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RUSSIANS CROSS BZURA RIVER HIT VON HINDENBURG ON FLANK

Success of Offensive Movement Threatens Disaster to German Army Which Is Fiercely Attacking in Effort to Break Through to Warsaw

VIOLENCE OF CANNON FIRE FEATURE OF DESPERATE ASSAULTS ON MUSCOVITES

Czar's Armies Slowly Push Forward in East Prussia. Austro-German Offensive on Nida and Dunajec Rivers Brings No Progress--Fall of Tarnow Insures Russian Communications

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Coincident with the arrival at the front of Emperor Nicholas the Russians have assumed the offensive directly west of Warsaw and, according to a Russian official statement, have crossed the Bzura river and taken some German positions. This, in the opinion of military experts, will, if the Russians have sufficient forces at their disposal, break the deadlock which has existed in the battle in central Poland for so many weeks, since it threatens the flank of Gen. von Hindenburg's army, which is engaged in the violent struggle immediately to the southwest in an effort to break down the Russian defensive in the region of Bolimow.

The Russians appear, according to reports from Petrograd, to have crossed the Bzura at its junction with the Vistula and working southward have taken part of the German position near Dakhova, south of Sochaczew, which was the point at which the Germans made their original attempt to break the Warsaw line.

Frees Russian Flanks.

This new offensive on the part of the Russians explains their anxiety to clear the right bank of the lower Vistula of the Germans for, having accomplished this, they are free of threats of an outflanking movement from that direction.

Still there has been no slackening in the desperate fighting which has been proceeding for some days in the woods and roads along the right bank of the Rawka river, from Bolimow to the Skierniewicz-Warsaw road. Here attacks of the Germans alternate with those of the Russians under an artillery fire whose violence has never been exceeded.

In the meantime the Russians are making slow progress in East Prussia and are withstanding the attempts of the Austro-German forces to take the offensive on the Nida river in southern Poland and on the Dunajec river in Galicia. The Austrians admit the loss of Tarnow, Galicia, an important centre, possession of which by the Russians insures the main line of communication in western Galicia.

In the midst of the snows of the Carpathians the two armies still are contending for the passes which lead into Hungary.

Elsewhere the Russians claim to be making progress or, at any rate, holding their own.

Dislodged Germans from Bridge.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 5.—The following official statement from the general staff of the Russian army was issued tonight:

"The combats on the Bzura and Rawka rivers continue with undiminished energy. Our troops began an offensive movement, crossed the Bzura near the mouth, captured a portion of the enemy's positions near Dakhova and dislodged the Germans from the bridge head.

"In the vicinity of Bolimow Goumine and Vola-Szydlowika our attacks alternated incessantly with those of the enemy under an unbroken artillery fire.

"On the remainder of the left bank of the Vistula front, south of Skierniewicz-Warsaw railway, the artillery firing has diminished somewhat.

"We blew up a bridge on the Nida which had been constructed by the enemy near the village of Gerni and repulsed some attempts by the enemy to launch an offensive on the Nida near Rambowa and on the bank of the Dunajec, opposite the bridge head at Conar.

"In the northwest Carpathians, in the direction of Oujok, we continued the offensive and took as many as 3000 prisoners. To the southeast of Oujok we still are being subjected to heavy pressure by the enemy."

Russian Offensive Success

LONDON, Feb. 5.—One of the most furious battles of the war is now at its height along the Russo-German front west of Warsaw. Large bodies of German troops have been brought up for Field Marshal von Hindenburg's third desperate effort to batter a way through the Russian line. The losses must be enormous.

A Petrograd official communication says that along a section of the front six miles long the Germans have used 84,000 men, supported by 100 batteries of artillery, against the Russians who, assuming the offensive, captured German trenches and occupied two villages.

In the Carpathians the Petrograd war office admits that the Russians retreated in one section but elsewhere Russian successes are claimed.

GIRL BECOMES COURT REGISTRAR IN ONTARIO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—The appointment of a woman as local registrar of the supreme court, clerk of the county court and registrar of the surrogate court for the counties of Leeds and Granville is the announcement made in the Ontario Gazette.

Miss Gertrude Hume of Brockville is selected to act in the place of O. K. Fraser, deceased.

SIR GEORGE PERLEY LEAVES FOR FRANCE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Sir George Perley has left for France, according to a cable which has been received here. He will spend a few days at the headquarters of the British troops. He will make an inspection of the arrangements that have been made for the troops of the Canadian expeditionary force when it goes to the front.

SON OF CANADIAN OFFICER IS KILLED

(Canadian Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Second Lieut. Norman Cummins Nelles of the 1st battalion Northampton regiment, and son of Lieut.-Col. Nelles, commanding the Canadian dragoons at Salisbury plains, is reported in the obituary column of today's papers as having been killed in action on Jan. 29.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at yesterday's inquest over Capt. Sharp of Ottawa.

Capt. Hume of the Royal Flying corps said that Sharp's fall was due to over-confidence.

CANADIAN FLYING CORPS WILL BE EXTENDED

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Capt. Ernest Jannery head of the Canadian flying corps, has arrived in Ottawa from England to see the military department in connection with the further organization of this branch of the force.

Capt. Jannery spent considerable time in the war zone in France and Belgium, doing considerable reconnaisance work for the allies.

Capt. Jannery went to France with the Royal Flying corps in command of a flight squadron and had many thrilling experiences. He flew considerably over German lines ana was on several expeditions into Germany.

AUSTRALIA OFFERS ANOTHER FORCE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MELBOURNE, Feb. 5, via London.—A further expeditionary force of 10,000 men has been offered by Australia and accepted by the British government. This is in addition to reinforcements of 4000 men monthly.

BREAD PRICES SOAR IN AUSTRIA

Two-Pound Loaf Costs Sixteen Cents and It Is Not Real Bread at That.

VENICE, Feb. 6, via London, 5:10 a.m.—An official decree issued in Trieste raises the price of a 2-pound loaf of bread from 14 to 16 cents.

The grain markets in Austria are said to be in a desperate condition.

The war bread that is being sold is composed largely of substitutes for flour.

The people in Vienna are said to be complaining of the constantly increasing price of wheat.

Hogs are said to be almost unobtainable.

DIPLOMATS MAY ALL QUIT MEXICO

Friction With Carranza Government May Result in Withdrawal of Foreign Legations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—So serious has the friction become between the Carranza government and members of the diplomatic corps in Mexico City that the withdrawal of many foreign legations is now threatened.

The plan of the diplomatic corps in Mexico City, which is understood to be acting as a unit, is to leave affairs in Mexico in charge of consular officers.

This would mean practically a severance of diplomatic relations by all countries at present, a unique status for Mexico in the family of nations.

OIL TANK STEAMER WRECKED, MID-OCEAN

Crew of Chester Rescued by American liner Philadelphia, Due at New York Monday

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The Standard Oil tank steamer Chester, which sailed from this port on Jan. 23 for Rotterdam, was wrecked and abandoned in midocean and its crew of 35 was rescued by the American liner Philadelphia, according to a wireless message received here today from the Philadelphia's captain.

The wireless message received by the line did not state the exact number of men rescued.

The Chester sailed from New York for Rotterdam Jan. 27 with a cargo of oil.

The Philadelphia, which left Liverpool last Saturday, was 1,340 miles east of Ambrose channel lightship tonight and will probably dock Monday.

EARL ABERDEEN DROPS TARA TITLE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The Earl of Aberdeen, retiring lord lieutenant of Ireland, whose announced intention of assuming of assuming the new title of Marquis of Aberdeen and the Tara, invoked strong protest from Ireland, has reconsidered his decision in view of this criticism.

It was announced today that he would style himself the Marquis of Temair, a name which is anciently associated with the historic hall of Tara.

MENACE TRANSPORTS FROM ZEEBRUGGE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 5.—Several German submarines have been sent to Zeebrugge from the naval base at Wilhelmshaven and Cuxhaven.

It is assumed in Amsterdam that Zeebrugge will be the base of naval operations which Germany will deliver against the transports carrying England's new army across the English channel to France.

HOUSE INSISTS ON BATTLESHIPS

Two Dreadnoughts Added to Wilson Program

UNDERWOOD SAYS WAR DANGER SMALL

Bill as It Goes to Senate Calls for Naval Vote of $144,648,902

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Over a strenuous protest of Leader Underwood the house in passing the naval appropriation bill tonight retained provisions for the construction of two new dreadnoughts.

The bill, as it goes to the senate, carries $144,648,902 and authorizes the following construction program: Two battleships of the largest and most powerful design, $7,800,000 each, exclusive of armor and armament.

Six torpedo boat destroyers, $920,000 each.

One seagoing submarine torpedo boat, $1,400,000.

Eleven submarines, $550,000 each.

One oil fuel ship, $1,140,000.

Mr. Underwood pleaded earnestly for economy, asserting that the nation was in no more danger of war now than it was a year ago and that the danger would continue to grow smaller if the United States continued its present policy.

On the other hand, he warned the house that if America entered into an armament race it would mean "war at the end of the story."

ROSEBERY APART FROM LIBERALS—SON CLOSER

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The appointment of Cecil Harmsworth to the home office secretaryship and of Neil Primrose to the foreign office secretaryship necessitates two more elections, bringing the total number of pending elections to eight. There is no expectation of contests anywhere.

The appointment of Mr. Primrose makes the most interesting political event of recent years, for his father, Lord Rosebery, is becoming more and more out of touch with the party of which he was once the head and prime minister, and now his son is drawn still closer toward it.

Last session he was head of a group urging the government to take a stronger stand on the army crisis which grew out of the Curragh incident, in connection with the threatened trouble over home rule.

NO CANADIAN NICKEL IS REACHING ENEMY

Bill to Prohibit All Exports of Metal During the War Not Thought Necessary.

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—The parliamentarians are having a breathing spell after the flutter attending the opening yesterday.

A few have gone away till Monday, but the greater part have remained to get settled for the session and to attend to departmental business accumulating since the last session.

The government's action is promptly bringing down the resolution providing for $100,000,000 war appropriation makes it possible to take up the real business of the session without delay.

This question cannot be taken up until the speech from the throne is disposed of, but it will be dealt with immediately thereafter and the main estimates tabled. The budget will come soon afterward, but Hon. W. T. White is not yet ready to announce the exact date of it.

The bill, of which W. F. McLean is giving notice, to prohibit the export of nickel during the war will give rise to discussion, but it is not believed that it will have the support of the government.

The limitations which have already been imposed by orders in council and the precautions taken to insure that none of the material reaches the enemy are generally officially regarded as sufficient. It has been set forth in an official memorandum that absolute prohibition might have far-reaching and complicated results.

GERMANS DECLARE SEAS AROUND BRITISH ISLES ARE IN WAR ZONE

Attempt Will Be Made to Prevent United Kingdom from Securing Supplies--North and West Coast of France and Part of Holland Included

PROCLAMATION STIRS NEUTRAL NATIONS CABINET AT WASHINGTON DISCUSSES IT

Official Opinion Is That Effort at Blockade Is Most Serious Development--Holland Requires Explanation--No Neutral Nation Will Acquiesce, Asserts Press--British Shippers Cool

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The German admiralty has declared that a war zone is to be established around the British Isles on and after Feb. 18 and has issued a warning to neutral shipping

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—President Wilson and his cabinet today discussed the possible effects on neutral shipping of the German proclamation declaring as naval war zones the water areas surrounding Great Britain and the North sea and west coast of France and a portion of The Netherlands.

As much of the text of the German admiralty's proclamation has not arrived no conclusions were reached and no concensus of opinion developed as to what diplomatic steps should be taken by the United States government.. Should the communication fail to arrive tomorrow Acting Secretary Lansing will direct Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to make the customary enquiry at the German foreign office as to the authenticity of the published report.

Most Serious Development.

Germany's declaration of a naval war zone around Great Britain and Ireland, including the English channel and the northern passage of the Shetland islands, is regarded here as one of the most serious developments of the war.

It was regarded as highly probable, for one thing, that it would hasten the movement begun by the Latin American countries for a speedy conference of neutral states to devise means to reduce losses to neutral commerce to a minimum. This movement, it is expected, will have the support of the European neutrals.

Dutch Cabinet Considers Matter.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 5, via London—An extraordinary meeting of the cabinet was held at The Hague today, according to the Handelsbladt, at which Germany's statement regarding the treatment that is to be accorded to enemy shipping was discussed. No decision was reached as to the Dutch government's stand, the newspaper adds, but a large number of points in the German statement were regarded as requiring explanation.

Another meeting will be held to again discuss the subject.

Neutrals Will Not Allow It.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5—The New York Times today says:

"The declaration of the German admiralty that a war zone around the British Isles is to be established on and after Feb. 18, will be acquiesced in by no neutral nation on earth."

Dutch Vessels Sail as Usual.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 5, via London.—Although Germany's notice concerning the danger to merchant shipping in British waters has not called out much comment in the Dutch press, diplomats and business men are discussing it with animation.

In shipping circles it is declared that the notice will have only the slightest effect on Dutch vessels, most of which are expected to continue to carry out their voyages according to schedule, although some ships may choose the northerly routes. The opinion expressed by the companies is that vessels may still take the risks of which notification has been received, especially liners engaged in East Indian traffic, which would be greatly inconvenienced if compelled to abandon their ordinary routes.

Indignant at United States.

In diplomatic and other circles the view is expressed that the notice is aimed principally at vessels carrying supplies from America, whose constant arrival with cargoes for countries allied against Germany has aroused indignation in that country, it is said.

The Dutch government thus far has declined to express an opinion.

Think It Is Bluff.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—While the German threat of a blockade has created a great wave of indignation among the newspapers, it is regarded by many high officials as a bluff.

It is claimed that with the small number of war vessels at the disposal of Germany it would be quite impossible to make the blockade effective and it is argued that had Germany been able to interfere with British transports carrying troops for France she would already have done so.

So far as shippers are concerned but little alarm appears to be felt. At Lloyds the underwriters viewed the threat calmly and made little changes in the war risk rates. Inquiries at Liverpool, Glasgow and other ports show that no change is contemplated in sailing schedules, most of the companies stating that it is their intention to carry on business as usual unless stopped by the admiralty's orders.

Great interest is shown in the question of how neutral countries will view the threat and extensive extracts from comments in America and other foreign newspapers are published here.

Post Urges Reprisals.

The Morning Post in an editorial today characterizes The Hague convention and the declaration of London as nothing but a carefully prepared conspiracy engineered by Germany against British sea power. The paper argues that Germany, now having thrown off the mask and declared for the full rigor of the game, Great Britain should throw overboard the whole paraphernalia of declarations and conventions with which the navy is encumbered and reply to the German threats with another screw in the blockade.

The Post also urges practical measures such as the arming of British merchantmen and trawlers with rifles maxims, bombs and quick-firers—not to make them belligerents but to use against piratical attacks.

Germany Must Be Punished.

The Telegraph in an editorial today considers German declarations of the waters around Great Britain and the coast of France and the Netherlands as naval war zones as proof of the economic pressure the British fleet is exercising and that "the German ship of state is on its beam ends."

"We could, of course," says the paper, "make reprisals for we possess twice as many underwater craft as Germany but we could not descend to such a depth of infamy.

"The German proclamation consists of empty words but it is self-revealing and Germany must be punished for this threat of frightfulness. We are convinced that any action in this line the British government for and on behalf of the allies may take will receive the support of the civilized world."

May Fly Neutral Flags.

The Times' naval expert on the German proclamation says:

"Much rubbish is being written on the use of neutral flags by British merchantmen. There is no necessity for the admiralty to give any order on this subject and I believe none has been given. The custom of the sea and many precedents admit, however, of a merchantman flying a neutral flag when endeavoring to escape from an enemy.

"Not many years ago Great Britain acknowledged this right when she was herself neutral, and if our ships hoist neutral flags to evade the attentions of hostile submarines they will have law on their side."

Canadian Liners to Run.

MONTREAL, Feb. 5. — Canadian

(Continued on Page Two.)

BRITISH EFFECTIVE ARMY 3,000,000 MEN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The army estimates, to which parliament will devote the first part of next week's session, give the number of effective men in the army, exclusive of those serving in India, at 3,000,000.

ROCKEFELLER AND CARNEGIE TESTIFY

Declare They Established Foundation Purely With Object of Promoting Welfare of Mankind

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Carnegie testified today before the federal commission on industrial relations. They defended the foundations which they have endowed with their wealth and neither believed that the institutions constituted a menace to the religious, political or educational liberty of the people of the United States.

A desire to promote the welfare of mankind and that alone, they claimed, had prompted them to establish the foundations which bear their names.

ALLIES PREPARE TO TAKE OFFENSIVE

Artillery Bombards Germans in Arras Region and Some Trenches Are Captured.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Artillery engagements and a few small infantry attacks make up the sum of the operations on the western front. There are indications, however, that the allies are preparing for an offensive movement in the Arras region, where their artillery has been busy and where they have captured some German trenches. In the Argonne region,

(Continued on Page Two.)

GERMANY OBJECTS TO RUSSIAN ACTION

Protests Strongly Against Intention to Treat Airmen Who Attacked Non-combatants as Criminals.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—Wireless to Sayville.—"The German government, through a neutral channel, has protested strongly against Russia's intention to sentence like criminals the crew of the German parseval balloon, shot down near Libau."

So says the overseas news agency. The Cologne Gazette demands the severest reprisals by Germany against Russian war prisoners.

The foregoing statement evidently refers to the Russian announcement of Feb. 4 that aviators who attack unfortified towns would be treated as pirates.

The German airship which raided Libau, described in previous despatches as a zeppelin, was brought down by Russian artillery.

Petrograd despatches said the men captured would be placed on trial to establish the legal status of bomb-dropping.

KING IS PLEASED WITH CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—The official announcement was made today that "the King has recently inspected the Canadian division of Lord Kitchener's army and was much pleased with its splendid appearance. While it has experienced many hardships through bad weather and heavy rain, the men have borne it all cheerfully and have shown a fine spirit."

MAY TAX LAND TO RAISE WAR FUNDS

Speculation General at Ottawa Considering Impositions to Be Made in New Budget.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5—The Free Press' Ottawa correspondent says:

"There is a difference of opinion among the members of the government as to how best the $15,000,000 additional revenue which is needed to defray the cost of administration during the fiscal year can be raised. The proposed new measures of taxation prepared by the minister of finance have not apparently met with the favor of all the members of the cabinet and there will be a revision before the budget speech, which was first scheduled for next Thursday, is delivered. The question of the incidence of this new taxation is a knotty problem.

"Shall the masses or classes bear the greater part of the burden? This is the question which has to be decided. Increased taxes on sugar and

(Continued on Page Four.)

BRITAIN BUILDS AIRSHIP DESTROYER

Five Craft of New Type Will Fire Torpedoes Against Zeppelins—Easy to Navigate.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Five zeppelin destroyer airships, constructed along new lines, are now under construction near London, for protection against air raids along the British coast, according to Thomas R. Mackmeichen, president of the Aeronautical Society of America, who arrived here last night from Liverpool.

Mr. Mackmeichen said the destroyers are smaller and easier to navigate and would fire aerial torpedoes.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 5.—Passengers arriving here from Germany assert that four zeppelins and four parseval airships, with numerous aeroplanes, are daily executing maneuvers in the vicinity of the German and Belgian frontiers.

The passengers say that new zeppelin sheds have just been erected near Londewehr.

AMERICAN BRIGADE WILL FIGHT BESIDE BRITISH

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—It is understood that a number of leading officers of the United States army have now taken up residence in Canada and are considering the formation of a regiment or brigade of their compatriots for overseas service in the cause of Britain.

For some time a number of capable United States army and national guard officers, some of them of high rank and representing almost every state in the union, have been applying to the militia authorities in Canada for service in the present war. Of course, neither the militia department nor any Canadian can have anything to do with enlisting or accepting the services of any aliens.

During the American civil war thousands of Canadians crossed the border and were promptly taken into the service of the northern armies. So in both the first and second contingent from Canada upward of 2,000 American citizens are enroled and became British citizens for the war.

In the present instance the militia department, of course, cannot take any part in the movement of forming an American brigade until each United States citizen wishing to join becomes a British citizen. This he can do by enlisting.

That these officers are already enroling their companions from the Atlantic to the Pacific at various points is known.

HUNDRED THOUSAND TURKS APPROACH SUEZ CANAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

ROME, Feb. 5.—The main body of the Turkish army advancing against the Suez canal is now at Moyaharah, only 20 miles from the canal, according to a Stecoto despatch from Cairo, which quotes as its authority the statement of a Turkish officer captured in the fighting.

The army consists of 90,000 Turkish soldiers and 20,000 Bedouins, with a number of German officers and engineers.

The army is weak in artillery because of the difficulty of transporting heavy guns over the desert and has nothing larger than 15-centimeter guns.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The failure of the Turks in their preliminary attack on the Suez canal gives a good deal of satisfaction to England, as it is felt that the territorial and Australasian troops engaged there have proved their mettle.

Military men express the belief that the Turkish attack was only in the nature of a feeler and that an organized assault will be delivered by the Ottoman army when it is able to collect its main strength within striking distance.

Correspondents at Cairo say that a warm reception awaits it from the ships and troops.

ATHENS, Feb. 5.—The plan to abandon the campaign against Egypt, which was strongly considered in the

(Continued on Page Two.)

WORLD'S GREATEST KIDNEY REMEDY

"Fruit-a-tives" Have Proved Their Value In Thousands of Cases

WONDERFUL RECORD OF A WONDERFUL CURE

Only Remedy That Acts On All Three Of The Organs Responsible For The Formation Of Uric Acid In The Blood.

Many people do not realize that the Skin is one of the three great eliminators of waste matter from the body. As a matter of fact, the Skin rids the system of more Urea (or waste matter) than the Kidneys. When there is Kidney Trouble, Pain In The Back and Acrid Urine, it may not be the fault of the kidneys at all, but be due to faulty Skin Action, or Constipation of the bowels.

"Fruit-a-tives" cures weak, sore, aching Kidneys, not only because it strengthens these organs but also because "Fruit-a-tives" opens the bowels, sweetens the stomach and stimulates the action of the skin.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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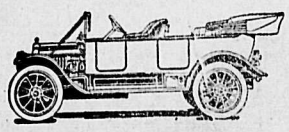

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To anyone who can supply the names of these two well-known Canadian Towns, and fulfils conditions below, we offer our $15 Lady's SOLID GOLD WATCH, English Government stamped, guaranteed timekeeper, as a FREE GIFT. (SILVER WATCHES are presented to Gents.) Send your solution on a sheet of paper together with stamped addressed envelope for reply to GEORGE & CO. Wholesale Watch Merchants, Avebury House, Newhall Street, Birmingham, England. The Winner is required to purchase a Chain from us to wear with Watch. The name of this paper must be mentioned. Prizewinners of last Competition were

Miss T. Tull, Hankard St., Sydney, Cape Breton, Canada.

Mr. J. B. Terrio, Arichat, Cape Breton, N.S., Canada.

TURKS APPROACH SUEZ CANAL

(Continued from Page One.)

Turkish official council of state two days ago, was abandoned because it was feared it would antagonize the followers of the deposed khedive, to whom the pledge had been given that the Egyptian campaign would be prosecuted with vigor.

