The Daily News carries the full night leased wire news service of Canadian Press Limited, which includes the Associated Press service.

The Daily News

The Daily News has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in Canada in proportion to the population of its home town.

VOL. 16 No. 128 NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1917 50c PER MONTH

GEN. KORNILOFF REVOLTS AND IS RELIEVED OF RUSSIAN COMMAND

HOUSE REJECTS LAURIER'S FRANCHISE BILL AMENDMENT

Majority of 12 is Obtained by Government

LEADERS HEARD IN BIG DEBATE

Laurier Champions Cause of Enemy Alien Voters

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 11.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning the house of commons divided on the Laurier amendment to the wartime elections measure. The amendment was rejected on a straight party division of 46 to 34, a government majority of 12.

Hon. William Pugsley then moved a second amendment which was also lect.

Pugsley Amendment Lost.

Mr. Pugsley's amendment declared it undesirable to disfranchise a large number of people who had taken the oath of allegiance and fulfilled the duties of citizenship and expressed regret that the franchise had not been extended to all the women of Canada. It set forth that any bill is contrary to the public interest which fails to recognize the work done by women in connection with the war.

Speaking of his amendment, Mr. Pugsley said the measure was all a pretense. Had union government gone through, the bill would never have been introduced. The bill, he said, failed to recognize the noble work of these women who were not represented at the front, but yet had given the highest service.

In closing he said that never in the history of Canada had such an unjust measure been introduced. Mr. Pugsley's amendment was rejected on a division of 47 to 34.

J. A. Barrette of Berthier, voted with the opposition. The second reading was then carried on the same division.

The feature of the debate in the house was the 20 minute speeches of Sir Robert Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The opposition leader, who rose at 4 o'clock, declared himself as emphatically opposed to the legislation. He objected to the plan to alter the provincial franchise by providing that an important class of his majesty's subjects should be denied the privileges they now enjoy. The government, he said, was introducing a new principle and violating the franchise granted to newcomers. Sir Wilfrid expressed the conviction that the great majority of the people who came to Canada from Europe would not turn traitor to the land of their adoption, in favor of the land of their birth. The government, he said, was proposing to set at naught the naturalization pledge given to an alien on his becoming a Canadian citizen. In addition it was proposed to take away the franchise from the women in five provinces. "I move that it be resolved that the abridgement by this parliament of the electoral franchise now enjoyed in any province of the Dominion by any class of his majesty's subjects would be contrary to the peace, order and good government of Canada," said Sir Wilfrid.

Says Laurier Responsible.

Sir Robert Borden, in reply, said that the leader of the opposition was

(Continued on Page Two.)

PAINLEVE TO FORM FRENCH MINISTRY

Will Be Government of National Unity Entirely Devoted to Task of Winning War

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Paul Painleve, the minister of war, informed President Poincare tonight that he had accepted the task of forming a ministry to replace that headed by Alexandre Ribot. M. Painleve declared that the new ministry would not be representative of political parties but a government of national unity, bending all the strength of the nation to an increasingly energetic conduct of the war.

Wanted Investigations

PARIS, Sept. 10.—In announcing his decision to give up his effort to form a cabinet, M. Ribot sketched briefly the program he had formulated for the guidance of himself and the colleagues he had expected to serve him. At special interest at this time with the disclosures, as a result of which M. Malvery recently resigned, was M. Ribot's decision to "apply as rapidly as possible legal measures to all the criminalists who are being investigated, neglecting nothing to discover the plots against the national government and to be restrained by no consideration of anyone." This program also comprised a more energetic conduct of the war, and the extension of liberty "on condition that its exercise be not confounded with criminal propaganda."

PARIS, Sept. 10.—President Poincare, after conferring this morning with presidents of the chamber and the senate, summoned Prof. Paul Painleve, the minister of war, and asked him to form a new cabinet in succession to that headed by M. Ribot. Prof. Painleve reserved his definite answer until tonight.

Socialists' Action Unexpected

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Sunday's action of the Socialist party in refusing to collaborate with Alexandre Ribot in forming a new ministry, was unexpected. An explanation of the Socialists' step was given by some of their deputies in the lobbies of the chamber, their declaration being that when Premier Ribot announced that a reconstruction of the cabinet would take place, the Socialists were under the impression that fundamental changes would be made. They found out, however, that a majority of the existing ministers would be retained. That being the case, they considered the ministry did not offer sufficient guarantees either of a more vigorous conduct of the war or of a truly democratic policy. The deputies explained that consequently the party decided to withhold its support.

In effect, it appears, the principal changes contemplated by M. Ribot were the substitution of M. Bienvienu Martine for M. Riveniea, minister of justice, of Maurice Long for the much criticized Maurice Violenette, minister of subsistence, and the creation of a ministry of national service, for which M. Kloville, president of the chamber budget committee, was to have been nominated.

When the new ministry assembled late last night, however, Prof. Paul Painleve announced he would decline to continue in office as minister of war. That brought about the collapse of the committee. The political situation has now become a complex and difficult one and it is considered in the lobbies that it will require some days to solve it. President Poincare will resume his conferences with the presidents of the chamber and senate and various political leaders at the earliest hour possible.

It is expected that President Poincare will first ask Prof. Painleve to form a cabinet and there is a strong probability that he will succeed.

SWEDEN TO BE ASKED TO EXPLAIN

Information on Position as Neutral Wanted

EXPOSURE SHOWS ALLIES' INTENTION

It is That Germany Shall Get no Aid from Neutrals

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—While the American government awaited developments today, following Secretary Lansing's note regarding the transmission of official German documents by the Swedish charge at Buenos Ayres, Washington foreign diplomats turned their attention to a study of their possible significance. Two facts stood out clearly in the minds of most observers. Sweden will be compelled to make definite her position as a neutral and the exposure may be taken as indicating more exactly the intention of the allies to see that Germany shall cease receiving aid from all the European neutrals. Publication of the facts reveal to the public that this government is fully cognizant of the aid Sweden had been rendering to the central powers, and tends to cement the opinion in support of the absolute embargo against Sweden, six weeks ago. It has already been declared definitely that no foodstuffs or other supplies will be permitted to go to the neutrals for at least six weeks, to give the government an opportunity to establish precisely their trade relations with Germany.

Sweden, as well as other nations, has contended it has the right to export to Germany any commodities produced at home, even though the goods are replaced by commodities imported from the United States.

Would End in Six Months

Experts say the war would be ended in six months if Swedish iron exports to Germany were stopped.

The Swedish authorities, it is declared, have drained their country of foodstuffs by taking from the food-producing industries vast numbers of men and placing them in the iron mines and the munition factories that have sprung up since the war began.

Argentine is the only one of the big food exporters now at peace with Germany. The Argentine crop of wheat this year promises a surplus of nearly 200,000,000 bushels, which has already been purchased by the European neutral governments.

The British government, in dealing with trade between neutrals, has asked that no food be reexported. The United States, now a belligerent, is granting export licenses for food shipments to neutrals with the demand that it must not be used to take the place of other foodstuffs that might be exported, and some officials want to go so far as to refuse food to workers whose product is sold in Germany.

It was learned today that Secretary Lansing sent the copies of the intercepted messages to the American representatives at Stockholm, London and Paris, but merely for their information.

On the surface today there were no developments in the situation. Ambassador Naon had received no advice from Buenos Ayres and the Swedish legation was silent, both the minister and the charge being out of the city.

PREMIER BORDEN MUST BE BACKED

Soldiers to a Man Favor Conscription

THIS IS MESSAGE FROM GEN. STEELE

Canada Must Aid Gallant Fighters or be Eternally Disgraced

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 10.—Mayor Davidson received the following cablegram from Gen. Steele, who is a Liberal in politics, tonight:

"Canadian soldiers overseas are to a man in favor of conscription. Borden must be backed up. It would be the ruin of Canada to retire at this stage. The proper way to back Gen. Currie is to keep his corps reinforced. Canada, to keep her place as a nation within the Empire, must stand by her gallant men or be eternally disgraced. The result of the Winnipeg convention was apparently misunderstood. Empty compliments count for little."

HAMIOTA, Man., Sept. 10.—A non-partizan win-the-war meeting was held here tonight with the object of getting all parties so that an agreement might be reached on a fusion candidate and thus avoid an election in the Marquette riding during the war. A resolution favoring the Military Service act and declaring for a conscription of wealth; the immediate formation of a national government, and believing that the "whole country should rally round Sir Robert Borden," was unanimously carried.

FRENCH TROOPS CAPTURE VILLAGES

Follow Up Onslaught on Austrians in Macedonia by Successful Drive to North

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Sept. 10.—An official report on operations in Macedonia states:

"There was moderate activity along the whole front. The enemy violently bombarded the Russian position between Lakes Presba and Malika. West of Lake Malika, our detachments crossed thi Devol on Sept. 8 and captured about 30 Austrian prisoners.

"Today they made new progress to the north and occupied the villages of Gradiziste Bubucha, Manastirets-Gorizia and Griebets."

AMENDMENTS TO C. N. R. BILL LOST

Measure Is Given Second Reading in Senate—Government Has Majority of Six

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 10.—At 11 o'clock tonight the bill to acquire the capital stock of the Canadian Northern railway at a price to be fixed by arbitration secured second reading in the senate by a vote of 43 to 37, or a majority of six for the government. Three government members, Senator Beaubien, Monte Plaisir and Landry, voted with the opposition, while Senator Edwards, on the opposition side, voted with the government. The amendment of Senator Bostock, Liberal leader, calling for the submission of a mass of information, was defeated, as was also a further amendment of Senator Powers, which provided that the legislation of 1914 should be invoked by the acquirement of the system, and that the capital stock be declared to possess no value.

Both amendments were voted down by a government majority of six. Senator Bellecourt then moved that the bill should not be given a second reading until the government gave the senate assurances that it would enforce the provision in the contract of 1914, providing that, in connection with the main and the branch lines of the Canadian Northern, Mackenzie & Mann should stake no claim for contractors' "profits or for similar service." A division was taken and the vote was the same, 43 to 37.

Senator Bostock asked if the government would undertake to have the bill amended in committee so that the maximum limit of payment for shares would be indicated.

CANADIAN OFFICERS ARE PASSED FOR REPATRIATION

LONDON, Sept. 10.— Canadian officers in Switzerland who have passed for repatriation include Lieuts. E. Smith and Douglas of the Mounted Rifles and O. O'Grady of Winnipeg.

DEMANDED FROM THE PREMIER THE DICTATORSHIP OF RUSSIA

Action of Commander-in-Chief Described by Premier Kerensky as Incredible Treason--Gen. Klembovsky Is New Leader of Armies

ORGANIZATION OF ARMY ON STRICT LINES OF DISCIPLINE IS CHIEF POINT AT ISSUE

Friends of Korniloff Say Revolt Intended as Quickest Means to Common End of Preserving Russian Democracy--Foreign Minister Says Due to Misunderstanding, Which Will be Cleared up Soon

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10. — The crisis precipitated by the forced resignation of Gen. Korniloff as commander of the Russian army is regarded here as possibly the most serious of many in that country's six months existence as a democratic country. The open fashion in which the Russian commander demanded from Premier Kerensky a virtual dictatorship and the adherence to the plans of former Premier Lvoff, with his following of the duma and powerful members and military classes, indicate that the Korniloff forces feel sure they can succeed. Unless the differences can be composed, it is feared Russia may sink deeper into political disorganization and fall prey either of German conquerors or threatening monarchial reaction.

Chief Point at Issue

Without official despatches explaining in full the situation, it is understood here that the chief point of the issue is the organization of the army along strict disciplinary lines, including the death penalty for soldiers violating orders, advocated persistently by Gen. Korniloff. Although Premier Kerensky has declared himself for the Korniloff program, the provisional government has asserted a check on the death sentence through the government reviewing commissioners at the front.

Apparently Gen. Korniloff despaired of improving the situation by carrying out his frequent threats to resign, and finally became satisfied that his influence was sufficiently powerful to wrest the entire government from the provisional cabinet. The provisional government's decision of martial law in Petrograd and the substitution of Gen. Klembovsky as commander-in-chief is accepted as indicating that Kerensky does not count on compromising tactics and is ready to apply his policy of "blood and iron" if necessary against the revolt.

Revolt Not Dangerous

A gleam of hope came from Foreign Minister Terestchenko's statement in an interview today that he believed the revolt "not dangerous and partly due to a misunderstanding, which would be cleared up."

In this connection it is explained by persons familiar with the vicissitudes of Russian politics that Gen. Korniloff's action has no connection with the recently disclosed plot to restore the monarchy, but is intended by its promoters only as the quickest means to the common end of preserving Russian democracy. A number of times recently it has been denied by the provisional ministers that the government was at odds with Gen. Korniloff over army discipline problems, despite reports that Korniloff repeatedly has threatened to resign if army officers were not given more power to enforce discipline.

It was recalled that last May he resigned as commander of the Petrograd garrison because workmen's and soldiers' delegates insisted on a referendum on military orders.

Recently Praised Korniloff

Just a week ago the provisional government, still applying the system of review of death sentences by commissioners, announced that "it was in complete accord with Gen. Korniloff," who was praised for having preserved "complete political neutrality."

Officials here see in the appointment of Gen. Klembovsky, who has commanded the armies in the north during the recent retreat before Riga, evidence that the government hopes to strengthen its national position and hold the Germans against further advances on Petrograd.

Klembovsky will remain at his present post in the north, according to the premier's proclamation, and will probably be in a better position to draw troops and supplies to the right sector.

Gen. Klembovsky is one of the younger Russian generals who heretofore has not played a spectacular part in the war. He is regarded, however, as an excellent military tactician and of strong personality. It is thought possible he may modify the present death penalty orders. The Russian embassy received scant reports today of the new crisis, and official comment was limited to admitting that the situation seemed very serious.

Tells Story of Revolt

PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.—Concerning the details and developments of Korniloff's rebellion, the ministers of the provincial government refused to make public the details, but the Associated Press, from fragmentary sources, have been able to collect the main facts. At 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon, after Premier Kerensky had inspected a deputation of Russian soldiers from the Balkans, Deputy Lvoff called him away from the troops and demanded an interview, declaring that his mission was of great importance.

M. Kerensky at first refused to receive him, but afterward did receive him, whereupon Lvoff declared he had come as Gen. Korniloff's agent in order to demand the surrender of all power into Korniloff's hands. M. Lvoff said that this demasd did not emanate from Korniloff but was supported by "a group of political workers," meaning an organization of Duma members, Moscow industrial interests and other conservatives which had played the role of opposition at the national conference at Moscow. The group, said M. Lvoff, did not object to Kerensky personally, but demanded that he transfer the portfolio of war to M. Savinkoff, assistant minister of war, who all along had supported Korniloff's demands. M. Lvoff added: "If you agree, we invite you

(Continued on Page Two.)

U.S. WAR TAX BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Provides For Levy of About $2,400,000,000—Will Be in Operation Within 10 Days

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The war tax bill, the largest single taxation measure in American history, was passed tonight by the senate. It provides for a levy somewhat under $2,400,000,000, as compared with $1,867,870,000 proposed in the bill as it passed in the house May 23.

The great bill, nearly four months in the making, will be returned to the house Tuesday and then goes to conference and will be in operation within 10 days. Awaiting the senate in the final struggle over war fiscal policies is the $11,500,000,000 cabinet measure which passed the house unanimously and upon which work will be begun tomorrow by the finance committee. Of the the $2,400,000,000 new taxes provided for in the tax bill for duration of the war, $842,2000,000 is to be taken from incomes, corporations and individuals and $1,060,000,000 from war profits. Most of the remainder is levied on liquor, tobacco and public utilities.

DEATH BATTALION DEFEATS TEUTONS

Enemy Forced to Retreat in Sector of Riga Region—Russ Rearguards Fight Valiantly

(By Associated Press.)

On the northern Russian front the Russians are now offering strong opposition to the Germans who are endeavoring to press their advantage farther east from the Riga-Dvina line. Thirty-two miles northeast of Riga, near Sevegold, a "death battalion" has even defeated the Germans and forced them to retreat to the south, while along the Burtenske line to the Pskoff railroad the Russian rearguards are giving strong battle to the advancing Teutonic contingents.

In the Rumanian theatre, the Russians again have assumed the offensive, delivering repeated attacks with large effectiveness against the Teutonic allied positions in the Trotus and Oitus valleys. No details of this fighting have come through, except from the Berlin war office, which asserts that the combatants met in hand to hand encounters and that the Russo-Rumanian forces were repulsed.

ITALIANS BREAK COUNTER ATTACKS

Foil Efforts of Austrians to Hamper Efforts Made to Take Monte San Gabrielle

(By Associated Press.)

Around Monte San Gabrielle, Gen. Cadorna continues to hammer away at the Austrian positions, with the enemy vigorously defending themselves. No claims to further progress on this sector are made by the Italian official communication, but it is announced that attempts by the Austrians in counter-attacks to lessen the intensity of the Italian fire have been repulsed.

To the south on the Carso plateau, the artillery duel is still of great proportions.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, Sept. 10.—An official statement reads:

"In the Trentino the enemy reconnoitering parties were put to flight by our advanced posts. In the Carnia an attack carried out against our positions on Monte Granuda and Cuelt ground failed. Northeast of Gorizia our pressure is continuing.

"In the southern zone of the Carso plateau activity of the artillery was great.

"Our airplanes bombed enemy batteries in Ternov forest. The enemy attacked them with intense fire.

"Collection of the large booty captured since the beginning of the battle has not yet been completed. At the present time the following has been ascertained: Guns 145, including 80 of medium calibre; 93 trench mortars and bomb throwers; 323 machine guns; 1197 rifles. Many of these arms already have been put in action against the Austrians."

BERLIN SAYS HUGE NUMBER ALLIES' PLANES DESTROYED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BERLIN, Sept. 10.—In a report on aviation operations, it is stated:

"During the month of August 64 of our airplanes which went out against the enemy have failed to return. During the same period the losses of the enemy have been 37 captive balloons and at least 295 airplanes, including 126 brought down ablaze inside of our lines and 169 inside of enemy lines."

CHILD DROWNED IN SLOUGH

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 10.—Peter Debert, 2-year-old son of A. Debert, residing north of the city, was drowned in a slough near the family residence yesterday. The father found the body in two feet of water.

FRENCH AND BRITISH CONSOLIDATE GAINS

Haig's Men Successful in Local Fighting Near St. Julien—Raid Enemy Effectively.

(By Associated Press.)

On the Verdun sector French troops have consolidated the posts aken from the German crown prince in the Fosses and Caurieres wood in the fighting of Saturday and Sunday and the Germans, doubtless because of their enormous losses, have ceased for the time being their counter-attacks.

On the British front, the British likewise, have consolidated trenches captured on Sunday. They are also keeping up in various sectors their successful French raiding operations and staving off similar attacks made by the Germans.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The official report from the British headquarters in France tonight reads.

"In addition to those reported this morning, a few prisoners were taken during the night in the course of patrol combats near Lagnicourt. Last night there was local fighting in which we captured several prisoners southeast of St. Julien."

Artillery Active at Verdun

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Heavy artillery fighting in the Verdun sector is reported in the official communication issued tonight. The text reads:

"On the right bank of the Meuse, violent artillery activity is in progress in the direction of Hill 344 and the Bois des Fosses. Everywhere else the day was calm.

"Aviation: On Sept. 8-9, five German airplanes were brought down in air engagements. In the course of the last week our pilots continued their exploits. Sub-Lieut. Nungesser gained his 30th victory, and Capt. Beurteux his 20th. Sub-Lieuts. Madon, Ortoly and Lufbery and Adjutants Fonck and Jailler have brought down their 10th adversary."

VICTORIA WOMEN PROTEST WAR TIME ELECTIONS BILL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, B.C., Sept. 10—The local council of women in session here today passed a resolution vigorously protesting against the war time elections measure and going on record as "deeply deploring that a body of men elected to legislate for the protection of rights and liberties of the people should even consider an act so contrary in its spirit to the freedom for which we as a nation are today making great sacrifices in the interest of humanity."

FROST HEAVILY DAMAGES CROPS

Loss in Northwest Runs Into Millions—Earliest Killing Frost in Forty-Five Years

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn, Sept. 10.—Millions of dollars worth of damage was done to the corn crop and to late garden truck in Minnesota, North Dakota, northern Iowa and northern Wisconsin by a killing frost last night, according to reports received today by the United States weather bureau. Another frost is expected for tonight.

This is the earliest killing frost known in the offical history of weather in the northwest, covering a period of 45 years, and it lacks two days of being a month earlier than the average arrival covering that number of years, which is Oct. 8.

Prof. A. D. Wilson, chief of the extension division of the state agricultural college, from reports received, estimates frost damage to the Minnesota corn crop at $50,000,000. This is a loss of one-half, as the crop was valued at $100,000,000. Prof. Wilson bases his estimate on reports received by telephone from Redwood and Olmstead counties, which are in the second tier from the southern boundary of the state and the best basis for estimates of frost damage in the Minnesota farm belt.

GERMANY TO OFFER PEACE ON THE STATUS QUO BASIS

Move Before Winter Is Expected—Is to Avoid Revolution or National Collapse.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Throughout official London, the belief is held that a very definite peace offer will come from Germany before winter and that the offer will suggest immediate cessation of hostilities on a status quo basis.

Entente statesmen have fully intimated that they will refuse such proposals and no doubt Germany is aware of this. But German leaders regard a status quo offer by Germany as indispensable in the preparation of German opinion for further concessions.

A high official authority has given the Associated Press the following statement of the situation in Germany as regards peace:

"There is no doubt that the German government is anxious to get out of the war at the earliest possible moment on any terms which will ensure them against a revolution at home and national collapse.

