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VOL. 14 No. 81 NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1915 50c. PER MONTH

LLOYD GEORGE WILL TRY TO SETTLE COAL STRIKE

Says Chances of Victory Must Not Be Imperilled

WILL NOT PERMIT STRIKE TO CONTINUE

Situation To Be Explained to Miners in Speech Today

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CARDIFF, July 19.—The centre of negotiations in connection with the great strike of the miners shifted suddenly to Cardiff tonight with the arrival here of the minister of munitions, David Lloyd George; the president of the board of trade, Walter Runciman, and the president of the board of education, Arthur Henderson, for a conference with the miners' leaders.

Mr. Henderson is leader of the Labor party in the commons.

The members of the cabinet were met at the train by James Winstone, president of the South Wales Miners' Federation, and other officials of that organization. They held a preliminary talk with the representatives of the miners and arrangement was made for the delivery of an address by Lloyd George tomorrow before the whole body of representatives of the miners in the South Wales field.

Hope for Agreement.

It is thought that some agreement may be reached then, although the men are still obdurate in the matter of accepting the terms previously offered them or in conceding that they are subject to the government's compulsory arbitration act.

Lloyd George told the executive officers of the federation that it was impossible to carry on a successful war abroad with a strike at home, and that no government responsible for a colossal war could possibly allow the continuance of a conflict between labor and capital to imperil the chances of victory.

In addition to a conference with the miners a meeting has been arranged between the minister of munitions and the coal owners.

WORK ON TORONTO HARBOR HAS BEEN SKIMPED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, July 19.—The big harbor commission improvement works threaten to be tied up for some time owing to discoveries that contractors who held subcontracts amounting to $5,500,000 have been skimping the work. Fifteen inspectors of the department of marine who were responsible for the class of work done have been dismissed following an investigation by a commission of government engineers.

It is said the skimping of material is so serious that a good deal of the work already done will have to be done over.

James Steward & Co. of New York held the general contract and it was sublet to others. Among the subcontractors are those who are alleged to have done the bad work. Some $900,000 has been paid out so far.

MECHANICS LEAVE FOR BRITISH MUNITION WORKS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 19.—About 130 men left Ottawa over the week end on their way to England. They are the skilled mechanics who have passed the necessary tests required by the British government and who have been accepted for service in the munition factories in Great Britain. The men sail on the Hesperian.

The British board of trade inspectors, Messrs. Haigh and Bull, have left Ottawa for western points, where other men await examination.

SHOULD SHOOT AT PLANES IN CANADA

Duty of Authorities to Bring Aviators to Earth Unless They Carry Licenses

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 19.—Reports come from Montreal that an aeroplane is flying in that vicinity every evening. Inquiries at the militia department brought out the information that the department had no knowledge of such an aeroplane. No permission had been granted to persons to fly in that part of Canada. Permission has been granted to allow the men training at Toronto in the aviation school to fly while receiving instruction at the school. Permission has also been granted for flying at London. These are the only places in which aviation is permissible.

In any other parts of Canada, persons flying do so at their peril and are liable to be fired upon by guards. When the department gives permission for flights the civil and military authorities are notified to that effect by the milita department. Without such notice they are expected to take such steps as are necessary to bring the machine to earth. Accordingly, if it is a Canadian who is flying over Montreal he is taking long chances. So far the militia authorities there deny the presence of the aeroplanes.

MILL BURNS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NORTH BAY, Ont., July 19.—Fire which broke out at 11:40 this morning in the George Gordon Lumber company's mills at Cache bay, caused a loss of about $150,000. Insurance covers losses to the extent of $75,000.

KRUPP'S WORKERS GIVE MORE TROUBLE

Portion of Demands Granted, But Men Still Feel Dissatisfied—Military Authorities Threaten

GENEVA, July 19.—An important meeting was held at Essen yesterday, according to advices received at Basel, between the administration of the Krupp gun works and the representatives of the workmen in order to settle the dispute which has arisen over the demands of the men for an increase in wages. Directly and indirectly about 100,000 men are involved. Minor cases in which machinery has been destroyed have been reported.

The military authorities before the meeting, the report says, warned both sides that unless an immediate agreement was reached, drastic measures would be employed.

The Krupp officials are said to have granted a portion of the demand of the employees, which has brought about a temporary peace, but the workmen still appear to be unsatisfied and many have left the works. A strike would greatly affect the supply of munitions and for this reason the military authorities have adopted rigorous precautions.

RUSSIAN MINISTER OF JUSTICE HAS RESIGNED

PETROGRAD, July 19.—The minister of justice, M. Shchelgovitoff, resigned today. The reason for his retirement is at present unknown.

KAISER TO MAKE EUROPE TREMBLE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 20, 3.39 a.m.—The Post's Petrograd correspondent says Kaiser William has sent his sister, the Queen of Greece, the following telegram:

"I have paralyzed the Russians for at least six months and am on the eve of delivering a coup on the western front that will make all Europe tremble."

U. S. TO PROBE GERMAN PLOTS

Great Britain Charges Big Business Men

UNLAWFUL MEANS USED TO HIT ALLIES

Department of Justice Will Inquire Into Truth of Allegations

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, July 19.—At the instance of the British government the state department has called on the department of justice to investigate the activities of certain German sympathisers in the United States who are alleged to have been employing unlawful means to strike at Great Britain and its allies.

Until inquiry has developed whether there is sufficient evidence to warrant prosecutions no names will be made public, and officials of the departments as well as those of the British embassy are reticent about discussing the matter. It is known, however, that information has reached the embassy concerning all kinds of plots, ranging from schemes to wreck bridges over railroads to strikes in American industrial plants.

One case in which the British government informed the state department it had evidence involves a wealthy German resident of Detroit, Mich., who was alleged to have supplied money to certain persons in Windsor, Ont., to finance an attempt to dynamite a Canadian armory and a factory making clothing for the British army.

Great Britain inquired whether this case, if fully substantiated, would constitute military activity on American soil, and also constitute a breach of neutrality.

According to reports today in official circles, some persons in high repute in American business circles have been menitoned in reports transmitted by the British government, but their names are being withheld pending the outcome of the investigation.

STEEL MILL WORKERS STRIKE AT CANADIAN SOO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SAULT STE, MARIE, Ont., July 19.—Three hundred laborers in the steel mills at the Canadian Soo are on strike. The laborers had been threatening to strike because they were working with German and Austrian laborers, but the crisis was precipitated when the company announced a 10 per cent cut in wages. The strikers are holding meetings and further complications are threatened. The mills had received an order to produce war munitions in large quantities until further notice.

FOUR MEN DIE WHILE PRISONERS

Casualty Lists Again Short—Corrections to Previous Lists—Names of Captured

Monday's casualty reports were in three lists, like those of the preceding days, mostly given over to corrections to former lists. There are 37 names in the lists, the majority prisoners in Germany, with several who died of wounds. In the lists issued last night there are named four who died while prisoners.

The lists follow:

2nd Battalion.

Wounded and prisoner—Howard Sisson, Cordova Mines, Ont.

Unofficially reported prisoner and wounded—H. O. Fillion, Embrun, Ont.

13th Battalion.

Wounded and prisoner—Harry Putt, Montreal.

Prisoner—Thomas Maxwell, Philadelphia.

E. M. Boyer, Setllarton, N. S.

15th Battalion.

According to German list, died of wounds at Oberhausen—J. J. Gutcher, Sudbury, Ont.

16th Battalion.

Died—D. J. Scott, Scotland.

Princess Patricias.

Officially reported prisoner, wounded and suffering from paralysis—Lance-Corp. W. Bullen, Toronto.

1st Field Company, Engineers.

Dangerously ill—W. C. Buchanan, Ottawa.

2nd Field Artillery Brigade.

Severely wounded—C. A. Wallace, Yarmouth, N. S.

2nd Battalion

Officially reported died of wounds while prisoner—F. Adams, England.

Wounded—T. McSpadden, Ireland.

7th Battalion

Wounded—S. B. Northt, England.

Unofficially reported wounded and prisoner—H. E. Hill, England.

Suffering from shock—J. McCaffery, Ireland.

11th Battalion

Previously unofficially, now officially reported prisoner—A. Green, no address.

12th Battalion

Previously reported killed in action,

(Continued on Page Two)

BORDEN TO GET FREEDOM OF LONDON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—Sir Robert Borden, premier of Canada, now in London, will be given the freedom of the city July 29, in recognition of his services in behalf of the Empire.

FRENCH REPULSE TEUTON ASSAULTS

Stand Firm Against Infanrty Charge. Artillery Bombardment Violent at Some Points

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, July 19.—The following official statement was issued tonight:

"In Artois there was a violent bombardment near Souchez, but no infantry attacks. Sixty shells were thrown into Arras.

"In the Argonne fighting with bombs and petards took place.

"On the heights of the Muse the Germans this afternoon delivered two strong counter attacks against our positions on the ridge south of Sonvaux, which were completely repulsed. The enemy then bombarded our trenches and with weak effectives delivered a series of minor attacks, which we repelled. The German losses were considerable.

"Quiet prevailed on the rest of the front.

"Our aeroplanes pursued and brought down by machine gun fire an enemy aeroplane, which fell in flames within the German lines near Soissons. Our artillery completed its destruction."

BRITISH WON MILE OF VALLEY OF DEATH

Ravine Is Dotted With Graves—Stench of Burning Bodies and Turkish Filth Unbearable

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 20, 2:20 a.m.—The British press representative in the Dardanelles, reporting under date July 4, says:

"The successful advance of the British left wing June 28 placed in our hands another mile of the gully ravine which is the Gallipoli peninsula's valley of death. The Turks know every inch of the ground and pour a tremendous number of shells into the ravine, which is dotted for miles up from the shore with lonely graves, marking the last resting place of some soldier who was buried where he fell.

"Despite the tragedies staged here, the spectator must admit that the ravine presents a scene of rugged grandeur, resembling the Scotch Highlands.

"The mile of gully most recently added to the British positions is still littered with the debris of the Turkish positions, which are invariably ill kept and filthy from a sanitary point of view If the enemy goes through the campaign without some great epidemic it will have undue luck.

Turks Burn Bodies

"As the correspondent traveled up the ravine 24 hours after the battle there were visible plenty of evidences of the strenuous character of the fighting—scattered bodies half protruding from the ground, hastily dug graves, hundreds of broken rifles and scattered equipment, and everywhere great fires burning and giving forth a sickly stench, for on the fires Turkish dead in hundreds were being burned.

"In front of the trenches British soldiers were working like bees preparing barriers and trenches under a continuous fire of enemy sharpshooters, while others, for whom there was no room in the trenches, were sleeping calmly close behind and waiting the summons to resist an expected counter-attack.

"One of the finest things about the gully ravine is that, despite the heat and lack of breezes, there is plenty of water for man and beast—springs which come from the interior hills and enter the valley in a tiny trickling stream, as clear as crystal and icy cold. No wine ever has or will taste as good as a glass of this water to a soldier who has spent hours in the trenches stooping to avoid enemy snipers, cramped by the weight of his kit and the narrowness of his quarters, while the sun scorches his neck and back and while stenches and millions of flies make existence well-nigh unbearable."

SIR JAMES AIKINS NOMINATED FOR BRANDON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BRANDON, Man., July 19.—Sir James Aikins was unanimously chosen as Conservative candidate for Brandon at the forthcoming provincial election at a well attended meeting here tonight.

Sir James denied strongly any interference from Ottawa in making his decision to accept the leadership of the party and declared that he stood or fell by the principle of total prohibition.

BELIEVE HE PLOTTED TO DESTROY ANGUS SHOPS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 19.—The police have nder arrest a man named Demtro Marlobumar lo, whom they believe was plotting to destroy the big Canadian Pacific railway shops. He was found yesterday in one of the big boiler rooms of the plant making measurements and he attempted to escape. In the police court this morning he appeared badly scared and no satisfactory explanation of his presence was obtainable. He was remanded.

GERMANY MAKES SUPREME EFFORT

Garvin Says Vital Phase of War Begins

MUCH DEPENDS ON RUSSIAN TROOPS

Says Teuton Plan Is to Sweep South to Assistance of Turks

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—J. L. Garvin, editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, in an editorial today on the situation created by Germany's renewed dash into the Russian lines, affirms that the result of the war will be certain if Germany fails in this great advance. He sounds a note of warning also for the entente powers. The editorial says:

"Germany at least is opening an attempt not merely to sweep across the whole of eastern Europe, but to envelop and destroy the main part of the Russian armies, so as to open the path to Turkey in Asia.

"The next few months, even the next few weeks, may be remembered as the most important phase of this Amageddon.

"The measure of the allies' success at the end, and, above all, of the subsequent position which this Empire is to hold in the world, will be demonstrated absolutely by the measure of Britain's organizing exertions, both with regard to material and men between now and the end of the autumn.

"We have a second chance, and a good one; we will never have a third. That is now gravely understood by every minister in the cabinet, whose members will put away squabbling, hesitation and red tape to get forward unmistakeably with the job whereon depends our all.

Germany's Supreme Effort Coming

"Germany is now opening its supreme effort. We have long said that Germany's supreme effort, when it came, would stagger the imagination.

"Russia's task is one of gigantic dif-

(Continued on Page Two.)

SERVIANS AND ITALIANS DISAGREE OVER ALBANIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—A news agency despatch speaks of growing friction between the Italian and Servian governments. The cause is stated to be Albania and the Servians' aggressive policy in that direction. According to this information Servia, after its occupation a month ago of Durazzo, the Albanian capital, evacuated it again. The Servians are said to be now in strategic positions outside the city awaiting the results of a protest forwarded by Servia to the entente allies against Italy's threatening attitude.

SAYS GREASY RAIL CAUSED TRAGEDY

Weeds on Roadbed and Rain Blamed for Disaster on Toronto Street Railway.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

QUEENSTON, Ont., July 19.—The adjourned inquest on the tragedy of July 7, when an overcrowded car on the International railway left the track near the docks at thet foot of Queenston Heights, causing the death of 16 persons and injuries to about 100, was resumed here today. An imposing array of counsel, representing the various interests, was present.

Conductor Caswell of the ill-fated car stated that he had collected 157 tickets, exclusive of fares for children, on a car built to accommodate 84 seated passengers, that when the car broke away he was watching boys on the running board and did not consider it his duty to apply the rear brakes until signaled by the motorman, and that he did not consider the overloading of the car dangerous. It was customary to overload cars on the short run.

Motorman Sidney Boyle said that when he left the Monument there was no evidence of a bad rail. He described his efforts to stop the car when it broke away, by the air brakes and by reversing. He had seldom used sand in the summer months. He had no knowledge of any rule of the company which made it necessary for the motorman to know the load on his car. In his opinion the accident was caused by a greasy rail, owing to weeds on the roadbed and rain. He did not look to see whether his car was overcrowded.

Mechanics of the company testified that the car was put into thorough working order for the July traffic.

The inquest was adjourned until July 28.

SOUTH WINNIPEG LIBERALS NOMINATE CANDIDATE

WINNIPEG, July 19.—The Winnipeg South Liberals tonight nominated the sitting members, Hon. A. B. Hudson and W. L. Parrish, for the approaching provincial elections. The selections were unanimous,

RUSSIANS SAID TO PREPARE TO EVACUATE WARSAW CITY

Provincial Library 1-1-16

General Order Issued, Is Unofficial Report

MUSCOVITES ARE IN DIFFICULT POSITION

Caught As In Pincers--Foe Advances From Two Directions

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 20, 3:05 a.m.—The Morning Post's Budapest correspondent reports that the general evacuation of Warsaw has been ordered by the Russians.

According to this report the gradual evacuation of the Polish capital is now proceeding, preliminary to complete abandonment to the Austro-German armies of the capital and the lines devolving into it.

Tukum Captured

PETROGRAD, July 19.—German columns have occupied Tukum, 38 miles west of Riga, and Doblem, 18 miles west of Mitau, according to an official statement issued tonight.

After capturing these points they advanced southward against Pofzumbergs and Bene.

Can They Hold Warsaw?

LONDON, July 19.—Can Warsaw be held? With the German field marshals Von Hindenburg in the north and von Mackenzen in the south whipping forward the two ends of a great arc around the city, it is realized in the capitals of the entente powers that Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, has the most severe task imposed on him since the outbreak of the European war, and the military writers of some of the London papers seem to think the task well-nigh impossible.

There was sustained confidence that Germany's previous violent attacks along the Bzura-Rawka front would never pierce the Russian line, but the present colossal co-ordinate movement was made with such suddenness and carried so far without meeting serious Russian resistance that more and more the British press is discounting the fall of the Polish capital, and, while not giving up all hope of its retention, is pointing out the enormous difficulty the Russian armies have labored under from the start by holding such a salient.

Unable to Straighten Line.

Having been unable to straighten out their line b yan advance through East Prussia and in the north and south Galician territory, the Rusianss have perpetually faced the pincers of the Austro-Germans and if these can now be sufficiently tightened Warsaw must fall and with it the entire line must retreat.

According to the latest accounts the Austro-German forces advancing from Przasnysz were within 40 miles of Warsaw; while to the south von Mackenzen's centre was, at certain points, within 10 miles of the Lublin-Cholm railroad.

Force Wolicza.

LONDON, July 20.—The following German official report has been received here:

"The Germans have occupied Tukum and Windau.

"Between the Vistula and the Bug the battle continues with unabated violence.

"The Austro-Hungarian have forced a crossing of the Wolicza in the neighborhood of Gravoietz and advanced across the Bug to the north of Sokal. The Russians have been retreating during the night along the whole front of the Vistula and the Bug.

"The Germans captured from July 16 to 18 16,000 prisoners and 23 machine guns."

GERMANS TO STRIKE AGAINST PARIS NEXT

Big Blow Planned Is Belief, But French Are Confident Joffre Will Be Prepared.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, July 19.—The quick capture of Warsaw, then a crushing drive southward to the French channel ports and finally a triumphal entry into Paris. That is what the kaiser is believed to have meant when he said a few days ago: "Germany will win the war by October."

But France is amply prepared for any drive on the capital.

Military men and strategic writers here are not worrying over the kaiser's plans.

"Let the Germans start," said a high official today. "Joffre will be there and when they drop their guard he'll send in the knockout blow."

From Swiss Sources it is learned that Gen. von Hindenberg, far from being in disgrace, is really in high favor with the German emperor. Before the Warsaw campaign was started he held two important conferences with the kaiser.

It is reported here that he was told if he could squeeze the Russians out of Warsaw he would be given supreme command of the German forces in the west for the great drive on Calais and Paris, while other commanders were assigned to the task of sweeping the French out of Alsace.

The kaiser, according to Swiss reports, is said to have declared that even the defeat of a new dash on Paris would bring the allies to terms. He argued that the French minister must withdraw their forces from Alsace to meet the new German offensive and that the allies thereby would lose their last hold on German soil, and be willing to make peace.

ITALIAN TROOPS STORM TRENCHES

Offensive On Cadore Front Develops Favorably—Fort Perrman Damaged—Attack on Isonzo.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, July 19.—The following official statement was issued tonight:

"The Italian offensive on the Cadore front, in the Falzaregor in the upper valley of the Anziel, has continued to develop favorably.

"In Carnia we have opened an effective fire against Fort Perrman, northeast of Plezzo, and are inflicting damage daily. With our occupation of the Carzo plateau several lines of trenches were successively assaulted and captured. Two thousand prisoners, including 36 oficers, six machine guns, 1,500 rifles and a large quantity of munitions, were captured.

"Our attack was renewed this morning along the whole of the Isonzo front with redoubled energy."

U. S. NOTE TO BRITAIN HAS REACHED LONDON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—The new American note on shipping, which outlines the stand of the United States on British prize court procedure, was received at the foreign ofice today.

The note has not yet been published here.

RUMANIA MAY GET ULTIMATUM

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—An Austro-German ultimatum to Rumania is being prepared, according to a Moscow paper, which is quoted in despatches received here.

It is added that large bodies of the Teutonic troops are massing on the Rumanian frontier to give emphasis to the ultimatum, which, it is declared, will demand unimpeded transit for munitions of war.

RIFLE MAKERS WILL QUIT; GOMPERS BLAMES GERMANS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 19.—Negotiations to bring about an amicable settlement of the difficulties between the machinists of Bridgeport and the Remington Arms company, engaged in the manufacture of war munitions for the allied armies, have failed. Labor leaders announced tonight that the first of the machinists would throw down their tools and walk out at noon tomorrow.

"The strike will start at noon tomorrow," said John A. Johnston, vice-president of the Structural Iron Workers. "We will pull all of the men out of the new Remington plant. That includes all machinists, diemakers, drop forgers and tool makers."

J. J. Keppler, international president of the machinists' union, puts the entire blame for the strike on Major Penfield, head of the Remington company, and denies that German influences had anything to do with it.

Gompers Thinks it German Move

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today made an effort to end the strike in the Remington Arms company's works at Bridgeport, Conn. He will confer with the labor leaders and others interested and also will see Secretary Wilson of the department of labor.

It is said that the influence of the government will be exerted toward an early settlement.

Mr. Gompers today said that he knew for certain that the Bridgeport trouble has been part of a German plan to cause labor trouble to cut off American exports of arms and ammunition. These parties, with unlimited means, first tried to cause a strike of longshoremen. Failing this, they next tried to cause a seamen's strike. Now he feels satisfied that they are at the bottom of the Bridgeport trouble.