Officers Killed at Suez

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Lieut.-Commander George P. Palmes, according to a casualty list issued tonight, has been seriously wounded in the fighting in the Persian gulf region.

Sub-Lieut. Claude V. Cardwell has also been wounded, while Gunner Samuel C. A. Smith has been reported killed.

Lieut.-Commander Palmes was attached to the Malta station in command of torpedo boats, while Gunner Smith was attached to H. M. S. Swiftsure of the Malta station for duty on the senior naval officer's ship and in the Persian gulf on armored launches.

Sub-Lieut. Cardwell has been recently appointed and is not included in the December navy list.

These casualties show that the naval patrol of the gulf and Suez canal is getting into action. Armed launches from the battleships have been patroling the canal and guarding the gulf *day and night since the outbreak of* hostilities and are valuable in rushing to any threatened point with heavy guns.

They are armed with 12-pounders, 3-pounders and maxims and provide effective support for the land patrols.

French Warships Aid.

PARIS, Feb. 5. — The ministry of marine tonight issued the following:

"The French warships Requiem and d'Entrecasteaux contributed effectively to the defense of the Suez canal against the attacks of the Turkish army on Feb. 3. The Requiem silenced the enemy's heavy artillery and the d'Entrecasteaux scattered large bodies of the attacking troops.

"There was no loss on either ship."

Australians Fought Well.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

SYDNEY, N.S.W., Feb. 6.—On Friday Gen. Maxwell cabled to the minister of defense that the "Australian engineers have been under fire at Suez and have comported themselves as you would have them do."

ALLIES PREPARE TO TAKE OFFENSIVE

(Continued from Page One.)

too, the French claim to have improved their position.

Push Ahead in Champagne.

PARIS, Feb. 5, 10:50 p.m.—The French official communication made public tonight says:

"During the night of Feb.4-5 some German contingents endeavored to advance from their trenches before Notre Dame Delorette.

"Our artillery has done some effective shooting in the valley of the Aisne.

"In Champagne, to the north of Beausjeur, our troops made some slight progress during the night.

"The north of Massiges the enemy began an attack during the day of Friday, which was repelled.

"In the Argonne region we have consolidated our positions on the ground which we captured Feb. 4 at Batatelle.

"In Alsace a German attack to the south of Altkirch was repulsed.

"A German aviator dropped several bombs upon St. Die and it is reported that four civilians were killed."

Germans Send Fresh Troops.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 5.—The movement of German troops to the western front continues. The soldiers who have been garrisoned for training at South Valkenzward, near the Dutch frontier, started for the front yesterday.

DECLARES SEAS ARE IN WAR ZONE

(Continued from Page One.)

shipping interests do not propose to become unduly worried by the German admiralty's announcement that every ship of the allied powers that sails along the coasts of the United Kingdom and France runs the danger of being sunk without regard to the fate of the crew.

Officials of the Allan line, the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Northern lines and representatives of the Donaldson, Cunard and White Star-Dominion lines declared today that there is no change anticipated in sailings and probably will be none unless the British admiralty advises such.

Until the admiralty sees fit to promulgate new regulations restricting the operations of shipping, no difference will be considered, it is generally stated.

LOW RATES BRING MANY MAGAZINES TO CANADA

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Postmaster-General Hobhouse, replying to a question as to the new scale of postage on newspapers, etc., to Canada, said that *the quantity of such packets had in*creased sevenfold since the establishment of the magazine post.

He did not think that the new scale introduced with the concurrence of the Canadian government would hamper in any way the spread of British sentiment.

TO RECRUIT SECOND FRENCH-CANADIAN CORPS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

SHERBROOKE, Que., Feb. 5.—Col. Rioux of the 54th regiment has received instructions from the militia department to start recruiting for the second French-Canadian regiment which will go with the third contingent.

AUSTRIANS ARE EAGER TO BECOME CANADIAN FARMERS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—Thirteen hundred Austrians signed a petition which was today presented to W. H. Bradley, United States consul, praying his intercession with the Canadian government in behalf of the alien enemies and his presentation of a plea to the government that they be allowed to form a farm colony.

The petitioners state they are kept in this country on account of the indefinite state of non-imprisoned prisoners and "are treated without any regard to international law, being neither allowed to leave the country nor given the opportunity to forestall the horrors of misery, hunger and cold."

They set forth that they were induced to come to this country to work and they brought an abundance of good will. They have been discharged because of the war, although willing to work, they claim.

They beg to be given a chance to become farmers.

"We have heard," says the petition, "about the suggestion to send us together to the bush, to found there a village with farms. We beg you to say to the government of this Dominion that we are anxious to carry on as soon as possible the execution of that suggestion and we shall submit ourselves to the authorities of that place."

SHAWINIGAN TO BUY DORCHESTER ELECTRIC

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

QUEBEC, Feb. 5.—Negotiations between the Dorchester Electric company and the Shawinigan Water Power company, which are said to have reached a point where only a few legal points remain to be settled, have, according to reports in well informed circles, resulted in a basis having been reached for the purchase of the Dorchester Electric by Shawinigan.

The understanding is that the Dorchester will before long become a subsidiary of the Shawinigan on the basis of an exchange of bonds of the Dorchester company into stock of the Shawinigan subsidiary.

The terms spoken of are $125 in the new company for $100 in Dorchester bonds.

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—Reports from Quebec that negotiations are well advanced for the purchase of the Dorchester Electric company by the Shawinigan Water Power company are accepted as virtually correct here, although no official statement is at present obtainable.

The outstanding bonds of the former company are to the amount of $760,000 and the share capital consists of $860,000 common and $42,000 preferred stock.

FRANCE PROTESTS GERMAN ACTION AGAINST NEUTRALS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Feb. 5—The government has issued a protest against the recent action of Germany in annulling the exequaturs of the consuls of neutral powers in Belgium.

The United States and Belgium are agreed, says the protest, that Germany has no right to annul the exequaturs. The two countries, it adds only recognize the right of Germany to suspend the mission of consuls when military exigencies maks such a step necessary.

HYDROAEROPLANES WAR VESSELS, GERMANY REPEATS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—That Germany is preparing another note to the American government, contending that hydroaeroplanes are war vessels was learned at the German embassy today.

Germany is understood to maintain that hydroaeroplanes, submarines and war vessels are in the same class as far as The Hague convention is concerned.

Secretary Bryan has already denied this contention.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST HORN EXPECTED TO BEGIN SOON

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—The attorney-general of New Brunswick will be represented at the extradition proceedings before the immigration commissioner in Maine in the Werner Horn case.

The Canadian Pacific railway will be represented also and possibly the department of justice at Ottawa, though it is not certain yet that this will be necessary.

It is expected here that the proceedings will begin in a few days.

CANADA TO RECRUIT FOR CLEARING HOSPITAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—A new unit is to be added to the second overseas contingent. Authority has just been received at headquarters here for the recruiting of No. 2 casualty clearing station and enrolment will begin at once.

The new unit will be commanded by Lieut.-Col. Wallace Scott, who is at present in England with No. 2 general hospital.

This unit, in former cases known as a clearing hospital, stands between the field and the stationary and base clearing hospitals.

The streams of wounded from all sides converge to it, pass through and are distributed as they emerge.

CANADIAN OFFICER KILLS SELF—EAGER FOR THE FRONT

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, Feb. 6.—At the inquest on the body of Capt. Henry Cook, 10th battalion Canadian contingent, who was found shot in his bedroom day before yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane. A Canadian headquarters officer said that Cook did his duties remarkably well but became ill. He was anxious to go to the front but was told he could not for some time and that might have disappointed him.

KAISER ORDERS HIS HOUSE TO ECONOMIZE

Gives His Subjects Lessons in Frugality and Cutting Down Expenses.

COPENHAGEN.—The kaiser and kaiserin are cutting down the expenses of the imperial household and teaching the German people a lesson in frugality. The standard of meals at court appears to be no higher than that of many private families in the west end of Berlin. This, at any rate, is the statement published in the German papers and given out officially.

The kaiser's chef has had no opportunity of displaying his inventive genius for new dishes since the outbreak of the war. Very few guests have been entertained at the palace, and the kaiserin has placed a ban on table delicacies. The kaiser ordered a trial meal with "war bread" last November, and since then he has ordered that it be eaten at every meal. A few weeks ago it was placed on the menu at great headquarters, where it was greatly appreciated by the kaiser himself. The use of white bread for the imperial breakfast table was stopped simultaneously with the prohibition of all kinds of light baking. No fresh loaves are baked over night at the palace, but every morning the court baker delivers a quantity of "war bread," sufficient for the next day's meals. This is warmed up for the empress and the members of the court at each meal.

The kaiser's breakfast, when he east in Berlin, is simple, consisting of an egg, tea or coffee, and war bread. Soup is served at 1 o'clock, and this is followed by a plate of meat or vegetables, but nothing else. The evening meal is less frugal. Potatoes are served in their skins, which are eaten, says the Vossische Zeitung, and the kaiser permits both meat and vegetables to be taken at this meal. The kaiserin's choice is generally a slice of cold meat.

Both at the front and in the palace in Berlin, the kaiser lives with Spartan simplicity. His choice is restricted to thick soup, containing chopped meat.

The kaiserin visits the kitchen every day, giving orders and superintending the cooking. "One cannot live sumptuously while our brave soldiers in the trenches are making great sacrifices," she is reported to have said.

Cakes, whipped cream and other luxuries are forbidden at court. When the children of the crown prince and other members of the imperial family are invited to afternoon tea, a few crackers appear on the table, and even if the crown princess or the Duchess of Brunswick is a guest at dinner, no extra dish is added to the simple menu.

BUY PLACER MINES NEAR VERNON, B. C.

Spokane Men Acquire Interest in Gold Claims of Reputed Value.

SPOKANE, Wash.—One of the most important mining deals in recent months was closed Friday afternoon by Sharp & Irvine, who acquired a group of placer claims 20 miles from Vernon, B. C., for a local syndicate, of which Dr. Thomas A. Russell is president; Samuel W. Hoag, vice-president; H. T. Irvine, secretary-treasurer, and Russell H. Hanauer, general manager. The officers, with Dr. Stanley H. Titus, Ernest W. Cullen and Ernest M. Adams, comprise the directorate. Joseph W. House of Barkerville, B. C., a hydraulic mining engineer of years of experience, has been chosen superintendent and will have charge of active operations.

The purchase price is $55,000 and the owners, A. Brot, Charles Christian, A. O. Cochrane, John McClellan and Martin O'Brien, have shown their confidence in the possibilities of the property by agreeing to accept payment in the shape of one-third of the cleanups, but they state that they are certain that the operation of the mines will prove profitable, as engineers have reported on the deposits as being the most promising hydraulic placer gold proposition in western Canada. Among the reports is one from E. A. Haggen, a British Columbia mining engineer, editor and publisher of the British Columbia Mining Record and the Mining Handbook, who says that it is one of the finest placer deposits he ever examined.

We will have hydraulic equipment installed and ready to operate by May 1, provided there is no delay getting the machinery delivered," said Mr. Hanauer recently, "and we expect to make money from the start, as 3000 feet of preliminary drifting on bedrock yielded $1 the square foot. It is estimated that four acres of the ground, which has been thoroughly prospected, will return $110,000, and we anticipate being able to work this entire area the coming summer.

"A ditch one and a fourth miles long will bring water from Siwash creek to a point 202 feet above the claims and we purpose putting 1500 inches of this in service at the beginning. The dumping ground is well located, being not less than 50 feet below the level of the bedrock, and there are no boulders in the ground that can not be handled through a four-foot flume. Our plant will have a daily capacity of 3000 cubic yards and it is believed that we will be able to work the greater part of the year. The gold is coarse and can be saved easily, but to insure reducing the loss to a minimum we will employ both quicksilver and undercurrents.

"The claims are 20 miles by wagon road from Vernon, but there is a barge landing on Okanagan lake within six miles, and we intend to take out supplies and equipment in that way. I am preparing to leave for the camp not later than March 1 to prepare necessary buildings and get things in readiness to install the hydraulic machinery."

Mrs. Heavyswell—I hear that German butler you liked so much has left.

Mrs. Eppycure—Yes; he complained that the cook was not observing strict neutrality when she served Irish stew.

LOSERS AS WELL AS FINDERS CAN FIND USE IN A WANT AD.

MILITARY CRITICS IN SERGEANTS' MESS

(Special Correspondent London Post.)

"It's a murdering war, it is, and the 20 years I have been a-drilling I had never thought the likes of it possible. But I am not talking against it——"

"Well, it's the first time that's happened, Mickle," broke in the sergeant-major.

It was in the sergeant's canteen at —— that the non-coms. were yarning. Sergt. Clancy had begun the talk in a tone of melancholy reverie, and the sergeant-major, with a wink to the only civilian present as if to say: "watch me draw him out," broke in: "It's the first time, Mickie, I have been out with you three campaigns, and you have always fought like a devil the days and groused like the devil the nights."

"With all prosper respect to my senior officer," Clancy began mournfully.

"Stow that, old man! Didn't you give me my first drill?"

The other non-coms., listening and not presuming to interrupt, the sergeant-major and the Irish sergeant bandied compliments in a way that was almost a wrangle. And I learned in broad outline Sergt. Clancy's army record; an Irish soldier, which means in effect a bit of a poet as well as a soldier; during his 20 years of service often winning stripes as a soldier and almost as often losing them as a poet; on the edge of getting a commission half a dozen times and coming down again to the ranks more than once; now a sergeant and the veteran and the philosopher and the darling of the non-coms.' canteen.

At last Sergt Clancy was pitched up to the proper mood for a dissertation and after threatening three times to be silent "in the presence of my superior officer, as befits a humble sergeant," he let his eloquence go and we sat back to smoke and to listen.

"It's a murdering war and all mud and 'rithmetic which I couldn't bear as man or boy, and no fun at all, at all; but I am not talking about it, because be jabers, it's a war for the little oppressed nations and for a most distressful country ——"

"A country more distressful than Old Ireland herself," he added after a pause on a note of defiance as if challenging contradiction. Not getting it, he went on a little disappointedly.

"In little Belgium the Prooshians have spared neither the mother nor the babe, the priest nor the holy nun. We have sorrows of our own in Ireland, but it's the Irishman who must take the little Belgian to his heart and welcome him among the little distressed nations and show him how an Irishman can fight for a woman who is wronged and whose babe has been murdered.

"Twenty years I have been fighting and drilling all over the world, and sometimes sad about it, too. But what's for an Irishman to do without much book learning, except to fight whiles the blood is hot in him. Now it's glad I am myself to be at this war, fighting for the little peoples and for the altars.

"But it's murderous; and it's a mathymatical kind of war; and if I could I would be agin it, having no liking ever or understanding of figures, *neither algebry, nor Euclid, nor* 'rithmetic. As Father O'Flanagan would say, these had no uses for a gentleman provided he had a morsel of Latin to show that there had been education put in him.

"It's all figures and calculations and motorcars, this war, and there's little of it of horses, or charges, or aught to amuse an Irishman with the love of fighting for the fun and devilment of it. Give me a battle where the boys feel the spirit in them and when the officer gives the word they go at it for the glory of Heaven, and though it's five to one they beat the enemy back and chase him to the back of God's-speed. I have been in wars when we fought in a different county, so to speak, every day in the week from county Dublin to county Meath in a twinkling of a sword.

"But now there's the general in command sitting in an office surrounded by books— and a ready-reckoner and a calculating machine handy. And the engineer-in-chief comes in with the report on the drains; and the general looks serious, and he juggles with a couple of loggyrithums and consults the ready-reckoner and says solemnly, "We've to get those trenches seven-eights of an inch deeper or all is lost."

"Then the shover-in-chief is called in to the presence and he reports that 171 motor-car axles are broken, and that he must have 793 new tyres. But he can't get them and a regiment or two is ordered out of the battle to patch up a railway embankment somewhere so that that will serve. It's a mighty fine agricultural nation that will come out of this war with the practice we're having with the spade.

"Then, there's the turn of the higher mathymatics to come. There's a palaver of all the big guns, every man with a pair of compasses and a spirit level and something on three sticks like a camera, that is used for the making of roads. They begin to throw figures about and vulgar fractions and cube roots with a little bit of astronomy thrown in. And the general looks bothered entirely until a despatch come in from the boss doctor and his face lights up as he reads it.

"'Bhoys,' he says, gay like, 'our scouts report in trench No. 1,137 of the enemy there are 149 cases of collywobbles. We shall attack tonight. And carried away by the glory of the moment he is startled out of his impassive calm and rapidly turning over the pages of his algebra book and making calculations, he cries: 'If the boys of England, not forgetting Ireland and Scotland, do their duty we shall win back one yard three inches of territory or twenty-three-decimal-seven-seven-nine of us die in the attempt.'

"Oh, he's a powerful man with figures is the general; and it's right he is ordinarily. But it's a dull thing is war, with all this mathymatics and mud and sitting down while the figures are worked out; and with even the guns fired by a table of decimals. To an Irishman it would be intolerable entirely if it were not for the thought of the poor little Belges and their distress."

Sergt. Clancy was silent for a moment. We waited, hoping he would go on. In a moment he did.

"Perhaps another way will be found out of it all, after all; somebody one day will have forgotten his book of figures and he'll find a way of going at it in the old way, just getting into the thick of it, and fighting until the enemy finds he is wanted somewhere else and chasing him from the Liffey to the Shannon. He will be a general with Irish blood in him, if he comes, I am after thinking."

"There's yourself, Sergt. Clancy," broke in the cheeky Cockney recruit who waited on the sergeants' canteen.

"Oh, meself," said Clancy, in a tone of abject gloom, "I am just a poor Irish soldier, who, after 20 years in the army, has to be here desolate to put up with the impudence of a London cock sparrow."

The boy was duly and soundly cuffed. But Clancy spoke no more that night.

REPORTER NEED NOT TELL SOURCE OF INFORMATION

The supreme court of the United States, in its decision in the case of the two reporters of the New York Tribune convicted of contempt of court for refusing to make disclosures of their sources of information in the recent smuggling cases in New York, has in effect upheld the sacredness of the confidential relations existing between the reporter and his informant, says the Vancouver Sun. Thus the traditional integrity of the newspaper man gains a legal status, and the probability of a similar issue being raised again becomes decidedly remote. The question is one of vital concern to every man, woman, and child in the country, for it strikes directly at the very freedom of the press. Much of the power for good of newspapers depends upon the fact that the sources of information furnished to it will be protected. If this were not true facts of interest and concern to the public would be reduced to the colorless condition of an "official bulletin," from which the step to distortion and suppression of truth would be but a short one.

While the law in the United States differs from that in Canada, the effect is very much the same and it may be regarded as a triumph for the freedom of the press in all English speaking countries. Were it otherwise and every reporter could be made give out the sources of information which led him to the truth, the people would suffer more than would the newspapers. When all is said and done, the newspaper is the voice of the people, or should be. There are cases when this is not the fact, but in the English speaking countries, the majority of newspapers are free. In Germany the press is under the thumb of the military system with the result that the people of Germany learn only what the government think is good for them. The people of Canada have much to be thankful for.

For making ribbons for typewriters and adding machines as they are needed is the purpose of a new machine intended for offices in which ribbons are used in quantities.

The New Dress Goods and Silks

We are displaying today the new Piece Goods. These are already finding ready sale.

Our showing includes Serges, Poplins, Gabardines, Whipcords, Checks---silk and wool mixtures.

A splendid assortment of Silks and Satins, including Crepe-de-chine, Messaline, Pailette, Charmeuse, Tamaline, etc.

The New Skirts

Just Opened Out

Be sure to see these new styles, in Whipcord, Serge, Panama, Tweed, etc:

These are wider than the fall skirt and some have pockets.

See Our Windows

Smillie & Weir

LADIES' WEAR SPECIALISTS

A Real Flesh Builder For Thin People

A New Discovery.

Thin men and women, that h hearty, filling dinner you ate la night. What became of all the fa producing nourishment it contained You haven't gained one ounce. Tha food passed from your body lik unburned coal through an open grat The material was there, but yo food doesn't work and stick, and th plain truth is you hardly get enoug nourishment from your meals to pa for the cost of cooking. This is tr of thin folks the world over. Yo nutritive organs, your functions of as similation are sadly out of gear an need reconstruction.

Cut out the foolish foods and funn sawdust diets. Omit the flesh crea rub-ons. Cut out everything but th meals you are eating now and eat wit every one of those a single Sarg tablet. In two weeks note the di ference. Five to eight good soli pounds of healthy, "stay there" fl should be the net result. Sarg charges your weak, stagnant bloo with millions of fresh, new red bloo corpuscles—gives the blood the carry ing power to deliver every ounce fat-making material in your food every part of your body. Sargol, to mixes with your food and prepares for the blood in easily assimilate form. Thin people gain all the wa from 10 to 25 pounds a month whi taking Sargol, and the new flesh stay put. Sargol tablets are a scientifi combination of six of the best flesh producing elements known to chemis try. They come 40 tablets to a pack age, are pleasant, harmless and in expensive.

All druggists in Nelson and vicinit sell them subject to an absolute guar antee of weight increase or mone back.

NO SKATING AT RINK TONIGHT

NOT UNTIL WEATHER CONDITIONS PERMIT

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Competent married ma for small dairy and general farr work. Must be strictly temperate State wages, experience and nation ality. Address P.O. box 147, Gran Forks, B.C. (33

FOR SALE—Dry wood, $ 3per cor Ring up J. Reid, L475. (34

SOAP ON HAIR CAUSES DANDRUFF, SCALP GETS DRY, HAIR FALLS OUT

Girls! Get a 25 cent bottle and try a "Danderine Hair Cleanse"

After washing your hair with soap always apply a little Danderine to the scalp to invigorate the hair and prevent dryness. Better still, use soap as sparingly as possible and instead have a "Danderine Hair Cleanse." Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one strand at a time. This will remove dust, dirt and excessive oil. In a few moments you will be amazed, your hair will not only be clean, but it will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness and lustre.

Besides cleansing and beautifying the hair, one application of Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; stimulates the scalp, stopping itching and falling hair. Dandering is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

Men, ladies. You can surely have lots of charming hair. Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it.

News of Sport

KASLO BOYS BEAT NEW DENVER TEAM

Score in Exciting Game at Slocan Lake Town is 6-2—Visitors Are Entertained.

(Special to The Daily News.)

NEW DENVER, B. C., Feb. 5.—A most exciting game of hockey was played on the New Denver ice on Thursday evening. The score at the end of the first period was 2-0 in favor of the visitors. At the end of the second period 4-1, while the last period was 6-2. The only penalty was one minute for Burgess of Kaslo. The scoring for the visitors was: Three by White, one by Burgess and one by Nagle. The last was made during a skirmish. The scoring for New Denver was done by J. H. Blumenauer and R. Blumenauer.

After the match the visitors were entertained at a dance and supper in Knights of Pythias hall.

The lineup:

Kaslo—R. Hughes, goal; N. Link, point; D. Nagle, cover point; D. Dimock, left wing; W. Burgess, right wing; C., White, centre.

New Denver—O. Slattebrack, goal; R. S. Nelson, point; J. Tier, cover point; W. Coulter, left wing; J. H. Blumenauer, right wing; R. Blumenauer, centre.

M'GILL BEATS HARVARD.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 5.—The hockey team of McGill university, Montreal, tonight defeated the Harvard team, 1 to 0.

