. Ex Sunday	Slocan Branch, Slocan Lake and Sandon.	5:20 p.m. Ex Sunday
9:10 a.m. Daily	Local Service: Nelson, Rossland, Trail and intermediate points.	10:05 a.m. Daily
8:45 p.m. Daily		8:25 p.m. Daily
8:45 p.m. Mon., Wed., Fri.	Columbia River and Main Line connection via Revelstoke.	10:30 p.m. Mon., Wed., Fri.
Leave Nelson	**EAST**	**Arrive Nelson**
5:30 a.m. Daily	Kootenay Landing, Spokane and Main Line connection via Crows Nest.	8:10 p.m. Daily
4:00 p.m. Ex Sunday	Kootenay Lake Service: Kaslo and intermediate points; Tuesday, Thursday, to Lardo.	9:30 a.m. Mon., Wed., Fri., Sat.
		11:00 a.m. Tues., Thur.
3:00 p.m. Mon., Fri.	Nelson-Crawford Bay Local Service.	9:00 a.m. Mon., Fri.

J. S. CARTER, District Passenger Agent, Nelson, B.C.

Moorpark Apricots

FOR PRESERVING

THE BEST OF THE SEASON

Basket 65c
Crate $2.25
Crates about 20 pounds.

Star Grocery

PHONE 10

15361

is the winning number in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 shoes. Ask for a ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION

Ice Cream

We wish to inform our customers and friends that our ice ream parlors are now open.

We make our own ice cream and only the purest cream is used in its manufacture.

We also have a fine assortment of Sodas and Soft Drinks.

Pay us a visit today.

Choquette Bros.

Sole Manufacturers of Mother's Bread.

PHONE 258.

Kootenay and Boundary

WALDO AND BAYNES CHILDREN HAVE SUCCESSFUL PICNIC

(Special to The Daily News.)

WALDO, B.C., July 29.—The Daughters of the Empire at a meeting in June discussed the adoption of Canadian prisoners of war in Germany and finally decided on subscribing $10 per month toward the support of two Canadian prisoners.

Mrs. C. D. McNab of Waldo, by means of an autograph quilt, raised $20 and gave it for the fund. A picture with a hand carved frame, given by A. C. Wright, was raffled and the proceeds, $15, donated to the Vimy Ridge fund.

As Empire day was not observed this year, owing to several I.O.D.E. members being away at the national meeting, July 11 was chosen as a children's day. To raise money for this the committee in charge of the picnic arrangements decided to sell ice cream, cake, coffee and tea at a baseball game played by the men of Baynes Lake and Waldo. With the help of other members and some nonmembers this plan was most successfully carried out and $38 was raised. The picnic proved enjoyable. There was a good program of sports.

The treasurer's report for July showed several additions to the chapter funds, the largest being $25.10, the proceeds of whist drives held at Waldo. A small committee was formed to look after returned soldiers coming to this district.

The Red Cross work report is not so good this time, only one small shipment being made, 34 pieces in all: Seven suits pyjamas, four dressing gowns, 18 pairs of hand knitted socks and five pairs of machine knitted socks.

EDGEWOOD, B.C.—A sale of work will be held on Wednesday, Aug. 1st by the Women's Auxiliary in aid of the church fund. Refreshments at moderate charges. Boating, games, competitions will be among the amusements provided. Sale will be followed by a dance in the Edgewood pavilion at 8:30 sharp. Tickets including supper, 50 cents each. (6521)

PARK SIDING NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

PARK SIDING, B. C., July 29.—A surprise party was given by friends in Fruitvale, Salmo and Erie at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Bell in honor of their daughter Greta's 17th birthday. Music was furnished by Mrs. Wagner, Mrs. Hustwayte, Messrs J. P. Bell, Lawrence Bell and Harold Dunville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Waldbezer of Salmo were visitors here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Bell and daughter Greta motored over to Trail Saturday.

J. Lepage is building a barn on his ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sawville of Fruitvale spent Sunday fishing near Reith's ranch.

SUCCESSFUL FLOWER SHOW HELD AT KASLO

(Special to The Daily News.)

KASLO, B. C., July 29.—The ice cream social and sale given in aid of the prisoner of war fund by a few members of the Women's institute netted $38.05.

The annual flower show held by the Women's institute Friday afternoon was highly successful. The following is the list of prize winners:

Best collection of roses, Mrs. C. B. White; best collection of cultivated flowers, Mrs. J. J. Street; best rose in show, Mrs. J. J. Street, Frau Karl Druschki; Children prizes: Best collection of wild flowers, 1, Alexia Roberts; 2, Queenie McQueen. Best rose, 1, Elsie Taylorson; 2, Thomas Roberts. Best collection of cultivated flowers, 1, Patrick Paey; 2. Katherine Street.

Leonard Cockle left Friday morning for Vancouver to join the engineers.

Sergt. A. A. Taylorson is leaving for Victoria, where he will report for military duty after enjoying a furlough with his family here.

CROPS AT ST MARY'S IN POOR CONDITION

Cranbrook Auto Party Has Narrow Escape—Thrown on to Stone Pile at Bridge

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRANBROOK, B. C., July 29.—The crops on St. Mary's prairie near here are reported to be in a bad condition, due to the lack of rain during the past three weeks and the excessively hot weather during that period. A good deal of it has already been so badly dried up that the cattle have been turned in.

A. C. Raworth of Raworth Bros. has returned from Lethbridge, where he spent the last week, and reports that the crop, while in need of rain to help the filling process, is far from being ruined on account of lack of rain. The wheat is about two feet in length and out in head. Rain will still make possible an average crop.

Charles Archibald Seaton returned to this city with his bride, who was Miss Ethel Fox of Rossland, on Thursday, and motored out to Kimberley where they will reside. Mr. Seaton is mining engineer with the Consolidated at the company's Sullivan mine, Kimberley.

Miss I. M. Douglas, on the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce here since the first of the year as ledger keeper and paying teller, left for her home in Bull river Friday, and was accompanied by her sister. Esther Jean Douglas, who has been visiting with her during the past week. Miss Douglas has been succeeded as paying teller by E. B. Hornibrook, who comes from Courtenay, B. C.

Dave Summerville had a narrow escape on Thursday night when a part of his steering gear on his car gave way, rendering the car unmanageable, and precipitating a load of people into a stone pile on the bridge crossing the little ravine between the hospital on the Wycliffe road and Sam MacDonald's residence. The only damage done, luckily, was the breaking of the radiator and one of the front fenders.

BODY OF TRAIL MAN IS FOUND IN RIVER

(Special to The Daily News.)

TRAIL, B. C., July 29.—A message received from the sheriff at Colville, Wash., states that the body of a man without clothing was found by some Indians on the bank of the Columbia river at Inchehulin, Wash. The description answers to that of Palo Sodo, whose clothing was found on the bank of the Columbia near the Williamson ranch, July 18.

MAP REVEALS GERMAN DREAMS WORLD EMPIRE

PITTSBURG, Pa. — The German dream of world empire is supposed to be revealed in a map received in this city by the Carnegie library from Prof. W. McNeille Dixon of the University of Glasgow. The map indicates that Germany, at the outset of the war, not only intended to invade Belgium, France, Russia and the Balkans, but expected to stretch her empire from the northernmost part of Sweden to the Cape of Good Hope in Africa. It also points to the conclusion that there was also included in the plan of conquest, the whole of South America, Cuba, China and the Dutch East Indies; and it shows that Germany, through her allies, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey, intended to open a road into Asia and Africa.

The map and data show further that the entrance of England and France into the conflict at the beginning was the only thing that prevented the German armies from sweeping north into Denmark and Sweden to the Arctic ocean. It appears to have been the kaiser's intentions, simultaneously with this move, to push through Central Africa, while German fleets landed troops to conquer South America, China and the islands of the east and west Indies.

Prof. Dixon's deductions are that Germany did not intend to make war on England and that all she wanted was a large seacoast along northern France, to be gained by occupying territory north of the Loire and east of the Rhone rivers.

Italy, Greece and the Balkans, as well as Turkey, Northern Africa and the Red sea coasts were to be taken as part of the proposed Teutonic empire. Enough of Russia also was to be occupied to give the Berlin government complete control of the Black sea. This plan of conquest, if it had been carried out would have given Germany more seacoast than any of the other nations and would have made German authority, from a military standpoint, paramount in all parts of the world.

Prof. Dixon's statement upon the map shows that Germany's original intentions did not include making war on the United States or Spain. The plan, however, provided for the conquest of the South American border to the Panama canal.

A TRICK AMENDMENT.

Quebec Nationalists almost unanimously quitted the support of the Borden government and joined the Laurier opposition because conscription described that government as doing more than the Laurier opposition would do to win the war.

Quebec Nationalists stayed with the Laurier opposition in support of the Hon. G. P. Graham's resolution that described the Laurier opposition as being anxious to do more than the Borden government would do to win the war.

Surely Fred Pardee, M.P., cannot afford to be judged by the company he kept when Mr. Pardee yoked himself up with Hon. G. P. Graham in a trick amendment. The division on the amendment fashioned a false semblance of Liberal unity out of the votes of alleged Ontario and maritime province conscriptionists and the anticonscriptionist extremists of Quebec.—Toronto Telegram.

Clothing is to be issued hereafter to the American soldier in accordance to his individual needs, the war department having decided to abandon the old system of issuing regular allowances, which afforded soldiers an opportunity for individual savings. Under the new plan organization commanders will be held responsible for proper equipment of their men.

At the Gem Today.

Mining and Markets

PRICES PROMINENT STOCKS UNCHANGED

Quotations for Utica, Slocan Star and Standard at Spokane Same as Friday.

Utica was unchanged on the Spokane market Saturday, the stock standing at Friday's quotation, 21½. Slocan Star and Standard were also unchanged, the former at 14¾ and the latter at 60. Rambler was sold at 16¾ as against 17½ asked.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by St. Denis & Lawrence.)

	Bid	Asked
Cork-Province	$ .02¼	$ ...
Rambler	.16¾	17½
Standard	.60	...
Slocan Star	.14¾	.16
Utica	.21½	.22
Florence	.84	...
Caledonia	.63	.67

New York Curb Closing.

	Bid	Asked
Canada Copper	$2.75	$2.82½
Ray Hercules	3.87½	4.00
Standard	.62½	.75
Slocan Star	.18	.20
Utica	.20	.22

New York Exchange.

	High	Low	Close
C. P. R.	161	161	161
Chino	55	55	55
Granby	81½	81½	81½
Inspiration	56	55¾	56
Miami	41	40½	41

Sales: C. P. R., 100; Chino, 800; Granby, 400; Inspiration, 2000; Miami, 1100.

GRANBY COMPANY WILL ENLARGE ITS CAPACITY

The capacity of the smelter of the Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting and Power company at Anyox, B. C., on Granby Bay, now 2500 tons a day, is to be increased to 3000 tons daily, according to Jay P. Graves, father and former head of the corporation, who has returned from an inspection. Mr. Graves said the capacity might be raised to 3600 tons on days when conditions were favorable or pressure exerted. A furnace, two large converters and appurtenant apparatus are included in the equipment which is undergoing installation.

