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VICTORIA, B.C.
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VOL. 14 No. 54 NELSON, B. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1915 50c. PER MONTH

GERMANS AT FOND DE BUVAL ARE ALMOST SURROUNDED

French Capture Cemetery, Slopes and Trenches

USE 300,000 SHELLS IN ONE ASSAULT

Both Sides Suffer Heavy Losses in Attacks and Counter-Attacks

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—In the west the French report important progress. The French statement tonight opens with the declaration: "There has been great activity on the front during the last two days."

The French have realized important progress, most of which they have retained notwithstanding four furious counter-attacks. They have captured several lines of trenches along both sides of the Aix Noulette-Souchez road. The Germans still hold Fond de Buval, but are almost surrounded and helpless.

The French have also advanced a considerable distance at other places along their front, some of which they were obliged to abandon after bombardment, but others of which they held and enlarged.

Almost Surround Foe

PARIS, June 17.—The official statement issued tonight describes intense activity along the French front, the allied forces delivering powerful attacks and the Germans counter-attacking fiercely.

To the north of Arras the French have carried several lines of German trenches and are making marked progress toward Souchez. Losses on both sides are reported heavy.

The text is as follows:

"There has been great activity on the front during the last two days. The fighting to the north of Arras since yesterday has taken on a character of extreme intensity. The infantry actions have been numerous and desperate, the duel of artillery violent and continuous. We have realized important progress, almost all of which has been maintained notwithstanding the ferocious counter-attacks of the enemy, some of which were markedly accentuated today.

"It is especially in the northern part of the sector that we have progressed, carrying several lines of trenches on both sides of the road from Aix Noulette to Souchez. The Germans are still holding on in the Fond de Buval, but they are almost completely surrounded.

Win by Brilliant Assaults

"We made advances yesterday and today toward Souchez, in the lines northwest, southeast, west and east, in an uninterrupted fashion.

"Further to the south we have taken a foothold in the park of the Chateau de Carleul, the moats of which, filled with water, served as a base for the enemy defenses, captured the cemetery of Souchez and gained ground on the slopes to the southeast of Souchez (hill 119), thanks to several brilliant assaults.

"The gains of yesterday were enlarged today. To the north, to the east and to the south of Neuville we took by assault the enemy's first line and at certain points the second line. The units engaged fought at the point of the bayonet and with grenades under a violent artillery fire.

Fire 300,000 Shells

"Our infantry after having attacked with great spirit, efficaciously supported by a fire of nearly 300,000 shells, was obliged to make a new front during the night of Wednesday-Thursday against violent and repeated counter-attacks carried out by large effectives and repulsed them along the entire front.

"We have evacuated only a small wood conquered yesterday morning to the south of Hill 119, which the enemy's artillery fire rendered untenable.

"The Germans brought into the engagement 11 divisions, which suffered heavy losses. On our side we have suffered serious losses. The morale of our troops is perfect. The number of prisoners taken by us exceeds 600, including more than 20 officers.

"Our air squadrons have effectively bombarded the enemy's reserves at Gvenchy and in the forest of Lafolie, and dispersed contingents in the act of taking up their formations.

"The grave check suffered by the enemy in its counter-attacks at Quennevieres is confirmed by the great number of German dead found in front of our trenches.

Continue Progress in Vosges

"A long range piece has twice bombarded Villers-Cotterets. One person was wounded.

"At Reims an examination of the points where German projectiles fell established the fact that more than 80 shells, several of which were of incendiary type, have fallen on the town and more particularly on the cathedral.

"In the east our success continues. We have taken Altenhof, then Steinbrucke, and we are continuing our progress on the banks of the Fecht river. The Germans are setting fire to Metzeral.

"The number of prisoners who have fallen into our hands has reached 500, of whom 10 are officers and 28 noncommissioned officers. To the war material already reported may be added three bomb throwers, three machine guns, some field telephones and apparatus for the emission of asphyxiating gases.

"An enemy aeroplane has been brought down by one of our machines in Alsace. The two German aviators were killed."

TEUTON LOSSES TOTAL 7,726,000

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, June 17.—The military expert of the Matin estimates the total casualties and losses in prisoners of the Teutonic allies at 6,726,000 men. The French general staff computes the Germans' losses alone at 3,290,000 up to March 21.

According to the Matin's war expert the German losses in killed, wounded and prisoners are 4,200,000 out of 8,500,000 men called to the colors, and Austrian losses are 2,526,000 out of 4,500,000 men called to the colors.

HEAVY GUNS CLEAR WAY FOR ATTACK

Bombardment Renewed—On Hazy Day Only Brown Dust from Shells Is Visible

(Frederick Palmer, who is at the front in France for the Associated Press sends the following.)

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, in France, June 17, via London.—The heavy distant bombardment by the French in the region of the "labyrinth," which has continued like the ceaseless roll of thunder for several days, was drowned to the ear early yesterday morning by the nearer roll of heavy artillery—preparations for an attack accompanying the offensive of the allies at two points on the British front, where for several days we had only a sniping exchange of rifle and machine gun fire between trenches and of shells between batteries and a lull in the siege warfare.

At the transfer for ammunition, the most significant point in the rear when an action is under way, motor trucks were running from the railhead, feeding the guns which were concentrated on the German trenches, tearing them apart with high explosives and harrassing them with shrapnel before the infantry charged.

An action in the sector of Hooge was made along a front of three-quarters of a mile. The front line trenches and a German salient were carried and also a length of the second line. The number of prisoners has not yet been stated.

In the Festubert region also the first line trenches was taken and the second penetrated in parts, but the ground gained had to be yielded.

Through the day there was only desultory firing until mid-afternoon, when on looking out over the country around Festubert I witnessed a renewal of the bombardment. In the warm, hazy June day only the brownish aureoles from the bursting lyddite shells as they raised the dust of the trenches heavenward were visible, while even the flashes of the hidden guns were invisible, and the foliage hid the infantry.

ITALIANS ARE IN GREAT BATTLE

Appear to Be Gaining Upper Hand on Isonzo

AUSTRIANS ROUTED IN EAST TRENTINO

Italian Outposts Are Said to Be Sight of City of Triest

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—The Telegraph's Milan correspondent says:

"Fighting along the Isonzo river on the eastern front is developing into a great battle in which the Italians appear to be getting the upper hand. Although the Austrians have taken the offensive they have not succeeded in dislodging the invaders. Fierce fighting continues in St. Elvio pass, but the Italians have not yet occupied the summit.

"It is reported here that the battle in east Tentino has ended with a rout of the Austrians.

"The Austrian resistance has been particularly stuborn along the Carinthian Alps between Tarvey and Monte Croce. Miles of entrenchments were dug there last night.

Alpine Troops Established

"The Austrians' obstinate stand in this region is explained by the fact that this very district was chosen 18 years ago and evidently advocated by the present Austrian commander, Baron Conrad, for an invasion of Italy.

"The Italians were equally successful at Freikofel, where the Alpine troops are now firmly established and where they repelled several furious night attacks."

In Sight of Triest

LONDN, June 17.—Little has been learned of the Austro-Italian fighting. A late report received tonight stated that Italian outposts are in sight of Triest, one of their great objectives.

VIENNA, June 18.—The war office announces:

"In the Italian theatre on the Isonzo front our troops have repulsed several attacks with heavy losses to the enemy near Plava. In the rocky district spirited fighting is proceeding. Nothing of importance has occurred on the Carinthian frontier.

"In the Tyrol attacks by the enemy have been repulsed."

Cannon Effective.

ROME, June 17.—Continued progress by the Italians as the result of a number of actions is reported in tonight's official statement. Much headway has been made along the Isonzo, according to the statement. It adds that artillery is being used with great effect.

CRUISER ASHORE.

PALMA, Island of Majorka, June 17, via London, June 18.—The cruiser Eros, while patroling the Balearic islands, has gone ashore in the bay of Pollensa. It is hoped that the vessel can be refloated.

Available records do not contain a warship named Eros. The Balearic islands are Spanish.

PREACHER JAILED ON SEDITION COUNT

Presbyterian Minister Arrested in Saskatchewan—Is Declared to Have Made Pro-German Statements.

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask., June 17.—John Gray, Presbyterian student, preaching at Henribourg for the past seven weeks, has been arrested by the mounted police on suspicion, following allegations that he has been making pro-German statements in the district, to which he has been ministering.

Gray says he is a Scotchman and he came here from Montreal.

Police officers would say nothing today in regard to the arrest, except that a preliminary hearing would be held after Gray's history had been procured. The accused is unmarried.

It is understood the complaints to the police came from residents of Henribourg, with whom Gray had talked.

ITALIAN FLEET TO SEEK ENEMY

Sails With Sealed Orders—Great Religious Service Held Before the Sailors Leave

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, June 17.—The Italian fleet sailed late Tuesday night from the seaport of Taranto, at the southeast end of Italy, under sealed orders. Before the fleet steamed into the Adriatic a remarkable religious service was held in the ancient cathedral of St. Cathaldo.

The archbishop pronounced a patriotic allocution and called for a great naval victory.

All afternoon great crowds streamed into the cathedral. Toward evening an immense crowd gathered along the harbor front to watch the departure of the ships.

SAY ENLISTMENT IS WONDERFUL

From 115,000 to 140,000 Men Recruited in Canada

PROPOSE TO BRING TOTAL TO 157,000

Rush to Colors Continues in West Without Abatement

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—It is estimated that there are from 115,000 to 140,000 men adready recruited for service with the Canadian forces. These include the men who have been at the front, the troops in England, and those now being organized in the Dominion. It is intended to increase the total to about 157,000 men and no trouble whatever is being experienced in raising the recruits for the 35 new regiments recently authorized.

"Enlistment is simply wonderful," is the statement of the department here. So far many of the new recruits have not been alloted to their respective regiments. In towns and villages recruiting officers are gathering their men in satisfactory numbers and the full extent of the recruiting will not be known until these men are concentrated into their various units, but it is believed here that almost enough have been recruited already to make up the extra regiments.

73,000 Have Already Gone.

The response has been particularly good in Toronto, which has already contributed nearly 1,000 to the new fighting forces. It is also satisfactory in Montreal, while the west there is no apparent abatement in the rush to the colors.

It is understood that 13 regiments of mounted rifles, which have declared their willingness to go as infantry, are over and above the 35 regiments mentioned.

It is stated that the first contingent, after losses approximating 9,000 men, has been consolidated and again brought up to full strength by reinforcements from the 17th, the 30th, 11th, 12th, 23rd and other units. Part of the second contingent is believed to be still in England. To keep two full divisions in the field, with lines of communication, it is necessary to recruit 157,000 men. Seventy-three thousand men have already gone forward from Canada.

BOWSER TAKES UP INTERNMENT MATTER

Opposes Any Modification in Policy of Interning Enemy Aliens in Mining Centres

(Special to The Daily News.)

VICTORIA, B. C., June 17.—Hon. W. J. Bowser is hourly awaiting a reply from Sir Robert Borden which will relieve the tense situation that has developed regarding the internment of alien enemies in the mining centres. The authorities at Fernie have upward of 330 aliens in custody. The threatened possibility of a reversal of attitude of the militia authorities respecting internment arose because a number of foreigners at Fernie took legal advice and were informed their arrest was in contravention of the Dominion order-in-council of Aug. 14 last, which guaranteed immunity from arrest when enemy aliens were law abiding and reported at intervals to the police. Mr. Bowser states that a serious situation would develop if the federal authorities consent to the withdrawal of the internment order and he has pointed out to Sir Robert Borden the danger of rioting in the mining camps if there is a reversal in the present policy.

RESUME RECRUITING OF MEN AT NELSON

Captain L. E. Borden Authorized to Send Volunteers Forward to Vernon Camp—Many Wanted.

Capt. L. E. Borden, M.D., has been instructed by Lieut.-Col. W. Mahlon Davis to resume recruiting at Nelson at once and to forward the men in batches to the camp at Vernon.

Those who desire to volunteer will be examined and passed through all the necessary formalities by Dr. Borden, who is an officer of the army medical corps. He has been instructed to commence the examination of men at once.

Many recruits are needed, it is stated, for the 54th battalion, which has already been called upon for a draft of 255 men to go to England on their way to the front. This draft is expected to leave Vernon shortly.

RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO STEM ADVANCE OF TEUTON ALLIES

Are Said To Be Retreating Over Their Own Border at One Point--Real Danger Zone Is In Zurawno District and Along the Dniester River

GRAND DUKE IS CONDUCTING MASTERLY RETREAT WHICH MAY COST ENEMY DEARLY

Germanic Forces Are Within 25 Miles of Lemberg. Decisive Battle Expected at Zurawno. Where Marshes Should Benefit Muscovites--Force of Teuton Blow Deflected

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—Another 24 hours of fighting in Galicia has developed nothing to stem the Austro-German advance toward Lemberg from the west and northwest, and tonight Berlin claims that the Russians are retreating over their own frontier toward Tarnograd, about four miles from the Galician border. This means an invasion of Russian territory which in itself is unimportant, but according to military observers it may spell ultimate advantage for the Russians, in that a general Russian retirement northward into Poland would divert Gen. Linsingen's attempt to crush the Russian centre near Zurawno, which would effectively sever the communications of the Russian army in southeastern Galicia and Bukowina. The military writers here say that the real danger zone from the Russian standpoint is in the Zurawno district and along the Dniester.

According to Berlin the Austro-German forces have battered through Tiemerow, 30 miles northwest of Lemberg and are advancing toward Jaworow, which is only 25 miles to the west of the Galician capital.

Grand Duke's Strategy Good

Three great masses of Austro-Germans are sweeping from the San toward the capital city and the prediction is made that the decisive battle will take place in the vicinity of Zurawno, which the British military observers think should benefit the Russians owing to the marshes in the lake region.

The British newspapers, though not minimizing the importance of the Austro-German movement in Galicia, acclaim what is styled the elusive strategy of Grand Duke Nicholas.

This maneuver has deflected the Austro-German blow to some extent and at the same time denied to them a full test of their strength. Thus the Russian retreat is characterized in London as strikingly paralleling the allies' retreat in the west last fall which culminated in the allies' victory on the Marne.

The struggle along the Dniester and before Lemberg, it is considered here, must belong to which side is more astute in the present movement.

Unchanged, Says Berlin

BERLIN, June 17.—The situation southeast of the Dniester swamps is unchanged.

Win Russ Success on Dniester

PETROGRAD, June 17.—A notable success was scored by the Russians on the Dniester above Zurawno, June 14 and 15, which resulted in the capture of 8,544 men, including 202 officers, six guns, 21 machine guns, caissons and other booty, according to an official statement issued at the war office tonight. Austro-German forces also are reported to have been hurled back on the same front further to the southeast, while another force which crossed the Dniester above Ninziowa was destroyed. The statement:

"In the Shavli region and west of the middle Niemen there has been no essential change. The engagements continue.

"On the Narew front there were no engagements during the day.

"On the Bzura above Sochaczew we repulsed June 16 attacks by small German forces. The battle continues.

"On the Dniester front on the night of June 16 in the sector between Tismenitza and the Stryj rivers the enemy was thrown back in disorder.

"Our notable captures on the Dniester above Zurawno in the course of June 14-15 include 202 officers and 8,544 men, six guns, 21 machine guns, caissons and other booty.

"June 15 the enemy crossed the Dniester above and below Niziow. The forces which crossed above were destroyed and those which crossed below were checked. The fighting continues."

Russians Continue to Retreat

VIENNA, June 17.—The following official statement was issued by the Austrian war office tonight:

"The Russians nowhere have been able to offer resistance to our forces. In middle Galicia, protected by a strong rearguard, they continue to retreat on the entire front to the northeast and east, hotly pursued by the allied armies.

"North of Sienawa our troops advanced across Cieplice and Cewkow, repulsed heavy Russian forces, drove them across the imperial frontier and inflicted severe losses.

"To the eastward the allies reached Lubaczow and captured Neimirow after heavy fighting and are now advancing toward Jaworow.

"On the Lemberg road during the evening we repulsed strong Russian rearguards near Wolczuchy, across the Wereszyca, and at midnight stormed the west part of Grodek. South of Grodek the west bank of the Wereszyca has been cleared of the enemy.

"South of the Dniester the situation is unchanged."

BRITISH SINK TURK TRANSPORTS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—The Star received today a telegram from Athens saying that news had been received there from Maidos that a Britsh submarine torpedoed and sank three Turkish transports loaded with troops in the Dardanelles above Nagara. The greater part of the troops and crews is said to have been drowned.

DELAYED LISTS SHOW MANY NAMES

Between April 24 and 29 the 48th Highlanders, Toronto, Lost 215. Nelson Man Dies

A heavy toll of missing in the 15th battalion (48th Highlanders) Toronto, was reported in the casualty lists issued by the militia department last night. One hundred and sixty-eight of that battalion are posted missing, in addition to the 46 reported in a list issued yesterday. Besides this the battalion has lost one man killed in action.

The two lists contain altogether 210 names. Five have been killed, one is dead from wounds, two are reported "dead" and four are stated to have died while prisoners of war in German hospitals, three from blood poisoning and one as a result of heart weakness during an operation.

Among other casualties there are 14 wounded.

A heavy list of missing Canadian soldiers by the department today aggregating about 400 comprises the accumulation of four or five weeks, and includes those who took part in the St. Julien fighting in April and in the subsequent battles. After allowing a reasonable period of time to elapse to permit men who had scattered to return to their regiments, this list was published by the war office.

The majority are believed to be prisoners in German prison camps. It is probable that more complete lists of the prisoners will be received from time to time, under the system of exchange of identification tags.

The losses of men in the 15th battalion reported in yesterday's lists, having occurred between April 24 and April 29, it is reasonable to suppose this was the before the reinforcements from the Kootenay-Boundary regiment arrived at the front. Among the names reported is that of Sidney Woods, a former resident of Nelson, employed at the Hume hotel, and also on the lake boats, who was reported missing. He is now reported to have died of blood poisoning on May 15 while a prisoner of war. Aubrey Bryant of Princeton, 7th battalion, is reported wounded. The list follows:

15th Battalion

Missing between April 24 and 29—(St. Julien engagement)—

S H. Ingle, England.
Samuel Jones, England.
A. A. Lambie, Scotland.
T. E. Mankey, England.
L. G. Grant, England.
A. C. Gibbs, England

(Continued on Page Two.)

AVIATORS SET OIL TANKS ABLAZE

Burning Liquid Flows Along Karlsruhe Canal and Sets Houses on Fire—Casualty List Grows

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, June 18.—A despatch to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger from Karlsruhe says that the number of victims in the recent allied air raid on that city has been increased to 22 dead and 73 persons injured.

The Hamburg correspondent of the same newspaper says that the warehouse of the German Vacuum Oil company has been destroyed by fire. He adds that the burning oil flowed in the canal and adjoining houses were also set on fire.

BILLION AND HALF FOR WAR MUNITIONS

That Is Amount United States Will Receive From Quadruple Entente During This War.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, June 17.—According to estimates the United States will receive $1,500,000,000 in 1915 from the sale of war munitions to the warring nations. The benefits to be derived by the United States from the purchase by the allies can be summarized as follows: Great Britain, $500,000,000; Russia, $500,000,000; France, $400,000,000; Italy, $100,000,000; total, $1,500,000,000.

With a total as large as this the United States government could pay off its entire interest bearing debt and there would still remain a balance of more than $500,000,000.

GALLANT AVIATOR WARNEFORD KILLED

Man Who Destroyed Zeppelin in Belgium Dies in Fall of Machine—American Writer Also Killed

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, June 17. — Lieut. A. J. Warneford, who gained fame recently by destroying in mid-air a zeppelin over Belgium, was killed today by the fall of an aeroplane at Buc, France.

Lieut. Warneford was piloting the machine, which had as a passenger Henry Needham, the American writer, who also was killed.

Lieut. Warneford and Needham fell from a height of 500 feet. Warneford had been spending a few days in Paris where he came after his zeppelin exploit to receive his decoration of honor.

According to a report received in Paris the accident resulted from an explosion in mid-air which caused Lieut. Warneford to lose control of the machine, which crashed to earth. Needham's body was taken to the English hospital at Versailles. He had been in Europe about four months, acting as correspondent of magazines and a New York newspaper.

He had received permission from the military authorities to make a flight in order to get material for a story. His wife, who also is a writer, accompanied him during the early part of his trip abroad. Mrs. Needham sailed for America some days ago.

TURKS TAKE POSITIONS BUT ARE SWEPT OUT

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CAIRO, June 17.—A German officer and 25 Turks were killed and another German officer captured in attacks on Anglo-French positions in the Dardanelles Tuesday night. An official statement given out here today said that the enemy attempted to regain trenches occupied by British troops last Saturday. The Anglo-French troops were first forced back 30 yards, but at daybreak swept the Turkish positions with machine guns, driving the Turks out.