METHODISTS BEAT ENGLISH IN ROSSLAND LEAGUE

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Feb. 5.—The hockey game between the Methodists and Anglicans last night was interesting and keenly contested. The score was 5-2 in favor of the Methodists. The Anglicans lost the opportunity of making first place. Only five men played on each team and this made the game much faster. No player was particularly rough, although several decorated the fence at various times. Inches scored for the Methodists in the first half and Hender also scored. McLean and Paull were fenced for one minute each. The second half was more brisk and the English boys started out for the bacon. McLean shot two goals and tied. Hender shot for the Methodists by making a clean individual rush, and then Inches tallied. About this time the Methodists lost two of their men, Hender and Morrish, who took a rest of several minutes for rough checking. This only left three men against five and the Methodists had their work cut out to prevent McLean from scoring. Paull made a clear break and passed the English defense and scored for the Methodists. Hender was put off again. The lineup:

Methodists—Forteath, goal; Paull, Inches, Morrish, Hender.

Anglicans—Johnson, goal; Owen, Stewart, McLean, Stephens.

H. Lynn, referee; R. Fox, judge of play.

There are two more games to be played, both between the Presbyterians and Anglicans. The teams stand as follows:

	P.	W.	L.	D.
Methodists	4	3	1	0
Presbyterians	3	1	1	1
Anglicans	3	0	2	1

PATTERSON DOUBTFUL OF HIS ABILITY TO PITCH

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 5.—Roy Patterson, veteran pitcher of the Minneapolis American association staff, was given his unconditional release by President Cantillon of the local club today.

The release was given after a consultation with the club president at which time Patterson told the magnate that he was uncertain as to his ability to pitch this year.

"The Beverage that Benefits"

Not simply a thirst quencher, not merely a stimulant, but just the purest, most health infusing spirit that has ever been produced.

Wolfe's

Aromatic Schiedam

Schnapps

(HOLLANDS GIN)

Excellent as a "pick-me-up" tonic and most beneficial in its effect on the liver, kidneys and other organs. Vastly superior to ordinary gin.

Obtainable at all Hotels and Retail Stores.

Hudson's Bay Co., Distributors for British Columbia.

Australia alone consumed nearly 2,000,000 bottles last year.

When in Trail

Don't forget to call on J. A. Mack. Who is J. A. Mack? There is only one MacKinnon in Trail, B. C.

KASLO-SILVERTON GAME FAST, CLEAN

No Penalty Recorded in Good Hockey Match—Score: Kaslo 10; Silverton 7.

(Special to The Daily News.)

SILVERTON, B. C., Feb. 5.—The hockey match between Kaslo and Silverton Wednesday evening was the best and cleanest game ever played in the home rink. It was fast and scientific hockey from start to finish and without a penalty to record. It was only through superior combination work in the second period that Kaslo obtained a lead which cinched the game.

The score by periods: First period Kaslo 2, Silverton 3; second period, Kaslo 6, Silverton 1; third period, Kaslo 2, Silverton 3. Final, Kaslo 10, Silverton 7. The lineup:

Kaslo.		Silverton.
	Goal.	
Hughes		Kennedy
	Point.	
Link		McKinnon
	Cover point.	
Nagle		Walton
	Right wing.	
Burgess		Hacking
	Left wing.	
Dimock		Jones
	Centre.	
White		Jenkin

Scores: For Kaslo, Williams and Cliff; for Silverton, Whitehead and Crowe. Referee, W. Cue.

The players were entertained with a dance and supper at McKinnon's hall.

PLAYERS RELEASED, DRAFTED.

AUBURN, N.Y., Feb. 5.—John H Farrell of the National association today gave out the following releases and drafts in major and minor baseball:

Newark has claimed the following drafted players under the waiver rule: Cadore from Wilkesbarre; Appleton from Fort Worth; Dell from Seattle; Edward Donald from Waco; Howell from Chattanooga, all drafted by Brooklyn.

Released by purchase: By Chicago Nationals, F. Bues to Jersey City; by Boston Americans, F. V. Ostergren to Providence.

ROSSLAND CURLERS SEND INVITATIONS TO 'SPIEL

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Feb. 5.—Invitations have been issued to Trail, Nelson, Phoenix, Grand Forks and Greenwood curling clubs to attend the curling bonspiel here during carnival. Two competitions will be played, one on Feb. 10 and the other on Feb. 11, one to be called the mines competition and the other the smelter contest. There will be two sets of prizes for each competition. The names of those competing in the first competition must be in the hands of the secretary not later than 9 o'clock on Tuesday evening and for the second competition before 9 o'clock on Wednesday. Both competitions will be open to all comers. The games will commence at 9 a.m.

PORTLAND DEFEATS VANCOUVER SEPTET

Outplays Home Team and Hands Nice Little Surprise Packet to Terminal City Fans.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 5.—Portland furnished the season's surprise tonight before the largest crowd of the series, when it outplayed the Vancouver team throughout and won by a score of 8 to 3.

The visiting team had the better of the play in every period. It was a strenuous game but the penalties were few. Summary:

First period—1, Portland, McDonald, 5:05; 2, Vancouver, Taylor, 4:25.

Second period—3, Portland, Johnson, 4:20; 4, Portland, Throop, :35; 5, Portland, McDonald, 1:05; 6, Portland, Oatman, 1:25; 7, Vancouver, Taylor, 3:15; 8, Portland, Harris, 1:05.

Third period—9, Vancouver, Nighbor, 1:45; 10, Portland, Oatman, 7:15; 11, Portland, McDonald, 7:30.

ESKIMOS BEAT VICTORIAS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

EDMONTON, Alta., Feb. 5.—In the first two games for the Alberta hockey championship between the Edmonton Eskimos and the Calgary Victorias here tonight the Eskimos won, 6 to 5.

Reid, for the Eskimos, played a star game and the winning of the game is mostly due to his efforts.

The second game will take place in Calgary next week, total goals to decide.

ST. MICHAEL'S WINS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—St. Michael's defeated the Toronto Rowing club 6 to 2 to night, winning the championship of the group and the right to meet the Victorias in the Ontario Hockey association finals of the seniors for the John Ross Robertson trophy.

STEVE KETCHEL WINS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—Steve Ketchel of Chicago won a decision over Max Lustig of New York in a 10-round bout before the Canadian Athletic club here tonight. The men are lightweights.

MINTOS VICTORIOUS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask., Feb. 5.—The Mintos tonight defeated the Saskatoon hockey team by a score of 10 to 4, the game being fast from start to finish.

At the Theatres

Nase Sisters' Farewell Tonight.

Tonight's program at the Starland promises to be exceptionally good. The Nase sisters, who for the past two weeks have delighted Nelson theatre-goers, will present their farewell performance. The full Starland orchestra will be in attendance and will render a special musical program.

The main film feature for the evening is the famous Bison drama, "The War of the Cattle Range," in which William Clifford and Phyllis Gordon have the leading roles. A laughable comedy, "The Girl in Pants," and a one-reel drama, "In the Days of Old," will also be shown. Miss Edna Bomar, the beautiful mezzo-soprano, will commence her engagement at the Starland on Monday, when the fourth instalment of "The Trey o' Hearts" will be shown.

German Raid at Gem Today.

At the Gem this afternoon and evening will be shown the first authentic photographs of the German raid on the east coast of England.

For the first time in more than a century a foreign foe strikes on British soil and the remarkable photographs to be shown tonight depict the damage done by the sensational raid of a part of the German fleet.

Harry Lancaster, who has been delighting large audiences during the past week with his clever singing of Scotch songs, will make his farewell appearance tonight and at the matinee at 2:30 and this evening's performance will sing a number of Scotch songs by special request.

Country Store was again a huge success last night and many useful and valuable prizes were distributed.

A Credibility Index.

(From Punch.)

London, Paris or Petrograd (official)	100
London, Paris or Petrograd (semi-official)	50
Berlin (official)	25
It is believed in military circles here that—	24
A correspondent who has just returned from the firing line tells me that—	18
It is freely stated in Brussels that—	17
Our correspondent in Amsterdam wires that—	13
Our correspondent in Rome announces that—	11
Berlin (unofficial)	10
I learn from a neutral merchant that—	7
A story is current in Venice to the effect that—	5
It is rumored at— that—	4
I have learned today from a reliable source that—	3
I learn on unassailable authority that—	2
It is rumored at Rotterdam that—	1
Wolff's Bureau states that—	0

IS IT CIVILIZATION OR BARBARISM?

(William Archer, in London News and Leader.)

The Germans have a teeny-weeny bit of right to complain that, in contrasting their boasts of culture with their deeds of vandalism, we are misrepresenting the meaning of their word "kultur." The complaint is purely verbal, not substantial; for "kultur" certainly ought to include what we call "culture." But it is true that the two words do not mean quite the same thing. Our "culture" would be better represented by the German "bildung," which Grimm renders "cultus animihumanitas." "Kultur," oddly enough, does not appear in Grimm's dictionary (ed. 1860); but there is no doubt that its meaning, at the present day, is something like "civilization." A writer in the New York Nation quotes two definitions of "kultur." According to the first, it means:

The organized efficiency of a nation in the broadest sense—its successful achievements in civil and military administration, industry, commerce, finance, and, in a quite secondary way, in scholarship, letters and art.

The second defines the word "kulturageschichte" as meaning the history of the social life of a people, racial characteristics, habits, food, shelter, hygiene, clothes, furniture, domestic utensils, morals and customs, legal conceptions, religious creeds, superstitions,

Obviously, then, "kultur" has a very much wider connotation than "culture."

This extension of the term seems to be rather recent. Goethe, in "Faust," speaks of "Die Kultur die alle Welt beleeckt," which is rendered "the gloss of universal culture." Here the word seems to be used in our English acceptation, with a shade of contempt which might suggest the rendering "cultchaw." The Germans have, moreover, another word for "civilization"—"gesittung"—the word, if I mistake not, usually employed by the eminent Treitschke. It means originally "mannerliness," and denotes, perhaps, civilization regarded in the aspect of social polish. But the distinction is not very strictly observed. The common jingle "Gesinnung and Gesittung" might be rendered "mental and social habit"; and this is very much what Germany has set herself to force upon the world under the comprehensive designation of "Kultur."

Assuming, then, that "Kultur" means "civilization," do we find in this more accurate rendering anything that can justify, or even palliate, the conduct of Germany? On the contrary, her whole spirit and policy are even more hostile to civilization than to culture. Civilization, reasonably understood, is a greater and nobler thing than culture, because it involves moral no less than intellectual and aesthetic considerations. Culture is not at all irreconcileable with barbarism; civilization is its antithesis. The princes and nobles of the Italian Renaissance were very highly cultured, but who will maintain that they were civilized? The culture of China and of pre-Meiji Japan is indubitable; but what about their civilization? If we insist on applying the term at all to their conduct of life, we must at least admit that their civilization was as low as their culture was high. It is possible, on the other hand, to be civilized without being cultured; and that condition, though regrettable as limiting the spiritual life of the individual, is infinitely to be preferred to the opposite state of culture without civilization. If one must attempt a definition, it might run something like this: Civilization means, on the material side, the utilization for the general good of all man's achievements in taming, harnessing, exploiting of the forces of nature; on the moral side, the fostering of such dispositions as are calculated to further the free development of humanity toward larger, juster, saner forms of political and social life.

If we accept this definition, is it not manifest that nothing can be more uncivilized than the attempt of any people to impose its civilization by force upon another civilized people? Can anything be clearer than that differences of civilization add enormously to the interest and value of life? If it were possible for one language to supplant all others, how much poorer would be the spirit of man! And the civilization of a people is, like its language, simply a natural efflorescence of its soul. It is conceivable, no doubt, that in the process of centuries an electic world civilization may be developed—a survival of the fittest elements in all the national civilizations. Even in such a consummation there would be loss as well as gain; but at worst it would be something immeasurably different from the forcible imposition of one single form of "Gesinnung und Gesittung" upon a conquered planet. The cry of "Deutschtum, Deutschtum, uber alles!" is a battle-cry of barbarism.

"Are you not," some Germans may ask, "forcibly imposing British civilization upon India?" This reply is a simple negative—we are not. We have, indeed, put down by edict one monstrous relic of barbarism, the burning of widows; and we are trying, not quite successfully, to check the practice of murdering female infants. Except in these two extreme cases, the most scrupulous non-interference with religious and social habits and prejudices is the fundamental principle of our rule. So far as British civilization has penetrated India at all, it has done so with the consent of the people. Here and there measures of sanitation have aroused local opposition, but the sense of the country has on the whole been with us. And mark that even if we had employed the methods of the drill sergeant, it would not have been a case of supplanting one civilization by another; for pre-British India was distinctly one of the countries where there was a good deal of culture but little civilization.

For the material civilization of Germany we have all the greatest respect. In some ways it is probably a little ahead of ours, partly because of the undoubted thoroughness and competence of the German mind in all technical activities, partly because an all-powerful government forces the pace. But if the whole material mechanism of English life were to be Germanized tomorrow the difference, whether for good or ill, would be insignificant—the triumph of "Deutschtum" would be very meagre. On the moral side there is undoubtely a much greater difference between the two civilizations—and wherein does it lie? Precisely in the fact that the German believes (officially) in three things, which are to the vast majority of English-speaking people damnable delusions. The state as an "ultima ratio," superior to all moral scruples; the incarnation of the state in an autocratic ruler and the moral sublimity and beneficence of war. If Germany can impose these ideas on the English-speaking world (and, crazy as it seems, nothing less is her ultimate endeavor). "Deutschtum" will indeed have made a mighty conquest. But in that case, when the world returns to sanity "kultur" will no longer be translated "civilization," but "barbarism."

A SOLDIER SANTA CLAUS

A pretty story of how he played Santa Claus to two little children in a farm in an almost deserted village is told by a transport officer at the front in the following letter home:

"You will, I expect, like to know how I spent Christmas Eve. It was like this: I had been in the trenches and was on the way back to a spot where I had left my horse. This I reached about 11:00 p.m., and as I was tired I decided to turn in for an hour or two.

"On going into a farmhouse I found a fire. All the houses about here are empty, but here some poor farmer had not 'cut and run' like the others. Snoring came from upstairs, so I sat down by the fire. Over the fireplace hung two stockings, empty! Poor kidds! What chance in such a place of having anything put in them? But luck was with me, for tied to my saddle was a parcel containing cake, chocolate, crackers and fruit.

"It did not take long to fill those stockings to bursting-point, and with a little money it made quite a show. After a rest, once more I got on the road. This was quite one of the strangest Christmas eves I can remember.

"Christmas day was even stranger. I was again in the trenches, but no one fired a shot. I went over to the Germans, shook hands had a talk in English, exchanged food, etc., and now we are trying to kill each other as hard as ever. What a life! One of the Germans had been a waiter for some years at the Hotel Metropole, London. They said they all wanted the war to end."

Winter's Chills Bring Out Kidney Ills.

Winter quickly makes you realize that there is something radically wrong with the Kidneys. There can be no doubt as to just what is making your back ache all the time—what causes you to urinate so often—what makes the urine so highly colored and so painful to void.

The trouble is with the Kidneys. They are weak or strained, or you may have taken cold and the cold has settled in the Kidneys. The inflammation has also extended to the bladder, which is irritated also by the excess of uric acid.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

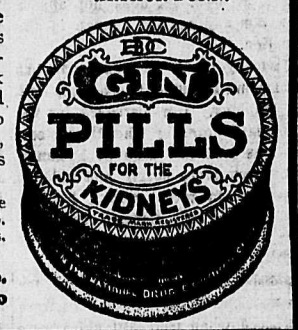
are a perfect protection against winter Kidney and Bladder Troubles, as Mr. Dunn will testify.

L'Anse a Louise, Dec. 13th.

"For four years, I suffered from Kidney Trouble and tried four different doctors, all failing to do me any good. I was all but discouraged when I saw your GIN PILLS advertised and after taking three boxes, I was entirely relieved. It is now a year since then and I have had no return of the trouble".

ARTHUR DUNN.

Depend on Gin Pills to cure your Kidney and Bladder ills—to give you relief from Rheumatism and Pain in the Back—to neutralize uric acid and prevent bladder irritation—to regulate the urine—in short, to enable you to enjoy life this winter.



50c. a box, 6 for $2.50. Gin Pills are "Made in Canada". Sold in U.S. under the name "GINO" Pills. Trial treatment if you write

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto

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SCHISM THREATENED.

London.—The effects of the South African rebellion are being acutely felt in the Dutch Reformed church, where something like a schism is now threatened owing to differences of political opinion.

The Dutch clergy have always been prominent in political affairs and many of them have favored the Hertzog party. While not lending support to an aggressive rebellion, a certain section of the clergy were inclined to be passive, chiefly because of their hatred for the progressive policy of Botha.

On the other hand, I am informed that the city clergy and those of the outside districts who are in daily contact with English speaking countrymen thoroughly support Botha's policy and hence the church is divided into two camps. As a consequence a special conference has been opened at Bloemfontein to discuss a way out of the difficulty.

Target Tips and Hunting Helps by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane, care of this paper.

W.F.C., Fresno, Cal.:

In your shooting article, please advise me as to the proper handling of firearms on different occasions, such as carrying one when alone, in company, or while loading.

This subject is one of general interest. It is also one of great importance to prevent accidents of various sorts. The most important rule is never point a loaded or unloaded firearm in any direction where damage could possibly be done if through any chance the arm were discharged. Theoretically, of course, it makes no difference where an unloaded firearm is pointed, but mistakes are bound to occur and the safest plan is as stated above—never point a firearm in any direction where it could do any damage. The nature of the country through which one is walking governs considerably the best position in which to carry a firearm. If you do not expect a chance for a shot, the military position is one of the best. If you are expecting a shot where the underbrush is heavy, hold the shotgun or rifle with the right hand gripping the stock in the shooting position and the barrel leaning against the shoulder in as nearly a vertical position as possible, so that the arm may be dropped forward quickly. If there is little underbrush so that there is no danger of catching the muzzle of the arm, carry with the butt stock under the right arm and the hands in shooting positions. The arm can then be quickly swung into shooting position. This is probably the fastest position from which a shot can be made.

When you are in company do not use this latter position if there is any one ahead of you. While loading magazine have barrel pointed straight at the ground or straight up in the air.

I have heard it stated that when a shotgun shell, 12-gauge, is loaded with more than 3 drams of smokeless powder, all over the 3 drams is wasted. Is it so?

No; increasing the load increases the velocity and powder in excess of three drams is burnt completely and does useful work. It is dangerous, however, to exceed the largest loads supplied by the big manufacturers, which I think is 3½ drams. Increasing the load always has the effect of opening up the pattern to a certain degree.

C.L.B., Hartford, Conn.:

G.H.R., Milwaukee, Wis.:

Please let me know if there is an appreciable difference between the range and penetration of a 28 inch and 32 inch 12-gauge full choke shotgun barrel.

There is no appreciable difference in the velocity (and consequently the penetration) or the pattern of a 28 inch and a 32 inch full choke shotgun barrels of 12-gauge. There is, of course, a slight difference. This difference is so extremely small, however, that a very careful test for a long series of shots by means of an electric chronograph would be necessary to show how much the difference is. It would be quite impossible to tell the difference by any ordinary practical test. The pattern also is the same. The 28 inch barrel will shoot as close as any longer barrel.

A.B.C., Rock Stream, N.Y.:

What is the best 12-gauge shotgun shell made for trap shooting and what is the best load?

The most popular trap load for a 12-gauge shotgun shell is 3¼ drams of bulk smokeless powder or 25 grains of dense powder, and 1¼ oz. No. 7½ chilled shot.

How far should a clay pigeon trap throw the pigeons straight ahead?

The best way to answer this question, I think, is to quote you part of section 4, rule 13, as given by the Interstate association. This section reads: "Targets, whether singles or doubles, shall be thrown not less than 45 yards, nor more than 55 yards with a flight between 6 and 12 feet high at a point ten yards from the trap."

Please give me some advice in regard to preparing a gun before putting it away for a long time.

If you expect to put the firearm away for a long time, it is well to clean the barrel thoroughly on three successive days and then coat it with vaseline or a good quality of gun grease. Always keep firearms in as dry a place as possible.

Can you tell me if a 20-gauge shotgun, 25 inch barrel, full choke, has as great a killing power at 40 yards as a 12-gauge 28 inch barrel full choke, same model, using smokeless powder?

No; it is foolish to expect a 20-gauge gun of any make to have as great power as a 12-gauge. Power is determined by pattern and since the 12-gauge throws a larger quantity of shot, there will be more shot in a 30 inch circle at 40 yards than there would be with a 20-gauge and therefore its killing power would be greater. In like manner a 10-gauge is more powerful than a 12, and a 16-gauge is in between a 12 and a 20. All shotguns of whatever gauge, when bored full of choke, throw the same per cent of their charge in a 30 inch circle at 40 yards.

Charles Askins in his book, "The American Shotgun," says: "Reduce the choke of a 12 to 60 per cent and you have in range and power only a 16-gauge. Reduce it to a quarter choke and the range drops to that of a 20. Still further open the 12 to an improved cylinder and you have a weapon of like power and range with the 28 inch." This means that if the bird is properly centered in the pattern, a 20-gauge full choke will kill at the same range as a 60 per cent choke 12-gauge. The 12-gauge, however, will have a larger killing circle and a greater error in aiming could be made and still score a kill.

Alf P. Lane

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TOMATO - VEGETABLE
CHICKEN - MOCK TURTLE
OX TAIL - SCOTCH BROTH
PEA - MULLIGATAWNY
ETC. ETC.

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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1915

WHAT WILL NEUTRALS SAY TO GERMANY'S THREAT?

From a British point of view the declaration by Germany that the seas which encircle the United Kingdom and those along the north and west coasts of France and part of Holland will be considered a zone of war on and after Feb. 18, does not appear to make any serious change in the situation.

Germany since the war began has been doing her utmost to destroy British shipping. Her disregard for the rules laid down by The Hague conventions and for those of humanity have been more openly and publicly expressed in recent weeks, but the principles of the German campaign have not changed since the opening of hostilities. Mines were distributed broadcast without consideration for the non-combatants whose lives were sacrificed when merchant ships were sunk. Submarine attacks against French merchant shipping commenced early in the war, the case in which a passenger steamer loaded with French and Belgian refugees was torpedoed offering, perhaps, the most striking example of Teuton inhumanity in this direction. Again, last month, five British merchant ships were destroyed by one or more German submarines.

That attacks by submarines and efforts to destroy shipping by means of mines would continue was expected and measures have been taken by the British navy to reduce the danger to ocean commerce to a minimum. These measures have met with a success which is more complete than would have been predicted before war if German disregard of international law had been foreseen. And the mere declaration of what the Germans would like to enforce as a blockade of the British isles does not modify those conditions.

It is to the neutral nations that the proclamation of the kaiser's admiralty is of most significance. The warning that it gives to neutral shipping contains the threat that passenger and cargo carrying vessels of the United States, Holland, Norway, Denmark, Sweden and other non-belligerent nations will be subject to the danger of destruction by German warships engaged in attempts to cut off Great Britain from intercourse with the outside world.

The threat in itself is damaging in that it will, if it is not retracted, have the effect of contracting commerce with Great Britain, France and Holland and with other countries to which ships travel over the route concerned, by giving cause for fear of loss of life and property.