This inspection was the first given the property by Mr. Graves since the installation of the smelter and other equipment two years ago. About $6,000,000, by the estimate of its founder, has been spent by the Granby company since it extended activities to the coast six years ago.

Several Mines Contribute.

"This includes the purchase and development of the mines at Hidden Creek, a mile from the Anyox smelter, the construction of a connecting railroad, the creation of a town and the investment in a steamship line which transports our ore and supplies," he said. "The investment also includes the purchase and development of the Midas mine from which 125 tons daily has been shipped for a year, and the Mamie and the It mines on Prince of Wales island, from which 150 tons daily is being shipped, mostly from the It."

The site of Anyox was a wilderness six years ago. It is occupied now by 2500 persons, of whom half are employees of the company.

"Costs are being reduced as the capacity of the smelter is increased," said Mr. Graves. "Many things about a new plant are experimental at the outset. Their adjustment to requirements reduce the costs automatically.

"The development of the mine at Hidden Creek has proceeded gradually. More ore has been developed than extracted each year, as is the practice in all large properties, until the supply was 15 years in advance of the requirements when the last annual report was issued.

"An additional depth of 200 feet has been attained on ore through the advance of another tunnel. The tunnel will attain depth of 700 feet at the apex.

"The mines, docks, smelter, coke and lime rock are converted by a heavy duty electric railway. The company erected a dock and installed a hydro-electric power station capable of developing 6000 horsepower for the Granby operations.

"The company has followed a policy of adding to its resources in the locality of its operations. It has obtained a number of prospects in its district which are being subjected to exploration."

V. D. WILLIAMSON INSPECTS UTICA MINE PROPERTY

KASLO, B. C., July 29.—V. D. Williamson of Spokane came down last night from the Utica mine where he has been inspecting the property.

TRAIL TO BLOW IN A COPPER FURNACE

Coke for Resumption of Operations Is Arriving, But Not Yet in Normal Quantities.

The Consolidated company's smelter is likely to blow in one copper furnace within a few days, according to news that has reached Nelson from Trail. Coke shipments from the Crow's Nest have not yet reached normal, but producing is increasing. Resumption of the smelting of copper ores at Trail will mean the resumption of shipments from the Rossland gold-copper mines.

Granby smelter at Grand Forks is stated to have blown in two more furnaces, making a total of six in operation. The total battery at this plant is eight.

TAKES BOND ON GROUP NEAR PRINCETON

Fred E. Foster of Spokane has taken a royalty bond on the Copper Farm group, owned by Col. Robert Stevenson and others. The Copper Farm group lies five miles below Princeton and is traversed by the Great Northern railway and the Similkameen river. The ore is copper pyrites, and the development work already done has made a favorable showing. The bond extends over a period of two years.

WAR ISSUES MAKE SUBSTANTIAL GAINS

Advances Largely Surrendered in Final Hour But Market Tone Remains Firm.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 28.—Short covering was again the paramount influence in today's light operations, the oversold condition of the market being seen in the 1 to 2 point gains recorded by the leading stocks, notably war issues. Advances were largely surrendered in the profit taking of the final hour, the market closing, however, with a firm tone. Shippings, motors, leathers and secondary specialties shared in the temporary rise, but rails were ignored throughout, the only feature in that division being St. Paul, which held half of its 2-point gain. United States Steel at one time showed a 1-point rise at 123⅞, but lost virtually all of its advantage, with industrials and equipments reacting similarly. Industrial Alcohol and equipmentssdistL dustrial Alcohol was 4¾ points lower at its price on active trading. Metals and shippings were inconspicuous except for Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies, which rose almost 2 points on its May statement of earnings, but soon fell back. Total sales, 225,000 shares.

Bonds were irregular on limited offerings.

Closing Prices.

American Smelting	103⅛
Anaconda	77⅛
C. P. R.	161
Chino	54¾
Granby	81½
Inspiration	56
Kennecott	43⅛
Miami	40⅞
Republic Iron	91
Tennessee	17⅝
U. S. Steel	123⅛
U. S. Steel preferred	118⅛
Utah	104⅜

CONDITIONS ON COPPER MARKET ARE BETTER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 28.—The copper market was firmer later this week as a result of a better demand for metal and light offerings. Most of the business is still being done by small dealers. Spot and nearby deliveries, electrolytic, quoted at 29 to 30 and August and later deliveries at 26 to 28.50.

STERLING EXCHANGE.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 29.—Sterling exchange, 4.75 9-16 for demand.

MINING TRUTH

The only publication of its kind in the world and the only exclusively mining periodical in the Interior Northwest fields.

Edited by Sidney Norman, an old-timer in the Kootenays and a firm believer in the future of British Columbia's mines.

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MINING TRUTH
SPOKANE, WASH.

July Clearance Sale

Special Sale of Ready-to-Wear

HIGH CLASS SUITS—Values to $60.00, at $29.95. This will not begin to bring us the cost price of these Suits. Only 25 in this lot and each one a model. We have them in Navy, Black, Sand, Chartreuse, gold and apple green. All are beautifully tailored and represent this season's newest models. Materials are fine French Serge, Garbarne, Pierotte Twills and Covert Suiting. Sizes 16 to 42. Regular values to $60.00. July Sale Price $29.95

$35.00 SUITS CLEARING AT $19.95.—Some of the smartest styles of this season. These are made of a splendid quality of Mannish Serge. Coats are silk lined and have the new large collars and belts. Skirts have the new straight line effects, some plain, others pleated. Colors are Navy, Grey, Russian and Black. They are splendid value at the original price, $35.00. July Sale Price $19.95

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN SEPARATE SKIRTS. $7.00 quality for $3.75. Well tailored Skirts made in the newest mode, of fine Serge or Fancy Mixtures. A splendid range of styles, up to 28 inch waist size. Values to $7.00. July Sale Price $3.75

READY-TO-WEAR MUST GO REGARDLESS OF VALUES—Suits at $7.95, $19.95 and $29.95. For the convenience of our customers as well as ourselves, we have placed our suits on sale at these prices to make selection easy. At $7.95. Just 20 of these Suits, made with short, jaunty coats, silk lined. Skirts are full width, the whole suit beautifully tailored. Colors are Navy, Sand, Copenhagen and Black. Sizes 16 to 38 only. July Sale Price $7.95

CLEARING SPRING COATS at $12.95 and $18.95.

At $12.95. There is a splendid range of Serge, Tweed and Covert Coats, some plain and full, others finished with belts. Sizes 16 to 36. Regular values to $19.50. July Sale Price $12.95

SKIRTS OF A BETTER SORT—At $8.95 each. Included in this lot are some of the best we have shown this season, in fine Mannish Serges, Mixed Materials, etc. These are made plain, pleated or with pockets. Sizes to 28 inch waist measure. Regular values to $12.50. July Sale Price $8.95

MEAGHER & CO.

STORE FOR STYLE STORE FOR QUALITY

GRAIN PRICES GO UP AT CHICAGO

Shipping Complications Due to Strike of Switchmen Responsible—Wheat Unsettled.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., July 28.—Anxiety over shipping complications due to the switchmen's strike did a great deal today to cause an all around advance in values of grain and provisions. Wheat closed unsettled, 3 to 8 cents up, with July at $2.60 and September at $2.29. Oats rose 1¼ to 1⅝ cents and provisions 10 to 27 cents.

Disturbing effects of the strike manifested themselves, especially in the corn trade, where shorts made a general rush to cover and speculative buying was active. In addition to the strike, continued drought damage reports tended to lift prices. Complaints that injury had been rendered worse by the extreme heat referred to over a broad stretch that included much of Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas and Nebraska, notwithstanding that the hot weather was conceded to be of great benefit to the crop in the central belt, demands from 11th hour bulls and from uneasy shorts could not be satisfied until the market had soared 4 cents.

WINNIPEG WHEAT.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, July 28.—Wheat: October, $2.30.

Oats: July, 79½; October, 69½; December, 65¼.

Cash wheat: No. 1 Northern, $2.39; No. 2 Northern, $2.36; No. 3 Northern, $2.31; No. 4 Northern, $2.19; No. 5, $1.94; No. 6, $1.67; feed, $1.54.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., July 28.—Hogs: Receipts, 4000; unsettled. Bulk of sales, 15 to 16; light, 14.80 to 16.05; mixed, 14.65 to 15.15; heavy, 14.45 to 16.15; rough, 14.45 to 16.50; pigs, 11.60 to 14.50.

Cattle: Receipts, 300; weak. Native beef, 7.60 to 14.15; western steers, 8.40 to 11.50; stockers and feeders, 5.80 to 9; cows and heifers, 4.50 to 11.65; calves, 8.75 to 13.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 7000; steady. Ewes, 7 to 9; wethers, 7.50 to 10.75; lambs, 9.25 to 15.60.

BUTTER MARKET STRONG.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 28.—Cheese was dull and neglected with the crowd of the clearing of the present accumulation. Butter prices were strong. Eggs active and steady.

Cheese: Finest westerns and easterns, 21¼.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 40; seconds, 39.

Eggs: Fresh, 48; selected, 44; No. 1 stock, 40; No. 2 stock, 36 to 38.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 51 to 52; Canada short cut back, 48 to 50.

GAZETTE STATES LIMITS OF SHERIFFS' JURISDICTION

The limits of the jurisdiction of the sheriffs in East and West Kootenay are set forth in the current issue of the British Columbia Gazette as follows:

The County of Kootenay.

Sheriff of Northeast Kootenay, Henry Connell Moore; postoffice address, Golden. Limits of jurisdiction, that portion of the county of Kootenay embraced in the Columbia electoral district.

Sheriff of Northwest Kootenay, William J. Law; post office address, Revelstoke. Limits of jurisdiction, that portion of the county of Kootenay embraced in the Revelstoke electoral district.

Sheriff of South Kootenay, James Hingston Doyle; post office address, Nelson. Limits of jurisdiction, the remainder of the county of Kootenay.

STOCKS

The New York stock market appears to be gaining strength. This should have some effect on local mining stocks. eW are prepared to handle your orders on the closest possible margin.

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One 30 x 7 Vertical Boiler.
One 20 x 20¼ x 24 Steam Air Compressor.
One 8 x 9 x 12 Steam Air Compressor.
One 16 x 8 x 16 Knowles Cameron Sinking Pump.
One No. 5 Cameron Piston Type Sinking Pump.
One 6 x 8 Friction Drum Hoist.
One 6 x 10 Link Motion Hoist.
One 3-h.p. 220-vt. Electric Motor.
One 5-h.p. 220-vt. Electric Motor.
One 45-k.w. Edison Generator D.C.
One 7 x 10 Blake Crusher.
One Large Gates Style K Crusher.
One Style B Gates Sample Crusher.
One Sample Gyratory Crusher.
One Small Assayers Crusher.
One 5-Stamp Mill, New.
One 36-in. Amalgamating Pan.
And Many Other Machines.

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Mother's Favorite Flour
Taylor made goods are Honest to Goodness
Alberta Bakers Flour
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MONDAY, JULY 30, 1917.

CENTRES AROUND WHICH WAR OPINIONS RALLY

His personal qualities of sturdy patriotism and unobstrusive strength have combined with circumstances to make Sir Robert Borden the central figure around which the win-the-war people of the Dominion are rallying. He stands out as the man who consistently and unswervingly has held to the policy that Canada will give its last man and its last dollar rather than submit to a victory by German autocracy. He has stood by that policy in deeds as well as words. He has not hesitated to take the measures conditions have made necessary to make his policy of full participation effective.

