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GERMAN OFFENSIVE IN WEST HAS BROKEN DOWN

Teuton Losses Enormous in Futile Assaults

LOST TRENCHES ON HILL 60 RETAKEN

Berlin Says 2000 French Captured--Prepare for Big Attack

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, May 6—The German drive at the allied lines in France and Flanders has failed, although the usual claims of victories are advanced from Berlin. These claims have become so fanciful that the French, whose official statements since the beginning of the war have proven the most complete and reliable of all, have thought it well to issue a categorical denial, this statement being supplementary to the issue of their daily bulletin on the progress of the war which says there is nothing to report.

The French statement declares that the German general staff persists in giving false details concerning the offensive engagement and that instead of making advances the enemy during the last 15 days has suffered complete checks and severe losses.

"During the last 15 days, sums up the statement, "the enemy attempted a heavy offensive which we speedily broke down."

PARIS, May 6, 1:15 p.m.—An official note issued tonight says:

"The German general staff persists in giving false details concerning the offensive engagement. During the last 15 days the enemy has suffered complete checks and severe losses.

"The German attack on April 22 by two army corps using asphyxiating gas bombs had as its object the piercing of the Ypres front. The greater portion of prisoners captured from us were overcome by fumes. We suffered no check. The rapidity of our counter-attacks prevented the enemy from attaining the left bank of the Yzer canal and from establishing a strong position on the right bank.

Three German Divisions Decimated.

"In these combats we inflicted very heavy losses upon the enemy. Our actual front was established about a mile and a quarter behind the original front. Our men are now provided with means to protect themselves against similar attacks with asphyxiating bombs.

"Being unable to pierce our lines and compel us to give up possession of Ypres the Germans used a marine gun, firing a distance of about 23½ miles, on Dunkirk. This gun, which ceased firing after two days, did damage of no military importance.

"April 23 the Germans endeavored to retake Les Eparges, with three divisions. Heavy fighting occurred in the neighborhood of St. Remy and Calonne and on Les Eparges heights, but the Germans were repulsed by counter-attacks. The number of losses was shown by great heaps of bodies. It may be said that three divisions were completely decimated.

German Losses 35,000.

"Important progress has been made by the allies in the Bois le Pretre, the Bois d'Ailly and the Bois de Montmare. April 26 the Germans attacked and captured the summit of Hartmannsweiler but their success was brief. We retook the summit the following day, forcing the enemy a distance of 200 metres beyond the crest. We also made progress in the region of Schnopfen-Riethkopf, where guns of the enemy were captured.

"To sum up: During the last 15 days the enemy has attempted a heavy offensive which we speedily broke down. The total of the German losses in the heights of the Meuse, in the Woevre and the Vosges has been more than 35,000. At no part have they broken through our lines. They have taken no important position from us. They have allowed half a dozen of their finest regiments to be decimated."

Another Attack on Ypres Likely.

LONDON, May 6.—The Germans claim a series of successes in the west. They report that they are continuing to make progress southeast of Ypres, which, however, is hardly borne out by Field Marshal French, who says that the British have recaptured more of the trenches which they lost on Hill 60, and that fighting is still propressing in that neighborhood, while elsewhere the Germans have shown no disposition to attack.

There are reports that the Germans are about to make another determined attempt to take Ypres, which is considered the key to the French coast port. The Pall Mall Gazette says this morning:

"It is folly to say that Ypres has more of political than of military importance."

The paper adds: "The Germans would be more encouraged by success at Ypres than by anything since the fall of Antwerp. If such an event occurs we must instantly recognize it and admit it to be a defeat, and a grave one. In place of a party cabinet a national ministry ought then to be formed and a new military levy made. Happily, there is yet no need to anticipate a retreat from Ypres, much less a German march to Dunkirk and Calais."

The British war office tonight issued the following communication:

"There is nothing to report on the British front except the recapture by us yesterday evening of more of our lost trenches on Hill 60, southeast of Ypres and that fighting still continues in that locality.

"Elsewhere the enemy has shown no disposition to attack."

Information touching upon German movements and intentions in Flanders is contained in the following despatch to the Express, sent from "the Belgian frontier":

"German armies massed in Flanders are now trying steadily to increase the pressure on Ypres. They have delivered a series of determined attacks along the British front from the trenches before Pilkem to Hill 60, which apparently are only the prelude to another gigantic effort to drive the allies out of their present position.

"These attacks are assisted by a heavy expenditure of fresh troops, poison gas bombs and heavy shells.

"The Germans made further attacks east of Ypres Tuesday, attempting to advance along the roads from Zonnebeke and St. Julien. They appear to have suffered a check at Steenstraete,

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BRITISH AIRMAN SMASHES BRIDGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON May 7.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Athens says that as a result of the destruction of the Panderma bridge by a British aviator communication between Smyrna and the Dardanelles is destroyed and that both the movement of Turkish troops and the transport of supplies from the interior of Asia Minor have been rendered difficult.

BROTHER OF NELSON CITY OFFICIAL MISSING

Hon. Capt. D. W. Irwin, Toronto Y. M. C. A., who was reported missing is a brother of Fred L. Irwin, assistant city clerk of Nelson, and a cousin of *Al. Irwin of Nelson.*

He was a fourth year student at Knox college, Toronto, and left with the first contingent Y. M. C. A. corps.

HARPALYCE WAS SUNK NEAR HOLLAND

Flew Flag of Relief Commission and Had Large Signs on Its Sides

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, May 6.—The British steamer Harpalyce, which while under charter to the American Belgian relief commission, was sunk by a German submarine in the North sea in early April, was torpedoed within 25 miles of the Dutch coast, according to a report made to the British admiralty today.

The report asserts that the vessel at the time it was attacked flew the flag of the relief commission and that it had also large signs bearing the name of the commission stretched along its sides.

The report points out particularly that it has been proved that the Harpalyce was not in the war zone when it was sent to the bottom.

CANADIANS NOW ENJOYING REST

Story That They Were in Action Again and Had to Retreat Is Denied.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, May 6.—Reports reached London two days ago that the Canadians had again been in action and that they had had to retreat, surrendering their first line trenches in consequence. Coming so soon after the severe losses at Ypres this reported reverse caused no little anxiety among the Anglo-Canadian public here.

It is stated upon unquestionable authority that the despatches referred to were a pure fabrication.

"You may deny the whole story about this Canadian reverse," said a man in close touch with events at the front. Wednesday, April 28, the Canadians were all out of the trenches, but they were held in reserve and they remained in reserve until Monday last, when they were moved to the rear. They are now enjoying two weeks' rest."

At Ypres, he added, the Canadian artillery worked with considerable execution, pounding the enemy's positions for several hours. It was engaged long after the Canadian infantry had gone out of action and successfully held positions in the salient to the north of Ypres, which the Germans were threatening.

PRINCESS THEATRE IN TORONTO BURNS

High-Class Playhouse Goes Up in Smoke This Morning—Valuable Scenery Lost.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, May 7.—The Princess theatre, one of Toronto's high-class playhouses, was almost totally destroyed by fire originating from an unknown cause in the auditorium at 2:30 o'clock this morning. Only the front section of the building, containing the lobby and the offices of a number of firms, remained intact at 3 o'clock when the fire was declared to be under control.

The building was an old one. It was owned by B. C. Whitney of Detroit and leased by Klaw & Erlanger. Henry Miller was playing "Daddy Longlegs" at the Princess this week, and all the scenery and effects of the production, valued at $12,000, were lost. The loss on the theatre itself had not been estimated early today.

First information of the fire came when flames shot through the roof and were seen by a policeman walking his beat in a nearby street. It was evident that the fire had a good start and when the firemen, who arrived quickly, came on the scene, the whole auditorium was ablaze and the flames spreading over the stage.

The guests in four adjoining hotels were roused and told to be in readiness to vacate their rooms, but it proved shortly that this precaution would probably be unnecessary.

JAPAN WILL SEND ULTIMATUM TODAY

China Refuses to Grant All Nippon's Demands

BUT MAKES SOME MORE CONCESSIONS

Appeal Likely to Be Made to Powers When Final Note Arrives

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PEKING, May 7.—The Japanese legation has informed the Chinese foreign office that Japan would be unable to accept the further concessions offered Thursday by China and would present an ultimatum before 3 o'clock this (Friday) afternoon unless the 24 demands were accepted by China without qualifications.

The Japanese legation continued yesterday its efforts to persuade the Chinese government to concede Japan's demands without the necessity of serving upon China the ultimatum of the Japanese government, which was received early yesterday morning.

The secretary of the legation visited the foreign office and informed Vice-Minister Tsao-yulin that the legation had received the ultimatum and that it would be presented unless China agreed to Japan's 24 demands before 7 o'clock in the evening. Tsao-Yulin immediately visited the winter palace, the residence of Yuan Shi Kai, and, after a conference with the executive and other members of the government, conveyed to the Japanese legation the following further concessions:

China's reiteration, regarding Shantung province, that it would grant Japan everything that already had been granted to Germany there by treaty.

Further Concessions Offered

China agreed to grant Japan the right to work mines in south Manchuria and eastern Mongolia, that all disputes between the Japanese in Manchuria, of whatever nature, shall be under Japanese jurisdiction; that schools and hospitals may lease land from the Chinese, thereby reserving land ownership; to grant a concession

(Continued on Page Two.)

ITALIAN ENVOYS WORK FOR PEACE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, May 6.—Riccardo Bolati, Italian ambassador at Berlin and an intimate friend of Herr von Jagow, the German foreign minister since the time they were both in Rome, has been bending every effort to preserve the neutrality of Italy. Duke d'Avarna, Italian ambassador at Vienna, has been working in the same direction. He has been accused by Italians of having become Austrian in his sympathy, so consistently has he endeavored to bring about an Austro-Italian agreement.

CANADIAN CAVALRY FIGHTS AS INFANTRY

Strathconas Horse and Royal Canadian Dragoons Are Said to Have Crossed to Front.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, May 6.—It is rumored tonight on good authority that Strathconas horse, the Royal Canadian dragoons and the King Edward horse have crossed over to France under the command of Brig.-Gen. Seeley and will form a fourth infantry brigade with the other brigades of the expeditionary forces. It is stated that these regiments, which were organized as cavalry, are said to have expressed their readiness and willingness to take their place in the firing line as infantry.

Strathconas horse is a Winnipeg regiment, of which one squadron was mobilized at Winnipeg and the other two squadrons of which were raised from western Canada regiments and was organized as infantry at Valcartier. The regiment is under the command of Lieut.-Col. A. C. Macdonald, D.S.O., of Winnipeg.

The Royal Canadian dragoons have headquarters at Toronto and St. Johns, Que. It was also brought up to strength by recruiting at Valcartier. The regiment is in command of Lieut.-Col. Nelles.

The King Edward horse is made up of colonials who have been residing in England. There are many Oxford and Cambridge men and a good number of Rhodes scholars.

The three regiments will make up a total of about 1800 men and they will likely be brought up to the strength of a brigade by other Canadian battalions. It is possible that the 6th battalion Fort Garry horse will form another part of the brigade.

The sending of the cavalry regiments as infantry leads to the belief here that a similar use may be made of the mounted men mobilized in Canada.

TEUTONS MAKE MOST GIGANTIC EFFORT IN HISTORY OF WARFARE

Engaged With Russians Along Whole Length of Eastern Front--Use Heavy Artillery Against Russian Fortresses Near Baltic Sea

STRIKE TERRIFIC BLOW AT RUSS FLANK, HOPING TO DRIVE FOE FROM CARPATHIANS

Berlin Announces Further Advances but Petrograd Says There Is No Ground for Claims of Victory--40,000 Muscovites Declared Captured--Vienna Asserts Tarnow Has Been Taken

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, May 6.—The Germans, in consort with their Austrian allies, are putting forth an effort the extent of which has never been approached in the history of war. Through virtually the whole length of the eastern front they are engaged with the Russians.

Far up in the Russian Baltic provinces, heretofore untouched by the war, the Germans are attempting to advance toward Libau and Riga; on the East Prussian frontier they are engaged in a series of battles and with a big gun are bombarding at long range, as they did Dunkirk, the Russian fortress of Grodno; in central Poland they have had to defend themselves against a Russian attack; in western Galicia they are attempting with all their strength to smash the Russian flank and compel the Russians to abandon the Carpathian passes, which they gained at such cost during the winter.

Claim Big Progress in Galicia.

In the western Galician battle the Germans claim to have made a still greater advance and to have crossed the Wisloka river, which is well to the east of the Dunajec river, which until a few days ago formed part of the Russian front, and to have put their hands firmly on Dukla pass.

In conjunction with this attack from the west the Austrians are attempting to drive the Russians from Lupkow pass, further to the east, and with success, according to the German account. In all, the Germans claim to have captured 40,000 Russian prisoners, in the offensive which was undertaken last Saturday night.

The Austrians put the number at 50,000 and express the belief that the whole Russian army will be destroyed.

As against the claims of the Austrians and Germans, the Russian reports in the European capitals reiterate that the victory has been greatly exaggerated. The public is waiting to hear what Grand Duke Nicholas has to say about it.

Russia Denies German Stories.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Russian embassy today received the following despatch from the Russian minister of foreign affairs:

"The reports from Berlin and Vienna of victories gained by the Germans and Austrians in western Galicia are absolutely unfounded. The battles that are progressing now in that region give no foundation whatever to talk even of a partial success of our enemies. You are asked to contradict most emphatically the reports spread by the Germans."

Austrians Take Tarnow.

VIENNA May 6.—An official statement issued tonight by the war office says:

"At 4 o'clock this afternoon the last Russian positions on the heights east of the Dunajec and the Biala rivers were gained by our troops.

"Tarnow was captured by us at 10 o'clock this morning."

Russians Capture Position.

PETROGRAD, May 6.—The following official statement was issued today:

"An engagement took place yesterday near Libau (on the Baltic) with German torpedo boats.

"There were skirmishes, which resulted favorably for us south of Mitau and near the village of Besiagola.

"On the right bank of the Orzica on the evening of May 4 we repulsed an attack by the Germans which had been prepared for by a fierce fire lasting an hour and a half. We inflicted very heavy losses on the enemy.

"East of the Mlawa railway we succeeded by a surprise attack in the capture of the farm of Pomicany. Yesterday the enemy made incessant but abortive counter-attacks lasting six hours. In front of the farm which still remains in our hands the Germans left about 1000 dead.

"All is quiet on the left bank of the Vistula.

Carpathian Fight Obstinate.

"In Galicia the battle between the Vistula and the Carpathians was continued yesterday with great obstinacy. Covered by heavy artillery fire the enemy continued to concentrate forces on the right bank of the Dunajec.

"The enemy's main efforts were directed toward Biecz and Jaslo.

"Our troops were severely tried owing to the superiority of the enemy's heavy artillery, but the enemy also suffered heavily under our shrapnel and rifle fire when he attempted to attack.

"In the direction of Stry during Tuesday morning we duplicated our success on positions on Mount Makouwka. The number of prisoners we made in this action amounts to 1000 men, including 40 officers.

"The retreating enemy was thrown back a considerable distance. Along the course of the upper Lomnitza we also gained some successes yesterday morning."

Berlin Claims 40,000 Prisoners.

BERLIN, May 6.—Of the situation in the eastern theatre the war office says:

"Southwest of Mitau, south of Szadow and east of Rossiena ,Russian Courland) fighting continues.

"Northeast and southwest of Kalwarya our positions were attacked several times yesterday morning by strong Russian forces. All these attacks failed with heavy losses to the enemy.

"The enemy advanced against our

(Continued on Page Two.)

GERMAN SHIPS TO CARRY BIG GUNS

LONDON, May 6—A despatch from Belgium says:

'Details from German sources of the new 15-inch gun with which Dunkirk was bombarded give its length as 65 feet. t fires a shell weighing 1500 pounds, which carries 23 miles when fired at an angle of 45 degrees. The Krupps have built several of these guns for the latest battleships."

FORCED MARCH GIVES VICTORY TO BOTHA

Troops Displayed Greatest Resolution and Grit in Traveling Over Waterless Waste.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CAPE TOWN, May 7, via London, 12:15 a.m.—The following official statement was issued today:

"Gen. Botha has occupied the important railway junction of Karibib and other stations (German Southwest Africa). He expects to occupy Windhak soon. Large quantities of rolling stock, including seven locomotives, were taken at Karibib.

"The town was occupied after a forced march of 35 miles over a waterless waste, under conditions of heat, thirst and hunger, which called for the greatest resolution and grit."

CANADIAN SURGEONS WOULD GO FOR SHORTER TERM

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, May 6.—The minister of militia has under consideration the representations made by officers of the army medical corps that physicians be permitted to enlist for six months' service at the front, instead of three years, or the duration of the war. It is argued that if the terms were made six months a great many more of the best physicians and surgeons in Canada would be quite ready to go to the front.

BRITISH LOSSES AT DARDANELLES HEAVY

Premier Asquith Pays Glowing Tribute to Troops—Considerable Progress Has Been Made

LONDON, May 6.—Of the operations in the Dardanelles up to Sunday Premier Asquith gave the house of commons some news today, although the number of troops landed was withheld. As 29,000 were landed the first day and the disembarkation continued for a week, while the French have also joined the British and Australasians on the Gallipoli peninsula, it is apparent that the force is a formidable one.

The premier, while issuing a warning that the casualties were heavy, paid a glowing tribute to the troops, through whose exertions considerable progress towards the narrows had been made.

An Athens despatch says that the Turks have again been defeated in the fighting in this theatre.

Petrograd despatches report that further defeats have been inflicted on the Turks on the Turco-Persian frontier, near Dilman and near Olti on the Caucasian border.

KAISER IS HOME FROM WESTERN HEADQUARTERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, May 6.—The Nieuw Amsterdam Courant says reports from Berlin say that Emperor William arrived in Berlin at noon yesterday from field headquarters in France.

HEAVIEST LOSSES ARE YET TO COME

Many Dead and Missing to Be Reported—Rossland Man on Latest Roll of Honor.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, May 7.—That the heaviest and saddest part of Canada's toll in the great battles around Ypres is yet to be told in the casualty lists being issued from the militia department is officially stated. Since the names of the Canadians who suffered in the engagements have been coming through from the record office in London the main casualties announced, aside from officers, have been wounded, although a few names of men killed in action and missing have been issued. It is expected that the record office will complete the lists of wounded shortly and that the killed in action and missing will begin to come through in greater numbers. Great care is being taken in compiling the lists of killed in action and missing and no names will be sent out until absolute certainty exists of the accuracy of the information received from France. In fighting such as is going on it is sometimes difficult to speedily secure the names of the killed, owing to the trenches of the bel-

(Continued on Page Two.)

GIRL CAPTURES BURGLAR; HE ESCAPES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 6.—With a toy pistol belonging to one of the children in the house Miss Florence Nutting, a maid in the household of F. L. Murdoff, last night took a burglar prisoner. He finally escaped after attacking her while she was telephoning for the police.

GERMAN KILLS TWO MEN AT VANCOUVER AND SUICIDES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 6.—George Brown, sr., is dead, killed instantly by a revolver shot which penetrated his brain, and George Brown, his son, and Hermann Rosenbaum, the man who fired the shots, were taken dying to a hospital as a result of a shooting affray in a meat market at 410 Pender street east at noon today. The younger Brown died late this afternoon. There is no chance of recovery for Rosenbaum.

Rosenbaum, a German, was formerly a partner with the two Browns in the business, but trouble arose between them and several months ago he was discharged. It was the culmination of the quarrel at that time which resulted in the tragedy this morning.

Last week young Rosenbaum charged both father and son with assaulting him. Magistrate South, who heard the case at that time, dismissed the action against the father but fined the son $10 and costs.

This morning while father and son were engaged in a conversation in the store Rosenbaum entered the place. Without a word of warning he drew an automatic .32 calibre revolver from his pocket and at a distance of but a few feet fired pointblank at the elder Brown. He staggered and fell in a lifeless heap on the sawdust-covered floor. His son turned to escape, but the enraged man followed him a step or two and fired again. The bullet struck the young man at the base of the skull and he, too, crumpled and fell. The murderer then stepped back toward the door of the shop and placing the gun to his forehead pulled the trigger and sent a bullet crashing through his brain.

There were several employees of the firm in the shop at the time and they telephoned to the police station.

George Brown, jr., and Rosenbaum were still breathing when the officers arrived on the scene and they were rushed to a hospital. Both were mortally wounded.

ASK FRENCH PARLIAMENT TO CONTINUE IN SESSION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, May 6.—As a result of a discussion whether parliament should continue in session throughout the period of the war, the group on the left, presided over by Emile Combes, and the Union Republican group decided to take action toward this end. It came to a decision that a permanent session was necessary to assure uninterrupted collaboration with the government and will request Premier Viviani to present its views tomorrow.

RECRUITS' NAMES GIVEN; MORE GOOD MEN WANTED

There are many openings for good men to enlist at Nelson and though the roll is increasing rapidly only the very best men are being taken on. Two hundred and fifty are required from Nelson and Col. Davis has stated his expectation of having recruiting completed by the end of one month.

No non-commissioned officers have been appointed yet. Col. Davis yesterday put Capt. Gilbert Anderson in charge of the squad drill for the time being. Lieut. W. Garland Foster is occupied with recruiting.

Col. Davis is emphasizing the imperative need of thorough schooling in squad drill before other work is taken up.

A half carload of blankets and rubber sheets has arrived in Nelson.

Hearing that several of the men wanted a bear cub as a mascot, Col. Davis yesterday gave his consent to this new member of the 54th being taken into the ranks.

The names of men who have enlisted at Nelson up to yesterday evening have been given out and are as follows:

John Alfred Morgan, Nelson; D. B. Darley, Nelson; Frank Curtis, Nelson; Albert Thomas, Nelson; Harold Guille, Granite Siding; William Elford, Nelson; Robert Bell, Taghum; Dan Smith, Nelson; Arthur C. Thorpe, Nelson; William Carfrae, Shirley; Frederick Sargent, Nelson; A. B. Francis, Proctor; R. F. Stratton, Harrop; Frank W. Broughton, Nelson; F. H. Dalrymple, Proctor; L. E. Jones, Nine-Mile; William Croy, Nelson; C. Dee, Crawford Bay; E. J. Uhthoff, Crawford Bay; W. A. Cowe, Nelson; J. R. Mumphris, Nelson; A. Murton, Nelson; L. Appleton, Castlegar; R. D. McTavish, Nelson; J. A. Nettleton, Crescent Valley; J. E. Wood, Creston; F. W. Nelson, Proctor; John Jerram, Harrop; P. N. Irwin, Nelson; J. B. Stainton, Trail; F. J. Justice, Trail; H. Edwards, Kaslo; A. Combs, Kaslo; R. J. Halliday, Nelson; A. M. Wright; James Hall, Graham's Landing; Ernest Hall, Graham's Landing; A. D. Oliver, Thrums; William Endacott, Kochs; William Swannell, Nelson; C. W. Harlow, Crawford Bay; A. O. Young, Swalwell, Alta.; H. C. Baker, Kootenay Bay; Walter Cook, Nelson; Harry Stephenson, Nelson; Robert Avis, Perry's Siding; H. C. Smith, Harrop; Patrick Dewar, Slocan; Frank Lidgate, Nelson; M. W. McCandlish, Nelson; D. J. Morrison, Arrowhead; T. W. C. Nelson, Nelson; F. F. Hughes, Howser; R. E. Norris, Midway; T. Haydon, Nelson; E. Young, Nakusp; Astley Stubbs, Nelson; Frank Davis, Nelson.