Germany has a right to do all in her power within international law to keep contraband of war from reaching her enemies, but she has no right to destroy the lives of neutrals nor to send to the bottom non-contraband cargoes carried by neutral ships. If she had the naval power to blockade all or certain British ports she could declare a blockade which would, under international law, prevent neutrals from legally attempting to reach such ports. But she has not the naval strength to enforce an effective blockade and no partial blockade will be recognized.

If, therefore, a German vessel of war in the course of its attempts to cut off commerce from Great Britain kills a neutral citizen on a neutral vessel or sinks a neutral ship she will commit an act which most self-respecting nations would consider an act of war.

Germany has made the threat that she may commit such acts. It is for the United States and other neutral nations, when they have full information concerning the German proclamation, to decide upon the measures to be taken in reply.

AFRICA WANTS MORE BRITISH COLUMBIA APPLES.

The reputation of British Columbia apples becomes enhanced and the demand for them grows as the market is extended into new fields. At exhibitions in the British isles, in the United States and in other countries where they have been shown in competition with the world they have carried off the premier honors in the classes in which they have been exhibited. Victories of this nature prove the good qualities of British Columbia fruit, but more satisfactory still is the success of the apples from this province against competitors in the open market.

The latest success has been won in South Africa. Shipments of Canadian apples were sent last fall in cold storage steamers to various points in South Africa. Six hundred boxes from British Columbia arrived at Cape Town in splendid condition. Regarding the reception of the fruit a Dominion trade and commerce department report says:

> The general opinion expressed by all dealers, government officials and retailers, is that the shipment of British Columbia apples was undoubtedly the best fruit imported into South Africa; the packing was declared perfect.

In order to extend the South African market for Canadian apples the report advocates that shipments be made as early as possible and declares that if efforts are made sales can easily be doubled. The demand is for a medium-sized highly colored red apple. Shipments should be made the end of September, Oct. 15 and Oct. 30. The number in a box should average from 140 to 180.

British Columbia apple growers have no need to fear overproduction of a product which pleases consumers wherever it is offered for sale.

UNFAIR TAXATION EATS HEART OUT OF AUSTRIA.

Many reasons have been advanced for the poor showing which has been made by Austria in the present war. Incompetent officers, poor organization, lack of enthusiasm for the struggle on the part of the great body of the people and the internal conflict of races are some of the causes which have been suggested. A writer in an American Croatian paper blames unfair taxation and gives the following examples:

At Miholjcu 9,665 jutara (acres) owned by one noble royalist, tax 167 crowns ($83). Owned by small farmers at the same place, 7,278 acres; taxes, 12,384 crowns ($6,912).

At Vocinu, one royalist owner, 22,750 acres; tax, 151 crowns. At same place 12,630 acres, owned by small farmers, tax, 19,075 crowns.

At Drensosu, one noble owner, 22,612 acres; taxes, 160 crowns. At same place, 13,719 acres, owned by 12,000 small holders, taxes 9,982 crowns.

Such a system of taxation, which falls with enormous weight upon the peasant and middle classes, who are least able to bear it, and touches only lightly the rich, would eat the heart out of any country.

"Produce more than last year" is Canada's patriotic slogan for 1915.

Patronize the public market. It is an institution whose benefits extend to the rancher and the consumer and through them to the merchants and business men of the community.

As Canada has taken measures, with the approval of the British government, to prevent any Canadian nickel from reaching the enemy, the bill of W. F. McLean to prohibit completely the export of the metal during war appears to be a wasted effort.

The merchant or business man who waits for times of prosperity to advertise what he has to sell is allowing his competitor to gain a big advantage which he will later find it difficult to overcome. It is the persistent advertiser who sells the most goods.

The Daily News is now being printed on paper made in British Columbia from timber grown in British Columbia and manufactured by British Columbia workmen. The paper is the product of Powell River mills, which has a big plant at Powell river, B. C., and is of first-class grade.

Speaking to the German war correspondents a few days ago the kaiser misapplied to his principles the words of old John Knox, the Scottish reformer, that "One man with God is always in the majority." The emperor displayed the modesty for which he is noted by refraining from naming the "one man".

A Nelson company is engaged in getting out granite for a big Mormon church in Alberta, an Arrow lakes lumber company has received a big order for cottonwood lumber, in several quarters in Kootenay and Boundary new settlers are reported as having purchased ranches. Those are some of the satisfactory developments which were recorded in yesterday's issue of The Daily News and which mean improved business conditions.

RED CROSS NOTES.

The depot will be open this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock.

The incubator that was to have been raffled by the Sons of England in aid of the Red Cross funds will be raffled this afternoon at the depot at 3:30 o'clock.

The society acknowledges the sum of $10 from the Sons of England, being balance of proceeds from a concert held some time ago.

WHAT THE PRESS IS SAYING.

Aids to Success.

Diligence and perseverence are habits that carry any life as steadily to success as favoring winds carry a ship at sea.—Montreal Evening News.

Likely.

Does any one suppose that if the German fleet had command of the sea ships would be allowed to carry food to the British islands?—Toronto Star.

More Than Neutrality.

The Detroit Journal is peeved because some Americans are openly taking sides with the allies and asks if just being a plain American citizen isn't good enough. Not if he has good red blood in his veins.—London Advertiser.

The German Warships.

It is interesting to note that the three vessels, Blucher, Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, were named after the three great founders of Prussia of today. Their spirits must grieve at the fate which has befallen their namesakes. The Moltke was luckier than the Blucher and escaped. Possibly she will meet her fate with the Roon and Furst Bismarck. These vessels are named after the three men who welded the German empire with blood and iron. Those who are superstitious will see the finger of fate in this coincidence.—Vancouver Province.

Jitney Possibilities.

It is among the possibilities that the jitney cars will so reduce travel on street railways that the latter will find themselves able to provide a seat for each passenger who buys one.

The jitneys may even achieve the miracle of making traction magnates understand that there is a limit to the patience of the American people. Beyond these interesting possibilities, the jitneys once more remind us that no monopoly can ever be made airtight; that the law of competition will soon or late find the blowholes in the tightest cinch, so that if our efforts to regulate monopolies by man-made laws shall fail, natural law will eventually bring them to book.—St. Louis Despatch.

THE WEATHER.

	Min.	Max.
Nelson	30	32
Prince Rupert	36	42
Victoria	40	44
Vancouver	38	46
Kamloops	30	40
Calgary	8	36
Medicine Hat	-6	34
Edmonton	12	32
Battleford	4	26
Prince Albert	0	16
Regina	-6	20
Winnipeg	0	4
Port Arthur	18	30
London	15	35
Toronto	30	34
Kingston	8	34
Ottawa	0	20
Montreal	0	28
St. John	0	32
Halifax	-6	36

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

At Boston—Carthaginian, Glasgow.
At Genoa—Verona, New York.

COLD STORAGE.

"Where did you get that powder on your coat?"

"A suffragette," exclaimed her husband weakly "exploded a bomb."

"This pianist has wonderful power. He can make you feel hot or cold, happy or morose, at will."

"That's nothing new. So can our janitor."

"My wife is always worrying about the gas."

"Luckily, that is one of the household troubles we can make light of."

"Ever been in the army?"

"Sure! I was in charge of a squad of men one time."

"On special duty?"

"Yes; they were taking me to the guard-house."

MILITARY COURT WILL DEAL WITH PAYMASTER

Woman to Whom It Is Charged French Stores Were Sent Escapes Arrest Because of Sickness.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

PARIS, Feb. 5.—Aristide Briand, French minister of justice, today replied to M. Delahaye, member of the chamber of deputies who Wednesday last demanded that the minister of justice furnish information as to why Mme. Bechoff, to whom Francois Desclaux, general paymaster of the army, is alleged to have sent stolen military stores, has not been arrested. M. Briand declared that the interference of the minister of justice in the judicial proceedings would constitute the gravest abuse and that the question concerns the military authorities and not the minister of justice.

Desclaux was arrested the latter part of January and at that time it was charged that he had been sending army provisions to a woman and that large quantities of these stores were found by the military police in her house.

The woman was said to be the wife of a German. It was stated that she was suffering from appendicitis and that for this reason she had not been taken into custody.

CANADIAN OFFICERS ARE INVALIDED HOME TO WEST

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Lieut. Stanley L. Jones, Calgary, wounded with the Princess Patricias and Major Mackinerey of Edmonton have been invalided home.

MAY TAX LAND TO RAISE WAR FUNDS

(Continued from Page One.)

a tax on tea are said to be among the proposed methods of raising the required money. Here, it is pointed out, the poor man with the large family must pay more proportionately than the rich man with the small family. In the matter of tea there is said to be a difference of opinion as to whether a specific or an ad valorem duty should be imposed. A specific duty would raise more money but the man consuming the expensive blends would not have to pay any more per pound toward the net taxes than the man who consumed cheaper blends. With an ad valorem duty, on the other hand, the tea would be taxed according to its value.

"Such taxes, it is said, would be accompanied by a corresponding increase in the duties on the finished product and the consumer of the finished product would be assessed the additional cost, while the manufacturer would be little affected.

"Increased excise duties on tobacco and liquor are always considered defensible, as are also taxes on the luxuries of life, but the income to be gained from such increases will necessarily be infinitesimal.

May Tax Property.

"The question may arise as to whether the federal government has power to raise taxation by such a method as the British North America act defines one of the powers of parliament as "the raising of money by any mode or system of taxation." While, therefore, the taxation of property has generally been conceded to be the exclusive right of the municipalities, it would appear that the present extraordinary conditions should justify the federal parliament in resorting to any reasonable method available.

"The assessable value of the Dominion, roughly estimated, is about $7,000,000,000, so that a tax of a mill on the dollar would bring to the federal treasury $7,000,000. In the case of a man owning a $10,000 farm the portion of the tax which he would be called upon to pay in the year would be only $10, while in the case of a householder owning a $6000 house the tax would be $6. The tax would be easily and readily collected.

The machinery is already provided and the municipalities would collect and deposit the money with the federal government.

"It is recorded in this regard that the city of Peterboro recently collected $10,000 for the patriotic fund by the simple means of taxing all the assessable property in the city at the rate of 10 mills on the dollar and there was no complaint.

"It is contended by many members here that a tax of 1 mill on all the assessable property in the Dominion for war purposes should meet with a proportionate measure of success and with just as little complaint.

"It is a matter of general knowledge that the government is casting about for new methods of increasing the revenue and has considered the above method. Whether it will figure in the budget is a matter for conjecture."

FATHER MURDERED; MOTHER DIES, INFANT FOLLWS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5.—The infant child of Kosmal Huzakel, who was murdered in Elmwood three weeks ago died in a hospital today.

The mother died in giving birth to the boy 40 days ago. The little fellow had been delicate from birth and no hope was held out for his existence. The murderer of the father is still at large.

A little girl of four remains of a family of four.

CHANGED ATTITUDE OF ENGLISH WOMEN

ALDERSHOT.—That the slump in feminine frivolity has seriously affected the large drapery establishments is evidenced by the winter sales, which are now in full swing. The smartest London shops, which as a general rule are beyond the purse of the average woman, are selling off everything at prices which are astounding, almost giving things away, in fact, and never was there such an opportunity to lay in a stock of silk dresses and tweed walking suits, while as for blouses I should be afraid to say at how low a figure good smart silk ones can be purchased.

The war has brought about many subtle changes in every phase of trade and social life, and in nothing is the change so marked as in the fashionable diseases. There are no neurotic, neurasthenic women to be found nowadays. They are all too busy with more vital things to have time or inclination for imaginary maladies. A nurse who has been running a popular home for nervous cases under some of the leading specialists told me that she will have to close the house, as it has been empty since September, and before that it was hardly spacious enough to accommodate the patients willing to pay high prices for admission.

DO BUSINESS IN A DAYLIGHT WAY

The storekeeper who makes a practise of offering his patrons "something just as good" instead of the advertised articles asked for is doing business in the dark.

He is trying by subterfuge to take advantage of the good will created by some one else.

Nine cases out of ten the article he offers to substitute is inferior in quality.

It does a positive injury to the reputable manufacturer who was building a reputable business in a reputable way.

It is bad for the consumer and in the end bad for the storekeeper.

Deal with the storekeeper who does business in an open and above board way.

When you ask for an article you saw advertised in the paper "get what you ask for."

ALL FOR THE STATE IN OLD ENGLAND

Not only the worst, but the best, of human nature is brought out by war, and of this we have a striking example in the political truce in Great Britain, says the Mail and Empire. So honestly has this truce been observed that a great many people believe it will be permanent and that soon after the war there is likely to be a new alignment altogether and but two parties, the radicals and the moderates. The war has shown how hollow indeed are some of the pretensions of party government and that at heart the strongest of political opponents have a deep respect for each other. Men who six months ago would not play golf together for fear, perhaps, that they might attempt to settle political differences with their clubs are now handing each other handsome compliments across the floor of parliament. At the annual meetings of the great English banks, whose name is held in most respect? Why, Lloyd George's, the man who a few months ago was regarded as the most dangerous man in England as far as the old school of financiers could judge. Now one of them says that Lloyd George ought to be made a duke.

In Double Harness

A year ago he was the best hated man in England. Today he is one of the most popular. In his recent budget speech he raised everyone's taxes and had some handsome things to say about the dukes, who a year ago would cheerfuly have lynched him. He was followed by his ablest and sternest critic, Austen Chamberlain. The ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer had no fault to find. His words were compliments. Indeed, he could not well criticize the budget, since he had had the honor of assisting Lloyd George to make it. His assistance was, indeed, very generously acknowledged by Lloyd George. He also paid a tribute to the help he had received from Lord Rothschild, who a year or so ago had referred to Lloyd George as a species of highway robber. As it is with Chamberlain and Lloyd George, so it is in all branches of government. In the last parliament Carson and Redmond sat amicably side by side discussing how the recruiting in Ireland might be stimulated.

Distinguished Assistants

At the foreign office Lord Lansdowne, from the beginning of the war until his recent illness, spent as much time as Sir Edward Grey. At the war office, Kitchener has on his one hand Lord Haldane, the former Liberal secretary of war, and on the other Arthur Balfour, formerly premier, and conceded to be probably the greatest military authority in England outside the ranks of professional soldiers. In the admiralty, Winston Churchill is assisted by Arthur Lee, who would be his successor probably if the Unionists were to be placed in power tomorrow, and also by Lord Charles Beresford, a doughty critic for many years past. Similarly Lord Haldane, lord high chancellor, who might have been called upon to spend most of his time deciding some of the numerous points of law that the war has raised, has been able to spend hours every day with Kitchener, because Lord Halsbury, his predecessor, has been largely taking his place as lord chancellor.

Loyal Laborites

How the Irishmen have fallen into line is indicated in the close association of Carson and Redmond. Nor have the Laborites held aloof. They have been as loyal as the Unionists, with the single exception, as far as parliament is concerned, of Kier Hardie, who, however, is rather a Socialist than a Laborite. In the early days of the war there was talk of a strike among the shipbuilders and miners. The leaders of the unions affected publicly announced that any man who would lay down his tools in this emergency was not only a blackleg to his union, but to his country. There was a small strike among the saddlers, who have reaped a harvest of the war. The malcontents, however, were literally whipped back to their jobs by their leaders, and afterwards the government, which the men have been long denouncing as the tolls of the capitalists, insisted that the saddlers should pay their men more wages.

England's Best Government

A writer says that as far as politics are concerned in the British Isles, it is as though the story by H. G. Wells, "In the Days of the Comet," had come true and a vapor had cleaned the earth of all jealousy, envy and pettiness. As Macaulay says: "All are for the State." Probably after the war is over forgotten political animosities will be revived; but what a pity it is that the old lines should ever be retraced! England today is having the best government she ever had, not because the present Liberal government is the ablest and most patriotic in history, but because the Liberal government is being aided by the men who would form a Unionist government if it were to be called tomorrow. The best statesmen in England are working in double harness. If after the war is over some arrangement could be found to perpetuate the present arrangement England might well feel that her sacrifices had not been in vain.

GERMANS IN TRENCHES ARE GROSSLY MISLED

Believe That Occupation of Different Parts of England Has Been Established by German Army.

I had the opportunity one day this week of talking with an officer just back from the front who has been concerned in the campaign since the middle of August, and may be trusted to take a very sound view of the situation according to his lights, which are considerable, says a London correspondent. The whole trouble of these personal observations of course is that no one man except a few highly privileged individuals on the headquarters staff is cognizant of operations extending over a line of 300 miles. My friend, however, has been fortunate in meeting quite a number of fellow officers from long distances, and he is able to come to certain conclusions with a reasonable degree of confidence. For one thing, he does not depreciate in the smallest degree the quality of the German troops who were engaged against our first expeditionary force. He says that in every way they were splendid, and his eulogy of their qualities makes more impressive as evidence of the quality of his judgment his remarks concerning the lowering of quality, perceptible in the troops that are engaged against the allies at the present time. Strength is given to the view that Kitchener's army will not have to meet in large proportion the German crack regiments from the casualty lists that are published in the German press. At the time of writing admission has been made that nearly 900,000 Prussians (officers and men) are hors de combat—either killed, wounded or missing. The figures as to the Bavarians are scarcely less startling and fully confirm the opinion that the worst dint of German arms has been made in the west. The second point brought out by this conversation was that the German shelling is less deadly than might be supposed, and there is evidence that the Germans have been put to shifts in providing adequate supplies. A third fact within the actual knowledge of the officer is that however widely the German official wireless messages may be distributed through the world and however near they may approach to truth (guardedly told), the men in the fighting line do not get any real notion of the actual progress of the war. What happened on Christmas day when the soldiers in the immediate vicinity of my informant made an informal armistice of 24 hours explains the anxiety of the kaiser that no friendly interchange should take place. It seems incredible, but German soldiers spoke with an obvious sincerity of their belief that established occupation had been made by their army in different parts of England, and that sentries were posted in certain districts of London. The production of London newspapers recording what was happening in the metropolis and giving other full information of the war astonished these men, and they accepted the evidence as complete and expressed their surprise that they had been so misled. Probably these companies were from the country, as it is impossible to believe that quite such amazing fictions could be imposed upon the better educated. The fourth point was that in the matter of looking after the health of the troops the Germans strangely enough, with all their attention to science and systems in other concerns, are far behind ourselves. The sanitary arrangements are very unsatisfactory, and the doctoring leaves much to be desired. These reports did not come from sick or wounded, but from strong and healthy, who were surprised to gather what a small percentage of sickness we have had. The impression left was not that the enemy was lacking in sense of importance of these things, but that the plan of campaign having failed, the system itself had suffered in very serious degree. It is quite certain that the Germans have learned a good deal during the present war. Their frank acknowledgments that they had underestimated the ability of the British army shows that they are not hidebound in their own conceit, but of all modern nations they are perhaps the least able to adapt themselves to circumstances. Even their military science tends to impede them when variations are required, as they work so much upon theory and book principles.

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2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers, Sales Dept. Montreal

25 Per Cent. Discount on Overshoes

20 Per Cent Discount on HOCKEY SHOES FELT SLIPPERS and FELT BOOTS

WINNING NUMBERS LAST WEEK AND WEEK BEFORE, 1282 AND 1327.

R. Andrew & Co.

ASK YOUR GROCER TO SHOW YOU A COPY OF THE

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THIS BOOK CAN BE SECURED WITH COUPONS FOUND IN EVERY BAG OF

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR AND ROBIN HOOD ROLLED OATS

D. P. Dawson, Resident Agent, Hume Hotel.
Johnston's (Nelson)
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What is more useful in assisting the housewife in her household duties than one of our

UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKERS?

PRICES:

4-Loaf - - $2.50
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We guarantee these to give satisfaction or refund the money.

We Have Also a Full Stock of FOOD CHOPPERS

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SASH AND DOOR FACTORY, NELSON PLANING MILLS.
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Every Description of Building Material Kept in Stock. Estimates Given on Stone, Brick, Concrete and Frame Buildings.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
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116

Fresh From the Smoke

Empire Hams

Nicely trimmed, of 12-lb. average.

Lb. 20c

PICNIC HAMS

Lb. 18c

ABERDEEN FRESH HERRINGS

Can 15c

RASPBERRIES, LAWTONBERRIES, PLUMS In Table Fruit.

2 cans 25c

EXTRACTS

must be reduced regardless of cost. Pure government standard.

2 ounce Lemon 15c
4 ounce Lemon 25c
8 ounce Lemon 40c
16 ounce Lemon 75c

WHITE NAVY BEANS

From the famous Ashcroft district. Cook up tender.

3 lbs. 25c

Bell Trading Co.

BAKER STREET

The Home of Good Groceries

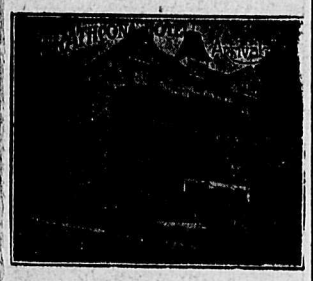
HOTEL ARRIVALS OF A DAY

The Hume

Table d'Hote and a la Carte.

SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER

HUME—G. F. Attree, Queen's Bay; E. E. Summers, W. W. Perry, R. D. Kenny, Vancouver; T. A. Robley, Handley Wells, H. Perry Leake, City; W. von Bekerath, Sunshine Bay; H. Giegerich, A. R. Heyland, Kaslo; Mrs. C. W. Bourke, H. A. Lowe, Longbeach; Mrs. James Beckett, Spokane; Mrs. H. M. Grogan, W. F. Clinton Baddeley, Willow Point; F. L. Churchill, Ymir; G. M. Hambly, Toronto; W. W. Creelman, Calgary; Mr. Fainbairn., Miss Porteous, Queen's Bay; A. B. Godfrey, Mr. Mansfield, City; W. H. Mawdsley, Granite; W. Guille, Mrs. S. W. Gordon Lambert, Granite; A. P. Davidson, Toronto; Thomas McVittie, Fort Steele; Mrs. H. T. Fitzsimmons, E. Fitzsimmons, Vancouver.



JAMES MARSHALL, Proprietor.

SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER

STRATHCONA—Mr. and Mrs. H. Townsend, Willow Point; L. A. Levensaler, Tacoma; George K. Reeder, Spokane; A. N. Catrin, New Denver; R. W. Dawson, Willow Point; A. G. Pearce, Vancouver; F. C. Werley, Calgary; A. C. Rome, R. A. Kirkpatrick; L. Walls, Winnipeg; E. M. Fraser, Salmo.

Queen's Hotel

Steam Heat in Every Room.

Business Lunch, 35c.

Rates: $1.50 and $2.00 Day.

QUEEN'S—E. C. Hunter and wife, Grand Forks; J. C. Davis, Northport; A. Cawley, Salmo; F. C. Davis and wife.

Madden House

E. C. CLARKE.

Cor. Baker and Ward Sts., Nelson

MADDEN—W. H. Haynes and wife, Vancouver; W. Metcalfe and wife, Winnipeg.

Nelson House

European Plan.

W. A. WARD, Proprietor.

CAFE—Open day and night—BAR

Merchants' Lunch 12 to 2.

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NELSON—T. O'Gordon, Wild Horse creek; C. L. McSperron, C. E. Mitchell, P. J. Buchanan, E. E. Smith, Marcus.

