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TO BORROW MILLION DOLLARS TO MAKE LOANS TO FARMERS

Premier Bowser Addresses Huge Audiences

SAYS COURAGE WITH CAUTION, WATCHWORD

Campbell to Seek Financial Aid of Dominion for New Refineries

(Special to The Daily News.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 24.—Premier Bowser closed the Conservative byelection campaign in Vancouver tonight by appealing through two huge audiences for confidence in the ability of the new administration to live up to its watchward, "courage and caution."

Assisted by Hon. A. C. Flumerfelt, minister of finance, and Hon. C. E. Tisdall, minister of public works, the premier spoke to nearly 3000 men and women in the Orpheum theatre and the ballroom of the Vancouver hotel.

The ministers made some important announcements. In line with its policy of constructive legislation, the government is completing negotiations to secure at least $1,000,000 to bring into immediate effect the provisions of the agricultural credits bill for long term loans to farmers. On Sunday Hon. Lorne Campbell will leave for Ottawa to secure the financial cooperation of the Dominion government in developing a merchant marine in British Columbia; in establishing new refineries in the province and in assisting soldiers returning to British Columbia.

An arrangement has been made for the Dominion government to pay the province more than the latter's $800,000 for the Kitsilano reserve for the harbor board to use as an industrial centre.

GERMANS EXPOSE WOMEN TO FIRE

Make Them Build up Defenses in Exposed Positions, Says Report from Petrograd.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Feb. 25.—The following official statement was issued yesterday:

"In the region of Riga and the Dvina on the Oger sector, German aeroplanes dropped bombs. In the region of Oger the enemy developed violent night firing which was followed by a movement toward our trenches but were repulsed by our fire.

"On the Dvinsk sector, near the Poniewesch railway and north of Czartorysk, our detachments checked the enemy and made some progress.

"In the region of Peish, southwest of Olyka, the enemy sent women, probably Russians, to work in the positions most exposed to our fire.

"In Galicia, northwest of Tarnopol and near the villages of Gladki and Vorobievka, we exploded a small mine and occupied the crater. Near Mikhaltche the enemy threw into a crater which we were occcpying lachrymocal bombs and then attempted an attack, but was repulsed by our fire."

DENIES JAPAN WILL SEND AID TO RUSSIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TOKIO, Feb. 24.—The foreign minister, Baron Ishii, denied in the diet today that Japan intends to send troops to the assistance of Russia.

It has been reported on several occians that Japan will send troops to Europe, but these rumors have been disposed of authoritatively at Tokio.

FRUIT RANCHER WINS DECORATION

EDMONTON, Alta., Feb. 24.—J. D. Cowell, son of J. R. Cowell, clerk of the Alberta legislature, has been granted the D.C.M. for bravery.

He enlisted in the 5th battalion at the outbreak of the war. He was ranching in one of the fruit valleys of British Columbia at the time. He is a South African veteran.

THREE NOMINATED FOR VANCOUVER SEAT

C. E Tisdall Will Be Opposed by L. D. Taylor, Independent, and M. A. Macdonald, Liberal.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., Feb. 24.—Three candidates for the byelection on Saturday were formally placed in nomination today. With the papers of each one a deposit of $100 was filed.

The papers were filed at the office of W. N. Carty, the returning officer, early this morning.

The nominations were as follows: Charles Edward Tisdall, merchant, minister of public works, Conservative; Lewis Denison Taylor, journalist, Independent, and Malcolm Archibald Macdonald, barrister, Liberal.

MAIDEN SPEECH AFTER TEN YEARS

French-Canadian Member of Manitoba House Opposes Abolition of Bilingualism.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Feb. 24.—After having occupied a seat in the legislature for 10 years Aime Bernard (Iberville), delivered his maiden speech in the house today. The subject of it was the bill repealing the bilingual clause in the public school act and the speech of the silent member astonished everyone by its clearness.

Declaring that, so far the government's supporters would never have been elected had they told their constituents of their intention to abolsh bilingualism, Mr. Bernard predicted the defeat of the government at the next election. He asserted that the pro-bilingual vote cannot be lightly ignored.

Other speakers in today's debate were John Williams (Arthur), who stated that the British government does not permit bilingual teaching in Wales, but merely instruction in the Welsh language; J. F. Dumas, who denounced the government as unfaithful and quit the Liberal party, and J. F. Wilton (Assiniboia), who said the objection to the bill springs from a desire on the part of the French-Canadian to perpetuate a French nationalism in Canada.

This charge of Mr. Wilton was denied by the French Canadian members.

Mr. Wilton nevertheless said he recognized a close sympathy between the views expressed by the opposition and those of Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Lavergne in Quebec. One member had flatly stated that the French-Canadians did not intend to let themselves be assimilated by the English. If, said Mr. Wilton, this means that a French nationality distinct from the Canadian nationality was to be promoted in this country, he had no sympathy with the movement. Mr. Wilton moved the adjournment of the debate and it will be continued tomorrow.

Probably Premier Norris will speak tomorrow.

GERMAN SUBMARINES ARE ACTIVE IN NORTH SEA

(Special to The Daily News.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—German submarines have renewed their activity in the North sea. One Belgian fishing vessel sailing from Flushing, has been sunk and another captured and taken to Zeebrugge.

An English steamer was chased for some distance before it eluded its pursuer. This activity so far reported occurred on Monday.

VALUE HONOR ABOVE PEACE

President Wilson Will Uphold American Rights

WILL NOT SUBMIT TO HUMILIATION

Writes Letter in Reply to Demand From Members of Congress

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—President Wilson at the end of two days' agitation in congress for some action warring American off armed merchantment of the European belligerents, tonight wrote Senator Stone, the chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, that he could not consent to any abridgement of the rights of American citizens in any respect. The letter follows

"My Dear Senator—I warmly appreciate your kind and frank letter of today and feel that it calls for an equally frank reply.

"You are right in assuming that I shall do everything in my power to keep the United States out of war. I think the country will feel no uneasiness about my course in that respect. Through many anxious months I have striven for that object, amidst difficulties that could not have been apparent upon the surface, and so far I have succeeded. I do not doubt that I shall continue to succeed. The course which the central powers have announced their intention of following in the future with regard to undersea warfare seems for the moment to threaten insuperable obstacles but its apparent meaning is so manifestly inconsistent with explicit assurances recently given by those powers with regard to the treatment of merchant vessels on the high seas that I must believe that explanations will presently ensue which will put a different aspect upon it. We have had no reason to question their good faith or their fidelity to their promises in the past, and I, for one, feel confident that we shall have none in the future.

No Abridgement of Rights.

"But in any events our duty it clear. No nation, nor group of nations, has the right while war is in progress to alter or disregard the principles which all nations have agreed upon in mitigation of the horrors and sufferings of war and if the clear rights of American citizens should ever be abridged or denied by any such action we should, it seems to me, have in honor no choice as to what our own course should be.

"For my ownpart I cannot consent to any abridgement of the rights of American citizens in any respect. The honor and self-respect of the nation is involved. We covet peat and shall preserve it at any cost but the loss of honor. To forbid our people to exercise their rights for fear we might be called upon to vindicate them would be a deep humiliation indeed. It would be an implicit, all but explicit, acquiesence in the violation of the rights of a mankind everywhere and of whatever nation or allienace. It would be a deliberate abdication of a hitherto proud position as spokesman, even amidst the turmoil of war, for the law and the right. It would make very think this government has attempted and everything that it has achieved during this terrible struggle of nations meaningless and futile.

Would Mean Humiliation.

"It is important to reflect that if in this instance we allowed experiency to take the place of principle the door would inevitably be opened to still further concessions. Once accept a single abatement of right and many other humiliations would certainly follow and the whole fine fabrication of international law might crumble under our hands piece by piece. What we are contending for in this matter is the very essence of the things that have made America a sovereign nation. It cannot yield them without conceding its own impotency as a nation and making virtual surrender of its independent position among the nations of the world.

"I am speaking, my dear senator in deep solemnity, without heat, with a clear consciousness of the high responsibilities of my office and as your sincere and devoted friend. If we should unhappily differ we shall differ as friends, but where issues so momentous as those are involved we must, just because we are friends, speak our minds without reservation.

"Faithfully yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

Answer Talk in House.

The president's letter was in answer to one written late this afternoon by Senator Stone, outlining the situation existing at the capitol, where yesterday morning persistent demands had been made for some action which might lesson the possibility of war between the United States and Germany.

The president's statement will be repeated tomorrow morning to Speaker Clark, Representative Kitchin, majority leader, and Representative Flood, chairman of the house foreign affairs comimttee, who late today asked for an engagement in order to explain the position in which the house found itself and ask the president for a statement of the administration's view.

QUOTES RECORD ON ORIENTAL LABOR

Conservatives Against It; Liberals Aid Chinese

ROUSING MEETING FOR LORNE CAMPBELL

Pink Tea Farris Rapped. Railway in Pend d'Oreille Is Planned

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B.C., Feb. 24.—A large audience greeted the speakers at the Conservative meeting tonight. M. E. Purcell was chairman and in his introductory speech outlined the progress man had made from the time when he made his living on the soil. Later he required metals for weapons and tools and then for the vast machinery in existence today. The choice of Lorne A. Campbell as minister of mines was a compliment to the city of Rossland, which produced 60 per cent of the gold produced in lode mines in 1915. It was very essential that the industry should be represented by a man who could stand up for the rights of the mining industry and his constituents as could Mr. Campbell.

Will Press Railway Plan

Mr. Campbell in following Mr. Purcell expressed his appreciation of the manner in which the citizens of Rossland had turned out to their meetings and went on to deal with the questions that had arisen since his election in 1912.

It had been drawn to his attention that nothing had been done towards extending the Idaho & Washington railway to the international boundary lines, thence down the Pend d'Oreille river to join with the Great Northern at Waneta, with a probable extension from Waneta to Trail. In his opinion it was of the greatest importance that this road should be completed and he went on to state that it is his intention if returned on Saturday to follow up the extension of this road. This will give an alternative road for the large tonnage of coke which is being consumed in this particular section of the country. The route will be as follows

"From any Crow's Nest point to Kingsgate, from Kingsgate to Clagstone Junction on the Spokane International, from Clagstone Junction to the international boundary line over the Idaho & Washington Northern and a Canadian road constructed from the international boundary to the Columbia river."

With this road constructed it will open up a large section of mineral bearing country in which considerable development work has been carried on up to date and which promises to produce a large tonnage of pay ore, and also an ample supply of lime rock which is used in the treating of the Rossland ores.

Road to Christina Lake.

In connection with the construction of a wagon road from Rossland to Christina lake, Mr. Campbell said it was his intention to continue to use his best influence toward having this road constructed. At present a start has been made on this road in a northwesterly direction and a bridge erected over Stoney creek. A survey is completed and one of the reasons why it was impossible to construct this road was the fact that it was only within the last two weeks that a decision had been handed down which will be the means of cleaning up the dispute which has existed between the government and the Heinze estate. A large proportion of the land grant which was earned by the Columbia & Western Railway company lies between Rossland and Christina lake. Some four years ago the government entered into arrangements with the Canadian Pacific railway, now owner of the Columbia & Western Railway company, whereby it purchased the interest in this grant. After this arrangement was entered into with the Canadian Pacific railway it endeavored to negotiate with Mr. Heinze under the same terms and he would not consider the same offer as made to the Canadian Pacific railway for its interest. In order that the government could further deal with these lands a special act was brought down in 1913 whereby it empowered the government to tax the Heinez interests in said grant. Heinze, who was then alive, disputed the right of the government to tax these lands. Suit was entered and went through the different courts and eventually found its way to the privy council and about two weeks ago a decision was handed down in favor of the government. This means that the government will now be in a position to collect taxes on the Heinze estate interest in these lands for the past three years. And there is not a doubt in his opinion that when the executors of the Heinze estate take this into consideration they will only be too pleased to negotiate with the government with a view of disposing of their interest in the grant.

When this is completed it is his intention again to bring before the government the desirability of having this most important section of the country opened up by wagon roads.

In addition to a large acreage of agricultural lands there is a large area of country rich in mineral and in Mr. Campbell's opinion in addition to con-

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GERMANS ATTACK INCESSANTLY AFTER TERRIFIC BOMBARDMENT

BRITISH SEIZE QUANTITY OF RUBBER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—From the first class mail on the Dutch steamship Hollandia, detained at Falmouth recently while on a voyage from Buenos Ayres to Amsterdam, 1625 parcels of raw rubber were taken.

From the mail of the Dutch liner Geiria, also detained at Falmouth on a voyage from South America, 1390 parcels of rubber were taken.

TURKISH PEOPLE THREATEN REVOLT

Dissatisfaction With Young Turk Rulers Is Hourly Assuming More Menacing Proportions.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Geb. 24.J—An Athens despatch to the Morning Post says that news from Constantinople represents the situation there as most critical since the news of the fall of Erzerum has leaked out.

The always latent dissatisfaction of the people with their Young Turk rulers is now assuming hourly more threatening proportions both in the capital and the provinces, especially in Smyrna, where the populace is in almost open revolt.

Startling developments, it is asserted, may be confidently expected shortly.

BRITISH DO HONOR TO JOAN OF ARC

Parliamentary Mission Places Wreath of Palms at Feet of Statue in Paris.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The English parliamentary mission which is visiting Paris [illegible] deposited a wreath of palms at the feet of the statue of Joan of Arc in the Place de Pyramids. The wreath bore an inscription declaring it to be a "symbol of complete reconciliation between the two countries at the moment when both peoples, united in the same sentiment and veneration for the heroine of old France, defend together the liberty of the world."

The same sentiment was further developed in an unanimously signed statement saying that the Anglo-French parliamentary conference had resulted in a close communication of their sentiments and views. It affirms the desire of the signers to see the war carried on with greater coordination and increased energy. It alludes also to the notable military and financial efforts of the allies and sends a salutation to their heroic armies.

With a view to perpetuating the contact between the parliaments of Great Britain and France the commission will reassemble in London in April.

CLERGYMAN MORAL LEPER, SAYS SCOTT

Premier of Saskatchewan Scores Minister and Says He Misinformed Presbyterian Synod.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Feb. 24.—By a proposal brought down in the legislature this afternoon by Premier Scott for the repeal of an amendment to the school act, passed in the 1913 session, the school question of Saskatchewan is now removed beyond the bounds of controversy.

The amendment in question has been the cause of many heated discussions which culminated in an acrimonious newspaper debate between the premier and Rev. Murdoch McKinnon, the pastor of Knox church, who caused resolutions condemning the Scott government because of its attitude on the school questions to be passed in the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, the Saskatchewan synod and Orangemen's conventions.

The premier today severely scored Mr. McKinnon, describing him as a moral leper and asking the general synod to deal with Mr. McKinnon for having intentionally misinformed it and brought it into a false and humiliating position.

In 1912 Judge McLorg, Prince Albert, he said, clouded this law by a ruling that every man was free to support whichever school he preferred. In order to clarify the law, therefore, and to offset the ruling of the judge, Premier Scott brought in an amendment in 1912, which was carried. It was this amendment, he said, which Mr. McKinnon and the Conservative party made a contentious issue of, claiming that it altered the law in view of Judge McLorg's ruling and that it was for the courts and not the legislature to interpret the law.

Just recently Judge McLorg informed Premier Scott that his judgment was given in error and that when he gave it he was not aware that Justices McGuire and Newlands had already ruled in favor of the act, as it then stood.

"In view of the fact that there is now no need of the amendment and that it is obnoxious to certain people, I propose that it be repealed," added the premier.

Force Back French Wings Slightly But Are Unable to Break the Front--Fighting Has Been Confined to First Line Trenches, Which Are Weakest

GREAT BATTLEFIELD IS PILED HIGH WITH THE DEAD BODIES OF BOTH ARMIES

Enemy Has Possession of Brabant, Baumont, Samogneux and Wooded Section and Is Pressing Fight Without Regard to Immense Losses Which It Is Suffering--French Give Shell for Shell

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Inspired by the presence of their emperor and directed by Crown Prince Frederick William, the German troops are engaged in one of the greatest battles of the war on the front centering around the fortress of Verdun. Attack has followed atatck against the French line, after bombardments incessant and terrific, continuing for several days.

While the Germans have not been able, despite the rain of shells and furious onslaughts of the infantry, to break the French lines, nevertheless the French on their right and left wings have been compelled to withdraw their lines, respectively to the south of Ornes and behind the town of Samogneux, six miles north of the fortress.

Only between Malencourt and the left bank of the Meuse has there been any diminution is the intensity of the artillery fire. With Brabant, Baumont and Samogneux and the wooded sections north and northeast of Beaumont in the possession, the Germans from the Meuse eastward to Fromezey are forcing the fighting, seemingly regardless of the lost in life.

Battlefield Piled With Dead.

The French guns have answered the German guns shell for shell and the casualties on both sides are great. The French statement describes the battlefield between the Meuse and Ornes as piled with dead.

In Champage at several points and in the Argonne forest German works have been pounded by the concentrated fire of the French guns, while in Lorraine the French aeroplanes repulsed a German air party which attempted to raid a French post north of St. Martin.

On their end of the line near Hulluch the British exploded a mine and occupied the crater and also bombarded the German trenches near Frelinghe.

No Sign of Weakness

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The great Verdun battle, which is being watched in England with keen interest, but thus far without anxiety, is regarded here as the long expected big German spring offensive. It is pointed out that the French, profiting by their earlier experiences in the war, now rarely hold their advanced trenches strongly and that therefore their withdrawal at some points to the second line is no sign of weakness.

On the other hand, it is believed that the French generals are pursuing the tactics of allowing the enemy to assault in mass, which involves enormous sacrifices to the Germans. The military critics point out that after three days of desperate assault the French second line defenses are still intact everywhere.

It is presumed here that the Germans began preparations for this attack at about the time of the Turkish defeat in Armenia which sealed the fate of Erzerum.

The Times says it has information that the French are more than usually confident and serene and are inclined to look on the German onslaught with considerable salutation. The Times correspondent at Paris hints that dynastic reasons led the Germans to attack Verdun. He expresses he belief that Gen. von Both-

mer has been brought from the eastern front to conduct the operations and admits that the crown prince's army has been heavily reinforced from Metz.

No Surprise

"Fortunately, however," says the correspondent, "the element of surprise was totally missing from the crown prince's operations. The French had been long preparing to meet a move toward Verdun. There are indications in this offensive leading to the theory that the war is reacting against the stagnation imposed upon the Germans by the trench fighting.

"It is argued that artillery fire has become so terrific that the trenches become at moments of no value as a defense and consequently there has been a necessary partial return for the moment to a war of movement.

"Then should the unexpected happen and the whole first line fall into the enemy's hands, he would be confronted by five other lines, increasing in strength as they approach the fortress proper."

Allied Lines Are Holding.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—In a colossal smash for the great fortress of Verdun with Paris probably as the objective, the German offensive on the western front, led by Crown Prince Friederich, continued with unabated vigor today.

Today's communication indicates that the alliesd lines are holding.

Staggering losses have been inflicted by each side over a front of 25 miles. The French statement says the Teutonic losses are rapidly approaching the 50,000 mark, adding that the battle is rapidly developing into the greatest of the war.

Germans Make Some Gains.

The French statement, however, stated that the French have evacuated Brabant sur Meuse and that the Germans also have succeeded in recapturing most of the positions lost to the French at Bois es Caures, east of Brabant sur Meuse. All German assaults near Beaumont have been repulsed to date.

BERLIN, Feb. 24.—Further gains for the Germans in the region of the French fortress of Verdun were reported by the war office today. The statement says the entire wooded district northwest and northeast of Beaumont and the forest of Herber are in possession of the Germans. Announcement was also made of the capture by the Germans of the villages of Brabant, Kaumont and Samogneux, in the Verdun region.

Still Fight on First Line.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The Temps, in its military review, estimates that the Germans are employing on an average 10 infantrymen to every three feet of front where the attack is fiercest north of Verdun—that is over a line of eight miles in length between Brabant and Ornes.

The review maintains that the operations are not necessarily preliminary to an attempt to beseige Verdun but comprise an attack on a wide front of which Verdun forms a part of the rear support. The attacks, the paper declares, are still held within the first line works, while there are three other lines of strategic intervals behind the

(Continued on Page Two.)

WATERED STOCK WILL NOT ESCAPE TAX ON PROFITS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—The budget debate dragged somewhat slowly in the house of commons this afternoon but interest in the discussion was renewed when Hon. George P. Graham spoke in the evening. The ex-minister of railways had some friendly tilts with Sir Thomas White, minister of finance, which were enjoyed by the house.