DUNKIRK NEED NOT FEAR BOMBARDMENT

Positions of Allies Intact and Situation Excellent, People Are Told by Governor

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, May 6.—Gen. Eydoux, military governor of Dunkirk, issued a statement today to reassure the people of that city that there was no longer danger to them of another bombardment such as was directed against Dunkirk two days ago by the Germans. The statement says:

"The continued exodus of inhabitants as a result of the recent bombardment might cast doubts on the calm self-possession shown thus far. The positions of the allies are intact and the situation on the Belgian front is excellent.

"Measures have been taken to prevent a further bombardment by heavy guns. The result of these measures may be seen and the people of Dunkirk need only to remain quietly at home. Nearly all the victims of previous bombardments were killed in the streets and all that is needed is to seek shelter if the bombardment is renewed."

Cornless Feet

Are Very Common Now

A few years ago they were not. People pared corns and kept them. Or they used an inefficient treatment.

Then the **Blue-jay** plaster was invented. That ended corn pain instantly for everyone who used it. But it also gently undermined the corn, so in two days it all came out. And this without one bit of pain or soreness.

One told another about it, until millions came to use it. Now those people never keep a corn. As soon as one appears, they remove it.

We urge you to do that. Prove **Blue-jay** on one corn. If you hesitate, let us send you samples free. If the pain does stop—if the corn does go—think what it means to you. It means a lifetime without corns. Your own friends, by the dozens, probably, know that this is so.

Blue-jay
Ends Corns

15 and 25 cents—at Druggists
Samples Mailed Free
Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York
Makers of Physicians' Supplies

OFFENSIVE IN WEST HAS BROKEN DOWN

(Continued from Page One.)

where a part of the force entrenched on the Lizerne road on the west bank of the Yzer was forced across the bridge under a damaging artillery fire, to which the Germans replied with poison gas and shells.

Germans Optimistic of Success

"Preparations have been made in a number of towns in eastern Belgium to receive the kaiser at the general headquarters at Treves, where he is expected to spend the week-end, to witness the great offensive against the British.

"The greatest optimism again prevails in the ranks of the Germans in Belgium, where it is believed the new modes of attack will prove successful.

"The Germans are moving heavy artillery near their positions. The force on the west bank of the Yzer has been strengthened and the Germans are trying to build a third bridge nearer Dixmude.

"The heaviest concentration of troops at present is in the Roulers-Courtrai district, although there have been great increases in the Lille, Roubaix and Tourcoing areas. Another Krupp 16-inch howitzer is reported at Lille.

Capture Two Thousand French

BERLIN, May 6, via London.—In a German official statement issued today the announcement is made that German soldiers forced the French troops to evacuate their positions in the Ailly wood and captured more than 2,000 Frenchmen.

The statement says that the number of French killed was heavy and that they also lost two cannon and a number of machine guns and mine throwers. Over the whole front artillery duels have taken place. The text of the statement says:

"In the forest district to the west of Combres we made an advance and captured four French officers and 135 men. We also took four machine guns and a mine thrower.

"In our attack yesterday in the Ailly wood we achieved our object by forcing the enemy to evacuate its positions. More than 2,000 French, among them 21 officers, were made prisoners. We also took two cannon and several machine guns and mine throwers. The number of French killed was extremely heavy.

"The enemy attacked us in the region north of Flirey and near Croix des Carmes. North of the former place the enemy pushed forward to our trenches. At one point in this sector fighting continues. At all other points the French were beaten back. In the Vosges an advance against our positions north of Seinbrucke was repulsed."

Day Calm, French Say

PARIS, May 6.—The following official statement was issued tonight:

"Today was calm. There is nothing to report."

Belgian Lines Shelled.

HAVRE, May 6.—An official statement issued by Belgian headquarters says:

"The enemy's artillery has bombarded intermittently Ramscappelle, Oude, Stuyvekenskerke and territory beyond the Yzer to the north and south of Dixmude, and also the outskirts of Ooskerke and Reninghe."

JAPAN WILL SEND ULTIMATUM TODAY

(Continued from Page One.)

to Japan to build the Nan-ching-Kiao-chau-Fu railway, if Great Britain consents to the release of China from the negotiations begun concerning this railroad two years ago.

The Japanese claim that they requested the concessions for this railroad in 1907.

The three stipulations China made to the demands in the nature of counter-proposals last Sunday were not withdrawn by China. These were that China asked the right to participate in an international conference for a rearrangement of the altered status of Shan-tung; indemnity for the losses incurred in consequence of the Tsing-tau campaign and the restoration of the status of Shan-tung as before the war.

It is said that the Chinese government has resolved to communicate with the United States, Great Britain, Russia and France on receipt of an ultimatum, and that the nature of this communication will depend upon the tone of the ultimatum.

Emperor Gave Sanction

LONDON, May 6.—A despatch to Reuter's from Tokio says the emperor gave his sanction to the ultimatum to China.

Reuter's Peking correspondent says the Japanese legation has issued instructions regarding the ultimatum.

China Wants Question Postponed

TOKIO, May 6.—It is understood here that China, in one of its recent answers to the Japanese diplomats who are conducting investigations over the demands of Tokio, in addition to asking Japan to put in writing the promise to restore the Kiao-chau concession to China, wanted Japan to agree to secure from the allies the right for Chinese delegates to participate in the peace conferenc following the great war, to which gathering the question of the disposal of Kiao-chau should be submitted.

Japan was likewise requested to reimburse China for the expenses connected with and the damages arising from the campaign against Germany for the possession of Kiao-chau. Private advices have reached Tokio from Peking to the effect that President Yuan Shi Kai is anxious to avoid a rupture. These despatches are declared to be reliable.

TO PLACE LABOR AFTER WAR IS THE PROBLEM

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, May 6.—Commissioner Lamb and Col. Hammond of the Salvation army are here interviewing the cabinet in regard to the placing of men after the war. In regard to the object of his present mission to Canada, Col. Hammond stated that he was following up inquiries, essential to these after the war proposals, instituted by Commissioner Lamb in January last when he visited Canada and consulted with many of the leading statesmen and commercial and industrial authorities on the subject.

"I'm going south for the rheumatism."

"It's cheaper to get it here."

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Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

TEUTONS MAKE GIGANTIC EFFORT

(Continued from Page One.)

bridgeheads on the Pilica river without success.

Bombs were dropped on the fortified town of Grodno last night.

"In the war area to the east of Tarnow and to the north of that place as far as the Vistula river and on the right bank of the Dunajec river fighting continued far into the night. The number of prisoners so far taken has reached more than 40,000. It is worthy of note that this is the Russian front.

"In the Beskid mountains in the Lupkow pass road an attack is being made by the forces under General of Cavalry von der Martz, at the same time with an attack by the Austro-Hungarian army which is co-operating with the Germans. These attacks are progressing favorably."

Grip Dukla Pass Road.

LONDON, May 6.—Reuter's correspondent's version of the last Berlin official statement contains additional details of the fighting in the eastern zone. After the statement in the original communication that the enemy "advanced against our bridgeheads on the Pilica river, without success" the correspondent says:

"We (Germans) bombarded the fortress of Grodno (about 150 miles northeast of Warsaw) last night.

"In western Galicia rearguards of the retreating enemy offered a desperate resistance to the allied troops under Gen von Mackenzen, who broke down their resistance on the left bank of the Wisloka river, above and below the mouth of the Ropa river.

"We not only forced a crossing of the Wisloka at several points but firmly put our hands on the Dukla pass road and the plateau."

COL. WALKER POWELL DIES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, May 6.—Col. Walker Powell, C.M.G., adjutant-general of the Canadian forces 1875 to 1896, and representative of Norfolk in the old Canadian assembly from 1857 to 1861, died here today aged 87. Two sons and two daughters survive.

BETTER SEED WOULD GIVE HEAVIER CROPS

This is the "story of an inquiry," an inquiry of as much importance to the country as such a thing can be, says a department of agriculture bulletin. The story is told by Edgar D. Eddy, B. S. A., chief seed inspector of the Dominion department of agriculture, and is given in bulletin No. 89 of the seed branch, of which George H. Clark is commissioner, under the title of "An Inquiry Regarding the Wheat, Oats, Barley Flax and Ensilage Corn Used for Seed in Canada." Mr. Clark introduring the work to Hon. Martin Burrell, minister of agriculture, says that "the data obtained is interesting and even surprising." It is all of that. It was in the spring of 1913 that the inquiry was commenced and it was continued in 1914. Mr. Eddy explains that seed inspectors were instructed to visit farmers and procure samples of seed actually being put in the ground. This they did and over 3,700 samples found their way to the seed laboratory at Ottawa. With them was sent information in regard to variety, source of supply, treatment for smut prevention, rate of seeding, cleaning and selection.

With the foregoing before him Mr. Eddy started his inquiry. After stating that in some cases samples were taken from lots that were yet to be cleaned before seeding, so that the summary of the purity test reports is incorrect to this extent, as indicating the impurities that were in the seed when sown, he sums up his conclusions by saying: "After making full allowance for all inaccuracies, it is clear that the value of the grain crops produced in Canada is enormously lowered each year through the use of poor seed. Surprisingly little attention is paid to choosing the most suitable varieties. The seed is seldom selected or graded, except to pass it through a fanning mill one or twice and often not even this is done; in many cases the mills are not equipped with proper sieves and little improvement is effected.

"Experiments have repeatedly shown that certain varieties of grain give the largest yields in particular districts. In order to obtain the best results, it is important to study varieties and select those best adapted to the soil and climatic conditions under which they are to be grown. The lack of attention given to selection is indicated by the fact that over 40 per cent of the farmers from whom samples of wheat, oats and barley were collected did not know the variety name of the grain they were growing."

Then follow a series of tables showing the number of samples and the varieties received from all the provinces and the results of the tests that were made. First we have treatment for smut, which is common in the prairie provinces but not in Ontario, Quebec and the maritime provinces, although it could frequently be done with profit. Then the sources of seed supply are indicated followed by a table giving the rates of seeding. Cleaning and selection are next in order, Mr. Eddy remarking, "The most signifcant feature of the inquiry is the information brought out in regard to the impurities sown with the seed as a result of the lack of proper cleaning." An illustrative table accompanies this section.

Summaries of impurities are given, which furnish, as the author says, "striking evidence of the extent to which weeds are introduced through dirty seed."

Sections are devoted to the "Germination of Oats, Barley, Wheat and Flax," "Ensilage Corn," to "Seed on the Ear and Shelled," to "Planting Hills and Drills," and to a "Summary and Conclusions," the whole forming a 32-page bulletin of vital interest that should be extensively applied for to the publications branch of the department of agriculture, Ottawa.

HEAVIEST LOSSES ARE YET TO COME

(Continued from Page One.)

ligerents being so close together and the danger of attempting sorties to bring in bodies.

The list this morning includes among the wounded Pte. Rade Rkovitch of Rossland. The list follows:

1st Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. James Mullarkey, Toronto.
Pte. John Cockington, Hamilton, Ont.
Pte. Charles Stinsonwood, Toronto.
Pte. Harley Haskin, Detroit, Mich.
Pte. Everett Reid, Berlin, Ont.
Pte. A. W. Robertson (formerly 9th), Seattle.
Pte. G. W. Chaney, Orangeville, Ont.
Pte. James Rolfe, New York.
Pte. James McBeth, Dundas, Ont.
Pte. C. H. Redburn, Lachine, Que.
Lance-Corp. George Knight, Kincardine, Ont.
Pte. Stephen Hawkins, Hastings, Ont.
Pte. B. F. Lanfers, Minneapolis, Minn.

2nd Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. E. A. Sadler, Toronto.
Lance-Corp. B. G. Slater, Renfrew, Ont.
Pte. A. E. Matthewson, St. Johns, Nfld.
Pte. T. Murray, St. John, N. B.
Pte. R. E. Nielson, Kingston, Ont.
Pte. E. Devine, Toronto.
Pte. Thomas Nichols, Reading, Pa.
Pte. J. A. Rodgers, Wolfe Island, Ont.
Pte. H. G. Nicholls, Manitou, Man.
Pte. G. Mitchell, South Oshawa, Ont.
Pte. Harry Moore, South Oshawa, Ont.
Pte. William Stiles, Holloway, Ont.
Pte. William Ramsey, Kingston, Ont.
Pte. J. K. Bailey, Muskoka, Ont.
Pte. James W. Ryan, Ireland.
Pte. F. W. Route, London.
Pte. L. Boyce, Newport, Mont.
Pte. Harry Henshall, Manchester, England.
Died of wounds—Pte. Robert Watson, Armagh, Ireland.

3rd Battalion.

Wounded—Sergt.-Major A. O. H. Freemantle.
Pte. William Fraser, Chicago.
Pte. William Culbert, Toronto.
Pte. R. L. Smuthe, West Toronto.
Corp. F. H. Minns, Toronto.
Pte. A. J. Smith, Sudbury, Ont.
Pte. T. A. Norris, Toronto.
Pte. C. Reeves, Toronto.

4th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. George Wesson, Simcoe, Ont.
Pte. Albert Teague, West Brantford, Ont.
Pte. C. Tapp, Port Credit, Ont.
Pte. G. Vallins, St. Catharines, Ont.
Sergt. R. E. Smith, Barrie, Ont.
Pte. F. J. Allbut, Edmonton.
Pte. F. J. Baylis, Montreal.
Pte. Robert Maxwell, Jarrow, Alta.

5th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. Thomas Ramsey, Carsdale, Man.
Pte. J. S. McMillan, Edmonton.
Pte. William Ross, Ladysmith, B.C.
Pte. Norris Young, Dunkirk, Sask.
Pte. C. H. Goodman, Monitor, Alta.
Pte. Eugene Paquette, Vancouver.
Pte. W. R. Beaton, Provost, Alta.
Pte. Clarence Wallace, Vancouver.
Pte. William Stanley Aspee, Vancouver.
Corp. M. A. Morrow, Winnipeg.
Pte. Douglas Stewart, Saskatoon.
Pte. M. Macauley, Glace Bay, N. Z.
Pte. J. S. Seman, Vancouver.
Pte. A. L. Wood, Upper Milbourne, Que.

7th Battalion.

Died of wounds—Lance-Corp. G. A. Mitchell, Toronto.
Wounded—Pte. John W. Buckley, Genoa, Que.
Pte. Alex F. Quinn, Vancouver.
Pte. James L. Quincy, Vancouver.
Sergt. Jacob F. O'Reilly, New Westminster.
Pte. Richard F. Ruddock, Queens Court, New Westminster.
Pte. James F. Ross, Rosetown, Sask.
Pte. Charles P. Lester Pearson, Coghland, B. C.
Pte. Arthur H. Waddington, Patricia Heights, Nanaimo.
Pte. A. William Ward, Vancouver.
Pte. Charles Harry Jones, Vancouver.
Pte. Rade Rkovitch, Rossland.
Sergt. Harold E. Stafford, Vancouver. (Seriously).
Pte. David Wilson, Canterbury, N.Z.
Pte. John C. Anderson, Northumberland, England.
Lance-Corp. R. A. Reid, Stonehaven, Scotland.
Pte. Thomas Fleet, Cheshire.
Pte. William Peter, Scotland.
Pte. James Thompson, Aberdeen.
Pte. Harry Holmes, Yorkshire.

8th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. H. W. Warren, Nutana, Sask.
Pte. D. McKenna, Victoria.
Pte. H. A. Playford, South Vancouver.
Pte. Richard Pringle, Port Arthur, Ont.
Pte. George Terrance, Winnipeg.
Pte. Archibald McKenzie, Portage la Prairie.
Pte. David Read, Sleeman, Ont.
Pte. Homer Giroux Tilbury, Ont.
Died of wounds—Pte. S. C. James, Winnipeg.
Missing—Lieut. Wallace A. McKenzie, Sault Ste. Marie.
Wounded—Corp. J. C Lifton, Ramsgate, Eng.
Lance-Corp. J. E. Simpson, Dublin.
Pte. G. H. Gooding, Dartford, Eng.
Pte. John Underwood, Plymouth, England.
Pte. R. B. Maxwell, England.
Pte. T. W. Bowes, Leicester, Eng.
Pte. Robert Watt, Aberdeen.
Pte. George McKenzie, Scotland.
Pte. H. G. Ault, Belfast.
Pte. Herbert Green, Scotland.
Pte. E. T. Getliffe Lincoln.
Pte. C. Frederick, Densley, England.
Pte. Arthur Brown, Redcar, Yorks.
Pte. R. S. Hunter, Scotland.
Pte. J. D. Mackey, Ireland.
Pte. J. E. Kennard, Auckland, N.Z.
Pte. F. J. Base, London.

10th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. Arthur Fauley, Raymond, Alta.
Pte. H. A. Watson, Macleod, Alta.
Pte. E. J. Stephens, Calgary, Alta.
Pte. N. Manson, Hamilton, Ont.
Pte. L. E. Sheddon, Regina.
Pte. J. A. Mount, Winnipeg.
Pte. F. G. Paradise, Winnipeg.
Pte. C. H. McNiven, Ludlow, Mass.
Pte. J. A. Towers, Calgary.
Corp. J. E. Hogg, Shelbourne, Ont.
Pte. Henry Stokes, Staffordshire.
Pte. G. North, Lincoln.
Pte. J. Harkness, Glasgow, Scotland.
Pte. William Hastings, Norfolk.
Pte. William Vernon, England.
Pte. J. H. Burrows, London.
Pte. George Bimson, England.
Pte. W. Moffatt, Scotland.
Pte. L. V. Gray, Stroud, England.
Pte. Walter Brown, London.
Pte. S. H. Dobbs, Gloucestershire.
Pte. E. B. Delacour, Channel Islands.
Pte. F. Paget, London.
Pte. William Gosling, England.
Pte. A. E. Webster, London.
Died of wounds—Pte. John Higginson, Seven Oaks, Kent.
Killed in action—Lieut. J. T. H. Nasmyth, Janetville, Ont.

11th Battalion.

Died—Pte. Angus Bannerman, Sutherlandshire, Scotland. (Motor car accident).

13th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. R. Aldridge, Verdun, Que.
Corp. H. Davidson, Montreal.
Pte. G. W. Wood, Montreal.
Lance-Corp. A. Walker, Montreal.
Pte. R. H. Bolt, Montreal.
Pte. J. Watson, Montreal.
Pte. F. W. Miller, Montreal.
Pte. S. McKeown, Quebec.

14th Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. H. Clifford, Ashton, Ont.
Pte. J. W. Bowes, Montreal.
Pte. A. Allard, Montreal.
Pte. A. Varin, Montreal.
Pte. J. H. Forster, Montreal.
Pte. J. F. Moran, New York.
Pte. John H. Southin, Ladysmith, B. C.
Pte. Norman Crann, Thornhill, Ont.
Pte. E. A. Torrance, Milverton, Ont.
Killed in action—Pte. C. A. Harleigh, Montreal.
Pte. W. P. Connors, Montreal.
Pte. R. Dunlop, Montreal.

15th Battalion.

Wounded—Lance-Corp. John Muir, Toronto.
Pte. Frank Lockhart, Truro, N. S.
Pte. Lovell Maskell, Toronto.
Pte. A. J. Gray, London.
Lance-Corp. J. A. Illes, Toronto.
Pte. W. Bennett, Cupids, Nfld.
Died of wounds—Pte. Charles Mathewson, Oxton, Scotland.
Seriously ill—Pte. E. C. Brindley, Collingwood, Ont.
Suffering from gas poisoning—Pte. J. Walsh, Toronto.
Pte. C. E. Pike, Toronto.
Pte. A. W. Harris, Sudbury, Ont.

Divisional Cyclist Company.

Wounded—Corp. Oscar Stretche, Liverpool.
Pte. J. Alexander, Belfast.
Pte. G. W. Durham, Cheltenham, England.

Divisional Cavalry.

Wounded accidentally—Trooper J. A. Hutchinson, Edinburgh.

2nd Field Artillery Brigade.

Wounded—Driver G. A. Therton, Liverpool.

3rd Field Artillery Brigade.

Wounded—Gunner John Stuart Marshall, England.
Driver Bertram Hills, Postwick, Norfolk.

3rd Field Artillery Brigade

Wounded—Driver Lewis, Leeds, England.
Gunner George Benson, Leeds, England.
Gunner Fred Pope, Ferry Bridge, Yorkshire.
Corp. William Ruddex, Birmingham.

Canadian Engineers

Wounded — Lance-Corp. William Henry Hanington, Stratham, Surrey.
Sapper Edward McCosker, Strabane, Ireland.
Sapper Donald Inglis, Scotland.
Sapper William Sinclair, Glasgow.
Sapper Thomas W. Neame, Watford, Herts.

No. 1 Canadian Field Ambulance

Wounded—Pte. Joseph Fortnum, Birmingham, England.

The following casualty list was announced this afternoon:

15th Battalion

Died of wounds—Pte. H. G. Barrett, London.
Died of hemorrhage—Pte. Thomas Robertson, Uddington, Scotland.
Died of suffocation—Pte. Ernest Weeks, Windsor, England.
Wounded—Pte. Frank Bennett, Glossop, England.
Pte. A. H. Perrott, London.
Pte. Louis Cornhill, Faversham, England.
Pte. Samuel Archibald, Belfast.
Lance-Corp. Clement Tyler, Toronto.
Pte. A. E. Goode, Toronto.
Died of wounds—Pte. Alfred Stevens, Toronto.
Wounded—Pte. T. J. A. Wheeler, Toronto.
Pte. H. S. Meredith, Toronto.
Pte. Gordon Macdougall, Sinclair, Ont.
Corp. H. O. Matthews, Clarksburg, Ont.
Pte. C. M. Sinclair, Toronto.

16th Battalion

Wounded—Corp. W. F. Fiddes, Aberdeen, Scotland.
Pte. J. E. Lloyd, London.
Pte. Alexander Cais, Boodin, Scotland.
Pte. J. M. Grierson, Lerwick, Shetland islands.
Pte. George McLeod, Edinburgh.
Pte. Arthur Holmes, Karnesboro, England.
Sergt. M. A. Wolf, London.
Lance-Corp. James Mitchell, Southsea.
Lance-Corp. Peter Bryce, Tweedsmouth, England.
Pte. Edward Gallagher, Nottingham.
Pte. John McPhee, Scotland.
Pte. R. M. Grant, Glasgow, Scotland.
Pte. A. E. Peel, Pietermaritzburg, South Africa.
Died of wounds—Pte. C. H. Hill, Gloucester, England.
Dangerously ill—Pte. P. J. Price, London (spinal meningitis).
Wounded—Pte. John Love, Winnipeg.
Pte. John Newton Moseman, Vancouver.
Pte. J. J. Gibson, St. Boniface, Man.