SHERBROOKE—A. Lind and wife, Ymir; A. Vernon, New York.

When Taking a Vacation

go to the Great Halcyon Hot Springs, where you can secure not only rest, but at the same time have the benefit of the best medicinal waters on the continent, unequaled for rheumatism and kindred ailments. The springs are easy of access to travellers and the hotel has been fitted up and is conducted with a view to the maximum of comfort and convenience for guests:

Rates: $12 and $15 per week, or $2 per day and upwards.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium

WM. BOYD, Proprietor.

Halcyon Arrow Lakes

New Grand Hotel

Best Place in Town.

1.00 a day up.

ROSSLAND HOTELS

The Hotel Allan

Comfortable Rooms—Splendid Table.

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HOTEL ALLAN—A. C. O'Neill, Ymir; John W. Falls, Waneta; J. W. Waterhouse, Spokane; W. J. Gamble, Montreal; K. G. Marshall, Calgary; E. B. Bollert, Vancouver; G. N. Gilchrist, Nelson; Mrs. Braden, Watchan; H. Gray, A. Lister, F. S. Land, Vancouver, G. McKewn, F. Pritchard, J. Coffey, Nelson.

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SPOKANE

A centrally located hotel opposite Review bldg., half block from new Monroe Street Bridge; a full view down Riverside Ave. from lobby.

Rates reasonable—50 cents a day and up. Give us a trial.

WM. SNOW, Prop. R. H. SNOW, Mgr.

The very life of those eastern hill-top gardens is in the sealed Salada package. None but the best and the youngest leaves are blended to form this wonderful tea.

BILLY SUNDAY, REVIVALIST HAS A FEW WORDS TO SAY

"Billy" Sunday, twentieth century evangelist, one-time star base runner and centre fielder of "Pop" Anson's old White Sox, has the staid city of Philadelphia eating out of his hand.

The kind of gospel the Reverend "Billy" is handing out to Philadelphia is something quite new to that town and probably to any other east of the Rocky mountains, except those which he has already awakened and which have witnessed earlier what he calls "The Chautauqua salute to God," with which he opens his extraordinary revival services. The huge tabernacle, which was built for the occasion, holds 60,000 persons and it is crowded to its capacity at every service. Here are a few samples of Billy's pulpit oratory that is arousing Philadelphia's religious fervor:

"The Clay and Webster and Calhoun and Douglas and Lincoln type of American citizen has been supplanted by the good for nothing, God-forsaken, lick spittle, peanut headed, weasel eyed, whiskey soaked, rum guzzling, gin guzzling politicians of our day."

"Down here the devil has forced the issue, but the devil would have cold feet and pneumonia in twenty-four hours if we'd get busy and live the first twenty verses of the Sermon on the Mount.

"Some would-be Christians are so stingy that they would steal flies from a blind spider. There are others so mean that they sing through their noses to save wear and tear on their false teeth."

COSTIVE BOWELS, HEADACHE, COLDS, TAKE CASCARETS

No Headache, Sour Stomach, Bad Cold or Constipation by Morning

Get a 10-cent box now.

Furred tongue, bad colds, indigestion, sallow skin and miserable headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then to keep their stomach, liver and bowels regulated, and never know a miserable moment. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good gentle cleansing, too.

Kootenay and Boundary

KOOTENAY COMPANY IS INCORPORATED

Quarter Million Dollars Capital of Colonization Project—Police and License Boards Named

(Special to The Daily News.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 5.—Among the companies incorporated by announcement in the current provincial gazette is the West Kootenay Colonization & Development company of Bridesville with a capital of $250,000.

Appointments are:

George O'Brien of Fernie, to be an inspector of coal mines and metalliferous mines.

Charles O'Brien of Coal Creek, to be instructor and caretaker of the mines rescue and training station at Fernie.

Police commissioners are appointed as follows:

Slocan—Ald. F. DeC. Callender and Peter Shean.

Trail—Ald. F. W. Perrin and F. G. Morin.

Cranbrook—Ald. L. Clapp and W. F. Attridge.

License commissioners:

Slocan—Ald. F.De C. Callender and P. Shean.

Kaslo—Ald. D. S. O. Strathearn and W. J. Green.

Trail—Ald. F. W. Perrin and F. G. Morin.

Cranbrook—Ald. A. J. Balment and J. H. Caslake.

NEW DENVER NEWS

(Special to The Daily News.)

NEW DENVER, B. C., Feb. 5.—The Methodist Ladies' aid gave the most enjoyable and successful social evening in the history of its church on Feb. 2 in the church. At the finish of the program the women furnished a dainty supper. The program was as follows: Hymns, Ladies' aid and choir; instrumental trios, Mr. and Mrs. L. W Sells and J. Jewitt; recitations, F. Trickett; duet, Misses Halcyon Hill and Clara Aylwin; recitation, Dick Harris; duet, Mr. and Mrs. Welch; reading, Mr. Welch; recitation, Miss Halcyon Hill; Congo Canoe Song, Mr Welch.

The Patriotic society met Tuesday afternoon. All the members were present besides a lot of visitors, numbering altogether about 90. Tea was served by Mrs. William Thomlinson, the Misses Gunn and Miss Bateman. The total collected from the sale of tea amounted to $12.25, the largest sum yet made.

FERNIE MOOSE DO MUCH WORK FOR LOCAL RELIEF

(Special to The Daily News.)

FERNIE, B. C., Feb. 5.—On Monday evening an enjoyable social was held under the auspices of the Loyal Order of Moose. The chairman, who is present dictator of the Fernie lodge, in addressing those present brought out some interesting information in connection with the work that had been accomplished by the Moose since the inception here less than 18 months ago. During that time this lodge had grown to one of the largest fraternal bodies in the city and in addition to its membership strength, it was in an exceedingly healthy financial condition. The sum of $1,000 had been distributed last year for local relief purposes, which work was still being carried on. Among other speakers of the evening was Mayor-Elect Thomas Uphill.

W. G. Barclay, general manager of the A. Macdonald interests in this province, arrived in the city on Wednesday from Vancouver on a tour of inspection of the local branches of that company.

A dance was held in Victoria hall on Thursday evening in aid of the local relief.

Lieut.-Col. J. Mackay visited Cranbrook this week in connection with military matters. The colonel reports that the $3,000 received by him from the paymaster of military district No. 11 on account of pay due the members of the East Kootenay overseas contingent while being mobilized in the vicinity, has all been distributed and that the balance due in this connection is expected shortly and will then be promptly distributed.

WILL LOOK INTO NICKEL REFINING POSSIBILITIES

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—The Ontario government has taken action toward making a thorough investigation of the nickel industry in the province with a view to having all nickel refined at home.

Tonight Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, minister of lands and mines, announced that in order to ascertain all the facts and to acquire a full knowledge of the situation, it had been decided to appoint a commission to investigate.

"If the report of the commission makes clear the practicability of refining nickel in the province, then the necessary steps will be taken to see that it is brought about," stated the minister. "The commission will then have the power to exhaust every possible source of information and study every phase of the situation. Up to the present the government has not been convinced that any action preventing the export of nickel would not have the effect of transferring the nickel business or a substantial part of it, from Ontario to New Caledonia, Norway or elsewhere. Up to the present there does not appear to have been any known process of refining the Sudbury copper-nickel material that would have permitted of the operation being a commercial and economic success in Ontario.

"It is in order to ascertain all the facts that this commission is being appointed."

BIPLANE FALLS WHILE FLYING OVER POTSDAM

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 5, via London, Feb. 6.—A military biplane fell today while flying over Potsdam at a height of about 160 feet. The pilot and a passenger were killed.

ROSSLAND MINER HAS LEG BROKEN

Joseph Gill Suffers Through Fall of Rock—Many Attend Knights of Columbus Party

(Special to The Daily News.)

ROSSLAND, B. C., Feb. 5.—Joseph Gill is in the hospital with a broken leg resulting from rock falling on him while working in the Le Roi mine.

W. G. Ternan returned last evening from Vancouver where he has been for the past week. His mother accompanied him there and will remain for some time visiting friends.

Mrs. Burns left this morning for Salt Lake City, where she will visit relatives. From there she will go to Los Angeles before returning to Rossland.

J. S. Deschamps went to China Creek this morning.

The subject of Rev. W. Robertson's address at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Sunday evening will be "Covetousness, Murder and Retribution."

Mr. Oddy of Trail is in the city today.

A large number attended the Knights of Columbus card party and dance given in Knights of Columbus hall on Tuesday night. Cards were played, refreshments served and dancing indulged in.

G. W. HOGGARTH HEADS FRUITVALE CONSERVATIVES

(Special to The Daily News.)

FRUITVALE, B. C., Feb. 5.—The annual meeting of the Fruitvale Conservative association was held Tuesday. The following officers were elected: Hon. presidents, J. H. Schofield, M. P. P., R. F. Green, M. P.; president, G. W. Hoggarth; vice-president, H. C. Davis; secretary-treasurer, W. R. Mellard; committee, John Buchanan, S. Brewster, Thompson Wood, William Neilson, Thomas Smith, George Litton.

A vote of confidence in the sitting member, J. H. Schofield, M. P. P., was passed.

RAILROADS DO NOT WANT HORIZONTAL RISE

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—G. E. Dalrymple, vice-president of the Grand Trunk railway, admitted today that the question of an advance in freight rates has been receiving the consideration of railroad people for some weeks past. "While definite conclusions have not been reached yet," he said, "the railroad officials are working along lines somewhat different to those adopted by the American railways in their application to the interstate commerce commission, it being thought that with our different situation in Canada a horizontal rise would not work out satisfactorily."

He stated that he expected the preliminary work would be completed in the next week or so, and would then be ready for submission to the various boards of trade for consideration and finally to the board of railway commissioners for approval.

"The continual and rapidly decreasing margin between income and expenses is the compelling force for the proposed advance in freight rates at this time," said the vice-president.

PLENTY OF VOLUNTEERS FOR THIRD CONTINGENT HERE

There are about 125 names on the roll which is kept at the armory by the Nelson & District Veterans' association of the men of Nelson and adjacent district desirous of enrolling with the third contingent for active service and though the call for recruiting in Nelson has not as yet arrived it is certain, states C. J. Archer, secretary of the veterans' association, who was in charge of recruiting here for the second contingent, that there will be ample men to respond to any call which the military authorities make on the city and district.

FORT FRANCIS MAYOR IS DISQUALIFIED FOR CORRUPTION

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

FORT FRANCIS, Ont., Feb. 5.—For non-payment of taxes and for corrupt practises on his own part and his agents, the election of D. C. McKenzie as mayor of Fort Francis was today declared void by Judge Fitch. The judgment also provided that the respondent should be disqualified for the term of two years.

LEARNED TO PLAY ORGAN AT AGE OF 95; DIES AT 101

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—In his 101st year Thomas Collins, retired farmer and pioneer of Biddulph township, died today. The deceased, who was a native of Kent, England, learned to play the organ at the age of 95 and entertained friends and relatives with selections thereon at the celebration of his one hundredth birthday anniversary only a few weeks ago. Ten children survive him.

To Help Nature Shed a Bad Complexion

Beauty devotees are enthusiastic over the beautifying qualities of mercolized wax. Perhaps nothing discovered within recent years accomplishes so much, so quickly, without harm, without detaining one indoors, and at such small expense. The principal reason for its wonderful merit is that it works in harmony with physiological laws. Instead of hiding, or "curing" complexion defects, it removes them. The wax actually takes off the aged, faded, sallow or blotchy cuticle, gently, gradually, causing no inconvenience. It is Nature's way of renewing complexions. When the natural process is retarded because of deficient circulation or nerve tone, mercolized wax comes to the rescue and hastens the skin shedding. The new complexion which appears is a natural one, youthful, healthy, exquisitely beautiful. If you've never tried mercolized wax, get an ounce of it at the drug store, use at night like cold cream, washing it off in the morning.

Another natural beautifying treatment—for wrinkled, flabby skin—is to bathe the face in a lotion made by dissolving an ounce of saxolite in a half pint witch hazel. This is remarkably effective.

STREAM OF BRITISH TROOPS CROSSES CHANNEL

Big Developments May Come Soon, Says Former Calgarian—Recruiting in Britain Lively.

Recruiting in Britain is proceeding at a lively clip; the government is, however, taking the precaution of being in a position to put its finger upon every able-bodied man in the country and upon every item of supplies in case of necessity. British troops are constantly crossing the channel into France these days.

These sidelights upon the situation in Great Britain are given in a letter received from a former Canadian, George Peterkin, by his friend, C. Hay, Calgary.

Mr. Hay says:

"This country from end to end is a large war camp, nothing but soldiers everywhere, flying machines along the coast and men-of-war at sea. They are taking all the steam drifters for mine sweepers and scouts, in connection with the reported raid the Germans are about to make. There is no excitement. Everything seems to be about as usual, although all are of one mind that there is only one way, and that is to fight to a finish, put Germany on its back and settle it for good. You can heard queer stories from the wounded soldiers and others returned from the front. Everything is being done to make the soldiers comfortable. They are the best fed, clothed and cared for who are at the present time in the field.

"You will see by the papers that Kitchener does not think conscription necessary, as recruits are coming forward as fast as they can be trained. They are everywhere you go. In Buchan street station a detachment loaded up a train, while the pipers stood on the platform playing for all they were worth, and then got in after. They changed at Perth, and I think they were going to Fort George. There are hundreds in Elgin and Leith, but they will be going south when the others go to France. I was speaking to an officer of the Black Watch (Capt. Allan), and he tells me there is only one officer of the original lot left at the front and fit for duty, so you can see how that regiment suffered. It is great to hear about it and how some of the Germans are dirty fighters. They are not all the same, however. There have been a lot of men home for Christmas and others for the New Year previous to going to France. At that they may not be going there. Some think it may be Belgium. We will have to wait for developments, however, as Kitchener is not the man to give the show away.

"At the beginning of the war you will remember about a French general being shot. He kept back Kitchener's despatches for two days and was the cause of the great losses at Mons, and afterward as his orders were that they had always to have trenches dug in the rear and ready in case they had to fall back, Kitchener crossed to France and informed the French cabinet and Joffre that if the general was not court-martialed he would withdraw every British soldier. The result was he was shot and several others were reduced for not giving the support promised the British and leaving them to extricate themselves or be annihilated.

Taking Roll Call of Able-Bodied.

"They are taking a list of all men of fighting age throughout the country, and, if necessary, will call them up, as there will be a bill passed or martial law declared.

There are about 250 from this place, with a population of about 2000. There will be something doing shortly now when they get a move on, and I hope they will give them fits when they get started. I saw a lot of wounded Belgians in Lossie at the Stotfield hotel and saw a Red Cross nurse dressing them.

"Special constables are being sworn in all over the country, with special duties, in case of invasion, as to what to do with cattle, carts, horses, motors, spades, picks, barbed wire and everything that would be of service to the enemy. A list is taken of everything and everyone has his duties assigned and instructions, so you see they are not taking any chances.

"They are not afraid and all are of one mind, and that is to make up for the time caused by our general unpreparedness. Cattle and horses are all branded with the owners' brand, and if they make up wrong returns, or if they make no returns at all and anything happens, they will get no compensation from the government. On the east coast they have also got instructions what to do, and where to go in case of bombardment.

"There has been very little news from the front lately, but the troops are busy crossing and so that something may be expected soon."

BEAUTIFULLY TERRIBLE IS FIELD OF BATTLE

HANOVER.—Though the modern battlefield at night is the abode of terror, it does not lack picturesqueness, according to a German officer whose opportunities to be impressed have been many. In a letter to a friend here he wrote:

"Being on observation duty at night is not as lonely a job as you think. Time passes very quickly. There are nights, however, when every minute seems an hour. All that depends upon circumstances and your own frame of mind.

"War here is more intense than it is in the east. My observation post lies close to the lines of the French on a hill. From there I report the movements of the enemy and direct our artillery fire. Over me fly hundreds of shells and shrapnel from both sides. A share of them came last night.

"Until about 10 o'clock all was quiet. From out of the dark night came the usual battlefield noises, if noises one could call them. Somewhere men spoke in an undertone—what language I don't know. A man coughed in a suppressed manner, and the steps of another were recorded by the faint voice of two metallic substances striking together. Then the steps and other sounds vanished and I replaced my revolver.

Tongues of Purplish Fire.

"There was nothing to be seen until to my right the rifles in a French trench began to sputter. Little tongues of purplish fire seemed to leap across the ground and through the air went the wail of thousands of bullets. What they shot at I coud not discover—false alarm, of course. But they kept it up valiantly and the excitement communicated itself to the trenches in front of me and to those beyond on my left.

"In less time than it takes to write it the entire field rose from sleep. Searchlights which had lain still began to move about frantically. Here and there other lights appeared as if somebody had turned on the electric current of a city.

"Headquarters wanted to know what the cause of the activity and its significance. I returned to my task of observing things in the dark. But through my glasses the little flames of the rifles became merely a trifle large and more intense and the silhouettes and shadows cast by the searchlights blacker. From nearby came the buzzing of an aeroplane motor—it passed on, which way I don't know.

"And then green flames in the far-off sky told of rockets or shrapnel, whichever they were. A detonation back of me caused me to look around. Just then two of our guns emitted columns of fire, and the next instant a shell sailed through the air above me with an uncanny moan. Another came. Ahead of me, in rapid succession, two sheaf-like flashes and two explosions that shook the earth around me.

Pillars of Fire.

"Soon the fire became general. The battlefield assumed an aspect which I would call beautifully terrible. There were moments when it resembled a large city in which the inhabitants passed the night by pulling up and down the shutters of their windows. Of a sudden whole rows of houses would be lighted up as the men in the trenches fired volleys. For a moment a part of this city would lie in utter darkness and then would rise from it the columns of fire emitted by the howitzer batteries. The pillars of fire would rise almost perpendicularly, giving the impression that you were looking up a vast number of steel ovens.

"Of man you heard not a sound. No human voice could be heard in the din. Softly I tried my own. But the effort mingled with an explosion near by.

"For some time the fury of the battle in the dark about nothing increased.

"For the greater part of an hour the threshing continued. Then the outbreaks lessened in volume and frequency and finally died out altogether. In the trench in front of me men now spoke, but soon it was so still again that I could hear the ticking of my watch and the sighing of the wind in the nearby willows."

MOOSE JAW PRUNES SALARIES OF POLICEMEN

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MOOSE JAW, Sask., Feb. 5.—The police commission joined in the general economizing at its meeting tonight when it reduced Chief Johnson's salary from $3,000 to $2,400 and the city detectives from $1,800 to $1,500.

Magistrate Dunn, whose salary was cut from $3,000 to $1,500, has lodged a protest against this action on the ground that the City act declares that the amount will be determined by the city council and the police magistrate, that this has been by agreement fixed at $3,000 and that in slaughtering his salary the city council acted without consulting him.

NURSES REACH MONTREAL ON WAY TO THE FRONT

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—A party of 45 nurses from Ottawa bound for Halifax, whence they sail for England to join the Canadian expeditionary force, passed through Montreal this morning. They came from Montreal and the west and are a part of the list of 70 recently selected by the military department.

They will leave Halifax in a few days after being joined by the Quebec and maritime provinces contingent.

A Positive Boon to Stout Figures

The Famous Self-Reducing

NEMO CORSETS

It is one thing to find a Corset which will improve your appearance. It is a much more important and unusual thing to find a Corset that will not only make you look infinitely slighter and more comely of form, but which will at the same time prove absolutely comfortable in the wearing and supply a healthful support to the figure.

THE NEMO is this ideal Corset, which meets not only the demands of fashion but also of hygiene. It is constructed according to strictly scientific principles and, while holding the figure firmly, permits no pressure of the vital organs.

PRICES ..... $4.00 to $6.50

"American Lady"

AND

"Madame Lyra"

Corsets for Slighter Figures

In these Corsets you get the extreme of style and the maximum of comfort. They are made of the finest coutil and fancy silk and have the best of filling. We have all the new models in stock today at from

$1.75 to $10.00 Per Pair

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THE STORE FOR STYLE — THE STORE FOR QUALITY

BUY THE BEST

Shamrock Creamery Butter, One Pound Cartons
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Have You Used

BURNS' WILTSHIRE BACON?

It's Good

P. Burns & Co., Limited

NELSON, B.C.

Old Friends are Best—Hamlin's WIZARD OIL

over 60 years in use—safe, trusty, reliable!

made of the finest and most costly materials ever put into a liniment. Never injurious, always effective. Sends its antiseptic healing oils right in where the pain is—invaluable for rheumatism, sprains, sore throat, cuts, asthma, cold on the chest, etc. All druggists.

Famous dream book free. Write

HAMLINS WIZARD OIL CO., TORONTO 3

Markets - Mining - Finance

GERMAN ACTIONS DEPRESS MARKET

Liquidation on Broad Scale Follows War Zone Declaration—Internationals Hammered Down.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Latest foreign developments as embodied in the proclamation of the German admiralty regarding the marine war zone formed the basis of general discussion in financial circles today and added to the feeling of depression in speculative quarters.

Liquidation on a broader scale than any recently witnessed attended today's fairly large operations, international shares being again the centre of attack.

Canadian Pacific, Southern Pacific, New York Central and Reading showed losses at one stage of the session of 2 or more points, the movement finally extending to the grangers and southern railways.

Industrials as a whole maintained a firmer tone, though coppers were off a point, also some of the highly manipulated automobile shares. United States Steel stood out as the strongest of the leading stocks, although declining under 40 when the unloading process was under full sail.

Canadian Pacific at 153¾ and Southern Pacific at 81¼ were within fractional limits of their minimum prices, while New Haven fell 1½ to its minimum of 49, due largely to its unfavorable statement of December earnings.

Pressed Steel Car preferred came within easy distance of its minimum.

Halfway recoveries were registered in the late afternoon when the liquidation seemed to have run its course. Trading became dull on the rally, however. In the final dealings prices again showed variable tendencies, Bethlehem Steel rising to its best, with some heaviness in United States Steel.

Considerable new financing was reported, Lackawanna Steel selling $6,000,000 2 per cent notes, Panhandle A (Pennsylvania subsidiary) disposing of $2,000,000 4½ per cent bonds and the Erie road consummating negotiations for the sale of $7,000,000 of Erie & Jersey railroad 6 per cent bonds.

Further accessions to the large cash holdings of local banks are indicated by the weekly forecasts, there having been a large inflow from the interior.

Foreign exchange failed to reflect foreign happenings, remittances to London and the continent being very steady.

Bonds were reactionary, some issues making wide fluctuations. Total sales, par value, $2,575,000. United States bonds unchanged on call.

MONTREAL MARKET DULL STOCK PRICES ARE EASIER

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—The local stock market was quiet today and prices ruled easier. Brazilian sold off to 54, Detroit Rails was unchanged at 62½ and Crown Reserve showed a small gain at 70. Other listed shares dealt in were less than board lots and showed only slight changes. In the unlisted stocks Porcupine Crown sold one off at 80.

ALLAN LINE

WINTER SAILINGS

ST. JOHN TO LIVERPOOL

Calling at Halifax One Day Later

S.S. Hesperian .....Feb. 12
S.S. Scandinavian .....Feb. 26
S.S. Corsican .....March 12

ST. JOHN TO LONDON

Corinthian .....Feb. 18

Excellent accommodation available in all classes.