ALLIES WILL NOT ACCEPT ANY PREMATURE PEACE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—Although an official statement is not obtainable, information from an authoritative source says the allies, especially Great Britain, would regard any German peace overtures at this time as premature.

Great Britain is determined to continue, at least until Germany is driven back upon its own territory. Any peace talk that has reached the United States certainly has not had its origin either in London or any other capital of the allies.

There are several reasons why Great Britain in particular intends to prosecute the war until the German grip upon Belgium and northern France has been broken. Briefly, these are among the more important First, it is the firm belief here that Germany has reached and passed the high peak of its offensive efficiency. England believes that from now on the kaiser must fight desperately on the defensive to hold what his armies grasped by "getting the jump" on the allies at the beginning of the war.

Second, it is the universal belief here that England is now only approaching

(Continued on Page Two.)

AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE HAS SUNK ITALIAN SUBMARINE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—It is officially announced that the Italian submarine Medusa has been torpedoed and sunk by an Austrian submarine, says a despatch from Rome to the Stefani Gazette.

The Medusa was a vessel of 241 tons and was built in 1911. It had a speed of 14 knots above water and eight knots submerged. Its ordinary complement was 14 men.

ROME, June 17.—An official statement issued by the ministry of marine tonight says:

"The submarine Medusa, which had accomplished a useful and daring service of exploration, has been torpedoed by an enemy submarine. According to an Austrian official communication an officer and four men of the crew were saved and made prisoners.

"One of our dirigibles flying over the entrenched camps of the enemy last night let fall powerful bombs on the most important railroad branch of Divaca, causing serious damage. The dirigible returned unharmed despite a lively fire from the guns and quick-firers of the enemy."

To Folks Who Dally With Corns

To you who pare corns—

You who use liquids—

Or other old-time ways.

You've amply proved that using such things is merely dallying with a corn.

For your own sake, prove the right way. Millions of people have found it. Half the corns that grow are ended by this wondrous **Blue-jay** plaster.

The corn pain ceases the moment you apply it. Then the B & B wax—a famous chemist's invention—gently undermines the corn. In 48 hours the whole corn comes out, without any pain or soreness.

Ask your friends. Scores of them have proved that **Blue-jay** makes it folly to have corns.

Blue-jay Plasters

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Samples Mailed Free
Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York
Makers of Physicians' Supplies

We Make a Systematic Study

of your pedal needs. This means satisfaction.

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Electric Repairing.
604 Baker St., Nelson

WANTED TO GET HIS LUCKY JIM STOCK

Former Cabinet Minister Coldwell Provides Laugh at Royal Commission Session at Winnipeg

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, June 17. — Although *Hon. George R. Coldwell, minister of* education in the late cabinet and for a period acting minister of public *works, was on the stand all this after*noon before the royal commission, the day as a whole failed to provide its *sensation, but all the town laughed* when, in reply to a question as to what he wanted with Dr. Simpson's *strong box April 8, Mr. Coldwell re*plied that it was to get out his "Lucky Jim" mining stock. A few years ago *a considerable number of Winnipeg's* prominent citizens, including more than one cabinet minister, were loaded up with this zinc mine stock, which for a time had a merry run on the local exchange.

Mr. Coldwell proved a ready witness and appeared perfectly at his ease. Going on the stand just before the noon adjournment he told what he knew about Dr. Simpson's safety deposit vault, and during the afternoon session he was engaged in giving a mass of detailed information about the actual contracts for the parliament buildings, particularly regarding the change fro mpiling to caissons. He will continue tomorrow morning, when probably he will first be asked to tell what he knows about the dates of receiving the two tenders for the buildings.

CENSOR MUST READ ALL

NEW YORK.—The British censor has issued an order that no letters will be allowed into or out of England except through the mails. This fact was learned through a notice posted on the Cunarder Orduna when she arrived from Liverpool. The notice reads:

"Notice to passengers: All passengers to or from the United Kingdom are warned that by regulation No. 24, of the Defense of the Realm regulations, it is made an offense for any unauthorized person to convey any letter or written communication to or from the United Kingdom."

It is signed by the home secretary.

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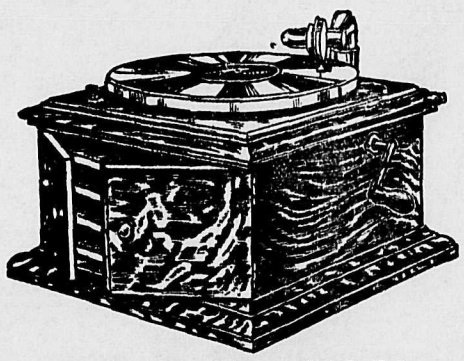
the pleasure of life in your country home, this summer, with a Victor-Victrola.

There is nothing that will so fill the *summer days and evenings with* pleasure and enjoyment as the music *of the Victor-Victrola.*

And it's such inexpensive pleasure, too—with Victrolas from $21 to $305 and Victor Records at 90c for ten inch, double-sided. A few dollars down will put a Victrola and an assortment of Victor Records (your own choice) in your home, today, and a small amount each week will keep them there. Ask us about our easy-payment plan.



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WILL NOT ACCEPT PREMATURE PEACE

(Continued from Page One.)

the height of its effiency. When its full intensity is developed the Germans, it is believed, must be rolled back out of France.

Third, military men agree that the final verdict will be won and not by brilliant dashes, but by a long drawn out endurance struggle. They base this belief upon the strength of line *after line of strongly fortified* works on both sides of the Flanders-France battle line. England is certain that *the longer the struggle, the more cer*tainly will the great resources of the allies ultimately overwhelm the kaiser.

In support of the statement that Germany has passed the height of its offensive ability, it is pointed out that since the dash into France last autumn the Germans have been unable to make any appreciable progress against the Franco-Flanders battle front. On the contrary, they have been forced back at several points, notably north of Arras.

The German victory in Galicia is credited to temporary shortage of shells in Russia. The same lack of munitions, it is admitted, has prevented France and England from launching an effective drive against the enemy. This situation is now being remedied *both in France and England* and within a short time the superiority in ammunition supply will shift from the *Austro-Germans to the allies.*

EXCHANGE WORKS AGAINST CANADA

Hon. W. T. White Explains Why This Country Is at Disadvantage in Getting War Orders.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—Hon. W. T. White, minister of finance, gave a long statement today respecting the purchase of munitions and supplies of war in the United States and Great Britain. He says in part that this matter was intimately bound up with the question of international exchange and international banking. Before the outbreak of the war exchange had been practically normal between New York, the exchange centre of America, and London, the exchange centre *of Europe.* When Canada *borrowed* in the London market the funds had been brought out, not in gold, but in exchange operations between London and New York and between New York and Montreal and Toronto. International trade between the several countries in Europe and America had produced such stability of exchange rates that only small amounts of gold were required to be exported from any country from time to time to liquidate the balance of its indebtedness. This favorable condition had been wholly changed by the war. Exchange had become quite unfavorable to the belligerent countries. The equivalent of a pound sterling in American currency in New York was worth more to a Canadian or an American than a pound sterling in London. Canadians or Americans selling exchange on London made substantial on each transaction.

The reason was that the "balance of trade" had changed so greatly in *favor of the United States.* It was selling to Europe in food supplies, munitions and other exports so much more than it was buying that the question of settling the international balaand had become of extreme importance. The nations of Europe could only continue to purchase in the United States more than they sold it by exporting gold to settle the balance of trade against them, by establishing credits with New York or other American bankers, or by the sale in America of their securities.

Great Britain had been meeting its unfavorable exchange situation by sending gold to New York. Its allies had been establishing *credits* with New York bankers and selling short-date securities to New York financial *houses in order to furnish the money* o pay for supplies and munitions. Unless such credits were established or *such securities sold in the United* States supplies and munitions could not be paid for except in gold, and no European country could afford to export the vast amount of gold required, as the aggregate would amount to hundreds of millions.

"Applying these principles," Mr. White says, "it will be clearly seen why Canada is at present at a disadvantage in obtaining orders on a vast scale from Great Britain's allies. Exchange is such between New York (which is our exchange centre) and London and other European monetary centres, the allies can only purchase by establishing credits or selling securities in America to the amount necessary to liquidate the unfavorable balance against them in their trade with America. *Add to this the fact* that exchange is also decidedly against Canada as between us and *New York.*

"One reason for this is that, whereas formerly our borrowings in London were adequate upon our British indemnities (amounting to some $140,000,000 a year) we must now pay part of this amount, either in commodities or in exchange to the United States, because of Great Britain's unfavorable trade balance with the United States. In other words, we pay the United States what we owe Great Britain and in this way liquidate pro tento Great Britain's indemnities to the United States. The result is that exchange with the United States is unfavorable to Canada. All this is the inevitable result of the war and of the huge purchases of food products, supplies and munitions by Europe from the United States."

GREEK KING BETTER.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ATHENS, June 17.—King Constantine's physicians expect their patient to enter upon convalescence in a day or two. They think his majesty can *be transferred to his country castle* at Dekilsa within two weeks.

DELAYED LISTS SHOW MANY NAMES

(Continued from Page One.)

W. J. Hyde, England.
George Hawker, England.
F. J. Davis, England.
D. D. Allen, England.
W. S. Edwards, England.
R. Gibson, Scotland.
F. Russell, Ireland.
P. H. Briscoe, England.
W. C. Clark, England.
J. Robertson, Scotland.

1st Battalion

Seriously ill—M. Mullen, Hopetown, Ont.

2nd Battalion

Seriously wounded—Terrance Maguire, Brookville, Ont.

3rd Battalion

Missing—Joseph Pipher, Toronto.

4th Battalion

Killed in action—Lance-Corp. R. A. Amy, Quebec.
Wounded—H. B. Davis, Brantford.
Alex McKennon, Boston.

5th Battalion

Wounded—A. B. Dickson, England.
C. J. Crockford, England.
A. R. Currie, Wilton Grove, Ont.

7th Battalion

Previously reported wounded and missing, now officially reported died of heart weakness following amputation at West Friedhof, prisoner of war, May 22—Albert H. Brown, Nanaimo.

Previously reported missing, now reported died of blood poisoning, May 15, while prisoner—Sidney Woods, England.

David Skelly, Scotland.
F. R. Faraday, England.
Wounded—Aubrey Bryant, Princeton, B. C.
Suffering from shock—D. F. Campbell, Newport, P. E. I.

8th Battalion

Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported dead—T. Erskin, Montreal.
H. E. George, Kerrobert, Sask.
Wounded—Roger Barrett, England.
Suffering from gas fumes—Campbell Forsyth, England.
Frank Pode, England.

9th Battalion

Died of wounds—W. Petrie, Edmonton.

10th Battalion

Killed in action—W. M. Jafferay, Scotland.
Wounded—H. Patton, Byrtle, Man.
A. Merritt, St. John, N. B.
Suffering from shock—G. Brickell, South March, Ont.

13th Battalion

Wounded—Dan Macdonald, Williamstown, Ont.

15th Battalion

Killed in action—T. Brodie, Toronto.
Missing between April 24 and 29—Henry Journeaux, Toronto.
R. R. Carr, St. Catharines, Ont.
H. Hibbard, Huntsville, Ont.
A. Fairbairn, East Toronto.
Fred Lewis, Rawdon, N. S.
R. Carey, Cowansville, Que.
S. H. Hunt, Toronto.
H. H. Johnston, Toronto.
J. Kehoe, North Sydney, N. S.
A. Ferguson, Toronto.
E. C. Calhighan, Toronto.
H. W. Cummings, Toronto.
C. W. Crawford, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.
R. Coates, Campbell's Crossing, Ont.
H. Cairns, Toronto.
E. S. Botterell, Ottawa.
G. H. Cleal, Toronto.
Sergt. A. Checkley, Toronto.
A. W. Corson, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. J. E. Billson, England.
Lance-Corp. S. W. Dring, England.
Lance-Corp. A. K. Hardacre, Scotland.
Lance-Corp. A. D. Husband, England.
Lance-Corp. J. Chadwick, England.
I. G. Blundy, Chipepwa, Ont.
William Bouldry, Toronto.
R. C. Litchfield, Toronto.
J. H. Beattie, Gore Bay, On.
F. J. Armstrong, Toronto.
J. S. Scott, Scotland.
E. W. Walmouth, England.
A. E. White, England.
G. R. Wishart, Scotland.
Sergt. Harold Purser, England.
Corp. J. T. Delaney, England.
Corp. A. J. Baxter, England.
Corp. John Lowndes, England
Corp. A. E. Lamerton, England.
Corp. J. Beith, England.
H. Hopley, England.
W. Holdsworth, England.
W. G. Lawrence, England.
V. May, England.
C. McDowell, Ireland.
S. H. Marshall, England.
M. Mahon, England.
A. Murray, Scotland.
F. Page, England.
T. Anderson, Scotland.
A. S. Forbes, Scotland.
R. Aikenhead, England.
C. F. Domaile, Channel Islands.
J. Dunn, England.
J Forbes, Scotland.
A. Frowle, England.
N. A. Gilelspie, Ireland.
D. N. Hanna, Scotland.
F. Malyon, Hamilton, Ont.
J. Stoddart, Toronto.
J. McNaughton, Toronto.
W. Scott Maxwell, Ont.
F. W. Sholert, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. P. E. Smith, Klamath Falls, Ore.
P. G. Truss, Toronto.
E. Wardell, Tronto.
A. C. Toronto, Toronto.
W. Bradley, Toronto.
P. S. Conibear, Toronto.
H. H. Goodwin, Toronto.
W. E. Henderson, Holyoke, Mass.
P. Leclerc, Montreal.
A. E. Morris, Toronto.
G. F. Strickland, Cobalt.
C. W. Roche, Toronto.
J. A. Walker, Toronto.
J. Notley, Toronto.
A. A. Henderson, Toronto.
J. H. Hamilton, London, Ont.
Harold Hilton, Toronto.
M. M. Hart, St. Lambert, Que.
A. B. Harrigan, Toronto.
H. Jones, Toronto.
A. Cavill, Taronto.
F Gold, Port Credit, Ont.
Corp. G. C. Freeland, Buffalo.
R. Flaxman, Toronto.
Hugh Campbell, Toronto.
R. Campbell, Toronto.
L. Foster, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. E. W. Drane, Murphy, Ont.
Corp. H. V. Davis, Toronto.
A. Davidson, Chippewa, Ont.
J. Gleed, Toronto.
J. J. Flanagan, Toronto.
A. Lacey, Toronto.
W. G. Green, *Toronto.*
J. E. Clark, England.
D. Douglas, Scotland.
J. F. Phillips, *Scotland.*
W. T. Webb, England.
S. L. Stone, England.
A. V. Sykes, England.
D. B. Tickner, England.
S. Smilth, England.
W. H. Worsley, England.
A. J. Watson, Scotland.
H. White, England.
W. E. Long, Trenton, N. S.
F. Nesbitt, Montreal.
D. M. Munroe, Cornwall, Ont
C. F. Yates, Toronto.
W. A. Thomas, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. J. D. McColl, Parkhill, Ont.
T. Boulton, Toronto.
Sergt. P. M. Allison, Toronto.
K. Dennis, Welland, Ont.
C. Dugal, Toronto.
A. F. Raper, Meaford, Ont.
J. W. Belfield, England.
P. Barnes, England.
C. Cole, England.
J. Cawood, England.
S. Cook, England.
T. Chatfield, England.
C. Craighead, Scotland.
W. A. McCulloch, Scotland.
J. M. Ingram, Scotland.

3rd Field Artillery.

Seriously ill—W. Watson, Toronto.

1st Battalion

Seriously wounded—Rowland Sum*merfield, England.*

4th Battalion

Wounded—J. Johnson, England.

5th Battalion

Killed in action—Corp. L. G. H. Brown, Danville, Ill.

7th Battalion

Missing—R. A. Mackay, Lethbridge.
Wounded—John Godley, England.

15th Battalion

Missing, between April 24 and 29—A. Crosby, Toronto.
E. S. Sangster, Toronto.
H. Ralph, Toronto.
A. N. McLeish, Toronto.
J. Wishart, Toronto.
W. H. Moore, Toronto.
J. F. Murphy, New Glasgow, N. S.
F. X. Gauthier, Quebec.
H. Williams, Stellarton, N. S.
S. A. Kingscote, Mount Dennis, Ont.
Osborne Tweedie, King Louch, Ont.
A. L. Wallace, Toronto.
P. F. Whalt, Toronto.
C. W. Yelle, Toronto.
Sergt. W. Walker, *Toronto.*
H. H. Macarthur, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.
H. McKinnon, Toronto.
Corp. J. Sharpe, Toronto.
T. G. Tuck, Toronto.
Wilmot Richards, Bayside, Ont.
H. J. Nelson, Owen Sound, Ont.
G. W. B. Newman, Toronto.
P. O. Nicholson, Toronto.
H. V. Sinclair, Toronto.
B. A. Peterson, Montreal.
Corp. J. Robertson, Toronto.
W. Terry, Lloydtown, Ont.
Corp. W. G. Wyatt, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. J. C. Thompson, Marlow, Ont.
G. Todd, Toronto.
Irving Emery, Calgary.
Fred Bone, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. C. Lunney, Toronto.
A. Bruce, Copper Cliff, Ont.
M. Bunstine, Brantford, Ont.
Lance-Corp. C. Kerrigan, Toronto.
J. A. Everett, Toronto.
M. Truman, Toronto.
J. Munroe, New York.
A. J. Uden, West Toronto.

18th Battalion

Seriously ill—T. F. Higgins, England.
W. Haigh, England.

Princess Patricias

Previously reported died of wounds, now discharged from hospital—R. A. Nicholson, James Bay, Ont.

2nd Field Artillery Brigade

Killed in action—Sergt. O. H. Olsen, Philadelphia.

1st Field Company Engineers

Wounded—C. J. Fawcett, England.

2nd Field Company Engineers

Suffering from gas fumes—Bugler James Follan, Scotland.

BUCHAREST IS MAD FOR WAR, SAYS CORRESPONDENT

"War Mad" Is the Way He Decribes Conditions in Capital City.

By RAYMOND E. SWING.

BUCHAREST, Rumania—Spoiled by much money, flushed with the intoxication of "world politics," Bucharest, the naughty young lady of European cities, is balancing on the brink of war, dreaming dreams of heroines, conquest, victory and glory. Her cafes teem with polemics and intrigues, her students have already begun smashing up the offices of pro-German newspapers; her favorite vaudeville singer, Nitta-Jo, on behalf of the public, excorlates the ministry for its inactivity. Bucharest is war mad.

Bucharest dazzles with extravagance and is hot with luxury. It evidently does not care that it does not get its money's worth. Money is no object, *the sensation comes from the spend*ing, not the receiving. A few thousand Rumanians pocket the profit *from one of the richest farming coun*tries in Europe; a few thousand pocket the added wealth from petroleum leases. These few do the spnding, the cheering, the intriguing; these few are Bucharest.

This Bucharest is whole-heartedly with the entente. Hatred for Hungary, which has oppressed three million Rumanians in Transylvania, is the foundation for Bucahrest's sympathy. Another important factor is Rumanian pride in its Latin blood.

People Know Little of War.

But it would be an error to speak of public opinion here, for there is no such thing. One cannot understand Bucharest without understanding why this is so. Rumania, a nation of seven million inhabitants, of whom four-*fifths are peasants, is a land of vio*lent contrast. It is doubtful if 70 per cent of the peasants can read or write, so it is equally doubtful if they know much about their "oppressed" brothers in Transylvania. Bucharest has practically everything to say.

Bucharest Like an Opera.

It may seem to the distant reader that the boulevard side of Bucharest life is getting too much attention. But it is Bucharest, nevertheless. Consequently Bucharest is a fascinating study, though it tempts one to constant laughter. Nothing could be more ridiculous than the garish Rumanian army dress uniforms with their thousand and one color combinations. The spectator of a group of Rumanian officers is sure to catch himself expecting them to break out in Italian song and line up across the street behind the tenor *and the soprano for a* thrilling curtain chorus of the last act of an opera.

Bucharest women are as well dressed as cinematograph stars. Nearly all here is stagey with its admixture of superlative Parisian luxury with picturesque Asiatic poverty. Rumania is a comic opera country in many respects.

One cannot leave Bucharest without a remark about her women; for they are famous and notorious. They dress well and primp with skill. Many of them are extremely beautiful, so that their fame is deserved, and probably much of the notoriety is the product *of exaggeration.* A walk down the Calea Victorele in the afternoon permits of a vision of virutually all the *feminine show there is,* because all the women who live for display are their, either walking or driving.