"Great numbers of German people today would welcome a peace on a status quo basis, this meaning practically at a draw, in which no belligerent would occupy any teritory beyond that which it possessed in July, 1914, and in which, moreover, each side would bear its own burden in respect to the material losses incurred during the course of the war. But it is impossible to saw how far this view has spread among the German proletariats because naturally where it exists it has had small opportunity of public expression.

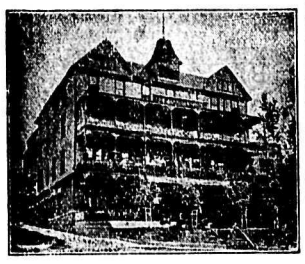
"It is obvious that if the German people ultimately come to accept a net loss as inevitable, they must pass to that frame of mind through the intermediaries and a willingness to accept a status quo peace. If the war continues to go against Germany, test offers to conclude separate peace certainly will be made as soon as the pressure reaches a certain point."

Leading Hotels of the West

Where the Traveling Public May Obtain Superior Accommodation.

THE HUME
A la Carte Table d'Hote
GEORGE BENWELL, Prop.
Special Summer Sunday Dinner, $1.

HUME—Pte. G. P. Harper, Balfour; H. Giegerich, Kaslo; Capt. J. L. Henshaw, Vancouver; W. S. Hamby, Spokane; W. J. Russell and wife, Calgary; Mrs. D. Y. Brouse and family, Mrs. W. Humphry, F. A. Tripp, Kamloops; C. H. Carsill, Spokane; W. B. Pool, Sheep creek; W. A. Ward, Vancouver; C. F. Edwards, Porto Rico; T. H. Etter, Ritzville; W. G. Harris, Salmo; A. C. O'Neill, Ymir; A. F. Sanger, F. E. Hutchins, Spokane; G. H. Edwards, Sydney, Australia; C. G. Lightfoot, Vancouver; J. Silverstone, Winnipeg; Mrs. D. B. McKenzie, Lethbridge; J. W. Somers, Tofield; Merle McKenzie, Lethbridge; Charles F. Woehler, Minneapolis; R. Lamont, Creston; E. Hogan, J. B. Todd, Victoria; Mrs. J. C. Halsey, Balfour; Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Moffatt, Willow Point; John Evine, Sowel; H. J. Warwich, Taghum; Rev. Principal W. H. Vance, Pte. W. S. Youhill, Vancouver; D. C. Beavis, Toronto; H. C. Yuill and daughter, Medicine aHt; Mrs. S. Gillespie, Toronto.



The Strathcona
F. B. WHITING, Prop.
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER

STRATHCONA—N. D. B. Larmouth, Vancouver; George A. Brown, Vancouver; Mrs. R. Hall, Spokane; A. E. Stewart, Calgary; R. C. Good, Winnipeg; S. W. Johnson, Medicine Hat; Miss Lillie Thompson, London; Miss P. Peckiss, San Francisco; R. E. H. Ronaldson, Vancouver.

Queen's Hotel
European and American Plan.
Steam Heat in Every Room.
A. LAPOINTE, Prop.

QUEENS — W. Sandman, Victor Johnson, Kaslo; M. Richard, Seattle; G. T. Matthews, Salmo; D. A. McIntosh, Spokane; C. Rutherford, Northport; A. D. Oakley, George Hawley, Silverton; A. Pamphlet, Victoria; A. McRitchie, Kimberley; Alex Laird, Phoenix; Pete Lalonde, Taghum.

Grand Central Hotel
Opposite Postoffice.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS
J. A. ERICKSON, Prop.

Nelson House
European Plan.
W. A. WARD, Prop.
CAFE—Open Day and Night—BAR
Merchants' Lunch, 12 to 2.
Phone 97 P. O. Box 597

NELSON—H. J. Cutler, Winlaw; F. H. Hirst, F. F. Bauer, E. E. Smith, F. G. Campbell, J. C. Stites, F. Burvey, Mark Fauble, Marcus; E. Shoquest, Sandon; O. Swedberg, Nelson; P. B. McDougall, city.

New Grand Hotel
STEAM HEATED
Hot and Cold Water in Every Room
American and European Plans

NEW GRAND—Harry Glover, Tarrys; Mrs. Thomas Passmore, Apple Grove; George Patterson, Marcus; Tom Ball, Shel, Wash.

Central Hotel
AINSWORTH, B. C.
Natural hot water baths. Good dining room. Best of liquors and cigars.
A. BREEZE, - - Proprietor

PORTLAND VOTE GOES AGAINST EQUAL SUFFRAGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 10.—Equal suffrage was defeated today according to the returns tonight from two-thirds of the state. The total for 438 out of 835 electoral precincts, including all cities, was 17,035 in favor and 31,807 opposed.

SPEND YOUR HOLIDAYS AT
Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium
And Stock up With Health

If you suffer from muscular, inflammatory, sciatic or any other form of rheumatism, or from metallic poisoning of any sort don't delay. Come at once and get cured. Most complete and best arranged bathing establishment on the continent. All departments under one roof, steam heated and electric lighted.

Rates: $3 per day or $17 per week.
DAVIS & DAVIS, Props.
Halcyon, Arrow Lakes, B. C.

Afternoon Summary

Bright Flashes from Yesterday's Telegraph Service to the Afternoon Papers

PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.—Eleven cabinet ministers have been in continuous session in the winter palace today considering measures to face Gen. Korniloff's revolt. In conversation with the Associated Press, one of the ministers admitted the revolt was the greatest event since the revolution.

Women Fighters Defeat Teutons

PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.—Russian troops Sunday took the offensive against the German forces in the region of Seegeveld, 32 miles northeast of Riga. In certain sectors, the statement says, the Russian "death battalion," composed of women soldiers, defeated the Teutons and forced them back in a southerly direction.

Sixteen German airplanes Sunday dropped 40 bombs without result in an attack on the Russian torpedo boats in the gulf of Riga.

Town Partly Burned Down

NOVGORD, Sept. 10.—The town of Laishev in the area of Kishan has been partly destroyed by fire.

THOUGHT CHILD WAS DYING
"Cholera Infantum"
Dr. Fowler's
EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURED HER.

Mothers should look well after their children during the hot summer months, as this is the time of the year this trouble is most prevalent. It begins with a profuse diarrhoea, the stomach becomes irritated, vomiting and purging set in and the child rapidly loses flesh, and becomes weak, prostrated and languid.

Mrs. B. A. Cirwell, Rossway, N.S., writes: "I can recommend, most highly Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. A friend of mine whose little daughter was ill with cholera infantum was given up by the doctors. The little one's mother asked me to come in and see the child. I told her I had a bottle of 'Dr. Fowler's' and asked her if she would try it. When the bottle was half used the child was well. This cure was a miraculous one, for I thought the child was dying at the time."

There is nothing can take the place of Dr. Fowler's.

There is nothing just as good.

Do not accept a substitute and thus endanger your life.

The original is 35c per bottle and put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto.

Cocoanut Oil Makes A Splendid Shampoo

If you wish to keep your hair in good condition be careful what you wash it with.

Don't use prepared shompoos or anything else, that contains too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless) is much better than anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

The Original and Only Genuine

Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

Beware of Imitations

OFFICERS ON LEAVE TO STAY IN CANADA

Action Taken Because of Surplus of Officers in England—300 Will Be Affected

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, Sept. 10.—Owing to the surplus of officers in England, instructions have been received at the military district headquarters here from Ottawa that officers of the Canadian expeditionary forces now on leave in Canada will not be permitted to return to England. They will be retained in the Dominion and given military employment, or else offered an opportunity of reentering civil life. There are 300 officers in Canada who will be affected by this order, of whom 25 are in this province. The staff here is now engaged preparing a special reserve list of returned officers whose names have been struck off the active list on account of physical disability. These will be retained as members of a section of the militia list and may be called upon to take up special duty in case of emergency.

KORNILOFF IS RELIEVED OF COMMAND

(Continued from Page One.)

to come to headquarters and meet Gen. Korniloff, giving you a solemn guarantee that you will not be arrested."

Calls Incredible Treason

Premier Kerensky replied that he was amazed and described Korniloff's ultimatum as an act of effrontery and treason so incredible that he was unable to believe his ears. Therefore, he resolved first to communicate with M. Korniloff direct. In an exchange of telegrams Korniloff confirmed fully to the premier his demands.

M. Kerensky then announced to M. Lvoff that the provisional government would not consent to such demands and would take every possible step to crush M. Korniloff's criminal conspiracy. Lvoff was then placed under arrest and sentenced to a severe examination, during which he gave the details of the conspiracy and the names of the prominent generals involved.

The cabinet late in the evening held a conference to consider preliminary measures to crush the revolt, which measures have so far been kept secret, with the exception of the announcement of the proposed creation of a directory or other system of concentrated government capable of acting swift and decisively. For this board Premier Kerensky proposed six names. In the meantime the ministers declared that they would retain office, M. Pieschehonoff, minister of supplies, provisionally withdrawing his resignation.

Would Restore Despotism

PETROGRAD, Sept. 10.—It is stated that the government has decided to reorganize itself, placing all the powers in the hands of a small group of leading men.

The government regards Gen. Korniloff's attempt further as essentially counter-revolutionary and aimed at the restoration of the despotic regime.

Vladimir Lvoff, who was arrested, was first imprisoned in the winter palace, but now has been sent under a heavy guard to Petropavlovsk fortress.

PLANS FOR NEXT WAR LOAN MADE

Press and Advertising Men's Committees to Aid in Publicity Campaign Appointed

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 10.—The publicity campaign in connection with the November war loan issue is now being organized by Sir Thomas White. Last week, after consulting with Mr. Imrie, secretary of the Canadian Press association, the minister requested the association to name a committee of its members and the advertising agents association to cooperate with him in preparing and placing the advertising. The advisory board of publishers named by the association is composed of the following:

J. H. Woods, Calgary Herald; W. J. Taylor, Woodstock Sentinel-Review; George E. Scroggie, Toronto Mail and Empire; H. A. Robert, La Presse, Montreal; W. A. Smallfield, Renfrew Mercury; John Weld, Farmers Advocate, London; and John M. Imrie, Toronto.

The advisory board of advertising agents nominated by the association consists of C. T. Pearce, A. McKim, Limited, Toronto; J. J. Gibbons, J. J. Gibbons, Limited, Toronto; J. B. Patterson, Morris, Patterson, Limited, Toronto; E. Desbarrats, Desbarrats Advertising Agency, Montreal; and J. E. McConnell of McConnell & Ferguson, London.

The plan of the minister will be to cover the entire Dominion with a propaganda which will emphasize the necessity of subscriptions to the war loan in order that Canada may meet her own expenditure in Canada and establish further credits for the imperial treasury for the purchase of munitions and foodstuffs and the maintenance of our industrial and commercial prosperity which is vital to our continuance of the war. The minister does not share the belief that the election will seriously militate against the success of the loan. He believes that members on both sides of the house and the public as a whole, irrespective of political affiliation or nationality, will unite in cooperating in making it a success. All surmises as to the amount of the interest yielded on the issue will be without official sanction and wholly unauthorized until the minister makes the official announcement in November.

GRANTS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION ARE GIVEN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 10.—The department of education announces special grants of $500 to the high schools and collegiate institutions of the province for the purpose of encouraging special courses.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES ARE TO BE EXEMPT

Ban on Sale of Canned Vegetables Will Be Rescinded so Far as They Are Concerned.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 10.—Hon. W. J. Hanna, food controller, who was in a party of Imperial Oil company directors, visiting the city today, made the statement to a Canadian Press representative that an order would be issued rescinding, so far as the three prairie provinces are concerned, the previous order prohibiting the use of canned vegetables. While in the west Mr. Hanna has come to the realization that there is a distinct shortage of fresh vegetables. Mr. Hanna also stated that canned fruit had not yet been made the subject of any order in council, nor had it been discussed.

Steps, he declared, would be taken to increase the fish supply, but he was unable to say just what would be done. During the day Mr. Hanna had a conference with Premier Martin.

HOUSE REJECTS LAURIER'S FRANCHISE AMENDMENT

(Continued from Page One.)

responsible for the wartime election that had been forced upon the country. It could not be seriously supposed, he said, that Canadian citizens of alien birth should be sent to the trenches to fight men of their own blood. Having taken the position that naturalized citizens of enemy birth should not be sent to the front, they should not, he said, call upon them to pronounce judgment upon the matters which would be to the fore in this election. In regard to the votes for women, the prime minister said that it would be desirable to change the naturalization laws before giving them the vote generally. This was because a woman of foreign birth who married a British subject became a British subject.

A number of western Liberals who voted for conscription, including W. A. Buchanan, Medicine Hat, and Dr. D. B. Neeley of Humboldt, opposed the bill, while it was approved by Hugh Guthrie, Liberal member for North Wellington.

In the course of his speech the premier said:

"What is to be the issue in this election? It is to be upon this war. Upon Canada's part in this war. Upon the necessity of sending reinforcements to our men overseas who are holding there the first battle line of Canada. If these citizens by their origin, by their early environment, by the ties of kinship, by their natural sympathies cannot be forced into the front line to fight, for precisely the same reason, they ought not to be called upon to pronounce judgment upon the issues which will come to the fore in this election. They do not want to be forced into combat. More than that, I have reason to believe, from statements that have come to me from most reliable sources, that a very large number of these men will be grateful for being exempted from compulsory military service on the one hand and not being called upon to pronounce their judgment in this election on the other."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Robert continued, had developed a great and sudden sympathy for granting the franchise to the women of Canada. The prime minister contended that the women of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia were not entitled to vote at federal elections. Therefore, the bill would not deprive these women of a vote.

Was Difficult Question.

The question of conferring the franchise on all the women of Canada was surrounded with a great many difficulties which could not be solved withing the four weeks comprising the life time of this parliament. One consideration was that the citizenship of a majority of the women was not dependent upon any individual application on her behalf for naturalization. Her citizenship, with one trifling exception, which became law for the first time in 1914, was dependent upon the citizenship of her husband. What was the remedy? If a woman was to have an equal status with a man in the franchise, was it not a reasonable thing that she should have an equal voice in determining what her citizenship would be. This would imply amendments to the naturalization law, and this could not be accomplished in the remaining weeks of parliament.

The position which the government had proceeded upon was that of service and sacrifice. Three hundred thousand men of the best that Canada could produce had gone overseas. It would depend entirely upon military operations as to how many of those men would have an opportunity to vote and it was understood that many of them would not have that opportunity.

"More than that," Sir Robert continued, "30,000 of them are buried in France and in Flanders, and is it not right that the immediate relatives of the men should speak on their behalf when the issues of the election come to be passed on? There are also some thousands of these men prisoners in Germany, undergoing hardships and privations, to whom it is impossible to give the opportunity to vote at the impending election. Is it not right that someone in this country should have the chance to speak on ther behalf? There are thousands of these men in the British forces who are residents and would have had the right to vote at the next election except for this war and the service they are giving and I think it right that some person in this country should speak on their behalf.

"There are the reasons and the considerations which have impelled the government to propose this measure to parliament. It is the voice speaking for the men who are serving the country overseas and also those who will serve it in the future and also those who have died that Canada might live."

OKANAGAN APPLE CROP IS BESPOKEN

Prices Much Higher Than Last Year —British Embargo Does Not Prove Calamity

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 10.—The British embargo on Canadian apples at the beginning of the season was looked upon as a calamity to British Columbia growers. According to the deputy minister of agriculture, the gloom has been dispelled. Minister Scott stated that, mainly due to a great shortage of the fruit crop in the eastern states and the eastern provinces, practically the whole of the Okanagan apple crop has already been bespoken. Not only has the fruit been eagerly sought by buyers, but the prices offered are a great deal higher than those obtaining last year when shipping restrictions were nonexistent.

SIAM'S ENTRY ON SIDE OF THE ALLIES

LONDON, England — Siam, the neighbor of France and England in the Far East, has thrown in its lot with the allies. A short message from Bangkok apprises Europe of the fact: "Siam has declared that a state of war exists with Germany and Austria" and then comes Siam's explanation of its object in entering the great war: "It is to uphold the sanctity of international rights against nations showing contempt for the principles of humanity and the rights of small states." Action follows close on the heel of resolve in Siam, for the very message announcing a declaration of war concludes with the statement that all Germans and Austrians have been placed under arrest, their businesses closed, and that nine steamers of a total tonnage of 18,965 have been seized.

There are many interesting and significant facts about Siam. The country and government have shown themselves out for reform. They are keen on education and though in many of the provinces it is still in the hands of the Buddhist monks, there is in Bangkok a department of education, and several good schools, under European management, are conducted by the government and missionary societies. Each year a certain number of boys are sent over to England to complete their education at the king's expense, and are known as "king's scholars." The position of women, too, is very much better than in many oriental states, and they enjoy many legal and actual rights. In theory, the constitution of Siam is an absolute monarchy, but each sovereign appoints his own successor, and is therefore only nominally hereditary. The present king is Chowfa Maha Vajiravudh, who came to the throne in October, 1910. There is no hereditary nobility so that it is possible for any man to rise to the highest offices.

Siam is a country of rubies and sapphires, it is also rich in gold and silver, antimony and tin, and it has the largest teak export in the world.

STREET CAR SIGNS THAT CAN MOVE INVENTED

A New York inventor has devised a number of movements which, when applied to street car advertising signs, cause the figures in the advertisement to become animated. The movement is entirely due to the motion of the street car in passing over the rail joints and in starting and stopping; there is absolutely no clock work nor any electricity required to operate the mechanism. Furthermore, the inventor has succeeded in reducing his mechanism to a point where the whole of the advertisement may be kept within one-half inch thickness, and it is so curved that it can be clipped in place in the usual way.

There are two forms of movement which he employs at the present time, although there is almost no end to the forms which may be developed and applied successfully. One of these movements consists simply of a tube containing a metal ball. Obviously, when the car starts the ball is thrown backward, and when the car is brought to a stop the ball is thrown forward with reference to the direction in which the car is traveling. The ball, in moving back and forth, strikes end members which in turn are connected to and operate a pin member which slides in a slot, by means of a bowden wire transmission. The pin member in turn operates the pin member of the advertisement—for example a man who continually tips his hat. An addition to this movement is an arrow member, coming through a slot so as to be seen on the face of the advertisement. This movement is most effective, since the arrow travels back and forth over a certain line that is to be emphasized in the advertisement's appeal.

Aside from the ball movement, the inventor has successfully employed various arrangements of pendulums, which can be used for more rapid animation, such as the nodding of a head, the winking of eyes, arm movements and so on. The cards present an interestig and practical innovation in advertising.

SMALL SHELLS SENT TO PERSHING DEFECTIVE

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Confirmation is given at the war department to the allegations that about one-third of the small arms ammunition sent to the Pershing expedition in France is defective and has been replaced. The defective ammunition will now be used in target practice. It was caused by a chemical defect which has now been corrected, according to an official statement issued by the department. The statement reads:

"Approximately one-third of the small arms ammunition sent with the expeditionary forces to France proved to be defective. This fact was discovered shortly after the expedition sailed, and immediate steps were taken to replace the defective cartridges.

"The presence of a small percentage of bromide in the potassium chlorate of the primers was responsible for the trouble which developed with all of the ammunition supplied from the Frankford arsenal. This chemical defect has since been corrected. The ammunition containing the imperfect primers will be used in slow target practise."

The admission of the war department has called attention to the fact that this government, up to the beginning of the war in Europe, was dependent on Germany for its supply of potassium chlorate for use in ammunition. When the German supply at hand was exhausted, the war department began to buy potassium chlorate from American manufacturers, and this was found to contain the defect caused by bromide, from which the potassium chlorate of German manufacture was free.

Potassium chlorate free from bromide is necessary to making perfect primers for cartridges. This bromide, through a chemical change, causes sulphuric acid to develop in the primers if the cartridges are not used for any considerable period. The trouble discovered by the war department affected only the primers.

The defective ammunition was made at the Frankford arsenal of the army at Philadelphia. It is said that when the cartridges were inspected prior to the sailing of the Pershing expedition the chemical change which produced the deterioration in the primers was not in evidence.

Weak, Ailing Baby

No Food Agreed and Fast Wasting Away but Soon Cured by Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Mrs. Jarvis, box 286, Penetang P.O., Ont., says: "When only 5 months old my baby fell ill and in spite of medical treatment wasted away till be seemed just skin and bone. I tried special foods but none of them would stay on his stomach and we never thought we should rear him. But one day I read about Dr. Cassell's Tablets and got some for baby and I am thankful I did, for they quite cured him. He is a bonny boy now."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul St., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the supreme remedy for dyspepsia, Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous ailments and nerve paralysis and for Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Price 50 cents per tube, six tubes for the price of five from druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Don't waste your money on imitations; get the genuine Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Proprietors, Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

Fall Suits and Coats

WE ARE NOW SHOWING THE NEW MODELS FOR AUTUMN

YOU WILL DO WELL TO MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS NOW, AS THE MAUNFACTURERS WILL NOT FILL REPEAT ORDERS AT PRESENT PRICES

The New Blouses

ARE DAINTIER THAN EVER—COME IN AND SEE THE LATEST DESIGNS

Prices $2.75 and up

TEN PER CENT OFF THE REGULAR PRICE FOR ALL CASH PURCHASES OF $2.00 AND UP

MAKE YOUR MONEY WORK FOR YOU

Smillie & Weir

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

FURNISHED HOUSE
Available for Occupancy Sept. 1, One of the Best Homes in Nelson.
$40.00 A MONTH
C. W. APPLEYARD
505 Baker Street Phone 444

How to Banish Wrinkles Quickly

If your face is disfigured with wrinkles, no matter what the cause, you can quickly dispel every line, even the most obstinate, by using a simple home-made wash lotion. Merely dissolve an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel—inexpensive ingredients found in any drug store. Bathe the face in this, and—presto!—you scarcely believe your own eyes when you look into your mirror and behold the marvelous transformation.