Stand All Together.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 19.—The

(Continued on Page Two)

AUSTRIAN PLUNGER SINKS RAIDING ITALIAN CRUISER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, July 19.—An Italian cruiser squadron, comprising the Varese, Francesco Ferrucio, Giuseppe Garibaldi and the Vettor Pisania, proceeded at an early hour Sunday morning to Cattaro, an Austrian seaport in Dalmatia, and opened fire.

During the course of the operations the Italian commander discovered that a number of Austrian battleships had taken refuge in the harbor. These, although not of modern type, would have been able effectively to face the somewhat slow Italian squadron. Hence the Italian cruisers retired.

At the cruisers were withdrawing Austrian submarines were sent out to attack them.

According to official reports the Guiseppe Garibaldi was able to avoid the first attack but a few minutes later was struck by a torpedo and sank. The crew jumped into the sea and the majority of them were saved.

ROME, July 19.—The following official statement was issued tonight:

"At dawn July 18 a division of our old armored cruisers approached Cattaro and bombarded and seriously damaged the nearby railroad.

"While our vessels were retiring they were attacked by enemy submarines and the cruiser Guiseppe Garibaldi, after having avoided the first attack, was struck by a torpedo and sank.

"Most of the crew were saved."

The Guiseppe Garibaldi was built in 1899. She was of 7,294 tons, carried a complement of 540 men, was armed with one 10-inch, two 8-inch, 14 6-inch, 10 2.9-inch and 6 1-8-inch guns. She had a speed of 20 knots.

BERLIN, July 19.—The following communication was received here today from Vienna under date of July 18:

"An Austrian submarine today torpedoed and sank south of Ragusa the Italian cruiser Guiseppe Garibaldi. The cruiser foundered within 15 minutes."

Best Copy

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REALLY DELIGHTFUL
THE DAINTY MINT-COVERED CANDY-COATED CHEWING GUM

Make a Corner Cosy

Collect the Cushion Cover Coupons with every Chiclet Package

MADE IN CANADA

AFTERNOON NEWS SUMMARY

Glut of Despatches in Day Telegraphic Service.

SAYS OVERPAYMENTS HIGHER THAN STATED

Manitoba Parliament Buildings Commission Hears Argument of Counsel —Discusses Caissons Deal

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, July 19.—Before the royal commission today C. P. Wilson, Liberal counsel, commenced his argument on the evidence submitted in connection with the parliament buildings contract.

In his speech in the Manitoba legislature, A. B. Hudson, he said, had charged that the contractor, Thomas Kelly ,had been overpaid approximately $857,200, but this, Mr. Wilson declared, was away below the mark.

In the matter of the caissons alone, *counsel said, the report of John* Woodman, an expert appointed by the commission to inquire into the buildings contract, would show there was an overpayment of $544,000. Mr Woodman had been in conference with the commission this morning and according to counsel had indicated that the caissons for which Kelly received $844,000, less $4,500, were worth only $300,000 and if proper material had been used could be put in for less.

Mr. Wilson also pointed out that the tender for the piles was $64,500 but both the architect, F. W. Simon, and V. W. Horwood had reported to the government that the caissons would not cost more than 25 per cent additional to that.

On this basis the caissons should have cost only about $80,000. In other words, instead of paying Kelly $16,000 extra for the caissons ,the government had paid him $779,000.

Coming to the steel work, Mr. Wilson declared the evidence of Prof. Brydone Jack clearly proved that Dr. Montague paid for the north wing *$220,000 instead of $126,000, an over*payment of more than $100,000. In connection with the $802,000 contract which was destroyed, counsel said it was the most serious matter which had come before the notice of the commission.

Dr. Montague and Premier Roblin had grown frightened about that deal, had called in Shankland and Brydone Jack and on this expert advice that the contract would not stand, the fiat had gone forth that it should be destroyed root and branch.

A break was made in Mr. Wilson's argument to allow evidence to be heard from J. Frisken, paying teller in the Imperial bank. At the morning session the contents of Dr. Simpson's strong box had been shown to be only a deposit slip, and a strong with the seal of the Imperial bank, indicating the string had once bound together 1,000 $20 bills. Frisken testified that June 10, 1914, Thomas Kelly presented to the bank a check for the payment of $81,000. In paying it Frisken said he gave Kelly a sealed package *containing 1,000 $20 bills.*

The commission then adjourned until tomorrow.

Good Spirits

can only be enjoyed by those whose digestive organs work naturally and regularly. The best corrective and preventive yet discovered for irregular or faulty action of stomach, liver or bowels, is known the world over to be

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

The Original and Only Genuine

Beware of Imitations Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment

BRITAIN HAS NEW WAR INVENTIONS

One Gives Promise of Rendering Battleships Immune from Torpedoes—16,000 Ideas Offered

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—The appointment of an invention board of scientific men, with Lord Fisher, recently first sea lord of the admiralty as its head ,to assist the British navy, was largely the result of the suggestion made by Lord Bryce, former ambassador to the United States, to the house of lords and following upon a discussion upon which similar proposals were made by Sir William Ramsay and other eminent scientists.

Lord Bryce pointed out that the country needed not only fighting men but should mobilize its inventive ability—mechanics, engineering, physics—the whole range of science. While the American navy was a few days ahead of the British in launching this plan, according to the cables, its inception in both cases was due to experience of the war.

Sixteen thousand offers of new *scientific devices were made during* the first five months of the war. Many were from Americans. Another 16,000 doubtless came under the stimulus of the last five months. Of the first 16,000 a board undertook to sort the wheat from the chaff, to eliminate the "crank" proposals, and reduced to 25 the number which in the board's judgment were worthy of any attention.

To Make Torpedoes Harmless

Another board has scrutinized these 25 more rigidly and reduced them to just two. *These two are being worked* out with every precaution of secrecy and every prospect, it is declared, of giving a surprise in mechanical warfare exceeding anything produced by the Germans.

Elaborate trials have been made of these devices in the English army in actual service at the Dardanelles. Rigid secrecy has been observed as to the details but it can be said that the trials give promise of rendering a battleship immune from the submarine torpedo.

"I have talked with *many scientific* men and they are ready to give their best efforts in devising all the manifold instruments which this war—a war of science—has developed in the air, the water, beneath the earth and in every conceivable way as well as in the fighting line," said Lord Bryce, referring to his suggestions.

"It is the scientific men who use their brains in thinking out all the remarkable devices which are revolutionizing modern warfare and then the ordinary agencies of government merely carry out *and apply what* science has devised.

"It is the same in war as in peace. The inventive genius of men like the late Prof. Langley of the Smithsonian institute—the pioneer of aviation—and Bell and Edison, and many of our own men, points the way to some great achievement in controlling the forces of nature and after that it remains only for the ordinary branches of government or commerce to apply what the scientific brain has conceived."

RIFLE MAKERS WILL QUIT WORK

(Continued from Page One)

local manufacturers' association at a meeting today, according to a statement given out by the secretary afterward, determined to stand as a body behind the Remington company in its *decision to maintain an open shop.*

Gompers Calls Conference.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Samuel Gompers announced tonight that he had called a conference of officers of the International Association of Machinists to meet with him in Washington to consider the strike ordered at the Remington plant at Bridgeport.

Mr. Gompers said it was his purpose to use every resource at his command to prevent a general strike. He reiterated the charge that foreign interests had sought to bring about labor troubles *in the United States to check the* exportation of war supplies.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 19.—J. J. Keppler, international vice-president of the American Machinists' union, when advised of the call for a conference issued tonight in Washington by Samuel Gompers, said that he and other labor leaders here would pay no attention to any such call.

DENIES BRITAIN WORKED FOR PEACE

German Statement Deals With Peace Negotiations in 1912—Wanted a Pledge of Benevolent Neutrality.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19.—The Berlin Nord Deutsche Allmeine Zeitung publishes what purports to be the details of the negotiations in 1912 looking to an Anglo-German rapproachment in which Viscount Haldane, then the British secretary for war, took a prominent part. The substance of the article is contained in a despatch from Berlin to Reuter's via Amsterdam, and the article is published "in order to disprove Viscount Haldane's statement that his efforts for peace were frustrated by Germany."

"According to an official statement the paper points out, Germany offered different form of neutrality. The first draft of the treaty ran:

"Should one of the contracting parties become engaged in war with one or more powers, then the other contracting party shall adopt at least an attitude of benevolent neutrality and exert every effort to localize the conflict."

England declined to accept this and made the following counter proposal:

"England shall not make an unprovoked attack on Germany and shall refrain from aggressive policy with regard to Germany. An attack on Germany forms the basis of no treaty, nor is such object aimed at in any combination to which England belongs, and England will not be a party to any arrangment which aims at such an attack."

This proposal was not acceptable to Germany. The words "unprovoked attack," says the statement, as quoted by the paper, were held to be too elastic to form the basis of a special treaty of friendship, in that the assurances contained in the English proposal were deemed by Germany as constituting ordinary international relations. Germany then proposed:

"Should one of the contracting parties become involved in a war with one or more powers and it cannot be said that the contracting party is the aggressor, then the other contracting party will observe toward him at least benevolent neutrality and strive toward localization of the conflict. The contracting parties reciprocally bind themselves to come to an agreement regard their attitude in the event of one of them being forced to declare war through the open negotiations of a third party."

Sir Edward Grey, British secretary for foreign affairs rejected this, but made the following proposal:

"Since both powers mutually desire to insure peace and friendship among themselves, England declares that she will make no unprovoked attack on Germany, and will not participate in such. England will also refrain from an aggressive policy toward Germany."

This sentence was to replace the first sentence in the previous proposal. Germany assented to discuss the proposal, but made further negotiations dependent on assent to the following conditions:

"England will naturally preserve a benevolent neutrality in the event of war being forced on Germany."

Sir Edward Grey, however, because of the decision of the British cabinet, declined to go further than the proposed formula, basing his refusal "on the fear of otherwise endangering existing friendly relations between England and other powers."

Whereupon Germany declined to continue the negotiations.

WANT BRITISH TAXES RAISED

Peers Declare it Disgrace to Place the Whole Cost of War on Posterity

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 9.—While the government was proclaiming the necessity of economy in every sphere of life, it was being charged in the house of lords Tuesday with extravagance and a strong call for economy was made by several peers. The debate started with a resolution moved by Viscount Middleton, "that in view of necessary expenditure on the war, it is, in the opinion of this house, incumbent on his majesty's government to take immediate steps to reduce the civil expenditure of the country."

He proceeded to say that the position which the government had to meet at the end of March next, on the assumption that the war would be over, would be a total debt of £1,293,000,000.

Considering that national savings were *estimated at £500,000,000 to* £460,000,000, that some £112,000,000 had been added to expenditure and £50,000,000 a year to taxation, he was not sure that statisticians would not say the nation had made as little of prepration for the exigencies of a state of war as of military preparation.

Viscount Middleton said he wished to appeal for a complete change of civil finance. Twenty years ago civil service estimates amounted to £20,000,000; today they were close to £50,000,000. Thousands of civil servants had been appointed in the last eight years and the expenditures on virtually all such had increased considerably. He was quite sure that a committee of public service men could be appointed and effect a reduction of from £5,000,000 to $10,000,000 before the end of this war.

Lord Lansdowne for the government agreed that the financial position of the country required the greatest attention of parliament "if we are to place ourselves in a sound and satisfactory financial position."

He also said retrenchement was going on slowly but surely and promised that a careful scrutiny should be kept on all expenditures.

Lord St. Aldwyn, one of the foremost English economists, said he could not quite agree with Lord Curzon that this country was "in grave peril," but he thought it was not too much to say that the financial situation was grave. There would be March 31 next a deficit, as matters stood, on the payment of interest on the war debt of £14,000,000. Such a thing had not been dreamed of in the financial *history of the country for at least 100* years. England, he asserted, was casting the whole cost of the war on posterity. This he characterized as a bad policy which was a disgrace to the present generation, and he said the government was to blame when the war began in not at once imposing additional taxation and pursuing precisely the same policy now.

Lord Lorebarn closed the debate by saying that the figures Lord Middleton gave related to the most wealthy, the most powerful and the most enduring of all nations engaged in the war.

The situation amounted to this, but if wisdom did not come to Europe there was a prospect of European bankruptcy in a comparatively short time.

The motion was agreed to after substituting the word "efficient" for "immediate."

ONE DEAD; TWO HURT IN AUTOMOBILE SMASH

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Ont., July 19.—Saturday a big car, the property of James Duffield, driven by his chauffeur, plunged over a 50-foot embankment west of Woodland cemetery. Mrs. H. W. Kemp, wife of Harry W. Kemp of the Helena Costume company, was killed; Miss Margaret Wright was seriously injured, her spine being hurt; and Percy Foster, chauffeur, also suffered serious injuries to the spine. The car turned completely over. It was taken out without the knowledge of the owner and had been out all night.

GERMANY MAKES SUPREME EFFORT

(Continued from Page One)

ficulty, and we shall see how the Grand Duke, his lieutenants and the aroused Russian nation are likely to cope with it. They know that if they get through the next month in fair safety they will be afterward invulnerable.

"It is certain that the Grand Duke has long since penetrated the mind of his enemies and is not to be taken by surprise. The result of the crowning fight for the Polish salient must be awaited during the next two months with absorbing excitement.

"If the Grand Duke's central armies could be enveloped and destroyed all the rest of the much easier effort would undoubtedly be made to sweep to Kiev and the Black Sea, break through the Balkans and join hands with the Turks, now in dire need.

"The Russians could retreat for months steadily, strengthening instead of weakening as they went backward, until they could turn with crushing strength when the Germans were furthest from their bases.

*"If the Germans fail in their su*preme effort during the next few months or weeks they must fail altogether, both by land and sea."

FOUR MEN DIE WHILE PRISONERS

(Continued from Page One)

now officially reported died of wounds while prisoner—J. J. Brazel, Ireland.

14th Battalion

Previously reported missing now reported prisoner—J. E. Mylie, Scotland.

Wounded—Corp. W. Lewis, England. W. Botwright, England. D. T. Price, South Wales.

15th Battalion

Previously reported wounded, now unofficially reported died of wounds—Lance Corp. J. M. Murray, Scotland.

Royal Canadian Dragoons

Wounded—F. Simmons, England.

3rd Canadian Field Ambulance

Previously reported missing, now unofficially reported prisoner and wounded—G. R. Carr, England.

CANADIANS PROMOTED.

(By Canadian Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 19.—Lieutenants Papineau, H. N. Nevin and H. H. Dennison of the Princess Patricias and Lieutenants McCuaig and Molson of the 13th battalion of Canadian infantry are gazetted temporary captains *among other promotions gazetted to*day. All five have at different times been mentioned for their work in the trenches and all took prominent part in the historic encounter with the Germans near Ypres.

Other promotions gazetted in infantry battalions are:

Lieut. P. J. Pick of the 1st Ontarios, to be temporary captain.

Lieutenants H. R. Allyn and T. W. Anderson of the 3rd Torontos, to be temporary captains.

Lieutenants L. F. Page, H. W. Harboard, R. Murdie, G. P. Bowie, of the 5th battalion, to be temporary captains.

Lieutenants W. R. Critchley and J. R. Graham of the 10th battalion, to be temporary captains.

Lieut. Jagow, 38th Highlanders, to be temporary captain.

Capt. Rae, 16th battalion, to be temporary major.

Lieut. Adjt. H. Lee, 30th battalion (reserve), to be temporary captain.

BRITISH CROP REPORTS ARE HIGHLY UNFAVORABLE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, July 19—(By F. A. McKenzie.)—The Times' special reports, which are recognized as the standard of authority, are discouraging. All crops are under average, owing to the cold, wet, prolonged winter and protracted cold.

The board of trade returns on the industrial situation show unemployed of only 1 per cent, quite an unprecedented figure.

Pauperism has been *materially on* the decline and in many English urban districts are now only about 15 per thousand.

Food prices have risen 30 per cent in villages and 35 per cent in the large towns since the beginning of the war.

TWO SAFES IN WINNIPEG RIFLED—ARREST IS MADE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, July 19.—Two safes in the city hall were rifled Saturday and *some $544 in cash and almost an equal* amount in stamps and street car tickets were taken. R. A. McLean, a clerk in the waterworks department, was tonight arrested in connection with the robbery. He was conversant with the combination of one of the safes. McLean had a big time in the redlight district of Transcona for a few days.

SOLDIERS WILL GET LEAVE TO VOTE ON PROHIBITION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 19.—Orders have been given to the district officer commanding at Calgary to give leave of absence to any men at Sarcee reserve camp who apply to be allowed to cast their votes in Alberta on prohibition next Wednesday. There will be no official orders issued, but the officer commanding has been requested to grant leave to all who apply.

AN INVESTMENT

Place your money where it will grow—some fertile planting places in the Condensed Advertising Columns.

The Daily News Condensed Want Ads, are economical, productive, and supreme in popularity.

Phone Your Ad. to 144 Want Ad. Dept.

SIR HIRAM MAXIM'S INVENTION TESTED

Will Force Poisonous Fumes Over Heads of the Men in Trenches.

LONDON.—Sir Hiram Maxim has just completed an invention which is a reply to the German poison gas methods of warfare. Exhaustive tests have been made in trenches under conditions as nearly as possible the same as those in Flanders, and it is understood that the war office is very favorably impressed with the invention.

Sir Hiram Maxim says that the poisonous fumes are chlorine gas.

"Chlorine gas," he says, "when in pure state at one atmospheric pressure weighs two and one-half times as much as air. In escaping from high pressure to atmospheric pressure the chlorine necessarity rises, mixed with a lot of air, and by the time it is 20 feet away from the discharge pipe the ratio is five volumes of air to one of chlorine.

"The specific gravity is correspondingly reduced, and by the time the fumes reach our trenches there is one hundred times as much air as gas. We know that to be approximately true, because if a soldier breathed a chlorine mixture of one in twenty he would not live more than a few minutes. Scientific men have tried to neutralize the effects of the gas by respirators, but you might just as well think of filtering alcohol out of water with a piece of wire gauze as to try to separate chlorine from the atmosphere by such a device".

Sir Hiram called these gauze things" "asperators"—short for "exasperators." That sums up his estimate of their utility.

It is not permissible to give away Sir Hiram's secret, but it said that the invention will force the poisonous fumes over the heads of men in the trenches.

"I do not think that the British," he said, "should descend to the use of poisonous gases, and I am convinced that the enemy will not continue their use once he finds how easily and how cheaply the fumes may be dispersed.

"Another device I am engaged upon relates to the defense of our trenches against the bayonet. It is upon a wholly new principle, but I am not at liberty to describe it. In fact," Sir Hiram continued, "I have my pocket full of inventions. At the age of 75 my day is one of 17 hours and I want to give that time to serving the country."

A LARGE TURN OUT EXPECTED AT MARKET

If Weather Conditions Hold Directors Look for a Good Mid Week's Business.

In view of the change in the weather, the directors of the midweek market look to see a large turnout at the building today. It is stated that since the pedlers are now complying with the orders issued by the directors excluding them from the building and streets until 1 o'clock, the work of selling will be greatly facilitated. It is expected that with the favorable report on the request for a horse trough on Vernon street in the neighborhood of the market building rendered by the city council last night, provision will be made at an early date for marketers who drive into the city.

COST OF LIVING WAS SLIGHTLY LOWER IN JUNE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 20.—The cost of living, according to the records maintained by the labor department, has shown but a slight falling off for the month of June. The department's index number of wholesale prices for last month stand at 147.3, compared with 147.6 in May, 1915, and 133.3 in June, 1914, a falling off of three decimal points over the previous month but a rise of just under 10 points for the year.

The slight drop was due chiefly to the lower prices in grain and flour and other less staple food products. Flour has dropped about $1 per barrel. Cattle, wholesale, dropped in price somewhat, as also did butter, cheese, woolens, cotton, certain oils and lumber.

ITALY'S AIR SERVICE UNEXCELLED AMONG ALLIES

Entirely Self Supporting in Regard to Ammunition

ROME.—In the matter of preparation and manufacture of materials of war Italy is in a favorable position.

Her aeroplane service is splendid—far superior to that of Austria, and growing every day. At the beginning of the war the Italian army's air fleet was larger than the British, numbering 196 aeroplanes, of which 21 were in Africa, and the others in Italy. This means 28 squadrillas, which are the working units of the Italian aeroplane service, a quadrilla comprising four machines in use and three in reserve.

Then there are several airships which were built at Bacciano, in government workshops.

All the ammunition used by the forces is being made in Italy—the country is absolutely self-supporting now from that standpoint. There are several new factories, in addition to the shops taken over by the government, and most of the machinery for these new factories came from the United States, where a commission was sent from Italy as long ago as last December.

"Does young Jiggsby come by his erratic temperament naturally?"

"Yes; his mother was a grand opera singer and his father was a left-handed pitcher."

Tramp—Please mum, I'm a Belgian refugee.

Lady—Are you? Mention a town in Belgium.

Tramp (cogitating a moment)—I would, mum, but they have all been destroyed.

"Whiskey, my friend, has killed more men than bullets."

"That may be, sir; but, bejabers, I'd rather be full of whiskey than bullets."

"Dad, what is meant by carrying coals to Newcastle?"

'It's a figure of speech, my boy. Like trying to tell something to a graduating class that they don't know."

"HOT WEATHER!"

WELL! NO ONE NEED SUFFER FROM THE HEAT WHEN LIGHT AND SUMMERY APPAREL IS SELLING AT BARGAIN PRICES.