Much Real Progress in City.

All heretofore written does not presage that Bucharest has not progressed; indeed, it has progressed too fast, as young cities sometimes do. The *framework of a beautiful,* delightful Bucharest is there. Today just happens to be the wild oats period, and it is wiser to be tolerant of Bucharest's little indiscretions and indecencies than to blame heavily what is sure to change in time.

There must be good in a people that has held to its customs and traditions for many hundreds of years, which, surrounded by Slavs and Tar-

---

Bill the Castaway—For the love of Mike, what kind of a fish is that?

Dick the Ditto—It's the big one you used to lie so much about. The one that always got away, Bill.

He—So your dear count was wounded?

She—Yes, but his picture doesn't show it.

He—That's a front view.

NEW POSITIVE TREATMENT TO REMOVE HAIR OR FUZZ

(Beauty Notes)

Women are fast learning the value of the use of delatone for removing hair or fuzz from the face, neck or *arms. A paste is made with some* powdered delatone and water spread on the hairy surface. In two or three *minutes it is rubbed off,* the skin washed and every bit of hair has disappeared. No failure will result if you *are careful to buy genuine delatone.*

A Week End's Brisk Business

IS ASSURED WHEN YOU KNOW THAT WE ARE SELLING

Children's Print and Gingham Dresses

NICELY TRIMMED

Cheap at $1.00—Week End.....75c

AND A LOT OF DAINTY PARASOLS TO MATCH FOR VERY LITTLE MONEY

Also a Nice Line of Little Girls' Hats at.....50c

Waists

OUR REPUTATION FOR EXCLUSIVE WAISTS IS WELL ESTABLISHED

OUR ENTIRE CHOICE STOCK IS PUT ON SALE AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

Regular $6.00 Value—Week End.....$4.50
Regular $3.00 Value—Week End.....$2.25, etc.

Tan Hose Special--Half Price

LISLE, CASHMERE, COTTON, ETC.

Regular 60c Value for.....30c
Regular 40c Value for.....20c, etc.

Prints, Ginghams and Kimona Crepes

A Few Pieces to Clear—Three Yards for.....25c

FANCY PIQUE, VESTING AND LACE CLOTH

A Few Pieces—Regular Value up to 25c for.....12½c

IT WILL PLEASE YOU TO LOOK OVER OUR NEW RANGE OF NECKWEAR OPENED OUT TODAY

New Windsor Ties—Very Fashionable

Neck Girdles, Pique Collars, Lily Collars and Quaker Collars

ALL VERY NEW AND MODERATELY PRICED

ALL LINES OF SUMMER GOODS SPECIALLY FEATURED

Smillie & Weir

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I beg to announce that I have purchased the watch repairing and jewelry business formerly conducted by E. E. Robinson at 417½ Baker Street and extend a cordial invitation to all his patrons and to the public in general.

An introduction to the public of Nelson and district seems hardly necessary, as I have lived in Nelson for the past 18 years; six years in connection with the jewelry establishment of Jacob Dover (well known to old timers) and 12 years with J. O. Patenaude.

CHANGE OF BUSINESS

I beg to announce that I have disposed of my watch repairing and *jewelry business to A. T. Noxon, for whom I bespeak the same patronage* and goodwill that has been extended to me during the six years that I have been in business in Nelson. E. E. ROBINSON.

A. T. NOXON
Watchmaker and Jeweler
417½ BAKER STREET NELSON, B.C.
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

What Does Your Neighbor Read?

Mr. Retailer, your neighbors are your customers and like you are readers of this newspaper.

When they see the manufacturer's advertisement of a product in the newspaper their curiosity is aroused,

Curiosity and desire are near companions.

Many will want to buy.

Why not show the goods where these friends and neighbors can see them.

This is only making the manufacturer's newspaper advertising build business for you.

News of Sport

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

CHICAGO CUBS WIN 19 INNING CONTEST

Brooklyn Loses Game of Record Length—Cardinals Defeat Boston —Reds and Giants Victors

League Standing

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	28	21	.571
Philadelphia	27	22	.551
St. Louis	29	26	.527
Boston	24	25	.490
Pittsburg	23	25	.479
Brooklyn	24	27	.471
New York	21	24	.467
Cincinnati	20	26	.435

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CHICAGO, June 17.—Zabel and Pfeffer fought a heart-breaking 19-inning pitchers' battle today with Zabel taking the honors, 4 to 3. The game was a season's record for numbers of innings. Pfeffer worked throughout the contest and Zabel succeeded Humphries when the latter's hand was split in the first inning.

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	3	11	3
Chicago	4	15	4

Batteries: Pfeffer and McCarty, Miller; Humphries, Zabel and Bresnahan.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 17.—St. Louis defeated the world's champions 2 to 0 today. Rudolph allowed but one hit until the seventh inning.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	6	1
St. Louis	2	4	1

Batteries—Rudolph and Gowdy; Robinson and Snyder.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 17.—A three-base hit by Herzog and a single by Wade Killifer after two were out in the ninth won for Cincinnati from Philadelphia today 2 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1	8	2
Cincinnati	2	9	1

Batteries—Mayer and Killifer; Toney and Clark.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 17.—New York defeated the Pirates in the first game of the series today, 3 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	9	0
Pittsburg	1	8	2

Batteries—Marquard and Meyers; McQuillan, Conzelman, Murphy and Gibson.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

League Standing

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Kansas City	23	22	.600
St. Louis	27	22	.551
Chicago	30	25	.545
Pittsburg	27	23	.540
Brooklyn	28	25	.528
Newark	26	26	.500
Baltimore	20	31	.392
Buffalo	20	37	.351

	R.	H.	E.
At Newark	2	11	0
St. Louis	3	9	2

Moran, Kaiserling and Rariden; Plank and Hartley.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
At Buffalo	2	3	3
Chicago	5	11	2

Bedient, Marshall and Blair; McConnell, Brennan and Fisher.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	7	9	2
Chicago	5	6	1

Schulz and Allen; Johnson and Wilson.

	R.	H.	E.
At Baltimore	5	11	3
Kansas City	9	14	2

Bender, Connolly and Owens; Cullop and Easterly.

	R.	H.	E.
At Brooklyn	3	9	2
Pittsburg	8	13	1

Marion and Land; Allen and O'Connor.

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.

League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Spokane	33	23	.589
Tacoma	31	27	.534
Vancouver	31	27	.534
Victoria	28	28	.500
Aberdeen	27	32	.458
Seattle	23	33	.411

	R.	H.	E.
Aberdeen	1	7	6
Seattle	11	14	1

Clark and Vance; Rose and Cadman.

	R.	H.	E.
Tacoma	0	6	3
Spokane	2	9	1

House and Stevens; Callahan and Brennegan.

	R.	H.	E.
Victoria	7	11	1
Vancouver	2	6	2

Bonner and Haworth; Brand and Cheek.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	4	10	2
Toronto	5	13	2

	R.	H.	E.
Newark	4	6	3
Richmond	5	7	1

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	3	5	1
Jersey City	1	6	2

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	9	10	1
Montreal	4	5	1

Joe Tinker, manager of the Chicago Federals, is now out in front in the race for batting honors. He has maintained the lead, although out of the game suffering from injuries received in a recent game.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

BOSTON RED SOX IN SECOND PLACE

Chicago Defeats Athletics—Detroit Wins From Senators—Cleveland Loses to Yankees.

League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	33	20	.623
Boston	27	18	.600
Detroit	33	22	.600
New York	26	25	.520
Washington	23	23	.500
Cleveland	20	29	.408
Philadelphia	19	32	.373
St. Louis	19	33	.365

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

BOSTON, June 17.—Boston moved into a tie for second place in the American league race by winning from St. Louis today, 11 to 10.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	10	12	3
Boston	12	12	3

Perryman, Hoch and Severoid; Ruth, Mays and Thomas.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 17.—Eddie Collins' hitting, fielding and base running featured the game today in which Chicago defeated Philadelphia, 3 to 0.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	3	8	0
Philadelphia	0	4	0

Scott and Schalk; Bressler, Shawkey and Lapp.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Detroit altered its line-up today to obtain batting strength and the change had the desired effect as the Tigers defeated Washington in the first game of the series, 4 to 2.

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	4	7	1
Washington	2	5	1

Dubuc, Steen and Stanage; Ayers, Hopper and Gallia, Henry.

NEW YORK, June 17.—New York today easily took the first game of the series from Cleveland by a score of 7 to 3.

	R.	R.	E.
Cleveland	3	6	1
New York	7	9	0

Jones, Harsted and O'Neill; Caldwell and Sweeney.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	8	13	1
Columbus	4	9	6

COAST LEAGUE.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Venice	15	15	3
Salt Lake	7	14	6

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Venice	6	12	1
Salt Lake	7	12	4

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Oakland	8	14	2
Portland	4	9	1

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Portland	1	5	1
Oakland	3	9	3

	R.	H.	E.
San Francisco	2	6	1
Los Angeles	3	14	0

ST. LOUIS NATIONALS BUY BROTTEM FROM VANCOUVER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 17.—Eddie Herr, St. Louis National league club scout and former manager of the Winnipeg Baseball club, today bought Catcher A. C. Brottem from the Vancouver club. Brottem will be turned over to the St. Louis club at the close of the season.

BASEBALL NOTES.

Only one game was scheduled in the American association yesterday.

The Phillies were retired from first place in the National league standing by losing to Cincinnati yesterday.

Scott, pitching for the Chicago Americans, held the Athletics to four hits yesterday and scored a shutout, 3 to 0.

The Newark Federals outhit St. Louis and played errorless ball in the field in yesterday's game, but were defeated, 3 to 2.

The Braves outhit the Cardinals in the National league game played yestreday, but could not make their bingles count and were defeated, 2 to 0.

Playing errorless ball behind Rube Marquard in the National league game played yesterday, the New York Giants defeated Pittsburg, 3 to 1.

Boston defeated St. Louis in a close game in the American league yesterday. Both teams gathered the same number of hits and each club made three errors.

Spokane continued its winning streak in the Northwestern league yesterday, when it defeated Tacoma, 2 to 0. Victoria broke its losing streak in the same league by defeating the Vancouver Beavers, 7 to 2.

The 19-inning game played by Brooklyn and Chicago in the National league yesterday is a record for this season. The longest game ever played in the National league was contested by New York and Pittsburg and was played July 17 last year. This game went 21 innings and was won by the Giants, 3 to 1.

H. R. CRAMER MAKES GOOD AT THE TRAPS

Former Local Man Outshoots Coast Amateurs and Professionals in Vancouver Contests.

H. R. Cramer, a former resident of Nelson, and now of Vancouver, is more than holding his own in trapshooting circles at the coast. In two shoots against the best amateurs and professional trapshooters in Vancouver Cramer broke a total of 193 birds out of a possible 200, leading his competitors in both competitions. In the one shoot of 100 birds he secured 96 birds and in another similar contest he was successful in obtaining 97.

While in Nelson Mr. Cramer was associated with all kinds of sports and was always ready to help keep athletics booming in the city. For two years he was president of the local gun club and in 1914 started a sporting goods store. He was an enthusiastic motor boat owner and was associated with other aquatic sports while in Nelson.

SHORTSTOP HARDEST POSITION TO PLAY

Shortfielder Must Cover More Ground Than Any Other Player on the Field

That shortstop is the most difficult of the seven fielding positions to play is the opinion of all good judges among baseball men, says an exchange. The shortfielder has as many chances as the second baseman and they are usually much more difficult. While the guardian of the second sack has oceans of time in which to make his plays to first base the shortfielder, on account of the much longer throw, must make his plays as clean as a whistle. Plays to his right are exceptionally difficult. He has to cover a world of ground and he must follow up most of his stops by a long and accurate throw. He must do his share of touching runners at second base. In many cases, as in that of Manager Herzog of the Reds, who is the best shortstop in the National league today, he does practically all of the covering of second base on thrown balls to prevent stealing.

While all are agreed that shortstop is the most difficult place to play in the infield there is not so much unanimity about the easiest place to play, opinion being divided between this and second base.

The preponderance, however, is in favor of third base, where chances are less numerous, and where there are only one or two difficult situations that can arise. The third baseman's throw is not as a rule so difficult as that of the shortstop. He plays rather close in, as a rule; gets the ball quickly and has more time to get it away. The third baseman has a hard time when there is a man on second base with a batter up who can either hit or bunt. The fielder then does not know just what is coming off. If he plays back the batter may lay down a bunt and beat it out, while if he plays too close up on the grass a clever hitter is likely to slip one past him for a clean hit. But, taking it all in all, the third base play is more mechanical than that at second and the number of chances to be taken is vastly less. Of the four infield positions it seems to be the least difficult to cover, provided a man has the arm and the mechanical ability.

BOSTON BRAVES WILL MAKE OTHERS HUSTLE

The general opinion among competent baseball men today is that the team that beats out the Boston Braves will win the pennant in the National league, says an eastern exchange. As no teams seem likely to beat out the present world's champions, it looks very much as if the Stallings-Evers outfit will repeat, and the victory will be much easier than it was last year. The Reds have now played at least one series with all the other clubs in the league and no club seems strong enough to down the Braves in the season's series. The world's champions have not gone back to any extent. Their grand pitching, which helped so materially in their long fight last year, should still be powerful enough to carry them through. Dick Rudolph, the star of the staff, pitched a game against the Reds in Boston, which was exactly similar to the concluding and deciding game of the world's series last fall. He is a wonderful pitcher, in a class by himself in some ways, a thoughtful student of the game, brave as a lion in the pinches and always with enough stuff on the ball to be able to carry out his ideas. Bill James had not been so successful since he hurt his reputation by his effort to jump his contract last spring, showing absolutely no loyalty to his team and its supporters, and exhibiting the grasping spirit which has hurt baseball so much that small salaries are sure to be in vogue for several seasons to come.

James Will Improve.

James, however, has too much ability to be a poor pitcher, and he will improve as the season goes along and the fans begin to forget his peculiar actions of last March. Tyler is doing fair work and the Braves have two or three younger men sure to bear more of the burden than they did last year. With Evers back in the game, the Braves' infield will be intact again, and it is a hard one to beat. Red Smith, who was secured late last season, is now a regular, and he is a vast improvement on Charley Deal. The opinion of the latter's ability which the Boston commanders had was shown when he was allowed to jump to the Feds without opposition last winter. No effort was made to retain him, Stallings probably figuring that a man who would take such a move as that was not worth fighting for. Sherwood Magee has strengthened the outfield, so the team is perhaps just a shade better than it was last year. No one could beat the Braves in 1914 and so far no club has shown enough improvement to have much of a chance to beat them this year.

IS WALTER JOHNSON SPEEDIEST PITCHER?

Nine Out of Every Ten Concede Coffeyville Thunderbolt to Throw Fastest Ball.

By HUGH FULLERTON.

The speed with which pitchers hurl a baseball has perhaps caused more disputes among ball players than any other thing in the game. It was up to Walter Johnson, the Coffeyville cyclone, to put a stopper on that argument, but even now, while nine out of ten of the players declare Johnson throws a baseball faster than any man ever did the other tenth disputes the point.

There have been many interesting experiments in timing pitched balls, and not one has proved accurate enough to tell even the difference between the fast ball of a moderately slow pitcher and the speediest of Johnson's fast ones. The difference is too small to express in fractions of seconds and no instrument yet devised has been able to record it accurately.

Among the speed pitchers of today Joe Wood of Boston and Grover Alexander of the Phillies are the ones backed by many to be faster than Johnson. One cannot tell the difference save by the way the ball looks when one is batting or catching—and the eye is very easily deceived.

Johnson, in fact, pitches two fast balls. Just what the difference is he does not seem to know—but one is his "heavy" ball and one is his "light" ball. They seem to have the same speed, but one hits the catcher's hands with a thudding, bruising force while the other "lifts" and is light.

The "light" ball when hit travels far, the "heavy" ball when hit almost jars the bat out of the hands of the batters. The catchers handle the "light" ball with ease, as it comes spinning and "lifting" into their hands, while the heavy ball is dreaded by them all.

The only time I ever saw a real race between baseballs was between Long Tom Hughes and Johnson in Washington. Hughes, who is now pitching out on the coast, had wonderful speed at times, sometimes he seemed as fast as Johnson.

They sood toeing a line, the catchers stood exactly on a line and the pitchers swung and threw at the same instant. Three or four times the balls seemed to leave their hands at the same instant and in every case the crack of Johnson's ball against Ainsmith's mitt was just a trifle in advance of that of Hughes' ball into Henry's mitt. Both claimed the victory and both catchers stuck to them, so nothing was decided.

The old timers will tell you that Amos Rusie had more speed than Johnson has. Rusie did have marvelous speed, but I doubt whether he threw a ball as rapidly as he seemed to do. His speed was more deceptive than Johnson's.

There are those who claim that "Kid" Nichols, Boston's grand old speed pitcher, was faster than anyone, and Uncle Cy Young has his supporters. One year it seemed to me that Hutchinson, then the star of Anson's team, was faster than anyone, and some will tell you seriously that Rube Waddell's fast ball was speedier even than that of the great Johnson.

I doubt, though, whether anyone in the world every threw a ball any faster than Roger Bresnahan did when he appeared at Washington as a pitcher. He had tremendous speed, no control, and no idea how to pitch and they couldn't hit him.

SPORTING NOTES.

Dorando Pietrie, world famous marathoner, who finished first in the marathon at the Olympic games held in London, has enlisted with the Italian army.

President Brown of the Vancouver Northwestern league baseball club states that he will turn the club franchise in to the president this week if the club doesn't receive better support from the fans. Brown says that he has carried the club on as long as possible and is forced to take this drastic step.

The Buffeds and Chicago broke even on a doubleheader played in the Federal league yesterday.

Plans for the promotion of an artificial ice rink in Seattle have been finished and the American city is now sure of being included in the Pacific Coast hockey circuit next season. Frank Patrick, the Vancouver hockey magnate, will have charge of the arrangements for furnishing Seattle with a team.

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JUST TO THEIR LIKING

The Allies: "If only that British government has been as slow as you, Sir Wilfrid, to see an emergency our plans would have succeeded."

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TRAIL, B. C.

The Great War

Is now entering upon its most interesting and exciting phas es and every resident of Kootenay and Boundary district who wants the fullest, latest and most accurate news of the great struggle should be a regular subscriber to The Daily News.

The Daily News is the only paper in the interior of British Columbia carrying the full despatches of the Western Associated Press, over its own leased wire. This means that its subscribers get exactly the same service as that supplied all other metrop olitan papers in Canada, west of the great lakes.

The Daily News pays more for its telegraphic service tha n any other paper on the continent, in proportion to its circulation, and i ts circulation is larger than that of any other daily paper in Canada, in proportion to the population of its home city.

The Daily News is clean, newsy and reliable and should be in every home and office in the Kootenay and Boundary district.

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The Daily News

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FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1915

MORE RECRUITS WANTED; KEEP THE RANKS FILLED

Again has come the call for recruits. Capt. L. E. Borden of Nelson has been authorized to examine and send to Vernon camp men who desire to volunteer for service for their King and country. Although it is only a few days since the 54th Kootenay battalion entrained more men are needed *and it is up to this district to supply* its share.

Militia department officials declare that at least 115,000 men have joined the colors in Canada. That is a good *showing but in order to maintain in* the field two full divisions, instead of the one division which was at first accepted by Lord Kitchener, a total of 157,000 soldiers is required.

Before the war is over it is likely that number will have to be further increased if the divisions are to be kept at full strength.

Before it left for camp the 54th was ordered to prepare to send to England a draft of 255 men. That is approximately one-fourth of the Kootenay battalion's strength. These places in the ranks must be filled as quickly as possible.

The time to enlist is today.

WATERLOO WAS FOUGHT 100 YEARS AGO TODAY

One hundred years ago today Wellington smashed at Waterloo the power of Napoleon and won for Europe its freedom. Within a few score miles of La Hay Sainte and Hougomont, where the British fought until the last breath against the veterans of the first consul, the allies in Flanders today are struggling against another militaristic despotism which would force its tyranny upon the world.

The war against Germany is for the same principles as those for which Great Britain fought until victory was won on June 18, 1815. That victory gave Europe a freedom which had not been actively endangered until Germany last year came to the conclusion that the time was ripe for it to commence the war which was designed to make the kaiser the supreme world power.

The forces which are today endeavoring to destroy freedom are tremendously greater than Napoleon ever dreamed of controlling, but they have already met their match. Their final destruction is simply a question of time.