In the course of these Sir Thomas intimated that the bill based on the resolutions will contain a provision which will prevent watered stock from escaping taxation.

This statement was made after Mr. Graham had quoted figures which he said would show how some of the large concerns in the country would escape taxation owing to the extent of their capitalization while others would pay little or none at all.

Sir Thomas said he had previously made a similar statement to the house.

Mr. Verville, who resumed the debate, made a number of suggestions, including one that the ministers of the crown and members of parliament should pay something out of their own salaries and indemnities respectively. He said he was willing to put up his share.

L. A. Davidson (Annapolis) described the budget as the most courageous ever introduced by a Canadian minister of finance. For the first time in the history of the country, he said, the people best able to pay would be called on to contribute their share. He believed that the proposal meets with the approval of the people.

When the house opened Alphonse Verville read a telegram from Montreal stating that 400 ship carpenters, joiners and other employees of the Canadian Vickers-Maxim company were out on strike. He said that he was calling the attention of the government to the matter to see if it could do anything.

Hon. T. W. Crothers replied that he had been informed of the trouble and had immediately taken the matter up. There was a fair prospect of an early settlement.

H. Boulay, resuming the debate on

(Continued on Page Two.)

WANTS UNCLAIMED BANK BALANCES CONFISCATED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—That unclaimed balances in Canadian banks amounting to more than $1,000,000 should be paid to the patriotic fund was proposed to the senate by Senator Choquette today. He stated that he had made an examination of the blue book on unclaimed balances and found that there were more than $800,000 which had been deposited and unclaimed for years and that $200,000 was waiting for checks and drafts which had never been presented for payment. After looking through the book he had written the finance minister suggesting that 60 days' notice should be given that the government proposes to confiscate unclaimed balances and give the money to the patriotic fund.

Hon. Mr. Lougheed thought that according to the Bank act after the lapse of a number of years unclaimed balances were turned over to the government by the banks. The proposal by Senator Choquette appeared to be the equivalent of confiscation.

Senator Choquette replied that the banks were now confiscating the profits on unclaimed balances, they loaned the money at 6, 7 and 8 per cent. The finance minister was paying 4 or 5 per cent for money he borrowed. He could take the unclaimed balances and even if he provided 3 per cent interest for the depositors when they claimed or withdrew, it would be a profitable piece of financing.

Senator Davis said that the banks did not notify depositors owning unclaimed balances. He had found the names of 25 or 30 people in government reports of unclaimed balances and had notified them himself; the banks had not done so.

The motion for the order to produce the correspondence on the subject was adopted.

Senator Choquette brought up the quality of passenger train service on the National Transcontinental railway between Quebec and Cochrane. He said there were three trains a week and the kind of trains that were run could be judged from a description given of them by a newspaper man friendly to the government. He read from the re-

(Continued on Page Two.)

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Special Daily Lunch, 35c.

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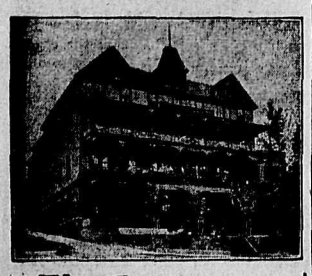

The Strathcona
F. B. WHITING, Prop.
Special Sunday Dinner.

STARTHCONA — T. N. Watson, Kaslo; R. Brown, J. Case, New Denver; A. D. Westby, Relief mine; J. D. Smith, City; Mr. and Mrs. Handford, Spokane; J. S. Carter, City; Miss M. Ellert, Vancouver; G. Kingsley, Toronto; A. J. Galloway, Calgary; H. H. Mackay, Montreal; A. Gilker, City.

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Madden House
E. C. CLARKE.
Cor. Baker and Ward Sts., Nelson.

MADDEN—A. M. Cavan, Kaslo; C. McDonald, Salmo; R. Johnson, Fernie; Thomas King, W. Thompson, Ainsworth; F. Wilcox, Moose Jaw; D. McLachlan, New Denver; J. Ferris, Vancouver.

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American and European Plans
J. A. ERICKSON, Pro.
W. J. BRODIE, Manager.

GRAND CENTRAL—W. Burke, F. Suvine, Silverton; W. Hanrahan, Rossland; C. Saunders, Trail; J. A. Edwards, Vancouver.

BANK CLEARINGS GROW.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 24—Following are the bank clearings for the week ending Feb. 24, 1916 and those for the year ending Feb. 23, 1915:

	1916	1915
Montreal	$55,315,488	$38,825,759
Toronto	39,992,266	39,610,514
St. John	1,389,803	1,342,584
Halifax	1,786,786	1,464,175
Quebec	2,268,423	2,756,000

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New Grand Hotel
Best Place in Town.
$1.00 a Day Up.

NEW GRAND—W. Oliver, D. Oliver, Fernie; Martin Thoyse, O. Noakson, Three Forks.

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EDGEWOOD, B. C.
The Hotel of Comfort on the Arrow Lakes.

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Excellent accommodation for drummers. Boundary to Coast train leaves here daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m. Evening train from Rossland and Trail stops for dinner.
Rates, $2.00 Per Day.

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Steam Heated, Good Service.
Sample Rooms
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Crown Point Hotel
A. McDERMOTT, Prop.,
TRAIL, B. C.
We Are Crowded, But There Is Room for One More.

ROSSLAND HOTELS

The Hotel Allan
Recently Refurnished.
SMITH & BELTON,
Proprietors.

PORTUGAL TO TELL HUNS WHY IT SEIZED SHIPS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LISBON, Feb. 24.—The official gazette publishes the decree under which 36 German and Austrian merchant ships lying in the Tagus river were seized by the commander of the naval division here yesterday. It appears that the seizure was under a law passed by parliament on Feb. 7. The premier in an interview affirms that seizure is not an act of war but simply a measure in the public interest.

The Portugese ambassador in Berlin has been instructed to explain to the German government the object of the seizures and give assurances that the rights of the owners will be respected.

Portuguese crews have been placed on board the ships seized.

DUTCH STAND ALOOF FROM FORD MISSION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

THE HAGUE, Feb. 8.—Correspondence of the Associated Press.—A statement issued on behalf of The Netherlands Anti-war council declares, alluding to the peace efforts of the Ford expedition from the United States, that "we are convinced that the persons who now have the lead in the Ford conference will act with that knowledge of the actual conditions that is required of any one who desires to exercise and influence in the present circumstances.

The statement asserts that the council is of the opinion that it "must withhold our active cooperation," in the Ford plans and sets forth that "at present there is no sign" that any neutral government is prepared, as advocated by the Ford party, to call a peace conference of neutrals.

WATERED STOCK TO PAY WAR TAX

(Continued from Page One.)

the budget, said he thought that Canada was undertaking too much in attempting to raise an army of 500,000 men. He was of the opinion that no Germans should be employed in the Canadian civil service during the war at least. He thought that this country was not strict enough in this matter. The fact that Germans became naturalized Canadians was not enough. Some of them, he declared, were simply spies. Recruiting in Quebec was greatly hindered by the continuance of the bilingual school trouble. In his own county 200 men had enlisted and four of them had lost their lives on the battlefield. If, however, there was a settlement of the bilingual troubles and the French-Canadians received justice at least 1000 men in his county would be ready to enlist within 24 hours.

Does Not Like Hebrews

Mr. Boulay made an attack upon Hebrew citizens of the county while discussing the report of the commission on the high cost of living. He said that two important causes of the high cost of living were the flocking of young men from the farms into the cities and towns and the immigration of too many people unfitted to make good settlers. Among the latter, he said, were the Jews, whom he described as "a veritable scourge."

In Montreal there were 50,000 of them, he said.

Mr. Lapointe—And they are very good citizens.

Mr. Boulay added that the last census showed that there were 75,000 Jews in Canada, mostly classed as real estate agents, merchants and dealers. Few of them went upon the land. The government, he said, should not admit, any class which did not intend to work on the land.

Mr. Boulay said that there was no reason why the French-Canadians should be treated as traitors. They were being persecuted in their schools and hesitated to take their places in the army. In spite of the school trouble, however, he declared that many more French-Canadians were enlisting than was supposed.

Defends Jews

Alphonse Verville (Maissonneuve) said he wished to repudiate the criticism of the Hebrew citizens of Canada offered by Mr. Boulay. Coming from a city in which there was a large number of these people, he thought it was extremely unfair and uncalled for to cast such aspersions upon them. They were a class of people who became naturalized as soon as the law allowed them to do so They were good, law-abiding citizens and there should be no question of creed, color or nationality raised in the house.

The member for Maissoneuve said that a system of German espionage could not do more to prevent recruiting in Quebec than the trouble that was being caused now by Ontario. In that province there was a system that was setting nationality against nationality.

Mr. Verville claimed that the tariff was altogether too oppressive on the people of Canada. For every dollar's worth of goods bought 30 per cent extra was paid as a result of the tariff. He figured that the tariff took out of the pockets of the consumers $360,000,000 annually. He was opposed to indirect taxation and favored direct taxation. He would advocate either a direct taxation on land or an income tax.

"Why not tax every member of parliament and ministers of the crown on their indemnity and salaries," suggested Mr. Verville. "I am willing to pay my share as one."

Calls White Balance Wheel.

Hon. Mr. Graham said the finance minister was supposed to be the balance wheel in a government and keep the unruly members of the government in check. The present finance minister, however, had not kept them in subjection. They were asking in the estimates for $28,000,000 more than the finance minister said had been spent. The government, he said, had admitted on more than one occasion that millions had been spent unnecessarily. The premier himself could be quoted

in proof of such a statement. In the early stages of the war a subcommittee of the cabinet had been named to make purchases. This committee proved itself to be not equal to the task. It had been dismissed and the purchasing commission was appointed in its place. What had happened in regard to purchases in connection with the war, Mr. Graham said, had set the people thinking.

Coming to the taxation proposals in the budget, Mr. Graham said that taxation was never welcome and seldom equitable. In the proposals before the house there were to be found some glaring inequalities.

Industry and integrity had been taxed, while wealth and watered stocks had been allowed to escape. Under the existing circumstances all men would be willing to bear their share but those called upon to pay did not want others to escape. Men with millions of dollars worth of government and munition bonds in their vaults would escape taxation.

WOULD CONFISCATE UNCLAIMED FUNDS

(Continued from Page One.)

port a statement that the accommodation for passengers on a trtin by which this man had travelled consisted of one passenger colonist car without lights and extremely dirty and a box car in which there were lights. When night came the women who were traveling felt compelled to go into the box car which was not in darkness. There were also attached to the train two sumptuous private cars, one for Mr. Gorrie, superintendent of the National Transcontinental at Quebec, and the other for Mr. Brady, general manager. On this train was the body of one Bolduc and the widow, who was accompanying the body. Near her was another women, Mrs. Houde, wife of a lawyer, who had been traveling for two days. The passenger cars were crowded with aliens, Russians, Poles and others.

The smell of these men and their clothes, from oil lamps, tobacco and drunken breaths was shocking. Seeing the plight of the women, the passengers delegates one of their number to ask Mr. Gorrie for accommodation for Mrs. Houde and Mrs. Bolduc in his car, explaining the circumstances under which Mrs. Bolduc was traveling. The answer was "This is a private car" and the accommodation for the women was refused. Senator Choquette said that if the facts were as represented the government should take action. He could hardly credit the report that conspicuous officials should have been so discourteous and inhuman, but if inquiry showed the report correct the officials should be dealt with.

Mr. Lougheed asked Senator Choquette to bring this matter up again in a more regular way.

BULGARIA FEARS THAT RUMANIA MAY ATTACK

LONDON, Feb. 24.—The Daily Express prints today the following despatch:

"It is reported that the Rumanian premier has refused Germany's demand for the demobilization of Rumanian troops on the Hungarian frontier.

"Bulgaria insists it is unsafe to take action against Saloniki before Rumania gives explicit assurance of its intentions. Bulgarians fear the invasion of Dobrudja while they are busy with the Saloniki enterprise."

DECIDE WILL LOCK OUT HOLD-OUT BALL PLAYERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Owners of baseball clubs in both National and American leagues are said to have agreed that no player who has been offered a contract and refuses to sign it shall be permitted in the training camps of any of the clubs.

AMERICAN SKIPPER OBJECTS TO LOSING PASSENGERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NAGASAKI, Japan, Feb. 24.—Before sailing for San Francisco the captain of the American steamship China lodged a protest with the American consul against the action of the British converted cruiser Laurentic in holding up his vessel off Shanghai on the last western voyage and removing 28 Germans, eight Austrians and 20 Turks of military age.

USE "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS WHEN CONSTIPATED

When bilious, headachy, sick, for sour stomach, bad breath, bad colds

Get a 10-cent box.

Take a Cascaret tonight to cleanse your liver, stomach and bowels, and you will surely feel great by morning. You men and women who have headache, coated tongue, a bad cold, are bilious, nervous, upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, or have backache and feel all worn out Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets—or merely forcing a passageway every few days with salts, cathartic pills or castor oil?

Cascarets immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the bowels.

Remember, a Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning. A 10-cent box from your druggist means healthy bowel action; a clear head and cheerfulness for months. Don't forget the children.

GIRLS! HAVE WAVY, THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Save your hair! Double its beauty in a few moments--try this!

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This descructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of evrything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now.

A Big Silk Season Is Predicted for Spring Wear

WE ARE OFFERING THE SEASON'S NEWEST WEAVES AND COLORS.

PRINTED SILK MARQUISETTE
In a Fancy Basket Weave and with Floral Designs. This beautiful washable fabric comes in Flesh Tints, Mauve, White and Mauve, etc. Width 36 inches. Price, Per Yard $1.00

A LINE OF BROCADED WASH SILKS
In Green, Saxe, Blue, Old Rose, Belgian Blue Navy, Black, Brown and White. It is finding strong favor. Width 36 inches. Price, Per Yard 75c

SILK GEORGETTE CREPE
In Old Rose, Pale Blue, etc. Width 40 inches. Price, Per Yard $1.75

MESSALINE
A splendid fabric in all shades. Pink, Light Blue, Canary, Old Rose, Black, Red, White, etc. Full 36 inches wide. Price $1.75

TAFFETAS
In all the popular colors. Pale Blue, Pink, Mahogany, White; 36 inches wide. Price $1.75

Lines of PRINTED CHIFFONS AND CHANTORAS Are Deservedly Popular.

SMILLIE & WEIR
LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

GERMANS DELIVER TERRIFIC ATTACK

(Continued from Page One.)

first. These lines are more solidly constructed and are more elaborate in their nature than the first line as work on them could be done at leisure, without the workers being within the range of the German fire.

German Dead Pile Up

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The text of the official statement follows:

"We have carried out a concentrated fire on the enemy organizations to the west of Maisons de Champagne and to the south of St. Marie a Py. In the Argonne destructive fires have been directed against the German works at La Fille Morte.

"In the region to the north of Verdun the enemy continued to bombard with the same intensity our front from the Meuse up to the south of Fromezty. The artillery activity slackened a little between Malincourt and the left bank of the Meuse. No infantry action has occurred as yet in this region.

"Between the right bank of the Meuse and Ornes the enemy has shown the same activity as on the previous day and multiplied its furious attacks, leaving on the ground piles of dead without having succeeded in breaking our front.

"On both wings we have withdrawn our line, one part behind Samogeneux and the other to the south of the Ornes. Our artillery has replied without respite to the artillery of the enemy.

"In Lorraine we repulsed and pursued an enemy reconnoitering party which attempted to approach one of our small posts to the north of Ste. Martin."

British Shell Foe

LONDON, Feb. 24.—The British official statement issued tonight says:

"We sprung a mine opposite Hulluch and occupied the crater. Today an artillery duel about Bac St. Maur ended in our favor. Our artillery bombarded hostile trenches near Frelinghein on the Ypres-Comines canal and east of Boesinghe with success."

QUOTES RECORD ON ORIENTAL LABOR

(Continued from Page One.)

necting up this particular section of the country with the boundary country, the development which will take place along this road warrants the investment.

Mine Smelter Developments.

Mr. Campbell went on to deal with the Slocan country. In early days this particular section of the country the mines produced a very large tonnage of silver lead ores. At depth, unfortunately, the ores turned zincy and from the years 1899 to 1912 there was very little being done in a mining way in this particular section of the country, but the development since this date has been gradual and it was now found that many mines have been brought back to the shipping list and with the zinc processes that have been developed within the last two years it is only reasonable to expect that, with the large water power developments which can be brought about in the surrounding country, just so soon as processes are worked out and put on a commercial basis it will mean the erection of very large works for the taking care of the enormous tonnage of zinc ore than be can produced from the Slocan country.

Labor Favors Compensation Act.

Ernest Miller, M.P.P., said he would reply to some criticisms of Mr. Oliver in regard to the Workmens Compensation bill. Mr. Oliver was in such a hurry to spring a bill of his own that he copied the Washington statute, one clause of which deprived a widow who remarried of her compensation. "That was in John's bill, but was struck out of ours."

Mr. Oliver stated that the bill we are presenting did not protect the compensation the workman was entitled to against garnishment or attachment." Mr. Miller read from the new bill the section which makes it illegal to assign, charge or attach any portion of the compensation. Continuing, he said that he heard statements were made that the unions were opposed to this act. It was not a fact, but on the contrary, the British Columbia Federation of Labor at its convention a few weeks ago passed a resolution instructing its executive to do everything in its power to see that the bill became law at the next session. Mr. McVety, the president, said that the bill, with the improvements they had recommended, was the best in the world.

Liberals Favor Chinese.

Mr. Farris had accused the government of neglect of duty in allowing

(Continued on Page Three.)

Variety

Yes! More than that--entertainment, pleasure, happiness both for yourself and visitors.

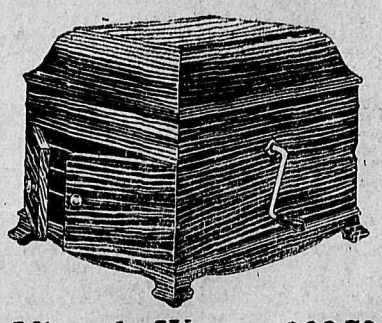
Victor Records give you all this in the most delightful form imaginable.

Here are a few new ones, which we know you'll thoroughly enjoy. Call in today and hear them at any "His Master's Voice" dealers. They'll be played for you on the Victrola—the instrument which is making the homes of your many friends and neighbors so cheerful and happy.

Three ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records—90 cents for the two selections.

Mignon Overture—Part 1, Mignon Overture—Part 2, Victor Concert Orchestra — 17909
When It's Orange-Blossom Time in Loveland, Poppy Time in Old Japan, Peerless Quartet, J. Reed—J. F. Harrison — 17924
Beatrice Fairfax Tell Me What to Do!, What's the Use of Going Home, Ada Jones, Murray—Kaufman — 17926

Red Seal Record
Melodie (Air from "Orfeo") Mischa Elman 74459



Victrola IX . $66.50
With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections, your own choice) $80.00
SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS, IF DESIRED

Other Victrolas from $21 to $400 (on easy payments, if desired) at any "His Master's Voice" dealer's in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

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One Price from Coast to Coast
Victor Records—Made in Canada
Look for "His Master's Voice"
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COMPLETE LINE ALWAYS ON HAND
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NEW ADDRESS: ANNABLE BLOCK, 513 WARD STREET

News of Sport

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS DEFEAT SOLDIERS

Last night at the rink the High School hockey team defeated the 107th regimental team in a fast game of amateur hockey by a score of 3 to 1.

The first period of the game was very fast and most of the scoring was done in that period, Anderson scoring two goal for the High School and Gibbs putting in the first and only score for the soldiers.

In the second period the play was not so fast as the ice was getting very heavy. Just before time was called, Simmons secured the puck out of a scrimmage and scored the last goal for the school boys, making the final score 3-1 in favor of the students.

The lineup:

107th	High School
Goal	
Stewart	Boyes
Point	
Ramsden	Nagle
Cover	
Gibson	Corey
Rover	
Garde	Carrie
Centre	
Gibbs	Anderson
Left wing	
Smith	Notman
Right wing	
Higginbotham	Simmons

The game was handled by Dan Stewart and Bert Whitehead.

BEAT MONARCHS.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 24.—Playing on their home ice, the 61st battalion team registered a 2-goal victory over the Monarchs at the auditorium here tonight in the first game of a series of two, total goals to count.