Ladies' Sunshades

ALL NEW DESIGNS—A CHOICE SELECTION

Regular Value, $1.25—Sale Price..... 95c
Regular Value, $1.50—Sale Price.....$1.10
Regular Value, $2.50—Sale Price.....$1.95
Regular Value, $3.00—Sale Price.....$2.25

White Wash Skirts

IN PIQUE AND REPPS—ABOUT TWO DOZEN IN THE LOT

Regular Value, $2.25—Sale Price.....$1.25
Regular Value, $3.50—Sale Price.....$2.50
Regular Value, $6.00—Sale Price.....$4.50

Ladies' Underwear

THIS LINE OF KNITTED SUMMER UNDERWEAR HAS EARNED HIGH COMMENDATION FROM OUR CUSTOMERS

LADIES' VESTS, 2 for 35c
Regular 25c value—Sale Price.....19c
Regular 35c value—Sale Price.....25c
Regular 75c value—Sale Price.....59c
Regular $1.00 value—Sale Price.....79c

DRAWERS AT CORRESPONDING PRICES

COMBINATIONS—
Regular value 35c for.....25c
Regular value 45c for.....35c
Regular value 75c for.....59c
Regular value $1.00 for.....79c

WHITE COTTON GOWNS—
TRIMMED WITH LACE—A SPECIAL LINE
Regular, $1.25—Sale Price.....85c

LISLE HOSE, WHITE—
Regular 35c for.....25c
Regular 45c for.....35c
Regular 50c for.....39c
Regular 65c for.....49c

TAN HOSE—
ALL ON SALE—TWO PAIRS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE

A Silk Dress Clearance

IN COLORS COPENHAGEN, NAVY AND BLACK

Regular Value, $15.00—Sale Price.....$ 9.95
Regular Value, $17.50—Sale Price.....$11.95
Regular Value, $19.00—Sale Price.....$12.95
Regular Value, $28.00—Sale Price.....$13.95

SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR SAMPLES OF THESE

Smillie & Weir

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

FERNIE SOLDIER WAS IN HOTTEST OF FIGHTING

FERNIE, B. C.—Gordon Johnson writes from the front as follows:

"My Dear Father and Mother—We have just got out of the trenches so you must forgive this little relapse in letter writing. We were only in 24 hours but the trip there and back together with the preparation and the readjustment afterward took a lot of time and energy.

"Our troop was divided into two trench parties. One half of 'A' squadron went in the first night. The remainder of us took them out and brought the horses back. That was on a Wednesday. We went after them on Thursday night. Then on the following day our half went out. We rode about four miles and then walked the remainder. Ned and Ernie went the first night. They had to be contented with little in the way of fighting, none of them firing a shot, although the artillery was playing from both sides. The night we went in we struck it a little less lucky. However, to begin at the start. We got into the trenches about 6 o'clock by a roundabout way. Rifle firing was being exchanged freely, bullets whizzing in every direction. The trench was a large, well built one, very important one to the Germans and still more important to us. Four of us, Hicks, an American, Buckland, an Australian, Alexander, an Englishman, and I, under Corp. Carter (West Africa, India, etc.) on a machine gun. The regiment we went in with was English and a fine bunch of fellows they were. We had no sooner taken our positions than an English battery opened fire on the German trenches a few hundred yards to our front. The whizzing of these shells make one unconsciously duck, to the amusement of the old campaigners. However, the Germans retaliated immediately but they failed to find their mark. Some kind individual made us a cup of tea, bread and butter and canned meat. We do this and become very much more fitte to withstand the incessant whiz of th bullets coming over the parapet n a foot over your head. The lieuten ant in charge of these fellows was Canadian, a dandy chap. He cam along asking for volunteers to go ou to the front of the trenches. He want ed six. The five of us volunteered i a bunch. Another chap came along a bomb thrower. We went out to sta or catch alive. The lieutenant insist ed on this. If they were too much fo us, the bomb thrower knew his busi ness. As soon as it got dark w jumped over the parapet and sallie forth through our own barbed wir entanglements and pitfalls and on to wards theirs. When we got fa enough, uncomfortably close, we la down and wainted for an hour and quarter. We were unsuccessful and a the fire between trenches was be coming more lively (we could hear th Germans talking) the officer decide to return. This was a ticklish busi ness as the Germans were sweepin the whole area with rifle fire. How ever, the officer didn't mind—seeme to enjoy it—so we followed him keeping our allotted distance. We go back finally at 11:30. Smoking wa considered the right thing after thi little experience so we lighted up. Th pipes were just started nicely whe the 'hell' began. It is useless to tr to describe the next two and a ha hours. However, we were too muc for them, so they say. Only one Ger man reached the inside of the trench and he stayed. He was an officer. They didn't try any more fun. We a congratulated ourselves on the fac that we arrived back in the trenche at least 10 minutes before the storm We are all quite cheerful, in fact th whole affair is like a dream.

"How is your little garden comin on?"

"Aw, the vegetables won't play fai The space I had allotted to a doze strawberry plants has been pre-empte by a big duffer of a squash."

A Full Measure of Health

is the reward of those who live right and eat right.

And as fresh air, exercise and good food are the principal factors, it is important that food be selected which contains the essential nutritive elements in well-balanced, easily digestible form.

In making the famous wheat and barley food,

Grape-Nuts

the malting of the barley brings out the diastase (the digestive element) while the long 20-hour baking breaks down the starch cells of the grains. Thus Grape-Nuts does not tax the digestion, but *actually assists in the assimilation of other foods.*

For those seeking the fullest possible measure of health

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

MADE IN CANADA. —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

News of Sport

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

BOSTON TIGHTENS HOLD ON TOP PLACE

Poor Fielding by Chicago Gives Victory to Visitors—Senators Steal Eight Bases in Inning.

League Standing

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	51	29	.638
Chicago	53	32	.624
Detroit	51	31	.622
New York	42	40	.512
Washington	42	41	.506
St. Louis	32	49	.395
Philadelphia	29	52	.358
Cleveland	28	54	.341

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, July 19—Boston strengthened its hold on first place today, when poor fielding by Chicago gave the visitors a 6 to 4 victory. Barry was injured in a collision with Weaver in the seventh and was carried off the field.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	6	10	1
Chicago	4	5	5

Batteries: Collins, Leonard and Cadigan; Benz, Scott, Russel and Schalk.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 19.—Washington made it five straight from Cleveland, winning today's game 11 to 4.

The Senators are believed to have broken a league record when they stole eight bases in the first inning.

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	11	11	1
Cleveland	4	9	4

Batteries: Johnson, Altrock and Ainsmith; Hagerman, Jones, Coombs and O'Neill.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 19.—By taking a doubleheader from St. Louis here today New York retained fourth place in the pennant race. New York took the first game, 10 to 3, and the second 4 to 1.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
New York	10	10	0
St. Louis	3	6	3

Batteries; Caldwell and Nunamaker; Hamilton, Cook, James and Agnew, Ruel.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
New York	4	2	2
St. Louis	1	7	1

Batteries: Fisher and Sweeney, Nunamaker; Loudermilk, Hamilton and Ruel, Agnew.

DETROIT, Mich., July 19—Hard hitting and the wildness of Philadelphia pitchers resulted in another victory for Detroit today, 12 to 6.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	6	11	2
Detroit	12	12	1

Batteries: Wyckoff, Haas, Dauss and Lapp, McAvoy; Dubuc, Allen and Stanage.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	3	8	0
Jersey City	2	6	0
	R.	H.	E.
Richmond	3	9	0
Harrisburg	5	13	1
	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	3	10	1
Buffalo	5	10	3
First game—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	8	16	1
Montreal	7	9	3
Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	8	11	0
Montreal	6	8	0

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	R.	H.	E.
Columbus	5	3	0
St. Paul	0	5	4
	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	4	3
Minneapolis	4	7	1
	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	7	10	1
Milwaukee	4	12	2

Indianapolis-Kansas City, postponed; rain.

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.

League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Spokane	57	34	.626
Tacoma	53	42	.558
Victoria	43	47	.478
Vancouver	43	48	.473
Seattle	43	50	.462
Aberdeen	39	57	.406
	R.	H.	E.
Victoria	4	11	3
Seattle	9	16	0

Batteries: Bonner and Hoffman; Rose and Cadman.

	R.	H.	E.
Aberdeen	4	11	3
Tacoma	14	12	4

Batteries: Harkness and Vance; Peterson and Stevens.

	R.	H.	E.
Spokane	5	8	1
Vancouver	6	8	1

Batteries: Clark, Fish and Brennegan; Kelly and Brottem.

COSTLY CLUB HOUSE.

Plans for a new clubhouse to cost approximately $2,500,000 have been drawn for the Chicago Athletic association, one of the largest organizations of its kind in the world, and the middle west rival of the New York A. C. of this city. If erected the building will be 18 stories high, and will occupy the present site of the club, near Madison street and Michigan avenue, Chicago. The building plan was originated by Francis S. Peabody, president of the club, who wants the clubhouse to be one of the finest in the world.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

PHILADELPHIA WINS LEAGUE LEADERSHIP

Defeats Chicago and Captures First Place—Dodgers Defeat Pirates—New York Victorious

League Standing

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	42	34	.553
Chicago	43	37	.538
Brooklyn	43	37	.538
New York	38	38	.500
St. Louis	41	43	.488
Pittsburg	39	41	.488
Boston	38	43	.469
Cincinnati	32	43	.427

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 19.—Before the largest crowd that has been inside the park in years, Philadelphia defeated Chicago this afternoon in the first game of a double header, with first place going to the winner 5 to 4. The second game was stopped by a thunderstorm at the end of the fourth inning, with Philadelphia ahead 3 to 1.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	9	1
Philadelphia	5	11	1

Batteries: Humphries and Standridge, Bresnahan; Mayer, Alexander and Killifer.

Second game postponed, rain.

BOSTON, Mass., July 19.—Boston outhit Cincinnati today and won by a score of 4 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	1	6	1
Boston	4	10	1

Batteries: Toney and Wingo; Rudolph and Gowdy.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., July 19.—Rucker's slow ball was touched by the Pittsburgs today for eight hits, but they were scattered over seven innings and the Dodgers won 3 to 0.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0	8	1
Brooklyn	3	7	1

Batteries: Kantlehner and Gibson; Rucker and Miller.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Burns and Grant proved too much for St. Louis today, New York going into the first division by winning its third straight game from the Cardinals by a score of 4 to 3.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	6	0
New York	4	7	0

Batteries: Meadows, Robinson and Snyder; Tesreau, Stroud and Dooin.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

League Standing

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	48	38	.675
Chicago	49	34	.590
St. Louis	45	35	.563
Pittsburg	43	37	.538
Newark	42	41	.506
Brooklyn	36	48	.429
Buffalo	37	51	.420
Baltimore	30	51	.370

SPORTING NOTES.

Pari-mutual betting machines will be used at the races to be held at Connaught park in Ottawa this season. This step has been taken as rumors that jobbing has been taking place on the track have been circulated throughout Ottawa.

The Canadian lightweight boxing championship has many claimants for the title. Neff of Seattle, Johnny O'Leary and Joe Bayley are the pugilists who maintain that they are the champions.

George Hodgson, Canadian Olympic swimmer, states that he will not compete in any events this season as he is studying aviation with the intention of joining the aviation corps.

James Duffy, lightweight pugilist, as the result of injuries received in an automobile accident, may be forced to have one of his legs cut off.

TRUNK FULL OF MONEY BUT WON'T PAY RENT

CHICAGO.—What are purported to be false Minnesota state bands and counterfeit currency to the amount of $250,000, were found today by police who entered a west side boarding house to quell a disturbance between boarders and landlady. Though the boarders had a trunk full of spurious money that the two two detectives could hardly lift, they refused to pay their rent.

Four boarders were arrested in the neighborhood and in the house was found machinery for the making of counterfeit money.

M'GRAW BLAMELESS.

Don't blame John McGraw because of the Giants' poor showing to date. It's the fault of his men—the breaking down of the old machine.

McGraw's record shows what wonderful things he has done with the material that has come to him during his thirteen years as pilot of the Giant squad.

Here is the record of the Giants since McGraw took command in 1903:

Year. Finished.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
1903—Second	84	55	.604
1904—First	106	47	.693
1905—First	105	48	.686
1906—Second	96	56	.532
1907—Fourth	82	71	.535
1908—xSecond	98	56	.636
1909—Third	92	61	.601
1910—Second	91	63	.591
1911—First	99	54	.647
1912—First	103	48	.682
1913—First	101	51	.664
1914—Second	84	70	.545

x—Tied with Pittsburg for second place.

NEW YORK GIANTS GRAB GEORGE KELLY

Northwestern Gets Good Price for Victoria First Sacker—Mack Retrenches.

It is understood on the best of authority that Dick Kinsella, the New York Giant scout, has practically closed with the Northwestern league for the purchase of George Kelly, the Victoria first sacker. The price is understood to be in the neighborhood of $3,000 and Kelly will join the National league club after the Northwestern league season has closed. This is Kelly's second year in professional baseball, and he has yet to cast his first vote, being 19 years of age.

Ball players who are let out by the Northwestern league clubs are not finding hte pickings so easy as in previous years. The financial stringency has made it necessary for the Class B clubs to cut down to the very bone, and the suspension of the Western Canada league last year cuts off a home for some of the old timers who had pensions in that league. Ben Hunt, one of the league's leading portsiders last year, is now twirling for Prince Rupert, while Ketchikan has Frambach, of the Tacoma club, and Joe Wally, another cast-off Tiger, as a battery. Boeckel, the former Tacoma second sacker, is also up north, and Herb Salveson, whom Victoria tried to secure, is now playing independent ball in Montana.

Muggys McGraw must be getting ready to cut loose from his veterans when he gives Red Murray his unconditional release. McGraw offered to trade Infielder Brainard and Catcher Meyers to Cincinnati for Catcher Ivy Wingo, but the Reds refused the trade. Meyers is about through as a big league backstop, while a few of McGraw's other standbys will also have to hustle for new jobs next season.

"In retrenching all along the line, Connie Mack is doing this year what every club in the major leagues will be doing next season," said a western club owner the other day.

"The wise Mack," he continued, "is, as usual, a year ahead of everybody else. It took a lot of grit for him to do what he has done, but, like all men who do big things and accomplish great results, Conie has lots of courage.

"Mack saw the handwriting on the wall and went ahead and governed himself accordingly. Philadelphia fans will profit by his foresight, for in reorganization plans Mack has had a year's start on everybody else.

"Anyway, you can't keep a wonder like Mack down, for there is nobody in his class in digging up young players. No temperamental star can hold any club over Mack's head, for he is too resourceful in getting successors. That's where he has it on the average tactician."

KOOTENAY TRAPPER HAS A DANGEROUS PET

Nurses Bear Cub Back to Life and Takes Ful-Grown Animal Into Bush as Companion.

VANCOUVER.—A black bear weighing 200 pounds, trotting along like a dog at the heels of his master, is the strange pet and companion of Trapper J. Jones, of Kimberley, in East Kootenay. The trapper is quite proud of his novel companion, whom he has reared fro ma tiny cub weighing four pounds who had lost his mother and was dying from exhaustion. The trapper nursed the little fellow backe to life and strength and has taken a fatherly pride in seeing him grow. Now the bear is bigger and heavier than his "father."

Mr. Jones is so pleased with his success in taming the bear to be a companion to him on the trail that he has sent a letter to the game warden's department, confirming the stories which have been told ofthe bear. The chief game warden, who is a friend of the bears and does not regard a wild bear as a dangerous animal unless with cubs or at bay, rather frowns on the idea of a big bears as a companion. "A tame bear is more dangerous than a wild one," he says. "Once they lose their fear of man, they become dangerous. A wild bear in the bush won't let a man get near him if he can help it, and he will be glad to get out of a man's way at any time if given a chance, but a tame bear, he's different. Something may go wrong at any instant once he has grown to maturity, and in an instant he is there with all the wild ferocity and strength of a bear at bay, and without any fear of a man such as a wild bear has."

Some years ago at Field, it is recalled, an effort was made with considerable early success to tame a number of bears, but the attempt was adandoned several years ago, when one of the brutes, without warning, seized and killed a boy.

The time appears to be nearly ripe for the Turkish priests to begin to preach a holy peace.

GERMAN COMMENT ON THEIR SUBMARINES

Berlin Press Claims That British Navy Has Been Humbled—Should Have Effect on Italy

The news of the sinking of the Triumps and Majestic at the Dardanelles was received with enthusiasm in Germany and called for comment from the German press on the efficiency of the kaiser's mosquito fleet.

The Frankfurter Zeitung remarked that the weapon that had crippled England's control of the seas at its real base was now threatening the enemy fleet at the Dardanelles, while Capt. Persius of the Berliner Tageblatt claimed that the English had been alarmed when they found that German submarines had dared to advance to Liverpool. Latterly they had not believed the rumors of German submarines having been seen off the Spanish coast and in the Mediterranean; but he considered that in future the world would not be able to withhold its highest appreciation of he spirit of enterprise displayed by German submarine crews, and of German engineering skill, which had reached heights undreamed of.

Subsequently the German press was informed from Constantinople that a ship of the Agamemnon class had been severely damaged in the Straits by a torpedo from a submarine, and that it had afterward been observed off the southeastern coast of Imbros, surrounded by small steamers. All warships, with the exception of a few torpedo boat destroyers, had consequently been withdrawn from the entrance to the Straits and had taken refuge in the bays of the Aegean archipelago.

Commenting on the news, Captain Persius pointed out that it was noteworthy for a two fold reason. In the first place, the Agamemnon and the Lord Nelson were the only representatives of their class and were the immediate forerunners of the famous Dreadnought. It could not, therefore, be urged that they were "old" ships. Before the war, moreover, the opinion had prevailed that modern men-of-war could not be sunk, but only temporarily disabled, by the weapons at the disposal of the submarine. Lastly, the significance of the latest success lay in the fact that the threat of the German submarine had compelled the withdrawal of the entire hostile fleet from the entrance to the Straits. Just as the battleships of our enemies in home waters have to fleet before the German submarines to the protection of their own harbors, wrote Captain Persius, so is the same thing happening at the Dardanelles. There could be no greater triumph for our brave submarine crews and no higher satisfaction could be given them. Those brave commanders who can point to the names Triumph, Majestic and Agamemnon on their list of victories might justly say: "Veni, vidi, vici."

Count Reventlow, writing on the subject, maintained that the sinking of the British battleships would afford the Italians special matter for thought, on account of the light construction of their dreadnoughts, a circumstance which, he observed, was well known in Germany and might have certain disadvantages.

BE A BOOSTER

Do you know that's lots of people
Settin' round in every town,
Growlin' like a broody chicken
Knockin' every good thing down?
Don't you be that kind o' grouch,
'Cause they ain't no use on earth,
You just be a booster rooster,
Crow and boost for all you're worth.

If your town needs boostin', boost 'er,
Don't hold back and wait to see
If some other fellow's willin'—
Sail right in, this country's free.

No one's got a mortgage on it,
It's just yours as much as his,
If your town is shy on boosters,
You get in the boostin' biz.

If things just don't seem to suit you,
And the world seems kinder wrong
What's the matter with a boostin'
Just to help the thing along.
'Cause if things should stop a goin'
We'd be in a sorry plight,
You just keep that horn a bloin'—
Boost 'er up with all your might.

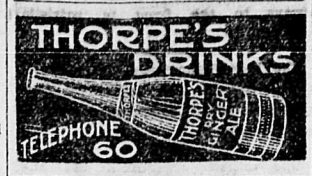
If you know some fellow's failin's
Just forget 'em, 'cause you know
That the same feller's got some good points,
Them's the ones you want to show.
"Cast your loaves out on the waters,
They'll come back," a sayin' true.
Mebbe, too, they'll come back "buttered"
When some feller boosts for you.

"I think I made a mistake in arguing the question of expense with my wife."

THURMAN'S

Carry a full line of all High-Grade Tobaccos and BBB Pipes. Try a tin of Thurman's Mixture.

THURMAN'S CIGAR STORE



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Proprietor Trail's popular ice cream and confectionery parlors.

Stationery, magazines, newspapers, cigars, tobaccos.

TRAIL, B. C.

DRINK THE NEW ALFALFA DRINK

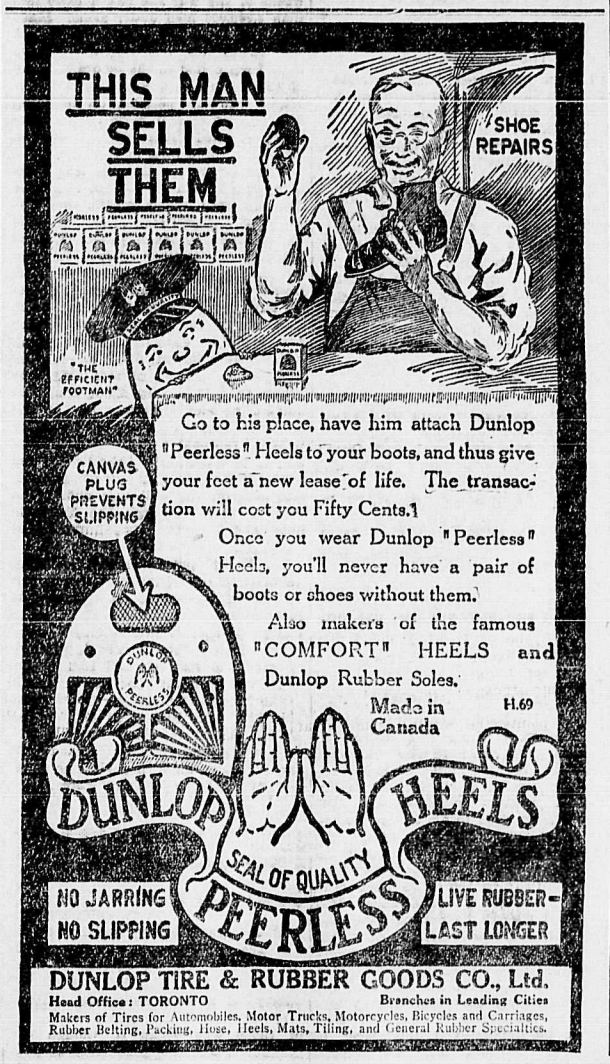
ALFALFENE

"Quenches the Thirst"

For sale at all first-class Soda Fountains.