IT MUST BE SAINT HELENA FOR GERMAN MILITARISM

A despatch from London which points out the obvious fact that the allies, especially Great Britain, would at this time regard any German peace overtures as premature, contains a sentence which, if taken *literally*, is misleading. "Great Britain," says the correspondent, "is determined to continue, at least until Germany is driven back upon its own territory."

That does not adequately express the attitude of the British government or of the people of the British Empire. The allies are fighting for more than to free Belgium and France of an invader. *They are fighting with a grim* determination to carry on the war until German militarism has been so decisively defeated that the battered remnants cannot be soon assembled *and used again to menace civilization.*

It might be that when the battleground has been transferred to German soil the enemy rulers will capitulate and agree to the allies' terms. But if they are not then battered to their knees the struggle must continue, the sword must be carried into the heart of Germany.

For German militarism there must be no Elba from which it can return to resume the struggle.

NO CAUSE FOR ANXIETY ABOUT RUSSIAN RETREAT

If there were any cause for anxiety as to the ultimate effect of the withdrawal of the Russian forces which is taking place in Galicia it would be removed by the masterly manner in which Grand Duke Nicholas is conducting his retreat.

The allies in the west in the first few weeks of war showed the world how victories could be won by strategic retreats. The Russian commander-in-chief has carried out similar movements on a more vast scale with a consummate skill which has proved disastrous to the enemy.

At least twice Duke Nicholas retreated far into Poland, drawing the Teutonic forces behind him to the point *at which he desired to give battle.* He has used the same strategy in Galicia and along the Niemen river. Upon every occasion the Germanic advance has ended in terrific losses without *any compensating advantages.*

Rearguard actions are costly and the Russian losses in the present retreat are probably large but the evidence at hand suggests that they are not heavy *in proportion to the number of men* engaged. And there is absolutely nothing to suggest that the Russians are not retiring in first class order and with their main formation intact.

If the *experience of the campaign* is a good criterion it may be anticipated that when the czar's commanders accept battle it will be at a point where the Teutons, far from their established bases, can be dealt an overpowering blow.

The Kootenay battalion needs more men.

A war correspondent says the Canadian soldier goes into battle with a *savage desire to kill Germans.* Well, isn't that what he is there for?

The critic of the Paris Matin estimates the Austro-German losses at 7,726,000. The figures are much higher than most experts have placed them.

The torpedoing of the Italian submarine Medusa by an Austrian submarine is the first battle to the death in history between underwater craft. And *it is unlikely that many similar* fights will take place.

It is rumored that a heraldic artist in the United States is preparing a new coat of arms for William Jennings Bryan. The central idea is a dove of peace gardant, a plowshare couchant and a bottle of grapejuice rampant.

Those who go *forward to fill the* vacancies in the ranks at the front show in the strongest possible way their appreciation of the gallantry of the men who have given their lives for their Empire's freedom and honor.

It is one of the ironies of fate that Lieut. Warneford, who survived the dangerous exploit of destroying a zeppelin, should meet his death while making what was practically a pleasure trip in his aeroplane.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

Triest.

The struggle for the possesion of Triest *is certain to be a bitter one.* If taken by the Italians it will form an ideal base for the armies driving into the heart of Austria. *A short run* across the Adriatic from Italy's east coast ports, the Italian transports and supply ships could pour in a steady stream of men and munitions. On the other hand, the Teutons must hold it if they hope to launch an invading force against the enemy. From it radiates railroads and highways to the interor of Austria. If Austria, through Triest, could strike at Italy's flank, while heavily engaging elsewhere, it might greatly disorganize the Italian plan of campaign. Probably the fate of Triest will be decided by a combat of fleets, and there Italy has the *advantage.*—London Advertiser.

For German Consumption.

Possibly Herr von Jagow's reply to the president's note was intended to fool the German people. That would explain the answer's fathomless stupidity and ineptitude, its total lack of adaptation to diplomatic ends. Americans have not been for a single moment deceived by the reply; with one voice they proclaim it an unsatisfactory reply to the president's demands. How the German people could be fooled by von Jagow's note after they had read the president's note is, of course, incomprehensible. But there is much in the behavior of the German people *that we cannot comprehend. They will* get a new chapter of information when they read the president's reply. At *present it would seem that the gods* have doomed Germany to destruction and had taken the well-known classical preparatory step.—New York Times.

The Kaiser's Missionaries.

Not the least notable devices in the German organization for war is the manner in which they have sought to influence neutral countries by means of specially selected emissaries. In the early days of August last Herr Dernburg *was dispatched to the United* States, ostensibly as a Red Cross missionary, but really as an extra official *agent of the kaiser. For some time he* has been discredited, and now we learn that, his mission having failed, he is *anxious to leave the States.* A like fate has befallen the astute Prince Buelow, who is not likely to remain in Rome for many hours, if he has not already left. Up to a certain point he, also, was successful within a limited circle, but the arrogance and brutality of Germany, the cajolery of the kaiser tempered with his menaces, have been to much and Prince Buelow has failed. Now, it is to be supposed that the kaiser has had no missionaries skillful and highly-placed, to give him assistance in London. To doubt this is to doubt German craftiness. And their chief business has been to put the brake on our war charities.—Glasgow News.

"I suppose the seeds you planted are coming up fast?"

"Yes, indeed. Almost as fast as our neighbors chickens can work."

LIFE'S LITTLE IRONIES

He watched the swirling waves sweep by
The pierhead with despairing eye,
And, flinging cap and coat aside,
Prepared to join the foaming tide.
"O Celectina Jones, for you,"
He breathed, "I bid this world adieu!"
He leaped, but an arresting hand
Of steel restored him to the land.

"I do not mean to interfere.
In the sad business brings you here,"
The rescuer said in soothing tones,
"But—what of *Celestina Jones?*"
"A year ago," the sad one sighed,
"The girl became another's bride;
Since then life's lost its charm and zest,
And in you waves I look for rest!"

The other gasps, "What fools are we!
Your Celestina married me!
I've lived in torment such a year
With her, I sought oblivion here!"
The situation's so absurd,
The tragic pair to mirth are stirred;
The life they scorned seems strangely sweet—
Back to the world they turn their feet.
—Ernest De Lancy Pierson in New York Times.

RED CROSS NOTES.

A tea will be given on Tuesday, June 22, at Mrs. H. Bird's residence, Baker street, from 3 to 6 o'clock. Ice cream will be served. Mrs. Bird has lent the use of her lawn for the occasion.

The society acknowledges the following donations: One pair of sheets and old linen, Mrs. Ward; three pairs of socks, Mrs. Gerbrack; six personal property bags, Mrs. *F. P. Armstrong.*

It is most important that all old linen handed into the society should *be well washed and ironed.*

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

At New York—Patria, Marseilles; Europa, Genoa.

At Providence—Venetia, *Marseilles.*

Reported—Missanabie, due Quebec 9 p.m. Saturday.

CANADIAN OFFICERS WHO WERE CAPTURED

List of 25, Given Out Officially, Contains Name of Capt. P. J. Locke of 7th Battalion

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—The secretary *of state* for the colonies, Right Hon. Bonar Law, has forwarded to the Canadian government a list of 25 Canadian officers who are held as prisoners of war in Germany. All these officers are at Bischofswerde, in Saxony. The list was given to a representative of the United States embassy by Major F. Byng-Hall, D.S.O., of the 7th battalion, the senior officer of those held at the camp.

It was forwarded by United States Ambassador James W. Gerard at Berlin to the United States *ambassador in* London, Walter Hynes Page. The list, which includes the names of five *wounded men, is as follows:*

Major P. Byng-Hall, 7th battalion.
Major P. Anderson, 3rd battalion.
Major A. E. Kirkpatrick, 3rd battalion.
Capt. J. E. L. Streight, 3rd battalion, *wounded.*
Capt. J. E. Osborne, 15th battalion, wounded.
Capt. T. V. S. Scudamore, 7th battalion, wounded.
Capt. C. Fryer, 16th battalion.
Capt. P. J. Locke, 7th battalion.
Capt. G. M. Alexander, 15th battalion.
Capt. R. S. Coy, 15th battalion.
Capt. R. R. McKeesock, 15th battalion.
Capt. E. L. Johnson, 3rd battalion.
Lieut. E. D. Bellew, 7th battalion.
Lieut. V. A. G. Macdowall, 7th battalion.
Lieut. H. A. Barwick, 15th battalion.
Lieut. V. A. McLean 16th battalion, wounded.
Lieut. F. W. Macdonald, 15th battalion.
Lieut. F. V. Jones, 15th battalion.
Lieut. F. C. Fessenden, 15th battalion.
Lieut. F. J. Smith, 15th battalion.
Lieut. J. C. Thom, 7th battalion.
Lieut. R. P. Steeves, 7th battalion.
Lieut. G. A. Codwell, 16th battalion, wounded.
Lieut. G. E. D. Greene, 3rd battalion.
Lieut. D. G. Allan, 3rd battalion.

The five mentioned as wounded are given in the official communication as having only slight wounds and are doing well.

In addition to the list above is Lieut. E. O. Bath, 15th battalion, who is wounded and a prisoner, last seen in *a station in Belgium.*

THE WEATHER.

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	50	70
Victoria	52	58
Kamloops	50	60
Edmonton	46	62
Moose Jaw	46	58
Prince Albert	42	62
Port Arthur	32	60
Toronto	52	76
Montreal	60	78
St. John	48	68
Vancouver	52	58
Medicine Hat	48	58
Regina	44	52
Winnipeg	42	54
Parry Sound	50	64
Ottawa	56	76
Quebec	56	66
Halifax	54	60

"Blivins reminds me of the letter 'e.'"

"Why so?"

"Because he's always out of 'cash' and *invariably in 'debt.'*"

WILL HOLLAND JOIN?

Predictions have been made recently that Holland is awaiting only the opportunity in order to enter the war on the side of Britain and her allies, says the Vancouver World. We are asked to believe that the Dutch fear the possibility that Germany may win and that they will *do all that lies in* them to prevent this. The Netherlands, too, it is declared, hold the key *to the German position in* Belgium. Once let them declare war and Lord Kitchener can land an army on the *coast;* despatch forces against the Kiel canal, bombard Antwerp; turn the German right wing, and generally change the entire complexion of the campaign.

No doubt such a consummation from the allies' point of view, is devoutly to be wished. But there are other considerations to sway the Dutch people towards neutrality. They have been doing an enormous trade with Norway and Swedin since the war began; they have supplied Germany with non-contraband articles at good prices (all contraband, it must be emphasized has been very strictly watched by the government under *special* regulations); and they have no fortifications on their eastern frontier to guard them against a *descent* of the Huns such as Belgium suffered. Ruin and bloodshed would be the fate of the *provinces bordering on* Germany, although there is no question but the country as a whole would make a stub*born resistance.*

Unquestionably if circumstances do not radically alter, Holland will not fight. If Germany, however, shall violate the frontier when her troops are being driven from Belgium, war will then be more than a probability. It all depends on whether the kaiser wishes to tear up another treaty.

HERE'S CAREER OF WILLIAM J. BRYAN

Borne March 19, 1860, at Salem, Ill.
Educated Illinois college, valedictorian *of his class,* 1881.
Admitted to bar July, 1883.
Married Mary Elizabeth Baird, Oct. 1, 1884.
Removed to Lincoln, Neb., 1887.
Elected to congress, 1891, serving till 1895.
Democratic nominee for United States senate, 1893.
Editor Omaha World-Herald, 1894-95.
Made his cross of gold speech, Democratic national convention, Chicago, June, 1896.
Nominated for president by Democrats, Chicago, 1896.
Made famous 18,000 mile campaign tour; defeated.
Organized regiment of volunteers for Spanish-American war, 1898.
Second nomination for president, July 4, 19000, at Kansas City; defeated.
Established the Commoner, 1901.
Toured the world, 1905-6.
Big reception in New York on his return, August 30, 1906.
Third nomination *for president,* Denver, 1908; defeated.
Instructed for Clark; went to Balti*more convention* June, 1912, and forced nomination of Woodrow Wilson for president.
Became secretary of state under Wilson, March 4, 1913.
Resigned as secretary of state, June 8, 1915.

COLD STORAGE.

Penley (on his uppers)—Help me out just one more, old man. I've got *a big job promised, and if you'll only* keep me going till that time I'll soon pay you back."

Pusher — All right! What's the job?"

Penley—You know those "Fifty Years Ago Today" war articles just concluded. Well, an editor has promised to let me write up "A Hundred Years Ago Today" series at the proper—. But Pusher had fainted dead away.

A SOLDIER-PRINCESS IS SEEN IN WARSAW

Considerable attention, says the Rossii has been attracted in the streets of Warsaw by a young wounded Russian officer on crutches, accompanied by a still younger private, with one arm in a sling and wearing a St. George's cross, the V. C. of Russia. The comeliness, the deep lashes of the big dark eyes, and the delicate color of the skin were *too striking in the* case of the latter to deceive the eye of even a casual passerby, as to the *real sex of the young* private, and the true story of the youthful St. George hero soon became the talk of the town. The story is as follows:

The officer was a young undergraduate, who joined the Russian army as a volunteer. The private was a daughter of a princely landowner in the Caucasus bearing one of the "They had their order from the late Georgia (Grusia). When *they first* met both were going by the same train to Warsaw; he to join his regi*ment, and she to* visit some friends. Nothing was further from her mind than to go to the front, but Cupid, the upsetter of calculations, also took *it into his head to travel by the* Warsaw express.

Marriage a la Mode.

They fell in love with one another at first sight, became engaged, and, after two days (the length of the railway journey), on arriving at Warsaw, went to the first orthodox Greek church to get married. A kindly priest *readily performed a hurried war* wedding. From the church straight to the firing line. On the way the girl man*aged to obtain a soldier's* kit and assumed the name of Laurenty. Her appeal addressed to the officer commanding to allow her to remain in the trenches was so eloquent that the officer pretended not to have recognized her sex.

She soon obtained her baptism of war. The position where she and her husband was stationed was one of the most critical on the river Rawka, and subjected to continual German attacks. After one particularly severe encounter all the officers of her husband's and neighboring companies were put hors de combat. Her *husband, although only a lieutenant,* found himself in temporary command of four companies with his wife— his lieutenant.

When the battle raged at its highest the husband sent one of his men to the front line with an order to retire. The German guns had found their mark and were mercilessly mowing down the Russians. Further delay meant complete loss of men.

The orderly came back with a message that the front line men refused to retire.

"They ha dtheir order from the late commander," they said, "rather to die than give up one inch of ground, and they were going to carry it out."

Another man was sent to bring them *away, but he also failed in his mission.* They had given their word to their dead commander and they were going to keep it.

The husband sent his wife as his last trump card. "Perhaps you will be able to persuade them," he said.

She tried, but without success. The dutiful soldiers were obstinate, like *mules. As she was shouting* at them her "superior's" orders the enemy's shrapnel shells began exploding right in the trenches with deadly precision. The Germans were crawling nearer and nearer to the front trenches.

Seeing there was not a moment to be lost, she resorted to her weightiest argument. She angrily raised her rifle and brought it butt end down with all her force on the shoulder of one and then another man. Her angry voice, full of authority and still more forceful action, had their effect. One after another the men evacuated the trenches and ran towards the back *line. Laurenty remained* behind until the last man left the danger spot for a safer place. As she stood there a shrapnel splinter struck her right arm. In another ten minutes there would not have been one man left in the front trench.

When she got back to her husband's position she found him wounded in the leg. They were removed to the same hospital, and the Soldier Princess was soon presented to the commander in chief and received the cross of St. George, the warrior patron saint as well as of England.

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NOTICE.

Pound District Act, and Pound District Act Amendment Act.

Whereas notice has been duly given of the intention to constitute the following district as a Pound District under the provisions of Section 3 of the above act, namely, that portion of the County of Kootenay known as Burton *and comprised within the following* boundaries, namely, bounded on the north by the north boundary lines of Block 8 of Lot 7695 and Block 23 of Lot 8687, Group 1, Map 845; on the west by Lower Arrow Lake; on the east by the Scalping Knife Mountain; and on the south by the south boundary of Blocks 4 and 5 of Lot 6919, Group 1, Map 923, in the County of Kootenay.

And whereas, objection to the constitution of such proposed Pound District has been received from 26 proprietors *of land within such proposed Pound* District;

Therefore, notice is hereby given that the majority of the proprietors of land within the above mentioned district must within thirty days of the posting and publishing of this notice, forward to the Hon. the Minister of Finance and Agriculture a petition in the form in Section 5 of the Act, or otherwise such Pound District will not be constituted.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1915.

W. J. BOWSER,
Minister of Finance and Agriculture

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P. O. BOX 1050 NELSON, B.C.

When Hot Days Come

THE HAPPY COOLNESS OF MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE

This healthful golden juice, with its snappy, fruity, aromatic flavor, is a summer necessity as well as a summer luxury. It keeps you well, it does you good, it supplies the pure fruit acid that the system needs. Else why is it supplied by the British government in such large quantities to the Navy and the Expeditionary Forces? The reason is, it keeps people healthy and is a most satisfying, cooling beverage for a hot day.

MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE is refined from cultivated limes grown in the beautiful island of Montserrat.

All leading druggists and grocers have it.—Get the genuine MONTSERRAT.

Creamery Butter

INSIST UPON YOUR GROCER OR BUTCHER SUPPLYING YOU WITH

Shamrock Creamery
One Pound Cartons

Empress Creamery
One Pound Prints

QUALITY GUARANTEED

P. Burns & Co., Ltd.

See Page 6 for latest **Condensed Advertisements**

Business Directory

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist. Box A1108, Nelson, B.C. Charges: Gold, silver, copper or lead, $1 each; gold-silver $1.50; silver-lead, $1.50. Other metals on application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO.—Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Produce. Office and warehouse corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 29.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE.

ARE YOU TAKING advantage of the reduced rates on your fire insurance offered by G. A. Hunter. If not see him before renewing. His companies are absolutely reliable.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

LODGE NOTICES

KOOTENAY LODGE NO 16, I.O.O.F.—Meets every Monday night in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LODGE No. 16, I.O.O.F., meets first and third Tuesdays, Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT NO. 7, I.O.O.F.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

CANTON CORONA NO. 7—MEETS every second Tuesday in Oddfellows' hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEETS Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall, Eagle block.

C.O.F. Court Kootenay Belle, meets 4th Friday in K.P. hall, Eagle block.

A. O. F. COURT ELLEN—MEETS first and third Monday in Eagle hall at 8 o'clock.

CLAN JOHNSTONE, 212, MEETS IN I. O. O. F. hall first and third Fridays at 8 p.m.

S. O. E.— Meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. hall at 8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be *made by the applicant in person to the* Agent or Sub-Agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, ut not otherwise. A *royalty shall be paid on the merch*antable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to *purchase* whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa or to any Agent or Sub-agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for

POUND DISTRICT ACT, 1912, CHAP. 1 AND AMENDMENTS.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 11 and 12 of the above act, notice is hereby given of the resignation of Mr. G. B. Hollington, Poundkeeper, and of the appointment of Mr. Stephen Pelling of Nelson, as Poundkeeper of the pound established in the Rosemont addition to the City of Nelson.

W. J. BOWSER,
Minister of Finance and Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C., May 19th, 1915

YOU ARE MERELY EXISTING
Until you get into
Real Action—Read
THE DAILY NEWS WANT ADS

Strawberries

Fresh gathered this morning for you, selected and carefully packed. Baskets contain over one pound each. Each 12 1-2c

Run of the patch, good barries, basket 10c

We keep our berries and vegetables away from the dirt and dust of the street, in a cool store. You get them fresh.
PHONE 56.

Young Beets and Carrots

3 Bunches 10c

Cauliflower

Head ..... 10c and 15c

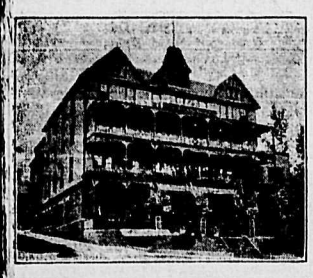
Bell Trading Co.

BAKER STREET
The Home of Good Groceries

HOTEL ARRIVALS OF A DAY

THE HUME
A la Carte — Table d'Hote
George Benwell, Prop.
Special Daily Lunch, 35c

HUME. — Henry R. Townshend, Long Beach; Walter L. Stafford, Shields; A. Nelson, J. D. McaMrtin, E. G. Steiner, Vancouver; T. O. D. Lloyd, Toronto; L. Elly, Montreal; A. Sullivan, Victoria; Mrs. Elsom, Grenwood; A. C. Mesker, Midway; Mrs. Neal, Willow Point; J. McGregor, J. G. Devlin, G. Beaston, Mr. Laivley, C. W. Appleyard, city; Miss Sengel, Rossland; R. H. Ewert, city; Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Williams, Fernie; C. R. Richardson, city.