On the other hand, Sir Wilfrid Laurier stands out as the man around whom the Quebec anti-conscriptionists are rallying. With Quebec is lined up the antiwar, the lukewarm and pro-German people of the country.

That is the situation as it exists today with regard to the position of the two leaders in the country.

THE CANADIAN AND AMERICAN SYSTEMS.

Now that the American draft system is in operation and the balloting for the first half million men has taken place its practical working out can be observed and compared with the plan that is being adopted in Canada to raise 100,000 troops to reinforce the boys at the front.

Under the American system every man between certain ages registers. Then lots are drawn for the number of men it is estimated will be required to produce the requisite number of physically fit, nonexempt, men for the army. Under this system the man working in the mine, the lumber mill, the transportation systems, the farms and other industries which must be maintained for war puroses is just as likely to be drafted as is the man whose work at home is nonessential to the war. The man engaged in mining may be drawn, while a man who is doing nothing is missed by the mere chance of the lottery. Men so drawn can ask for exemption, but appeals which have already been made are based on physical infirmity and family ties rather than on the nature of the work being done at nome.

Under the Canadian system all unmarried men from 20 to 34 will be called out first. There are over 700,000 of them. Each one must go before a tribunal and if he is engaged in necessary work he will not be taken. There is no chance of lottery about it.

Of course, the need for careful selection in the United States from the viewpoint of maintenance of essential industries is not at this time as great as in Canada, which has already recruited more than 400,000 men.

NOT MUCH SIGNIFICANCE IN THAT SENSE.

Charles P. Trevelyan, a British pacificist, says that it is significant that the junker chancellor, Dr. George Michaelis, did not attempt to prevent the reichstag from passing the no-indemnity, no-annexation resolution.

It is significant, but not in a sense that brings peace on any basis but a German victory any nearer.

Michaelis had two excellent reasons for refraining from opposing the reichstag resolution. One is that the reichstag, under the German system of autocratic government, can pass all the resolutions it pleases without forcing the administration to carry them out. The reichstag does not, as under the British system, compel the government to carry out its wishes. The government is the mouthpiece of the kaiser and the ruling class, which can continue to carry out their will without the possession of a majority in the reichstag.

The second reason is that the reichstag resolution calls for nothing more than a return to conditions as they existed before the war. It would, if the basis of peace terms, allow Germany to get out of the war with militarism supreme and without making reparation or freeing Alsace-Lorraine, Italia Irredentia, or the non-Teuton people of other parts of the Teuton dominions who are entitled to freedom from German or Austrian domination.

REBUILDING AFTER THE ENEMY HAS PASSED.

A British Empire fund is being raised to assist the peasant farmers of the devastated areas of France, Belgium, Russia, Serbia and Rumania to resume their agricultural work directly the enemy is driven out.

Progress that is described as remarkable is already being made in the recaptured sections of France. Before retreating the Germans endeavored to destroy or remove everything that could be of value in the work of reconstruction. Buildings were razed, implements destroyed, trees cut down, wells poisoned. But in spite of the desolation that the enemy wantonly leaves in his wake, France has done a great deal to enable the refugees to return to their land and resume their work of producing foodstuffs.

The entente lines had hardly been consolidated after the advance on the Somme and Aisne before skilful tree surgeons began the work of saving such of the fruit trees as could be saved. Houses are being rebuilt, villages are being restored, implements are being supplied. The work is under government supervision, but the generosity of private individuals in the entente countries is being called upon for funds to provide extra supplies that the peasants do not receive from their government.

A union government is practically a certainty, states Col. Hugh Clark, M. P. That is good news.

The All-Highest kaiser should thank the disaffected Russian troops rather than his own army for the successes on the eastern front.

Kerensky has not been heard from for a day or two, but is doubtless busy mixing up that blood and iron medicine for treacherous troops.

Strange things have come to pass in this war. Canadians and Americans on Saturday played baseball at Lords, the historic shrine dedicated to cricket.

The kaiser's latest message is up to form in one respect, but in others it seems to lack the usual Wilhelm touches. "I" and "my" are used at the rate of once to every 15 words, but the junior partner is not mentioned at all and the usual promise of victory for Germany within a day or two is lacking.

For the past six months the sale of war saving certificates in Canada has averaged $1,500,000 per month, making a total of $9,000,000 loaned for war purposes in this way. The 130,000 certificates at the price at which they are sold pay interest at the rate of over 5 per cent and the money is helping finance the war.

The conscription bill, if it is not destroyed by the election of an anti-conscription government, will save Canada from the everlasting shame that it would bring on itself if it deserted the Canadian boys who are fighting or have made the supreme sacrifice for the cause of freedom.

Another great offensive is evidently in course of preparation on the western end of the Franco-Belgian front. The artillery bombardment by both sides is of such power that it is difficult to guess whether the British or the Germans will strike the first blow with the infantry. There are signs, however, that the enemy is endeavoring to prepare the way for another blow at the Belgian line near the seacoast, where a smal local success was attained against two British battalions recently.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

Politicians Before Patriots.

That was a pretty smooth trick of the the Ottawa Grits, anyway—no matter what the ultimate political outcome may be. Having helped the Conservative government to pass what they probably knew would be a somewhat unpopular measure in the country—even going to the length of deserting their leader to do so—the Grits now propose, apparently, to back in behind the same leader and make an attempt to "wallop" the government. The Ontario wing has already declared its confidence in Laurier, refused to form a coalition, justified he refusal to extend parliament and has issued a challenge to Borden to come on with his general election. Politicians before patriots, apparently.—Calgary Herald.

Common Defense and Expense.

Great Britain acknowledges the right of the dominions to settle their own affairs. We believe the dominions acknowledge that the mother country alone cannot bear the burden of safeguarding the sea communication of the Empire. Hence a system of common defense and common expense is necessary. The paper affirms that so long as such an agreement exists the ultimate solution of the problem of imperial reconstruction need not be despaired of.—Cape Argus.

COLD STORAGE

Interviewer—What is your wife's favorite dish?

Husband of famous movie actress—In the magazines it is peach bloom fudge cake with orange wisp salad, but at home it is just plain corned beef and cabbage.

"Pa, what is a cynical smile?"

"Your mother will show you, my son, the next time I tell her I can't spare all the money she wants."

The man who doesn't advertise gets more dust on his goods than in his cash drawer.

A cynical woman says men are like colds—easily caught, but hard to get rid of.

Why Alsace-Lorraine Must Be French

(Clement Rueff, President of Les Amis de l'Alsace-Lorraine, in the New York Tribune.)

One day we receive a cable stating that the municipal council of one or another Alsatian town has sent a resolution to the kaiser affirming its devotion to the German empire. Another day we are told that the Alsatian chamber has declared that it does not want to be separated from Germany. The third day we are apprised of the fact that a prominent Alsatian politician has declared that Alsace was prosperous under German rule, etc.

It has been successfully proved and demonstrated that the native of Alsace-Lorraine—that is to say, those born of native stock and not the ones who have crossed the Rhine since 1870 and have established themselves in these two provinces—are overwhelmingly for France. An insignificant minority, mostly of younger people who are still obscured by the idea of German superiority, due to the fact that they have done military service in Germany, proclaims itself to be neither French nor German, but Alsatian and Lorrainer, and asks for the autonomy of Alsace-Lorraine; and finally a few—and it is an honor to the whole people of Alsace-Lorraine to add that they are a very few only—have become renegades and traitors to their own country by going, from interested, and in most cases pecuniary motives, over to the oppressors of their country, to the enemies of civilization.

Consequently, whenever a name is mentioned in this German manufactured news purporting to come from prominent Alsatians, who are stating that Alsace wants to remain German, you may rest assured that these statements are either outright forgeries or else emanate from these renegades and traitors.

Why should there not be traitors in Alsace-Lorraine? There are and have been traitors in all countries, just as there are murderers in all countries.

Alsace Unified Under French

Before Alsace became entirely French through the treaty of West Phalia, in 1648, and through the city of Strasbourg joining voluntarily the French kingdom in 1681, Alsace existed only in name. It was, in fact, composed of a number of small city republics, small earldoms and bishoprics, between which there were strips of land or villages belonging to this or that potentate or prince of the church. Unity came only after the country became French. Previous to 1681 all of these little countries out of which Alsace was composed were continually at strife one with another, and often they were attacked from without, the country ravaged, cities and villages burned down and plundered. Justice did not exist, as every little baron, or every little oligarchic city council judged according to its good pleasure and not according to justice.

Louis XIV., although a despot in France, was intelligent enough to understand the Alsatian character, and while in France intolerance was the rule and Huguenots and Jews were driven out of the country, in Alsace both Jew and Protestant were tolerated and had the right to worship according to their belief. Real justice was also introduced to a degree never known heretofore.

Under the French revolution Alsace became entirely free and imbued with the ideas of liberty and republicanism. It was foremost among those who helped to establish the French republic and it gave willingly the best of its children to fight for these principles of liberty, which are the same for which America is fighting today. Kellerman, Rapp, Kleber, Lefevre and how many others are among those who helped to carry the light of liberty to all downtrodden and oppressed European countries. It is in Strasbourg, in the house of its mayor, Dietrich, that Rouget de Lisle, under the inspiration of the patriotism of the Alsatians who surrounded him, created that most famous and inspiring of national anthems, the Marseillaise, that more justly ought to be called the Strasbourgeoise.

No German Voice in Alsace

How is it that, if the Alsatians are as pro-German as the kaiser would like us to believe, during the 230 years that the Alsatians were entirely French there never was raised an Alsatian voice asking, claiming that they were German and did not want to be French? On the contrary, on every occasion the people of Alsace proved its attachment to France, to French institutions, to French civilization, to French thought, to French art and French life and habits.

One of the greatest arguments of the Germans in favor of their contention that Alsace is German is the fact that the greatest part of Alsace speaks a German dialect intermixed with Latin, French and Celtic words. We do not deny that the dialect of Alsace is essentially German, but the very fact that Alsace, after 230 years of French domination, still spoke and was allowed to speak German is the most conclusive proof that can be found of the kindness and tolerance of the French regime.

The Gemans were hardly a few months in Alsace, after 1870, when they already imposed their language on the people of Alsace. France had been 230 years there and had not done it, and it is just this tolerance, this respect of the liberties and particularities of Alsace, which has been the principal cause of the deep and unshakable attachment of the Alsatians to France.

The Alsatians, although they speak a German dialect, are as thoroughly French as the Americans who speak the English language are thoroughly Americans, as the Argentians or Mexicans or Colombians or Cubans, although they speak Spanish are thoroughly Argentians, Mexicans, Colombians or Cubans.

The nationality of a people does not depend on a language, otherwise Switzerland would not exist as a country, the United States would be a part of England and South America would be Spanish.