TRAIL HOCKEY TEAM PLAYS PHOENIX TUESDAY

TRAIL, B. C., Feb. 24.—The Trail hockey team is to play at Phoenix next Tuesday night and this game will be the second in the series for the Nelson Daily News cup. Last night's game in which Trail was defeated by Phoenix, 2 to 1, winning for Phoenix not only the McBride cup, but the first game in a series for The Nelson News cup, which was a matter of agreement entered into between the teams before the game commnced.

Th game at Phoenix next Teusday night will also be the first game in a series of two games for a side bet of $1000; the second game for this wager to be played either at Trail or Rossland on the following Thursday or Friday night, according to the condition of the ice here. Archie Bishop and Harry Bishop will have charge of the game at Phoenix. A special train will leave Rossland at 11:30 o'clock Tuesday morning and will pick up the Trail supporters at the station here at 1 p. m., returning the same night after the game.

QUOTES RECORD ON ORIENTAL LABOR

(Continued from Page Two.)

Chinese to be employed underground on Vancouver island. Unfortunately it was not against the law to work Chinese underground on the island, but it would have been if the Conservative party had been allowed its way. It passed an act prohibiting this and it had gone from appeal to appeal until the privy council decided the government had not the power. The government then applied an educational test and through the policy of the Conservative party there had been a steady decrease in the number. In every contract entered into by the Conservative government for public works there was a white labor clause and a guarantee of fair wages.

Liberals Aided Yellow Labor.

When the Grand Trunk Pacific was before the Dominion house Conservatives moved amendments for a white labor clause and they were turned down by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and it remained for Mr. Bowser when the G. T. P. wished to get crown lands in British Columbia to make an extra contract with this stipulation. But the speaker would point out an even greater danger. A Chinaman, Tomey Hong in Vancouver had applied to the Conservative government collector of votes, to be put on the voters' list as a British subject. The collector refused and on appeal the chief justice directed the name to be put on. The collector refused, backed up by the attorney general, and the court of appeals said "You have to put this man on." The case went to the privy council which upheld the right to keep Orientals off the voters' lists. "What would have happened if the attorney general had been like the Liberals in Alberta. Our voters' lists would have been swamped with Chinamen and Japanese.

Liberal Policy in Prairies.

"A Liberal government placed Chinese and Japanese on the voters list and they voted. I am not making this charge behind a man's back. I made it in the presence of Premier Scott of Saskatchewan, when I sat on the same platform with him and he could not deny it. We are not responsible for Chinese working underground on the island and Mr. Campbell has given you his pledge to do all in his power to cause such employment to cease."

Farris Made Unfair Attack.

H. B. Thomson, M.P.P., said that he felt his friend and himself had been playing pretty well this week, and that he would deal with only one or two matters at the meeting. Referring to the visit of Mr. Farris, from Vancouver, he remarked that all liked to see a square deal in matters relating to the province's business and that Mr. Farris, while here, had made reference to the chief inspector of mines of British Columbia, Thomas Graham, which was unjust, and quite unfair and would tend to leave a wrong impression on the minds of citizens as regards the unfortunate accident in the Pacific Coast Coal mines properties when the water broke through and caused the death of a number of men, and when the accused could not be present to defend himself.

Mr. Thomson reviewed the whole affair from the time of the accident up to the final hearing before the jury in Nanaimo when Mr. Graham and the manager of the mines were acquitted of the charge of which this man Farris would have you believe he was guilty, and who could come here to make you believe that Graham, who was one of the best men in the province, was guilty of negligence.

John Wallace Debeque, Etc.

The speaker in comparing the history of the two men, Graham and Farris, spoke of the latter as "John Wallace Debeque Farris, B.A., LL.D., Arcadia university of N. S., university of Pennsylvania, Ann Arbor, Michigan, university," the latter place being the one at which he received the first prize in elocution. Mr. Thomson said that he was a society gentleman of Vancouver, that he could dive deeper, stay down longer and come up drier than any of them, and that the new German submarines were not in it with Debeque, great chap to get his name in the society columns of the Vancouver papers, pink teas, etc., and said that the Debeque pink teas of Vancouver were recognized as quite de luxe. He criticized the coast visitor for not tendering the voters while here one of his favorite pink teas.

Mr. Thomson said that on the other hand, the man Graham, whom Mr. Farris would have everyone believe was to blame, had worked at coal mining since he was 12 years of age, going from a trapper boy to a miner, came to Canada in the year 1888, mined in Alberta and Montana 12 years, in 1896 was one of six on the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners, arrived in British Columbia in 1902, working from overman to superintendent with the Western Fuel company, having charge of over 1200 men, during that time earning the reputation of being the most careful official, and where a ratio of fatalities per thousand persons was 1.78 against the provincial rate of 4.62 for the same period, said that Mr. Graham always took a keen interest in first aid work and before the introduction of compulsory maintenance or rescue apparatus in the mines under his charge, equipped and maintained the first mine rescue station in the province with a trained crew of 40 men. He was now a member of the Canadian Mining institute, being chairman of the western branch, is also first vice-president of the Mine Inspectors' institute of the United States, and following his first attendance at the inspectors' institute in Columbus, Ohio, in 1912, the late Dr. Holmes, chief director of the bureau of mines at Washington, D. C., wrote that Graham was given a hearty welcome, and said that if he had prefited as much from the suggestions made there as the other inspectors did from the suggestions which he, Graham, had made, he felt the department of mines of British Columbia should be pleased with the result of his visit.

Thus the speaker left with the people the record of the two men, a man of education and great advantage hammering a self made mixer, from which to draw their own conclusions, and after treating with other matters which the campaign had brought out, and after paying some little attention to the Socialist member from Ladysmith, *Parker Williams, stating that he could* not see why he would write a letter to the Liberal candidate instead of the Socialist, he referred to the thing as mere "flap doodle," stating further that Mr. Williams did not give employment to a single white man, where, on the other hand the man he would attack, L. A. Campbell, not only gave such employment, but at a good living wage.

The meeting wound up with the singing of the national anthem.

Nominations took place today before returning officer, R. T. Evans, when Hon. Lorne A. Campbell, Mayor W. D Wilson and W. W. Lefeaux were nominated as the Conservative, Liberal and Socialist candidates, respectively.

4 DEAD, 3 ILL AND 13 CANADIANS WOUNDED

OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—Four men are posted dead, three are reported seriously ill, 13 wounded and one suffering from shock in the list of casualties issued last midnight. The list follows:

1st Battalion.

Wounded—G. Camches, Greece.

Severely wounded—H. Morgan, South Wales.

2nd Battalion.

Shell shock—Corp. J. Maxwell, England.

Wounded—J. Gage, Ireland.

3rd Battalion.

Previously reported missing, now killed in action—H. Howe, Toronto.

Wounded—S. Betts, England.

W. Marriott, England.

11th Battalion.

Seriously ill—Corp. R. Donovan, England.

13th Battalion.

Wounded, but returned to duty—Lance-Corp. A. R. Foster, Springhill, N.S.

16th Battalion.

Seriously ill — George Youngson, Scotland.

21st Battalion.

Wounded—Spencer Cummings, Gananoque, Ont.

26th Battalion.

Killed in action—N. McCaine, St. John.

Wounded—W. Anning, St. Andrews, N.B.

29th Battalion.

Wounded—E. E. Smiley, England.

55th Battalion.

Died—Lance-Corp. W. A. Gordon, Penniac, N.B.

Canadian Cavalry Division.

Killed in action—G. A. Bishop, Winnipeg.

6th Howitzer Brigade.

Wounded—Driver F. Springett, England.

Reserve Park.

Slightly wounded—Driver R. E. Gangley, Montreal.

5th Field Company, 2nd C.D.E.

Seriously wounded—R. Milligan, Ireland.

C. A. S. C. Training Depot.

Seriously ill—G. H. Green, Saskatoon.

Joseph Bonhomme, who assaulted Editor Omer Chaput in the office of Le Temps in connection with the bilingual dispute, was fined $20 in police court.

GERMANS ARE ANXIOUS ABOUT "TOMORROW"

No More Hope if They Fail to Win This Year—Are Now Making Bread from Acorns

"Either the Germans will win definitely by land during the year 1916 or the British by sea in 1917. Thus think and fear the Germans themselves."

This was said by a well known neutral, whose books have a wide circulation. *This man who wishes to remain* anonymous, has returned from several months spent in Germany, and, especially, in Berlin, Hamburg and Munich. He is writing a book of his impressions, and, below, is the gist of them:

"You have no idea of the hatred—and the fear—Germans have toward England. Remember, fear, as well as hatred. Having accused England of starting the war, they now accuse her of wishing to carry it on to a decisive end. The Germans know well the English, their failings and their virtues. Above all, they know their cool and determined perseverence. If the allies can continue the war only through 1916 the Germans hope to win.

Stupendous Losses

"Grinding their teeth, Germans declare that their worst blows have come from England. Before the war, Germany had 1,000,000 square kilometres of colonial possessions. Nearly all this has gone. They have lost their West Africa, lost Togoland, lost their Pacific possessions, lost Kiachow, almost lost Kamerun. England has destroyed their colonial empire. Before the war, Germany had 2000 merchant ships with 80,000 sailors on the high seas. The English have captured, sunk or caused to be interned all these. The German flag has disappeared from the oceans. Before the war, Germany exported 12,000,000 marks' worth of stuff, and imported 18,000,000 marks' worth. England, with her blockade, has destroyed this enormous commerce. Industries which do not work directly for war supplies have either gone bankrupt or ceased to pay dividends. Even the Berliner Tageblatt's commercial reports show that is true.

"The English blockade has done far more than Germans admit abroad, while the attempted blockade of English ports by German submarines is an acknowledged failure in Germany. The English have sunk between 60 and 70 submarines in the North sea and are ruining Germany's trade with Sweden. With the Balkan campaign, Germany tries to smash the blockade, but even getting into Asia will never give her the sea. And the Germans know that by the sea this war will be won in 1917. *In 1916, Germay may yet hope* to win by land. Therefore, the Germans prepare a huge attack in Flanders to reach Calais, and an expedition against Egypt.

"Anxiety About Tomorrow"

"Germany is not yet depressed; she is bad humored. Germans are now grumbling at the chancellor, the Socialists and the Russian campaign. If you ask me what controls Germany's mental attitude today, I should say, 'Anxiety about tomorrow.'

"Germans no longer hope to make a separate peace with any one of the allies, no longer hope for a Russian revolution or an English colonial rebellion; but they know that the war will be decided by fighting. But when? Must it drag on through 1917?. Men are getting scarce. Even taking the official returns, which come out three months late and take no account of slightly wounded men, Germany loses 150,000 men per month. Up to Dec. 1, 1916, their losses will be 4,500,000 men. This leaves them but a little over 3,000,000, including the classes of 1916 and 1917. At least 1,000,000 of these must be used for auxiliary services. The problem is disquieting, because they can't take any more men away from agriculture and industries. During last November alone, the number of women employed in metallurgical works and transports rose from 140,000 to 155,000.

In an Iron Ring

"The Austrians have ordered the use of all their resources in men. The Bulgars scarcely suffice for the Balkan front. They can't take the Turks into Germany for the French and Russian fronts, because they will be wanted for the Egyptian campaign. The ever-lengthening German front is the more dangerous, because the allies are ever meeting it. Russia can have 10,000,000 or 12,000,000 men under arms by spring. Only France has put all her available men under arms. England and Italy have large human resources yet. Of course, the Germans have their munitions and heavy guns. But this advantage is fast disappearing, because the allies are doing the same thing. The French clung to their light guns till last spring. But they are making heavy cannon as fast as they can. The Germans know this, and regret it, saying their victories were owing to heavy artillery.

Food Dear and Scarce

"Take finances. At first the allies underrated *Germany's financial* resources. Now they overrate them. Food is both dear and scarce. Augustus Winning, secretary of the Socialist party, said that the victualling problem has ceased to become a national question, and is now a humanitarian one. He may have exaggerated, but the fact remains that the Germans have not enough fatty foods to sustain their strength. The state railways syndicate reported to the government that their best men have lost weight and strength, and, therefore, working power, since the war, owing to scanty nourishment. Even rabbits—domestic ones—have been registered by the state. There are milk tickets now in many cities. Holland *sends in huge quantities of acorns.* First, the tannic acid is extracted from them, then they make bread of them. Tallow is eaten instead of butter. No wonder the Germans are bad tempered.

"There is enormous speculation in food. But the government dare not irritate the agrarian and rich land owning classes. The government has not even ventured to tax them on their war profits. And this proves to me the weak part of that much vaunted German organization. A butter merchant in Berlin made a net profit of 20,000 marks per day on butter when I was there. But the government think that if the rich add their discontent to that of the poor, a revolu*tion would be the speedy result.*

"The soldiers are no longer well fed. On the Swiss frontier, in Alsatia, I saw ther rations, consisting of a cup of black coffee for breakfast, watery soup and black bread at midday, and black coffee at night—nothing more. They no longer talk of going to Paris or invading England. They tell you they want to go home to their wives and children.

"A curious order has been issued in Germany and Austria, saying that women punished for having love affairs with prisoners of war will hear that punishment proclaimed in their native towns and villages by the German soldiery, who will summon all the inhabitants by drum tattoo.

"These are some of the facts whereon I base my opinion that Germany can hold out through 1916 with hope of victory but no longer."

KAISER'S PROTOTYPES IN THE SCRIPTURES

In his readings H. M. Macrae, of Toronto has come across some passages in Rollins' Ancient History appearing to him paritcularly applicable at the present time. The remarks are made in the preface and although there is not sufficient space in a single column to republish all of them, we are very glad to give the most significant extracts. The author begins by saying that profane history proclaims universally the justice of the Almighty and the admirable wisdom with which His providence governs the universe. Indeed, nothing gives history a greater superiority to many branches of literature than to see in a manner imprinted in almost every page of it the lasting proofs of this great truth, namely, that God disposes all events as Supreme Lord and Sovereign; that He alone determines the fate of kings and the duration of empires; that He transfers the government of the kingdoms from one nation to another because of the unrighteous dealings and wickedness committed therein. Rollins continues:

God has vouchsafed to us, in Holy Scripture, a part of the relation of the several nations of the earth to His own people; and the little so discovered diffuses a great light over the history of those nations, of whom we shall have but a very imperfect idea, unless we have recourse to the inpired writer. They alone display, and bring to light the secret thoughts of princes, their incoherent projects, their foolish pride, their implous and cruel ambition; they reveal the true causes and hidden springs of victories and overthrows; of the grandeur and declension of nations; the rise and ruin of states; and teach us what indeed is the principal benefit to be derived from history, the judgment which the Almighty forms both of princes and empires, and consequently what idea we ourselves ought to entertain of them. Not to mention Egypt, that served at first as the cradle (if we may be allowed the expression) of the holy nation; and which afterwards was a severe prison and a fiery furnace to it (Exodus 6:6; Deut. 4:20); and at last the scene of the most astonishing miracles that God ever wrought in favor of Israel; not to mention, I say, Egypt, the mights empires of Nineveh and Babylon furnish a thousand *proofs of* the truth here advanced.

Some Early Kaisers.

The most powerful monarchs, Tiglath-Pileser, Shalmaneser, Sennacherib, Nebuchadnezzar and many more were, in God's hands, as so many instruments which He employed to punish the transgressions of His people.

"He lifted up an ensign to the nations from far and hissed unto them from the end of the earth to come and receive his orders."

He himself put the sword into their hands and appointed their marches daily. He breathed courage and ardor into their soldiers, made their armies indefatigable in labor and invincible in battle and spread terror and consternation wherever they directed their steps. The rapidity of their conquests ought to have enabled them to discern the invisible hand which conducted them. But, says one of these kings in the name of the name of the rest: "By the strength of my hand I have done it and by my wisdom; for I am prul dent, and I have removed the bounds of the people and have robbed their treasures and I have put down the inhabitants like a valiant man. And my hand hath found as a nest the riches of the people; and as one gathereth eggs that are left, have I gathered all the earth; and there was none that moved the wing or opened the mouth or peeped."

The Fall of Sennacherib.

But this monarch so august and wise in his own eyes, how did he appear in that of the Almighty? "Only as a subaltern agent, a servant sent by his master, "The rod of his anger, and staff in his hand." God's design was to chastise, not to extirpate his children. But Sennacherib "had it in his heart to destroy and to cut off all nations." What then will be the issue of this kind of contest between the designs of God and those of this prince? At the time that he fancied himself already possessed of Jerusalem the Lord, with a single blase disperses all his proud hopes; destroys in one night a hundred and four score and five thousand of his forces; and putting a "hook in his nose and a bridle in his lips" (as though he had been a wild beast) He leads him back to his own dominions, covered with infamy, through the midst of those nations, who, but a little before had beheld him in all his pride and haughtiness. Nebuchadnezzer, King of Babylon, appears still more visibly governed by a Providence to which he himself is an entire stranger, but which presides over all his deliberations and determines all his actions.

End of Nebuchadnezzar's Dream.

The same Nebuchadnezzar eager to immortalize his name by the grandeur of his exploits, was determined to heighten the glory of his conquests by his splendor and magnificence in embellishing the capital of his empire with pompous edifices and the most sumptuous ornaments. But whilst a set of adulating courtiers, on whom he lavished the highest honors and immense riches, make all places resound with his name, an august senate of watchful spirits is formed who weigh in the balance of truth the actions of the kings and pronounce upon them a sentence from which there is no appeal. The king of Babylon is cited before this tribunal, in which there pre*sides the supreme judge, who to a vig*ilance which nothing can elude, adds a holiness which will not allow of the least irregularity, Vigil et sanctus. In the tribunal all Nebuchadnezzar's actions which were the admiration and wonder of the public, are examined with rigor; and a search is made into the inward recesses of his heart to discover his most hidden thoughts. How will this formidable enquiry end? At the instant that Nebuchadnezzar, walking in his palace, and revolving with a secret complacency, his exploits, his grandeur and mangificence, is saying to himself:

"Is not this great Babylon that I built for the house of the kingdom, by the might of my power, and for the *honor of my majesty?" In this very* instant, when by vainly flattering himself that he held his power and kingdom from himself, alone, he usurped the seat of the Almighty; a voice from heaven pronounces his sentence and declares to him (Daniel 4:31-32) that his kingdom has departed from him, that he should de driven from men and his dwelling be with the beasts of the field, until he knew that the Most High ruled in the kingdom of men and gave them to whomsoever He would.

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FRIDAY, FEB. 25, 1916.

THEY KNOW WHAT CAMPBELL WILL CARRY OUT

In striking contrast to the vague and indefinite suggestions which have been tentatively and somewhat hesitatingly put forward by the Liberal speakers during the present campaign is the definite, straightforward and vigorous policy for increasing the mining output, its payroll and the number of men employed which has been placed before the electors by Hon. Lorne A. Campbell, the new minister of mines.

Mr. Campbell has told the people what they may expect from him if he is returned at the byelection tomorrow. As far as he is concerned they will not be voting in the dark. Last night he mentioned some further developments of especial importance to Rossland which he proposes to press. These include the construction of the Pend d'Oreille railroad and of a highway to Christina lake.

And Mr. Campbell's fellow citizens in Rossland know that he possesses the force and the ability necessary to push to success the program which he has outlined.

On the other hand, what can the electors of Rossland expect from W. D. Willson, who, if he were elected, would be simply a private member in opposition?

NO REASON FOR SUPPORTING W. D. WILLSON

The Rossland byelection campaign closes tonight. In the course of many addresses by various Liberal speakers no valid reason has been given why the electors tomorrow should take any other course than to return Hon. L. A. Campbell, minister of mines. That he is the best qualified man available for the portfolio has not been seriously questioned; neither has the advantage which Rossland would hold as the seat of the minister of mines been denied. It has not been shown that W. D. Willson could do as much for Rossland as Mr. Campbell, or that he could accomplish as much for the province. It has not been shown that he could accomplish anything for the development of either the province or Rossland. The electors have simply been asked to forget the interests of Rossland and its people and the interests of the mining industry of British Columbia and vote for Mr. Willson in order that the government, whose shoes the coast Liberal leaders are eager to fill, might be embarrassed.

PRESIDENT WILSON MAKES HIS POSITION CLEAR

President Wilson has made it abundantly clear in his letter to Senator Stone that he will neither tolerate interference by congress with his foreign policy nor allow the central empires to draw the United States into the humiliating position of ordering its citizens to give up their right of traveling on belligerent merchantmen in order to avoid disagreement with Germany. The president's stand, in face of the strong opinions which have been voiced in both the senate and the house of representatives, is courageous, but he will probably find that he has the majority of the members of congress with him. There is almost certain, however, to be a marked departure from straight party voting if the question goes to a division upon the direct issue. Some Democrats will bolt and some Republicans will be found on the side of the chief executive.