Manufactured by

R, L. FOWLER & CO., LIMITED, Calgary, Alta.



JUST WHAT YOU REQUIRE

For fishing or pleasure, 18-foot Chestnut Outboard Motor Canoe, equipped with outboard motor with reversible propeller.

Call and see it or write for particulars and compare quality and price with any other outfit on the market.

COMPLETE OUTFIT, $145.00.

Nelson Motor Supply Co.

301 Ward Street, Nelson, B. C.

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MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Etter, Retter and Fort George Mineral Claims, situate in the Slocan City Mining Division of West Kootenay District.—Where located: They are adjoining mineral claims and are on main Lemon creek, about two miles from its head.

Take notice that I, Jackson Radcliffe of Nelson, B.C., Free Miner's Certificate No. 86216-B, for myself and as agent for David Ezra Wick of Waneta, B.C., Free Miner's Certificate No. 86260-B, and Toller Mally Huff of Lethbridge, Alberta, Free Miner's Certificate No. 63875-B, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants for the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 7th day of June, A.D. 1915.

J. RADCLIFFE.

THE hen does not stop scratching because worms are scarce.

THE wise merchant does not cut down his advertising when business is dull.

The Daily News

Published every morning except Sunday by the News Publishing Company, Limited, Nelson, B. C., Canada.

ROBB SUTHERLAND,
Editor and Manager.

Business letters should be addressed and cheques and money orders made payable to the News Publishing Company, Limited, and in no case to individual members of the staff.

Advertising rate cards and sworn detailed statements of circulation mailed on request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising agency recognized by the Canadian Press Association.

Subscription rates 50 cents per month; $2.50 for six months; $5.00 per year.

TUESDAY, JULY 20, 1915.

GERMANY'S "PEACE" MOVE WAS PART OF WAR PLAN

A Berlin paper takes exception to the charge that Germany frustrated Great Britain's efforts in 1912 to reach an agreement with the object of preserving the peace of Europe. Germany's own account of the negotiations shows that Great Britain offered a formal guarantee that it would neither make nor join in an unprovoked war on Germany, that aggression against Germany was not the purpose of any understanding Great Britain had with any other nation and that she would not become a party to any combination which had such an object.

But Germany would not agree to the exchange of such a guarantee. She insisted that Great Britain bind herself to stand aside in the event of war between Germany and Russia or France.

Germany's "peace effort" in 1912 was nothing more or less than an attempt to make it more easy to win world domination by first splitting up the triple entente. If Great Britain had been false to her friends, Russia and France, she would have been isolated and Germany would have been able to fight Russia and France first and then attack Great Britain.

BUY FROM WHITE RANCHERS AND NOT FROM CHINESE

W. J. Mohr, in a letter which The Daily News publishes this morning, urges the citizens of Nelson to buy their vegetables at the public market instead of from Chinamen.

The matter has an important bearing upon the prosperity of Nelson and the surrounding district. No one would seriously contend that it is to the advantage of this district that the Chinaman should prosper at the expense of the white ranchers, yet that is exactly what is occurring. If one-fourth of the revenue which is every week taken in by Chinamen in Nelson for vegetables were distributed among white ranchers it would give a marked impetus to the ranching industry and to the prosperity of Nelson.

Chinese methods of growing, gathering, packing and storing produce are often repulsively insanitary and of the money which the orientals receive little above the bare cost of living is expended in this country.

Buy from the white rancher, get produce that does not need to be fumigated and help to increase the prosperity of the city and district.

THE GERMAN PLOTTERS IN THE UNITED STATES

The American department of justice at the request of the British ambassador has undertaken to investigate the charge that an organized effort is being made by illegal means in the United States to hamper the allies in their conduct of the war.

That such a conspiracy exists is beyond reasonable doubt. The series of bomb outrages which has taken place in the United States and across the border in Canada, the labor disturbances which are occurring at American war munition factories and the placing of bombs on ships which carry war supplies are not explained by the theory that a few individuals are responsible.

The Germans have a wonderful espionage system. American secret service men probably know many of the spies who have been stationed by Germany in the United States. If they keep a close watch upon these busy individuals they will probably have little difficulty in satisfying themselves that these Teuton agents are the medium through which Berlin is carrying out the plot.

JAMS MADE IN NELSON FOUND TO BE PURE

Made-in-Nelson jam receives a certificate of good character in Bulletin No. 309 of the inland revenue department which has just been issued. The publication gives the results of tests of 115 samples of domestic and imported jams and of this number 93 were found to be pure and 22 were genuine jam but contained coloring or preservatives.

Fifteen samples of various kinds of jam made at Nelson factories were secured by inspectors at different points in western Canada and in every case the report of the analyst was completely favorable. It showed that the product was exactly what it purported to be and that it contained no preservative or added coloring.

Patronize the public market today.

Silverton will donate a machine gun. The people of the Slocan district are always to the front in patriotic matters.

The kaiser threatens to make all Europe tremble. He is not the first maniac to create a disturbance before being subdued.

The militia department has announced that it will gladly accept all machine gun funds which patriotic citizens are raising. Those who make donations need have no fear that the money is not needed for the purpose for which it is given.

It is the duty of Canadian civil and military authorities when they observe an aeroplane flying in a region where they know it is not licensed to use all means in their power to bring it to earth. If the Germans in the United States carry out their threats of raiding Canada with a fleet of planes, shooting at aviators will become the popular sport.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

The Tragedy's Lesson

Is it not a tragedy that the richest nation in the world, nearly a year after this and many other warnings, should have allowed its men to be so terribly handicapped as our soldiers have been? The blunder is being remedied at last, now that the war is nearly a year old. Every man and every woman in every ammunition factory should be warned that a few seconds saved in the making of shell cylinders and machine-gun parts mean a life, per haps the life of a friend. Every high-explosive shell and every machine-gun that can be purchased from any neutral willing to supply us should be bought at once.—London Daily Mail.

Loss of Shipping

The ten months' period of war has witnessed the loss of about 460,000 tons of warships, costing £35,000,000.

Disregardnig auxiliaries and armed merchantmen, the Allies have lost 131,000 tons of warships through the torpedo, 50,000 by mines, 27,000 by gunfire and 22,000 in divers ways. The Teutonic allies lost 13,000 tons by torpedo, 23,000 tons by mines, 81,000 tons by gunfire and 23,000 miscellaneous.

The Allies have lost nearly 30,000 tons in armed merchantmen and auxiliary classes, while the enemy's loss is about double.—Liverpool Journal of Commerce.

The Trouble in Manitoba

No man who is not a hide-bound bigot, no man who is not blinded by partisan frenzy, no man who is not tied up to this or that clique or influence, can fail to see that the trouble of the political parties in Manitoba, now painfully revealed to all, are not caused by the work of one set of men or by one political party. It must be clear to all who can see normally that both political parties have been suffering from the same disease. The rank and file of the parties have had little voice. A few leaders on each side have carried the full load of responsibility in their respective cases. The result has been that the rank and file of both parties have been largely unthinking onlookers; while the professional politicians—and this term is used in contemptuous sense—have forgotten that they were the representatives of the people, and hav become obsessed with the idea that they are, instead, the people's sole proprietors. —Winnipeg Telegram.

BE FAIR

Play the game and play it fairly.
Conquer if you can,
Reach your goal, but reach it squarely,
Prove yourself a man.

Be a winner if you can be,
Better, though, to fail
With your standards noble, than be
On dishonor's trail.

Leave no cause for sad regretting
When your race is run,
Any victory worth the getting
Must be fairly won.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

At New York—Tuscania, Glasgow.
At Liverpool—St. Louis, New York.
At Plymouth—Minnehaha, New York.
At Bordeaux—Espanage, New York.

THE WEATHER.

Nelson	51	85
Victoria	54	84
Kamloops	54	64
Edmonton	46	76
Prince Albert	44	70
Regina	46	79
Port Arthur	50	72
London	63	75
Kingston	60	70
Montreal	60	65
St. John	54	70
Vancouver	52	84
Calgary	42	72
Battleford	46	72
Moose Jaw	46	71
Winnipeg	48	72
Parry Sound	54	74
Toronto	62	73
Ottawa	36	62
Quebec	50	72
Halifax	50	84

"Tankey is an awful braggart when he's got a load on."

"Well, I suppose its natural for a man to blow his own horn when he's on a toot."

Perfect Tea must be used for a perfectly satisfactory infusion.

"SALADA" B 19

Tea is the acme of perfection, being all pure, delicious tea. Black, Mixed or Green.

GERMANY'S RESOURCES IN FIGHTING MEN

Guglielmo Ferrero, the famous Italian historian, has published some interesting figures in connection with the strength of the German armies. He states that chance had put into his hands some official publications which were confidential. These concern the strength of the German army and were only meant for German officers.

At the outset of the war he shows that Germany possessed 8,931,000 men between the ages of 17 and 45. Of this total 5,107,000 were trained and 3,824,000 untrained. In the first few weeks of the war she had a little less than 3,000,000 men under arms. Since then the men of the Landwehr, the Landstrum and the Ersatz reserve have been called to the colors, making at the end of February a total of 6,000,000 who have been put on the firing line. Added to that were 500,000 Germans recalled from other countries, making a grand total of 6,500,000.

Signor Ferrero estimates that Germany has lost on an average of 216,000 men a month, which means that upwards of 2,160,000 men have been killed, wounded or taken prisoners, thus reducing the number of men fighting for the fatherland to about 4,300,000. He shows that Germany cannot possibly have more than this number in the field, and that from now on the number will rapidly decrease as the young men growing up cannot make good the tremendous wastage of war. He concludes that in a very short time the number of men Germany has at the front will decrease even more rapidly than for the past ten months, due very largely to the fact that the allies on the west, the Italians on the south, and the Russians on the east will shortly be able to break through the Teutonic lines and capture large numbers of prisoners.

The figures presented by the Italian historian are most instructive and full of significance to us. It means that this is a war of attrition, and that to win a speedy and satisfactory victory it is necessary that we should put every available man on the firing line. France has already sent her last man to the front; it remains for Great Britain, Italy and Russia to supply the armies needed to wear down Germany's fighting forces. Canada can and should do more than she has done. —Montreal Journal of Commerce.

THE "WAR BABIES" LEGEND

In the whole history of the invidious are of fouling one's own nest there has probably never been so complete a masterpiece as the "war babies" outcry of a few weeks ago. It is difficult enough to think with charity of those who began it, though the number of ordinary, sober-minded people who helped to spread it by accepting it and passing on wild statements on the slightest evidence or on no evidence at all shows that it is to be reckoned as part of the psychology of war, like the amazing story of the Russian troops who traveled through Enland last September.

The society for the prevention of cruelty to children, which may be taken as being just about as well equipped for making the inquiry as any organization in the country, has just completed one into the statements on the alleged increase and prospective increase in the number of illegitimate births. It has covered the whole of the country, and it should settle the "war babies" for ever.

Where women have been living with soldiers as their wives there will be some illegitimate births—the only thing which can be said to be true about the outcry, and, of course, not a new one. The rest, after thorough inquiry, proves to be an unwarranted libel without any foundation in fact, both on the conduct of the troops, which is reported as "very good," and on the girls and women in the neighborhood of the camps.—The Manchester Guardian.

RED CROSS NOTES.

The Red Cross depot in the McCulloch block will be open from 3 to 5 o'clock this afternoon.

The secretary acknowledges $69,70, five pairs socks, four wash cloths and old linen from the Women's institute, Willow Point; two bags old linen from Women's auxiliary, Midway, B. C.; 25 personal property bags, 18 housewives and old linen from Mothers' club of St. Saviour's church; old linen from Mrs. Milly, Upper Bonnington; 78 lbs. tobacco from Mrs. A. Clare, Hedley, B. C.

Additional 10-cent subscriptions were received for June from Mrs. Scott-Thompson, Mrs. Steele, Mrs. Cobbett, Mrs. T. Macdonald, Mrs. Gilbert Anderson, the amount being $2.95, making a total for June of $28.70.

The supply department of the Canadian Red Cross society is asking especially for hospital suits, sheets 60 by 90, dark handkerchiefs, home-made preserves packed in Jem jars, socks, day socks, knitte dnight socks, operative stockings, soap, stationery, Maple sugar, hard candy and gum. A special request for large pads for hospitals in France has also come in, size 12 by 16 inches.

COMMUNICATION.

DON'T BE A SLACKER.

To the Editor of The Daily News:

Sir—I should be pleased if you will grant me space in your paper to express my views on "patriotism."

I ask this in view of the many ideas of responsibility affecting each individual ,many of whom flaunt their colors and boast in many ways of their allegiance to the cause, but who criticize the manner in which it is being conducted and would do marvelous things if they were in a position of power, but who groan and squirm because they have to pay war tax and think it is not their duty to contribute to the many needy institutions and projects to bring the war to a successful issue.

Others are content to accept the situation as its affects them, meekly deploring the war and feeling genuinely (?) horrified at the terrible loss of life. They are very patriotic, but if they are requested to contribute in any manner to the war they plead the war's effect on their income and say it is up to the government to provide for everything in connection with the war.

There are also persons in our midst of many nationalities, who have settled in this country and benefit thereby, who have the effrontery to take of the best and apply it to their own selfish uses, without any sense of gratitude to the source of their affluence, but who deplore the war as it affects them in many ways and conscientiously feel that they are neutral, particularly when appealed to for subscriptions in any form.

Fortunately there are a very large and increasing number of persons who fully realize their sense of duty as patriots, who will read the following analogy on patriotism and realize its truths; also the queries on patriotism will appeal to them.

"Patriotism"—An Analogy.

A patriot is a man or woman who loves his country of "birth or adoption" as he loves his own mother; one who is prepared to abide by her laws and government; who will defend her honor; who in sickness or trouble would sacrifice self interest for her welfare and devote everything he or she possesses to her well being; one who would take issue with any slanderous tongue, or party who assaults her person even to the extent of giving his or her life.

Questions on "Patriotism."

1. Are you satisfied with the country of your birth or adoption? If not why are you living here?
2. Are you satisfied with the benefits and privileges you are allowed? If not why stay here?
3. Are you satisfied with your earning capacity, if you take advantage of opportunities offered?
4. If you have made money or acquired land or property, are you prepared to defend it against a possibility of illegal seizure?
5. Do you realize that the government of this country is your own household, and your share toward its maintenance is for your own and your children's benefit?
6. If you love your mother, wife or children, would you defend them against despoilation?
7. If your mother has need of your protection and help, would you deny her your assistance?
8. Would you allow your brothers and sisters to do "all" the fighting to keep your home inviolate, while you sit at ease and live in luxury?
9. What is the position of a man who fails to contribute to the protection of his own household, but cynically criticizes those who do?
10. Would you prefer to live under a "militarist government" which would control everything you hold dear, overburden you with taxation, and make sweating dens of our industries?
11. Or do you prefer to live a free, independent life under our own democratic government? If so for the sake of your own egotistical self respect, realize your position in this country, and note fail in your duty, but be a "patriot" or take the brand. Don't be a slacker.

E. POTTS.

Greenwood, B. C., July 15.

URGES BUY PRODUCE FROM WHITE RANCHERS

To the Editor of The Daily News:

Sir,—Will you kindly publish this open letter to the citizens of Nelson:

Are the citizens patronizing the city market as it should be patronized if they wish it to be a permanent fixture and a real asset for the householders of the city? While last Saturday's market was reported as attracting a large number of buyers, yet many ranchers had to cart their produce home. Personally I contend that there should not be any or very little produce left over if the householders would come to the market for their supplies. Surely it is in their interest to have such a source to draw from. I will grant that it is very handy to have the Chinaman call around and fill the larder, but is this fair to our white brothers who are trying to make a living at our doors and who spend their money in our city? Surely the present prices on the market are attractive enough. Possibly the oriental population is doing a very little bit better for buyers but do the citizens realize we cannot, nor should we be expected, to compete with oriental labor. We are helping to build up this city. There are people enough in Nelson to buy every pound of produce we can grow. But if the citizens would rather patronize the yellow man and exclude the white man the city market will not stay. But if they will patronize an institution that has already saved them many dollars they will bless the day it became a factor in their living expenses.

W. J. MOHR.

Nelson, B. C., July 19.

RECONSTRUCTION

"The advent of Italy, now taking her rightful position amongst the democracies of the west, enables us," says the Nation, "for the first time, to see through the smoke of battle the possibilities of a reconstructed Europe.

"The statemanship of Europe will be revealed, not in the maltreatment of Germany, but in her isolation; in the revelation, obvious without the actual arbitrament of war, that if she again seeks to disturb the peace, she will be waging a hopeless contest.

"It is essential, if the twentieth century is not to see a resumption of the horrors of the present, that some strong and close-knit alliance shall be formed, which will be formidable enough to resist any attempt of Germany to regain by force what she will lose by force before peace is made.

"There are potentialities of such an alliance in this union of the western nations—Italy, France and Britain—who, unlike Germany, have embarked on the regime of responsible government, and, unlike Germany also, have refused to sacrifice the art of living to the demands of the military machine.

"To these three as nucleus, it is possible that the lesser western powers would gravitate—Belgium, Switzerland, Portugal, perhaps Holland and Spain. Such an orientation is indeed only possible if the allies can demonstrate in a fashion which history can not neglect or deny, that the German invasion of a small nation has proved to be not only a crime, but a blunder."

COLD STORAGE.

"Is she a woman of affairs?"

"Yes; everybody's. She's the neighborhood gossip."

"I want an auto horn."

"Yessir. Do you want something to warn 'em or something to scare 'em?"

GILLETT'S LYE
CLEANS AND DISINFECTS
THIS LYE IS ABSOLUTELY PURE. THEREFORE TOTALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE IMPURE AND HIGHLY ADULTERATED LYES NOW SOLD.

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Offers You The Greatest Choice In Wedding Gift Lines

You may choose from these lines through the medium of our catalogue, any gift, at any price you may wish to pay, and we will mail it to you prepaid. We are Wedding Gift specialists. Write for our Catalogue if one has not been sent to you.

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JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS.
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Scotch Bakery
You will save money if you buy your cakes and pastries here.
Headquarters for Scotch Shortbread.
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SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
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Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock. Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
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We have a full stock of all lines of Sporting Goods, including:
BASEBALL,
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TENNIS, BASEBALL, AND FOOTBALL SHOES
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Shorthand, Stenography, Bookkeeping, Facilities for Music, Drawing, Dancing, Swimming.
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KING EDWARD'S SCHOOL, CRANBROOK, B.C.

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Undertakers and Funeral Directors Embalmers
The finest and most up to date undertaking parlors and chapel in interior of B.C. Lady attendant for women and children.
Day Phone 85
Night Phone 252 and L64

Business Directory

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist. Box A1108 Nelson, B. C. Charges: Gold, silver, copper or lead, $1 each; gold-silver, $1.50; silver lead, $1.50. Other metals on application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provisions Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. Box 1095; telephones 28 and 23.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE.

ARE YOU TAKING ADVANTAGE OF the reduced rates on your fire insurance offered by G. A. Hunter? If not see him before renewing. His companies are absolutely reliable.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO.
Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc.
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A. L. McCULLOCH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B. C.

LODGE NOTICES

KOOTENAY LODGE NO. 16, I.O.O.F. —Meets every Monday night in Oddfellows' hall, at 8 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LODGE, No. 16, I.O.O.F., meets first and third Tuesdays, Oddfellow's hall at 8 o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT, NO. 7, I.O.O.F.,—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

CANTON CORONA, NO. 7.—MEETS every second Tuesday in Oddfellows' hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEETS Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall, Eagle block.

C.O.F. Court Kootenay Belle, meets 4th Friday in K. P. hall, Eagle block.

A. O. F. COURT ELLEN—MEETS first and third Wednesday in K. of P. hall at 8 o'clock.

CLAN JOHNSTONE, 212, MEETS IN I. O. O. F. hall first and third Fridays at 8 p. m.

S. O. E.—Meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. hall at 8 p. m.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term o twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa or to any Agent or Sub-agent of Dominio . lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Consult Our Classified Ads for Wants of Every Description

649

Your Morning Breakfast

For a start why not try

Purity Oats

These are milled by a special Scotch process from Alberta oats, rendering them delicious and appetizing.

4-Pound Carton 30c

Bell Trading Co.

BAKER STREET

The Home of Good Groceries

PHONE 56.

HOTEL ARRIVALS OF A DAY

THE HUME

A la Carte Table d'Hote

George Benwell, Prop.