The remarkable astringent action of the saxolite so tightens the skin, the wrinkles are literally pressed out. Best of all, this result is not purely temporary, for the lotion also has a healthful tonic action, which tends to strengthen and tone up the weakened tissue, and added benefit may be expected with continued use. Use twice a day for awhile; it cannot injure the most delicate skin. The treatment itself leaves no trace—no one guesses the secret of your increasing youthful appearance.

RAMSAY'S
ESTABLISHED 1842

THE RIGHT PAINT TO PAINT RIGHT

¶ And now for a grand clean-up. Ramsay's Paint the smartest, brightest and most economical helper you ever employed.

Quality Pays in Paint 3

A. RAMSAY & SON COMPANY—Makers of Quality Paints
MONTREAL TORONTO VANCOUVER

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS
Wholesale Distributors:
A. RAMSAY & SON COMPANY,
167 PENDER STREET WEST,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

Prohibition Oct. 1st

OUR EXTENSIVE STOCK OF LIQUORS TO BE SOLD BEFORE THAT DATE

ORDER NOW, AS OUR STOCK IS GOING FAST AND WE DO NOT INTEND TO BUY MORE

BRANDY			
LAVELLIER, Reputed Quarts	1.50	16.20	7.50
LAVELLIER, Imperial Quarts	2.00	21.60	....
COGNAC BRANDY, Reputed Quarts	1.75	18.90	8.00
COGNAC BRANDY, Imperial Quarts	2.25	24.60	....
SPECIAL COGNAC BRANDY, Reputed Quarts	2.00	21.60	8.50
RENAULT STAR, Reputed Quarts	2.00	21.60	....

WRITE FOR OUR COMPLETE PRICE LIST
JUGS AND PACKAGES FREE AND FREIGHT PREPAID
SEND MONEY WITH ORDER

The Nelson Wine & Spirit Co.
P.O. Box 1099 NELSON, B.C. Phone 260

Mining and Markets

DISTRICT 6 PRESIDENT FAVORS BANK-TO-BANK RULE IN MINES

AT ANNUAL CONVENTION HE URGES STEPS AGAINST DUST DANGER AND ACCIDENTS FROM TROLLY LINES — COMPENSATION BOARD PROPOSAL TO REDUCE ALLOWANCES TO DEPENDENTS OF ORIENTALS IS OPPOSED—ATTACKING BUTTE INSURGENTS, HE RAPS "CAMPAIGN OF SLANDER CARRIED ON BY THE SO-CALLED INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD."

Recommendations that the annual convention of District 6 of the Western Federation of Miners, which opened in Nelson yesterday, give consideration to the question of furthering the movement for a "bank-to-bank" provision in the provincial Metalliferous Mines act, for the prevention of dust and danger to employees from contact with trolly lines, for improved mine inspection, for an eight-hour law for smelter workers and improved sanitary conditions in bunkhouses and other buildings at mines were made by Thomas B. Roberts of Silverton, president of the district, in his annual report.

Opposition was expressed by President Roberts to the proposal of the provincial compensation board that the scale of compensation received by dependents of Orientals be reduced. He quoted the famous Krutz case in which the right to compensation of nonresident alien dependents was established, and mentioned the fear that if discrimination against Orientals were permitted it might be extended to other classes of labor.

President Roberts defended the Western Federation of Miners against charges of lack of democracy brought by the Butte insurgents and declared: "It behooves us to resent in no uncertain manner this campaign of slander carried on by the so-called Industrial Workers of the World."

Welcomed to City

An address of welcome to the 27 delegates was given by Marcus Martin, secretary of the Nelson Miners union. President Roberts was in the chair. G. C. Marshall of Rossland, secretary, George Dingwall of Rossland, assistant secretary and James Roberts of Eholt, vice-president, were also among the officers present. William Davidson, international board member, is in attendance. Committees were named as follows:

Credentials—S. Young, Greenwood; A. Goodwin, Trail; George Garden, Moyie.

President's report—John Newman, Rossland; H. H. Demick, Silverton; Gilbert Omlie, Kimberley; Albert Goodwin, Trail; George Gorden, Moyie.

Auditing and secretary's report—Marcus Martin, Nelson; James R. Wiseman, Kimberley; Frank Botha, Sandon.

Resolutions—J. A. McKinnon, Trail; John Cassidy, Silverton; Thomas Halsey, Sandon; S. Young, Greenwood; J. Trevarrow, Rossland; Edward Fraser, Nelson.

Constitution, grievance and mileage—James R. Wiseman, Kimberley; William Davidson, international board

(Continued on Page Five.)

STOCKS!

We strongly advise the purchase of C. P. R. at its present price. Through our New York connections we can arrange to carry this for you on a 20 point margin.

ST. DENIS & LAWRENCE
Phone 39, 509 Ward St., Nelson, B. C.

AUCTION

—OF—

105,000 ft. of (Used) **CABLE**, at 10 o'clock, **Wednesday, 12th September, 1917**, at 1551 Main St. **Vancouver, B. C.** comprising:—

50,000 ft. of 1 inch. Plow Steel Cable in lengths up to 2600 ft.

1,000ft. of 1¼ inch. Plow Steel Cable in short lengths.

AND AT 2 O'CLOCK AT 122 CORDOVA STREET WEST

Comprising:—

4,000 ft. of 1½ inch. Plow Steel Cable in short lengths.

35,000 ft. of ⅝ inch. Crucible Steel Cable in lengths up to 500 ft.

5,000 ft. of ¾ inch. Plow and Crucible Steel Cable, lengths up to 500 ft.

10,000 ft. of ⅞ inch. Plow Steel Cable, lengths up to 1,000 ft.

TERMS Cash. 25 per cent. deposit at fall of hammer.

May be viewed from 9 o'clock to 5 o'clock the day prior to sale or by order from the auctioneer.

The attention of Loggers, Shipbuilders, Dredgers, etc. is called to this sale.

F. GRIFFIN & COMPANY,
703-706 Yorkshire Bldg.,
Vancouver, B. C.
Auctioneer:— Sey. 5418.
S. E. PAMPHILON, F.A.I.

A. D. NASH
MINING ENGINEER
Consultation, Exploration, Development, Reports.
Room 1, Royal Bank Bldg., Nelson.

UP-TO-DATE PASSENGER SERVICE
To Europe
GOOD SERVICE - REASONABLE RATES
Full information from any R.R. or S.S. Agent or
ANCHOR-DONALDSON LINE
H. E. LIDMAN GEN. AGT.
WINNIPEG 449 MAIN ST. Phone M.5312
VANCOUVER 470 GRANVILLE ST. - Sey. 3199

SAFETY MEASURES TO BE ADOPTED

Provincial Government Will Shortly Act on Experts' Advice Regarding Crow's Nest Mines

VICTORIA—In a short time announcement will be made by the minister of mines, Hon. William Sloan, as to what steps will be taken to meet as far as possible at present the recommendations contained in the report which George H. Rice, chief engineer of the United States bureau of mines, on the result of his full investigation of conditions in the coal area of the Crow's Nest pass section.

Following the "bumps" which occurred in 1916 in No. 1 mine of the Crow's Nest Coal company at Fernie, when miners were killed, the then government decided to engage Mr. Rice to make a complete survey of the field where, on a former occasion, in 1907, in No. 2 mine, the phenomena of "bumps" had occurred claiming the lives of a number of men, and necessitating government action to the extent of prohibiting operation of a portion of the mine field then being worked. In company with the then chief inspector of mines, Thomas Graham, now superintendent of the Canadian Collieries, Dunsmuir, limited, and provincial mineralogist, W. Fleet Robertson, Mr. Rice visited the Fernie field in October last, and the result of his investigations has been in the hands of the present minister of mines, honorable William Sloan, for some months, but pending a decision as to what action should be taken upon the expert's recommendations, the findings have not been given out.

Dangerous Field

Mr. Rice reports upon the phenomena of "bumps", and states that the Crow's Nest pass fields as shown by the tests, are among the most gaseous in the world, and he recommends among other steps to be taken to overcome the adverse conditions, methods of mining to relieve the pressure, to which, he states, the "bumps" are due, the appointment of a permanent commission to be on the spot and conduct extensive tests continually, and advise the operators in their work of mining.

It is on this point of a permanent commission that the minister of mines has hesitated, as the expense connected therewith would be heavy. It is probable that, for the time being at least, a permanent chemist, competent to make tests of gas, etc., will be employed, and the larger question of a commission will be allowed to stand over. But many of Mr. Rice's recommendations along other lines will be approved. In fact, some of them are already being adopted by the mine owners. A summary of Mr. Rice's findings sets forth:

The Crow's Nest field is regarded by Canadian geologists as the most important field in British Columbia. It presents unusual natural difficulties, because the coal beds are at the base of elevated plateaus, and it is impossible to reach coal except through outcrop; also, the coal is under heavy load, requiring great care in mining to prevent "squeezes" and "bumps." The coal beds are very gaseous; that is, have large methane (fire-damp) flows at Coal creek and Michel, and at Morrissey the outbursts are unequalled except in certain mines in Belgium.

"Bumps."

"Bumps" are not related to gas outbursts, but they may occur, as in the state of Washington and Great Britain, where overlying rocks are rigid and where there is a great weight of cover, and when mining has either extracted too much coal in advance mining or it has not been taken out completely starting from the outcrop, which would break the overlying rock in successive slices and thus prevent "bumps." "Bumps" are believed to be caused by subsidence of roof in certain areas under rigid rocks, leaving a great unsupported span of rock stratum. When one of these has given way, it means the hammerlike blow of thousands of tons striking on the immense roof or flexible stratum overlying the mine, which imparts the blow downward, breaking timber, causing extensive falls in the mine, and sending rock tremors through the strata.

Improper mining in No. 2 mine was the cause of "bumps" in that mine in 1907-8, and, in turn, the subsidence over this area affecting the strata higher up caused the recent "bumps" in No. 1 mine. "Bumps" may occur in the future over the same area but it is probable with decreasing force, as the rock stratum broken down in each case has less distance to fall, has less load and is more distant in heights above the mine.

If the measures adopted are carried out, viz., of taking out less than 15 per cent of coal on the advance and taking down the rash and roof coal in the working places in No. 1 mine, there is comparatively small danger

(Continued on Page Six.)

The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc Ores

TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD, BLUESTONE AND SPELTER

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Fall Fair Excursion Rates

Nelson Fair
SINGLE FARE FOR RETURN JOURNEY
ON SALE SEPT. 17 TO 20
Return Limit Sept. 22
From All Stations Calgary to Midway, Field to Vancouver, Kettle Valley Railway, Kootenay Steamer Routes, All Kootenay Branches.

Trail Fair
FARE AND ONE-THIRD FOR ROUND TRIP
ON SALE SEPT. 17 TO 20
Return Limit Sept. 21
From All Stations Kootenay Landing to Midway, including All Branches and Kootenay Steamer Lines.

Tickets FROM AGENTS OR PURSERS. CONDUCTORS WILL ISSUE EXCURSION RATES FROM FLAG STATIONS.

J. S. CARTER, D. P. A., Nelson, B.C.

Motors for Sale

WE SPECIALIZE IN POWER INSTALLATIONS FOR MINING, MILLING AND SMELTING, DEVELOPMENT OF WATER-POWERS AND THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT OF SAWMILLS

WE HAVE AVAILABLE A CONSIDERABLE STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND MOTORS

PRICES REASONABLE—WORK GUARANTEED

MUNDY, ROWLAND & CO.,
Electrical Engineers and Contractors,
Standard Bank Building,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

The day will end for you as fresh as it begins—if you take Eno's each morning

Prohibition Comes Into Force Oct. 1st

Don't delay your orders until the last minute, they may not get filled. Send them in today and make sure of delivery.

HUDSON'S BAY RUM

GOLD CAP—35 overproof; the finest quality and strongest rum imported. Per Gallon **$10.00**

RED CAP—Overproof strength. Per Gallon ... **$8.50**

WHITE CAP—Underproof; the same quality. Per Gallon **$7.25**

"Hudson's Bay Rum" is distilled from the finest sugar cane grown in the West Indies and is the same quality as imported by us since A.D. 1670.

NOTE.—No charge for jars or kegs. We pay the freight on all orders for two gallons or over.

RYE WHISKY

H. B. CO.'S "1899" SPECIAL RESERVE — Eighteen years in wood. The oldest Rye Whisky procurable in Canada. We only have a very limited quantity of this left. Special Prohibition Offer, Per Gallon **$6.50**

H. B. CO.'S "SPECIAL" Per Gallon **$5.50**

H. B. CO.'S "OLD"— Per Gallon **$4.75**

GOODERHAM & WORTS' "OLD"— Per Gallon **$4.50**

GOODERHAM & WORTS' "SPECIAL"— Per Gallon **$5.25**

NOTE—No charge for jars or kegs. We pay the freight on all orders for two gallons or over.

SCOTCH WHISKY

ELLIOTT, SCOTT & CO.'S "ROYAL GEORGE"— Per Gallon **$6.50**

ROY WALKER'S "COUNTRY CLUB"— Per Gallon **$7.25**

H. B. CO.'S F. O. H.— Per Gallon **$7.75**

H. B. CO.'S F. O. B.— Per Gallon **$8.50**

H.B.CO.'S LIQUEUR Per Gallon **$10.25**

NOTE—No charge for jars or kegs. We pay the freight on all orders for two gallons or over.

BRANDY

GUARANTEED SEVEN YEARS OLD— Per Gallon **$7.00**

GUARANTEED NINE YEARS OLD—Per Gallon **$8.00**

GUARANTEED TWELVE YEARS OLD— Per Gallon **$9.50**

NOTE—No charge for jars or kegs. We pay the freight on all orders for two gallons or over.

GINS

H. B. CO.'S LONDON OLD TOM—Per Gallon.. **$4.00**

H. B. CO.'S LONDON DRY—Per Gallon **$6.50**

NOTE.—No charge for jars or kegs. We pay the freight on all orders for two gallons or over.

SPECIAL PROHIBITION HAMPERS

HAMPER NO. 1—
Six Bottles H. B. Co.'s Imperial Beer, quarts.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Old Rye.
Two Bottles Country Club Scotch.
One Bottle Hudson's Bay Rum, White Cap.
One Bottle Magnier XXX Brandy.
Twelve Bottles— SPECIAL PRICE ... **$8.50**

HAMPER NO. 2—
Six Bottles H. B. Co's Imperial Beer, quarts.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Special Rye.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Finest Old Highland Scotch.
One Bottle H. B. Co.'s Rum, White Cap.
One Bottle Louis Rendy XXX Brandy.
One Bottle California Port.
One Bottle Old London Dock Sherry.
One Bottle French Liqueur.
Fifteen Bottles— SPECIAL PRICE.. **$12.50**

HAMPER NO. 3—
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Liqueur Scotch.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s 1899 Rye.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Diamond Brandy.
One Bottle H. B. Co.'s Rum, Red Cap.
Two Bottles Old London Dock Port.
One Bottle Finest Bodega Sherry.
One Bottle Nicholson's Dry Gin.
One Bottle French Liqueur.
Twelve Bottles— SPECIAL PRICE.. **$17.00**

HAMPER NO. 4—
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Liqueur Scotch.
Two Bottles William Grant's Standfast Scotch.
Two Bottles Renault's Brandy.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s 1899 Rye.
Two Bottles H. B. Co.'s Old Cardinal Port.
One Bottle H. B. Co.'s Finest Bodega Sherry.
One Bottle H. B. Co.'s Rum, Red Cap.
One Bottle Finsbury Sloe Gin.
One Bottle Wolfe's Schnapps.
One Bottle French Liqueur.
Fifteen Bottles— SPECIAL PRICE.. **$21.50**

PLEASE NOTE.—ALL GOODS CONTAINED IN THESE HAMPERS ARE OF THE FINEST QUALITY AND ARE PACKED IN PLAIN CASES. WE PAY THE FREIGHT TO YOUR NEAREST STATION OR STEAMBOAT LANDING.

The Hudson's Bay Company.
INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. BURBIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER
BAKER STREET LIQUOR DEPARTMENT NELSON, B.C.

LEADING ISSUES DROP AT SPOKANE

Utica Shows Recession of ½ Point—Slocan Star Yields ¼—Rambler Is Unchanged.

Leading stocks showed a downward tendency on the Spokane market yesterday. Utica eased off ½ point to 26, and there was another recession in the case of Slocan Star, which was quoted at 10¾, a decline of ¼ from Saturday's price. Rambler kept steady at 15.

Spokane Closing Quotations.
(Reported by St. Denis & Lawrence.)

	Bid	Asked
Corp-Province	$ .02¾	$ .02¾
Rambler	.15	.17
Slocan Star	.10¾	.12¼
Utica	.26	.27
Caledonia	.70	.74

New York Curb Closing.

	Bid	Asked
Canada Copper	$2.32½	$2.37½
Ray Hercules	3.62½	3.75
Slocan Star	.18	.20
Standard	.62½	.75
Utica	.25	.27

New York Exchange.

	High	Low	Close
Chino	54¼	53⅝	54
Granby	80	79	80
Inspiration	54⅛	53	54
Miami	36¼	35	36¼

Sales: Chino, 2000; Granby, 2000; Inspiration, 3100; Miami, 800.

PRICE OF SILVER AT NEW YORK, 97 5-8

Quoted on London Market at 49.50—Copper Quiet—Spelter Firm—Lead Unchanged.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Silver, 97⅝; at London, 49.50. Saturday's prices: New York, 96⅝; London, 49.

Copper quiet; electrolytic, spot, nominal.

At London: Spot copper, £126; futures, £119 10s; electrolytic, £137.

Spelter firm; East St. Louis delivery, 7.8 to 8.12.

Lead: St. Louis, 9.50; New York, 9.75; Montreal, 11.83; London, £30 10s.

USE FLOTATION AT THE SILVER HOARD

New Plant Will Begin Operations at Once—Concentrator is Giving Good Results

The flotation plant at the Silver Hoard mine at Ainsworth will begin operations this week, probably today, announced W. S. Hawley, manager of the property, who was at the Hume last night.

The 75-ton concentrator at the Silver Hoard has been in operation for some weeks and has been doing good work, it is stated. An increased saving will be effected directly the flotation plant, which was practically ready for operation yesterday, starts to run.

Two carloads of ore are awaiting shipment to the smelter.

MULTIPLEX MANAGER HERE

O. T. Bibb, manager of the Multiplex mine in the Lardeau district, was at the Hume last night.

TRADING AT WALL STREET IS BETTER

Transactions Are on Small Scale But Undertone of the Market Is Good.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 10—Improvement in sentiment was evident from the course of the stock market today. The transactions were on a smaller scale but the undertone was good. The recent heavy selling appeared to have resulted in strengthening of the technical position. The buying was neither insistent nor sustained and as a result the net changes were small. A number of issues made gains of from 1 to 3 points in the early trading, but weak spots developed later in the day and the whole market eased off. At the close the tone was heavy and a good deal of the forenoon's advance was lost. Total sales were 434,000 shares. The steel and copper shares made a good showing on the early rise. These issues, as well as the list in general, benefited from favorable reports regarding the adjustment of price schedules by official action.

In the exchange market the declines in rubles continued, a new low record of 15½ being reached for demand.

Bonds were irregular, liberty bonds sold at 99.82 to 99.98 Total sales, $4,110,000. United States coupon 4s off ¼ on call.

Closing Prices.

American Smelting	96⅛
Anaconda	71½
C. P. R.	157
U. S. Steel	108⅛
U. S. Steel preferred	116½
Utah	99
Nickel	34⅞

DOMINION IRON MOST ACTIVE MONTREAL STOCK

Fairly Large Number of Issues Contributed to Day's Business But Total Dealings Small.

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—A fairly large number of issues contributed to the trade today, but the aggregate dealings were small, with price fluctuations narrow and unimportant. New York was again watched closely for indications of some definite change. The early strength gave way to irregularity and, on the whole, there was lacking any incentive to operations on the constructive side of the stocks here. Dominion Iron continued the most active stock of the local list but dealings were on a small scale, less than 400 shares, with a price variation of only ¼ point, 62½ to 62¾, with the close 62½, or unchanged.

War loans continue to contract substantial investors.

Canadian cottons were ½ higher and Montreal Tramway debentures at 74⅞ were 1¾ up from the last market quotation. Total business for the day 1522 shares, $102,600 bonds and 122 unlisted shares.

DEALINGS IN STOCKS ARE DULL AT TORONTO

TORONTO, Sept. 10.—Dealings in domestic stocks were dull on the Toronto board today and in no case did the dealings total over 100 shares. Values held up fairly well in the face of strong pressure in some issues.

Dominion Iron finished at 62 bid, which is ½ lower than Friday's close and Steel of Canada common was steady at 56½ bid.

Business in the unlisted section was the feature of a session that was otherwise quiet.

AS USUAL—FIFTEENTH ANNUAL

Nelson Fruit FAIR

NELSON, B.C.

September 19 and 20

Excursion Rates on All Lines

SINGLE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP FROM ALL POINTS ON C. P. R.

Between Calgary and Midway, via Lethbridge or Macleod, Field to Vancouver, Nelson and Arrowhead, also Kettle Valley Railway AND FROM ALL STATIONS IN B. C. ON G. N. R.