STUPID MISREPRESENTATIONS ABOUT THE PROVINCE

A sample of the kind of campaign literature which is being handed to the electors by Liberal speakers and publications appears in the Vancouver Sun. The other day Hon. C. E. Tisdall exploded the charge that the agricultural development of the province had been neglected by showing that the production of farm produce had increased in 10 years from $5,954,000 to $30,800,000. The Sun makes a ludicrous attempt to throw doubt upon these figures by quoting the Dominion report of the 1914 production of "field crops" in British Columbia, which totaled $11,463,000. It would be insulting to the intelligence of the chief Liberal organ to suggest that it does not know that "field crops" are only a part of British Columbia's agricultural production. They do not include fruit, many vegetables, dairy products, meat, poultry, etc.

The plain, undeniable fact is that British Columbia's agricultural production, stimulated by government policies and administrative measures, has grown $25,000,000 in 10 years. Such stupid blue ruin misrepresentations, while they may do harm among outside investors, will deceive no one in this province who has watched the progress of the industry.

A big German bank has failed. It must have been feeding on too strong a diet of German war bonds.

The German offensive on the western front gives even less promise of success than the attacks at Ypres. The French line, like that of the British and Canadians, bends but it does not break.

No man sent down to the legislature at Victoria can do anything like as much for Rossland as Hon. Lorne A. Campbell, minister of mines.

"The Liberal party is not, and never can be, the political mouthpiece of the working class in British Columbia."—That is the opinion of the British Columbia Federationist, the chief Labor organ in the province.

Germans are employing women to do work on the eastern front at which they do not care to risk the lives of their *soldiers*. Kultur does not appear any more desirable as its qualities become better known.

Premier Bowser announces that $1,000,000 or more is to be raised to make loans to farmers under the Agricultural Credits act. The news that the government has been able to make such arrangements will be welcome to farmers who are in need of cash to make their land productive.

In 1910 imports of agricultural produce exceeded the production in this province by 5 per cent; in 1915 agricultural production in the province exceeded importations by 88 per cent. Yet the Liberal speakers would have it appear that the development of this industry has been neglected.

Upon Rossland's vote tomorrow depends whether it will remain the seat of the minister of mines or some other constituency is to have that advantage. If it elects Hon. Lorne A. Campbell *it will take advantage of the opportunities* which have been given it; if it elects W. D. Willson it will throw those opportunities to the wind and get nothing in return.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

Cause for Thankfulness.

The financial affairs of Canada are *certainly in safe and able hands.*—Peterboro Review.

Getting Used to Big Things.

Government expenditures on railways in Canada amount to $648,000,000. This huge sum is less staggering now that we are thinking in terms of hundreds of millions for war purposes.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Objects to Failures.

The kaiser disapproves of zeppelin raids, it is said. Especially the last one, when the air murderers clean missed a school filled with young women.—Montreal Mail.

Power of Good for Rossland.

Mr. Campbell is standing on his record as a business man and his experience in mining that fits himself for the office of minister of mines. The people of Rossland thoroughly understand Mr. Campbell and appreciate his worth at its true value and although Mr. Willson, the Liberal nominee, has been the choice of the people for mayor, the electorate of that district realize that Mr. Campbell, as a member and a cabinet officer will be able to do a power of good for Rossland the whole province.—Victorian.

RED CROSS NOTES.

The following *donations* have been received: Proceeds of sacred concert at South Slocan, $20; proceeds of entertainment by Edgewood club, $27.50; nine helpless case shirts, Women's institute, Willow Point; 10 dozen large surgical bandages, 39 dozen small pads, Nelson branch I.O.D.E.; 131 roller bandages, 10 triangular, six towels, three pillow slips, three napkins, five shirts, two hot water bottle covers, two handkerchiefs, old linen and flannel, Ladies' Patriotic club, New Denver; old linen, Mrs. R. M. Bird.

In response to Queen Mary's appeal, 128 helpless shirts have been forwarded from the Women of Nelson and Willow Point.

COLD STORAGE.

Things to worry about: Dinner on a Mexican railway diner costs $860 (Mexican paper.

A counter irritant—the woman who doesn't know what she wants, but insists on asking for it.

Husband—There's no use talking, my dear, saving money doesn't make one feel any better.

Wife—But I don't want to feel any better.

"Love cannot die."

"Maybe not. But sometimes it gets a trifle bilious."

"The planet Jupiter has five moons."

"How romantic the nights must be there!"

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

At New York—Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam; Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa.
At Boston—Canopic, Genoa.
At Portland—Sardinia, Glasgow.
At Havre—Corinthian, St. John.

THE APPLE INDUSTRY.

The action of the Federal government in increasing the duty to 90 cents per barrel upon apples imported into Canada is of prime importance to British Columbia. Mr. W. E. Scott, deputy minister of agriculture, characterizes it as the best piece of news that has been received for a long time in relation to the fruit growing industry. The high duty to be imposed should very materially stimulate the apple industry and preserve to the growers the home market, which was being invaded by competitors from the other side of the line to an extent which menaced the very life of the industry.

There is every reason to believe, we are told, that the 1916 crop in the northwestern states will be at least double the 1914 crop, or treble that of 1915. The growers and their selling agents are reported to despair of successfully marketing all the product. In fact, the conditions of 1914, bad as they were, would have been worse next *year in this province had not the government* at Ottawa come to the rescue in the manner stated.—Victoria Colonist.

THE CASTLES.

The Castles had just danced for the last time. The biggest crow the Hippodrome ever held had applauded and tossed flowers and chatted cheerfully about Irene's flimsy forcks and Vernon's tailless tunic. Most of the women had devoted moments of special discussion to the topic of Irene's new white wig. Practically all of the men had looked the monster house over and wondered how many thousands of dollars were reposing in the box office as the essential and important product of the Castles' last night on the stage.

Many had wondered what share of it Irene and Vernon would get, and the more vulgar had observed that Vernon was a sublimated simp for walking out of a show where he was getting his half of $1500 a week to go over and afford a physically difficult target for expert German wing shots. A good many people had remarked casually that Vernon spoke but little and Irene not at all, but that was nothing to astonish. It was to be conceived that Vernon had nothing in particular to say and that Irene had realized that she is a looker, exclusively. There were even Castle fans present who remembered their throbbing sorrow when Irene—in "Watch Your Step"—first spoke in public, and the sense of personal bereavement which came when she sang.

Of course, there was some gossip about the separation of Vernon and Irene. There's been such a lot said about it, you know. But that didn't amount to much, because Vernon had denied it and then they wouldn't be dancing together, you know, if all those stories were true. So no one paid much attention to that except some people who had seats on the edge of the stage where they happened to be able to see and hear when Vernon met a squad of reporters.

"O, that's absurd," Vernon was saying to them. "Why should I separate from my wife? She is a charming woman and we have no differences. Yes, I'm going away, but I'm an Englishman and it seems to me that it oughtn't to be difficult to understand why I am be going away. I can't see why you should draw any conclusions that are unfair and unkind to my wife."

Of course that went round from one to another on the stage and the gossip about the separation died.

And then the man who knew things conversed confidentially with his friend in a retired corner, off the stage. "Great business," he said. "A little more than six thousand—not quite sixty-two hundred. The Castles got about twenty-eight hundred for their share. They split it; fourteen hundred apiece. And that is Vernon's bank roll. You see he went up to see Dillingham and told him that he needed the money to go to Europe and join the army flying corps. Nothing new. He hasn't a nickel. Just can't keep money. Told Dillingham that he had a couple of thousand dollars owing to him for something or other and offered to turn over his claim for about 50 per cent cash, so he could go on over. 'Won't lend you any money,' Dillingham said. 'Make you work for it.'

"'How?' Vernon asks.

"'Dance a Sunday night at the Hippodrome for me. Give you 50 per cent of the profits. Irene can come in from the show and go back again on a midnight train.'

"'I'd rather not,' Vernon said. 'Stopped dancin', y' know. Got all I can do to get my pilot's license. Not an easy trick, this flying thing.'

"'Gotto do it,' Dillingham says, 'if you want money. Guarantee a thousand for your part.'

"'Good enough,' Vernon says. 'When do I do it?'

"So, you see, he goes over to get shot at with just what's left of this fourteen hundred in his kick. And I wouldn't give you $3 for it if he don't sail quick."

"How about Irene" asked the friend of the man who knows things. Has she—"

"*Got it? Has she? Scads! The polo* horses belong to her, and the place on Long Island, and the motor cars, and she's got an income of more than $30,000 a year from corset and toilet articles and things that are named after her. Irene's a good little business woman. She's on Easy Street."

And the cosversation ended here on account of the commotion which was caused by Mrs. Castle's departure to take the midnight train back to the show.

Well, bye bye, Vernon, old top. You're going to fly high, but you're a good sport!—New York Correspondence in Cincinnati Times-Star.

THE WEATHER.

	Max.	Min.
Nelson	39	23
Dawson	12	0
Victoria	50	36
Vancouver	42	32
Calgary	44	26
Medicine Hat	44	24
Edmonton	44	30
Battleford	42	12
Prince Albert	30	-6
Moose Jaw	35	10
Regina	31	-3
Winnipeg	6	-4

LET THE BEST BULLDOG WIN

We shall be deceiving ourselves very gravely if we imagine that the opposition of the English working classes to obligatory military service is strong enough to hasten the end of the war. If our authorities flatter themselves with such a hope as this they will find themselves as lamentably *mistaken as* they did at the beginning of the war, when they reckoned on revolutions in Russia and in Ireland. We believe that the opposition of the English workers will melt away like snow in the sunshine before the united will of the nation. Do not let us be misled by the bickerings among members of parliament or by the loud bickerings of Labor leaders. The signs are evident that the English people as a whole have their teeth set, and that they are determined to keep their eyes averted from the brink of the abyss toward which they are rushing. In other words the war will go on to the bitter end—bitter for ourselves no less than for the foe. Then let us palaver no more about peace and about mediation. Let us, too, set our teeth and may whichever side has most of the bulldog in him win.—The Fremdenblatt (Hamburg.)

THE SLAYER.

Kaiser, Kaiser, burning red
In the cypress of the dead,
What immortal hand or eye
Can shape thy *fearful* destiny?

In what future deeps of woe
Will thine eyes of fury glow?
On what vengeance wilt thou brood
In black, soundless solitude?

And what sunning and what lie
Will serve thee when the dead go by?
And when they pass, the sacrificed,
And thou art face to face with Christ.

What the harvest, what the guilt
Of the blood that thou hast spilt?
And when God asks man, shall he live?
What the answer they will give.

When the seed of life was cast
To the waters and the blast,
Did He Know that thou shouldst be?
Did He Who made the lamb make thee?

Kaiser, Kaiser, burning red
In the cypress of the dead,
What immortal hand or eye
Can shape thy fearful destiny?

—Harold Begbie.

IF GERMANY HAD SEA POWER

The pressure which we exert on Germany through our blockade is no exhibition of frightfulness in reply to frightfulness. It may, indeed, help to end the war, but, if it does so, it will *be by methods which are universally* recognized as legitimate in the case of besieged towns and are no different in effect in the case of besieged countries. There is not the slightest doubt—for the Germans have again confessed it—that if the case were reversed and our enemy had the advantage of sea power, he would use it to the last ounce against us. We must not claim that the American people are on our side in this conflict, but we find it difficult to believe that the great democ*ratic people of the New World will* allow their influence to be used to disarm the democratic peoples of the Old World in their struggle for liberty against military domination. If Americans are in doubt, let us say to them that we are confident of our own power to defend ourselves against submarine atrocities and that we look to them only to give us a fair field without favor in other respects.—Westminster Gazette.

NEW INDUSTRIAL CANADA

Canada is being wonderfully changed because of the war. It is becoming one of the considerable sources of war supplies for the Allies; not merely of agricultural and forest products, but of manufactures as well. They have their booms in war brides just as we in this country have them; and the sudden diversification of manufacturing is having a telling effect on the community. Canada produces—this is an illustration—about three-quarters of the nickel used in the world. Refining that nickel has been regarded as impracticable in Canada, and so the crude metal has been shipped away, chiefly to this country, for refinement. Now the Canadians are waking up to the possibility of keeping this industry at home Why not pay a bonus to have it done there; or impose an export tax on ores shipped away for refinement? That is only symptomatic. But it indicates the new processes stirring in the Canadian mind. It is a good guess that the first generation after the war will see Canada make strides, in population and industry, such as have never been dreamed in the past.—Washington Times.

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THE BYELECTION AND THE WORKING MAN.

We suppose a considerable majority of the Rossland electors are working men, employed in the mines. Mr. Farris may be expected to speak to these men in the same sense and tone as his herecent political speech at the labor temple in this city. This address denounced the attorney-general for allowing the militia to be called out to restore order in Nanaimo district after the local police had been overcome and the special police driven off. The fact is that the call of the militia was a greater blessing to the rioters than to anyone else. Most of the miners had no criminal intent, but they had been led on until there was almost a certainty of loss of life if the trouble had not been brought to an end. No person seriously believes in mob rule. The militia has no interest in the Nanaimo despatch. In restoring order they hurt nobody, and allowed no person to hurt their fellow man.

It is the part of a demagogue to try to stir up again those troubles, still more to justify the rioting which the militia brought to an end and to denounce the attorney-general for taking a course which Mr. Farris would himself have taken and been obliged to take if he had been in Mr. Bowser's place. So far as can be learned, the recent speech of Mr. Farris to the labor men of Vancouver has been treated rather derisively by those who heard it. These men are exceeding competent to estimate such an appeal at its proper value.

If Mr. M. A. Macdonald shall find next week, as his friends have found in other elections, that their success in gathering in the labor vote, in spite of their careful plans, ingenious stage management and their class appeals, is pathetically small, they may begin to realize that they are making themselves entirely too cheap. The organized laborers may not have much use for party leaders of any kind, but they have least use for those who talk palpable claptrap A public man who will frankly fight them when he thinks they are wrong, and who assists them with useful legislation when he can, without making much fuss about it, is more to their mind.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

After a week's pratise, Ellisworth McClure, 15, and Violet Montecue, 16, of Chicago, eloped on a bicycle, the girl riding the handlebars. The love bike skidded and pursuers overtook them.

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La Beaute is a noted European formula designed to promote glossy eyebrows and long, luxuriant eyelashes. Applied at night its effect is magical.

"La Beaute" is guaranteed to do just what we claim. It is mailed to you in a plain sealed package for 50 events. Order a package today.

THE LEONARD IMPORTING AND MANUFACTURING CO.
502 Holden Building,
Vancouver, B. C.

FURS.

New furs made up. Old furs repaired and remodeled, skins dressed and mounted at moderate prices. Phone 106. Best prices paid for raw furs.
G. GLASER,
Manufacturing Furrier, 416 Ward St., Nelson.

COWAN'S Perfection COCOA

Little Miss "MAIDEN" CANADA Registered

Don't miss half the usefulness of this Cocoa. Try it for icing—good results!

337

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY, NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON STREET, NELSON, B.C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock. Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P.O. BOX 134 PHONE 178

Kresolyn

What Is It?

IT IS DISINFECTANT AND ANIMAL DIP FOR CATTLE, POULTRY AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS

A SURE CURE FOR LICE, MITES, ROUP, ETC.

ASK FOR CIRCULAR

IT IS WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

Quarts—Price .....80c Half-Gallons $1.30
One Gallon $2.35

Nelson Hardware Co.
PHONE 21 NELSON, B. C.

Breakfast Notes For Early Spring Mornings

PURITY OATS.
Free from hulls; delightful flavor, easily cooked. Large family packet 25c
Small family carton 15c

PURITY WHEAT FLAKES.
Are the entire wheat. Specially selected from white winter wheat, cleaned, polished and flaked. They make a delightful change for a breakfast cereal. Large size tube, each.....25c
Ask for a Purity Premium List. Premiums given away with the above cereals are absolutely free. Save your coupons. Take our word for it, it is worth while.

ROMAN MEAL.
Our new price 25c

CORN FLAKES.
Kellog's, six packages 55c

SHREDDED WHEAT BISCUITS
Package 15c
3 packages 40c

HOMINY GRITS or CRACKED HOMINY.
Package 15c

MAPLE SYRUP.
Kelly's Pure Maples is the genuine product of the maple tree. Quart bottle 60c

WAFFLE SYRUP
Is a delightful maple mixture. Hard to tell from the genuine. Quart bottle 35c

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.
Ready for use; makes light, tempting pancakes. Pkg...40c

OLYMPIC PANCAKE FLOUR.
Try this for your morning hot cakes. No trouble; always ready at a moment's notice. Package 40c

COFFEE.
Honestly, you have not tasted coffee until you have tried our blend. Others may be good, BUT— Ours are fresh off the roaster and always fresh. Our Mocha and Java blend is..50c

OUR PHONE NUMBER IS 56

If You Cannot Come Down Town Let us Shop for You.

Bell Trading Co.
The Home of Good Groceries.
BAKER STREET,
PHONE 56.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. No more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mines and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Advertisements Are Real Business-Getters

192

7365

Is the winning number in our weekly drawing for a pair of $5 Shoes. Holder of this ticket please call.

Ask for ticket with your purchase.

R. Andrew & Co.
LEADERS IN FOOT FASHION.

Try Us With Your
Mail Orders

Everything in Drugs, Patent Medicines, Kodaks and Supplies. Drug Sundries.

Poole Drug Co.
LIMITED
P. O. Box 505 Nelson, B. C.

TODAY AND SATURDAY

We shall have a

Lady Demonstrator

Demonstrating the Many Uses of

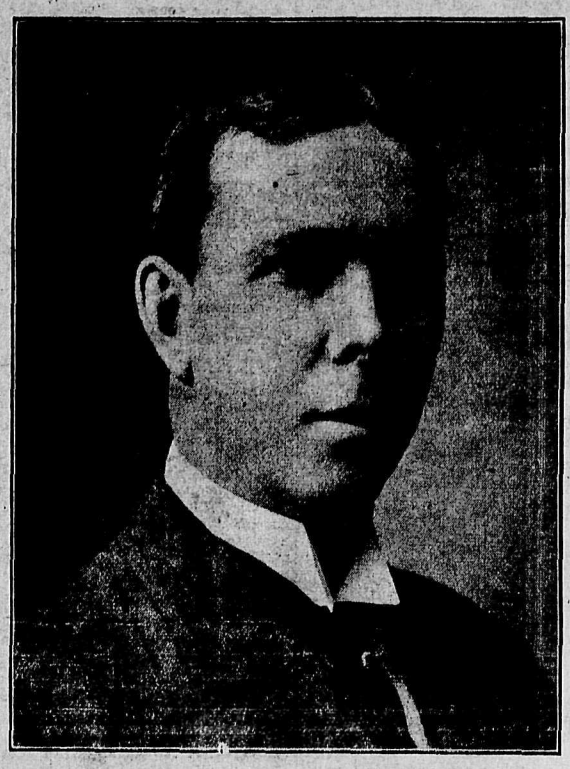
Roman Meal

Everybody Come. Free Samples.

Roman Meal, package 25c
Roman Meal Nuggets, package, 10c and 25c

Star Grocery
PHONE 10.

Hon. Lorne A. Campbell's Address to Electors of Rossland



To the Electors of Rossland:

Gentlemen,—As a result of a recognition by the Provincial Government of the claims of Rossland upon the portfolio of Mines, I was a short time ago done the honor of being elevated to that position by the Premier, the Hon. W. J. Bowser. It is therefore incumbent upon me to seek your suffrages at the byelection to be held on February 26.

It would be superfluous for me to take up your time with any lengthy explanation of my public record. I am so well known to all of you; I have lived among you so long; my own interests are so closely interwoven with your own that it is quite unnecessary for me to say anything upon those points.

I desire, however, to remind you that it is vital in the best interests of Rossland that the community should go on record as endorsing the decision of the Government that this constituency is entitled to the portfolio of Mines. I feel that it is vitally important that the Government action in the regard should be endorsed by you, for you will thus create a precedent which future Governments will require to take into consideration.

I have no hesitation in saying that in my judgment a new era is opening for Rossland. I have the best of reasons for saying that the policies of the Government of which I am privileged to be a member will very materially tend to the expansion of the Mining Industry and the creation of new avenues of employment, through the opening up of new properties.