Special Daily Lunch, 35c

HUME.—Mrs. Dee, Miss Dee, Crawford Bay; Miss Simpson, Crawford Bay; Mrs. W. W. Bradley, Miss Eileen Brardley, H. Bird, F. M. Groham, C. W. Appleyard, Alex Leith, F. Goodman, M. S. Middleton, F. Sterling, Dr. Morrison, R. H. Ewert, city; Mr. Russell, Russell's Siding; J. Ulacirer, Mrs. J. H. Taylor, Master Douglas Taylor, city; R. D. Kenny, George Smith, Vancouver; R. S. Gibson, Calgary; C. Ed. Schmidt, D. Brandon, Silverton; M. C. Donaldson, Salmo; R. K. Neill, R. D. Mackenzie, Spokane; Mrs. R. Moore, Miss Irene Moore, Calgary; H. E. Woodlaw, Grand Forks; K. Popoff, Slocan City; L. Ogilvie, Gerrard; Thomas Gough, Granite; S. B. Sayers, Vancouver; A. E. Olive, Calgary; Mrs. D. A. Beavo, Revelstoke; H. W. Miller, Vancouver.

Grand Central Hotel

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE

American and European Plans.

H. H. PITTS, Proprietor.

GRAND CENTRAL.—C. G. Jenkins, Riondel; J. A. McDonald, James Van Hook, Salmo; J. McKer, Fernie; Thos. Ede, Spokane; D. McEachern, Ymir.

Nelson House

European Plan

W. A. WARD, Proprietor

CAFE—Open Day and Night—BAR

Merchants' Lunch 12 to 2

Phone 97 P.O. Box 597

NELSON.—R. O. Neiswender, Marcus; D. L. Wilson, Hillyard; E. E. Smith.

The principal of the college had heard that one of his students was getting in the habit of "looking at the wine when it is red in the cup."

So, when he chanced to meet the young man one morning, he determined to give him a little talking to.

"Young man," he began sternly, "do you drink?"

An eager look sprang into the student's eyes, only to die away again.

"Well, I do," he said slowly; "but—er—not so early in the morning."

OUR

SHOE SALE

Still continues to give unparalleled bargins. Favorable comment is heard from satisfied customers. It's to your advantage to make your selection of Footwear early.

R. Andrew & Co.

LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION.

Party holding winning ticket number 3946 kindly call and receive $5.00 pair of Shoes.

TONE UP YOUR SYSTEM

This is the time of the year when a great many people require a tonic for their health's sake. Some resort to medicine and the doctor's advice, while others desire a much-needed rest.

For the benefit of those who are seeking relaxation from work and worry we invite you to The Springs. The medicinal value of the waters is unrivalled and will put you in shape to resume your labors, whatever they may be. Every care and comfort will be given you during your stay at the Sanitarium.

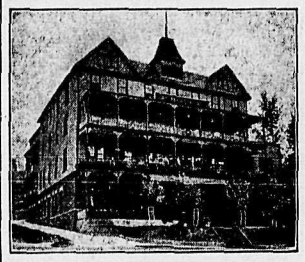
Come and be convinced.

Rates: $12 and $15 per week, or $2 per day and upwards.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium

WM. BOYD, Proprietor.

Halcyon Arrow Lakes



The Strathcona

James Marshall, Prop.

STRATHCONA.—J. S. Carter, Vancouver; Mrs. A. W. Wheeler, Ainsworth; W. P. Jones, W. T. Newton, Spokane; J. V. Mills, Honolulu; H. McGargle and wife, Ladysmith; Mrs. H. Hembell, Lethbridge; G. B. Carr, J. H. Williamson, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Stedolph, Winnipeg; A. C. Garrett, Calgary; J. E. Stephenson, Edmonton; J. N. McLeod, Edgewood; J. K. Cram, Kimberly; H. B. Oneill, Montreal; Fred Irvine city; F. A. Martin, Hamilton; H. D. Harris, Kaslo.

Queen's Hotel

Steam Heat in Every Room

Business Lunch, 35c.

Rates: $1.50 and $2.00 Day

QUEEN'S.—Miss M. Dancer, Gray Creek; W. R. Sterling and wife, Salmo; C. Carlson, Slocan; Mrs. C. C. Slocan, city; Alf. Hooker, Calgary; L. Hanna, Argenta; C. Williams and wife, Miss B. Henderson, Welsh; N. Hustwaith, Winnipeg; J. L. Morrison, Spokane; L. G. McFarlane, New York; Miss Jennie Bumbersshout, Vancouver; A. Reist, Hand M. Rust, Wetaskiwin; Mrs. E. McFaddyen, Vancouver; Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair, Kaslo; W. S. Johnston, Edgewood; Oliver McDougall.

New Grand Hotel

Best Place in Town.

$1.00 a day up.

NEW GRAND.—W. Roberts, Vancouver; K. Slavinsky, Winlaw; Mr. and Mrs. Stramstedt, Granite.

Kootenay and Boundary

SILVERTON TO GIVE A MACHINE GUN

Patriotic Society Has Secured Many Donations in Cash and Goods for Soldiers and Dependents.

SILVERTON, B. C., July 19.—Silverton will donate a machine gun to the 54th Kootenay battalion.

The residents of the town and mines are promptly responding to the call for assistance, notwithstanding the steady run of contributions that they have been making for the support of the soldiers and needy victims of the war.

The Ladies' Patriotic society has been steadily at work, and since its last report has forwarded more than 200 pairs of socks, furnished the soldiers recruited from Silverton with tobacco, cigarettes, pipes, socks, etc., and have sent $50 to the Red Cross society. It has also added $154.50 to the patriotic fund by the net receipts from patriotic sales, teas, raffles, etc.

Eleven of the soldiers of the 54th were recruited from Silverton, which makes a total of 18 volnnteers enlisting from this place since the first call.

SOUTH SLOCAN NEWS.

(Special to The Daily News.)

SOUTH SLOCAN, B. C., July 19.—Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Stephens of Tenecape, N. S., are paying a visit to Mrs. Etter while on their way to the Panama exposition.

Miss Enid Etter has left for Nelson on a visit before going to Trail, where she will teach next term.

The Misses I. and D. Brown of Upper Bonnington left on Thursday for a visit to Queens Bay.

Mrs. and Miss Bennett and W. W. Bennett were visitors to Nelson during the week.

THE

Central Hotel

Ainsworth, B. C.

J. DEARIN, Proprietor.

Ainsworth's famous Hot Springs, at a temperature of 116 degrees, now running into my plunge and baths. Come and boil out rheumatism and cure your dyspepsia.

TERMS MODERATE

Madden House

E. C. CLARKE

Cor. Baker and Ward Sts. Nelson

MADDEN.—S. H. Mansfield, Salmo; A. C. O'Neil, Ymir; A. Sherman, Larry's; D. A. McDonald, Poorman mine; H. Hancox, Revelstoke.

Hotel Castlegar

Castlegar, B.C. W. H. Gage, Prop.

Excellent accommodation for commercial men. Boundary train leaves here 8:45 a.m. Mon., Wed., and Fri. Trains between Nelson and Rossland stop for breakfast, lunch and dinner.

Edgewood with its sandy beaches, fine roads. The Whatchan Lake alive with sporty rainbow trout. The hotel with spacious verandahs. The choicest food direct from the farm. Is where you spend your vacation.

WRITE

Arrow Lakes Hotel

FOR RESERVATIONS.

Queen's Hotel

PHOENIX, B. C.

"The House of Quality"

TOM H. OXLEY, Proprietor

ROSSLAND HOTELS

The Hotel Allan

Comfortable Rooms Splendid Table.

SMITH & BELTON, Proprietors.

HOTEL ALLAN.—F. J. Tompkin, Winnipeg; R. D. Kenny, Vancouver; M. B. Walters, Buffalo; D. J. McDougall, North Vancouver; W. J. Hogge, Winnipeg; H. W. Miller, Vancouver; D. D. Sill, E. C. Richardson, Paul Sax, B. H. Winslaw, Colville, Wash.; S. Mackie, Trail; Wm. William Dunswoodi, Newport, Wash.; Gus. Duna, Montreal; A. B. Netherby, Nelson; C. Hood, Grand Forks; B. Patterson, Toronto; W. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Trail; E. J. Patch, E. Bergen, W. S. Woolls, A. J. Blaney, W. A. Foote, Nelson; F. H. Williamson, Toronto; J. G. Gibson, Peru, S. A.; H. B. Rodney, Trail; L. Golding, Vancouver; E. L. Geigo, Calgary; J. P. Cram, Kimberly; A. Kirby, W. R. Smythe, G. E. Trainer, J. Bradshaw, Nelson.

FERNIE MACHINE GUN FUND MOUNTS

Colored Men Engaged in Knife Scrap After Incident With Gun—One Man Wounded

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., July 19.—The meeting to complete the organization for the raising of funds to provide machine guns for the 54th battalion was held Sunday, when a large number of citizens attended. Several committees to canvass this city and Coal Creek were appointed. These will report at a meeting Wednesday evening. Approximately $500 is known to have already been collected. J. F. Rudnicki, during one hour on Sunday afternoon, gathered $159. This included $75 and $50 contributions from the two Slavonian societies here.

On Saturday evening in the Grand theatre building, J. Bradley (colored) assaulted William Lacey (colored) with a razor and succeeded in inflicting a wound in the back of the latter necessitating 12 stitches. Lacey also received cuts about the head. It is said that during the early part of Saturday evening an altercation between these two parties occurred at the home of Bradley, at which time Lacey was ejected at the point of a gun. He was followed out of the house by Bradley with the gun, but managed to gain possession of the latter. Bradley shortly thereafter reported the matter at the police station, and subsequently Lacey turned up at the station and turned in the gun. Both men were allowed their freedom. Later the trouble between the two was renewed by Bradley at the poolroom. Bradley effected his escape and had not been apprehended at a late hour Sunday evening. Lacey, the wounded man, after having his wounds dressed at the hospital, returned to his residence.

NEW DENVER NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

NEW DENVER, B. C., July 19.—The social on Friday afternoon and evening by the Ladies' aid of the Methodist church was a great success. During the evening they had a short program. The receipts were $80.

Mrs. Frank Campbell of Calgary is spending the summer in town, the guest of her mother, Mrs. William Cropp.

Mrs. Neil Tatterie of Sandon is spending a few weeks in New Denver.

Mrs. Herman Clever left on Thursday to visit San Francisco and other points in California.

Mrs. Ole Slattabreck left on Thursday to visit her sister, Mrs. Lowes, of Rossland.

ROSSLAND NEWS

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., July 19.—Gordon Rutherford and little son of Tacoma, who have been visiting in the city for the past week, left this morning for their home.

Mrs. William Reece of Trail passed through the city this morning enroute for England where she goes to visit her son, Claud, who is wounded and in hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Deschamps left on Saturday for a visit to the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco.

Mrs L. A. Campbell and daughter, Louise, left this morning for a short visit to Spokane.

H. S. Lanford, E. Levy, W. Wadds and H. W. Atkinson returned last evening from Proctor. Mrs. Atkinson and two children, who have been visiting in Proctor for the past two weeks, returned with Mr. Atkinson.

The Pythian Sisters will meet Wednesday evening when installations of officers will take place.

Miss Clara Stanton, who spent the week end at Nelson, returned today.

SANDON NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

SANDON, B. C., July 19.—Mr. Little of Victoria, secretary to Hon. James Dunsmuir, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Lucy Little, is visiting at the Kettle Fire.

Mr. McDonald and his daughter, Mrs. Kalkbrenner of Cripple Creek, who have been visiting Mrs. McFadden for two months, left Wednesday for Seattle, where they will probably live in the future.

Dr. Gomm has bought two vacant cottages next his house, has torn them down and is having an addition of two rooms and an office and waiting room built on to his house.

Neil O'Donnelo is back in Sandon after an absence of three years.

W. NEWELL RE-ELECTED TRUSTEE AT KOCHS

(Special to The Daily News.)

SLOCAN PARK, B. C., July 19.—There was a sparse attendance of ratepayers at the annual meeting of the Koch Siding school district, over which W. Crabbin presided. W Newell was re-elected trustee and O. Groom, the auditor, was also re-elected. Miss M. G. Thompson, the teacher, is spending the vacation at her home at Central Park, near Vancouver.

J. F. CHAPMAN DEAD.

GANANOQUE, eOnt., July 19.—J. F. Chapman, general manager of the Thousand Isles railway, and of the Ohawa railway, died at his home here today. He was born in the town of Frankford, Aug. 14, 1863, and for the past 35 years has been engaged in railroad work, having risen from the position of junior clerk to that of general manager of the above-mentioned lines. He was president of the Canadian Freight association for one year.

Cleopatra dissolved the pearl.

"But," we warned her, "think how many oysters you will have to eat to find another."

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

NEW MIDDY BLOUSES

A New Shipment of Middy Blouses opened today. Made of Fine Soft Jean in good roomy styles. Some have laced sides and others are finished with pouch pockets. Extremely smart and well made. Sizes 34 to 42.

Special, Each $1.50

High-Class Lingerie and Wash Dresses Cheap Today

A fine collection of Pure Linen, Palm Beach and Voile Dresses. Many in plain colors, others in the new awning stripe. These are something extra for the money. Very cheap at $17.50 to $20.00.

JULY CLEARING SALE.....$12.95

Stylish White Wash Skirts Reduced in Price

Some of the smartest styles we've shown this season. Materials are Cotton, Bedford Cord, Repp, Ratine and Palm Beach Cloth. Many are plain tailored styles with pockets, others again show the suspender effect—all decidedly smart. Sizes from 23 to 34 inches waist measure. Regular values, $1.75 to $5.00.

July Clearing Price Today $1.35 to $3.75

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

LACROSSE PLAYERS HURT WHEN AUTO TURNS TURTLE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 19.—Four players of the Shamrock lacrosse team were injured Sunday in an automobile accident, Henry Scott, Kane, Aspell and the goal keeper, Brady. They were motoring to Plattsburg, New York, and ran their car into a ditch where it turned turtle. Few details have been learned, but it is said Brady received a fractured skull Scott severe injuries to his breastbone, Kane a split jaw, and Aspell a fractured arm and thigh.

TWENTY THOUSAND SHELLS USED AT YPRES

Almost Impossible to Exaggerate German Strength in Machine Guns—Intense Bombardment

Beyond severe artillery work, writes a correspondent of the London Morning Post, there has been no action of outstanding value along the northwestern front for some days past. Here and there local engagements such as the taking the chateau of Hooge, relieve the monotony and keep the men in good spirits; but until our reserves of high explosive ammunition have been built up to a sufficiently high level we shall not proceed with the advance so auspiciously begun.

On the other hand, the Germans keep pouring an unending stream of metal in and about our lines. There is one thing, however, about the German artillery—they have apparently turned all their attention to high explosives. Our gunnrs, on the other hand, are particularly good with shrapnel. The German artillerymen show greater skill in the concealment of their guns when they bring them forward to support their infantry, or perhaps it is their observation officers who show superior acuteness in picking out ours, because when we advance our guns the enemy is very quick to get on to them.

It is almost impossible to exaggerate the importance of the German strength in machine guns, and it must also be admitted that in their defensive positions they use them with the greatest courage. Time and again they lurk in cellars or similary places of concealment until our advance has swept on and past them. Then they open fire and although knowing their post to be utterly hopeless, will continue to work their guns to the very last. This mental attitude is interesting when contrasted with the undoubted fact that they display no such quality of courage in an open fight.

Of course it is true that in many instances we find that they are locked bolted and barred inside such little strongholds, so that they cannot get away even if they wanted to. Especially in the street fighting in the Notre Dame de Lorette battle has this fact been established. Some of the little machine gun strongholds were protected by strong iron-barred doors locked with padlocks from the outside. The defenders then had no alternative but to sell their lives as dearly as they could.

All the towns along the line from Arras to Ypres are under an intense bombardment, as if the Germans desired to pound the ruins into dust. In Ypres during the 24 hours it was calculated that 20,000 shells fell.

Bridegroom—Waiter, I hope you haven't told anybody we are newly married?

Irish waiter—No sir; Oi've kaped it a secret. Why, whenever anybody tries to pump me, sor, Oi've told thim you weren't married at all, at all.

"I love you so much, my darling," cooed the clinging young thing, "that for your sake I would even forego a church wedding and consent to be married by a justice of the peace!"

And greater love than this hath no woman.

MADE AS PERFECT AS BEER CAN BE MADE

Fernie Beer

IF YOUR DEALER CANNOT SUPPLY YOU, MAIL YOUR ORDERS TO

Nelson Club Cigar Co.

602 BAKER STREET

PHONE 254 NELSON, B.C.

CANADIAN SINGER TO GIVE RECITAL

Splendid Program Promised by Kaslo Cadet Corps for Friday Night at Drill Hall

Great interest is being taken in the forthcoming recital which will be given by Miss Hazel Fleener in the drill hall at Kaslo on Friday, July 23, under the auspices of the Kaslo cadet corps. Miss Fleener is a native of British Columbia and spent her school days in Kaslo, from where she went abroad and obtained her musical education, her rich contralto voice being developed under the instruction of some of the best teachers in the United States and Europe. She was in Europe when war broke out and returned home owing to the unsettled conditions.

Since her return from Europe Miss Fleener has been coaching in New York City with Charles Baker, the accompanist of Herbert Witherspoon, Mildred Potter, Clarence Whitehill and others. Lately Miss Fleener has been soloist in the Sixth Church of Christ Scientist of Minneapolis and during the season has appeared several times with great success in recital and arotorio in Minneapolis, St. Paul and other cities.

In addition to Miss Fleener the program will include several numbers by Vincent Fink, the violinist.

Curate—I am glad to hear your husband is showing so much improvement, Mrs. Stiggins.

Hopeful wife—Oh, yes, sir, thank you! 'E's so much better! Why, 'e don't say 'is prayers no more of a night now!

Longhorn Luke—Are you for the allies or for Germany, stranger?

Affable Stranger—I'm neutral—I've been swindled in every country in Europe.

MISS HAZEL FLEENER

Pride of Alberta Flour

Matchless Flour

Favorite

Taylor made goods are Honest to Goodness

Alberta Rakes Flour

Five Roses

Markets - Mining - Finance

WAR SPECIALTIES RECEDE SHARPLY

Labor Unrest at Munition Factories and Orduna Incident Influence the Market

NEW YORK, July 19.—Material recessions in war shares, particularly those specialties which recently formed th centre of unrestrained manipulation, consituted the most significant and wholesome feature of today's market. Several important factors entered into this movement, including the labor unrest at several of the large munition factories and the Orduna incident, in which Wall street professed to see possibilities of further international tension.

Westinghouse and General Electric lost 2 to over 5 points, later making slight recovery. United States Steel, whose underlying strength contributed appreciably to last Saturday's rising market, reacted two points, but in the main gave a better account of itself than any other important industrial. Trading in Steel comprised almost 20 per cent. of the total volume and more of the specialties already mentioned made up 75 per cent. of the whole.

Inquiry for the representative railways, while light, denoted a genuine demand. Total sales amounted to 725-000 shares.

Future sales of bonds were on a diminished scale at slight recessions. Total sales, par value, were $1,610,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

REACTION IN NEW YORK CHECKS MONTREAL

MONTREAL, July 19.—Some promised improvement in public interest in the local market was checked today by the reactionary tone of the New York list. Iron, which had developed some strength and activity toward the end of last week, lost part of its recent gain, selling off to 31½ and closing that price bid. Bridge held around 133. Car, after selling unchanged at 65, was quoted at 62½ bid. Scotia and Steel of Canada showed some improvement, the former closing at 63¾ bid and the latter 15⅛.

Apart from these stocks the chief interest was furnished by Shawinigan, the old stock rising another ½ to 115½ or 5½ above the low of last week's slump. Concurrently the rights to the new stock issue sold at a new high of 1½. At the close 1⅜ was bid. Business through the balance of the list was scattered.

Total business 819 shares, 1,623 rights, 250 mines, $1,000 bonds; in unlisted stocks 10 shares.

METALS.

LEAD PRICES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, July 19.—Lead: At New York 5.52½; at St. Louis 5.45; at London £24 13s 9d; at Montreal 6.37. Spelter not quoted; at London, spelter £96.

Copper dull—Electrolytic 19.55 to .00; at London, spot copper £74; 10s; futures £75 15s; Electrolytic £91.

GRAIN.

CLOSING GRAIN PRICES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, July 19.—Close—July $1.40⅜; Oct. $1.09⅛; Dec. $1.09⅛.

Oats—July 64½; Oct. 42⅝.

Flax—July $1.52; Oct. $1.55.

Minneapolis: Wheat—July $1.38; Oct. $1.10⅞; Dec. $1.11⅜.

Chicago: Wheat—July $1.16½; Sept. $1.09¾ Dec. $1.11⅝.

PRODUCE.

MONTREAL PROVISIONS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, July 19.—Cheese—Finest westerns 14½.

Butter—Choicest creamery 28 to 28¼; seconds 27 to 27¼.

Eggs—Selected 26; No. 1 stock 23; No 2 stock 20½.

Pork—Heavy Canada short mess 29; short cut back 28½.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Meats.

Fresh killed beef, retail	.12½@ .28
Beef, wholesale	.12½@ .16
Pork, wholesale	.13@ .14
Pork, retail	.13@ .22
Mutton, wholesale	.17
Mutton, retail	.15@ .25
Veal, wholesale	.16@ .20
Veal, retail	.15@ .30
Hams, retail	.20@ .25
Bacon, retail	.25@ .35
Lard, retail	.18@ .20
Chickens, retail	.20@ .25
Sausages, retail	.18@ .25
Turkey, per lb.	.30@ .35
Geese per lb.	.25@ .28
Ducks, per lb.	.25@ .28

Vegetables.