ENTRIES CLOSE SATURDAY, SEPT. 15

SEND FOR PRIZE LIST

WM. IRVINE, President. G. HORSTEAD, Secretary, Box 392, Nelson, B.C.

CORN JUMPS FIVE CENTS A BUSHEL

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 10—Corn jumped up in value as much as 5 cents a bushel today and closed strong, 3⅝ to 5 cents net higher at $1.19½ for December and May at $1.16½ to $1.16¾. Predictions of frost tonight in Illinois and Iowa were chiefly responsible. Oats gained ¾ to 1⅛ and provisions 5 cents. A wave of buying throughout the day gave a broader demand than has been witnessed of late. Bearish sentiment became rampant in view of the spread of the news that frost would mean severe damage to the domestic crops. On the average the crop is about two weeks late and the abnormally cold weather proved a source of alarm. Besides assertions were current that the maximum price on corn futures set some time ago at $1.28 would be removed after Oct. 1. The statement by the food administrator advocating freer use of corn meal also tends to give strength to the market. It was likewise pointed out that at present there was no corn whatever in public elevators in Chicago.

Seaboard demand lifted the price of oats. Export purchases were estimated at 400,000 bushels. The visible supply showed a substantial increase for the week, but totaled only about one-fourth as large as a year ago.

Prices in wheat will be adjusted in the opinion of Howard B. Jackson, head of the government corporation. It is understood that freight rates will be altered to overcome any present objectionable feature and that there will be an upward revision of tariffs to the seaboard with the idea of protecting local needs and saving transportation. Hereafter millers purchasing like other buyers apply to the local agent of the federal food administration.

(Additional Market News on Page 6.)

Don't Take Risks

If your stomach is strong, your liver active, and bowels regular, take care to keep them so. These organs are important to your health. Keep them in order with

Beecham's Pills

and avoid any risk of serious illness. A dose or two as needed, will help the digestion, stimulate the bile, and regulate the habits. Their timely use will save much needless suffering, fortify the system and

Insure Good Health

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

THE DAILY NEWS

Published every morning except Sunday by the News Publishing Company, Limited, Nelson, B. C., Canada.
ROBB SUTHERLAND,
General Manager.

Business letters should be addressed and checks and money orders made payable to the News Publishing Company, Limited, and in no case to individual members of the staff.

Advertising rate cards and sworn detailed statements of circulation mailed on request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising agency recognized by the Canadian Press Association.

Subscription Rates—By mail 50 cents per month, $2.50 for six months, $5.00 per year. Delivered: 60 cents per month, $3.00 for six months, $6.00 per year, payable in advance.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1917

GOOD SHOULD COME OUT OF THE NEW RUSSIAN CRISIS

Gen. Korniloff claims to support the revolution in Russia and his action in attempting to become a dictator is not necessarily hostile to a desire to see democracy prevail.

Under the provisional government he has seen the army's strength dissipated through lack of firm control. He has seen soldiers holding referendums as to whether they should obey the commands of their officers. He has seen an unwieldy and disunited government fail to restore order. He can see that Russia must be ruled with a firm hand, and not a score of fluttering hands, if it is to be saved.

Kerensky regards Korniloff as an agent of the autocrats who seek a return to power. Kerensky should know. In any event, a crisis has been caused in Russian affairs which seems more likely to produce good than evil. Already Kerensky is proposing to establish a small and compact war council of the strongest men in his government and to invest it with supreme powers.

MUST BACK UP BORDEN, SAYS GENERAL STEELE

In ordinary domestic issues in Canada, General Sam Steele, like Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, has been recognized as a Liberal and as a supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. In this war in which world liberty is the issue at stake he has no politics. He is out to win the war and he supports any Canadian leader who has that purpose single mindedly in view.

"Canadian soldiers overseas are to a man in favor of conscription. Borden must be backed up. It would be the ruin of Canada to retire at this stage," he cables to Mayor Davidson of Winnipeg.

Very soon Gen. Steele and the Canadian soldiers overseas will hear of the calling out of the draft under the Borden military service measure. Unfortunately an election upon the issue as to whether that measure is to remain in force cannot now be avoided. The anticonscriptionists and win-the-election opposition politicians have forced a contest. But in the election the boys at the front will find that their friends at home will outnumber those who would withdraw Canada from effective military participation in the war.

SIR WILFRID CHAMPIONS CAUSE OF TEUTON VOTERS

Sir Wilfrid Laurier put forth on the franchise bill yesterday the arguments that were expected from him. He championed the cause of the enemy voters. To deprive them of the power to use their influence against vigorous prosecution by Canada of the war against the countries of their birth he described as a violation of the naturalization pledge. Those who present this argument forget that the vast majority of men of enemy origin who will be prevented from voting have already made their naturalization contract null and void. They have broken it by open or secret lack of sympathy with the Canadian cause and by friendship for the cause of the enemy countries.

To allow a German who has been naturalized in recent years to say whether Canada should send more soldiers to fight against that German's relatives and friends in Germany would be ridiculous and, from a viewpoint of winning the war, criminal.

CANNOT TAKE AWAY SOMETHING THAT NEVER EXISTED

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says that the war franchise bill "takes away the franchise" from the women of five provinces. That is a misstatement of the purpose and effect of the bill. The measure does not "take away" the Dominion franchise from any woman. What it does is to extend the federal franchise throughout the Dominion to the women who are most vitally and directly interested in the war, to the women who have near relatives on active service. No woman in Canada has yet received the Dominion franchise. In most provinces they have possessed for years a form of municipal franchise. In five provinces they have the provincial franchise. In four provinces they have shown no serious desire for the provincial franchise, much less for federal franchise. A Dominion-wide federal franchise measure would therefore extend the franchise to women of four provinces in which the majority of the people have not approved of it.

The act gives the franchise to the women whose menfolk in the trenches will in many cases be unable to vote, and whose influence in virtually all cases will be lost through their absence from the country.

As Sir Robert Borden has pointed out another reason that Dominion-wide woman suffrage has not been adopted as a war measure is that to do so would admit to the polling booth thousands of women of enemy affiliations who have become naturalized indirectly through the naturalization of male relatives of enemy birth. That would tend to destroy the purpose of the amendments, which are a win-the-war measure.

Canada is to have a war franchise for a war election.

Germany is very busy starting peace proposals. It would like to discourage American preparations.

If Germany plans to propose peace on the basis of a drawn battle it might as well save its energy.

The United States congress has been four months in discussing its war tax bill, but the bill makes up in size what it has lacked in speedy passage. A levy of nearly two and a half billion dollars is big even in these days of immense national financing.

In the advertising columns of The Daily News today appears a preliminary announcement with regard to the approaching calling out of the conscription draft. It gives information to those affected which will be found valuable. Bachelors and widowers without children who come within the ages of 20 and 34, inclusive, should clip out the statement and preserve it for study when the call is issued.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING

"When a Feller Needs a Friend."

We occasionally hear Frank Haight amusing his son and heir on the flageolet.—Kerrobert, Sask., Citizen.

The Admission.

Liberal papers that are accusing the Borden government of determination to win the election through the new franchise act are thereby tacitly admitting that the eliminated naturalized foreign vote would be against conscription and for Laurier. And in that event loyal Canadians will not seriously object to the new measure.—Calgary Herald.

Borden Holds Followers.

Sir Robert Borden scored a personal triumph at the caucus of government supporters who would not listen to his suggested retirement in order to make way for a more acceptable man as leader of a "win-the-war" administration of union complexion. This dissipates the rumors of internal dissension among the Borden followers. They are satisfied with his leadership and do not view his patience as a sign of weakness.—Windsor Record.

Origin of Peace Note.

It is said that the kaiser is very angry with President Wilson for rejecting the pope's peace plan and threatens to retaliate by turning his submarines on American shipping. But why should the kaiser be so interested in the Pope's peace plan? Was it really the kaiser's plan?—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Only Some of Them

It should be kept in mind that while we heard of two or three divisions of Russians and a few regiments deserting their trenches, Russia has at least 200 divisions on the front, as against the Teuton's 140, and most of these are still in place.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Mr. Broder's Retirement.

The retirement of Hon. Andrew Broder, M.P., from public life will be a los to the country. He has been one of the most upright men in Canada's parliament and men of both parties will sincerely regret that ill-health is compelling his withdrawal.—Sydney Record.

Horrible! Horrible!

Stricken France and murdered Belgium can show no such misery and devastation wrought by war as Hon. Frank Oliver exhibited in his parliamentary panorama as Alberta townsite isolated by the removal of Grand Trunk Pacific rails for the service of Canada's soldiers in France and of Alberta wheat growers ordered by a worse than Prussian tyranny to sell their crop for $2.40 a bushel.—Toronto Telegram.

Shocking

Germany will see to it that never again will Belgium serve as a base of attack of British troops.—Vossiche Zeitung. Yes, the way the British myriads smashed through Belgium in 1914 and fell upon poor Germany was shocking.—New York World.

His Limitations.

It doesn't make any difference how rich a man is there is always something he can't afford.—Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

THE WEATHER

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	51	61
Prince Rupert	42	60
Victoria	52	62
Vancouver	56	60
Prince Albert	30	68
Saskatoon	31	68
Port Arthur	28	60
London	37	55
Toronto	37	51
Montreal	38	52
St. John	44	56
Calgary	48	66
Medicine Hat	38	76
Battleford	36	70
Regina	29	70
Winnipeg	30	64
Parry Sound	30	54
Kingston	36	54
Ottawa	36	52
Quebec	34	52
Halifax	42	54

Kaiser Believes in His Divine Mission

An American correspondent who has been with the German armies and seen the kaiser at close range since the war began, testifies in the New York Tribune to the absolute sincerity of the war lord. If he were a hypocrite he would be more easily dealt with, but he believes in himself and his star as much as Mahomet. He is convinced that God fights with him, and therefore that he cannot be defeated. It is difficult for us to believe that the kaiser is not uttering blasphemies when he calls upon the Supreme Being to bless his arms and give him victories; but the kaiser is not a pretender, we are told. Of course, he cannot believe that he was forced into the war; he cannot believe that he was the victim of Belgium; but he does believe that it is his great destiny and that of the German people to teach the world a lesson it will never forget, that the spread of German kultur will make a sick earth whole again.

He Has Seen the Horrors.

Certainly he has changed in some ways since the beginning of the war. He is not the bombastic egotist of 1911. It is not too much to assume that he profoundly regrets the war, especially since his illusions about a swift victory have been dispelled. He has seen too much of the suffering of soldiers to exult in war for its own sake, for the kaiser has seen his troops go into action, and he has seen what remained of them come out of action. He has seen huge piles of his dead covered with gasoline and turned into a funeral pyre. His face, not unnaturally, is set and stern, and brightens only momentarily at the news of another German victory. His hair has become grayer than formerly, but his general health is said to be good, save for the throat affection that carried off his father and grandfather, and which threatened him some time ago. An operation, however, alleviated his suffering if it did not eradicate the disease. He lives hardly, riding for hours on end, sleeping only a few hours, and rising at daybreak to discuss with his generals the plans for the day.

Not Depending on Angels.

For all his fanatical belief that he is the weapon chosen of God, he is rather fussy about precautions for his own safetly. He is never so guarded as when at the front, and the front for him means, perhaps, a chateau 20 miles behind the lines. At a French chateau where the correspondent saw him, the kaiser slept literally in the heart of a small army. Mounted sentries patrolled every foot of the ground outside of the chateau walls. Upon the walls others walked and inside row after row of sentries. In the house itself secret service men armed to the teeth prowled silently. The whole place was fortified as though expecting an assault. Especially was there a wealth of sandbags, wire netting and other materials to absorb the fragments of bombs that might be dropped. Searchlights pierced the sky. The finest aviators in the army flew overhead. Anti-aircraft guns were charged and gunners stood at them all night, in readiness for a visit from a possible enemy flying man.

Saddest Words of Tongue or Pen.

But all these precautions did not save the kaiser from danger on the eastern front on two occasions. At one time in the early days of the war when he had gone to the east to view a German victory he was nearly cut off by a Cossack patrol along the Niemen river. Again he and Hindenburg were riding in a motor near the fortress of Kovna when the Russian artillery got the range of his car and he raced for his life against the shells. At Soissons it is reported that he mounted a hilltop to get a better view of a battle, and had the experience of hearing shrapnel whistling about his ears. The reason the kaiser takes these chances which would be forbidden, for instance, to the king of England, is that he is really in command of the army, and decides upon its tactics. He has studied military and naval strategy since boyhood, and though opinions differ as to his standing as a general and admiral, he has great confidence in his gifts and feels the responsibility of making supreme decisions.

A Religious Fanatic.

His religious mania shows in every speech and act. If the imperial motor hastening from one point to another comes across a company of soldiers the command halt is given and the kaiser improves the occasion by addressing the troops. He never fails to call down the blessing of God upon them, to point that they have won great honor, and to assure them that by enduring for only a little longer they will be certain of final victory and a lasting peace. Why should they not believe him, when he so confidently believes in himself? The correspondent is certain that the kaiser will never compromise in this war. He will fight on as long as the German people will support him and the German armies obey the word of command. There is yet no sign that they are preparing to fall the war lord. The men on the western front may realize their position, but they are cheered with reflections that the war may be decided on the eastern front. All are more or less under the hypnotic influence of the kaiser, who has hypnotized himself.—Toronto Mail and Empire

The Doctor and the Vet.

Their Work Up the Line and "Rest" Billets, by F. W. Ward.

There are two branches of his majesty's service that have covered themselves with glory during this war of the worlds. They are somewhat akin, for both are engaged in healing and helping those who have fallen by the way, one, the doctors who save the humans, the other, the veterinary surgeons, who save the horses and the mules. In both branches the work is equally hard, a Vet. will slave to save a battery horse as strenuously as his confrere who is fighting for a Tommy's life, and both are prepared to go in under shell fire without the slightest hesitation and to stop there for as long as is necessary.

Whether a man is one mile or eight miles behind the actual firing line does sot mean as much as might be expected when shells are concerned. One is quite likely to find you at the greater distance. Thus, a friend of mine is driving a motor and is the possessor of a knee that will not bend as the sequel of his having stopped a shell splinter eight miles behind the line when he was "resting."

I have made this point for a special purpose. The veterinary corps do not go into the trenches, but they are in the middle of the fun all the while. And, when they have nothing else to do they are eager and willing to give help and advice to the civilian population of France.

The French peasant and the French farmer have not, as a rule, much to learn so far as the treatment of cattle is concerned. But there are times when a cow or a horse goes sick, and the old home remedies fail to do any good. It is then that the British vet comes in. The farmer flies to him at once, and there is never any hesitation in giving help.

The vet will ride for miles to keep an eye upon a horse or a cow, the property of a French friend. He does this in his "rest time," and if there are many drugs to be used, he draws upon his own private case, drugs he bought himself before he left England, in case they were needed or there should be a shortage in any other direction. And the French farmer recognizes this. He is always friendly with the vet and the doctor and the vet and the doctor are always friendly with their French acquaintance.

As for the doctor, well, I am quite safe in saying that hundreds of cases of illness have been treated by the medical officers attached to various battalions in French villages where our boys have been resting a few days; illnesses among the villagers, perhaps when a French doctor has been worked off his legs trying to do the duty of two or perhaps three men. The British doctor has been sought, and he has given willingly of his best, content with a word of thanks and the knowledge that he has pulled some one back out of the shadows.

Our M. C., for instance, came back from the east with us, and we were in a small village on our way up to the line. The old mother at the cottage where I was billeted was old, very old, and there were inches of snow on the ground. She was ill and there was no French doctor near. Our M. C. got word and in half an hour he was round, chattering French like a native. He set the old lady on her feet again.

In another instance it was a dog bite, and the treatment of a French villager. "Ginger," the dog, was friendly with soldiers, but he would not have anything to do with civilians, and one day there was trouble; an old chap almost had his hand bitten off. He was immediately rushed round to the stable where the R. A. M. C. corporal was in charge, and his hand was dressed. Then on the doctor's parade, things were done afresh and the treatment continued until everything was right again. At least, though I did not see the finish, the old man was doing well when I was moved away.

The doctors attached to the British army come from all over the world. One, who came back from the east with me had been a medical missionary in China before the war. Another came from the Argentine and two from Canada, and I have met two others from Australia. As for Irish and Scottish doctors, they are in France and on the other fronts in dozens.

The villagers invariably line up for help whenever they are in trouble, and the time and skill of the medical men is given ungrudingly. It is as well to remember this point; a doctor needs his rest just as much as the man who carries the rifle; his work never ceases. But no matter how tired he may be, the doctor is always ready to do a little more.

Many honors have been gained by the doctor, and it mustn't be thought that he is well out of the way when there is an advance on hand. He goes into the trenches with his battalion and he has his own dugout somewhere about the reserve trenches, but he does not hide inside that all the time.

If a man is hit but can walk he can get back to the doctor. If not too badly hit he can be bandaged up by the stretcher bearer and helped back. But —and this frequently happens—he may be wounded severely, too badly to permit his being moved at the time. In such cases the stretcher bearer does what he can with the bandages at his disposal, and a message is sent back for the doctor to come right up to the firing trench. The doctor slips into the pocket of his tunic his surgical case and anything his judgment indicates he may need, and off he goes. He gets to his man, he makes a careful examination and does all that is necessary under fire. It is not pleasant for him, nor are the conditions what one would choose for giving surgical attendance. But it has to be done and it is done, and done well.

It is the same in the dressing station. These may consist simply of a bell tent in a quarry or chalkpit, perhaps a sandbagged shelter, but all are well within the reach of the Hun if he cares —as he generally does—to shell the Red Cross flag. The doctors and the orderlies carry their lives in their hands at all hours of the day and the night.

But they get on with their jobs. There is no glamor or excitement, although they know a shell may wipe out the whole show at any instant, they don't worry. They carry out whatever work may be to hand and make no fuss.

COLD STORAGE

Among those who heard their country's call to "do their bit" at farming, was a retired brakeman. He was plowing up a piece of new land with a team of mules and had the reins fastened around his waist. Presently he saw a stump ahead and instinctively began giving the railway "stop" signal with both hands. The plow struck the stump and the brakeman went head over heels. Picking himself up he shook his fist at the mules and roared, "You flop-eared fools, don't you ever look back for a signal?"

WHO'S WHO?

It is rumored in London that Kerensky is really Lord Kitchener.—News item.

Rumors are current throughout Germany that Mackensen is really Sir Hector Macdonald.—Another news item.

The children at our Sunday school
Implicitly believe—
And they are children as a rule,
Whom the most learned cannot fool,
Nor the most shrewd deceive—
These lads and lassies, as I said,
As long ago as June
Decided that the king of Greece,
(Who then passessed his throne in peace)
Was really Daniel Boone.

Then men I eat with at the club—
A clever lot of chaps,
Who know the cause of every stunt
That happens on the fighting front,
And prove it to you with maps—
There's none of them you can convince
(I've tried it and I know.)
That Hindenburg, the well-known marshal,
To whom poor Wilhelm is so partial,
Is not Jean Jacques Rousseau.

The handsome lad who shines my boots
(Of Grecian birth, I think.)
Who my decorum never shocks
By getting polish on my socks,
Thus driving me to drink—
This lad has known a long, long time,
And has admitted freely,
That Korniloff, who would have won,
If all his soldiers hadn't run,
Is really Horace Greeley.

The more I hear these puissant seers
Change people's names about,
The more I have to keep back tears
Such as afflict one when one hears
Things that arouse great doubt.
For al lthese stories stir my soul,
And make me want to cry;
"If Joffre's really Mungo Park,
And Pershing's really Joan of Arc—
Then who on earth am I?

—Spokesman-Review.

THE INIQUITOUS C. N. R. DEAL

A great deal of howling is being done about this "iniquitous C. N. R. deal." There have been a good many iniquitous C. N. R. deals in the past. Some were put through by the Borden government, some by the Laurier government, which was just as considerate of the C. N. R. interests as the present government has been; and some by provincial governments of both shades of politics. This is the first C. N. R. deal on record in which the people are getting the best of the bargain.

The howling referred to above, is all about how Big Business is being allowed by parliament to rob the treasury. By the present deal the people are securing possession of the second best railway in Canada; of the largest telegraph company in Canada; of one of the biggest express companies in Canada. When the people own these public utilities they will be a factor in rate making in every section of Canada.

The people will secure possession of these utilities by purchasing the C. N. R. stock held by private shareholders, having a nominal face value of $60,000,000. They attempt to make it appear that this amount of money is to be paid for the stock is dishonest. The value of the stock is to be settled by arbitration; and if, as the opponents of the proposition insist, the stock is worthless, it will be the duty of the board of arbitrators to make a finding in keeping with the facts. In that case the people will not pay a dollar for the stock. In order to support their gloomy predictions that payment in excess of the value of the stock is to be made it is necessary to assume that both the board of arbitrators and the government will be conspirators to a conspiracy to defraud the people of Canada. There is no likelihood of any award giving the shareholders more than a small fraction of the face value of their stock.

A great deal of the opposition in parliament and in the country is not what it seems. Ostensibly inspired by a desire to protect the Dominion treasury, it actually arises from other motives. Some of it is due to a reluctance to see the principle of government ownership extended to a transcontinental railway—a quite legitimate objection if openly avowed, as it was, by F. B. Carvell, M. P., and J. A. Robb, M. P. More of it arose in response to C. P. R. influence. It is, and has long been, an open secret that the C. P. R. system wants to get control of the C. N. R. system. This plan can never be realized, if the road becomes the property of the people of Canada. Hence much of this uproar in the public prints and elsewhere about the "iniquitous C. N. R. deal."—Winnipeg Free Press.

THE SLACKER'S CREED.