1st Battalion

Wounded—Pte. F. C. B. Page, Exeter, England.
Pte. John Irwin, Scotland.
Corp. George Christie, Glasgow.
Pte. Joseph Glidden, Ingersoll, Ont.
Pte. E. W. Stevens, Kitscoty, Alta.

8th Battalion

Wounded—Sergt. Alfred Gillatt Sheffield.
Sergt. C. H. Parkinson, Cherley, England.
Pte. Frank Pouchet, Antwerp.
Pte. Thomas Bain, Glasgow.
Pte. C. B. Hallwood, Liverpool.
Pte. A. C. Lyttle, Belfast.
Pte. Charles Goldike, Fort William.
Pte. R. G. Gibson, Fort William.
Sergt. P. O. Stanton, Winnipeg.
Pte. Arthur Sanford, Belleville, Ont.
Pte. J. A. McDonald, Halifax.
Pte. Charles McIntosh, Brandon.
Pte. James Ferguson, Brandon.

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There is one sure way that has never failed to remove dandruff at once, and that is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this just get about four ounces of plain, common liquid arvon from any drug store (this is all you will need) apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve, and entirely destroy, every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, silky, glossy and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

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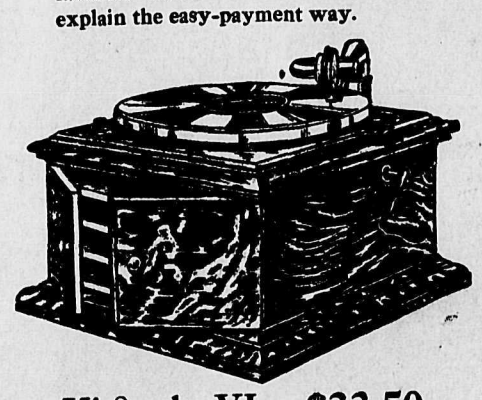

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News of Sport

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

NEW YORK WINS IN 13 INNINGS

Yankees Defeat Boston—Washington Runs Away from Athletics—Chicago Beats Cincinnati.

League Standing.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	12	4	.750
Detroit	15	6	.714
Chicago	12	9	.571
Boston	7	7	.500
Washington	8	9	.471
Cleveland	9	11	.450
Philadelphia	5	12	.295
St. Louis	5	15	.250

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 6.—Washington overwhelmed the home club today, winning 11-2.

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	11	12	1
Philadelphia	2	8	7

Batteries: Harper and Henry, Williams; Pennock, Bressler and Schang, Lapp.

NEW YORK, May 6—New York won a 13-inning game from Boston 4 to 3 today.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	12	4
New York	4	10	2

Batteries: Ruth, Pieh and Carrigan, Thomas; Warhop and Nunamaker.

CLEVELAND, O., May 6.—Chicago defeated Cleveland 10 to 4 by bunching hits in the first inning.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	10	13	2
Cleveland	4	8	4

Batteries: Benz, Cicotte and Daly; Mitchell, Walker, Coombe and O'Neill.

Detroit at St. Louis; rain.

COAST LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Oakland	5	7	0
Salt Lake	7	10	2
	R.	H.	E.
Venice	2	4	2
Los Angeles	7	11	1
	R.	H.	E.
Portland	7	17	1
San Francisco	4	11	0

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	1	8	3
Louisville	5	11	1
	R.	H.	E.
Columbus	4	7	3
Cleveland	9	14	2
	R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	10	13	1
Kansas City	3	10	1

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

League Standing.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Pittsburg	13	7	.650
Newark	11	7	.611
Chicago	10	8	.555
Brooklyn	11	9	.550
Kansas City	10	10	.500
Baltimore	10	12	.454
Buffalo	7	12	.369
St. Louis	5	12	.295

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	3	5	1
St. Louis	2	3	0

Batteries: Marion and Land; Watson and Hartley.

	R.	H.	E.
Newark	3	7	1
Pittsburg	5	10	5

Batteries: Mullin and Rariden; Allen and Berry.

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	9	19	3
Chicago	8	12	0

Batteries: Bender, Smith and Owen; Brown, Prendergast, Johnson and Wilson.

First Game—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	2	4	4
Kansas City	4	8	0

Batteries: Anderson and Allen; Main and Easterly.

Second Game—	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	4	4	0
Kansas City	1	4	3

Batteries: Krapp and Allen; Johnson, Blackburn and Easterly.

INTERNATIONAL.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	5	0
Jersey City	1	7	1
	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	2	9	0
Providence	0	7	2
	R.	H.	E.
Montreal	14	15	1
Richmond	9	17	2

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Tacoma	11	6	.647
Vancouver	10	6	.625
Victoria	8	7	.533
Spokane	8	8	.500
Seattle	8	9	.471
Aberdeen	4	13	.236

	R.	H.	E.
Victoria	14	14	0
Tacoma	11	11	5

Batteries—Grimer, House, Hanson and Grindle; Frambach, Kaufman, McIver and Shea.

	R.	H.	E.
Seattle	3	6	1
Aberdeen	0	5	4

Batteries—Leotz and King; Hughes and Lewis.

	R.	H.	E.
Vancouver	3	8	2
Spokane	4	11	2

Batteries—Reuther and Brottem; Callahan and Altman.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

PHILLIES WIN FROM BROOKLYN

Philadelphia Continues to Hold Lead—New York Bunches Hits in Seventh—Pirates Defeat St. Louis

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	13	5	.722
Chicago	12	6	.666
Cincinnati	10	8	.555
Boston	9	8	.529
St. Louis	9	12	.429
New York	6	10	.375
Brooklyn	7	12	.369
Pittsburg	7	12	.369

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 6.—Overcoming a three-run lead Pittsburg hammered out a 9 to 3 victory over St. Louis today.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	11	1
Pittsburg	9	10	0

Batteries—Meadows, Sallee and Snyder; Adams, Griner, Robinson and Schang.

BOSTON, May 6.—New York bunched hits in the seventh and beat Boston 3 to 1 today.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	8	1
Boston	1	4	0

Batteries—Tesreau and Myers; Tyler and Whaling, Gowdy.

Cincinnati at Chicago, postponed, wet grounds.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 6.—Mayer pitched great ball today and Philadelphia took the game from Brooklyn, 3 to 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	3	7	1
Brooklyn	1	5	2

Batteries—Mayer and Killifer; Pfeffer and McCarty.

FRANK KRAMER GOING STRONG

Veteran Cyclist Is Still Best—Is 35 Years Old and Has Raced for 17 Years.

Since the passing of Johnson, Frank Kramer, the world's champion cyclist, is the only one of the old champions now remaining in any line of sport, says an eastern exchange.

Kramer is now entering on his fifteenth year in the bike game, and if his riding at the opening of this season is any criterion he will retain his title another year.

Kramer is without doubt the cleanest living athlete in the world, and it will be a long time before old Father Time grabs the East Orange pedal pusher.

Kramer is 35 years of age and has been riding a bicycle for 17 years. Dissipation of any kind is something not to be found in Kramer's repertoire.

Many times foreign champions have been imported to take Kramer's measure, but all have failed.

This year Francisco Verri and Caesar Moretti of Italy and Thowald Ellegard, the Danish champion, will come to America and attempt to wrest the honors of the cycling championship from the American star.

MANY INJURIES IN WEEK'S PLAY

In Big Leagues—Broken Noses Predominate—New York Giants Hit Hardest of All.

The first exchange of punches for the season happened last Saturday, says the Vancouver Province. The participants were National League Umpire Charles Rigler and Manager Charles Herzog of Cincinnati, a broken nose for Herzog being one reported outcome of the affray.

Broken noses, indeed, were something of a feature of the week of play. Besides the reported injury to the Cincinnati manager, Pitcher "Poll" Perritt of the New York Nationals suffered a similar hurt in a collision with another player recently in Philadelphia, while "Birdie" Cree of the New York Americans is out of the game with an injury of the same sort.

Casualties of other kinds included a dislocated arm for Fred Merkle of the Giants and a spiked leg for Third Baseman Lobert of the same team. McGraw's club has a long list of injured just now, with Snodgrass still laid up with a sore arm and Left Fielder George Burns hampered in action by a bad leg. Casualties to players, as well as ineffectiveness in the box and failure of some of the supposed star batters of the club to come to time have combined to hold the Giants down and make them last in the running in their league.

CANADIANS TEACH ALLIES THE GAME OF BASEBALL

Charlie Good in Toronto Star says:

A letter just received from the battle front in France tells how the Canadian soldiers have become the missioners of America's national pastime on European soil. All day long ball games are being played behind the battle lines, not alone by the Canadians, but also by the English and French, to whom the Canadians have taught the rudiments of the pastime. "Cricket's a ceremony; baseball's a game," said one English colonel, who has been converted to baseball. "You have to have a large number of men to play cricket and it takes a long time to play a game, but with this odd game of baseball you can start with any number of men and play as long or as short a game as you please. And you get results quickly."

FEW FOOTBALLERS HAVE ENLISTED

In the Old Country—122 Professionals Out of 1800 Have Joined the Colors.

The London Times says that at the special general meeting of the football league held at Connaught rooms, Great Queen street, London, a letter from Col. C. F. Grautham, commanding the footballers' battalion, was read, in which it was stated:

You are aware that some little time ago there was much controversy in the papers with regard to the manner in which the professional football player had failed in his duty by not coming forward to serve his country in its time of stress. Mr. Joynson-Hicks, M.P., therefore raised the football battalion and public opinion died down under the belief that most, if not all, of the available professionals had joined the battalion. This is not the case, as only 122 professionals have joined. I understand that there are 40 league clubs and 20 in the Southern league with an average of some 30 players fit to join the colors—namely, 1800. These figures speak for themselves. I am also aware and have proof that in many cases directors and managers of clubs have not only given no assistance in getting these men to join, but have done their best by their actions to prevent it.

The following resolution was adopted by the meeting:

"This special general meeting of the clubs of the football league heartily approves the declarations of the management committee with reference to the importance of all professional football players who can do so joining the colors. They fully recognize the serious call of national and patriotic duty, and pledge themselves to continue to do everything in their power to support the management committee and other football authorities in encouraging recruiting in all phases of the national service."

CANADIAN BOXER IS CHALLENGED

World's Welterweight Title is Stake—Alberts, Claimant of Championship, Wishes to Fight Barrieau.

Johnny Alberts, claimant of the world's welterweight title, has challenged Frank Barrieau, Canadian welterweight champion, to a finish bout for the world's championship. The two boxers are to meet in a 10-round exhibition bout in Vancouver shortly and on the result of this bout depends whether or not they will sign up articles for a finish bout.

Alberts has met and defeated every welterweight in the country with the exception of Packy McFarland and Mike Gibbons, both of whom he has met and extended.

Barrieau learned his boxing in the Vancouver Athletic club and was sent east to Toronto, where he won the Canadian welterweight championship.

At the end of the first two weeks of the Northwestern, Spokane lead the league in team batting and extra base hits, Tacoma in fielding and Williams of Spokane in individual batting.

FOOTBALL GAME WON BY INTERMEDIATES

City Team Is Defeated 2-0—Teams Put Up Good Exhibition—Ritchie Referees.

The Intermediate and City football teams clashed last night in the second Nelson City Football league game, which was won by the Intermediates, 2 to 0. The players put up a fast exhibition, although both teams were severely handicapped owing to the lack of practise.

The Intermediates were in better condition than their opponents and in the last 15 minutes of the game literally ran away from the City team. Fast play and good team work on the part of the Intermediates featured the play. The City's back division showed great improvement over the last game and with a little more practise should make it hard for opposing forwards to break through.

Although the Intermediates played well as a whole, Swedburg, Lane, Ward and Wilkinson, who scored both goals, showed a little better form than the rest of the team.

Marshall, playing on the half-back line for the City, played well and had the Intermediate right wing played to a standstill throughout. Halliwell put up a good game in the first half, but showed lack of condition in the final period. Although Joe Ramsden was the pick of the forwards, he would be a better help to the team on the half-back line.

Ritchie refereed satisfactorily and quite a number of fans turned out and helped along their respective teams. The lineups:

City—Goal, Lundie; backs, Middleton and Zelazney; halves, Macintosh, Smith and Marshall; forwards, Argyle, Cooper, Halliwell, J. Ramsden and H. Ramsden.

Intermediates — Goal, Swedburg; backs, Speeks and Hall; half-backs, Lane, Goucher and Ward; forwards, McLaughlin, Johnson, Wilkinson, Molton and Hayes; reserve, Smith.

Manager Herzog of the Cincinnati Nationals and Umpire Rigler of the same league have been each fined $5 for fighting on the field at a recent game in St. Louis.

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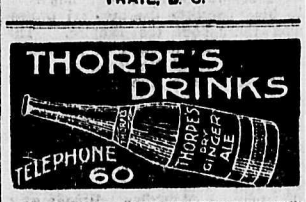

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The Hume Barber Shop

PATRICK WILL BE REFEREE AT COAST

Former Nelson Man to Handle Minto Cup Games—No Replies from Eastern Players.

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 6.—Lester Patrick of Victoria, formerly of Nelson, was today appointed official referee of the British Columbia Lacrosse association and will handle all matches in the coast professional series.

The Vancouver club has tendered contracts to Fitzgerald, Lalonde and Hyland, well known eastern players, but so far has not received a reply. It is understood that they are waiting for a guarantee from this end.

PROPOSED GRAND FORKS TRIP DISCUSSED TONIGHT

A meeting of the football, baseball and basketball representatives will be held tonight at 8:30 o'clock in Ramsden's store, when important matters in regard to the proposed trip on May 24 to Grand Forks will be taken up.

PETS DEFEAT EAGLES

Larson's Pets defeated the Fairview Eagles yesterday afternoon at the recreation park by a score of 12 to 8. The batteries were: Pets, Anderson and Notman; Eagles, Boyes and Shuttleworth.

OPPORTUNITY

AGENT WANTED

We have just obtained the exclusive selling agency for the famous Hydra Vacuum Cleaner in the Dominion of Canada and are now ready to contract with financially responsible men for the handling of this wonderful machine in the various towns and cities throughout the Dominion. The Hydra is the only portable water-power vacuum cleaner in the world. Attach it to any water faucet, turn on the water and the dust and dirt disappears as by magic. The Hydra has had a phenomenal success in the United States and is bound to prove a huge success throughout Canada. We offer a rare opportunity for the right men to become associated with us in a new business which pays big returns on a small investment. Advise us the territory you are interested in and our representative will call.

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Y.M.C.A. ELECTS OFFICERS FOR BASEBALL TEAM

The Y.M.C.A. baseball team last night elected officers for the team, as follows:

President, T. D. Stark; manager, H. Pitts; captain, L. M. Leach.

The following players were found to be eligible to play on the team: Leach, Whitehead, Sutherland, Brown, Richardson, Corey, Pitts, J. Ferguson, H. Ferguson, Turner and Gibbs.

FERNIE CITY BASEBALL LEAGUE IS OPENED

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., May 6.—A parade, headed by the Fernie Italian band marched to the park Wednesday, where the opening game of the city league was played between the Coal Company team and the Clerks' team. Mayor Uphill pitched the first ball. Each team secured one run in the first inning but no further runs were scored and the result was a tie. Batteries: Hoffman and Pickett for the Clerks, and Dunlop and Hovan for the Coal Company. M. A. Kastner umpired. A collection was taken and donated to the soldiers' tobacco fund. Two hundred fans saw the game.

FISHING IS GOOD AT SOUTH SLOCAN

(Special to The Daily News.)

SOUTH SLOCAN, B. C., May 6.—C. G. Hunt of Rossland and Henry Fowler of Bonnington caught 40 rainbow trout at the pool yesterday.

Five or six American boxers will go to Australia under Jack Kearns to take part in bouts there.

Jim Thorpe, who was formerly signed up with the New York Giants, is now playing with the Jersey City team of the International league.

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FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1915

IS "BIG DRIVE" IN WEST TO BE FURTHER DELAYED?

The campaign in the western arena of warfare has been full of surprises and a statement of the British official eyewitness suggests that another may be in store.

Lord Kitchener is said to have declared that the war would begin on May 1. From this and from statements by Sir John French and others ground has been given for the assumption that this month would mark the commencement of an offensive on a large scale by the allied forces.

Yet in a report published yesterday morning the British official eye-witness declares that the loss of ground by the British forces near Ypres recently must be considered only in the light of the fact that the policy of the allies is one of attrition. If the plan of campaign, as the eye-witness suggests, is a continuation of the policy of "wearing down" the enemy a further lengthy period of siege warfare may be looked for.

On the other hand, it must not be forgotten that the eye-witness wrote with the knowledge that his report would be read by the Germans and that to deceive the enemy is part of the game.

BRITAIN PRODUCES LESS GOODS FOR EXPORTATION.

While imports to the British Isles promise this year to exceed in value those of 1914 exports will show a large decrease.

Not only have many markets been cut off as a result of the war but so much labor has been absorbed by the army and in the manufacture of munitions that the United Kingdom is not in a position to ship the same quantity of goods as in past years. The high wages paid to workers in munition factories have either attracted labor from its ordinary vocations or have compelled manufacturers to increase their scales of pay. The consequence is that less goods for sale in the ordinary markets of the world are available and in many cases the prices asked are higher. Both factors tend to reduce exports.

For the three months ending in March British imports totaled £208,165,738, against £196,997,644 for the same period in 1914. Exports totaled £84,600,595, against £133,586,623 in 1914. Munitions of war are not included in these figures.

MUSIC WHICH APPEALS TO EYE AS WELL AS EAR.

The world has just lost a great artist-inventor in the death of Alexander Scriabine, the Russian originator of color-music.

In "Poem of Fire," which has created a sensation in New York, Scriabine made use of light vibrations in the same way that the ordinary composer utilizes sound vibrations. He employed a scale ranging from deep red, through orange, yellow, green, etc., to violet, which represents almost twice as many vibrations as does red. The ultra violent rays form the eighth note in the color octave.

A color-organ has been invented and through this medium "Poem of Fire" is reproduced in sound and color. The composer thus makes a double emotional appeal, to the eye as well as the ear.

FOR SOUND PROSPERITY IN THE DOMINION.

Canada can best prepare itself to take advantage of the readjustment of conditions which will follow the end of the war—which has deflected some trade into new channels and caused other trade to cease—by beginning to produce or manufacture at home a greater proportion of what is consumed at home.

The "Patriotism and Production" and "Made in Canada" campaigns are partners in a great movement to build up the Dominion and reduce a heavy adverse trade balance. In the past Canada has been importing large quantities of goods which could be produced at home by Canadian workmen and from Canadian resources and has been borrowing money to pay for them. In other words, the difference between imports and exports has been largely met by money secured for bond issues.

The conservation of the home market for Canadian products and the development of natural and manufacturing industries to meet the home demands make for sound prosperity in the Dominion.

Kootenay-Boundary's roll of honor is growing steadily.

The French announce that the latest German offensive in the west has completely broken down. Little else could be expected of an attack based upon gas.

Germany admits the failure of its submarine "blockade" against merchant shipping trading with the British Isles by its action in sinking fishing boats.

The Canadian losses at Ypres were 6024 men. The new Kootenay and Boundary battalion which is now being recruited will replace about one-sixth of this number.

The writers of the "to be or not to be" election reports from Ottawa are becoming serious rivals of the correspondents at Rome who keep the cables hot with contradictory despatches concerning Italy's attitude.

Germany has often exaggerated its reports of victories over the Russians but the despatches make it clear that the Teutonic armies have advanced considerably at some points during the past few days. It may be days before it will be known if the successes are of more than local importance.

Germany frequently issues statements that its war loans are being rapidly subscribed, but the facts indicate otherwise. It is announced in the German press that a proportion of savings bank deposits have been appropriated and that public servants are being offered advances on their future savings in order that they may buy war stock.

Discussing Canadian affairs the London Times refers to the Liberal arguments against the new war taxes and continues: "On the other side, the memory of the unhappy controversy which delayed Canada's contribution in dreadnoughts to British naval strength still rankles. It is an effective weapon against the Liberals, who are certainly responsible for having prevented Canada from bearing a part, in this moment of trial, of the burden of British naval defense."

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

The Spring Drive

The real spring drive for father commences early in the morning next Saturday (today)—on top of a heap of furniture.—Ottawa Citizen.

Laugh at German Hatred

They are singing Lissauer's Chant of Hate in the London music halls and laughing at it—an additional reason why Germans should swell the chorus "God punish England!"—Hamilton Herald.

"They Saved the Situation"

Such is the story of Canadian gallantry to be gathered from the first brief official notes. When it is told more fully it may be found that Canada's part in the saving of Belgium from the enemy, and the defending of the motherland from attack through Calais, has nothing to equal it in the wonderful story of daughter nations and motherland. Sorrow may be in many a Canadian home today and the heart of the nation will go out to the sorrowing ones as they mourn the loss of their brave boys. But the Canadian men of determination and courage in Belgium have set the mark for Canada the nation. They stood firm. They refused to acknowledge fear. They drove forward. They saved the situation.—Ottawa Citizen.

Ypres and Vicinity

Ypres was once the capital of western Flanders. As the crow flies it is 13 miles from that place to Dixmude, and from there to the coast ten; while the distance from Ypres almost due south to Armentieres is 12 miles and about the same to La Bassee. The Lys runs through the hilly southern part of the region and the Yser winds through the north, which becomes flat and marshy as the stream approaches the sea. Before the war Ypres had a population of about 18,000. Between the ancient town and Dixmude is the rather extensive forest of Houthuist. Five miles southwest of the forest is Bixschoote and a less distance to the southwest is Lizerne, on the left bank of the Ypres canal. Both these small towns figure in the latest despatches from the battle line.—New York Sun.

COLD STORAGE.

"Your husband seems very fond of gardening?"

"He is. Especially on Sunday mornings when I want him to go to church."

They're certainly good to their children."

"So?"

"Yes; they don't even make them wash their hands and faces before supper."

"Darling," he said, "would you continue to love me if I were to be poor all my life?"

"My dear," she asked him, "would you continue to love me if you should become a millionaire?"

"I understand you are going to marry that practical Miss Pepley?"

"Yes, thank you."

"A love match of course?"

"Love and business. It's the only enduring combination. Minerva finishes her course in salesmanship at the same time that I finish my course in advertising. Then we call in a notary public and a clergyman and start a double partnership."