The Danger of Autonomy

The question of autonomy for Alsace-Lorraine is raised by a few irresponsible Alsatians, who, without the knowledge of it, are playing the German game. If Germany cannot obtain from the peace council that Alsace shall remain German, she would be perfectly willing to let Alsace-Lorraine be autonomous, because by so doing she would deprive France of the valuable coal and other mines of Alsace-Lorraine, of its immensely rich potash fields, and of the chemical, cotton and iron industries, etc., and for everybody who knows German ways it is evident before long the autonomous Alsace-Lorraine would be caught again in the German net and finally gobbled up. But outside of this point of view of looking at autonomy, there remains another one. Should Alsace-Lorraine really become autonomous, what would be obvious is that the little country could not be self-sustaining.

There is also a certain group of people, not among the Alsatians, but to a large extent in neutral countries and in the United States (a prominent New York newspaper published a few days ago an editorial in its favor) who advocate a referendum or plebiscite among the people of Alsace-Lorraine, in order to find out to which country they want to belong. A plebiscite is all right in a free and unhampered country. A plebiscite taken in a state of the United States, New Jersey, for instance, or in a canton of Switzerland, would undoubtedly express the will of the people, but it is an entirely different matter with Alsace-Lorraine, that has been for 47 years under the German heel, a third of the population of which at the present time is composed of Germans, born in Germany; and then, how could the people of Alsace-Lorraine, not knowing themselves what the result of this plebiscite would be, how would they dare vote for France, when they are under the fear that through underhand work, with the help of the many Germans living in Alsace, and with the cruelty and the repressive measures of the Germans well known to them, how could they, under these conditions, cast a free and unhampered vote? If in 1871 the will of the people of Alsace-Lorraine could have been consulted, the outcome of such a plebiscite could not have been doubted in the least. The unanimity of the country would have been for France. This is why at the national assembly at Bordeau the representatives of the people of Alsace-Lorraine issued the historic protest against the session of their country to Germany against their will, as follows:

"The representatives of Alsace and Lorraine presented before any negotiation for peace to place to the national assembly a declaration affirming in the most positive terms, in the name of these provinces their will and their right to remain French.

"Abandoned in spite of all justice and by an odious abuse of force to the domination of the foreigner, we have a last duty to fulfil.

"We declare null and void a pact which disposes of us without our consent.

The revindication of our rights will remain always open to each and every one of us in the form and in the measure which our conscience shall dictate to us.

"At the moment of leaving this assembly, where our dignity no longer permits us to remain, and in spite of the bitterness of our sorrow, the supreme thought which fills our hearts is one of gratitude to those who, for six months, have not ceased to defend us and to express our undying attachment to the country from which we are torn by violence.

"Our vows and our hopes will follow you, and we will wait with supreme confidence the future when France, regenerated, will once again follow the glorious trend of her destiny.

"Your brothers of Alsace-Lorraine, torn in this moment from the common family, will keep for France, absent, a filial affection until the day when she will again retake her place."

Take a Plebiscite Here

Why ask in American papers a plebiscite for Alsace-Lorraine when we have thousands upon thousands of Alsatians and Lorrainers right in the country among whom a vote could easily be taken, which no doubt, would be overwhelmingly for France? I can talk knowingly of this, because our society Les Amis de l'Alsace-Lorraine, duly empowered to that effect by the French government, has received the application of thousands of Alsatians and Lorrainers, who came to us in order to claim, no, to demand, their right to be considered as French and not as Germans.

If Alsace-Lorraine was as German as the Germans state, how is it that only a short time before this war, the incident of Saverne was possible? How is it that every year on July 14, which is the Fourth of July of France, the Alsatians pilgrimated by hundreds of thousands to Nancy, to Belfort and other nearby French towns, in order to be able to feast their eyes once a year on the sacred tricolor, to hear and sing the Marseillaise, to shout "Vive la France." And this in spite of the hardships they knew awaited them upon their return to Alsace at the hands of their oppressors? How is it that since the beginning of this war over 20,000 Alsatians, enrolled by force in the German army, in spite of almost insurmountable difficulties succeeded in deserting to the French, and are now, with joy, serving under the French colors and giving their lives for France? Why, Germany herself has acknowledged many times that the Alsatians are French by calling them depreceatingly "Franzosenkoepfe" or "Franzoslinge," and by stating publicly that in Alsace the Germans were "Feindesland" (in the enemy's country)? No, the Alsatians and Lorrainers are not Germans. On the contrary, their spirit is so intensely pro-French that it absorbs in many cases the children born in Alsace of Prussian officials.

The conclusion is: Alsace-Lorraine in justice to itself, in justice to the French, in justice to the right of people to govern themselves, must be returned to its mother country, to the country which it so dearly loves and to which it is attached by so many ties, to which it has given, and is giving, its blood and its treasures to France.

To insure the folks at home news of the American soldiers serving in France, Adjutant Gen. McCann is to establish a new division in his office. It will have to do with the compilation of all sorts of information in regard to the officers and enlisted men on duty abroad which will be supplied to their friends and relatives on inquiry.

LAURIERISM AGAINST LIBERALISM.

As a party leader Sir Wilfrid Laurier always took his orders from Quebec and always gave his orders to the rest of Canada. He was never more obsequious to Quebec, never more masterful towards the rest of Canada, than he is today. Quebec is against conscription, against coalition, and against the extension of parliament. Sir Wilfrid bows to al lthat. He, too, is as firm as adamant against conscription, against coalition, against the extension of parliament. He has said Nay to all of them. But that is not enough. Ontario Liberals must say Nay, too, and to take its abjuration Hon. George P. Graham came as Sir Wilfrid's envoy to the Liberal conference held in Toronto on Saturday for the express purpose of renewing allegiance to the old chief. Did the few members of parliament and the more numerous candidates for parliament dutifully swallow, with whatsoever wry faces, the medicine prescribed for them by Sir Wilfred and administered to them by Mr. Graham? Mr. Graham has issued a summary of the proceedings in which it is stated that they did, at least that they unanimously subscribed to the resolutions against coalition, against parliamentary extention, in favor of holding up conscription, and in favor of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's leadership. Unanimous the conference may have been. We know no more about that than any other outsider. It remains to be seen whether Mr. Graham's version of the proceedings will be challenged by persons present, as his good faith in the moving of an amendment to Sir Robert Borden's extension resolution was challenged by members of the parliamentary Liberal caucus.

If Sir Wilfrid Laurier's heart had been right on the subject of defense, and had he been as forward to influence his Quebec party patriotically in that connection as he has been forward to influence his Ontario party badly in nearly all connections. Quebec would have done its duty in this war, and there would have been no lack of reinforcements now. But he was afraid of Quebec. He had not the courage to run counter to the blatant demagogues of that province, and it is doubtful if ever their views were as repugnant to him as they ought to be. But he seems always to have had a poor opinion of the will of Ontario Liberalism. If he had not had, would he have been so daring as to father the Lapointe resolution, and take a stand in parliament against Ontario's regulation 17? This was a bold intrusion into Ontario's affairs at the instance of racial clamorers in Quebec. Though he dares everything and braves everybody for Quebec, and though he would make Ontario a field for the peaceful penetration of Quebec ideas, he has not in his own beloved province a follower who is as faithful a henchman of his as is Hon. George P. Graham, an Ontario man of whom Ontario does not boast. Was it not Mr. Graham who spoke apologetically in Quebec for Ontario's regulation 17? He was the one public man of this province who gae the ranting bilinguists his countenance and the comport of an implicit admission that they have a grievance. This was dishonest and disloyal to his province. His subserviance to Sir Wilfrid was shown again in the debate on the second reading of the Military Service bill. He could not go so far as to oppose conscription; he had even to balk at the referendum, but he could and did make the speech of a bigoted partizan. He took up Sir Wilfrid's text sufficiently to declare that conscription would have been unnecessary had the pump of voluntaryism been more vigorously worked. In an interview following the delivery of that speech Mr. Graham is reported to have said that a large force of men could still be raised in Ontario if volunteering were pushed as it ought to be. This riding Ontario's free horse to death so that Quebec's unwilling steed might continue to graze in safe and pleasant pastures is not much in the way of fair play and patriotism and we cannot understand why to Mr. Graham, himself an Ontario man, it should seem to be good politics. Do Mr. Graham and his leader calculate that Ontario is certain to do little for Laurierism in any case, and that it might be worth many seats in Quebec to flaunt the Quebec interdict upon conscription, coalition and extension in Ontario's face?

The success of Mr. Graham's mission at the Toronto Liberal conference shows that the idea that "Go as you please" would be the order of the day in the opposition camp was an erroneous one. Clearly that is not Sir Wilfrid's will. Ontario Liberalism must answer to the crack of the whip Quebec puts into his hands. Will Ontario Liberalism do so? We cannot think so ill of it. This conference, composed of parliamentary Zouaves of Sir Wilfrid Laurier as Mr. Graham, Mr. Murphy and Mr. German; of left-overs like Mr. Mackenzie King; and of political tenderfeet who owe their nomination to the Laurier machine, is little representative of Ontario Liberalism. The Liberals of influence and ability in the province were absent. There was no Toronto spokesman of Liberalism present. Mr. Rowell was evidently not wanted there. He is a conscriptionist Liberal, and he has not taken up the cudgels in the assault upon Regulation 17. What could be expected from a party conference from which the brains and conscience of the Liberal party were so largely absent? The railroading of the Laurier resolutions through that manageable meeting was a cheap triumph for the cheapest of Sir Wilfried's lieutenants. For the honor of Ontario Liberalism there must be another conference, one in which the weight and dignity of Liberal patriotism in the province that has raised half of Canada's total overseas force will be worthily represented. There can be no bowing of the knee by Ontario's stalwart loyalists of either party to a political chief who shows himself alien in feeling from the valiant sons Canada has sent to this war.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Two new Catholic churches for Brantford, Ont., are a probability in the near future. The Ruthenians have secured a site, while the Poles have taken options on properties, having a good sized fund on hand for the purpose of buying a site and building.

Really Sir, you *are* vastly interested in

Sunlight Soap

You pay for the garments it cleanses so well and so carefully. You like your wife to have leisure and to be free from the drudgery of wash-day work. You, as a business man, can appreciate what the $5,000 Sunlight guarantee of purity must mean.

Suggest to her that Sunlight Soap must be worth a trial—for it is.

Sunlight Soap is sold by all grocers. It is made in Canada by Lever Brothers, Limited, Toronto.

15

Notice

On and after August 1st, 1917, our charges for teaming will be as follows:

Team and Man, per day.... $8.00

(Signed)
CITY CAB CO.
AL. IRWIN,
M'DONALD CARTAGE CO.
NELSON TRANFSER CO.,
WEST TRANSFER CO.

FURS.

Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodelled and repaired. Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.

G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier, 416 Ward St., Nelson, B. C. Phone 108

Galt Nut COAL

Car will arrive this week. Place your orders now to insure delivery.

West Transfer Co.
PHONE 33.

Wall Paper

Latest patterns now in stock. See us about your spring work,

KALSOMINING, PAPER HANGING, DECORATING

Houses, Boats and Launches Painted.

W. J. Murphy & Son
SHOP 604 VERNON

There is satisfaction in owning, pleasure in wearing and delight in the giving of a

Birks' Diamond

For personal wear nothing else will yield so satisfactory a dividend as an investment in Birk's diamonds. They are the highest quality procurable and reasonably priced owing to direct buying for the five Birks' Stores.

Have you our catalogue?