I believe in peace and in the determined obliteration of all feelings of wrath and indignation for crimes against humanity and civilization. I believe in a supine endurance of all insults and in a cringing compliance with the forces of bestiality, destruction and lust. I believe in opening our gates to madmen and leaving our homes defenseless. I believe if a war is to be fought it should be milk and water, in namby-pambyism and flapdoodle, in gush and bunkum, in veiled eyes and soft hands, in mealy mouths and fat stomachs, in the encouragement of cowardice, in the forgiveness of everything rotten and in slavery everlasting, for the kaiser's sake. Amen.—New York Life.

David Caplin of Hamilton was killed at the Grand Trunk station. He had gone to meet his wife, who was coming from Muskoka, and while crossing the tracks was run down by the train on which she was returning.

"One Whole Wheat Meal a Day"—that's the slogan for those who want to conserve food and also conserve strength and health. But be sure it is the whole wheat prepared in a digestible form. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** is 100 per cent. whole wheat—nothing wasted, nothing thrown away. Fifteen years ago Shredded Wheat was eaten only as a breakfast cereal; now it is eaten for any meal as a substitute for meat, eggs, or potatoes. Two or three biscuits with milk or cream and some fresh fruits make a nourishing, satisfying meal at a cost of only a few cents. Made in Canada.

Standard Furniture Company

C. J. CARLSON, Undertaker.

Undertakers, Embalmers and Funeral Directors.

The finest and most up to date undertaking parlors and chapel in interior of B. C. Lady attendant for women and children.

Day Phone 85.
Night Phone 252 and 64.

Diamond Engagement Rings

In fine platinum settings with perfect stones, from $25.00.

BIRKS' DIAMONDS

are the best possible value in Canada today, because patrons share in the adgvantages of our direct buying. So rigid are the tests imposed during selection that every purchaser has the fullest guarantee of quality.

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

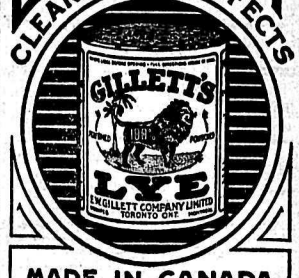
Wrenches

We have in stock a full line of Drop Forged Double-End Wrenches in the Thin, Medium and Heavy Patterns; also Adjustable Sets of Socket and Adjustable Auto Wrenches. Sets of Auto Chisels—just what is required around the launch or automobile.

Nelson Hardware Co.
412 BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON, STREET, NELSON, B. C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock
Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

FATS DIRT
CLEANS AND DISINFECTS



MADE IN CANADA

SOME OF ITS USES:
For making soap.
For washing dishes.
For cleaning and disinfecting refrigerators.
For removing ordinary obstructions from drain pipes and sinks.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Belgium in the Great War

REV. G. VANDAMME WILL GIVE A LECTURE WITH LANTERN SLIDES, in CATHOLIC PARISH HALL WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12 at 8 p.m.

Rev. G. Vandamme comes from Belgium and will relate the conditions as he has seen them. One hundred good views will be thrown on the curtain. Collection will be taken in aid of Cardinal Mercier's Belgium Relief Fund.

Everybody Cordially Invited. Admission free.

"GOD SAVE THE KING."

WATER NOTICE.

Clearing Streams.

Take notice that Mankin Lumber & Pole Company, whose address is Ha[illegible] B.C., will apply for a license to use th[illegible] waters of salmo river for "Clearing streams" purposes (i.e., clearing an[illegible] improving the stream for the drivin[illegible] booming or rafting of logs). The poin[illegible] on the stream between which it is pro[illegible]posed to clear are from the mouth [illegible] Clearwater creek downstream to mil[illegible] site about 2½ miles, to about the cent[illegible] of Sec. 12, Twp. 20, Lot 1241. The est[illegible]mated mileage between the said poin[illegible] is 2½ miles. The term proposed for th[illegible] license is twenty years. This noti[illegible] was posted on the ground on the 23[illegible] day of August, 1917. A copy of th[illegible] notice and an application pursu[illegible] thereto and to the "Water Act, 191[illegible]," will be filed in the office of the Wa[illegible]r Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objection[illegible] to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The petition for the approval of the undertaking will be heard in the office of the Board of Investigation, Victoria, B.C., at a date to be fixed by the Comptroller. Any interested party may file an objection thereto in the office of the Comptroller at Victoria or of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C., where copies of the petition will be filed. The date of the first publication of this notice is August 28, 1917.

MANKIN LUMBER & POLE CO.,
Applicant.
By Sam Huddleston, Agent.

WATER NOTICE.

Diversion and Use.

Take notice that Messrs. Deschamps & Lingle, whose address is Rossland, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 10 cubic feet per second of water out of Gwillim creek, also known as Goat creek, which flows southeasterly and drains into Slocan river, about one mile from south end of Slocan lake. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about one and one-half miles northerly from northwest corner of Lot 8938, and will be used for fluming logs and power purposes upon the timber claims described as T. L. 17317 and T. L. 41183. This notice was posted on the ground on the 17th day of August, 1917. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at New Denver, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is August 22, 1917.

DESCHAMPS & LINGLE,
Applicants.
By H. C. A. Cornish, Agent.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for lease must be made by the applicant in person to the agent or sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or sub-agent of Dominion lands. W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Today's Specials At the Star

KADANA TEA
The big value tea, always the same, per pound 40c

SALT COD FISH
Two pound bricks 30c

FRESH HERRING
Two cans 25c

RIPE TOMATOES
Three pounds 25c

RIPE PEARS
Per Pound 10c

LOCAL PEACH PLUMS
5 Pound basket 30c

CELERY
Large Bunch 10c

GREEN PEPPERS
Pound 25c

Star Grocery

PHONE 10

Fruit Growers—Attention

On account of short crop we shall not ship our first car of fruit until SEPT. 12TH.

Please prepare all possible Apples, Pears, Plums and Transcendant Crabs and ship them to us on Sept. 10th and 11th for the above car.

KOOTENAY FRUIT GROWERS' UNION
Phone 180 508 Ward Street

Farmers, Ship Us Your CREAM

Sweet Cream Butter Fat..46c
Sour Cream Butter Fat...44c

F. O. B. Nelson.
WRITE FOR SHIPPING TAGS.

Curlew Creamery Company

BOX 1192 NELSON, B. C.

Shampoo?

SURE!
A MULSIFIED COCOANUT OIL AT THE O. K. BARBER SHOP.
A. L. WILSON, Prop.

Our School Shoes

The welcome music of the school bell is heard again.

How about the school shoes for the children?

We're ready with the best—everything you would expect this store of better shoes to provide!

We've left no disappointment in our selection of good styles, or excellent values at any stated price.

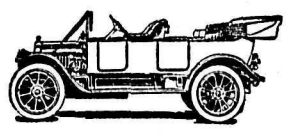
Misses Shoes, sizes 11 to 2—from..... **$2.50** TO **$3.75**
Child's Shoes, 8 to 10 1-2—from ..... **$2.00** TO **$3.40**
Boys' Shoes, sizes 1 to 5—from ..... **$2.75** TO **$4.50**
Youth's Shoes, sizes 11 to 13 1-2 from ..... **$2.50** TO **$3.50**

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION
Ask for a ticket with your Purchase
Winning Number last week 16075.

Nelson Steam Laundry

FRENCH DRY CLEANING AND DYEING.



Dealers for the White Company Motor Cars and Trucks. Automobiles for hire any hour day or night—passengers, baggage and light freight.

Nelson Steam Laundry
PAUL NIPOU, Manager.
P. O. Box 48 Tel. 140

FURS.

Guaranteed high class furs, nice selection kept in stock or made to order from selected skins. Customers' furs made up, remodelled and repaired. Skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Best price paid for raw skins.

G. GLASER, Manufacturing Furrier
416 Ward St., Nelson, B. C. Phone 106

Penmans

Sweater Coats

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

Those who love the day afield, afloat or awheel, demand toggery suitable in style and serviceability for outdoor wear. The Penman Sweater Coat captivates with its color combinations and up-to-date style.

Penmans, Limited
Paris

Also makers of Underwear and Hosiery

142

People of Trail

Do you realize you are living in the most prosperous town in British Columbia today? With a monthly payroll in wages alone of over $160,000.00 per month.

A few years ago, when the payroll was $60,000.00 per month, we sold lots in Columbia Heights Subdivision for $150.00 each. Today they are reselling for $400.00 and $500.00 each.

TRAIL EAST

Is the place to buy today. Large level lots for sale at $125.00, monthly payment plan.

$10.00 Cash and $10.00 per Month

You can do the same as purchasers of Columbia Heights lots are doing today.

McQuarrie & Robertson
NELSON AND TRAIL

Kootenay and Boundary

SANITARIUM PATIENTS PICNIC AT QUEENS BAY

(Special to The Daily News.)

QUEENS BAY, B. C., Sept. 10.—About 30 soldier patients at Balfour sanitarium accepted an invitation of the women of Queen's Bay to an afternoon picnic at Queen's Bay on Saturday last. The party, which was accompanied by Mrs. Olson, wife of the superintendent, and some members of the nursing staff, was conveyed in five motor launches. Several of the residents, including Lord Aylmer, were present at the Queen's Bay wharf to receive the visitors. Tea was served at a picturesque spot on Ross' point, and the wants of the guests were looked after by the women of the bay, most of whom were present.

KINCAID MAN MAKES TWO ATTEMPTS TO KILL HIMSELF

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 10.—Otto C. Holin tried to commit suicide by stabbing himself in the breast with a knife at Kincaid, Sask. today. He was taken in charge by the police and later made a second attempt.

CHARGED WITH TRYING TO MURDER LORD ATHELSTANE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—Romeo Wisintaire appeared in court today on the charge of attempting to murder Lord Athelstane. Wisintaire is the ninth man to be taken into custody for this anticonscription demonstration.

EDMONTON IN DARKNESS; MISHAP TO ELECTRIC PLANT

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

EDMONTON, Alta., Sept. 10.—The city tonight has been left in darkness through the bursting of a steampipe in the electric boiler house. No one was hurt, but it will be hours before the plant can supply either light or power.

SPANISH TRADE OPENINGS FOR UNITED KINGDOM

BRADFORD, England—An interesting lecture on "England and Spain, Their Economic, Commercial and Educational Relationships" was given in Bradford by Prof. J. Castillejo, acting head of the Spanish School of Studies at the Leeds university. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Bradford chamber of commerce and of the Bradford education committee. Professor Castillejo is secretary of the board of higher studies in the ministry of public instruction, Madrid. In apologizing for speaking in imperfect English he expressed the hope that in the near future English audiences would be able to listen to an address in Spanish. It was important that there should be an understanding between different races.

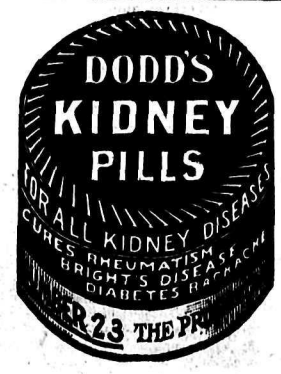
It might be assumed, Professor Castillejo said, that there were about 100,000,000 Spanish-speaking people scattered in 22 nations of the world, which gave some idea of the position of Spain in regard to the trade of the world. Anyone who wanted to enter into commercial relations with Spain must know the country, and the knowledge must be gained on the spot. It was lack of this knowledge that had made English trade lose ground in Spain.

Only about 25 per cent of the population of 20,000,000 were engaged in agriculture, and only about half the land was cultivated. There was, therefore, room for a great increase in production. The greater part of the area was devoted to the growing of corn and other cereals, yet Spain did not produce enough corn for her own consumption. In a few years' time, with an increase in the extent of land under cultivation, the country would be able to produce enough to support herself. Fruit, oil, wools and metals were among the principal articles exported. The production of sugar would be much more important, said the lecturer, if the Spanish government rectified the mistaken policy of monopoly. In 1913 she had exported only 100 tons of cotton and had imported 88,000 tons. In the same year the production of fruits was of the value of £10,000,000 and the exports £4,500,000. Spain was the first country in the world in oil production and she exported great quantities to America and the countries of Europe. Cattle raising was increasing in importance, but the country did not produce sufficient for its own consumption.

In 1913 the wool imported was valued 9,000,000 francs and that exported 2,000,000. Wool was produced in the rough, sold to foreign countries, and reimported as cloth and clothing. The metal trade was of great importance. In a given period 6,500,000 tons of iron ore had been imported by England, of which 4,500,000 tons were from Spain, and of the 800,000 tons of copper imported nearly 600,000 tons were from the same country, and there was a similar proportion in regard to other metals.

Four persons were killed and three injured by an automobile driven by Frank Knight during a 250 kilometre race at Mexico City. All the killed and injured were struck while attempting to cross the track before the finish of the race.

Mark Mensel, A Toledo Miller, has been made administrator of the 4000 flour mills in the Ohio valley under the U. S. national food act.



PRESIDENT FAVORS BANK-TO-BANK RULE

(Continued from Page Three.)

member; Marcus Martin, Nelson; H. H. Demick, Silverton.

Tells of Organization Work.

President Roberts referred in his report to the work of Dan Goggin, international organizer, who had confined his activity almost entirely to the jurisdiction of the Trail local. "Through his efficient work some 400 members were added to that local," says the report.

He recounted steps that he and Secretary Marshall had taken in connection with organization in the Slocan district, which had resulted in practically all the men in the Silverton district joining the local union. In cooperation with Secretary Botha of the Sandon union the membership of that organization was materially increased. He recommended that the convention make some arrangement under which active organization work would in future be carried out in the district for at least six months in each year.

Urges Legislation.

Under the heading "legislation," President Roberts said:

"During the year 1916 the different locals throughout the district started a campaign for the bank-to-bank provision in the eight hour clause of the metalliferous mines act and while several members of the provincial legislature are pledged to give their support still we must not rest contented until the amendment is passed and enforced. The government upon several occasions intimated their intention of amending the entire act and while there are many things that can well be included in an amended act, such as prevention of dust, protection of employees from contact with trolley lines, improved methods connected with mine inspection as well as the bank-to-bank clause, we must not overlook some clauses in the present act that should be retained, such as the clause prohibiting the employment of Orientals in metal mines. It will indeed pay the membership of this district to be alert to any move on the part of the government toward amending this act that governs the conditions under which we work and we should be in a position to make strong representation to have the beneficial sections of the old act retained as well as new clauses added that will more adequately protect the life and limb of those who delve in the earth's bowels.

"There has been an agitation going on for some time to have all men employed around smelters fall under the provision of the Eight-Hour act which is not the case at present. This in my mind should receive your consideration and I would suggest that we follow the lead of the miners of District 18, who are at present endeavoring to get a legal eight-hour day for all men employed in the coal mining industry and institute a campaign to get all men employed in the mining, milling, smelting and refining of ores a legal eight-hour day.

Favors Better Sanitation.

"During my visits to the different camps throughout our jurisdiction I have noticed a lack of adequate sanitary conditions, especially in connection with the bunkhouse. Much of the sickness and ill-health that seems associated with the mining industry can, in my opinion, be attributed to this seeming indifference to proper sanitation. Many of the so-called bunkhouses could as well be termed 'drys' and it is not an uncommon thing to find men sleeping and clothes drying within a few feet of them. Such a condition must eventually undermine the most rugged constitution and send many men to the scrap heap when they should be in their prime. The vapors arising from sweat soaked clothes also provides a medium through which the germs of rheumatism, consumption and other lung diseases can attack the health of the men. Lack of proper bathing facilities in many places add to the danger from lead poisoning.

Wants Bedclothing Provided.

"Another question closely associated is the roll of blankets which is a familiar sight wherever miners are hitting the trail for new pastures. There can be no good reason that I can see why men should be compelled to carry their beds with them except it would be to relieve the companies of all responsibility connected with the men's sleeping quarters. With a world wide campaign on for the conservation of human energy it should not be difficult to persuade our legislators of the necessity of having all mining companies provide proper dry houses with baths and bunk houses provided with sanitary beds and bed clothes that the companies would be obliged to keep clean.

"This summer the workmans compensation board visited the different sections of the district and Chairman Winn as well as Commissioner Gilmour advocated a cut in the compensation to the wives and dependents of Orientals. This I feel is a serious question that should receive your careful consideration. With the celebrated Krutz case still in our memories it is difficult for your board to see what the workers are to gain by this discriminating legislation proposed by the compensation board. We view this as a menace that must be fought against, as was the Krutz case, for in our judgment if a distinction is to be made between Orientals and others now it will not be long before other classes of European labor will also stand cuts in compensation, and should this condition obtain it will be to the advantage of the employing class to hire exclusively foreign labor.

Court Injunctions Provincial Matter

"On July 2 last an appeal was sent out by the Winnipeg trades and labor council to all unions to use their influence to have legislation passed that would rob the courts of the power to issue injunctions against labor organizations upon strike. Your board took the matter up with Right Hon. Sir R. L. Borden and we were informed that the question was a strictly provincial one. It seems to me that our only protection from this evil lies in our electing working men to the legislatures, both provincial and Dominion.

Raps I. W. W. Slanderers

"It will be remembered in June, 1914, Butte miners' union No. 1, Western Federation of Miners, was destroyed and until this spring Butte remained practically unorganized. A few months ago a strike was called in a rather mysterious fashion and some 10,000 men quit work and formed a union known as the metal mine workers. A vote was taken upon the question of them affiliating with our international and was rejected. Their next step being an endeavor to form a new international, their claim being that our organization was not democratic, and that we were ruled by a set of corrupt officials who were not serving the member to their advantage. I believe we are all agreed as to the source whence springs this calumny, as well as the objects hoped to be obtained. In the opinion of your board we have too long dealt leniently with those whose objects were the destruction of our organization, and henceforth we would recommend that neither moral nor financial support be given any organization not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and eligible for its membership. The constitution of our international is as democratic as is possible to make it, no charge has been proven against our officers and, as true unionists, proud of our organization and its ideals, granting justice to all, whether officer or not, it behooves us to resent in no uncertain manner this campaign of slander carried on by the so-called Industrial Workers of the World.

"In conclusion, I wish to take this opportunity," said President Roberts, "of expressing my deep appreciation of the assistance and cooperation accorded me both by my colleagues on the board and the officers and members of the different locals that I have had the pleasure of associating with during my term. I know that this convention will result in benefitting the members of District No. 6 and I trust the year 1917-18 will prove a prosperous one for our association."

The convention will continue today.

NEBRASKA DEALS WITH ALIEN ENEMY QUESTION

LINCOLN, Neb.—Federal authorities and the state council of defense have finally succeeded in silencing in Nebraska much of the criticism of the war that marked the early months of the conflict. Nebraska has a very large German element in its population. Many of the farmers of today were immigrants direct from Germany. They have retained their language and many of the customs of the old country, for they are knit together in a German-American state alliance and support a number of German language newspapers, one of them a daily in Omaha.

From the beginning of the war in 1914 these Germans have been ardent champions of the cause of kaiser and, disregarding the admonitions of the president, have done all that was possible to help the fatherland from this side, by sending money and messages of sympathetic good will. Twenty thousand of them left the Republican party and voted for the reelection of Senator Hitchcock because the latter had championed an embargo on arms from America. They were firmly convinced that England was bent on world conquest and that the press of the United States had either been corrupted with English gold or that the larger dailies actually were owned by Lord Northcliffe.

When America entered the war many of these Germans were unable to perceive their duty as Americans. They could not switch quickly to the same side upon which England was arrayed. The Lutherans of the state are very largely Germans and some of their churches have as pastors citizens of the fatherland. Hundreds of Germans frankly declared they could not and would not fight against Germany; a few of them were very violent and vehement in denunciation of the president and the government; some advised against obedience to the draft law.

Complaints by the hundred poured in upon the state council of defense. These were referred to the federal authorities and many cases have been investigated by special agents. Not one in 50, however, has resulted in an arrest and prosecution. Neighbors who made the complaints to the authorities refused, for personal or business reasons, to back them up with testimony or to prosecute. Where it was possible many of those who had been unwise in their utterances were called into the office of the federal district attorney and warned that their conduct must not be repeated.

The Lutheran church dignitaries met and passed resolutions affirming their allegiance to the cause of America and declaring that the church, which had been arraigned by the state council of defense as being a hotbed of disloyalty, had been condemned for the acts of a few. Many of the Germans who were investigated came forward and offered to buy liberty bonds to prove their loyalty.

Some 15 men have been arrested. Five of these were alien enemies, who have been sent to a federal fort in Utah for internment during the period of the war. Two of these men had lived in the state for some years but the others were transients, two being Industrial Workers of the World. One of the Germans arrested as an alien enemy, a man named Bowman, who had lived for years near Hubbell, was dismissed. This case has caused a great controversy, the more radical proponents of the war declaring that he should have been interned. He was able to prove that he had been accepted as a citizen when the government granted him a homestead. The radicals have been charging that Federal District Attorney Allen was too lenient and that he is pacifically inclined. Much of this criticism has been political, however, Mr. Allen being a brother-in-law of W. J. Bryan. Bowman had called the president a murderer.

Mr. Allen says that he has constantly been counseled from Washington to deal tactfully and patiently with the Germans because of the conditions that command them to switch their allegiance in the war from one side to the other. He has interned all alien enemies who have counseled violence; he has deported several alien neutrals who manifested hostility to the United States; he has two men under arrest for threatening to kill the president if they ever got a chance; he has arrested 22 slackers and at the federal grand jury in September will present cases against 12 citizens who are accused of obstructing the liberty loan and the draft law, cases in which no arrests have been made. Mr. Allen says that most of his critics are men who are unaware that a citizen has the right to criticize public officials and can be punished only when what he says or does interferes with the success of the military forces of the nation.