Tickets can be secured for friends and relatives in the Old Country, and all arrangements made for their passage to their homes in Canada, by applying to any authorized agent, or

W. R. ALLAN,
General Northwest Agent,
WINNIPEG, MAN.

The Jenckes Machine Co., Limited

BOILERS
1—60-in.x16-ft. H. R. T.
1—40 H. P. Locomotive.
1—36-in.x8-ft. Vertical.
2—42-in.x8-ft. Vertical.

HOISTS
1—7x10 Friction Drum.
7—6x8 Friction Drum.
9—5x5 Timber Hoists.

ENGINES
2—9-in.x12-in. Slide Valve.

PUMPS
1—No. 7 Cameron Sinker.
1—No. 5 Cameron Sinker.
2—Cameron Prospe tors Sinkers.
1—6 1-8x3x8 Moore Sinker.
2—5x5 Gould Hand Pumps.

BLOWERS BUCKETS SUPPLIES

THE NELSON IRON WORKS, LIMITED.

There is no habit more easily formed than the habit of saving. If you have not already acquired the habit do so now by opening a savings account.

One dollar opens an account in our Savings Department.

Established 1875.

Head Office, Toronto, Ont
Capital (paid up)..$7,000,000
Reserve Fund $7,000,000

Peleg Howland, President
Elias Rogers, Vice-President
Edward Hay, Gen. Manager

Nelson Branch
J. H. D. Benson, Manager

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Bank of Montreal

ESTABLISHED 1817

Capital authorized $25,000,000
Capital all paid up.....$15,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL

H. V. Meredith, Esq.....President
Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, General Manager.

Branches in British Columbia:
Armstrong, Athalmer, Chilliwack, Cloverdale, Enderby, Greenwood, Kamloops, Kelowna, Merritt, Nelson, New Denver, New Westminster, Nicola, Penticton, Port Alberni, Port Haney, Prince Rupert, Princeton, Rossland, Summerland, Vancouver, Vancouver (Main street), Vernon, Victoria, West Summerland, Alberni.

Interest paid on Savings Deposits at 3 per cent (present rate).

Nelson Branch, L. B. DeVeber, Mgr.

WHOLESALE PRICE OF SUGAR GOES UP

Rose Twenty Cents Yesterday, Making Forty Cents Since Monday—Flour Up Thirty Cents.

Though its significance has to some extent been lost during the past few weeks with the constant jumps in the price of flour the wholesale price of sugar in Nelson has been aviating and since Monday last it has risen 40 cents per 100 lbs. Yesterday saw the commodity take a jump of 20 cents.

During the week flour on the local wholesale row has risen in price 30 cents per barrel.

Retail prices have been little, if at all, affected so far by the latest wholesale rises.

LOCAL MARKETS.

SUGAR RISES AGAIN ON LOCAL MARKET

Sugar, retail, has risen in price 20 cents per 100 lbs. and now sells at $8.20 per 100 lbs.. Twenty pound sacks sell at $1.75.

Fruits	
Bananas, per doz.	.40@ .50
Lemons, per dozen	30
Florida Grape Fruit, each	.10
Apples, per box	1.00@1.50
Apples, 5 lbs for	.25
Cranberries, per lb.	.15
Navel oranges, dozen from	.20@ .50
[illegible] for	.25
Dates, Halloway, 2 lbs.	.35
Dates, Fard, 2 lbs. for	.35
Dates, Dromedary, pkg.	.15
Walnuts, per lb.	.25@ .30
Pecans, per lb.	.25
Filberts, per lb.	.25
Almonds, per lb.	.25@ .30
Brazils, per lb.	.25@ .30
Meats.	
Beef, wholesale	12½@ .16
Pork, wholesale	.12@ .16
Mutton, wholesale	.17
Veal, wholesale	.16@ .20
Fresh killed beef, retail	.10@ .28
Pork, retail	.18@ .25
Mutton, retail	12½@.25
Veal, retail	.15@ .30
Hams, retail	.20@ .25
Bacon, retail	.20@ .35
Lard, retail	.15@ .16
Chickens, retail	.20@ .25
Sausages, retail	.18@ .25
Turkey, per lb.	.28@ .30
Geese, per lb.	25@ .28
Ducks, per lb.	.25@ .28
Vegetables	
Parsley, per bunch	.05
Dry Onions, per lb.	.03
Cabbage, local, lb.	.02
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	1.90
Hothouse lettuce, lb.	.40
New Carrots, lb.	.02
Turnips, per lb.	.02
Sweet Potatoes, 4 lbs.	.25
Sugar.	
Granulated B. C. Cane 100-lb. sacks	8.40
Lump sugar, 2 lbs.	.30
Granulated B. C., 20-lb. sack	1.75
Brown sugar, 3 lbs.	.25
Syrup, maple bottle	.60
Syrup, gallon	1.75@2.00
Honey, comb, per lb.	.25
Honey, 1-lb. jars	.25@ .35
Honey, local clover, jar	.40
Foodstuffs.	
Robin Hood	2.25
Gold Drop Flour	2.00
B. & K. Bread Flour	2.25
Five Roses	2.25
Lake of the Woods, bag	2.25
Royal Household	2.25
King's Quality	2.15
Mother's Favorite	1.90
Purity Flour	2.25
H. B. Co. Hungarian	2.00
Dairy Products.	
Butter, creamery, 2 lbs.	.75
Butter, dairy, 3 lbs.	1.00
Cheese, Canadian, per lb.	.25
Cheese, Can. Stilton, lb.	.30
Cheese, Imp. Stilton, lb.	.60
Cheese, Swiss, per lb.	.35@ .40
Eggs, local, new laid, doz.	.40
Prairie eggs, doz.	.35

WEEKLY COPPER EXPORTS TWO MILLION DOLLARS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Copper exports amounted to 15,389,322 pounds, valued at $2,067,356, during the week ending Jan. 30, the department of commerce announced today. Of this 6,289,648 pounds went to France, 4,776,728 to England, 1,717,428 to Italy, 1,456,336 to Sweden and 691,412 to Canada.

THINK MILD WEATHER WILL FAVOR MARKET

Supply of Vegetables Holding Up Well—Market Justifies Public Patronage, States One Interested

With mild weather here the session this morning of the weekly public market is expected to prove the most largely attended of this year. The somewhat severe weather which has been experienced since the New Year has kept the attendance of both patrons and ranchers down to the point which is thought by those who are interested in the institution will prove the minimum and greatly increased attendance is looked for from this time henceforth.

The supply of vegetables on sale at the market is said to be holding up extremely well considering the fact that last season the growers did not produce with the idea of catering to the demands of the public through a market, while at every session of the institution since its inauguration there has been a nice supply of poultry, both live and dressed, which has been an attractive feature.

"If the market, through the patronage of the public, is going to justify its existence to the ranchers in order that they will prepare to keep it well stocked this year by producing specially to cater to the market trade, the people will have to show an interest and on Saturdays patronize it to the best possible advantage," states one of those who are interested in the movement.

GRAIN.

CLOSING GRAIN PRICES.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5.—Close: Wheat: May, $1.53¾; July, $1.60¼.
Oats: May, 69; July, 68⅞.
Barley: May, 88½.
Flax: May, $1.68¼; July, $1.69¾.
Minneapolis: Wheat: May, $1.53¾; July, $1.49¾; Sept., $1.30¼.
Chicago: Wheat: May, $1.64½; July, $1.41⅝.

PRODUCE.

MONTREAL PROVISIONS.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—Cheese: Finest westerns, 16¾ at 17; easterns, 16½.
Butter: Choicest creamery, 31 at ½; seconds, 30½.
Eggs: Fresh, 40; selected, 32; No. 1 stock, 30; No. 2 stock, 26.
Pork: Heavy Canada short mess, 28; short cut back, 27½.

METALS.

Silver, Lead—Official.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Silver, 22⅝; lead, £18 13s 9d.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Silver, 48¼.

Copper, Lead, Spelter.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Lead, quiet, 3.75 at 3.85; spelter firm, 8 at 8.25; London, £38 10s.

Copper dull; electrolytic, 14.62 at 14.87; casting, 14.62. At London: Spot copper, 62 7s 6d; futures, £62 17s 6d.

At St. Louis: Lead, steady, 3.70 at 3.72½; spelter, steady, 7.77½ at 8.

PAY RECORD PRICE FOR NO 2 NORTHERN WHEAT

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CALGARY, Alta., Feb. 5.—Preston Mills of Major, Alta., was paid $1.45½ for a carload of No. 2 northern wheat, the record price for this province.

The wheat was sold at a premium on account of the local scarcity of good milling wheat.

PARKER WILLIAMS ON TRUST FAILURE

Does Not Attempt at Any Length to Refute Statements of Attorney-General.

(Special to The Daily News.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 5.—Parker Williams, who spoke on the matter of the failure of the Dominion Trust company, in the legislature today did not attempt at any length to refute the statements of the attorney-general as to the government's responsibility. He contented himself with saying that the latter had made an elaborate attempt to divide the responsibility over a number of the other provinces. Hon. W. J. Bowser, he said, had unfairly gone out of his way to charge the Liberal party with seeking to make political capital out of the collapse. As he saw it, the attorney-general had adopted two main lines of defense: one, that Arnold, the late manager of the defunct company, was a wizard of finance, and the other an attempt to distribute the responsibility over as wide an area as possible.

The inspector of trust companies, appointed by the government, should have taken cognizance of the system of wild-catting in which Arnold was indulging to the extent of $3,000,000. This phase of the Dominion Trust's activities should have aroused suspicion. He failed to understand why, if the government claimed no responsibility, it was proposed to appoint a lawyer to look after the interests of the depositors and to put a sum of $250,000 in the estimates for relief purposes. The government was further to blame for not having instituted prosecutions instead of having apparently taking up the task of shielding the guilty ones.

The debate, which was on a resolution calling for documents dealing with the Dominion Trust company, was then closed, there being no other speakers, and on a division being called the motion was carried unanimously. The house adjourned until Monday.

DOMINION REVENUE IS LOOKING BETTER

Excise and Postal Receipts Grow—Customs Down—War Loan Sends Up Debt.

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—The January statement of the finance department shows a picking up in excise duties. The revenue from this source was $1,540,121, an increase of $121,454 over a year ago. The postoffice revenue of $1,395,995 was an increase of $185,446. The public works, railways and canals and miscellaneous sources also showed increases.

The customs revenue of $4,767,218 was over $2,000,000 less than the same month last year.

The total revenue from all sources of nearly $10,000,000 was only a little over $1,500,000 less than last year, which is considered satisfactory considering the conditions.

For the 10 months of the fiscal year the revenue was $109,533,607, or a decrease of $29,567,908.

The net debt of the Dominion increased by $18,500,000 during January and now stands at $395,000,000, as against $314,000,000 a year ago. Loans payable in London total $330,000,000, as compared with $275,000,000 a year ago.

Temporary loans are $38,000,000. Dominion notes have been increased from $133,000,000 to $158,000,000. The total assets of the Dominion have been placed at $255,000,000, an increase of $31,000,000. The large increase in the debt of the country is due, of course, to the August war loan of $50,000,000.

The expenditure on capital account, exclusive of war, was $4,078,421 for January, a decrease of $1,500,000.

For the 10 months the total was $36,000,000, or $10,000,000 less than a year ago. On consolidated fund account for January the expenditure was $16,304,752, or about $800,000 less than last year, while for the 10 months the expenditure of $101,956,366 was a decrease of $9,000,000.

AMERICAN MOLESTED IN VIENNA, SPOKE ENGLISH

VENICE, Feb. 5, via London.—Dr. Frank C. Davis, president of the American medical association at Vienna, has addressed a complaint to the Vienna Nieue Freie Presse in which he says that recently he has been molested three times in Vienna because he spoke English. In one instance, he says, a woman wanted him ejected from a street car and in another case the proprietor of a cafe ordered him to leave the establishment.

The paper remarks in an editorial that it is unfortunate that so many citizens of Vienna forget that there are 100,000,000 Americans speaking English and say it is especially regretable that American doctors should be so insulted at a time when they are caring for sick and wounded Austrian soldiers voluntarily.

SWISS SCIENTISTS TO EXPLORE CALIFORNIA

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

GENEVA, Feb. 5, via Paris.—A Swiss scientific expedition, headed by Dr. Heinrich of Lucerne and consisting of Professors Heim, Hartmann and Eldriche, will leave for the United States by way of Genoa tomorrow with the object of exploring the little known portions of southern California.

On their arrival in the United States several Americans will join the expedition.

BUSINESS IN WEST FAIRLY SATISFACTORY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Despatches to Dun's Review from branch offices of R. G. Dun & Co., in leading trade centres of Canada report generally quiet conditions but a growing belief that the situation will soon take a turn for the better.

Conditions in the far west and northwest show little change and though conservatism is a prominent feature, business is fairly satisfactory, taking everything into consideration.

Gross earnings of all Canadian railroads reporting so far for January show a decrease of 19.8 per cent as compared with the earnings of the same roads for the corresponding period a year ago.

Commercial failures in Canada this week numbered 57 as against 71 last week and 57 the same week last year.

WAR DID NOT SHAKE THEIR MARKET

A manufacturer of a well-known household product, widely and splendidly advertised, reports that his business has actually increased during the so-called "war depression."

He attributes the fact to a more discriminating buying.

He believes the public, educated to a belief in the quality of his product, turned to it in dull times.

In this case advertising forged a particular brand ahead at a time when others were going back.

The advertising had established the idea of character in the mind of the public, and in times of stress that character was a veritable gold mine of assets.

Try a Classified Ad. Next Time.

Daily News Want Advts.

DAILY NEWS CLASSIFIED AD RATES

One cent a word per insertion, four cents a word per week, fifteen cents a word per month when cash accompanies the order. Otherwise one cent per word per insertion straight. No accounts opened for want ads. Minimum charge 25 cents.

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK

BABY CHICKS, ducklings and hatching eggs, poultry and fruit farm paying combination; catalogue forwarded on application Charles Provan Langley Fort, near Vancouver. 224-tf

FOR RENT

K. W. C. BLOCK — Housekeeping suites and rooms for rent. Terms moderate. A Macdonald & Co. 272-tf

FOR RENT — Suite of furnished housekeeping rooms in Annable block. Enquire room 32. 272-tf

FURNISHED SUITES for rent. Apply Kerr Apartments. 228-tf

ROOM and board and also meals; 912 Vernon street. *243-12

FOR RENT—Well furnished, furnace heated warm room. Central; apply 520 Carbonate St. *245-12

FOR RENT—Suite of clean, well furnished housekeeping rooms; terms moderate; 507 Silica St. *249-6

FOR RENT—Five roomed modern house, partly furnished. Apply 624 Latimer St. *249-6

FURNISHED ROOMS — 411 Silica street. *249-12

HELP WANTED—MALE.

$15 WEEK AND EXPENSES—To travel, appointing local representatives. Whitfield Linscott, Brantford.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—To rent a piano for Rossland. Apply E. H. L., P.O. box 23, Nelson, B.C. (2)

WANTED—Beef, pork, veal, poultry and eggs at all times. People's Meat Market, 602 Vernon St., Robarge & Wassick. (7)

TO EXCHANGE—For lumber: $2000 cash and store building now rented. Located in good town. Apply Box 15, Daily News. (15)

WOMAN COOK wants place, country hotel or any kind of work. Box 445, City. (25)

WANTED—A millwright for a large, local co-operative company. References required. Address box 858, Nelson, B.C. (27)

WANTED—Baby or small child to board and care for. Apply box 29, Daily News. (29)

WANTED—Experienced sawyer and filer by a large West Kootenay Corporation. Permanent position assured. Company strictly co-operative in every particular. Address box 858, Nelson, B.C. (28)

FURS.

New fur coats, muffs, stoles, rugs etc., made to order or from skins supplied. Old furs repaired and remodelled to newest shapes, at moderate prices Skins dressed and mounted. G. Glaser Expert Furrier, 811 Hall street, Nelson B. C. 217-tf

TAXIDERMISTS

PRICE BROS., TAXIDERMISTS—Holders of the Northwestern School of Taxidermy Diploma, Omaha, Neb. Birds, animals, fish, reptiles mounted and preserved true to life. Rugs and robes made from skins supplied. For terms apply Price Bros., Rossland, B.C. *242-26

BARBERING.

LADY BARBER SHOP—218 Baker St. Prices; Hair cut, 35c., with shave, 50c; children hair cut, 25c. (19)

FOR SALE.

TEN LOTS, small house, for quick sale. Cheap; apply box 44, Nelson, B.C. (10)

FOR SALE—Get wise and cut out the middle man. No. 1 XXX shingles, direct from the mill, delivered anywhere on Kootenay or Arrow lakes at $2.75 per thousand. Arrow Lake Shingle Co., Nakusp, B.C. (4)

STANDARD GALENA SACKS for sale; twenty thousand or less. Apply to Van Roi Mining Co., Ltd., Rossland, B.C. (5)

FOR SALE—Half car of fresh killed beef, pork and veal at People's Meat Market, 602 Vernon St. (6)

FOR SALE—Two storey house; nine rooms with three lots; 26 fruit trees in bearing; poultry house; also six vacant lots cleared and fenced Owner wishes to leave the city. Box 8523, Daily News. *246-12

FOR SALE—Block of Rock Creek Trading Co.'s shares at 75 cents on the dollar. Apply box 8535, The Daily News. 249-6

FOR SALE—Table turnips, finest quality Swedes, $1.50 hundred lbs. while they last, delivered in city. Potatoes, $1.75. W. J. McKim, Phone 381, City. (24)

TREES, PLANTS, ETC.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, 100 70c 1000, $5; currants 10c; gooseberries 15c; rhubarb, 10c; fruit trees, perennial flowers, roses, dahlias, pansies, etc., carriage prepaid. Catalogue free. Charles Provan, Langley For., near Vancouve. 224-tf

SITUATIONS VACANT.

$150 FOR SIXTY DAYS' EASY WORK—Write for contract. Bradley-Garretson, Brantford.

$2 A DAY SALARY for intelligent married or single woman for work around home or liberal remuneration for spare time. Mrs. Davidson, Brantford.

WANTED—Good general servant; no heavy work; one good with children; two children in family Good home; all conveniences. Address box 1024, Nelson. (18)

AGENTS WANTED—Earn $15 daily calling on automobile owners. Particulars free. P.O. box 308, Vernon, B.C. 249-law3

EDUCATIONAL.

Vernon Preparatory school, Okanagan valley, boys 7 to 15; thorough education; English lines; ideal situation Coldstream estate; climate unrivalled; matron; trained nurse; prospectus, Rev. A. C. Mackie, B. D., M A (Cantab) headmaster

PERSONAL.

Cut this out for luck. Send birth date and 10c for wonderful horoscope of your entire life. Prof. Raphael, 499 Lexington Avenue, New York *231

MESSENGER SERVICE.

NELSON MESSENGER CO.—Prompt and reliable. Day and night. Phone 242. 214-78

LOST.

LOST—On Vernon street, near Cedar, or on Cedar street, near Vernon, amber hair pin, one of pair. Will finder kindly leave at News office. (23)

LIFE GUARDS' NEW ROLE IN TRENCHES

Capt. E. Hely of the 1st Life guards writing under date Nov. 14 from "In the trenches, Belgium," says:

With a fairly long soldiering career and the experience of South Africa as well, I might, perhaps, be pardoned if I thought myself a well-tried warrior. But I frankly confess that everything that I have previously gone through counts but as child's play to this. The battle is so incessant and on so vast a scale that here, until one is actually in the firing line, one can hardly grasp its scope and immensity. Indeed, it is only you folks at home, who have your newspapers to summarize and translate it into condensed form, who can in any sense appreciate the huge scale of operations.

It is getting on for a month now since I left England; on three nights only, I think, have I and my regiment been out of range of shell fire. But one gets hardened or inured even to the unpleasant things of life and whilst we know that at any moment a shell of the type christened "Black Maria" by Tommy Atkins, and from which nothing can escape, may drop upon one and blow everything into almost the original atomic state, the buzz of the rifle bullet and the bursting of shrapnel now hardly makes one look up. This is not in most cases—and certainly not in mine—just bravery, but only that custom and habit sooner or later asserts itself and is superseded by a sort of callous fatalism.

My address now is just "1st Life Guards, Expeditionary Force," as a short time back the composite regiment which I originally joined, and which was formed of a squadron each of the 1st and 2nd Life guards and Blues, was absorbed into the household cavalry brigade. Our commanding officer is one of Lord Derby's brothers—Algy Stanley—but the regiment has had many vicissitudes since it came out and added its full quota to the roll of honor of those who have gone.

"What a Life It Is!"

I cannot, of course, tell you where we are, except that at the spot where we now are the fight is fiercer than at any other between the North sea and the Swiss border. And I am proud to have been in it, though well aware that my number may be passed in at any moment. And what a life it is! At home it might be called misery; here it is merely discomfort, which swiftly changes into real luxury when you have a billet in a farm instead of a wet dug-out trench, and a dry roof over your head, and not more than six of you sleeping, plus the family, in a Flemish kitchen on a stone floor, with a handful of straw beneath you. (I had to stop here for a moment, as an adventurous but singularly amiable red calf had walked into my shelter and was quietly proceeding to eat my bed of unthreshed flax straw.)

We use our horses singularly little at present, as my own, as well as the other two of the King's own bodyguard regiments, shoulders the rifle and bayonet, the same as any infantry soldier, and we also take our turn in the trenches just they do. The time may come when we can resume our role of mounted troops and take the offensive, but at present there is nothing of this sort to be done against a strongly-entrenched enemy and a fortified line where the gaps are few. Nor is this country, with its tillage and every hedge lined with barbed wire, suitable for cavalry operations. But we are holding them and a bit more, and the spirit of the troops, in spite of all hardships and losses, is maintained and the confidence in our ultimate success is in no way diminished.

POUND DISTRICT ACT AND POUND DISTRICT ACT AMENDMENT ACT, 1914.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 of the above Acts, notice is hereby given of the appointment of William Marshall of Appledale, B.C. as Poundkeeper of the Pound established in the School Districts of Perry Siding and Appledale, B.C.

PRICE ELLISON,
Minister of Finance and Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture, Victoria, B.C., January 18th, 1914.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the Ymir Water Works Co., Ltd., will be held in the company's office at Ymir, B.C. on Feb. 8th, 1915 at 1:30 o'clock p.m.

S. F. ROSS, secretary

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Nelson Conservative association will be held in the Eagle hall on Tuesday evening, Feb. 9 at 8 p.m. The annual fee due January 1st must be paid before the opening of the annual meeting to put members in good standing.

FRED C. McFFATT,
Secretary

HOTEL DIRECTORY

SHERBROOKE HOTEL
Nelson, B.C.

One minute's walk from C. P. R. station. Cuisine unexcelled; well heated and ventilated.

R. H. CLARK.

Business Directory

ASSAYERS.

E. W. WIDDOWSON, ASSAYER AND Chemist. Box A2108, Nelson, B.C. Charges: Gold, silver, copper or lead, $1 each; gold-silver, $1.50; silver-lead, $1.50. Other metals on application.

AUCTIONEERS.