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Clean to handle. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON, STREET, NELSON, B. C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Hot Weather Specialties

We Have a Good Assortment of ICE COLD REFRIGERATORS

Prices Ranging from $12.00 to $25.00

Save your food and reduce the high cost of living.

See Our Stock of SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS, WIRE DISH COVERS, ETC., ETC.

Nelson Hardware Co.
Box 1050 Nelson, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Little Ads that Bring Big Returns

CONDENSED ADVERTISING RATES

One insertion, per word..... 1c
Minimum charge..... 25c
Six consecutive insertions, per word..... 4c
Twenty-six consecutive insertions (one month), per word..... 15c
Births, one insertion..... 50c
Marriages, one insertion..... 50c
Deaths, one insertion..... 50c
Card of Thanks..... 50c
Each subsequent insertion..... 25c
Death and Funeral Notice.....$1.00

Local reading notices, 2c per word each insertion. In black face or machine capitals, 3c per word.

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance.

In computing the number of words in a classified advertisement count each word, dollar mark, abbreviation, initial letter and figure as one word.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provision of the postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only; therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her identity may use a box at this office without any extra charge if replies are called for; if replies are to be mailed to advertiser allow 10 cents extra in addition to price of advertisement, to pay postage.

The News reserves the right to reject any copy submitted for publication.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283.

WANTED—Blacksmith, sawmill; polemakers, waitresses; men and women cooks to register; deckman, quartz mill; machine and singlejack miners; good woodsmen, $4.50.

WANTED—Good strong boy to work in press room. Apply afternoons. Daily News. xxx

WANTED—Immediately night porter. Apply Hume hotel. (6525)

WANTED—Capable responsible man or woman to sell Stewart Phonograph; salary guarantee to right party. P.O. box 243, Nelson. (6505)

COLEMAN TOWN BAND requires two solo cornet and trombone players. Good work found for miners. G. Bedlington, Coleman. (6508)

WANTED—At Nelson club, a man to make himself generally useful. (6486)

WANTED REPRESENTATIVES to distribute tablets which wash clothes spotlessly clean without rubbing. One trial makes permanent customers. One hundred per cent profit. Make five dollars daily. Send ten cents for samples for four washings. Bradley Company, Brantford, Ont. (6444)

SITUATION WANTED—MALE.

CLEANER FOREMAN open for position. Best references. Box 6483, Daily News. (6483)

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ANY LADY can permanently earn twenty dollars weekly in own neighborhood, or proportionately for spare time. Particulars free. Food Products Distributors, Brantford, Ont. (6336)

WANTED — Working housekeeper, wages $50; also a woman or girl helper, wages $30. Apply Otto E. Olson, Mgr. Lardeau hotel, Ferguson, B.C. (6481)

WANTED—Girl for light housework. Apply to 623 Carbonate street, or write to box 6485, Daily News. (6485)

WANTED—A good woman or girl for general work, foreigner preferred. Apply at once to G.B., box 6474, Daily News, Nelson, B.C. (6474)

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED—For Alice Siding school; salary $80. Apply Victor Lar, secretary. (6468)

WANTED—Male principal for New Denver schools. Must be prepared to take superior school classes. Salary $100 per month. Qualifications and references to Alf. Watson, secretary. (6510)

TEACHER WANTED—A plain, sensible, energetic teacher with one or more children of school age, to batch in school house or take up homestead by school and live on that; 5 miles from Cranbrook; any grade certificate; steady job. Sec., box 48, Cranbrook, B.C. (6523)

TEACHER WANTED—For Kingsgate, B.C., with credentials from school inspector. Address secretary, Kingsgate school district, Kingsgate, B.C. (6471)

LIVESTOCK.

PRETTY black Shetland pony, harness, buggy and cutter all in first class condition, hundred dollars. Also ten first class milch cows at prices to suit. Jersey bull, twelve months old, cheap. Kennedy, Harrop. (6495)

FOR SALE—Pigs, six weeks old, six dollars each. Walter H. Anderson, Ferry Siding, P.O. (6522)

BELGIAN HARES—M. B. Edwards, Nelson. (6500)

GOOD Durham-Ayrshire milch cow. Freshened April. Bred to government Ayrshire bull. Birkbeck, Gray Creek. (6482)

FOR SALE—Two brood sows, each had one litter. One bred to pedigree Yorkshire boar. Price, $37 and $30. Birkbeck, Gray Creek. (6482)

FOR SALE—Eight-weeks old pigs. J. Yeatman, South Slocan. (6464)

FOR SALE — Two heavy teams of horses, weighing 2900 and 3400 lbs. Seven to nine years old. Price reasonable. Can be seen in Nelson. A. G. Gilbert Co., Ltd. (6465)

FOR SALE—One pedigree Ayrshire bull, and two milch cows. M. B. Williams, Fruitvale. (6419)

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Meat business in the Okanagan valley, B.C. Doing good business. Reason for selling, other business. A snap to the right party. For particulars apply box 6457, Daily News. (6457)

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT—Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. (6340)

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms, $8 per month, over Poole Drug. (6325)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr apartments. (6341)

FOR RENT.

TO LET—Partly furnished cottage, 5 rooms, near Willow Point. J. J. Campbell, R.R. No. 1, Nelson. Telephone 462-R. (6348)

FOR RENT—Furnished house, piano, modern conveniences, nice grounds, fruit trees; just off Baker street. Rent reasonable. Apply box 6520, Daily News. (6520)

FOR RENT—Six roomed house, close in. Apply J. W. Gallagher's store. (6511)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Mentges newspaper folder; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in first class condition. Snap for cash. The Daily News, Nelson. (678)

FOR SALE—1 Halliday gasoline compressor outfit in good condition. Cost $1200; with Hardscog jack hammer drills. Apparatus in small enough parts for packing into mountains and is for sale for $600 cash. A. D. Wheeler, Ainsworth. (6501)

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—The library of the late Sheriff Tuck, which is one of the most select in the province, containing more than fifteen hundred volumes of the world's best literature. An unusual opportunity for a city, community or individual. Apply to box 4117, Daily News. (4117)

FOR SALE—Edison Dictograph complete; electric power. Apply to Daily News business office. (654)

FOR SALE—Shaving machine for Edison records. Box 685, Daily News.

WANTED.

WANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS—Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, Nelson, B.C. (6339)

WANTED—Second hand boat house with berth, at least five by twenty. Give price and conditions. Box 6497, Daily News. (6497)

WANTED—Scales for warehouse. Address box 71, City. (6516)

WANTED—To rent furnished house, 5 or 6 rooms. Phone 134, or box 71, City. (6515)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Green skiff, 15-foot, with pair oars in when last seen; went adrift Saturday on main lake off Pilot Bay. Drifting north when last seen. Reward for information as to whereabouts. Notify H. B. Hubbard, Daily News, Nelson. (6527)

FRUITS, SEEDS AND VEGETABLES

WANTED—Black currants, red currants, raspberries, damsons, plums, greengages and crabapples. McDonald Jam Co. (6441)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLEsale Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH, Hydraulic Engineer. Provincial Land Surveyor. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

CHAS. MOORE, C. & M. E., Provincial Land Surveyor, Architect. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

INSURANCE AND FINANCE.

TAYLOR & DUBAR, Financial and Insurance Agents, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, Accountants. Auditors, Assignees, Estates managed; 602 Baker St. Phone 264.

H. E. DILL, Fire, Life, Sickness and Accident Insurance. Phone 180. K.W.C. Block.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block, Vancouver.

EDUCATIONAL.

KING EDWARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS—Cranbrook, B.C. Boys under 12 taken. Bracing climate. Full school course: Piano, violin, singing, dancing, dressmaking, stenography, bookkeeping. French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss V. M. Cherrington, headmistress. (5995)

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5219)

ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING, Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

FARM PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—For cash, 160 acres of land on Four-Mile creek near Waneta. Some improvements. Amos Allen, Stevensville, Mont. (6507)

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

FOR SALE—A new canoe; for particulars apply 519 Silica street. (6491)

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

McQuarrie & Robertson.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Going concern in Trail; $3000 will handle. Get particulars.

IMPROVED RANCH WANTED—We have inquiries for small improved properties close to Nelson. Must be cheap.

HOUSE FOR RENT — Seven rooms; in good location; renovated just recently; $17.00 per month.

TIMBER WANTED—What can you offer? We are in touch with buyers. Must furnish reliable cruiser's report and estimate.

McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

PATENTS.

BABCOCK & SONS, Registered Attorneys. Estab. 1877. Formerly Patent office examiner. Master of Patent Laws. Book "Patent Protection," free; 99 St. James St., Montreal. Branches: Ottawa and Washington.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 157-L.

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

If you want to get rid of the drink habit in three days, come to the Neal Institute, Cranbrook, B.C.

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.

THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C. P. O. Box 772. Phone 372 for Appointment.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

NOTICE.

On and after August 1st I will not be responsible for the payment of any debts incurred by my wife, Mrs. S. Kennedy of Nelson, B.C. (6542)

S. KENNEDY.

THEATRES

Jack Pickford Tonight.

Jack Pickford, talented young brother of the famous Mary Pickford, who is the star in "The Dummy," the latest Famous Players-Paramount picture, will be seen at the Starland theater tonight. "The Dummy" is an adaptation of the well-known play of that name and affords Jack Pickford an opportunity for inimitable touches of humor and real boy life of which he is past master. Those who saw him as "William," hero of the photoplay adaptation of Booth Tarkington's celebrated novel "Seventeen," and "Pip," in Dickens' "Great Expectations," will remember his work with pleasure and in "The Dummy" he has excelled even these records.

NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies." —Mrs. ROBT. STOFIEL, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

THEY WON'T LAST LONG

WHY SHOULD THEY?

LOTS OF SUMMER LEFT YET. YOU WILL HAVE A LONG TIME TO ENJOY THESE GARMENTS AT SHORT PRICES.

THEY MEAN "GAINS FOR YOU."

WE SHALL NOT REPLENISH OUR SUMMER STOCK. WE WANT TO CLEAR IT RIGHT OUT OF OUR STORE.

THIS IS WHY WE ARE OFFERING ALL OUR NEW, FIRST CLASS MERCHANDISE AT A SMALL FRACTION OF THE ORIGINAL COST.

BUT "THEY WON'T LAST LONG."

TODAY

Coats, Dresses, Suits and Frocks at $5.00 and $10.00 Each

SPORT COATS—Just the thing for cool evenings, in black and white check, white and black check, and white and green check. Today, each..... $5.00

A dozen Summer Dresses, just ready to wear. All one price; each..... $5.00

Frock of Navy Satin Mousseline; belt of satin, embroidered in colors; size 40; reg. price $19, today..... $10.00

Frock of Saxe Taffeta and Crepe; accordian pleats; size 38, regular price $21.00. Today..... $10.00

Dress of Navy Serge; collar and cuffs of Saxe Silk Poplin; size 36. Regular $14.75, today..... $10.00

Dress of fine quality Navy Coating Serge; collar trimmed with black braid; size 16. Reg. $13.75, today..... $10.00

COAT DRESS of White Lawn; trimmed with pink and green check of same material; size 18. Reg. $14.50, today.. $10.00
Quite new, only arrived this month.

Dress of fine black Coating Serge; patent leather belt; collar of Scotch plaid silk; size 36. Reg. $15.50, today.... $10.00
The material alone is worth the money.