The most conspicuous case, one which has centered attention upon Nebraska and given her an unearned reputation for disloyalty, was that of Frank L. Haller, president of the state board of university regents. Mr. Haller is directly accused by the state council of defense of being the author before war was declared, of letters signed "Patricia S. Newcombe" which were gravely disloyal in character, which belittled America and deified the kaiser and Germany. It has called upon Haller to either prove his innocence or resign from the board and if he will not resign the other members are asked to remove him from the presidency.

Mr. Haller is a wealthy and educated German, a wholesaler in farm implements in Omaha. He has been away from the state for some weeks, going before the charge was made against him and after he had engaged in a duel of letters with R. L. Metcalfe, chief of the state council, in which he had demanded Metcalfe's resignation. He has made no response to the charges against him.

Suits for Fall Wear

The new styles show coats much longer than last season, some reaching a little above the knee, and some even below.

Skirts are mostly very simple in design, as best conforms with the long coats. They are nearly all long enough to reach the ankle, or an inch or so above.

Straight line effects predominate.

Favorite colors are Navy, Green, Burgundy, Nigger Brown and Black.

Every woman is invited to see the New Suits. Prices to suit every purchaser, from

$25.00, $33.00
$37.50 to $85.00
the Suit

Many New Style Waists for Fall

Here is a display of Blouses that it will be a pleasure to examine.

There is endless variety in the New Fall Styles. Blouses with large turnback collars, others with high buttoned up choker styles, and also frills and jabot effects are numerous.

Silk, Crepe-de-Chenes, Georgettes, in Plain Colors, and with embroidery of silk or beads, or trimmings of colored stitchings, etc. Also White Wash Voiles are among the New Fall Styles. In colors there are Flesh, Maize, Blue, Navy, White and Black. All sizes.

Prices from $4.00 to $15.00 Each

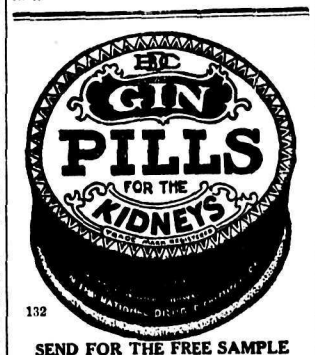
$16.50 Raincoats on Sale Today at $11.95

Ten Only, Smart Tweed Raincoats, made with plain or belted backs and with convertible collars. Full lengths or three-quarter styles. Sizes up to 42. Values to $16.50.

Special Today $11.95

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY



132

SEND FOR THE FREE SAMPLE

If you suffer from Backache, Rheumatism, Brick Dust Deposits, Urinary and Bladder Troubles, or Swollen Joints, write for free sample of Gin Pills to

The National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto

Scratch Pads

Good Paper
Convenient Sizes

15c per lb.

The Daily News
Bindery Department

Distance Is Everything When Traveling

IT IS NOTHING WHEN TELEPHONING

When you travel you take time to get ready, and you subject yourself to a certain amount of inconvenience en route to your destination. When you telephone you simply go to the other side of the room and talk. It is a face to face conversation, with the elimination of every inconvenience.

Traveling, too, depends on the weather; you can communicate at any time by telephone.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY

News of Sport

PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON BREAK EVEN

St. Louis Wins First Game of Final Series With Pirates—Giants Lose Doubleheader

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—Boston and Philadelphia again split even in a doubleheader today. Alexander won the first game. Evers was put out of this game for disputing a called strike. In the second game Boston hammered Lavender for 12 runs, all but one of them earned, while Ragan struck out 11 men.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	5	9	2
Boston	2	10	4

Batteries—Alexander and Killifer; Tyler and Tragressor.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	2	9	3
Boston	12	14	0

Batteries—Lavender and Adams, Burns; Lavell and Meyer.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	1	8	1
St. Louis	2	9	1

Batteries—Jacobs, Evans and Schmidt; Goodwin and snyder.

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	12	14	4
New York	6	12	2

Batteries—Pfeffer and Miller, Kreuger; Demaree, Anderson, Tesreau, Benton and McCarty, Rariden.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	2	4	2
New York	1	6	0

Batteries—Marquard and Kreuger; Anderson, Benton and McCarty, Rariden.

AMERICAN

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	1	2	1
Washington	2	6	1

Batteries—Ruth and Agnew, Thomas; Harper and Ainsmith.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	5	0
Washington	3	6	0

Batteries—Mayes and Agnew; Shaw, Dumont and Ainsmith.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	10	10	2
Philadelphia	1	10	0

Batteries—Fisher and Nunamaker; Seibert, Schauer and Haley.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
New York	5	11	0
Philadelphia	1	10	0

Batteries—Munroe and Nunamaker; Anderson and Meyer.

No other games scheduled.

INTERNATIONAL

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	19	17	2
Montreal	16	11	4

Batteries—Warhop, Gould and Lalonde; Hoyt and Madden.

	R.	H.	E.
Newark	5	10	0
Richmond	2	6	0

Batteries—McGraw and Blackwell; Young, Adams and Reynolds.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Newark	2	5	2
Richmond	4	7	0

Batteries—Wilkinson and Blackwell; Donahue and Reynolds.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	5	8	4
Rochester	7	11	2

Batteries—Wyckoff and Daley; Causey and Sandberg.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	13	14	0
Rochester	0	8	5

Batteries—McCabe and Daley; Sacht and Brandon.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	7	12	1
Baltimore	10	12	1

Batteries—Missing.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

	R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	4	10	3
Columbus	3	10	2

Batteries—McConnell and Berry; Hamilton and Blackburn.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	1	9	4
Columbus	4	9	1

Batteries—McQuillan and Berry; George and Coleman.

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	13	13	1
St. Paul	3	9	5

Batteries—Filligan and Cossett; Niahaus and Hoffman.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	2	5	0
St. Paul	7	10	0

Batteries—Dawson and Schange; Grinner and Hoffman.

No other games scheduled.

REGINA ATHLETE, "HICKORY" ABBOTT, AMONG WOUNDED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sept. 10.—Lieut. "Hickory" Abott, one of Regina's most popular young men, and an all round athlete, has been wounded at the front.

Our Booklet Explains

why Kootenay Ranges stay good as new, long after other ranges have worn out; how the asbestos joints prevent leakage of air or drafts; how the aluminized flues prevent rust; and why they require less fuel than other ranges. Ask our dealer or write for booklet.

McClary's KOOTENAY RANGE

LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER ST. JOHN, N.B. HAMILTON CALGARY SASKATOON EDMONTON 16

For Sale by Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

Money-back if not satisfied

Buy 50c worth of El Sidelo Cigars. Smoke them as critically as you like; then if you are not satisfied, that you have received big value for your money, return the bands to us and get your money back.

El Sidelo CIGAR

CHESTERFIELD Size, 4 for 50c
LILY Size, 4 for 50c
CLUB HOUSE Size, 6 for 50c

Made from selected Havana Leaf

For sale at first class cigar dealers.

Actual size CLUB HOUSE 4½ ins

McLéod, Nolan & Co.
London, Ontario, Canada.

8

D. J. ELMER, B. C. Sales Manager, 3118 Alberta Street, Vancouver, B.C.

NEWS OF THE MARKETS

PRICE OF FLOUR TO DECREASE $3

This is Expected Result of Restrictive Regulations Effective in U. S. Shortly.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Grain elevators began operating today under license restrictions prescribed by the food administration. None will be allowed to store wheat or rye for more than 30 days and each elevator is required to make weekly reports of its transactions.

Flour mills will be put under a licensing system within a few days. The mills will be required to hold their grain accumulations to a 30-day supply. As soon as the new wheat crop begins to move through the mills flour prices to the householders, according to the food controller, should drop at least $3 per barrel, which would represent a total saving to the public of more than $30,000,000 per month.

CASH WHEAT $2.22.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Sept. 10.—Cash wheat: No. 1 Northern, $2.22; No. 2 Northern, $2.20; No. 3 Northern, $2.17; No. 4 Northern, $2.08; No. 5, $1.84; No. 6, $1.72; feed, $1.65.

Oats: May, 66⅛; October, 67⅝; December, 62⅞.

Flax: October, $3.18; November, $3.15½; December, $3.09¼.

OATS STRONG AT MONTREAL.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—In sympathy with the continued strength of the Winnipeg market for oats, a strong feeling prevailed here today and prices scored a further advance of 1 cent per bushel with a fair demand for carlots. Manitoba barley was stronger and 1 cent per bushel higher. Wheat was in demand with prices unchanged from Saturday's finish.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 10.—Cattle: Receipts, 29,000; unsettled. Beeves, 7.25 to 17.40; western steers, 6.40 to 14; stockers and feeders, 5.90 to 9.40; cows and heifers, 4.65 to 12.70; calves, 12 to 18.

Hogs: Receipts, 14,000; strong, 25 cents above Saturday. Light, 17 to 18.70; mixed, 16.90 to 18.80; heavy, 10.80 to 18.80; bulk, 18.25 to 18.60.

Sheep: Receipts, 18,000; firm. Lambs, native, 11.50 to 17.75.

Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 10.—Livestock receipts at the Union stockyards today totaled 3500 cattle and 43 hogs. The movement of cattle was slow. Good fat butcher steers sold at steady prices but the low grade steers, cows and heifers sold 50 cents easier. Bulls and oxen sold about steady at last week's quotations, also stockers and feeders. Veal calves were steady.

Hogs slumped 75 cents per 100. The market was slow and weak for the few hogs that were in the offerings. To-day's cattle receipts were the largest for some time; 28 cars of cattle arrived on through billing to eastern points.

SAFETY MEASURES TO BE ADOPTED

(Continued from Page Three.)

to life for the men employed underground.

Needed Action.

To give warning of impending outbursts of gas in certain dangerous zones with the advance of the working places long drill holes should be kept drilled in advance. To provide for the regular flow of methane, well keptup airway of large area and powerful fans should be employed with ample margin or capacity. A permanent commission should be formed to further investigation and review the evidence collected by members of the commission, the inspectors of mines and others, having among its membership a geologist, a mining engineer, a chemist and an experienced mine operator.

The problem of equal importance, Mr. Rice reports, in working the Crow's Nest field coals and especially in future developments under deeper cover and greater distance from the outcrop, is to adequately take care of the large quantity of gas. Very wisely the mines are not allowed to equip with electricity for haulage or lighting as the danger is too great. The following are the chief facts developed:

1. That the flow of gas as measured by the analysis of the returns and the outbursts of gas which occurred at the Morrissey collieries show that the Crow's Nest Pass coal field mines are among the most gaseous in the world.

2. That gas is derived from two sources: (a) Stores in the crevices and point planes of rocks and coal; (b) Occluded, or that held in the pores or cells of the coal by surface tension.

3. That an unusual condition has been found in testing the amount and kind of gas given off by the broken coal, which, on the basis of one sample shows (a) that an unusual quantity of hydrocarbon gas is given off by the coal on grinding fine by vaccuo; (b) that three times as much etchane and other hydrocarbons are given off as menthabe under these conditions.

4. That the gas pressures within a short distance of the face of the workings are low, which, however, is not proof that high gas pressure may not exist at a considerable distance in the solid away from the face.

Steady Investigation.

Mr. Rice has submitted recommendations as to the best method of draining the coal measures of gas and, in connection with his recommendation of the appointment of a permanent commission, state that there are obscure matters which can only be cleared up by further and continued investigation such as research work on gases, the recording of phenomena such as rock tremors, "bumps" and outbursts and the trial of methods of mining. Such a commission would make a careful topographical survey in the vicinity of the operating mines and the establishments of monuments in advance of mine workings by precise methods of surveying so that all the changes may be observed; the establishment of seismographs registering vertical waves at two or three points on the face of the mountain above No. 1 south mine; the carrying on of experimental methods of mining of coal at the face in a practical manner, especially No. 1 bed so as to lessen the danger in case of "bumps" and to look into the best methods of timbering for protection; to determine the amount of occluded gas in different coal beds, to continue the excellent investigations initiated by the provincial inspection department into the question of fire damp by the gathering of samples of mine air; to record gas pressures, etc.

Mr. Rice points out in his report the greatest function of such a commission would be to determine how the collieries may be so laid under the difficult conditions, which confront mining operations in the Crow's Nest field, that all the coal that is now considered as "reserve" may be ultimately obtained. When it is considered, he states, that it is practically impossible to sink shafts into the large part of the field and that, if the coal has to be attacked from the outcrop, to mine in the interior of the field will require entries or tunnels six, eight or ten miles in length, the magnitude of the problem is apparent.

DIEU ET MON DROIT

Canada

Military Service Act 1917

Explanatory Announcement by the Minister of Justice

THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT has received the assent of the Governor-General, and is now part of the law of the land. It will be enforced accordingly, and the patriotism and good sense of the people can be relied upon to support it. Resistance to its enforcement, however, by word or act must and will be repressed, as resistance to any other law in force must be.

Reinforcements Under Military Service Act Immediately Required

It is the intention of the Government immediately to exercise the power which the Act confers, and to call out men for military service in order to provide reinforcements for the Canadian Forces. This is necessary, since the military authorities report that the reserves available or in sight for reinforcement will shortly be exhausted unless this step be taken.

First Call Limited to Men Between 20 and 34, Who Were Unmarried, or Widowers Without Children, on July 6, 1917

The present call will be limited to men not in the schedule of exceptions, who were unmarried or widowers without children on 6th July, 1917, are at least twenty years of age, and were born on or since 1st January, 1883. Of this class, all those will be entitled to conditional exemption whose services in their present occupations, agricultural, industrial or other, are essential in the national interest, and whose business or domestic responsibilities are such that serious hardships would ensue if their services be required. Conscientious scruples based upon a prohibition of combatant service by the articles of faith of the religious denomination to which men belong will also be respected. The men first required to serve will consequently be those who can be called upon with the least disturbance of the economic and social life of the country.

Civil Tribunals to Deal with Exemptions

Questions of exemption will be determined, not by the military authorities or by the Government, but by civil tribunals composed of representative men who are familiar with local conditions in the communities in which they serve, who will generally have personal knowledge of the economic and family reasons which those whose cases come before them have had for not volunteering their services, and who will be able sympathetically to estimate the weight and importance of such reasons. Provincial Appellate Tribunals, constituted from the existing judiciary of the respective Provinces, will be provided to correct mistakes made by Local Tribunals, and a Central Appeal Tribunal for the whole of Canada, selected from among the present Judges of the Supreme Court of Canada, will be constituted in order that identical principles may be applied throughout the country. In this way every man may rest assured of the fair and full consideration of his circumstances and the national requirements, both civil and military.

Proclamation Will Announce the Day

A proclamation will issue calling out the bachelors and widowers referred to, and fixing a day on or before which every man must report for service to the military authorities, unless he has before that day made an application for exemption.

How to Apply for Exemption

Applications for exemption may be made by written notice on forms which will be available at every post office, and will be transmitted free of postage. They will not, however, be required to be made in this way, but may be presented by the applicants in person to the Exemption Tribunals. The cases of those who have given written notice in advance will have precedence, and appearance in person will therefore be likely to involve considerably more inconvenience and delay to the men concerned, so that it is recommended that advantage be generally taken of the facilities for written application.

Exemption Tribunals in All Parts of Canada

The Local Exemption Tribunals will be constituted with the least delay possible, consistent with the selection of representative individuals to compose them, and the instruction of the members in their duties. There will be more than one thousand of such Tribunals throughout Canada, each consisting of two members, one of whom will be nominated by a Joint Committee of Parliament, and the other by one of the Judges of the existing courts. Every effort will be made by the wide distribution of Tribunals, and by provision where necessary for their sitting in more than one place, to minimize the inconvenience to which men will be put in obtaining the disposition of their cases.

A Registrar will be appointed in each Province, who will be named in the proclamation, and to whom enquiries may be addressed. Each Provincial Registrar will transmit to the appropriate Tribunal the applications for exemption which have been submitted in advance of the sittings, and men who have sent these in will not be required to attend the Tribunals until notified to do so. Other applicants should attend personally on the Tribunal without notice.

How to Report for Service

Men who do not desire to claim exemption will report to the military authorities for service, either by mail or in person, at any time after the issue of the proclamation. Forms of report by mail will be found in all post offices and, like application for exemption, will be transmitted free of postage.

Early Report Advantageous

No man who reports for service will, although he may be medically examined and passed as fit, be required to go into camp or join a battalion until after a day fixed by the proclamation sufficiently late to permit of the disposition by the Local Tribunals of most, if not all, of the applications for exemption which may come before them. Thus no advantage will be gained by delaying or disadvantage incurred by prompt report for service on the part of those who do not intend to apply for exemption.

Facilities for Immediate Medical Examination

Immediately upon the issue of the proclamation, Medical Boards will sit at every mobilization centre for the examination of men who report for service or who, subject to their right within the time limited to apply for exemption, desire to have their physical fitness determined in order to allay any doubt as to their physical condition, or to know definitely and in advance whether there is a possibility of their services being required. Certificates of physical unfitness issued by these Medical Boards will be accepted without any further investigation by Exemption Tribunals when they sit. Men found physically fit who have not reported or service may nevertheless apply for exemption on any of the prescribed grounds, including even their physical condition if dissatisfied with the Medical Board conclusion.

Notice to Join the Colors

As reinforcements are required notice to report at the nearest mobilization centre will be given from time to time to the men found liable and passed as fit for service. Disobedience of such notice will render the offender liable to punishment, but punishment for failure to report for military service, or to report subsequently for duty when called upon, will be imposed ordinarily by the civil magistrates; offenders, however, will remain liable for the performance of their military duties notwithstanding any civil punishment which may be imposed, and will be liable to military punishment in cases in wh ch civil proceedings are not taken.

Watch for the Proclamation

Notice of the day appointed for the making of a claim for exemption or for report for military service will be published as widely as possible, but as no personal notice can be given until the individuals called out have so reported themselves or claimed exemption, men possibly concerned are warned to inform themselves with regard to the day fixed, since neglect may involve the loss by them, of important privileges and rights.

Ottawa, September 11, 1917

CHAS. J. DOHERTY,
Minister of Justice

TROTTERS MAKE SPLENDID TIME AT SYRACUSE RACES

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Unfavorable weather conditions marred the opening of the grand circuit race meeting here today. Notwithstanding the weather, remarkable time was made in the two events of the revised card. Letannia S, driven by Snow, captured the 2:20 trot in three heats, while Bertha McGuire had an equally easy time in the Kanon-Noo $1000 purse for first place.

857

Little Ads that Bring Big Returns

NDENSED AVERTISING RATES

e insertion, per word	1c
nimum charge	25c
consecutive insertions, per word	4c
enty-six consecutive insertions (one month), per word	15c
ths, one insertion	50c
rriages, one insertion	50c
aths, one insertion	50c
rd of Thanks	50c
Each subsequent insertion	25c
ath and Funeral Notice	$1.00

All condensed advertisements are sh in advance.

In computing the number of words a classified advertisement count h word, dollar mark, abbreviation, tial letter and figure as one word. Advertisers are reminded that it is trary to the provision of the pos laws to have letters addressed to tials only; therefore any advertiser irous of concealing his or her iden may use a box at this office with any extra charge if replies are led for; if replies are to be mailed advertisers allow 10 cents extra in ition to price of advertisement, to postage.

The News reserves the right to re any copy submitted for publica n.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE

NTED—Fifteen pole makers for amp on Arrow lakes. Ten pole kers for camp at Fife, B.C. Fifteen n for road making and swamping. canthook men. The best wages go . The Lindsley Bros. Co., Nelson, (6786)

NTED—Porter. Apply Club ho el. (6889)

NTED—Bellboy. Apply Hume ho el. (6858)

NTED—Experienced miner, who can sharpen steel to help me run nnel. Board and $3.50 per day. Ad ess S. R. Gabel, Kaslo, B.C. (6893)

PERIENCED press feeder wanted. Apply Daily News Job department. (6758)

TEACHERS WANTED.

DY TEACHER WANTED for Trail school. Apply secretary, school rd, Trail, B.C. (6896)

SITUATION VACANT—FEMALE.

NTED—Girl to do light housework or small family. Mrs. Ragg, Trail. (6879)

NTED—Girl for general house rk. Phone 296 during day. (6887)

UATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

NTED—Position in postoffice or re; experienced; best references ished. Mrs. Pat Denny, box 44, sia, Sask. (6844)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SALE—Mentges newspaper fold ; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 pages; in class condition. Snap for cash. Daily News, Nelson. (678)

IES' NEW FALL SUITS, sixteen y. Opposite Presbyterian church. (6840)

R SALE—7500 feet secondhand one n black iron pipe. Kootenay ple Co., Ltd., Salmo, B.C. (6808)

R SALE—Edison Dictograph com plete; electric power. Apply to Daily ws' business office. (654)

R SALE—Shaving machine for Edi son records. Box 685, Daily News.

WANTED.

ANTED—Shingle bolts in large or small quantities. Will pay big price. estern Box & Shingle Mills, Ltd., lson. (6800)

ANTED—A Perkins hand shingle machine, in good working order; one cking box and drag saw. Charles nery, Paulson, B.C. (6831)

ANTED—SPLIT CEDAR POSTS—Kootenay Lakes Cedar Company, lson, B.C. (6875)

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

OR SALE—6-roomed house, grounds 0x120. Lots of fruit. A snap for uick turnover. Box 6770, Daily News.