DESERT TREASURES ARE FOUND IN ASIA

A communication has been received at the Royal Geographical society in London from Sir Aurel Stein, giving some account of the further work of his official expedition to Central Asia from April to November, 1914. The letter is dated Nov. 22 from Turfan, at the eastern foot of the Celestial or Tian Shan mountains, some 200 or 300 miles west of the province of Mongolia. Sir Aurel Stein's main object was to continue the work of investigating the remains of the old wall which he discovered, and traced for a very considerable distance, and among the ruins of the forts of which he found so many interesting relics.

The expedition started in April from Tunhuang, where the expedition had halted for a short time to recover from its trying winter campaign in the Lop-nor desert, between Turfan and the northern boundary of Tibet. Sir Aurel Stein paid another visit to the cave temples of the Thousand Buddhas near Tunhuang and was richly rewarded. He followed the wall for close on 250 miles eastwards. Along almost the whole of this distance the wall, with its watch towers and small military sattions, had been built across what already in ancient times was absolutely sterile desert. The wall itself was a very remarkable construction, built of carefully secured fascines of reeds or brushwood, with layers of clay or gravel between them. It was specially adapted to withstand that most destructive of natural forces in this region, slow grinding but relentless wind erosion. This, with the absence of human interference during all these centuries, has left a rich store of remains for the explorer. In many places there remained on the wind-worn surface clear evidence in the shape of pottery, coins, metal fragments and other hand debris which indicated with accuracy the position of the posts once guarding the Chinese border.

As the expedition proceeded beyond the sharp bend made by the Su-lo Ho valley the physical difficulties greatly increased, largely from want of water, but there was reward in the ample finds of ancient records on wood, of furniture, and implements of all sorts which were brought to light at the ruined watch stations. Conclusive evidence shows that all these had been left behind by the Chinese soldiers who during the first century before and after Christ had kept guard over this most dismal of frontiers.

Sir Aurel Stein was very much impressed by the engineering skill which was required to adapt the defensive line of the wall to different local conditions. In May he started on a fresh line of investigation, the object of which was to follow the united course of the rivers of Suchou and Kanchou down into southern Mongolia, and to explore what ancient remains might be found along it and in its terminal delta. The early history of this region attracted him greatly, as he has no doubt it formed part of the wide dominions held by those earliest nomadic masters of Kansu, the "Great Yuechi," or Indu-Scythians, and the Huns who successive migrations westwards so deeply affected the destinies of central Asia, as well as of India and the west.

A Reminiscence of Marco Polo

While Sir Aurel Stein carried out his explorations to the northwards, his surveyor, Lal Singh, proceeded in another direction to carry out surveys of practically unexplored regions. He still found remains of the wall to the northwards and the observations which he made upon the hydrography of this now practically desert region, are full of interest. He found traces of extensive irrigation which for some reason had been abandoned long ago. He examined the ruined town of Khara-Khoto and the position and remains proved to his satisfaction that this could be no other than Marco Polo's "City of Eizina," where in ancient times travellers bound for Karakoram, the old Mongol capital, had to lay in victuals for 10 days in order to cross the great desert, where there was no habitation or baiting place.

Here Sir Aurel Stein collected many valuable relics—Buddhist manuscripts and prints, many fine stucco relievos and frescoes, miscellaneous records on paper and household utensils. Finds of coins, ornaments in metal and stone, etc., were abundant. Everything pointed to the conclusion that the abandonment of the settlement must have been caused by difficulties about maintaining irrigation. In the course of these journeys Sir Aurel Stein met with an unfortunate accident which hampered him very considerably, though after a short rest he continued the work of the expedition.

Altogether, before the expedition arrived at Turfan, many valuable additions were made to the previous work of the leader, both archaeological and geographical. Around Turfan there are many ruined sites of Buddhist times to which Sir Aurel Stein proposed to devote a few months, while his surveyor would find ample work in mapping the extensive and little-known desert ranges of the Kuruktagh between Turfan and Lop-nor depressions.

THE WEATHER.

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	38	74
Dawson	20	64
Victoria	48	58
Kamloops	46	84
Edmonton	36	70
Regina	26	71
Winnipeg	30	42
Parry Sound	24	60
Kingston	44	56
Montreal	48	64
St. John	38	54
Prince Rupert	44	58
Vancouver	48	70
Calgary	32	70
Moose Jaw	26	71
Prince Albert	30	64
Port Arthur	36	54
Toronto	40	66
Ottawa	44	68
Quebec	40	66
Halifax	36	50

"Did you ever see a company of women perfectly silent?"

"Yes, once. Someone had asked which of those present was the eldest."

INDICATIONS NOW AGAINST ELECTION

Some Ministers Openly Declare There Will Be No Dissolution But Matter Not Decided.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, May 6—If parliament is to be dissolved and a general election brought on it will not be immediately. The concensus of opinion here today is that there will be no election but in the absence of a definite official statement there are still elements of uncertainty in the situation.

Sir Robert Borden still is indisposed as a result of hard work and has not been at his office for three days, although his condition of health is not such as to inspire any fear. In his absence the cabinet is not discussing elections.

While some ministers openly declare that there will be no dissolution it is more accurate to say that, whatever the probabilities, the question is not definitely settled one way or the other.

Just at present there are other matters which absorb largely the attention of the public. No immediate announcement, therefore is anticipated but in the space of a fortnight it will be known definitely. The indications just now are against an appeal to the country.

Another unique suggestion has emanated from a public meeting at Haileybury. It was called to protest against an election but instead of a resolution to that effect an amendment was adopted that if dissolution occurs all the present members should be returned by acclamation.

LONDON ADMIRERS HOLD CANADIAN MEMORIAL

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, May 6.—The memorial service to fallen Canadians which will be held in St. Paul's cathedral here Monday is not in any sense official and the ceremony was not suggested by Canadian officials here. It is a spontaneous tribute by London admirers of Canada.

The service will be deeply appreciated by all Canadians. No tickets are being issued and practically the whole cathedral will be opened to earliest arrivals.

RECIPROCITY WITHIN THE EMPIRE FOR SURGEONS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, May 6.—One of the results of the European war has been to bind together the medical profession throughout the Empire. The council of the college of physicians and surgeons of Manitoba has negotiated with the medical council of Great Britain for reciprocity and now many graduates from Manitoba Medical college can practise anywhere in the Empire without further examinations. This action has probably been hastened on account of the scarcity of medical men in Great Britain as a result of recent events.

LIBERALS NOMINATE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TRURO, N. S., May 6.—Liberals of Colchester today nominated George E. Macdonald as candidate for the Dominion parliament. Mr. Macdonald is now in Vancouver, where he will be communicated with and his acceptance sought.

THE CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

It is true that such was the state of public opinion when parliament was summoned in "war session," the opposition dared not attempt to block the government's program or to impose obstacles in their way. But with the war session passed, it speedily became apparent that a calculated attempt was made to discredit the government by taking advantage of any difficulties the government might encounter in the stress and strain imposed upon it by the war. Instead of coming loyally to the support of the government, as has been done by the opposition in the motherland, the government has been abused and denounced with unexampled bitterness. With the connivance and co-operation of their senile accomplices in the senate, they have blocked government measures and held the government, collectively and individually, up to the scorn and contempt of the people. The government has been publicly execrated by Liberal newspapers from one end of the country to the other as dishonest, incompetent and unpatriotic. Sir Robert Borden has been damned as a weakling, and his government denounced as inefficient and unfit to carry on the great business of the war.

The nagging and the political sniping has never ceased. The Toronto Globe attacks the war tax as a "graft tax," and Hon. George P. Graham invites the people of Sturgeon Falls, to whom he had previously made inflammatory racial appeals, "every time you lick an extra large postage stamp, think of Hon. Frank Cochrane." The government is accused of laying "disloyal hands" on British trade, and of framing a war tariff to benefit the privileged classes.

Is it any wonder that the Borden government in the circumstances contemplates a general election as a way of escape from the strain of persistent nagging and unpatriotic abuse and obstruction of a Liberal opposition that has not even the sympathy and support of its own following in the country? Is it any wonder that the Borden government should think of asking the people to decide which is to rule in the affairs of state—the government, which is representative of and responsible to the people, or a minority opposition aided by an irresponsible senate?—Winnipeg Telegram.

After two years he proposed to her and she accepted him.

"I'm so happy and glad," she said.

"Why, dearest?" he asked. "Because I am to be your husband?"

"Oh, it isn't altogether that," she answered. "But now I can have the laugh on all our relatives who have been saying that you'd never propose."

GERMANS TASTE OF THEIR OWN BREW

Among Canadians who are not ashamed to hate the Germans there is a very general hope that the war will not end until Germany is made to drink of the cup which she has held to the lips of Belgians since last August. Many of them are not aware, perhaps that the Russians have carried the war into East Prussia and that probably millions of Germans have tasted the miseries, if not the outrages, that were inflicted upon the Belgians. In certain places the Russians are supposed to have played the great war game in a way that would give satisfaction to Germans had they not been the victims. They are accused of having shot civilians, of having carried thousands of German women and children with them when they retreated into their own territory, and of having set deliberately about the task of utterly destroying the towns and villages which they occupied. A correspondent of the Associated Press believes that many of the charges made against the Germans are untrue but in a visit to the devastated regions he saw much evidence to prove that the Russians made war as in recent times it has been made only in Belgium.

Fighting the Devil with Fire.

He says: "Thousands of persons homeless, thousands of buildings burned to the ground and millions of dollars worth of damage done—such is the toll of the Russian invasion of East Prussia, which culminated recently in the raid upon the little city of Memel. The Russians were in Memel only 72 hours, yet in that short space of time they had spread terror through all East Prussia. He continues: "Along every road within miles of Memel were hundreds of wagons filled with fugitives hurrying with what they had left from their homes before the invaders rushing into the centres of population to the south and westward. Their numbers were added to by the thousands who had fled earlier in similar fashion and now are quartered all over Germany until the time may be ripe for them to go back to the ruins of their homes."

With Fire and Sward.

The area devastated by the Russians is about 150 miles along the border and varies from five to fifty miles inland. Within this territory the most careful calculations have led to the conclusion that 300,000 people were driven out, 100,000 horses and 150,000 head of cattle captured. The extent of the property damage cannot be estimated. It will not, however, begin to approach the damage done in a similar area in Belgium since no large cities were visited and no historic buildings razed. The raid was for the most part over a farming country. It is said that the Memel raid was the work of 500 Cossacks, who were followed by a civilian mob which confined itself to rapine and pillage while the Cossacks drove off the German landsturm. In following the track of destruction the correspondent came to Schirwindt, whose only living inhabitants were the flocks of carrion crows that were devouring the carcasses of the horses killed in the battle there. Not a habitable house remained in the village. The destruction at this point was not caused by marauding Cossacks but by Russian artillery and machine guns. In conversation wi' a German artillery officer the correspondent was informed that the Russians handled their machine guns with marvellous efficiency.

Scenes of Devastation.

The village of Pillkillan used to have a very lively reputation on account of the rum shops. All that is left of them now is wrecked interiors and smashed glass. There was no evidence of shell fire. The inhabitants who remain say that the Russians came in for a while, destroyed the place bit by bit and set fire to it when the German army approached. "In all East Prussia it had but one parallel—Goldap. Its gaping, fire-singed walls, its handful of inhabitants, its mocking signs indicating former prosperity tell the story of destruction more strikingly even than deserted villages and isolated buildings from which the owners had fled. The very presence of a few people serves to enhance the spectacle of desolation."

Why Goldap Was Razed.

One of the reasons for the Russian destruction of these towns and the rigorous treatment of civilians is given by the correspondent when discussing the fate of Goldap. The Russians believed that the German civilians were operating an enormous spy system and there can be little doubt that this is true. For years East Prussians have been preparing for a Russian invasion and the civilians have been elabora' y instructed as to how they might impede his advance and convey news of their own troops. Therefore when the Russians occupied Goldap the first thing they did was to destroy the electric lighting plant for they believed it was used for signaling purposes. Other parts of the city were destroyed when they left and Goldap today must look very much like a Belgian country town. If the historian is to record the fact that there was wanton ruin and misery inflicted by the Russions upon East Prussia he will bear in mind that it was inflicted months after the Germans by their Belgian campaign had notified the world that they were not to be bound by any of the restrictions of civilized warfare and that for every innocent victim of the Cossacks in Germany there were a score or a hundred innocent victims of the Germans in Belgium, which was trying then to be a neutral and not a hostile country.

Girl of 1950—The young men of today are becoming too modern.

Other girl—What's the trouble?

Girl of 1950—Clarence refused to marry me unless I have the words that he shall obey omitted from the ceremony.

NO ALUM

MADE IN CANADA

Select Your

Wedding Jewelry

From Birks' Catalogue

Every piece of plain gild or gem set jewelry shown in our catalogue is exactly as described. In

Gem Set Rings of All Designs, Signet Rings and Wedding Rings

we can give the best qualities at exceedingly moderate prices. In Brooches, Pins, Bracelets and Necklets we can supply many rare values.

Write for our Catalogue.

Henry Birks & Sons, Ltd.
Jewelers and Silversmiths,
Vancouver, B. C.

Saturday Bargains

On Saturday Next, May 8, we are going to offer the public another Snap in Kitchen Necessities, consisting of:

WIRE GOODS, EGG BEATERS, TIN SCOOPS, TABLE MATS, STRAINERS, CAN OPENERS, TOASTERS, SINK STRAINERS, POTATO MASHERS, STOVE LIFTERS, CAKE TURNERS, TIN KETTLES, LOAF TINS, NICKLE PLATED TOWEL BARS, DUST PANS, CARVING KNIVES AND FORKS, BUTTER KNIVES AND SUGAR SHELLS, ETC., ETC.

Two Pieces for 25c

You will find these articles worth many times this price. Come early if you want first choice.

NOTHING SOLD BEFORE NINE O'CLOCK SATURDAY MORNING

Nelson Hardware Co.
BAKER STREET NELSON, B. C.

John Burns & Sons General Contractors and Builders
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY. NELSON PLANING MILLS.
VERNON STREET, NELSON, B.C.
Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock. Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
BOX 124. PHONE 178

Daily News Want Ads Get Results

Business Directory

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist. Box A1108, Nelson, B.C. Charges: Gold, silver, copper or lead, $1 each; gold-silver $1.50; silver-lead, $1.50. Other metals on application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO.—Opera blk.

WM. CUTLER AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and Provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Produce. Office and warehouse corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. box 1095; telephones 28 and 29.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE.

ARE YOU TAKING advantage of the reduced rates on your fire insurance offered by G. A. Hunter. If not see him before renewing. His companies are absolutely reliable.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO. Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors. Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, etc. Nelson, 516 Ward street, A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg., F. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

T. M. RIXEN, AUDITOR AND ACcountant. Room 15, K.W.C. Block.

DANCING.

MISS GLADYS ATTREE—Private lessons by appointment. Particulars of classes and prospectus on application Box 304.

LODGE NOTICES

KOOTENAY LODGE NO 16, I.O.O.F. —Meets every Monday night in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LODGE No. 16, I.O.O.F., meets first and third Tuesdays, Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT NO. 7, I.O. O.F.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall at 8 o'clock.

CANTON CORONA NO. 7—MEETS every second Tuesday in Oddfellows' hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEETS Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall, Eagle block.

C.O.F. Court Kootenay Belle, meets 4th Friday in K.P. hall, Eagle block.

A. O. F. COURT ELLEN—MEETS first and third Monday in Eagle hall at 8 o'clock.

CLAN JOHNSTONE, 212, MEETS IN I. O. O. F. hall first and third Fridays at 8 p.m.

NELSON LODGE NO. 5, B. P. O. E. —Meets first and third Thursdays at 8 p.m. in the Eagle hall. All sojourning members invited.

S. O. E.— Meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. hall at 8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-agent of the district of which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent of Sub-agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.— Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the last sitting of the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing complaints against the assessment for the year 1915 as made for the City of Nelson and the Nelson school district will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Wednesday the 19th day of May at 10 o'clock in the forenoo

W. E. WASSON,
Assessor.

Fresh From the Greenhouse
and Local Gardens.

LETTUCE
Lb. 35c
GREEN ONIONS
2 bunches 5c
RADISHES
2 bunches 5c
SPINACH
3 lbs. 25c
RHUBARB
4 lbs. 25c

Pure Cider Vinegar
From Sunny Okanagan.
Quart 25c
Gallon 75c
SALAD DRESSING
2 pks. 25c

Bell Trading Co.
BAKER STREET
The Home of Good Groceries

HOTEL ARRIVALS OF A DAY

THE HUME
A la Carte Table d'Hote
George Benwell, Prop.
Special Daily Lunch, 35c

HUME—F. J. Hacking and wife, Rossland; P. M. Hoffman, Seattle; A. J. Mesker, Midway; W. H. Crossley, Calgary; W. C. Bayley, J. Howard, Toronto; J. W. Wheeler, Summerland; J. A. Corley, Montreal; D. H. Musselman, Endecott, N.Y.; H. C. Young, Vancouver; J. T. Russell, Capt. Vaughan, Russells Landing; Dr. Yeld, Mrs. Hamilton, Edgewood; R. H. Ewart, J. J. Campbell, T. Boles, C. W. Applyard, Mr. and Mrs. J. McGregor, W. J. Meagher, J. J. Devlin, City; W. W. Birley, Vancouver; H. H. Heath, W. H. Harvey, Toronto.

The Strathcona
James Marshall, Prop.

STRATHCONA—D. Matheson, Silver King mine; Mrs. P. E. Hall, Everett, Wash; Mrs. G. L. Thompson, Bonnington Falls; J. Bresnahan, Spokane; J. Weir, Tagham; Mr. and Mrs. I. Palmer, Seattle; E. H. Smith, City; C. J. O'Connell, A. Gilmer, Toronto; K. S. Chapman, Montreal; D. Bridgewater, Winnipeg; Mrs. M. Martin, Saskatoon; M. K. Bremner, Regina; C. Sturrock, Vancouver.

Queen's Hotel
Steam Heat in Every Room
Business Lunch, 35c.
Rates: $1.50 and $2.00 Day

QUEENS—A. T. Fraser, Silverton; J. M. Rae and wife, Slocan; J. C. Davis, B. E. Grove, W. E. Brough, Northport; R. V. Bishop, Kaslo; F. Jane Battey, Harrop.

Madden House
E. C. CLARKE
Cor. Baker and Ward Sts., Nelson

MADDEN—A. B. Carr Silverton; J. E. Gilmour, Lardo; D. E. Wick, Waneta; George A. Kennington, wife and son, England; W. Endacote, Koch's; R. Permel, Calgary.

Grand Central Hotel
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE
American and European Plans.
H. H. PITTS, Proprietor.

GRAND CENTRAL — M. Harvey, Slocan Junction; John Rose, Lethbridge; G. L. Allan Kevin, Mo.; James Rogers, Arrow Park.

Doctor—Do you suffer from morning headaches?

Debutante—Certainly I suffer. If I enjoyed them as I do a highball, I certainly shouldn't have consulted you.

The Growing Girls' Shoe

Made with the low heel and nice broad toe. The shoe for *comfort for growing girls.*

R. Andrew & Co.
Leaders in Foot Fashion.

Ask for a ticket with your purchase. Pair of $5.00 shoes given away each week.

TONE UP YOUR SYSTEM

This is the time of the year when a great many people require a tonic for their health's sake. Some resort to medicine and the doctor's advice, while others desire a much-needed rest.

For the benefit of those who are seeking relaxation from work and worry we invite you to The Springs. The medicinal value of the waters are unrivalled and will put you in shape to resume your labors, whatever they may be. Every care and comfort will be given you during your stay at the Sanitarium.

Come and be convinced.

Rates: $12 and $15 per week, or $2 per day and upwards.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium
WM. BOYD, Proprietor.
Halcyon Arrow Lakes

Nelson House
European Plan
W. A. WARD, Proprietor
CAFE—Open Day and Night—BAR
Merchants' Lunch 12 to 2
Phone 97 P.O. Box 597

NELSON—M. C. Hunt, Christina lake.

New Grand Hotel
Best Place in Town.
$1.00 a day up.

NEW GRAND—S. Todd, Fraser Mills; Mrs. B. Zocolo, Italy.

Hotel Castlegar
Castlegar, B.C. W. H. Gage, Prop.
All modern. First class accommodation for drummers. Rossland to Nelson train stops daily for dinner. Boundary train leaves at 9:10 o'clock Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Kootenay Falls Hotel
SOUTH SLOCAN
Beautiful location; anglers' paradise. Rates, $2 per day. Special week-end rate to members of Kootenay and Slocan Rivers Anglers Association, $1.50 per day.
Ch. Gansner, Proprietor.

Make it a point to spend your week-end at the Hotel of Comfort—

Arrow Lake Hotel
EDGEWOOD, B. C.

ARROW LAKES HOTEL—John Bangs, John McIntosh, Fire Valley; R. Pearnel, W. Newell, Calgary; C. W. Hartland, Fauquier.

ROSSLAND HOTELS

The Hotel Allan
Comfortable Rooms—Splendid Table.
SMITH & BELTON, Proprietors.

HOTEL ALLAN—G. W. Benny, R. C. French, H. S. Lepage, Nelson; T. L. Hammer, Seattle; Frank R. Burney, *C. E. Bennett Spokane; H. Glenn,* G. E. Trainor, W. A. Foote, Nelson; E. W. Hutton, B. W. Jones, R. Armstrong, Vancouver; T. W. White, Salt Lake; W. Peterson, M. Connolly, Revelstoke.

SLOCAN NEWS

SLOCAN CITY, B. C., May 6.—P. Swan went up to Twelve-Mile with a crew of men on Monday to do government road work. It is expected that this work will last for some time.

Mrs. W. H. Pinchbeck came home from the Rambler-Cariboo mine on Monday.

Kootenay and Boundary

THREE FERNIE MEN ON CASUALTY LIST

H. Melarkey Was Attached to Quebec Rifles—J. Stewart and P. Robinson Are Wounded

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., May 6.—H. Melarkey of Coal Creek received telegraphic advice on Tuesday that his son Hugh *Melarkey had* been killed in the recent action in which the Canadians participated. Mr. Melarkey, Jr., left Fernie with the first overseas contingent and was attached to the Quebec rifles, with which regiment he was with when killed. *Advice has also been received* in this city that two other members of the Fernie first contingent have been wounded, they being Corp. J. Stewart of Coal Creek and Pte. P. Robinson, Fernie, both of whom were attached to the 5th Royal Highlanders of Montreal.

J. J. Martin left on Tuesday for the coast.

J. Skilling and J. McGladdery have been appointed volunteer firemen.

Miss C. Dryburgh of Medicine Hat is visiting her aunt, Mrs. William Skilling.

TRAIL NEWS.

(Special to The Daily News.)