The Strathcona
James Marshall, Prop.

STRATHCONA.—J. C. Brouse, New Denver; L. Bennett, Tacoma; C. Knight, Seattle; Mrs. C. P. Schreck, D. O. Schreck, Buffalo; T. N. Wyndham, Toronto; J. Ballantyne, city; A. E. Cooke, Vancouver; The Bishop of Kootenay, Vernon; Mr. and Mrs. C. Fleming, Miss K. Fleming, Victoria; Edward Walsh, Geo. L. Demour, Nanaimo; C. N. Notman, C. N. S. Macombe, Robt. Morgan and wife, Montreal.

Queen's Hotel

Steam Heat in Every Room

Business Lunch, 35c.
Rates: $1.50 and $2.00 Day

QUEEN'S.—Geo. Barr, Kaslo; Maggie Watson, Seattle; Daisy Long, Miss H. Dod, Calgary; J. B. McGregor, B. Solton, L. C. Dennis, G. B. Erwin.

New Grand Hotel

Best Place in Town.
$1.00 a day up.

Pla-Mate Shoes

are made to fit growing feet and not to misshape them.

It's a crime to put ill-fitting shoes on children's feet. Their feet can never grow straight and strong in ill-fitting shoes.

The correct shape for children must be broad of sole to allow for expanding feet.

R. Andrew & Co.

Sole Agents for PLA-MATE.

Ask for a ticket with your purchase. Pair of $5.00 Shoes given away each week.

TONE UP YOUR SYSTEM

This is the time of the year when a great many people require a tonic for their health's sake. Some resort to medicine and the doctor's advice, while others desire a much-needed rest.

For the benefit of those who are seeking relaxation from work and worry we invite you to **The Springs.** The medicinal value of the waters is unrivalled and will put you in shape to resume your labors, whatever they may be. Every care and comfort will be given you during your stay at the Sanitarium.

Come and be convinced.

Rates: $12 and $15 per week, or $2 per day and upwards.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium

WM. BOYD, Proprietor.
Halcyon — Arrow Lakes

Madden House

E. C. CLARKE

Cor. Baker and Ward Sts. Nelson

MADDEN.—H. Saley, city; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Anderson, Lemon Creek; P. H. Gnenther, Steinland, Man.

Nelson House

European Plan
W. A. WARD, Proprietor

CAFE—Open Day and Night—BAR
Merchants' Lunch 12 to 2
Phone 97 — P.O. Box 597

NELSON.—L. E. Henry, A. W. Paulson, Granite.

Grand Central Hotel

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE

American and European Plans.

H. H. PITTS, Proprietor.

GRAND CENTRAL.—Ronald Stonier, Molly Gibson; Joe Hawes, Ainsworth; D. J. Steele, Belford; H. Seymour, Hull; J. Thompson, Sheep Creek.

Hotel Castlegar

Castlegar, B.C. W. H. Gage, Prop.
Excellent accommodation for commercial men. Boundary train leaves here 8:45 a.m. Mon., Wed., and Fri. Trains between Nelson and Rossland stop for breakfast, lunch and dinner.

The Three Taylor "Mades"

Pride of Alberta
Mother's Favorite
Alberta Bakers

The Most Popular "Mades" of All

Kootenay and Boundary

NATURALIZED MEN REPORT AT FERNIE

Enemy Aliens Interned Finance Legal Battle for Release—Austrians Found Armed With Daggers

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., June 17.—The mines continue to work and the interning process still continues. Yesterday the internes decided to support financially the legal battle for the release of Martin Babrovski and Stephan Jonostin. During the afternoon Father Meissener visited the rink and addressed the internes. The natives of Austria and Germany who are holders of naturalization papers continued to report, although only 20 were recorded yesterday.

The four Austrians brought to this city for internement from Waldie, B. C., possessed daggers. It appears that these Austrians lived in a shack by themselves at Waldo while in the employ of the Ross Saskatoon Lumber company, for which company a number of Russians also worked, and between these two nationalities friction arose and it is alleged that threats were made that the Austrians were to be exterminated. These threats were taken seriously by the Austrians and they made ready to protect themselves and from a worn out bandsaw four huge knives of the butcher knife pattern were worked up. The shortest length of blade is 12½ inches, the longest 14½ inches, while the width of the blade varies from 1½ to 2 inches and is ⅛ of an inch thick. Presumably they have been worked up on the grindstone. At all events expert hands accomplished the work and the finished article is as sharp as a razor and has a substantial fir handle firmly rivetted by three stout rivets and of sufficient size to enable the holder to grip it tightly.

BRITAIN HAS SENT ONLY TO CANADA FOR MECHANICS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—The British board of trade has sent a commission to Canada to arrange to bring unemployed skilled mechanics to England so far as can be done without interfering with Canadian industry, according to an announcement made in the commons today by Walter Runciman, president of the board of trade.

Mr. Runciman added that the men would be required to accept the same pay as British workmen on similar work. No official steps had been taken, he said, to obtain workmen from other dominions or from the United States.

Asked whether in view of the great number of skilled mechanics in the United States it would not be advisable to try to induce some of them to come here to assist in making war material, Mr. Rnunciman replied that he was not sure the United States authorities would welcome such a mission, but he said the shortage of mechancis here had been made well known in America.

Special Rates for Family Parties.
WRITE
Arrow Lakes Hotel
Edgewood, B. C., for their terms. Splendid boating, bathing, driving and fishing.

ARROW LAKES HOTEL.—J. Naylor, Edgewood; F. Pritchard, Nelson; Mrs. F. W. Jordan, Edgewood

THE
Central Hotel
Ainsworth, B. C.

J. DEARIN, Proprietor.

Ainsworth's famous Hot Springs, at a temperature of 116 degrees, now running into my plunge and baths. Come and boil out rheumatism and cure your dyspepsia.

TERMS MODERATE

Kootenay Falls Hotel
SOUTH SLOCAN
Beautiful location; anglers' paradise. Rates, $2 per day. Special week-end rate to members of Kootenay and Slocan Rivers Anglers Association, $1.50 per day.
Ch. Gansner, Proprietor.

ROSSLAND HOTELS

The Hotel Allan

Comfortable Rooms—Splendid Table.

SMITH & BELTON, Proprietors.

HOTEL ALLAN. — W. Valintine, Spokane; M. Rogers, Hal Glem, J. A. Kenny, Nelson; Frank Moore, Calgary; Alex Sutherland, Nelson; W. J. Russell, Trail; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. LaSage, Vancouver; John A. Smith, Nelson; J. D. McMartin, S. J. Nasmith, C. D. Strong, S. V. Wright, W. G. Chester, F. H. Gray, Vancouver; T. H. Williams, Spokane.

CRANBROOK PRUNES TEACHERS' PAYROLL

Principal of High School Cut From $175 to $145—Reductions Are Made All Along Line

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRANBROOK, B. C., June 17.—The school board met Tuesday evening, there being present Trustees White (chairman), Quain, Manning, Wilson and Henderson and Secretary T. M. Roberts. The resignation of H. C. Gerrard, principal of the central school, was read and on motion of Wilson and Henderson was accepted.

Quain-Manning—The action of Miss Woodland in correcting the South Ward school register, division 2, and notifying Dr. Robinson of its correction, be sustained.

Quain-Manning—That R. Shields, assistant principal, be offered the position of principal of the central school at a salary of $125 a month. Carried unanimously.

Trustee Wilson explained that there was no one at the central school who could teach the children music or pano playing, and he thought the new assistant principal should be qualified to do this.

Wilson-Quain—That advertisements be placed in the Victoria Colonist, Vancouver Sun and The Nelson Daily News for a male assistant principal for the central public school, one with musical ability required, and with a first class British Columbia certificate; salary $100 per month.

It was reported that Mrs. Jessie M. Dean would resume her duties at the south ward school at the commencement of the new term.

Considerable discussion arose over the reduction of salaries question. It was felt that there must be an adjustment and reduction made and now was the time to do it.

Wilson-Manning—That beginning with the new term the salaries be reduced as follows: Principal of high school, from $175 to $145; principal of manual training school, from $140 to $135; principal of central school, from $135 to $125; assistant principal of central school, from $110 to $100; principal of south ward school to remain at $82.50, and that a reduction of $5 a month be made from the salaries of other teachers. The saving will be $170 per month.

CRANBROOK NOTES.

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRANBROOK, B. C., June 17.—Mrs. G. H. Thompson returned Sunday from the east.

Fred A. Small returned t Canal flat this week after a visit to his father-in-law, Murdoch McEachern.

R. C. Brown, one of 25 from this city to join the cavalry, is home saying goodbye to his friends and relatives prior to leaving for the front.

Paul Handley of Marysville was in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hobbs and son are here from Ontario, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. McFarlane.

Miss Elizabeth McCully, a Presbyterian missionary, who is in this country on furlough from Korea, will give an address in the Presbyterian church about July 5.

The manual training school will be open to the public Thursday afternoon and evening, when the pupils will display their work to the visitors.

Mrs. Murphy of Michel was a guest this week of Mrs. F. W. Burgess.

Mrs. James Boyes and sister, Miss Mabel Passmore, left Wednesday on a short visit to relatives in Spokane.

Harry Hesse was a Fernie visitor this week.

J. McEachern, Glenlily, was a visitor to town this week.

Mrs. Burgess of Sarnia, Ont., left on Tuesday for a visit to her son, F. W. Burgess of this city, and is expected to arrive here about Sunday.

Maurice Quaine has returned from the east.

The ladies' auxiliary of the railroad Y. M. C. A. will hold a lawn social on the lawn of A. C. Harshaw Friday evening.

T. O. and A. D. Horsman and E. Lutes left this morning for Tochty to load several thousand ties.

CASUALTIES AMONG FERNIE MEN TOTAL FIFTY-FOUR

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., June 17.—Of the first and second contingents which have already left here, the former 95 strong, the latter 30, the known casualties thus far are as follows:

First contingent—Eight killed, two died of wounds, 21 wounded, seven prisoners, six missing, one invalided from Salisbury, eight rejected before leaving Valcartier.

Second contingent — Nine wounded only.

Total—62 less eight out of 125.

FIVE CANADIAN POETS ARE FIGHTING FOR THEIR COUNTRY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, — Canada's five best known poets have joined the army and are "doing their bit" for their country and Empire. Word has been received in the capital that Robert W. Service, the well known northern poet, who became famous by his "Songs of a Sourdough," has joined the Anglo-American ambulance corps, an organization raised under the auspices of the Red Cross in France. The two Roberts brothers, Charles G. D. Roberts and his younger brother, Theodore Roberts, are both officers. The former is an officer in Kitchener's new army and the elder in the 12th Canadian battalion. It is expected he is now in France, having gone over with the reinforcements for the first division. In addition two other poets, William Wilfrid Campbell and Duncan Campbell, who are of military age, have joined the Ottawa home guard as privates and are learning the intricacies of military drill for services at home if required.

Starring the Great White Event

Special Purchase of White Voile and Muslin Blouses--On Sale Today at $1.50

Look for the White Stars

Only Five Dozen in the lot. Fine Voile, Muslin and Crepe Blouses, some plain materials with tucked fronts and backs and low collars of embroidery, others all-over embroidered muslins and voiles. All have long sleeves. Sizes from 34 to 42. Ordinary prices, $2.25 to $2.50.
STAR VALUE TODAY $1.50

Special Lot of Ladies' Muslin Drawers Going at Half Price

Odd lines, in many cases, only one or two pair of a kind, mostly of the better sort. Fine Cambric or Nainsook, trimmed with embroidery or fine Val. lace and insertion. Regular, $1.75 to $6.50.
HALF PRICE TODAY ..... 88c to $3.25

Women's White Undervests Three for 50c

Fine Soft-Combed Cotton, finished at neck with crochet lace and narrow tape. Good full sizes with short sleeves.
STAR VALUES—THREE FOR 50c

Sunshades for the Kiddies at 25 Cents

Various colors, in plain and figured materials. Well made and sell regularly for 35c.
STAR VALUE TODAY 25c

Women's Silk Hose

$1.00 VALUES FOR 75c.

Silk Stockings, with lisle tops, double heels and toes and full-fashioned legs. Fine even weave, free from blemishes. In Tan, Black and White only. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular selling price, $1.00.
STAR VALUE TODAY 75c

$3.50 Corsets for $2.65

The best Canadian and American makes. All this season's styles. Made of fine French Coutil and have best of fillings and trimmings. All sizes. Regular price, $3.50.
STAR VALUE TODAY $2.65

MEAGHER & CO.

THE STORE FOR STYLE — THE STORE FOR QUALITY

ROSSLAND NEWS

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., June 17.—The Pythian Sisters last evening elected the following officers: P. C., Maud Michaely; M. E. C., Lily Hoopert; E. S., Lucy Whitford; E. J., Annie Haynes; manager, Mary Harding; M. of F., Flossie Hamilton; M. of R. & C., Elizabeth Trembath; protector, E. Grant; guard, Polly Thomas; trustees—Sophie Hooper and Charlotte Armstrong; installing officer, Annie Inches.

About 40 couple enjoyed a good time at the third annual dance given by the Girls' Athletic club in the Miners' Union hall last night.

Mrs. F. Proctor and children, who have been visiting Mrs. Proctor's mother, Mrs. Inches, for two months, left this evening for their home in Victoria. Miss Agnes Inches accompanied them and will visit at the coast for several weeks.

H. T. Ollis has resumed his duties in the West Kootenay office after a two weeks vacation.

Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. Macguire and Mrs. Kelman of Trail are visitors in the city today.

A largely attended meeting of the quarterly official board of the Methodist church was held in the church parlors last night. Rev. G. T. Barlow presided. A most optimistic expression of opinion regarding the future welfare of the church was voiced. A financial committee consisting of Messrs. D. B. Stevens, M. S. Morrell, treasurer; S. John, G. T. Moir, H. F. Patriquin, Mrs. M. Graham, and Mrs. W. Stead was appointed to look after the financial interests of the church during the conference year. This committee will be submitted to the board at the next meeting.

It was decided to hold a congregational meeting after the church service next Sunday to elect seven society representatives to serve on the quarterly official board.

It was also decided to call a special meeting of the board at an early date to consider the matter of making improvements to the church and parsonage.

CLAIMS CREW OVER EAGER FOR SAFETY

Witness at Lusitania Inquiry Says Some Were Mainly Interested in Preserving Own Lives

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, June 17.—At the Lusitania inquiry today the only question on which Lord Mersey desired light was the statement of D. A. Thmas, the coal magnate, that while the first and second class passengers were calm and the stewards and stewardesses brave and helpful, the steerage passengers were in confusion and members of the crew were mainly interested in saving themselves, giving a general appearance of lack of discipline.

Solicitor-General Smith presented statistics of those saved, showing that 41 per cent. of the crew, 30.8 per cent. of the male, 38.6 per cent of the female passengers and 27 per cent of the children were rescued.

Mr. Smith declared after submitting these figures that they did not give a fair idea as the women and children were unable to stand exposure, while the sailors and passengers who were able to swim were of more hardy physical condition. Consequently the number saved was not indicative whether the crew took the boats to the exclusion of passengers. The outstanding questions, Mr. Smith said, were the responsibility of the ship's master and the company's action in restricting the number of boilers in use.

COWAN'S MAPLE BUDS

They're worth trying always.
Eat plenty—

FROM BELGIUM LIKE LETTER PASSPORT IS STAMP

Vancouver's First Refugee From the Stricken Land—Girl of 17 Tells How She Fd Huns

(Vancouver Province.)

Those who have come to think of Belgian refugees as something indigenous to Belgium, with, perhaps, branches in France, Holland and Great Britain, may be surprised to learn that Vancouver has its first refugee of that vast overflow from a stricken country. Strangely enough Vancouver's refugee is Canadian born, claiming Revelstoke as her birthplace. Nevertheless she is Belgian by parantage and a refugee in the saddest acceptance of the term.

For the past few weeks she has been a dweller on the north shore, where relatives greeted her at the conclusion of her long flight from Belgium and in a secluded home she is adapting herself to Canadian customs, and surrounded by sympathetic hearts is recovering from the severe fright and shock incident to her imprisonment by Germans and her subsequent eventful escape to a peaceful country.

She is but 17 years of age, this fair-haired girl of many vicissitudes. She is of sturdy stock, naturally capable and energetic, and possessing many attractions, but very sad-eyed today with her loses still fresh upon her. Two months ago she knew not a word of English; today she speaks the language intelligently, and, barring occasional broken phraseology and reversion to native words, with fluency that is remarkable.

The officials of the Canadian Baseball league intend to fight the ordinance passed by the Toronto Methodist conference to prohibit Sunday baseball. President Fitzgerald of the league states that the league has several games scheduled for Sundays and that it will adhere strictly to schedule.

ZAM-BUK AND OUTDOOR LIFE

Every tennis or ball player, every swimmer, every canoeist, every man or woman who loves outdoor life and exercise, should keep a box of Zam-Buk handy.

Zam-Buk is a purely herbal preparation, which, as soon as applied to cuts, bruises, burns, sprains, blisters, etc., sets up highly beneficial operations. First, its antiseptic properties render the wound free from all danger from blood poisoning. Next, its soothing properties relieve and ease the pain. Then its rich, herbal balms penetrate the tissue and set up the wonderful process of healing. Barbed wire scratches, insect stings, skin diseases, such as eczema, heat rashes, ringworm, babies' heat sores, chafed places, sore feet—all are quickly cured by Zam-Buk. It also eases and cures piles. All druggists and stores. Use Zam-Buk soap also; 25c per tablet.

Markets - Mining - Finance

STOCK BUSINESS DULL IN NEW YORK

Dealings Suggest State of Suspended Animation—Professionals Watch International Situation

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, June 17.—Dealings in stocks today suggested a state of suspended animation, the total output falling far below the average of the early days of the month. This condition may be ascribed largely to the absence of public interest, together with the increasing disinclination of professional traders to renew operations on a large scale pending the settlement of at least a more definite outcome of the international situation. Specialties whose chief claim to public sympathy lies in their participation in war contracts, made further gains. Even in these issues, however, the movement was not altogether in the one direction, Bethlehem Steel common and preferred recovering materially; likewise Westinghouse and a few others of the same group.

Coppers and metals were mildly reactionary, probably as a result of the decline in copper metal abroad and in timations of a shading of recent high prices in the local market. Federal mining, one of the recent sensational features of the metal division by reason of its meteoric rise, suffered another break of nine points, making a total of 25 points since Monday. United States Steel was in steady demand, the common and preferred gaining a point each. In the final dealings all leading stocks yielded a point or more, the market closing with a heavy tone.

Although French and Italian exchanges continued to move further in favor of this country, the foreign market as a whole was not an element of importance in the day's development.

Dealings in bonds were steady today, total sales, par value, $3,060,000.

United States coupon 4s declined ⅜ on call.

PRODUCE.

MONTREAL PROVISIONS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, June 17.—Cheese — Finest westerns 16¾ to 17; finest easterns 15¼ to 15½.

Butter—Choicest creamery 27½ to 28; second 26¼ to 26½.

Eggs—Fresh 22 to 23; selected 24 to 25.

Pork—Heavy Canada short mess 29; short cut back 28½.

TO EUROPE

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TRANS ATLANTIC SERVICE

Montreal, Quebec, Liverpool.
NEW SHIPS—LOW RATES.
Every Modern Convenience.
S.S. METAGAMA.....Sails July 8
S.S. MISSANABIE....Sails July 29
$50——CABIN RATE——$50
$35——THIRD CLASS——3$5
BOOK NOW.
Tickets and all particulars from any Railroad or Steamship Agent; or
J. J. FORSTER,
Gen. Agt, C.P.R. Depot, Vancouver.

Where is no habit more easily formed than the habit of saving. If you have not already acquired the habit do so now by opening a savings account.

One dollar opens an account in our Savings Department.

Established 1875.

Head Office, Toronto, Ont.
Capital (paid up) ...$7,000,000
Reserve Fund $7,000,000
Peleg Howland, President
Elias Rogers, Vice-President
Edward Hay, Gen. Manager.
Nelson Branch
S. H. D. Benson, Manager.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

NEW YORK LEAD AT SIX AND QUARTER

Montreal is 6.62—Copper is Quoted at 20.37 to 20.50—London Lead £25 12s 6d

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, June 17.—Lead was quoted at 6 at St. Louis today and at 6.25 in New York. Montreal quotation was 6.62. At London lead was £25 12s 6d.