OR SALE—5 good lots, corner of Kootenay and Mill streets, $500 cash, $550 on terms, at half down or trade r something in Tacoma. Address W. ummer, box 574, Tacoma, Wash. (6895)

RAIL Columbia Heights, large flat 60t, 35 by 105 feet. Splendid garden. pply J. Bright, opposite bridge. (6862)

R SALE—Improved hay and stock anch; price reasonable and terms to it. John Graham, Perry Siding. (6779)

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

OR RENT—Suites of furnished house keeping rooms in Anaable block. quire room 32. (6872)

OR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms, $8 per month. Over Poole ng. (6843)

RNISHED SUITE—All conveni nces. Campbell's Art Studio, 715 ker street. (6819)

RNISHED SUITES for rent. Ap ly Kerr apartments. (6873)

FOR RENT.

OR RENT—Six roomed house, close n. Apply J. W. Gallagher's store. (6708)

OR RENT—7-roomed house, seven ots and outbuildings. Apply Nelson iry. (6838)

OR RENT—For six months, furn shed three room cottage; 509 Hall eet. (6842)

OR RENT—With option of purchase, improved ranch, 8½ acres near New estminster carline; seven roomed use. Drawer Q., Trail. (6859)

OR RENT— Five roomed furnished cottage with fireplace, electric light, s and bath; half block from car line. pply P.O. box 501, City. (6865)

LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE — Two heavy teams of horses, weighing 2900 and 3400 lbs. Seven to nine years old. Price reasonable. Can be seen in Nelson. A. G. Lambert Co., Ltd. (6876)

FOR SALE—One bay horse, 9 years, 1200 lbs., strong, gentle working horse. Price $115. Frank McFall, Slocan City. (6863)

THREE-QUARTERS blood Yorkshire pigs, 7 weeks old, five dollars each; 2 good brood sows. J. A. Knox, Arrow Park, B.C. (6861)

FOR SALE—Good strong ranch mare. A. Cameron, Balfour. (6852)

FOR SALE—One pure bred Holstein bull, registered number 21193; 3 years old; sire and dam prize winners at Edmonton, Calgary and Winnipeg. Have no further use. A sure breeder. Also one good big cow, 5 years old, freshens Sept. 15. For further information apply A. Lofstedt, P.O. box 495, Kaslo, B.C. (6828)

SEVERAL in pig sows for sale. Marsden, Cloverbrook, Taghum. (6883)

FOR SALE—Three male and one female fox terrier pups; well bred. Apply to C. B. Miller, Kaslo, B.C. (6881)

TWO MATCHED TEAMS, 2600 and 3000; aged 5, 6, 7 and 10 years old; good stock. Also 2 sets logging harness. A. E. Hales, Grand Forks, B.C. (6878)

WANTED—First class butter cow, lately freshened or due soon. J. J. Campbell, R.R. No. 1, Phone 462-R. (6890)

LARGE WORK HORSE FOR SALE—Also vacant lots and bricks. Apply William Hancock, box 977, Nelson, B.C. (6897)

WANTED—A bull about two years old, Ayrshire preferred. Kaslo Dairy. (6898)

FOR SALE—Six weeks old pigs; price $5; September delivery. F. Graham, Nelson, B.C. (6892)

FOR SALE—First class team heavy general purpose, 6 and 7 years old; straight lines, high necks, Clydes, bay color, good, sensible and well broken geldings. The right kind of horses for anything; price $650. Also 1 mare, 6 years old, well built, but not well broken; price $50. One gelding, well built, well broken single, double or saddle, 4 years old; price $90; weight about 1100 lbs. each. R. Lamont, Creston, B.C. (6877)

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—In Alberta, good ice cream, confectionery, tobacco and restaurant business, stock and fixtures. Store has good living accommodations and lighted throughout by natural gas. Box 34, Castor, Alta. (6829)

OWNER of group of rich silver claims wants party to advance $3000 to start operations; can commence shipping at once; will give half interest. Intend organizing stock company to build plant. Party will get one hundred thousand shares stock for investment which will be worth $1.00 per share within two years. Investigate, examine property, see smelter returns from trial shipments when silver was low. An opportunity for someone to become wealthy. Quick action necessary. Address box 6848, Daily News. (6848)

PIANO.

OLIVE CAMPBELL, teacher of pianoforte and theory. Pupils prepared for examination; 911 Stanley street. Phone 101. (6801)

WHOLESALE.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staples and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

ENGINEERS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH, Hydraulic Engineer. Provincial Land Surveyor. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

CHAS. MOORE, C. & M. E., Provincial Land Surveyor, Architect. Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

DONAGHY & DONAGHY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., McCulloch block, Nelson, B.C., Flack block, Vancouver.

ACCOUNTANTS.

W. H. FALDING, Public Accountant, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Rossland, B.C.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

FOR $20.00 PER MONTH you can buy 2 corner lots and 4-room house on Robson street, price $700.00. Why pay rent? Own your own property. IMPROVED RANCH—One of the best in Kootenay; 14 acres planted, some trees 11 years. Good house close to station; an ideal home. Price $6500.00. BUILDING LOTS—In Nelson city, Rosemont and Trail on monthly payment plan; $10.00 monthly.

McQUARRIE & ROBERTSON.

H. E. DILL, General Insurance Agent. Fire, Life and Health policies issued in the oldest and strongest companies on the most liberal terms to the assured. Phone 180, K.W.C. Block, 508 Ward St.

STENOGRAPHY.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Penmanship. Day and night classes; 820 Victoria St. Box 745. (5219)

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, box A-1108, Nelson, B.C. Standard western charges.

EDUCATIONAL.

BUSINESS COLLEGE FOR GIRLS, Cranbrook, B.C.— Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, facilities for other subjects if desired. Piano, violin, dancing; French taught by Parisienne. Write for prospectus to Miss Cherrington, King Edward school. (6075)

AGENTS WANTED.

$5 PRIVATE Christmas Greeting Card sample book free; representatives already making five to ten dollars daily. Bradley-Garretsons, Brantford, Ont. (6784)

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On Granite road, two fishing poles; reward; 113 Baker St. (6854)

DRUGLESS PHYSICIANS.

NERVOUSNESS, goitre, disease, boils banished. No poison drugs. Write Professor Freeman Size, 226 8th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta. (6880)

LAUNCHES AND MOTOR BOATS.

WANTED—Rowboat. Write box 6833, Daily News. (6833)

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

D. J. ROBERTSON, F. D. D. & E., 303 Victoria street. Phone 292; night phone, 167-L.

SECOND HAND DEALERS.

THE ARK pays cash for second hand furniture, stoves; 606 Vernon.

THE NEAL INSTITUTE, CRANBROOK, B.C.

Where you can get rid of the drink habit in three days. Write for further particulars.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT, on vulcanite or metal plates, also crowns and bridgework. Highest prices paid; post without delay; cash by return mail. J. Dunstone, 1459 Georgia St., Vancouver. Est. 27 years. (6816)

HIGH SCHOOL GIRL would like home in return for services. Box 6832, Daily News. (6832)

DEMAND FOR HOUSES IN NELSON IS GREAT

Firms Engaged in Rental Business Find It Difficult to Find Residences for Clients

Demand for residences in Nelson has never been as great as at the present time, according to statements yesterday by local firms engaged in the rental business. It was stated that practically every house in the city that is in good condition has been rented and that there was no sign of a diminution of the demand.

"I have never seen anything like it in the past 10 years," said one Nelson broker. "People seem to be coming in here from all over the country. Some are coming in for the winter only, but many appear to be moving here as permanent residents. For some time there has been difficulty in finding furnished houses for those who desired them, but the situation now is that very few unfurnished homes in good condition are available."

ARRANGE FOR BOOTH

Arrangements for the booth of the Womens Hospital Aid at the fair were made at a meeting of the organization at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon.

DIES AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS.

After a few days' illness from bronchial pneumonia, Rosie Julien, aged five years, only child of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Julien, died yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Arrangements for the funeral have not been made yet.

THE LATEST METHOD

of grafting skin over a severe burn or scald is by the Zam-Buk process. Zam-Buk contains herbal ingredients that literally grow new skin. How much safer, simpler and cheaper than the old method, which was by surgery!

Mrs. George Currie, of 194 Waterloo Ave., Guelph, Ont., writes: "My baby sustained a very severe burn, and although he received medical attention for eight weeks, he got very little better. Finally the doctor told me that skin would have to be grafted.

"Meantime I had heard of Zam-Buk and decided to try it first. This soothing balm soon drew out the inflammation, and in a short time I could notice a great improvement. New skin began to form, and in three weeks' time the burn was quite healed over, without having to resort to surgery."

Zam-Buk is equally good for cuts and bruises, as well as for eczema, old sores, blood-poisoning and piles. All dealers or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box, 3 for $1.25.

Zam-Buk

When You Buy at The Bay

You know that this great company is behind the quality of every article you purchase.

BUYERS IN ALL THE GREAT MARKETS OF THE WORLD ARE LOOKING FOR THE BEST GOODS THEY CAN PROCURE AND THE GREAT BUYING POWER OF CASH GIVES THEM EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR PICKING UP THE BEST LINES AT CLOSE PRICES, AND WE ARE ABLE TO GIVE YOU THE ADVANTAGE OF MANY SPECIAL BUYS THAT CANNOT BE OBTAINED BY THE ORDINARY MERCHANT.

LADIES' FRENCH FELT HATS AT LESS THAN HALF—A wonderful purchase enables us to give you this exceptional bargain. Fine French Hats in Charmeuse and Chiffon Felt; beautiful and handsome hats in the newest models; all the wanted colors, in Sky, Orange, Pink, Green, Grey, Mode, Brown, Royal, etc. Worth from $5.00 to $7.00. Thirty-six only—come and get first choice. We are putting them on sale at, Each **$2.50**

FALL VELVETEENS—Beautiful soft finished Velveteens, in Saxe, Navy, Brown, Green, Mustard, Rose, etc.; 27 inches wide. Worth today $1.39 yard. Our Price Is, Per Yard **$1.00**

COLORED CRETONNE LAUNDRY BAGS—All good designs; full size and well made. Special, Each **$1.00**

EDEN FLANNEL—Suitable for Waists, Skirts, Pyjamas, etc.; washes splendidly. We have in stock a large assortment of Stripe Designs; 28 inches wide. Per Yard **25c**

LADIES' BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS—Fast washing dyes; exceptional value; in all ladies' sizes. Per Pair **35c, 50c**

SPECIAL PURCHASE OF MISSES' BOOTS—These are the Famous (Macfarlane Make; Vici Kid with Patent Toe Caps; button and lace; Goodyear welt soles; made over good wide fitting last and are valued today at $4.50 per pair, but as we made a special purchase of One Hundred Pairs, sizes 11 to 2, we are putting them on sale at, Per Pair **$2.95**

These are exceptional value and won't last long at the price.

Also we have Thirty Pairs of GUNMETAL BUTTON BOOTS with High Tops for the larger girls. These boots are valued at $6.00 per pair; made from a good stock Gunmetal Calf over good weight soles, broad toe last; low heels; sizes 2½ to 7. Special, Per Pair **$4.95**

MEN'S QUALITY SHIRTS

The whole system of the Hudson's Bay Company stands behind the quality of these shirts. Nearly all of them were purchased before the big advance in prices. Replenish your wardrobe now, while prices are away below the present market.

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS—Good patterns; assorted stripes; all sizes. Each, $1.00, $1.25 and **$1.50**

NATURAL COLOR SOISETTE—Extra good washing material; will give excellent wear. Each **$1.65**

FINE FRENCH CASHMERE SHIRTS—All-Wool; fancy embroidered stripe; double cuff. Each **$4.50**

TAFFETA SHIRTS—In Natural Shade; neat stripes; soft cuffs. An Extra Special Line at, Each **$1.25**

LADIES' FLANNELETTE DRESSING GOWNS—Made with fancy high waist band; piped with satin; three quarter sleeve; colors Copenhagen, Navy, Purple and Light Blue in Fancy Designs; sizes 36 and 38 only. On Sale **$1.69**

LADIES' CREPE DRESSING GOWNS—Very prettily made; front shirred into sleeves; piped with satin; three-quarter sleeve; high waist line; beautiful plain colorings; in all sizes to 42; colors Pale Blue, Pink, Old Rose, Copenhagen. On Sale **$2.25**

WE LEAD IN CHOICE GROCERIES

Our Grocery Department Is Filled With Good Things to Eat—Best Quality Goods at Lowest Prices

FANCY RIPE TOMATOES—Basket	35c
BARTLET PEARS— Per Basket	40c
PEACH PLUMS— Three Pounds for	25c
SNOWFLAKE POWDER AMMONIA— Three Packets	25c
McLAREN'S IMPERIAL CHEESE— Small Jar	30c
McLAREN'S IMPERIAL CHEESE— Medium Jar	55c
McLAREN'S CREAM CHEESE IN TINFOIL— Each	10c
McLAREN'S PIMENTO CHEESE IN TINFOIL— Each	10c

A GOOD CUP OF TEA

H. B. CO. TEA, NO. 2— One-Pound Package	55c
H. B. CO. TEA, NO. 1— One-Pound Package	65c

SPECIAL GROCERY PARCEL

ONE 49-POUND SACK "SEAL OF QUALITY" FLOUR.
ONE 20-POUND SACK OF GRANULATED SUGAR.
ONE EIGHT-POUND SACK OF ROLLED OATS.
FIFTEEN BARS OF SUNLIGHT SOAP.
ALL FOR SPECIAL PRICE **$6.85**

DON'T FORGET TO TRY FOR THE TWO SACKS OF FLOUR WE ARE GIVING AWAY AT THE FAIR FOR BEST LOAVES BAKED FROM "SEAL OF QUALITY" FLOUR

The Hudson's Bay Company.

INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. BURBIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

Dry fir and tamarac wood for sale. Furniture moved. Irwin's Transfer, phone 151. (6891)

Miss Minnie Fletcher will resume lessons in music, Sept. 13th; 405 Falls and Vernon Sts. (6841)

F. Noble Kee, diplomⁱᵉᵗ, pianoforte and theory. Pupils limited. Terms moderate. Classes resumed Sept. 10th, 414 Silica street. (6834)

Help win the war by patronizing the Patriotic tea on Thursday in K. of P. hall, and dance in the evening in Eagle hall. (6894)

Miss Sutherland, deaconess of St. Paul's church, has returned to resume her duties and may be located at 1713 Josephine street, phone 220-L. (6888)

Dry fir and tamarac wood for sale. Furniture moved. Irwin's Transfer, phone 151. (6891)

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

Subscribers notifying the circulation department of The Daily News of change of address, must give old as well as new address to ensure prompt attention. (5314)

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO PATRIOTIC FUND

Amount Received Totals $17,162.91—Acknowledgment of Donations

Previously acknowledged, $16,196.50.

Rev. J. Althoff, $5; Mrs. F. P. Armstrong, $2; Miss C. Armstrong, $1; Miss R. Armstrong, $1; Miss M. Astley, $1.

Mrs. D. S. Betts, $1; W. J. Banting, $2; George A. Brown, $5; F. Bealby, $2; Bonnington Patriotic association, $4; Miss O. Bealby, $5; J. H. D. Benson, $5.

Canadian Pacific railway employees—Divisional freight agent, $5.35; Divisional passenger agent department, $3; divisional superintendent's office, $17; despatchers, $13; resident engineer, $4; divisional superintendent's office: boats, $6.60; stations, $36.25; trainmen, $12; engineers and firemen, $14; bridges and buildings, $13.70; extra gang, $3; sectionmen, $42.60; shops, $2, $7.50 and $3; tugs, $6 and $6; S. S. Moyie, $6; S. S. Kuskanook, $16; constable, $1.50; commercial telegraph, $5.50; commercial telegraph linemen, $4.50.

Mrs. H. Cain, $2; City of Nelson employees, $126.50; Mrs. A. B. Campbell, 50 cents; Mrs. J. Cooper, $1.

Mrs. B. R. Dawson, $2; William Douche, $5; A. J. Dove, $6; Doukhobor society, $100.

H. J. Eveneste, $2.

Miss A. M. Fawcett, $1; P. B. Fowler, $5; John Fraser, $10; J. P. Forde, $5; W. Fotheringham, $2.

Mrs. H. L. Genest, $12; S. J. Gridley, $2.

Mrs. A. W. Heylett, $1; J. L. Hirsch, $5; Sydney Haydon, $2; Miss U. Hinton, $2.

J. A. Irving & Co., $12; Mrs. A. Jeffs, $12.

H. Keith, $7; P. Kay, $2.

A. Larson, $3; Mrs. A. Larson, $1; C. A. Larson, $2.

Henry Miller, $20; A. J. McLean, $2.50; T. W. Mouat, $10; P. G. Morey, $2.50; W. R. McLean, $20; H. S. Matheson, $1; D. A. McFarland, $2; Miss M. D. McFarland, $2; D. C. McMorris, $15; Mrs. M. Mallette, $5; N. Mallette, $5.

Mrs. A. W. Nagle, $1; Nelson Iron Works, Ltd., $25; Nelson Iron Works, Ltd., employees, 1 per cent of August wages, $31.46; A. Nomad, $2; Nelson Jobbers, Ltd., staff, $28.25, G. F. Stevenson, B. J. McKenzie, C. C. Cooper, R. Palmer, J. Lundie.

William Oliver, $2; James O'Shea, $10.

H. A. Parker, $15; D. H. Proudfoot, $2.

C. M. Rose, 50 cents.

Mrs. William Stewart, $1; Mrs. R. Sutherland, $2; F. B. Steeves, 50 cents. R. J. Smith, $5; Mrs. E. Saddler, $2; Mrs. W. Seaman, $4.

O. H. Wall, $2; A. G. Wilson, $6; C. A. Waterman, $5; H. J. Wilton, $2.50.

Salmo branch, $23.50, as follows: W. H. Cawley, $1; Joe Rosette, $1; J. Waldbeser, $5; Iron Mountain employees, $9.50; Mrs. Billings, $6; L. Klovance, $1.

Provincial government employees, $112.20, one day's pay from the following: B. B. Betts, R. Binnie, A. M. Black, T. M. Bowman, George Cleribew, M. I. Elliott, A. E. Fowler, O. V. Gagnon, J. P. Griffiths, J. T. Hardy, S. J. Harlow, S. S. Jarvis, W. R. Jarvis, D. Laughton, G. S. Millar, R. Morrow, V. McCoy, E. McFarland, C. J. McGuigan, James McGregor, D. J. McKim, Fred Ody, A. E. Pickford, A. A. Pitchford, J. T. Price, E. B. Prowd, R. Reid, F. C. Ronan, J. K. Salter, M. C. Steele, E. S. Stokes, A. Sutherland, A. E. Thompson, L. Wightwick, D. C. Wilson.

Total, $17,162.91.

COUNTY COURT TODAY

County court will be held by Judge Forin this morning at 10:30. It is the first sitting since the conclusion of the long vacation.

DAILY NEWS FUND REACHES $3462.69

Nearly Thirty-five Hundred Dollars Has Been Raised to Assist the Belgians

Donations received by the Daily News for the Belgian Relief fund have reached a total of $3462.69. Among the new subscriptions are two sums from the school children of Sandon, which have been forwarded by Miss B. Church. Recent subscriptions are:

Found on Baker street	$ 1.00
A	10.00
A. W. McPhee, Silverton	2.50
Raffle Corset Cover	7.50
Slocan Park Belgian Relief fund	5.00
Mrs. J. G. Litterick	2.50
A. Stock	1.00
Peter Fowler	.30
Sandon school	3.70
A. D. Frederick	4.00
Sandon School	4.60

NEED FOR SUPPLIES VERY URGENT NOW

Captain Julia W. Henshaw Addresses Meeting of Nelson Red Cross Workers

At an informal meeting in the Red Cross rooms yesterday Captain Julia Henshaw spoke on the more urgent necessities required at the front, emphasizing the need of socks of the larger sizes, shirts with neckbands from 15 to 16 1-2 inches, pyjamas and dressing gowns.

Efforts must be trebled, Captain Henshaw said, as casualties for eight days recently numbered 6000, indicating a heavy average. Therefore, the need for supplies and cash is increasing also, she said.

$1500 IN PRIZES AT THE TRAIL FAIR

Entries Close Sept. 17—All Exhibitors Will Compete for Specials—Entries Free

The sum of $1500 will be given in prizes at the seventh annual Trail fruit fair on Sept. 18 and 19.

Entries close Sept. 17 at 8 o'clock in the evening. All entries are free and all exhibitors will compete for the special prizes.

On the first day the show will be opened to the public at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, closing at 10 o'clock in the evening. On the second day it will be open from 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock in the evening.

Private Hospital

LICENSED BY PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

We give particular attention to all female trouble—home-like apartments for ladies awaiting accouchment. Certified nurses sent out on private cases, town or country. Highest references; reasonable terms; inspection invited.

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent.

THE HOME PRIVATE HOSPITAL
Falls and Baker Sts., Nelson, B. C.
P. O. Box 772.
Phone 372 for Appointment.

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 25 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement..... .....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name ....

Address ....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage and allow five words extra for box number.

ICE

Phone 504

Delivered to any part of the city.

KOOTENAY ICE & FUEL CO.,

WILLIAM WILSON.

Prescriptions

BRING YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS TO US IF YOU WANT THEM DISPENSED ACCURATELY BY EXPERIENCED GRADUATES.

YOU GET WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERS.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

Willard Chocolates.

Eastman Kodak Supplies

Place Your Orders Now for GREENHILL COAL

The most economical coal on the Market.

D. A. McFARLAND, Agent.

Insurance, Real Estate. Room 6, K. W. C. Block.