TRAIL, B. C., May 6.—The late Angus Macauley, a Kootenay-Boundary oldtimer, who has been a resident in the district for the past 25 years, was buried here today in the city cemetery. He was formerly a member of the Rossland Miners' union. Rev. J. A. Hackney officiated.

W. Carpenter and W. N. Martin are underpinning and painting Mr. Stimell's residence on Cedar avenue.

A regular meeting of the city council was held Monday. The following water applications were granted: McQuarrie & Robertson, F. Altobelli, Angelo Ludovici.

G. F. Weir addressed the council, offering the use of part of lot 14, block 30, at the corner of Tamarac avenue, in consideration of the council allowing that part of his garden which is *on Green avenue to remain as at present.* The matter was laid over for consideration.

Permission was given to the board of works to purchase rock required for streets.

The matter of the water running on Mr. Morley's property was referred to the board of works.

The examination of the foundations of the city cottage occupied by Miss Bloomer was referred to the board of works.

The matter of the sidewalk in front of W. Leins' property on Victoria street was referred to the board of works.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid: M. Wilmes, $30; Trail News, $14.50; C. A. Broderick, $5; pay roll, $513.50; salaries, $313; Trail Grocery company, $9.65; J. R. Randall, $366.88; F. G. Quinby, $38.95; Office Specialty company, $5.70; R. J. Campbell, $18.25; schools, $819.45; total, $2,034.88.

A. S. Morley is the relieving agent at the smelter depot in the absence for some weeks of G. R. Thomson.

NEW DENVER NEWS

(Special to The Daily News.)

NEW DENVER, B. C., May 6.—Robert Johnstone, who has been a patient in the Slocan hospital for some months, returned to his home in Enderby Monday.

Mrs. Kincaid and daughter of Slocan are spending the week in town, the guests of Mrs. John Jewitt.

D. A. McKenzie of Sandon was a visitor in town Wednesday.

George O. Nesbitt visited Sandon Wednesday.

The meeting of the patriotic society Tuesday was largely attended. The tea served by Mesdames P. Angrignon, Jacobson, Cropp, Cook and Thompson netted $18.50. *It was decided at this* meeting to hold another linen day on May 18. A shipment of socks will be made on Tuesday, May 11. All socks are to be handed in to the secretary, Mrs. C. J. Campbell not later than Monday, May 10.

GREENWOOD POST OFFICE TO BE OPENED AT ONCE

(Special to The Daily News.)

GREENWOOD, B. C., May 6.—William Henderson of Victoria is inspecting the new post office building. The postmaster has received orders to move in immediately.

D. McPherson, Canadian Pacific railway agent, is spending a month in St. Louis. He is being relieved by C. L. Jeanes of Trail.

John Manson died in Elgin, Scotland, last month from tuberculosis. At one time he was on the office staff of the British Columbia Copper company in this city.

Creel Lodge
SOUTH SLOCAN
Famous Fishing Chalet
OPEN MAY 1
For Rates and Particulars Apply
O. W. HUMPHREY, Manager
Phone A171

CRANBROOK AUTO CLUB ENJOYS RUN

Annual Meeting Is Held at Wasa—Grant Made to Canadian Patriotic Fund.

CRANBROOK, B.C., May 6.—The fourth annual meeting of the Cranbrook District Automobile association was held Wednesday evening, with beautiful weather prevailing, when the association accepted the invitation of its honorary president, N. Hanson, to meet at Wasa, B.C., as his guests. Some 31 cars, each with a complement of passengers, made the trip to Wasa, *where they were right royally entertained.* Mr. Hanson brought with him the Cranbrook band and an orchestra. The band wagon was among the first to arrive and the members took their places on the stand erected for the occasion and with their music joined in the welcome to the cars as they arrived at this picturesque little summer resort on Kootenay river.

The hotel was nicely decorated outside and in with welcome lanterns and flags.

Dr. J. H. King, vice-president of the association, called to order the fourth annual business meeting. The secretary's financial report showed receipts for the year together with balance from previous year at $226.20, the expenditure being $25.45, leaving a bank balance of $200.25. A recess for receipt of membership fees brought in 42 paid up members. Election of officers resulted as follows:

Hon. president, N. Hanson; president, J. R. McCreery; vice-president, Dr. F. W. Green; secretary-treasurer, W. H. Wilson; executive, J. P. Kirk, A. C. Bowness, G. P. Stevenson; J. D. McBride, George Hoggarth, Fred Wasson, E. A. Hill.

The question of a clubhouse at Green *bay on Moyie lake came under much* discussion. While the club had for some time looked forward to the time when it could have a club house such as proposed, yet it was the concensus of opinion that under the circumstances and owing to the war it was not a time to indulge in luxuries and that for this year the club house should be abandoned. A motion carried unanimously authorizing the handing over of $200 to the officers of the Patriotic fund.

The matter of pennants for cars was left over to another year.

Those Attending.

The following car owners and their guests were in attendance the first mentioned being car driver:

Mayor A. C. Bowness and wife, W. J. Atchison and wife, Miss Stanton, Miss Whitehead.

J. R. McCreery, Martin McCreery, G. McCreery, H. B. Hicks, J. Arnold.

George Hoggarth, Miss Wellman, H. H. Bourne and wife.

Major C. H. Pollen, Capt R. D. Davies, Miss Hewitt, J. Miller and wife.

E. Patterson, D. M. Cowan, M. Quain, Dr. F. B. Miles.

J. D. McBride, R. S. Garrett, W. F. Attridge, Fred Pye, E. Cooper.

F. Swinton, Ald. G. R. Leask, Lionel Leask, Charles Porter, Miss Hickenbotham.

Arthur Moran, J. Ketteringham, W. W. Scott, J. R. Thompson, N. Thompson, H. Palmer, E. H. Reid, G. Patmore, Noel Wallinger, A Schenez, T. Schenez, C. Duckering, A. Bochatey, J. Elliott.

N. Hanson, Mrs. Donahoe, Mrs. Wallinger, Mrs Lister, Bert Parker, Percy Parker, R. J. Binning, F. M. Macpherson.

A. B. Macdonald, Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. Miles, Mrs. Beale, Mrs Nisbit.

J. P. Fink and wife, Mrs. H. Giegerich and Miss Giegerich of Kaslo.

L. Fisher, Percy Adams and wife, Miss Attwood, Miss Reid.

E. A. Hill and wife, W. Halsall and wife, P. Mouison.

George Leitch and Charles Wend.

W. H. Wilson and wife, H. A. McKavan and wife, D. A. Sutherland and wife.

Fred Wasson and wife, Joseph Woodman and wife.

E. H. L. Attree, Mr. and Mrs. Benson, Miss Johnson.

W. Walsh, Charles Edwards, Miss Edwards, Mrs. Madden.

John Taylor, Misses G. and R. Mathers, Mrs. E. Johnson, George Lockhart.

George Stevenson and wife.

P. Matheson and Ira Manning.

W. Greaves, James Greaves, Elliott Crowe, Harry Reid.

Dr. F. W. Green and wife and Miss Green.

Dr. J. H. Green and wife and Miss Williams.

H. J. Goode and wife, J. M. Christie and wife, Miss Christie.

Lester Clapp and wife, Miss B. Brown, Lloyd Crowe, Miss Park.

Norman Gardner, Miss McIntosh, Miss Hurd.

E. H. Attree and wife.

From Fort Steele—J. Tannhauser, Mrs. Mathers, Miss Mathers, Mrs. Howard, A. B. Fenwick and wife, F. Binmore and wife, Miss Roberts.

From Kimberley—H. Drew, Mrs. McMahon, J. B. Henderson and wife, H. P. Hope, D. McFarlane, Alex. Taylor and wife, Miss Taylor, Jessie Kennedy, Prest Lewis.

Others from Cranbrook—E. Doolan, *G. Martin, James Martin, J. McEwan,* T. F. Boiston.

Gus Erickson arrived by track motor over the Kootenay Central.

A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Hanson and the hotel management for their hospitality. Those in attendance at the meeting afterward joined the dancers.

At a meeting of the Cranbrook Rifle association held Tuesday evening G. P. Tisdale was elected president to fill the chair of A. H. Webster who has *left the city.*

The officers of the patriotic fund have sent to the Cranbrook boys at the front 200 boxes containing each a package of tobacco, package of cigarettes, cigarette papers and matches.

Chief Constable Wellesly of Fernie spent Tuesday in this city.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Women's auxiliary will give a dance on May 17, the proceeds to go toward paying the insurance of the members of the order who are serving at the front.

George Hayes of Wasa is in town for a few days.

ROSSLAND NEWS.

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., May 6.—W. French of Nelson has been appointed master mechanic in the Le Roi No. 2 mine.

A meeting of the Rossland curlers is called for Monday night in the court house to discuss the building of a new curling rink.

Albert Hirst of Parksville is in the city visiting his aunt, Mrs. N. Michaely.

Mrs. McNaughton entertained friends at her home Wednesday night in honor of her sister, Miss Kathleen Fraser of Revelstoke. Five hundred was played.

After the regular meeting of the Pythian Sisters last evening a social was held.

Reginald Campbell of Trail spent the day in the city. Mr. Campbell, who enlisted with the first contingent, is home on sick leave.

G. M. Benney, roadmaster superin*tendent for this district, is in the city* today.

Mrs. Douglas of Trail is a visitor in the city today.

The funeral of the late Alex Linna will take place at 4:30 on Friday afternoon *from the undertaking parlors.*

The road leading out to Ben Shaw's ranch is being repaired and will soon be in good shape for motoring. L. A. Campbell, M. P. P., was out inspecting the road yesterday.

George Waistell has resigned as manager of the brewery. John Petroni will take his place.

Dan McGillivray has returned from the coast.

William Stewart, an old time Rosslander, is in the city.

On Wednesday the quarterly official board of the Methodist church held its monthly meeting at which considerable business of importance was transacted. Reports for the conference year, which ended on April 31 were read from the *different departments of the church.* They showed that the church has had one of the best years in its history, being able to meet all financial obligations incurred during the year. Possibly the best report was that of the Sunday school, which showed an average increase in attendance over 1914 of 30 scholars per Sunday, the average attendance during the year being 135.

G. T. Moir was elected a delegate to attend both the district and the general conferences, which will be held in Rossland and New Westminster respectively this month. Edward Job was elected an alternate.

Votes of thanks were passed to the various officers connected with the church and to the different departments for the able support which has been given during the year. A committee was appointed to interview the painters in town to see how much it will cost to renovate the church throughout. As soon as this committee reports steps will be taken to make the desired improvements to the church building.

PHOENIX MAN IS FINED FOR BEATING AUSTRIANS

Roy McGew Pays Ten Dollars and Costs—Notes of Phoenix and District

(Special to The Daily News.)

PHOENIX, B. C., May 6.—Roy McGew was up before the magistrate on Wednesday to answer a charge of creating a disturbance in the Queen's hotel. It is alleged that when the police arrived Mr. McGew was en*gaged in man-handling a couple of* Austrians, one of whom will not be a fit subject for a photographic studio for some time to come. The accused pleaded guilty and was fined $10 and costs.

William Murray, who has been a patient at the Grand Forks hospital for the past 10 days, returned home Tuesday night.

Edna Swanson of Curlew is the guest of Mrs. Charles Campbell.

Mrs. T. C. Peck of Midway was in town on Monday.

J. E. Thompson returned to town on Tuesday from the coast.

S. Mathews of Grand Forks was in town Wednesday.

Frank Tunney and M. Michelson left on Wednesday for Butte, Mont.

W. N. Perkins, city clerk, left on Thursday for Rossland, where he expects to remain about a week.

James Summers, a Phoenix oldtimer, left on Thursday for the coast.

ADVERTISING SIGNS SPOIL BEAUTY OF COUNTRYSIDE

(Special to The Daily News.)

CEDAR POINT, B. C., May 6.—At *the last monthly meeting of the Willow* Point Women's institute the following resolution was carried unanimously:

"That the members of the Willow Point Women's institute protest against the placing of advertisements along the road to the detriment of the natural beauties of the countryside."

WOUNDED CRANBROOK MAN FOUGHT IN BOER WAR

Pte. David Glenday Refused on Account of Age But Fought All the Same

(Special to The Daily News.)

CRANBROOK, B. C., May 6.—Pte. David Glenday, 33 years old, wounded in the recent heavy fighting in France, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Glenday of this city. The day war was declared he went from Detroit to Windsor, Ont., and enlisted with the Essex fusiliers. Prior to the Boer war, *a ad of 17 years, he was training at* his own expense one day a week with the yeomanry in Dundee, Scotland. Both in England and Scotland he tried to enlist but was refused on account of his youth. Six months later he went with a cattle boat to St. Helena with provisions for Boer prisoners and from there went with the boat to Capetown, where he succeeded in enlisting with the 2nd Imperial light horse under Col. McKenzie. His horse was three times shot from under him but he came through unscratched.

His most recent letter home, written April 11, said thanks to the Canadian government they had all possible comforts and he was returning to the trenches that night. He has a brother, William, with a Scottish regiment and a brother, Charles, with the home guards at Malton, England.

A Shower of Dainty

New Parasols

A WELCOME SHOWER—BRINGING A NEW AND PRETTY PARASOL FOR EVERY WOMAN. OUR COLLECTION IS LARGE AND COMPRISES A GREAT NUMBER OF EXCEEDINGLY CLEVER NOVELTIES. SOME OF THE SHAPES ARE QUITE ODD AND DISTINCTIVE; OTHERS FOLLOW MORE CONSERVATIVE LINES.

COLORS AND COLOR-COMBINATIONS ARE VARIED, AND A WIDE RANGE OF GOOD LOOKING HANDLES IS OFFERED FOR YOUR SELECTION.

YOU CAN EASILY AFFORD A NEW PARASOL AT THESE PRICES.

Children's Parasols

In Cotton and Silk, showing many charming novelties. Sizes for girls from 2 to 10 years, at

35c to $1.00 Each

Ladies' Parasols

In Fancy Cotton Crepe, All Silk and Silk Mixtures. Some Plain Colors, some Flowered and others with Border Effects, at

$1.00 to $6.50 Each

MEAGHER & CO.
THE STORE FOR STYLE THE STORE FOR QUALITY

ANTI-AIRSHIP GUNS

(By W. S. Babcock.)

One of the great advantages possessed by zeppelins and other aircraft is the difficult mark they make for cannon.

A cannon of sufficient power to reach an airship cannot be elevated appreciably. Thus, the range at which its shell might reach the airship would be so great as to make it very improbable that the ship would be hit. With high power mortars, on the other *hand, the velocity is so low that there* is very little chance of striking a high speed airship.

To overcome this trouble, a number of balloon guns or anti-airship guns have been invented. Most of these guns are of fairly small caliber, have a very high initial velocity, and are so mounted that they may be tilted upward at a great angle. The velocity enables the shot to reach its mark before the mark has moved out of range.

The type most approved and most widely adopted at present is a cannon of high velocity mounted on a pedestal on the rear part of a strong auto chassis. It is fulcrumed on the top of the pedestal so that it may be swung *to an almost vertical position,* and at the same time, turned around the pedestal in a complete circle. Thus it may be fired at an airship approaching from any direction and continue to fire at it after it passes (unless the shots strike their mark and bring the ship down before it passes). The inclination, of course, enables it to fire high enough to reach the airship. As yet, there are not many of these in use. But their number is being steadily increased. With large numbers of them in use, the air men will be in far greater danger than at present, and the scouting expeditions of the airships will be greatly hampered.

Thus, once more, the old saying "necessity is the mother of invention" is amply demonstrated. In fact a great *many wonderful inventions have* already been contrived to meet the unprecedented conditions of this world war and many more will be continually brought forth.

Defense against submarines is a *great field for such inventions and it* is altogether probable that we may hear of some wonderful submarine destroyer before the war is very much older, just as the other wonderful inventions have come to light every little while.

CANADIANS SAVED GERMAN'S LIFE

Lance-Corp. Woodruffe of the 2nd *battalion said:*

"Friday morning last during the fighting around Ypres a German soldier left a trench immediately facing us and walked toward that in which we were located, at the same time *holding his hand in the air.* In broken English he shouted to us to surrender, and walking towards us until he came quite near he continued to shout his summons for surrender until our boys were quite tickled. We invited him to join us, but as he did not seem inclined to accept our invitation we shouted to him to go back. He turned around and we gave him opportunity to return safely to his comrades. Then the firing began anew."

COWAN'S Perfection COCOA

It's what's inside the cup that counts.

Markets - Mining - Finance

LATE RECOVERY FOLLOWS DECLINE

Foreign Situation Is Less of Depressing Factor in New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The foreign situation was less of a depressing factor in today's market but trading was subject to some restraint and irregular price changes. In the course of the early decline leading stocks went as low or lower than at yesterday's close but general improvement was shown in the final dealings, the movement being concurrent with semi-official advices which suggested some reduction of the strain between Austria and Italy. In the main the day's operations were professional, the trading element veering from the long to the short account and back again with much rapidity.

United States Steel, Canadian Pacific and other shares in the international list were offered at moderate amounts for London and the continent.

Foreign interests bought lightly of the coppers which led to the late recovery.

News bearing upon the general financial situation included the virtual completion of negotiations for a $50,000,000 loan to Argentine, half to be taken by British bankers, a pronounced strength in foreign exchange, which was attributed to further selling of American stocks for the foreigners and improvement in railroad and labor conditions.

The bond market was easier with some recurrent selling of low priced issues. Total sales, par value, $3,755,000.

PRODUCE.

MONTREAL PROVISIONS.

MONTREAL, May 6.—Cheese: Finest westerns, 17¼ at ½; finest easterns, 16¾ at 17.

Butter: Choicest creamery, 30¼ at ½; seconds, 29½ at 30.

Eggs: Fresh, 22 at 23; selected, 24 at 25.

Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 28; short cut back, 27½.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SPECIAL TRAIN

Nelson - Castlegar

SUNDAY

May 9

Leave Depot 8:30 A.M.

Tickets at Depot or City Office.

J. S. CARTER,
Dist. Pass. Agent.

There is no habit more easily formed than the habit of saving. If you have not already acquired the habit do so now by opening a savings account.

One dollar opens an account in our Savings Department.

Established 1875.

Head Office, Toronto, Ont.
Capital (paid up) ..$7,000,000
Reserve Fund $7,000,000
Peleg Howland, President
Elias Rogers, Vice-President
Edward Hay, Gen. Manager.
Nelson Branch
F. M. D. Benson, Manager.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HUGE ORE SAMPLE BROUGHT TO NELSON

Alfred Baglow States the Early Bird and Other Ainsworth Mines Are Prospering.

Alfred Baglow brought in to Nelson from his mine, the Early Bird at Ainsworth, a 300-lb. piece of silver-zinc ore taken from a lead 4 feet wide which he stated went $73 to the ton. The carrier is galena and Baglow says he has recently drifted and found a new lead wider and better than the one his sample is from.

Six shipments have been made to the Trail smelter. One of the assay sheets showed from a total of 149,970 pounds, 19,279 pounds lead and 14,974 ounces in silver. A test of 49,358 pounds dry weight ore gave 23,050 pounds lead and 165 35-100 ounces silver.

The Early Bird is in the hillside and the tunnel mouth is at the lake shore. The ore is loaded on scows without having to be carried.

Mr. Baglow reports encouragingly of operations at Ainsworth. At the 200-foot level in the Florence a lead 10 feet wide has been found. There is talk of a mill being put up at the Florence. The island is working.

ALICE AT SLOCAN TO AGAIN BE WORKED

New York and New Jersey Capital Stated to Be Behind Alice and Patterson Claims.

SLOCAN CITY, B. C., May 6.—J. C. Dalglish of Patterson, N. J., has interested some New York and New Jersey capital in the Alice and Patterson mineral claims on Springer creek. A crew of men is now at work erecting cabins for the accommodation of miners. As soon as the cook house and bunk house are completed a crew of men will begin development work. This property has had considerable development work done in years gone by and has a showing of good ore. Some of the representatives of the company are expected here within a few days.

J. T. Tipping has secured a three years' lease and bond on the Black Prince and Two Friends group of mineral claims, which is situated on the divide between Lemon and Springer creeks. A crew of men will be put to work just as soon as the roads will permit of a pack train getting in to the property.

METALS.

METAL QUOTATIONS.

NSEW YORK, May 6.—The metal exchange quoted lead at 4.17½; spelter unquoted.

At London: Lead, £20 2s 6d; to £20 15s; spelter, £ 64 10s.

Copper, electrolytic, 19 casting, 18.50 at 18.55.

At London: Spot copper, £78 5s; futures, £79 15s.

Silver, 50.

At London: Silver, 23 9-16.

At St. Louis: Lead 4.07½.

At Montreal: Lead, 5.18.

GRAIN.

CLOSING GRAIN PRICES.

WINNIPEG, May 6.—Wheat: Close: May, $1.63⅝; July, $1.60⅝; Oct., $1.24.

Oats: May, 63¼; July, 64¼.

Minneapolis: Wheat: May, $1.56⅜; July, $1.51¾; Oct., $1.20¾.

Chicago: Wheat: May, $1.60½; July, $1.33¼; Oct., $1.23⅞.

MRS. MELTON'S LETTER

To Tired, Worn-out Mothers.

Jackson, Miss.—I shall feel repaid for writing this letter if I can help any tired, worn-out mother or housekeeper to find health and strength as I have.

"I have a family of five, sew, cook and do my own housework and I became very much run down in health. A friend asked me to try Vinol. I did so and now I am well and strong and my old time energy has been restored. Vinol has no superior as a tonic for worn-out, run-down, tired mothers or housekeepers."—Mrs. J. N. Melton, Jackson, Miss.

Wm. Rutherford, Druggist, Nelson, B.C.

The Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper and Lead Ores

TRAIL BRAND PIG LEAD AND BLUESTONE.

Sullivan Drills Are Better

than other drills because they drill faster and cost less to operate and keep up

WRITE FOR BULLETINS 66-H AND 66-L

AGENTS:

THE NELSON IRON WORKS, Limited

OVER THOUSAND TONS WERE SHIPPED

Statement Given of Ore and Concentrates Shipments From Mines of District During April.

Shipments of zinc ore and concentrates over the Canadian Pacific line from mines of Kootenay and Boundary into the United States for April totaled 1,120 tons.

The mines that shipped were: Hewitt, Silverton, 120 tons; Rambler-Cariboo, 245; H. B., Salmo, 273; Surprise, Sandon, 442; Whitewater, 40. None of these mines shipped during April, 1914. The Van Roi and Standard, Silverton, shipped in April last year 127 and 440 tons, respectively.