Half a dozen other new Serge Frocks; in black, navy and brown. All new. Regular $12.50. Today..... $10.00

Black Frock of stripe silk; white satin vest inset size 36. Regular $17.50. Today..... $10.00

Grey Frock of Satin Mousseline with trimmings of grey check taffeta; size 36. Reg. $17.50. Today..... $10.00
Many of these garments have only been stock a few weeks. We want the room for Fall Goods. The advantage is yours.

Half a dozen little girls' coats; made of black and white check with green and blue poplin collars; new goods. Today $2.00

FIVE ONLY, GIRLS' COATS—Navy, brown and grey; made of all wool serge and coatings; to fit girls 8 to 12 years. Many worth $6.00 and $8.00 each. Today..... $2.00

All wool Navy Serge Dress. Size 36. Regular $10.00. Today..... $5.00

New York 1917 Model Frock. In rose fancy muslin, belt of rose satin; white net sleeves; size 38. Reg. $17, today.. $10.00

Model Khaki Kool Suit; large square collar of white pique; size 40. Only been here a few weeks. Reg. $15, today $10.00

Suit of Raw Silk; collar, cuffs and pockets of rose stripe size 16. Today..... $5.00
New this season, but is a small size. A real snap for somebody.

THESE GARMENTS WILL ALL BE ON SALE AT 8:30 SHARP THIS MORNING. DON'T MISS IT. IT WILL PAY YOU TO MISS YOUR BREAKFAST FOR ONCE.

The Hudson's Bay Company.

INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. BURBIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

SUBSCRIPTIONS ACKNOWLEDGED

Nelson Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund Total Now Is $15,103.76.

Subscriptions totaling $15,103.76 are acknowledged by the Nelson branch of the Canadian Patriotic fund. Subscriptions to date are:

Previously acknowledged, $14,916.31.

G. T. Ahlin, $3; Rev. J. Althoff, $5. P. Burns & Co., Ltd., $25; C. H. Bean, $10; A. Bareuther, $5; E. D. Baker, $2.

A. G. Carpenter, $5; V. Chapman, $2; Miss E. Chapman, $1.

A. J. Dill, $1.50.

A. M. Fawcett, $1.

L. Gobey, $4; S. J. Gridley, $2; H. C. Grizzelle, $2; Miss E. Grizzelle, 50c. G. B. Hollington, $1; G. H. Hales, $10.

J. E. McKenzie, $3.

G. Pierson, $6; G. W. Priest, $2; F. P. Payne, $3.

Mrs. E. H. Sadler, $3; Sisters of St. Joseph, $4; C. E. Shaw, $2.

W. S. Stanley, $1; J. R. Spruce, $2.

H. Ward, $1; Miss E. Ward, 25c; Miss I. Ward, 25c.

Provincial government employees, $79.95, one day's pay from the following: T. M. Bowman, M. C. Steele, James McGregor, A. Sutherland, S. S. Jarvis, G. S. Millar, L. Wightwick, D. Laughton, B. B. Betts, E. McFarland, D. J. McKim, S. R. Roe, F. C. Ronan, A. E. Pickford, A. E. Thompson, D. C. Wilson, R. Morrow, C. J. McGuigan, V. McCoy, J. K. Salter, George Clerihew.

Total from Nov. 15, 1916, $15,103.76.

Note — Acknowledgement in The Daily News of July 9 last, $25, received from "P.S.S. club, Crawford Bay," should have been acknowledged as received from "Pythian Sisters of Nelson Temple No. 10, Sewing club."

DIVISION 2 PUPILS PASS ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

The following pupils of Nelson, division 2, whose names were inadvertently omitted from the lists of entrance examination results published Saturday, are among the 20 candidates from the division who passed:

Louis P. Sinclair, 592; Charles W. Ades, 588; J. Howard Duck, 588; Marjorie M. Bloomer, 585; Frederick W. Waldie, 584; G. Wilfred Hall, 579; Richard W. Astley, 571; Charlotte A. Douglass, 564; John R. Fraser, 562; Margaret H. W. Cameron, 550; De La Cour Des Brisay, 550.

LUMBER INDUSTRY AIDS IN WINNING THE WAR

98 Per Cent of Mountain Output is Used in Essential Industries, Chiefly Agriculture

Lumbermen of the mountain district are awaiting with interest information concerning the industries that are to be exempt from the conscription of their employees, says the Western Lumberman. They point out that, while the public generally may not realize it, the lumber industry in the mountain district of British Columbia is almost entirely a war industry—that is to say, it is engaged in supplying material without which other war industries, such as mining, agriculture, ship-building and munitions-making could not be carried on. Last year's figures, showing the destination of lumber shipments from the mountain section, are quoted in this connection. Ninety per cent of the output went to the prairie provinces; 7 per cent was sold locally; 1 per cent went to eastern Canada; 2 per cent was exported to the United States. Lumbermen say that the export business to the United States might possibly be excluded from the list of war business shipments, but that practically the whole of the balance of 98 per cent of the shipments were used in industries absolutely essential to the successful conduct of the war.

Take the shipments to the prairie provinces. For several years there has virtually been no building of residences in the cities. The lumber sent to the northwest has been utilized almost wholly in the rural districts, where it has been consumed by the farmer in the pursuit of his business of producing foodstuffs for Canada and the entente nations. The destinations of shipments prove this. Practically every shipment that is being sent out is for rural consumption. The exceptions are in cases such as shipments to Medicine Hat and other points where shell boxes are being manufactured. Farmers have never been accused of using more lumber than is required for the most economical conduct of their business. Farm experts have repeatedly said that if the farmers would build more barns to house their machinery, more granaries to hold their grain, and better accommodations for their stock, the condition of the agricultural industry would be greatly improved. For this reason the lumbermen point out that it is fair to assume that the amount of lumber which the farmers are using is absolutely necessary to the efficient production of the foodstuffs for which all the entente nations are crying out.

At the present time lumber production—which this year will be about equal in the mountain district to that of 1916, providing that sufficient labor can be attained for the camps and mills—is not large enough to enable the mills to pile up any real surplus in their yards. Hence, unless men engaged in the industry are exempt the danger is feared that the production would soon be so reduced as to cause a shortage in the material the farmers need. The same condition applies with regard to the lumber which is supplied by mountain mills to the mining industry. Metals are one of war's first essentials. Mining cannot continue without timber; railways also need timber, and railways are an essential industry. Practically all the local consumption of lumber, which last year represented 7 per cent as far as the mountain district was concerned, went to the railways and mines. Lumber for shipbuilding comes chiefly from the coast, but mountain lumbermen make the point that the necessity for the production of material for this purpose is just as great as in the case of farming, mining, munitions works, and transportation. Whether the 1917 output of lumber from the mountain district will equal that of 1916 is almost entirely dependent upon the labor situation. If the supply of labor becomes any less than at the present time a lessening of production is inevitable, which would mean that essential war industries would suffer.

Another point in connection with the value of the lumber industry at this critical time is the amount of revenue which it produces for the provincial coffers. In British Columbia, if there were no revenue for the province to fall back upon, provincial finances indeed would be in a parlous state. The industry is doing splendid work in the direction of supporting patriotic funds, the mountain lumbermen making a monthly donation to the Canadian Patriotic fund a condition of employment.

Lumbermen in the mountain section are in favor of conscription, and they make it clear that in declaring for exemption they refer to men only actually engaged in and necessary to the prosecution of the lumber industry. Men who can be of more service to the Empire at the front should go there, they say, but the lumber industry should be placed by exemption tribunals upon the same basis as mining, agriculture and transportation.

The gardening campaign in the U. S. has resulted in the planting of more than three times the usual number of gardens in the United States, with the prospect that their products will reach the total value of $350,000,000, according to an estimate made by Charles Lathrop Peck, president of the national emergency commission.

The Swedish government has expropriated growing crops of all cereals and sugar beets. It has also ordered expropriated all stocks of these which may be on hand September 1 from the 1916 crops, with the exception of limited quantities in private households.

A News Want Ad

Will do the work for you in the most expeditious and satisfactory way. The expense is very nominal and the work is done while you rest. Try it. They

Always Get Results

ICE

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Delivered to any part of the city.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

D. D. D.

The great ECZEMA cure. It is put up in two strengths, ORDINARY AND EXTRA STRONG.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Willard Chocolates.

Eastman Kodak Supplies

Auction Sale of Household Furniture

TUESDAY, JULY 31 AT 2 P. M.
704 SILICA STREET EAST

On account of her son leaving for the front, Mrs. J. P. Winters has instructed us to sell all of her household furniture at her residence as above. Goods on view morning of the sale.

TERMS: CASH.

Charles A. Waterman & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.

THE KAISER RULES.

The German people have been brought suddenly by the kaiser to the point where they must stand or back down. For the first time, autocracy, resolute and defiant, faces its murmuring people and does not dodge the issue. To their complaints and their value demands the kaiser answered by dismissing a chancellor who favored going on with the old policy of fine words and perhaps also favored slight concessions. The kaiser himself became chancellor; for that is all that the appointment of a masked obscurity like Michaelis can mean. He is no more an autocrat than he was before, but before he wielded his power with a gloved hand, and now he has taken off the glove.—*New York Times.*

INQUIRY INTO WASTE OF FISH

BOSTON—Inquiry into conditions allowing thousands of edible fish to rot on the beaches between provincetown and Truro, when efforts are being made by the United States government to conserve the food supply of the nation as a means of winning the war with Germany, was started recently by Nathan W. Pratt of the Massachussets fish and game commission. Dr. R. F. Brown of Fall River, who has a summer cottage at Beach Point, where the fish have made living almost impossible, says that he will write a letter to Governor McCall setting forth the conditions of the fish waste and asking for action. At the governor's office today it was said that no such letter had been received.

William C. Adams, chairman of the fish and game commission, when told of the report from the Cape, said:

"We have no legal power to regulate the catch of fish and to say how much shall or shall not be retained and thrown away. But if there is such a waste of food going on in Massachusetts we would like to know why.

"I have had the impression that whiting or "whitefish" was being kept by the storage plants for shipment into the west for food and for bait, and I am surprised to read that it is being thrown away.

"It seems to be up to the local health authorities to take action to prevent the fish from being washed up on the beaches and causing a nuisance. I will have the matter looked into at once."

Officials of cold storage concerns in Boston consider it highly "inconceivable" that edible fish could be wasted in this manner.

Concerning this condition, Dr. R. F. Brown says:

"We hear a great deal now about conserving the nation's food supply. Why is it that so much good fish is permitted to be caught at the weirs and thrown away to rot when people in Boston, New York and other large cities could get them at a low price if the proper officials did their duty?

"There are five cold storage fish plants at Provincetown and one at Truro. They own nearly all the weirs. Their men go to the weirs, haul the nets and select only the varieties of fish that will bring the highest prices (such as mackerel and squid (for bait) and then permit the whiting they have pulled up to float away. The reason they are not kept by the fishermen is because they claim they cannot get a market for them. The real reason is they do not wish to place in cold storage whiting worth two cents when they can save the room for mackerel which will bring 25 cents. They also figure that a large supply of whiting in the market would lower the prices of other fish. Yet the whiting are good to eat and they are eaten by the natives. They are sold in the large cities as 'lake white fish' and silver perch. Only a few are put in cold storage.