Copper steady—Electrolytic 20.37 to 20.50. London—Spot copper £83.5s; futures £84.5s electrolytic £96.

DEMAND FOR TRAM POWER AGGRESSIVE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, June 17.—An aggressive demand for Tram Power, the buying based on the report that the franchise negotiations would take a definite turn of a favorable character at the meeting of the civic board of control in the afternoon, shifted the entire interest of the local stock market to the unlisted department. On dealings in 3,500 shares the traction stock scored an advance of 2½ points to 44 and closed only ½ off the best.

Against the 3,400 shares of Tram Power changing hands, only 15,400 shares were dealt in.

Bridge continued a firm stock at 133¾ to 134. Scotia sold off a fraction to 66 and Locomotive a fraction to 41 ¼. Car and Iron were dull ,the former at 66 and the latter at 31½, or virtually unchanged.

Canada Steamship common was strong at 10 and Laurentide was in better demand at 160½.

GRAIN.

CLOSING GRAIN PRICES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, June 17.—Wheat close: July $1.19¼; Oct. $1.02⅝; Dec. $1.02½.
Oats—July 54⅛; Oct. 44.
Flax—July $1.55⅛; Oct. $1.60.
Minneapolis: Wheat—July $1.18¼; Sept. $1.03⅜; Dec. $1.04⅛.
Chicago: Wheat—July $1.03¾; Sept. $1.02⅝; Dec. $1.05½.

GERMAN TREACHERY.

Stirring narratives of the Dardanelles fighting are related by wounded French and Australian soldiers at Cairo. All the wounded Australians describe the fighting as a "great game —the best game we have ever had." "We made them run," said one Australian, "screeching and howling before us; but we ran better."

The Australian troops began the attack at Caribair (Western Gallipoli). Once on land they did not wait, and they took three ridges in succession in a headlong rush. "We had a running bayonet fight for three miles," said one of the men. "Many of our fellows went down, but nothing could stop us, and many a German officer met his deserts. Our big Australian lads lifted the Turks on the end of their bayonets and tossed them right over their heads. Oh, it was a great game.

"The casualties among our officers were heavy. Many had been picked off by German snipers. Some of our men spotted one of these fellows, and seven were told off to round him up. He was behind a small hillock, and we could see his head bobbing up and down. That German met his death by seven bayonet thrusts! Our Red Cross men worked magnificently. They never seemed to consider the risk of being shot. Every one of them deserved the Victoria Cross."

Another man described the treachery of a German officer who, after being attended to by an Australian Red Cross drew his revolver and shot him in the back as he walked away to attend to his wounded comrade lying close by. "I was feeling very bad and could hardly stir, but the sight of that German officer's brutal treachery put new life into me, and, dragging myself slowly along the ground and summoning all my strength, I thust my bayonet through the side of the beast and killed him."

GERMANS SAYS ZEPPELINS ATTACKED FORTIFIED PLACES

LONDON, June 17.—A despatch reaching here via Amsterdam contains the text of an official message giving the German version of the air raid on the British northeast coast on the night of June 15-16. It says that bombs were dropped on fortified places along the coast, starting fires and silencing one coast artillery battery. The airships returned undamaged.

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UNITED ITALY AND THE WAR

According to the cable despatches, Emperor Wilhelm will lead the German and Austrian campaign against Italy. Just 14 months ago I saw his elegant white yacht, the Hohenzollern, anchored at the outer end of the Grand Canal in Venice. She was attended by a German cruiser, and close at hand was the arsenal upon which Austrian airships have now been trying to drop bombs. The imperial craft lay closer still to the Palace of the Doges, with the Bridge of Sighs, St. Mark's cathedral, the reconstructed Campanile, the famous clock tower, and the royal palace all grouped about the plazza or square of St. Mark's, where dwell the clouds of pigeons. The waiser had come to meet King Victor Emmanuel of Italy who journeyed north from his capital and threw open his Venetian palace for the occasion.

British Ships at Genoa.

It now transpires that only a few months previously Italy had refused to join Austria in an attack upon Serbia, and it is possible that the emperor labored with the king to the end that Italy should be more loyal to her partnership in the triple alliance. It is even possible that the war into which the kaiser plunged Europe four months later was a secret subject of conversation between the two monarchs. Two weeks before I had seen 16 British men-of-war anchored in the harbor of Genoa, on the other side of Italy. The officers and crew were fraternizing with the officers and crew of a fleet of Italian ships, and I remember wondering at the time whether in the event of hostilities Italy would cast in her lot with Great Britain or Germany, with the triple entente or the triple alliance.

Forty-five Years Old.

It took the southern kingdom 10 months to make up its mind, but at last it has chosen the course which Garibaldi, Mazzini, Cavour and Victor Emmanuel's grandfather of the same name would have taken. United Italy is only 45 years old, for not until 1866 was Venice incorporated with the kingdom as a result of the war with Austria, and not until 1870 did Robe become the capital of a consolidated kingdom, stretching from the Alps to Sicily. It may therefore be said that for the first time in modern history a united Italy is at war—at war which so far as she is concerned has for its chief object the recovery of Italian territory still in the grasp of Austria.

War Will Help People.

Ever since August, 1914, Italy has suffered many of the penalties of war without being at war. A treasure house of art and history, she depends upon a heavy tourist traffic for much of her annual income. Such cities as Venice, Florence, Milan, Rome and Naples ordinarily draw immense revenues from this sourse, which for 10 months has been practically cut off. Gondolas and guides have been idle, hotels closed and the whole vast machinery of sightseeing stopped. Art treasures have been removed to places of safety, unemployment has been widespread, and multitudes have been in want. For a great proportion of the population the war will prove an economic relief, for it will stimulate many industries and provide hundreds of thousands of men with employment in the army.

Across Northern Italy.

Northern Italy from Venice on the Adriatic to Turin in the west is a great plain bounded on the north by the Alps and to the south by the Appenine range. It is into this plain that the German-Austrian armies would descend were they to succeed in crossing the mountainous frontier. Rich agriculturally and dotted with many industrial centres, this plain is the most well-favored part of Italy, and the Huns would therefore take a keen pleasure in over-running and devastating it as they have overrun and devastated agricultural and industrial Belgium and northern France. Such ancient towns as Padua, Verona, Mantue and Bologna, celebrated in Shakespeare's plays, and such popular cities at Milan and Turin woul dafford splendid prey for the blonde beasts. Were St. Mark's at Venice, the exquisite Gothic cathedral of Milan, and other noble edifices of northern Italy to share the fate of Louvain and Rheims, the cup of the barbarians would be fuller than even now it it. One hesitates to think of the Teuton hordes pouring through the widespread vineyards and using the stately Lombardy poplars which dot the plain as vantage points from which to direct their cannon fire. It is only with pleasure, therefore, that we contemplate the initial advances of Italian troops through the passes of the Tyrol and towards Trentino and Trieste.

Storing Art Treasures.

Southwestern Italy—that portion of the kingdom which lies beyond the Appenines, and in which are situated Florence, Pisa, Genoa, Rome and Naples—is too remote from Austria and too well protected by the rugged mountain chain to be in danger from invasion. Nevertheless one hears that the art treasures of the Pitti and Uffizi galleries in Florence are being stored beyond the reach of the successors of those vandals who despoiled Rome of her glory upwards of 1,000 years ago. It would seem eminently fitting that German kultur should run amuck in the beautiful valley of the Arno, where modern art and literature may be said to have had their rebirth, and where lies the body of Michiavelli, upon whose teachings Germany diplomacy and warfare are based.

The Great Dead in Florence.

Here also is the great tomb of the Medici family, which in the time of its power gabe Rome three popes, and Europe many sovereigns, and more than one murderer skilled in the use of deadly poisons. The Medici masoleum is a costly edifice, decorated with sapphires and other precious stones, and is said to have been originally built as a resceptable for the holy sepulchre, which was to have been rescued from the Turks in Jerusalem, and carried to Florence. The age-long dream is to be realized as a result of this war, at least so far as the deliverance of Palestine and the sacred places of Turkish rule is concerned. Meantime the Teutons would like to destroy the Holy Cross church in Florence, which, with its monuments to Raphael, Michael Angelo, Andrea del Sarto, Dante and Rossini, is called the Westminster Abbey of Italy. It was in the vicinity of Florence that Galileo proclaimed the revolution of the earth around the sun, that Milton dictated "Paradise Lost" to his daughter, and that the poet visited the scientist when both were blind. They show you the spot in the market place where Savonarola was burned to death for criticising a bad pope.

There Are Three Romes.

The despatches have told us that upon the declaration of war Roman crowds listened to impassioned speeches from the Capitoline Hill. What a scene does this statement call up in one's mind—what a vision of an ancient city which once ruled the world going to war again with enthusiasm after 2,000 years. From the Capitoline Hills—one of the original seven hills that looked down upon the Tiber—one grasps the fact that the city of Rome is three cities, lying side by side interlocking and overlapping.

Ancient Papal Modern.

First there is the ancient imperial Rome with its magnificent ruins left by a lordly race. Secondly there is that Rome of splendid palaces which sprang up under those popes who patronized the arts, gathered the master artists about them and made the city queen of the world in a new sense. Thirdly there is the prosperous and impressively built modern Rome which has arisen beside and around the ruins of ancient Rome, and the well preserved palaces and churches of mediaeval Rome since the consolidation of the kingdom under the present monarchy in 1870. In suggestive dimensions and beauty of design and execution the great white marble monument to Victor Emmanuel II (under whom Italy obtained national unity 45 years ago) may be said to rival the massive relics of imperial and mediaeval Rome.

A Roman Triumph.

Imperial Rome at the end of the first century is said to have contained 1,000,000 people. By the end of the 14th century the population had dwindled to 20,000, but, as the capital of united Italy, under the present monarchy, the city has attained to about the size of Toronto with a population of 500,000. Amongst the ruined columns that mark the sites of the Roman forum, the Trajan forum and other monuments of a mighty past is still pointed out the Sacred Way up which the Roman conquerors marched on their return from triumphant wars. We may safely predict that a few months hence, after a lapse of 2,000 years, the ancient scenes will witness another Roman triumph, this time a victory of united Italy in alliance with other enemies of modern barbarism. Until that glad day the Vatican, the Colosseum, the Appian Way, Naples (Neapolis, or "New City"), so called because founded in 500 B. C. on the site of an older town), Pompeii, Baia, the Amalfi Drive, Sorrento, Capri, the Blue Grotto, and 1,000 other Italian resorts will remain deserted by the throngs of tourists who ordinarily swarm over the most interesting country in Europe.

A SOLDIER'S WILL.

The will of the late Lieut. G. M. Williamson, of the Grenadier Guards, killed in action at Langemarck, has been filed for probate. The document is in the form of a letter written to his brother from Lark Hill, England. It reads as follows:

"As we leave for France tomorrow, it is right that I should leave some disposition of my effects, so that in event of my being killed my small belongings shall be disposed of as it would please me. Therefore, I will that the money invested in mortgages shall at maturity go to Dad to be used by him in such a way as to give mother pleasure, also the amount of money which will be my share in the division of the profits of the sale of the North End property, to use as he wills." Bequests to his mother and sister are followed by: "To Nan, my sword for her son, Billy, and if Colin should marry and have a son, my sword, commission and medals shall be given to that son."

The Brightest Women Find

sometimes that they are dull in mind, depressed in spirits, and that they have headache, backache, and sufferings that make life seem not worth living. But these conditions need be only temporary. They are usually caused by indigestion or biliousness and a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

will quickly, safely and certainly right the wrong. This famous family remedy tones the stomach, stimulates the liver, regulates the bowels. Beecham's Pills cleanse the system of accumulating poisons and purify the blood. Their beneficial action shows in brighter looks, clearer complexions, better feelings. Try them, and you also will find that they

Are Worth A Guinea a Box

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

THINKS CAP WAS CAUSE OF DISASTER

Mining Expert Advances Theory in Explanation of Explosion at Reserve Mine, Nanaimo

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NANAIMO, B. C., June 17.—The inquest on the victims of the Reserve mine explosion continued today before Coroner Jeffs. The feature of the proceedings was the advancing of a new theory by James Ashworth, M.E., representative of the provincial government, as to the cause of the explosion. The theory advanced by Ashworth is that the explosion occurred in the entrance of No. 1 level, off a stope in the vicinity of the spot where the body of Fred Crew was found, the explosion being caused by the explosion of a detonating cap which was either delivered by Crew when in the act of making a charge or was exploded by a fall of rock from the roof.

According to Mr. Hunt and Wilkinson's theory the source of ignition was Suter's lamp, assumed to be crushed by falling material. But witness produced a lamp in proof of his contention that the lamp could not have been so crushed as it was not crushed downward but sideways. Whtaever crushed the lamp came horizontally and not vertically. There was no evidence of an explosion from No. 6 crosscut.

FIRST ERITOR IN WEST DIES.

William Buckingham, Ex-Deputy Minister, Passes Away at Advanced Age.

STRATFORD, Ont.—William Buckingham, ex-deputy minister of the interior, and one-time private secretary to Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, when the latter was premier of Canada, is dead. He was 83 years old. The late Mr. Buckingham edited the first newspaper in western Canada, publishing the first issue at Fort Garry in 1859.

He started his career as a shorthand reporter on the Toronto Globe in the ealy 50's. It was accompanied by a young Irishman that he decided to locate in the Red River valley at Fort Garry and start up a printing plant. The plant was brought by way of St. Paul and up the valley in the well known Red River carts, drawn by oxen.

The first issue of the Nor'wester appeared between Christmas and New Year, 1859. It was a four-page weekly, well written, well edited and, for that time, containing most news of Canada. It was greatly on account of the editorial influence of the publication that the Hudson's Bay company's territory was conveyed to the Dominion of Canada.

"War is hell."

"Yes; only we don't have to die to reach it."

Daily News Want Ads

These columns are devoted exclusively to classified condensed Want advertisements, which appeal directly to all classes of people, in the home, the office, the tradesman, the rancher and all professions.

To get immediate results at a minimum cost, the News Want Ad. will find a way.

Rates for
Classified Want Ads

Advertisements under any Heading:

Minimum Charge	25c
One insertion, per word	1c
Six consecutive insertions	4c
26 consecutive insertions (one month)	15c
Birth, one insertion	50c
Marriages, one insertion	50c
Deaths, one insertion	50c
Card of Thanks	50c
Death and funeral notice	$1.00
Each subsequent insertion	25c

All condensed advertisements are cash in advance, otherwise one cent per word per insertion straight.

Advertisers are reminded that it is contrary to the provisions of the Postal laws to have letters addressed to initials only, therefore any advertiser desirous of concealing his or her identity may use a box at this office without any extra charge.

The News reserves the right to pass on any copy submitted for publication.

Advertisements ordered (T.F.) till forbid, must be cancelled or stopped in person or by written order.

SITUATIONS VACANT—FEMALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

TEACHER REQUIRED for Perry Siding school. Applications to Secretary School board, Perry Siding, B.C. (949)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St.
WANTED—Woman cook, skilled help and others to register.

WANTED—Man with $150 to $200; guarantee you can easily make $6 to $10 per day; something new, every housekeeper needs it. A. L. Allen, Madden hotel. (956)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

FOR EXCHANGE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

TO EXCHANGE BY OWNER—80 acres of good self irrigated land; has house and barn and partly improved. Springs and creek runs through property; 4 miles from town; ½ mile from school; 26 miles east of Spokane, Wash. Wanted in exchange a good timber limit or other good land. Address H. P. Nobach, Fernwood, Idaho. (878)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

SHEEP AND SWINE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

PEDIGREE Berkshire pigs, all ages. Harry Anderson, Birchbank. (898)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

TO RENT.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

K. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms moderate. A. Macdonald & Co. 901)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr Apartments. (900)

FOR RENT — Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. (902)

FURNISHED housekeeping suite; reduced rental, 706 Victoria St. (955)

FURNISHED housekeeping suites with bath. Gordon rooms. (963)

DELIGHTFUL HOLIDAYS economically arranged at Edgewood Arrow Lakes. Modern furnished house or apartments; bath, piano. Box 969 Daily News. 969

PROPERTY FOR SALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE—A few 10 acre blocks of fruit lands on the banks of Kootenay lake and some larger tracts suitable for mixed farming. Will exchange for clearing land. Special inducements to people who will immediately improve land. Apply Lardo postoffice or see me personally at my ranch at Johnston's Landing, H. L. Lindsay. (863)

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Sacrifice; owner enlisting. Thirty acres fenced, five in crop; three cows, horse, buggy, cutter, chickens, geese, furniture, etc. Ideal location for dairy or vegetables. Two towns within three miles. Box 124, Greenwood. (959)

SIXTEEN ACRES near Tarry's. Owner must sacrifice at once; $400 cash or $500 on easy terms. Post office box 1561, Winnipeg. (950)

FOR SALE—5 lots corner Mill and Kootenay; make an offer. Wesley Plummer, care of Kemp, 56 Alaska St., Tacoma, Wash. (940)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

HOUSES FOR SALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE—Boarding house, 27 rooms, all full; good location near depots, $2500 cash, $3000 terms. Box 465, Rossland, B.C. (842)

POULTRY AND EGGS.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

BABY CHICKS, ducklings and hatching eggs; poultry and fruit form paying combination. Catalogue forwarded on application. Charles Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver.

WANTED—Buff Orpington hens; must be cheap for cash. Apply Wm. Cooper, Yahk, B.C. (941)

BIG SNAP—Pekin duck eggs, 75c per setting. Creed Bros., Kaslo, B.C. (942)

HORSES AND CATTLE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

FOR SALE—Cows to freshen shortly. Also several brood sows; registered Berkshire boar and dandy reigstered Ayrshire bull. S. P. Pond. (947)

GOOD MILCH COW for sale. C. C. Ladd, Erie, B.C. (958)

ARTICLES FOR SALE.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, 100, 70c.; 1000, $5; currants, 10c; gooseberries 15c; rhubarb, 10c; fruit trees, perennial flowers, roses, dahlias, pansies, etc., carriage prepaid. Catalog free. Charles Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver.

FOR SALE—One Remington Junior typewriter, cheap; almost new. Apply V. Mawson, Creston. (910)

FOR SALE—No. 1 XXX shingles @ $2.75; No. 2 XX shingles @ $1.75. Delivered at your station. Arrow Lake Shingle Co., Nakusp, B.C. (961)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—Small house or bungalow, completely furnished, moderate rent. Box 951, Daily News. (951)

ARTICLES WANTED.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

WANTED—Small second-hand planer, one that will make flooring, siplap, etc.; must be in good condition. Send full particulars and price o Cork Province Mines, Ltd., Kaslo, B. C. 970

BEES AND HONEY

BEE SUPPLIES — Don't lose your swarms for want of supplies. Write W. Romain, manufacturer, Nelson, for prices which you will not be able to beat. (939)

LOST AND FOUND.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

LOST—Bunch of keys; finder please return to Daily News. (964)

FOUND—Chain bracelet. Apply at News office. (944)

WHEN REPLYING TO ADVERTISEMENTS in Condensed Columns, kindly mention you saw it in The News—it will help you.

BUSINESS PERSONAL.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Baggage and express. Prompt and reliable. Day and night. Phone 242.

RIDERS WANTED as agents for our high grade bicycles. Write for particulars to Thos. Plimley's Cycle Works Victoria, B.C. (904)

E. K. STRACHAN, 120 Baker street, plumbers' supplies, estimates fr : work guaranteed Phone 262

DOGS AND CATS.
(Say you saw it in The News.)

AIRDALES—Some good pups for sale, six weeks old, June 19, 2 male, $15 each; 4 female, $10 each. Particulars apply A. J. Lewis, Gray Creek. (960)

PURE BRED FOX TERRIER puppies, full pedigree given; price $5 each. Waddel, Baynes Lake, B. C. 968

FURS.

NOW is the best time to have new furs made up and old ones remodelled or repaired; You get a considerable reduction during the summer. G. Glaser, Furrier, 811 Mill St., Nelson, B.C. I can tan your skin and fix your head.

OUT-OF-TOWN ADVERTISERS

USE THIS BLANK ON WHICH TO WRITE YOUR ADVERTISEMENT FOR

THE DAILY NEWS

ONE WORD IN EACH SPACE

THE COST—One cent a word each insertion or Four Cents a word for Six. Ten Cents extra to mail replies for box numbers. No ad taken for less than 25c.

Enclose money order or check and mail direct to The Daily News, Nelson, B.C.

548

Nelson Brand

NEW SEASON'S

Strawberry Jam

1-pound glass 25c
5-pound cans 90c

PURE FRUIT AND SUGAR.