MUCH WORK DONE ON MINERAL CLAIMS

During Last Month Many Transfers and Certificates of Work Issued

From the mining recorder's office for Nelson mining division the following information of claims recorded, work certified and transfer of mineral claims was secured:

Claims recorded are: Clyde Fraction, Porcupine creek, by John A. Campbell; Good Hope, Bird creek, E. H. Records; Last Chance, Deer creek, by J. Smith; Bella Devlin, La France creek, by Ida E. Willson; M. H., Hennessy mountain, by Ovid E. Paulin; M. W., Hennessy mountain, by J. J. Hennessy and Martin Woldson; L. B. and J. H., Wild Horse creek, by C. E. Desrosiers and J. J. Hennessy; Carlo, Bird creek, by J. A. Gilker; Mountain View, near Mountain station, Ben Lawson; Glenwood, Hall siding, by Arthur A. Mintle; Surprise and Deer Point, Hall Siding, Daniel W. Henley; South View No. 1, near Hall Siding, Robert Hudson; South Point, near Hall Sidinw, Harry Gilby; South Point No. 2, near Hall Siding, Robert Hudson; Fernwood, near Hall Siding, Andrew Peterson.

Transfers of mineral claims during April and this month todate included: Edward Peters to Annie R. Peters, Nelson, three-quarter interest of Telegraph and Royal Flush, Copper mountain, one-half interest of Mount Hecla, Golden Nugget, Golden Eagle, Protector and Jay Eye See, Wild Horse creek, whole of Anaconda; Charles E. Wilson to J. M. Harrison, Salmo, one-quarter interest in Southern Belle.

Certificates of work were issued to the following: Gambol, Beasley, to John Smallwood; Monmouth, Standard, Cracker Jack, near Erie, to S. L. Myers; Gold Key, Hennessy mountain, to J. J. Hennessy; Reciprocity, Blue Elephant, Erraridge, Deer creek, to W. R. Salisbury; Humming Bird, Whiskey creek, to John Gallahan; Iona Fraction, Porcupine creek, to Andrew Burgess; M. H., Hennessy mountain, to Ovid E. Paulin; M. W., Hennessy mountain, to J. J. Hennessy; Rika Fractional, Beaver creek, to Joseph Carvon; E. L. Cubre Fractional, Sandy creek, to M. Egan; Vista, Golden Horseshoe, Cottonwood creek, to R. W. Hinton; Mohican, Salmo, to J. H. Dunn; Black Hawk, nine miles west of Nelson, to William Allan; Baby Fraction, to N. Desharnais; Commodore, I. X. L., Bonanza, Wild Horse creek, to Ovid E. Paulin; Idaho, Dundee mountain, to Ovid E. Paulin; Devlin Lode, Florence, to John G. Devlin; Pearl, Pearl Fraction, Sandy creek, to Harry Rippin; Rio Linto, Salmon river, to James Quayle.

LEASED PROPERTY AT DEER CREEK

W. R. Salisbury Acquires Leases on Several Mines at Sheep and Deer Creek

W. R. Salisbury has taken 15-month leases on a number of mining properties in the Deer creek and Sheep creek districts during the last few weeks.

From H. M. Billings and P. F. Horton he leased the Hudson Bay; from P. F. Horton, H. M. Billings, J. A. Benson, S. N. Ross he leased the Leadville, H. B., and Canyon, Deer creek; from H. M. Billings and P. F. Horton the Garnet, Zincton and Black Jack.

MAY GET OPTION TO PURCHASE CLAIM

M. A. Merrill Vancouver, to Inspect Two Molybdenite Properties

Merton A. Merrill of Vancouver has acquired the right to inspect the Molybdenite, Molybdenite No. 1, Bromyrite and Bromyrite King properties. If the inspection is satisfactory he may secure an option for purchase.

The persons he secured these privilege from are Sidney N. Ross, Jessie Ross, J. A. Benson, Salmo; Harry C. Bennett, Loleta; and B. Bennett, Nelson.

MONTREAL STOCKS RALLY UNDER NEW YORK INFLUENCE

MONTREAL, May 6.—Local stocks rallied quietly today under the influence of a better market in New York. In contrast with the almost unbroken list of losses at the close on Wednesday net gains ranging from 1 to 2 points were marked up among most of the active issues.

The close was steady at the best prices of the day. No great activity accompanied the rally. Bridge, Car, Scotia and Iron were the outstanding features of the trading. Bridge gained a point during the day and closed at 131. Scotia rose to 68 and 68½. Iron rose to a new high and closed at 29. Car rose to 70 and closed at the best. Steel of Canada was sold at 15.

Except for $35,000 Canadian Pacific notes which sold at 103½, unlisted securities were inactive.

A NATURALIST'S RAMBLES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Fauna and Flora Above Timberline

(By Prof. Arthur Lakes.)

The fauna and flora of the tops of high mountains or the zone above timber line, or limit of tree growth, which varies in different regions from 10,000 to 12,000 feet above sea level, have often much in common, the conditions of their existence, life, environment and growth being regulated by those of climate and latitude. Thus we find many of the peculiar plants and some of the animals on the tops of the Rockies, 12,000 to 14,000 feet above sea level that we do just above sea level in the Arctic zone, such as at Spitzbergen, Iceland and Labrador; high latitudes being on a climatic level with high altitudes. We find glaciers at sea level in Alaska which in the Alps and other high mountain regions we look for near the mountain tops. As we ascend from the valley or high plateau region of 4,000 to 5,000 feet above the sea, as in Colorado, we enter a sub-Alpine zone of tree and plant growth, and above that an Alpine zone to timberline at 11,000 feet, more or less. The remaining zone to the summit is sub-Arctic or Arctic, characterized by plants, flowers and animals more or less peculiar to the Arctic regions. A climatic line drawn from the summit of the Rocky mountains would hit the Arctics at sea level. So from Denver, for example, instead of fitting out a perilous expedition to the North Pole for natural history research you can go to the Arctics in a day by train and horseback climb to the summit of any one of our high mountains, 14,000 feet, and return the same night or next morning, and if you are a botanist you will find very much the same classes of plants and flowers as you would in the Arctic zone around the poles and possibly get a glimpse of some of the peculiar Arctic fauna. Climatic changes and conditions are the main factors in the existence of animal and vegetable life. Thus, we know from finding beds of coal showing fossil leaf impressions of semi-tropical or temperate zone vegetation in northern Alaska and in the Arctic zone that these regions once enjoyed a very different climate to the present one. Such climatic changes may have been caused by geological upheavals or depressions or by astronomical variations.

Plant Changes With Altitude

As you rise from the sub-Alpine to the Alpine zone in the Rockies there is a gradual, almost imperceptible change, plants begin to dwarf and flowers to change or lose their colors. Thus in Colorado the graceful mauve and white Rocky mountain columbine gradually changes from pale lavender to white as if bleached and the plants become stunted, though the flowers retain their size. The scarlet paintbrush, or castilleia of the high Denver plains as it enters the sub-Alpine zone changes to a pale purple or salmon red and when it reaches the Alpine to a pale sulphur yellow or cream color.

Not only do the colors change and take on paler hues but the plants show a tendency to dwarf. Many of the flowering plants and so called flowering "mosses" above timber line that seem to be peculiar species, are only dwarfed varieties of those at a lower altitude. Trees also show a tendency to dwarf. There is a little willow called "salex arctua," or Arctic willow, growing above timber line with a trunk about six inches high from which hangs a catkin nearl yas long as the tree. Quite a good size sunflower also abounds in the Arctic or above timber line zone on a stem quite out of proportion to the flower.

As you near timber line, varieties of the pine family, such as spruces and others, become stunted in height, and the trunk splits up into two or three limbs from the base, or stock, which is abnormally large and sends out long roots like struggling serpents gripping the loose stones. Trunks, branches and roots are gnarled and knotted and the foliage thin. As we advance the trees assume still more fantastic forms, like writhing pythons or dragons and throw back bleached and withered arms as if fleeing from some terrible foe descending from the top of the mountain. These weird and ghastly skeletons represent the vanguard of tree life that has perished in the battle with windstorm, snow and frost. At last unable to stand up any longer and face the foe they crawl along the ground and what were trees appear as thick bushes of tangled brush and scrubby foliage so dense, as often to afford a welcome shelter for someone who has been caught by a snow storm or may have to pass the night in this inclement zone. A few steps more and we are beyond all signs of tree life to the summit. The ground is clothed with moss and turf through which break outcrops of volcanic rock and on which lie patches of perpetual snow.

This peculiar region from 11,000 to 14,000 feet above the sea has a singular charm from its etherial purity. The water that keeps its moss and plants a vivid green is fresh from heaven in rain, hail and snow, uncontaminated by dust of city or plain, from which issue the ice cold rivulets that nourish the brilliant flowers. The most notable of these is a handsome primrose of a deep majenta color on stems a foot or two high, rising from bright green succulent leaves. This beautiful flower is called Primula Parryi, or Doctor Parry, the great botanist's primrose. It would be well worthy of a greenhouse, like the orchids, if it could be made to grow away from its natural habitat of snow-fed rivulets.

The turf abounds in minute flowers of all colors, many of them dwarfed forms of those lower down the mountain. Some no doubt are of purely Arctic origin, brought down by the ice sheet in the glacial period. The turf is patched here and there with mats of so-called "flowering mosses," cerulean blue, white and pink. A conspicuous mat of tiny blue forget-me-nots is like a patch from the sky in its brilliant etherial beauty. Over these flowering mosses flit many small butterflies, among them a large greyish white butterfly with transparent, gauze-like wings, spotted with purple and black. This is happily named Apollo, the beauty of the Arctics, and is found in the Alps and many high mountain regions. A curious above timberline insect is the "Salt Lake cricket," black and about the size of a young mouse. It is so corpulent and clumbsy that when it tries to hop it rolls over down hill in a ludicrous manner. Under the loose stones at the top of the peak we have found quantities of dead locusts, whose bodies have probably lain there for years, preserved by the frost since the day when they were blown down by a storm and sought refuge under the loose stones, quickly to perish from cold. The highest living insect on top of the peak at 14,000 feet was a very active, enterprising little black spider. The summit of the peak of volcanic rock shows traces of lightning strokes, here and there being glazed with a thin coating as of glass, the electric fluid having partially vitrified the rock.

Fauna Above Timberline

Apart from bees, butterflies, crickets and other insects, the zone is not destitute of animal life which is peculiar to it and rarely met at lower levels. The principal animals are the marmot, or ground hog, the tailless coney, or "little chief hare," and the ptarmigan, or so-called mountain or white quail.

After emerging from timberline you may climb up into one of those amphitheatres, or "punch bowls," common to the summits of the high mountains, with a "tarn" or snow-fed lakelet of turquoise colored water lying in its lap and think yourself all alone.

But in this you are mistaken, for the solitude is quickly broken by a shrill whistle, repeated again and again until it is answered by other invisible whistlers. You look in vain for the authors till at last you locate the sound as issuing from the black muzzle of an animal just peeping above the edge of a rock and looking down at you. As you approach the muzzle disappears and a long, brown, flattish animal about the size of a cat with a long bushy tail backs slowly down the sloping rock into his hole, whistling vociferously as he goes and continuing the role long after he has disappeared below ground. This is the "marmot," "ground hog," or "whistler," the sentinel of the region, that promptly announces the intrusion of a stranger into the seclusion. His shrill notes call out those of the other denizens of the solitude and you are presently surrounded on all sides by a chorus of teasing little barks—cheep! cheep!—from invisible throats, and you catch sight of a little grey animal that might be a rat or a young rabbit as he runs to and mounts a rock on top of which he sits erect on his haunches, barking lustily until you draw near, when he disappears into his hole. This quaint little elf, very like a young rabbit, but wholly destitute of a tail, is known as the "tailless coney" or "little chief hare." He feeds on herbs and roots and has a snug little nest tucked away among the loose rocks in which I once found a couple of young ones. Both he and the marmot gather in and lay up succulent herbs, leaves and roots for winter consumption and bedding and hibernate till spring.

Ptarmigan

As you continue your exploration of

(Continued on Page Seven)

BOTHA'S STRATEGY IN SOUTHWEST AFRICA

The Northern Union force which is advancing into German Southwest Africa from Swakopmund, under Gen. Botha himself, has, according to recent news, carried out successfully a pretty piece of strategy. From Swakopmund the railway, after a wide sweep to the northeast, bends round to Windhoek, the capital of the colony and a chief object of the attack. Except for a small portion already gained by the northern force, the line was strongly held by the enemy. Gen. Botha flung out two brigades simultaneously to descend upon different parts of the line from the north and a third to commence an advance straight towards Windhoek across the desert, disregarding the curve of the railway. The force that attacked furthest up the line did not succeed in dislodging the Germans from their position, but prevented them from sending reinforcements down the line to the second point of attack, Pforteberg, which was captured with 200 prisoners, two machine guns and two field guns.

These diversions against the enemy and interruptions of his line of communication enabled the third force safely to penetrate 25 miles across the desert and drive the enemy from a strong position. That force, which has with it Gen. Botha and Col. Britz, who so distinguished himself in rounding up the rebels in the Union, is now encamped beside a well some 70 miles or so across the 180 miles of desert that separates Windhoek from Swakopmund, as the crow flies. It is, presumably, safeguarded from attack on its flank by the forces that have occupied the railway to the east of it and can continue its advance at its leisure. Meanwhile the second main attack on the colony from the west proceeds, with Luderitz, or, rather Angra Pequena, as its base; a third is being made from the Orange River on the south and the fourth, from British Bechuanaland on the east, has made some progress.

If all succeed in carrying out their purpose, the German army, in the centre of the colony will be beleaguered as surely as if it was in an invested city, even if it cannot be beaten by such a concerted attack from all sides as should then be possible.

GENERAL JOFFRE

Paul Huard, Gen. Joffre's life-long friend, whose friendship with the great commander has lasted 50 years, says Joffre is not like his photograph. He looks just like a good-natured farman. His temperament is characterised by infinite sweetness. His penetrating blue eyes are remarkably limpid. He has a healthy soul in a healthy body and possesses a good appetite. There is nothing cold in his character. He has been called taciturn, but the fact is that while he maintains a rigorous silence on military secrets he really is naturally expansive.' The mother of a private soldier who called him "Papa Joffre" the other day summed him up best. One thing is certain; he will win by the force of his sterling character alone. Towering ambitions he has none. His one object is to retire to the complete seclusion of country life after the war.

The Artist's Name

When an artist signs his pictures he does so because he is proud of his work.

The fact that it is to hand his name down to posterity is an incentive for him to do his best.

It is with this same feeling of pride that a merchant advertises his name or a manufacturer makes known his trade mark.

The very advertisement testifies not only to faith but to the fact that the advertisers are not afraid to put that faith to the test.

Their only reward can come through their ability to make good.

The man or business that advertises is the safe business to trade with.

Daily News Want Ads.

DAILY NEWS CLASSIFIED AD. RATES.

One cent a word per insertion, four cents a word per week, fifteen cents a word per month when cash accompanies the order. Otherwise one cent per word per insertion straight. No accounts opened for want ads. Minimum charge 25 cents. Notices of births, marriages, deaths and cards of thanks, 50c for first insertion, 25c for each subsequent insertion.

WANTED—Postmakers, general servant; boy of 15 or 16 for ranch; housekeeper for father and two children.

NELSON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—W. Parker, 309 Baker St.

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK.

FOR SALE—White Wyandotte eggs for setting from prize winning stock, $1.00 per setting. Apply H. Ross, care P. Burns & Co., or box 617. (628)

FOR SALE—Chester White pigs, seven weeks old $4.00; Mammoth bronze turkey eggs, $3.00 setting. Duncan ranch, Waneta. (678)

FOR SALE—Airedal Setter dog; retrieves as well in water as on land; price $15; satisfactory reason for selling Apply box 668, Daily News (668)

BABY CHICKS, ducklings and hatching eggs; poultry and fruit form paying combination. Catalogue forwarded on application. Charles Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver.

FOR SALE—White Leghorn setting eggs, $1 for 15. M. Campbell, box 166, Nelson. (689)

EGGS, $2.00 per 15; chicks, 25c each. Looks high, quality counts. White Orpingtons, W. Wyandottes, W. Leghorns. Let me know your wants. R. B. Hay, O.K. Bakery. (517)

TRAP-NESTED S.C. White Leghorns; Toulouse geese; Chalmers, Cherrums, B.C. (631)

EGGS FOR HATCHING — Barred Rocks, $1.50 per 15, express paid. T. Roynon, Somerset Poultry Yards, Nelson, B.C., Phone R393. (635)

S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS—It is not too late to hatch Leghorns for winter laying; mature quicker than any other breeds. Hatching eggs; chicks to order. Symms, Crescent Valley, B.C. (715)

WANTED—Two Ayrshire cows or part Ayrshire, not more than four years; must be cheap for cash. Mrs. E. Beresford, Blueberry creek. (717)

PLUMBNG AND HEATING.

E. K. STRACHAN, 120 Baker street, plumbers' supplies, estimates free; work guaranteed. Phone 262.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Twelve acre fruit and chicken ranch; ten cleared; six-room frame house; lots other buildings; water for all purposes. P.O. box 166, Nelson. (590)

FOR SALE CHEAP—One half interest in well established hotel and cafe business in Rossland. Ill health reason for owner having to sell. Apply for full particulars to Mae Dodson, Rossland, B.C. (558)

FOR SALE—12-stringed mandolin Address box 667, Daily News (667)

FOR SALE—Ten acre fruit ranch, four acres cleared and planted; 185 seven-year old trees, water for all purposes. P.O. box 166, Nelson (719)

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

RIDERS WANTED as agents for our high grade bicycles. Write for particulars to Thos. Plimley's Cycle Works Victoria, B.C. (630)

EXPERIENCED MOTOR MECHANIC wants work; understands all types of gasoline engines. Box 671, Daily News. (671)

MARRIED COUPLE (English, no children) want work on ranch Box 672, Daily News (672)

WANTED—By an English woman, a widow; position of trust, housekeeper or help; capable and reliable. Apply box 682, Daily News. (682)

EXPERIENCED COUPLE—Scotch no family, want work on ranch; abstainers, trustworthy Box 683, Daily News. (683)

ENGLISH BUSINESS GIRL wants situation. Buyer and sales in dry goods or help to refined people. Box 24, Kingsgate, B.C. (701)

ENGLISH GIRL wants position as help in home; good cook. Box 702. Daily News. (702)

WANTED—Position as nursery governess or companion help. Good needlewoman and cook. Box 703, The Daily News. (703)

DRESSMAKING — Reasonable prices. Miss Cassidy, Room 29, K.W.C. block. (685)

WANTED — Experienced childrens' nurse. Apply Mrs. Wragge, 424 Observatory St. (722)

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience in office work, wants to see the west. Apply to Miss Mainie A. McDonald, 99 Brookland St., Sydney, N.S. (726)

GARDEN SEEDS.

SUTTON'S SEEDS—In original sealed packets, imported from Sutton & Sons, Reading, England. A. J. Woodward, 667 Granville St. Vancouver, B.C. Send for catalogues. (693)

FOR RENT.

K. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms moderate. A. Macdonald & Co. (692)

FOR RENT — Suites of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32 (690)

FURNISHED SUITES for rent, Apply Kerr Apartments. (686)

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms; coal and gas ranges. Enquire Queen Cigar store. (691)

FURNISHED ROOMS, 411 Silica street. (620)

FOR RENT—$10 per month; poultry ranch, 13 acres; 5 miles from Nelson; good train service; comfortable house; near school; large chicken houses, flock of birds; garden planted. Apply box 666, Daily News. (666)

FOR RENT—Furnished house, central location. Address box 664, Daily News. (664)

LADY with summer cottage, north shore, near ferry would like lady boarder. Apply box 727, Daily News.

TREES, PLANTS, ETC.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, 100, 70c; 1000, $5; currants, 10c; gooseberries 15c; rhubarb, 10c; fruit trees, perennial flowers, roses, dahlias, pansies, etc., carriage prepaid. Catalog free. Charles Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver.

PEDIGREE STRAWBERRY PLANTS —Hardy northern grown stock of leading varieties, 100 plants postpaid, $1.25; per thousand plants f.o.b. Wyndel, $5.00; catalogue mailed on request. Monrad Wigen, Wyndel, B.C. (507)

BEDDING PLANTS — Geraniums, Paris daisies, lobelia, asters, stocks, etc. J. T. Bealby, box 897, Nelson, B.C. (672)

CABBAGE PLANTS, kale, Brussels sprouts—all 60c per 100; cauliflower, $1 per 100; tomatoes. J. T. Bealby, box 897, Nelson, B.C. (674)

MESSENGER SERVICE.

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Prompt and reliable. Day and night. Phone 242.

FURS

G. GLASER, Expert Furrier, 811 Mill St., Nelson, B.C., can tan your skins and fix your heads. Also undertakes the making up of any skins into muff and stoles, or any other garments. The repairing and remodelling of furs to newest shapes. Summer prices. (217)

MUSIC.

MRS. WHELLAMS—Certified teacher, silver medallist London, piano, singing, stringed instruments. Box 573, Daily News. (572)

408

AT THE STAR

Spinach
3 pounds 25c

Local Asparagus
Pound 20c

Rhubarb
Pound 5c

Green Onions
4 bunches 10c

Radish
Hothouse grown—4 for 10c

Lettuce
Pound 35c

Cucumbers
Large Green
Each .....25c and 30c

Star Grocery
PHONE 10
Store of Quality

LOCAL AND PURE

Our Ice Cream Parlor

is now opened.

We make our own Ice Cream of local and pure Cream. Come in and try the real thing.

Choquette Bros.
Bakers and Confectioners.
Phone 258. 516 Baker St.

MOTH BALLS A WAR LUXURY

Price of Pungent Marbles Quadrupled Since Hostilities Began

The war has affected various household and commercial necessities in the past nine months, but who for an instant thought that the common mothball would become a luxury? Such is the case, however, and the housewife is just beginning to realize that there is not only a dearth in the supply, but that they have increased almost four times in price. And right in the middle of the house cleaning period and the packing away of the winter furs and garments she is learning it to her dismay. To the pawnbroker and storage house proprietor this is also unwelcome news.

Before the war moth balls were as cheap as clothes pins. Then it was that Mrs. Homebody could run around to the corner drug store about this time of the year and buy six pounds for a quarter. Now that same amount of money will buy her but little more than a pound of the pungent crystallized balls.

All this, wholesale dealers in pharmacists' supplies say, is due to the war, and they explain it in this manner. Before the war England sent to this country most of the naphthalene, of which moth balls are made. Since last August not a shipment has been made.

Grippe A Robber Of Strength and Flesh

Run Down, Underweight People Should Regain Lost Flesh and Strength at This Season.

People who have gone through winter suffering a succession of coughs, colds, grippe, catarrh or other ailments peculiar to cold weather w... probably be surprised if they climb on a weighing scales, to see how much flesh they have lost. Most everyone reaches spring with weight decrease, vitality lowered, nerves affected and general health and strength impaired.