"If some of the food conservation committees will send representatives to investigate, they will find that tons of good fish are being wasted at these beaches in this manner.

Boston dealers say that whiting is brought to local markets only for certain trade, as it is a cheap food and not very popular. Others claim that there must be some underlying reason for this destruction of food fish as whiting is increasing in demand. Practically none of the whiting is sold now, they say, but large orders are placed in the winter. This condition of affairs has led some to believe that the cold storage houses are destroying the fish because they are overcrowded with frozen fish for Great Britain.

Some tradesmen do not seem to realize that it is the waste of food that the public is remonstrating about, and add that, if the cold storage house did not want to put the food on the market, they might turn the fish into fertilizer. This has given rise to conjecture among shipping men, if, after all, a great deal of food fish is not wasted daily by being converted into fertilizer.

The $1,660,000 war fund to be raised by the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks will be used in establishing base hospitals behind the firing lines, in taking care the families left behind by the soldiers and in aiding disabled men to learn a new trade or profession.

GEM

She simply could not behave, just plumb full of the old nick, a regular

"Mischief Maker"

Her folks sent her to boarding school in hope of reforming her, but little

June Caprice

remained as mischievous as ever until—but that would be telling. Come tonight and see what caused June to settle down.

Coming,
Hall Caine's "Deemster"

THE ARK

Ladies' silk hose	40c to 60c
Heavy flannelette, yard	20c
Boys' straw hats	25c
Middy cloth, 36-inch, yard	20c
Ladies' combination suits	75c
Cups and saucers, ½ dozen	90c
Apron gingham, yard	20c
Heavy grey blankets, pair	$4.25
Hair ribbons, wide, yard	15c
Boys' strong hose, 9 and 10	35c
Boys' bloomers	75c

Eye Advice

By an Experienced and Expert Optician. We will ADVISE AND PRESCRIBE ACCURATELY AND SCIENTIFICALLY To your especial case.

We Guarantee Our Optical Work

J. O. Patenaude
SPECIALIST IN OPTICS

BODY OF MAN FOUND IN PEND D'OREILLE

It Is Feared That It May Be That of Metalline Postmaster, Who Is Missing.

Provincial Police Chief Black has been notified by Constable McLaren of Salmo that he has been advised of the finding of the body of a drowned man in the Pend d'Oreille river, 18 miles from Waneta. He has left to investigate.

It is feared that the remains may be those of the postmaster at Metalline, who is missing.

RAISE $163.80 BY CARNATION SALES

Proceeds Will Be Used By Daughters of Empire to Buy Wool for Soldiers' Socks.

The sum of $163.80 was realized by the Daughters of the Empire through the sale of carnations on Saturday. The flowers were sold in bunches at 10 cents for small ones and 25 cents for large ones. The proceeds will go toward the purchase of wool with which to knit socks for boys at the front. Between 7000 and 8000 blooms were donated by Harold Selous, to whom a vote of thanks was passed and also to others who contributed to the success of the day.

Committees who made up bunches were: Mrs. Robert Thompson, Miss Cameron, Miss Jean Cameron. Mrs. W. O. Rose, Mrs. Nelson Winlaw, Mrs. Hugh Robertson, Mrs. W. H. Willson, Mrs. Eyton, Miss Florence Eyton, Mrs. W. S. Riblet, Mrs. A. L. McCulloch.

The flower sellers were: Mrs. William Walker, Misses Bobs Miller, Freda Hunter, Helen Hodgson, Kathleen Irving, Phoebe Cummins, Mrs. Frank Hawthorne, Misses Mary Cummins, Isabelle Blackwood, Jeanette Higginbotham, Freda Hume. Mrs James O'Shea, Miss Bina Taylor, Miss Lottie Taylor, Mary Waldie, Helen Gigot, Martha Sharp, Millie Machin, Mary Moore, Mary Rutherford, Mrs. C. W. Appleyard.

ALL PUPILS MUST GO TO VICTORIA

New Departmental Regulations Affect Kootenay-Boundary Normal School Students

In future all normal school pupils from the Kootenay-Boundary country must go to Victoria for examinations. Information to this effect is obtained in a mandate issued by the provincial education department.

The circular states that owing to the steadily increasing high school attendances for the lower mainland and the location of the provincial normal school at Vancouver in the center of congestion the accommodation at that school has become overtaxed.

In view of this the education department has decided that hereafter the provincial normal school at Vancouver shall receive students from the immediate vicinity of Vancouver, and from the lower mainland as far east as Hope on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, with the proviso that the maximum attendance at that school shall not exceed 225 students, and that all students from Vancouver Island, the Gulf islands and the mainland east of Hope shall attend the provincial normal school at Victoria.

GO TO COAST FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT

Fernie Soldiers Pass Through Nelson—Reinforcements Needed, Says Pte. Hynd.

A party of returned soldiers on their way from Fernie to Vancouver for medical treatment was in Nelson last night. In the party were Lance-Corp. J. J. Lyon, Corp. W. Carroll and Ptes. Harry Hynd, Percy Armer, W. Morris and J. Gill. The soldiers came in on last night's boat and leave for the coast this morning. They were met at the boat by a delegation of local returned soldiers consisting of Fred Roberts, Alex Berry, Arthur Cherry and Dave McAlmon and had a conference at the returned soldiers' club concerning matters affecting war veterans.

Pte. Gill won the military medal for dressing wounded soldiers while under fire at Vimy ridge.

Speaking to a representative of The Daily News last night Pte. Hynd stated that reinforcements were badly needed at the front. He said that soldiers were forced to do double time and that there was a growing feeling among the men that their rest periods should be longer. He stated that it was quite common for soldiers to work 15 hours a day for six days at a time. Asked as to the attitude of the troops at the front on the question of conscription he said that there was a practically unanimous feeling, he believed, that compulsory service should be enforced.

Pte. Hynd stated that the Canadian soldiers were treated well in England and were shown much consideration in Canada with the exception of the province of Quebec. He said that he noticed that there was a strong feeling of hostility toward soldiers on the part of certain elements of the population there.

REV. C. M. WRIGHT LEAVES FOR TORONTO

Preaches Farewell Sermons—Congregation Shows Practical Appreciation of His Ministry.

Rev. C. M. Wright, who is leaving for Toronto today to assume the duties of his new position in connection with the Canadian Standard Efficiency Tests, preached his farewell sermons at St. Paul's church yesterday. At both services there were large congregations, practically all members of the church and many belonging to other denominations attending to hear his final message, features of which were an appeal that Christian work in Nelson would steadily move forward and an expression of gratitude to the members for contributing to the harmonious relations of all connected with St. Paul's since he took over the pastorate.

To show their appreciation of his ministry in Nelson, members of St. Paul's presented Mr. Wright with a traveling bag and at the same time honored Mrs. Wright by making her the recipient of a cameo brooch. Both handsome gifts were handed over informally.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright are leaving by the Great Northern train this morning, traveling via Spokane and Duluth to Toronto.

Mr. Wright expects to be in Nelson at the time of the boys' conference in this district toward the end of November.

At the morning service the true meaning of Christianity was defined by Mr. Wright in an impressive discourse.

The Jews claim signs, the Greeks seek wisdom, but we preach Christ, the power of God and the wisdom of God to all who believe, said Mr. Wright in elaborating on the Biblical text he had chosen from first Corinthians.

Mr. Wright pointed out that the Jews and the Greeks referred to in the text were not national types but classifications of viewpoints spiritually. There were many today who looked upon religion as an external thing and who sought the extraordinary expression of religious experience. Similarly there were many today who had their own peculiar philosophy like the Greeks of old. But the only measure which the church could offer to meet the world's needs was that of Christ. The power of Christ was demonstrated in His noble life and heroic sacrifice. The wisdom of God was proven in the transformation of lives through the Christ appeal.

At the evening service Mr. Wright took as his text: "Whatsoever de do, do it heartily as unto the Lord."—Colossians 3-23.

Mr. Wright connected the text with the first message he had delivered in the city in April, 1916, from a similar text, John ii., 3.

He pointed out that service must be enthusiastic to be sustained and progressive; that it was not a thing of display. The strong, steady undercurrent of the consistent life was what was needed for the propagation of the gospel.

Reference was made to the marked advance in the tone of public opinion in British Columbia during the last 10 years, the preacher stating that this constituted a challenge to unite for the uplift which must come in the new era.

At the conclusion of the service Mr. Wright took opportunity to thank all who had contributed to the harmonious relations during his pastorate, and expressed the hope that the work in St. Paul's and Christian work in the city generally would move forward steadily.

The choir sang "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," and the members of the congregation bade farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Wright as they were leaving.

Social and Personal

Provincial Constable Dunn of New Denver is in the city.

Mrs. S. Ink and sons, Jack and Joe, are visiting friends in Kaslo.

Miss Ada Spencer has returned to Nelson after a two weeks' visit to Trail.

H. H. Francisco, general agent for the Sante Fe railroad, with headquarters at Portland, Ore., is visiting the city. He is a guest at the Hume.

Lloyd Ashton Rathyon of Penticton has been gazetted an issuer of marriage licenses at that center.

The engagement is announced of Kathleen, youngest daughter of the late Asa B. Wilmot of Newcastle, Ont., and Mrs. Wilmot, to George W. Lockhart of Sandon, B.C., formerly of Sussex, N.B. The marriage will take place quietly at Silverton early in August.

Noel Stirling Austin Arnold Wallinger has been appointed acting district registrar of the supreme court, registrar of the county court of East Kootenay and clerk of the peace for the county court district of East Kootenay at Cranbrook during the absence on leave of George William Frederick Carter.

Miss Gertrude Annable, daughter of Mayor Annable, left this morning on a trip to Spokane, Seattle and San Francisco, where she is to be married on Aug. 11 to R. S. Turner, formerly of the C. P. R. staff at Nelson. She will be accompanied as far as Spokane by her mother and Miss Erma Ferguson, who will continue the journey with her to Seattle and Portland.

Among the medal winners at high school entrance examinations for this province was A. Aileen Aylard, younger daughter of George H. Aylard, chief stockholder of the Standard mine, Silverton.

A large number of the friends of Trinity Methodist church met last evening at the home of Mayor Annable to bid good-bye to Miss Annable. She was the recipient of a cameo brooch and pendant from her friends of the church. Miss Annable was a member of the choir.

The engagement is announced between Capt. A. E. (Johnnie) Jukes, 72nd battalion, Canadian Seaforths, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jukes, Vancouver, B.C., and Gerda Cecilia, second daughter of the late Col. Arnold Henry Grant Kemball, C.B., D.S.O., 54th battalion, C.E.F., late of 5th Gurkhas, Indian army, and Mrs. Kemball of Falls street, Kaslo, B.C.

Calgary Lager Beer

CALGARY STOUT
BUFFALO BRAND.

Agents

Nelson Wine & Spirit Company

Phone 260 P. O. Box 1099

"B & K" Scratch Food

THIS IS A MIXTURE

For Laying Hens

AND NOT INTENDED FOR FATTENING

The best grain we have goes into this mixture, and the proper proportions of sunflower seed and shell.

THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING CO., LTD.