Star Grocery

PHONE 10

Store of Quality

THURMAN'S

Carry a full line of all High-Grade Tobaccos and BBB Pipes. Try a tin of Thurman's Mixture.

THURMAN'S CIGAR STORE

SAYS WAR CAUSED BY LACK OF RELIGION

Viscount Bryce, in a new publication called the Laymen's Bulletin, reviews the war from a religious point of view. "We have been horrified, every nation has been horrified," he writes, "by the unprecedented suddenness and magnitude of this war, says the Toronto Mail and Empire. More than half of the human race is engaged in it. Some seven or eight million men are arrayed in arms against one another, probably 1,000,000 on each side already have perished and no end as yet appears to the deepening shadows. This is the material side, but regarded from the moral side this war is an event no less unprecedented. It is even more terrifying. A frightful chasm seems to have opened at our feet. All work done since the Middle Ages to regulate the conduct of war and to introduce some mitigations in its essential inhumanity seems to have been thrown away, for in no war in the last few centuries have innocent non-combatants suffered so severely.

A Moral Anarchy

"All efforts made to secure the arbitration of international disputes, to provide safeguards for peace and to promote good-will between the peoples of the world have in a moment been lost, forgotten and trodden under foot. The government of a great and highly educated people to whose poets and philosophers we have owed an immeasurable debt has not only openly avowed but actually has put into practise doctrines which strike at the roots of all law and civil society itself—doctrines which trample on justice and extinguish pity. Some have said that we are witnessing the bankruptcy of Christianity. It would be more true to say that we are seeing the bankruptcy of civilization itself, for all that has been effected not only by the power of the Gospel, but by forces and influences of every kind that make for moral progress and peace, has seemed to go to pieces and to vanish." Viscount Bryce deprecates the despair which the first shock of war brought to sensitive minds, for to despair, he says, would be to abandon faith in providence and God.

Responsibility of Christians

"The second thought that came to us," he continues, "was the sense of our own responsibility and the question, 'How far were we as a nation and as individuals responsible for the calamities we were witnessing?' However heavy the blame which must rest on those to whom the outbreak of the war is to be chiefly attributed, must not some part of it rest upon all who, anywhere and everywhere, call themselves Christians? If there had been a higher standard of Christian thought and action among ourselves and elsewhere in Christendom, could these things have happened? We in Great Britain have of late years come to see more clearly how much is amiss in our business life and to what extent the social arrangements and relations between the classes fall short of the Christian standard. We have seen, too, how inconsistent with Christian principles is the industrial strife which has threatened during recent years our domestic peace. Many also have asked whether or not our national policy has been always worthy, even during the last half-century. Why have we been regarded by other nations as grasping and overbearing, and why have we been so often charged with Phariseeism? One charge brought against us is that having plotted this war we have gone into it out of jealousy of German prosperity, with a wish to ruin that nation's commerce. We know this charge to be utterly groundless, but can we say that there have not been occasions when we may have seemed to abuse our strength and show scant regard for the rights of other and weaker peoples? May we not have in such ways reduced our moral influence? A state, it is said, cannot be generous as an individual man can, but can always be just and can treat the weak with the same fairness that it shows to the strong.

The Forceful Gospel

"Then the question arises, 'What is to be done?' Is there any influence other than Christianity, or indeed any force, from which it can be hoped that the world will be brought back to peace and good-will? If there is no other force, cannot something be done among ourselves to revive the inspiring power which Christianity has shown in its best spirits and at its best moments? If we follow the course of history for the last two centuries, do we not find that the Gospel has been by far the strongest moral force, though often a grievous force, when men have neglected and perverted its precepts? The Gospel of Christ is the strongest force because it appeals to all men, not those only who are fit to receive learning and philosophy. Further, it has been and is strong because it appeals to the noblest and deepest parts of the human nature."

Greater Than Pagan Philosophers

Viscount Bryce then proceeds to indicate that Christianity has done all that Socrates, Plato, Buddha, Epictotus and Marcus Aurelius did, and that in addition it has given a message of love and thus Christianity saved the ancient world from moral ruin. He points out that the problem always has been and is now how to apply Christianity to the facts of daily life of each individual. One must begin with one's own soul, he says, denying each passion and all bitterness. He concludes that the circumstances attending this war and the challenge to Christian principles which it makes have stirred the depths of every man's soul as nothing else has done in the last three centuries. "Among the soldiers in France," he adds, "defending the country with a gallantry that moves us to admiration, we hear of a revived sense of the unseen world and an earnest quest for some moral and spiritual basis for life among the soldiers. We are told of many who say that their belief in God gives them serenity and calmness in danger which they otherwise would not have had. At home also there has been a feeling of the triviality of common objects and desires and pursuits compared with the solemn call of duty and brotherhood. Our young men made response to these calls in a manner that had not been imagined possible in times of ease, in a manner, indeed, never before seen in Great Britain. Must we not try while the impulse is still fresh and strong to turn it to the fullest account? Must we not make another effort to bring individual life, social life and business life closer to those Christian ideals, following which, as we believe, the best hopes of peace and the welfare of humanity are to be found?"

FEAR ADMIRAL'S SMILE MORE THAN HIS FROWN

British Commander Directing Fleets at Dardanelles Is Beloved by His Men of All Ranks.

TORONTO.—Some interesting sidelights on the dominant characteristics and personality of Rear-Admiral De Robeck, who is now directing operations of the allied fleets in the Dardanelles, is given by W. C. Harwood, 86 Balmoral avenue, this city, who sailed for more than ten years with *Rear Admiral De Robeck. The latter,* Mr. Harwood says, is one commander whose smile is often feared more than his frown—by his enemies.

"I have seen him as a 'sub' flinging himself into the fleet regatta and other aquatic and land sports with all the abandon and energy characteristic of naval officers generally, and middies and young sub-lieutenants in particular," said Mr. Horwood. "I have seen him as officer of the watch at sea, when he could always get more out of a handful of men than any other officer in the ship could with three times the number of hands. I have seen him with a square-rigged windjammer, when, as commander, his voice could easily be heard above the loudest gale, as he directed the men on the topsail yard to lay out and get another pull on the weather earring. I have seen him covered with the grime of 'coal ship,' a process which no landsmen has, nor can ever have, any idea of, and I have seen him in the full uniform of a post captain, attendant on royalty.

De Robeck has ever been the same—quiet, forceful, efficient and competent.

"I know nothing of his antecedents, but I do know that he is a thoroughbred sailor, that he is capable, has the entire confidence of his men, can handle a ship in any and all circumstances. De Robeck is a man of few words. When he speaks he means exactly what he says and when he smiles—look out. I was a little afraid at the time of the retirement of Admiral Carden from the command of the Dardanelles fleet, that Admiral De Robeck would be superseded by a senior man, but De Robeck has hoisted the vice-admiral's flag and is evidently to remain in command there, although Sir Richard Pierce, who is essociated with him, is his senior in rank. If Admiral De Robeck has been ordered to take his fleet to the Golden Horn, depend upon it he will take it there and every man who is in the fleet and who knows Admiral De Robeck, also knows that nothing will stop him."

Heiress—But you must keep our engagement a strict secret.

Suitor—From all but my most insistent creditors, dearest."

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

A beautifully located house for rent, situate on two corner lots; abundance of bearing fruit trees and nice lawn; houes contains three bedrooms and the usual living rooms; open fireplace, gas and hot air furnace. This is offered at the very *low rental of* $21. C. W. Appleyard, 500 Baker street. Telephone 444. 971

A meeting of the West Kootenay Poultry and Pet Stock association will be held in the city hall tonight at 8 o' clock.

Take it to Taylor, the Tinker; he'll fix it. (962)

Nelson Brand Jam is made from the best Kootenay fruits and B.C. Sugar by British Columbia labor. At all grocers (899)

A tea in aid of the Red Cross society will be held on Tuesday, June 22 at Mrs. H. Bird's, Baker street, from 3 to 6 o'clock. 973

The annual general meeting of the *Oddfellows' Building & Investment* Co., Ltd., will be held in the company's office June 22nd, 1915 at 8 p.m. (957)

The speed boat Mercury, owned by the Elford Boat company, was put into commission and is hitting up a speed around the 20 mile an hour mark. (975)

A demonstration will be given in St. Paul's Presbyterian church this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Every family represented will be presnted with a souvenir. Coffee and griddle cakes will be served. Admission 15c. 972

D. O. K. K.

The regular monthly meeting of Shem-el-Nessim Temple No. 172 will be held in Eagle hall, Nelson, tonight. Important business. Visiting votaries welcome. Wear your fez. R. J. Steel, *secretary.* 976

AT THE THEATRES.

The final episode of "The Million Dollar Mystery" will be shown at the Starland theatre this evening. This thrilling number is entitled "The Mystery Solved," and gives the entire solution of the mystry. The last instalment fairly throbs with action and interest is held fast throughout. A unique feature of the final instalment is the showing during the flm of the winner of the $10,000 prize and the Thanhouser twins, who figure as flower girls at the wedding of Margaret (Florence La Badie) and Norton (James Cruge) in the last reel.

CAMARADERIE AND TRAGEDY MINGLED

While Khaki-Clad Men Recount of India and the Soudan, White-Faced Mothers Knit and Pray

(By Will Irwin in New York Tribune.)

BASE IN NORTHERN FRANCE.—If you are looking for the composite atmosphere of war, you need go no further, after all, than this hotel, wherein your correspondent has rested between excursions these past three weeks. This town used to be a watering place in the dead days, which ended *in 1914. The hotel stands in the dis*trict which the British have taken over for military purposes and it happens to be cleaner and more modern than its fellows.

It has therefore become a kind of floating headquarters for the British army and its followers. Three-quarters of the men dress in khaki. Officers back from the line come in nearly every day; with every boat arrive other officers just going to the line for their first sight of actual war.

We have an American bar. It comes nearer to the real thing than most of *these European imitations, being pro*vided with brass footrail, cuspidors and a recipe for cocktails. The only incongruous notes, which prove that we are in a foreign land, are the bunch of allied flags over the mirror and a barmaid, named Guinevere.

That is where the officers, running back and forth from the line, congregate of evenings. We hear constantly significant goodbyes, their significance disguised under the air of indifference by which the Briton keeps guard over his emotions. "Well, so long; going up to the battalion in the morning," is *about the accepted form*ula. Then the man bound for the land of carnage drifts out in his nonchalant British way. No one, not even his oldest friend, shakes hands with him. That would be pointing too much the signifcance of the parting. The only way to get along in war is to shut your imagination to the future.

The New Officers

They are a mixed lot, these British officers of today—as mixed as the British soldiers of today, among whom the traditional Tommy Atkins is lost. There is still a sprinkling of the old, professional officer, who has served his turn in India and South Africa—easy moving, calm, reserved and mightily honest and charming when you come to know him.

But all mixed up with this type are the new officers who were teaching school or getting a start at law or holding down city desks or just living as country gentlemen, when the war began. Quietly cordial, easy going, cultivated human beings most of them are. Being British, each one has his pleasant little personal peculiarities. If you sit with one of them long enough he will begin to ride his hobby over you, whether that hobby be butterfly chasing or Julius Caesar or horses.

Officers' Reunions

Also there are reunions all the time in that little area where Guinevere presides.

Two officers are talking in a corner. Another folds up his newspaper and looks over toward them. "You were saying you went on the march to Peking," he will remark. "I was on that trek."

Then follow reminiscences and yarns—a writer need no more invent fiction after hearing a few evenings of talk in this bar about old wars. There is little talk of the present war in detail, though every one drifts around to it in general terms, wondering what is doing in the Dardanelles and, of course, how long it is going to last. That is the pathetic question which the whole world is asking of the gods in these days.

Out in the lobby sitting room, where the British drink tea at 5 o'clock, there sits another and a sadder assemblage. There the women of the hotel gather in the evening and knit. And quiet and controlled and British as each one may try to be, she looks nevertheless as though something were about to fall from Heaven upon her, for three-quarters of these women are here because of the officers' hospital.

When they hold a man at the base it means that his wound is serious—that he cannot be moved without danger. In that case, his wife or his parents may come over to be near. We've had tragedies to spare in this hotel during the last three weeks.

Tragedies to Spare

There was, for example, the pleasantest Canadian couple in the world. They had come all the way from Canada to see their son, because they had heard that he was going to have a furlough. They arrived in time to learn that he was held at the base. I watched him through hope and fear until the morning when the mother came stumbling into the hotel, guided by her husband. There was no use of asking questions; next day they were gone.

Then there was a delightful Scotch couple, very gentle and simple and friendly, and always eager to talk about the boy. It was a question whether or no his leg could be saved. That went on until one night when I found the mother sitting with her face very pale and set. Her husband came presently to tell me—they were taking off the leg to save his life.

There followed a week in which we were constantly assuring them that there couldn't be infection with so low a temperature. And this morning they came into the hotel with their faces radiant. The surgeon had told them that he could be moved. He will start for home this afternoon—minus a leg—but they have him!

This morning I met at the door the mother of another wounded officer—a pleasant Englishwoman, she looking all too young to have a son at war. This was a "lung case," and lung cases are very treacherous. It is only in the present war that surgeons have been able to save any considerable percentage of men so wounded. At that, one never knows when pneumonia *and kindred complications will de*velop. But he is probably out of danger now.

"Tell me," she said, "where can one get any sponge cake in this town." Then she smiled a smile of great relief. "He and his roommate say the only thing they want in the world is a piece of sponge cake. Your sex is a sex of children, isn't it?" Then again she smiled her smile of great relief. "Now I know he is going to get well," she said.

Final Disposal of Women's Suits!

At Maker's Cost and Less

A Suit Is Essential in This Country All the Year Round. No Part of Your Wardrobe, Therefore, Requires More Attention. Add One Now at These Prices.

$20.00 Grey and White Suit for $6.95

Lovely Tailored Grey and White Suits, all wool and satin lined.
Today and Tomorrow Sale..... $6.95

$22.50 Biscuit Suit for $8.95

High Grade Tailored Suit, with lovely, rich satin lining.
Today and Tomorrow..... $8.95

$39.50 Sand Diagonal Suit $14.75

One of our richest costumes, delightfully elegant *though very plain.*
Today and Tomorrow..... $14.75

$29.50 Black and White for $18.75

Made rich Whipcord, cuffs and revers trimmed bias; satin lined.
Regular $29.50—Two Days..... $18.75

$29.00 Smart Norfolk Suit for $18.00

Made in Tan and White Hairline Stripe. Half belt; silk lined; full skirt.
Regular $29.00—For..... $18.00

$35.00 Grey Gaberdine for $18.50

A classy suit of dressy aspect; lace trimmed over satin.
Today and Tomorrow..... $18.50

$35.00 Hair Line Worsted Suit for $19.50

Black and White Tailored; satin lined and full flare skirt.
Regular $35.00—For..... $19.50

$37.50 Black Moire Suit for $19.50

This is a RECHERCHE GARMENT with a wide collar of Roman satin, cut away front, pleated skirt. A model of individuality.
Today and Tomorrow Sale..... $19.50

35.00 Rich Bro. Messaline Suit 19.75

Here is another of vogue's favorites. Elegant pleated coat and skirt to match.
Regular $35.00—Two Days' Sale..... $19.75

Sale of Middies, Just In, 1.25

Just as we go to press the shipment arrived, and instead of $1.95, their price, we sell for Friday Special these Side-Lace Middies in Scarlet, Black, Navy or Cadet:
TODAY ONLY—Regular $1.95—For..... $1.25

Wash Goods Sale Today at 25c

All these rich Organdies and Printed Voiles that we bought as mill ends from the makers some weeks age came in yesterday. They are simply lovely and all of high grade material. Dark and light grounds in newest patterns.
Regular 35c and 40c Quality—For, Yard..... 25c

The Hudson's Bay Company.

INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. SUBLIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

The Coffee Drug

Do you know what it is?

It's caffeine—a poisonous and powerful nerve irritant—from 1½ to 3 grains to the average cup of tea or coffee.

Listen to what physicians say:

"Coffee and tea are poisonous drugs. The caffeine they contain is of the same nature as uric acid. They impair digestion and produce various disorders of the nerves.

"A large percentage of cases of headache, nervousness, sleeplessness and indigestion can be traced directly to coffee."

If you haven't suspected tea or coffee as the cause of headaches, biliousness, heart-flutter or sleeplessness, suppose you test the matter by a change to the pure food-drink, INSTANT POSTUM.

There's no caffeine nor any harmful substance in this delicious beverage—just the nourishing elements of wheat, roasted with a bit of wholesome molasses—with a delicious, snappy flavor.

The sure, easy way out of tea and coffee troubles is to shift to

INSTANT POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

We Clean or Dye
SILKS
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GLOVES
Anything.

Butler Houston Co.
604½ Baker Street,
NELSON, B.C.
You have the service of experience gained in the largest dying and cleaning establishment in Canada.

DYERS
CLEANERS
TAILORS
HATTERS
REPAIRERS
PRESSERS

Have your Silks, Suits, etc., cleaned by us in Carbo-Benzo. It makes *the clothes fresh and clean.* Carbo-Benzo is a gasoline mixture and has no equal as a dry cleaning liquid.

It only takes a few minutes to roll up your bundle and give it to the express or post. Put in a note and say what you want done. We do all the rest and pay carriage one way.

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Mills: Cascade, Comaplix, Three Valley, Taft, Nelson
MANUFACTURERS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES

For Sale: SLABWOOD, 4-foot, and 16-inch STOVEWOOD

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is now opened.

We make our own Ice Cream of local and pure Cream. Come in and try the real thing.

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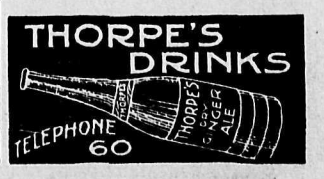

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Cars supplied to all railway points.

Cooling and Refreshing

Fruit Saline for the Summer weather. Keep Blood cool, and skin Clear from Heat rash.

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The Drug Store That is Different

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Mail orders filled promptly.

Phone 61.

For Exchange

We take second-hand goods of all kinds and we give crockery and china plate, jugs, bowls, platters, vegetable dishes, etc., etc., also glassware of all descriptions.

See our water and lemonade sets

China Hall

A. W. MUNRO

Phone L 261 Box 583

APPLICATIONS OF MEN PRESENTED

Patriotic Fund Committee Receives Lists of Requests for Allowances for Families of Soldiers.

At the meeting of the patriotic fund committee yesterday afternoon a list of applications of allowances for the wives and families of some of the men with the 54th battalion at Vernon was presented. The applications will be investigated and receive the attention of the committee immediately.

STRAWBERRIES ARE QUITE PLENTIFUL

Gooseberries and Cherries on Market in Quantity—New Zealand Butter Reappears.

Strawberries are now plentiful on the retail market and are selling at 10 cents a box and up. Gooseberries and cherries have also become plentiful and are selling at respectively 4 pounds for 25 cents, and 15 cents per pound. New Zealand butter is again on the market and is selling at the old price of 45 cents a pound. Creamery butter has taken a fall in price and is retailing at 35 cents and 40 cents a pound.

The quarterly official board of Trinity Methodist church will meet at the parsonage at 8 o'clock tonight.

COBB AT HIS BEST.

DETROIT.—If nothing happens to take Ty Cobb out of the line-up as has frequently been the case in other years those who are backing the Tigers this season will have a good chance to cash their bets. With Cobb playing regularly the Tigers have advanced to the thick of the fighting in the American league and promise to stay there as long as Cobb stays in. With Cobb the Detroit team is a serious contender. Without him they are just a ball club. Jennings still believes he would have won last year if his star had not been out so much.

The high-spirited Georgian always plays a good game and is not unnatural to see him leading the league in hitting and base stealing but those who have watched him closely this season say he is playing the greatest game of his career. With the changes that took place in the league over winter the Tigers have got the idea that this is their year, and Cobb has studiously avoided any entanglements which might keep him out of the game. He has already won several games lone handed.

Shirts, Men's, Large and Roomy

ALL SIZES

Each 50c

THE ARK

New and Second Hand Furniture. Cheapest in the City.

J. W. HOLMES, Mgr.

Phone L395. 606 Vernon St.

Nelson, B. C.

Half Price on Belt Pins and Buckles

We have an overstock in this line and for one week we will sell these goods at one-half price.

These Belt Buckles and Belt Pins are new goods—Enamel, Sterling Silver and many new designs in the antique or dull finish.

CALL AND SEE THESE PINS AND BUCKLES.

J. O. Patenaude

Manufacturing Jeweler, Watchmaker and Optician.