The best way to regain lost flesh and strength is through the original source of all flesh and strength—your food. Food, however, produces flesh and strength only in the proportion in which its nourishing elements are absorbed by the blood. Loss of weight indicates a leakage of the fats, sugars and starches of your food. Instead of going to the blood they are passing through your body as waste. The assimulative functions of your stomach and intestines are out of order and you need something that will get them working right again. Nothing is better for this purpose than a single Sargol tablet eaten at meals for a few weeks. Sargol does not build flesh of itself and taken between meals is of little value for the purpose, but swallowed with your food, it acts upon every mouthful you eat, first separating all the fats, oils, sugars, starches and other materials which make for flesh and strength from the waste matter and then preparing all these fat making, nourishing elements into a form which the blood can readily absorb and distribute throughout the body. The effect is quickly felt. Reported gains in weight of from ten to twenty-five pounds month are by no means infrequent. Yet its action is perfectly natural and absolutely harmless. Sargol is sold by leading druggists everywhere and every package contains a positive guarantee of weight increase or money back.

Caution.—Sargol is widely used as a general body builder and for many nervous troubles, but when used for such purposes alone and where patient does not desire an increase in weight it should be taken not less than one hour after meals. If taken at meal time it will almost certainly produce an increase in weight that some may not desire.

RAMBLES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Continued from Page Six.)

the amphitheatre you may cross a pile of loose stones dropped by the receding glacier and forming a natural crescent-shaped dam for the waters of the lake. Suddenly, almost from your feet rises a flock of white winged birds, like a flock of pigeons, flies a few yards, alights and becomes again invisible among the grey stones. These are mountain ptarmigan, or so-called "white quails," the most graceful and gentle little bird of all the game birds of the region. In summer their backs *and wings are a granite grey, so closely* imitating that of the rocks that it is impossible to see them till they rise. Toward winter they gradually become snow white to adapt themselves to their winter environment and for protection against birds of prey. These little birds, about the size of a dove or small pigeon, are so tame and unsophisticated that they have been known to allow a man to stroke them on their nests and to lift them up to view their eggs. When the young are fledged the hen will strut boldly out to face the intruder, menacing with outspread tail and wings like a motherly barn door fowl. They will also play the "broken wing" dodge, like the lapwing, wood grouse, and others to lure a dog from their nest or their chicks.

Miners and prospectors admire and respect these little birds and rarely kill them except when hard up for provisions and then they are as easily despatched with a stone as with a gun. Their foes are eagles, hawks and ermine. A fox or a wolf may sometimes wander into this solitary region and you may see on the snow the big human-like footmarks of "Old Ephraim," a grizzly or cinnamon on his way across the top of the range, otherwise this region, so remote and so high above the world, is but little frequented and but little visited by man or dog.

Such amphitheatres, punch bowls, or cirques are characteristic of the summits of high mountain ranges. They are due to glaciation and were the seats of the snowfields from which the glacier started, first pressed into neve, or snowball ice, then passing into pure ice and plunging over the rocky rim pounded out rock basins and hewed out a canyon as it crept slowly down into the valley, grinding the rocks as it passed by its stupendous weight of ice in some of the mountains of Kootenay as much as 5,000 feet thick. In its progress boulders as big as miner's cabins, together with smaller blocks and rubbish fell on its surface and arranged themselves in lines or windrows, on in the centre and one on either side, known as "medial" and "lateral" moraines, the stones travelling with the down-moving ice till they reached the main glacier of the valley. When in course of ages a milder temperature set in and the great ice sheet began to melt and its ice tongues of local glaciers retreated up the canyons they had made, the traveled bowlders dropped from the "snout," or end, of the glacier and formed at intervals crescent-shaped dams across the drainage of the canyon, which was collected on lakelets, the uppermost or final one being the tarn of our "cirque" or amphitheatre.

Such "cirques and "tarns" are not uncommon on the higher mountains of England and Scotland. In these at this season of the year the slopes of the cirque are covered with golden furze or gorse and bonny heather and purple foxgloves and the sharp notes of the stone or furze chat, like two stones clapped together, is heard as the little black headed bird flits merrily from bush to bush. A solitary heron standing statue-like on the bank is reflected in the water. The piping of the mountain plover is heard along the shore. A little blue and red kingfisher skims across the tarn and lighting on a stone splashes into the water after a diminutive fish. Kingfishers build *their nests of fishbones in an old aban*doned rat or gopher hole in the bank. I once watcher an American kingfisher, which is very much larger than the brilliant plumaged little English species, has a black crest on his head, a white cravat round his neck and grey and white wings, entering a hole in the bank and concluding he had a nest in it endeavored to dig it out from above. Thrusting my hand down to feel the eggs my fingers were seized by a sharp, scissor-like beak and I withdrew my hand as if from a snake bite, while the old bird flew out of the hole, chattering vociferously. The eggs were of a pale pink color from the yolks shining through the transparent eggshell.

Yellow water lilies and other flowering aquatic plants partially cover the surface of the tarn and add to the picturesque beauty of this sequestered spot.

Comparison of English and American Wild Birds

Comparing English wild birds with American, one is struck with the comparative fewness of songsters among the latter. In England a majority of the wild birds can sing and each one and his song is associated with that lovable poetry which hangs over the old sod, beginning with the smallest, the robin and the wren, which in the old district are called "God Almighty's cock and hen." Little Jenny Wren is a fussy little ball of feathers, containing a wonderfully full orchestra. Robin Red Breast, with his red waistcoat and large brown eyes, man's friendly little bird, which hops on the gardener's spade as he turns up the worms and is welcome to his crumbs on the window sill in winter, has a song for every season, the one in autumn has a sweet melancholy tone in it in keeping with the season and the fall of the leaf. The songs of chaffinches, bullfinches, white throats and linnets make us think of our gooseberry and current bushes to some of the fruits of which they are welcome in return for their music. The yellow hammer calls us to nut hedges and bracken ferns in shady Devonshire lanes; the goldfinch to Scotch thistles on the downs; the thrush to a lively wake-up tune in the morning, singing "Pretty Dick! Pretty Dick!" seeming to add as if addressing the band stand, "Now what do you think of that for a song." The soft mellow notes of the blackbird recall an English sunset after a shower with the orchards blooming with apple and pear blossom. The nightingale is the muse of the balmy English twilight and night and the skylark leads up to God and Heaven.

THE IMMORALITY OF NEUTRALITY

Prof. Ladd of Yale is no neutral in the war. He cannot undertand how a normally constituted man should be a *neutral, for to be a neutral in the face* of the present conflict he believes is evidence of moral degeneracy. He does not call upon his government to take arms on the side of the allies but he believes that protests should have been made before this to Germany as regards the means she has adopted in prosecuting the war. In the face of the wrongs of Belgium he says that neutrality is immorality. He combats the idea which seems to have animated President Wilson, namely, that the great war is none of the business of the people of the United States. He proceeds to show how greatly it is there business, how necessary it is for a man to protest against inhumanity, for a nation to protest against a violation of all the laws and agreements that hold ations together. In the opinion of Prof. Ladd, a nation that is truly "neutral" in the present war, is a nation which is absolutely indifferent as to which armies, which ideals, shall triumph is not a nation fit to live. Certain nations perhaps ought not to intervene but no nation ough to let this great war pass without declaring where it stands.

Who is to Blame?

He answers, too, the appeal of the ninety-odd German savants and scientists who appealed to the neutral world to suspend judgment, to disbelieve the charges that were made against Germany and to ask if the nation that produced Goethe, Kant and Schiller could be indeed the monster that she has been pictured in the last nine months. He writes:

"I have studied in an amateurish way, but somewhat carefully, the origins of a number of wars, both ancient and modern; and in none of the other great ones do the real causes and the actual motives influencing the belligerents seem to me to have been more frankly and fully revealed without waiting for the searching of secret archives by the expert historian. *Such a searching will in the future* clear up many details and confirm or confute numerous minor matters in dispute between the belligerents but it is sacredly conceivable that it should alter in any important way the verdict upon the main question.

"Germany Is Guilty."

"And let us not forget what that question is. It is not whether Great Britain or Russia or France has not done in the past other similar wrong deeds; whether they have not all *thwarted the legitimate aspirations of* Germany or even whether those aspirations are legitimate or not. The question is, as put by the protesting wise men themselves: 'What is guilty of having caused this war?' And the answer which will go down in history as an endless burden of shame for the guilty party whether it triumphs in arms or not—this makes absolutely no difference with the solution of the moral problem—is this: Germany is guilty. The second question of vast moral import concerns the treatment of Belgium. On this question, too, the learned 93 have the hardihood to affirm: 'It is not true that we trespassed in neutral Belgium.' One could wish that these men of science and art, these men who make the pretence of being the very flower of the world's incomparably choicest culture, had adopted on the matter of the treatment given Belgium the original brutal frankness of the already quoted utterance of their chancellor before the reichstag on Aug. 4. Then, at least, we might have preserved some respect for their intellectual acumen and the independence and manly straightforwardness of their thinking, however shocking to our moral feeling the German doings in Belgium, and the endorsement of those things as a necessity of perjury and brutality, might continue to be. But here again the evidence is already quite conclusive. Germany did invade neutral Belgium, as indeed, it had been for years intending to do when the right time came. And in doing this Germany committed a most disgraceful crime, before the guilt of which the partition of Poland seems almost insignificant.

The Burglar's Plea.

Prof. Ladd, like others who have been taught to respect the reasoning of German men of science, is at a loss to understand why such eminent savants could attach their names to a statement to the effect that "not a single Belgian citizen was injured by our soldiers without the severest self-defense having made it necessary." So might a burglar plead in justification of his crime of having murdered a householder, that it was necessary for him to do so; that if he had not struck, the householder might have called the police and he might have been arrested. On no firmer foundation rest the German attempts at defending the wrongs done Belgium. So far, even the Germans have not accused the Belgians of having done more than resist them; but if it had been the Belgians instead of the Germans who had violated all the rules of civilized warfare upon their invaders, the sufficient defense of the Belgians would have been imbedded in this question: 'What are you doing here?"

America May Speak.

In the opinion of Prof. Ladd there lies at the bottom of the German campaign, of the German war, and of the German plan of "frightfulness" the delusion that the Germans are a peculiar people, they have a sort of Divine right to impose their kultur upon all the nations of the earth, and that whatever means are necessary to achieve this object are justifiable. He believes that the time will soon come when the United States government will be obliged to speak plainly upon these things instead of confining its protests to "matters affecting its own comparatively unimportant commercial *interest," and to make a protest in the* name of moral decency and humanity at large.

BRITAIN EVADED GREAT WAR DURING BALKAN CRISIS

King Albert of Belgium says: "This war was unavoidable. It had been postponed several times within the last few years and if it had not been for England's efforts it would have come at the last Balkan crisis. Germ*any had been piling up armaments for* years, had been building up a great war machine so perfect and so powerful that at a given time it was bound to start itself."

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

William Mckay of Rock Creek has been appointed forest guard by the provincial forestry department and will at once go on duty.

The fishermen's train will be run by the Canadian Pacific railway on Sunday again at *8:30 o'clock from* Nelson to Castlegar.

The drill parade of the 1st Nelson company Boy's Brigade will be held tonight in the basement of St. Paul's church at 7 o'clock. Buglers and drummers will meet at 6:45 o'clock.

Mrs. Whellams will be at the Strathcona Friday afternoon. (716)

Taylor, the Tinker sharpens lawn mowers. (649)

FRESH BUTTER and buttermilk for sale. Beachnut Creamery. (694)

When you wish to become optimistic smoke a Kootenay Standard Cigar. Made in Nelson. (712)

Don't take chances. Have your carpets, windows and chimneys cleaned. Nelson Vacuum Cleaning Co., phone 18. (525)

Nelson Brand Jam is made from the best Kootenay fruits and B.C. Sugar by British Columbia labor. At all grocers. (699)

All members of the Carpenters' union are requested to attend a special meeting at 7:30 o'clock Saturday night. (732)

There will be a rehearsal of "Uncle Ephriam's Summer Boarders" tonight at 7:30 in the basement of the Annable block. (729)

Farmogerm Culture for innoculati g clover and alfalfa seed, also peas, $2.25 per can. For sale by Taylor Milling & Elevator Co. (697)

Mr. Wm. Cutler will hold an auction sale of household furniture this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence of C. Scott, 502 Houston St. (725)

A sale of home made cooking will be held by the Ladies Aid of the Methodist church on Saturday, May 8 from 10 to 6 o'clock at 407 Baker St. (730)

Help to keep your home factory working. Insist on getting Nelson Brand Seville Orange Marmalade. It has quality, purity and fine flavor. What more do you want. (699)

FOR BABY CHICKS.

Always use Dr. Rusk's Chick Food. Taylor Milling & Elevator Co., Nelson, B.C. (696)

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lindblad and family wish to thank their friends f r the sympathy shown them during their recent bereavement. (731)

I have a fine little furnished summer cottage for rent at Willow Point; good beach. C. W. Appleyard, 505 Baker St., Nelson; telephone 444. Fire insurance written in board companies. (710)

SEED GRAIN.

Marquis wheat, Canadian oats, Longfellow and Crompton early corn, clover and alfalfa seed, sugar mangel seed and all kinds of vegetable seeds. Send us your orders. The Taylor Milling & Elevator Co., Limited, Nelson. (695)

Members of the Kootenay Launch club are hereby notified that the contract for supply of gasoline for 1915 has been made with the Imperial Oil Co., Ltd. Members wishing to purchase under the contract should call at the office of St. Denis & Lawrence and sign the contract. Order from West Transfer Co. 728)

THAT'S WHY WE'RE ANSWERING

This Canada of ours we love, for it's
bread won by the sweat of our brow,
But a greater love lives in our hearts,
and it's that that has gripped us
now;
It's the name of Britain, our birthright, our pride, our dear little mother's, God bless her,
It's the name that has rung with justice and fame for many a hundred
years.
Now, at the cry of freedom bound,
true to her honor she has leapt,
And we'll show the world that British
blood can answer Britain yet.

Oh! they thought they could buy our
heritage, our honor and our name;
They forgot that the sons of Canada
are sportsmen who "Play the game."
Oh! they thought that we'd forgotten,
that we didn't care a hang,
They forgot that the sons of Canada
are of the breed that sprang
From the "home" of that iron mother
of men, whose *Empire knows* no
setting sun,
Whose children, to the battle cry, "Be
British!" strike, and strike as one.

Chorus:
're we downhearted? Ten thousand
times, No! No!
our little "scrap" has called us
we're mighty proud to go,
It's the cry of one that gave us birth,
the call of our kith and kin,
That's why we're not downhearted,
that's why we're answerin'.
Oh! they thought that we'd forgotten,
that we didn't care a damn!
They forgot we were Canadians,
and know how to "Play the man."

—Pte. C. Hamer Jackson,
29th Battalion, "B" Company.
Vancouver, B. C.

"I certainly like the way our new cook prepares spaghetti."

"How's that?"

"She runs it through the meat chopper first."

BISURATED MAGNESIA

For dyspepsia, indigestion, souring of food, gas and hyperacidity of the *stomach (acid stomach.)* A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle.

Friday Bargains

Friday's Story Is Magnetic

The fifth day and no abatement of interest. How could it be otherwise? There is a force behind the guns that keeps us ever on the go planning new surprises and keeping afresh the BIRTHDAY purpose of our Sale.

Giving Giving Giving

The Hats Cause a Stir at $2.50

Be astir early, catching chic values in Hats at such a price means early rustling. Such pretty tailored and some *smart Turbans. Colors* are Black, Tuscan, Alice and Sand.
$6.50 VALUES—FOR..... $2.50

How Are Your Household Staples?

Have you bought? Do you need some? We buy *right! Do you? All on sale at the Birthday Bargain* Counters.

Women's Slippers for a Song

$3.50 Patent Shoes in one and two strap. Finest stock and a real dressy footwear.
Morning Sale Only to 12 Noon.
VALUE $3.50—FOR..... $1.25

What Is the Matter With You?

Why, we are selling swell Tan Boots of best makes, some also in the 8-Inch High Tops that the big cities are crazy over.
ABSOLUTELY $6.50 AND $7.50—FOR.... $3.50
THE BIGGEST BOOT OFFER EVER ATTEMPTED

Last of the Men's Boots

Black and Tan Stock of a quality that cannot be equalled. Patent, button and lace, tan. Sixteen pairs left from the first rush.
REGULAR $6.00—FOR..... $3.75

Astounding Hose Sale

Women of means and women without, you cannot afford to pass it up. It's another thunderbolt that has brought a scurry of feet to this merchandise centre. Hose in Black Lisle and Tan Lisle with lace ankle. All fine silky hose of class to wear with your pumps.
VALUES TO 50c—FOR, PAIR..... 23c

1000 Yards Velvet Ribbon 20 Per Cent Off

Velvet Ribbon, from ½-inch to 4 inches, Satin Back and Silk Pile. No firm have a stock like this and no fashion more in vogue for hat trimming, belts, bows and dress trimming.

However, You Buy Yours Here
BIRTHDAY SALE.....20 PER CENT. OFF

Women Who Wear Good Petticoats

The Loveliest Satin Underskirts in Real Liberty Satins, dyed in Liberty shades. Hemstitched base. Every one was $4.50.
TODAY..... $2.95

The Hudson's Bay Company.
INCORPORATED 1670 HERBERT E. BURRIDGE, STORES COMMISSIONER

OPPORTUNITIES TO PREVENT WASTAGE

Economics Can Be Practised at Front Says Expert Who Has Studied Conditions.

An efficiency expert who has been assigned to special duty at the front studying possible economics in equipment and supplies, reports that there are endless opportunties for preventing waste. He says these opportunities would be just as profitable to the sum total of production as a 10 or 20 per cent speeding up of the overworked factory hands in Manchester and Liverpool.

"To most laymen and many soldiers war is synonymous with waste," writes the expert, "and the question of preventing it hardly enters into the calculation of the average man.

"When war comes a complete metamorphosis takes place. Necessity is the mistress of the situation. All the checks and penalties of peace times are inoperative. What is wanted must be forthcoming and of these wants the executive officer is the sole judge. There is no time for inquiries; no opportunity for penalties. *It is human* that the average man, up to now bound hand and foot by regulations, will have any conscientious regard for the virtues of economy.

Preventable Waste.

"This spirit of recklessness permeating all ranks is largely accountable for the preventable waste which every thinking soldier knows evists in the army today. A visit to the advance ordnance depot is instructive to the man of business or the student of economy. In walks a quartermaster or his deputy intent on getting what he can. He probably has requisitions signed by his commanding officer for what he wants; in addition, he has one or two blank forms signed, which he will complete if he sees anything in the depot that he thinks he would like. His characterstic attitude is not 'what do I really want with a due regard for economy?. In fact he wants all he can get without regard to the wants of others. It is not surprising therefore that equipment so easily procured will be carelessly expended.

"The writer has seen good soiled clothing burning on a heap of refuse because it was easier to draw new than to wash the old. He has seen articles exchanged for food with civilians or given away as souvenirs; he has seen articles left in the mud in vacated camps; ammunition trampled under foot in the trenches or scattered along the road. Some of this is inevitable in war, but not to the extent that at present exists.

"There is hardly a Belgian in the area occupied by our army that is not wearing some article of our clothing. This same disregard of economy is extended to the expenditure of ammunition, which within limits, can be saved just as well as clothing, food or other munitions of war.

"It is easy to prove the case, but more difficult to propound a remedy. The hardened official will contend that waste, if excessive is entirely due to defective discipline, and that it is only required to tighten the discipline to stop the leakage. But while punish ment of offenders may be good, prevention of the offense is better and the remedy is to be found, not in adding to the terrors of discipline but in embodying the cult of economy in the fabric of army training. Supervision and accountancy must also help.

"The reform could be affected after this manner: All hard and fast rules for the replacement and renewal of equipment should be abolished. The *responsible officer should be allowed* to draw what he wants at his discretion. Each unit should be charged up with the book value of what it consumes, it should be closely inspected at uncertain intervals to see that everything is up to standard and serviceable. Finally, due credit should be given to the unit and commanding officer who produces the same or better results at a lower book cost. By this means, scope within wise limits would be given for the exercise of administrative *skill and closer individual* attention on the part of all ranks would result."

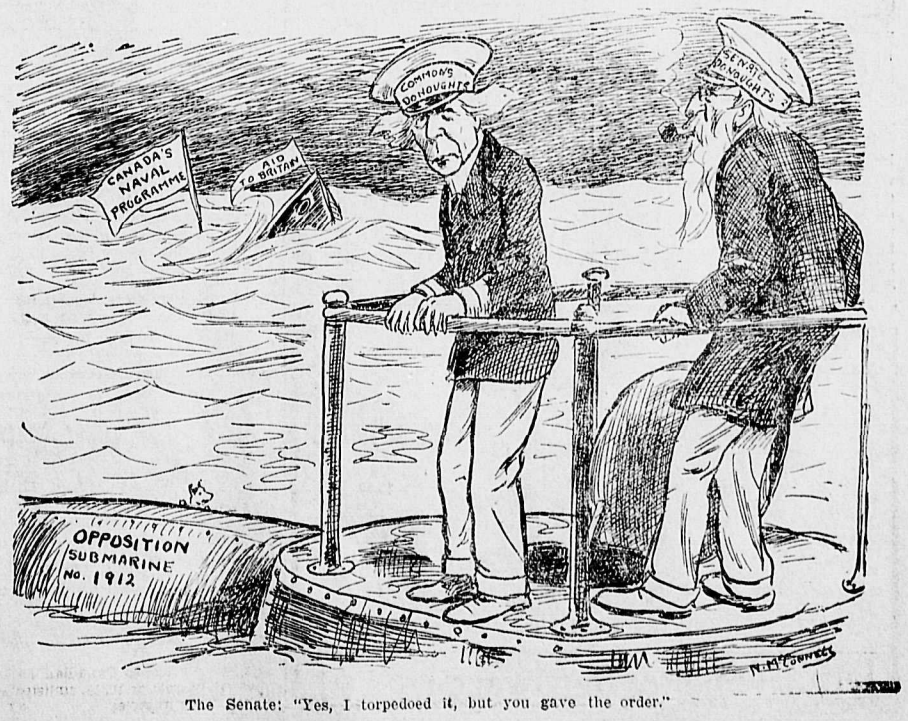
Little Robert was very clever and at the end of his first term at school was promoted to the second grade. He was much attached to his first grade teacher and was loath to leave her.

"Miss Eva," he said with tears in his eyes, "I do wish you knew enough to teach second grade, so I wouldn't *have to leave you.*"

"My cook left this morning merely because I asked her to get dinner for a few friends of mine."

"I hired her, my dear, and I don't mind giving you a chance to get back at her. Bring your friends over to my house for dinner."

POLITICAL PIRATES



The Senate: "Yes, I torpedoed it, but you gave the order."

SHOES

AT COST PRICE

Business For Sale

H. Lawrence

417 Baker St.

Rugs, Linoleums, Draperies, Cooking Utensils

THE ARK

New and Second-Hand Furniture, Cheapest in the city.