In conclusion I may be permitted to say that I have the very greatest confidence in Rossland. I believe that its future was never more promising than at present.

Respectfully soliciting your votes and influence, I have the honor to remain, Gentlemen, your obedient servant,

Lorne A. Campbell

NISBET PRESIDENT CRANBROOK BOARD

Annual Meeting is Held—Wants Enemy Aliens Employed on Roads—New Battalion Promised.

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRANBROOK, B. C., Feb. 24.—The annual meeting of the Cranbrook board of trade was held on Tuesday night. The officers elected were President, W. A. Nisbet; vice-president, W. B. Macfarlane; secrtary Ivor Bassett; executive, J. M. Christie, Ira Manning, H. A. McKowan, J. P. Fink, C. R. Ward, J. R. McCreery, W. H. Wilson, M. A. Beale.

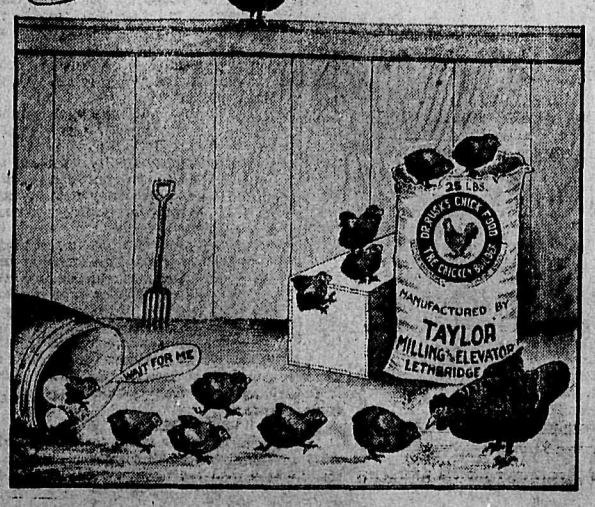
A. E. Watts presented a resolution, with regard to enemy aliens. He said there were a number of these aliens interned at Morrissey eating their heads off. The Canadian national highway between Banff and Windermere was being built and the members present decided to take up the matter with the proper authorities and recommend that these aliens be put to work on this wagon road at the wage of 50 cents a day each.

A delegation was appointed consisting of the officers of the board of trade and the mayor, to meet Colonel Ogilvie Wednesday on his arrival to take up the matter of having a battalion authorized in Kootenay.

Col. Ogilvie arrived in the city yesterday and was met at the station by the delegation. He promised this delegation that a new battalion would be raised in the Kootenay and the men raised in different towns will be kept in these until the battalion is mobilized. He also said that men now recruited whether sworn in or not to the 102nd or 103rd battalions could if they wished be transferred to the new battalion. Ex-Mayor Bowness took the colonel out over the grounds adjacent to the city showing him the qualities they possessed for the training of men. Col. Mackay, Capt. Corsan and Lieut. Barnes accompanied Col. Ogilvie from Fernie.

The hockey match between the Blue Birds and Skylarks at the Arena rink last night was very fast and exciting. The Bluebirds won by three goals to two. In the first quarter the score stood 1-1 and was very even play. Attridge mixed it up a little in this quarter and cross checked on one of the Bluebirds and got the fence for two minutes. In the second quarters the score was still even, 2-2, and Stevenson and Beale mixed it up with each going to the fence for two minutes. Wilson seemed to forget which goal was his and invariably shot the puck the wrong way. In the last quarter the Bluebirds scored their third goal an dthe Skylarks failed to reach the net. McDermott got the fence for two minutes for heavy checking. The skirts seemed to be a big hinddrance to the Skylarks and the could not get up speed. The Bluebirds had lots of speed and staying power. The line-up was as follows:

Bluebirds.	Skylarks.
Centre.	
Miss Geigrich	W. H. Wilson
Rover.	
Miss Pye	M. A. Beale
Left Wing.	
Miss H. Bridges	A. McDermott
Right Wing.	
Miss Doris Wallinger	E. H. McPhee
Cover Point.	
Miss B. Gill	W. F. Attridge
Point.	
Miss W. Fink	G. Stevenson
Goal.	
Miss Fisher	A. Raworth



Your Child's Cough

Is it nothing? Is it to be neglected until it leads to that terrible scourge consumption? Peps stand between winter coughs and colds, and serious consequences. Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes—not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing.

Try a 50c. box of Peps for your cold, your cough, bronchitis or asthma. All druggists and stores or Peps Co., Toronto, will supply

Peps

Kootenay and Boundary

OKANAGAN WILL HAVE A BIG CROP

Winter Has Caused No Damages—30 to 50 Per Cent Increase Is Expected.

(Special to The Daily News.)

PENTICTCON, B. C., Feb. 24.—After a more or less interrurpted service for the past 10 days trains are now running on schedule on the Kettle Valley line between this point and Spence's bridge For days it was one continual story of washouts and slides and the operating department had to keep a special crew constantly at work in order to cope with them. The ice is gradually disappearing on Okanagan lake, but the steamer is coming no farther than Peachland. The past two days have been very mild with a mid-day temperature of 40.

Careful inquiry among the fruit growers make it clear that the severe winter has not done any damage to the fruit trees or to the prospects for a most excellent crop. If there are no severe frosts later on the Okanagan can be relied upon to produce andother bumper yield. L. L. Palmer of the department of agriculture, places it as from 30 to 50 per cent more than last year.

The Penticton board of trade propose to make some endeavor to discover why more Okanagan peaches were not marketed in the Kootenay last year. A special attempt will be made to capture the Kootenay market. Some of the failure is attributed to the fact that there was no mail service on the Kettle Valley railway last summer.

Rock Creek growers have requested the Penticton Fruit Growers' union to handle their crop and it is more than probable that an arrangement will be made to meet their request. In all likelihood a small packing house will be opened at Rock Creek to handle the Kettle Valley crop.

KB Nisbest president cranbrook board

ROSSLAND NEWS

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Feb. 24.—Mr. and Mrs. William Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Betts drove to Trail last evening to witness the Trail-Phoenix hockey game.

Rev. Father McIntyre went to Trail last evening.

Alpha Chapter No. 1 Order of Eastern Star, will give a patriotic dance in the armory on Easter Monday.

Messrs. Dowd, Taylor, Patterson, Cadden, Gendle, McIvor, Lloyd, Wallace and Davidson of this city witnessed the Trail-Phoenix hockey game last evening.

Mr. Robertson of Trail, formerly of the West hotel here, spent last evening in the city leaving this morning for Spokane, where he will undergo an operation for cancer.

Mrs. Doell, Miss Campion and Mrs. Edinger were in Trail last evening.

C. McDougal left last night for his home in New Brunswick, where he will visit relatives before returning to Montreal, where he expects to enlist.

At the Liberal meeting last night Dr. King and John Oliver were the only speakers, Mayor Willson considering silence to be golden. Mr. Oliver talked for an hour and a half and then said he was weary and he knew the audience was getting weary, but he would be talking four times more before election. He renewed his criticisms of the bond issues, his figures getting larger and larger as to the amount of the guarantees per mile. He went into ancient history of the C. & W. land grant and claimed that the acreage had grown 73,000 acres. He admitted he copied his workmen's compensation bill from the Washington statute, and that he made a mistake in including a paragraph depriving a widow remarrying of her money. He attacked the motives of the government in the Agricultural Aid act, saying it was a pretty scheme to sell unsaleable lands on the promise of obtaining loans. Finally he wound up with a sharp attack on Hon. L. A. Campbell for not interfering in the coal mine strike riots, when as a matter of fact Mr. Campbell was not in the legislature.

The regular meeting of the city council was held in the city hall last evening with Mayor Willson in the chair and Aldermen Armstrong, Stephens, Griffith and Henderson present.

Two inquiries were received for lots which are now owned by the city. The council decided to advertise for tenders to be in by the next meeting night.

A petition was read from the residents of the White Bear addition requesting the city to extend the water system of this locality. The matter was referred to the fire, water and light committee to ascertain the cost and report at the next meeting.

A communication was received from T. J. Thomas, secretary of a committee appointed at New Westminster and representing the surrounding municipalities, in regard to the application of the British Columbia Telephone company to the federal government for a Dominion charter. The city clerk was instructed to forward a copy of the letter to R. F. Green, M. P., protesting against the issuing of the charter until it had been thoroughly investigated.

A communication was received from McDonald & Hay, solicitors of Vancouver, in regard to T. B. Corkish, who was a patient of the King Edward sanitarium. This was referred to the city solicitor.

Fire Chief Raymer wrote the council in regard to uniforms for the members of the department. This was referred to the water and light committee.

The board of school trustees submitted estimates for the year amounting to $26,780. This was left over to be taken up by the council when the annual estimates are being dealt with.

The following accounts were ordered paid: Hunter Bros., $5.40; Henderson Livery, $3; B. & K. Milling company, $40.10; K. Martin, $24; B. & K. Milling company, $3.50; J. S. Deschamps, $1.92; O. Opsahl, $15.60; Cooperative association, $17.75; civic salary list for February, $1065; school salary list for February, $1585; Hunter Bros., $3; Goodeve Bros., $6.05; Plester Livery, $8.25; Robert Barrie, $21; Henderson Livery, $7; Telegraph company, 58 cents; C. J. Miles, $5.80; A. G. Harvey, $17.50; James McLean, $66.50; T. H. Armstrong, $34.40; H. W. Atkinson, $50.90; petty cash, $27.75.

At last night's council meeting the report of the fire, water and light committee was received and adopted recommending the installation of an up-to-date storage battery for the fire alarm system. The installation will consist of a two-circuit switch board, motor generator set, necessary batteries and box transmitter for handling telephone calls. In addition to this equipment three new boxes will be installed of the latest type, one at First avenue and Washington street, one at Columbia avenue and Washington street, and one at Columbia avenue and Queen street. The price of the new equipment will be approximately $1800.

Fire Chief Raymer has strongly recommended the installation as a great saving over the present old gravity batteries as well as greater efficiency in the transmission of alarms.

The boxes which are being replaced by new ones will be put in new locations, one at the corner of Washington and Union avenues, one at Columbia and Parks street and one at Seventh and St. Paul streets.

FRUIT BUSINESS GROWS 100 PER CENT

Creston Union Did Big Business in 1915—R. H. Staples Died at Rochester, Minn.

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRESTON, B. C., Feb. 24.—Over 100 out of a possible 173 shareholders were in attendance in person at the annual meeting of the Creston Fruit Growers Union, Limited, on Monday afternoon, President W. O. Jackson presiding. While the statement of the year's business was not as satisfactory as early season expectations, a decided improvement over 1914 in most respects is recorded. In fact, had it not been for the unfavorable total on rebates, particularly, the year would have closed with a respectable credit balance rather than a small deficit. The report of the directors showed that $52,980 of produce of all sorts had been handled directly by the union, on which commissions totalling $6913 had been earned, an increase of almost $3000 as compared with 1914. Owing to an increase of over 100 per cent in total business handled operating expenses were higher, notably an expenditure of $514 traveling expenses of sales manager and $447 telegraphic expenses. The election of 1916 sees five new directors appointed, J. W. Hamilton, R. Stark, R. Staples, Stace Smith and H. Lyne, with two of the 1915 board returned—W. V. Jackson, president, and James Compton, vice-president. The usual votes of thanks were tendered the retiring officers, special commendation for his hard and unselfish labors going to W. V. Jackson, reelected president for the third term.

H. Attwood of Moyie was here on Monday making arrangements for the building of a packing shed on his ranch east of town.

Mrs. Helmlish of Carstairs, Alta., who has been a guest of Mrs. N. Dew, left for home Tuesday. Mrs. M. McCarthy, who has been at the coast for a month, has returned.

Rev. F. V. Harrison of Kaslo, who has been Mr. Charles Moore's guest for a few days, returned home Tuesday.

Creston W. C. T. U. holds its annual silver medal contest in Mercantile hall on the evening of Feb. 25. There are at least six candidates for the honor, besides which there will be several musical numbers and a ten-minute talk on temperance by Mr. Lidgate.

R. Lamont has purchased the buildings and water tank of the Great Northern railway here, and is moving the former on to his ranch near Erickson.

Alfred Palmer and Will Johnston, two guards at the Morrissey internment camp, are home on a few days' leave and the latter will proceed to Victoria to join the 103rd overseas battalion.

The grim reaper removed another of Creston's familiar figures on Tuesday, when word arrived that Richard H. Staples had passed away at Rochester, Minn., to which place he had gone early in the month for treatment for goitre at Mayo Brothers' hospital. Deceased, who was one of the pioneers of Treherne district, Manitoba, moved to Creston in 1911, where he, along with his two sons, Roy and Frank, have gone extensively into fruit and vegetables. He was in his sixty-ninth year, born in Cavan township, Ontario, of Irish-Canadian parentage. At his request the remains will be interred at Holland, Manitoba, where the two eldest sons of the family are buried. He is survived by a widow and two sons.

Father Lambot of Cranbrook, who ministers to the spiritual needs of the local Indians, has resumed his work here after almost four weeks confinement in St. Eugene hospital.

The local waterworks company, which have had trouble keeping up the supply during the severe weather, have had a gang of men busy for some days during the mild spell overhauling the feed pipes and the usual pressure is again pretty well in evidence.

The school assessment tax notices are coming to hand this week. Owing to the estimates dropping from $4000 to $3000 the rate is also decreased from 7¾ to 6½ mills. The total assessment is $520,780, as contrasted with $572,416 in 1915.

Chief Constable J. T. Black of Nelson paid Creston an official visit today.

H. Freeman of Cowley, Alta., arrived yesterday on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fulmer.

Miss Jessie Dow left yesterday for a couple of weeks' vacation with Cranbrook friends.

Gus Peterson, who has been working all winter at Bull River and Wardner, returned home on Tuesday.

C. O. Rodgers and Capt. Forrester paid Kitchener a business visit the early part of the week.

Some nice catches of whitefish are being made in the open spot in the Goat river. Some char are also to be seen, the earliest they have been known to come up stream.

TRAIL NOTES

(Special to The Daily News.)

TRAIL, B. C., Feb. 24.—The Women's auxiliary announces that the afternoon tea and sale arranged for Friday afternoon at the parish hall has had to be postponed owing to inability to get the use of the hall.

Mayor W. D. Willson of Rossland was in the city today on business.

ITALIANS REPULSE BOMB ATTACK BY AUSTRIANS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, Feb. 25.—The following official statement was issued last night: 'In the valley of Pohena-Rienz the enemy artillery developed activity against our positions on Monte Plano without causing any damage.

"On the heights northwest of Gorizia Tuesday night enemy detachments, having approached our lines, began to throw asphyxiating bombs but our rifle fire and the fire of one battery sufficed to repulse them.

"There have been heavy snowfalls over the entire field of operations."

GIVES NAMES OF GRAFT CHARGE WITNESSES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask. Feb 24.—Shortly before midnight, Mr. Willoughby, leader of the opposition, presented to the house the names of more than a dozen witnesses who will be able to give information regarding bribery and graft charges. He asked that counsel be secured to represent the witnesses. Included in the list are the names of Mr. and Mrs. Hillman of Winnipeg.

AT THE THEATRES

Wallingford at the Gem

In the new adventures of J. Rufus Wallingford at the Gem tonight, it is shown, in a screamingly funny comedy, how Violet and Fanny Warden, whose father's ruination and death has been caused by a criminal clique of financiers, are being aided by Wallingford and Daw to recover a part of the stolen funds. J. D. Prine is the next name on the list and this is the way it is led to the sacrificial stake.

Violet and Fanny learn from Qualey, a discharged employee of Prine's, that Prine and his associate bankers have $350,000 in bad loans for which they may be sent to jail. They relay this information to Wallingford and Blackie Daw. Wallingford goes to the crooked bankers and telling them they are wise to their game, offers to take over the bankers' bad loans for a consideration of $100,000. The frightened bankers gladly agree to this and J. Rufus takes over their debts, receives $100,000 and immediately proceeds to double cross the pirates.

J. Rufus has speculated $5000 in a lot next to Prine's general store on Main street and in an excruciatingly funny scene has thousands of skunks shipped to him, for use, as he says, in the chemical factory he is about to start there. The awful smell drives customers out of Prine's store adjoining and J. Rufus sells $5000 option on the farm to J. D. Prine for $10,000.

New Spring Suits Just Unpacked

THEY WILL DELIGHT YOU—THEIR CHARM IS IRRESISTIBLE. THEIR TRIM SHORT COATS AND WIDE SHORT SKIRTS COMBINE TO MAKE THEM PLEASING TO LOOK UPON.

THIS EARLY ASSORTMENT CONTAINS SOME OF THE PRETTIEST AND MOST PRACTICAL MODELS SO FAR BROUGHT OUT, AND IN SUFFICIENT VARIETY TO INSURE EASY CHOOSING. PRICES ARE VERY MODERATE.

WHAT MAKES THE STYLES NEW

20 to 26-inch coats.
Skirts are wide, circular, gored and some slightly draped.
Silks and Wools alone and in combination are the fabrics used.

Suits at $12.50 to $17.50

Good quality Serge in Navy and Copenhagen. Coats have new roll collar and belt with flare below the waist, and lined with Silk, Serge or Satin. Skirts full width. These are well-tailored suits and Special Values at **$12.50 TO $17.50**

High Class Suits $35.00 to $50.00

Made of Finest French Serge, Gabardine or Fancy Silks, extremely smart styles. Coats well tailored and silk lined throughout, and all show new collars and full flare at the hips. Skirts are full and flaring. We have them in Navy, Copenhagen, Black, Putty and Black-and-White Checks, in sizes 14 to 40. Special Values at ..... **$35.00 TO $50.00**

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

THURMAN'S

Carry a full line of all High-grade Tobacco and BBB Pipes. Try a tin of Thurman's Mixture.

THURMAN'S CIGAR STORE.

The Household Remedy

for the ailments from which almost everyone sometimes suffers—sick headache, constipation, disturbed sleep, muddy complexion, lassitude, backache, depression and other results of a disordered digestive system—is

BEECHAM'S PILLS

They have achieved the distinction of being the most widely used medicine in the world, because millions of people have found them dependable, speedy and sure in their action on stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

Compounded from vegetable products, Beecham's Pills are free from harmful minerals and dangerous drugs. They do not promote the physicing habit—do not irritate the bowels. Should be taken by every member of the family at the first sign of illness—so mild and effective that they are good for the aged, and for the ills of childhood, are

Worth a Guinea a Box

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

Markets - Mining - Finance

NEW YORK EXCHANGE SESSION FEVERISH

Traders Unload on Fear of Trouble Through Extension of Germany's Submarine Campaign.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The one absorbind overshadowing feature of today's feverishly weak market was the fear of rupture between the executive and legislative branches of the federal government, resulting from Germany's proposed extension of its submarine policy. All other considerations and developments, some of them highly favorable, were ignored in the widespread apprehension arising from this tense situation.

Unsettlement was manifested at the outset and became more pronounced with the progress of the session. Liquidation, largely from out of town sources, was a primary factor and the short interests abetted the declining movement by extending its commitments in those specialties that proved most susceptible to the pressure in the past.

All classes of stocks were affected in greater or lesser degree but shrinkage was more serious with munitions and oils.

Some slight improvement was shown in the final hour when more encouraging advices from Washington caused the shorts to cover their contracts in part. Total sales of stocks were 295,000 shares.

Other causes of unsettlement was furnished by the heavy offerings of Anglo-French war bonds, sales of this issue completely dominating that branch of the securities market. The minimum quotation of 94 registered this representative issue marked a decline of 1⅞ from its best price of the early part of the year, though a fraction above its own minimum figure in the latter part of 1915.

For want of a more definite reason today's extensive selling of this war issue was attributed to the action of the Dupont Powder company directors who yesterday declared an extra dividend of 22½ per cent payable largely in these bonds.

Factors of favorable import included Union Pacific's net increase of $795,000 for January, indications of an amicable settlement of existing differences between the coal miners and operators and the improved exhibits of the leading financial institutions of the allies.

Bonds as a whole reflected the heavy tone of the international issue. Total sales, par value, were $4,075,000. United States registered 4s advanced ½ per cent and coupon 4s ¼ per cent on call.

RUMOR SMASHES WHEAT QUOTATIONS

Prices Tumble 7¼ Cents at Chicago on Story That Von Bernstorff Will Be Kicked Out.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 24.—Rumors that Ambassador von Bernstorff was about to be handed his passports smashed down the price of wheat today 7¼ cents a bushel. In the collapse, which was from an early advance, the May option fell from $1.24¼ to $1.17. The close was excited, 5 to 5¾ under yesterday's close with May at $1.17½ and July at $1.14⅝. Other leading staples showed a decided setback, oats losing 1⅝ to 2c and provisions 12½ to 25c.