PROUD TO WEAR CANADIAN BADGE

George Paterson Tells in Letter of Canadian Comrades and Pays Them High Tribute

J. H. Grant of Nelson is in receipt of a letter dated May 29 from George Paterson, who has been promoted to the rank of sergeant. He has been withdrawn from the ranks to take an officer's course and an examination for a lieutenancy. He writes:

"There have been many changes since the first contingent left Canada. You have no idea just how tired and lonely a fellow feels—when his chums are nearly all being put out of business. It would be impossible for me to tell you as to many of our boys, as we were split up into different companies and some drafted to other regiments.

"Merry did not come over to France with us, but secured a commission in a Cheshire regiment and is now a captain. His regiment is not over here yet, but should be soon. Some of us could have obtained commissions and gone to other regiments, but poor old Major Rigby was alive then, so we gave it up—to follow the old war horse, our hero. He had stayed with us, so we thought it up to us to stay with him. Well, you know by this time that he fell. I was very close to him at the time. He said nothing—just slipped from the parapet like a tired man and was asleep—for good.

"Teddy Guille was sergeant of a section and at Ypres was wounded, but got away all right. Jimmy Hurst was also with us and was killed. (Later reported a prisoner in Germany, in letter of Capt. P. J. Locke). 'Harry Broadwood's wound was very slight and he was back with us again in short order, but we have been in another mixup and Harry was with us. Capt. Locke is not killed; he is a prisoner and wounded. I have this on the best authority. Aylmer is still in the land of the living and a few others, but very few—I think some 20 out of the lot that left—and they are scattered around in different companies, some of them being employed men, which gives them a better chance to keep the spark in.

"I understand that Blake Allan, Clarke and a bunch more of Nelsonites came over here as reinforcements to us. Some of the 30th were drafted to us, the 1st British Columbia regiment, 7th battalion. Others went to the 15th battalion. It was to the latter that Blake and Clarke went and I have not had a chance to see them. They were quite new and God knows they had to go through a rough breaking in. I sincerely hope the poor lads are well. One feels pretty strong about one's friends out here, and if I ever get out of this show alive I will be able to explain why.

"Old fellow, I am a Canadian. I have seen them all—regulars, territorials, Kitchener's, etc., and believe me, I am proud to be able to wear my Canadian badges. They are men, every one of them, rough and ready, maybe, but great hearts fit for a great work."

Rev. Geo. Turpin of Nanaimo is in the city and will preach at Harrop on Sunday.

The committee of the Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire will begin collection of cotton, linen and woolen goods at 10.30 o'clock this morning.

In spite of the rainy weather the sale of work and home cooking held on the lawn of Mrs. Harry Bird's residence yesterday afternoon was well attended. The sale, which was in aid of the rectory fund of St. Saviour's church, netted over $50 for the fund.

"New Perfection" Oil Cook Stoves

JUST THE THING FOR WARM WEATHER

WE HAVE THEM WITH ONE, TWO OR THREE BURNERS

TRY ONE FOR YOUR CITY HOME OR SUMMER CAMP ON THE LAKE

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

Nelson News of the Day

BOY SCOUT TROOP NOW RECOGNIZED

Letter From the Assistant Provincial Commissioner Pays High Tribute to Scout Master and Troop Leaders

A letter has been received by J. P. Forde, president of the Nelson association of Boy Scouts, from Rev. and Hon. T. R. Heneage, assistant commissioner for British Columbia, in which he says:

"On leaving Nelson may I express, through you, my very sincere appreciation of the work done by Capt Armstrong, acting scout master, of the Nelson troop. His whole-hearted enthusiasm and energy deserve the thanks of every public-spirited man and woman in Nelson.

"The patrol leaders also deserve a word of appreciation from me. I was fortunately enabled to spend an evening with them alone. I have no hesitation in saying that no boys could possibly have shown greater loyalty, courtesy and genuine good will than they did, and if they have in the patrols the same splendid spirit that they showed in themselves the troop will double or treble its strength without impairing its efficiency in a very short time.

"With them their patrols and the troop came first, themselves last. That is the spirit we want.

"It was a pleasure both to meet and work with them.

"The personnel of the whole troop, I was, of course, not enabled to get to know intimately, but a good spirit of discipline and esprit-de-corps seems to exist.

"I have sent instructions to provincial headquarters to give your communications and wants immediate attention. Pending the formal registration being completed, the Nelson troop of boy scouts is provisionally recognized."

NELSON MEN JOIN TROOPS AT VERNON

Several City Boys Who Were Unable to Leave With the Regiment to Go Saturday.

Several Nelson boys who were unable to go to camp at Vernon with the 54th battalion, will leave on Saturday night to join the regiment. They had expected to leave last night, but owing to a delay in completing their transportation arrangements the party will be unable to get away before Saturday. The names of the men who are going are: William Sutherland, who was connected with the Nelson fire department; Hugh Marshall, a driver for the Nelson steam laundry; D. A. McLean, for some time a messenger for the Dominion Express company, and E. E. Robinson, who recently gave up his jewelry business on Baker street to join the troops. It is expected that several others will also leave on Saturday.

DIOCESE VISITED BY BISHOP DOULL

Bishop of Kootenay on a Trip of Episcopal Visitations—Returns to Nelson Monday.

The bishop of Kootenay arrived in Nelson yesterday, and will leave tomorrow for Fruitvale. The bishop is making a round of episcopal vistations throughout the diocese and will conduct a service at Bonnington on Sunday and return to the city on Monday, remaining in town for the meeting of the executive committee of the diocese on Wednesday. He will then continue his trip, going to Proctor and Balfour and points on the main lake, going to Cranbrook and Nakusp on Sunday, June 27, for the induction of the new rector. He will then proceed to Fernie and Michel.

PUBLIC SCHOOL PUPILS WRITE TO PRINCIPAL

The following letter, from the entrance class of Nelson public school to the resigning principal, Edward S. Martin, has been handed to The Daily News with a request for publication:

"We, on behalf of the pupils of the entrance class of the Nelson public school, and who are old enough to appreciate the care and methods which you have taken to bring about the present standing of the pupils in general, wish to take this opportunity of thanking you. Also, if the school board do not appear to appreciate your services for the past two years, we are grateful and wish to be known as always your friends."

H. E. Burnett, manager of the mail order department of the one of the large eastern stores, accompanied by his wife, left last night for Vancouver. They have been spending a few days in Nelson at the Hume, while on a pleasure trip across the continent.

The Clan Johnston will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in Oddfellows' hall.

TOBACCO GREATEST NEED OF SOLDIERS

Letters from Commanding Officers Put Tobacco First—Socks and Other Comforts Follow

According to a number of letters of thanks for gifts already sent to the men in the trenches, by the Canadian field comfort commission, at Moore barracks, Shorncliffe, England, the chief demand among the soldiers is for tobacco. Some of these letters have been forwarded to Mrs. G. B. Hawthorne, secretary of the Nelson branch of the Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire, in a hope that through its efforts and the efforts of the people of Nelson, the Canadians at the front may be supplied with the various comforts so necessary to keeping the men mentally, as well as physically, in fit condition.

A letter from a company commander in the 7th battalion says: "Many thanks for the tobacco now waiting us in billets. My men will be extremely grateful for cigarettes, matches, socks and chocolates as well as chewing gum. An occasional pipe—one of large capacity—would also be in order, as the pipes are continually being lost. The men are very fit and up to their eyes in mud." Another from the officer commanding —— battery, says that he thinks the time is over for mufflers and gloves, and goes on to say that the issue of cigarettes is about two per man per week and that it is really serious when all the men are out of tobacco and cigarettes at the same time as "it makes them as cranky as the mischief. Cigarettes, tobacco, matches, sweets, cocoa and gum would be a God-send," continues the letter.

Socks Soon Wear Out

A plea for socks comes from an officer in the 48th Highanders, as well as another appreciation of a gift of tobacco. In this letter he says: "The tobacco came as a tremendous treat after French shag and the socks, too, were most opportune. A pair of socks, be they ever so good, are only fit to be thrown away after four days in the trenches. The weather has turned beautifully warm and the time for scarfs is about over, but socks are always needed."

The great difficulty of obtaining pipes, situated as the men are in a country where all the towns, and consequently the shops, have been destroyed by bursting shells and fire, has drawn out a strong plea for these highly prized articles, from a battery commanding officer, who in concluding a letter of thanks to the commission for a present of cigarettes and cocoa, says: "I can think of no more useful present than pipes and can assure you that we are very grateful for all the comforts you have sent us."

Other Needs

Owing to the warm weather, woolen articles are no longer needed, with the exception of socks, which are included in every request sent in. The commander of a company of Canadian field artillery gives the following list: Cigarettes, tobacco, chocolate in bars, note paper, soap and lead pencils. Another officer adds to this list toothbrushes, toothpaste, towels and cheap colored handkerchiefs.

The greatest need expressed in all the letters is for cigarettes and tobacco. It is repeatedly stated that of all the gifts sent to the men, none has had the same effect of keeping them in good spirits as those of tobacco in various forms. Much as clothing, in the way of socks and underwear, is required, tobacco—it is said by the men in command—is the one thing which the men ask for oftenest and would go miles to get if it were possible, for a cigarette or a pipe will go a long way to restoring a weary man's good nature after a nerve straining period in the trenches.

A commanding officer writes to the commission in reply to a request for his opinion regarding what the men require most and says: "Cigarettes, tobacco and matches are the things that are most wanted and would be appreciated more than anything I know of."

WIVES AND FRIENDS INVITED TO MEETING

Railway Medical Association to Hold Meeting in Miners' Hall Sunday—Vice-President to Speak.

A meeting under the auspices of the Canadian Pacific railway provincial medical association, will be held in Miners' hall on Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. All the men as well as their wives and friends have been urged to attend, as some important matters are to be discussed. The meeting will be addressed by Mr. Thompson, vice-president of the association.

Bishop Doull of the diocese of Kootenay arrived in the city last night and is registered at the Strathcona.

The Ladies' Court of Ancient Order of Forresters will meet Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Nomination and election of officers will take place.

Miss Ella DesBrisay of Vancouver, joint owner of the old Home hospital in this city, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Moffatt at their summer home at Willow Point.

Snap on Water Street Property

LOT NO. 9, BLOCK 75, NUMBER 1015 WATER STREET

Good store, plate glass front.. Living rooms above.. Modern. Basement.. Good rentable shack on rear of lot.

Price, $1,350.00. Terms $350.00 Cash, balance on mortgage.

Charles F. McHardy

PHONE 135. NELSON, B.C. GREEN BLOCK.

MATHIEU DOES NOT EXPECT TO BECOME ARCHBISHOP

REGINA, Sask., June 17.—Bishop Mathieu, when seen tonight as to the successor of the late Archbishop Langevin, said there was no truth in the reports current that he would succeed to the archbishopric of St. Boniface. He is one of the three bishops who will submit their names to the pope as men qualified to fill the vacancy. The diocese of Regina is passing through its reorganization stage and Bishop Mathieu will not be taken away at this time. The bishop states emphatically that the first intimation the public will have as to the successor at St. Boniface will be an official announcement from Rome.

"B & K" Chick Food

STILL HOLDS FIRST PLACE FOR FEEDING BABY CHICKS

For chicks that are older we have Cracked Wheat, Cracked Corn, Green Chick Bone, etc., and for fattening broilers we have Feed Cornmeal and Barley Meal.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

WAR OR NO WAR

You need Toilet Soap. You can get what you want here. A good new, economical soap is Jergen's Geranium Soap, 15c cake. Also Jergen's Violet Glycerine, Woodbury's Facial Soap, Wright's Coal Tar Soap, Peroxide Soap, Cuticura Soap.—Try us for Soap and save money.

TREAD-EASY—the new Foot Relief Powder for tender, aching, sweating feet—25c. Give your feet a chance.

City Drug & Stationery Co.

GERMANY BENEFITS BY ORGANIZATION

Not Only Is She Carrying on Conflict Efficiently, But Economically as Well.

In the following editorial, written before the intervention of Italy on the side of the allies, the London Times dealt with the German point of view and the strength of the enemy's position and organization. The Times says:

The German nation is believed to be more cheerful and more confident of success today than at any period since the war began. It is imperative that we should understand German confidence, and the reasons upon which it is based. In the last nine or ten months Germany has passed through many violent fluctuations of emotion. She bega the war with doubt and fury in her heart, because the sudden appearance of Great Britain as a combatant upset her calculations. The failure to reach Paris had a rather chastening effect, which was ultimately deepened by the failure to reach Calais. Throughout the winter the Germans remained absolutely resolute, but not elated. They even had their moments of gloom so recently as a few weeks ago. They are now on the crest of a wave of renewed enthusiasm, and the whole nation not only believes that it will win, but feels so sure of the result that to the German mind it does not even seem to require discussion.

Reasons for Confidence.

What has produced this accession of confidence, of which we see many signs? Unquestionably the defeat of the Russians in Galicia is a prominent cause. The Germans were told long ago that in due course the Russians would be pinned and held, and that they would then be free to pour their strength against the allies in the west. They think the Galician victory is a fulfilment of this promise, and they expect it to have important consequences on both fronts. They are further very much heartened by what they consider the invulnerability of their line in France and Flanders. They know that for many months past it has only undergone small variations and meanwhile its defensive works have been enormously strengthened. They refuse to believe either that it can be pierced, or that any huge attempt will be made to pierce it, and they profess to derive confirmation of this conviction from the failure of certain recent attacks. They have been long in possession of almost the whole of Belgium, and of a great though varying part of Poland, while their own territory remains almost entirely free from invasion.

They have not immense accumulations of ammunition, and feel reassured about their food supplies. As to men, they are at the top of their strength. When they look around, they feel themselves irresistible, and their estimate of their own position intensifies their arrogance. Their doubts are for the present dissolved, and they hold that victory cannot fail to be theirs.

Financial Position.

So long as Germany remains in this mood, and feels she has ample justification for it, she continues to be an exceedingly formidable foe. A very great deal must happen before the process of disillusion begins. We must even be prepared meanwhile for further German successes, because if she does not win them now she may never attain them. The people of this country cannot understand too clearly the character of German confidence and the solid foundations upon which, to Germans, it seems to be based. There must be an end, meanwhile, of the stories of German despondency. They may have been accurate enough in the winter, but they have little warranty today. The Germans feel that they have taken breath and recovered strength, that none of their gains have been wrested from them and that they have only to strike hard, and to go on striking, in order to win. They regard Great Britain as their most dangerous enemy, but they are conscious of being free from the chief difficulties which beset us. The fundamental difference between Great Britain and Germany at this juncture, a difference which gives our foes an enormous advantage, is that Germany is fully organized for war and we are not. She has always been organized for war. Whatever we may think of the military basis of her whole administration, she is reaping the benefit of it now. Not only can she make war efficiently, but she does it economically. Her inferior financial position is not quite the handicap we think it is, because while we are squandering our reserve of financial strength by spending with amazing extravagance, she is waging war cheaply. If Germany spent money at the rate we are doing for an equivalent result, she could not go on for another six months. She believes that in the long run her thrifty outlay will equalize any advantage we may derive from our superior wealth. Her greatest asset is the extraordinary unity and determination of her people. No German manufacturer of war munitions ever has to say that his workmen do not understand the war and its objects, and therefore sometimes do less than their best. Every German "understands" the war. The nation has been on thoughts of war for years.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Meats.	
Fresh killed beef, retail	.10@ .28
Beef, wholesale	.12½@ .16
Pork, wholesale	.12@ .14
Pork, retail	.13@ .22
Mutton, wholesale	.17
Mutton, retail	.12½@ .25
Veal, wholesale	.16@ .20
Veal, retail	.15@ .30
Hams, retail	.20@ .25
Bacon, retail	.20@ .35
Lard, retail	.15@ .16
Chickens, retail	.20@ .25
Sausages, retail	.18@ .25
Turkey, per lb.	.28@ .30
Geese per lb.	.25@ .28
Ducks, per lb.	.25@ .28
Vegetables.	
Radishes, 2 bunches	.05
Parsley, per bunch	.05
Dry onions, per lb.	.05
California cabbage, lb.	.08
Rhubarb, 8 lbs.	.25
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	1.75@2.00
Green onions, 2 bunches	.05
Asparagus, per lb.	.20
Tomatoes, lb.	.30
Cucumbers, each	.25
Lettuce, lb.	.15
Spinach, per lb.	.05
Fruits.	
Bananas, per dozen	.40@ .50
Lemons, per dozen	.35
Florida Grape Fruit, each	.10
California Grape Fruit, 3..	.25
Apples, per box	2.50@2.75
Apples, 3 lbs.	.25
Cherries, box	.15
Oranges, dozen	.25@ .50
Filberts, per lb	.25
Almonds, per lb	.25@ .30
Brazils, per lb.	.25@ .30
Dates, Halloway, lb.	.15@ .17½
Dates, Fard, 2 lbs	.35
Dates, Dromedary, pkg.	.15
Walnuts, per lb.	.25@ .30
Pecans, per lb.	.25
Figs, cooking, 2 lbs.	.25
Gooseberries, 4 lbs.	25
Strawberries, box	.10½ @.15
Dairy Produce.	
Butter, creamery, per lb.	.35 @ .40
Dairy butter, lb.	.30@ .35

Thin Folks Who Would Be Fat

Increase in Weight Ten Pounds or More

A Physician's Advice

"I'd certainly give most anything to be able to fat up a few pounds and stay that way," declares every excessively thin man or woman. Such a result is not impossible, despite past failures. Thin people are victims of mal-nutrition, a condition which prevents the fatty elements of food from being taken up by the blood as they are when the powers of nutrition are normal. Instead of getting into the blood all the fat and flesh-producing elements stay in the intestines until they pas from the body as waste.

To correct this condition and to produce a healthy, normal amount of fat the nutritive processes must be artificially supplied with the power which nature has denied them. This can best be accomplished by eating a Sargo tablet with every meal. Sargol is a scientific combination of six of the best strength-giving, fat-producing elements known to the medical profession. Taken with meals it mixes with the food and turns the sugars and starches into rich, ripe nourishment for the tissues and blood, and its rapid effect is remarkable. Reported gains of from ten to twenty-five pounds in a single months are by no means infrequent. Yet its action is perfectly natural and absolutely harmless. Sargol is sold by good druggists everywhere and every package contains a guarant·· of weight increase or money back.

Caution:—While Sargol has produced remarkable results in the treatment of nervous indigestion and general stomach disorders, it should not, owing to its remarkable flesh-producing effect, be used by those who are not willing to increase their weight ten pounds or more.

Summer Furnishings

For Summer Toggery—the sort you'll like—come right to this Store.

Handsome, Soft, breezy Shirts—Madras, Chambray, Percale, Silk etc.

Soft Collars or without Collars.

New patterns and every Shirt a beauty!

$1.25, $1.50 to $3.50.

See our great shirt value at One Dollar!

New Neckwear—Silk or wash fabric.

New colorings and very handsome.

25c, 35c to $1.00.

Hosiery in great variety, 25c up

Cool Athletic Underwear of the best makes.

50c to $1.50 the Garment.

Cool Prices everywhere!

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has met with such success that we have decided to continue it for a few days longer. Call and see the values you can get at

$10.50, $12.50, $14.50 and $18.50

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TONIGHT ONLY, 7 to 10:30 p.m.

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The Million Dollar Mystery

Showing the entire solution of the mystery and the winner of the $10,000 prize.

STARLAND ORCHESTRA

"THE FOX TROT CRAZE."

"THE SENATOR'S LADY."

Tomorrow Billie Ritchie in the famous three-reel comedy, "AFTER HER MILLIONS."

New Zealand Butter, lb.	.45
Cheese, Canadian, lb.	.30
Curlew butter, lb.	.40
Prairie eggs, doz.	.30
Cheese, Can. Stilton, lb.	.30
Cheese, Imp, Stilton, lb.	.60
Cheese, Swiss, lb.	.35@ .40
Eggs, local, new laid, doz.	.35
Foodstuffs.	
Gold Drop Flour	2.25
Robin Hood	2.50
B. & K. Bread Flour	2.40
Five Roses	2.50
Lake of the Woods, bag	2.50
Royal Household	2.50
King's Quality	2.40
Mother's Favorite	2.15
Purity Flour	2.50
H.B. Co. Hungarian	2.25
Castle	2.15
Quaker	2.40
Fancy Queen	2.25
Our Best flour	2.20
Sugar.	
Granulated, B. C. Cane, 100-lb. sacks	8.75@9.00
Lump sugar, 2 lbs.	.30
Granulated B.C., 20-lb. sk.	1.80
Brown sugar, 3 lbs.	.35
Syrup, maple, bottle	.50
Syrup, gallon	1.75@2.00
Honey, comb, per lb.	.25
Honey, 1-lb. jars	.25@ .35
Honey, local clover, jar	.40

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