C. A. WATERMAN & CO.—Opera block

WM. CUTLER, AUCTIONEER, BOX 474; phone 18. 100-

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers and provision Merchants. Importers of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Dried Fruits, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Cigars, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Packing House Produce. Office and warehouse corner of Front and Hall Sts. P.O. Box 1095; telephones 28 and 2

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO.
Civil Engineers, Dominion and B. C. Land Surveyors.
Surveys of Lands, Mines, Townsites, Timber Limits, Etc.
Nelson, 516 Ward street; A. H. Green, Mgr.; Victoria, 114 Pemberton Bldg.; W. C. Green; Fort George, Hammond street, F. P. Burden.

A. L. McCULLOCH
Hydraulic Engineer.
Provincial Land Surveyor.
Baker St., Nelson, B.C.

P. M. RIXEN, AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT. Room 15, K. W. C. Block 122-

H. PERRY LEAKE, CONSULTING Engineer, Nelson, B.C. 300-

GEORGE H. PLAYLE,
Chartered Accountant, Auditor, Assignee, etc.
Box 655 Nelson, B.C.

LODGE NOTICES

KOOTENAY LODGE NO. 16, I. O. O. F. —Meets every Monday night in Oddfellows' hall at 7:30 o'clock.

QUEEN CITY REBEKAH LODGE No. 16, I. O. O. F., meets first and third Tuesdays, Oddfellows' hall, o'clock.

NELSON ENCAMPMENT NO 7, I.O.O.F.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays in Oddfellows' hall at o'clock.

ANTON CORONA NO. 7.—MEETS every second Tuesday in Oddfellows hall, at 8 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS MEET Tuesday nights in K. of P. hall Eagle Bldg.

L.O.O.M. NELSON Lodge No. 81 meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at 8 p.m. in Eagle hall.

C.O.F. Court Kootenay Bell meets 2nd and 4th Friday in K.P. hall, Eagle Block

A. O. F. COURT ELLEN—MEETS first and third Monday in Eagle hall at 8 o'clock.

ALAN JOHNSTONE, 212 MEETS IN I. O. O. F. hall first and third Fridays, at 8 p.m.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 5, B. P. O. E. —Meets first and third Thursdays at 8 p.m. in the Eagle hall. All sojourning members invited 130-tf

B. O. E.—Meets first and third Mondays K. of P. hall 8 p.m

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

DR. DeVAN'S FEMALE PILLS Reliable monthly medicine for all Female Complaint. $5 a box or three for $10, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN Restores Vim and Vitality for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter" a Tonic—will build you up. $3 a box, or two for $5, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ontario

Sold by the Poole Drug Co.

Elephant Brand Navel Oranges
ALL TREE RIPENED FRUIT
Per Dozen 30c, 40c, 50c

Florida Grape Fruit
Three for 25c

Red Feather Canned Vegetables
2 for 25c — CORN..... PEAS..... WAX BEANS.. GREEN BEANS
TOMATOES, tin, 15c; 7 for...$1.00
Be Sure You Get Red Feather Brand

Canada First Evaporated Milk
Large Cans, 2 for 25c
Small Cans, 4 for 25c

Swift's Silver Leaf Lard
3-lb. Tin 50c
5-lb. Tin 80c
10-lb. Tin $1.50

Tartan Brand Tomato Ketchup
2-lb. Tins, 2 for 25c

POT PLANTS IN THIS MORNING

STAR GROCERY Store of Quality PHONE 10

Cornwell & Co.
Bakers and Confectioners.

Makers of
High-Class Cake Biscuits and Pastry

Cosy Lunch and Tea Rooms

Telephone 351
320 Baker St. Nelson, B. C.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

There will be a sitting of chambers this morning which will be presided over by Judge Forin.

The sleigh drive arranged for the primary class of the Baptist Sunday school for this afternoon has been postponed for one week.

The funeral of the late Fred Conway will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the parlors of the Standard Furniture company, Victoria street. The services will be conducted by Rev. Fred H. Graham.

John Gibson, postmaster, has received word that letters for Canadian and British soldiers in Europe will be forwarded for 2 cents per ounce, the penny postage system to continental points for the benefit of the soldiers having been arranged by the British postal authorities.

Members of the Nelson Conservative association are notified that the annual fee of $1 must be paid to the treasurer, George W. Steele, prior to the annual meeting of the association which takes place in Eagle hall on Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. Only those whose membership fees are paid will be allowed to vote.

Music supplied for dances, etc, 2 to 6 pieces. Winter orchestra, box 796. (21)

The Scandinavian Aid and Fellowship society will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in Oddfellows' hall. (32)

A tea in aid of the Association of Church Helpers of St. Saviour's church will be given by Mrs. R. M. Bird and Mrs. D. A. McFarland at the residence of the latter, 715 Robson street, on Wednesday, Feb. 10, from 3 to 6. (14)

A great many people are taking advantage of the new system of electric illumination at the Nelson Studio (B. Scott McGregor.) By this method high class portraiture can be successfully undertaken by artificial light. Sittings by appointment. Phone 224. (3)

We are forwarding tungsten lamps by mail with success, which shows that our lamps are rugged in construction. Out of town purchasers of tungsten lamps amounting to 50c get a free chance for a 3-light chandelier or 6 lb. electric iron. Drawing closes Feb. 18. Howe Electric Co., Opera House block. (31)

The annual general meeting of the Nelson Conservative association will be held in Eagle hall next Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock for general business and for the election of officers and for an executive committee of 25 for the year. In order to vote at the meeting members of the association must have signed the roll in the secretary's office and have paid the annual fee for the current year to the treasurer. Members already enrolled are not called upon to sign the roll each year. (30)

LIEUTENANT SHARP HEADED CANADIAN FLYING CORPS

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Lieut. Sharp of the Canadian contingent, killed yesterday in a flying accident at Shoreham, took over the flying unit of the Canadian contingent from Capt. Janney some time ago. The Canadians had only one machine and it is understood that Sharp had practically no experience with British flying aeroplanes. For this reason he had gone to Shoreham to gain further experience.

His previous knowledge of aviation was gained in the United States.

METAGAMA SISTER SHIP TO LINER MISSANABIE

New Canadian Pacific Steamer Will Begin Maiden Voyage March 26 —Pronounce It Met-au-gau-man.

Long before the Metagama, the sister ship to the Missanabie, sails from Liverpool for St. John, N. B., on her maiden voyage on March 26 she will be even more familiar to Canadians than the Missanabie. A tremendously tall and long box was delivered Jan. 6 at the Montreal office of the Canadian Pacific Railway company's Atlantic steamship lines. There was removed from it, intact and entire, a beautiful and faithful model of the new steamship.

The crowds that immediately began to pour into the office to see at close quarters the model which they had seen through the window were loud in expression of their admiration of the new steamship. The model is over 12 feet long and is on a table of such height that a person can get a view of all the outside parts of a modern steamship better than by seeing the steamship itself, because every part is in sight, every port-hole, every crane, hatch, cowl, funnel, ratline, deck, stairway, screw and device for lowering lifeboats in case of need, as well as the replica of every life boat, the rails on which they run and the davits on which they swing. It is a remarkably handsome boat and evidently built to ensure the ultimate comfort and convenience of its passengers with every regard for safety and steadiness of passage.

The Metagama has accommodation for 520 cabin and 1200 third-class passengers. The name is of Algonquin origin, the correct pronunciation being "Me-ta-ga-ma," with the accent on the second syllable, and all the "a's" pronounced as in "Paul." The Missanabie also borrows its name from the Algonquins, but the pronounciation usually given it is as though it were the name of a woman called Miss Ann Abbey. Purists contend, however, that it should also get ar Algonquin sound by being pronounced in the same manner as prescribed for Metagama.

The Metagama will sail from St. John on her return trip to Liverpool on April 9 and from Halifax on April 10. It has a gross tonnage of 13,000 a length of 520 feet, a breadth of 64 feet, a depth of 41 feet and a total cargo capacity of 400,000 cubic feet. The space allotted to passenger accommodation is on five decks. In every detail the new vessel is up to the standard set by the Missanabie

BLUCHER BUILT ON ERROR ADMIRALTY'S RUSE

Count Raventlow, writing on the naval battle in the North sea for the Berlin press, and referring to the fact that the Blucher was not a battle cruiser, discloses the blunder made by the German naval authorities when she was laid down.

"The Blucher," he says, "was laid down when the first English so-called dreadnought cruisers of the Invincible type were in course of construction. The British admiralty intentionally published false news about the measurements of the guns of these ships, especially the statement that the Invincible type would have a displacement of only 15,000 tons. Therefore upon the plans of the construction of the Blucher were settled upon on the basis of a displacement of 16,000 tons.

When it afterwards turned out that the Invincible had a displacement of 20,000 tons and heavy batteries of eight 12-inch guns, no change was possible and one could only take the Blucher as she was. She remained the only representative of her type and it was only with her successor the Von Der Tann that the series begins of those admirable German battle cruisers which are rightly famous the world over."

Never hit a man when he's down—when you are flooring him give him such a good lick you won't have to.

WHAT CAUSES COLDS?

This question and "How to Prevent Colds" is asked a thousand times every day. A cold is really a fever, not always caused by the weather but due to a disordered condition of the blood or lack of important food-elements. In changing seasons fat-foods are essential because they distribute heat by enriching the blood and so render the body better able to withstand the varying elements.

This is the underlying reason why the medicinal fats in Scott's Emulsion quickly overcome colds and build strength to prevent more serious sickness. It contains nature's medicinal fats, so skillfully prepared that the blood profits from every drop, and it is totally free from harmful drugs.

14-57 ..... Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ontario.

MERCIER'S PASTORAL LETTER WHICH MADE HIM PRISONER

Cardinal of Belgium Merely Told Truth About German Devastation of His Country.

The London Tablet has sent, through the Catholic Record of London, Ont., the text of the famous pastoral letter of Cardinal Mercier of Belgium for the publication of which he was made a practical prisoner by the German possessors f Brussels.

Here are a few salient extracts from it, as reproduced in the Catholic Record.

It was in Rome itself that I received the tidings—stroke after stroke—of the partial destruction of the cathedral church of Louvain, next of the burning of the library and of the scientific installations of our great university and of the devastation of the city and next of the wholesale shooting of citizens, and tortures inflicted upon women and children and upon unarmed and undefended men. And while I was still under the shock of these calamities the telegraph brought the news of the bombardment of our beautiful metropolitan church of Notre Dame au dela la Dyle, of the episcopal palace and of a great part of our dear city of Malines.

* * *

When immediately on my return from Rome, I went to Havre, to greet our Belgian, French and English wounded; when later, at Malines, at Louvain, at Antwerp, it was given to me to take the hands of those brave men, who carried a bullet in their flesh, a wound on the forehead, because they had marched to the attack of the enemy, or borne the shock of his onslaught, it was a word of gratitude to them that rose to my lips. "O, valiant friends," I said, "it was for us, it was for each one of us, it was for me that you risked your lives and are now in pain. I am moved to tell you of my respect, of my thankfulness, to assure you that the whole nation knows how much she is in debt to you."

For in truth our soldiers are our saviors.

* * *

At first, at Liege, they saved France; a second time in Flanders they arrested the advance of the enemy upon Calais. France and England know it; and Belgium stands before them both and before the entire world as a nation of heroes. Never before in my whole life did I feel so proud to be a Belgian as when, on the platforms of the French stations, and halting a while in Paris, and visiting London, I was witness of the enthusiastic admiration our allies feel for the heroism of our army. Our king is in the esteem of all, at the very summit of the moral scale; he is doubtless the only man who does not recognize that fact, as, simple as the simplest of his soldiers, he stands in the trenches and puts new courage, by the serenity of his face, into the hearts of those of whom he requires that they shall not doubt of their country. The foremost duty of every Belgian citizen at this hour is gratitude to the army.

* * *

If any man had rescued you from shipwreck or from a fire, you would assuredly hold yourselves bound to him by a debt of everlasting thankfulness. But it is not one man, it is two hundred and fifty thousand men who fought, who suffered, who fell for you so that you might be free, so that Belgium might keep her independence, her dynasty, her patriotic unity; so that after the vicissitudes of battle she might rise nobler, purer, more erect and more glorious than before.

Pray daily, my brethren, for these two hundred and fifty thousand, and for their leaders to victory; pray for our brethren in arms; pray for those fallen; pray for those who are still engaged; pray for the recruits who are making ready for the fight to come.

* * *

What Belgium Has Suffered.

Better than any other man, perhaps, do I know what our unhappy country has undergone. Nor will any Belgian, I trust, doubt of what I suffer in my soul, as a citizen and as a bishop, in my sympathy with all this sorrow. These four last months have seemed to me age-long. By thousands have our brave ones been mowed down; wives, mothers are weeping for those they shall never see again; hearts are desolate; dire poverty spreads, anguish increases. At Malines, at Antwerp, the people of two great cities have been given over, the one for six hours, the other for thirty-six hours, of a continuous bombardment, to the throes of death. I have traversed the greater part of the districts most terribly devastated in my diocese; and the ruins I beheld and the ashes were more dreadful than I, prepared by the saddest of forebodings, could have imagined. Other parts of my diocese which I have not yet had time to visit have in like manner been laid waste. Churches, schools, asylums, hospitals, convents in great numbers are in ruins. Entire villages have all but disappeared. At Werchter-Wackerzel, for instance, out of 380 homes, 130 remain; at Tremeloo two-thirds of the village are overthrown; at Bueken out of 100 houses, 20 are standing at Shaffen 189 houses out of 200 are destroyed—11 still stand. At Louvain the third part of the buildings are down; 1074 dwellings have disappeared; on the town land and in the suburbs, 1823 houses have been burned.

* * *

In this dear city of Louvain, perpetually in my thoughts, the magnificent church of St. Peter will never recover its former splendor. The ancient college of St. Ives, the art schools and the consular and commercial schools of the university, the old markets, our rich library with its collections, its unique and unpublished manuscripts, its archives, its gallery of great portraits of illustrious rectors, chancellors, professors, dating from the time of its foundation, which preserved for masters and students alike a noble tradition and were an incitement in their studies—al lthis accumulation of intellectual, of historic and of artistic riches, the fruit of the labors of five centuries—all is in dust.

Many a parish has lost its pastor. There is sounding in my ears the sorrowful voice of an old man of whom I asked whether he had had mass on Sunday in his battered church. "It is two months," he said, "since we had a church." The parish priest and curate had been interned in a concentration camp.

* * *

Thousands of Belgian citizens in like manner have been deported to the prisons of Germany, to Munsteriagen, to Celle, to Magdeburg. At Munsterlagen alone 3100 prisoners were numbered. History will telk of the physical and moral torments of their long martyrdom. Hundreds of innocent men wer shot. I possess no complete nerology; but I know that there, under pain of death, their fellow citizens were compelled to dig their graves. In the Louvain group of communes 176 persons, men and women, old men and sucklings, rich and poor, in health and sickness, were shot or burnt.

Priests Were Murdered.

In my diocese alone I know that 13 priests were put to death. One of these, the parish priest of Gelrode, suffered, I believe, a veritable martyrdom. I made a pilgrimage to his grave, and, amid his little flock which so lately he had been feeding with the zeal of an apostle, there did I pray to him that from the height of heaven he would guard his parish, his diocese, als country.

We can neither number our dead nor compute the measure of our ruins. And what would it be if we turned our sad steps toward Liege, Namur, Audenne, Dinant, Tamines, Charleroi and elsewhere?

* * *

England Kept Faith.

On the 19th of April, 1839, a treaty was signed in London by King Leopold, in the name of Belgium, on the one part, and by the Emperor of Austria, the King of France, the Queen of England, the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Russia, on the other; and its seventh article decreed that Belgium should form a separate and perpetually neutral state and should be held to the observance of this neutrality in regard to all other states. The co-signatories promised for themselves and their successors upon their oath, to fulfil and to observe that treaty in every point and every article without contravention or tolerance of contravention. Belgium was thus in honor bound to defend her own independence. She kept her word. The other powers were bound to respect and to protect her neutrality. Germany violated her oath; England kept hers.

These are the facts.

* * *

Well, I affirm upon my honor, and I am prepared to assert upon faith of my oath, that until now I have not met a single ecclesiastic, secular or regular, who has once incited civilians to bear arms against the enemy. All have loyally followed the instructions of their bishops, given in the early days of August, to the effect that they were to use their moral influence over the civil population, so that order might be preserved and military regulations observed.

* * *

Our distress has moved the other nations. England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Holland, the United States, Canada, have vied with each other in generosity for our relief. It is a spectacle at once most mournful and most noble. Here again is a revelation of the providential wisdom which draws good from evil. In your name, my brethren, and in my own, I offer to the governments and the nations that have succored us the assurance of our admiration and our gratitude.

OCEAN SPIES GUARD RAIDER KARLSRUHE

NEW YORK.—Information has been received here explaining how the German light cruiser Karlsruhe, which has been a most successful commerce raider since the beginning of the war, has been able to avoid capture.

The commander of the Karlsruhe has organized for his cruiser a small squadron of scouts, in the shape of colliers and tramp steamers, captured from the enemy, which he employs as tenders. In their merchant guise, and with ingeniously fabricated papers, they run into this neutral port and that for coal, food supplies and news, so that no one ever hears anything of the Karlsruhe being compelled to touch at any neutral port for fuel and supplies, secrecy as to her whereabouts being thus to a great extent preserved.

As these tenders are equipped with wireless systems they are able to act as scouts, to patrol a very much larger area of the ocean than the Karlsruhe could possibly do by herself, and in this way warn her of the approach of any hostile warship or merchant vessel belonging to the enemy.

The Karlsruhe is capable of about 25 knots speed and has a main battery of 12 4.1-inch guns. On Aug. 2, just as the war was beginning, the Karlsruhe was reported off the Cuban coast. Since then she has been reported off almost every port on the American side of the Atlantic, including even New York. Her last reported appearance was on Jan. 25, when she was said to have taken on supplies at a Haytian port.

AT DEATH'S DOOR ALL MEN ARE EQUAL

London—"The man who dies at home doesn't know the pleasure of death, and I would much rather die here than in the most comfortable bed you could rig up at home."

This is what a dying Irish soldier in a rough field hospital at Ypres told Lieut. H. R. Watson of the Highland Light infantry.

The soldier came of a long line of fighting stock. His father died on the battlefield of Abu Klea (in the Soudan) his father's father at Isandlwhana (South Africa), his parental great grandfather at Alma, and his grandfather's father at Waterloo. An own brother fell in the Boer war at Glencoe and another now lies wounded in a military hospital.

"I know I'm dying," said the soldier, "but I don't mind. It's always out of luck and runs in the family like wooden legs. There is a joy in fighting that appeals to me, and I wouldn't miss this set-off for all the world."

The man's last words to his officer were: "Good-bye, old chap; you were my superior a day or two ago but at death's door all men are equal."

RULES OF HEALTH FOR DYSPEPTICS

Dieting Unnecessary.

There are two ways by which people who suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, flatulence, etc., can overcome the trouble. First, as practically all cases of the above are directly or indirectly traceable to acidity and fermentation, they can eliminate from their diet all foods which ferment and form acid, such as all starches, sugar and foods containing them, thus prohibiting bread, potatoes, fruits and most meats. About the only safe foods are gluten breads, spinach and small quantities of white meat of chicken or turkey. This diet is almost a starvation one, but it is sometimes quite effective. The second way, which appeals especially to those who like to eat hearty meals of good foods, is to eat whatever is reasonably digestable, neutralize the acid and stop fermentation by the use of a good antacid such as bisurated magnesia, a teaspoonful of which in a little water immediately after eating or whenever pain is felt, instantly neutralizes the acid, stops the fermentation and permits the stomach to do its work without pain or hindrance. Owing to its simplicity, convenience and effectiveness this latter plan is now being adopted instead of the old fashioned, expensive, weakening starvation process. In this connection it is interesting to note that since the widespread use of bisurated magnesia was established many druggists have arranged to supply it in 5 gr. tablets, 2 or 3 of which are equivalent to a teaspoonful of the powdered form and are much more convenient to carry.

CANADA'S SHARE IN GREAT INVENTION

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)

On Monday afternoon Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, seated in a New York office, spoke over the telephone to Thomas A. Watson, seated in San Francisco. Recent improvements in the telephone have thus made it possible to hold conversations across the continent as easily as if the speakers were only a few miles apart. It is said that there was not the slightest difficulty in the inventors understanding each other. Another remarkable feature of the achievement is that the two speakers on Monday, the first ever to hold transcontinental conversations, were also the first to hear the sound of a human voice over a telephone wire. The first occasion was in Boston on the afternoon of June 2, 1875, Watson being at that time the assistant to Dr. Bell. He has given a very interesting account of the birth of the telephone, in which he says:

"Bell and I were hard at work on the same old job of testing some modifications of Bell's harmonic telegraph. I had charge of the transmitters as usual, setting them squealing one after the other, while Bell was returning the receiver springs, one by one, pressing them against his ear, as he had done so many times before. One of the transmitter springs I was attending to stopped vibrating and I plucked it to start it again. It didn't start, and I kept on plucking it, when suddenly I heard a shout from Bell in the next room, and then out he came with a rush, demanding: 'What did you do then? Don't change anything! Let me see.' I showed him. It was very simple. The make and break points of the transmitter spring I was trying to start had become welded together so that when I snapped the spring the circuit had remained unbroken, while that strip of magnetized steel by its vibration over the pole of its magnet was generating a current of electricity that varied in intensity precisely as the air was varying in density within hearing distance of that spring. Fortunately the right man had that mechanism at his ear during that fleeting moment and instantly recognized the transcendent importance of that faint sound thus electrically transmitted. The shout I heard and his excited rush into my room were the result of that recognition. The speaking telephone was born at that moment. Bell knew perfectly well that the mechanism that could transmit all the complex vibration of one sound could do the same for any sound, even that of speech."

Bell told me to mount a small drum head of goldbeater's skin over one of the receivers, join the centre of the drumhead to the free end of the receiver spring and arrange a mouthpiece over the drumhead to talk into. I followed these directions and had the instrument ready for its trial the very next day. The two rooms in the attic were too near together for the test, as our voices would be heard through the air, so I ran a wire especially for the trial from one of the rooms in the attic down two flights to the third floor, where Williams' main shop was, ending it near my work bench at the back of the building. That was the first telephone line. I got more satisfaction from the experiment than Mr. Bell did, for, shout my best, I could not make him hear me, but I could hear his voice and almost catch the words. I rushed upstairs and told him what I had heard. It was enough to show him that he was on the right track and before he left that night he gave me directions for several improvements in the telephones I was to have ready for the next trial. My pride has been tempered to quite a bearable degree by my realization that the reason why I heard Bell in that first trial of the telephone, and he did not hear me, was the vast superiority of his strong, vibratory tones over an, sound my undeveloped voice was then able to utter.

Canada's Share in Invention.

Canada's peculiar interest in the telephone is due to the fact that although the human voice was first transmitted electrically in Boston, the first real telephone was built in this country, the line being from Paris to Brantford, where Dr. Bell's father lived. As soon as the Boston experiments had satisfied him that he was on the right track, Dr. Bell returned to Brantford. This was in August, 1876, and the Dominion Telegraph company gave him the use of its wires for the purpose of making his tests. The transmitting instrument was in Paris, the receiving instrument in Brantford, eight miles away, and the battery on the circuit in Toronto, 60 miles distant. The first transmission was only one way, but on this occasion, as Dr. Bell has said, speech was transmitted a distance of several miles for the first time. The person at the other end could not reply, but had to telegraph back by another line. He made a second experiment between Brantford and Mount Pleasant, a distance of five miles, and then gave an exhibition from his father's house, which was at Tutela heights, between four and five miles from Brantford.