When You Want a Pure, Free Lathering Soap GET A BAR OF OUR SPECIAL BRAND

CASTILE SOAP

10c, 15c, 25c, 30c and 40c Per Box
SPONGES—A LARGE SELECTION JUST ARRIVED FOR YOU TO CHOOSE FROM.

CALL AND SEE OUR LINE OF

JAPANESE BASKETS

VARIOUS SHAPES, SIZES AND PRICES.

Kodaks, Films, Neilson Chocolates, Edison Phonographs and Stationery

CITY DRUG AND STATIONERY COMPANY

PHONE 34 MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY DESPATCHED P. O. BOX 1083

DON'T DELAY!

Have Your Eyes Examined Today

By a graduate optician. Satisfaction guaranteed. Lens replaced, glasses made up or any optical work done on short notice.

J. J. WALKER
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

NYLO CHOCOLATES

Fresh Stock of These Finest Quality Chocolates.

Special Cherry Creams, Maple Walnut, Peppermint Creams; Package	10c
Home Special—½ pound	35c
Popular	75c
Favorite	$1.00
Hard Centre and Nut	$1.50

Rutherford Drug Co.
NELSON, B. C.

20 Per Cent Off

ON DOLLS, GAMES, TOYS and SPORTING GOODS

For the Balance of this Week.

R. L. HICKINGBOTTOM
Stationery and Fancy Goods
413 Ward St., Nelson, B. C.

OUR AIM IS PERFECTION

When you buy from us we take the same interest in the transaction that you do. We want you to be pleased and satisfied and we do not consider a transaction properly conducted unless you leave our store perfectly satisfied in every detail. It is your interest we always have in mind.

A. D. PAPAZIAN,
Watchmaker, Jeweler and Graduate Optician
MADDEN BLOCK, BAKER ST.

POTATOES SCARCE AT SATURDAY'S MARKET

Potatoes were scarce at Saturday's market, selling for $5 a 100-pound sack. Very few strawberries were offered. They sold at two boxes for 25 cents. Black currants brought $1.75 a bucket. Raspberries sold at two boxes for 25 cents. Vegetables were plentiful at prices prevailing last week.

DUNCAN SOLDIER KILLED IN ACTION

Seven Men From British Columbia Wounded—J. Moores, Creston, Returns to Duty.

In the weekend casualty lists issued from Ottawa one British Columbia soldier is reported killed in action, while seven are listed as wounded, and one, having recovered from the effects of gas poison, has rejoined his regiment. The men are:

KILLED IN ACTION

T. Tombs, Duncan.

WOUNDED.

R. Henderson, Vancouver, B. C.
E. Barritt, Vancouver, B. C.
H. Blackwell, North Vancouver, B.C.
H. Dickie, 1455 Seventh avenue west, Vancouver.
Lieut. O. R. Blandy, Alberni.
J. M. Adrian, 2609 Keith drive, Vancouver.
W. Grant, Kamloops.

GAS POISON, REJOINED UNIT.

J. Moores, Creston.

Other names on the lists are:

INFANTRY.

Killed in action—T. Larkin, Ireland; G. R. Stimin, Toronto; W. Lemke, Prevna, Ont.; E. Ferdinand, Quebec; W. Smith, England; H. Williams, England; A. D. Porter, St. Thomas, Ont.; W. Slade, England; H. J. Knox, Massey, Ont.; Corp. T. Harrison, England; Corp. H. Ellis, England; C. S. Laverty, Ireland; H. Henderson, Toronto; Sergt. D. Monro, Scotland; F. Huffman, Winnipeg; F. Oliginy, Montreal; F. Halford, England; E. Roy, Montreal; M. McPherson, Rockland, Mo.; N. McLeod, Scotland; Lieut. C. E. Dykman, Portage la Prairie, Man; E. Ferguson, Plainfield, N.J.; Sergt. E. Hutton, Cloverbar, Alta.; A. M. Ballantyne, no address; M. H. Brooks, St. John; N. Breen, St. John; J. T. Tait, Hamilton; Corp. D. Peppin, Montreal; Corp. W. R. Bell, Weston, Ont.; R. Murdie, Winnipeg; T. Sostin, Harcourt, N.B.; E. Honeyman, England; D. W. Cameron, Winchester Springs, Ont.; A. Finlay, England; J. S. Goodwin, Calgary; Lieut. E. B. McLean, Heafley creeek, B.C.; T. Blackburn, Quebec.

Killed in action —H. Young, England; B. Rippinpgale, Peterboro, Ont.; S. H. Rippingale, Peterboro; S. Crouse, Chelsea, N.S.; A. Jones, Wales; C. M. Mitchell, Baldur, Man.; F. F. Blake, Minnedosa, Man.; J. M. Patterson, Forest, Ont.; Lieut. V. C. Lyck, Beachville, Ont.; Lieut. F. S. Neill, Harriston, Ont; F. Finlayson, Verdun, Que.; W. McLintock, Deloraine, Man.; Lieut. W. Bisland, Scotland; W Geddes, Scotland; F. M. Epham, Scotland; F. F. Fox, England; A. McCrindle, Winnipeg; E. Campbell, Jordan Station, Ont; J. Ingram, Craven, Sask.; J. Favel, Portage la Prairie; J. H. Allardyce, Calgary; A. N. Pilote, Quebec; W. J. Taylor, Ottawa; G. H. Thamer, Walton, Ont.

Previously reported missing, now killed in action—M. R. McNutt, Truro, N.S.; G. Monk, Wingham, Ont.; J. Lauder, Cypress River, Man.; F. Hancock, England; W. N. Peel, Winnipeg.

Reported missing, believed killed—V. H. McKie, Calgary; C. Givin, Medicine Hat; C. Robertson, Toronto.

Previously reported missing, now presumed to have died—J. Campbell, Scotland, J. Shipp, England, W. Greenland, Scotland; C. E. Goslin, England.

Died of wounds—E. Pearson, Winnipeg; J. Huddleston, Dundas, Ont.; W. Everett, Brooks, N.B.; G. Cusack, St. John; C. Hales, England; A. Pryor, Emerson, Man.; J. A. Hill, Eastport, Me.; Lieut. W. Hutchinson, Grafton, Ont.

Missing—Lieut. L. Lennox, Toronto; Lieut. G. R. Webber, Hamilton; F. Richards, Toronto; W. F. McDonald, Monkton, Ont.; J. Ramsay, England; J. L. Eddes, Edmonton.

Reported prisoner of war and wounded—C. A. Gordon, Toronto; Corp. W. Wilson, Ireland; J. Crow, Owen Sound, Ont.; D. Hood, Scotland.

Wounded—R. Ranchor, Toronto; R. A. Dalgreish, Boltover, Ont.; G. Hayward, Woodstock, Ont.; S. Moore, Sussex, N.B.; J. Staples, Colchester, N.S.; J. Cook, Centreville, N.B.; J. Redman, London; Corp. C. McKerrall, Coldwater, Ont.; Corp. A. C. Savage, England; H. McIntyre, Winnipeg; J. Gerard, England; F. Hyland, Hamilton.

Wounded—A. R. Gotty, Toronto; H. O'Neill, Ireland; E. J. Alcock, Kenora, Ont.; L. Blackwell, Toronto; A. N. Mallett, McAuley, Man.; W. Granby, England; T. J. Smith, Osawa, Ont.; Sergt. F. Martin, London, Ont.; Corp. A. N. Cox, England; N. McLeod, Paisley, Ont.; J. Nelson, Toronto; G. Lowther, Crapan, P. E. I.; J. R. McKay, Winnipeg; J. Wood, Scotland; T. James, Ireland; J. E. Sager, Griswold, Man.; W. Scott, St. John, N. B.; M. Brayall, Fort Fairfield, Me.

ARTILLERY

Killed in action—H G. Lewis, Woodstock, N. B.

Died of wounds—G. A. Perry, Plusville, P. E. I.; C. H. Hunt, Toronto; C. Moyer, Vineland, Ont.; Corp. C. J. Stone, St. John, N. B.

Wounded—W. Matthews, Arnprior, Ont.; D. McBeth, Madoc, Ont.; W. B. Sanders, England; J. McDonnell, Cobourg, Ont.; P. J. Roser, Markham, Ont.; Sergt. E. Bell, Millbank, Ont.

CANADIAN OFFICERS HONORED FOR BRAVERY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 29.—In the Official Gazette tonight notice was given of awards of the Military Cross to the following Canadian officers:

Major Melville Mason Hart, Captains William G. Reisinger, B. Dayton Griffin, William Hale, Jr., Ralph S. Hayes, E. R. Hughes, E. S. Jeffrey, R. W. Kenny and Charles Kerr; Lieutenants J. K. Gillespie, George D. Fillie, William M. Goodwin, Angus Douglas, G. Gray, Gerald W. Glou, F. C. Hannington, R. S. Harrison, C. L. Keather, J. B. Henry, Walter Hoyd, Gilbert Hocking, Thomas Hodson, Robert Kearns, Norman A. Keys, L. B. Kingston, J. A. Lallande, J. A. Langford, Alfred Lawson and A. T. Loughrey.

A steamship started for Java recently from an Atlantic port with over 400 persons from Holland who are to colonize there in hopes of bettering their own condition made difficult in their own land by the war.

STARLAND THEATRE

"Where Everybody Goes"

TONIGHT—7 TO 10:30

The Famous Players Present

Jack Pickford

In a picturization of the great stage success,

"The Dummy"

The thrilling tale of a boy who pretends to be a deaf mute in order to assist in capturing a band of kidnapers.

SELECTED COMEDY.

Friday—Babie Marie Osborne.
Saturday—Sessue Hayakawa.

Men's Suits

Chemically cleaned $2.00

Removes all the dirt, leaving them fresh and clean.

H. K. Foot
High Class Dyer and Cleaner
NELSON, B. C.

Agencies—M. Papazian, 411 Ward Street; Ross Fleming, Fairview.

The Blue Serge Suit

The Suit of all Suits for warm weather!

The Serge Suit admits of a great many variations.

It can be worn with a light vest or it can be worn without a vest—it's right either way!

The Coat can be worn with white duck or flannel Trousers.

$25, $28, $30 to $35

The Serge Suit requires the best of tailoring in order to look well and to retain its shape. It must be fast color, too!

Come here for your Serge Suit and you'll take no chance on color, tailoring or anything.

Emory & Walley
FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

JUST THE THING FOR THE CITY HOME OR SUMMER CAMP

The New Perfection

Oil Cook Stove

FAR SUPERIOR TO THE OLD STYLE OIL STOVE
ALSO SAFE AND ODORLESS

We Carry in Stock the Two and Three Burner Styles and Will Be Pleased to Have You Examine Their Many Good Points

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

Let the Insurance Company Carry Your Risk

Every dry day adds to your risk. In case of loss the cost of material and labor has materially increased—for a few dollars a strong corporation will carry your load. Can you and your family afford to be without protection?

If your home is modern and in Nelson and sixty feet from your neighbor it will only cost you $12.00 per thousand for three years, or $4.00 per thousand per year. In other words you would have to pay for 125 years before you would pay out what you would get back in case of a total loss.

Yes, let the Insurance Company carry your risk.

Charles F. McHardy
INSURANCE REAL ESTATE FUEL