Radishes, 2 bunches	.05
Parsley, per bunch	.05
Dry onions, per lb.	.05
Rhubarb, 8 lbs.	.25
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	1.75@2.00
Green onions, 2 bunches	.05
Tomatoes, lb.	.30
Cucumbers, each	.15
Lettuce, lb.	.10
Spinach, per lb.	.05
Cabbage, per head	.05@ .10
New potatoes, 8 lbs.	.25
Beets, lb.	.03
Carrots, lb.	.03
Cauliflower, per head	.10@ .15

Fruits.

Bananas, per dozen	.40@ .50
Lemons, per dozen	.35
Florida Grape Fruit, each	.10
California Grape Fruit, 3	.25
Apples, per box	2.50@2.75
Apples, 3 lbs.	.25
Cherries, cooking, lb.	.08@ .10
Cherries, table, lb.	.10@ .20
Raspberries, 3 small boxes	.25
Raspberries, large box	.12½@ .15
Oranges, dozen	.25@ .50
Filberts, per lb	.25
Almonds, per lb	.25@ .30
Brazils, per lb.	.25@ .30
Dates, Halloway, lb.	.15@ .17½
Dates, Fard, 2 lbs	.35
Dates, Dromedary, pkg.	.15
Walnuts, per lb.	.25@ .30
Pecans, per lb.	.25
Figs, cooking, 2 lbs.	.25
Gooseberries, lb	.10@ .12½
Strawberries, 3 boxes	.25
Black Currants	.10@ .12½
Red Currants	.10@. 12½

Dairy Produce.

Butter, creamery, per lb.	.35 @ .40
Dairy butter, lb.	.30@ .35
New Zealand Butter, lb.	.45
Cheese, Canadian, lb.	.30
Curlew butter, lb.	.40
Prairie eggs, doz.	.30
Cheese, Can. Stilton, lb.	.30
Cheese, Imp. Stilton, lb.	.60
Cheese, Swiss, lb.	.35@ .40
Eggs, local, new laid, doz.	.35

Foodstuffs.

Gold Drop Flour	2.25
Robin Hood	2.50
B. & K. Bread Flour	2.40
Five Roses	2.50
Lake of the Woods, bag	2.50
Royal Household	2.50
King's Quality	2.40
Mother's Favorite	2.15
Purity Flour	2.50
H.B. Co. Hungarian	2.25
Castle	2.15
Quaker	2.40
Fancy Queen	2.25
Our Best flour	2.20
Pride of Alberta Flour	2.40

Sugar.

Granulated, B. C. Cane, 100-lb. sacks	8.75@9.00
Lump sugar, 2 lbs.	.30
Granulated B.C., 20-lb. sk.	1.80
Brown sugar, 3 lbs.	.25
Syrup, maple, bottle	.60
Syrup, gallon	1.75@2.00
Honey, comb, per lb.	.25
Honey, 1-lb. jars	.25@ .35
Honey, local clover, lb.	.40

SCOTLAND

SAILINGS FROM MONTREAL

T.S.S. "CASSANDRA".....July 30

Cabin Rate to Glasgow $52.50, Third Class, $33.75.

PREPAID TICKETS

From Scotland issued at Lowest Rates.

Further information from any Railroad or Steamship agent in Canada.

DONALDSON LINE

H. E. LIDMAN, Gen. Agt., Vancouver, 531 Granville St. Phone Seymour 3199, WINNIPEG, 349 Main St. Phone M. 5312.

PELEG HOWLAND, President — E. HAY, General Manager
PAID-UP CAPITAL $7,000,000 — RESERVE FUND $7,000,000

THE Imperial Bank of Canada invites Savings Accounts of $1.00 and upwards, and extends to all its customers, irrespective of the amount of their balances, an equal courtesy. Particularly desired are the savings accounts of young people and boys and girls—and all those who practise thrift. 13

Imperial Bank of Canada

NELSON BRANCH: NORTH SIDE OF BAKER ST.
J. H. D. BENSON, MANAGER

The Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
RAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper and Lead Ores

TRAIL BRAND PIG LEAD AND BLUESTONE.

Air Pressure Low at Drills?

IF IT IS, YOU KNOW, YOU ARE LOSING MONEY FAST

Sullivan Angle Compound Compressors

cost less per foot of air delivered, require less floor space and are better balanced and smoother running than other types of air compressors.

ASK FOR BULLETIN 58-S

Agents: The Nelson Iron Works, Limited

FORECASTS OF THE GREAT WAR

Keeping British Fleet in North Sea Inevitable

The key of European peace was described so far back as 1908 as the maintenance of the British fleet in the North sea. Writing in the National Review in October of that year, "Ignotus" declared:

Just as victory over the British fleet in the North sea is the objective of the German naval policy, so is the destruction of the understanding between England and France the objective of Germany diplomacy. Germany is determined to break down the entente cordiale and to estrange England and France, as she estranged France and Austria in the critical years between 1865 and 1870. By keeping them apart, she was able to defeat them in detail and obtain the hegemony of Europe. If any disloyalty were shown by either power to the understanding, peace would not be worth a day's purchase. War would be instant and inevitable. Nor can it be denied that some moral weakening of the entente has already followed the reductions of the British army, and the failure of the British nation to reform its military system. It must be remembered by Englishmen that France has to live in close proximity to the German army, which is being ceaselessly increased, though today Germany is able to place four men in the field to France's three. At any moment irresistible military pressure may be brought to bear on France. To meet such a situation and prevent what would be a disaster not only for France, but also for England and Europe, the British nation should be able to render such assistance on land to France as we gave in 1808 to Spain.

British Expeditionary Forces

In view of the increased size of modern armies, this means that England must be in a position to place from 200,000 to 300,000 men in Lorraine with the extremest expedition. The cause is the same. In 1808 Britain cherished no animosity towards France, but she was determined to maintain that balance of power which is the only gage of peace. Today Germany on land plays just the same part as the France of Napoleon's age. The problem is not to injure Germany, but to prevent her from using her enormous strength to the ruin of her weaker neighbors. And as a corallary to that policy the entente should be developed into a defensive alliance to which Russia should be a partner.

In the policy of maintaining British armaments and the defensive alliance suggested, it is grotesque to see any trace of jingoism. The challenge to Britain has come from Germany. And the whole history of that country shows with convincing clearness that the only means of curbing the immoderate ambitions of her military party and preserving peace is for the menaced powers to be strong. Strength alone can deter her from delivering the attack for which she is so assiduously preparing. Had the British government in 1907 replied to the German navy act of 1906, increasing the German fleet, by corresponding augmentations of the British naval forces, the death-blow might have been dealt to German naval projects for the present generation. Had England replied in the present year to the Act of 1908 by voting inexorably two keels to the German one, it is at least possible that the German nation would have abandoned its efforts. But the two opportunities have been lost, and now there lies before England a desperate, prolonged and inordinately costly struggle to hold her own at sea. Only an overwhelming preponderance of British force can now maintain the peace. The very moment of the attack can be predicted. It will come when this nation least expects it. The watchword for the day must be the concentration of all available force in the North sea in one strong fleet; for the future, the laying down of two ships to the German one, and the reform of the British army. That is the key to European peace, the only chance of averting a terrible and sanguinary conflict.

"TELL THAT TO THE MARINES"

(By William Q. Phillips in Toronto News.)

A polite paragraph in the News recently advised the kaiser to convey certain information to the horse marines. The full flavor of this may not be apparent to those who are not posted on mid-Victorian humor; and indeed it is not obvious why jokes should be made at the expense of the marines at all. Kipling has described them as "Soldier and Sailor too"—which is now correct:

"For there isn't a job on the top of the earth the beggar don't know, nor do—
'E's a sort of bloomin' cosmopolouse—soldier and sailor, too."

Also

"They think for themselves, and they steal for themselves, and they never ask what's to do."

Not at all the sort to be easily taken in and done for. Why, then, should unbelievable stories be consigned to the marines? There is the whole history of the British navy back of this, and we may as well begin with Alfred the Great.

From the Beginning.

In Alfred's time, and before, the English coasts and also those of Scotland, were frequently ravaged by the hardy Norsemen, the picturesque but rascally Vikings, who indulged in regular excursions, seeking what they might devour. Alfred accordingly got together a number of small ships, which, if not always in commission could be manned on short notice, and which would at least delay the landing of the northern plunderers until a suitable reception could be prepared for them. Strange to say, this primitive naval policy suffered little change for hundreds of years. For coast defense, the king hired, purchased or annexed any ships he could get, and put some first class fighting men aboard. It was hand-to-hand fighting in any case. All through the Middle Ages, there was so little distinction between commerce and piracy that all ships went armed, and the curious high bows and sterns were simply fighting platforms. The forecastle was a real castle—ships closed and hammered it out, blow for blow. When America was discovered primitive cannon of about yacht size were in use. Fired at a hundred yards range they were effective against light woodwork.

Soldiers and Sailors.

The navy, then, always had its fighting traditions, but the distinctive military element of a king's ship was red-coated and smelt of the barracks and the parade-ground. There was a crew of sailors to handle the ship, under a master and mates; but the military complement was a company under a captain.

As the use of ordnance grew naval tactics changed. The castellated ends were pared down, for they offered too great targets for shot. Actions began at what was considered long range—that is, a few hundred yards; each sought to wing his enemy, and having rendered him unmanageable to pour in a few broadsides, and finish the job by boarding. It soon became apparent that naval gunnery was a sailor's job, rather than a soldier's; all the tackle for moving and pointing the muzzle-loaders was sailor's tackle, and who but a seamen could work to advantage on a staggering deck? Also, the business of maneuvering the ship into action called for the highest skill in seamanship. The sailor-master became a captain, holding the king's commission, and his mates became lieutenants. As a fighting machine the ship no longer relied on the red-coated military element.

Military Retained.

But the military did not go by the board altogether. There was the need of having a few drilled men to form the nucleus of landing parties, and in the ordinary routine of the ship they were used to mount guard—in other the were ship's police—and came to be known as the Marine Guard. With their delightful system of etymology sailors dropped the really significant term and the red-coats came to be dubbed "Marines"—only this, and nothing more, except as the occasion might demand some decorative epithet.

One must read Maryat, Michael Scott and Fenimore Cooper to get an idea of the marine of Nelson's day. Briefly he was a soldier on board ship, who knew naught of seamanship, but in matters of order and discipline often had to stand between the officers and men. His post was not enviable—no policeman can be exactly popular—and it is to be feared that he sometimes magnified his office. The forecastle saw that his one weak point was his ignorance of nautical technique. To be a marine was to be ignorant of the things that really mattered. The sarcastic comment on any improbable story was "Tell that to the marines!" They, poor fellow, might believe anything.

Once a Butt for Jest.

The joke was in equally good standing on the quarter-deck. Cooper's "Pilot" contains no more amusing character than Manual, captain of marines, and although this is a story of the U. S. navy the general arrangements were the same as our own. The lieutenant in charge of a small schooner has come aboard the flag-ship for orders, and we get a taste of the banter between officers of junior rank.

"They say aboard here," he is informed, "that when it blows hard, you seat that man you call Long Tom by the side of the tiller, and tell him to keep her head to sea, and then pipe all hands to their nightcaps, where you all remain, comfortably stowed in your hammocks, until you are awakened by the snoring of your helmsman."

"'Tis a damned scandalous insinuation. Who gives currency to such a libel?"

"Oh, had it of the marine!" And on the strength of this the chaff blows away harmlessly.

As to the marine of today, we have only to consult the invaluable Kipling to understand that he has been reformed altogether. No longer does he incur the reproach of being no sailor, for his technical training includes almost everything that has to be done aboard ship, and he is still as good a soldier as ever. Evidently if the old joke is to hold good, it must be with the point reversed. Of course, there are no horse marines—this idea was the flower of burlesque on a well-matured stem of a standing witticism. The old ditty has been out of use for years, and my memory does not serve for much more than the first line:

"Captain Jinks of the Horse Marines," whose adventures were just about what might be expected of an imaginary and impossible character.

MASSES OF GERMANS MUST BE DISPOSED OF

Allies Must Cause German Numbers to Waste at Something Like 100,000 Per Month

One of the most notable cases of General Joffre's "nibbling," writes a military correspondent of The Edinburgh Scotsman, is of interest, because it was no instance of making an attack on account of its looking easy, for it was quite plain to the French command that the capture of the locality would be a "tough proposition," The point was the village of Vauquois and the little plateau on which it stands, on the eastern edge of the Argonne. The village is about two miles southwest of Varennes, on the Aire, whence the Germans have their communications westward through the forest to their positions in Champagne. The possession of Vauquois by the Germans gave them the double advantage of hiding their movements about Varennes and of providing them with a fine observatory for overlooking the Aire valley to the south, from which they could regulate their gunfire conveniently. The capture would transfer precisely these advantages to the French, and the enemy was quite aware of the local importance. He had made the plateau into a veritable fortress and its natural advantages for defense were already great. It stood out some 500 feet above the valley, which on the French side was marshy and for the most part open to view. The Germans had woods behind the position in which to conceal reserves and field artillery, and the cellars of the houses of the village were all cut out in the solid rock and joined by tunnels—no small advantage. It took a fortnight and considerable casualties to complete this "nibble," but the enemy sacrificed still more men in the effort to keep the place, and the French line has been vastly improved. It was an operation of object similar to our Hill 60 and was most gallantly carried to success.

But operations of this sort, however successful, must be merely preliminary adjustments for something much greater. If our gradual growth of superiority of numbers can only be applied to the gaining of a Vaquois here and a Hill 60 there, the prospect would be altogether intolerable. Germany can produce annually some 800,000 fresh men arriving at fighting age, besides the previously untrained older men who are being made fit to fight. If she can, per annum, put in 600,000 on the western front, we have to do something that will cause their numbers to waste in France and Flanders at something like 100,000 a month. Only thus will the duration of the war be reasonable, and we must contrive to do it without losing 100,000 a month ourselves. This brings us back to Napoleon's "preparation"—to save men by not saving shells. In the French Historical Review the general staff calculated that the Germans had, for the first six months, been losing at the rate of 250,000 a month, but that would be in both theatres. It does not seem at all likely that the last three months have seen a loss at anything like this rate or its proportion in the western theatre. We have during the summer to dispose of Germans in France and Flanders at double the rate of the last three months.

It is a terrible enemy with whom we have to deal, terrible because of the minute perfectness with which he prepared for this war, and specially terrible on account of his ruthless inhumanity. Let this not be misunderstood. We have often had to fight against savages, whose methods contained no scruple; but they knew no better; had had no inducements to know better, and we felt that their savagery was their weakness. If an ordinary civilized people exhibit barbarity as a war progresses, we correctly feel that they are beginning to feel defeat approaching. But our enemy is showing himself to be no ordinary civilized people. His failure to achieve the rapid successes he expected does not seem to have made him despair of eventual victory, but has only served to bring to the surface the exasperated blackness of his heart. The world will not be a fit place to live in until this indurated wickedness is burned out; so that we shall be better off in the end if the Germans fight it out to complete exhaustion.

Sam Peasley was an odd character. He used to go and sleep in the graveyard—said it was "better than sleeping outdoors, anyway." Judge Sawyer once built a new tomb, and Sam took the first night after it was done to sleep in it. Meeting the owner next day, he called out, "Hello, judge! I laid in your tomb before you did."

"Did you really, Sam? Well, did you see anything?"

"Nothing much. Towards morning the devil came along and looked in, but he see 't'w'ant Sawyer,' so he went away again."—Harper's Weekly.

Daily News Want Ads

These columns are devoted exclusively to classified condensed Want advertisements, which appeal directly to all classes of people, in the home, the office, the tradesman, the rancher and all professions.

To get immediate results at a minimum cost, the News Want Ad. will find a way.

Rates for

Classified Want Ads

Advertisements under any Heading:

Minimum Charge 25c
One insertion, per word 1c
Six consecutive insertions 4c
26 consecutive insertions (one month) 15c
Birth, one insertion 50c
Marriages, one insertion 50c
Deaths, one insertion 50c
Card of Thanks 50c
Death and funeral notice $1.00
Each subsequent insertion 25c

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance, otherwise one cent per word per insertion straight.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provisions of the Postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only, therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her identity may use a box at this office without any extra charge.

The News reserves the right to pass on any copy submitted for publication.

Advertisements ordered (T.F.) till forbid, must be cancelled or stopped in person or by written order.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St.

WANTED—Woman cook, hotel; setter, blacksmith.

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

TEACHERS WANTED.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

WANTED — Teacher for Cascade school; salary $90 per month. Apply Secretary, Cascade, B.C. (1126)

WANTED—Teacrers, Moyie school; principal and assistant. Aplications will be considered. R. A. Smith, Secretary. (1148)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—Furnished 5 or 6-room house; steady tenant. Box 1141 Daily News. (1141)

TO RENT.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

K. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms moderate. A. Macdonald & Co. (1111)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr Apartments. (1112)

FOR RENT — Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. (1113)

DELIGHTFUL HOLIDAYS economically arranged at Edgewood Arrow Lakes. Modern furnished house or apartments; bath, piano. Box 969 Daily News. 969

FOR RENT—Partly furnished house, 1011 Water St. Apply at Gordon rooms. (1116)

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SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE
(Say you saw it in The News.)

YOUNG LADY with experience in work desires position in postoffice. For particulars apply box 1104, Daily News. (1104)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

HORSES AND CATTLE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

HOLSTEIN BULL for sale, Sir Glen Pietertye Korndyke No. 10765 For full particulars, butter records, etc., apply to D. G. Lyon, Erickson, B.C. (1029)

FOR SALE—Or will exchange for good beef cows, Registered Holstein cows, heifers and heifer calves. H. S. Brown, Edgewood, B.C. (1130)

JERSEY, purebred, splendid family cow; 2½ years with calf, giving 6 qts.; $80. Shorthorn bull, 12 months, (dairy stock) $45. W. G. Kennedy, Harrop. (1131)

FOR SALE—Pair pure bred young Angora goats, part broken to harness, quiet, used to children; just right age for breeding; price $20. Box 82, Creston, B.C. (1134)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE—Lots 10 and 12 A, Block E, Schofield avenue, Creston. Any reasonable offer accepted. D. E. McFarland, Box 24 Nelson. (1147)

HOUSES FOR SALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE or rent immediately, five roomed house in first class condition; has large garden all under cultivation. Mrs. John Hardie, 611 Railway street. (1127)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

NINE NEW POTATOES, $2.00 per 100 lbs, f.o.b. Boswell. Apply S. Frank, Boswell, Kootenay lake. (1133)

FOR SALE—7 h.p. Gray engine and clutch, model T. Excellent order, complete outfit, reliable and cheap. Terms to suit. Apply H. A. Masters, Cedar Point. (1118)

FOR SALE—Two single express wagons, 1 set double driving harness and pole, 2 sets double work harness, one buggy harness and one express harness, also two ranch horses. Phone 290. C. W. Lester. (1123)

FOR SALE—Cooking cherries, 3c. lb., eating cherries, 5c lb. Pine & Chatham, Fairview. (1125)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

FURS.

NOW is the best time to have new furs made up and old ones remodelled or repaired. You get a considerable reduction during the summer. G. Glaser, Furrier, 811 Mill St., Nelson, B.C. I can tan your skin and fix your head

BEES AND HONEY
(Say you saw it in The News.)

BEES FOR SALE—Colonies in hives complete, $10.00 f. o. b. Queen's Bay. Apply A. Attree, Queen's Bay. (1150)

BUSINESS PERSONAL.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Baggage and express. Prompt and reliable. Day and night. Phone 242.

E. K. STRACHAN, 120 Baker street, plumbers' supplies, estimates free; work guaranteed. Phone 262.

V. Constantinescu, engineer and machinist, 315½ Baker street, Nelson. I repair sewing machines, bicycles, typewriters, locks, keys, etc.; all kinds of pumps and steam engines. Work guaranteed. (1142)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

OUT-OF-TOWN ADVERTISERS

USE THIS BLANK ON WHICH TO WRITE YOUR ADVERTISEMENT FOR

THE DAILY NEWS

ONE WORD IN EACH SPACE

THE COST—One cent a word each insertion or Four Cents a word for Six. Ten Cents extra to mail replies for box numbers. No ad taken for less than 25c.

Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B.C.

Canada First Cream

20-oz. size; 2 for 25c
Baby Cream; 4 for 25c

Domolco Molasses

2-pound tins 25c
5-pound tins 50c

Pineapple

Singapore, 1-pound tins.....10c
Singapore, 2-pound tins.....15c
Libby's, 2-pound tins.....25c
Libby's, 3-pound tins.....35c
Shredded Pineapple 35c

WE GIVE 5 PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

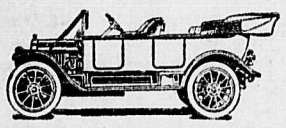
Star Grocery

PHONE 10

Store of Quality

Nelson Steam Laundry

FRENCH DRY CLEANING AND DYEING



Dealers for the White Company Motor Cars and Trucks. Automobiles for hire any hour day or night—passengers, baggage and light freight.

Nelson Steam Laundry

PAUL NIPOU, Manager
P.O. Box 48 Tel. 146

RENOVA

Will not grow hair, but is the best head dressing procurable. For sale only at
O. K. BARBER SHOP,
A. L. WILSON, Prop.

AT THE THEATRES.

On Friday the first chapter of "The Diamond from the Sky," the wonderful new serial story, will be shown at the Starland. During the past week numbered checks have been given to Starland patrons. The person who holds the lucky number drawn on Friday will receive a prize of $5 in gold. It is expected that a record will be established in the number of persons seated at this performance as the "Diamond from the Sky" has created a furore wherever shown. The usual prices of admission will be charged.