First Real Conversation.

Dr. Bell continues: "It was about a quarter-mile from the house to the nearest telegraph wire. We cleaned the town out of stovepipe wire and placed it on the fence from my father's house and then attached it to the telegraph wire leading into Brantford. Then I had some friends in Brantford who spoke, sang and recited into the membrane telephone while a large number of guests at my father's house at Tutela heights listened to the transmission. So these experiments at Brantford were the first experiments that were really successful in transmitting speech from one place to another at a distance, but they were all one-sided, not reciprocal. The first reciprocal communication occurred after my return to Boston in October, 1876. On Oct. 9 occurred the first conversation by telephone between persons separated by miles of space. This was from Cambridgeport to Boston, a distance of 2½ miles, Mr. Thomas A. Watson being at Cambridgeport and I at the Boston end of the wire. I noted what I said and what I thought I heard him say, and the parallel columns were reported in the Boston Advertiser of Oct. 19, 1876."

Economies Await You Here

Roys' Night Wear

Flannelette Night Shirts, with turn down collars. Very superior quality. Size 11, 12, 13, 14. Only 75c

Flannelette Pyjamas, button fastening, military collar, braided girdle. Size 13, 13½ and 14. Per Suit, only 95c

Boys' Caps

Just Received—Smart models in Boys' Caps, golf shape, in Tweed and Navy; double stitch taped seams. Great value. Only 45c

Boys' Scout Hats 50c

Boys' Scout Duck Shirts, shoulder straps, military pockets, brass buttons; 12 to 13½. A Special Offering at 75c

Several Lines of Boys' Felt Hats at One-Third Off

Our Stanley Street Boys' Wear Window Now Shows Excellent Values

Quality First Groceries

CHIVER'S BOTTLED FRUIT—Pears, Cherries, Strawberries, Raspberries. Regular 50c bottle for..... 35c

LAZENBY'S HARVEY'S SAUCE— Regular 35c bottles for 20c

LIBBY'S TOMATO CATSUP— Regular 35c bottles for 25c

C. & B. WHITE PEPPER— Regular 25c bottles, Two for 25c

SHARWOOD'S SWEET CHUTNEY— Regular 25c bottles for 20c

PIE PEACHES— Regular 50c gallon tin for 25c

ELEPHANT ORANGES— Fancy Tree Ripened Fruit. Per Dozen 30, 40 and 50c

The Hudson's Bay Co.
ESTABLISHED 1670

ENGLISH SIDELIGHTS ON THE WAR

Complaints are made by surviving relatives that the swords of officers killed in battle are often mislaid, or stolen. In some cases the effects of the dead officers, packed and returned to England by the military authorities have arrived without the sword, even when that weapon had been specifically included in the list of articles forwarded. Some swords, of course, remain on the field, or are carried off by the enemy, but many, it appears, have been deliberately stolen while on the way to their legitimate inheritors.

An English military writer, reviewing the work of the officers responsible for the supply of horses to the British forces, says that they placed 36,000 magnificent horses in the ranks of the expeditionary force, 80,000 useful horses for the territorial force, and 18,000 horses for the reserve formations within 12 days of the order to mobilize. The able control of the railway authorities contributed much to the distribution of the horses to the units requiring them. Since the completion of mobilization the large increments to the forces and the large wastage have been successfully met during the last three months from resources in the United Kingdom. Horses are still flowing to units in the field which are fully equal to those with which they were first equipped and 60,000 more have been purchased since mobilization for drafts and new formations.

"The year opens," says the London Times, "with war insurance rates on cargo so low that in comparison with the high freights ruling they are almost a negligible factor in commerce. The unexpected has happened. Before the war began authorities were inclined to think that the insurance rates might be a serious burden on commerce and it was never suggested that the need for ships of all sizes would be so great that the supply would fall far short of the requirements."

A writer in a London paper gives an account of a visit to some of the wounded Indian soldiers at Brighton, in England: "I saw our King at the war," says one. "I saw him twice," says another. "At Delhi he looked stout and cheerful, but in France he looked 'doobla.' Now the word 'doobla' may be rendered 'out of condition,' but to the Anglo-Indian mind it recalls the light-limbed Indian pony carrying a brave heart under painfully protruding ribs, and struggling through the long hot hours with a preposterous load on a diet of dry chopped straw. 'Without doubt,' he added, with calm conviction, 'anxiety for us people has made the King like that.'"

The firing was hot in the lines at the Aisne, but the German soldiers did not appear to relish the peppering they were getting from the Britishers and so kept cover. One of our men, getting tired of this excessive caution, was struck by a brilliant idea.

"Walter!" he shouted.

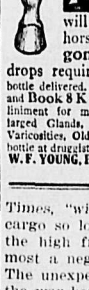
Instantly half a score of Germans sprang up involuntarily, only to receive a volley that laid many of them low.

Scotch Bakery

You can save money by buying your cakes and pastries here. Try our real Scotch Shortbread—we guarantee the quality.

T. W. Ledingham
PHONE 87.

Try a tin of
Thurman's Special Mixture Tobacco
One-eighth tins 25c
One-quarter tins 40c
One-half tins 75c
THURMAN CIGAR STORE



SELDOM SEE
a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his Ankle, Hock, Stifle, Knee or Throat.
ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG.U.S.PAT. OFF.
will clean it off without laying the horse up. **No blister, no hair gone.** Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. $2 per bottle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and **Book 8 K free.** ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic liniment for mankind. Reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Goitre, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins, Varicosities, Old Sores. Allays Pain. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Manufactured only by W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F. 415 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

McCormick's Jersey Cream Sodas

Regular 35c. Special 25c

New Zealand Defiance Brand Butter

45c, 2 lbs. 85c.

A. E. JOHNSTON
PHONE 7.

Unequalled for General Use.

GALT COAL — BURNS ALL NIGHT

W. P. TIERNEY, General Sales Agent. Nelson, B.C.

Cars shipped to all railway points

A Confidential Talk

Are you risking the loss of health and life to save a few dollars that should be spent in buying the necessary drugs to build up your health and strength? Which is the most precious, your health or your money, which?

When you have made the right decision, come here for pure drugs and medicines.

Canada Drug and Book Co.

F. J. Boles, Mgr.

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

TRY OUR LENDING LIBRARY

Phone 81.

IT PAYS

Many a soiled but otherwise good garment is put aside because it looks shabby. Send it to me for cleaning. It will come out fresh and new again. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

H. K. FOOT

Dry Cleaning Specialist.
Agents—M. Papazian, 316½ Baker Street, Nelson.
Ross Fleming, Fairview.

DANCING—MISS GLADYS ATTREE has resumed her classes at Nelson, Rossland and Trail. On Saturdays at the Eagles' Hall, Nelson: For children at 2:30; adults, 8 o'clock. On Fridays at Astley's Pavilion: Adults at 8. Private lessons by arrangement. Prospectuses on application. Box 304, Nelson.

Men's Overalls

Heavy Weight—8-Oz. Drill.
Blue or Black. Per pair.....$1.00

The Ark

New and Second Hand Furniture.
Cheapest in the City.
Phone L395 606 Vernon St.
J. W. Holmes, Mgr.
Nelson, B.C.

SHIP ORE SAMPLES MIDDLE OF WEEK

Further Specimens Desired Not Later Than Monday—Excellent Opportunity for Claim Owners.

The board of trade expects to ship by the middle of next week the collection of ore samples gathered for exhibition at the Northwest Mining convention at Spokane. Any further samples to be included in the exhibit should be sent to the board not later than next Monday.

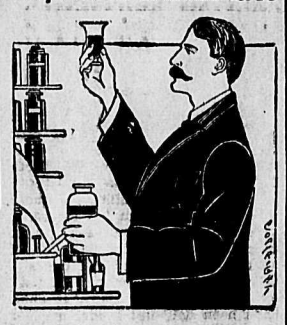
"This is an opportunity that should not be lost for owners of claims to bring their properties to the notice of mining men, as samples exhibited will have the owner's name attached. It is desirable that the exhibit should contain a good representation of samples from properties in the earlier stages of development, as well as from the shipping mines of the district," stated a member of the committee of the board in charge of the collection of the exhibit yesterday.

DENMARK MAY HOLD AMERICAN COTTON CARGO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 5, via London.—Inasmuch as the exportation of cotton from Denmark is prohibited a question has arisen whether the steamer Navahoe, which was towed into Esbjerg, after having grounded on the bar, will be permitted to proceed to Bremen with her cargo of cotton. The American consul-general is endeavoring to procure the consent of the Danish government to the forwarding of this cargo.

It Pays to Deal at Rutherford's



Careful Dispensing.
Prices Reasonable.
Prompt Service.

Mail orders a specialty. Try us.

Rutherford Drug Co.

LIMITED
NELSON, B. C.

NELSON NEWS OF THE DAY

L. A. Levensaler, the Tacoma mining man, is at the Strathcona.

E. M. Fraser of Salmo is visiting the city. He is at the Strathcona.

H. Giegerich and A. R. Heyland of Kaslo are visiting the city. They are at the Hume.

Thomas S. McVittie of Fort Steele reached the city last night and registered at the Hume.

George K. Reeder of Spokane came in on the Great Northern last evening and registered at the Strathcona.

John A. Retallack of Kaslo has left for Victoria and will be attached to the British Columbia division of the third Canadian contingent as quartermaster-sergeant.

The monthly meeting of the Nelson Liberal association will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the association rooms, Vernon street. A discussion will take place on the public accounts of the province.

Judge Forin returned to the city on the coast train last night after having completed the first portion of the officers' training course at Vancouver. He intends to return to the coast toward the end of the month to complete the course.

Mrs. H. T. Fitzsimmons of Vancouver, sister of the late Fred Conway, accompanied by her son, E. Fitzsimmons, reached the city on the coast train to attend the funeral of the late Mr. Conway which will take place this afternoon. They are at the Hume.

There was a large atendance at the dance given in Eagle hall last evening by the Women's Hospital Aid society, in the neighborhood of 200 being present. Many of those present wore "hard times" costumes, some of which were original and comical.

A large number attended the lecture given in the Y. M. C. A. last evening by Prof. Arthur Lakes on the prehistoric dinosaur and considerable interest was taken in the subject by those present, many questions being asked. The lecture was illustrated by original pictures made by Prof. Lakes. He will give a lecture on mining in the Y. M. C. A. on Feb. 19.

A membership and financial campaign has been inaugurated by the committee in charge of that phase of the work of the board of trade and a thorough canvass of Nelson's business community will be made in an effort to make the board thoroughly representative and to create this year a greater interest in the work of the institution. Members of the committee have been allotted certain sections of the city and have already commenced their work.

CLEVELANDS BEAT MONTREAL

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 5.—Cleveland Athletic club hockey team 7, Montreal 2.

ASK FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO BACK CITY LOANS

Bond Dealers Declare Limitations on Borrowing Should Be on Population Basis

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Backing from the federal government for municipalities in obtaining money for carrying on work that will relieve the unemployed situation is what the Canadian municipal union has decided to ask. The union met here today and endorsed a resolution to this effect.

The government is asked to give its endorsation to Canadian banks for the issuing of loans to municipalities for the purpose of employment.

The delegates to the meeting here were to have waited on the government but that has been postponed till later in the month. Today's meeting was adjourned until Feb. 25, for which date it is expected an audience with the government will be arranged.

Representations are being made to the municipal union by the bond dealers' section of the Toronto board of trade for action in the direction of limiting the debenture debt for municipalities.

In placing the matter before the union the bond dealers claimed that the debt of some of the Canadian municipalities was enormously high.

It is proposed to limit the debenture debt according to population as well as to assessment. The proposal applies mostly to smaller cities and the bond dealers suggest that the limits of debt be fixed at $200 per capita for cities of 10,000; $50 for towns between 2,000 and 10,000.

FRENCH AIRMEN FORCE GERMAN STAFF TO MOVE

Commander of Troops in Lower Alsace Driven from Altkirch by Bombs —Bakers Close Shops

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

GENEVA, Feb. 5, via Paris.—Gen. von Bordungen, staff commander of the German operations in lower Alsace, with headquarters at Altkirch has been forced by allied aviators who bombarded the headquarters to return to Mulhausen, from which place state papers and valuables are being removed to Frieburg.

A German aeroplane fell at Mudorf near the Swiss frontier, yesterday The two officers in it were seriously injured and the machine was smashed

As a result of the new German regulations for the making of bread, several hundred bakers in southern Germany along the Swiss frontier have been compelled to close their shops.

LEMIEUX CALLED TO BAR IN ONTARIO

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, minister of marine and fisheries in the Laurier administration, has been called to the Ontario bar and also elected as a bencher. He announces that he proposes in future to practise law in Ottawa as well as in Montreal.

Mrs. Hugh Ross returned to the city last night after a week's visit to the coast.

WINNIPEG SAVES MILLION DOLLARS ON WATER PROJECT

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5.—Close to $1,000,000 will be saved to the local water district by the discovery of an easier route for the aqueduct to Shoal lake, was the statement of James H. Fourtes of New York, consulting engineer, to the water district.

He states that the first route was hasily projected but as soon as the engineers went thoroughly over the ground a second route with less engineering difficulties was discovered.

Mr. Fourtes says that work on the aqueduct proper will be started early in the spring and that the whole project willl be completed within the estimated time and within the estimated cost.

"Makes more bread and better bread PURITY FLOUR "ask for it"

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., L

JAPANESE CATARRH CURE, 50c

The Best Catarrh Remedy Known

VALENTINES These are now on display VALENTINE

PHONE 34
P.O. BOX 1083

City Drug & Stationery Co.
(NELSON'S BUSY STORE)

Mail Orders for Any Goods Promptly Sen

HE DOES NOT THINK KITCHENER WILL GO

General Steele Declares It Improbable That French Will Take Command of Cavalry Alone

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5.—Major-Gen. Steele, inspector-general of western Canada, takes issue with the statement of an officer at the front to a friend in New York to the effect that Gen. French will take command of all the British cavalry now at the front and Lord Kitchener would assume supreme command of the British infantry.

The general points out that as a matter of fact, there are few cavalrymen at the front. Most of them are in the trenches.

He further points out that the aeroplane has done away with a great deal of the usefulness of cavalry, which was used for scouting.

Flying machines now do all this far better than the cavalry can. Under these conditions Gen. French would have a small command. It is not likely that any changes will be made in the administration of military affairs now, especially as so much satisfaction has been given under present conditions.

Gen. Steele also states that there was no doubt of the superiority of the English rifle fire over that of any of the armies now fighting. The English had shown themselves to be the best shots right through.

CON JONES HOPES TO BOOST COAST LACROSSE

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—Con Jones, the Vancouver lacrosse promoter, accompanied by Mrs. Jones, arrived today from the coast. Mr. and Mrs. Jones leave tomorrow for Ottawa and thence expect to go to Florida for a month.

Mr. Jones, who has signified his intention of again getting into the game with a coast league, spent a part of today conferring with local lacrosse promoters, it is understood, in connection with the possibility of an agreement between the coast and eastern lacrosse associations on the lines of the hockey agreement between the National Hockey association and the Pacific Coast Hockey league.

Lacrosse was dead in British Columbia last season and owing to the competition between the big four and the National Lacrosse union the season was far from successful in the east.

With reorganization, promoters believe the game will be revived.

GOVERNMENT GIVES AID TO TROOPER LORNE MULLOY

(By Daily News Leased Wire.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—By an order-in-council recently passed by the government has been provided a measure of compensation in the case of Trooper Lorne Mulloy, for injuries received while on active service in South Africa which resulted in total blindness. Owing to his physical disability, Mulloy was unable to profit by the South African land bounty legislation, being unable to perform homestead duties on the half-section to which he was entitled under the Volunteer Bounty act. It has been arranged that in exchange for his certificate Mulloy will be allowed to select two adjoining quarter sections of land available for homesteading which he will pay for at a nominal rate of $1 per acre. The difference between this price and the saleable value of the 320 acres will represent the amount of Mulloy's compensation.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

All changes for church service announcements must be handed in or phoned to The Daily News office before 6 o'clock on Friday. If not received by this time the notices will be omitted from Saturday's issue.

ANGLICAN—St. Saviour's church Ward and Silica streets; 8 a.m. holy communion; 11 a.m., matins; 2:30 p.m. Sunday school; 7:30 p.m., evensong; 9 p.m., Churchman's club. Rev. F. H. Graham, B.A., rector and rural dean.

CATHOLIC—Corner Ward and M. streets. Low mass, 8 a.m.; high mass 10:30 a.m.; evening service, 7:30. Rev J. Althoff.

BAPTIST—Church, Stanley street Pastor, Rev. C. W. Corey, 415 Carbonate street. Telephone L239. The pastor will preach at both services Morning service 11, subject, "An Effective Faith"; Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; organized classes for adults; evening service, 7:30, subject, "Considering Christ." B. Y. P. U. Monday evening at 8:00. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8. Everyone welcome to all services.

TRINITY METHODIST—Rev. R. J McIntyre, pastor. The congregation will worship in Presbyterian church at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; 2:30 p.m. the Sunday school and Bible classes will be held in the Y.M.C.A building

PRESBYTERIAN—St. Paul's Presbyterian church, corner Silica Stanley streets. The Presbyterian Methodist congregations will union services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 Rev. R. J. McIntyre will be in cha The musical service will be led by united choirs of the two churches.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH corner of Victoria and Kootenay streets. Sunday services at 11:30 m. and 8 a.m. Wednesday evening vice at 8 p.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m. Reading room in church building open from 3 to 5 p.m. daily. Visitors cordially invited.

SALVATION ARMY—Citadel Victoria street. Holiness meeting a.m.; Sunday school, 1:30 p.m.; meeting, 3 p.m.; Salvation meeting 7:30. Capt. McLean and Lieut. Murray in charge.

BONNINGTON PARISH—Bonnington, morning prayer and communion at 10; South Slocan, evensong, p.m. Rev. J. R. Kennedy, vicar.

Leading Lines for This Week

SILVER LEAF PURE LARD

3-lb. tins .....
5-lb. tins .....
10-lb. tin .....$1.

COMPOUND LARD

5-lb. tin 60c

C. A. Drake & Co.

PHONE 101

GEM THEATRE

THEATRE DISINFECTED DAILY

MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30

First Pictures of German Raid on Scarboro

AND

OTHER INTERESTING WAR SCENES.

HARRY LANCASTER

THE GREAT SCOTCH SINGING COMEDIAN

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE

By Special Request Mr. Lancaster will sing: "Sands of the Desert," "Wee Hoose Mang the Heather," and other songs.

GEM ORCHESTRA

ADMISSION, 15c. CHILDREN, 10c.

Starland Theatre

Extraordinary Program Tonight

MATINEE AT 2:30

Last Performance of THE NASE SISTERS

6-Piece Starland Orchestra

Two-Reel Bison Feature

War of the Cattle Range

Drama

"IN THE DAYS OF OLD"

Comedy

"THE GIRL IN PANTS"

Monday—Miss Edna Bom... mezzo-soprano; "The Trey Hearts."

Before Buying, Get Our Prices

Peacock Buckwheat Flour—
Per package 35c
Puro Pancake Flour, pkge.....25c
Puritan Pancake Flour, pkge., 25c
Pure Maple Syrup, quart tin...60c
Good Cooking Apples, per box, $1.00
Purity Breakfast Food, 6-lb sacks, per sack 35c
Wheatlets, 10-lb. sacks.....50c

Note Our Special
Kris Salmon, Red, 1-lb. tins 2 for 25c

TRY IRVING'S SPECIAL BLEND TEA, per lb., 35c; 3 lbs. for.....$1.00

J. A. IRVING & Co. THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE
Baker St. Phone 161

Some of the Bargains

AT THE

Variety Store Half Price Sale

Two Cups and Two Saucers for 15c
Scribblers, 2 for 5c
Insertion Needlework, 2 yds. for 5c

LOTS OF OTHER BIG BARGAINS AWAIT YOU AT

Openshaw's Variety Store

(B. C. Variety Syndicate)
Baker St., Nelson, B. C.

SALE WILL CONTINUE ALL NEXT WEEK

You Can Make Your Table Look Cheerful

by paying a visit to Joy Bros.' store and purchasing the following:

Boston Ferns, each 50c
Hothouse Lettuce, per lb.....40c
Carnations, per dozen.....$1.25
Oranges, the well known Elephant Brand, per doz. 30c and 40c

These Oranges are ripened on the tree before shipment to us.

Directions: Eat one or more daily.

California Celery, 2 heads for..25c
Local Fresh Eggs, per dozen..40c

JOY BROS.

Grocers and Tea Merchants.
415 Ward St. Cor. Mill and Josephine Sts
Tel. 19 P. O. Box 637

The Buying Power of the Dollar

IS ABOVE PAR AT THIS STORE

This week has been the best yet and today will see some extra special Saturday Bargains.

Last Call for Overcoats

The remaining coats left I have cut to a fraction of their original price, and I start as low as $4.50.

Suits

Of best makes and styles---$10, $13.50, $16.50, $18.

Shoes

Every shoe in the house reduced. A nice range---regular $3.50, now $2; regular $4, now $2.50.

Heaps of bargains to be secured at this Colossal Sale.

Sweaters

So as to clean up on these goods will sell them at extra low price:
Men's All Wool Coat Sweaters, $1.50, $1.75, $2 and up

J. A. GILKER

Largest Men's and Boys' Wear Store in Nelson

Good Dressers Like Our Toggery

Just what a man wants in furnishings he is sure to find here

Our Furnishings Are Different

Our Gloves, Neckwear, Underwear, Shirts, Hosiery, Collars, &c., all are exclusive and different

See our values in $1.25 Shirts

See our values in 3 for $1 Hose.

See our values in $1.00 Gloves

Emory & Walley

THE NEAL INSTITUTE
Cranbrook British Columbia

Man Know Thyself

If you drink, constantly or at times excessively, disgracing yourself and family, then you must be either mentally deranged or physically diseased. In either event it is your duty to help yourself to The Neal Treatment.

Snow Shoes

NOW IS THE TIME FOR SNOW SHOE TRAMPS FOR BUSINESS OR PLEASURE

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF CANADIAN PATTERN (CHESTNUT MAKE) AND BEAR PAW SHAPE OF LOCAL MANUFACTURE

PROMPT ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS

Wood-Vallance Hardware Co. Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL NELSON, B.C.

Coal and Wood For Sale

CASH PRICES

4-ft. Fir and Tamarac..$5.50
16-in. Fir and Tamarac, 2 Ricks $4.75
12-in. Fir and Tamarac, 3 Ricks $5.50
4-ft. Slabs $3.75

Galt Lump $7.75
Galt Nut $5.75
C. W. C. Lump $7.25
C. W. C. Stove $6.50

We Endeavor to Give Prompt Service and Satisfaction.

Kootenay-Columbia Fuel Co.

CHAS. F. McHARDY, Agent.
PHONE 125 NELSON, B. C. GREEN BLOCK.