Conditions that bordered on panic ruled in the wheat pit just before the end of the session. Flurried holders were tumbling over each other in a rush to stop huge losses which with unusual suddenness had resulted almost entirely from unverified reports that drastic action was imminent on the part of the president in regard to German plans for attacks by submarines.

The break in prices had not begun to assume sensational proportions until the final half hour of trading but after that and especially in the last 15 minutes the downward plungs of the market was almost in a vertical line. There was no concentrated buying on the extraordinary descent of 7¼ cents. Then, however, with scarcely breathing time left before the last gong, support developed that was sufficient to cause a half-hearted rally.

Previous to the demoralization of the bull side of the wheat market considerable strength was shown as a result of unexpected firmness in quotations from Liverpool and because of the diminishing receipts northwest as well as in consequence of liberal export sales. Buying for Europe, however, turned out as on yesterday, to be chiefly of Manitoba wheat and in the main for deferred shipment. This fact put a majority of traders into a bearish frame of mind and was to some extent responsible for the momentum of the market on the ensuing big tumble.

Oats had no independence and was influenced yholly by the changes in wheat and corn.

Provisions finished weak in sympathy with grain. Dealers who were the best buyers early today and yesterday, turned conspicuously to the selling side.

BUTTER FIRM.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 24.—Butter is firm and fairly strong. Cheese unchanged. Eggs steady.

Cheese: Finest westerns, 18¾ at 19; finest easterns, 18¼ at ½.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 33¾ at 34¼; seconds, 31½ at 32.

Eggs: Fresh, 30 at 32; selected, 26 at 27; No. 1 stock, 24.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 32; short cut back, 31.

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Are paying from 19 per cent to 50 per cent on present market prices.

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than other drills because they drill faster and cost less to operate and keep up

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AGENTS:

THE NELSON IRON WORKS, Limited

FOR ALL PEOPLE, FOR ALL TIMES AND FOR ALL PURPOSES

Daily News Display Ads

CROWS NEST COAL COMPANY PAYS

Resumes Dividends at Rate of 6 Per cent—Total for Year Will Be $372,756.

The Crow's Nest Pass Coal company has resumed the payment of dividends and will make quarterly distributions hereafter at the rate of 6 per cent per annum of $372,756 annually, says a Boston despatch to the Wall Street Journal. The company has an authorized capital of $10,000,000, and an issued capital of $6,212,667 in shares of the par value of $100 each. The quarterly dividend will, therefore, amount to $93,189 each.

The company paid its last dividend, which was at the rate of 1 per cent, in March, 1911. The total of dividends at that time was $2,182,864. The payment of the new dividend will bring the total profit distributions to $2,276,864.

G. N. and Granby Stock Owners.

The Great Northern railroad is a large owner of stock in the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company, and the Granby company also is the owner of 7000 shares. Elias Rogers of Toronto, Ont., is president of the company.

In the official bulletin just issued by W. Fleet Robertson, provincial mineralogist of British Columbia, the following reference is made to the operations and finances of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company.

"While little information usually is obtainable relative to the earnings of coal mining companies in this province it is known that in the case of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company fairly satisfactory headway has been made in recent years. The following statement, for which the president of the company was quoted as authority, was published lately:

Liabilities Cleared Off.

"'During the last three years the company has paid off all its bills and accounts payable, amounting in 1912 to a total of $1,081,690. The liability on these amounts was reduced to $811,650 in 1913, to $498,241 in 1914, and the balance was entirely cleared off in 1915.

"'Since January 1, 1915, the company has paid off all its indebtedness, and it now has a substantial credit at its balance in the bank. All the bonds against its subsidiary companies have been paid, so that there are now no bonds outstanding against any of the companies, nor is there any preferred stock. As far as we can judge the prospects for the coming year are quite as good, if not better than the year just closed.'"

LOWER NEW YORK PRICES MAKE TORONTO BEARISH

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Feb. 24.—The local market was weak again today. The more bearish feeling was the result of lower prices in New York, particularly for utilities. Buying orders in some cases were withheld and the uncertainty was followed by selling of timid holders. The only active issue was Steel of Canada which declined 1¾, closing at 40¾.

Small lots of General Electric sold at 113 and a market lot at 111½, a net decline of ⅝. Canadian Pacific was heavy, closing bid 168½. Maple Leaf declined 2 and closed at 71, while Mackay was only ¼ lower at 81½. Cemene was steady at 46½. Steamships were quiet and ⅛ lower. Total business 1539 shares.

STERLING AT 4.76.32.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Sterling exchange closed at 4.76.32 for demand.

SILVER 57; LEAD 7.91.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Silver, 57; at London, 27 1-16.

Lead, at Montreal, 7.91.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 24.—Hogs: Receipts, 37,000; weak, 5c lower; bulk, 8.25 at 8.50; light, 7.90 at 8.50; mixed, 8.15 at 8.50; heavy, 8.10 at 8.55; rough, 8.10 at 8.20; pigs, 6.50 at 7.50.

Cattle: Receipts, 4000; steady; native beef, 6.85 at 9.50; western steers, 6.75 at 8.20; stockers and feeders, 5.65 at 7.70; cows and heifers, 3.25 at 8.25; calves, 8.50 at 11.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 11,000; strong; wethers, 8 at 8.75; ewes, 5.75 at 8.75; lambs, 9.25 at 11.35.

FORWARD MOVEMENT IN STOCKS IS CHECKED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 24.—Continued heaviness and unsettlement in the New York market was effective today in checking the forward movement in Canadian stocks which had been in progress for a week. The volume of selling was small but particularly in the high-priced issues there was an absence of the recent support and in some cases prices fell away quite sharply. Power sold off to 220 or down 4¾ from last sales, and closed at 220 bid. Bridge also lost part of its recent recovery, closing at 207¼.

In stocks like Shawinigan, Detroit, Steel of Canada and Iron, declines amounted to about 1 point. The reactionary tendency of the list was without significance. Under the continued uncertainty displayed by the New York market, enthusiasm of local traders was rather chilled. Buyers at the low prices of last week's decline showed a disposition to take profits at the level established the last few days and no new demand of an important nature was forthcoming.

Steel of Canada was again the leader in activity, contributing about 50 per cent to the day's turnover of 4800 shares. It fell back 1⅝ to 40¼ and recovered only ⅛. In Detroit there was a turnover of 625 shares on a decline of 1½ to 85¼ while transactions in Bridge footed up about 500 shares. The rest of the trading was in small volume.

Canadian war loan bonds continued active, dealings for the day totaling $253,100, with the price firm at 97⅛ flat.

CALEDONIA and RAMBLER

Both these stocks are in good demand.

Rambler ..... .22 bid

Caledonia ..... .98 bid

C. W. APPLEYARD,

Box 626. Tel. 444

YANKEE GIRL MINE TO RESUME SHIPMENTS

(Special to The Daily News.)

YMIR, B.C., Feb. 24.—The Hobson Silver-Lead company ordered its first car for ore shipments yesterday, the tramway from the mine to the depot being completed and in fine working condition.

WINNIPEG GRAIN CLOSE.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Feb. 24.—Wheat: May, $1.16⅝; July, $1.16¼.

Oats: May, 42⅛; July, 41⅛.

Flax: May, $2.10½; July, $2.12½.

GERMAN FORTUNES SAFE IN NEW YORK

Precautionary Measure Is Taken Against Adverse Termination of War

LONDON—Whether there will be a revolution of Germany after the war will doubtless depend on the results of the war, but it is evident that uneasiness in that respect is constantly increasing, and it will not be surprising if some German people who are making great fortunes out of the war were endeavoring to take precautionary measures for what might happen after the war by transferring their profits to the United States.

At the National City bank in New York about two hundred million pounds sterling were deposited last year. Some of this certainly came from Germany, and signs are not wanting that the German government is nervous about this transfer.

The continued heavy fall in exchange is a sign that all is not well in Germany, but if this is due to the endeavors of the wealthy men of Germany, to place part of their immense porfits abroad, as a precaution against the future, it is still more significant. Exchange has now fallen to a discount of over 21 per cent. Indeed, one would not be surprised to find that the exchange difficulties of Germany will before long bring about large gold exports and a rapid diminution in the Reichsbank's stock of gold. One must not assume that the financial difficulties of Germany will bring about peace in the near future; nevertheless, they are bringing the end of the war appreciably nearer.

RESULTS PROVE STRATEGY SOUND

Critics Confounded by Success in Asia Minor—New Light Thrown on Words of Czar

LONDON—When the Grand Duke Nicholas was appointed viceroy of the Caucasus, the Czar referred to the extreme importance of his new task. It must be confessed that at the time it seemed to many of us that the duke was being politely "shelved;" but the news now to hand of the successful Russian operations in the south has thrown a new light on his majesty's words.

In fact, our eyes have been opened to quite a lot recently. For months the amateur military critics of the yellow press have castigated our leaders for their lack of foresight, and have bitterly criticized the alleged "wasteful" efforts expended on our "isolated" expeditions. Now it is evident that the Allies foresaw Germany's Asiatic aims long before the first enemy move had been made in that direction and that instead of being isolated efforts, the Gallipoli and Mesapotamia, and also the caucasian campaigns, were all part of a coordinated plan designed to frustrate the ambition of the Central powers.

To Prevent Concentration

The first step to be taken was to prevent Turkey concentrating her troops and this was done by compelling her to dissipate her strength on outlying frontiers. The dissemination of the British and French troops necessary to achieve such a result was rendered comparatively easy by our command of the sea, enabling a rapid transference of men. In some quarters it has been urged that these men could have been better employed on the western front; but such critics have obviously been ignorant of our strength in that quarter. If any evidence of that were needed it has been supplied during the renewed German offensive in the west. No, our leaders have not been so fast asleep as some of our own people, to say nothing of our enemies, seem to have imagined.

DOMINION GIVES AID TO LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—A national livestock cooperative association has been formed for the purpose of developing the livestock industry of Canada and more particularly of increasing Canada's export of cattle and meats. At a meeting held in Ottawa and attended by prominent cattlemen and breeders from all over Canada, Hon. Duncan Marshall (Alberta) was appointed chairman; Hon. Nelson Montieth, former minister of agriculture for Ontario, president; Hon. Peter Talbot, director; C. R. McKeown, chief whip of the Ontario Conservatives, treasurer; and R. H. McElroy, M. L. A. for Carleton, secretary.

Arrangements have been made with federal and provincial members to form cattle export associations and sufficient areas have been secured in Alberta to provide for the starting of these associations with cows.

A grant of $500 a year will be made to each association for three years and arrangements have been made with the Alberta government to cooperate with each association through its livestock commissioner, provincial veterinarian and school of agriculture.

The entire staff of the Edmonton branch of the Quebec bank, W. Morton, R. O. Lees and A. Nicholson, will join the 194th Highlanders, relinquishing their positions in favor of three other men who will come here from Saskatchewan. In about two weeks girls will take the places of the men.

GROWTH OF LUMBER TRADE MEANS MORE PROSPERITY IN PROVINCE

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 24—British Columbia has a forest of 400 billion feet of merchantable timber and if the annual increment alone—the wood capital produced each year to extent of 5 billion feet—were used an industry producing at least 75 million dollars a year would result. Last year, despite war conditions and lack of tonnage due to them, the lumbering industry of British Columbia produced $29,150,000 of which about a third went direct to labor, and the large portion of another third paid for transportation also was paid in wages in the province, while another sixth was circulated in payment for supplies.

The development of the lumber business is constantly increasing, and when transportation facilities are provided there will be a marked advance. British Columbia has developed a fine system of railway transportation inland; so far the same has not been done seawards. There has been chronic congestion at the coast, a lack of sea-going tonnage that has been stifling export lumber trade Remove that and the rest follows—expansion in the lumbering business, foreign markets, activity in every form of commerce.

Hon. W. R. Ross, minister of lands, in an interview said, "A few figures to show the present stage of the lumbering industry in the province. A mill capacity two and one-half billion feet—we shall soon increase that when we have ocean transportation to take up the business offerings from all over the world that we are obliged to turn down today. An actual output, in these hard war times, valued at twenty-nine million dollars, a thousand million shingles shipped to market in the year; the new pulp and paper industry producing three million dollars a year already; some of the largest plants in the world for saw and paper mills—these are a few points that show our lumbermens' activity. Let us once secure ocean transportation and, make no mistake there will be doings in the lumber business, and a rise in the value of British Columbia stumpage. And this government is running an advertising campaign directed at the prairie, eastern and foreign consumer of lumber that is going to make an appreciable difference to the demand for our forest products. We are out to do our level best to secure prosperity through a prosperous lumbering industry based on a wealth of timber resources."

"Take the coast forests—say a solid third is Douglas fir, which taken all round is the finest all round wood in the world; over one-fifth is cedar—British Columbia is pre-eminently the cedar regon of America, thanks to the coast rainfall. Then think of our immense stand of Western hemlock. The world is now beginning to realize what Western hemlock is. Our pulp and paper mills have done great things with it already, but the big uses of this wood are only just beginning. hemlock is destined to take the place of Eastern white pine for very many purposes, and at no distant date. Then take our fine interior forests. Seven thousand out of 13,600 square miles of timber licenses are east of the Cascades mountains, so you see our interior country is pretty strongly represented in the timber asset."

"The financial world naturally takes a particular interest in the question of tenure," the interviewer observed. "Would you mind running over the main features of the various tenures?"

"Crown grant timber, of course, is just deeded timber—there is nothing to explain about that," Mr. Ross replied. "Then the old leases are simple enough—rentals of 10 or 15 cents per acre per annum and a royalty on cut logs of 50 cents are the terms in most cases up to the years 1921 to 1925, during which period the bulk of these leases will come up for renewal for 21 years ahead, obtaining whatever rates of rental and royalty are then provided by the statute. The timber tenure is rather more complicated however."

"I think it is somewhat imperfectly understood outside the province, except among those who are directly concerned, Mr. Ross."

The Problem of Tenure

"The original program was extremely complicated," said the minister. "But we've straightened all that out now, and I believe that I may claim that the result is a thoroughly round piece of constructive legislation. It was this way—an immense timber resource was idle and unproductive, contributing next to nothing to the development of the province. We needed revenue, but we were firmly determined not to sacrifice one jot or title of the people's heritage. So, we permitted the staking of timberlands—anyone could stake cutting rights over a square mile of timber by paying $140 a year rental and paying a certain stumpage (we call it royalty) on such logs as he might actually cut. That was a good proposition for the lumberman who wanted timber for a mill and did not want to sink capital in buying stumpage ahead. But there were strings on this concession, in the public interest. Neither the annual rental (which is a sort of interest charge) nor the royalty on cut logs was fixed. They could be changed at any time to meet any rise in timber values that might occur. So the public was well protected. On the other hand, is was left to the changing opinion of successive legislatures (ours are elected every four years) to decide what rental or royalty should be charged. That uncertainty gave British Columbia timber licenses a weak standing as securities, and made the financing of the lumber business difficult in consequence.

Rentals for Long Period

"For a time no solution of this problem could be found. In the end, with the co-operation of the parties affected, a basic principle was worked out, and then we passed the Timber Royalty Act of 1914. That gave security of tenure to the licencee—fixed a rental for forty-five years ahead and a royalty on a sliding scale. If the wholesale selling price of lumber throughout the province goes up above a certain figure the royalty goes up. If it goes below that figure there is a definite royalty charge to correspond. The people of this province and the lumbering industry are, therefore, partners in the timber. The terms of the partnership are straightly defined. There is no more room for uncertainty, as is the case with timberlands in the Western states for example, where taxation may increase several hundred per cent in a few short years. The timber license of British Columbia is henceforward an absolute safe security."

MIKE, MASCOT OF CANADIAN REGIMENT

Where Mike came from, or to whom he belonged, nobody ever knew. He was just a plain Irish terrier, which hung around the barracks, and got into everyone's way. In fact, he was such a nuisance that the men, had often threatened to shoot him. Late one night when one of the soldiers started for the barracks, he found Miks as usual at his heels.

They were walking across a lonely stretch of ground, when suddenly a dark figure sprang out of a clump of bushes, and demanded money. The soldier had no power to disobey the ruffian who held in his hand a revolver. Mike, however, sprang at the fellow and bit him so hard that the pain caused the robber to stumble, and in doing so he dropped the revolver. It was the work of a moment for the soldier to pick it up. The next minute the man was walking several paces ahead of the soldier, who kept him covered with the firearm. The soldier handed the man over to the police, while he and the dog made their way to the barracks. The next morning the soldier took his story to his comrades. Now everything was changed for Mike; he no longer hung around outside the barracks, for the soldiers decided to make him their mascot.

Mike remained at the barracks for another month, then he and the soldiers left for active service-across the sea. The long train of khaki-clad men pulled out from the station, to the tune of "O Canada." At first, Mike was frightened, but he soon got over his fear. Upon their arrival at Montreal, the people gave the soldiers a hearty welcome.

At last, they went on board ship, bound for Shorncliffe, England. Mike and his master were billeted at the house of an old lady, whose sons were at the front. When the time came for the soldiers to go to France, they were very sorry to leave Mike, for the mascots are not allowed to be taken to the front. But the captain said that Mike could be left in charge of the old lady, instead of being sent with the other mascots to the zoo.

The next day, the battalion crossed the English channel and landed in France. Some time after, they were in the firing line. One or two small engagements with the Huns only made the soldiers eager for more. In one of these, Mike's master was slightly wounded. He was sent to the hospital, however. There he met the eldest son of the old lady, with whom he had billeted at Shorncliffe. This man was seriously wounded, and his mother was coming over to see him.

Late that night she arrived, bringing Mike with her. A few days after, Mike and his master went back to the firing line, where all were pleased to see them.

One dark night, in a fierce battle, Mike's master rushed out amid a heavy fire to rescue one of his school chums. With great difficulty he got him safely back to the trench, and, although wounded himself, he went out a second time and succeeded in rescuing his captain.

He was again wounded, and faint with the loss of blood he reeled, and feel into a hole made by the bursting of a Jack Johnson. Mike, who had bravely followed his master, saw him fall, and the faithful dog remained by the edge of the hole, keeping watch over his friend.

At last the battle ended, with victory to the gallant Canadians, and the doctors and their assistants began to search for the wounded, and dying. They had already passed the hole where the soldier lay. Mike, seeing this, began to bark and tug at the men's coats.

"I believe the dog sees something," said one. They retraced their steps, and peering down into the darkness, they heard the groans of the soldier. They at once attended to him, Mike still watching.

All through that long night Mike kept watch near his wounded master. Next morning one of the soldiers inquired after his wounded friend.

"He is still unconscious," said the doctor, "and his case is serious. If it hadn't been for his faithful dog, he would never see light again." And the doctor stopped down and patted Mike's head. Soon it was all over camp that Mike had saved his master's life, and you can imagine how proud they were of their mascot.

Some time after, the soldier was ordered home on sick leave, and with him went Mike. But before they left England, the soldier was interviewed by the king at Buckingham palace, who pinned on his coat the Victoria Cross. If you look closely at Mike's collar, you see a medal from the boys at the front. On it is a short description of how Mike saved his master's life.—Marion Engel, age 13, 10971 126th street; grade VII, Westmount school.

OFFERS TO CARRY CURRENCY MORE CHEAPLY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—The Dominion Express company is making a bid for the carriage of all government currency exclusive of shipments of gold or silver. It has filed a special competitive tariff of rates on currency based on shipments forwarded or received by the department of finance at Ottawa to or from the assistant receiver at Montreal, also on shipments between the latter place and Victoria, Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal, St. John, Halifax and Charlottetown. The special currency rate per $1000 is $2.10 and is said to be a decrease of about 60 per cent over the old schedule.

LOOKING FOR WORK

Everywhere men complain about work; even boys and girls in school or business find work tedious and irksome, but it isn't the work half so much as their own lack of physical strength that makes it hard.

Rich blood, strong lungs and healthful digestion make work pleasurable in business, in school or even housework, and if those who are easily tired—who are not sick, but weak and nervous—would just take Scott's Emulsion for one month and let its pure concentrated food create richer blood to pulsate through every artery and vein—let it build a structure of healthy tissue and give you vigorous strength—you would find work easy and would look for more. Insist on Scott's.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-35

ADMIT ATROCITIES IN MILITARY REPORT

Germans Assert That Shooting of Hostages Is in Accord With Military Right

Professor Paul Van Dyke of Princeton, son of the American ambassador to Holland, has written to the New York newspapers in regard to the German answers published in reply to the Bryce report on German atrocities.