Telephone 49. P. O. Box 24

SPEAK TONIGHT ON WINNING-THE-WAR

Principal Vance and Quartermaster-Sergt. Youhill, Labor Leader, to Give Addresses Here

Rev. Dr. W. H. Vance, principal of Latimer hall, Vancouver, and Quartermaster-Sergt. W. H. Youhill, a veteran of the war and a well known labor leader, reached Nelson last night and this evening will speak at a win-the-war meeting in the opera house. They are guests at the Hume.

Formation of a union government, immediate enforcement and continued enforcement of the Military Service act, conscription of wealth and the prevention of profiteering, are the chief planks of the platform of the movement which Principal Vance and Quartermaster-Sergt. Youhill are supporting.

It gained its first impetus at a meeting of war veterans at Vancouver at which a protest was made against the decisions of the western Liberal convention at Winnipeg. Principal Vance, who is president of the Vancouver Canadian club, is leader of the movement in this province. Organizations have been formed in Vancouver and Victoria and its members will refuse to support any candidates who are not solid on the win-the-war issue.

Quartermaster-Sergt. Youhill, who is famed as a Bisley rifle shot, went to the front with the 7th battalion. He fought at the second battle of Ypres, at Neuve Chapelle, Festubert and Givenchy and won distinction as a sniper. He was gassed and buried by a shell, his injuries forcing his return to Canada. He served 14 months at the front.

For 30 years Quartermaster-Sergt. Youhill has been a leader of labor. He was president of the typographical union at Winnipeg and vice-president of the Trades and Labor council in that city. He was president of the Trades and Labor council at Saskatoon and in Vancouver he was elected president of the Typographical union immediately after his return from the front.

Principal Vance is regarded as one of the best speakers in the coast cities and he has devoted himself energetically to the win-the-war movement.

Principal Vance and Quartermaster-Sergt. Youhill will speak at Trail tomorrow and Rossland Thursday.

THE ARK

Turkish Towelling, yd...15c, 20c
Tea Towelling, yd.....15c, 20c
Linen Towelling, yd.....12½c
Apron Gingham, yd. 18c, 20c
Bungalow Aprons, each 60c
Ladies' Combination Suit 75c
Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose, pr. ..40c
Boys' Strong Hose, pr. 35c

See our Axminster and Wilton Rugs before Buying.

602-606 Vernon St. Phone 65L

J. W. HOLME, Manager.

Properly Adjusted GLASSES

Aid Your Vision Wonderfully

It is imperative that your glasses should be adjusted and made to suit your especial case so that the lenses will be properly focussed before the eyes.

We Manufacture Glasses and Guarantee Correctly Fitting Glasses

J. O. Patenaude

SPECIALIST IN OPTICS

ASKS COUNCIL TO GIVE SCHOLARSHIPS

Nelson School Board Would Encourage Prospective University Students.

An application by R. G. Joy, chairman of the school board, asking the city to set aside $300 for two University of British Columbia scholarships of $150 each to be competed for by high school pupils, was referred by the city council last night to its finance committee with instructions to report at the next meeting of the council.

Mr. Joy stated that the plan of giving scholarships had been approved by representatives of the university faculty and Nelson citizens at a meeting some time ago. The school board had been appointed a committee to take up the matter. The board had thought of putting the required sum in its estimates but found later it had no authority to do so. Then private subscriptions were considered. Mr. Joy stated, but the board came to the conclusion that the city might well provide the funds and make the contribution a civic one.

AT THE THEATRES.

Gem Tonight

"A Daughter of the Poor," starring Bessie Love, will be shown at the Gem theatre tonight. As a heroine of "A Daughter of the Poor," Bessie Love takes the part of a young girl with an inherent hatred for wealth and all that wealth implies, who finally falls in love with the son of a millionaire mistaking him for a poor chauffeur.

At the Starland

Margaret Illington, the distinguished stage star, makes her first motion picture appearance at the Starland tomorrow in the Lasky picture, "Sacrifice," an original photoplay written especially for Miss Illington by Charles Kenyon, the noted playwright.

"Sacrifice" is a powerful drama, dealing with international diplomacy, the perils of spying and the rushing of two nations to the very brink of war only to be diverted from their purpose by the tremendous sacrifice of a dancing girl.

GEM

Bessie Love

In a five-part Triangle dealing with the strife between capital and labor.

"A DAUGHTER OF THE POOR"

Triangle Comedy,
"A BATH SCANDAL"

Monday starting the "Grey Ghost"

Wed. and Thurs., Sept. 19 and 20.—THE MORGUE OF LIFE
The Play of 1001 Thrills

Ontario Honey

FIVE POUND Pail $1.15

LOCAL PLUMS, per basket ..35c

Good Cooking Apples, 5 lbs. ..25c

Golden Bantam Corn, Per doz. 35c

Cooking Pears, 5 lbs. 25c

J.A. IRVING & Co.

PHONE 161

JUDGE FORIN NAMES MEN FOR TRIBUNALS

Wragge, Nelson; Stenson, Kaslo; Binn, Rossland; Watson, Creston; McInnes, New Denver; Edwards, Nakusp.

Judge Forin yesterday selected his nominees for the seven local exemption tribunals which are to sit in West Kootenay. He nominates one member for each board, and the general selection board at Ottawa will name the other member. The men chosen by his honor are:

Nelson—E. C. Wragge.
Revelstoke—Robert Gordon.
Kaslo—R. J. Stenson.
Rossland—Noble Binns of Trail.
Creston—W. S. Watson.
New Denver—Angus McInnes.
Nakusp—L. J. Edwards.

Mr. Wragge of Nelson is a barrister and a veteran of the South African war. He has been associated for many years with the local militia regiment.

Mr. Gordon of Revelstoke has been government agent and court registrar for many years at that centre. He has two sons at the front.

Judge Forin's choice for Kaslo, Mr. Stenson, is also government agent and registrar of the court. He has been in the government service at Kaslo for 15 years.

Mr. Binns, the nominee for the tribunal which will have its headquarters at Rossland, is police magistrate at Trail.

Mr. Watson of Creston is a well known rancher in that district. He has lost one son in action and another has been wounded.

The nominee for New Denver, Mr. McInnes, has a son at the front. He is government agent and mining recorder for the Slocan district.

Mr. Edwards, who will sit on the tribunal which has its headquarters at Nakusp, is Canadian Pacific agent at that point. He has lost one son in battle and a second son has been invalided home from the Dardanelles.

British Columbia has 72 local exemption boards, West Kootenay having approximately one-tenth of the total.

CITY GAS MAINS MUST BE EXTENDED

More Consumers if Department is to Pay—Cost of Manufacture Increases

"If the gas department is to be kept on a paying basis the mains must be extended so as to increase the number of consumers, or if this is impossible on account of the present high cost of pipe the deficit could be met by reducing the discount from 10 per cent to five per cent, although we do not think this is advisable at present as the season is nearing its close. We would ask the council to carry the small loss from this department for this year rather than make any increase in the charges to customers."

This report was made to the council last night by Alderman John Bell, the chairman of the gas committee, and was adopted. City Electrician Thomas, in expressing concurrence with the report, stated that the raising of the price of gas would put the people in a bad state of mind as they would be loath to take the service if they thought the price was not fixed or that the discount would be reduced. The members of the council acquiesed that it would be bad policy to cut the discount at present and the gas charge and discount will remain the same.

By way of substantiating the claim that the service must be extended if the department is to be kept on a paying basis the committee submitted that the increased cost of manufacturing gas made such a course necessary. The increased cost amounts to 22 cents per 1000 cubic feet, the committee reported.

MIND WANDERS; JUMPS IN RIVER; FEARS CALL TO ARMY

Nicola Vagnicia Found on Track by Bonnington Soldiers—Brought Here for Examination.

Nicola Vagnicia, arrested yesterday morning by members of the military guard at Bonnington, when found walking on the railway track and behaving as if his mind were wandering, broke away twice while the soldiers were bringing him to Nelson. Once he jumped into the river, was pulled out, and soon afterward broke away into the woods. He was finally arrested about 1 o'clock by Chief Provincial Constable Black and lodged in the provincial jail for medical examination.

'My brother is dead. Dead men are all around me. I don't want to go to the front and kill anyone. I have thrown away my rifle and shells," he told Chief Black.

Depositions of Chief Black, Sergt.-Major John Minton and Sergt. Cory Dow were taken yesterday before D. St. Denis, J.P. Sergt.-Major Minton and Sergt. Dow took charge of Vagnicia at Bonnington under instructions from Lieut. A. Cooper, officer in charge.

FIRE DEPARTMENT RECEIVES NEW HOSE

Fire Chief Guthrie reported to the city council last night that 500 feet of hose ordered from Vancouver had been received and placed in service. He reported that J. F. Peressso had been appointed second auto driver at $90 a month to succeed J. Tupper, who had resigned. The appointment was confirmed by the council.

CONSIDERABLE LOSS AT FIRES IN AUGUST

Fire Chief Estimates $8000 on the Svoboda Block and $2000 on the Mariani Home.

The fire department answered calls to two fires last month. The loss was considerable at both.

Fire Chief Guthrie in his monthly report to the city council last night stated that the fire at the Svoboda block, Baker street, amounted to about $8000 on building and contents. The insurance was $8000. He placed the loss through fire at the residence of R. Mariani, 307 Observatory street, at $1850 to building and contents. The loss was protected by $2000 insurance.

BELGIAN MORTALITY INCREASES RAPIDLY

Owing to Lack of Food, States Priest Here to Give Illustrated Lecture

"Within the past three years the death rate in Belgium has increased out of all proportion owing to lack of food," states Rev. Father G. Vandamme, who gives an illustrated lecture tomorrow night at the parish hall of the church of Mary Immaculate in the interests of Cardinal Mercier's Belgian relief fund. "We still receive only a half a pound of bread and potatoes a day. People who have a little money can buy more, but money is very scarce.

"There is no wor kto be had. Our factories are still closed for lack of machinery, raw material and coal. A great part of the machinery has been taken away to Germany. Yet our people remain calm and confident.

SELECTIVE DRAFT SCHEME APPROVED

Only Method, Says Captain Julia Henshaw—Describes French Conditions

That selective conscription should be the only course adopted for the prosecution of the war, was the statement made last night by Captain Julia W. Henshaw in the course of a comprehensive and realistic lecture at the opera house on "The Fields of France." The lecture was given under the auspices of the Nelson branch of the Canadian Red Cross and was heard by a large audience. It was illustrated with excellent views.

At the beginning of the address the lecturer referred to the service and sacrifices of all classes on the other side of the Atlantic. In France, she said, it is impossible not to give all. In England, farther removed from the sights and the sounds of the battle field, it is easy to give much, and declared that in Canada, although it may be harder, it should be none the less imperative to give and give again and that selective conscription should be the only course adopted.

In England, Captain Henshaw said, conventionality had been replaced by national service and that there is an enormous increase in the amount as wel las the variety of the work being done by women. Forty thousand are now working on the land and they are engaged in almost every trade. They are bill-posting, street-cleaning, lamp-cleaning, handling plate glass works and managing remount depots for the army. The great body of women working in the munitions was described as "the army behind the army" and it was pointed out that men and women no longer work at separate trades in separate ways, but that they are all working together, in the war, and for the war.

Captain Henshaw expressed the belief that the time was not far off when Canadian women must be ready at least to take up the lighter occupations, such as running elevators and other work of that description.

In speaking of the work of the Canadian Red Cross in France, Capt. Henshaw said that there is now an excellent store room attached to every Canadian hospital in France, not located as formerly in a tent, but housed in a new wooden building, specially designed for the purpose. To the field ambulance, advance dressing and casualty clearing stations also the assistant commissioner sends regularly stores of special comforts, such as are constantly needed there and always in the hospitals she was told that every reasonable requisition for supplies was filled within 12 hours. The commanding officers and matrons of the hospitals all unite in praise for the Canadian Red Cross administration.

The new recreation huts, fine large halls, built and equipped at each of the general and stationery hospitals by the Red Cross are a great boon to convalescent wounded, who enjoy the change from the wards, and also the games, books, papers, piano, writing materials, phonographs and comfortable chairs. There is in each a stage at one end with drop curtain and footlights for concerts and theatricals and on Sundays service is held unless there is a chapel attached to the hospital. At times of great stress, when convoys of wounded are coming in fast these recreation huts are used as wards for the overflow patients.

Capt. Henshaw concluded her address with an eloquent appeal on behalf of the hospitals near the firing line, asking her hearers to give all they could possibly spare, reminding them that their contributions might mean life itself to some of those to whom the Red Cross is ministering and pointing out that no military organization alone could ever cope with the gigantic hospital needs of this terrible war.

A. S. Horswill & Co.

GOOD NEWS

Our Best flour, 98 lb. $6.75
Our Best flour, 49 lb. $3.40
Pantry Queen flour, 49 lb. ...$3.25
Straight Grade flour, 49 lb. $3.10

Our Groceries are the best money can buy. We guarantee satisfaction or refund your money.

PROMPT DELIVERY.

Social and Personal

Rev. Father Althoff is in Slocan.

H. H. Pitcher, Kellog, Ida., is registered at the Grand Central.

George Patterson, Marcus, is a guest at the Queens.

E. Shoquest, Sandon, is a guest at the Nelson.

F. A. Tripp, Kamloops, is a guest at the Hume.

R. E. H. Ronaldson, Vancouver, is registered at the Strathcona.

D. St. Denis left last night for a visit to the Arrow lakes. He will return Thursday or Friday.

Mrs. Grizzelle and Miss Elsie Grizzelle left on the Canadian Pacific last night for Vancouver via the Arrow lakes.

R. J. Smith, district passenger and freight agent for the Great Northern, left last night for the coast.

C. W. Appleyard has returned from a visit to the coast. Mrs. Appleyard, who went with him, is remaining at Victoria for several weeks.

Allan Taylor and family of Silverton intend to spend the winter in Nelson and have rented a house on Front street.

Mrs. Gordon Lambert and Mrs. H. Guille of Granite have rented a house on Carbonate street and will spend the winter in Nelson.

E. L. Buchanan, a Great Northern railwayman, has been transferred to Nelson and has taken a house on Carbonate street.

A. E. Kissack, who is moving to Nelson from the coast, has taken a house on Observatory street.

H. Lewis and family of Slocan Park are moving to Nelson and will reside on Latimer street.

Wm. Peard of the B.C. Telephone staff left last evening for Vancouver.

W. A. Jowett who has been ill for the last five weeks at the Kootenay Lake General hospital left last night for his home at Edgewood.

At last night's meeting of the city council the city clerk reported that during the month of August and up to yesterday morning the sum of $45,000 had been collected in taxes.

WANT CIVIC GRANT.

A request from he Returned Soldiers' association for a civic grant was referred to the finance committee by the city council last night.

WANT DOG TAXES COLLECTED.

On a question raised by Ald. Rose the city clerk was instructed to prepare a statement for the council as to the dog taxes collected by the police. The mayor said that he did not think the taxes had been collected to any great extent this year.

TO REGULATE ROOMING HOUSES

The city council last night instructed City Solicitor O'Shea to prepare a bylaw giving the city power to regulate rooming houses and hotels after prohibition becomes effective. Ald. McDonald gave notice of motion that he would introduce the bylaw at the next meeting of the council.

LIVESTOCK ON STREETS.

That quite a lot of livestock was running around the city was the statement of Ald. Austin at last night's city council meeting. He said that one man who lived outside the city limits pastured his cow on the city boulevards and stated that a flock of geese made their home on the sidewalk near the Canadian Pacifc staton. The police will be asked to chase the barnyard wanderers back to their legitimate haunts.

VENDOR CENTRES ARE NAMED THIS MORNING

Liquor Will Be Obtainable at Six Provincial Points Under Act

VICTORIA—With the advent of prohibition on Oct. 1 next the appointment of the various officials who will act as vendors at stated centres throughout the province will shortly be made by the government.

The announcement is made by the provincial secretary this morning that there will be six provincial centres at which vendors will be stationed with government authority to stock and sell liquor according to the provisions of the British Columbia Prohibition act.

The suggested centres, the Times is informed, are as follows: Victoria for Vancouver island; Vancouver for the coast mainland; Prince Rupert for the north coast mainland; Kamloops for the middle interior; Fort George for the northern interior, and Rossland for the southeastern interior.

While the centres have not been definitely selected it is understood that it is scarcely likely any changes will be made since the points named are regarded as the most convenient ones to serve the province as a whole.

The machinery for the effective administration of the act is rapidly being brought into shape and Mr. Findlay is now busily engaged in the preparation of his department.

For Moulting Fowls

PRATT'S POULTRY REGULATOR
CONKEY'S LAYING TONIC
FRENCH'S POULTRY MUSTARD
SWIFT'S MEAT SCRAPS
OYSTER SHELL, FLAX MEAL, ETC

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Limited

Writing Paper Higher

but on first quality linen finish writing pads have not advanced yet.

LINEN FINISH NOTE PADS—
Light Blue or White 15c
LETTER SIZE regular 35c—
Each 30c
ENVELOPES—
Genuine Blue Linen, Pkg. 10c or THREE for 25c

Mail Orders Filled Promptly

Rutherford Drug Co.

NELSON, B. C.

ONE WAY OF

Winning the War

is by eliminating Waste.

Service is the largest item of expense in the grocery business. Today we invite you to do your own delivering and pay cash.

Creamery Butter, per lb. 48c
2 tons of Sugar in 20 lb. sacks
Per sack $2.15
Transparent Apples, $1.10 per box
or SIX pounds for 25c
Lemons, per dozen 40c
Purity Flour, 49 lbs. $3.35

10c. Extra on all orders for delivery.

Joy, the Grocer

415 Ward St., Near the Postoffice

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

The STARLAND THEATRE

TONIGHT ONLY

The Celebrated Favorite

Marie Doro

—IN—

"HEART'S DESIRE"

Famous Players-5 parts

SELECTED COMEDY

Tomorrow—Margaret Illington in "SACRIFICE."
Friday—Marguerite Clarke.

Win the War

A Mass Meeting of All Patriotic Citizens

NELSON OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday Night

AT 8 O'CLOCK

Addresses by Principal Vance of Vancouver, Private Youhill of Vancouver, and others.

Judge Forin will occupy the chair.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

In certain parts of the West Indies the negroes speak English with a broad brogue. They are probably descended from the slaves of the Irish adventurers who accompanied the Spanish settlers.

A man from Dublin arriving at a West Indian port was accosted by a burly negro fruit vendor with, "Th' top uv th' mornin' to ye, an' would ye be afther wantin' to buy a bit o' fruit, sorr?"

The Irishman stared at him in amazement.

"An' how long have ye been here?" he finally asked.

"Goin' on three months, yer honor," said the vendor, thinking of the time since he had left his island home.

"Three months, is it? Only three months an' as black as thot? Faith, I'll not land."

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CO-OWNER.

Notice to John R. Matthews.

Notice is hereby given that I, L. R. Clubine, co-owner together with John R. Matthews, in the Trillion mineral claim, situated on Lost Creek, and recorded on the second day of August, 1911, unless you, within a period of ninety days from the first publication of this advertisement, pay to me the sum of $368.50, money expended b me in performing the assessment work, together with half the costs of traveling to and from the claim, and together with all the costs of this advertisement, your interest in the said claim will become vested in me, your co-owner, who has made the required expenditure on the said mineral claim under section 24 of the "Mineral Act."

This notice is published under section 25-B of the "Mineral Act."

(Signed) L. R. CLUBINE.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia against the goods and chattels of A. M. Johnson I have seized the following exigible property of the said A. M. Johnson, viz., library, safes and office furniture now lying and being in the McCulloch block, Baker street, Nelson, B.C. and Griffin block, and will offer for sale at Public Auction, at my office in Nelson the said good and chattels on the 22nd day of September, 1917, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon. An inventory of said goods may be seen at my office.

Terms of sale: Cash.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 6th day of September, 1917.

J. H. DOYLE,
Sheriff of South Kootenay.

DYEING AND CLEANING

FOR THE FALL SEASON

H. K. Foot

HIGH CLASS DYER AND CLEANER

Nelson, B. C.

Agencies—M. Papazian, 411 Wa street. Ross Fleming, Fairview.

THE DAILY NEWS WANT AD ANTICIPATE YOUR WANTS

MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Gold Leaf Fractional and Gold L Number 2 Mineral Claims, situ in the Nelson Mining Division West Kootenay District. Whe located: On Eagle creek, about o mile from the Granite mine.

Take notice that I, A. H. Green, ac ing as agent for the estate of the la J. P. Swedberg, Free Miner's Certi cate No. 14318-C, intend, sixty da from the date hereof, to apply to t Mining Recorder for a Certificate Improvements, for the purpose of o taining Crown Grants of the abo claims.

And further take notice that acti under section 85, must be commenc before the issue of such certificate improvements.

Dated this first day of August, A 1917.

A. H. GREE

WOVALOID

WE HAVE EXCLUSIVE SALE OF THIS BEST QUALITY RUBBER ROOFING

We Guarantee Every Square of it and the Price is Lower than any other High Class Roofing

SAMPLES AND PRICES ON REQUEST

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

Let the Insurance Company Carry Your Risk

Every dry day adds to your risk. In case of loss the cost of material and labor has materially increased—for a few dollars a strong corporation will carry your load. Can you and your family afford to be without protection?

If your home is modern and in Nelson and sixty feet from your neighbor it will only cost you $12.00 per thousand for three years, or $4.00 per thousand per year. In other words you would have to pay for 125 years before you would pay out what you would get back in case of a total loss.

Yes, let the Insurance Company carry your risk.

Charles F. McHardy

INSURANCE REAL ESTATE FUEL

Special Value

MEDIUM WEIGHT UNDERWEAR
TWO-PIECE ONLY
PENMAN'S MERINO FINISH

$1.50 ..... All Sizes to 42 PER SUIT $1.50

Emory & Walley