J. W. HOLMES, Mgr.

Phone L 395. 606 Vernon St. Nelson, B. C.

Unequalled for General Use.

GALT COAL — BURNS ALL NIGHT

W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent, Nelson, B.C.

Cars supplied to all railway points.

Auction Sale

At Auction Rooms, Annable Block

SATURDAY AFTERNOON

At 2 o'Clock.

SATURDAY EVENING

7:30 o'Clock.

GROCERIES, DISHES, FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS, TOBACCOS, PLAYING CARDS, BASKETS, ETC., ETC.

TERMS: CASH.

Chas. A. Waterman & Co.

Auctioneers.

Everything For the Sick Room

is to be had at our store. Rubber Goods of all kinds, Sprays, Douches, Antiseptic Dressings, Measures, Cotton Bandages and many other things.

Come here when you require any surgical goods.

Canada Drug & Book Co.

The Drug Store That Is Different

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Auction Sale

FRIDAY NEXT—MAY 7.

502 Houston St., Corner of Houston and Ward, at 2 o'Clock Sharp.

We have received instructions from C. Scott, Esq., to sell by public auction all his valuable

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

consisting of bedroom suites, dining room suite, parlor suite, rockers and other chairs, kitchen utensils, splendid McLarey range, garden tools, lawn mower, etc. The above is a splendid lot of furniture. On view morning of sale.

TERMS: CASH.

W. Cutler

Auctioneer.

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We have just received a lot of stoneware crocks from 1 to 5 gals. Just the thing to preserve eggs in, now while they are so cheap.

Flower and fern pots of extra fine quality.

We are still trading crockery, etc., for second-hand goods.

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Nelson.

REGINA DOCTORS LEAVE FOR ACTIVE SERVICE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

REGINA, Sask., May 6.—W. A. Dakin and J. J. Field, two local doctors who volunteered their services a short time ago to the royal army medical corps at the front, left last night to take up their duties. Dr. Dakin, who is superintendent of the general hospital, was given absence leave for one year, no successor being appointed.

Nelson News of the Day

BLACK BEAR CUB IS SOLDIERS' MASCOT

One of Trio Taken After Long Wait Near Anderson Creek Recently.

Men of the Nelson detachment of the 54th battalion have located a mascot since their black cat asserted its neutrality and deserted. The new mascot is a bear cub, one of three brought to Fairview by Messrs. McBeth and Rawlings a few days ago from near Anderson creek.

The mascot will be cared for by its present owners until the men go into camp, when it will take active part in military matters.

LETTER TELLS OF GURKHAS' REVENGE

Germans Cut in Pieces After They Had Killed Wounded British on Field.

Pte. T. F. Chatterton who enlisted from Nelson and is now at Shorncliffe has forwarded to his wife here a letter from his brother George, who has since last September been at the front with an English regiment. In the letter are told German atrocities and the revenge for them taken by Gurkhas.

"The letter is written in the trenches. "One poor fellow in my company has just been killed and two wounded. We are fighting Saxons now. The trenches are about 15 yards apart and we shout to one another. Some of them can speak English. They have a melodeon in their trench and we can hear them playing it. We were going to attack this week but I think it has been cancelled. We captured two Germans and they said they had been warned to be ready as the British were going to attack.

"They say it will be over soon. I hope so as it is pure hell at times. I don't mind the rifle fire but the shells are awful. Some poor fellows I have seen blown to pieces. I shall never forget the first time I was under shell fire; I never thought I would come out.

"If you are in action show them no mercy as they are devils. I have seen them kill our wounded The Gurkhas cut up about 200 Germans; cut them in pieces, in fact one Gurkha was carting a German's head in his haversack for days and they had to choloform him to take it away."

A successful dance was held by the Ladies of the Maccabees last night in Eagle hall.

A meeting of the market board of control will be held in the city hall Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Fred F. Quinn, Dominion inspector of employment agencies, with headquarters in Vancouver, was in Nelson this week.

Harry and John Ferguson and Harry Pitts returned to Nelson last night from Montreal where they have been attending McGill university

Nelson recruits have been presented with a football and a baseball outfit by Capt. Gilbert Anderson and Capt. L. E. Borden and yesterday used them.

Pte. A. E. Graham, formerly of The Daily News staff, who went to Grand Forks with the Nelson contingent is in the city on leave. He expects to go to Coleman before returning to camp.

MANY ATTEND FUNERAL OF ARTHUR LINDBLAD

The funeral of Arthur Lindblad, age 10 years 5 months, son of A. G. Lindblad, was held yesterday afternoon, Rev. R. J. McIntyre officiating. The pallbearers were: Henry Johnson, Carl Johnson, Elmer Anderson and John Lawson.

Flowers were sent by: Mr. and Mrs. A. Anderson and family, Evans Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Rothe, R. Olson and Mrs. Giles, Annie Freed, Mr. and Mrs. Freed, Mrs. Mastberg, Mr. and Mrs. David Kirk, Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnstone, Mrs. Routh, Miss Balding, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lindblad and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. McPhail, Mr. and Mrs. R. Jerome, Mrs. Kitley, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson and family, Mrs. Elliabeth Hanson, Miss C. Valcich, Mr. and Mrs. M. Mickelson, Mr. and Mrs. O. Johnson, Miss Snell and pupils of Belford school, Miss Mabel Sharpe, J. R. G. Lindblad, D. W. Forteath, Mrs. E. M. Matheson, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Hall and family.

PREMIER HEARST IS ILL WITH PNEUMONIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, May 6.—Hon. W H. Hearts, premier of Ontario, is now seriously ill with pneumonia. The attack has developed rapidly and unexpectedly from a severe cold.

Hon. Dr. Pyne, minister of education, who is attending the premier, stated tonight that Mr. Hearsts condition was slightly improved but that he was passing through the most serious part of the attack.

ALL ENGLAND PROUD OF CANADA'S ACTION

Salmo Man Back from Great Britain Brings First-hand Information of Conditions There.

George A. Kennington, salmo reached Nelson last night after a five-months visit to England on mining and other business. He crossed in the Canadian Pacific steamship Metagama and reports a safe passage despite the danger from German submarines and icefields.

There is plenty of money in England now, Mr. Kennington stated; more now than before the war but because of unsettled conditions it is being kept at home. When the war is ended British capitalists are prepared to invest largely in Canada. They have searched the world over and for safe investment have selected Canada.

Canada's contribution of men and money has thrilled England, according to Mr. Kennington. People think it is wonderful and everyone is proud to talk of Canada.

Conscription is being seriously considered in some quarters. Enough men are enlisting but not enough of the right kind. Many men are staying on the farms that are well able to go, he said. No one worries about German submarines and mention of zeppelins was provocative of merriment.

Men in khaki are everywhere in England. The general public has no unanimous opinion of when the war will end but men home from the front on leave all say the Germans are losing heart, their attacks are not what they were last fall and the war will end before winter.

From what he had seen he believed the cause of complaint of delay in supply of munitions was because the workingman earned so much money it took him half the week to spend it, if he were the spending kind. It was not uncommon for a worker to be earning £7 a week now.

Mr. Kennington left England on April 22.

NEPHEW OF NELSON MEN DIES OF WOUNDS

(Special to The Daily News.)

VICTORIA, B.C., May 6.—Pte. Charles H. Hill of the 16th battalion, who is reported in today's casualty list as having died of wounds came to Canada in 1910 and resided for two years in Nelson. He subsequently came to Victoria and entered the employ of the British Columbia Electric Railway company. He joined the 50th regiment Highlanders shortly after its inception. He was well known in rugby football circles. He leaves two uncles in Nelson, Harry Bird and R. M. Bird. An aunt, Mrs. Pierce, lives in this city.

While in Nelson Mr. Hill was employed by the Canadian Pacific railway.

NOTICE!

War Tax Stamps on Checks

A ruling of the finance department at Ottawa is as follows: "The bank has no authority to affix a stamp which the maker of a check neglects to affix. The party issuing is liable to a penalty of $50 if he issues the check without a stamp and the bank is liable to a penalty of $100 should it pay or certify such a check." Stamps must be cancelled by the bank and not by the drawer of the check.

Note.—This applies to all checks actually issued on and after April 15. Ante-dating a check does not free it, but rather emphasizes maker's intention to evade law.

MINING PIONEER DEAD

Francis Alonzo Williamson, Spokane mining operator and pioneer, died at the residence of his sister, Mrs. S. B. Nelson, at E414 Augusta avenue, following five weeks of prostration since a stroke of paralysis. He was 57 years of age and a brother of Volney D. Williamson, with whom he has been associated in mining projects in the Coeur d'Alenes, British Columbia, and Arizona. He has always made his home in Spokane. During recent years his interests have been chiefly in the Coeur d'Alene district.

Mr. Williamson had been partially paralyzed and only partly conscious during the last two or three weeks. Besides the relatives living in Spokane, he is survived by a brother, W. H. Williamson, of Caldwell, Idaho, and a second sister, Mrs. George Alberts of Bonners Ferry.

WHEAT FROM INDIA TO PREVENT PANIC IN BRITAIN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, May 6.—The British government hoped, said the Marquis of Crewe in the house of lords today, that the exportable margin of wheat from India would be sufficient to prevent anything like a panic or a rise in the price of wheat for the current year in this country.

Government interference with the export of wheat from India, the speaker said, was due to the belief that unless some strong action was taken a serious position would be created in India owing to the high prices to which the wheat was advancing. The government was prepared, the marquis concluded, to take as much wheat from India as it could get in view of what the price of wheat was to be in this country.

YOUR EGGS CAN BE DISPOSED OF BY USING A WANT AD

LOCAL MARKETS.

Fruits.	
Bananas, per dozen	.40@ .50
Lemons, per dozen	.30
Florida Grape Fruit, each	.10
California Grape Fruit, 3..	.25
Apples, per box	1.25@2.50
Apples, 5 lbs.	.25
Navel oranges, doz. from..	.25@ .50
Figs, cooking, 2 lbs.	.25
Dates, Halloway, lb.	.15@ .17½
Dates, Fard, 2 lbs	.35
Dates, Dromedary, pkg...	.15
Walnuts, per lb.	.25@ .30
Pecans, per lb.	.25
Filberts, per lb	.25
Almonds, per lb	.25@ .30
Brazils, per lb.	.25@ .30
Meats.	
Fresh killed beef, retail	.10@ .28
Beef, wholesale	.12½@ .16
Pork, wholesale	.12@ .14
Pork, retail	.13@ .22
Mutton, wholesale	.17
Mutton, retail	.12½@ .25
Veal, wholesale	.16@ .20
Veal, retail	.15@ .30
Hams, retail	.20@ .25
Bacon, retail	.20@ .35
Lard, retail	.15@ .16
Chickens, retail	.20@ .25
Sausages, retail	.18@ .25
Turkey, per lb.	.28@ .30
Geese per lb.	.25@ .28
Ducks, per lb.	.25@ .28
Dairy Produce.	
Butter, creamery, 2 lbs.	.85
N. Z. butter, per lb.	.45@ .50
Cheese, Canadian, lb.	.25@ .30
Curlew Butter, lb	.45
Cheese, Can. Stilton, lb...	.30
Cheese, Imp, Stilton, lb.	.60
Cheese, Swiss, lb.	.35@ .40
Eggs, local, new laid, doz..	.35
Prairie eggs, doz.	.30
Vegetables.	
Radishes, 2 bunches	.05
Parsnips, per 100 lbs.	1.25
Parsley, per bunch	.05
Dry onions, per lb.	.05
California cabbage, lb.	.06
Washington cabbage, lb...	.05
Rhubarb, per lb	.05
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	1.75@2.00
Hothouse lettuce, lb.	.35
Spinach, 3 lbs.	.25
Green onions, 2 bunches	.05
Asparagus, per lb.	.20
Tomatoes, per lb.	.35
Cucumbers, each	.25@ .30
Foodstuffs.	
Robin Hood	2.50
Gold Drop Flour	2.25
B. & K. Bread Flour	2.40
Five Roses	2.50
Lake of the Woods, bag	2.50
Royal Household	2.50
King's Quality	2.40
Mother's Favorite	2.15
Purity Flour	2.50
H.B. Co. Hungarian	2.25
Castle	2.15
Quaker	2.40
Fancy Queen	2.25
Sugar.	
Granulated, B. C. Cane, 100-lb. sacks	8.75@9.00
Lump sugar, 2 lbs.	.30
Granulated B. C., 20-lb. sk.	1.80@1.85
Brown sugar, 3 lbs.	.25
Syrup, maple, bottle	.60
Syrup, gallon	1.75@2.00
Honey, comb, per lb.	.25
Honey, 1-lb. jars	.25@ .35
Honey, local clover, jar	.40

C. W. C. NUT COAL

Cash Price $6.50

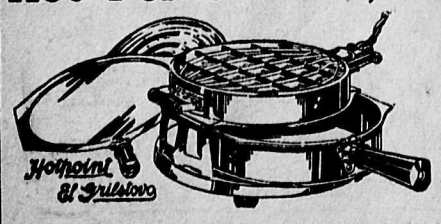
We highly recommend this coal for the Kitchen Range. You have but to give it a fair trial to prove its value. The increasing demand for this coal is its best recommendation.

Kootenay Columbia Fuel Co.

CHAS. F. McHARDY, Agent.

PHONE 135 GREEN BLOCK

Hot Point Week, May 3-8



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Regular Price, $6.50

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

$4.35

HOT POINT IRONS REDUCED TO $3.50

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

LORD LOUGHBOROUGH IS WOUNDED BY TURKS

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, May 6.—The admiralty announced the following casualties among naval officers in the Dardanelles. The majority are royal naval volunteer reserve officers.

Killed—Lieut. Malcolm Campbell, R. N. V. R.

Died of wounds—Gunner W. G. Sledge, H. M. S. Queen.

Wounded—Major Sparbieg.

Lieut. Lord Loughborough, R.N.V.R.

Lieut. Donald Walker, R. N. V. R.

Lieut.-Commander Stanley Lambert, R. N. V. R.

Lieut. Kenneth Ford, R. N. V. R.

"Makes more bread and better bread"

PURITY FLOUR

"ask for it"

The Brackman-Ker Milling Company, Limited

Eno's Fruit Salt

BIG FRESH STOCK JUST RECEIVED GET YOURS HERE

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FORECASTS TERMS GERMANY WANTS

Hilaire Belloc Says Outlet to Sea Through Belgium Will Be Demanded—But They Won't Get It.

Hilaire Belloc, regarded as one of the foremost of European military critics, foreshadowed with remarkable accuracy the peace terms suggested in Dr. Dernburg's recent letter, in an article in Land and Water, which has just been received. Mr. Belloc says the directing minds of Germany know that they are already defeated, but that the German people do not know it, and that Germany is working for a draw.

Dr. Dernburg says, in his letter:

"Germany does not strive for territorial aggrandizement in Europe; she does not believe in conquering and subjugating unwilling nations."

"Belgium . . . . offers to German trade the only outlet to an open sea. . . . . So Belgium cannot be given up."

"However, these considerations could be disregarded if all the other German demands, especially a guaranteed open sea, were fully complied with and the natural commercial relations of Belgium to Germany were considered in a just and workable form."

Heading for Disappointment.

"The directors of German strategy," writes Mr. Belloc, "see their original plan all gone to pieces. They note day by day, with the figures before them, a gigantic and unceasing rate of wastage immensely superior to that of their enemy upon the west and they perceive, with winter rapidly drawing to its end, with the munitioning of the Russians in sight within the next few weeks, with the Dardanelles seriously threatened, with the new contingents about to appear in the west, and, perhaps most important of all, with the rapid production of ammunition and of sufficient heavy artillery for trench work in the west, that the third phase of his plan for the immobilization of the Russian armies is heading straight for a third disappointment.

Not Figuring on Victory.

"It is morally certain that under such conditions the great general staff of the German army no longer presumes upon victory.

"It is morally certain that it no longer presumes upon imposing its original will upon the will of the Franco-Russian, British allies.

"A critical turning point in the mind of the enemy has been reached. The change has run its full course in the directing part of that mind, and the tuning of German public opinion to another key has also begun.

"The all-important problem which we must try to solve at this moment is the present state of the German mind, directing and directed, toward the future of the campaign.

Mr. Belloc's Prophecy.

"I will hazard the suggestion that it is at the present moment an attitude to be defined somewhat as follows:

"'The war has not gone as we expected. We admit it freely. But it has become something much more serious for us than the danger of defeat. We are—no matter through what accident or whether we are to blame or not—fighting for our existence. The issue ought not to be of this character. We did not threaten the existence of others; we only threatened their too great power and tried to take the place we thought our due. We are prepared to meet a reasonable demand upon us and to discuss terms.

Want Only Sea Outlet.

"'We quite understand that to leave certain districts in German hands after the war would be unwise. We quite understand the demand for limited autonomy in Poland; but, of course, Russia will have to follow suit. We do ask for certain facilities in the low countries, especially for trade and outlet to the sea; but we want nothing more than that—which is, after all, only the public recognition of advantages which would be ours anyhow by the natural progress of our trade and produce.'

Asking for a Draw.

"In some such attitude as this they would approach Europe and the neutral countries. In other words, they would be asking for a draw.

"The directing military mind of the enemy has decided that victory in the original sense is now quite impossible. It proposes the ultimate resumption of what it regards as the vital part of the struggle—the attack on England, but in the immediate future it wishes for peace upon terms that will leave Germany almost as strong in proportion to her neighbors as she was last year. It is preparing the general public opinion of Germany for a corresponding movement of opinion upon the part of the neutrals, and perhaps of certain elements which it believes it can find among the allies.

Bernhardi's Admissions.

"What Bernhardi has been recently writing for America is a piece of evidence to be studied closely. And it amounts, roughly, to this: 'We have not done what we thought we could, but we are not defeated—it is not even possible to defeat us in any thorough manner; and meanwhile we have clear advantages over the enemy which we permanently hold.'

"He then proceeds to summarize those conditions, and it is well worthy of note that they are the sort of things which particularly appeal to civilians, and which few soldiers would, if they were writing for soldiers only, take the trouble to mention.

He Knows the Truth.

"Bernhardi knows that Germany is making for defeat and that any nation once defeated can be and will be crushed. He is a soldier. But his civilian audiences here and elsewhere do not know this.

"When we turn to a third category of evidence, the domestic press of Germany, we find a slightly different note, but one still in consonance with the effect which is aimed at in the neutral countries, and upon certain sections of opinions among the allies.

"Take a particular instance: The whole breakdown of the great German 'sortie' against Warsaw is recorded as a series of local successes, and in that record the absence—or, rather, the negation—of general success is forgotten.

Public Opinion Honest.

"Now, this impression, deliberately calculated and imposed upon the German public in one form, and upon the neutral and allied public in another, does not, of course, deceive its own authors. The great general staff knows its own losses; it knows the adverse conditions of the present siege work; it has reckoned very seriously the limits of time within which it is working. But we should fall into disastrous error if we imagined public opinion in Germany was merely playing a part. It is honestly convinced, and it does not recognize that it is acting under orders.

Those Who Know and Who Don't.

"The gulf between the military reality and the public opinion supporting the German soldiers is a gulf today very much wider than any which has existed previously in this war. Today there is all the strain that accompanies an unstable equilibrium, all the top-heaviness that any state suffers (particularly in time of war) when those who know are in a mood utterly different from those whom they instruct.

May Never Learn Truth.

"We often hear it said that the awakening will be terrible. It is no more than a private judgment, but personally I should doubt it. Changes of opinion—the ridding of public opinion from illusion and the fitting of it to reality—are only terrible when violent. It is even possible, if things were mishandled, that the enemy might get his inconclusive peace in time, and that his public should never learn the present anxiety of its rulers.

"But one thing is certain," concludes Mr. Belloc, and his words should be heeded, "if he gets his inconclusive peace then, without doubt, it will be but a truce so far as this country is concerned. And whatever a settlement might do for the satisfaction of the continent, it would leave the German empire at least determined and able to pursue at no very distant date its task of undermining the supremacy of Great Britain at sea and the whole international position of these islands."

"NERVENLAHMUNG," OR FUNK

Cases of extreme nervous prostration are becoming alarmingly frequent among our troops.

After a short stay in hospital the more acute symptoms, such as paralysis, convulsions, deafness, loss of speech, delirium, or hallucinations, usually disappear, only to reappear, however, in even more aggravated form when even the mere mention is made of a return to the front.

In the vast majority of cases these nervous affectations are not the result of any violent terror. They originate either from a fear of the horrors of war or from the lack of will to resist the physical and moral hardships of military service, or very often they are caused by a total absence of patriotism and an inability to comprehend the sanctity of the cause for which they are called on to fight.

It is to be hoped that such lamentable conditions as these do not prevail largely in the German armies. In any event, more than enough has been said to justify the military leaders in devising the promptest measures for dealing with this terrible cancer which threatens the very existence of our armed hosts, and with it that of our empire.—Medizinische Wochenschrift.

He—How old are you?
She—I've just turned 23.
He—Oh, I see—22.

THE POEM TO WHICH MEYER TAKES OBJECTION

The poem that has caused the fresh trouble between Professor Kuno Meyer and the Harvard authorities is as follows:

GOTT-MIT UNS.

No doubt ye are the folk; and 'tis doom's flame
Spring from your cannon—yea from yours alone.
God needs your dripping lance to prop His throne;
Your gleeful torch His glory to proclaim.
No doubt ye are the people; far from shame
Your captains who deface the sculptured stone
Which by the labor and the blood and bone
Of pious millions calls upon His name.
No doubt ye are the folk; and 'tis to prove
Your wardship of Virtue and of Lore
Ye sacrifice the Truth in reeking gore
Upon your altar to the Prince of Love.
Yet still cry we who still in darkness plod:—
"'Tis Antichrist ye serve and not our God!"

"Are you going to the fancy dress ball?"

"Oh, yes."

"In what garb?"

"I shall wear one of the quaint old costumes of 1905."

Starland Theatre

The Mystery of Grayson Hall

Splendid mystery feature.

TWO EXCELLENT COMEDIES

STARLAND ORCHESTRA

TONIGHT

First Flannel Dance of the season, Eagle Hall. Strictly informal. Seven-piece orchestra, dandy supper. Dancing starts at 9 o'clock sharp. Everybody welcome.

See wonderful Bob Leonard and pretty, clever little Ella Hall

The Master Key

Commencing Starland Theatre Wednesday, May 12th.

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Our new Summer Athletic Underwear is so comfortable that it is cooler to wear it than it is to go without it.

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Fabrics of Nainsook, Soisette, Madras, Mercerized Cotton, &c.

White or in colors. Quarter sleeves or sleeveless style.

Roomy, knee length Drawers. Two-piece or Union Suits.

$1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

THE SUIT

Don't pass Athletic Underwear if you care for the limit of Summer comfort! There's nothing like it!

EMORY & WALLEY

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