"I do not know the official German answers to the Bryce report," writes Mr. Van Dyke, "but I have in my possession a number of the reports and affidavits published by the "Military Inquiry Office for Infringements of the Laws of War," on which, it ought to have been based. They are contained in a bulky volume published by the German foreign office entitled "Der Volker Rechtswidrige Fuhrung des Belgischen Volkskriegs." The book is scarcely known to Americans and I should like to make a few citations from it.

"Staff Physician Dr. Petrenz, deposes under oath that at about dark on Aug 23 he approached Les Bivages, a suburb of Dinant On the banks of the Maas, between the water and a garden wall, he saw on the left of the pontoon bridge a heap of executed civilians. 'I don't know who shot them but I was told that they were executed by the 101st regiment.' There were some dead women among them. 'I also found in the heap a ten-year-old girl wounded and buried under the heap a little girl of about five, unwounded."

Slaughter Hostages

"The report to which this and 86 other depositions were attached explains how that heap of dead men, women and children came here.

"When the 101st Grenadier regiment reached Les Rivages in the late afternoon of August 23 they found 'everything quiet,' and it remained so. 'The commander took out of the nearest houses a good number of persons to serve as hostages.' 'It was made clear to them that they must answer with their lives for the safety of the troops.' 'The men were placed against a garden wall to the left of the pontoon bridge; the women who had come out of the houses with them were put off somewhere down stream.' The building of the pontoon bridge went on. 'When it was built out into the stream some 40 yards, fire was suddenly opened on the pioneers, from the houses and cliffs. In consequence of this the male hostages assembled along the garden wall were shot.' That was where the heap of dead men, women and children that Dr. Petrenz saw came from.

"The paragraph collment of the report on this recital of facts is as follows: 'The tacital object of the 12th corps was the rapid crossing of the Maas and the clearing of the enemy from its left bank. The rapid overcoming of the opposition to attaining this end was a necessity of war and to be reached by every possible means. Therefore the shooting of hostages carried out in several places was in accord with right.

"That this was no isolated case, but the fixed and deliberate policy of the German army, appears from the following extract from a proclamation posted in the city of Reims, Sept. 12, 1914. I quote passages from a photographic facsimile. 'In order to secure sufficiently the security of the troops and the calm of the population of Reims, the persons named below have been seized as hostages by the commander of the German army These hostages will be hanged at the least attempt at disorder. On the other hand, if the city keeps itself absolutely calm and tranquil, the hostages and the inhabitants will be taken under the protection of the German army.' There followed a list of names such as the mayor of the city, the secretary of the chamber of commerce, the president of the cooperative society and about 80 others.

"I do not know what facts the German government's answer to the Bryce report uses, but if it uses facts reported and defended in official documents of the German government like those cited above I am inclined to believe that German-Americans are mistaken in suggesting that it would influence American sympathy in favor of Germany.—Paul Van Dyke."

W. J. LOEWE IS ELECTED IN PEEL COUNTY, ONT.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BRAMPTON, Ont., Feb. 24.—W. J. Loewe, Liberal candidate, was today elected to the Ontario legislature from Peel county by a majority of 835 over J. R. Fallis, former Conservative member who resigned recently following the disclosures before the Davidson war contract commission of his having profited considerably early in the war by acting as an intermediary in the purchase of remounts. Mr Fallis' majority in the last election was 627.

Today's contest was a result of the nomination of Mr. Fallis. Shortly after his resignation the Liberal leaders in the constituency let it be known that if any other candidate but Fallis were chosen by the Conservatives the Liberal party would not contest the election. The Conservatives, however, chose Mr. Fallis with the result stated.

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The News reserves the right to reject any copy submitted for publication.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE.

ELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St., Phone 283.
ANTED—General servants, $15 to $30; teamsters; cordwood cutters; aiter; good pole and post contracts. otel porter.

ANTED—A man to look after young apple orchard of 200 acres in East ootenay, for a period of three or ur months. Apply box 407, Fernie, C. (2400)

RAVELER wanted to sell to hardware, grocery and general stores, a ne of household utilities on commison; a man preferred who is already aveling with another line to take is in addition. Write stating full parculars and territory covered to W. H. yer, 918 Pender street west, Vancouer, B.C. (2410)

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OR SALE—Mentges newspaper folder; folds 4, 6, 8, 10 or 12 pages. In rst class condition. Snap for cash. he Daily News, Nelson. (678)

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OR SALE—Edison Dictograph, complete; electric power Apply to Daily ews Business office. (654)

OR SALE—Shaving machine for Edion records. Box 685, Daily News

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OR SALE—Empire typewriter, $20. Box 464, Daily News. (464)

OR SALE—First class miscroscope; almost new; one of the best makes, 0. Box 511, Daily News. (511)

OR SALE—Coal burning brooder, capacity 100 to 500 chicks; never sed, $25. Gus Henke, Nakusp. (2379)

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FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

OR RENT—Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. nquire room 32. (2309)

. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms oderate, A. Macdonald & Co. (2311)

OUSEKEEPING rooms for rent, $8 per month; over Poole Drug store. (2393)

URNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr Apartments. (2310)

SITUATION WANTED—FEMALE

VANTED—At once, position on ranch or as cook in mining camp by widow, 5, and son 16 years old. Apply box 431, Daily News. (2431)

SITUATION VACANT—FEMALE.

WANTED—At once, housekeeper for widower with 3 children. Woman between 35 and 40 years. Small wages. No objection to one child. Apply Sam Peterson, Grand Forks, B.C. (2430)

SITUATION WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Position shipper, experienced and practical grader, Shipper, P.O. box 659, Nelson, B.C. (2385)

WANTED—Position as traveller or store and bookkeeper (ticket writer) by young married man, has had good experience and references. Box 2406, Daily News. (2406)

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HORSES AND CATTLE.

FOR SALE—Small dairy business in good locality. No competition. Snap for right party. For full particulars write box 2422, Daily News. (2422)

TWO FRESH COWS for sale. S. Barkley, Benton Siding. (2435)

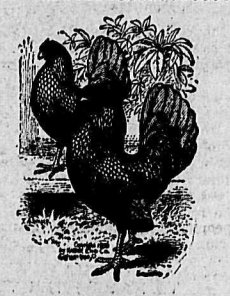
WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Twenty acre farms near Fruitvale. Best land in Beaver valley. Adjacent to government highway, Great Northern railway and telephone lines. Beaver creek runs through each farm. Thickly settled community. Ideal climate. Good home market for dairy products, fruit, grain, hay, vegetables. Seventy-five to one hundred dollars per acre. Five per cent cash, balance in fifteen years. Five per cent interest. Write owner for map and description. Save agent's commission. Send this advertisement to your friends. George Reith, Fruitvale, B.C. (2202)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

POULTRY AND EGGS



FOR SALE—20 White Wyandotte hens and pullets coming into full lay. R. W. Somerville, Trail, B.C. (2418)

EXTRA GOOD White Leghorn cockerel; also a two year old for sale or exchange. Apply D. Irving, Granite road. (2432)

BRED TO LAY—White Wyandotte eggs, Fishel strain direct, $1.25 dozen. Brook & Bailey, Kaslo. (2409)

TRAP NESTED White Leghorn and White Wyandotte hatching eggs; Toulouse geese, day-old chicks. Pens headed by males from our hens which won 3rd prize 3rd Egg Contest. Cockerels for sale; mating list on application. Chalmers, Thrums. (2378)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEments in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

MESSENGERS.

NELSON MESSENGER CO—Baggage and express. Prompt and reliable. Day and night. Phone 242.

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist, Box A1108, Nelson, B. C. Charges: Gold, silver, copper or lead, $1 each; gold-silver, $1.50; silver-lead, $1.50. Other metals on application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO., Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

PLUMBERS

E. K. STRACHAN, 120 Baker street—Plumbers supplies, estimates free; work guaranteed. Phone 262.

EXPRESS AND BAGGAGE.

CITY CAB CO., Phone 18—Up to date hacks, carriages and sleighs. Open day and night. Goods stored.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Products. Office and warehouse, corner of Front and Hall Sts P.O. Box 1095; telephone 28 and 23

PATENTS.

BABCOCK & SONS, Registered Attorneys. Estab. 1877. Formerly patent office examiner. Master of Patent Laws. Book, "Patent Protection" free; 99 St. James St., Montreal. Branches: Ottawa and Washington.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg. F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

DANCING CLASSES AND PRIVATE Lessons—Miss Gladys Attree at Nelson every Saturday and Monday. P.O. Box 304, Nelson.

PRICE BROS., Taxidermists—Taxidermy work and rug and robe making a specialty. Price Bros., Taxidermists, Rossland. (2434)

LODGE NOTICES.

KOOTENAY LODGE NO. 16, I.O.O.F —Meets every Monday night in Oddfellows' hall at 7:30 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LODGE No. 16, I.O.O.F., meets first and third Tuesdays, Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT, NO. 7, I.O.O.F.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

CANTON CORONA, NO. 7.—MEETS every second Tuesday in Oddfellows' hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEETS Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall Eagle block.

CLAN JOHNSTONE, 212, MEETS IN I.O.O.F. hall first and third Fridays at 8 p.m.

S. O. E.—Meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. hall at 8 p.m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—$2500 agreement, covering large improved ranch, eight per cent interest; absolute security. Box No. 2436, Daily News. (2436)

FOR SALE—Fine Airdale dog; would exchange for sow or pigs. John Graham, Perry Siding. (2437)

BLACKSMITH business for sale. Will stand close investigation. For further particulars write box 324, Rossland, B.C. (2429)

LARGE OR SMALL STUMPS can be destroyed at the cost of a few cents each by our process; no hard labor necessary and no explosives used. Write for particulars. Ideal Stump Destroyer Co., 160 Broadway East Vancouver, B. C. (2313)

FOR SALE—Two Jersey cows, one freshens in March, one first of April P. M. Schomberg, Perry Siding B.C. (2423)

DOUKHOBORS are buying potatoes at $30 a ton. Send information regarding quality to Doukhobor Society, Brilliant, B.C. (2411)

Condensed "Want" Ads Order Form

Use this blank on which to write out your condensed ad., one word in each space. Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B. C.

Rate: One cent a word each insertion, six consecutive insertions charged as four. Each initial, figure, dollar sign, etc., count as one word. No charge less than 15 cents.

Please publish the above advertisement.....times, for which I enclose $.....

Name .....

Address .....

If desired, replies may be addressed to Box Numbers at The Daily News Office. If replies are to be mailed enclose 10c extra to cover cost of postage.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

Skating at the rink every evening. (2421)

Special musical service in St. Paul's church Sunday evening. (2424)

Canadian club luncheon at the Hume today at 1:30. Ladies invited. Tickets 50c. (2440)

R. D. McDonald, general contractor, Trail—I have the latest in moderate priced homes. Jobbing promptly attended to; estimates given; also shopwork of any description done (2320)

The members of the Nelson and District Women's institute taking part in the Red Cross work will meet at the council chamber this afternoon at 2 o'clock. (2439)

Many enquiries are being made for "The Warden Warriors' War Song," written by Robert Main and composed by F. Warner Smith. The manuscript is now in the publishers' hands and copies may be had when published. (2438)

A social dance will be held in the I.O.O.F. hall on Feb. 29 by the Rebekahs. Music will be furnished by Johnson's orchestra. Dancing 9 to 2. The club room on the second floor will be open for those who wish to play cards. Gentlemen 50c, ladies 25c. (2433)

FAVORS PEDLER SYSTEM OF SELLING THE FISH

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—The marine and fisheries commission which is inquiring into the high cost of fish paid at inland markets as compared with the price received by the fishermen, examined W. A. Found, superintendent of fisheries, today. Mr. Found thought a reduction in the cost of this article of food could be brought about by the adoption of the pedler system of delivery. This would provide for shipments in carload lots stopping at three points in transit. For instance, a carload at Mulgrave, N.S., would stop at Montreal, Kingston and Toronto and a portion of the fish be taken off. Under present conditions the demand at any one place is not sufficient to call for carload lots and the less than carload rates have to be paid, which very greatly enhances the cost. By way of illustration he stated that fish shipped from the coast to Regina and Winnipeg is $4.50 in less than carload lots, and only $2.50 a hundred pounds when a carload is shipped. Mr. Found informed the commission that a service of this kind had been put in operation by companies in the states with good results. The number of stops is limited to three for every time a refrigerator car is opened the temperature within it rises.

STANDARD OIL PREDICTS A FAMINE IN GASOLINE

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 24.—Robert Stewart, director of the Standard Oil company, appearing at a hearing before the city council which had declined to issue permits to the company for five more filling stations until the rise in prices of gasoline had been adequately explained, declared today that the price will continue to rise and said there is a possibility of a world-wide gasoline famine.

"Increase in the price of crude oil, the tremendous increase in the demand and the increase of prices of articles used in refining processes have sent prices skyward," Mr. Stewart claimed.

KING EDWARD MIGHT HAVE AVERTED WAR

Had He Lived, Believes Countess of Warwick, His Influence Would Have Prevented Hostilities.

LONDON.—Lady Warwick has an exceedingly frank and illuminating articles in the February Nash's Magazine on the personal relations that existed between King Edward VII. and the kaiser. It is the outcome, she clares, of her "having enjoyed the confidence of King Edward before and after he came to the throne," and of having heard from his own lips scores of times, his attitude towards Germany and the Germans."

She denies entirely the suggestions recently made in some quarters (chiefly in America), that King Edward devoted his political sagacity to the task of isolating Germany. In international affairs he always followed the advice of his ministers, and was absolutely faithful to the constitution.

After the Reval meeting, when the foundation of friendship between Great Britain and Russia were laid, Lady Warwick asked him his view of the political situation, and records that his reply was:

"Germany is our commercial rival; she has a magnificent business aptitude; she will develop with growing riches and a few adventurous statesmen, a rivalry of another kind. The Reval meeting, with the French convention, will, I hope, put an end to the possibility. But nothing has been done that stands in the way of a good understanding between London and Berlin. I believe all sensible men desire peace. We have no quarrel with Germany or any other power."

It was because he regarded the entente as a force for peace that he showed his resentment so mistakably when M. Delcasse was thrown to the wolves before the Algeciras conference.

"To Put Our House in Order."

One of the most curious of the countess' reminisences is that in which she recalls her last meeting with King Edward only three months before his death.

"I may add," she begins, "that King Edward admired Germany almost as much as he loved France. The thoroughness of the German business methods, the rejection of everything slovenly in thought and action impressed him greatly and he once made a remarkable statement to me.

"It was in London in the late winter of 1909-10, less than three months before he died. He came to tea and talked of German administration.

"'Do you know,' he said, 'that if this country could be controlled in the same way, we should be all the better for it? If we could be ruled by the Germans just long enough to have our house put in order'—he paused, and added, with a laugh—'You know the trouble is that if we once had them we could not get rid of them.'"

In his earlier days, as Prince of Wales, there was undoubted friction between uncle and nephew, but it never amounted, according to Lady Warwick, to more than "a sort of family quarrel, intensified by the high standing of both parties."

She remembers having heard King Edward speak angrily of his nephew, but only because of the way he treated his mother. The personal gibes and criticisms did not often sting him; he said his nephew was suffering from megalomania and had not learned to control a rather unruly tongue.

"Heavy" Germans.

"But," she adds, "in all the years I have passed mentally in review I never remember hearing King Edward utter a single sentence of ill will to Germany; the worst he ever said was that the Germans were a 'heavy' race. That was his expression.

"The Russian and French ambassies were in the Marlborough House set, but the German embassy never was, and the only ambassador there who ever approached terms of intimacy was Prince Hatzfeldt. In all probability the influence of Queen Alexandria had something to do with the failure of the German embassy, for she had learned by the bitter experience of her own country to suspect German motives, knowing as she did, the real truth about Schleswig-Holstein.

There were a variety of reasons for the coolness between the royal pair.

"The kaiser chafed at his uncle's association with a financier (Baron Hirsch); he chafed, too, when King Edward spent long hours at Homburg with the Empress Frederick, who had a castle there in the days of her widowhood. The love between the brother and sister was very beautiful. She confided all her troubles to from the early days, for oddly enough, when there were family quarrels in Berlin, Queen Victoria always sided with her grandson against the Princess Royal. The old queen was devoted to the kaiser, and perhaps unwisely would hold him up to her eldest son as an example of what a man shold be; but it is only right and fair to say that Wilhelm II reciprocated her affection, and his grief when she passed away was heartfelt. If only he had loved his mother as well as he loved his grandmother."

Frendliness Resumed.

Relations between King Edward and the kaiser improved immensely when Queen Victoria died The kaiser either limited his criticisms or saw to it that they were not indiscreetly uttered Their friendliness was resumed and they became as they were after the attempt on King Edward's life by an anarchist during the Boer war. The kaiser met the royal train at the frontier station to congratluate his uncle upon his escape and inquire after his health.

"King Edward," Lady Warwick records, "wrote to me from Sandringham on his return. After thanking me for a telegram and letter of congratulation, he told me the kaiser had came all the way from Berlin to Altona to inquire after his health. He thought that was very kind of him."

Even if King Edward's personal views had affected political issues it would never, she declares, have been to Germany's detriment. He made it his business to know what Germany was doing to solve the problem of unemployment, housing, and factory management, and in the last years of his life his intercourse with Liberal statesmen quicken his interest in plans for the betterment of the class that does the work. Times out of mind he spoke of what Germany had achieved in this direction, always with frank admiration that only a good sportsman can give under all circumstances.

It is with Lady Warwick, she confesses, an article of faith that had King Edward been living in July, 1914, there would have been no war, for his personal influence would have enabled him to reconcile differences at the last moment.

WHY TAKE CHANCES?

To have your dough too cold and spoil a batch of bread, while you are sure to have good and wholesome bread if you get it from us. We deliver all over the city and ship to any part of Kootenays.

Choquette Bros.

Sole Manufacturers of MOTHER'S BREAD.

Phone 258 516 Baker St.

The Hudson's Bay Company.

The Bachelor Navy Suits, $15

You Can Pay More But--

No Matter What You Pay You Cannot Get, Dollar for Dollar, So Much Value in Style, Fit and Workmanship as We Offer You Today

ONLY OUR EXCEPTIONAL FACILTIES AND BIG PURCHASING POWER ENABLES US TO PLACE THESE SUITS ON SALE AT THIS REMARKABLE FIGURE. THE FABRIC IS ALL WOOL, COLD WATER SHRUNK AND HAND TAILORED, ASSURING PERMANENT SHAPE, FIT AND STYLE.

WE TELL YOU TODAY THAT YOU CANNOT BUY A SUIT EQUAL TO THIS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA FOR FIFTEEN DOLLARS. WE ORDERED ANOTHER TWENTY-FIVE OF THEM THIS WEEK. THIS WILL TELL YOU HOW THEY HAVE CAUGHT ON.

Mail Orders

TO MEN OUT OF TOWN UNABLE TO GET IN TO SEE THEM, WE ASK YOU TO DROP US A POSTCARD GIVING SIZE REQUIRED—WE DO THE REST.

Week End Snaps in Groceries

PURE HONEY— Five-Pound Tins $1.00
COOKING EGGS— Per Dozen 35c
KOOTENAY EGGS, NEW LAID— Fresh in Today—Per Dozen 50c
HOME-MADE MARMALADE— One-Pound Glass 25c
HOME-MADE MARMALADE— Quart Jar 50c
FRESH CANDIES—New shipment of Toasted Marshmallows, Bon-Bons, Bulls-Eyes, Mint Puffs—Half Pound 15c
SUGAR—Granulated Sugar in Today. Twenty-Pound Sacks $1.80
Send orders in at once. We cannot say how long it will last.

Boys--Come in and See "The New Patent Governor Fastener"

FOR BOTTOM OF PANTS--NO STRAPS OR BUCKLES TO TEAR. IT SAVES THE BOYS DISCOMFORT, THE MOTHER ANNOYANCE.