OBJECT TO RAILROAD CHARGE FOR SALT

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTWA, July 19.—When the railway commission meets tomorrow the Canadian Manufacturers' association will make application for an order dissolving the recently published tariffs of the Grand Trunk railway and the Canadian Pacific railway companies, containing charges for salt when furnished by the companies for use with ice for protection of perishable freight in refrigerator cars.

The railway companies, through the freight association will be required to report progress made in the preparation of bases for joint tariffs between Canadian points to already published and filed tariffs, the matter having been last spoken of at the sittings at Ottawa, Sept. 16, 1914.

MOSQUITO BITES

Nothing stops the stinging, smarting and itching like Zam-Buk. Don't let the children, or yourself, suffer longer. Apply Zam-Buk and be "bite-proof!"

50c box, all Druggists and Stores.

ZAM-BUK

When You Wash Your Hair Don't Use Soap

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap and beats soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in; about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, light, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

A meeting of the Nelson school board will be held in the council chamber this evening at 8 o'clock.

J. W. Holmes in his garden on Vernon street has a freak dahlia which has variagated flowers on one part of the plant and dark red blooms on another part.

Last week's issue of the Fernie District Ledger, the organ of District 18, United Mineworkers of America, which is published at Fernie, announces that that paper will suspend publication on July 31 on account of financial conditions. The Vancouver Saturday Sunset also announces that it has been compelled to suspend publication. Another casualty in the newspaper world is the Montreal Journal of Commerce which has decided at the end of this month to revert from a daily to a weekly.

J. Page, boot and shoe maker, specializes in neat, quick repairs; 514 Stanley St. (1137)

Today and tomorrow Joy Bros. will give a discount of 5 per cent. on all groceries for cash. (1143)

Nelson Brand Jam is made from the best Kootenay fruits and B.C. sugar by British Columbia labor. At all grocers. (1110)

The semi-annual meeting of the Citizens' Cooperative association will be held at Eagle hall, Tuesday evening, July 20, at 8 o'clock. (1140)

Mrs. E. A. Crease is giving a launch and garden party at her residence up the lake at Four Mile on August 4 for the Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire. Round trip 50 cents, including refreshments. (1151)

Miss Hazel Fleener, who has recently returned from two years study in Europe, is spending her vacation at her home in Kaslo. Miss Fleener has just completed a very successful season in New York, St. Paul and Minneapolis, where she appeared in a number of concerts and recitals. On Friday, July 23, Miss Fleener, assisted by Vincent Fink, violinist, will give a concert, consisting of voice, piano and humorous readings, under the auspices of the Kaslo Cadent corps. (1149)

NATIONAL INSURANCE AGAINST WAR RISKS

U. S. Bureau Has Cleared a Profit on Its Underwriting, But Norway Shows Loss and Will Raise Rates

Owing to the exceptional hazards involved, the United States bureau of war risks insurance will consider the ports named below only when application is made. The list is as follows:

All United Kingdom ports, all ports on the continent of Europe other than Spanish and Portuguese ports, all ports of Asia Minor, all African ports in the Mediterranean Sea, all colonial possessions of Germany and Turkey. The ports mentioned comprise the present special list of ports referred to in the vessel form of policy, to which vessels may not clear and proceed without special permission of the bureau.

A profit of $1,159,000 has been made by the United States bureau of war risks insurance to June 26 acording to figures announced by the treasury department. The total amount of insurance written since Sept. 2 last, when the operations of the bureau were begun, is $77,250,000. On this the premiums have been $1,879,000, while the losses paid have been $720,000.

The Norwegian war risks bureau already estimates a very heavy loss. The amount of premiums received is about $2,250,000, and against this the losses are already $2,500,000, while in addition there is a responsibility of $1,500,000 for vessels where the cases have not been decided in the prize courts. In the case of the Belridge the damage is estimated at $135,000, which it is expected will be made good by the German government. Over 30 vessels are said to have been lost from causes due to the war since August last. Steps have been taken for regulating the war risk premium so as to make them better correspond to the risks. In Norway relatively low premiums were formerly fixed, while in Sweden they have, from the beginning, been kept so high that after paying for all losses there remained an amount in reserve. The Danish war risk insurance has sustained losses amounting to 4½ millions of kroner, while cargo losses total up to half a million kroner.

The Japanese war risks insurance office issued, during the last seven months of the fiscal year 1914-15, policies to the total amount of $188,144,400, upon which the premiums were $488,040, the monthly average being $26,892,000 in new contracts and $69,720 in premiums. The actual damages to which the law is applicable were represented by the cargoes, which had been insured for $44,891, and the damages were to be indemnified to the amount of $35,933, of which $22,850 was compensated, but the remaining $13,083 was not settled by the end of last fiscal year, as there was an incomplete point in the application form for indemnity.

FARMERS AIDED ENEMY ALIENS IS CHARGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 19.—Ernest Hamel and David Kitzel, farmers who live near the boundary at Halls Prairie, were today committed for trial on a charge of assisting alien enemies of Canada to leave this country. Charges of treason against the two men failed. The accused are German born, but have lived in Canada many years and are British citizens. The chief witness was S. E. Ralur, who admitted that he was an Austrian reservist, but was born in Crotia and wanted to see Britain win the war. He had been sent by the authorities to Memel, who was suspected of aiding Germans to get into the United States. He was given directions for crossing the boundary line and told where to go when he reached Washington state. Following these instructions he actually did cross the line and was assisted by certain people in Seattle.

Don't merely "keep your powder dry," But take good care it isn't "shy."

SIR RICHARD M'BRIDE UTTERS PROTEST

Premier, in an Interview, Again Deals with Matter of Purchase of Submarines.

VICTORIA.—"As I have asked that the investigation now proceeding at Ottawa by royal commission should be extended to Victoria, one would imagine that the Liberal papers would have the decency not to make further comment until the result of the inquiry was made public," said Sir Richard McBride when interviewed about the submarine purchase. "On the other hand," he went on to say, "they have continued to publish innuendoes—mostly from outside and irresponsible sources—the more contemptible because they imply much that they dare not put in words.

"When the investigation takes place evidence will be given by Mr. Patterson, president of the Seattle Dry Dock & Construction company, Capt. Logan, myself and others, as to all matters connected with the purchase."

Sir Richard has written a letter to the Advertiser of London, Ont., extracts from which, almost libellous in their character, appeared in the Victoria Times, under the heading "Premiers and Drug Clerks." The Colonist publishes the letter, which is as follows:

Reply to a Defamer.

"I do not as a rule pay any attention to editorial remarks on my policy or political conduct, but after the most positive statements on my part and the inability on the part of others to discover the slightest taint of wrongdoing in connection with the purchase of the two submarines by the British Columbia government, certain newspapers will persist in implications of graft. A recent editorial in the Advertiser on the subject was quoted in the local Liberal organ, the Times, with, apparently, much satisfaction. I have no objection to criticism as to the price paid or as to the transaction from a business or political point of view, but I do think it very unfair, unmanly, to convey the impression that I or any member of the government or the party to which I belong or any go-between, were beneficiaries to any extent. Not a cent of commission was paid to anyone directly or indirectly. There were not two checks paid by the British Columbia government. I personally had a marked check in the name of the British Columbia government for $1,150,000 paid to Mr. Patterson of the Puget Sound Construction company, Seattle. I did not unload the submarines on the government at Ottawa. Had the government there not confirmed the transaction the province of British Columbia would cheerfully have borne the burden of defense which the submarines involved.

No Time to Parley.

"It was a perilous time. I had private information from official sources that war was imminent and that there were German cruisers within striking distance of this coast. There was no time to parley with Ottawa or haggle with the construction company as to price. I had to pay what was asked or lose the opportunity. If the government at Ottawa in the circumstances, had paid three times what was paid it would still have been a very wise transaction. I have it on high authority that there was no conceivable reason why the German cruisers had not attacked our coast cities and destroyed them except for the existence of the submarines at Esquimalt. The submarines were unexpected factors in the German designs on this coast and the Germans were afraid to take the chance. As to the efficiency of the craft, they have been in British Columbia waters since the war began and have been satisfactorily operated. They are here now for examination by naval experts.

"As soon as the question arose in the house of commons as to the bona fides of the transaction I at once asked for a commission of investigation by a supreme court judge. I have just recently asked that the commission now sitting at Ottawa should be extended to Victoria where all parties to the purchase of the submarines will only be too willing to testify. That the auditor general, with his experience of a former government, should be suspicious is not at all surprising but he has been for some time in possession of all the facts that could possibly be made known. I have taken the unusual course of writing a letter in reply to the innumerable comments made but when a public man at a time ox extreme peril, takes a great responsibility in an effort to do what he deems to be a service to his country and to the Empire, his motives should be respected. At least, judgment should be reserved until the findings of a public investigation are made known. It has been another kind of submarine warfare, not a whit less barbarous than that carried on by the Germans."

THIRST QUENCHERS

Many Satisfying Drinks Made From Montserrat Lime Juice.

Within the pale, yellow peel of a fresh cultivated Lime is one of the most fascinating juices that ever tempted the palate of thirsty souls.

On a blistering hot day, when the whole body is relaxed with heat, half a wineglass of Montserrat Lime Juice, a little sugar and broken ice in a glass of water, makes a summer drink that will linger in the memory.

Good wine cannot be made from wild grapes, neither can a wholesome, palatable juice be pressed from wild Limes.

Montserrat Lime Juice is made from cultivated Limes, and the juice is wholesome, refreshing and palatable.

All leading druggists and grocers have Montserrat.

George Ade was showing a reporter over his apartment at the Chicago Athletic club. "Wonderful! Superb!" Such were the reporter's ejaculations before Mr. Ade's rugs and pictures. At the end of the inspection, in answer to an enthusiastic compliment on his taste, Mr. Ade said with a laugh: "Married men have better halves, but we bachelors have better quarters, eh?"

Optimist—The world owes me a living.

Pessimist—Look out that it doesn't declare a moratorium.

THE GERMAN POLICY OF FRIGHTFULNESS

Remarkable Article on Widening Breach Between Governing Forces in Berlin

Frederick William Wile, former Berlin correspondent of the London Evening News, in an article in that journal on June 23, throws some remarkable sidelights on the growing conflict between Admiral Tirpitz and Bethmann-Hollweg, the German chancellor, on Germany's attitude towards the United States—a breach between the naval and military autocracy on the one hand and the civil regime on the other. The article in part follows:

The submarine torpedo which sent the Lusitania to her doom has had unexpected consequences in political Berlin obviously of magnitude not yet to be estimated.

The suppression by the German government of the Deutsche Tages-Zeitung, whose political editor is the fire-eating Anglophobe naval expert, Count Ernst zu Reventlow, indicates that a clean-cut issue has been forced between the party of frightfulness, represented by the count, and the party which, while not for abandonment of submarine warfare altogether, evidently realizes the urgency of listening to American demands for its conduct on semi-civilized lines.

Grand Admiral von Tirpitz, as the originator of submarine frightfulness, is violently opposed to any modification of the policy which Germans have been led to believe is winning the war for them. Count Reventlow deliriously supports U-boat piracy and all its works. A great body of journalistic opinion is of the same mind.

The Cologne Gazette (which is usually but not always, semi-official) last week gave its entire front page to an acrimonious article by Professor Zorn, Germany's most distinguished international law expert, and her representative for that speciality at both Hague conferences, in which Zorn opposed any sort of "concessions" to "hypocritical" America.

He begged Berlin to stand like Gibraltar against the money-grabbing pretentions of the States, "which could do Germany no more murderous harm under any conditions than their unholy traffic in munitions was already doing."

The Storm Bursts

Until this moment—roughly, a week ago—the German government (the civilian authority at Berlin, or what is left of that entity of war—had let public opinion develop more or less unrestrained.

Suddenly the Lokal-Anzeiger, docile maidservant of the Wilhelmstrasse and controlled on behalf of the government by a syndicate of multi-millionaire super-patriots like Herr Krupp, published a sensational leading article entitled "Timely Considerations" (Zeitgemasse Betrachtungen), written by Herr Eugene Zimmermann (not Under-secretary for Foreign Affairs Zimmermann, as is incorrectly stated in the Amsterdam telegram published in London).

Herr Zimmermann is a professional journalist who was made one of the managing directors of the Lokal Anzeiger by the new controlling syndicate in 1913, when it was purchased for the government. Zimmermann has been a long-time political protege of Prince Buelow.

I am strongly of the opinion that Prince Buelow, who returned to Germany only a few weeks ago from Italy, had much to do with "inspiring" Zimmermann to indite "Timely Considerations." The article dealt with what should be the wise line of action for Germany to take regarding America's Lusitania protest.

Arguments of Zimmermann.

It could not possibly have appeared in the Lokal Anzeiger without the foreign office's consent.

The whole trend of it was to point out that Germany had historical and "face-saving" grounds for yielding to America's cardinal demands; was it not Germany herself (said Zimmermann) who had opposed at the last Hague conference any international prohibition on a neutral's supplying munitions to a belligerent?

Was there not a large and influential party in Prussia in 1870-'71 (he went on to say) which favored starving Paris into submission instead of battering down its walls by gun-fire?

Was not (he asked) blind and unyielding hate, after all, a futile and unworthy passion for a great government to indulge in?

Had not the moment arrived (Zimmermann finally inquired) for "political action of great importance" by Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg?

A Hint of Conflict.

This was sensational talk—not sensational in the columns of opposition radical organs like the Tageblatt or Socialist Vorwarts, but the ninth degree of sensationalism in the demi-semi-official mouthpiece of the imperial government.

It set all tongues in Germany to wagging. What did it mean?

Did it mean that there was a recurrence of conflict between the naval oligarchy of Tirpitz, which now shares power in Germany with the military autocracy and the civil regime represented by Bethmann Hollweg's "government"?

Tirpitz and the civil government have quarrelled before. They quarrelled perpetually over naval legislation in pre-war days.

Tirpitz was for unlimited armaments. Bethmann, and at times Buelow before him, knew that blind adherence to the Tirpitz policy meant—must mean—war with Britain some day. Tirpitz knew it too—with the difference that he wanted it.

The most interesting development of the Zimmermann-Lokal-Anzeiger article was a speech delivered in Berlin about the middle of last week by Baron von Wagenheim, a paladin of the powerful Agrarian (land-baron) party.

Not Budge an Inch

He did not refer to the Zimmermann episode by name, but he uttered a fervid appeal to "our supreme war lord and all responsible German statesmen" not at this hour under any circumstances, "and particularly not in view of the threats with which we are menaced from America," to budge one inch from the position Germany had taken up—with regard to submarines is what he meant.

He shrieked: "For God's sake, no humiliating or supine surrender!"

The Deutsche Tages-Zeitung, being the Agrarian organ, gave great prominence to Wagerheim's outburst.

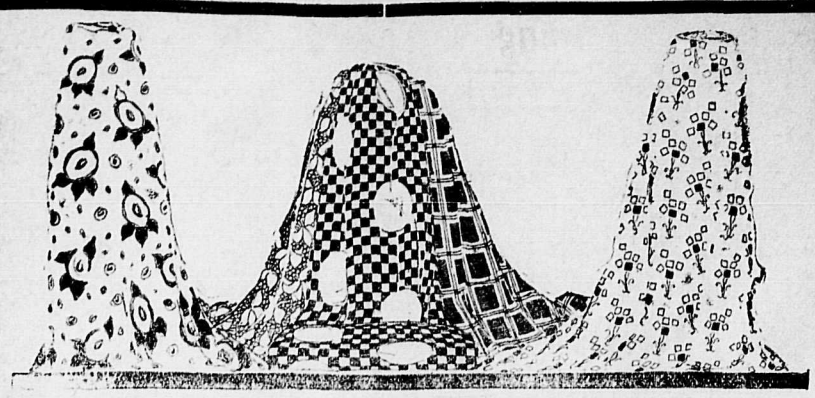
A personage well acquainted with German politics has made the following statement to the Central News correspondent in Amsterdam:

The suspension of the Deutsche Tages-Zeitung is a more serious matter than it has been hitherto believed to be, since that paper is the organ of the party which drove Germany into war, and moreover, is the private organ of Admiral von Tirpitz.

The attack on the imperial chancellor shows that the differences between Admiral von Tirpitz and the chancellor are increasing.

What is at present being played behind the curtain of the political stage is the biggest schism Germany ever saw, which may lead to open rupture.

The suspension of the Tages-Zeitung is only the first outward sign of the inner crisis, which at the moment divides the cabinet, and which may before long become a public crisis.



We Enter the Last Week of the Big War Sale

CONCENTRATE YOUR BUYING, CROWD IN ALL YOUR WANTS FOR THE COMING DOG DAYS AT WAR SALE PRICES AND EVER REMEMBER YOU ARE FULLY INSURED WITH PREMIER QUALITY AND LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

SOME STAR VALUES THAT MEAN SAVING

FINAL BLOW TO MILLINERY

The last sweep and the final call on all Pattern Hats. No one can resist the drastic reductions in hats of style, quality and suitability. Every one a model of aesthetic production and no two alike.
Values to $15.00—Last Call.....$2.95

$15.00 PANAMA MARCHED OUT, $7.50

This is a delightful, broad brim, finest genuine Panama, trimmed with satin back, velvet ribbon. Only one.
Regular $15.00—For.....$7.50

FINE SILK HOSE MARKED

The time and the place is now and here for High Grade Hose at much less. Black only. Fine, sheer, pure silk, seamless, full fashioned. All sizes.
Regular $1.00—Last Call.....69c

25c MISSES' HOSE FOR 12½c

These are real fine Lisle in Sky and Pink only. Fast colors. Sizes 6 to 7½.
All 25c—Last Call.....12 1-2c

MISSES' GLOVES NOW PRICED 16c

Sizes 3 to 6, in National, White and Tan. Two dome fasteners. Sewn backs.
Regular 25c—Last Call, Pair.....16c

LADIES' LONG LISLE GLOVES

In Tan and Black only. Fine make. Splendid for outing or reception wear.
Regular 50c—Last Call, Pair.....30c

35c DRESS MUSLINS NOW 19c

One big range in all colors and designs, Crepes, Muslins and Voiles. Fast dyes. This is the final clearance price, so be on time this week.
Regular 35c—Last Call.....19c

SOME NEW DRESSES REPRICED

Not one but is an up-to-date model, fresh, dainty and striking. Muslin, Voile and Mull. Some Military One-Piece Frocks in Pique, all perfect in style but price drastically reduced.
Regular $25.00—Last Call.....$15.00
Regular $18.00—Last Call.....$12.00
Regular $15.00—Last Call.....$10.00
Regular $10.00—Last Call.....$ 6.95

THE MISSES' GINGHAM FROCKS

We have simply pitchforked this bunch all together. Gingham Prints and Plaids. Values regardless of cost.
Up As High As $2.25—Last Call.....98c

Weather Now for Waists

$5.00 RICH BLOUSES AT $2.95

This range in Silk, Mull, Voile and Marquisette. Real dainty, nifty waists that have the earmarks of refinement. All sizes placed on the bargain table.
Regular $5.00—Last Call.....$2.95

Boots for Men and Women

$2.00 WHITE PUMPS FOR $1.39

The pretty, comfortable little Pumps with buckle, high heel and turned sole. All sizes.
Regular $2.00—Last Call.....$1.39

MEN'S WHITE BOOTS AT $2.45

Goodyear welted, solid heels, smart new 1915 shapes and a very fine canvas top.
Regular $3.50—Last Call.....$2.45

The Hudson's Bay Company.

INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. BURBIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

CARBO-BENZO

Mixed With Gasoline Is the Purest Liquid With Which Garments, Etc., Can Be Cleaned

We offer in our service to you experience gained in the largest Dyeing and Cleaning Establishments in Britain and Canada. We use Carbo-Benzo because our experience has shown that it is the best by test. Write or send for free sample and test it yourself. We also have it in the form of a paste for cleaning silverware, brass, copper, etc. Ask for sample. When sending or bringing your parcels ask for ticket in Big Drawing—$40.00 Suit, Lady or Gentleman.

DYERS BUTLER-HOUSTON CO. CLEANERS
604½ Baker Street, Nelson, B.C.

STAMP COLLECTORS BUY CANADIAN WAR STAMPS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, July 19.—Since the issue of special war tax stamps in Canada there has been a large demand for these among stamp collectors in all parts of the world. Canada is the only country that has adopted this method of taxation to finance the war, hence the demand for the stamps of the Dominion. Most of the requests for war stamps come from the large cities of the United States where there are clubs of stamp collectors, and also large private collectors are requesting the stamps.

"Orders" for stamps sometimes amount to a considerable sum, one club recently asking for upward of 200 stamps of all denominations.

There is great demand among collectors just now for inland revenue stamps of 5-cent value with the words "war tax" printed across them. This stamp was the first war tax stamp to be issued in Canada and is now exhausted. It was replaced with a 5-cent stamp with the additional words "Inland Revenue War Tax," which in turn was succeeded by the regular inland revenue stamp with "War Tax" printed upon it. The 1, 2, 3 10 and 15-cent stamps are now regular issues, while the inland revenue 20 and 30-cent stamps are postage stamps with the words "War Tax" printed over them.

WORK FOR ALL

If the men and women of Canada will buy nothing but "Canadian-Made" Goods from now to January First, every workman in Canada will be employed and the country will enjoy a period of prosperity hitherto undreamed of.

Canadian manufacturers are doing their duty under present stress in endeavoring to keep plants running and men employed regardless of profits.

Good Canadians will show enlightened patriotism, as well as sound business common sense, by buying only "Made in Canada" goods, thus building up their own prosperity and looking after those who remain at home.