A New Delivery of Soft Pile, Dark Brown Corduroy Pants. Extra well finished. Sizes 25 to 34. This makes a dandy school pant. Prices ..... $1.75 TO $2.25

Also Navy Blue Bloomers

ALSO NAVY BLUE BLOOMERS— All Sizes. Good Hard Wearing Material ..... $1.50 TO $2.25
MIXED TWEED BLOOMERS— A Good Every Day Garment. Come while the picking is good ..... $1.50 TO $2.25
JUST OPENED—A CASE OF KHAKI HANDKERCHIEFS—We have not had any for weeks. Two for 25c
BOSTON GARTERS— In New Shades 25c
NEW ARM BANDS— In Elastic Silk Web. Pair 15c, 20c
BURLINGTON EXPANDING ARMLETS— New Goods. Old Price 25c

Unequalled for General Use

GALT COAL — BURNS ALL NIGHT

W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent, Nelson, B. C.

Jars supplied to all railway points.

Spring Cleaning

OUR SYRUP HYPOPHOSPHITES COMPOUND IS THE ONLY PREPARATION TO HOUSE CLEAN THE SYSTEM AND PREPARE IT FOR SUMMER. $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

PRESCRIPTIONS OUR SPECIALTY.

Nelson Opera House

TWO NIGHTS

Commencing Monday Feb. 28

The Greatest Dramatic Success in Years.

"WITHIN THE LAW"

By Bayard Veiller.

Presented by the United Producing Co. under special arrangement with Selwyn & Co., New York.

Prices, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Seat Sale at City Drug Co.

Social and Personal

E. H. Haltrey of Rossland is registered at the Hume.

Capt. F. P. Armstrong will leave this morning on a visit to Northport.

Mrs. J. E. I. Corbett of Vernon, B.C. is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. C. Gore.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Lindow of Salmo are visiting the city and are guests at the Hume.

T. N. Watson of Kaslo arrived in the city yesterday and is registered at the Strathcona.

R. Brown and J. Cage of New Denver are visiting the city and are registered at the Strathcona.

Capt. H. G. Barnes of the 107th regiment, Fernie, arrived in the city last night and is a guest at the Hume.

Mrs. A. R. Kilbey returned from a visit to Toronto last evening accompanied by her sister, Miss Agnes Taton.

A. D. Westby of the Second Relief mine near Erie arrived in the city yesterday and is staying at the Strathcona.

The Ark

Men's Khaki Shirts, each....50c
Hair Ribbons, 4 and 5 inches; per yard 15c
Flannelette, 34 inches, yard...15c
Linen Collars, each 15c
Heavy Ribbed Hose, 9s, 10s, per pair 30c
Lawn and Longcloth, yard....15c
Bungalow Aprons, each.....50c
Will buy for Cash second-hand Furniture and Ranges.

J. W. HOLMES, Manager.
606 Vernon St.

No Guesswork

OUR EYE EXAMINATION IS POSITIVE.

WE GUARANTEE ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION.

We have every facility for accurate eye testing and making up glasses.

Up-to-date Optical Parlor—fully equipped grinding plant.

Repairs—Lens replaced, frames repaired, etc., on short notice.

J. O. Patenaude

EXPERT OPTICIAN, MANUFACTURING JEWELER AND WATCHMAKER.

PATRIOTIC FUND PAYS OUT $15,926

Local Committee Distributes Nearly $16,000 Since War Began—Canadian Explosives Gives $500.

A financial statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Nelson and district patriotic fund, made at a meeting of the committee yesterday afternoon, showed that since the organization of the local fund early in the war, up until Jan. 31 of the present year, $12,264.76 had been received and $15,926.60 had been distributed among dependents in the district while the expenses of the work had been but $107.74, used principally for stationery, postage and war stamps for checks.

It was decided by the committee to transfer five names to the Revelstoke branch of the fund, as the persons are now living at Nakusp. Twelve names of dependents of men who have recently enlisted at Nelson were added to the lists and a grant to the local fund of $500 from the Canadian Explosives, Limited, was reported.

Nelson News of the Day

SPEAKS ON PRAYER AND FAMILY WORSHIP

Bishop of Kootenay Continues Series of Addresses at St. Saviour's Church.

The Bishop of Kootenay's message at the mission meeting in St. Saviour's church last night was on "Prayer" and the restoration of family worship as the greatest need of the nation at the present time to bring about a return to God. The bishop has decided to hold a regular mission meeting tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock as usual. Although this was not on the printed announcement there will be a mission meeting this evening and tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock and on Sunday mission meetings will be held at 11 a.m.; men's meeting at 4 p.m., and the mission will close with the regular evening mission service at 7:30.

Taking for his text St. John's gospel, tenth chapter and verce 10, "I am come that they might have life and that they might have it more abundant," the bishop said that Christ came to earth to bring life back again to men. Death was the penalty of sin. Our Lord and Saviour grappled with sin and although tempted in all points like as we are by his death on the cross He vanquished and overcame sin and the author of sin. He opened the kingdom of heaven to all believers. He won for the whole of mankind the gifts of life eternal. Christ came to be the light and life of the world to unite God and man and so He founded the church His body. He instituted holy baptism wherein we are made members of Christ children of God and inheritors of the kingdom of heaven. Sin was quite abnormal in a Christian and can only be remitted by sincere faith and repentance. If a man could not make peace by confession of his sins to God it was his duty as plainly laid down in the prayer book to come to his minister and seek peace at his hands. The ministry was especially commissioned to help those who needed assurance of the foregiveness of their sins.

Divine life is the seed in baptism and but for sin would not be interfered with but it needed to be fed and cared for and developed just as the natural life was one of gradual development.

The great helps to spiritual life were prayer, reading of the Bible, confirmation and holy communion. If the means of grace were neglected there would be only one result, exactly the same as neglect would cause in the natural life.

Prayer meant fellowship with God, keeping in close living touch with God. Every true and proper prayer consisted of five acts. Adoration, the heart lifted up in praise; thanksgiving, confession and intercession or asking, asking mainly for others, although as children coming to a loving father Christians had a right to make known all their wants, however trivial. Asking for ourselves was not the chief thing in prayer, it was the lowest aspect of prayer. There was no spiritual life without real daily prayer. Ejaculatory prayer in time of great temptation was of the greatest use. Getting really in touch with God through prayer was one of the great needs of the day.

Praying to God meant also God speaking to us through Bible reading and reading of the Bible had been almost given up and the neglect of studying the Bible was responsible in a large measure for the prevailing low state of spiritual life today. A certain portion of the Bible should be intelligently read every day. If this were done it would lead to an understanding of God's will not now dreampt of. Meditation on short texts was also strongly urged. The loss of family prayer was one of the greatest losses to the whole nation. The home is the cradle of the nation. If the homes were consecrated by preyer and family worship it would be well with the state. Time must be made for family prayer and worship and when this was done God would build up a really Christian nation of us.

MATRON OF HOSPITAL TENDERS RESIGNATION

Miss E. E. Kidd of the Kootenay Lake General hospital staff has tendered her resignation as matron of that institution. It is expected that the matter will be brought up at he meeting of the board of directors next Monday afternoon in the board of trade rooms

107TH REGIMENT MAY GO OVERSEAS

Col. Ogilvie, D. O. C., Advises Militia Department to Authorize Recruiting of Kootenay Battalion

It was announced last night by Col. A. T. Olgivie, D. O. C., who is visiting Nelson that he had recommended the formation of a battalion for overseas, of which Lieut.-Col. Joseph Mackay, commanding officer of the 107th regiment, will have command.

The recommendation was made yesterday following a conference between Col. Ogilvie and Lieut.-Col. Mackay two days ago at Fernie, at which the commander of the 107th regiment again urged the wish of the regiment to be allowed to recruit with a view to being sent overseas. In the event of the application being granted, the 107th will act as the nucleus for a new overseas battalion which will be known by some other number.

Capt. H. G. Barnes of the 107th regiment, Fernie, who accompanied Col. Ogilvie to the city last night, states that when the colonel announced that he would recommend the transforming of the 107th into an overseas battalion, it was received with the greatest enthusiasm in Fernie, as, he says, that following the offer of their services for overseas made by the members several months ago every effort has been put forth by Lieut.-Col. Mackay and his officers to have the offer accepted by the militia department at Ottawa and that, in the light of Col. Ogilvie's recommendation, they now consider the formation of the 107th regiment into an active service unit as virtually an accomplished fact.

OFFICERS GUESTS OF CANADIAN CLUB

Col. A. T. Ogilvie, D. O. C., and Lieut.-Col. A. Bruce Powley to Be Entertained at Luncheon

The guests of honor at the Canadian club luncheon, which will take place today at 12:30 o'clock in the Hume dining room, will be Col. A. T. Ogilvie, D. C. O., and Lieut.-Col. A. Bruce Powley, who returned from France last November and has been given command of the new 143rd overseas battalion, which is being mobilized at Victoria and is known as the "British Columbia Bantams."

Col. Ogilvie arrived in the city last evening, accompanied by Capt. J. G. Barnes of the 107th regiment, Fernie, after visiting Fernie and Cranbrook on business connected with the recruiting of men for overseas service and is staying at the Hume. An invitation has been extended by the committee of the Canadian club to women to attend the luncheon today and it is expected that in the light of the commanding officer's announcement of his recommendation that the 107th regiment be used as a nucleus for a Kootenay overseas battalion, made last night, the luncheon, which will be addressed by him, will be of unusual interest. The committee states that although the notice of the luncheon was short, it expects that there will be a large turnout of the members and women friends of the club.

WARNED OF PLAN TO DESTROY SHIP AT SEATTLE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SEATTLE, Feb. 24.—Dock owners were warned today by the city authorities against a possible plot to destroy the Blue Funnel liner Taltsybus, en route here with a cargo of rubber, silk and other staples. The liner left Victoria for this port at noon today.

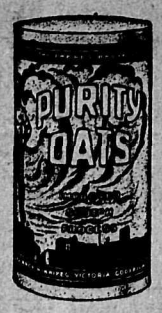
Guards were doubled at certain piers today, following the receipt of an anonymous letter from Tacoma by Harry Brigham, fire marshal, declaring that German agents had left Tacoma for Seattle with the intention of destroying the liner.

WILL ISSUE MONEY ORDERS TO SCANDINAVIA, HOLLAND

Postmasters have been informed that the exchange of money orders with Denmark, Holland, Norway, and Sweden, which was suspended on Aug. 8, 1914, has been resumed and money orders may be issued on these countries at the same rates of commission as formerly.

In all such cases the sender's receipt only will be handed to the remitter and the order will be sent to the exchange office attached to the corresponding advice.

Not having identification papers, Rev. Arthur Carlisle, rector of All Saints church, Windsor, now chaplain with the 18th battalion, was arrested in France as a supposed spy.



Purity Oats

IN TUBES

These are First Quality. The small tube is handy for the small family, while the Family Size contains 60 oz. net.

Each Family Size Tube contains a coupon, and only takes a few of these coupons to get you a valuable premium.

ASK YOUR GROCER

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co. Limited

USE DAILY NEWS WANT ADS TO SELL, BUY, RENT OR HIRE

WE OFFER YOU THE BEST IN

TOOTH BRUSHES and TOOTH PASTES | PEROXIDE at 25c, 50c, 75c | WAMPOLE'S COMPOUND COD LIVER OIL | Try Our AROMATIC CASCARA It's the Best Made.

DON'T COUGH—USE 201

JAPANESE CATARRH CURE—BEST CATARRH REMEDY—50c.

CITY DRUG CO. For DRUGS, STATIONERY, Neilson's Chocolates, Phonographs, Etc.

NELSON'S BUSY STORE PHONE 34 P. O. BOX 1083

LOSES BOTH FEET DIES OF INJURIES

Dell Deacon of Salmo Falls Under Wheels While Attempting to Board Freight Train at Ymir

Dell Deacon of Salmo died last night at the hospital in Nelson, as the result of an accident, in which he lost both feet through falling under the wheels of a Great Northern freight train, while attempting to board it as it moved out of the station at Ymir yesterday morning.

Deacon left Nelson several days ago and was on his way to his home at Salmo. He had stopped off at Ymir to visit his son and, it is believed, was endeavoring to board the Great Northern freight which was leaving Ymir at about 8:30 o'clock in the morning when the accident happened. At the point where the injured man made his attempt to climb on to the slowly moving train, the snow is banked several feet deep on each side of the track and it is though that as he reached for the hand rail his feet slipped upon the slippery and uneven surface of the piled snow, causing him to fall under the wheels, which passed over both his legs just above the ankles, completely severing both feet.

The accident was discovered almost immediately by one of the train crew, who signaled to the engineer to stop, but not before Deacon had been dragged for some distance. The trainerew then drew Deacon from between the car wheels and carried him to the caboose where where the application of first aid succeeded in staunching the flow of blood. The engine and caboose were uncoupled from the remainder of the train and returned to the mountain station at Nelson, where Dr. W. O. Rose, who had been notified by telephone, was waiting with the ambulance and conveyed the injured man to the hospital. Later it was found necessary to amputate both legs below the knees. Death occurred at 10:30 o'clock last night.

It is said that some years ago Deason had both wrists injured by being run over by a speeder and that it was impossible for him to lift anything of a heavy nature. Deacon was about 50 years of age. Funeral arrangements will be made later.

Members of Trinity Methodist choir will meet for rehearsal this evening at 7:45 o'clock.

The members of the Nelson and District Women's institute who are interested in Red Cross work will meet in the council chamber this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the association parlors for special business.

BOTH MINISTERS WINNING AT COAST

Election of Hon. C. E. Tisdall and Hon. A. C. Flumerfelt Assured—Second Place in Vancouver Doubtful.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., Feb. 24.—No doubt is felt here as to the main result of the election on Saturday. Hon. C. E. Tisdall's election is generally conceded. There is, however, much speculation as to whether M. A. Macdonald, the Liberal candidate, or L. D. Taylor, the Independent, will run in second place. Reports from Victoria state that Hon. A. C. Flumerfelt is gaining strength daily, many Liberals flocking to his manner. His election is considered assured and it is expected the majority, with only two candidates in the field, will be large.

METHODIST CIRCLE GIVES SUCCESSFUL MUSICALE

A most successful musicale was given last night at the home of Mrs. J. E. Annable in aid of the Circle of the Ladies' aid of Trinity Methodist church of which she is president. Among those who contributed to the program were: Mrs. Gordon Allan, Mrs. Phillips, Miss Robertson, Miss Fawcett, George Brown, Mrs Tyler, George S. Millar, Mrs. Steeves, Queenie and Jack Annable, Margaret Haig, Miss Meta Bowles, L. O. Campbell, Miss Campbell, Ross Fleming and F. Warner Smith, who conducted an orchestra in several numbers.

IMPORTANT GERMAN BANK CLOSES ITS DOORS

LONDON, Feb. 24—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph says the failure of an important bank at Essen, Germany, is announced. It is believed that many of the men in the Krupp works have lost their savings.

St. Saviour's Church
Nelson, B. C.

THE MISSION

To be conducted by the LORD BISHOP OF KOOTENAY.
Feb. 19-27, inclusive.

Monday, 21.
10:00 a.m.—Holy Communion.
12:05 p.m.—Litany and Intercessions.
4:00 p.m.—Children's Mission Service.
8:00 p.m.—Mission Service.

Tuesday, 22.
7:30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
12:05 p.m.—Litany and Intercession.
4:00 p.m.—Children's Mission Service.
8:00 p.m.—Mission Service.

Wednesday, 23.
Same as on Monday.

Thursday, 24.
Same as on Tuesday.

Friday, 25.
Same as on Monday.

Saturday, 26.
7:30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
12:05 p.m.—Litany and Intercession.
8:00 p.m.—Mission Service.

Sunday, 27.
8:00 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11:00 a.m.—Mattins and Holy Communion.
4:00 p.m.—Men's Meeting.
7:30 p.m.—Mission service.

RUSSIANS CONTINUE TO PURSUE THE TURKS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PETROGRAD, Feb. 24.—Tonight's official report says:

"In the Black sea region near the Bosphorus, one of our submarines was twice attacked by two aeroplanes, but without result. The submarine destroyed a sailing ship loaded with coal.

"On the Caucasus we continue to press the enemy successfully."

BELGIAN KING HONORS SOLDIER FROM TORONTO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—King Albert of Belgium has granted Prince Alexander of Teck permission to wear the Belgian Croix Militaire.

Flight Lieut. Stratham Ince of the British navy, has been granted the D. S. O., for his services as observer and gunner on Dec. 14, when, with Lieut. Graham he attacked and destroyed a German seaplane off the Belgian coast. Ince belongs to Toronto. He was among the first students graduated from the Curtis flying school at Long Branch, Toronto.

ALBERTA LEGISLATURE OPENS ITS SESSION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

EDMONTON, Alta., Feb. 24.—The legislature was opened this afternoon by Lieutenant Governor Brett, who performed the ceremony for the first time. There was a small attendance owing to the precautions taken to guard the buildings and those present were confined to guests on the floor of the house and in the speaker's gallery. After routine motions th house adjourned until tomorrow, when committees will be appointed. The debate on the address will be taken up Monday.

FINDS DUCKWORTH GUILTY OF MURDERING RELATIVE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ORANGEVILLE, Ont., Feb. 24.—After deliberating eight hours in the case against Thomas Duckworth, charged with shooting his brother-in-law, H. Strutt, on Nov. 2 at the lonely homestead in East Luther tonwship, the jury this morning brought in a verdict of wilful murder against the accused, with a strong recommendation of mercy.

ITALIAN LINER WARNED TO WATCH FOR RAIDER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The possibility that a German sea raider is at large in the north Atlantic was suggested when the Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi, from Italian ports on its arrival here today reported that it had received a wireless warning from Halifax to be on the lookout for such a vessel.

The message gave no details, however, of the possible location of such a raider.

"Does he pay his alimony promptly?"

"No. I have as much trouble in getting money out of him as if I were married to him."

The STARLAND THEATRE

"Where Everybody Goes."

TONIGHT

Grand Concert

By THE 6-PIECE STARLAND ORCHESTRA.

Note—To introduce our new orchestra we are making a special offer good for tonight only. The coupon below if cut out and presented to the cashier tonight will admit adults for 10 cents and children for 5 cents. Take advantage of this offer. It means something.

Splendid two-part drama, "THE RETURN OF CAL CLAWSON." A Thrill in Every Scene.

Thanhouser Comedy, "LOST, A UNION SUIT."

Two additional Dramas and Comedies.

Tomorrow — "THE WILD OLIVE," Five Parts.

COUPON.

Adults presenting this coupon tonight will be charged 10 cents only; children, 5 cents.

FRENCH AIR SQUADRON DROPS BOMBS ON METZ

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.—A French air squadron has dropped a large number of bombs on the outskirts of Metz a big fire being observed after the attack.

THE SONG OF THE SLACKER

Beware of the slacker, beware!
Beware of the slacker, beware!
For he's not a man
Though he looks spick and span
And has lots of pomade on his hair.

Beware of the slacker, beware!
Beware of the slacker, beware!
When he holds up his head
The girls cut him dead
Then down on the ground he will stare.

Beware of the slacker, beware!
Beware of the slacker, beware!
He is like a disease,
His excuse is a wheeze
To get out of doing his share.

Mayor Walters, of Hamilton, says he was disappointed because there was not a further war tax on luxuries and non-essentials, such as foreign wines, and he also thinks the farmers should be taxed.

Your Opportunity

TO GET SOME EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD BARGAINS EITHER IN MEN'S OR BOYS' TOGGERY AT THIS

Sale of High-Class Toggery

Men's Felt Hats — Regular up to $2.50 — NOW $1.00

Men's Felt Hats — Regular up to $3.00 — NOW $1.50

Semi-Ready Clothing

I sell this clothing in the ordinary way at the same price as it is sold in Montreal. Right now you can buy cheaper than Montreal prices, as I include my Semi-Ready Stock in this Sale. Suits from $10.00

J. A. GILKER

GENTS' AND BOYS' OUTFITTER

Gem Program

Today

FRIDAY, FEB. 25.

J RUFUS WALLINGFORD
Series No. 4, entitled,
"THE MASTER TOUCH"

A comedy masterpiece in two acts.
"OUT OF THE AIR"

Two-act Majestic Feature.
"IN THE CANDLELIGHT"
Popular Flying "A" two-reeler

And a Keystone Comedy,
"THEIR UPS AND DOWNS"

A banner program. Excellent music by Gem Concert orchestra.

Matinee at 3:30. Night, Continuous, 7 to 10:30.

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CANT HOOKS
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CHAINS
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ENGINE PACKING
COTTON WASTE
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LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING—ALL SIZES

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Atkinson's Poplin Neckwear

A shipment of these popular silks just received direct from Dublin. All the new stripes; also neat pattern effects.

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Emory & Walley

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