And "Made in Canada" goods offer equal value with those made anywhere else in the world.

Employ Canadian Dollars to Employ Canadian Workmen

1A

Unequalled for General Use.

GALT COAL — BURNS ALL NIGHT

W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent, Nelson, B.C.

Cars supplied to all railway points.

Prescriptions

We devote great care and attention to Prescriptions. The quality of ingredients is the best. The compounding is completed by graduates. Prices are reasonable.

Canada Drug and Book Company

The Drug Store that Is Different.

F. J. BOLES, Mgr.

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

PHONE 61.

The Maple Leaf Restaurant

417 HALL STREET.

Meals served from 6 a.m. till 9 p.m. at 25c each.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Auction Sale

Household Furniture

TUESDAY, JULY 20TH, AT 2 P. M.

524 VICTORIA STREET.

J. F. Martin, Esq., has instructed us to sell all of his household furniture at his residence; also an English Piano. Goods will be on view the morning of the sale.

TERMS: CASH.

Chas. A. Waterman & Co.

AUCTIONEERS.

Writing Pads and Envelopes

Everybody is writing letters these days. Save money at our

BARGAIN PRICE SALE OF PADS AND ENVELOPES.

Regular large size ruled Pads ..20c
Large size Linen Finish; extra fine 25c
Large size Foreign 30c
Regular small Writing Pads; ruled or plain; each 10c
Three for 25c

ENVELOPES.

Blue lined, best quality, 4 packets for 25c
Envelopes, linen finish; packet..10c
Three for 25c

WALL PAPER SALE STILL ON.

Rutherford Drug Co.

NELSON, B. C.

Miss McLelland and Miss C. McLelland of Weyburn, Sask., are spending several days at the Hume on their way to the coast via Revelstoke.

Ladies' Fibre Silk Hose

BLACK OR TAN
All Sizes.

Per Pair 25c

THE ARK

New and Second Hand Furniture. Cheapest in the City.

J. W. HOLMES, Mgr.

Phone L395. 606 Vernon St. Nelson, B. C.

No Two Noses Are Alike

Each Eyeglass to give Satisfaction must be carefully adjusted to fit the face of the wearer

FITTING GLASSES

Is an important feature, as any person wearing glasses knows. We can adjust your glasses properly.

TESTING — MANUFACTURING — REPAIRING.

Our Methods Are Positive and Results Satisfactory.

J. O. Patenaude

Expert Optician, Watchmaker and Manufacturing Jeweler.

Social and Personal

Mrs. Thomas Cayley left yesterday morning for Spokane.

Ray Ball returned last night from a trip to Edgewood.

Mrs. R. Smillie will leave this morning on a visit to the east.

Mrs. A. D. Wheeler of Ainsworth is a guest at the Strathcona.

J. O. Patenaude left for Montreal on the Crow boat yesterday morning.

Mrs. John Tait and Miss Tait left Sunday night on a visit to the coast.

Miss Gertrude Dovey left yesterday for Riondel to visit Miss Mary Sutcliffe.

M. C. Donaldson of Salmo arrived in the city yesterday and is registered at the Hume.

H. D. Harris of Kaslo arrived in the city yesterday and is staying at the Strathcona.

George Amas left yesterday afternoon for Kaslo, where he will spend the next few days.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Hudson of Nakusp in Nelson on July 17.

Mrs. C. Whittet and Hamilton Neelands left yesterday morning to visit Spokane and Butte.

Miss Hazel Wallace of Rossland, who has been visiting Miss Eileen Long, left for home last night.

Mrs. R. S. Brereton of Claresholm, Alta., is visiting her mother, Mrs. W. Pitts of Nelson, for one month.

Miss Gladys Hickinbottam of Croanbrook, B. C., who for the past two weeks has been visiting her friends here, left yesterday for her home.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

H. O. English, soil and crop instructor for the provincial department of agriculture, spent Sunday as the guest of Mr., Mrs. and W. S. Jackson, Victoria street. He is a cousin of Mrs. Jackson.

J. V. Mills, who is on a visit to this country from Honolulu, arrived in the city last night and is staying at the Strathcona.

J. Bruce Sutherland arrived in the city last night from the coast, where he has been spending a week's vacation.

Peter Haydon, who for the past seven years has been employed as chief steward on the Canadian Pacific railway steamer Kokanee, leaves for Kaslo in a few days. He has taken over the Kaslo hotel in partnership with Patrick Welsh.

A FEW SPECIALS

Fresh Raspberries—
Per Crate $1.75
Three Baskets 25c
Black Currants, 1-lb. baskets...10c
Fresh Tomatoes, per lb. 25c
Boston Lettuce, per lb. 10c
Fresh Green Peas, per lb. 5c
New Potatoes, 9 lbs. 25c
Per Sack $2.50
2-lb. Tins McCormick's Sodas, per tin 25c

Broad Windsor Beans, Local Cabbage, Carrots, Beets, Green Onions

J. A. IRVING & Co. THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE Baker St. Phone 161

Dry Batteries

WE SELL THE FAMOUS

"Eveready" and "Xcell"

THERE ARE NO BETTER MADE

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

Nelson News of the Day

SOLDIERS SOON GET USED TO SHELLING

Laugh and Chaff in Trenches When Enemy Shells Go Wide of Mark

The following letter was received by Mrs. A. Cuthbert of Nelson from her brother George, who is one of four who are with the British forces at the front. The letter is dated June 14, somewhere in France, and says:

"We are now between the last line of trenches and the reserve trenches. They are still busy starting and completing machine gun trenches behind us and the enemy is at the nearest point two and a half to three miles away from us. The night we went into action I lost my kit as did almost all the others, but that was about seven weeks ago. The night I wrote you the postal card I had a narrow escape from sudden death. Just at dark that night I was helping to unload shells and ammunition from a wagon when the Germans started sending their shells right in among us. I was almost blinded and was blown off the wagon and the two front horses were killed outright. The driver was thrown on his back and slightly injured, while a gunner who was standing beside the wagon was killed by a piece of shell. But in spite of the falling shells the unloading had to be gone on with a several others were wounded. How I escaped was certainly a miracle.

Heavy Bombardment

"On Saturday morning about 5 o'clock one of our guns was blown to bits and a corporal was killed and several of the men injured. The shells were flying all over the place and when a big fight is on the noise is simply indescribable. What with the flashing machine guns, the pom-poms, the rifle fire and flashlight rockets it was like an inferno of thunder and lightening and with our big guns firing over our heads it was almost impossible at times to tell whether it was a German shell coming or one of our own shells going. But it is really remarkable how soon we get used to being shelled and we often stand and laugh and chaff at them dropping shells in the next field or over our heads into the village beyond.

"All the tales of devastation, cruelty, wrecked villages and broken homes is only too true. I have seen many homeless people, children and elderly people all refugees. We are living in dug-outs, and it is bad enough when it is fine with the worms, slugs, beetles and insects of all kinds crawling about you but when it rains the water comes in top and bottom. Twice this week we have been drowned out, but it has to be put up with the same as everything else. The rival airmen often have fights above us and we have seen two German aeroplanes brought down.

"Everything has to be covered up with brush wood and we have to go into the nearest woods to chop down the trees and take them down into the valley under cover of the darkness as the enemy has the ranges on all the roads and shells them all the time. About 15 minutes walk from here are the graves of about 100 Canadians and there are the graves of about 400 French and Belgian soldiers near by.

Troops of Many Nationalities

"We have all kinds of troops around here. There are Canadians, Scots, Irish, numberless English regiments, French, Belgians, Arabs and troops from India. We mostly see them going and coming from the trenches. We also have some naval guns near by as well as a naval air service with balloons. I have just been told off to make one of a party who will go for a new gun to replace the one we had blown up and I will be on the road for two days."

Several days later.—"We have just put our new gun into position. It is midnight and some other regiments are busy capturing German trenches. I received the parcel you sent me this morning. The pipe is just the very thing I most wanted and the socks, too, as I lost mine when the gun was taken into action. I wish you could send me an undershirt as I only have one, having lost all my others with my kit and I have to go about without one when it is being washed. The tobacco you sent is a great luxury. I am having a pipe of it now.

"We are now holding a most important position along the battle front and have done well, judging by the high praise we have received from our commanders. They have also praised us for our good shooting. We wear respirators to protect us from the German gas, but so far only four of us have had a touch of it. We expect to advance along the line at any time now and that will mean some heavy fighting. I should like a Canadian paper; so many of the boys have nothing at all to read so you may guess how it feels to have a dozen chaps all ranging around you for a peep at the news."

J. A. Paul of Rossland spent yesterday in the city as the guest of Harry Gibbs. He leaves this morning for Silverton to join the staff of a mining company.

FLAT RENTERS SAME AS HOUSEHOLDERS

Council Asked to Grant Veranda Light Rates for Apartment House Hallways

The regular meeting of the city council was held last night in the council chamber at the city hall, presided over by the mayor. The statement of accounts payable by the city of Nelson for the month of June was read and passed and instructions issued for their payment.

The case of J. Riley, who has been employed at the city power plant doing cement work and painting was brought up by Ald. Austen, who stated that the scale of wages used to be at the rate of $3.50 per day, but that when Riley was hired he was told that he must expect a cut, to which he agreed. The rate at which he was paid was, it was stated, $2.50 per day, and he had made a request for an additional 50 cents per day, making the scale $3. His request was granted without discussion.

A letter was read from D. L. Kerr requesting that the hall lights in the Kerr block on Victoria street be placed upon the fixed charge of 50 cents per light basis, instead of being charged for by metre, as is the cast at present. The letter stated that the lights were for the benefit of 37 tenants of the building, who represented so many householders, and pointed out that householders were granted veranda lights free and claimed that the tenants were entitled to the same charge. The letter pointed out that if the various tenants occupied houses 37 lights would have to be given, whereas only 15 lights were being asked for. The request was referred to the fire, water and light committee for investigation.

The report of the fire, water and light committee on the statement of Fire Chief Guthrie which, was read at the last meeting, endorsed the suggestion of the chief that only a qualified man should be appointed to handle the auto truck, but stated that the chief should have engaged such a man at the time and not awited until the city had been put to the expense of training a new man. The report stated that the committee felt that the salary of the chief was out of all proportion to the salaries paid the other men, and suggested that $25 per month be charged against his salary of $150 per month for the use of the rooms in the fire hall.

The mayor suggested that it was possible that the injuries to the fire truck might have resulted from the machine not being handled as carefully as it might have been, but thought that possibly the driver had been following the example of the expert who demonstrated the truck at the time of its purchase. The expert, he stated, gave it a number of severe tests. It was moved by Ald. Horswill, seconded by Ald. Austin, that when a vacancy for a driver occurred a man should be advertised for who could show qualifications and that in the event of such a man not being available, to allow the applicant 60 days in which to qualify at his own expense.

A letter from Fire Chief Guthrie was read which reported the breaking of the crank shaft on the auto fire truck and other damage to the engine. The letter stated that the machine was travelling at a moderate rate, being on the second speed, and that the expert who repaired it had said that the break might have resulted from a number of causes, but that he could not say definitely what had been directly responsible. It was also stated that owing to the accident to the truck Fireman McLeod's training had to be suspended and asked the council as to its continuance. The council passed the report and voted to allow McLeod to complete his training.

The matter of erecting a water trough on Vernon street near the market was referred to the fire, water and light committee with power to act and the sum of $100 was voted for the purpose. The date for the tax sale was set for Oct. 5, notice of which will be sent out with the tax bills within the week. The collection of dog licenses was referred to the police department. It was decided to repair the sidewalks on the north side of Carbonate street between Cedar and Park, and on the east side of Hall street between Mill and Carbonate. The road on Baker street between Stanley and Kootenay will also be resurfaced, and the city waterworks foreman was instructed to have the tanks at the water works cleaned. The mayor and the city clerk were given power to complete the sale of the city debentures now on hand. The council will visit the power plant at Bonnington on Wednesday. The council will meet again on Aug. 2.

Queen City Rebekah Lodge No. 16 I. O. O. F. will meet tonight at 8 o'clock.

Fred Garner of the staff of the British Canadian Lumber corporation, Crescent Valley, was in the city yesterday.

The Hume school board will meet in the Hume school on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Trustees will be elected and reports for the past year will be acted upon. Plans for the forthcoming term will also come up for discussion.

Mining

Believing that mining is going to come back to its own and again become the BIG INDUSTRY of the Kootenay, I would like

1st. To have you list your holdings of stock with me.

2nd. Tell me of any mining property of MERIT that you are interested in and wish to sell

Charles F. McHardy

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Purveyors to the People.

BETTER PRICES.

New Potatoes, 12 pounds for....25c
Grape Juice, quarts 55c
Lime Juice, No. 1, quarts.....50c
Lime Juice Cordial, quarts.....35c
Orangeade, quarts 35c
Lemonade Powder, 2 tins for....45c
Creamery Butter, 3 pounds for..$1.00

PROMPT DELIVERY TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

"Makes more bread and better bread"

PURITY FLOUR

"ask for it"

The Brackman-Ker Milling Company, Limited

SORE FEET

Give your feet a chance.. Sweaty, aching, tired, sore feet are quickly relieved by PENSLAR TREAD EASY FOOT POWDER. All you have to do is to sprinkle a little in your shoes in the morning. The result will surprise you. Price, 25c.

For Constipation use REGULAX, the greatest liver and bowel regulator known. It's 10c and 25c a box.

BE SURE AND ASK FOR SILVERWARE COUPONS

CITY DRUG CO. For DRUGS, STATIONERY, Neilson's Chocolates, Phonographs, Etc.

NELSON'S BUSY STORE PHONE 34 P. O. BOX 1083

ALFIE EVANS NAMED FOR GALLANT CONDUCT

Mining Engineer Mentioned by Sir John French in Despatches—Has Won Commission

A. J. L. Evans, one of the eight mining engineers who went from Nelson to Vancouver and left for the front with the first contingent, has been mentioned in despatches by Sir John French for his "gallant and distinguished service." Soon after arriving at the front Mr. Evans, who is in the 1st field company, Canadian engineers, was promoted to be a corporal. He was later granted a commission as lieutenant. Before leaving for the front he was on the engineering staff of the Consolidated Mining & Smelting company.

SEEK NEWS OF EDWARD TOWGOOD, REPORTED MISSING

Relatives of Edward Towgood of Sandon who left for the front with the 30th battalion, was transferred to the 16th Canadian Scottish and reported missing, have received no further news of him. Surtees Towgood of Sandon would like to hear from anyone who has received letters from the front which contain any mention of his brother.

AMERICANS LIKE SCENERY HERE

Many Tourists Take Trip Through the Rockies—Some Stay Away Because of War.

A great many tourists from all parts of the United States visiting at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco this summer have been so impressed by the Canadian exhibits at the fair that they have changed their plans and are taking the trip through the Canadian Rockies on their way home. Several parties who would like to take the trip through Canada have been afraid to do so on account of the necessity of passing through a country which is at war.

Those tourists who were not afflicted with the temerity of the others and who have made the trip say the scenery surpasses anything they have ever seen before and that as far as the war goes the only signs of it to be seen in this country are the soldiers who are on guard on the bridges along the main line. One American who has traveled through the mountains of Switzerland and was in Nelson last night, stated that the Canadian mountains are more beautiful in every way than the much talked of Alps.

The Canadian building at the fair comes in for a great deal of praise from the Americans, who say it is the best exhibit in the whole exhibition.

K. Popoff and family of Slocan City left yesterday to spend two weeks in Alberta.

James R. Cumming of Helena, Mont., is in the city visiting his sister, Mrs. R. H. Billings.

Saturday of this week is the day set apart by the members of the Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire on which to take in the contributions to the tobacco fund for the Canadian soldiers at the front. On that day the headquarters will be in the Poole drug store and members of the order will be in charge of the soda fountain and dispense hot drinks, soda and ice cream, the proceeds from the sale of which will go to providing tobacco in various forms for the men in the trenches. There will be a contribution box for the gifts of those who do not care to patronize the soda fountain.

One New Year's morning a Kentucky colonel, who is a regular guest of a Louisville hotel, came down to breakfast with a bandaged hand. "What's the matter with the hand?" asked several friends. "Confound it all!" exclaimed the colonel. "We had a party last night and one of the younger men got intoxicated and trod on my hand as he was walking across the room."

"I doubt if any man ever before found his countrymen so glad to get rid of him. As to my recent appointment," says Hon. Jos. H. Choate, "I've been told that I resemble the English convicts who were sent to Botany Bay, in that I am sent abroad for my country's good."

RECEIPTS MOUNT FOR MACHINE GUNS

Total Now Close to $1,600 and Outside Points Still to Hear From.

M. R. McQuarrie, treasurer of the Nelson and district machine gun fund, states that he has as yet not received any replies to the requests sent to outside points for subscriptions, there having been insufficient time for replies to reach him, but that contributions still continue to come in from the city and neighboring points. The total now on hand amounts to $1,579. The acknowledgements of yesterday's receipts follow:

Previously acknowledged	$1,460.00
E. J. R. Walton	5.00
T. M. Cairns	1.00
T. Bannister	1.00
Mrs. J. Hamilton	5.00
B. Roberts	1.00
T. Lockwood	2.50
T. A. Mills	1.00
M. Macguire	1.00
William P. Buggins	2.00
H. L. R. Cross	1.00
K. V. Cuthbert	1.00
A. Scott	1.00
P. F. Thompson	3.00
E. M. Denny	1.00
G. M. Clark	1.00
Conningsby Dawson	5.00
Mrs. E. H. Boyer	5.00
R. D. Boyer	5.00
C. Holmberg	.50
Mrs. J. Thompson	.50
Mrs. Dolphin	.50
J. Gilroy	1.00
Friend	1.00
E. J. Patch	2.00
Friend	1.00
J. J. Kelly	1.00
C. S. Bourne	1.00
Alex Mackie	1.00
Miss Mary Coupland	1.00
Mrs. Gowett	1.00
H. D. Curtis (Slocan City) ..	5.00
A. G. Lang (Waneta)	5.00
L. W. Aashton	5.00
C. O. Ronmark	1.00
J. G. Cameron	10.00
Miss R. Shepherd	2.00
T. B.	1.00
S. R. Roe	5.00
F. C. Ronan	5.00
John Toye	5.00
D. J. McCrohan	3.00
D. C. Wilson	2.50
A. R. Pitchford	2.50
J. Cotter	1.00
A. E. Thompson	1.00
R. Morrow	1.00
C. J. McGuigan	2.00
James McGregor	5.00
Chris Jensen	2.00
Total	$1,579.00

ALL ALIEN ENEMIES CAN NOW BE INTERNED

Latest Order-in-Council Provides for Detention of All Enemies Residing in Canada

VICTORIA.—Provision has been made for the detention of all Austrians, Germans and subjects of other enemy countries residing in Canada by the terms of an order-in-council passed by the Dominion government on June 26. Although it has not yet made its appearance in The Gazette, its production recently before Mr. Justice Macdonald, during the hearing of a habeas corpus application on behalf of two Austrians detained at Fernie, had the effect of causing its collapse. In view of this direct legislative pronouncement, it was useless to proceed further with the argument. Clarence Darling, who appeared for the enemy aliens, asked for costs. He pointed out that he had made three trips to Victoria and a similar number of appearances and asked for $30 for each. He was allowed $100, his lordship observing that doubtless it was through his initiative that the government's attention was drawn to the necessity for a new proclamation.

A. P. Luxton, K. C., who represented the minister of justice, was asked if he had a copy of the latter order-in-council. He produced the document, the reading of which disposed of the issue.

It provides in effect, that because of the possibility of danger among enemy aliens and British subjects who might be at work together in mines and at other occupations in Canada, it is considered wise that the enemy aliens shall be taken care of at the public expense. It recognizes that by reason of possible hostility and animosity rioting might occur, life and property be endangered and destroyed.

Cases have arisen or may arise calling for the necessity of separating or detaining the enemy aliens to maintain peace and the minister therefore recommends that he may be authorized to control or detain at will.

Starland Theatre

TONIGHT IS

LUCKY SEAT NIGHT

5 DANDY PRIZES.

"THE FAKIR."
Strong Two-Reel Feature.

"BILL GOES INTO BUSINESS FOR HIMSELF."

"MESSENGER OF GLADNESS" and "NATURE'S CELEBRITIES."

Friday—First Chapter of "The Diamond From the Sky." $5.00 in gold to the one who holds the lucky $10,000 check.

Tomorrow, "THE MASTER KEY."

Lloyd George

is the most popular man in England today.

He practically stated that "His Nibs," Cash, would win the war for the Empire.

We would like to get better acquainted with "His Nibs" Cash, and in order to entice Cash to enter our store today and Tuesday we will give a discount of 5 per cent off for cash on all

GROCERIES.

Take some cash out of the savings bank and invest it in groceries at Joy Bros.' Stores on July 19th and 20th.

5 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Joy Bros. Stores

415 Ward St. and Corner Josephine and Mill Streets.

Telephones:
Ward St., 149. Mill St., L. 19.
P. O. Box 637.

Old Country Watches?

Yes, they do run right in this country or in any other clime if they are fixed right. I guarantee to make them run right.

A. D. Papazian

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

MADDEN BLOCK BAKER ST.

One-Third Off All Straw Hats

Every Straw Hat must now leave our store in short order. We never carry over Straw Hats from season to season.

Plenty of good styles and no back numbers. Lots of time yet for wearing straws.

Panama Hats for $5.00

Emory & Walley